| 1 | John J. Hebert (#010633) Mark W. Roth (#010708) | | | |
|----|---|---|--|--|
| 2 | Philip R. Rudd (#014026) Mary B. Martin (#019196) | | | |
| 3 | POLSINELLI SHUGHART PC | | | |
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| 5 | Phoenix, AZ 85004 Telephone: (602) 650-2000 | | | |
| 6 | Facsimile: (602) 264-7033 E-mail: PhoenixBankruptcyECF@polsinelli.com | | | |
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| 9 | Attorneys for Debtor | | | |
| 10 | IN THE UNITED STATES B | SANKRUPTCY COURT | | |
| 11 | THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA | | | |
| 12 | | | | |
| 13 | In re: | Chapter 11 Proceedings | | |
| 14 | 94 TH AND SHEA, L.L.C. | Case No. 2:10-bk-37387-SSC | | |
| 15 | Debtor. | NOTICE OF FILING REDLINED | | |
| 16 | | AMENDED DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND REDLINED | | |
| 17 | | AMENDED PLAN OF REORGANIZATION | | |
| | | REORGANIZATION | | |
| 18 | | | | |
| 19 | NOTICE IS HEDERY SWEN I A D. | outh or give the graph of the more than the | | |
| 20 | NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Deb | otor 94 th & Shea, L.L.C. ("Debtor") filed its | | |
| 21 | "Amended Disclosure Statement Relating to An | nended Plan of Reorganization" ("Amended | | |
| 22 | Disclosure Statement") and "Amended Plan of Reorganization" ("Amended Plan") on May 11, | | | |
| 23 | 2011. Attached hereto are redlined copies of the | "Amended Disclosure Statement Relating to | | |
| 24 | Amended Plan of Reorganization" and "Amended | Plan of Reorganization" redlined against the | | |
| 25 | Debtors' initial "Disclosure Statement Relating to P | lan of Reorganization" and the Debtor's initial | | |
| 26 | Plan of Reorganization each of which were filed on | February 17, 2011. | | |
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| 1 | DATED: May 11, 2011. |
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| 2 | POLSINELL SHUGHART PC |
| 3 | |
| 4 | John J. Hebert Mode W. Both |
| 5 | Mark W. Roth Philip R. Rudd Mary B. Martin |
| 6 | CityScape Plaza One E. Washington., Suite 1200 |
| 7 | Phoenix, AZ 85004 Attorneys for Debtor |
| 8 | Miorneys for Debior |
| 9 | COPY of the foregoing mailed (or served via electronic notification if indicated by an "*") |
| 10 | on May 11, 2011, to: |
| 11 | U.S. TRUSTEE'S OFFICE Robert R. Kinas * rkinas@swlaw.com Jonathan M. Saffer * jmsaffer@swlaw.com |
| 12 | Phoenix, AZ 85003 SNELL & WILMER LLP One S. Church Ave., Suite 1500 |
| 13 14 | Tucson, AZ 85701-1630 Attorneys for JPMCC 2007-CIBC19 Shea Boulevard, LLC |
| 15 | |
| 16 | By: Mary a. Shult |
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| 1 | John J. Hebert (#010633) | | | |
|---------------------------------|---|---|--|--|
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| 3 | Mary B. Martin (#019196) POLSINELLI SHUGHART PC | | | |
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| 8 | E-Mail: prudd@polsinelli.com E-Mail: mmartin@polsinelli.com | | | |
| 9 | | | | |
| 10 | Attorneys for Debtor | | | |
| 11 | IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT | | | |
| 12 | THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA | | | |
| 13 | In re: | Chapter 11 Proceedings | | |
| 14 | 94 TH AND SHEA, L.L.C., | Case No. 2:10-bk-37387-SSC | | |
| 15 | Debtor. | AMENDED DISCLOSURE | | |
| 16 | Debiol. | STATEMENT RELATING TO AMENDED PLAN OF REORGANIZATION | | |
| 1718 | INTRODUCTION | J | | |
| | I. INTRODUCTION | | | |
| 19 | | debtor-in-possession in the above captioned | | |
| 20 | bankruptcy case ("94 th and Shea" or "Debtor"), he | • | | |
| 21 | Debtor's estate the following " <u>Amended</u> Disclos | sure Statement Relating to Amended Plan of | | |
| 22 | Reorganization" (the "Disclosure Statement"). Thi | s Disclosure Statement is submitted pursuant to | | |
| 23 | 11 U.S.C. § 1125. | | | |
| 24 | 11 U.S.C. § 1125(b) prohibits the solicita | tion of acceptances or rejections of a Plan of | | |
| 25 | Reorganization unless such Plan is accompanied by | a copy of the Disclosure Statement which has | | |
| 26 | been approved by the Bankruptcy Court. | | | |
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| 28 | 1 2783683.01 2791120.2 | | | |

The purpose of this Disclosure Statement is to provide creditors and interested parties in this bankruptcy proceeding with such information as may reasonably be deemed sufficient to allow creditors and interested parties to make an informed decision regarding the Debtor's "Amended Plan of Reorganization" (the "Plan").

Unless otherwise noted, those portions of the Plan and this Disclosure Statement providing factual information concerning the Debtor, its assets and liabilities, have been prepared from information submitted by the Debtor and its retained professionals.

This Disclosure Statement contains information that may influence your decision to accept or reject the Debtor's proposed Plan. Please read this document with care.

The financial information contained in this Disclosure Statement has not been subjected to an audit by an independent certified public accountant. For that reason, the Debtor is not able to warrant or represent that the information contained in this Disclosure Statement is without any inaccuracy. To the extent practicable, the information has been prepared from the Debtor's financial books and records and great effort has been made to ensure that all such information is fairly represented.

This Disclosure Statement and the Plan will classify all creditors into Classes. treatment of each Class of creditors will be set forth in this Disclosure Statement and in the Plan. You should carefully examine the treatment of the Class to which your Claim will be assigned.

This Disclosure Statement requires approval by the Bankruptcy Court after notice and a hearing pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §1125(b). Once approved, the Disclosure Statement will be distributed with the Debtor's proposed Plan for voting. Approval of the Disclosure Statement by the Bankruptcy Court does not constitute either certification or approval of the Debtor's Plan by the Bankruptcy Court or that the Disclosure Statement is without any inaccuracy.

The Bankruptcy Court will confirm the Plan if the requirements of §1129 of the Bankruptcy Code are satisfied. The Bankruptcy Court must determine whether the Plan has been accepted by each impaired Class entitled to vote on the Plan. Impaired Classes entitled to vote on the Plan are

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those Classes of claims whose legal, equitable, or contractual rights are altered, as defined under §1124 of the Bankruptcy Code. An impaired Class of claims is deemed to have accepted the Plan if at least two-thirds (2/3) in amount of those claims who vote and more than one-half (1/2) in number of those claims who vote have accepted the Plan. An impaired Class of interests is deemed to have accepted the Plan if the Plan has been accepted by at least two-thirds (2/3) in amount of the allowed interests who vote on the Plan.

Even if each Class of creditors does not accept the Plan, the Plan can be confirmed under §1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, so long as one impaired Class of creditors accepts the Plan. This is referred to as the "cram down" provision of the Bankruptcy Code. The failure of each Class to accept the Plan could very well result in a conversion of this case to Chapter 7 or dismissal of the Chapter 11.

Only the votes of those creditors or interested parties whose ballots are timely received will be counted in determining whether a Class has accepted the Plan.

II. **DEFINITIONS**

The definitions set forth in Article I of the Plan apply in this Disclosure Statement except to the extent other definitions are set forth in this Disclosure Statement.

III. THE DEBTOR, BACKGROUND, AND EVENTS PRECIPITATING THE CHAPTER 11

A. Background

The Debtor is an Arizona limited liability company that was formed in May 2002. The Debtor's members are 9400 Shea Investors, LLC ("Shea Investors"), the Goodhue Family Partnership, L.L.L.P. ("Goodhue Partnership"), and the Rosso Family Partnership, L.L.L.P. ("Rosso Partnership"). The Debtor is managed by Steven J. Goodhue ("Goodhue") and John Rosso ("Rosso").

The Debtor owns and operates that certain real property known as The Shops And Office at 9400 Shea, located at 9325, 9343, 9375, and 9397 East Shea Boulevard in Scottsdale, Arizona (the "Property"). The Property consists of 37,037 square feet of retail space and 35,238 square feet of

office space. The retail space has 23,238 square feet occupied. The office space has 35,238 square feet occupied. The total occupancy for both office and retail is 81%. The Property is managed by Nobeus Property Management, Inc. an Arizona corporation. The Debtor believes the value of the Property to be between \$7 million and \$9 million as of the Petition Date. The Debtor also owns approximately 3.5 acres of adjacent land, described below as the "Outparcel."

JPMCC 2007-CIBC19 Shea Boulevard, LLC ("Lender"), has asserted a claim against the Debtor, allegedly secured by the Property, in the amount of approximately \$21 million. The Debtor believes that it has certain defenses, counter-claims and offsets against the Lender based upon, for example, the Lender's inappropriate and improper refusal to release funds from reserves held by the Lender and/or to release its lien in the Outparcel.

Specifically, for example, when the Loan from the Lender was originated, certain Loan proceeds were set aside in a Stabilization Reserve pursuant to a Side Letter dated May 17, 2007. The Side Letter Agreement provided that the funds in the Stabilization Reserve would be used to pay for construction costs for a parking lot that 94th & Shea was obligated to build on an adjacent property owned by W.P. Carey. 94th & Shea completed construction of the parking lot in 2009: however, despite having made several disbursement requests, approximately \$300,000 of the Stabilization Reserve was never disbursed by the Lender.

In addition, per the terms of the Side Letter another entity, North Scottsdale Medical Commons, L.L.C. transferred an adjacent 3.5 acres of land ("Outparcel") to 94th & Shea so that it could pledge it to the Lender as additional collateral to ensure the completion of the parking structure. While the parking structure was completed in 2009 and the Debtor made requests for release of the Outparcel, to date the Lender has not consented to release its lien on the Outparcel. By refusing to release either the remainder of the Stabilization Reserve or the lien on the Outparcel, the Lender has made it virtually impossible for 94th & Shea to have the means of paying certain construction costs or curing alleged defaults.

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Prior to the Debtor's bankruptcy filing, the Lender noticed a foreclosure sale of the Property for January 6, 2011. Despite the Debtor's best efforts to negotiate a resolution of Lender's asserted claims against the Debtor, the Debtor was unable to reach an agreement with Lender and filed its voluntary petition for relief on the Petition Date in order to reorganize and restructure its debts and liabilities for the benefit of all parties-in-interest.

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The Debtor's Relationships with Certain Tenants and Other Interested <u>B.</u> **Parties**

As mentioned, the Debtor is managed by Goodhue and Rosso and the Debtor's members include partnerships in which Goodhue and Rosso have interests. Goodhue and Rosso are also principals of, have interests in, and or have relationships with, certain tenants of the Property. Specifically:

94 Hundred Corporate Center

Goodhue and Rosso are the members of 94 Hundred Corporate Center, L.L.C. ("Corporate Center"). Corporate Center is a tenant, occupying Suite 100 consisting of approximately 35,239 square feet, of the Property pursuant to a Lease Agreement dated October 1, 2009 ("Corporate Center Lease"). The basic lease information for the Corporate Center Lease is attached hereto as Exhibit "A." The Debtor believes that the terms and conditions of the Corporate Center Lease reflect current market conditions and are arms-length terms. Corporate Center is current on its rent <u>obligations under the Corporate Center Lease.</u>

Corporate Center owns and operates an executive suites service at the Property whereby customers enter into a service agreement with Corporate Center for the use of office and conference room space and a wide variety of business services, including videoconference, phone and internet services, copy, mail and print services, concierge services, and receptionist and administrative services. A brochure regarding Corporate Center and its services is attached hereto

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as Exhibit "B." More information regarding Corporate Center is available at its website: http://www.corporatecenteroffices.com.

Goodhue and Rosso took over the corporate center space as a matter of necessity when the former tenant, Regus PLC, a publicly traded, multinational executive suite firm, breached its lease with the Debtor and stopped paying rent. The Debtor was forced to evict Regus from the corporate center space in October 2009. At that time, the occupancy of the corporate center was less than 50%. In order to preserve the value from those occupants of the corporate center, and to maintain a viable, on-going presence at the space occupied by the corporate center, Goodhue and Rosso committed substantial resources to take over the operations of the executive suites through Corporate Center. As a result of Goodhue's and Rosso's efforts and investments, the Corporate Center is currently approximately 92% occupied and is generating gross monthly revenues of approximately \$90,000 per month.

The existence of the Corporate Center at the Property is significant to the overall success of the Property, as it not only provides rent to the Debtor but also reflects a robust and active center to the public.

2. Renegade Canteen

Renegade Café & Canteen, LLC ("Renegade") is another tenant at the Property. Renegade's managing member is Leather Sandals, LLC ("Leather Sandals"). Goodhue and Rosso are the managers of Leather Sandals. The members of Leather Sandals include the Goodhue Partnership and the Rosso Partnership, Ed Leclere (who is also a creditor of the Debtor, as discussed below), and Tammera Wells. Renegade is a tenant, occupying approximately 7.800 square feet, of the Property pursuant to a Lease Agreement entered into by the parties in or about January 2010 ("Renegade Lease"). The basic lease information for the Renegade Lease is attached hereto as Exhibit "C." The Debtor believes that the terms and conditions of the Renegade Lease reflect current market conditions and are arms-length terms, particularly given the nature of the tenant, and the history of the tenant's space, and the role that the tenant plays at the Property.

