### UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

:

In re:

ALPART JAMAICA INC. and KAISER JAMAICA CORPORATION,

Debtors.

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Chapter 11 Case Nos. 03-10144 and 03-10151 Jointly Administered Under Case No. 02-10429 (JKF)

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### DISCLOSURE STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 1125 OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE WITH RESPECT TO THE JOINT PLAN OF LIQUIDATION FOR ALPART JAMAICA INC. AND KAISER JAMAICA CORPORATION

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ATTORNEYS FOR DEBTORS AND DEBTORS IN POSSESSION

Dated: October 29, 2004

#### **DISCLOSURE STATEMENT, DATED OCTOBER 29, 2004**

#### SOLICITATION OF VOTES WITH RESPECT TO THE JOINT PLAN OF LIQUIDATION FOR ALPART JAMAICA INC. AND KAISER JAMAICA CORPORATION

## (WHOLLY OWNED SUBSIDIARIES OF KAISER ALUMINUM & CHEMICAL CORPORATION)

THE BOARDS OF DIRECTORS OF ALPART JAMAICA INC. ("AJI") AND KAISER JAMAICA CORPORATION ("KJC" AND, TOGETHER WITH AJI, THE "DEBTORS") BELIEVE THAT THE JOINT PLAN OF LIQUIDATION FOR ALPART JAMAICA INC. AND KAISER JAMAICA CORPORATION, DATED OCTOBER 29, 2004 AND ATTACHED HERETO AS EXHIBIT I (THE "PLAN"), IS IN THE BEST INTERESTS OF CREDITORS. ALL CREDITORS ENTITLED TO VOTE THEREON ARE URGED TO VOTE IN FAVOR OF THE PLAN. A SUMMARY OF THE VOTING INSTRUCTIONS IS SET FORTH BEGINNING AT PAGE 46 OF THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT. MORE DETAILED INSTRUCTIONS ARE CONTAINED ON THE BALLOTS DISTRIBUTED TO CREDITORS ENTITLED TO VOTE ON THE PLAN. TO BE COUNTED, YOUR BALLOT MUST BE DULY COMPLETED, EXECUTED AND RECEIVED BY 5:00 P.M., EASTERN TIME, ON \_\_\_\_\_\_, 2005 OR SUCH OTHER TIME OR DATE IDENTIFIED ON YOUR BALLOT (THE "VOTING DEADLINE"), UNLESS EXTENDED.

THE CREDITORS' COMMITTEE HAS INDEPENDENTLY CONCLUDED THAT THE PLAN IS IN THE BEST INTERESTS OF CREDITORS AND URGES CREDITORS TO VOTE IN FAVOR OF THE PLAN.

[NOTE: THIS IS NOT A SOLICITATION OF ACCEPTANCES OR REJECTIONS OF THE PLAN. ACCEPTANCES OR REJECTIONS MAY NOT BE SOLICITED UNTIL A DISCLOSURE STATEMENT HAS BEEN APPROVED BY THE BANKRUPTCY COURT. THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT HAS NOT BEEN APPROVED BY THE BANKRUPTCY COURT.]

THE CONFIRMATION AND EFFECTIVENESS OF THE PROPOSED PLAN ARE SUBJECT TO MATERIAL CONDITIONS PRECEDENT, SOME OF WHICH MAY NOT BE SATISFIED. SEE "ANSWERS TO CERTAIN QUESTIONS ABOUT THE PLAN AND DISCLOSURE STATEMENT — WHAT HAS TO HAPPEN BEFORE THE PLAN CAN BE CONSUMMATED?" AND "VOTING AND CONFIRMATION OF THE PLAN — CONFIRMATION — ACCEPTANCE OR CRAMDOWN." THERE IS NO ASSURANCE THAT THESE CONDITIONS WILL BE SATISFIED OR WAIVED.

