#### IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS HOUSTON DIVISION

J. PATRICK COLLINS, et al.,

Plaintiffs,

v.

Civil Action No. 4:16-cv-03113

THE FEDERAL HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY, et al.,

Defendants.

MEMORANDUM IN SUPPORT OF THE MOTION TO DISMISS BY THE DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY AND JACOB J. LEW

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#### **INTRODUCTION**

The plaintiffs in this case are shareholders in the Federal National Mortgage
Association ("Fannie Mae") and the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("Freddie Mac") (collectively, "the GSEs"), and they challenge the actions taken by the United
States Department of the Treasury ("Treasury") and the Federal Housing Finance Agency
("FHFA") to stabilize the GSEs, two financial institutions that are essential to the
nation's economy. The claims asserted in this lawsuit are carbon copies of claims that
multiple district courts have already considered, and rejected, in disposing of a number of
earlier-filed lawsuits in the District of Columbia, the Southern District of Iowa, and the
Eastern District of Kentucky.¹ Plaintiffs are offering the same rejected theories in this
jurisdiction in the hope that that will somehow change the result; but this complaint fails
for exactly the same reasons that the complaints filed in those suits failed.

First, the Housing and Economic Recovery Act's ("HERA") sweeping jurisdiction-withdrawal provision, 12 U.S.C. § 4617(f), precludes a court from taking "any action to restrain or affect the exercise of powers or functions of [FHFA] as a conservator or a receiver." The Fifth Circuit, like every other circuit to consider the issue, has held that a materially identical provision of the Financial Institutions Reform, Recovery, and Enforcement Act ("FIRREA") deprives courts of subject matter

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>See Perry Capital LLC v. Lew, 70 F. Supp. 3d 208, 228-29 (D.D.C. 2014), appeals docketed, Nos. 14-5243, 14-5254, 14-5260, 14-5262 (D.C. Cir. Oct. 8, 2014); Cont'l W. Ins. Co. v. FHFA, 83 F. Supp. 3d 828, 840 n.6 (S.D. Iowa 2015); Robinson v. FHFA, No. 7:15-CV-109-KKC, 2016 WL 4726555 (E.D. Ky. Sept. 9, 2016), appeal docketed, No. 16-6880 (6th Cir. Nov. 17, 2016).

jurisdiction over challenges to the actions of a conservator or receiver. *See Ward v. Resolution Trust Corp.*, 996 F.2d 99, 103 (5th Cir. 1993). Plaintiffs cannot evade the jurisdiction-withdrawal provision by naming Treasury as well as FHFA as a defendant. An injunction against either party would "restrain or affect" the exercise of the conservator's powers.

Second, plaintiffs' claims for declaratory and injunctive relief against Treasury fail as a matter of law in any event. The agreement between Treasury and FHFA challenged in the complaint was not a "purchase" of new securities, and thus unaffected by HERA's limitation on Treasury's authority to purchase new securities. Nor was it inconsistent with some purported fiduciary duties to maximize – at taxpayer expense – the returns of the GSEs' shareholders; HERA does not impose any such fiduciary duty on Treasury.

Third, the transfer-of-shareholder-rights provision, 12 U.S.C. § 4617(b)(2)(A)(i), bars this suit. Under HERA, the conservator succeeded to "all rights, titles, powers, and privileges of the [GSEs], and of any stockholder[.]" *Id.* This provision "plainly transfers shareholders' ability to bring derivative suits—a 'right[], title[], power[], [or] privilege'—to FHFA." *Kellmer v. Raines*, 674 F.3d 848, 850 (D.C. Cir. 2012).

Fourth, the *Perry Capital* decision dismissed an expressly derivative claim brought by shareholders in the GSEs, and the doctrine of issue preclusion bars plaintiffs from re-litigating that dismissal in the form of another derivative action here.

#### NATURE AND STAGE OF PROCEEDINGS

Plaintiffs filed their complaint for declaratory and injunctive relief on October 20, 2016. On December 2, 2016, the Court granted the defendants' unopposed motion to

extend their time to respond to the complaint to January 9, 2016. As previously discussed, this case is one of numerous lawsuits brought by GSE shareholders in federal district courts challenging the Third Amendment. None thus far has survived a motion to dismiss.<sup>2</sup>

#### **BACKGROUND**

#### I. FANNIE MAE AND FREDDIE MAC

Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac are government-sponsored enterprises, chartered by Congress, that provide liquidity to the mortgage market by purchasing residential loans from banks and other lenders, thereby facilitating the ability of lenders to make additional loans. *See* Compl. for Declaratory and Inj. Relief and Damages ¶ 2, Oct. 20, 2016, ECF No. 1 ("Compl."). These entities, which own or guarantee trillions of dollars of residential mortgages and MBS, have played a key role in housing finance and the U.S. economy.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The *Perry Capital* decision is currently on appeal. *See Perry Capital LLC et al. v. Lew et al.*, Nos. 14-5243, 14-5254, 14-5260, 14-5262 (D.C. Cir.). The plaintiff in *Continental Western* did not appeal from the district court's order dismissing the case. Similar lawsuits have been filed by other GSE shareholders in a variety of jurisdictions. *Saxton, et al. v. FHFA, et al.*, Case No. 1:15-cv-47 (N.D. Ia.); *Jacobs, et al. v. FHFA et al.*, Case No. 1:15-cv-00708 (D. Del.); *Robinson v. FHFA, et al.*, Case No. 7:15-cv-109 (E.D. Ky.); *Roberts v. FHFA, et al.*, Case No. 1:16-cv-2107 (N.D. Ill.); *Voacolo v. Federal National Mortgage Ass'n, et al.*, Case No. 1:16-cv-1324 (D.D.C.). *Robinson* was dismissed for lack of jurisdiction on September 9, 2016. *See Robinson*, 2016 WL 4726555 at \*8. On December 19, 2016, the court granted Defendants' motions to dismiss as conceded in *Voacolo. See Voacolo*, ECF No. 12, Mem. & Order, No. 1:16-cv-1324. Treasury and FHFA have filed motions to dismiss in *Jacobs, Roberts*, and *Saxton*, and those motions are pending.

"By 2008, the United States economy faced dire straits, in large part due to a massive decline within the national housing market. . . . Given the systemic danger that a Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac collapse posed to the already fragile national economy, among other housing market-related perils, Congress enacted the Housing and Economic Recovery Act on July 30, 2008." *Perry Capital*, 70 F. Supp. 3d at 215 (citing HERA, Pub. L. No. 110-289, 122 Stat. 2654 (2008)); *see also* Compl. ¶ 4. HERA created the Federal Housing Finance Agency ("FHFA"), an independent federal agency, to supervise and regulate Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac, and the Federal Home Loan Banks. 12 U.S.C. § 4501 *et seq.*<sup>3</sup>

HERA granted the Director of FHFA the discretionary authority to place Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac in conservatorship or receivership "for the purpose of reorganizing, rehabilitating, or winding up the affairs of a regulated entity." 12 U.S.C. § 4617(a)(2). The statute provides that, upon its appointment as conservator or receiver, FHFA would "immediately succeed to ... all rights, titles, powers, and privileges of the regulated entity, and of any stockholder, officer, or director of such regulated entity with respect to the regulated entity and the assets of the regulated entity." *Id.* § 4617(b)(2)(A). The statute accords the conservator the power to "operate" and "conduct all business" of the GSEs, *id.* § 4617(b)(2)(B), including the power to take such action as may be "appropriate to carry on the business of the regulated entity and preserve and conserve

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Previously, the GSEs had been regulated by the Office of Federal Housing Enterprise Oversight. *See* Federal Housing Enterprises Financial Safety and Soundness Act of 1992, Pub. L. No. 102-550, §§ 1301-1395, 106 Stat. 3672, 3941-4012) (1992).

the assets and property of the regulated entity," *id.* § 4617(b)(2)(D), and to "transfer or sell" any of the GSEs' assets or liabilities, *id.* § 4617(b)(2)(G).

HERA also amended the statutory charters of the GSEs to grant the Secretary of the Treasury the authority to purchase "any obligations and other securities" issued by the GSEs "on such terms and conditions as the Secretary may determine and in such amounts as the Secretary may determine," provided that Treasury and the GSEs reached a "mutual agreement" for such a purchase. *See* 12 U.S.C. § 1719(g)(1)(A) (Fannie Mae); id. § 1455(l)(1)(A) (Freddie Mac). Treasury was required to determine, prior to exercising this purchase authority, that the purchase was necessary to "provide stability to the financial markets," "prevent disruptions" in mortgage financing, and "protect the taxpayer." 12 U.S.C. § 1719(g)(1)(B) (Fannie Mae); id. § 1455(l)(1)(B) (Freddie Mac). This purchase authority would expire on December 31, 2009, 12 U.S.C. § 1719(g)(4); id. § 1455(l)(4), but the statute expressly stated that Treasury would retain the power to exercise its rights with respect to previously-purchased securities after that sunset date, 12 U.S.C. § 1719(g)(2)(D); id. § 1455(l)(2)(D).

In early September 2008, FHFA Director James Lockhart appointed FHFA as the conservator of Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac. *FHFA Fact Sheet: Questions and Answers on Conservatorship*, http://www.fhfa.gov/Media/PublicAffairs/Pages/Fact-Sheet-Questions-and-Answers-on-Conservatorship.aspx (cited in Compl. ¶ 59).<sup>4</sup> At that time,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Documents incorporated within a complaint by reference are considered part of the pleadings, and may be cited in this motion to dismiss, which raises a facial challenge to whether the complaint has stated any claim over which this Court has subject-matter jurisdiction. *See Lormand v. US Unwired, Inc.*, 565 F.3d 228, 251 (5th Cir. 2009).

the GSEs' financial exposure on their combined guaranteed mortgage-backed securities and debt outstanding totaled more than \$5.4 trillion, and their net worth and public stock prices had fallen sharply. *Id*.

## II. TREASURY'S SENIOR PREFERRED STOCK PURCHASE AGREEMENTS WITH THE GSES

Also in September 2008, Treasury used its authority to purchase securities issued by the GSEs. *See* Compl. ¶ 8. Treasury entered into Senior Preferred Stock Purchase Agreements (the "PSPAs") with each GSE, through FHFA as conservator. *See* Ex. A, Amended and Restated Preferred Stock Purchase Agreements (cited in, *e.g.*, Compl. ¶ 8). Under the PSPAs, Treasury committed to advance funds to each GSE for each quarter in which the GSE's liabilities exceeded its assets, so as to maintain the positive net worth of that enterprise. *See* Fannie Mae PSPA § 2.1, 2.2; Freddie Mac PSPA §§ 2.1, 2.2.

Treasury's statutory authority to provide funding to the GSEs required that the investment "protect the taxpayer." 12 U.S.C. § 1455(*l*)(1)(C); *id.* § 1719(g)(1)(C). In exchange for the continuing funding commitment that it provided to the GSEs, Treasury received senior preferred stock with a liquidation preference, warrants to purchase 79.9 percent of each GSE's common stock, and an entitlement to periodic commitment fees on the amount committed to the GSEs but undrawn. Compl. ¶ 8; Fannie Mae PSPA §§ 3.1-

Additionally, courts may take judicial notice of SEC filings. *See Lovelace v. Software Spectrum Inc.*, 78 F.3d 1015, 1018 (5th Cir. 1996).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> A liquidation preference is "[a] preferred shareholder's right, once the corporation is liquidated, to receive a specified distribution before common shareholders receive anything." Black's Law Dictionary 1298 (9th ed. 2009).

3.4; Freddie Mac PSPA §§ 3.1-3.4. The value of the liquidation preference on Treasury's senior preferred stock was \$1 billion for each GSE, and it increased dollar-for-dollar as either Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac drew on its PSPA funding. Fannie Mae PSPA § 3.3; Freddie Mac PSPA § 3.3. Treasury received no additional shares of stock when the GSEs made draws under the PSPAs. *See* Fannie Mae PSPA §§ 3.1 3.3, Freddie Mac PSPA §§ 3.1, 3.3.

Under the PSPAs, Treasury received quarterly dividends on the total amount of its senior preferred stock. Compl. ¶ 10. Prior to the Third Amendment, the GSEs paid dividends at an annual rate of ten percent of their respective liquidation preferences (\$19) billion per year). Ex. B, Fannie Mae Senior Preferred Stock Certificate § 5; Freddie Mac Senior Preferred Stock Certificate § 5 (cited in Compl. ¶ 77). (The quarterly dividend payment thus amounted to 2.5% of the liquidation preference.) The PSPAs further required the GSEs to pay a periodic commitment fee to Treasury beginning on March 31, 2010. Compl. ¶ 76; Fannie Mae PSPA §§ 3.1, 3.2; Freddie Mac PSPA §§ 3.1, 3.2. The periodic commitment fee "is intended to fully compensate [Treasury] for the support provided by the ongoing Commitment following December 31, 2009." *Id.* The amount of the fee was to be "determined with reference to the market value of the Commitment as then in effect," as mutually agreed between Treasury and the GSEs, in consultation with the Chair of the Federal Reserve. Id. While the fee was initially to be set by December 31, 2009, the PSPAs (as amended) permitted Treasury, in its sole discretion, to waive the fee for up to one year at a time based on conditions in the mortgage market. Compl. ¶ 76. Treasury and FHFA delayed implementation of the periodic commitment

fee until December 31, 2010. Ex. C, Second Amendment to Amended and Restated Fannie Mae PSPA (Dec. 24, 2009); Second Amendment to Amended and Restated Freddie Mac PSPA (Dec. 24, 2009) (cited in Compl. ¶ 81). Treasury then waived the periodic commitment fee in 2011 and 2012. *See* Compl. ¶ 76.

Treasury's rights under the PSPAs – its receipt of senior preferred stock with accompanying dividend rights, warrants to purchase common stock, and the right to set commitment fees – reflected the expansive nature of the commitment it had made to the GSEs. The PSPAs were amended twice – first to raise the funding commitment for each GSE from \$100 billion to \$200 billion, and then, in the Second Amendment, to raise the commitment according to a formula that would be capped at the end of 2012. Ex. C, Second Amendment to Amended and Restated Fannie Mae PSPA (Dec. 24, 2009); Second Amendment to Amended and Restated Freddie Mac PSPA (Dec. 24, 2009). The remaining capacity in Treasury's funding commitment to Fannie Mae is now \$117.6 billion (over and above the \$116.1 billion already provided) and the remaining capacity in Treasury's commitment to Freddie Mac is now \$140.5 billion (over and above the \$71.3 billion already provided). See Compl. ¶¶ 81, 87.

In August 2012, Treasury and FHFA, acting as conservator for the GSEs, entered into the Third Amendment to the PSPAs. Compl. ¶ 104. The Third Amendment eliminated the payment of a fixed dividend and suspended the periodic commitment fee that each GSE would otherwise owe to Treasury. Ex. D, Third Amendment to Amended and Restated Fannie Mae PSPA, § 4 (Aug. 17, 2012); Third Amendment to Amended and Restated Freddie Mac PSPA, § 4 (Aug. 17, 2012) (cited in Compl. ¶ 104). Instead, a

GSE now pays a quarterly variable dividend – referred to in the complaint as a "net worth sweep" – based on the GSEs' earnings after accounting for prescribed capital reserves.<sup>6</sup> *Id.* If either GSE's net worth is negative in a quarter, no dividend is due. *Id.* 

#### ISSUES PRESENTED AND STANDARD OF REVIEW

Treasury moves to dismiss the complaint for lack of jurisdiction. Under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 12(b)(1), the plaintiff bears the burden to show that the court has jurisdiction over its claims. *See Steel Co. v. Citizens for a Better Env't*, 523 U.S. 83, 104 (1998). Where, as here, a motion to dismiss for lack of jurisdiction is limited to a facial attack on the pleadings, it is subject to the same standard as a motion brought under Rule 12(b)(6). *See Benton v. United States*, 960 F.2d 19, 21 (5th Cir. 1992). To survive a motion to dismiss under Rule 12(b)(6), the plaintiff must plead "enough facts to state a claim to relief that is plausible on its face." *Bell Atl. Corp. v. Twombly*, 550 U.S. 554, 570 (2007). "A claim has facial plausibility when the plaintiff pleads factual content that allows the court to draw the reasonable inference that the defendant is liable for the misconduct alleged." *Ashcroft v. Iqbal*, 556 U.S. 662, 678 (2009). In ruling on the motion to dismiss, the court must take the well-pleaded facts as true but is "not bound to accept as true a legal conclusion couched as a factual allegation." *Id.* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Those annual earnings historically averaged below \$19 billion, the amount owed under the fixed dividend. *See* Fannie Mae, Quarterly Report (Form 10-Q) (Aug. 8, 2012) at 4 ("The amount of this dividend payment exceeds our reported annual net income for every year since our inception."); Freddie Mac, Quarterly Report (Form 10-Q) (Aug. 7. 2012) at 8 ("our annual cash dividend obligation to Treasury on the senior preferred stock of \$7.2 billion exceed[s] our annual historical earnings in all but one period.").

Treasury also moves to dismiss on the grounds that the APA claims against it fail as a matter of law, and thus that the complaint fails to state a claim against Treasury. *See* Fed. R. Civ. P. 12(b)(6). The legal standard for a motion to dismiss for failure to state a claim is the same as the legal standard for a facial attack on jurisdiction.

#### **SUMMARY OF ARGUMENT**

Plaintiffs' claims must be dismissed for four separate reasons.

First, HERA's jurisdiction-withdrawal provision, 12 U.S.C. § 4617(f), precludes a court from taking "any action to restrain or affect the exercise of powers or functions of [FHFA] as a conservator or a receiver." Plaintiffs cannot evade the effect of this provision by naming Treasury as well as FHFA as a defendant. An injunction against either party would "restrain or affect" the exercise of the conservator's powers.

Second, plaintiffs' APA claims against Treasury fail as a matter of law. The Third Amendment was not a purchase of securities and thus not affected by HERA's sunset provision. And because HERA does not create any fiduciary duties that Treasury could owe to shareholders of the GSEs, Treasury's agreement to the Third Amendment was not arbitrary and capricious.

Third, HERA provided that FHFA, as conservator or receiver, would "immediately succeed" to "all rights, titles, powers, and privileges of the [GSEs], and of any stockholder[]" with respect to the GSEs and their assets. 12 U.S.C. § 4617(b)(2)(A)(i). HERA thus "plainly transfers shareholders' ability to bring derivative suits—a 'right[], title[], power[], [or] privilege'—to FHFA." *Kellmer*, 674 F.3d at 850. Plaintiffs' claims assert that the Third Amendment deprived the GSEs of capital; the

relief they seek would require transfer of funds to the GSEs and would allegedly result in a future increase in the capital held by the GSEs. These quintessentially derivative claims are barred by HERA. Even if they could be considered direct claims, any claim with respect to the assets of the GSEs is transferred to the conservator during the conservatorship.

Finally, because the court in *Perry Capital* dismissed another derivative action for the reasons outlined above, issue preclusion bars the plaintiffs from re-litigating that dismissal here.

#### **ARGUMENT**

#### I. HERA'S JURISDICTION-WITHDRAWAL PROVISION BARS PLAINTIFFS' CLAIMS

Congress, through HERA, has withdrawn subject matter jurisdiction over plaintiffs' claims for declaratory and injunctive relief with respect to the Third Amendment, as three other courts have concluded in rejecting identical challenges to the Third Amendment brought by other shareholders. *See Perry Capital*, 70 F. Supp. 3d at 219-29 (holding that plaintiffs' claims regarding the Third Amendment are barred by section 4617(f)); *Robinson*, 2016 WL 4726555 at \*3-\*4 (same); *Cont'l W.*, 83 F. Supp. 3d at 840 n.6 (dismissing on issue preclusion but stating, in the alternative, that the court would dismiss the case as barred by section 4617(f)). This Court lacks jurisdiction over plaintiffs' claims for the same reasons that the courts in *Perry Capital*, *Continental Western*, and *Robinson* determined that they lacked jurisdiction: Because HERA prohibits relief that would restrain the powers that FHFA exercises as conservator of the GSEs.

# A. HERA's jurisdiction-withdrawal provision effects "a sweeping ouster" of judicial authority to grant equitable remedies.

Section 4617(f), which provides that "no court may take any action to restrain or affect the exercise of powers or functions of [FHFA] as a conservator" of the GSEs. Like the materially identical provision of FIRREA, *see* 12 U.S.C. § 1821(j), HERA's antinjunction provision "effect[s] a sweeping ouster of courts' power to grant equitable remedies" to parties challenging actions taken by FHFA as conservator. Freeman v. *FDIC*, 56 F.3d 1394, 1399 (D.C. Cir. 1995) (interpreting FIRREA's equivalent antinjunction provision); *see also Town of Babylon v. FHFA*, 699 F.3d 221, 228 (2d Cir. 2012) (Section 4617(f) "excludes judicial review of the exercise of powers and functions given to the FHFA as conservator"); *Bank of America Nat'l Ass'n v. Colonial Bank*, 604 F.3d 1239, 1243 (11th Cir. 2010); *Nat'l Trust for Historic Pres. v. FDIC*, 21 F.3d 469, 472 (D.C. Cir. 1994) (Wald, J., concurring) (FIRREA's anti-injunction provision "bar[s] a court from acting in virtually all circumstances").

The jurisdictional inquiry under Sections 4617(f) and 1821(j) is "quite narrow." *Bank of America*, 604 F.3d at 1243. "First, we evaluate whether the FDIC's challenged actions constitute the exercise of a receivership power or function. If so, the FDIC is protected from all court action that would 'restrain or affect' the exercise of those powers

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Compare 12 U.S.C. § 1821(j) ("Except as provided in this section, no court may take any action, except at the request of the Board of Directors by regulation or order, to restrain or affect the exercise of powers or functions of the Corporation as a conservator or receiver.") with 12 U.S.C. § 4617(f) ("Except as provided in this section or at the request of the Director, no court may take any action to restrain or affect the exercise of powers or functions of the Agency as a conservator or a receiver.").

or functions pursuant to § 1821(j), and we proceed to the secondary inquiry of whether the district court's actions do in fact restrain or affect the FDIC as receiver." *Id.* (internal citations omitted); *see also Town of Babylon*, 699 F.3d at 228 (under section 4617(f), "[a] conclusion that the challenged acts were directed to an institution in conservatorship and within the powers given to the conservator ends the inquiry"). Provided that the conservator is exercising a statutorily authorized power, injunctive relief is unavailable even where the conservator is alleged to have acted unlawfully. *See Ward*, 996 F.2d at 103; *see also Bank of America*, 604 F.3d at 1243 (Section 1821(j) "has been interpreted broadly to bar judicial intervention whenever the FDIC is acting in its capacity of receiver or conservator, even if it violates its own procedures or behaves unlawfully in doing so") (citing cases).

## B. FHFA acted within the scope of its statutory authority when it agreed to the Third Amendment.

Despite the plain language of section 4617(f), plaintiffs challenge the FHFA's exercise of its statutory authority as conservator in entering into the Third Amendment. Their amended complaint relies on the legally unsound premise that by casting aspersions on the motives of Treasury and FHFA, they can manufacture subject matter jurisdiction where Congress has withheld it. *See*, *e.g.*, Compl. ¶¶ 104-11. Plaintiffs' allegations are unfounded, but even assuming the truth of these allegations for purposes of this motion to dismiss, plaintiffs' claim that FHFA took actions "outside of FHFA's authority under HERA," Compl. ¶¶ 161; *see also id.* ¶¶ 156-59, fails as a matter of law.

HERA grants FHFA "broad powers to operate Fannie and Freddie." FHFA v. City

of Chicago, 962 F. Supp. 2d 1044, 1058 (N.D. Ill. 2013). These include the power to "take over the assets of [the GSEs]," "to conduct all business of the regulated entit[ies]," "to preserve and conserve the assets and property of the entit[ies]," and to "transfer or sell any asset or liability of the regulated entity." 12 U.S.C. § 4617(b)(2)(B), (G). Further, FHFA has the authority, as a conservator, to "take such action as may be necessary to put the regulated entity in a sound and solvent condition" and to undertake any action "appropriate to carry on the business of the regulated entity and preserve and conserve the assets and property of the entity." *Id.* § 4617(b)(2)(D).

The Third Amendment restructured the GSEs' payment obligations to Treasury, replacing a fixed ten-percent dividend with a variable dividend, and suspending the periodic commitment fee, which under the PSPAs is intended to "fully compensate" the taxpayers for the hundreds of billions of dollars committed to the GSEs, for so long as the variable dividend is in effect. To accomplish these goals, FHFA "transfer[red]" one of the GSEs' assets (their future income) to Treasury in exchange for relief from the tenpercent dividend obligation and the periodic commitment fee. These actions were well within its authority as conservator. *See* 12 U.S.C. § 4617(b)(2)(B),(D),(G); *see also, e.g., Town of Babylon,* 699 F.3d at 227 (the taking of "protective measures against perceived risks is squarely within FHFA's powers as conservator"); *Leon Cnty. v. FHFA,* 700 F.3d 1273, 1279 (11th Cir. 2012) (same).

Seeking to manufacture jurisdiction despite the plain language of HERA, plaintiffs advert to two theories. First, plaintiffs argue that the Third Amendment prevents the build-up of retained earnings in the GSEs and thus is inconsistent with FHFA's purported

duty to return the GSEs to private control. Compl. ¶ 157. But FHFA is not under an obligation to return the GSEs to the same state that existed prior to the conservatorship. To the contrary, HERA expressly authorizes FHFA, as conservator, to make significant changes to the GSEs' structure and operations. *See*, *e.g.*, 12 U.S.C. § 4617(a)(2) (stating that FHFA may "be appointed conservator or receiver for the purposes of *reorganizing*, *rehabilitating*, or *winding up* the affairs of a [GSE]") (emphasis added); *see also Perry Capital*, 70 F. Supp. 3d at 228 n.20. Congress has never required that the conservator recapitalize the GSEs at taxpayer expense and return them to their prior form, a point underscored by recent legislation. § *See* FHFA Mem. at 18 n.10.