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| 1 | Renegade is, and has been, delinquent on its rent payments to the Debtor due to insufficient cash |
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| 2 | flow from Renegade's operations. However, the Debtor is confident that Renegade is a viable |
| 3 | restaurant and will be able to turn its current operational issues around to the point where it will be |
| 4 | able to pay rent to the Debtor pursuant to the Renegade Lease and that Renegade will continue to |
| 5 | be a vital component of the Property's operations. |
| 6 | Renegade owns and operates the Renegade Canteen, a refined, yet affordable restauran |
| 7 | serving American Western cuisine prepared and inspired by James Beard Award-winning Cher |
| 8 | Robert McGrath. Chef Robert McGrath's impressive list of awards and credentials spans more |
| 9 | than two decades. At Renegade, Chef McGrath has created a welcoming and unpretentious |
| 10 | environment where friends and neighbors are encouraged to show up in a suit, or in shorts and |
| 11 | sandals, to enjoy a casual weekday dinner, or a romantic steak and wine dinner on a Saturday night |
| 12 | Renegade's distinctly Arizona décor is as warm and approachable as Chef McGrath's menu, which |
| 13 | reflects the influence of the medley of robust and distinctive flavors that emerged from the unique |
| 14 | mix of cultures in the American West. |
| 15 | Chef McGrath is credited with spearheading the American Western cuisine movement over |
| 16 | two decades ago. In 2001, Chef McGrath won The James Beard Foundation Award for Best Cher |
| 17 | in America — Southwest. Educated at the Culinary Institute of America, Hyde Park and Le Cordor |
| 18 | Bleu in Paris, France, Chef McGrath and his restaurants have been winning awards since 1985. He |
| 19 | has appeared on The Today Show, Good Morning America, The Morning Show on CBS, Live with |
| 20 | Regis and Kathie Lee, Good Morning Arizona, CNN, Lifestyles of the Rich and Famous, and The |
| 21 | Food Network. Chef McGrath is the author the best-selling cookbook, American Western Cooking |
| 22 | from the Roaring Fork, Taylor Trade Publishing, 2000. More information regarding Renegade |
| 23 | Canteen is available at its website: www.renegadecanteen.com. |
| 24 | The space currently occupied by Renegade was previously occupied by the South Beach |
| 25 | Restaurant ("South Beach"). However, due to poor management and low revenues, South Beach |
| 26 | was unable to pay rent to the Debtor and the Debtor forced South Beach to vacate the premises in |
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September 2009, around the same time that Regus was vacating the executive suite space. Again, like the executive suites, Goodhue and Rosso were forced to find a new tenant to occupy the vacant restaurant space for the benefit of the Property. Fortunately, they were introduced to Chef McGrath and persuaded him to join them in the creation of Renegade. After spending considerable time, effort and funds renovating the South Beach space, Renegade opened its doors for dinner on June 14, 2010. Since then, Renegade has received many glowing reviews of its cuisine, atmosphere and affordability. Further, the Property has been positively impacted by Renegade's opening, as it has helped to generate foot traffic and attract tenant-interest. Despite Renegade's current inability to pay rent to the Debtor, the existence of Renegade at the Property is significant to the overall success of the Property, as it not only provides potential rent to the Debtor but also reflects a robust and active center to the public.

3. Westar and Mary Lineback

Mary Lineback ("Lineback") is an independent contractor who performs services for Westar Development, LLC ("Westar"). Rosso is the manager and member of Westar. Lineback also performs certain accounting and oversight functions for the Debtor, and has done so since the Debtor's formation in May 2002. Lineback is paid \$4,000 per month by the Debtor for such services. The Court has approved this compensation to Lineback. Lineback and her daughter, Jill Lineback, are the members of Sway Boutique, LLC ("Sway"). Sway is a former tenant of the Property. Sway was unable to pay rent to the Debtor and closed its business in March 2011, Lineback is also a member of North Scottsdale Farmers Market, LLC ("Farmers Market") which promotes and organizes a farmer's market at the Property every Saturday throughout the year pursuant to a licensing agreement between the Debtor and Farmers Market. The Debtor believes that the terms and conditions of the licensing agreement are market terms and reflect arms-length negotiations between the Debtor and Farmers Market.

C. B. Operations

The Debtor has operated, and intends to continue operating, the Property as a high end retail center. The Debtor continues to receive income from tenants to pay for the ordinary and necessary operating expenses of the Property, as well as any necessary repairs, from such income. In fact, the Court has consistently entered orders authorizing the Debtor's use of Lender's asserted cash collateral pursuant to a budget, which has been approved the Court (the "Budget"). The Budget reflects the current anticipated revenues and expenses relating to the Property. Additionally, the Debtor continues to market and lease vacant space in the Property and to renew existing leases when appropriate.

In order to provide for efficient and productive operations, and to keep the Debtor's business competitive, the Debtor intends to retain the same management team and structure that existed pre-petition. The issues confronted by the Debtor that led to the bankruptcy filing were the product of market changes, not the Debtor's management or its structure. Thus, a change in management structure is not in the best interests of the Debtor or its creditors because the existing structure is appropriate to meet the needs of the Debtor.

By maintaining its current management and operational structure, the Debtor will avoid the transactional costs associated with significant and unnecessary change. In addition, the institutional knowledge of the management team will be preserved.

D. Construction Related Claims and Litigation

The project received its Cetificate Certificate of Substantianl Substantial Completion on February of 2008. However, there are still a number of construction issues that must be addressed. In late 2008, the Debtor discovered that a significant "Construction Bust" had occurred in the construction of the Property, and there were numerous "Punch List" items that were not being addressed. At that time, the Debtor had paid all but \$287K of an \$8MM construction loan. In light of these problems, the decision was made by the Debtor not to make any further payments to the general contractor until the full scope of the "Construction Bust" was determined, and a plan for remediation was finalized, as well as demonstrable progress being made on the Punch List.

Of particular concern was that the tunnel, which passes under the 2 story office building, did not meet the plan specifications. Simply put, in several areas, the tunnel was too low making it impassable for certain trucks and equipment, such as fire trucks. While the exact cause of this "bust" has not been fully determined, the culpable parties include the contractor, the engineer, and/or the architect. At this time, the Debtor has employed the services of a very experienced and competent The Debtor is currently working through these construction defect lawyer and is working through the issues with the assistance of counsel.

E. D. Preferences and Fraudulent Conveyances

To the extent that a preference or fraudulent conveyance occurred before the bankruptcy filing, such transfer may be recoverable by the bankruptcy estate for the benefit of the estate under §§ 544, 547, or 548 of the Bankruptcy Code. To date, no complaints have been filed under any of these theories, and the Debtor is not currently aware of any causes of action for the recovery of preferences or fraudulent conveyances. To the extent any such claims exist, they will be analyzed for their potential value to the estate. These potential claims are specifically preserved for the benefit of the bankruptcy estate. Any recovery that is obtained will be obtained for the benefit of the estate.

F. Projections of Future Operations

Attached hereto as Exhibit "D" are the Debtor's ten (10) year projections of future revenues and expenses ("Projections"), as well as the "lease-up" assumptions pertaining to the Projections.

IV. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING THE CHAPTER 11 CASE

A. <u>Administrative Proceedings</u>

The Debtor filed its Petition for Relief under Chapter 11 on November 19, 2010, and a first meeting of creditors was held on December 21, 2010.

B. Retention of Professionals

The Debtor retained Polsinelli Shughart, P.C. ("PS") to act as its original bankruptcy counsel. The Court signed an Order approving the retention of PS on December 14, 2010.

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C. Appointment of Unsecured Creditors Committee

The United States Trustee's Office filed a statement stating that, despite its efforts to contact unsecured creditors, it was unable to appoint a Committee of Unsecured Creditors.

D. Motion and Orders Regarding the Use of Cash Collateral

The Debtor filed a motion to use the revenues generated by the Property, which Lender asserts constitute its cash collateral, on November 19, 2010. Lender filed an objection to the use of its asserted cash collateral on November 30, 2010. Following a hearing on December 1, 2010, the Court entered its agreed order authorizing the Debtor's use of the purported cash collateral through January 30, 2011, with certain restrictions, on January 20, 2011. Also on January 20, 2011, the Court heard evidence regarding the Debtor's request for authority to pay an asset management fee to the Debtor's managers. Following the evidentiary hearings, on February 2, 2011, the Court entered its order authorizing the Debtor to pay an asset management fee to the Debtor's managers in the amount of \$6,000 per month.

On January 26, 2011, the Debtor filed its second motion for authorization to use cash collateral through April 30, 2011. Lender filed a limited objection to this second request. The Court held a hearing regarding the Debtor's request on February 3, 2011. At that hearing, the Court authorized the Debtor's use of cash collateral, pursuant to a budget submitted and approved by the Court, through April 30, 2011. An order to this effect was lodged with the Court on February 7, 2010.—2011. The Debtor is currently negotiating with the Lender regarding a further continuation of the agreement for the use of cash collateral.

E. Operating Reports

The Debtor's monthly operating reports are current and copies can be obtained from the Court's electronic docket

V. DESCRIPTION OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF THE DEBTORS

A. Assets

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The values ascribed to the Debtor's assets below are based on the Debtor's best estimate and other factors such as the purchase price, comparable sales, tax assessments, and appraisals.

- **1. Real Property** Between approximately \$7 million and \$9 million.
- **2. Bank Accounts** Approximately \$16,151.35 as of the Petition Date. The Debtor has accumulated, and continues to accumulate, net cash from operations of the Property since the Petition Date. The current amount of cash held by the Debtor is reflected in the most recent Monthly Operating Report filed by the Debtor.
- **3. Accounts Receivable** The Debtor owns certain accounts receivable from tenants for unpaid rent in the amount of approximately \$101,186.62 as of the Petition Date.
- **4. Vehicle** The Debtor owns a service vehicle with an estimated value of approximately \$6,000 as of the Petition Date.
- **5. Personal Property** The Debtor owns certain tools valued at approximately \$250 as of the Petition Date.

B. <u>Liabilities</u>

The following is an overview of the Debtor's known liabilities.

1. Priority Claims

The Debtor is not aware of the existence of any pre-petition priority claims.

2. Secured Claims

- a. The Debtor's schedules list Lender as a secured creditor with a first position lien on the Property in the amount of approximately \$21,000,000. The Debtor has listed the Lender' claim as disputed and the Debtor believes that it has certain counter-claims, offsets and defenses to Lender's asserted claim.
- b. The Debtor's schedules list the accounting firm of Forrest & Trapp, P.C. as a secured creditor with a claim of approximately \$1,500 secured by a cash retainer held by Forrest & Trapp.

1 claim of approximately \$6,000, secured by the Debtor's service vehicle. 2

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3. **Unsecured Claims**

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According to the Debtor's Schedules of Assets and Liabilities, the total amount of unsecured claims, not including any deficiency claims of secured creditors, is \$1,855,116.48. This amount includes tenant security deposits in the amount of approximately \$25,000, claims owing to 9400 Corporate Center in the total amount of \$13,585.95, a claim for reimbursement of tenant improvement costs, held by Cohen, in the amount of approximately \$69,000, and Construction Claims in the amount of nearly \$900,000. The Debtor has certain counter-claims, offsets and defenses to the Construction Claims.

The Debtor's schedules list Ed Leclere as a secured creditor with a

These unsecured claims also include a claim by the City of Scottsdale's Water Resources Department ("City of Scottsdale") in the estimated amount of \$196,303.13. This claim is for certain water and wastewater development fees that the Debtor owes to the City of Scottsdale pursuant to that certain "Financial Obligation Agreement for Payment of Water & Sewer Development Fees & Penalties" dated January 10, 2005 between the Debtor and the City of Scottsdale (the "Development Agreement"). The Development Agreement was recorded in the Official Records of the Maricopa County Recorder's Office on July 5, 2005 at document no. 20050923668. Generally, the Development Agreement provides that the Debtor is required to pay certain development fees to the City of Scottsdale as a condition precedent to the Debtor's receipt of water and sewer services. The Development Agreement further provides that the Debtor was required to, and the Debtor did, submit a Water and Sewer Need Report to the City of Scottsdale that estimates the Debtor's anticipated annual water and sewer needs for the Debtor's Property. Pursuant to the Development Agreement, the City is entitled to monitor the Debtors' water and sewer usage for a minimum period of three years beginning on the date a certificate of occupancy is issued for the Property. If the amount of actual water and sewage usage exceeds the projected usage, then the Debtor is required to pay additional development fees to the City of Scottsdale. The

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Debtor believes that the City of Scottsdale is in the process of analyzing the Debtor's water and sewage usage to determine if additional development fees are required under the Development Agreement. The Debtor anticipates that it will retain a consultant to assist the Debtor is addressing the City of Scottsdale in this regard, but anticipates that additional development fees will be required.

C. Administrative Expenses

The Debtor's administrative expenses consist of the fees and costs of attorneys and other professionals necessary to the Debtor's operations, bankruptcy case, and plan of reorganization. The fees and costs of these professionals will not be precisely known until the Bankruptcy Case is completed. However, as set forth below, the Debtor's professionals anticipate that either (a) the retainers they presently have will be sufficient to cover the services they have rendered, and will render, in the Bankruptcy Case, or (b) for those professionals that do not have retainers and will be paid by some other manner, their projected anticipated fees and costs for their services will be commensurate with their historical fees and costs incurred by the Debtor.

The Debtor's bankruptcy counsel is PS. PS is currently in possession of a retainer in the amount of \$100,000. PS anticipates its fees will be less than the amount of the retainer. However, to the extent that PS's fees and costs exceed the amount of the retainer, PS's fees and costs will constitute administrative claims against the Debtor's Estate.

VI. PLAN SUMMARY

The following statements concerning the Plan are merely a summary of the Plan and are not complete. The statements are qualified entirely by express reference to the Plan. Creditors are urged to consult with counsel or each other in order to understand the Plan fully. The Plan is complete, inasmuch as it proposes a legally binding agreement by the debtor, and an intelligent judgment cannot be made without reading it in full. With the exception of the Classes 1-A through 1-C (the "Priority Claims"), all the creditors of the Debtor are impaired under the terms of the Plan. The Secured Creditors are impaired because they will be subjected to different treatment than they

| 1 | had originally contracted for with the Debtor. The Unsecured Creditors will be impaired because | | |
|----|---|--|--|
| 2 | they will be subject to different treatment than they originally contracted for. Thus, the Debtor wil | | |
| 3 | have numerous classes with the right to vote on its Plan of reorganization, as set forth herein. | | |
| 4 | VII. CLASSIFICATION OF CLAIMS AND INTERESTS. | | |
| 5 | A. <u>Class 1: Priority Claims</u> | | |
| 6 | 1. Class 1-A consists of Allowed Priority Claims under 11 U.S.C. § 503 | | |
| 7 | and § 507(a)(2) (Administrative Claims). | | |
| 8 | 2. Class 1-B consists of Allowed Priority Claims under 11 U.S.C. § | | |
| 9 | 507(a)(3) (Wage Claims). | | |
| 10 | 3. Class 1-C consists of Allowed Priority Claims under 11 U.S.C. | | |
| 11 | §507(a)(8) (Tax Claims). | | |
| 12 | B. Class 2: Secured Claims | | |
| 13 | 1. Class 2-A consists of the Allowed Secured Claim of JPMCC. | | |
| 14 | 2. Class 2-B consists of the Allowed Secured Claim of Maricopa County | | |
| 15 | for real property taxes. | | |
| 16 | 3. Class 2-C consists of the Allowed Secured Claim of Leclere. | | |
| 17 | 4. Class 2-D consists of the Allowed Secured Claim of Forrest & Trapp. | | |
| 18 | C. Class 3: Allowed Claim of Cohen | | |
| 19 | Class 3 consists of the Allowed Claim of Cohen relating to the Debtor's obligation to | | |
| 20 | reimburse Cohen for tenant improvements made to Cohen's leased premises. | | |
| 21 | D. Class 4: Tenant Security Deposits | | |
| 22 | Class 43 consists of Allowed Claims by tenants for the return of tenant security deposits | | |
| 23 | held by the Debtor. | | |
| 24 | D. E. Class 54: Unsecured Claims | | |
| 25 | Class 54 consists of the Allowed Unsecured Claims of Creditors not otherwise treated in | | |
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| E. | Class 5: | City of S | scottsdale | Development | Agreement | Claims |
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Class 5 consists of the allowed claims of the City of Scottsdale for water and wastewater development fees under the Development Agreement.