No person is authorized by either of the Debtors in connection with the Plan or the solicitation of acceptances of the Plan to give any information or to make any representation other than as contained in this Disclosure Statement or incorporated by reference or referred to herein, and, if given or made, such information or representation may not be relied upon as having been authorized by either of the Debtors. Although the Debtors will make available to creditors entitled to vote on acceptance of the Plan such additional information as may be required by applicable law prior to the Voting Deadline, the delivery of this Disclosure Statement will not under any circumstances imply that the information herein is correct as of any time subsequent to the date hereof.

#### ALL CREDITORS ARE ENCOURAGED TO READ AND CAREFULLY CONSIDER THIS ENTIRE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT, INCLUDING THE PLAN ATTACHED HERETO AS EXHIBIT I, PRIOR TO SUBMITTING BALLOTS PURSUANT TO THIS SOLICITATION.

The summaries of the Plan and the other documents contained in this Disclosure Statement are qualified by reference to the Plan itself, the Exhibit thereto and other documents summarized herein, as Filed prior to approval of this Disclosure Statement.

The information contained in this Disclosure Statement, including the information regarding the history, businesses and operations of the Debtors, is included for purposes of soliciting acceptances of the Plan, but, as to contested matters and adversary proceedings, is not to be construed as admissions or stipulations, but rather as statements made in settlement negotiations.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS: THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT INCLUDES FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS BASED LARGELY ON THE CURRENT EXPECTATIONS OF THE DEBTORS ABOUT FUTURE EVENTS. THE WORDS "BELIEVE," "MAY," "WILL," "ESTIMATE," "CONTINUE," "ANTICIPATE," "INTEND," "EXPECT" AND SIMILAR EXPRESSIONS IDENTIFY THESE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS. THESE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS ARE SUBJECT TO A NUMBER OF RISKS, UNCERTAINTIES AND ASSUMPTIONS. IN LIGHT OF THESE RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES, THE FORWARD-LOOKING EVENTS AND CIRCUMSTANCES DISCUSSED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT MAY NOT OCCUR AND ACTUAL EVENTS COULD DIFFER MATERIALLY FROM THOSE ANTICIPATED IN THE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS. THE DEBTORS UNDERTAKE NO OBLIGATION TO PUBLICLY UPDATE OR REVISE ANY FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS, WHETHER AS A RESULT OF NEW INFORMATION, FUTURE EVENTS OR OTHERWISE.

THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT HAS NOT BEEN APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED BY THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION (THE "SEC") OR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION, NOR HAS THE SEC OR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION PASSED UPON THE ACCURACY OR ADEQUACY OF THE STATEMENTS CONTAINED HEREIN.

All capitalized terms in this Disclosure Statement not otherwise defined herein have the meanings given to them in the Plan.

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#### **INTRODUCTION**

The Debtors are seeking approval of the Plan, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit I. This Disclosure Statement is submitted by the Debtors in connection with the solicitation of acceptances of the Plan.

The confirmation of a plan of reorganization or liquidation, which is the vehicle for satisfying the rights of holders of claims against and interests in a debtor, is the overriding purpose of a chapter 11 case. Chapter 11 may be used to either reorganize or conduct an orderly liquidation of a debtor's business. The Plan provides for the orderly liquidation and dissolution of the Debtors. The primary objectives of the Plan are to:

- maximize the value of the ultimate recoveries to all creditor groups on a fair and equitable basis;
- settle, compromise or otherwise dispose of certain Claims and other disputes on terms that the Debtors believe to be fair and reasonable under the circumstances and in the best interests of their respective Estates and creditors and Kaiser Aluminum & Chemical Corporation ("KACC"), as the sole stockholder of each Debtor; and
- effectuate the orderly liquidation and dissolution of the Debtors.

The Plan provides for, among other things, (a) the classification and treatment of Claims and Interests; (b) the establishment of the Distribution Trust to make distributions in accordance with the Plan; (c) the creation and administration of the Trust Accounts; and (d) the liquidation of the Debtors.

# Please refer to the chart beginning on page 12 of this Disclosure Statement for a summary of the proposed treatment of each Class of Claims and Interests.