Plaintiffs then present a second argument, challenging the conservator's motives and business judgment in executing the Third Amendment by alleging that a change in dividend terms was not necessary because the GSEs either could have paid a ten-percent dividend from future earnings, Compl. ¶ 104, or the GSEs could have refused to pay the dividend in cash and accrued dividends at the penalty rate (a course of action their complaint characterizes as an "in kind" payment option). *See, e.g.*, Compl. ¶ 75. Neither contention establishes subject matter jurisdiction over this case. HERA's authorization of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> A conservator can stabilize a troubled financial institution with an eye towards returning it to its former status. But it can also stabilize an entity to ready it for reorganization or liquidation. *See, e.g., Ameristar Fin. Serv. Co. v. United States*, 75 Fed. Cl. 807, 808 n.3 (2007) (describing a conservator as "operat[ing] a troubled financial institution in an effort to conserve, manage, and protect the troubled institution's assets until the institution has stabilized *or has been closed by the chartering authority*") (emphasis added) (citation omitted); Fed. Deposit Ins. Corp., *Resolutions Handbook*, Glossary (https://www.fdic.gov/about/freedom/drr\_handbook.pdf#nameddest=Glossary) (same); *see also* 12 U.S.C. § 4617(a)(2) (stating that FHFA may be appointed conservator to reorganize, rehabilitate, or wind up a GSE's affairs).

FHFA to "conduct all business" of the GSEs includes the authority to determine how the GSEs will meet their financial obligations to Treasury. 12 U.S.C. § 4617(b)(2)(B). More than twenty years ago, the Fifth Circuit rejected a plaintiff's effort to establish jurisdiction by arguing that a conservator or receiver's allegedly improper exercise of its statutory powers was tantamount to an act outside of its statutory powers. See Ward, 996 F.2d at 103 ("[Plaintiff] argues that when the RTC purports to dispose of an asset for a viciously low price it frustrates the direct intent of Congress, and is thereby 'acting clearly outside of its statutory powers.' . . . We disagree entirely. [Plaintiff] fails (or refuses) to recognize the difference between the exercise of a function or power that is clearly outside the statutory authority of the RTC on the one hand, and improperly or even unlawfully exercising a function or power that is clearly authorized by statute on the other."). Through section 4617(f), "Congress has removed from the purview [of] the court the power to second-guess the FHFA's business judgment." Massachusetts v. FHFA, 54 F. Supp. 3d 94, 101 n.7 (D. Mass. 2014); see also Cty. of Sonoma v. FHFA, 710 F.3d 987, 993 (9th Cir. 2013) ("it is not our place to substitute our judgment for FHFA's"). The statute thus mandates dismissal of this case.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> In any event, plaintiffs' contentions regarding the "in kind" payment of dividends misread the stock certificates. *See Perry Capital*, 70 F. Supp. 3d at 217 n.7 ("The provision makes clear that 10% cash dividends were 'required by' the stock certificates, and that 12% dividends deferred to the liquidation preference were only triggered upon a 'failure' to meet the 10% cash dividend requirement"); *see also* Ex. B, Fannie Mae Senior Preferred Stock Certificate § 2(c); Freddie Mac Senior Preferred Stock Certificate § 2(c).

Finally, it bears emphasis that plaintiffs cannot circumvent Congress' strict limits on subject matter jurisdiction by disparaging the motives of FHFA and its counterparty, Treasury, in executing the Third Amendment. See Cont'l W., 83 F. Supp. 3d at 840 n.6 ("it is not the role of this Court to wade into the merits or motives of FHFA and Treasury's actions—rather the Court is limited to reviewing those actions on their face and determining if they were permissible under the authority granted by HERA.") (emphasis added); Perry Capital, 70 F. Supp. 3d at 226 ("FHFA's underlying motives or opinions—i.e., whether the net worth sweep would arrest a downward spiral of dividend payments, increase payments to Treasury, or keep the GSEs in a holding pattern—do not matter for the purposes of § 4617(f).") (emphasis added). Section 4617(f) functions as a limitation on jurisdiction that plaintiffs cannot simply plead around by challenging the conservator's motives. See Leon Cnty., Fla. v. FHFA, 816 F.Supp.2d 1205, 1208 (N.D. Fla. 2011), aff'd, 700 F.3d 1273 (11th Cir. 2012); cf. Hindes v. F.D.I.C., 137 F.3d 148, 153, 159-61 (3d Cir. 1998) (finding claims that the FDIC "reneged on an agreement with [the bank] with respect to the computation of its capital base, ignored [the bank's] actual financial condition when seizing [the bank], and engaged in a conspiracy with state officials to close the bank" were barred by FIRREA).

# C. HERA's jurisdiction-withdrawal provision applies to plaintiffs' claims against Treasury.

In Counts II and III, plaintiffs challenge Treasury's conduct in agreeing to the Third Amendment. Compl. ¶¶ 163-70; *id.* ¶¶ 172-82. However, section 4617(f), HERA's jurisdiction-withdrawal provision, does not permit plaintiffs to set aside FHFA's

actions by naming Treasury, as well as FHFA, as a defendant. Plaintiffs ask the Court to enter the same injunction against both FHFA and Treasury. *See* Compl. ¶ 190(d)-(e) (prayer for relief). This relief would obviously "restrain or affect" the conservator. As the *Perry Capital* court held, "there can be little doubt that enjoining Treasury from partaking in the Third Amendment would restrain FHFA's uncontested authority to determine how to conserve the viability of the GSEs." *Perry Capital*, 70 F. Supp. 3d at 222-23; *see also Robinson*, 2016 WL 4726555, at \*3.

Every court of appeals to have considered this issue has reached the same common-sense conclusion, holding that an anti-injunction provision "precludes a court order against a third party which would affect the FDIC as receiver, particularly where the relief would have the same practical result as an order directed against the FDIC in that capacity." *Hindes*, 137 F.3d at 160-61; *see also Dittmer Props.*, *LP*, *v. FDIC*, 708 F.3d 1011, 1017 (8th Cir. 2013) ("Even though the FDIC has apparently already sold the note in question, if plaintiffs such as Dittmer are allowed to attack the validity of a failed institution's assets by suing the remote purchaser, such actions would certainly restrain or affect the FDIC's powers to deal with the property it is charged with disbursing."); *Telematics Int'l, Inc. v. NEMLC Leasing Corp.*, 967 F.2d 703, 707 (1st Cir. 1992).

# II. PLAINTIFFS' APA CLAIMS AGAINST TREASURY FAIL AS A MATTER OF LAW IN ANY EVENT

As explained above, HERA's preclusion of judicial review where such review would "restrain or affect" the conservator requires the dismissal of plaintiffs' claims seeking injunctive relief against Treasury. In addition, those claims fail as a matter of

law. HERA vested Treasury with the authority "to purchase any obligations and other securities" issued by Freddie Mae and Freddie Mac, "on such terms and conditions as the Secretary may determine and in such amounts as the Secretary may determine." 12 U.S.C. § 1719(g)(1)(A) (Fannie Mae); id. § 1455(l)(1)(A) (Freddie Mac). HERA further granted Treasury the authority to, "at any time, exercise any rights received in connection with such purchases." 12 U.S.C. § 1719(g)(2)(A). Treasury may also "hold" or "sell" any securities it acquires, subject to a limitation created by recent legislation, providing that Treasury may not sell its senior preferred stock before January 1, 2018, unless Congress first passes legislation instructing Treasury to do so. 12 U.S.C. § 1719(g)(2)(D); Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2016, H.R. 2029 § 702(b), 114th Cong. (2015) (enacted Dec. 18, 2015). Treasury's authority to purchase new securities from the GSEs expired on December 31, 2009. Id. § 1719(g)(4). Its authority to "exercise any rights received in connection" with earlier purchases, as well as its authority to hold or sell securities, does not expire at any time. See id. § 1719(g)(2)(D).

Plaintiffs are incorrect in asserting that the Third Amendment was a "purchase" of new "securities." Treasury obtained no new shares of the GSEs' stock as a result of the Third Amendment. *See Isquith by Isquith v. Caremark Int'l, Inc.*, 136 F.3d 531, 534 (7th Cir. 1998) (plaintiffs did not "purchase or sell securities" where they "did not buy or sell shares" in the relevant companies). Nor did it commit any additional taxpayer funds to the GSEs. As the *Perry Capital* court explained, the Third Amendment merely altered

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> For ease of reference, this memorandum will cite to the relevant portions of Fannie Mae's charter, but the statutory language is identical in both charters.

"the compensation structure" of the securities Treasury *already* owned. *Perry Capital*, 70 F. Supp. 3d at 224. HERA's share-acquisition sunset provision bars only Treasury's purchase of "obligations or securities issued by the" GSEs, but does not bar contract amendments or "other non-security-purchasing activities otherwise permitted under an already agreed-upon, pre–2010 investment contract with the GSEs." *Id.* (internal citations omitted). Implying such a restriction would be inappropriate when the amendment plainly falls within Treasury's authority to "hold" or "sell" the securities it owns or to "exercise" previously secured rights.

In the absence of an actual purchase of securities, plaintiffs' complaint argues that the Third Amendment "fundamentally changed" Treasury's preferred stock. Compl. ¶

112. The "fundamental change" doctrine, adopted in some securities fraud cases, is an "esoteric and dubious judge-made doctrine" whose ongoing validity has been questioned. 

Isquith by Isquith, 136 F.3d at 535-36 ("[W]e very much doubt that the doctrine retains any validity in any class of case."). Some courts of appeals have expressly declined to adopt it, see Katz v. Gerardi, 655 F.3d 1212, 1221 (10th Cir. 2011), and even those which have accepted it have acknowledged that it "does not cut a wide swath," Jacobson v. 

AEG Capital Corp., 50 F.3d 1493, 1499 (9th Cir. 1995). It is implausible that Congress intended to graft such an "esoteric and dubious" doctrine into HERA's definition of "purchase." See Perry Capital, 70 F. Supp. 3d at 224 (declining to apply the "fundamental change" doctrine to HERA's definition of "purchase"). 

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> In any event, the doctrine is inapplicable on its own terms. It applies "where a defendant's fraud results in a fundamental change in the nature of the plaintiffs'

Additionally, even if judicial review were available, plaintiffs' claim that Treasury's conduct was arbitrary and capricious because Treasury did not make an emergency determination prior to agreeing to the Third Amendment is also baseless. Compl. ¶¶ 167, 175. The emergency determination and considerations apply "in connection with exercising the authority contained in this paragraph," 12 U.S.C. § 1719(g)(1)(C). "[T]his paragraph" refers to paragraph 1, which sets forth Treasury's authority to purchase securities. But, again, the Third Amendment was not a purchase of securities. Treasury's authority to "hold, exercise any rights received in connection with, or sell" its investment in the GSEs is the subject of a separate statutory provision, which is paragraph 2 of the relevant portion. 12 U.S.C. § 1719(g)(2)(D).

In fact, HERA does not place any constraints on Treasury's ability to "hold" its senior preferred stock or to "exercise" the rights it obtained from the preferred stock, including the right to amend the agreement. *See id*; *see also id.* § 1719(g)(1)(A) (investment shall be made "on such terms and conditions as the Secretary *may determine* and in such amounts as the Secretary *may determine*") (emphasis added). Discretionary determinations of this kind are committed to agency discretion by law. *See* 5 U.S.C. § 701(a)(2); *FDIC v. Bank of Coushatta*, 930 F.2d 1122, 1129 (5th Cir. 1991) (discussing section 701(a)(2) exception). Plaintiffs fault Treasury's reasoning for adopting the Third

investment without the plaintiffs' consent." *Katz*, 655 F.3d at 1221 (citation omitted); *Jacobson*, 50 F.3d at 1499 (The fundamental change doctrine is a "narrow" doctrine that applies to "shareholders who, without any say, find themselves fraudulently forced-out of their securities."). Plaintiffs do not claim that the Third Amendment was a change made without Treasury's consent. Treasury and FHFA bargained for the changes, and freely consented to those changes.

Amendment, Compl. ¶¶ 175, 178, but identify no basis on which a court could properly second-guess Treasury's judgment as to the appropriate means of addressing the ongoing ramifications of the taxpayer's financial commitment to the GSEs, and their APA claim must be dismissed.

Plaintiffs' claim that Treasury failed to consider its fiduciary duties to the GSEs' shareholders when agreeing to the First Amendment, Compl. ¶ 180-81, fails because Treasury does not possess any such fiduciary duties. Plaintiffs allege that those duties arise under state law, Compl. ¶ 179, but that contention is wrong as a matter of constitutional law. Under the Supremacy Clause, state law does not apply of its own force to the federal government. "Under the intergovernmental immunity component of Supremacy Clause jurisprudence, the states may not directly regulate the federal government's operations or property. . . [T]he Constitution itself specifies that Congress retains the '[p]ower to dispose of and make all needful Rules and Regulations respecting the . . . Property belonging to the United States.'" *State of Ariz. v. Bowsher*, 935 F.2d 332, 334 (D.C. Cir. 1991) (citing U.S. Const., art. IV, § 3, cl. 2); *see also Hancock v. Train*, 426 U.S. 167, 179 (1976).

Moreover, HERA imposes no fiduciary duties on Treasury; instead, it transfers shareholder rights and privileges to FHFA, and authorizes FHFA to act "in the best interests of [the GSEs] or the Agency." 12 U.S.C. § 4617(b)(2)(J)(ii). Treasury's duty under HERA is to assist in stabilizing the housing market and to protect the American taxpayer, and the "considerations" referenced in plaintiff's complaint are set forth "to protect the taxpayers," 12 U.S.C. § 1719(g)(1)(C), not to promote the private interests of

shareholders. *Robinson*, 2016 WL 4726555 at \*7-\*8 & n.3. Thus, even if state law could be applied to Treasury (and the Supremacy Clause ensures that it cannot), the imposition of state law fiduciary obligations on Treasury would upset the balance of policy considerations underlying Congress's authorization to extend funds to the GSEs and thus would be preempted. *Cf. Starr Int'l Co. v. Fed. Reserve Bank of New York*, 742 F.3d 37, 42 (2d Cir. 2014) (holding that federal law preempted asserted fiduciary duty under Delaware law).

Finally, Treasury is not a controlling shareholder within the meaning of state corporation law. A controlling shareholder of a corporation either owns a majority of the corporation's voting shares; or it exercises "actual control" over the corporation's affairs. Ivanhoe Partners v. Newmont Mining Corp., 535 A.2d 1334, 1344 (Del. 1987). Treasury is not and has never been a majority shareholder, nor does it have voting rights in the GSEs. Its rights as a senior preferred shareholder are entirely contractual. Plaintiffs incorrectly allege that Treasury's contractual rights under the PSPAs make it a controlling shareholder. Compl. ¶ 180. Even "a significant shareholder, who exercises a duly-obtained contractual right that somehow limits or restricts the actions that a corporation otherwise would take, does not become, without more, a controlling shareholder for that particular purpose." Superior Vision Servs. v. ReliaStar Life Ins. Co., No. CIV. A. 1668-N, 2006 WL 2521426, at \*5 (Del. Ch. Aug. 25, 2006); see also Starr Int'l Co. v. Fed. Reserve Bank of N.Y., 906 F. Supp. 2d 202, 221-25 (S.D.N.Y. 2012), aff'd, 742 F.3d 37 (2d Cir. 2014).

#### III. HERA'S SHAREHOLDER RIGHTS PROVISION BARS PLAINTIFFS' CLAIMS

HERA's transfer-of-shareholder-rights provision, 12 U.S.C. § 4617(b)(2)(A)(i), provides that FHFA "shall, as conservator or receiver, and by operation of law, immediately succeed to all rights, titles, powers, and privileges of the regulated entity, and of any stockholder, officer, or director of such regulated entity with respect to the regulated entity and the assets of the regulated entity." "This language plainly transfers shareholders ability to bring derivative suits—a 'right[], title[], power[], [or] privilege'—to FHFA." *Kellmer*, 674 F.3d at 850. Further, the conservator's succession to "all rights" of the shareholders would transfer their ability to bring any claim – derivative or direct – with respect to the GSEs.

"A basic tenet of American corporate law is that the corporation and its shareholders are distinct entities." *Dole Food Co. v. Patrickson*, 538 U.S. 468, 474 (2003). Thus, legal harms committed against a corporation give rise to claims belonging to the corporation itself. In a derivative suit, any recovery flows to the corporate treasury; in a direct suit, it flows only to the individual plaintiff-shareholders. To the extent that funds rightfully belonging to the corporation are diverted to particular shareholders, the corporation has fewer resources available for its business and fewer assets available to satisfy the claims of its creditors. *See, e.g., St. Clair Shores Gen. Emps. Ret. Sys. v. Eibeler*, 745 F. Supp. 2d 303, 311 (S.D.N.Y. 2010) ("Generally, when a corporation commits waste through overpayment, it is the corporation that is damaged directly and the shareholders suffer only derivative injury.").

The determination whether a federal-law claim is direct or derivative is governed by federal law. See 7C CHARLES ALAN WRIGHT & ARTHUR R. MILLER, FEDERAL PRACTICE & PROCEDURE § 1821 (3d ed. 2015); cf. Rifkin v. Bear Stearns & Co., 248 F.3d 628, 631 (7th Cir. 2001). Where standing turns on the "allocation of governing power within [a] corporation," however, federal law often looks to state corporate law principles, see Kamen v. Kemper Fin. Servs., Inc., 500 U.S. 90, 95 (1991), unless the state law in question permits an action prohibited by federal law or is inconsistent with the federal policy underlying the plaintiff's cause of action. Id. at 98 (citations omitted).

The principles for distinguishing direct from derivative claims are well-established and consistent across federal and state law. In particular, "neither officers nor stockholders . . . can maintain an action to redress an injury to the corporation even though the value of their stock is impaired as a result of the injury." *Gregory v. Mitchell*, 634 F.2d 199, 202 (5th Cir. 1981). Rather, a claim is "direct" only when "the duty breached was owed to the stockholder" and the shareholder "can prevail without showing an injury to the corporation." *Tooley v. Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette, Inc.*, 845 A.2d 1031, 1033 (Del. 2004). A claim is "derivative" if the harm to the shareholder is the byproduct of some injury to the corporate body as a whole. *Id*.

"Where all of a corporation's stockholders are harmed and would recover *pro* rata in proportion with their ownership of the corporation's stock solely because they are stockholders, then the claim is derivative in nature." Feldman v. Cutaia, 951 A.2d 727, 733 (Del. 2008); see also, e.g., Gentile v. Rossette, 906 A.2d 91, 99 (Del. 2006).

Moreover, "claims that [defendants] caused the company to enter into a series of 'unfair'

transactions that have 'involved self-dealing' and 'diverting assets' are fundamentally claims belonging to the corporation and to [shareholders] only derivatively." *See Cowin v. Bresler*, 741 F.2d 410, 416 (D.C. Cir. 1984); *see also Pareto v. FDIC*, 139 F.3d 696, 699 (9th Cir. 1998) ("Pareto's allegations – that the directors breached their duties of care and loyalty by failing to safeguard Barbary Coast's assets and equity, mismanaging its operations, improperly placing it into voluntary receivership, and failing to exercise due diligence during merger attempts – describe a direct injury to the bank, not the individual stockholders.").

Plaintiffs ask that the Third Amendment be declared invalid and enjoined, so that future increases in net worth would be retained by the GSEs, and also request that the dividends Treasury has already received be returned to the GSEs. Compl. ¶ 190 (prayer for relief). Such an order would not benefit plaintiffs directly. The relief sought, in plaintiffs' view, would enrich the GSEs and therefore make plaintiffs' stock in the GSEs more valuable. Similarly, the harm that plaintiffs allege – the assertedly improper transfer of the GSEs' net worth to Treasury – was suffered by the GSEs. See, e.g., Compl. ¶ 28 ("the Net Worth Sweep requires the dissipation of assets by forcing the Companies to pay their net worth to Treasury on a quarterly basis."); id. ¶ 129 (Third Amendment "prohibit[s] them from rebuilding their capital."). Plaintiffs' claims are thus quintessential derivative claims. *Tooley*, 845 A.2d at 1033, 1039; *Feldman*, 951 A.2d at 733. That the Third Amendment will allegedly cause plaintiffs indirect harm as shareholders does not transform their claims into direct claims. See, e.g., Tooley, 845 A.2d at 1037; Sax v. World Wide Press, Inc., 809 F.2d 610, 614 (9th Cir. 1987) ("Even if the defendants depleted [the company's] assets with the sole purpose of decreasing the value of [plaintiff's] stock and destroying his return on his investment, the action would nonetheless be derivative.").

Moreover, even if plaintiffs' claims could plausibly be characterized as direct, they would still be barred by § 4617(b)(2)(A)(i), which transfers "all" shareholder "rights, titles, powers, and privileges" to FHFA. That transfer includes the "right" to bring any lawsuit with respect to the assets of the GSEs that depends on a shareholder's status as a shareholder. See *Pareto*, 139 F.3d at 700 ("Congress also covered privileges just to be sure that nothing was missed . . . Congress has transferred everything it could to the [conservator]."). Plaintiffs' claims against Treasury and FHFA depend upon their shareholder status and assert a claim on the assets of the GSEs. Section 4617(b)(2)(A)(i) divested them of the right to bring such claims.

### IV. PLAINTIFFS ARE BARRED BY THE DOCTRINE OF ISSUE PRECLUSION FROM PURSUING DERIVATIVE CLAIMS IN THIS CASE

The doctrine of issue preclusion, or collateral estoppel, "bars successive litigation of an issue of fact or law actually litigated and resolved in a valid court determination essential to the prior judgment, even if the issue recurs in the context of a different claim." *Taylor v. Sturgell*, 553 U.S. 880, 892 (2008) (citation omitted). Other shareholders, purporting to bring derivative actions on behalf of the GSEs, have already litigated the legal issues pertinent here, and lost on those issues in the *Perry Capital* case.

As an initial matter, the GSEs were the real parties in interest in the derivative actions at issue in *Perry Capital*, just as the GSEs are the real party in interest here. A

judgment rendered in a shareholder derivative suit precludes subsequent litigation by both the corporation and its shareholders. *See, e.g., Cottrell v. Duke*, 737 F.3d 1238, 1242-43 (8th Cir. 2013); *In re Sonus Networks, Inc, S'holder Derivative Litig.*, 499 F.3d 47, 64 (1st Cir. 2007) ("[I]f the shareholder can sue on the corporation's behalf, it follows that the corporation is bound by the results of the suit in subsequent litigation, even if different shareholders prosecute the suits."); *Nathan v. Rowan*, 651 F.2d 1223, 1226 (6th Cir. 1981). As plaintiffs assert solely derivative claims, *see supra* 24-27, they are bound by the *Perry Capital* court's determinations in the first derivative action.

In the Fifth Circuit, issue preclusion has four elements: "(1) the issue under consideration is identical to that litigated in the prior action; (2) the issue was fully and vigorously litigated in the prior action; (3) the issue was necessary to support the judgment in the prior case; and (4) there is no special circumstance that would make it unfair to apply the doctrine." *Winters v. Diamond Shamrock Chem. Co.*, 149 F.3d 387, 391 (5th Cir. 1998) (internal quotations omitted). All elements are satisfied here.

The issues here and in *Perry Capital* are identical and were fully and vigorously litigated. The district court in *Perry Capital* considered expressly derivative claims brought as a part of a putative class action on behalf of GSE shareholders and concluded that: (1) section 4617(f) barred the equitable relief, including rescission, sought in the derivative claims; (2) that section 4617(b)(2)(A) barred any derivative claims by shareholders concerning the PSPAs, and that no "conflict of interest" exception to the application of Section 4617(b)(2)(A) exists; and (3) that claims concerning the plaintiffs' liquidation preferences were not ripe for review and that any claim for the value of

expected dividends failed to state a claim. 70 F. Supp. 3d at 229-39 & n. 24. Issue preclusion bars plaintiff from re-litigating those same issues in another derivative action. See Taylor, 553 U.S. at 892 ("Issue preclusion, in contrast, bars successive litigation . . . even if the issue recurs in the context of a different claim.") (internal citations omitted). It is irrelevant that the suits were dismissed for lack of subject matter jurisdiction. "[U]nder principles of issue preclusion, even a case dismissed without prejudice has preclusive effect on the jurisdictional issue litigated." Kasap v. Folger Nolan Fleming & Douglas, Inc., 166 F.3d 1243, 1248 (D.C. Cir. 1999); see also Shaw v. Merritt-Chapman & Scott Corp., 554 F.2d 786, 789 (6th Cir.1977) ("[W]hile a dismissal for lack of jurisdiction does not constitute an adjudication upon the merits, it does constitute a binding determination on the jurisdictional question, which is not subject to collateral attack.").<sup>12</sup> The pending appeal in the *Perry Capital* judgment is also irrelevant for these purposes. See Continental Western, 83 F. Supp. 3d at 840 ("Although Perry Capital has been appealed, it is still 'valid and final' for purposes of issue preclusion analysis" because "[i]t is well established in the federal courts that the pendency of an appeal does not diminish the res judicata effect of a judgment rendered by a federal court.") (quoting In

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup>The pending appeal in the *Perry Capital* judgment is also irrelevant for these purposes. *See Continental Western*, 83 F. Supp. 3d at 840 ("Although *Perry Capital* has been appealed, it is still 'valid and final' for purposes of issue preclusion analysis" because "[i]t is well established in the federal courts that the pendency of an appeal does not diminish the *res judicata* effect of a judgment rendered by a federal court."") (quoting *In re Ewing*, 852 F.2d 1057, 1060 (8th Cir. 1988)); *see also Comer v. Murphy Oil USA, Inc.*, 718 F.3d 460, 467 (5th Cir. 2013).

re Ewing, 852 F.2d 1057, 1060 (8th Cir. 1988)); see also Comer v. Murphy Oil USA, Inc., 718 F.3d 460, 467 (5th Cir. 2013).

The district court in *Perry Capital* decided issues that were necessary to support its judgment, setting forth the issues and bases for its decision in detail. *See, e.g., Perry Capital*, 70 F. Supp. 3d at 221-39 (describing bases for dismissal of each of the counts raised by the shareholders in that action, and by the plaintiffs here). The court's findings regarding the bar on equitable relief, the transfer of shareholder rights to the conservator, the inapplicability of a conflict of interest exception, and the lack of ripeness for claims related to the plaintiffs' liquidation preferences were also all necessary to support the district court's judgment in *Perry Capital*. *See, e.g., Perry Capital*, 70 F. Supp. 3d at 221-39.

Finally, there is no unfairness in applying issue preclusion in these circumstances. The putative class plaintiffs in *Perry Capital* were similarly situated to plaintiffs, were similarly motivated to pursue their derivative claims, and received the same procedural opportunities to raise these claims. *Cf. Parklane Hosiery Co. v. Shore*, 439 U.S. 322, 330-32 (1979) (discussing circumstances in which application of issue preclusion would be unfair). The shareholder claims presented in this complaint have been rejected by every court to have heard them thus far, and issue preclusion bars them from being asserted yet again here.