F. **Class 6: Construction Claims**

Class 6 consists of all Allowed Construction Claims.

G. Class 7: Interest Holders

Class 7 consists of all Allowed Interests of Interest Holders.

VIII. IMPAIRMENT OF CLASSES.

Classes 1-A, 1-B, and 1-C are unimpaired under the Plan. All other Classes are Impaired, as that term is defined in 11 U.S.C. § 1124.

IX. TREATMENT OF CLASSES.

Α. Class 1: Priority Claims

1. **Class 1-A: Administrative Claims**

This Class consists of Allowed Priority Claims under 11 U.S.C. §§ 503 and 507(a)(2) – administrative priority claims. Unless Claimants holding Claims in this Class agree to an alternative form of treatment, the Allowed Claims of Class 1-A shall be paid in full, in cash, on or before the Effective Date or as the same are Allowed and ordered paid by the Court. Any Class 1-A Claim not allowed as of the Effective Date shall be paid as soon thereafter as it is allowed by the Court according to the terms of this Class. This Class is not impaired.

2. Class 1-B: Wage Claims

This Class consists of Allowed Priority Claims under 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(4) – wage claims. As provided in 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(9)(B), unless Claimants holding Claims in this Class agree to an alternative form of treatment, the Allowed Priority Claims of Class 1-B shall be paid in full, in cash, on or before the Effective Date. The Debtor does not believe that any claims exist under this Class. Any Class 1-B Claim not allowed as of the Effective Date shall be paid as soon thereafter as they are allowed by the Court according to the terms of this Class. This Class is not impaired.

3. Class 1-C: Tax Claims

This Class consists of Allowed Priority Claims under 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(8) – tax Claims which are not otherwise treated as secured claims herein. As provided in 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(9)(C), unless Claimants holding Claims in this Class agree to an alternative form of treatment, the Allowed Priority Claims of Class 1-C shall be paid in full, in cash, on or before the Effective Date, or, at the Debtor's option, such Allowed Claims shall be paid, on account of such Allowed Claim, deferred cash payments, over a period not exceeding five years after the date of assessment of such Claim, of a value, as of the Effective Date of the Plan, equal to the allowed amount of such Claim. Any Class 1-C Claims not allowed as of the Effective Date shall be paid as soon thereafter as they are allowed by the Court according to the terms of this Class. This Class is not impaired.

B. Class 2: Secured Claims

1. <u>Class 2-A – Allowed Secured Claims of JPMCC</u>

This Class consists of the Allowed Secured Claim of JPMCC. This Class is impaired.

JPMCC asserts that it has the right to make an election under § 1111(b) of the Bankruptcy Code. Accordingly, the following discussion sets forth alternate treatments of JPMCC's secured claim, depending upon whether JPMCC makes the § 1111(b) election or not.

(i) JPMCC's Treatment if the § 1111(b) Election is Not Made

Pursuant to § 506(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, the amount of JPMCC's Allowed Secured Claim shall be limited to the value of its collateral, which the Debtor believes to be in the range of between approximately \$7 million and \$9 million. The remainder of JPMCC's Allowed Claim shall be treated as a general unsecured claim in Class 5.4. The Debtor intends to pay JPMCC's Allowed Secured Claim in full, with interest at the Plan Rate, over a period of ten (10) years.

Specifically, the Debtor will execute and deliver to JPMCC a promissory note (the "New JPMCC Note") in the principal face amount of JPMCC's Allowed Secured Claim. The New JPMCC Note will mature and become fully due and payable on the 10th anniversary of the

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Effective Date (the "New JPMCC Note Maturity Date"). During the term of the New JPMCC Note, the Debtor will make monthly principal and interest payments to JPMCC based upon a 25 year amortization schedule with interest at the Plan Rate. On the New JPMCC Note Maturity Date, all remaining amounts of principal and interest due under the New JPMCC Note will be immediately due and payable, and will be paid by the Debtor to JPMCC either through a sale of the Real Property or through refinancing of the Real Property. The first payment of principal and interest will be made on the Effective Date, and each monthly payment thereafter will be made on the first business day of each month during the term of the New JPMCC Note.

JPMCC will retain its existing lien on the property that served as collateral for JPMCC's Claim pre-petition, except the Outparcel (as defined in the Disclosure Statement), until the New JPMCC Note has been satisfied in full. As of the Effective Date, the Outparcel shall be reconveyed by the Debtor, free and clear of any liens (except—to real property taxes), to North Scottsdale Medical Commons, L.L.C. pursuant to the terms of the Side Letter (as defined in the Disclosure Statement). At any time prior to the end of the term, the Debtor may pay the balance of the New JPMCC Note without penalty.

The Debtor anticipates that, during the first approximately 24 months following the Effective Date of the Plan, before the occupancy of the Real Property becomes fully stabilized, the Real Property may not generate sufficient net cash flow, after paying operating expenses, to make the full amount of monthly principal and interest payments payable under the New JPMCC Note (the "Monthly Note Payments"). Accordingly, on the Effective Date of the Plan, and as discussed below, the Interest Holder(s) or the Successful Bidder will deposit the New Value into an interest bearing reserve account (the "Reserve Account") which can be used to, among other things, pay any cash flow deficiency between the monthly net cash flow generated by the Real Property and the Monthly Note Payments during the term of the New JPMCC Note (a "Cash Flow Deficiency"), if any. To the extent that the use of the funds in the Reserve Accounts will result in the amount of funds in the Reserve Account being reduced to an amount below \$50,000, at any time during the

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term of the New JPMCC Note, the Reorganized Debtor (from any retained excess cash flow) or the Interest Holder, or the Successful Bidder, if any, (from an additional contribution of capital) will replenish the Reserve Account such that the Reserve Account shall always be maintained in the total amount of \$50,000 until the New JPMCC Note matures.

The failure to maintain the Reserve Account in the total amount of at least \$50,000 will constitute a default under the New JPMCC Note and the lien in the collateral securing the New JPMCC Note.

Immediately upon payment, in full, of the New JPMCC Note, JPMCC's Allowed Secured Claim, and its secured interest in the Real Property, will be deemed satisfied, extinguished, released and discharged, in full.

(ii) JPMCC's Treatment if the § 1111(b) Election is Made

If JPMCC makes the § 1111(b) election, then JPMCC's entire Allowed Claim will be treated as fully secured, and JPMCC will not have any claims in Class 4.

In this event, the Debtor will treat JPMCC's Allowed Claim as follows:

- Except with respect to the Outparcel, JPMCC will retain its lien on the Property and its other pre-petition collateral in the full amount of its Allowed Claim, as such Allowed Claim is determined by the Court. As of the Effective Date, the Outparcel shall be reconveyed by the Debtor, free and clear of any liens (except real property taxes), to North Scottsdale Medical Commons, L.L.C. pursuant to the terms of the Side Letter (as defined in the Disclosure Statement).
- For purposes of this analysis, the Debtor assumes that (i) JPMCC's Allowed Claim will be established at no more than \$21,000,000, rather than the over \$29,000,000 asserted by JPMCC in its pleadings filed in this case; and (ii) the value of JPMCC's collateral is \$8 million. The actual amount of JPMCC's Allowed Claim, and the value of its collateral base, will be established by the Court.
- The Reorganized Debtor will pay the total amount of JPMCC's Allowed Claim on or before the end of the fifteenth year following the Effective Date of the Plan as follows:

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- (i) On the Effective Date, the Debtor will make a payment of \$57,000 to JPMCC;
- (ii) Each month thereafter, the Debtor shall make payments of \$57,000 each to JPMCC, for a total annual payment to JPMCC of \$684,000 per year for a period of fifteen years (the "Pre-Payoff Period");
- (iii) On or before the end of the fifteenth year following the Effective Date of the Plan (the "Pay-Off Date"), the Debtor will pay the remaining balance of JPMCC's Allowed Claim, assumed to be \$10,740,000 (based upon an initial loan amount of \$21,000,000), from either the sale of the Real Property or a refinancing of the Real Property.
- Notwithstanding the foregoing payment schedule, the Reorganized Debtor shall have the right and ability to make additional principal reduction payments to JPMCC during the Pre-Payoff Period, without penalty, from excess cash flow, if any, from the operations of the Property, which payments will reduce the amount of JPMCC's Allowed Claim payable on the Pay-Off Date.
- In the event the Court finds that JPMCC's Allowed Claim is greater than \$21,000,000 and/or that the value of JPMCC's collateral is more than \$8 million, then (i) the stream of payments on JPMCC's claim will remain the same as set forth above but (ii) any balance of JPMCC's Allowed Claim remaining on the Pay-Off Date will be increased accordingly.
- The Debtor anticipates that, during the first approximately 24 months following the Effective Date of the Plan, before the occupancy of the Property becomes stabilized, the Property may not generate sufficient net cash flow, after paying operating expenses, to make the full amount of monthly payments called for in the foregoing payment schedule. Accordingly, just as with the Debtor's treatment of JPMCC's claim if JPMCC does not make the § 1111(b) election, on the Effective Date of the Plan, as part of the New Value infused by the Interest Holder, if any, the Interest Holder will deposit the New Value into the Reserve Account, which can be used to, among other things, pay any cash flow deficiency between the net cash flow generated by the Property

| 1 | and the amounts due to JPMCC under the foregoing payment schedule, if any. To the extent that |
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| 2 | the use of the funds in the Reserve Accounts will result in the amount of funds in the Reserve |
| 3 | Account being reduced to an amount below \$50,000, at any time prior to the Pay-Off Date, the |
| 4 | Reorganized Debtor (from any retained excess cash flow) or the Interest Holder (from an |
| 5 | additional contribution of capital) will replenish the Reserve Account such that the Reserve |
| 6 | Account shall always be maintained in the total amount of \$50,000 until the Pay-Off Date. The |
| 7 | failure to maintain the Reserve Account in the total amount of at least \$50,000 will constitute a |
| 8 | default under the Plan and the loan documents contemplated herein. Further, any failure by the |
| 9 | Debtor to make the payments set forth in the foregoing schedule, or to pay the remaining unpaid |
| 10 | amount of JPMCC's Allowed Claim on the Pay-Off Date, will constitute a default under the Plan. |
| 11 | Immediately upon payment, in full, of JPMCC's Allowed Claim, JPMCC's secured |
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- n, JPMCC's secured interest in the Property and any other collateral securing its Allowed Claim will be deemed satisfied, extinguished, released and discharged, in full.
- The Reorganized Debtor reserves its right and ability to sell or refinance the Property at any time during the Pre-Payoff Period, so long as the net sale or loan proceeds (after payment of costs of sale or loan) are sufficient to pay the remaining amount of JPMCC's Allowed Claim in full.

2. Class 2-B -Allowed Secured Claim of Maricopa County

This Class consists of the Allowed Secured Claim of Maricopa County, Arizona ("Maricopa County"), if any, that is secured by a tax lien on the Real Property. This Class is impaired.

Commencing on the Effective Date, the Allowed Secured Claim of Maricopa County, if any, will be paid in equal quarterly payments of principal and interest over a term of 1 year. Interest will accrue and will be paid at the statutory rate plus 2%. The County will retain its existing secured interest in the Real Property until this claim has been satisfied in full.

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If funds generated from the normal operations of the Real Property are insufficient to pay the secured real property tax claims as provided herein, the payments required herein to Maricopa County will be made from the New Value contributed by the Interest Holder(s) or the Successful Bidder, if any.

3. Class 2-C -Allowed Secured Claim of Leclere

This Class consists of the Allowed Secured Claim of Leclere in the amount of approximately \$6,000 secured by a service vehicle ("Leclere Collateral") used by the Debtor in connection with the operation and maintenance of the Real Property. This Class is impaired.

Leclere's Allowed Secured Claim shall be limited to the value of the Leclere Collateral as of the Confirmation Date. The remainder of Leclere's Allowed Claim shall be treated as a general unsecured claim in Class 5.4. The Debtor intends to pay Leclere's Allowed Secured Claim in full, with interest at the Plan Rate, over a period of three (3) years.

Specifically, the Debtor will execute and deliver to Leclere a promissory note (the "New Leclere Note") in the principal face amount of Leclere's Allowed Secured Claim. The New Leclere Note will mature and become fully due and payable on the 3rd anniversary of the Effective Date (the "New Leclere Note Maturity Date"). During the term of the New Leclere Note, the Debtor will make monthly principal and interest payments to Leclere based upon a three year amortization schedule with interest at the Plan Rate such that the New Leclere Note will be paid in full as of the New Leclere Note Maturity Date. The first payment of principal and interest will be made on the Effective Date, and each monthly payment thereafter will be made on the first business day of each month during the term of the New Leclere Note.

Leclere will retain its existing lien on the Leclere Collateral until the New Leclere Note has been satisfied in full. At any time prior to the end of the term, the Debtor may pay the balance of the New Leclere Note without penalty.

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Immediately upon payment, in full, of the New Leclere Note, Leclere's Allowed Secured Claim, and its secured interest in the Leclere Collateral, will be deemed satisfied, extinguished, released and discharged, in full.

4. Class 2-D –Allowed Secured Claim of Forrest & Trapp

This Class consists of the Allowed Secured Claim of Forrest & Trapp in the amount of approximately \$1,500.00. This Class is impaired.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the retention agreement between Forrest & Trapp, Forrest & Trapp's Allowed Secured Claim shall include interest at the Plan Rate from the date that the amount due and owing to Forrest & Trapp first became 60 days past due until the Effective Date of the Plan. On the Effective Date of the Plan, Forrest & Trapp will be entitled to apply its collateral (consisting of a cash retainer) to the principal amount of Forrest & Trapp's claim, plus any such accrued interest. Regardless of the total amount of Forrest & Trapp's claim, Forrest & Trapp's application of its retainer to the principal amount of the claim and any accrued interest shall be deemed to be in full and final satisfaction of Forrest & Trapp's claims against the Debtor. To the extent that the amount of the retainer is greater than the amount of Forrest & Trapp's claim, including accrued interest, Forrest & Trapp shall deliver any excess funds to the Debtor after application of the retainer to Forrest & Trapp's claim.

C. Class 3: Allowed Claim of Cohen

This Class consists of the Allowed Claim of Cohen for unreimbursed tenant improvement costs and expenses owing by the Debtor to Cohen in the amount of approximately \$69,000 ("Cohen's Reimbursement Claim"). This Class is impaired.

Cohen's Reimbursement Claim shall not accrue interest. Cohen's Reimbursement Claim shall be satisfied and paid in full by Cohen setting off against the monthly rent owing by Cohen to the Debtor, beginning with the month following the Effective Date, pursuant to the following schedule until Cohen's Reimbursement Claim is paid in full:

Months 1-6 \$3,000 per month

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Once Cohen's Reimbursement Claim is paid in full, Cohen will no longer receive a rental credit on the rent due to the Reorganized Debtor.