If the Plan is confirmed and consummated in accordance with its terms, among other things:

- holders of Allowed Administrative Claims, Allowed Priority Tax Claims and Allowed Priority Claims in Class 1 will receive, in full and complete settlement and satisfaction thereof, Cash from the Priority Claims Trust Account in the amount of their respective Allowed Claim without interest or penalty;
- holders of Allowed Senior Note Claims in Subclass 3A will receive from the Unsecured Claims Trust Account their respective Pro Rata Share of the Subclass 3A Distributable Consideration (*i.e.*, (a) the Senior Note Percentage of the Cash in the Unsecured Claims Trust Account plus (b) Cash in the amount of the aggregate fees payable to the 9-7/8% Senior Note Indenture Trustee, the 10-7/8% Senior Note Indenture Trustee and counsel for the Ad Hoc Committee in accordance with the Plan up to an aggregate not to exceed \$1.5 million) remaining after first giving effect to the following payments or reservation for payment by the Distribution Trustee from the Subclass 3A Distributable Consideration:
  - the payment of the amount, if any, determined by the Bankruptcy Court to be payable to the holders of the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bonds in respect of the asserted contractual subordination rights under the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture, which payment would be made to the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bond Indenture Trustee for the benefit of the holders of the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bonds;
  - the amount of the aggregate fees payable to the 9-7/8% Senior Note Indenture Trustee, the 10-7/8% Senior Note Indenture Trustee and the counsel for the Ad Hoc Committee in accordance with the Plan, whether or not in excess of \$1.5 million; and
  - if, but only if, Subclass 3B votes to accept the Plan, \$8.0 million to be paid to the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture Trustee for the benefit of the holders of Senior Subordinated Note Claims;

- holders of Allowed Senior Subordinated Note Claims in Subclass 3B:
  - if, and only if, Subclass 3B votes to accept the Plan, will receive their respective Pro Rata Share of \$8.0 million to be paid to the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture Trustee, provided that any and all fees or expenses payable to the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture Trustee pursuant to the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture shall, in all events, be payable solely from such \$8.0 million; or
  - if Subclass 3B fails to accept the Plan, will neither receive nor retain anything in respect of the Senior Subordinated Note Claims;
- Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (the "PBGC"), as the holder of the PBGC Claims in Subclass 3C, will receive the PBGC Percentage of the Cash in the Unsecured Claims Trust Account; and
- holders of Allowed Other Unsecured Claim in Subclass 3D will receive their respective Pro Rata Share of the Other Unsecured Claims Percentage of the Cash in the Unsecured Claims Trust Account.

As the foregoing indicates, in general, all holders of Claims will have recourse, if any, only to the Cash in the applicable Trust Accounts. The Debtors will cease to exist as legal entities following consummation of the Plan. See "Overview of the Plan — Summary of Classes and Treatment of Claims and Interests."

SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 2.9 OF THE PLAN, AS OF THE EFFECTIVE DATE, IN CONSIDERATION FOR THE OBLIGATIONS OF THE DEBTORS UNDER THE PLAN AND THE CASH TO BE DISTRIBUTED IN CONNECTION WITH THE PLAN, EACH HOLDER OF A CLAIM THAT VOTES IN FAVOR OF THE PLAN WILL BE DEEMED TO FOREVER RELEASE AND WAIVE ALL CLAIMS, OBLIGATIONS, SUITS, JUDGMENTS, DAMAGES, DEMANDS, DEBTS, RIGHTS, CAUSES OF ACTION AND LIABILITIES (OTHER THAN THE RIGHT TO ENFORCE THE DEBTORS' OBLIGATIONS UNDER THE PLAN AND THE CONTRACTS, INSTRUMENTS, RELEASES, AGREEMENTS AND DOCUMENTS DELIVERED THEREUNDER), WHETHER LIQUIDATED OR UNLIOUIDATED, FIXED OR CONTINGENT, MATURED OR UNMATURED, KNOWN OR UNKNOWN, FORESEEN OR UNFORESEEN, THEN EXISTING OR THEREAFTER ARISING IN LAW, EQUITY OR OTHERWISE, THAT ARE BASED IN WHOLE OR IN PART ON ANY ACT, OMISSION, TRANSACTION OR OTHER OCCURRENCE TAKING PLACE ON OR PRIOR TO THE EFFECTIVE DATE IN ANY WAY RELATING TO A DEBTOR, THE CHAPTER 11 CASES OR THE PLAN THAT SUCH ENTITY HAS, HAD OR MAY HAVE AGAINST THE CREDITORS' COMMITTEE, ITS MEMBERS, ANY INDENTURE TRUSTEE, EITHER DEBTOR AND ANY OF THEIR RESPECTIVE PRESENT OR FORMER DIRECTORS, OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES, AGENTS, ADVISORS, ATTORNEYS, ACCOUNTANTS, UNDERWRITERS, INVESTMENT BANKERS OR OTHER REPRESENTATIVES, ACTING IN SUCH CAPACITY, EXCEPT FOR THOSE BASED ON (A) ACTS OR OMISSIONS CONSTITUTING GROSS NEGLIGENCE OR WILLFUL MISCONDUCT OR (B) CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS OF, OR LOANS OWED BY, ANY SUCH PERSON TO A DEBTOR. SEE "GENERAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE PLAN - RELEASES, LIMITATION OF LIABILITY, AND INJUNCTIONS - RELEASE OF CLAIMS AND TERMINATION OF INTERESTS; LIMITATION OF LIABILITY."

EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THE PLAN OR THE CONFIRMATION ORDER, AS OF THE EFFECTIVE DATE, ALL ENTITIES THAT HAVE HELD, CURRENTLY HOLD OR MAY HOLD A CLAIM OR OTHER DEBT OR LIABILITY OF THE DEBTORS, OR AN INTEREST OR OTHER RIGHT OF AN EQUITY SECURITY WITH RESPECT TO THE DEBTORS, THAT IS RELEASED, WAIVED, SETTLED OR DEEMED SATISFIED PURSUANT TO THE PLAN WILL BE PERMANENTLY ENJOINED FROM TAKING ANY OF THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS ON ACCOUNT OF ANY SUCH CLAIMS, DEBTS, LIABILITIES, INTERESTS OR RIGHTS: (A) COMMENCING OR CONTINUING IN ANY MANNER ANY ACTION OR OTHER PROCEEDING AGAINST THE DEBTORS, THE DISTRIBUTION TRUST OR THE DISTRIBUTION TRUSTEE OTHER THAN TO ENFORCE ANY RIGHT PURSUANT TO THE PLAN TO A DISTRIBUTION FROM THE TRUST ACCOUNTS; (B) ENFORCING, ATTACHING, COLLECTING OR RECOVERING IN ANY MANNER ANY JUDGMENT, AWARD, DECREE OR ORDER AGAINST THE DEBTORS, THE DISTRIBUTION TRUST OR THE DISTRIBUTION TRUSTEE, OTHER THAN AS DESCRIBED IN (A) ABOVE; (C) CREATING, PERFECTING OR ENFORCING ANY LIEN OR ENCUMBRANCE AGAINST THE DEBTORS, THE DISTRIBUTION TRUST, ITS PROPERTY OR THE TRUST ACCOUNTS; (D) ASSERTING A SETOFF, RIGHT OF SUBROGATION OR RECOUPMENT OF ANY KIND AGAINST ANY DEBT, LIABILITY OR OBLIGATION DUE TO THE DISTRIBUTION TRUST; AND (E) COMMENCING OR CONTINUING ANY ACTION, IN ANY MANNER, IN ANY PLACE THAT DOES NOT COMPLY WITH OR IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THE PLAN. SEE "GENERAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE PLAN — LEGAL EFFECTS OF THE PLAN — RELEASES, LIMITATION OF LIABILITY, AND INJUNCTIONS — INJUNCTIONS."