## **CONCLUSION**

For the foregoing reasons, and for those stated in FHFA's motion, the Court should dismiss the complaint.

Dated: January 9, 2017 Respectfully submitted,

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# **EXHIBIT A**

# AMENDED AND RESTATED SENIOR PREFERRED STOCK PURCHASE AGREEMENT

AMENDED AND RESTATED SENIOR PREFERRED STOCK PURCHASE AGREEMENT (this "<u>Agreement</u>") dated as of September 26, 2008, between the UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY ("<u>Purchaser</u>") and FEDERAL NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION ("<u>Seller</u>"), acting through the Federal Housing Finance Agency (the "<u>Agency</u>") as its duly appointed conservator (the Agency in such capacity, "<u>Conservator</u>"). Reference is made to Article 1 below for the meaning of capitalized terms used herein without definition.

#### **Background**

- A. The Agency has been duly appointed as Conservator for Seller pursuant to Section 1367(a) of the Federal Housing Enterprises Financial Safety and Soundness Act of 1992 (as amended, the "FHE Act"). Conservator has determined that entry into this Agreement is (i) necessary to put Seller in a sound and solvent condition; (ii) appropriate to carry on the business of Seller and preserve and conserve the assets and property of Seller; and (iii) otherwise consistent with its powers, authorities and responsibilities.
- B. Purchaser is authorized to purchase obligations and other securities issued by Seller pursuant to Section 304(g) of the Federal National Mortgage Association Charter Act, as amended (the "Charter Act"). The Secretary of the Treasury has determined, after taking into consideration the matters set forth in Section 304(g)(1)(C) of the Charter Act, that the purchases contemplated herein are necessary to (i) provide stability to the financial markets; (ii) prevent disruptions in the availability of mortgage finance; and (iii) protect the taxpayer.
- C. Purchaser and Seller executed and delivered the Senior Preferred Stock Purchase Agreement dated as of September 7, 2008 (the "Original Agreement"), and the parties thereto desire to amend and restate the Original Agreement in its entirety as set forth herein.

THEREFORE, the parties hereto agree as follows:

#### **Terms and Conditions**

#### 1. **DEFINITIONS**

As used in this Agreement, the following terms shall have the meanings set forth below:

"Affiliate" means, when used with respect to a specified Person (i) any direct or indirect holder or group (as defined in Sections 13(d) and 14(d) of the Exchange Act) of holders of 10.0% or more of any class of capital stock of such Person and (ii) any current or former director or officer of such Person, or any other current or former employee of such Person that currently exercises or formerly exercised a material degree of Control over such Person, including without limitation each current or former Named Executive Officer of such Person.

"Available Amount" means, as of any date of determination, the lesser of (a) the Deficiency Amount as of such date and (b) the Maximum Amount as of such date.

"Business Day" means any day other than a Saturday, Sunday or other day on which commercial banks are authorized to close under United States federal law and the law of the State of New York.

"Capital Lease Obligations" of any Person shall mean the obligations of such Person to pay rent or other amounts under any lease of (or other similar arrangement conveying the right to use) real or personal property, or a combination thereof, which obligations are required to be classified and accounted for as capital leases on a balance sheet of such Person under GAAP and, for purposes hereof, the amount of such obligations at any time shall be the capitalized amount thereof at such time determined in accordance with GAAP.

"Control" shall mean the possession, directly or indirectly, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management or policies of a Person, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise.

"Deficiency Amount" means, as of any date of determination, the amount, if any, by which (a) the total liabilities of Seller exceed (b) the total assets of Seller (such assets excluding the Commitment and any unfunded amounts thereof), in each case as reflected on the balance sheet of Seller as of the applicable date set forth in this Agreement, prepared in accordance with GAAP; provided, however, that:

- (i) for the avoidance of doubt, in measuring the Deficiency Amount liabilities shall exclude any obligation in respect of any capital stock of Seller, including the Senior Preferred Stock contemplated herein;
- (ii) in the event that Seller becomes subject to receivership or other liquidation process or proceeding, "Deficiency Amount" shall mean, as of any date of determination, the amount, if any, by which (a) the total allowed claims against the receivership or other applicable estate (excluding any liabilities of or transferred to any LLRE (as defined in Section 5.4(a)) created by a receiver) exceed (b) the total assets of such receivership or other estate (excluding the Commitment, any unfunded amounts thereof and any assets of or transferred to any LLRE, but including the value of the receiver's interest in any LLRE);
- (iii) to the extent Conservator or a receiver of Seller, or any statute, rule, regulation or court of competent jurisdiction, specifies or determines that a liability of Seller (including without limitation a claim against Seller arising from rescission of a purchase or sale of a security issued by Seller (or guaranteed by Seller or with respect to which Seller is otherwise liable) or for damages arising from the purchase, sale or retention of such a security) shall be subordinated (other than pursuant to a contract providing for such subordination) to all other liabilities of Seller or shall be treated on par with any class of equity of Seller, then such liability shall be excluded in the calculation of Deficiency Amount; and

- (iv) the Deficiency Amount may be increased above the otherwise applicable amount by the mutual written agreement of Purchaser and Seller, each acting in its sole discretion.
- "Designated Representative" means Conservator or (a) if Conservator has been superseded by a receiver pursuant to Section 1367(a) of the FHE Act, such receiver, or (b) if Seller is not in conservatorship or receivership pursuant to Section 1367(a) of the FHE Act, Seller's chief financial officer.
- "Director" shall mean the Director of the Agency.
- "Effective Date" means the date on which this Agreement shall have been executed and delivered by both of the parties hereto.
- "Equity Interests" of any Person shall mean any and all shares, interests, rights to purchase or otherwise acquire, warrants, options, participations or other equivalents of or interests in (however designated) equity, ownership or profits of such Person, including any preferred stock, any limited or general partnership interest and any limited liability company membership interest, and any securities or other rights or interests convertible into or exchangeable for any of the foregoing.
- "Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations of the SEC promulgated thereunder.
- "GAAP" means generally accepted accounting principles in effect in the United States as set forth in the opinions and pronouncements of the Accounting Principles Board and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and statements and pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board from time to time.
- "Indebtedness" of any Person means, for purposes of Section 5.5 only, without duplication, (a) all obligations of such Person for money borrowed by such Person, (b) all obligations of such Person evidenced by bonds, debentures, notes or similar instruments, (c) all obligations of such Person under conditional sale or other title retention agreements relating to property or assets purchased by such Person, (d) all obligations of such Person issued or assumed as the deferred purchase price of property or services, other than trade accounts payable, (e) all Capital Lease Obligations of such Person, (f) obligations, whether contingent or liquidated, in respect of letters of credit (including standby and commercial), bankers' acceptances and similar instruments and (g) any obligation of such Person, contingent or otherwise, guaranteeing or having the economic effect of guaranteeing any Indebtedness of the types set forth in clauses (a) through (f) payable by another Person other than Mortgage Guarantee Obligations.
- "Liquidation End Date" means the date of completion of the liquidation of Seller's assets.
- "Maximum Amount" means, as of any date of determination, \$100,000,000,000 (one hundred billion dollars), less the aggregate amount of funding under the Commitment prior to such date.

"Mortgage Assets" of any Person means assets of such Person consisting of mortgages, mortgage loans, mortgage-related securities, participation certificates, mortgage-backed commercial paper, obligations of real estate mortgage investment conduits and similar assets, in each case to the extent such assets would appear on the balance sheet of such Person in accordance with GAAP as in effect as of the date hereof (and, for the avoidance of doubt, without giving effect to any change that may be made hereafter in respect of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 140 or any similar accounting standard).

"Mortgage Guarantee Obligations" means guarantees, standby commitments, credit enhancements and other similar obligations of Seller, in each case in respect of Mortgage Assets.

"Named Executive Officer" has the meaning given to such term in Item 402(a)(3) of Regulation S-K under the Exchange Act, as in effect on the date hereof.

"Person" shall mean any individual, corporation, limited liability company, partnership, joint venture, association, joint-stock company, trust, estate, unincorporated organization or government or any agency or political subdivision thereof, or any other entity whatsoever.

"SEC" means the Securities and Exchange Commission.

"Senior Preferred Stock" means the Variable Liquidation Preference Senior Preferred Stock of Seller, substantially in the form of Exhibit A hereto.

"Warrant" means a warrant for the purchase of common stock of Seller representing 79.9% of the common stock of Seller on a fully-diluted basis, substantially in the form of Exhibit B hereto.

#### 2. COMMITMENT

- 2.1. Commitment. Purchaser hereby commits to provide to Seller, on the terms and conditions set forth herein, immediately available funds in an amount up to but not in excess of the Available Amount, as determined from time to time (the "Commitment"); provided, that in no event shall the aggregate amount funded under the Commitment exceed \$100,000,000,000 (one hundred billion dollars). The liquidation preference of the Senior Preferred Stock shall increase in connection with draws on the Commitment, as set forth in Section 3.3 below.
- 2.2. Quarterly Draws on Commitment. Within fifteen (15) Business Days following the determination of the Deficiency Amount, if any, as of the end of each fiscal quarter of Seller which ends on or before the Liquidation End Date, the Designated Representative may, on behalf of Seller, request that Purchaser provide immediately available funds to Seller in an amount up to but not in excess of the Available Amount as of the end of such quarter. Any such request shall be valid only if it is in writing, is timely made, specifies the account of Seller to which such funds are to be transferred, and contains a certification of the Designated Representative that the requested amount does not exceed the Available Amount as of the end of the applicable quarter. Purchaser shall provide such funds within sixty (60) days of its receipt of such request or, following any determination by the Director that the Director will be mandated by law to appoint a receiver for Seller if such funds are not received sooner, such shorter period as may be necessary

to avoid such mandatory appointment of a receiver if reasonably practicable taking into consideration Purchaser's access to funds.

- 2.3. Accelerated Draws on Commitment. Immediately following any determination by the Director that the Director will be mandated by law to appoint a receiver for Seller prior to the Liquidation End Date unless Seller's capital is increased by an amount (the "Special Amount") up to but not in excess of the then current Available Amount (computed based on a balance sheet of Seller prepared in accordance with GAAP that differs from the most recent balance sheet of Seller delivered in accordance with Section 5.9(a) or (b)) on a date that is prior to the date that funds will be available to Seller pursuant to Section 2.2, Conservator may, on behalf of Seller, request that Purchaser provide to Seller the Special Amount in immediately available funds. Any such request shall be valid only if it is in writing, is timely made, specifies the account of Seller to which such funds are to be transferred, and contains certifications of Conservator that (i) the requested amount does not exceed the Available Amount (including computations in reasonable detail and satisfactory to Purchaser of the then existing Deficiency Amount) and (ii) the requested amount is required to avoid the imminent mandatory appointment of a receiver for Seller. Purchaser shall provide such funds within thirty (30) days of its receipt of such request or, if reasonably practicable taking into consideration Purchaser's access to funds, any shorter period as may be necessary to avoid mandatory appointment of a receiver.
- 2.4. Final Draw on Commitment. Within fifteen (15) Business Days following the determination of the Deficiency Amount, if any, as of the Liquidation End Date (computed based on a balance sheet of Seller as of the Liquidation End Date prepared in accordance with GAAP), the Designated Representative may, on behalf of Seller, request that Purchaser provide immediately available funds to Seller in an amount up to but not in excess of the Available Amount as of the Liquidation End Date. Any such request shall be valid only if it is in writing, is timely made, specifies the account of Seller to which such funds are to be transferred, and contains a certification of the Designated Representative that the requested amount does not exceed the Available Amount (including computations in reasonable detail and satisfactory to Purchaser of the Deficiency Amount as of the Liquidation End Date). Purchaser shall provide such funds within sixty (60) days of its receipt of such request.
- 2.5. Termination of Purchaser's Obligations. Subject to earlier termination pursuant to Section 6.7, all of Purchaser's obligations under and in respect of the Commitment shall terminate upon the earliest of: (a) if the Liquidation End Date shall have occurred, (i) the payment in full of Purchaser's obligations with respect to any valid request for funds pursuant to Section 2.4 or (ii) if there is no Deficiency Amount on the Liquidation End Date or if no such request pursuant to Section 2.4 has been made, the close of business on the 15th Business Day following the determination of the Deficiency Amount, if any, as of the Liquidation End Date; (b) the payment in full of, defeasance of or other reasonable provision for all liabilities of Seller, whether or not contingent, including payment of any amounts that may become payable on, or expiry of or other provision for, all Mortgage Guarantee Obligations and provision for unmatured debts; and (c) the funding by Purchaser under the Commitment of an aggregate of \$100,000,000,000,000 (one hundred billion dollars). For the avoidance of doubt, the Commitment shall *not* be terminable by Purchaser solely by reason of (i) the conservatorship, receivership or other insolvency proceeding of Seller or (ii) the Seller's financial condition or any adverse change in Seller's financial condition.

#### 3. PURCHASE OF SENIOR PREFERRED STOCK AND WARRANT; FEES

- 3.1. *Initial Commitment Fee.* In consideration of the Commitment, and for no additional consideration, on the Effective Date (or as soon thereafter as is practicable) Seller shall sell and issue to Purchaser, and Purchaser shall purchase from Seller, (a) one million (1,000,000) shares of Senior Preferred Stock, with an initial liquidation preference equal to \$1,000 per share (\$1,000,000,000 (one billion dollars) liquidation preference in the aggregate), and (b) the Warrant.
- 3.2. *Periodic Commitment Fee*. (a) Commencing March 31, 2010, Seller shall pay to Purchaser quarterly, on the last day of March, June, September and December of each calendar year (each a "<u>Periodic Fee Date</u>"), a periodic commitment fee (the "<u>Periodic Commitment Fee</u>"). The Periodic Commitment Fee shall accrue from January 1, 2010.
- (b) The Periodic Commitment Fee is intended to fully compensate Purchaser for the support provided by the ongoing Commitment following December 31, 2009. The amount of the Periodic Commitment Fee shall be set not later than December 31, 2009 with respect to the ensuing five-year period, shall be reset every five years thereafter and shall be determined with reference to the market value of the Commitment as then in effect. The amount of the Periodic Commitment Fee shall be mutually agreed by Purchaser and Seller, subject to their reasonable discretion and in consultation with the Chairman of the Federal Reserve; provided, that Purchaser may waive the Periodic Commitment Fee for up to one year at a time, in its sole discretion, based on adverse conditions in the United States mortgage market.
- (c) At the election of Seller, the Periodic Commitment Fee may be paid in cash or by adding the amount thereof ratably to the liquidation preference of each outstanding share of Senior Preferred Stock so that the aggregate liquidation preference of all such outstanding shares of Senior Preferred Stock is increased by an amount equal to the Periodic Commitment Fee. Seller shall deliver notice of such election not later than three (3) Business Days prior to each Periodic Fee Date. If the Periodic Commitment Fee is not paid in cash by 12:00 pm (New York time) on the applicable Periodic Fee Date (irrespective of Seller's election pursuant to this subsection), Seller shall be deemed to have elected to pay the Periodic Commitment Fee by adding the amount thereof to the liquidation preference of the Senior Preferred Stock, and the aggregate liquidation preference of the outstanding shares of Senior Preferred Stock shall thereupon be automatically increased, in the manner contemplated by the first sentence of this section, by an aggregate amount equal to the Periodic Commitment Fee then due.
- 3.3. Increases of Senior Preferred Stock Liquidation Preference as a Result of Funding under the Commitment. The aggregate liquidation preference of the outstanding shares of Senior Preferred Stock shall be automatically increased by an amount equal to the amount of each draw on the Commitment pursuant to Article 2 that is funded by Purchaser to Seller, such increase to occur simultaneously with such funding and ratably with respect to each share of Senior Preferred Stock.
- 3.4. *Notation of Increase in Liquidation Preference*. Seller shall duly mark its records to reflect each increase in the liquidation preference of the Senior Preferred Stock contemplated

herein (but, for the avoidance of doubt, such increase shall be effective regardless of whether Seller has properly marked its records).

#### 4. REPRESENTATIONS

Seller represents and warrants as of the Effective Date, and shall be deemed to have represented and warranted as of the date of each request for and funding of an advance under the Commitment pursuant to Article 2, as follows:

- 4.1. *Organization and Good Standing*. Seller is a corporation, chartered by the Congress of the United States, duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the United States and has all corporate power and authority to carry on its business as now conducted and as proposed to be conducted.
- 4.2. *Organizational Documents*. Seller has made available to Purchaser a complete and correct copy of its charter and bylaws, each as amended to date (the "<u>Organizational Documents</u>"). The Organizational Documents are in full force and effect. Seller is not in violation of any provision of its Organizational Documents.
- 4.3. Authorization and Enforceability. All corporate or other action on the part of Seller or Conservator necessary for the authorization, execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement by Seller and for the authorization, issuance and delivery of the Senior Preferred Stock and the Warrant being purchased under this Agreement, has been taken. This Agreement has been duly and validly executed and delivered by Seller and (assuming due authorization, execution and delivery by the Purchaser) shall constitute the valid and legally binding obligation of Seller, enforceable against Seller in accordance with its terms, except to the extent the enforceability thereof may be limited by bankruptcy laws, insolvency laws, reorganization laws, moratorium laws or other laws of general applicability affecting creditors' rights generally or by general equitable principles (regardless of whether enforcement is sought in a proceeding in equity or at law). The Agency is acting as conservator for Seller under Section 1367 of the FHE Act. The Board of Directors of Seller, by valid action at a duly called meeting of the Board of Directors on September 6, 2008, consented to the appointment of the Agency as conservator for purposes of Section 1367(a)(3)(I) of the FHE Act, and the Director of the Agency has appointed the Agency as Conservator for Seller pursuant to Section 1367(a)(1) of the FHE Act, and each such action has not been rescinded, revoked or modified in any respect.
- 4.4. *Valid Issuance*. When issued in accordance with the terms of this Agreement, the Senior Preferred Stock and the Warrant will be duly authorized, validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable, free and clear of all liens and preemptive rights. The shares of common stock to which the holder of the Warrant is entitled have been duly and validly reserved for issuance. When issued and delivered in accordance with the terms of this Agreement and the Warrant, such shares will be duly authorized, validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable, free and clear of all liens and preemptive rights.

#### 4.5. Non-Contravention.

- (a) The execution, delivery or performance by Seller of this Agreement and the consummation by Seller of the transactions contemplated hereby do not and will not (i) conflict with or violate any provision of the Organizational Documents of Seller; (ii) conflict with or violate any law, decree or regulation applicable to Seller or by which any property or asset of Seller is bound or affected, or (iii) result in any breach of, or constitute a default (with or without notice or lapse of time, or both) under, or give to others any right of termination, amendment, acceleration or cancellation of, or result in the creation of a lien upon any of the properties or assets of Seller, pursuant to any note, bond, mortgage, indenture or credit agreement, or any other contract, agreement, lease, license, permit, franchise or other instrument or obligation to which Seller is a party or by which Seller is bound or affected, other than, in the case of clause (iii), any such breach, default, termination, amendment, acceleration, cancellation or lien that would not have and would not reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a material adverse effect on the business, property, operations or condition of the Seller, the authority of the Conservator or the validity or enforceability of this Agreement (a "Material Adverse Effect").
- (b) The execution and delivery of this Agreement by Seller does not, and the consummation by Seller of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement will not, require any consent, approval, authorization, waiver or permit of, or filing with or notification to, any governmental authority or any other person, except for such as have already been obtained.

#### 5. COVENANTS

From the Effective Date until such time as the Senior Preferred Stock shall have been repaid or redeemed in full in accordance with its terms:

- 5.1. Restricted Payments. Seller shall not, and shall not permit any of its subsidiaries to, in each case without the prior written consent of Purchaser, declare or pay any dividend (preferred or otherwise) or make any other distribution (by reduction of capital or otherwise), whether in cash, property, securities or a combination thereof, with respect to any of Seller's Equity Interests (other than with respect to the Senior Preferred Stock or the Warrant) or directly or indirectly redeem, purchase, retire or otherwise acquire for value any of Seller's Equity Interests (other than the Senior Preferred Stock or the Warrant), or set aside any amount for any such purpose.
- 5.2. Issuance of Capital Stock. Seller shall not, and shall not permit any of its subsidiaries to, in each case without the prior written consent of Purchaser, sell or issue Equity Interests of Seller or any of its subsidiaries of any kind or nature, in any amount, other than the sale and issuance of the Senior Preferred Stock and Warrant on the Effective Date and the common stock subject to the Warrant upon exercise thereof, and other than as required by (and pursuant to) the terms of any binding agreement as in effect on the date hereof.
- 5.3. *Conservatorship*. Seller shall not (and Conservator, by its signature below, agrees that it shall not), without the prior written consent of Purchaser, terminate, seek termination of or permit to be terminated the conservatorship of Seller pursuant to Section 1367 of the FHE Act, other

than in connection with a receivership pursuant to Section 1367 of the FHE Act.

- 5.4. *Transfer of Assets*. Seller shall not, and shall not permit any of its subsidiaries to, in each case without the prior written consent of Purchaser, sell, transfer, lease or otherwise dispose of (in one transaction or a series of related transactions) all or any portion of its assets (including Equity Interests in other persons, including subsidiaries), whether now owned or hereafter acquired (any such sale, transfer, lease or disposition, a "<u>Disposition</u>"), other than Dispositions for fair market value:
- (a) to a limited life regulated entity (" $\underline{LLRE}$ ") pursuant to Section 1367(i) of the FHE Act;
- (b) of assets and properties in the ordinary course of business, consistent with past practice;
- (c) in connection with a liquidation of Seller by a receiver appointed pursuant to Section 1367(a) of the FHE Act;
  - (d) of cash or cash equivalents for cash or cash equivalents; or
  - (e) to the extent necessary to comply with the covenant set forth in Section 5.7 below.
- 5.5. Indebtedness. Seller shall not, and shall not permit any of its subsidiaries to, in each case without the prior written consent of Purchaser, incur, assume or otherwise become liable for (a) any Indebtedness if, after giving effect to the incurrence thereof, the aggregate Indebtedness of Seller and its subsidiaries on a consolidated basis would exceed 110.0% of the aggregate Indebtedness of Seller and its subsidiaries on a consolidated basis as of June 30, 2008 or (b) any Indebtedness if such Indebtedness is subordinated by its terms to any other Indebtedness of Seller or the applicable subsidiary. For purposes of this covenant the acquisition of a subsidiary with Indebtedness will be deemed to be the incurrence of such Indebtedness at the time of such acquisition.
- 5.6. Fundamental Changes. Seller shall not, and shall not permit any of its subsidiaries to, in each case without the prior written consent of Purchaser, (i) merge into or consolidate or amalgamate with any other Person, or permit any other Person to merge into or consolidate or amalgamate with it, (ii) effect a reorganization or recapitalization involving the common stock of Seller, a reclassification of the common stock of Seller or similar corporate transaction or event or (iii) purchase, lease or otherwise acquire (in one transaction or a series of transactions) all or substantially all of the assets of any other Person or any division, unit or business of any Person.
- 5.7. *Mortgage Assets*. Seller shall not own, as of any applicable date, Mortgage Assets in excess of (i) on December 31, 2009, \$850 billion, or (ii) on December 31 of each year thereafter, 90.0% of the aggregate amount of Mortgage Assets of Seller as of December 31 of the immediately preceding calendar year; <u>provided</u>, that in no event shall Seller be required under this Section 5.7 to own less than \$250 billion in Mortgage Assets.

5.8. Transactions with Affiliates. Seller shall not, and shall not permit any of its subsidiaries to, without the prior written consent of Purchaser, engage in any transaction of any kind or nature with an Affiliate of Seller unless such transaction is (i) pursuant to this Agreement, the Senior Preferred Stock or the Warrant, (ii) upon terms no less favorable to Seller than would be obtained in a comparable arm's-length transaction with a Person that is not an Affiliate of Seller or (iii) a transaction undertaken in the ordinary course or pursuant to a contractual obligation or customary employment arrangement in existence as of the date hereof.

#### 5.9. *Reporting*. Seller shall provide to Purchaser:

- (a) not later than the time period specified in the SEC's rules and regulations with respect to issuers as to which Section 13 and 15(d) of the Exchange Act apply, annual reports on Form 10-K (or any successor or comparable form) containing the information required to be contained therein (or required in such successor or comparable form);
- (b) not later than the time period specified in the SEC's rules and regulations with respect to issuers as to which Section 13 and 15(d) of the Exchange Act apply, reports on Form 10-Q (or any successor or comparable form) containing the information required to be contained therein (or required in such successor or comparable form);
- (c) promptly from time to time after the occurrence of an event required to be therein reported (and in any event within the time period specified in the SEC's rules and regulations), such other reports on Form 8-K (or any successor or comparable form);
- (d) concurrently with any delivery of financial statements under paragraphs (a) or (b) above, a certificate of the Designated Representative, (i) certifying that Seller is (and since the last such certificate has at all times been) in compliance with each of the covenants contained herein and that no representation made by Seller herein or in any document delivered pursuant hereto or in connection herewith was false or misleading in any material respect when made, or, if the foregoing is not true, specifying the nature and extent of the breach of covenant and/or representation and any corrective action taken or proposed to be taken with respect thereto, and (ii) setting forth computations in reasonable detail and satisfactory to the Purchaser of the Deficiency Amount, if any;
- (e) promptly, from time to time, such other information regarding the operations, business affairs, plans, projections and financial condition of Seller, or compliance with the terms of this Agreement, as Purchaser may reasonably request; and
  - (f) as promptly as reasonably practicable, written notice of the following:
    - (i) the occurrence of the Liquidation End Date;
  - (ii) the filing or commencement of, or any written threat or notice of intention of any Person to file or commence, any action, suit or proceeding, whether at law or in equity or by or before any governmental authority or in arbitration, against Conservator, Seller or any other Person which, if adversely determined, would reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect;

- (iii) any other development that is not a matter of general public knowledge and that has had, or would reasonably be expected to have, a Material Adverse Effect.
- 5.10. Executive Compensation. Seller shall not, without the consent of the Director, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, enter into any new compensation arrangements with, or increase amounts or benefits payable under existing compensation arrangements of, any Named Executive Officer of Seller.