This Class consists of all Allowed Unsecured Claims of tenants for pre-petition security

The Reorganized Debtor shall retain its right and ability to determine whether and what

extent a tenant is entitled to the return of its security deposit pursuant to the terms of the lease

between the Debtor and the tenant and applicable state law. However, notwithstanding anything to

the contrary in the lease between the Debtor and its tenants or in applicable law, valid and

enforceable tenant security deposits will be paid to tenants within 90 days of the later of either (a)

the date that the Debtor determines the appropriate amount of the security deposit to be returned or

(b) the date the tenant vacates its premises. This 90 day delay is necessary in order to ensure that

the Debtor has sufficient funds on hand to return the security deposit to the tenant, either from the

cash flow of the Real Property or from an infusion of cash from one or more of the New Interest

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D. <u>Class 4: Tenant Security Deposits</u>

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deposits held by the Debtor in the total aggregate amount of approximately \$26,431. This Class is impaired.

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D. E. Class 54: Unsecured Claims

This Class consists of all Allowed Unsecured Claims of Creditors that are not specifically treated elsewhere in the Plan (*e.g.*, this Class does not include the Allowed Claim of Cohen, claims of tenants for security deposits, Construction Claims, the City of Scottsdale claims under the Development Agreement, or any administrative or priority claims). JPMCC's and Leclere's respective unsecured deficiency elaimsclaim—*i.e.*, the difference between the amount of their respective the Allowed Claims and the value of their respective collateral, if any—will be included in this Class *if but only if* JPMCC does not make the § 1111(b) election. If JPMCC does make the § 1111(b) election, then it will not have any claims in this Class. This Class also

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includes Leclere's unsecured deficiency claim—*i.e.*, the difference between the amount of his Allowed Claims and the value of his collateral, if any. This Class is impaired.

(i) Treatment of Allowed Unsecured Claims if JPMCC Does Not Make the § 1111(b) Election

If JPMCC does not make the § 1111(b) election, then Allowed Unsecured Claims will be treated as follows:

- If the Interest Holder(s) is the successful bidder at the auction discussed below, if any, the Interest Holder(s) will waive their Unsecured Claims against the Debtor and the Debtor²'s Estate, and will not participate in any distribution to Class 54 Claimants. However, if the Interest Holder(s) is not the successful bidder at the auction, then the Interest Holder(s) shall participate in the distributions to this Class to the extent of any Claims they may have against the Debtors.
 - The Allowed Unsecured Claims in this Class will be treated as follows:
- (i) First, Allowed Unsecured Claims will share, pro-rata, in a distribution of the sum of \$150,000 in cash (the "Unsecured Distribution Amount") paid by the Reorganized Debtor, from the New Value contribution, on the 90th day following the Effective Date of the Plan.
- Unsecured Claim its pro rata portion of a \$500,000 subordinated debenture payable to holders of Allowed Unsecured Claims (the "Subordinated Debenture"). The Subordinated Debenture will not accrue interest. The Subordinated Debenture will be secured by a second position lien in and to the Real Property, subject only to real property taxes and the Allowed Secured Claim of JPMCC. The Reorganized Debtor shall not be required to make periodic payments to the holders of the Subordinated Debenture. However, the Subordinated Debenture will be fully due and payable on the 10th anniversary of the Effective Date of the Plan or upon the sale or refinancing of the Real Property.

- The Interest Holder(s), or the Successful Bidder, if any, will contribute the Unsecured Distribution Amount, as part of the New Value contribution, into an account created by the Reorganized Debtor for the receipt of such funds (the "Unsecured Reserve Account").
- Upon their receipt of (a) their respective pro rata portions of the Unsecured Distribution Amount and (b) their pro rata distributions from the payment of the Subordinated Debenture, all Allowed Unsecured Claims in this Class shall be deemed paid and discharged in full.

(ii) Treatment of Allowed Unsecured Claims if JPMCC Does Make the § 1111(b) Election

<u>If JPMCC makes the § 1111(b) election, then Allowed Unsecured Claims will be treated as</u> follows:

- Corporate Center and/or any other affiliates of the Debtor holding Unsecured Claims, will waive their Unsecured Claims against the Debtor and the Debtor's Estate, and will not participate in any distribution to Class 4 Claimants.
- The Allowed Unsecured Claims in this Class (again, not including any claim by tenants for security deposits, Construction Claims, or the City of Scottsdale's claims under the Development Agreement) will be paid their pro rata distribution of a cash distribution in the total amount of \$150,000 (i.e., the Unsecured Distribution Amount) on the 90th day following the Effective Date of the Plan.
- Upon their receipt of the funds from the Reorganized Debtor, all Allowed
 Unsecured Claims in this Class shall be deemed paid and discharged in full.

E. Class 5: City of Scottsdale Development Agreement Claims

This Class consists of the allowed claims of the City of Scottsdale for water and wastewater development fees under the Development Agreement. The Debtor is in the process of engaging a consultant to determine the amount of the City of Scottsdale's claims in this regard. The Debtor will pay the full Allowed amount of the City of Scottsdale's pre-petition claims arising under the Development Agreement, with interest at the rate of 5% per annum, by making equal quarterly

payments to the City of Scottsdale such that the Allowed amount of this claim is paid no later than the 6th anniversary of the Effective Date of the Plan. Upon payment in full of the Allowed amount of this Claim, with interest at the rate of 5% per annum, the City of Scottsdale's claims arising under the Development Agreement will be deemed satisfied and discharged in full. This Class is impaired.

F. **Class 6: Construction Claims**

This Class 6 consists of all Allowed Construction Claims. The Debtor is currently engaged in litigation, or pre-litigation discussions, with the holders of the Construction Claims. The Debtor believes that it has counter-claims, set-off rights and other defenses to the Construction Claims. To the extent that any holder of a Construction Claim is determined to have an Allowed Claim against the Debtor, after all rights of the Debtor and the holder of such Construction Claim have been fully adjudicated or resolved, then the Debtor will pay each such holder of an Allowed Construction Claim a total payment of 5% of the Allowed Amount of such Construction Claim in equal quarterly payments over a period of two years from either the Effective Date or the date that the Allowed Construction Claim is finally adjudicated or settled and, thereby, becomes Allowed. Upon payment of such amount, the Allowed Construction Claim will be deemed satisfied and discharged in full. This Class is impaired.

G. **Class 7:** Interest Holders

This Class—7 consists of all Allowed Interests of the Interest Holder in the Debtor. The Interest Holder(s) will purchase the equity interests in the Reorganized Debtor by the contribution of cash to the Reorganized Debtor, on the Effective Date, in the amount of \$500,0001 (i.e., the New Value). The New Value will be used to:

(a) pay the amount necessary to pay all Class 1 Allowed Priority Claims as set forth above;

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¹ The amount of the New Value may be adjusted, as and if necessary, depending upon the ultimate determination of the amount of JPMCC's Allowed Secured Claim.

- (b) pay the amounts to Maricopa County as set forth above, to the extent that cash flow from the Real Property is insufficient to pay the taxes;
 - (c) pay the Unsecured Distribution Amount of \$150,000;
- (d) fund the Reserve Account to pay, as necessary, among other things, (1) debt service payments to JPMCC, to the extent that cash flow is insufficient to make debt service payments, (2) tenant improvements, (3) broker's commissions, and (4) other necessary and appropriate capital expenses of the Real Property to ensure that the value of the Real Property is maintained;
- (e) pay the amount(s) due to Allowed Construction Claims, if any, as such amounts become due and payable, and only to the extent that cash flow from the operation of the Real Property is insufficient to pay such Allowed Construction Claims.

If the Court determines that, under the circumstances, the New Value to be contributed by the Interest Holder(s) is insufficient, or that other parties-in-interest should be allowed to bid for the equity interests in the Reorganized Debtor, then other interested parties may bid for the equity interests in the Reorganized Debtor by meeting all of the terms and conditions identified below. Such bids shall be made pursuant to the following auction procedures and terms:

- The auction ("Auction") of the equity interests in the Reorganized Debtor will be a. held thirty days after the Confirmation Hearing, in the courtroom, with the Court presiding over the bidding.
- b. Any party wishing to bid on the equity interests of the Reorganized Debtor must satisfy the following requirements to be a "Qualified Bidder":
 - i. The bidder must be a current Creditor or Interest Holder of the Debtor. This requirement is necessary to avoid any potential registration or like requirements of any applicable securities laws or regulations.
 - ii. The bidder must deposit \$100,000 in cash ("Deposit") with the Debtor's counsel at least twenty-five days prior to the Auction. Any Deposits will be returned to any unsuccessful bidder on the day following the Auction. The Deposit, plus any additional

amounts bid by the Successful Bidder at the Auction for the equity interests in the Reorganized Debtor, will be delivered to the Reorganized Debtor on the Effective Date of the Plan.

- atisfactory evidence to the Debtor of their ability to make a cash payment to the Debtor, on the Effective Date of the Plan, in the amount of no less than \$550,000. To the extent that the Debtor contests the sufficiency of the evidence submitted regarding a bidder's ability to pay such amount, the evidence will be presented to the Court at the Auction, prior to bidding, and the Court will make a determination as to the sufficiency of the evidence and whether the bidder should be deemed to be a Qualified Bidder.
- iv. At least twenty-five days prior to the Auction, all bidders must provide satisfactory evidence to the Debtor of their ability to operate the Reorganized Debtor in such a manner as to satisfy the requirements of this Plan, including payments to administrative claimants, secured creditors and unsecured creditors, on the terms and conditions set forth herein. To the extent that the Debtor contests the sufficiency of the evidence submitted regarding a bidder's ability to make payments as required by the Plan, the evidence will be presented to the Court at the Auction, prior to bidding, and the Court will make a determination as to the sufficiency of the evidence and whether the bidder should be deemed to be a Qualified Bidder.
- v. At least twenty-five days prior to the Auction, all bidders must provide satisfactory evidence to the Debtor that they are authorized to do business in the State of Arizona, and have, or have the ability to obtain, any and all necessary permits and/or licenses to operate the Real Property. To the extent that the Debtor contests the sufficiency of such evidence, the evidence will be presented to the Court at the Auction, prior to bidding, and the Court will make a determination as to the sufficiency of the evidence and whether the bidder should be deemed to be a Qualified Bidder.

- c. All bids for the interests in the Reorganized Debtor shall be in increments of no less than \$50,000.
- d. In order for a Qualified Bidder's bid to be determined to be higher and better than the New Value to be contributed by the Interest Holder(s) as set forth above, the Qualified Bidder's bid must:
 - i. Exceed, by at least \$50,000, the Interest Holder(s)'s bid; and
 - ii. Provide that the Qualified Bidder will comply with and perform under the terms of this Plan, including the payments to creditors (including tenant security deposits) as provided herein.
 - e. The Interest Holder(s) shall have the right and ability to bid at the Auction.

Competing bids will be assessed by the Court for their relative merits including, but not limited to, the amount of the bid and the expertise of the would-be New Interest Holder to manage and guide the Reorganized Debtor after the Effective Date and to satisfy the requirements of this Plan, including its ability to make the payments to creditors required herein and to satisfy the assumed obligations as required herein.

On the Effective Date, if the Interest Holder(s) is not the successful bidder at the auction, then the Successful Bidder at the auction must deliver its cash bid to the Reorganized Debtor and, upon such delivery, the Successful Bidder will be deemed to hold the equity interests in the Reorganized Debtor, subject to all terms and conditions of this Plan, including the obligations to other creditors as provided herein and the assumption of liabilities as provided herein.

X. MEANS FOR EXECUTING THE PLAN.

A. <u>Funding</u>

The Plan will be funded by operations of the Real Property and a capital infusion in the amount of the New Value by the Interest Holder(s) or the Successful Bidder, if an auction as described above is held. As a showing of good faith and commitment to the Plan, the Interest Holder(s) will place \$100,000 in "escrow" in the trust account of the Debtor's bankruptcy counsel

on or before the Auction. These funds will become a part of the Estate and will fund the New Value contribution obligations set forth herein at confirmation *only in the event that* the Interest Holder(s) is the successful bidder for the equity interests in the Reorganized Debtor. Additionally, these funds will only be available to, and become a part of, the Estate if a Confirmation Order confirming this Plan is entered and becomes a Final Order.

B. Liquidation of Estate Property

The Debtor shall have the authority to retain such brokers, agents, counsel, or representatives as it deems necessary to market, lease and/or sell assets of the Reorganized Debtor.

C. Management

The Plan will be implemented by the retention of the Debtor's existing management, Steven Goodhue and John Rosso. This implementation will also include the management and disbursement of the funds infused by the Interest Holder(s), or the Successful Bidder, if any, as set forth above and in accordance with the terms of this Plan.

D. <u>Disbursing Agent</u>

The Reorganized Debtor shall act as the Disbursing Agent under the Plan.

E. <u>Documentation of Plan Implementation</u>

In the event any entity which possesses an Allowed Secured Claim or any other lien in any of the Debtor's property for which the Plan requires the execution of any documents to incorporate the terms of the Plan, fails to provide a release of its lien or execute the necessary documents to satisfy the requirements of the Plan, the Debtor may record a copy of this Plan or the Confirmation Order with the appropriate governmental agency and such recordation shall constitute the lien release and creation of any necessary new liens to satisfy the terms of the Plan. If the Debtor deems advisable, it may obtain a further Order from the Court that may be recorded in order to implement the terms of the Plan.

F. New Obligations

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Any Allowed Claims which are otherwise impaired herein, and which are paid in deferred payments, shall be a New Obligation of the Reorganized Debtor under the terms described herein and completely replace any pre-confirmation obligations of the Debtor.

XI. EFFECT OF CONFIRMATION.

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan or the Confirmation Order, Confirmation acts as a Discharge, effective as of Confirmation, of any and all debts of the Debtor that arose any time before the entry of the Confirmation Order including, but not limited to, all principal and all interest accrued thereon, pursuant to § 1141(d)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code. The Discharge shall be effective as to each Claim, regardless of whether a Proof of Claim thereon was filed, whether the Claim is an Allowed Claim, or whether the Holder thereof votes to accept the Plan.

In addition, any pre-confirmation obligations of the Debtor dealt with in this Plan shall be considered New Obligations of the Debtor, and these New Obligations shall not be considered in default unless and until the Reorganized Debtor defaults on the New Obligations pursuant to the terms of the Plan. The New Obligations provided for in the Plan shall be in the place of, and completely substitute for, any pre-Confirmation obligations of the Debtor. Once the Plan is confirmed, the only obligations of the Debtor shall be such New Obligations as provided for under the Plan.

XII. OBJECTIONS TO AND ESTIMATIONS OF CLAIMS.

A. Objections and Bar Date for Filing Objections.

As soon as practicable, but in no event later than 45 days after the Effective Date, objections to Claims shall be filed with the Bankruptcy Court and served upon the holders of each of the Claims to which objections are made pursuant to the Bankruptcy Code and the Bankruptcy Rules. Objections filed after such date will be barred.