[NOTE THAT THIS PARAGRAPH IS TO BE INCLUDED AFTER THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT HAS BEEN APPROVED BY THE BANKRUPTCY COURT: BY AN ORDER OF THE BANKRUPTCY COURT DATED \_\_\_\_\_, 2004, THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT HAS BEEN APPROVED AS CONTAINING "ADEQUATE INFORMATION" FOR CREDITORS OF THE DEBTORS IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 1125 OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE. THE BANKRUPTCY CODE DEFINES "ADEQUATE INFORMATION" AS "INFORMATION OF A KIND, AND IN SUFFICIENT DETAIL, AS FAR AS IS REASONABLY PRACTICABLE IN LIGHT OF THE NATURE AND THE HISTORY OF THE DEBTOR AND THE CONDITION OF THE DEBTOR'S BOOKS AND RECORDS, THAT WOULD ENABLE A HYPOTHETICAL REASONABLE INVESTOR TYPICAL OF HOLDERS OF CLAIMS OR INTERESTS OF THE RELEVANT CLASS TO MAKE AN INFORMED JUDGMENT ABOUT THE PLAN ...." 11 U.S.C. § 1125(A)(1).]

#### THE DEBTORS' BOARDS OF DIRECTORS BELIEVE THAT THE PLAN IS IN THE BEST INTERESTS OF CREDITORS UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES. ALL CREDITORS ENTITLED TO VOTE ARE URGED TO VOTE IN FAVOR OF THE PLAN BY NO LATER THAN 5:00 P.M., EASTERN TIME, ON \_\_\_\_\_\_, 2005 OR SUCH OTHER TIME OR DATE IDENTIFIED ON YOUR BALLOT.

The requirements for confirmation of the Plan under the Bankruptcy Code, including the vote of creditors to accept the Plan and certain of the statutory findings that must be made by the Bankruptcy Court, are described in "Voting and Confirmation of the Plan." Confirmation of the Plan and the occurrence of the Effective Date are also subject to a number of significant conditions, which are set forth in the Plan and summarized in "Answers To Certain Questions About The Plan And Disclosure Statement — What has to happen before the Plan can be consummated?" There is no assurance that these conditions will be satisfied or waived.

#### ANSWERS TO CERTAIN QUESTIONS ABOUT THE PLAN AND DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

The information presented in the answers to the questions set forth below is qualified in its entirety by reference to the full text of this Disclosure Statement, including the Plan attached hereto as Exhibit I. All creditors entitled to vote on the Plan are encouraged to read and carefully consider this entire Disclosure Statement, including the Plan attached hereto as Exhibit I, prior to submitting a Ballot or Ballots to accept or reject the Plan.

#### What is this document and why am I receiving it?

On January 14, 2003, AJI and KJC filed petitions for relief under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code. For a description of the reasons for which the Debtors filed for such protection, see "Certain Events Preceding the Debtors' Chapter 11 Filings." In connection with their proposed liquidation pursuant to chapter 11, AJI and KJC have prepared the Joint Plan of Liquidation attached hereto as Exhibit I (*i.e.*, the Plan), which sets forth in detail the proposed treatment of the Claims of the Debtors' creditors and equity interest holders. This Disclosure Statement describes the terms of, and certain other material information relating to, the Plan.

This Disclosure Statement is being delivered to you in connection with the Debtors' solicitation of votes with respect to the Plan because either (a) you are the holder of, or have otherwise asserted, a Claim or Claims against either or both of the Debtors or (b) you are the holder of a 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bond. The Disclosure

Statement is intended to provide you with information sufficient to make an informed to decision as to whether to vote to accept or reject the Plan (to the extent you are eligible to do so).

#### Am I eligible to vote to accept or reject the Plan?

You are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan only if you hold an Allowed Unsecured Claim (or an Unsecured Claim which has been temporarily allowed for voting purposes) against one or both Debtors. In accordance with section 1123(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, Administrative Claims and Priority Tax Claims have not been classified and thus are excluded from the Classes, and if you are a holder of an Administrative Claim or Priority Tax Claim you are not eligible to cast votes with respect to the Plan. If you hold a Priority Claim or a Secured Claim against either Debtor, because you are receiving Cash or property equal in value to the allowed amount of such Claim, you are deemed to have accepted the Plan and may not cast a vote with respect to it. KACC, as the holder of all of the Interests of the Debtors, and the holders of Intercompany Claims are deemed to have accepted the Plan. Holders of 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bonds do not have Claims against the Debtors and, accordingly, are not entitled to vote on the Plan. See "Voting and Confirmation of the Plan — Voting Procedures and Requirements."