#### 6. MISCELLANEOUS

- 6.1. No Third-Party Beneficiaries. Until the termination of the Commitment, at any time during the existence and continuance of a payment default with respect to debt securities issued by Seller and/or a default by Seller with respect to any Mortgage Guarantee Obligations, any holder of such defaulted debt securities or beneficiary of such Mortgage Guarantee Obligations (collectively, the "Holders") may (a) deliver notice to the Seller and the Designated Representative requesting exercise of all rights available to them under this Agreement to draw on the Commitment up to the lesser of the amount necessary to cure the outstanding payment defaults and the Available Amount as of the last day of the immediately preceding fiscal quarter (the "Demand Amount"), (b) if Seller and the Designated Representative fail to act as requested within thirty (30) days of such notice, seek judicial relief for failure of the Seller to draw on the Commitment, and (c) if Purchaser shall fail to perform its obligations in respect of any draw on the Commitment, and Seller and/or the Designated Representative shall not be diligently pursuing remedies in respect of such failure, file a claim in the United States Court of Federal Claims for relief requiring Purchaser to pay Seller the Demand Amount in the form of liquidated damages. Any payment of liquidated damages to Seller under the previous sentence shall be treated for all purposes, including the provisions of the Senior Preferred Stock and Section 3.3 of this Agreement, as a draw and funding of the Commitment pursuant to Article 2. The Holders shall have no other rights under or in respect of this Agreement, and the Commitment shall not otherwise be enforceable by any creditor of Seller or by any other Person other than the parties hereto, and no such creditor or other Person is intended to be, or shall be, a third party beneficiary of any provision of this Agreement.
- 6.2. Non-Transferable; Successors. The Commitment is solely for the benefit of Seller and shall not inure to the benefit of any other Person (other than the Holders to the extent set forth in Section 6.1), including any entity to which the charter of Seller may be transferred, to any LLRE or to any other successor to the assets, liabilities or operations of Seller. The Commitment may not be assigned or otherwise transferred, in whole or in part, to any Person (including, for the avoidance of doubt, any LLRE to which a receiver has assigned all or a portion of Seller's assets) without the prior written consent of Purchaser (which may be withheld in its sole discretion). In no event shall any successor to Seller (including such an LLRE) be entitled to the benefit of the Commitment without the prior written consent of Purchaser. Seller and Conservator, for themselves and on behalf of their permitted successors, covenant and agree not to transfer or purport to transfer the Commitment in contravention of the terms hereof, and any such attempted transfer shall be null and void *ab initio*. It is the expectation of the parties that, in the event Seller were placed into receivership and an LLRE formed to purchase certain of its assets and assume certain of its liabilities, the Commitment would remain with Seller for the benefit of the holders of the

debt of Seller not assumed by the LLRE.

- 6.3. Amendments; Waivers. This Agreement may be waived or amended solely by a writing executed by both of the parties hereto, and, with respect to amendments to or waivers of the provisions of Sections 5.3, 6.2 and 6.11, the Conservator; provided, however, that no such waiver or amendment shall decrease the aggregate Commitment or add conditions to funding the amounts required to be funded by Purchaser under the Commitment if such waiver or amendment would, in the reasonable opinion of Seller, adversely affect in any material respect the holders of debt securities of Seller and/or the beneficiaries of Mortgage Guarantee Obligations, in each case in their capacities as such, after taking into account any alternative arrangements that may be implemented concurrently with such waiver or amendment. In no event shall any rights granted hereunder prevent the parties hereto from waiving or amending in any manner whatsoever the covenants of Seller hereunder.
- 6.4. Governing Law; Jurisdiction; Venue. This Agreement and the Warrant shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the federal law of the United States of America if and to the extent such federal law is applicable, and otherwise in accordance with the laws of the State of New York. The Senior Preferred Stock shall be governed as set forth in the terms thereof. Except as provided in section 6.1 and as otherwise required by law, the United States District Court for the District of Columbia shall have exclusive jurisdiction over all civil actions arising out of this Agreement, the Commitment, the Senior Preferred Stock and the Warrant, and venue for any such civil action shall lie exclusively in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia.
- 6.5. *Notices*. Any notices delivered pursuant to or in connection with this Agreement shall be delivered to the applicable parties at the addresses set forth below:

#### If to Seller:

Federal National Mortgage Association c/o Federal Housing Finance Authority 1700 G Street, NW 4th Floor Washington, DC 20552 Attention: General Counsel

If to Purchaser:

United States Department of the Treasury 1500 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW Washington DC 20220 Attention: Under Secretary for Domestic Finance with a copy to:

United States Department of the Treasury 1500 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW Washington DC 20220 Attention: General Counsel

If to Conservator:

Federal Housing Finance Authority 1700 G Street, NW 4th Floor Washington, DC 20552 Attention: General Counsel

All notices and other communications provided for herein shall be in writing and shall be delivered by hand or overnight courier service, mailed by certified or registered mail. All notices hereunder shall be effective upon receipt.

- 6.6. *Disclaimer of Guarantee*. This Agreement and the Commitment are not intended to and shall not be deemed to constitute a guarantee by Purchaser or any other agency or instrumentality of the United States of the payment or performance of any debt security or any other obligation, indebtedness or liability of Seller of any kind or character whatsoever.
- 6.7. Effect of Order; Injunction; Decree. If any order, injunction or decree is issued by any court of competent jurisdiction that vacates, modifies, amends, conditions, enjoins, stays or otherwise affects the appointment of Conservator as conservator of Seller or otherwise curtails Conservator's powers as such conservator (except in each case any order converting the conservatorship to a receivership under Section 1367(a) of the FHE Act), Purchaser may by written notice to Conservator and Seller declare this Agreement null and void, whereupon all transfers hereunder (including the issuance of the Senior Preferred Stock and the Warrant and any funding of the Commitment) shall be rescinded and unwound and all obligations of the parties (other than to effectuate such rescission and unwind) shall immediately and automatically terminate.
- 6.8. Business Day. To the extent that any deadline or date of performance of any right or obligation set forth herein shall fall on a day other than a Business Day, then such deadline or date of performance shall automatically be extended to the next succeeding Business Day.
- 6.9. *Entire Agreement*. This Agreement, together with the Senior Preferred Stock and Warrant, contains the entire agreement between the parties hereto with respect to the transactions contemplated hereby and supersedes and cancels all prior agreements, including, but not limited to, all proposals, term sheets, statements, letters of intent or representations, written or oral, with respect thereto.
- 6.10. *Remedies*. In the event of a breach by Seller of any covenant or representation of Seller set forth herein, Purchaser shall be entitled to specific performance (in the case of a breach of

covenant), damages and such other remedies as may be available at law or in equity; <u>provided</u>, that Purchaser shall not have the right to terminate the Commitment solely as a result of any such breach, and compliance with the covenants and the accuracy of the representations set forth in this Agreement shall not be conditions to funding the Commitment.

- 6.11. Tax Reporting. Neither Seller nor Conservator shall take, or shall permit any of their respective successors or assigns to take, a position for any tax, accounting or other purpose that is inconsistent with Internal Revenue Service Notice 2008-76 (or the regulations to be issued pursuant to such Notice) regarding the application of Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, a copy of which Notice has been provided to Seller in connection with the execution of this Agreement.
- 6.12. Non-Severability. Each of the provisions of this Agreement is integrated with and integral to the whole and shall not be severable from the remainder of the Agreement. In the event that any provision of this Agreement, the Senior Preferred Stock or the Warrant is determined to be illegal or unenforceable, then Purchaser may, in its sole discretion, by written notice to Conservator and Seller, declare this Agreement null and void, whereupon all transfers hereunder (including the issuance of the Senior Preferred Stock and the Warrant and any funding of the Commitment) shall be rescinded and unwound and all obligations of the parties (other than to effectuate such rescission and unwind) shall immediately and automatically terminate.

[Signature Page Follows]

# AMENDED AND RESTATED SENIOR PREFERRED STOCK PURCHASE AGREEMENT

AMENDED AND RESTATED SENIOR PREFERRED STOCK PURCHASE AGREEMENT (this "Agreement") dated as of September 26, 2008, between the UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY ("Purchaser") and FEDERAL HOME LOAN MORTGAGE CORPORATION ("Seller"), acting through the Federal Housing Finance Agency (the "Agency") as its duly appointed conservator (the Agency in such capacity, "Conservator"). Reference is made to Article 1 below for the meaning of capitalized terms used herein without definition.

#### **Background**

- A. The Agency has been duly appointed as Conservator for Seller pursuant to Section 1367(a) of the Federal Housing Enterprises Financial Safety and Soundness Act of 1992 (as amended, the "FHE Act"). Conservator has determined that entry into this Agreement is (i) necessary to put Seller in a sound and solvent condition; (ii) appropriate to carry on the business of Seller and preserve and conserve the assets and property of Seller; and (iii) otherwise consistent with its powers, authorities and responsibilities.
- B. Purchaser is authorized to purchase obligations and other securities issued by Seller pursuant to Section 306(l) of the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Act, as amended (the "Charter Act"). The Secretary of the Treasury has determined, after taking into consideration the matters set forth in Section 306(l)(1)(C) of the Charter Act, that the purchases contemplated herein are necessary to (i) provide stability to the financial markets; (ii) prevent disruptions in the availability of mortgage finance; and (iii) protect the taxpayer.
- C. Purchaser and Seller executed and delivered the Senior Preferred Stock Purchase Agreement dated as of September 7, 2008 (the "Original Agreement"), and the parties thereto desire to amend and restate the Original Agreement in its entirety as set forth herein.

THEREFORE, the parties hereto agree as follows:

#### **Terms and Conditions**

#### 1. **DEFINITIONS**

As used in this Agreement, the following terms shall have the meanings set forth below:

"Affiliate" means, when used with respect to a specified Person (i) any direct or indirect holder or group (as defined in Sections 13(d) and 14(d) of the Exchange Act) of holders of 10.0% or more of any class of capital stock of such Person and (ii) any current or former director or officer of such Person, or any other current or former employee of such Person that currently exercises or formerly exercised a material degree of Control over such Person, including without limitation each current or former Named Executive Officer of such Person.

"Available Amount" means, as of any date of determination, the lesser of (a) the Deficiency Amount as of such date and (b) the Maximum Amount as of such date.

"Business Day" means any day other than a Saturday, Sunday or other day on which commercial banks are authorized to close under United States federal law and the law of the State of New York.

"Capital Lease Obligations" of any Person shall mean the obligations of such Person to pay rent or other amounts under any lease of (or other similar arrangement conveying the right to use) real or personal property, or a combination thereof, which obligations are required to be classified and accounted for as capital leases on a balance sheet of such Person under GAAP and, for purposes hereof, the amount of such obligations at any time shall be the capitalized amount thereof at such time determined in accordance with GAAP.

"Control" shall mean the possession, directly or indirectly, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management or policies of a Person, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise.

"Deficiency Amount" means, as of any date of determination, the amount, if any, by which (a) the total liabilities of Seller exceed (b) the total assets of Seller (such assets excluding the Commitment and any unfunded amounts thereof), in each case as reflected on the balance sheet of Seller as of the applicable date set forth in this Agreement, prepared in accordance with GAAP; provided, however, that:

- (i) for the avoidance of doubt, in measuring the Deficiency Amount liabilities shall exclude any obligation in respect of any capital stock of Seller, including the Senior Preferred Stock contemplated herein;
- (ii) in the event that Seller becomes subject to receivership or other liquidation process or proceeding, "Deficiency Amount" shall mean, as of any date of determination, the amount, if any, by which (a) the total allowed claims against the receivership or other applicable estate (excluding any liabilities of or transferred to any LLRE (as defined in Section 5.4(a)) created by a receiver) exceed (b) the total assets of such receivership or other estate (excluding the Commitment, any unfunded amounts thereof and any assets of or transferred to any LLRE, but including the value of the receiver's interest in any LLRE);
- (iii) to the extent Conservator or a receiver of Seller, or any statute, rule, regulation or court of competent jurisdiction, specifies or determines that a liability of Seller (including without limitation a claim against Seller arising from rescission of a purchase or sale of a security issued by Seller (or guaranteed by Seller or with respect to which Seller is otherwise liable) or for damages arising from the purchase, sale or retention of such a security) shall be subordinated (other than pursuant to a contract providing for such subordination) to all other liabilities of Seller or shall be treated on par with any class of equity of Seller, then such liability shall be excluded in the calculation of Deficiency Amount; and

- (iv) the Deficiency Amount may be increased above the otherwise applicable amount by the mutual written agreement of Purchaser and Seller, each acting in its sole discretion.
- "Designated Representative" means Conservator or (a) if Conservator has been superseded by a receiver pursuant to Section 1367(a) of the FHE Act, such receiver, or (b) if Seller is not in conservatorship or receivership pursuant to Section 1367(a) of the FHE Act, Seller's chief financial officer.
- "Director" shall mean the Director of the Agency.
- "Effective Date" means the date on which this Agreement shall have been executed and delivered by both of the parties hereto.
- "Equity Interests" of any Person shall mean any and all shares, interests, rights to purchase or otherwise acquire, warrants, options, participations or other equivalents of or interests in (however designated) equity, ownership or profits of such Person, including any preferred stock, any limited or general partnership interest and any limited liability company membership interest, and any securities or other rights or interests convertible into or exchangeable for any of the foregoing.
- "Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations of the SEC promulgated thereunder.
- "GAAP" means generally accepted accounting principles in effect in the United States as set forth in the opinions and pronouncements of the Accounting Principles Board and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and statements and pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board from time to time.
- "Indebtedness" of any Person means, for purposes of Section 5.5 only, without duplication, (a) all obligations of such Person for money borrowed by such Person, (b) all obligations of such Person evidenced by bonds, debentures, notes or similar instruments, (c) all obligations of such Person under conditional sale or other title retention agreements relating to property or assets purchased by such Person, (d) all obligations of such Person issued or assumed as the deferred purchase price of property or services, other than trade accounts payable, (e) all Capital Lease Obligations of such Person, (f) obligations, whether contingent or liquidated, in respect of letters of credit (including standby and commercial), bankers' acceptances and similar instruments and (g) any obligation of such Person, contingent or otherwise, guaranteeing or having the economic effect of guaranteeing any Indebtedness of the types set forth in clauses (a) through (f) payable by another Person other than Mortgage Guarantee Obligations.
- "Liquidation End Date" means the date of completion of the liquidation of Seller's assets.
- "Maximum Amount" means, as of any date of determination, \$100,000,000,000 (one hundred billion dollars), less the aggregate amount of funding under the Commitment prior to such date.

- "Mortgage Assets" of any Person means assets of such Person consisting of mortgages, mortgage loans, mortgage-related securities, participation certificates, mortgage-backed commercial paper, obligations of real estate mortgage investment conduits and similar assets, in each case to the extent such assets would appear on the balance sheet of such Person in accordance with GAAP as in effect as of the date hereof (and, for the avoidance of doubt, without giving effect to any change that may be made hereafter in respect of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 140 or any similar accounting standard).
- "Mortgage Guarantee Obligations" means guarantees, standby commitments, credit enhancements and other similar obligations of Seller, in each case in respect of Mortgage Assets.
- "Named Executive Officer" has the meaning given to such term in Item 402(a)(3) of Regulation S-K under the Exchange Act, as in effect on the date hereof.
- "Person" shall mean any individual, corporation, limited liability company, partnership, joint venture, association, joint-stock company, trust, estate, unincorporated organization or government or any agency or political subdivision thereof, or any other entity whatsoever.
- "SEC" means the Securities and Exchange Commission.
- "Senior Preferred Stock" means the Variable Liquidation Preference Senior Preferred Stock of Seller, substantially in the form of Exhibit A hereto.
- "Warrant" means a warrant for the purchase of common stock of Seller representing 79.9% of the common stock of Seller on a fully-diluted basis, substantially in the form of Exhibit B hereto.

#### 2. COMMITMENT

- 2.1. Commitment. Purchaser hereby commits to provide to Seller, on the terms and conditions set forth herein, immediately available funds in an amount up to but not in excess of the Available Amount, as determined from time to time (the "Commitment"); provided, that in no event shall the aggregate amount funded under the Commitment exceed \$100,000,000,000 (one hundred billion dollars). The liquidation preference of the Senior Preferred Stock shall increase in connection with draws on the Commitment, as set forth in Section 3.3 below.
- 2.2. Quarterly Draws on Commitment. Within fifteen (15) Business Days following the determination of the Deficiency Amount, if any, as of the end of each fiscal quarter of Seller which ends on or before the Liquidation End Date, the Designated Representative may, on behalf of Seller, request that Purchaser provide immediately available funds to Seller in an amount up to but not in excess of the Available Amount as of the end of such quarter. Any such request shall be valid only if it is in writing, is timely made, specifies the account of Seller to which such funds are to be transferred, and contains a certification of the Designated Representative that the requested amount does not exceed the Available Amount as of the end of the applicable quarter. Purchaser shall provide such funds within sixty (60) days of its receipt of such request or, following any determination by the Director that the Director will be mandated by law to appoint a receiver for Seller if such funds are not received sooner, such shorter period as may be necessary

to avoid such mandatory appointment of a receiver if reasonably practicable taking into consideration Purchaser's access to funds.

- 2.3. Accelerated Draws on Commitment. Immediately following any determination by the Director that the Director will be mandated by law to appoint a receiver for Seller prior to the Liquidation End Date unless Seller's capital is increased by an amount (the "Special Amount") up to but not in excess of the then current Available Amount (computed based on a balance sheet of Seller prepared in accordance with GAAP that differs from the most recent balance sheet of Seller delivered in accordance with Section 5.9(a) or (b)) on a date that is prior to the date that funds will be available to Seller pursuant to Section 2.2, Conservator may, on behalf of Seller, request that Purchaser provide to Seller the Special Amount in immediately available funds. Any such request shall be valid only if it is in writing, is timely made, specifies the account of Seller to which such funds are to be transferred, and contains certifications of Conservator that (i) the requested amount does not exceed the Available Amount (including computations in reasonable detail and satisfactory to Purchaser of the then existing Deficiency Amount) and (ii) the requested amount is required to avoid the imminent mandatory appointment of a receiver for Seller. Purchaser shall provide such funds within thirty (30) days of its receipt of such request or, if reasonably practicable taking into consideration Purchaser's access to funds, any shorter period as may be necessary to avoid mandatory appointment of a receiver.
- 2.4. Final Draw on Commitment. Within fifteen (15) Business Days following the determination of the Deficiency Amount, if any, as of the Liquidation End Date (computed based on a balance sheet of Seller as of the Liquidation End Date prepared in accordance with GAAP), the Designated Representative may, on behalf of Seller, request that Purchaser provide immediately available funds to Seller in an amount up to but not in excess of the Available Amount as of the Liquidation End Date. Any such request shall be valid only if it is in writing, is timely made, specifies the account of Seller to which such funds are to be transferred, and contains a certification of the Designated Representative that the requested amount does not exceed the Available Amount (including computations in reasonable detail and satisfactory to Purchaser of the Deficiency Amount as of the Liquidation End Date). Purchaser shall provide such funds within sixty (60) days of its receipt of such request.
- 2.5. Termination of Purchaser's Obligations. Subject to earlier termination pursuant to Section 6.7, all of Purchaser's obligations under and in respect of the Commitment shall terminate upon the earliest of: (a) if the Liquidation End Date shall have occurred, (i) the payment in full of Purchaser's obligations with respect to any valid request for funds pursuant to Section 2.4 or (ii) if there is no Deficiency Amount on the Liquidation End Date or if no such request pursuant to Section 2.4 has been made, the close of business on the 15th Business Day following the determination of the Deficiency Amount, if any, as of the Liquidation End Date; (b) the payment in full of, defeasance of or other reasonable provision for all liabilities of Seller, whether or not contingent, including payment of any amounts that may become payable on, or expiry of or other provision for, all Mortgage Guarantee Obligations and provision for unmatured debts; and (c) the funding by Purchaser under the Commitment of an aggregate of \$100,000,000,000,000 (one hundred billion dollars). For the avoidance of doubt, the Commitment shall *not* be terminable by Purchaser solely by reason of (i) the conservatorship, receivership or other insolvency proceeding of Seller or (ii) the Seller's financial condition or any adverse change in Seller's financial condition.

#### 3. PURCHASE OF SENIOR PREFERRED STOCK AND WARRANT; FEES

- 3.1. *Initial Commitment Fee.* In consideration of the Commitment, and for no additional consideration, on the Effective Date (or as soon thereafter as is practicable) Seller shall sell and issue to Purchaser, and Purchaser shall purchase from Seller, (a) one million (1,000,000) shares of Senior Preferred Stock, with an initial liquidation preference equal to \$1,000 per share (\$1,000,000,000 (one billion dollars) liquidation preference in the aggregate), and (b) the Warrant.
- 3.2. *Periodic Commitment Fee*. (a) Commencing March 31, 2010, Seller shall pay to Purchaser quarterly, on the last day of March, June, September and December of each calendar year (each a "<u>Periodic Fee Date</u>"), a periodic commitment fee (the "<u>Periodic Commitment Fee</u>"). The Periodic Commitment Fee shall accrue from January 1, 2010.
- (b) The Periodic Commitment Fee is intended to fully compensate Purchaser for the support provided by the ongoing Commitment following December 31, 2009. The amount of the Periodic Commitment Fee shall be set not later than December 31, 2009 with respect to the ensuing five-year period, shall be reset every five years thereafter and shall be determined with reference to the market value of the Commitment as then in effect. The amount of the Periodic Commitment Fee shall be mutually agreed by Purchaser and Seller, subject to their reasonable discretion and in consultation with the Chairman of the Federal Reserve; provided, that Purchaser may waive the Periodic Commitment Fee for up to one year at a time, in its sole discretion, based on adverse conditions in the United States mortgage market.
- (c) At the election of Seller, the Periodic Commitment Fee may be paid in cash or by adding the amount thereof ratably to the liquidation preference of each outstanding share of Senior Preferred Stock so that the aggregate liquidation preference of all such outstanding shares of Senior Preferred Stock is increased by an amount equal to the Periodic Commitment Fee. Seller shall deliver notice of such election not later than three (3) Business Days prior to each Periodic Fee Date. If the Periodic Commitment Fee is not paid in cash by 12:00 pm (New York time) on the applicable Periodic Fee Date (irrespective of Seller's election pursuant to this subsection), Seller shall be deemed to have elected to pay the Periodic Commitment Fee by adding the amount thereof to the liquidation preference of the Senior Preferred Stock, and the aggregate liquidation preference of the outstanding shares of Senior Preferred Stock shall thereupon be automatically increased, in the manner contemplated by the first sentence of this section, by an aggregate amount equal to the Periodic Commitment Fee then due.
- 3.3. Increases of Senior Preferred Stock Liquidation Preference as a Result of Funding under the Commitment. The aggregate liquidation preference of the outstanding shares of Senior Preferred Stock shall be automatically increased by an amount equal to the amount of each draw on the Commitment pursuant to Article 2 that is funded by Purchaser to Seller, such increase to occur simultaneously with such funding and ratably with respect to each share of Senior Preferred Stock.
- 3.4. *Notation of Increase in Liquidation Preference*. Seller shall duly mark its records to reflect each increase in the liquidation preference of the Senior Preferred Stock contemplated

herein (but, for the avoidance of doubt, such increase shall be effective regardless of whether Seller has properly marked its records).

#### 4. REPRESENTATIONS

Seller represents and warrants as of the Effective Date, and shall be deemed to have represented and warranted as of the date of each request for and funding of an advance under the Commitment pursuant to Article 2, as follows:

- 4.1. *Organization and Good Standing*. Seller is a corporation, chartered by the Congress of the United States, duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the United States and has all corporate power and authority to carry on its business as now conducted and as proposed to be conducted.
- 4.2. *Organizational Documents*. Seller has made available to Purchaser a complete and correct copy of its charter and bylaws, each as amended to date (the "<u>Organizational Documents</u>"). The Organizational Documents are in full force and effect. Seller is not in violation of any provision of its Organizational Documents.
- 4.3. Authorization and Enforceability. All corporate or other action on the part of Seller or Conservator necessary for the authorization, execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement by Seller and for the authorization, issuance and delivery of the Senior Preferred Stock and the Warrant being purchased under this Agreement, has been taken. This Agreement has been duly and validly executed and delivered by Seller and (assuming due authorization, execution and delivery by the Purchaser) shall constitute the valid and legally binding obligation of Seller, enforceable against Seller in accordance with its terms, except to the extent the enforceability thereof may be limited by bankruptcy laws, insolvency laws, reorganization laws, moratorium laws or other laws of general applicability affecting creditors' rights generally or by general equitable principles (regardless of whether enforcement is sought in a proceeding in equity or at law). The Agency is acting as conservator for Seller under Section 1367 of the FHE Act. The Board of Directors of Seller, by valid action at a duly called meeting of the Board of Directors on September 6, 2008, consented to the appointment of the Agency as conservator for purposes of Section 1367(a)(3)(I) of the FHE Act, and the Director of the Agency has appointed the Agency as Conservator for Seller pursuant to Section 1367(a)(1) of the FHE Act, and each such action has not been rescinded, revoked or modified in any respect.
- 4.4. *Valid Issuance*. When issued in accordance with the terms of this Agreement, the Senior Preferred Stock and the Warrant will be duly authorized, validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable, free and clear of all liens and preemptive rights. The shares of common stock to which the holder of the Warrant is entitled have been duly and validly reserved for issuance. When issued and delivered in accordance with the terms of this Agreement and the Warrant, such shares will be duly authorized, validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable, free and clear of all liens and preemptive rights.

#### 4.5. Non-Contravention.

- (a) The execution, delivery or performance by Seller of this Agreement and the consummation by Seller of the transactions contemplated hereby do not and will not (i) conflict with or violate any provision of the Organizational Documents of Seller; (ii) conflict with or violate any law, decree or regulation applicable to Seller or by which any property or asset of Seller is bound or affected, or (iii) result in any breach of, or constitute a default (with or without notice or lapse of time, or both) under, or give to others any right of termination, amendment, acceleration or cancellation of, or result in the creation of a lien upon any of the properties or assets of Seller, pursuant to any note, bond, mortgage, indenture or credit agreement, or any other contract, agreement, lease, license, permit, franchise or other instrument or obligation to which Seller is a party or by which Seller is bound or affected, other than, in the case of clause (iii), any such breach, default, termination, amendment, acceleration, cancellation or lien that would not have and would not reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a material adverse effect on the business, property, operations or condition of the Seller, the authority of the Conservator or the validity or enforceability of this Agreement (a "Material Adverse Effect").
- (b) The execution and delivery of this Agreement by Seller does not, and the consummation by Seller of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement will not, require any consent, approval, authorization, waiver or permit of, or filing with or notification to, any governmental authority or any other person, except for such as have already been obtained.