B. Settlement of Claims.

Settlement of any objection to a Claim not exceeding \$10,000 shall be permitted on the eleventh (11th) day after notice of the settlement has been provided to the Debtor, the Creditors,

the settling party, and other persons specifically requesting such notice, and if on such date there is no written objection filed, such settlement shall be deemed approved. In the event of a written objection to the settlement, the settlement must be approved by the Court on notice to the objecting party.

C. Estimation of Claims.

For purposes of making distributions provided for under the Plan, all Claims objected to shall be estimated by the Disbursing Agent at an amount equal to (i) the amount, if any, determined by the Court pursuant to § 502(c) of the Bankruptcy Code as an estimate for distribution purposes; (ii) an amount agreed to between the Debtor and the Claimant; or, (iii) that amount set forth as an estimate in the Plan or Disclosure Statement. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, no distributions shall be made on account of any Claim until such Claim is an Allowed Claim.

D. <u>Unclaimed Funds and Interest</u>.

Distribution to Claimants shall be mailed by the Reorganized Debtor to the Claimants at the address appearing on the master mailing matrix unless the Claimant provides the Reorganized Debtor with an alternative address. For a period of one year from the date that a distribution was to be made by the disbursing agent but has gone uncollected by the Claimant, the disbursing agent shall retain any distributions otherwise distributable hereunder which remain unclaimed or as to which the disbursing agent has not received documents required pursuant to the Plan. Thereafter, the unclaimed funds shall be deposited in the appropriate distribution account for distribution to other Claimants entitled to participate in such respective fund.

XIII. NON-ALLOWANCE OF PENALTIES AND FINES.

No distribution shall be made under this Plan on account of, and no Allowed Claim, whether Secured, Unsecured, Administrative, or Priority, shall include any fine, penalty, exemplary or punitive damages, late charges, default interest or other monetary charges relating to

or arising from any default or breach by the Debtor, and any Claim on account thereof shall be deemed Disallowed, whether or not an objection was filed to it.

XIV. CLOSING OF CASE.

Until this case is officially closed, the Reorganized Debtor will be responsible for filing pre- and post-confirmation reports required by the United States Trustee and paying the quarterly post-confirmation fees of the United States Trustee, in cash, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1930, as amended. Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(12), all fees payable under § 1930 of Title 28, as determined by the Court at the hearing on confirmation of the Plan, will be paid, in cash, on the Effective Date.

XV. MODIFICATION OF THE PLAN.

In addition to its modification rights under § 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code, the Debtor may amend or modify this Plan at any time prior to Confirmation without leave of the Court. The Debtor may propose amendments and/or modifications of this Plan at any time subsequent to Confirmation with leave of the Court and upon notice to Creditors. After Confirmation of the Plan, the Debtor may, with approval of the Court, as long as it does not materially or adversely affect the interests of Creditors, remedy any defect or omission or reconcile any inconsistencies of the Plan, or in the Confirmation Order, if any may be necessary to carry out the purposes and intent of this Plan.

XVI. JURISDICTION OF THE COURT.

The Court will retain jurisdiction until this Plan has been fully consummated for, including but not limited to, the following purposes:

1. The classification of the Claims of any Creditors and the re-examination of any Claims which have been allowed for the purposes of voting, and for the determination of such objections as may be filed to the Creditor's Claims. The failure by the Debtor to object to or examine any Claim for the purpose of voting shall not be deemed to be a waiver of the Debtor's rights to object to or to re-examine the Claim in whole or in part.

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- 2. To determine any Claims which are disputed by the Debtor, whether such objections are filed before or after Confirmation, to estimate any Un-liquidated or Contingent Claims pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 502(c)(1) upon request of the Debtor or any holder of a Contingent or Un-liquidated Claim, and to make determination on any objection to such Claim.
- 3. To determine all questions and disputes regarding title to the assets of the Estate, and determination of all causes of action, controversies, disputes or conflicts, whether or not subject to action pending as of the date of Confirmation, between the Debtor and any other party, including but not limited to, any rights of the Debtor to recover assets pursuant to the provisions of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 4. The correction of any defect, the curing of any omission or any reconciliation of any inconsistencies in this Plan, or the Confirmation Order, as may be necessary to carry out the purposes and intent of this Plan.
- 5. The modification of this Plan after Confirmation, pursuant to the Bankruptcy Rules and the Bankruptcy Code.
 - 6. To enforce and interpret the terms and conditions of this Plan.
- 7. The entry of an order, including injunctions, necessary to enforce the title, rights and powers of the Debtor, and to impose such limitations, restrictions, terms and conditions of such title, right and power that this Court may deem necessary.
 - 8. The entry of an order concluding and terminating this case.

XVII. RETENTION AND ENFORCEMENT OF CLAIMS.

Pursuant to § 1123(b)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code, the Reorganized Debtors shall retain and may enforce any and all claims of the Debtor, including claims relating to the Construction Claims, except those claims specifically waived herein. Any retained causes of action include, but are not limited to, all avoidance actions, fraudulent conveyance actions, preference actions, and other claims and causes of action of every kind and nature whatsoever, arising before the Effective Date

which have not been resolved or disposed of prior to the Effective Date, whether or not such claims or causes of action are specifically identified in the Disclosure Statement.

Any recovery obtained from retained causes of action shall become an additional asset of the Debtor, unless otherwise ordered by the Court, and shall be available for distribution in accordance with the terms of this Plan.

XVIII. EXECUTORY CONTRACTS AND UNEXPIRED LEASES.

The Debtor hereby expressly assumes any and all tenant leases in existence as of the Confirmation Date and all executory contracts listed in the Debtor's Schedules of Assets and Liabilities. Every other executory contract and/or unexpired lease of the Debtor not expressly assumed by this Plan is hereby rejected.

Claims under § 502(g) of the Code arising as a result of the rejection of executory contracts or unexpired leases shall be filed no later than 30 days after the Confirmation Date. Any such Claims not timely filed and served shall be Disallowed.

XIX. REVESTING.

Except as provided for in the Plan or in the Confirmation Order, on the Effective Date the Reorganized Debtor shall be vested with all the property of the Estate free and clear of all claims, liens, charges, and other interests of Creditors, arising prior to the Effective Date. Upon the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtor shall operate their business free of any restrictions.

XX. LIQUIDATION ANALYSIS.

If the Plan is not confirmed, and the Debtor's assets were liquidated instead, it is likely that only Lender would recover anything from such liquidation, and all other creditors (other than Forrest & Trapp and Leclere) will not recover anything from the Debtor or the Debtor's Estate. Indeed, the value of the Debtor's Property is less than the total amount of Lender's second claim. Furthermore, the Debtor's other unencumbered personal property is virtually worthless, and may be covered by Lender's security interest in the Debtor's assets.

The Debtor's Plan provides a better recovery than such a liquidation. Indeed, as opposed to recovering nothing in the event of a liquidation, under the Plan, Allowed Unsecured Creditors will share in a pro rata distribution of \$150,000 on the Effective Date, and a pro rata interest in the Subordinated Debenture. Also, under the Plan, Lender will recover the value of its collateral, plus a market rate of interest, plus its share of the Unsecured Distribution Amount and Subordinated Debenture. This treatment will result in a better recovery to Lender than if the Property were liquidated.

Thus, the Plan provides for a better recovery to creditors than a liquidation.

XXI. TAX CONSEQUENCES.

Pursuant to §1125(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, the Debtor is to provide a discussion of the potential material tax consequences of the Plan to the Debtor, any successor to the Debtor, and a hypothetical investor typical of the holders of claims or interests in the case, that would enable such a hypothetical investor of the relevant Class to make an informed judgment about the Plan. However, the Debtor need not include such information about any other possible or proposed plan. In determining whether the Disclosure Statement provides adequate information, the Court shall consider the complexity of the case, the benefit of additional information to creditors and other parties in interest, and the cost of providing additional information. The following discussion summarizes certain considerations that may affect the anticipated federal income tax consequences of the Plan's implementation to Creditors and to the Debtor. It does not address all federal income tax consequences of the Plan nor does it address the state or local income tax or other state or local tax consequences of the Plan's implementation to Creditors or to the Debtor.

This description of the federal income tax consequences of implementing the Plan is based on Debtor's interpretation of the applicable provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "IRC"), the regulations promulgated thereunder, and other relevant authority. Debtor's interpretation, however, is not binding on the IRS or any court. The Debtor has not obtained, nor does it intend to obtain, a private letter ruling from the IRS, nor has the Debtor

obtained an opinion of counsel with respect to any of these matters. The discussion below is general in nature and is not directed to the specific tax situation of any particular interested taxpayer. For these reasons, all Creditors and the Interest Holder should consult with their own tax advisors as to the tax consequences of implementation of the Plan to them under applicable federal, state, and local tax laws.

A. <u>Tax Consequences to the Debtor</u>

In general, pursuant to IRC Section 108, the amount of any debt of a corporation that is partially or totally discharged pursuant to a Title 11 bankruptcy case is excluded from gross income. According to IRC Section 108(b), the amount of debt discharge income ("DDI") that is excluded from gross income must be applied to reduce the tax attributes of the Debtor. The Debtor's tax attributes are reduced in the following order: (1) net operating losses ("NOLs"); (2) general business credits; (3) minimum tax credit; (4) capital loss carryovers; (5) reduction in tax basis of the Debtor's property; (6) passive activity loss and credit carryovers; and (7) foreign tax credit carryovers. The Debtor may elect to apply the debt discharge exclusion first to depreciable property and thereafter to the tax attributes in the above-prescribed order.

B. <u>Tax Consequences to the Secured and Unsecured Creditors</u>

Both the Secured Claimants and/or the Unsecured Claimants may be required to report income or be entitled to a deduction as a result of implementation of the Plan. The exact tax treatment depends on, among other things, each Claimant's method of accounting, the nature of each Claimant's claim, and whether and to what extent such Claimant has taken a bad debt deduction in prior taxable years with respect to the particular debt owed to it by one of the Debtors. Each Holder of a secured claim or an unsecured claim is urged to consult with his, her, or its own tax advisor regarding the particular tax consequences of the treatment of his, her, or its claim under the Plan.

XXII. DISCLAIMER.

Court approval of this Disclosure Statement and the accompanying Plan of Reorganization, is not a certification of the accuracy of the contents thereof. Furthermore, Court approval of these documents does not constitute the Court's opinion as to whether the Plan should be approved or disapproved.

XXIII. RISKS.

The risk of the Plan lies with the Debtor's ability to fund the Plan and ultimately to refinance or sell the Property to pay off its creditors. If the funds to be infused by the Interest Holder are infused, this will lessen the risk accordingly. However, the success of the Debtor depends in large part on the recovery of the national economy over the next several years following confirmation.

XXIV. PROPONENTS RECOMMENDATION/ALTERNATIVES TO THE PLAN.

The Debtor recommends that all creditors entitled to vote for the Plan do so. The Debtor's Plan will pay Lender the full amount of its secured claim and provide funds to pay unsecured creditors. The alternatives to confirmation of the Plan would be either conversion of this case to a case under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code or its dismissal.

Dismissal of this case would result in the foreclosure of the Property by Lender. In such a case, Unsecured Creditors will receive nothing on account of their claims.

Conversion will result in the appointment of a Chapter 7 trustee and, most likely, the hiring of an attorney by the trustee. Expenses incurred in administering the Chapter 7 case would take priority in the right to payment over allowed, administrative expenses incurred in the Chapter 11 case. Both Chapter 7 and Chapter 11 administrative expenses take priority over the payment of unsecured claims without priority. In other words, conversion would likely decrease the net amount available to pay currently existing creditors.

The most likely effect of conversion of the case to a Chapter 7 would be a foreclosure on the Property by Lender, and, as a result, Unsecured Creditors would receive nothing.

For all these reasons, the Debtor urges you to vote to accept the Plan and to return your ballots in time to be counted.

| 1 | DATED: May 2, <u>6,</u> 2011. | |
|----|---|--|
| 2 | F | POLSINELLI SHUGHART PC |
| 3 | F | By: // |
| 4 | | Mark W. Roth |
| 5 | | Philip R. Rudd |
| 6 | | Mary B. Martin CityScape Plaza One E. Washington., Suite 1200 |
| 7 | | Phoenix, AZ 85004 |
| 8 | A | Attorneys for Debtor |
| 9 | COPY of the foregoing mailed (or served via | |
| 10 | electronic notification if indicated by an "*") on May 2,6, 2011, to: | |
| 11 | U.S. Trustee's Office | Robert R. Kinas * rkinas@swlaw.com |
| 12 | 230 N. 1 st Avenue, Suite 204 Phoenix, AZ 85003 | Jonathan M. Saffer * <u>imsaffer@swlaw.com</u> SNELL & WILMER LLP |
| 13 | , | One S. Church Ave., Suite 1500 Tucson, AZ 85701-1630 |
| 14 | | Attorneys for JPMCC 2007-CIBC19 Shea Boulevard, LLC |
| 15 | | |
| 16 | By: /s/ Cathie Bernales | |
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| Format changed | 0 | |
| Total changes | 121 | |

| 1 | John J. Hebert (#010633) | | |
|----|--|---|--|
| 2 | Mark W. Roth (#010708) Philip R. Rudd (#014026) | | |
| 3 | Mary B. Martin (#019196) POLSINELLI SHUGHART PC | | |
| 4 | CityScape Plaza One E. Washington, Suite 1200 | | |
| 5 | Phoenix, AZ 85004 Telephone: (602) 650-2000 | | |
| 6 | Facsimile: (602) 264-7033 E-mail: PhoenixBankruptcyECF@polsinelli.com | | |
| Ĭ | E-Mail: jhebert@polsinelli.com | | |
| 7 | E-Mail: mroth@polsinelli.com E-Mail: prudd@polsinelli.com | | |
| 8 | E-Mail: mmartin@polsinelli.com | | |
| 9 | Attorneys for Debtor | | |
| 10 | IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT | | |
| 11 | THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA | | |
| 12 | In re: | Chapter 11 Proceedings | |
| 13 | 94 TH AND SHEA, L.L.C. | Case No. 2:10-bk-37387-SSC | |
| 14 | Debtor. | AMENDED PLAN OF | |
| 15 | Debtor. | REORGANIZATION | |
| 16 | 04th 1.01 1.1.0 (%D.1. 22 %0.4th | 0 (1 2) 114 | |
| 17 | 94 th and Shea, L.L.C., ("Debtor" or "94 th & Shea"), debtor-in-possession in the abov | | |
| 18 | captioned bankruptcy case, hereby submits to the Court and creditors of the Debtor's Estate the | | |
| 19 | following "Amended Plan of Reorganization" (the "Plan"), pursuant to § 1121(a) of the Bankrupton | | |
| 20 | Code. | | |
| 21 | I. DEFINITIONS. | | |
| 22 | For purposes of this Plan, except as expressly provided herein or unless the conte | | |
| 23 | otherwise requires, all capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein shall have the meaning | | |
| 24 | ascribed to them in this Section I of the Plan, or in the Disclosure Statement. Any term used in the | | |
| | Plan that is not defined in the Plan, but is defined in | the Bankruptcy Code or the Bankruptcy Rules | |
| 25 | retains the meaning ascribed to such term in the | Bankruptcy Code or the Bankruptcy Rules | |
| 26 | | | |
| 27 | | | |

Whenever the context requires, such terms include the plural as well as the singular, the masculine gender includes the feminine gender, and the feminine gender includes the masculine gender.