#### Why should I vote to accept the Plan?

Because the Debtors are, as a result of the sale of their interests in Alumina Partners of Jamaica, a Delaware general partnership ("Alpart"), no longer operating entities and possess no assets other than Cash, the only alternatives to confirmation and consummation of the Plan are conversion of the Chapter 11 Cases to cases under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code and the confirmation and consummation of an alternative plan of liquidation under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code. The Debtors believe that the confirmation and consummation of the Plan is in the best interests of the Debtors' stakeholders and is preferable to either alternative.

#### Chapter 7 Liquidation

The Debtors believe that Plan provides for the liquidation of the Debtors in a manner significantly more efficient than would occur in the event the Chapter 11 Cases were converted to cases under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. The Debtors' Estates have already been substantially liquidated and converted to Cash proceeds, subject only to (a) the anticipated future release in full of \$20.0 million to be held in a cash collateral account to secure the obligations of the Debtors and the Other Kaiser Debtors under the DIP Financing Facility; and (b) the receipt of any proceeds generated from the successful prosecution or settlement of any Recovery Actions. The Debtors have been informed that the Creditors' Committee conducted an analysis of potential preference actions and determined that there were no viable preference actions concerning payments made by the Debtors. The Debtors believe that conversion to chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code would result in additional costs relating to the appointment of a chapter 7 trustee, likely delays in distributions to all creditors who would be entitled to receive a distribution under the Plan (thus reducing the present value of such distributions) and diminished recoveries for holders of Allowed Unsecured Claims. See "Voting and Confirmation of the Plan — Confirmation — Best Interests Test."

#### Alternative Chapter 11 Liquidation

The Plan has been negotiated by the Debtors and representatives of certain of the Debtors' most significant creditors, including the Creditors' Committee (a committee appointed by the Bankruptcy Court to represent the interests of the Debtors' unsecured creditors) and, therefore, the Debtors believe that negotiating an alternative plan of liquidation under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code is unlikely to alter significantly the relative treatment of Claims. The Debtors believe that negotiating such an alternative plan would result in additional professional costs in connection with such negotiations, likely delays in distributions to all creditors who would be entitled to receive a distribution under the Plan (thus reducing the present value of such distributions) and potentially diminished recoveries for holders of Allowed Unsecured Claims.

#### How do I vote to accept or reject the Plan?

#### What if I'm entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan and don't?

Only those holders of Unsecured Claims who actually vote to accept or to reject a Plan count in the tabulation of whether the Plan was accepted by the requisite holders of Claims in each Subclass of that Class (*i.e.*, the PBGC with respect to Subclass 3C and, with respect to Subclass 3A, Subclass 3B and Subclass 3D, at least two-thirds in dollar amount and a majority in number of each such Subclass). Thus, your failure to vote will count as neither a vote for acceptance nor a vote for rejection of the Plan. See "Voting and Confirmation of the Plan — Confirmation — Acceptance or Cramdown."

#### What will I actually receive in respect of my Claim if the Plan is confirmed and goes effective?

If you are the holder of an Allowed Claim against either Debtor, what you will actually receive, if anything, in respect of such Claim will depend on the classification of that Claim. For detailed information about the classification and treatment of creditors under the Plan, see "Overview of the Plan — Summary of Classes and Treatment of Claims and Interests."

Unlike the holders of Allowed Administrative Claims, Allowed Priority Tax Claims, Allowed Priority Claims or Allowed Secured Claims against the Debtors, holders of Allowed Claims in Subclass 3A, Subclass 3B, Subclass 3C and Subclass 3D will not receive Cash or property in an amount equal to 100% of the amount of their Claims.