#### 5. COVENANTS

From the Effective Date until such time as the Senior Preferred Stock shall have been repaid or redeemed in full in accordance with its terms:

- 5.1. Restricted Payments. Seller shall not, and shall not permit any of its subsidiaries to, in each case without the prior written consent of Purchaser, declare or pay any dividend (preferred or otherwise) or make any other distribution (by reduction of capital or otherwise), whether in cash, property, securities or a combination thereof, with respect to any of Seller's Equity Interests (other than with respect to the Senior Preferred Stock or the Warrant) or directly or indirectly redeem, purchase, retire or otherwise acquire for value any of Seller's Equity Interests (other than the Senior Preferred Stock or the Warrant), or set aside any amount for any such purpose.
- 5.2. Issuance of Capital Stock. Seller shall not, and shall not permit any of its subsidiaries to, in each case without the prior written consent of Purchaser, sell or issue Equity Interests of Seller or any of its subsidiaries of any kind or nature, in any amount, other than the sale and issuance of the Senior Preferred Stock and Warrant on the Effective Date and the common stock subject to the Warrant upon exercise thereof, and other than as required by (and pursuant to) the terms of any binding agreement as in effect on the date hereof.
- 5.3. *Conservatorship*. Seller shall not (and Conservator, by its signature below, agrees that it shall not), without the prior written consent of Purchaser, terminate, seek termination of or permit to be terminated the conservatorship of Seller pursuant to Section 1367 of the FHE Act, other

than in connection with a receivership pursuant to Section 1367 of the FHE Act.

- 5.4. *Transfer of Assets*. Seller shall not, and shall not permit any of its subsidiaries to, in each case without the prior written consent of Purchaser, sell, transfer, lease or otherwise dispose of (in one transaction or a series of related transactions) all or any portion of its assets (including Equity Interests in other persons, including subsidiaries), whether now owned or hereafter acquired (any such sale, transfer, lease or disposition, a "<u>Disposition</u>"), other than Dispositions for fair market value:
- (a) to a limited life regulated entity ("<u>LLRE</u>") pursuant to Section 1367(i) of the FHE Act;
- (b) of assets and properties in the ordinary course of business, consistent with past practice;
- (c) in connection with a liquidation of Seller by a receiver appointed pursuant to Section 1367(a) of the FHE Act;
  - (d) of cash or cash equivalents for cash or cash equivalents; or
  - (e) to the extent necessary to comply with the covenant set forth in Section 5.7 below.
- 5.5. Indebtedness. Seller shall not, and shall not permit any of its subsidiaries to, in each case without the prior written consent of Purchaser, incur, assume or otherwise become liable for (a) any Indebtedness if, after giving effect to the incurrence thereof, the aggregate Indebtedness of Seller and its subsidiaries on a consolidated basis would exceed 110.0% of the aggregate Indebtedness of Seller and its subsidiaries on a consolidated basis as of June 30, 2008 or (b) any Indebtedness if such Indebtedness is subordinated by its terms to any other Indebtedness of Seller or the applicable subsidiary. For purposes of this covenant the acquisition of a subsidiary with Indebtedness will be deemed to be the incurrence of such Indebtedness at the time of such acquisition.
- 5.6. Fundamental Changes. Seller shall not, and shall not permit any of its subsidiaries to, in each case without the prior written consent of Purchaser, (i) merge into or consolidate or amalgamate with any other Person, or permit any other Person to merge into or consolidate or amalgamate with it, (ii) effect a reorganization or recapitalization involving the common stock of Seller, a reclassification of the common stock of Seller or similar corporate transaction or event or (iii) purchase, lease or otherwise acquire (in one transaction or a series of transactions) all or substantially all of the assets of any other Person or any division, unit or business of any Person.
- 5.7. *Mortgage Assets*. Seller shall not own, as of any applicable date, Mortgage Assets in excess of (i) on December 31, 2009, \$850 billion, or (ii) on December 31 of each year thereafter, 90.0% of the aggregate amount of Mortgage Assets of Seller as of December 31 of the immediately preceding calendar year; <u>provided</u>, that in no event shall Seller be required under this Section 5.7 to own less than \$250 billion in Mortgage Assets.

5.8. *Transactions with Affiliates*. Seller shall not, and shall not permit any of its subsidiaries to, without the prior written consent of Purchaser, engage in any transaction of any kind or nature with an Affiliate of Seller unless such transaction is (i) pursuant to this Agreement, the Senior Preferred Stock or the Warrant, (ii) upon terms no less favorable to Seller than would be obtained in a comparable arm's-length transaction with a Person that is not an Affiliate of Seller or (iii) a transaction undertaken in the ordinary course or pursuant to a contractual obligation or customary employment arrangement in existence as of the date hereof.

#### 5.9. *Reporting*. Seller shall provide to Purchaser:

- (a) not later than the time period specified in the SEC's rules and regulations with respect to issuers as to which Section 13 and 15(d) of the Exchange Act apply, annual reports on Form 10-K (or any successor or comparable form) containing the information required to be contained therein (or required in such successor or comparable form);
- (b) not later than the time period specified in the SEC's rules and regulations with respect to issuers as to which Section 13 and 15(d) of the Exchange Act apply, reports on Form 10-Q (or any successor or comparable form) containing the information required to be contained therein (or required in such successor or comparable form);
- (c) promptly from time to time after the occurrence of an event required to be therein reported (and in any event within the time period specified in the SEC's rules and regulations), such other reports on Form 8-K (or any successor or comparable form);
- (d) concurrently with any delivery of financial statements under paragraphs (a) or (b) above, a certificate of the Designated Representative, (i) certifying that Seller is (and since the last such certificate has at all times been) in compliance with each of the covenants contained herein and that no representation made by Seller herein or in any document delivered pursuant hereto or in connection herewith was false or misleading in any material respect when made, or, if the foregoing is not true, specifying the nature and extent of the breach of covenant and/or representation and any corrective action taken or proposed to be taken with respect thereto, and (ii) setting forth computations in reasonable detail and satisfactory to the Purchaser of the Deficiency Amount, if any;
- (e) promptly, from time to time, such other information regarding the operations, business affairs, plans, projections and financial condition of Seller, or compliance with the terms of this Agreement, as Purchaser may reasonably request; and
  - (f) as promptly as reasonably practicable, written notice of the following:
    - (i) the occurrence of the Liquidation End Date;
  - (ii) the filing or commencement of, or any written threat or notice of intention of any Person to file or commence, any action, suit or proceeding, whether at law or in equity or by or before any governmental authority or in arbitration, against Conservator, Seller or any other Person which, if adversely determined, would reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect;

- (iii) any other development that is not a matter of general public knowledge and that has had, or would reasonably be expected to have, a Material Adverse Effect.
- 5.10. Executive Compensation. Seller shall not, without the consent of the Director, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, enter into any new compensation arrangements with, or increase amounts or benefits payable under existing compensation arrangements of, any Named Executive Officer of Seller.

#### 6. MISCELLANEOUS

- 6.1. No Third-Party Beneficiaries. Until the termination of the Commitment, at any time during the existence and continuance of a payment default with respect to debt securities issued by Seller and/or a default by Seller with respect to any Mortgage Guarantee Obligations, any holder of such defaulted debt securities or beneficiary of such Mortgage Guarantee Obligations (collectively, the "Holders") may (a) deliver notice to the Seller and the Designated Representative requesting exercise of all rights available to them under this Agreement to draw on the Commitment up to the lesser of the amount necessary to cure the outstanding payment defaults and the Available Amount as of the last day of the immediately preceding fiscal quarter (the "Demand Amount"), (b) if Seller and the Designated Representative fail to act as requested within thirty (30) days of such notice, seek judicial relief for failure of the Seller to draw on the Commitment, and (c) if Purchaser shall fail to perform its obligations in respect of any draw on the Commitment, and Seller and/or the Designated Representative shall not be diligently pursuing remedies in respect of such failure, file a claim in the United States Court of Federal Claims for relief requiring Purchaser to pay Seller the Demand Amount in the form of liquidated damages. Any payment of liquidated damages to Seller under the previous sentence shall be treated for all purposes, including the provisions of the Senior Preferred Stock and Section 3.3 of this Agreement, as a draw and funding of the Commitment pursuant to Article 2. The Holders shall have no other rights under or in respect of this Agreement, and the Commitment shall not otherwise be enforceable by any creditor of Seller or by any other Person other than the parties hereto, and no such creditor or other Person is intended to be, or shall be, a third party beneficiary of any provision of this Agreement.
- 6.2. Non-Transferable; Successors. The Commitment is solely for the benefit of Seller and shall not inure to the benefit of any other Person (other than the Holders to the extent set forth in Section 6.1), including any entity to which the charter of Seller may be transferred, to any LLRE or to any other successor to the assets, liabilities or operations of Seller. The Commitment may not be assigned or otherwise transferred, in whole or in part, to any Person (including, for the avoidance of doubt, any LLRE to which a receiver has assigned all or a portion of Seller's assets) without the prior written consent of Purchaser (which may be withheld in its sole discretion). In no event shall any successor to Seller (including such an LLRE) be entitled to the benefit of the Commitment without the prior written consent of Purchaser. Seller and Conservator, for themselves and on behalf of their permitted successors, covenant and agree not to transfer or purport to transfer the Commitment in contravention of the terms hereof, and any such attempted transfer shall be null and void *ab initio*. It is the expectation of the parties that, in the event Seller were placed into receivership and an LLRE formed to purchase certain of its assets and assume certain of its liabilities, the Commitment would remain with Seller for the benefit of the holders of the

debt of Seller not assumed by the LLRE.

- 6.3. Amendments; Waivers. This Agreement may be waived or amended solely by a writing executed by both of the parties hereto, and, with respect to amendments to or waivers of the provisions of Sections 5.3, 6.2 and 6.11, the Conservator; provided, however, that no such waiver or amendment shall decrease the aggregate Commitment or add conditions to funding the amounts required to be funded by Purchaser under the Commitment if such waiver or amendment would, in the reasonable opinion of Seller, adversely affect in any material respect the holders of debt securities of Seller and/or the beneficiaries of Mortgage Guarantee Obligations, in each case in their capacities as such, after taking into account any alternative arrangements that may be implemented concurrently with such waiver or amendment. In no event shall any rights granted hereunder prevent the parties hereto from waiving or amending in any manner whatsoever the covenants of Seller hereunder.
- 6.4. Governing Law; Jurisdiction; Venue. This Agreement and the Warrant shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the federal law of the United States of America if and to the extent such federal law is applicable, and otherwise in accordance with the laws of the State of New York. The Senior Preferred Stock shall be governed as set forth in the terms thereof. Except as provided in section 6.1 and as otherwise required by law, the United States District Court for the District of Columbia shall have exclusive jurisdiction over all civil actions arising out of this Agreement, the Commitment, the Senior Preferred Stock and the Warrant, and venue for any such civil action shall lie exclusively in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia.
- 6.5. *Notices*. Any notices delivered pursuant to or in connection with this Agreement shall be delivered to the applicable parties at the addresses set forth below:

#### If to Seller:

Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation c/o Federal Housing Finance Authority 1700 G Street, NW 4th Floor Washington, DC 20552 Attention: General Counsel

If to Purchaser:

United States Department of the Treasury 1500 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW Washington DC 20220 Attention: Under Secretary for Domestic Finance with a copy to:

United States Department of the Treasury 1500 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW Washington DC 20220 Attention: General Counsel

If to Conservator:

Federal Housing Finance Authority 1700 G Street, NW 4th Floor Washington, DC 20552 Attention: General Counsel

All notices and other communications provided for herein shall be in writing and shall be delivered by hand or overnight courier service, mailed by certified or registered mail. All notices hereunder shall be effective upon receipt.

- 6.6. *Disclaimer of Guarantee*. This Agreement and the Commitment are not intended to and shall not be deemed to constitute a guarantee by Purchaser or any other agency or instrumentality of the United States of the payment or performance of any debt security or any other obligation, indebtedness or liability of Seller of any kind or character whatsoever.
- 6.7. Effect of Order; Injunction; Decree. If any order, injunction or decree is issued by any court of competent jurisdiction that vacates, modifies, amends, conditions, enjoins, stays or otherwise affects the appointment of Conservator as conservator of Seller or otherwise curtails Conservator's powers as such conservator (except in each case any order converting the conservator-ship to a receivership under Section 1367(a) of the FHE Act), Purchaser may by written notice to Conservator and Seller declare this Agreement null and void, whereupon all transfers hereunder (including the issuance of the Senior Preferred Stock and the Warrant and any funding of the Commitment) shall be rescinded and unwound and all obligations of the parties (other than to effectuate such rescission and unwind) shall immediately and automatically terminate.
- 6.8. Business Day. To the extent that any deadline or date of performance of any right or obligation set forth herein shall fall on a day other than a Business Day, then such deadline or date of performance shall automatically be extended to the next succeeding Business Day.
- 6.9. *Entire Agreement*. This Agreement, together with the Senior Preferred Stock and Warrant, contains the entire agreement between the parties hereto with respect to the transactions contemplated hereby and supersedes and cancels all prior agreements, including, but not limited to, all proposals, term sheets, statements, letters of intent or representations, written or oral, with respect thereto.
- 6.10. *Remedies*. In the event of a breach by Seller of any covenant or representation of Seller set forth herein, Purchaser shall be entitled to specific performance (in the case of a breach of

covenant), damages and such other remedies as may be available at law or in equity; <u>provided</u>, that Purchaser shall not have the right to terminate the Commitment solely as a result of any such breach, and compliance with the covenants and the accuracy of the representations set forth in this Agreement shall not be conditions to funding the Commitment.

- 6.11. Tax Reporting. Neither Seller nor Conservator shall take, or shall permit any of their respective successors or assigns to take, a position for any tax, accounting or other purpose that is inconsistent with Internal Revenue Service Notice 2008-76 (or the regulations to be issued pursuant to such Notice) regarding the application of Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, a copy of which Notice has been provided to Seller in connection with the execution of this Agreement.
- 6.12. Non-Severability. Each of the provisions of this Agreement is integrated with and integral to the whole and shall not be severable from the remainder of the Agreement. In the event that any provision of this Agreement, the Senior Preferred Stock or the Warrant is determined to be illegal or unenforceable, then Purchaser may, in its sole discretion, by written notice to Conservator and Seller, declare this Agreement null and void, whereupon all transfers hereunder (including the issuance of the Senior Preferred Stock and the Warrant and any funding of the Commitment) shall be rescinded and unwound and all obligations of the parties (other than to effectuate such rescission and unwind) shall immediately and automatically terminate.

[Signature Page Follows]

# **EXHIBIT B**

## CERTIFICATE OF DESIGNATION OF TERMS OF VARIABLE LIQUIDATION PREFERENCE SENIOR PREFERRED STOCK, SERIES 2008-2

# 1. Designation, Par Value, Number of Shares and Priority

The designation of the series of preferred stock of the Federal National Mortgage Association (the "Company") created by this resolution shall be "Variable Liquidation Preference Senior Preferred Stock, Series 2008-2" (the "Senior Preferred Stock"), and the number of shares initially constituting the Senior Preferred Stock is 1,000,000. Shares of Senior Preferred Stock will have no par value and a stated value and initial liquidation preference per share equal to \$1,000 per share, subject to adjustment as set forth herein. The Board of Directors of the Company, or a duly authorized committee thereof, in its sole discretion, may reduce the number of shares of Senior Preferred Stock, provided such reduction is not below the number of shares of Senior Preferred Stock then outstanding.

The Senior Preferred Stock shall rank prior to the common stock of the Company as provided in this Certificate and shall rank, as to both dividends and distributions upon dissolution, liquidation or winding up of the Company, prior to (a) the shares of preferred stock of the Company designated "5.25% Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, Series D", "5.10% Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, Series E", "Variable Rate Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, Series F", "Variable Rate Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, Series G", "5.81% Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, Series H", "5.375% Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, Series I", "5.125% Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, Series L", "4.75% Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, Series M", "5.50% Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, Series N", "Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, Series O", "Non-Cumulative Convertible Series 2004-1 Preferred Stock", "Variable Rate Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, Series P", "6.75% Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, Series Q", "7.625% Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, Series R", "Fixed-to-Floating Rate Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, Series S", and "8.75% Non-Cumulative Mandatory Convertible Preferred Stock", Series 2008-1", (b) any other capital stock of the Company outstanding on the date of the initial issuance of the Senior Preferred Stock and (c) any capital stock of the Company that may be issued after the date of initial issuance of the Senior Preferred Stock.

### 2. Dividends

Preferred Stock, holders of outstanding shares of Senior Preferred Stock shall be entitled to receive, ratably, when, as and if declared by the Board of Directors, in its sole discretion, out of funds legally available therefor, cumulative cash dividends at the annual rate per share equal to the then-current Dividend Rate on the then-current Liquidation Preference. Dividends on the Senior Preferred Stock shall accrue from but not including the date of the initial issuance of the Senior Preferred Stock and will be payable in arrears when, as and if declared by the Board of Directors quarterly on March 31, June 30, September 30 and December 31 of each year (each, a "Dividend Payment Date"), commencing on December 31, 2008. If a Dividend Payment Date is not a "Business Day," the related dividend will be paid not later than the next Business Day with the same force and effect as though paid on the Dividend Payment Date, without any increase to

account for the period from such Dividend Payment Date through the date of actual payment. "Business Day" means a day other than (i) a Saturday or Sunday, (ii) a day on which New York City banks are closed, or (iii) a day on which the offices of the Company are closed.

If declared, the initial dividend will be for the period from but not including the date of the initial issuance of the Senior Preferred Stock through and including December 31, 2008. Except for the initial Dividend Payment Date, the "Dividend Period" relating to a Dividend Payment Date will be the period from but not including the preceding Dividend Payment Date through and including the related Dividend Payment Date. The amount of dividends payable on the initial Dividend Payment Date or for any Dividend Period that is not a full calendar quarter shall be computed on the basis of 30-day months, a 360-day year and the actual number of days elapsed in any period of less than one month. For the avoidance of doubt, in the event that the Liquidation Preference changes in the middle of a Dividend Period, the amount of dividends payable on the Dividend Payment Date at the end of such Dividend Period shall take into account such change in Liquidation Preference and shall be computed at the Dividend Rate on each Liquidation Preference based on the portion of the Dividend Period that each Liquidation Preference was in effect.

- (b) To the extent not paid pursuant to Section 2(a) above, dividends on the Senior Preferred Stock shall accrue and shall be added to the Liquidation Preference pursuant to Section 8, whether or not there are funds legally available for the payment of such dividends and whether or not dividends are declared.
- (c) "Dividend Rate" means 10.0%; provided, however, that if at any time the Company shall have for any reason failed to pay dividends in cash in a timely manner as required by this Certificate, then immediately following such failure and for all Dividend Periods thereafter until the Dividend Period following the date on which the Company shall have paid in cash full cumulative dividends (including any unpaid dividends added to the Liquidation Preference pursuant to Section 8), the "Dividend Rate" shall mean 12.0%.
- (d) Each such dividend shall be paid to the holders of record of outstanding shares of the Senior Preferred Stock as they appear in the books and records of the Company on such record date as shall be fixed in advance by the Board of Directors, not to be earlier than 45 days nor later than 10 days preceding the applicable Dividend Payment Date. The Company may not, at any time, declare or pay dividends on, make distributions with respect to, or redeem, purchase or acquire, or make a liquidation payment with respect to, any common stock or other securities ranking junior to the Senior Preferred Stock unless (i) full cumulative dividends on the outstanding Senior Preferred Stock in respect of the then-current Dividend Period and all past Dividend Periods (including any unpaid dividends added to the Liquidation Preference pursuant to Section 8) have been declared and paid in cash (including through any pay down of Liquidation Preference pursuant to Section 3) and (ii) all amounts required to be paid pursuant to Section 4 (without giving effect to any prohibition on such payment under any applicable law) have been paid in cash.
- (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Certificate, the Board of Directors, in its discretion, may choose to pay dividends on the Senior Preferred Stock without the payment of any dividends on the common stock, preferred stock or any other class or series of stock from time

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to time outstanding ranking junior to the Senior Preferred Stock with respect to the payment of dividends.

(f) If and whenever dividends, having been declared, shall not have been paid in full, as aforesaid, on shares of the Senior Preferred Stock, all such dividends that have been declared on shares of the Senior Preferred Stock shall be paid to the holders pro rata based on the aggregate Liquidation Preference of the shares of Senior Preferred Stock held by each holder, and any amounts due but not paid in cash shall be added to the Liquidation Preference pursuant to Section 8.

## 3. Optional Pay Down of Liquidation Preference

- Following termination of the Commitment (as defined in the Preferred Stock Purchase Agreement referred to in Section 8 below), and subject to any limitations which may be imposed by law and the provisions below, the Company may pay down the Liquidation Preference of all outstanding shares of the Senior Preferred Stock pro rata, at any time, in whole or in part, out of funds legally available therefor, with such payment first being used to reduce any accrued and unpaid dividends previously added to the Liquidation Preference pursuant to Section 8 below and, to the extent all such accrued and unpaid dividends have been paid, next being used to reduce any Periodic Commitment Fees (as defined in the Preferred Stock Purchase Agreement referred to in Section 8 below) previously added to the Liquidation Preference pursuant to Section 8 below. Prior to termination of the Commitment, and subject to any limitations which may be imposed by law and the provisions below, the Company may pay down the Liquidation Preference of all outstanding shares of the Senior Preferred Stock pro rata, at any time, out of funds legally available therefor, but only to the extent of (i) accrued and unpaid dividends previously added to the Liquidation Preference pursuant to Section 8 below and not repaid by any prior pay down of Liquidation Preference and (ii) Periodic Commitment Fees previously added to the Liquidation Preference pursuant to Section 8 below and not repaid by any prior pay down of Liquidation Preference. Any pay down of Liquidation Preference permitted by this Section 3 shall be paid by making a payment in cash to the holders of record of outstanding shares of the Senior Preferred Stock as they appear in the books and records of the Company on such record date as shall be fixed in advance by the Board of Directors, not to be earlier than 45 days nor later than 10 days preceding the date fixed for the payment.
- (b) In the event the Company shall pay down of the Liquidation Preference of the Senior Preferred Stock as aforesaid, notice of such pay down shall be given by the Company by first class mail, postage prepaid, mailed neither less than 10 nor more than 45 days preceding the date fixed for the payment, to each holder of record of the shares of the Senior Preferred Stock, at such holder's address as the same appears in the books and records of the Company. Each such notice shall state the amount by which the Liquidation Preference of each share shall be reduced and the pay down date.
- (c) If after termination of the Commitment the Company pays down the Liquidation Preference of each outstanding share of Senior Preferred Stock in full, such shares shall be deemed to have been redeemed as of the date of such payment, and the dividend that would otherwise be payable for the Dividend Period ending on the pay down date will be paid on such date. Following such deemed redemption, the shares of the Senior Preferred Stock shall no longer be deemed to be

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outstanding, and all rights of the holders thereof as holders of the Senior Preferred Stock shall cease, with respect to shares so redeemed, other than the right to receive the pay down amount (which shall include the final dividend for such shares). Any shares of the Senior Preferred Stock which shall have been so redeemed, after such redemption, shall no longer have the status of authorized, issued or outstanding shares.

### 4. Mandatory Pay Down of Liquidation Preference Upon Issuance of Capital Stock

- If the Company shall issue any shares of capital stock (including without limitation common stock or any series of preferred stock) in exchange for cash at any time while the Senior Preferred Stock is outstanding, then the Company shall, within 10 Business Days, use the proceeds of such issuance net of the direct costs relating to the issuance of such securities (including, without limitation, legal, accounting and investment banking fees) to pay down the Liquidation Preference of all outstanding shares of Senior Preferred Stock pro rata, out of funds legally available therefor, by making a payment in cash to the holders of record of outstanding shares of the Senior Preferred Stock as they appear in the books and records of the Company on such record date as shall be fixed in advance by the Board of Directors, not to be earlier than 45 days nor later than 10 days preceding the date fixed for the payment, with such payment first being used to reduce any accrued and unpaid dividends previously added to the Liquidation Preference pursuant to Section 8 below and, to the extent all such accrued and unpaid dividends have been paid, next being used to reduce any Periodic Commitment Fees (as defined in the Preferred Stock Purchase Agreement referred to in Section 8 below) previously added to the Liquidation Preference pursuant to Section 8 below; provided that, prior to the termination of the Commitment (as defined in the Preferred Stock Purchase Agreement referred to in Section 8 below), the Liquidation Preference of each share of Senior Preferred Stock shall not be paid down below \$1,000 per share.
- (b) If the Company shall not have sufficient assets legally available for the pay down of the Liquidation Preference of the shares of Senior Preferred Stock required under Section 4(a), the Company shall pay down the Liquidation Preference per share to the extent permitted by law, and shall pay down any Liquidation Preference not so paid down because of the unavailability of legally available assets or other prohibition as soon as practicable to the extent it is thereafter able to make such pay down legally. The inability of the Company to make such payment for any reason shall not relieve the Company from its obligation to effect any required pay down of the Liquidation Preference when, as and if permitted by law.
- (c) If after the termination of the Commitment the Company pays down the Liquidation Preference of each outstanding share of Senior Preferred Stock in full, such shares shall be deemed to have been redeemed as of the date of such payment, and the dividend that would otherwise be payable for the Dividend Period ending on the pay down date will be paid on such date. Following such deemed redemption, the shares of the Senior Preferred Stock shall no longer be deemed to be outstanding, and all rights of the holders thereof as holders of the Senior Preferred Stock shall cease, with respect to shares so redeemed, other than the right to receive the pay down amount (which shall include the final dividend for such redeemed shares). Any shares of the Senior Preferred Stock which shall have been so redeemed, after such redemption, shall no longer have the status of authorized, issued or outstanding shares.

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### 5. No Voting Rights

Except as set forth in this Certificate or otherwise required by law, the shares of the Senior Preferred Stock shall not have any voting powers, either general or special.

### 6. No Conversion or Exchange Rights

The holders of shares of the Senior Preferred Stock shall not have any right to convert such shares into or exchange such shares for any other class or series of stock or obligations of the Company.