As used in this Plan, the following terms have the meanings specified below:

Administrative Claim: Every cost or expense of administration in the pending case, including, but not limited to, any actual and necessary expenses of preserving or disposing of the assets of the Estate, any actual and necessary expenses incurred in operating any of the Debtors' business post-petition, and all Claims approved under § 507(a)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code, including professional fees and costs approved by the Court.

Allowed Claim: A Claim:

- 1. With respect to which a proof of claim has been filed with the Court within the applicable period of time fixed by Rule 3003 of the Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure and to which no objection to the allowance of the Claim has been filed by the Debtor or any other party or as to which any such objection has been determined by an order or judgment of the Court which is no longer subject to appeal and to which no appeal is pending; or
- 2. Scheduled in the list of creditors prepared and filed with the Court pursuant to Rule 1007(b), Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, and not listed as disputed, contingent or un-liquidated as to the amount.

An Allowed Claim shall not include un-matured or post-petition interest, penalties, fees or costs, unless specifically stated in the Plan. Notwithstanding § 502(a) of the Code and Rules 3001 and 3003, for the purposes of the Plan, a Claim shall not be an Allowed Claim unless it satisfies the definition of Allowed Claim under this Plan.

Allowed Interest: An Interest in the Debtor held by a person or entity, as of the Effective Date, and as to which (a) such Interest was listed in the Debtor's Schedules of Assets and Liabilities and Statement of Financial Affairs, and no objection has been made within the time allowed for the making of objections, (b) a Final Order has been entered allowing such Interest, or (c) a timely and proper proof of interest has been filed, and as to which no objection to the

allowance of the Interest has been filed by the Debtor or any other party, or as to which any such objection has been determined by an order or judgment of the Court which is no longer subject to appeal and to which no appeal is pending.

Allowed Priority Claim: The Allowed Claim of a Claimant that is entitled to priority in payment under 11 U.S.C. §§ 507(a)(3) through (a)(10).

Allowed Secured Claim: An Allowed Claim to the extent that such Allowed Claim is secured by a lien which is unavoidable, on property in which the Estate has an interest, to the extent of the value of such Creditor's interest in the Estate's interest in such property as determined in light of the purpose of the valuation and of the proposed disposition and use of such property and as determined as of the Petition Date.

<u>Allowed Unsecured Claim</u>: An Allowed Claim to the extent that such Allowed Claim is not secured by a lien on property in which the Estate has an interest.

Auction: See Section IV.G., below.

Bankruptcy Code: 11 U.S.C. §§ 101, et seq.

Bankruptcy Court: The United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Arizona or any other court which may have jurisdiction over this case or any proceeding arising under, in, or relating to this case.

<u>Chapter 11</u>: Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C. §§ 1101, <u>et seq</u>.

Claim: (a) A right to payment, whether or not such right is reduced to judgment, liquidated, un-liquidated, fixed, contingent, matured, un-matured, disputed, undisputed, legal, equitable, secured or unsecured, which right arose or accrued prior to the date of Confirmation; (b) a right to an equitable remedy for breach of performance if such breach gives rise to a right to payment, whether or not such right to an equitable remedy is reduced to judgment, fixed, contingent, matured, un-matured, disputed, undisputed, secured, or unsecured, where such right arose or accrued prior to Confirmation; or (c) a claim arising under 11 U.S.C. § 502(g).

<u>Claimant or Creditor</u>: Any person or entity that asserts a Claim.

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Reorganized Debtor is held, then the Successful Bidder, if the successful bidder at the auction is not the current Interest Holders.

New Value: The cash infusion to be provided to the Reorganized Debtor by either (i) the Interest Holders (according to their proportionate contributions) or (ii) if there is an auction of the equity interests in the Reorganized Debtor as described below, then the Successful Bidder (if the Interest Holders are not the successful bidders), in exchange for the equity interests in the Reorganized Debtor.

Oversecured: The term describing the Allowed Claim of a Secured Creditor when the value of the collateral securing said Allowed Claim exceeds the amount of the Allowed Claim.

Person: Any individual, corporation, partnership, joint venture, association, joint stock company, trust, unincorporated association or organization, governmental agency, or associated political subdivision.

Petition: The original Petition filed by the Debtor under Chapter 11.

Petition Date: The date on which the Petition was filed, November 19, 2010.

Plan: This Plan of Reorganization and any amendments or supplements thereto.

Plan Rate: The annual rate of interest to be paid with respect to Allowed Claims entitled to recover interest pursuant to this Plan, which rate is 6%, unless the Bankruptcy Court determines that the Plan Rate should be some other amount, in which case the Plan Rate shall be the rate determined by the Court.

Pro Rata: The ratio of an Allowed Claim or Allowed Interest in a particular Class to the aggregate amount of all Allowed Claims or Allowed Interests in that Class.

Real Property: The real property owned by the Debtor, except the Outparcel (identified in the Disclosure Statement), and the principal asset of the Estate, consisting of certain real property and improvements thereon known as The Shops And Office at 9400 Shea, located at 9325, 9343, 9375, and 9397 East Shea Boulevard in Scottsdale, Arizona (the "Property"). The Property consists of 37,037 square feet of retail space and 35,238 square feet of office space.

| 1 | Reserve Account: The account into which the New Value will be placed as required by | | |
|----|---|----------------|---|
| 2 | the Plan. | | |
| 3 | Reorg | ganized Debt | or: The Debtor after the Effective Date. |
| 4 | Succe | ssful Bidder | : The successful bidder at the auction of the equity interests in the |
| 5 | Reorganized | Debtor, if an | ny such auction is held, if such successful bidder is not the Interest |
| 6 | Holder(s). | | |
| 7 | <u>Unde</u> | rsecured: T | ne term describing the Allowed Claim of a Secured Creditor when the |
| 8 | value of the c | ollateral secu | ring said Allowed Claim is less than the amount of the Allowed Claim. |
| 9 | <u>Unliq</u> | uidated: The | e term describing the Allowed Claim of a Creditor when the value of the |
| 10 | claim has not | been determi | ned or stated with finality. |
| 11 | II. CLAS | SSIFICATIO | N OF CLAIMS AND INTERESTS. |
| 12 | Α. | Class 1: Pr | riority Claims |
| 13 | | 1. | Class 1-A consists of Allowed Priority Claims under 11 U.S.C. § 503 |
| 14 | and § 507(| a)(2) (Admini | strative Claims). |
| 15 | | 2. | Class 1-B consists of Allowed Priority Claims under 11 U.S.C. § |
| 16 | 507(a)(3) (Wage Claims). | | |
| 17 | | 3. | Class 1-C consists of Allowed Priority Claims under 11 U.S.C. |
| 18 | §507(a)(8) (T | ax Claims). | |
| 19 | В. | Class 2: Sec | cured Claims |
| 20 | | 1. | Class 2-A consists of the Allowed Secured Claim of JPMCC. |
| 21 | | 2. | Class 2-B consists of the Allowed Secured Claim of Maricopa County |
| 22 | for real property taxes. | | |
| 23 | | 3. | Class 2-C consists of the Allowed Secured Claim of Leclere. |
| 24 | | 4. | Class 2-D consists of the Allowed Secured Claim of Forrest & Trapp. |
| 25 | C. | Class 3: Al | lowed Claim of Cohen |
| 26 | | | |
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| 1 | Class 3 consists of the Allowed Claim of Cohen relating to the Debtor's obligation to |
|----|--|
| 2 | reimburse Cohen for tenant improvements made to Cohen's leased premises. |
| 3 | D. Class 4: Tenant Security Deposits |
| 4 | Class 43 consists of Allowed Claims by tenants for the return of tenant security deposits |
| 5 | held by the Debtor. |
| 6 | D. E. Class 54: Unsecured Claims |
| 7 | Class 54 consists of the Allowed Unsecured Claims of Creditors not otherwise treated in |
| 8 | the Plan. |
| 9 | E. Class 5: City of Scottsdale Development Agreement Claims |
| 10 | Class 5 consists of the allowed claims of the City of Scottsdale for water and wastewater |
| 11 | development fees under the Development Agreement. |
| 12 | F. <u>Class 6: Construction Claims</u> |
| 13 | Class 6 consists of all Allowed Construction Claims. |
| 14 | G. <u>Class 7: Interest Holders</u> |
| 15 | Class 7 consists of all Allowed Interests of Interest Holders. |
| 16 | III. IMPAIRMENT OF CLASSES. |
| 17 | Classes 1-A, 1-B, and 1-C are unimpaired under the Plan. All other Classes are Impaired, |
| 18 | as that term is defined in 11 U.S.C. § 1124. |
| 19 | IV. TREATMENT OF CLASSES. |
| 20 | A. <u>Class 1: Priority Claims</u> |
| 21 | 1. <u>Class 1-A: Administrative Claims</u> |
| 22 | This Class consists of Allowed Priority Claims under 11 U.S.C. §§ 503 and 507(a)(2) - |
| 23 | administrative priority claims. Unless Claimants holding Claims in this Class agree to an |
| 24 | alternative form of treatment, the Allowed Claims of Class 1-A shall be paid in full, in cash, on or |
| 25 | before the Effective Date or as the same are Allowed and ordered paid by the Court. Any Class 1- |
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A Claim not allowed as of the Effective Date shall be paid as soon thereafter as it is allowed by the Court according to the terms of this Class. This Class is not impaired.

This Class consists of Allowed Priority Claims under 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(4) – wage claims.

cash, on or before the Effective Date. The Debtor does not believe that any claims exist under this

Class. Any Class 1-B Claim not allowed as of the Effective Date shall be paid as soon thereafter as

they are allowed by the Court according to the terms of this Class. This Class is not impaired.

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2. Class 1-B: Wage Claims

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As provided in 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(9)(B), unless Claimants holding Claims in this Class agree to an alternative form of treatment, the Allowed Priority Claims of Class 1-B shall be paid in full, in

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3. **Class 1-C: Tax Claims**

This Class consists of Allowed Priority Claims under 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(8) – tax Claims which are not otherwise treated as secured claims herein. As provided in 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(9)(C), unless Claimants holding Claims in this Class agree to an alternative form of treatment, the Allowed Priority Claims of Class 1-C shall be paid in full, in cash, on or before the Effective Date, or, at the Debtor's option, such Allowed Claims shall be paid, on account of such Allowed Claim, deferred cash payments, over a period not exceeding five years after the date of assessment of such Claim, of a value, as of the Effective Date of the Plan, equal to the allowed amount of such Claim. Any Class 1-C Claims not allowed as of the Effective Date shall be paid as soon thereafter as they are allowed by the Court according to the terms of this Class. This Class is not impaired.

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B. **Class 2: Secured Claims**

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1. Class 2-A – Allowed Secured Claims of JPMCC

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This Class consists of the Allowed Secured Claim of JPMCC. This Class is impaired.

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JPMCC asserts that it has the right to make an election under § 1111(b) of the Bankruptcy

Code. Accordingly, the following discussion sets forth alternate treatments of JPMCC's secured

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claim, depending upon whether JPMCC makes the § 1111(b) election or not.

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JPMCC's Treatment if the § 1111(b) Election is Not Made

Pursuant to § 506(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, the amount of JPMCC's Allowed Secured Claim shall be limited to the value of its collateral, which the Debtor believes to be in the range of between approximately \$7 million and \$9 million. The remainder of JPMCC's Allowed Claim shall be treated as a general unsecured claim in Class 5.4. The Debtor intends to pay JPMCC's Allowed Secured Claim in full, with interest at the Plan Rate, over a period of ten (10) years.

Specifically, the Debtor will execute and deliver to JPMCC a promissory note (the "New JPMCC Note") in the principal face amount of JPMCC's Allowed Secured Claim. The New JPMCC Note will mature and become fully due and payable on the 10th anniversary of the Effective Date (the "New JPMCC Note Maturity Date"). During the term of the New JPMCC Note, the Debtor will make monthly principal and interest payments to JPMCC based upon a 25 year amortization schedule with interest at the Plan Rate. On the New JPMCC Note Maturity Date, all remaining amounts of principal and interest due under the New JPMCC Note will be immediately due and payable, and will be paid by the Debtor to JPMCC either through a sale of the Real Property or through refinancing of the Real Property. The first payment of principal and interest will be made on the Effective Date, and each monthly payment thereafter will be made on the first business day of each month during the term of the New JPMCC Note.

JPMCC will retain its existing lien on the property that served as collateral for JPMCC's Claim pre-petition, except the Outparcel (as defined in the Disclosure Statement), until the New JPMCC Note has been satisfied in full. As of the Effective Date, the Outparcel shall be reconveyed by the Debtor, free and clear of any liens (except—to real property taxes), to North Scottsdale Medical Commons, L.L.C. pursuant to the terms of the Side Letter (as defined in the Disclosure Statement). At any time prior to the end of the term, the Debtor may pay the balance of the New JPMCC Note without penalty.

The Debtor anticipates that, during the first approximately 24 months following the Effective Date of the Plan, before the occupancy of the Real Property becomes fully stabilized, the Real Property may not generate sufficient net cash flow, after paying operating expenses, to make

the full amount of monthly principal and interest payments payable under the New JPMCC Note (the "Monthly Note Payments"). Accordingly, on the Effective Date of the Plan, and as discussed below, the Interest Holder(s) or the Successful Bidder will deposit the New Value into an interest bearing reserve account (the "Reserve Account") which can be used to, among other things, pay any cash flow deficiency between the monthly net cash flow generated by the Real Property and the Monthly Note Payments during the term of the New JPMCC Note (a "Cash Flow Deficiency"), if any. To the extent that the use of the funds in the Reserve Accounts will result in the amount of funds in the Reserve Account being reduced to an amount below \$50,000, at any time during the term of the New JPMCC Note, the Reorganized Debtor (from any retained excess cash flow) or the Interest Holder, or the Successful Bidder, if any, (from an additional contribution of capital) will replenish the Reserve Account such that the Reserve Account shall always be maintained in the total amount of \$50,000 until the New JPMCC Note matures.

The failure to maintain the Reserve Account in the total amount of at least \$50,000 will constitute a default under the New JPMCC Note and the lien in the collateral securing the New JPMCC Note.

Immediately upon payment, in full, of the New JPMCC Note, JPMCC's Allowed Secured Claim, and its secured interest in the Real Property, will be deemed satisfied, extinguished, released and discharged, in full.

(ii) JPMCC's Treatment if the § 1111(b) Election is Made

If JPMCC makes the § 1111(b) election, then JPMCC's entire Allowed Claim will be treated as fully secured, and JPMCC will not have any claims in Class 4.