### 7. No Preemptive Rights

No holder of the Senior Preferred Stock shall as such holder have any preemptive right to purchase or subscribe for any other shares, rights, options or other securities of any class of the Company which at any time may be sold or offered for sale by the Company.

### 8. Liquidation Rights and Preference

- Except as otherwise set forth herein, upon the voluntary or involuntary dissolution, (a) liquidation or winding up of the Company, the holders of the outstanding shares of the Senior Preferred Stock shall be entitled to receive out of the assets of the Company available for distribution to stockholders, before any payment or distribution shall be made on the common stock or any other class or series of stock of the Company ranking junior to the Senior Preferred Stock upon liquidation, the amount per share equal to the Liquidation Preference plus an amount, determined in accordance with Section 2(a) above, equal to the dividend otherwise payable for the then-current Dividend Period accrued through and including the date of payment in respect of such dissolution, liquidation or winding up; provided, however, that if the assets of the Company available for distribution to stockholders shall be insufficient for the payment of the amount which the holders of the outstanding shares of the Senior Preferred Stock shall be entitled to receive upon such dissolution, liquidation or winding up of the Company as aforesaid, then, all of the assets of the Company available for distribution to stockholders shall be distributed to the holders of outstanding shares of the Senior Preferred Stock pro rata based on the aggregate Liquidation Preference of the shares of Senior Preferred Stock held by each holder.
  - (b) "Liquidation Preference" shall initially mean \$1,000 per share and shall be:
  - (i) increased each time a Deficiency Amount (as defined in the Preferred Stock Purchase Agreement) is paid to the Company by an amount per share equal to the aggregate amount so paid to the Company divided by the number of shares of Senior Preferred Stock outstanding at the time of such payment;
  - (ii) increased each time the Company does not pay the full Periodic Commitment Fee (as defined in the Preferred Stock Purchase Agreement) in cash by an amount per share equal to the amount of the Periodic Commitment Fee that is not paid in cash divided by the number of shares of Senior Preferred Stock outstanding at the time such payment is due;

- (iii) increased on the Dividend Payment Date if the Company fails to pay in full the dividend payable for the Dividend Period ending on such date by an amount per share equal to the aggregate amount of unpaid dividends divided by the number of shares of Senior Preferred Stock outstanding on such date; and
- (iv) decreased each time the Company pays down the Liquidation Preference pursuant to Section 3 or Section 4 of this Certificate by an amount per share equal to the aggregate amount of the pay down divided by the number of shares of Senior Preferred Stock outstanding at the time of such pay down.
- (c) "Preferred Stock Purchase Agreement" means the Preferred Stock Purchase Agreement, dated September 7, 2008, between the Company and the United States Department of the Treasury.
- (d) Neither the sale of all or substantially all of the property or business of the Company, nor the merger, consolidation or combination of the Company into or with any other corporation or entity, shall be deemed to be a dissolution, liquidation or winding up for the purpose of this Section 8.

### 9. Additional Classes or Series of Stock

The Board of Directors shall have the right at any time in the future to authorize, create and issue, by resolution or resolutions, one or more additional classes or series of stock of the Company, and to determine and fix the distinguishing characteristics and the relative rights, preferences, privileges and other terms of the shares thereof; provided that, any such class or series of stock may not rank prior to or on parity with the Senior Preferred Stock without the prior written consent of the holders of at least two-thirds of all the shares of Senior Preferred Stock at the time outstanding.

### 10. Miscellaneous

- (a) The Company and any agent of the Company may deem and treat the holder of a share or shares of Senior Preferred Stock, as shown in the Company's books and records, as the absolute owner of such share or shares of Senior Preferred Stock for the purpose of receiving payment of dividends in respect of such share or shares of Senior Preferred Stock and for all other purposes whatsoever, and neither the Company nor any agent of the Company shall be affected by any notice to the contrary. All payments made to or upon the order of any such person shall be valid and, to the extent of the sum or sums so paid, effectual to satisfy and discharge liabilities for moneys payable by the Company on or with respect to any such share or shares of Senior Preferred Stock.
- (b) The shares of the Senior Preferred Stock, when duly issued, shall be fully paid and non-assessable.
- (c) The Senior Preferred Stock may be issued, and shall be transferable on the books of the Company, only in whole shares.

- (d) For purposes of this Certificate, the term "the Company" means the Federal National Mortgage Association and any successor thereto by operation of law or by reason of a merger, consolidation, combination or similar transaction.
- (e) This Certificate and the respective rights and obligations of the Company and the holders of the Senior Preferred Stock with respect to such Senior Preferred Stock shall be construed in accordance with and governed by the laws of the United States, provided that the law of the State of Delaware shall serve as the federal rule of decision in all instances except where such law is inconsistent with the Company's enabling legislation, its public purposes or any provision of this Certificate.
- Certificate is required or permitted to be given or served to or upon the Company shall be given or served in writing addressed (unless and until another address shall be published by the Company) to Fannie Mae, 3900 Wisconsin Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20016, Attn: Executive Vice President and General Counsel. Such notice, demand or other communication to or upon the Company shall be deemed to have been sufficiently given or made only upon actual receipt of a writing by the Company. Any notice, demand or other communication which by any provision of this Certificate is required or permitted to be given or served by the Company hereunder may be given or served by being deposited first class, postage prepaid, in the United States mail addressed (i) to the holder as such holder's name and address may appear at such time in the books and records of the Company or (ii) if to a person or entity other than a holder of record of the Senior Preferred Stock, to such person or entity at such address as reasonably appears to the Company to be appropriate at such time. Such notice, demand or other communication shall be deemed to have been sufficiently given or made, for all purposes, upon mailing.
- (g) The Company, by or under the authority of the Board of Directors, may amend, alter, supplement or repeal any provision of this Certificate pursuant to the following terms and conditions:
  - (i) Without the consent of the holders of the Senior Preferred Stock, the Company may amend, alter, supplement or repeal any provision of this Certificate to cure any ambiguity, to correct or supplement any provision herein which may be defective or inconsistent with any other provision herein, or to make any other provisions with respect to matters or questions arising under this Certificate, provided that such action shall not adversely affect the interests of the holders of the Senior Preferred Stock.
  - (ii) The consent of the holders of at least two-thirds of all of the shares of the Senior Preferred Stock at the time outstanding, given in person or by proxy, either in writing or by a vote at a meeting called for the purpose at which the holders of shares of the Senior Preferred Stock shall vote together as a class, shall be necessary for authorizing, effecting or validating the amendment, alteration, supplementation or repeal (whether by merger, consolidation or otherwise) of the provisions of this Certificate other than as set forth in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph (g). The creation and issuance of any other class or series of stock, or the issuance of additional shares of any existing class or series of stock, of the Company ranking junior to the Senior Preferred Stock shall not be deemed to constitute such an amendment, alteration, supplementation or repeal.

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- on matters on which their consent is required pursuant to subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph (g). In connection with any meeting of such holders, the Board of Directors shall fix a record date, neither earlier than 60 days nor later than 10 days prior to the date of such meeting, and holders of record of shares of the Senior Preferred Stock on such record date shall be entitled to notice of and to vote at any such meeting and any adjournment. The Board of Directors, or such person or persons as it may designate, may establish reasonable rules and procedures as to the solicitation of the consent of holders of the Senior Preferred Stock at any such meeting or otherwise, which rules and procedures shall conform to the requirements of any national securities exchange on which the Senior Preferred Stock may be listed at such time.
- (h) RECEIPT AND ACCEPTANCE OF A SHARE OR SHARES OF THE SENIOR PREFERRED STOCK BY OR ON BEHALF OF A HOLDER SHALL CONSTITUTE THE UNCONDITIONAL ACCEPTANCE BY THE HOLDER (AND ALL OTHERS HAVING BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF SUCH SHARE OR SHARES) OF ALL OF THE TERMS AND PROVISIONS OF THIS CERTIFICATE. NO SIGNATURE OR OTHER FURTHER MANIFESTATION OF ASSENT TO THE TERMS AND PROVISIONS OF THIS CERTIFICATE SHALL BE NECESSARY FOR ITS OPERATION OR EFFECT AS BETWEEN THE COMPANY AND THE HOLDER (AND ALL SUCH OTHERS).

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of the Company this 7th day of September, 2008.

[Seal]

FEDERAL NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION, by

Federal Housing Finance Agency, its Conservator

James B. Lockhart III

Director

#### FREDDIE MAC

CERTIFICATE OF CREATION, DESIGNATION, POWERS, PREFERENCES, RIGHTS, PRIVILEGES, QUALIFICATIONS, LIMITATIONS, RESTRICTIONS, TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF

# VARIABLE LIQUIDATION PREFERENCE SENIOR PREFERRED STOCK (PAR VALUE \$1.00 PER SHARE)

The Federal Housing Finance Agency, as Conservator of the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, a government-sponsored enterprise of the United States of America (the "Company"), does hereby certify that, pursuant to authority vested in the Board of Directors of the Company by Section 306(f) of the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Act, and pursuant to the authority vested in the Conservator of the Company by Section 1367(b) of the Federal Housing Enterprises Financial Safety and Soundness Act of 1992 (12 U.S.C. §4617), as amended, the Conservator adopted Resolution FHLMC 2008-\_\_\_\_ on September 7, 2008, which resolution is now, and at all times since such date has been, in full force and effect, and that the Conservator approved the final terms of the issuance and sale of the preferred stock of the Company designated above.

The Senior Preferred Stock shall have the following designation, powers, preferences, rights, privileges, qualifications, limitations, restrictions, terms and conditions:

### 1. Designation, Par Value, Number of Shares and Seniority

The class of preferred stock of the Company created hereby (the "Senior Preferred Stock") shall be designated "Variable Liquidation Preference Senior Preferred Stock," shall have a par value of \$1,00 per share and shall consist of 1,000,000 shares. The Senior Preferred Stock shall rank prior to the common stock of the Company as provided in this Certificate and shall rank, as to both dividends and distributions upon liquidation, prior to (a) the Fixed-to-Floating Rate Non-Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock issued on December 4, 2007, (b) the 6.55% Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock issued on September 28, 2007, (c) the 6.02% Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock issued on July 24, 2007, (d) the 5.66% Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock issued on April 16, 2007, (e) the 5.57% Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock issued on January 16, 2007, (f) the 5.9% Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock issued on October 16, 2006, (g) the 6.42% Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock issued on July 17, 2006, (h) the Variable Rate, Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock issued on July 17, 2006, (i) the 5.81% Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock issued on January 29, 2002, (j) the 5.7% Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock issued on October 30, 2001, (k) the 6% Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock issued on May 30, 2001, (1) the Variable Rate, Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock issued on May 30, 2001 and June 1, 2001, (m) the 5.81% Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock issued on March 23, 2001, (n) the Variable Rate, Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock issued on March 23, 2001, (o) the Variable Rate, Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock issued on January 26, 2001, (p) the Variable Rate, Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock issued on November 5, 1999, (q) the 5.79% Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock issued on July 21, 1999, (r) the 5.1% Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock issued on March 19, 1999, (s) the 5.3% Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock issued on October 28, 1998, (t) the

5.1% Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock issued on September 23, 1998, (u) the Variable Rate, Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock issued on September 23, 1998 and September 29, 1998, (v) the 5% Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock issued on March 23, 1998, (w) the 5.81% Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock issued on October 27, 1997, (x) the Variable Rate, Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock issued on April 26, 1996, (y) any other capital stock of the Company outstanding on the date of the initial issuance of the Senior Preferred Stock, and (z) any capital stock of the Company that may be issued after the date of initial issuance of the Senior Preferred Stock.

### 2. Dividends

Preferred Stock, holders of outstanding shares of Senior Preferred Stock shall be entitled to receive, ratably, when, as and if declared by the Board of Directors, in its sole discretion, out of funds legally available therefor, cumulative cash dividends at the annual rate per share equal to the then-current Dividend Rate on the then-current Liquidation Preference. Dividends on the Senior Preferred Stock shall accrue from but not including the date of the initial issuance of the Senior Preferred Stock and will be payable in arrears when, as and if declared by the Board of Directors quarterly on March 31, June 30, September 30 and December 31 of each year (each, a "Dividend Payment Date"), commencing on December 31, 2008. If a Dividend Payment Date is not a "Business Day," the related dividend will be paid not later than the next Business Day with the same force and effect as though paid on the Dividend Payment Date, without any increase to account for the period from such Dividend Payment Date through the date of actual payment. "Business Day" means a day other than (i) a Saturday or Sunday, (ii) a day on which New York City banks are closed, or (iii) a day on which the offices of the Company are closed.

If declared, the initial dividend will be for the period from but not including the date of the initial issuance of the Senior Preferred Stock through and including December 31, 2008. Except for the initial Dividend Payment Date, the "Dividend Period" relating to a Dividend Payment Date will be the period from but not including the preceding Dividend Payment Date through and including the related Dividend Payment Date. The amount of dividends payable on the initial Dividend Payment Date or for any Dividend Period that is not a full calendar quarter shall be computed on the basis of 30-day months, a 360-day year and the actual number of days elapsed in any period of less than one month. For the avoidance of doubt, in the event that the Liquidation Preference changes in the middle of a Dividend Period, the amount of dividends payable on the Dividend Payment Date at the end of such Dividend Period shall take into account such change in Liquidation Preference and shall be computed at the Dividend Rate on each Liquidation Preference was in effect.

- (b) To the extent not paid pursuant to Section 2(a) above, dividends on the Senior Preferred Stock shall accrue and shall be added to the Liquidation Preference pursuant to Section 8, whether or not there are funds legally available for the payment of such dividends and whether or not dividends are declared.
- (c) "Dividend Rate" means 10.0%; provided, however, that if at any time the Company shall have for any reason failed to pay dividends in cash in a timely manner as required by this Certificate, then immediately following such failure and for all Dividend Periods thereafter until

the Dividend Period following the date on which the Company shall have paid in cash full cumulative dividends (including any unpaid dividends added to the Liquidation Preference pursuant to Section 8), the "Dividend Rate" shall mean 12.0%.

- (d) Each such dividend shall be paid to the holders of record of outstanding shares of the Senior Preferred Stock as they appear in the books and records of the Company on such record date as shall be fixed in advance by the Board of Directors, not to be earlier than 45 days nor later than 10 days preceding the applicable Dividend Payment Date. The Company may not, at any time, declare or pay dividends on, make distributions with respect to, or redeem, purchase or acquire, or make a liquidation payment with respect to, any common stock or other securities ranking junior to the Senior Preferred Stock unless (i) full cumulative dividends on the outstanding Senior Preferred Stock in respect of the then-current Dividend Period and all past Dividend Periods (including any unpaid dividends added to the Liquidation Preference pursuant to Section 8) have been declared and paid in cash (including through any pay down of Liquidation Preference pursuant to Section 3) and (ii) all amounts required to be paid pursuant to Section 4 (without giving effect to any prohibition on such payment under any applicable law) have been paid in cash.
- (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Certificate, the Board of Directors, in its discretion, may choose to pay dividends on the Senior Preferred Stock without the payment of any dividends on the common stock, preferred stock or any other class or series of stock from time to time outstanding ranking junior to the Senior Preferred Stock with respect to the payment of dividends.
- (f) If and whenever dividends, having been declared, shall not have been paid in full, as aforesaid, on shares of the Senior Preferred Stock, all such dividends that have been declared on shares of the Senior Preferred Stock shall be paid to the holders pro rata based on the aggregate Liquidation Preference of the shares of Senior Preferred Stock held by each holder, and any amounts due but not paid in cash shall be added to the Liquidation Preference pursuant to Section 8.

### 3. Optional Pay Down of Liquidation Preference

(a) Following termination of the Commitment (as defined in the Preferred Stock Purchase Agreement referred to in Section 8 below), and subject to any limitations which may be imposed by law and the provisions below, the Company may pay down the Liquidation Preference of all outstanding shares of the Senior Preferred Stock pro rata, at any time, in whole or in part, out of funds legally available therefor, with such payment first being used to reduce any accrued and unpaid dividends previously added to the Liquidation Preference pursuant to Section 8 below and, to the extent all such accrued and unpaid dividends have been paid, next being used to reduce any Periodic Commitment Fees (as defined in the Preferred Stock Purchase Agreement referred to in Section 8 below) previously added to the Liquidation Preference pursuant to Section 8 below. Prior to termination of the Commitment, and subject to any limitations which may be imposed by law and the provisions below, the Company may pay down the Liquidation Preference of all outstanding shares of the Senior Preferred Stock pro rata, at any time, out of funds legally available therefor, but only to the extent of (i) accrued and unpaid dividends previously added to the Liquidation Preference pursuant to Section 8 below and not repaid by any prior pay down of Liquidation Preference and (ii) Periodic Commitment Fees previously added to the Liquidation

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Preference pursuant to Section 8 below and not repaid by any prior pay down of Liquidation Preference. Any pay down of Liquidation Preference permitted by this Section 3 shall be paid by making a payment in cash to the holders of record of outstanding shares of the Senior Preferred Stock as they appear in the books and records of the Company on such record date as shall be fixed in advance by the Board of Directors, not to be earlier than 45 days nor later than 10 days preceding the date fixed for the payment.

- (b) In the event the Company shall pay down of the Liquidation Preference of the Senior Preferred Stock as aforesaid, notice of such pay down shall be given by the Company by first class mail, postage prepaid, mailed neither less than 10 nor more than 45 days preceding the date fixed for the payment, to each holder of record of the shares of the Senior Preferred Stock, at such holder's address as the same appears in the books and records of the Company. Each such notice shall state the amount by which the Liquidation Preference of each share shall be reduced and the pay down date.
- (c) If after termination of the Commitment the Company pays down the Liquidation Preference of each outstanding share of Senior Preferred Stock in full, such shares shall be deemed to have been redeemed as of the date of such payment, and the dividend that would otherwise be payable for the Dividend Period ending on the pay down date will be paid on such date. Following such deemed redemption, the shares of the Senior Preferred Stock shall no longer be deemed to be outstanding, and all rights of the holders thereof as holders of the Senior Preferred Stock shall cease, with respect to shares so redeemed, other than the right to receive the pay down amount (which shall include the final dividend for such shares). Any shares of the Senior Preferred Stock which shall have been so redeemed, after such redemption, shall no longer have the status of authorized, issued or outstanding shares.

### 4. Mandatory Pay Down of Liquidation Preference Upon Issuance of Capital Stock

If the Company shall issue any shares of capital stock (including without limitation (a) common stock or any series of preferred stock) in exchange for cash at any time while the Senior Preferred Stock is outstanding, then the Company shall, within 10 Business Days, use the proceeds of such issuance net of the direct costs relating to the issuance of such securities (including, without limitation, legal, accounting and investment banking fees) to pay down the Liquidation Preference of all outstanding shares of Senior Preferred Stock pro rata, out of funds legally available therefor, by making a payment in cash to the holders of record of outstanding shares of the Senior Preferred Stock as they appear in the books and records of the Company on such record date as shall be fixed in advance by the Board of Directors, not to be earlier than 45 days nor later than 10 days preceding the date fixed for the payment, with such payment first being used to reduce any accrued and unpaid dividends previously added to the Liquidation Preference pursuant to Section 8 below and, to the extent all such accrued and unpaid dividends have been paid, next being used to reduce any Periodic Commitment Fees (as defined in the Preferred Stock Purchase Agreement referred to in Section 8 below) previously added to the Liquidation Preference pursuant to Section 8 below; provided that, prior to the termination of the Commitment (as defined in the Preferred Stock Purchase Agreement referred to in Section 8 below), the Liquidation Preference of each share of Senior Preferred Stock shall not be paid down below \$1,000 per share.

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- (b) If the Company shall not have sufficient assets legally available for the pay down of the Liquidation Preference of the shares of Senior Preferred Stock required under Section 4(a), the Company shall pay down the Liquidation Preference per share to the extent permitted by law, and shall pay down any Liquidation Preference not so paid down because of the unavailability of legally available assets or other prohibition as soon as practicable to the extent it is thereafter able to make such pay down legally. The inability of the Company to make such payment for any reason shall not relieve the Company from its obligation to effect any required pay down of the Liquidation Preference when, as and if permitted by law.
- Liquidation Preference of each outstanding share of Senior Preferred Stock in full, such shares shall be deemed to have been redeemed as of the date of such payment, and the dividend that would otherwise be payable for the Dividend Period ending on the pay down date will be paid on such date. Following such deemed redemption, the shares of the Senior Preferred Stock shall no longer be deemed to be outstanding, and all rights of the holders thereof as holders of the Senior Preferred Stock shall cease, with respect to shares so redeemed, other than the right to receive the pay down amount (which shall include the final dividend for such redeemed shares). Any shares of the Senior Preferred Stock which shall have been so redeemed, after such redemption, shall no longer have the status of authorized, issued or outstanding shares.

### 5. No Voting Rights

Except as set forth in this Certificate or otherwise required by law, the shares of the Senior Preferred Stock shall not have any voting powers, either general or special.

### 6. No Conversion or Exchange Rights

The holders of shares of the Senior Preferred Stock shall not have any right to convert such shares into or exchange such shares for any other class or series of stock or obligations of the Company.

### 7. No Preemptive Rights

No holder of the Senior Preferred Stock shall as such holder have any preemptive right to purchase or subscribe for any other shares, rights, options or other securities of any class of the Company which at any time may be sold or offered for sale by the Company.

### 8. Liquidation Rights and Preference

(a) Except as otherwise set forth herein, upon the voluntary or involuntary dissolution, liquidation or winding up of the Company, the holders of the outstanding shares of the Senior Preferred Stock shall be entitled to receive out of the assets of the Company available for distribution to stockholders, before any payment or distribution shall be made on the common stock or any other class or series of stock of the Company ranking junior to the Senior Preferred Stock upon liquidation, the amount per share equal to the Liquidation Preference plus an amount, determined in accordance with Section 2(a) above, equal to the dividend otherwise payable for the then-current Dividend Period accrued through and including the date of payment in respect of such dissolution, liquidation or winding up; provided, however, that if the assets of the Company

available for distribution to stockholders shall be insufficient for the payment of the amount which the holders of the outstanding shares of the Senior Preferred Stock shall be entitled to receive upon such dissolution, liquidation or winding up of the Company as aforesaid, then, all of the assets of the Company available for distribution to stockholders shall be distributed to the holders of outstanding shares of the Senior Preferred Stock pro rata based on the aggregate Liquidation Preference of the shares of Senior Preferred Stock held by each holder.

- (b) "Liquidation Preference" shall initially mean \$1,000 per share and shall be:
- (i) increased each time a Deficiency Amount (as defined in the Preferred Stock Purchase Agreement) is paid to the Company by an amount per share equal to the aggregate amount so paid to the Company divided by the number of shares of Senior Preferred Stock outstanding at the time of such payment;
- (ii) increased each time the Company does not pay the full Periodic Commitment Fee (as defined in the Preferred Stock Purchase Agreement) in cash by an amount per share equal to the amount of the Periodic Commitment Fee that is not paid in cash divided by the number of shares of Senior Preferred Stock outstanding at the time such payment is due;
- (iii) increased on the Dividend Payment Date if the Company fails to pay in full the dividend payable for the Dividend Period ending on such date by an amount per share equal to the aggregate amount of unpaid dividends divided by the number of shares of Senior Preferred Stock outstanding on such date; and
- (iv) decreased each time the Company pays down the Liquidation Preference pursuant to Section 3 or Section 4 of this Certificate by an amount per share equal to the aggregate amount of the pay down divided by the number of shares of Senior Preferred Stock outstanding at the time of such pay down.
- (c) "Preferred Stock Purchase Agreement" means the Preferred Stock Purchase Agreement, dated September 7, 2008, between the Company and the United States Department of the Treasury.
- (d) Neither the sale of all or substantially all of the property or business of the Company, nor the merger, consolidation or combination of the Company into or with any other corporation or entity, shall be deemed to be a dissolution, liquidation or winding up for the purpose of this Section 8.

### 9. Additional Classes or Series of Stock

The Board of Directors shall have the right at any time in the future to authorize, create and issue, by resolution or resolutions, one or more additional classes or series of stock of the Company, and to determine and fix the distinguishing characteristics and the relative rights, preferences, privileges and other terms of the shares thereof; provided that, any such class or series of stock may not rank prior to or on parity with the Senior Preferred Stock without the prior written consent of the holders of at least two-thirds of all the shares of Senior Preferred Stock at the time outstanding.

### 10. Miscellaneous

- (a) The Company and any agent of the Company may deem and treat the holder of a share or shares of Senior Preferred Stock, as shown in the Company's books and records, as the absolute owner of such share or shares of Senior Preferred Stock for the purpose of receiving payment of dividends in respect of such share or shares of Senior Preferred Stock and for all other purposes whatsoever, and neither the Company nor any agent of the Company shall be affected by any notice to the contrary. All payments made to or upon the order of any such person shall be valid and, to the extent of the sum or sums so paid, effectual to satisfy and discharge liabilities for moneys payable by the Company on or with respect to any such share or shares of Senior Preferred Stock.
- (b) The shares of the Senior Preferred Stock, when duly issued, shall be fully paid and non-assessable.
- (c) The Senior Preferred Stock may be issued, and shall be transferable on the books of the Company, only in whole shares.
- (d) For purposes of this Certificate, the term "the Company" means the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation and any successor thereto by operation of law or by reason of a merger, consolidation, combination or similar transaction.
- (e) This Certificate and the respective rights and obligations of the Company and the holders of the Senior Preferred Stock with respect to such Senior Preferred Stock shall be construed in accordance with and governed by the laws of the United States, provided that the law of the Commonwealth of Virginia shall serve as the federal rule of decision in all instances except where such law is inconsistent with the Company's enabling legislation, its public purposes or any provision of this Certificate.
- Certificate is required or permitted to be given or served to or upon the Company shall be given or served in writing addressed (unless and until another address shall be published by the Company) to Freddie Mac, 8200 Jones Branch Drive, McLean, Virginia 22102, Attn: Executive Vice President and General Counsel. Such notice, demand or other communication to or upon the Company shall be deemed to have been sufficiently given or made only upon actual receipt of a writing by the Company. Any notice, demand or other communication which by any provision of this Certificate is required or permitted to be given or served by the Company hereunder may be given or served by being deposited first class, postage prepaid, in the United States mail addressed (i) to the holder as such holder's name and address may appear at such time in the books and records of the Company or (ii) if to a person or entity other than a holder of record of the Senior Preferred Stock, to such person or entity at such address as reasonably appears to the Company to be appropriate at such time. Such notice, demand or other communication shall be deemed to have been sufficiently given or made, for all purposes, upon mailing.
- (g) The Company, by or under the authority of the Board of Directors, may amend, alter, supplement or repeal any provision of this Certificate pursuant to the following terms and conditions:

- (i) Without the consent of the holders of the Senior Preferred Stock, the Company may amend, alter, supplement or repeal any provision of this Certificate to cure any ambiguity, to correct or supplement any provision herein which may be defective or inconsistent with any other provision herein, or to make any other provisions with respect to matters or questions arising under this Certificate, provided that such action shall not adversely affect the interests of the holders of the Senior Preferred Stock.
- (ii) The consent of the holders of at least two-thirds of all of the shares of the Senior Preferred Stock at the time outstanding, given in person or by proxy, either in writing or by a vote at a meeting called for the purpose at which the holders of shares of the Senior Preferred Stock shall vote together as a class, shall be necessary for authorizing, effecting or validating the amendment, alteration, supplementation or repeal (whether by merger, consolidation or otherwise) of the provisions of this Certificate other than as set forth in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph (g). The creation and issuance of any other class or series of stock, or the issuance of additional shares of any existing class or series of stock, of the Company ranking junior to the Senior Preferred Stock shall not be deemed to constitute such an amendment, alteration, supplementation or repeal.
- on matters on which their consent is required pursuant to subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph (g). In connection with any meeting of such holders, the Board of Directors shall fix a record date, neither earlier than 60 days nor later than 10 days prior to the date of such meeting, and holders of record of shares of the Senior Preferred Stock on such record date shall be entitled to notice of and to vote at any such meeting and any adjournment. The Board of Directors, or such person or persons as it may designate, may establish reasonable rules and procedures as to the solicitation of the consent of holders of the Senior Preferred Stock at any such meeting or otherwise, which rules and procedures shall conform to the requirements of any national securities exchange on which the Senior Preferred Stock may be listed at such time.
- (h) RECEIPT AND ACCEPTANCE OF A SHARE OR SHARES OF THE SENIOR PREFERRED STOCK BY OR ON BEHALF OF A HOLDER SHALL CONSTITUTE THE UNCONDITIONAL ACCEPTANCE BY THE HOLDER (AND ALL OTHERS HAVING BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF SUCH SHARE OR SHARES) OF ALL OF THE TERMS AND PROVISIONS OF THIS CERTIFICATE. NO SIGNATURE OR OTHER FURTHER MANIFESTATION OF ASSENT TO THE TERMS AND PROVISIONS OF THIS CERTIFICATE SHALL BE NECESSARY FOR ITS OPERATION OR EFFECT AS BETWEEN THE COMPANY AND THE HOLDER (AND ALL SUCH OTHERS).

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of the Company this 7th day of September, 2008.

[Seal]

FEDERAL HOME LOAN MORTGAGE CORPORATION, by

Federal Housing Finance Agency, its Conservator

James B. Lockhart III

Director

# **EXHIBIT C**

### SECOND AMENDMENT TO AMENDED AND RESTATED SENIOR PREFERRED STOCK PURCHASE AGREEMENT

SECOND AMENDMENT dated as of December 24, 2009, to the AMENDED AND RESTATED SENIOR PREFERRED STOCK PURCHASE AGREEMENT dated as of September 26, 2008, between the UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY ("Purchaser"), and FEDERAL NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION ("Seller"), acting through the Federal Housing Finance Agency (the "Agency") as its duly appointed conservator (the Agency in such capacity, "Conservator").

### Background

- A. Purchaser and Seller have heretofore entered into the Amended and Restated Senior Preferred Stock Purchase Agreement dated as of September 26, 2008 (the "Amended and Restated Agreement").
- B. In the Amended and Restated Agreement, Purchaser committed itself to provide to Seller, on the terms and conditions provided in the Amended and Restated Agreement, immediately available funds in an amount as determined from time to time as provided in the Amended and Restated Agreement, but in no event in an aggregate amount exceeding \$100,000,000,000.
- C. Purchaser and Seller have heretofore entered into the Amendment dated as of May 6, 2009, to the Amended and Restated Agreement (the "<u>First Amendment</u>").
- D. In the First Amendment, Purchaser increased to \$200,000,000,000 the maximum aggregate amount permitted to be provided to Seller under the Amended and Restated Agreement, and amended the terms of the Amended and Restated Agreement in certain other respects.
- E. Purchaser and Seller are each authorized to enter into this Second Amendment to the Amended and Restated Agreement ("this Second Amendment") (i) modifying the Treasury's funding commitment to Seller to provide it with additional funding in amounts not to exceed the new formulaic maximum amount specified herein, and (ii) amending the terms of the Amended and Restated Agreement, as previously amended, in certain other respects.

THEREFORE, for and in consideration of the mutual agreements herein contained and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged, Purchaser and Seller agree as follows:

#### Terms and Conditions

#### 1. Definitions.

Capitalized terms used and not defined in this Amendment shall have the respective meanings given such terms in the Amended and Restated Agreement, as amended by the First Amendment (the Amended and Restated Agreement, as amended by the First Amendment, being the "Existing Agreement").

### 2. Amendment to Section 1 (Relating to Definition of "Indebtedness").

The definition of "Indebtedness" in Section 1 of the Existing Agreement is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Indebtedness" of any Person means, for purposes of Section 5.5 only, without duplication, (a) all obligations of such Person for money borrowed by such Person, (b) all obligations of such Person evidenced by bonds, debentures, notes or similar instruments, (c) all obligations of such Person under conditional sale or other title retention agreements relating to property or assets purchased by such Person, (d) all obligations of such Person issued or assumed as the deferred purchase price of property or services, other than trade accounts payable, (e) all Capital Lease Obligations of such Person, (f) obligations, whether contingent or liquidated, in respect of letters of credit (including standby and commercial), bankers' and similar instruments, and (g) any obligation of such Person, contingent or otherwise, guaranteeing or having the economic effect of guaranteeing and Indebtedness of the types set forth in clauses (a) through (f) payable by another Person other than Mortgage Guarantee Obligations (and, for the avoidance of doubt, without giving effect to any change that may be made hereafter in respect of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 140, 166, or 167, or any similar accounting standard). Indebtedness balances or amounts shall be measured at par value for purposes of Section 5.5 only.

### 3. Amendment to Section 1 (Relating to Definition of "Maximum Amount").

The definition of "Maximum Amount" in Section 1 of the Existing Agreement is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Maximum Amount" means, as of any date of determination, the greater of (a) \$200,000,000,000 (two hundred billion dollars), or (b) \$200,000,000,000,000 plus the cumulative total of Deficiency Amounts determined for calendar quarters in calendar years 2010, 2011, and 2012, less any Surplus Amount determined as of December 31, 2012, and in the case of either (a) or (b), less the aggregate amount of funding under the Commitment prior to such date.

### 4. Amendment to Section 1 (Relating to Definition of "Mortgage Assets").

The definition of "Mortgage Assets" in Section 1 of the Existing Agreement is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Mortgage Assets" of any Person means assets of such Person consisting of mortgages, mortgage loans, mortgage-related securities, participation

certificates, mortgage-backed commercial paper, obligations of real estate mortgage investment conduits and similar assets, in each case to the extent such assets would appear on the balance sheet of such Person in accordance with GAAP as in effect as of the date hereof (and, for the avoidance of doubt, without giving effect to any change that may be made hereafter in respect of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 140, 166, or 167, or any similar accounting standard). Mortgage Asset balances or amounts shall be measured at unpaid principal balance for purposes of Section 5.7 only.

### 5. <u>Amendment to Section 1 (Adding Definition for New Defined Term "Surplus Amount").</u>

Section 1 of the Existing Agreement is hereby amended by inserting after the definition of the term "Senior Preferred Stock" the following:

"Surplus Amount" means, as of the date of determination, the amount if any by which (a) the total assets of Seller (such assets excluding the Commitment and any unfunded amounts thereof) exceed (b) the total liabilities of Seller, in each case as reflected on the balance sheet of Seller as of the applicable date set forth in the Agreement, prepared in accordance with GAAP.

### 6. Amendment to Section 2.1 (Relating to the Commitment).

Section 2.1 of the Existing Agreement is hereby amended to read as follows:

2.1 Commitment. Purchaser hereby commits to provide to Seller, on the terms and conditions set forth herein, immediately available funds in an amount up to but not in excess of the Available Amount, as determined from time to time (the "Commitment"); provided, that in no event shall the aggregate amount funded under the Commitment exceed the greater of (a) \$200,000,000,000 (two hundred billion dollars), or (b) \$200,000,000,000 plus the cumulative total of Deficiency Amounts determined for calendar quarters in calendar years 2010, 2011, and 2012, less any Surplus Amount determined as of December 31, 2012. The liquidation preference of Senior Preferred Stock shall increase in connection with draws on the Commitment, as set forth in Section 3.3 below.

### 7. Amendment to Section 2.5 (Relating to Termination of Purchaser's Obligations).

Section 2.5 of the Existing Agreement is hereby amended to read as follows:

2.5 Termination of Purchaser's Obligations. Subject to earlier termination pursuant to Section 6.7, all of Purchaser's obligations under and in respect of the Commitment shall terminate upon the earliest of: (a) if the Liquidation End Date shall have occurred, (i) the payment in full of Purchaser's obligations with respect to any valid request for funds pursuant to Section 2.4 or (ii) if there is no Deficiency Amount on the Liquidation End Date or if no such request pursuant to Section 2.4 has been made, the close of business on the 15th Business Day following the determination of the Deficiency Amount, if any, as of the Liquidation End Date; (b) the payment in full of, defeasance of or other reasonable provision for all liabilities of Seller, whether or not contingent, including payment of any amounts that may become payable on, or expiry of or other provision for, all Mortgage Guarantee Obligations and provision for

unmatured debts; and (c) the funding by Purchaser under the Commitment of an aggregate equal to the greater of (a) \$200,000,000,000 (two hundred billion dollars), or (b) \$200,000,000,000 plus the cumulative total of Deficiency Amounts determined for calendar quarters in calendar years 2010, 2011, and 2012, less any Surplus Amount determined as of December 31, 2012. For avoidance of doubt, the Commitment shall *not* be terminable by Purchaser solely by reason of (i) the conservatorship, receivership or other insolvency proceeding of Seller or (ii) the Seller's financial condition or any adverse change in Seller's financial condition.

### 8. Amendment to Section 3.2 (Relating to Periodic Commitment Fee).

Section 3.2 of the Existing Agreement is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 3.2. Periodic Commitment Fee. (a) Commencing March 31, 2011, Seller shall pay to Purchaser quarterly, on the last day of March, June, September and December of each calendar year (each a "Periodic Fee Date"), a periodic commitment fee (the "Periodic Commitment Fee"). The Periodic Commitment Fee shall accrue from January 1, 2011.
- (b) The Periodic Commitment Fee is intended to fully compensate Purchaser for the support provided by the ongoing Commitment following December 31, 2010. The amount of the Periodic Commitment Fee shall be set not later than December 31, 2010 with respect to the ensuing five-year period, shall be reset every five years thereafter and shall be determined with reference to the market value of the Commitment as then in effect. The amount of the Periodic Commitment Fee shall be mutually agreed by Purchaser and Seller, subject to their reasonable discretion and in consultation with the Chairman of the Federal Reserve; provided, that Purchaser may waive the Periodic Commitment Fee for up to one year at a time, in its sole discretion, based on adverse conditions in the United States mortgage market.
- (c) At the election of Seller, the Periodic Commitment Fee may be paid in cash or by adding the amount thereof ratably to the liquidation preference of each outstanding share of Senior Preferred Stock so that the aggregate liquidation preference of all such outstanding shares of Senior Preferred Stock is increased by an amount equal to the Periodic Commitment Fee. Seller shall deliver notice of such election not later than three (3) Business Days prior to each Periodic Fee Date. If the Periodic Commitment Fee is not paid in cash by 12:00 pm (New York time) on the applicable Periodic Fee Date (irrespective of Seller's election pursuant to this subsection), Seller shall be deemed to have elected to pay the Periodic Commitment Fee by adding the amount thereof to the liquidation preference of the Senior Preferred Stock, and the aggregate liquidation preference of the outstanding shares of Senior Preferred Stock shall thereupon be automatically increased, in the manner contemplated by the first sentence of this section, by an aggregate amount equal to the Periodic Commitment Fee then due.

### 9. Amendment to Section 5.7 (Relating to Owned Mortgage Assets).

Section 5.7 of the Existing Agreement is hereby amended to read as follows:

5.7. Mortgage Assets. Seller shall not own, as of any applicable date, Mortgage Assets in excess of (i) on December 31, 2009, \$900 billion, or (ii) on December 31 of each year thereafter, 90.0% of the aggregate amount of Mortgage Assets that Seller was permitted to own as of December 31 of the immediately

preceding calendar year; <u>provided</u>, that in no event shall Seller be required under this Section 5.7 to own less than \$250 billion in Mortgage Assets.

### 10. Existing Agreement to Continue, as Amended.

Except as expressly modified by this Second Amendment, the Existing Agreement shall continue in full force and effect.

### 11. Effective Date.

This Second Amendment shall not become effective until it has been executed by both of Purchaser and Seller. When this Second Amendment has been so executed, it shall become effective as of the date first above written.

# FEDERAL NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION, by

Federal Housing Finance Agency, its Conservator

Edward J. DeMarco

Timothy F. Geithner Secretary of the Treasury

Acting Director

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

### SECOND AMENDMENT TO AMENDED AND RESTATED SENIOR PREFERRED STOCK PURCHASE AGREEMENT

SECOND AMENDMENT dated as of December 24, 2009, to the AMENDED AND RESTATED SENIOR PREFERRED STOCK PURCHASE AGREEMENT dated as of September 26, 2008, between the UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY ("Purchaser"), and FEDERAL HOME LOAN MORTGAGE CORPORATION ("Seller"), acting through the Federal Housing Finance Agency (the "Agency") as its duly appointed conservator (the Agency in such capacity, "Conservator").

### Background

- A. Purchaser and Seller have heretofore entered into the Amended and Restated Senior Preferred Stock Purchase Agreement dated as of September 26, 2008 (the "Amended and Restated Agreement").
- B. In the Amended and Restated Agreement, Purchaser committed itself to provide to Seller, on the terms and conditions provided in the Amended and Restated Agreement, immediately available funds in an amount as determined from time to time as provided in the Amended and Restated Agreement, but in no event in an aggregate amount exceeding \$100,000,000,000.
- C. Purchaser and Seller have heretofore entered into the Amendment dated as of May 6, 2009, to the Amended and Restated Agreement (the "<u>First Amendment</u>").
- D. In the First Amendment, Purchaser increased to \$200,000,000,000 the maximum aggregate amount permitted to be provided to Seller under the Amended and Restated Agreement, and amended the terms of the Amended and Restated Agreement in certain other respects.
- E. Purchaser and Seller are each authorized to enter into this Second Amendment to the Amended and Restated Agreement ("this Second Amendment") (i) modifying the Treasury's funding commitment to Seller to provide it with additional funding in amounts not to exceed the new formulaic maximum amount specified herein, and (ii) amending the terms of the Amended and Restated Agreement, as previously amended, in certain other respects.

THEREFORE, for and in consideration of the mutual agreements herein contained and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged, Purchaser and Seller agree as follows:

### **Terms and Conditions**

### 1. Definitions.

Capitalized terms used and not defined in this Amendment shall have the respective meanings given such terms in the Amended and Restated Agreement, as amended by the First Amendment (the Amended and Restated Agreement, as amended by the First Amendment, being the "Existing Agreement").

### 2. Amendment to Section 1 (Relating to Definition of "Indebtedness").

The definition of "Indebtedness" in Section 1 of the Existing Agreement is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Indebtedness" of any Person means, for purposes of Section 5.5 only, without duplication, (a) all obligations of such Person for money borrowed by such Person, (b) all obligations of such Person evidenced by bonds, debentures, notes or similar instruments, (c) all obligations of such Person under conditional sale or other title retention agreements relating to property or assets purchased by such Person, (d) all obligations of such Person issued or assumed as the deferred purchase price of property or services, other than trade accounts payable, (e) all Capital Lease Obligations of such Person, (f) obligations, whether contingent or liquidated, in respect of letters of credit (including standby and commercial), bankers' and similar instruments, and (g) any obligation of such Person, contingent or otherwise, guaranteeing or having the economic effect of guaranteeing and Indebtedness of the types set forth in clauses (a) through (f) payable by another Person other than Mortgage Guarantee Obligations (and, for the avoidance of doubt, without giving effect to any change that may be made hereafter in respect of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 140, 166, or 167, or any similar accounting standard). Indebtedness balances or amounts shall be measured at par value for purposes of Section 5.5 only.

### 3. Amendment to Section 1 (Relating to Definition of "Maximum Amount").

The definition of "Maximum Amount" in Section 1 of the Existing Agreement is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Maximum Amount" means, as of any date of determination, the greater of (a) \$200,000,000,000 (two hundred billion dollars), or (b) \$200,000,000,000,000 plus the cumulative total of Deficiency Amounts determined for calendar quarters in calendar years 2010, 2011, and 2012, less any Surplus Amount determined as of December 31, 2012, and in the case of either (a) or (b), less the aggregate amount of funding under the Commitment prior to such date.

#### 4. Amendment to Section 1 (Relating to Definition of "Mortgage Assets").

The definition of "Mortgage Assets" in Section 1 of the Existing Agreement is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Mortgage Assets" of any Person means assets of such Person consisting of mortgages, mortgage loans, mortgage-related securities, participation

certificates, mortgage-backed commercial paper, obligations of real estate mortgage investment conduits and similar assets, in each case to the extent such assets would appear on the balance sheet of such Person in accordance with GAAP as in effect as of the date hereof (and, for the avoidance of doubt, without giving effect to any change that may be made hereafter in respect of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 140, 166, or 167, or any similar accounting standard). Mortgage Asset balances or amounts shall be measured at unpaid principal balance for purposes of Section 5.7 only.

# 5. <u>Amendment to Section 1 (Adding Definition for New Defined Term "Surplus Amount")</u>.

Section 1 of the Existing Agreement is hereby amended by inserting after the definition of the term "Senior Preferred Stock" the following:

"Surplus Amount" means, as of the date of determination, the amount if any by which (a) the total assets of Seller (such assets excluding the Commitment and any unfunded amounts thereof) exceed (b) the total liabilities of Seller, in each case as reflected on the balance sheet of Seller as of the applicable date set forth in the Agreement, prepared in accordance with GAAP.

### 6. Amendment to Section 2.1 (Relating to the Commitment).

Section 2.1 of the Existing Agreement is hereby amended to read as follows:

2.1 Commitment. Purchaser hereby commits to provide to Seller, on the terms and conditions set forth herein, immediately available funds in an amount up to but not in excess of the Available Amount, as determined from time to time (the "Commitment"); provided, that in no event shall the aggregate amount funded under the Commitment exceed the greater of (a) \$200,000,000,000 (two hundred billion dollars), or (b) \$200,000,000,000 plus the cumulative total of Deficiency Amounts determined for calendar quarters in calendar years 2010, 2011, and 2012, less any Surplus Amount determined as of December 31, 2012. The liquidation preference of Senior Preferred Stock shall increase in connection with draws on the Commitment, as set forth in Section 3.3 below.

#### 7. Amendment to Section 2.5 (Relating to Termination of Purchaser's Obligations).

Section 2.5 of the Existing Agreement is hereby amended to read as follows:

2.5 Termination of Purchaser's Obligations. Subject to earlier termination pursuant to Section 6.7, all of Purchaser's obligations under and in respect of the Commitment shall terminate upon the earliest of: (a) if the Liquidation End Date shall have occurred, (i) the payment in full of Purchaser's obligations with respect to any valid request for funds pursuant to Section 2.4 or (ii) if there is no Deficiency Amount on the Liquidation End Date or if no such request pursuant to Section 2.4 has been made, the close of business on the 15th Business Day following the determination of the Deficiency Amount, if any, as of the Liquidation End Date; (b) the payment in full of, defeasance of or other reasonable provision for all liabilities of Seller, whether or not contingent, including payment of any amounts that may become payable on, or expiry of or other provision for, all Mortgage Guarantee Obligations and provision for

unmatured debts; and (c) the funding by Purchaser under the Commitment of an aggregate equal to the greater of (a) \$200,000,000,000 (two hundred billion dollars), or (b) \$200,000,000,000 plus the cumulative total of Deficiency Amounts determined for calendar quarters in calendar years 2010, 2011, and 2012, less any Surplus Amount determined as of December 31, 2012. For avoidance of doubt, the Commitment shall *not* be terminable by Purchaser solely by reason of (i) the conservatorship, receivership or other insolvency proceeding of Seller or (ii) the Seller's financial condition or any adverse change in Seller's financial condition.

### 8. Amendment to Section 3.2 (Relating to Periodic Commitment Fee).

Section 3.2 of the Existing Agreement is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 3.2. Periodic Commitment Fee. (a) Commencing March 31, 2011, Seller shall pay to Purchaser quarterly, on the last day of March, June, September and December of each calendar year (each a "Periodic Fee Date"), a periodic commitment fee (the "Periodic Commitment Fee"). The Periodic Commitment Fee shall accrue from January 1, 2011.
- (b) The Periodic Commitment Fee is intended to fully compensate Purchaser for the support provided by the ongoing Commitment following December 31, 2010. The amount of the Periodic Commitment Fee shall be set not later than December 31, 2010 with respect to the ensuing five-year period, shall be reset every five years thereafter and shall be determined with reference to the market value of the Commitment as then in effect. The amount of the Periodic Commitment Fee shall be mutually agreed by Purchaser and Seller, subject to their reasonable discretion and in consultation with the Chairman of the Federal Reserve; provided, that Purchaser may waive the Periodic Commitment Fee for up to one year at a time, in its sole discretion, based on adverse conditions in the United States mortgage market.
- (c) At the election of Seller, the Periodic Commitment Fee may be paid in cash or by adding the amount thereof ratably to the liquidation preference of each outstanding share of Senior Preferred Stock so that the aggregate liquidation preference of all such outstanding shares of Senior Preferred Stock is increased by an amount equal to the Periodic Commitment Fee. Seller shall deliver notice of such election not later than three (3) Business Days prior to each Periodic Fee Date. If the Periodic Commitment Fee is not paid in cash by 12:00 pm (New York time) on the applicable Periodic Fee Date (irrespective of Seller's election pursuant to this subsection), Seller shall be deemed to have elected to pay the Periodic Commitment Fee by adding the amount thereof to the liquidation preference of the Senior Preferred Stock, and the aggregate liquidation preference of the outstanding shares of Senior Preferred Stock shall thereupon be automatically increased, in the manner contemplated by the first sentence of this section, by an aggregate amount equal to the Periodic Commitment Fee then due.

### 9. Amendment to Section 5.7 (Relating to Owned Mortgage Assets).

Section 5.7 of the Existing Agreement is hereby amended to read as follows:

5.7. Mortgage Assets. Seller shall not own, as of any applicable date, Mortgage Assets in excess of (i) on December 31, 2009, \$900 billion, or (ii) on December 31 of each year thereafter, 90.0% of the aggregate amount of Mortgage Assets that Seller was permitted to own as of December 31 of the immediately

preceding calendar year; <u>provided</u>, that in no event shall Seller be required under this Section 5.7 to own less than \$250 billion in Mortgage Assets.

### 10. Existing Agreement to Continue, as Amended.

Except as expressly modified by this Second Amendment, the Existing Agreement shall continue in full force and effect.

### 11. Effective Date.

This Second Amendment shall not become effective until it has been executed by both of Purchaser and Seller. When this Second Amendment has been so executed, it shall become effective as of the date first above written.

### FEDERAL HOME LOAN MORTGAGE CORPORATION, by

Federal Housing Finance Agency, its Conservator

Edward J. De Marco Edward J. DeMarco Acting Director

Timothy F. Geithner Secretary of the Treasury

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

# **EXHIBIT D**

### THIRD AMENDMENT TO AMENDED AND RESTATED SENIOR PREFERRED STOCK PURCHASE AGREEMENT

THIRD AMENDMENT dated as of August 17, 2012, to the AMENDED AND RESTATED SENIOR PREFERRED STOCK PURCHASE AGREEMENT dated as of September 26, 2008, between the UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY ("Purchaser"), and FEDERAL NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION ("Seller"), acting through the Federal Housing Finance Agency (the "Agency") as its duly appointed conservator (the Agency in such capacity, "Conservator").

### Background

- A. Purchaser and Seller have heretofore entered into the Amended and Restated Senior Preferred Stock Purchase Agreement dated as of September 26, 2008 (the "Amended and Restated Agreement").
- B. In the Amended and Restated Agreement, Purchaser committed itself to provide to Seller, on the terms and conditions provided in the Amended and Restated Agreement, immediately available funds in an amount as determined from time to time as provided in the Amended and Restated Agreement, but in no event in an aggregate amount exceeding \$100,000,000,000.
- C. In consideration for Purchaser's commitment, Seller agreed to sell, and did sell, to Purchaser 1,000,000 shares of senior preferred stock, in the form of the Variable Liquidation Preference Senior Preferred Stock of Seller attached as Exhibit A to the Amended and Restated Agreement, with an initial liquidation preference equal to \$1,000 per share.
- D. The Amended and Restated Agreement provides that the aggregate liquidation preference of the outstanding shares of senior preferred stock shall be automatically increased by an amount equal to the amount of each draw under Purchaser's funding commitment, and the senior preferred stock sold by Seller to Purchaser provides that the senior preferred stock shall accrue dividends at the annual rate per share equal to 10 percent on the then-current liquidation preference.
- E. Purchaser and Seller have heretofore entered into the Amendment dated as of May 6, 2009, to the Amended and Restated Agreement (the "First Amendment").
- F. In the First Amendment, Purchaser increased to \$200,000,000,000 the maximum aggregate amount permitted to be provided to Seller under the Amended and Restated

Agreement, and amended the terms of the Amended and Restated Agreement in certain other respects.