In this event, the Debtor will treat JPMCC's Allowed Claim as follows:

<u>• Except with respect to the Outparcel, JPMCC will retain its lien on the Property and its other pre-petition collateral in the full amount of its Allowed Claim, as such Allowed Claim is determined by the Court. As of the Effective Date, the Outparcel shall be reconveyed by the</u>

<u>Debtor</u>, free and clear of any liens (except real property taxes), to North Scottsdale Medical Commons, L.L.C. pursuant to the terms of the Side Letter (as defined in the Disclosure Statement).

- For purposes of this analysis, the Debtor assumes that (i) JPMCC's Allowed Claim will be established at no more than \$21,000,000, rather than the over \$29,000,000 asserted by JPMCC in its pleadings filed in this case; and (ii) the value of JPMCC's collateral is \$8 million. The actual amount of JPMCC's Allowed Claim, and the value of its collateral base, will be established by the Court.
- The Reorganized Debtor will pay the total amount of JPMCC's Allowed Claim on or before the end of the fifteenth year following the Effective Date of the Plan as follows:
 - (i) On the Effective Date, the Debtor will make a payment of \$57,000 to JPMCC;
 - (ii) Each month thereafter, the Debtor shall make payments of \$57,000 each to JPMCC, for a total annual payment to JPMCC of \$684,000 per year for a period of fifteen years (the "Pre-Payoff Period");
 - (iii) On or before the end of the fifteenth year following the Effective Date of the Plan (the "Pay-Off Date"), the Debtor will pay the remaining balance of JPMCC's Allowed Claim, assumed to be \$10,740,000 (based upon an initial loan amount of \$21,000,000), from either the sale of the Real Property or a refinancing of the Real Property.
- Notwithstanding the foregoing payment schedule, the Reorganized Debtor shall have the right and ability to make additional principal reduction payments to JPMCC during the Pre-Payoff Period, without penalty, from excess cash flow, if any, from the operations of the Property, which payments will reduce the amount of JPMCC's Allowed Claim payable on the Pay-Off Date.
- In the event the Court finds that JPMCC's Allowed Claim is greater than \$21,000,000 and/or that the value of JPMCC's collateral is more than \$8 million, then (i) the stream of payments on JPMCC's claim will remain the same as set forth above but (ii) any balance of JPMCC's Allowed Claim remaining on the Pay-Off Date will be increased accordingly.

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The Debtor anticipates that, during the first approximately 24 months following the Effective Date of the Plan, before the occupancy of the Property becomes stabilized, the Property nay not generate sufficient net cash flow, after paying operating expenses, to make the full amount f monthly payments called for in the foregoing payment schedule. Accordingly, just as with the Debtor's treatment of JPMCC's claim if JPMCC does not make the § 1111(b) election, on the Effective Date of the Plan, as part of the New Value infused by the Interest Holder, if any, the nterest Holder will deposit the New Value into the Reserve Account, which can be used to, among ther things, pay any cash flow deficiency between the net cash flow generated by the Property nd the amounts due to JPMCC under the foregoing payment schedule, if any. To the extent that he use of the funds in the Reserve Accounts will result in the amount of funds in the Reserve account being reduced to an amount below \$50,000, at any time prior to the Pay-Off Date, the eorganized Debtor (from any retained excess cash flow) or the Interest Holder (from an dditional contribution of capital) will replenish the Reserve Account such that the Reserve account shall always be maintained in the total amount of \$50,000 until the Pay-Off Date. The ailure to maintain the Reserve Account in the total amount of at least \$50,000 will constitute a efault under the Plan and the loan documents contemplated herein. Further, any failure by the Debtor to make the payments set forth in the foregoing schedule, or to pay the remaining unpaid mount of JPMCC's Allowed Claim on the Pay-Off Date, will constitute a default under the Plan.

Immediately upon payment, in full, of JPMCC's Allowed Claim, JPMCC's secured interest in the Property and any other collateral securing its Allowed Claim will be deemed satisfied, extinguished, released and discharged, in full.

• The Reorganized Debtor reserves its right and ability to sell or refinance the Property at any time during the Pre-Payoff Period, so long as the net sale or loan proceeds (after payment of costs of sale or loan) are sufficient to pay the remaining amount of JPMCC's Allowed Claim in full.

2. <u>Class 2-B – Allowed Secured Claim of Maricopa County</u>

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This Class consists of the Allowed Secured Claim of Maricopa County, Arizona ("Maricopa County"), if any, that is secured by a tax lien on the Real Property. This Class is impaired.

Commencing on the Effective Date, the Allowed Secured Claim of Maricopa County, if any, will be paid in equal quarterly payments of principal and interest over a term of 1 year. Interest will accrue and will be paid at the statutory rate plus 2%. The County will retain its existing secured interest in the Real Property until this claim has been satisfied in full.

If funds generated from the normal operations of the Real Property are insufficient to pay the secured real property tax claims as provided herein, the payments required herein to Maricopa County will be made from the New Value contributed by the Interest Holder(s) or the Successful Bidder, if any.

3. <u>Class 2-C – Allowed Secured Claim of Leclere</u>

This Class consists of the Allowed Secured Claim of Leclere in the amount of approximately \$6,000 secured by a service vehicle ("Leclere Collateral") used by the Debtor in connection with the operation and maintenance of the Real Property. This Class is impaired.

Leclere's Allowed Secured Claim shall be limited to the value of the Leclere Collateral as of the Confirmation Date. The remainder of Leclere's Allowed Claim shall be treated as a general unsecured claim in Class 5.4. The Debtor intends to pay Leclere's Allowed Secured Claim in full, with interest at the Plan Rate, over a period of three (3) years.

Specifically, the Debtor will execute and deliver to Leclere a promissory note (the "New Leclere Note") in the principal face amount of Leclere's Allowed Secured Claim. The New Leclere Note will mature and become fully due and payable on the 3rd anniversary of the Effective Date (the "New Leclere Note Maturity Date"). During the term of the New Leclere Note, the Debtor will make monthly principal and interest payments to Leclere based upon a three year amortization schedule with interest at the Plan Rate such that the New Leclere Note will be paid in full as of the New Leclere Note Maturity Date. The first payment of principal and interest will be

made on the Effective Date, and each monthly payment thereafter will be made on the first business day of each month during the term of the New Leclere Note.

Leclere will retain its existing lien on the Leclere Collateral until the New Leclere Note has been satisfied in full. At any time prior to the end of the term, the Debtor may pay the balance of the New Leclere Note without penalty.

Immediately upon payment, in full, of the New Leclere Note, Leclere's Allowed Secured Claim, and its secured interest in the Leclere Collateral, will be deemed satisfied, extinguished, released and discharged, in full.

4. <u>Class 2-D – Allowed Secured Claim of Forrest & Trapp</u>

This Class consists of the Allowed Secured Claim of Forrest & Trapp in the amount of approximately \$1,500.00. This Class is impaired.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the retention agreement between Forrest & Trapp, Forrest & Trapp's Allowed Secured Claim shall include interest at the Plan Rate from the date that the amount due and owing to Forrest & Trapp first became 60 days past due until the Effective Date of the Plan. On the Effective Date of the Plan, Forrest & Trapp will be entitled to apply its collateral (consisting of a cash retainer) to the principal amount of Forrest & Trapp's claim plus any such accrued interest. Regardless of the total amount of Forrest & Trapp's claim, Forrest & Trapp's application of its retainer to the principal amount of the claim and any accrued interest shall be deemed to be in full and final satisfaction of Forrest & Trapp's claims against the Debtor. To the extent that the amount of the retainer is greater than the amount of Forrest & Trapp's claim, including accrued interest, Forrest & Trapp shall deliver any excess funds to the Debtor after application of the retainer to Forrest & Trapp's claim.

C. Class 3: Allowed Claim of Cohen

This Class consists of the Allowed Claim of Cohen for unreimbursed tenant improvement costs and expenses owing by the Debtor to Cohen in the amount of approximately \$69,000 ("Cohen's Reimbursement Claim"). This Class is impaired.

Cohen's Reimbursement Claim shall not accrue interest. Cohen's Reimbursement Claim shall be satisfied and paid in full by Cohen setting off against the monthly rent owing by Cohen to the Debtor, beginning with the month following the Effective Date, pursuant to the following schedule until Cohen's Reimbursement Claim is paid in full:

Months 1-6 \$3,000 per month

Months 7-17 \$5,000 per month

Once Cohen's Reimbursement Claim is paid in full, Cohen will no longer receive a rental credit on the rent due to the Reorganized Debtor.

D. <u>Class 4</u>: Tenant Security Deposits

This Class consists of all Allowed Unsecured Claims of tenants for pre-petition security deposits held by the Debtor in the total aggregate amount of approximately \$26,431. This Class is impaired.

The Reorganized Debtor shall retain its right and ability to determine whether and what extent a tenant is entitled to the return of its security deposit pursuant to the terms of the lease between the Debtor and the tenant and applicable state law. However, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the lease between the Debtor and its tenants or in applicable law, valid and enforceable tenant security deposits will be paid to tenants within 90 days of the later of either (a) the date that the Debtor determines the appropriate amount of the security deposit to be returned or (b) the date the tenant vacates its premises. This 90 day delay is necessary in order to ensure that the Debtor has sufficient funds on hand to return the security deposit to the tenant, either from the cash flow of the Real Property or from an infusion of cash from one or more of the New Interest Holders.

D. E. Class **54**: Unsecured Claims

This Class consists of all Allowed Unsecured Claims of Creditors that are not specifically treated elsewhere in the Plan (e.g., this Class does not include the Allowed Claim of Cohen, claims of tenants for security deposits, Construction Claims, the City of Scottsdale claims under the

Development Agreement, or any administrative or priority claims). JPMCC's and Leclere's respective unsecured deficiency elaimsclaim—i.e., the difference between the amount of their respective allowed Claims and the value of their respective collateral, if any—will be included in this Class if but only if JPMCC does not make the § 1111(b) election. If JPMCC does make the § 1111(b) election, then it will not have any claims in this Class. This Class also includes Leclere's unsecured deficiency claim—i.e., the difference between the amount of his Allowed Claims and the value of his collateral, if any. This Class is impaired.

(i) Treatment of Allowed Unsecured Claims if JPMCC Does Not Make the § 1111(b) Election

If JPMCC does not make the § 1111(b) election, then Allowed Unsecured Claims will be treated as follows:

- If the Interest Holder(s) is the successful bidder at the auction discussed below, if any, the Interest Holder(s) will waive their Unsecured Claims against the Debtor and the Debtor's Estate, and will not participate in any distribution to Class 54 Claimants. However, if the Interest Holder(s) is not the successful bidder at the auction, then the Interest Holder(s) shall participate in the distributions to this Class to the extent of any elaimsClaims they may have against the DebtorDebtors.
 - The Allowed Unsecured Claims in this Class will be treated as follows:
- (i) First, Allowed Unsecured Claims will share, pro-rata, in a distribution of the sum of \$150,000 in cash (the "Unsecured Distribution Amount") paid by the Reorganized Debtor, from the New Value contribution, on the 90th day following the Effective Date of the Plan.
- (ii) Second, the Reorganized Debtor will issue to each holder of an Allowed Unsecured Claim its pro rata portion of a \$500,000 subordinated debenture payable to holders of Allowed Unsecured Claims (the "Subordinated Debenture"). The Subordinated Debenture will not accrue interest. The Subordinated Debenture will be secured by a second position lien in and to the Real Property, subject only to real property taxes and the Allowed Secured Claim of JPMCC.

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The Reorganized Debtor shall not be required to make periodic payments to the holders of the Subordinated Debenture. However, the Subordinated Debenture will be fully due and payable on the 10th anniversary of the Effective Date of the Plan or upon the sale or refinancing of the Real Property.

- The Interest Holder(s), or the Successful Bidder, if any, will contribute the Unsecured Distribution Amount, as part of the New Value contribution, into an account created by the Reorganized Debtor for the receipt of such funds (the "Unsecured Reserve Account").
- Upon their receipt of (a) their respective pro rata portions of the Unsecured Distribution Amount and (b) their pro rata distributions from the payment of the Subordinated Debenture, all Allowed Unsecured Claims in this Class shall be deemed paid and discharged in full.

(ii) Treatment of Allowed Unsecured Claims if JPMCC Does Make the § 1111(b) Election

If JPMCC makes the § 1111(b) election, then Allowed Unsecured Claims will be treated as follows:

- <u>Claims, will waive their Unsecured Claims against the Debtor and the Debtor's Estate, and will not participate in any distribution to Class 4 Claimants.</u>
- The Allowed Unsecured Claims in this Class (again, not including any claim by tenants for security deposits, Construction Claims, or the City of Scottsdale's claims under the Development Agreement) will be paid their pro rata distribution of a cash distribution in the total amount of \$150,000 (i.e., the Unsecured Distribution Amount) on the 90th day following the Effective Date of the Plan.
- Upon their receipt of the funds from the Reorganized Debtor, all Allowed
 Unsecured Claims in this Class shall be deemed paid and discharged in full.

E. Class 5: City of Scottsdale Development Agreement Claims

development fees under the Development Agreement. The Debtor is in the process of engaging a consultant to determine the amount of the City of Scottsdale's claims in this regard. The Debtor will pay the full Allowed amount of the City of Scottsdale's pre-petition claims arising under the Development Agreement, with interest at the rate of 5% per annum, by making equal quarterly payments to the City of Scottsdale such that the Allowed amount of this claim is paid no later than the 6th anniversary of the Effective Date of the Plan. Upon payment in full of the Allowed amount of this Claim, with interest at the rate of 5% per annum, the City of Scottsdale's claims arising under the Development Agreement will be deemed satisfied and discharged in full. This Class is impaired.

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F. **Class 6: Construction Claims**

This Class 6 consists of all Allowed Construction Claims. The Debtor is currently engaged in litigation, or pre-litigation discussions, with the holders of the Construction Claims. The Debtor believes that it has counter-claims, set-off rights and other defenses to the Construction Claims. To the extent that any holder of a Construction Claim is determined to have an Allowed Claim against the Debtor, after all rights of the Debtor and the holder of such Construction Claim have been fully adjudicated or resolved, then the Debtor will pay each such holder of an Allowed Construction Claim a total payment of 5% of the Allowed Amount of such Construction Claim in equal quarterly payments over a period of two years from either the Effective Date or the date that the Allowed Construction Claim is finally adjudicated or settled and, thereby, becomes Allowed. Upon payment of such amount, the Allowed Construction Claim will be deemed satisfied and discharged in full. This Class is impaired.

This Class consists of the allowed claims of the City of Scottsdale for water and wastewater

G. **Class 7:** Interest Holders

This Class—7 consists of all Allowed Interests of the Interest Holder in the Debtor. The Interest Holder(s) will purchase the equity interests in the Reorganized Debtor by the contribution

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of cash to the Reorganized Debtor, on the Effective Date, in the amount of \$500,000¹ (*i.e.*, the New Value). The New Value will be used to:

- (a) pay the amount necessary to pay all Class 1 Allowed Priority Claims as set forth above;
- (b) pay the amounts to Maricopa County as set forth above, to the extent that cash flow from the Real Property is insufficient to pay the taxes;
 - (c) pay the Unsecured Distribution Amount of \$150,000;
- (d) fund the Reserve Account to pay, as necessary, among other things, (1) debt service payments to JPMCC, to the extent that cash flow is insufficient to make debt service payments, (2) tenant improvements, (3) broker's commissions, and (4) other necessary and appropriate capital expenses of the Real Property to ensure that the value of the Real Property is maintained;
- (e) pay the amount(s) due to Allowed Construction Claims, if any, as such amounts become due and payable, and only to the extent that cash flow from the operation of the Real Property is insufficient to pay such Allowed Construction Claims.

If the Court determines that, under the circumstances, the New Value to be contributed by the Interest Holder(s) is insufficient, or that other parties-in-interest should be allowed to bid for the equity interests in the Reorganized Debtor, then other interested parties may bid for the equity interests in the Reorganized Debtor by meeting all of the terms and conditions identified below. Such bids shall be made pursuant to the following auction procedures and terms:

- a. The auction ("Auction") of the equity interests in the Reorganized Debtor will be held thirty days after the Confirmation Hearing, in the courtroom, with the Court presiding over the bidding.
- b. Any party wishing to bid on the equity interests of the Reorganized Debtor must satisfy the following requirements to be a "Qualified Bidder":

¹ The amount of the New Value may be adjusted, as and if necessary, depending upon the ultimate determination of the amount of JPMCC's Allowed Secured Claim.

i. The bidder must be a current Creditor or Interest Holder of the Debtor. This requirement is necessary to avoid any potential registration or like requirements of any applicable securities laws or regulations.

ii. The bidder must deposit \$100,000 in cash ("Deposit") with the Debtor's counsel at least twenty-five days prior to the Auction. Any Deposits will be returned to any unsuccessful bidder on the day following the Auction. The Deposit, plus any additional amounts bid by the Successful Bidder at the Auction for the equity interests in the Reorganized Debtor, will be delivered to the Reorganized Debtor on the Effective Date of the Plan.

iii. At least twenty-five days prior to the Auction, all bidders must provide satisfactory evidence to the Debtor of their ability to make a cash payment to the Debtor, on the Effective Date of the Plan, in the amount of no less than \$550,000. To the extent that the Debtor contests the sufficiency of the evidence submitted regarding a bidder's ability to pay such amount, the evidence will be presented to the Court at the Auction, prior to bidding, and the Court will make a determination as to the sufficiency of the evidence and whether the bidder should be deemed to be a Qualified Bidder.

iv. At least twenty-five days prior to the Auction, all bidders must provide satisfactory evidence to the Debtor of their ability to operate the Reorganized Debtor in such a manner as to satisfy the requirements of this Plan, including payments to administrative claimants, secured creditors and unsecured creditors, on the terms and conditions set forth herein. To the extent that the Debtor contests the sufficiency of the evidence submitted regarding a bidder's ability to make payments as required by the Plan, the evidence will be presented to the Court at the Auction, prior to bidding, and the Court will make a determination as to the sufficiency of the evidence and whether the bidder should be deemed to be a Qualified Bidder.

- At least twenty-five days prior to the Auction, all bidders must provide V. satisfactory evidence to the Debtor that they are authorized to do business in the State of Arizona, and have, or have the ability to obtain, any and all necessary permits and/or licenses to operate the Real Property. To the extent that the Debtor contests the sufficiency of such evidence, the evidence will be presented to the Court at the Auction, prior to bidding, and the Court will make a determination as to the sufficiency of the evidence and whether the bidder should be deemed to be a Qualified Bidder.
- All bids for the interests in the Reorganized Debtor shall be in increments of no less than \$50,000.
- d In order for a Qualified Bidder's bid to be determined to be higher and better than the New Value to be contributed by the Interest Holder(s) as set forth above, the Qualified Bidder's bid must:
 - Exceed, by at least \$50,000, the Interest Holder(s)'s bid; and
 - Provide that the Qualified Bidder will comply with and perform under the terms of this Plan, including the payments to creditors (including tenant security deposits) as provided herein.
 - The Interest Holder(s) shall have the right and ability to bid at the Auction. e.

Competing bids will be assessed by the Court for their relative merits including, but not limited to, the amount of the bid and the expertise of the would-be New Interest Holder to manage and guide the Reorganized Debtor after the Effective Date and to satisfy the requirements of this Plan, including its ability to make the payments to creditors required herein and to satisfy the assumed obligations as required herein.

On the Effective Date, if the Interest Holder(s) is not the successful bidder at the auction, then the Successful Bidder at the auction must deliver its cash bid to the Reorganized Debtor and, upon such delivery, the Successful Bidder will be deemed to hold the equity interests in the

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Reorganized Debtor, subject to all terms and conditions of this Plan, including the obligations to other creditors as provided herein and the assumption of liabilities as provided herein.

V. MEANS FOR EXECUTING THE PLAN.

Α. **Funding**

The Plan will be funded by operations of the Real Property and a capital infusion in the amount of the New Value by the Interest Holder(s) or the Successful Bidder, if an auction as described above is held. As a showing of good faith and commitment to the Plan, the Interest Holder(s) will place \$100,000 in "escrow" in the trust account of the Debtor's bankruptcy counsel on or before the Auction. These funds will become a part of the Estate and will fund the New Value contribution obligations set forth herein at confirmation only in the event that the Interest Holder(s) is the successful bidder for the equity interests in the Reorganized Debtor. Additionally, these funds will only be available to, and become a part of, the Estate if a Confirmation Order confirming this Plan is entered and becomes a Final Order.

B. **Liquidation of Estate Property**

The Debtor shall have the authority to retain such brokers, agents, counsel, or representatives as it deems necessary to market, lease and/or sell assets of the Reorganized Debtor.

C. Management

The Plan will be implemented by the retention of the Debtor's existing management, Steven Goodhue and John Rosso. This implementation will also include the management and disbursement of the funds infused by the Interest Holder(s), or the Successful Bidder, if any, as set forth above and in accordance with the terms of this Plan.

D. **Disbursing Agent**

The Reorganized Debtor shall act as the Disbursing Agent under the Plan.

E. **Documentation of Plan Implementation**

In the event any entity which possesses an Allowed Secured Claim or any other lien in any of the Debtor's property for which the Plan requires the execution of any documents to incorporate

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the terms of the Plan, fails to provide a release of its lien or execute the necessary documents to satisfy the requirements of the Plan, the Debtor may record a copy of this Plan or the Confirmation Order with the appropriate governmental agency and such recordation shall constitute the lien release and creation of any necessary new liens to satisfy the terms of the Plan. If the Debtor deems advisable, it may obtain a further Order from the Court that may be recorded in order to implement the terms of the Plan.

F. New Obligations

Any Allowed Claims which are otherwise impaired herein, and which are paid in deferred payments, shall be a New Obligation of the Reorganized Debtor under the terms described herein and completely replace any pre-confirmation obligations of the Debtor.

VI. EFFECT OF CONFIRMATION.

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan or the Confirmation Order, Confirmation acts as a Discharge, effective as of Confirmation, of any and all debts of the Debtor that arose any time before the entry of the Confirmation Order including, but not limited to, all principal and all interest accrued thereon, pursuant to § 1141(d)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code. The Discharge shall be effective as to each Claim, regardless of whether a Proof of Claim thereon was filed, whether the Claim is an Allowed Claim, or whether the Holder thereof votes to accept the Plan.

In addition, any pre-confirmation obligations of the Debtor dealt with in this Plan shall be considered New Obligations of the Debtor, and these New Obligations shall not be considered in default unless and until the Reorganized Debtor defaults on the New Obligations pursuant to the terms of the Plan. The New Obligations provided for in the Plan shall be in the place of, and completely substitute for, any pre-Confirmation obligations of the Debtor. Once the Plan is confirmed, the only obligations of the Debtor shall be such New Obligations as provided for under the Plan.

VII. OBJECTIONS TO AND ESTIMATIONS OF CLAIMS.

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A. Objections and Bar Date for Filing Objections.

As soon as practicable, but in no event later than 45 days after the Effective Date, objections to Claims shall be filed with the Bankruptcy Court and served upon the holders of each of the Claims to which objections are made pursuant to the Bankruptcy Code and the Bankruptcy Rules. Objections filed after such date will be barred.

B. <u>Settlement of Claims</u>.

Settlement of any objection to a Claim not exceeding \$10,000 shall be permitted on the eleventh (11th) day after notice of the settlement has been provided to the Debtor, the Creditors, the settling party, and other persons specifically requesting such notice, and if on such date there is no written objection filed, such settlement shall be deemed approved. In the event of a written objection to the settlement, the settlement must be approved by the Court on notice to the objecting party.

C. Estimation of Claims.

For purposes of making distributions provided for under the Plan, all Claims objected to shall be estimated by the Disbursing Agent at an amount equal to (i) the amount, if any, determined by the Court pursuant to § 502(c) of the Bankruptcy Code as an estimate for distribution purposes; (ii) an amount agreed to between the Debtor and the Claimant; or, (iii) that amount set forth as an estimate in the Plan or Disclosure Statement. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, no distributions shall be made on account of any Claim until such Claim is an Allowed Claim.

D. Unclaimed Funds and Interest.

Distribution to Claimants shall be mailed by the Reorganized Debtor to the Claimants at the address appearing on the master mailing matrix unless the Claimant provides the Reorganized Debtor with an alternative address. For a period of one year from the date that a distribution was to be made by the disbursing agent but has gone uncollected by the Claimant, the disbursing agent shall retain any distributions otherwise distributable hereunder which remain unclaimed or as to

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which the disbursing agent has not received documents required pursuant to the Plan. Thereafter, the unclaimed funds shall be deposited in the appropriate distribution account for distribution to other Claimants entitled to participate in such respective fund.

VIII. NON-ALLOWANCE OF PENALTIES AND FINES.

No distribution shall be made under this Plan on account of, and no Allowed Claim, whether Secured, Unsecured, Administrative, or Priority, shall include any fine, penalty, exemplary or punitive damages, late charges, default interest or other monetary charges relating to or arising from any default or breach by the Debtor, and any Claim on account thereof shall be deemed Disallowed, whether or not an objection was filed to it.

IX. CLOSING OF CASE.

Until this case is officially closed, the Reorganized Debtor will be responsible for filing pre- and post-confirmation reports required by the United States Trustee and paying the quarterly post-confirmation fees of the United States Trustee, in cash, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1930, as amended. Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(12), all fees payable under § 1930 of Title 28, as determined by the Court at the hearing on confirmation of the Plan, will be paid, in cash, on the Effective Date.

X. MODIFICATION OF THE PLAN.

In addition to its modification rights under § 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code, the Debtor may amend or modify this Plan at any time prior to Confirmation without leave of the Court. The Debtor may propose amendments and/or modifications of this Plan at any time subsequent to Confirmation with leave of the Court and upon notice to Creditors. After Confirmation of the Plan, the Debtor may, with approval of the Court, as long as it does not materially or adversely affect the interests of Creditors, remedy any defect or omission or reconcile any inconsistencies of the Plan, or in the Confirmation Order, if any may be necessary to carry out the purposes and intent of this Plan.

XI. JURISDICTION OF THE COURT.

The Court will retain jurisdiction until this Plan has been fully consummated for, including but not limited to, the following purposes:

- 1. The classification of the Claims of any Creditors and the re-examination of any Claims which have been allowed for the purposes of voting, and for the determination of such objections as may be filed to the Creditor's Claims. The failure by the Debtor to object to or examine any Claim for the purpose of voting shall not be deemed to be a waiver of the Debtor's rights to object to or to re-examine the Claim in whole or in part.
- 2. To determine any Claims which are disputed by the Debtor, whether such objections are filed before or after Confirmation, to estimate any Un-liquidated or Contingent Claims pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 502(c)(1) upon request of the Debtor or any holder of a Contingent or Un-liquidated Claim, and to make determination on any objection to such Claim.
- 3. To determine all questions and disputes regarding title to the assets of the Estate, and determination of all causes of action, controversies, disputes or conflicts, whether or not subject to action pending as of the date of Confirmation, between the Debtor and any other party, including but not limited to, any rights of the Debtor to recover assets pursuant to the provisions of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 4. The correction of any defect, the curing of any omission or any reconciliation of any inconsistencies in this Plan, or the Confirmation Order, as may be necessary to carry out the purposes and intent of this Plan.
- 5. The modification of this Plan after Confirmation, pursuant to the Bankruptcy Rules and the Bankruptcy Code.
 - 6. To enforce and interpret the terms and conditions of this Plan.
- 7. The entry of an order, including injunctions, necessary to enforce the title, rights and powers of the Debtor, and to impose such limitations, restrictions, terms and conditions of such title, right and power that this Court may deem necessary.
 - 8. The entry of an order concluding and terminating this case.

XII. RETENTION AND ENFORCEMENT OF CLAIMS.

Pursuant to § 1123(b)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code, the Reorganized Debtors shall retain and may enforce any and all claims of the Debtor, including claims relating to the Construction Claims, except those claims specifically waived herein. Any retained causes of action include, but are not limited to, all avoidance actions, fraudulent conveyance actions, preference actions, and other claims and causes of action of every kind and nature whatsoever, arising before the Effective Date which have not been resolved or disposed of prior to the Effective Date, whether or not such claims or causes of action are specifically identified in the Disclosure Statement.

Any recovery obtained from retained causes of action shall become an additional asset of the Debtor, unless otherwise ordered by the Court, and shall be available for distribution in accordance with the terms of this Plan.

XIII. EXECUTORY CONTRACTS AND UNEXPIRED LEASES.

The Debtor hereby expressly assumes any and all tenant leases in existence as of the Confirmation Date and all executory contracts listed in the Debtor's Schedules of Assets and Liabilities. Every other executory contract and/or unexpired lease of the Debtor not expressly assumed by this Plan is hereby rejected.

Claims under § 502(g) of the Code arising as a result of the rejection of executory contracts or unexpired leases shall be filed no later than 30 days after the Confirmation Date. Any such Claims not timely filed and served shall be Disallowed.

XIV. REVESTING.

Except as provided for in the Plan or in the Confirmation Order, on the Effective Date the Reorganized Debtor shall be vested with all the property of the Estate free and clear of all claims, liens, charges, and other interests of Creditors, arising prior to the Effective Date. Upon the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtor shall operate their business free of any restrictions.

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| 1 | DATED: May 2,<u>11,</u> 2011. | |
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| 4 | | Mark W. Roth |
| 5 | | Philip R. Rudd Mary B. Martin |
| 6 7 | | CityScape Plaza One E. Washington., Suite 1200 Phoenix, AZ 85004 |
| 8 | | Attorneys for Debtor |
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| 10 | on May 2,11, 2011, to: | |
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