- G. Purchaser and Seller have heretofore entered into the Second Amendment dated as of December 24, 2009, to the Amended and Restated Agreement (the "Second Amendment").
- H. In the Second Amendment, Purchaser modified the maximum aggregate amount permitted to be provided to Seller under the Amended and Restated Agreement, as previously amended, by replacing the fixed maximum aggregate amount with the new formulaic maximum amount specified therein, and amended the terms of the Amended and Restated Agreement, as previously amended, in certain other respects.
- I. Purchaser and Seller are each authorized to enter into this Third Amendment to the Amended and Restated Agreement ("this Third Amendment") that (i) includes an agreement by Seller to modify the dividend rate provision of the senior preferred stock sold by Seller to Purchaser, and (ii) amends the terms of the Amended and Restated Agreement, as previously amended, in certain other respects.

THEREFORE, for and in consideration of the mutual agreements herein contained and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged, Purchaser and Seller agree as follows:

#### **Terms and Conditions**

#### 1. Definitions.

Capitalized terms used and not defined in this Third Amendment shall have the respective meanings given such terms in the Amended and Restated Agreement, as amended by the First Amendment and the Second Amendment (the Amended and Restated Agreement, as amended by the First Amendment and the Second Amendment, being the "Existing Agreement").

### Amendment to Paragraph 2(a) of Senior Preferred Stock (Relating to Dividend Payment Dates and Dividend Periods).

With respect to the Certificate of Designation of Terms of Variable Liquidation
Preference Senior Preferred Stock, Series 2008-2, dated September 7, 2008 (the "Senior
Preferred Stock Certificate"), sold by Seller to Purchaser and purchased by Purchaser from
Seller, Seller agrees either to amend the existing paragraph 2(a) of the Senior Preferred Stock
Certificate, or to issue a replacement Senior Preferred Stock Certificate, in either case so that, by
not later than September 30, 2012, paragraph 2(a) reads as follows:

(a) For each Dividend Period from the date of the initial issuance of the Senior Preferred Stock through and including December 31, 2012, holders of outstanding shares of Senior Preferred Stock shall be entitled to receive, ratably, when, as and if declared by the Board of Directors, in its sole discretion, out of funds legally available therefor, cumulative cash dividends at the annual rate per share equal to the then-current Dividend Rate on the then-current Liquidation Preference. For each Dividend Period from January 1, 2013, holders of outstanding shares of Senior Preferred Stock shall be entitled to receive, ratably, when, as and if declared by the Board of Directors, in its sole discretion, out of funds legally available therefor, cumulative cash dividends in an amount equal to the then-current Dividend Amount. Dividends on the Senior Preferred Stock shall accrue from but not including the date of the initial issuance of the Senior Preferred Stock and will be payable in arrears when, as and if declared by the Board of Directors quarterly on March 31, June 30, September 30 and December 31 of each year (each, a "Dividend Payment Date"), commencing on December 31, 2008. If a Dividend Payment Date is not a "Business Day," the related dividend will be paid not later than the next Business Day with the same force and effect as though paid on the Dividend Payment Date, without any increase to account for the period from such Dividend Payment Date through the date of actual payment. "Business Day" means a day other than (i) a Saturday or Sunday, (ii) a day on which New York City banks are closed, or (iii) a day on which the offices of the Company are closed.

If declared, the initial dividend will be for the period from but not including the date of the initial issuance of the Senior Preferred Stock through and including December 31, 2008. Except for the initial Dividend Payment Date, the "Dividend Period" relating to a Dividend Payment Date will be the period from but not including the preceding Dividend Payment Date through and including the related Dividend Payment Date. For each Dividend Period from the date of the initial issuance of the Senior Preferred Stock through and including December 31, 2012, the amount of dividends payable on the initial Dividend Payment Date or for any Dividend Period through and including December 31, 2012, that is not a full calendar quarter shall be computed on the basis of 30-day months, a 360-day year and the actual number of days elapsed in any period of less than one month. For the avoidance of doubt, for each Dividend Period from the date of the initial issuance of the Senior Preferred Stock through and including December 31, 2012, in the event that the Liquidation Preference changes in the middle of a Dividend Period, the amount of dividends payable on the Dividend Payment Date at the end of such Dividend Period shall take into account such change in Liquidation Preference and shall be computed at the Dividend Rate on each Liquidation Preference based on the portion of the Dividend Period that each Liquidation Preference was in effect.

### Amendment to Paragraph 2(c) of Senior Preferred Stock (Relating to Dividend Rate and Dividend Amount).

With respect to the Senior Preferred Stock Certificate sold by Seller to Purchaser and purchased by Purchaser from Seller, Seller agrees either to amend the existing paragraph 2(c) of the Senior Preferred Stock Certificate, or to issue a replacement Senior Preferred Stock Certificate, in either case so that, effective September 30, 2012, paragraph 2(c) reads as follows:

(c) For each Dividend Period from the date of the initial issuance of the Senior Preferred Stock through and including December 31, 2012, "Dividend Rate" means 10.0%; provided, however, that if at any time the Company shall have for any reason failed to pay dividends in cash in a timely manner as required by this Certificate, then immediately following such failure and for all Dividend Periods thereafter until the Dividend Period following the date on which the Company shall have paid in cash full cumulative dividends (including any unpaid dividends added to the Liquidation Preference pursuant to Section 8) the "Dividend Rate" shall mean 12.0%.

For each Dividend Period from January 1, 2013, through and including December 31, 2017, the "Dividend Amount" for a Dividend Period means the amount, if any, by which the Net Worth Amount at the end of the immediately preceding fiscal quarter, less the Applicable Capital Reserve Amount, exceeds zero. For each Dividend Period from January 1, 2018, the "Dividend Amount" for a Dividend Period means the amount, if any, by which the Net Worth Amount at the end of the immediately preceding fiscal quarter exceeds zero. In each case, "Net Worth Amount" means (i) the total assets of the Company (such assets excluding the Commitment and any unfunded amounts thereof) as reflected on the balance sheet of the Company as of the applicable date set forth in this Certificate, prepared in accordance with GAAP, less (ii) the total liabilities of the Company (such liabilities excluding any obligation in respect of any capital stock of the Company, including this Certificate), as reflected on the balance sheet of the Company as of the applicable date set forth in this Certificate, prepared in accordance with GAAP. "Applicable Capital Reserve Amount" means, as of any date of determination, for each Dividend Period from January 1, 2013, through and including December 31, 2013, \$3,000,000,000; and for each Dividend Period occurring within each 12-month period thereafter, \$3,000,000,000 reduced by an equal amount for each such 12-month period through and including December 31, 2017, so that for each Dividend Period from January 1, 2018, the Applicable Capital Reserve Amount shall be zero. For the avoidance of doubt, if the calculation of the Dividend Amount for a Dividend Period does not exceed zero, then no Dividend Amount shall accrue or be payable for such Dividend Period.

### 4. Amendment to Section 3.2 (Relating to the Periodic Commitment Fee).

Section 3.2 of the Existing Agreement is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 3.2. Periodic Commitment Fee. (a) Commencing March 31, 2011, Seller shall pay to Purchaser quarterly, on the last day of March, June, September and December of each calendar year (each a "Periodic Fee Date"), a periodic commitment fee (the "Periodic Commitment Fee"). The Periodic Commitment Fee shall accrue from January 1, 2011.
- (b) The Periodic Commitment Fee is intended to fully compensate Purchaser for the support provided by the ongoing Commitment following December 31, 2010. The amount of the Periodic Commitment Fee shall be set not later than December 31, 2010 with respect to the ensuing five-year period, shall be reset every five years thereafter and shall be determined with reference to the market value of the Commitment as then in effect. The amount of the Periodic Commitment Fee shall be mutually agreed by Purchaser and Seller, subject to their reasonable discretion and in consultation with the Chairman of the Federal Reserve; provided, that Purchaser may waive the Periodic Commitment Fee for up to one year at a time, in its sole discretion, based on adverse conditions in the United States mortgage market.
- (c) At the election of Seller, the Periodic Commitment Fee may be paid in cash or by adding the amount thereof ratably to the liquidation preference of each outstanding share of Senior Preferred Stock so that the aggregate liquidation preference of all such outstanding shares of Senior Preferred Stock is increased by an amount equal to the Periodic Commitment Fee. Seller shall deliver notice of such election not later than three (3) Business Days prior to each Periodic Fee Date. If the Periodic Commitment Fee is not paid in cash by 12:00 pm (New York time) on the applicable Periodic Fee Date (irrespective of Seller's election pursuant to this subsection), Seller shall be deemed to have elected to pay the Periodic Commitment Fee by adding the amount thereof to the liquidation preference of the Senior Preferred Stock, and the aggregate liquidation preference of the outstanding shares of Senior Preferred Stock shall thereupon be automatically increased, in the manner contemplated by the first sentence of this section, by an aggregate amount equal to the Periodic Commitment Fee then due.
- (d) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in paragraphs (a), (b), or (c) above, and in consideration of the modification made to the Senior Preferred Stock effective September 30, 2012, for each quarter commencing January 1, 2013, and continuing for as long as paragraph 2 of the Senior Preferred Stock remains in form and content substantially the same as the form and content of the Senior Preferred Stock in effect on September 30, 2012, no Periodic Commitment Fee shall be set, accrue, or be payable.

### 5. Amendment to Section 5.4 (Relating to Transfer of Assets).

Section 5.4 of the Existing Agreement is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 5.4. Transfer of Assets. Seller shall not, and shall not permit any of its subsidiaries to, in each case without prior written consent of Purchaser, sell, transfer, lease or otherwise dispose of (in one transaction or a series of related transactions) all or any portion of its assets (including Equity Interests in other persons, including subsidiaries), whether now owned or hereafter acquired (any such sale, transfer, lease or disposition, a "Disposition"), other than Dispositions for fair market value:
- (a) to a limited life regulated entity ("<u>LLRE</u>") pursuant to Section 1367(i) of the FHE Act;
- (b) of assets and properties in the ordinary course of business, consistent with past practice;
- (c) of assets and properties having fair market value individually or in aggregate less than \$250,000,000 in one transaction or a series of related transactions;
- (d) in connection with a liquidation of Seller by a receiver appointed pursuant to
   Section 1367(a) of the FHE Act;
  - (e) of cash or cash equivalents for cash or cash equivalents; or
- (f) to the extent necessary to comply with the covenant set forth in Section 5.7 below.

### 6. Amendment to Section 5.7 (Relating to Owned Mortgage Assets).

Section 5.7 of the Existing Agreement is hereby amended to read as follows:

5.7. Mortgage Assets. Seller shall not own, as of any applicable date, Mortgage Assets in excess of (i) on December 31, 2012, \$650 billion, or (ii) on December 31 of each year thereafter, 85.0% of the aggregate amount of Mortgage Assets that Seller was permitted to own as of December 31 of the immediately preceding calendar year; provided, that in no event shall Seller be required under this Section 5.7 to own less than \$250 billion in Mortgage Assets.

### Amendment to Section 5 (Adding New Section 5.11 Relating to "Annual Risk Management Plans").

Section 5 of the Existing Agreement is hereby amended by inserting after section 5.10 the following:

5.11. Annual Risk Management Plans. Not later than December 15, 2012, and not later than December 15 of each year thereafter while Seller remains in conservatorship pursuant to Section 1367 of the FHE Act, Seller shall, under the direction of Conservator, deliver a risk management plan to Purchaser. Each annual risk management plan shall set out Seller's strategy for reducing its enterprise-wide risk profile and shall describe, in reasonable detail, the actions Seller will take, to reduce both the financial and operational risk associated with each reportable business segment of Seller. Plans delivered subsequent to December 15, 2012 shall also include an assessment of Seller's performance relative to the planned actions described in the prior year's plan. The submission of annual risk management plans under this section shall not in any way limit or affect the Agency in any of its capacities to carry out its statutory responsibilities, including but not limited to providing direction to and oversight of Seller."

### 8. Existing Agreement to Continue, as Amended.

Except as expressly modified by this Third Amendment, the Existing Agreement shall continue in full force and effect.

### 9. Effective Date.

This Third Amendment shall not become effective until it has been executed by both of Purchaser and Seller. When this Third Amendment has been so executed, it shall become effective as of the date first above written.

# FEDERAL NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION, by

Federal Housing Finance Agency, its Conservator

Edward J. DeMa co Acting Director

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Timothy Y. Geithner

Secretary of the Treasury

### THIRD AMENDMENT TO AMENDED AND RESTATED SENIOR PREFERRED STOCK PURCHASE AGREEMENT

THIRD AMENDMENT dated as of August 17, 2012, to the AMENDED AND RESTATED SENIOR PREFERRED STOCK PURCHASE AGREEMENT dated as of September 26, 2008, between the UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY ("Purchaser"), and FEDERAL HOME LOAN MORTGAGE CORPORATION ("Seller"), acting through the Federal Housing Finance Agency (the "Agency") as its duly appointed conservator (the Agency in such capacity, "Conservator").

#### Background

- A. Purchaser and Seller have heretofore entered into the Amended and Restated Senior Preferred Stock Purchase Agreement dated as of September 26, 2008 (the "Amended and Restated Agreement").
- B. In the Amended and Restated Agreement, Purchaser committed itself to provide to Seller, on the terms and conditions provided in the Amended and Restated Agreement, immediately available funds in an amount as determined from time to time as provided in the Amended and Restated Agreement, but in no event in an aggregate amount exceeding \$100,000,000,000.
- C. In consideration for Purchaser's commitment, Seller agreed to sell, and did sell, to Purchaser 1,000,000 shares of senior preferred stock, in the form of the Variable Liquidation Preference Senior Preferred Stock of Seller attached as Exhibit A to the Amended and Restated Agreement, with an initial liquidation preference equal to \$1,000 per share.
- D. The Amended and Restated Agreement provides that the aggregate liquidation preference of the outstanding shares of senior preferred stock shall be automatically increased by an amount equal to the amount of each draw under Purchaser's funding commitment, and the senior preferred stock sold by Seller to Purchaser provides that the senior preferred stock shall accrue dividends at the annual rate per share equal to 10 percent on the then-current liquidation preference.
- E. Purchaser and Seller have heretofore entered into the Amendment dated as of May 6, 2009, to the Amended and Restated Agreement (the "First Amendment").
- F. In the First Amendment, Purchaser increased to \$200,000,000,000 the maximum aggregate amount permitted to be provided to Seller under the Amended and Restated

Agreement, and amended the terms of the Amended and Restated Agreement in certain other respects.

- G. Purchaser and Seller have heretofore entered into the Second Amendment dated as of December 24, 2009, to the Amended and Restated Agreement (the "Second Amendment").
- H. In the Second Amendment, Purchaser modified the maximum aggregate amount permitted to be provided to Seller under the Amended and Restated Agreement, as previously amended, by replacing the fixed maximum aggregate amount with the new formulaic maximum amount specified therein, and amended the terms of the Amended and Restated Agreement, as previously amended, in certain other respects.
- I. Purchaser and Seller are each authorized to enter into this Third Amendment to the Amended and Restated Agreement ("this Third Amendment") that (i) includes an agreement by Seller to modify the dividend rate provision of the senior preferred stock sold by Seller to Purchaser, and (ii) amends the terms of the Amended and Restated Agreement, as previously amended, in certain other respects.

THEREFORE, for and in consideration of the mutual agreements herein contained and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged, Purchaser and Seller agree as follows:

#### Terms and Conditions

### 1. Definitions.

Capitalized terms used and not defined in this Third Amendment shall have the respective meanings given such terms in the Amended and Restated Agreement, as amended by the First Amendment and the Second Amendment (the Amended and Restated Agreement, as amended by the First Amendment and the Second Amendment, being the "Existing Agreement").

# 2. Amendment to Paragraph 2(a) of Senior Preferred Stock (Relating to Dividend Payment Dates and Dividend Periods).

With respect to the Certificate of Creation, Designation, Powers, Preferences, Rights, Privileges, Qualifications, Limitations, Restrictions, Terms and Conditions of Variable Liquidation Preference Senior Preferred Stock (Par Value \$1.00 Per Share) dated September 7, 2008 (the "Senior Preferred Stock Certificate"), sold by Seller to Purchaser and purchased by Purchaser from Seller, Seller agrees either to amend the existing paragraph 2(a) of the Senior Preferred Stock Certificate, or to issue a replacement Senior Preferred Stock Certificate, in either case so that, by not later than September 30, 2012, paragraph 2(a) reads as follows:

(a) For each Dividend Period from the date of the initial issuance of the Senior Preferred Stock through and including December 31, 2012, holders of outstanding shares of Senior Preferred Stock shall be entitled to receive, ratably, when, as and if declared by the Board of Directors, in its sole discretion, out of funds legally available therefor, cumulative cash dividends at the annual rate per share equal to the then-current Dividend Rate on the then-current Liquidation Preference, For each Dividend Period from January 1, 2013, holders of outstanding shares of Senior Preferred Stock shall be entitled to receive, ratably, when, as and if declared by the Board of Directors, in its sole discretion, out of funds legally available therefor, cumulative cash dividends in an amount equal to the then-current Dividend Amount. Dividends on the Senior Preferred Stock shall accrue from but not including the date of the initial issuance of the Senior Preferred Stock and will be payable in arrears when, as and if declared by the Board of Directors quarterly on March 31, June 30, September 30 and December 31 of each year (each, a "Dividend Payment Date"), commencing on December 31, 2008. If a Dividend Payment Date is not a "Business Day," the related dividend will be paid not later than the next Business Day with the same force and effect as though paid on the Dividend Payment Date, without any increase to account for the period from such Dividend Payment Date through the date of actual payment. "Business Day" means a day other than (i) a Saturday or Sunday, (ii) a day on which New York City banks are closed, or (iii) a day on which the offices of the Company are closed.

If declared, the initial dividend will be for the period from but not including the date of the initial issuance of the Senior Preferred Stock through and including December 31, 2008. Except for the initial Dividend Payment Date, the "Dividend Period" relating to a Dividend Payment Date will be the period from but not including the preceding Dividend Payment Date through and including the related Dividend Payment Date. For each Dividend Period from the date of the initial issuance of the Senior Preferred Stock through and including December 31, 2012, the amount of dividends payable on the initial Dividend Payment Date or for any Dividend Period through and including December 31, 2012, that is not a full calendar quarter shall be computed on the basis of 30-day months, a 360-day year and the actual number of days elapsed in any period of less than one month. For the avoidance of doubt, for each Dividend Period from the date of the initial issuance of the Senior Preferred Stock through and including December 31, 2012, in the event that the Liquidation Preference changes in the middle of a Dividend Period, the amount of dividends payable on the Dividend Payment Date at the end of such Dividend Period shall take into account such change in Liquidation Preference and shall be computed at the Dividend Rate on each Liquidation Preference based on the portion of the Dividend Period that each Liquidation Preference was in effect.

### Amendment to Paragraph 2(c) of Senior Preferred Stock (Relating to Dividend Rate and Dividend Amount).

With respect to the Senior Preferred Stock Certificate sold by Seller to Purchaser and purchased by Purchaser from Seller, Seller agrees either to amend the existing paragraph 2(c) of the Senior Preferred Stock Certificate, or to issue a replacement Senior Preferred Stock Certificate, in either case so that, effective September 30, 2012, paragraph 2(c) reads as follows:

(c) For each Dividend Period from the date of the initial issuance of the Senior Preferred Stock through and including December 31, 2012, "Dividend Rate" means 10.0%; provided, however, that if at any time the Company shall have for any reason failed to pay dividends in cash in a timely manner as required by this Certificate, then immediately following such failure and for all Dividend Periods thereafter until the Dividend Period following the date on which the Company shall have paid in cash full cumulative dividends (including any unpaid dividends added to the Liquidation Preference pursuant to Section 8) the "Dividend Rate" shall mean 12.0%.

For each Dividend Period from January 1, 2013, through and including December 31, 2017, the "Dividend Amount" for a Dividend Period means the amount, if any, by which the Net Worth Amount at the end of the immediately preceding fiscal quarter, less the Applicable Capital Reserve Amount, exceeds zero. For each Dividend Period from January 1, 2018, the "Dividend Amount" for a Dividend Period means the amount, if any, by which the Net Worth Amount at the end of the immediately preceding fiscal quarter exceeds zero. In each case, "Net Worth Amount" means (i) the total assets of the Company (such assets excluding the Commitment and any unfunded amounts thereof) as reflected on the balance sheet of the Company as of the applicable date set forth in this Certificate, prepared in accordance with GAAP, less (ii) the total liabilities of the Company (such liabilities excluding any obligation in respect of any capital stock of the Company, including this Certificate), as reflected on the balance sheet of the Company as of the applicable date set forth in this Certificate, prepared in accordance with GAAP. "Applicable Capital Reserve Amount" means, as of any date of determination, for each Dividend Period from January 1, 2013, through and including December 31, 2013, \$3,000,000,000; and for each Dividend Period occurring within each 12-month period thereafter, \$3,000,000,000 reduced by an equal amount for each such 12-month period through and including December 31, 2017, so that for each Dividend Period from January 1, 2018, the Applicable Capital Reserve Amount shall be zero. For the avoidance of doubt, if the calculation of the Dividend Amount for a Dividend Period does not exceed zero, then no Dividend Amount shall accrue or be payable for such Dividend Period.

### 4. Amendment to Section 3.2 (Relating to the Periodic Commitment Fee).

Section 3.2 of the Existing Agreement is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 3.2. Periodic Commitment Fee. (a) Commencing March 31, 2011, Seller shall pay to Purchaser quarterly, on the last day of March, June, September and December of each calendar year (each a "Periodic Fee Date"), a periodic commitment fee (the "Periodic Commitment Fee"). The Periodic Commitment Fee shall accrue from January 1, 2011.
- (b) The Periodic Commitment Fee is intended to fully compensate Purchaser for the support provided by the ongoing Commitment following December 31, 2010. The amount of the Periodic Commitment Fee shall be set not later than December 31, 2010 with respect to the ensuing five-year period, shall be reset every five years thereafter and shall be determined with reference to the market value of the Commitment as then in effect. The amount of the Periodic Commitment Fee shall be mutually agreed by Purchaser and Seller, subject to their reasonable discretion and in consultation with the Chairman of the Federal Reserve; provided, that Purchaser may waive the Periodic Commitment Fee for up to one year at a time, in its sole discretion, based on adverse conditions in the United States mortgage market.
- (c) At the election of Seller, the Periodic Commitment Fee may be paid in cash or by adding the amount thereof ratably to the liquidation preference of each outstanding share of Senior Preferred Stock so that the aggregate liquidation preference of all such outstanding shares of Senior Preferred Stock is increased by an amount equal to the Periodic Commitment Fee. Seller shall deliver notice of such election not later than three (3) Business Days prior to each Periodic Fee Date. If the Periodic Commitment Fee is not paid in cash by 12:00 pm (New York time) on the applicable Periodic Fee Date (irrespective of Seller's election pursuant to this subsection), Seller shall be deemed to have elected to pay the Periodic Commitment Fee by adding the amount thereof to the liquidation preference of the Senior Preferred Stock, and the aggregate liquidation preference of the outstanding shares of Senior Preferred Stock shall thereupon be automatically increased, in the manner contemplated by the first sentence of this section, by an aggregate amount equal to the Periodic Commitment Fee then due.
- (d) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in paragraphs (a), (b), or (c) above, and in consideration of the modification made to the Senior Preferred Stock effective September 30, 2012, for each quarter commencing January 1, 2013, and continuing for as long as paragraph 2 of the Senior Preferred Stock remains in form and content substantially the same as the form and content of the Senior Preferred Stock in effect on September 30, 2012, no Periodic Commitment Fee shall be set, accrue, or be payable.

### 5. Amendment to Section 5.4 (Relating to Transfer of Assets).

Section 5.4 of the Existing Agreement is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 5.4. Transfer of Assets. Seller shall not, and shall not permit any of its subsidiaries to, in each case without prior written consent of Purchaser, sell, transfer, lease or otherwise dispose of (in one transaction or a series of related transactions) all or any portion of its assets (including Equity Interests in other persons, including subsidiaries), whether now owned or hereafter acquired (any such sale, transfer, lease or disposition, a "Disposition"), other than Dispositions for fair market value:
- (a) to a limited life regulated entity ("LLRE") pursuant to Section 1367(i) of the FHE Act;
- (b) of assets and properties in the ordinary course of business, consistent with past practice;
- (c) of assets and properties having fair market value individually or in aggregate less than \$250,000,000 in one transaction or a series of related transactions;
- (d) in connection with a liquidation of Seller by a receiver appointed pursuant to Section 1367(a) of the FHE Act;
  - (e) of cash or cash equivalents for cash or cash equivalents; or
- (f) to the extent necessary to comply with the covenant set forth in Section 5.7 below.

#### 6. Amendment to Section 5.7 (Relating to Owned Mortgage Assets).

Section 5.7 of the Existing Agreement is hereby amended to read as follows:

5.7. Mortgage Assets. Seller shall not own, as of any applicable date, Mortgage Assets in excess of (i) on December 31, 2012, \$650 billion, or (ii) on December 31 of each year thereafter, 85.0% of the aggregate amount of Mortgage Assets that Seller was permitted to own as of December 31 of the immediately preceding calendar year; provided, that in no event shall Seller be required under this Section 5.7 to own less than \$250 billion in Mortgage Assets.

# 7. Amendment to Section 5 (Adding New Section 5.11 Relating to "Annual Risk Management Plans").

Section 5 of the Existing Agreement is hereby amended by inserting after section 5.10 the following:

5.11. Annual Risk Management Plans. Not later than December 15, 2012, and not later than December 15 of each year thereafter while Seller remains in conservatorship pursuant to Section 1367 of the FHE Act, Seller shall, under the direction of Conservator, deliver a risk management plan to Purchaser. Each annual risk management plan shall set out Seller's strategy for reducing its enterprise-wide risk profile and shall describe, in reasonable detail, the actions Seller will take, to reduce both the financial and operational risk associated with each reportable business segment of Seller. Plans delivered subsequent to December 15, 2012 shall also include an assessment of Seller's performance relative to the planned actions described in the prior year's plan. The submission of annual risk management plans under this section shall not in any way limit or affect the Agency in any of its capacities to carry out its statutory responsibilities, including but not limited to providing direction to and oversight of Seller."

### 8. Existing Agreement to Continue, as Amended.

Except as expressly modified by this Third Amendment, the Existing Agreement shall continue in full force and effect.

### 9. Effective Date.

This Third Amendment shall not become effective until it has been executed by both of Purchaser and Seller. When this Third Amendment has been so executed, it shall become effective as of the date first above written.

# FEDERAL HOME LOAN MORTGAGE CORPORATION, by

Federal Housing Finance Agency, its Conservator

Edward J. De Warco Acting Director

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Timother, Geithner Secretary of the Treasury