#### Holders of Allowed Senior Note Claims in Subclass 3A

A holder of an Allowed Senior Note Claim will be entitled to a distribution of its Pro Rata Share of the Subclass 3A Distributable Consideration remaining after first giving effect to certain payments or reservation for payment by the Distribution Trustee from the Subclass 3A Distributable Consideration as discussed below. For purposes of the Plan, (a) the term "Subclass 3A Distributable Consideration" means (i) the Senior Note Percentage of the Cash in the Unsecured Claims Trust Account and (ii) Cash in the amount of the aggregate fees payable to the 9-7/8% Senior Note Indenture Trustee, the 10-7/8% Senior Note Indenture Trustee and counsel for the Ad Hoc Committee pursuant to the Plan up to an aggregate amount not to exceed \$1.5 million (with such amount to be deducted from the Distribution Trust Assets before the funding of the Unsecured Claims Trust Account); (b) the term "Senior Note Percentage" means (i) 68% less (ii) 68% of the Other Unsecured Claims Percentage; (c) the term "Other Unsecured Claims Percentage" means the percentage equal to the ratio of (i) the aggregate amount of all Allowed Other Unsecured Claims to (ii) the sum of (A) the aggregate amount of all Allowed Other Unsecured Claims and (B) \$1,369,073,000; and (d) the term "Pro Rata Share" means, when used with reference to a distribution to a holder of an Allowed Claim in a Subclass of Class 3, that share of the Cash distributed to be distributed on account of all Allowed Claims in such Subclass so that the ratio of (i)(A) the amount of Cash to be distributed on account of the particular Allowed Claim to (B) the amount of such Allowed Claim, is the same as the ratio of (ii)(A) the aggregate amount of Cash distributed on account of all Allowed Claims in such Subclass to (B) the aggregate amount of all Allowed Claims in such Subclass.

The Unsecured Claims Trust Account will be funded with the Debtors' Cash remaining after (a) the payment of reasonable fees, costs and expenses incurred by the Distribution Trustee in connection with the performance of its duties in accordance with the Plan and the Distribution Trust Agreement; (b) the distribution of Cash or property in accordance with the Plan to holders of Claims having a higher priority than Claims in Subclass 3A, Subclass 3B, Subclass 3C or Subclass 3D; (c) an allowance for the allocation to, and payment from, the Subclass 3A Distributable Consideration of an amount equal to the aggregate fees payable to the 9-7/8% Senior Note Indenture Trustee, the 10-7/8% Senior Note Indenture Trustee and counsel for the Ad Hoc Committee pursuant to the Plan up to an aggregate amount not to exceed \$1.5 million; and (d) any payment required to be made by the Debtors to KACC in accordance with the Intercompany Claim Settlement. After the Subclass 3A Distributable Consideration for payment must first be deducted from the Subclass 3A Distributable Consideration.

- the payment of the amount, if any, determined by the Bankruptcy Court to be payable to the holders of the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bonds in respect of the asserted contractual subordination rights under the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture, which payment would be made to the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bond Indenture Trustee for the benefit of the holders of the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bonds;
- all amounts payable to the 9-7/8% Senior Note Indenture Trustee, the 10-7/8% Senior Note Indenture Trustee and the counsel for the Ad Hoc Committee in accordance with the Plan, whether or not in excess of \$1.5 million; and
- if, but only if, Subclass 3B votes to accept the Plan, \$8.0 million to be paid to the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture Trustee for the benefit of the holders of Senior Subordinated Note Claims.

Accordingly, the recovery by holders of Allowed Senior Note Claims will depend upon a number of factors, including:

- the amount of Cash ultimately available to the Estates of the Debtors;
- the amount of Distribution Trust Expenses;
- the amount of Allowed Secured Claims, Allowed Administrative Claims, Allowed Priority Claims and Allowed Priority Tax Claims;
- whether Subclass 3B votes to accept the Plan;
- the amount, if any, determined by the Bankruptcy Court to be payable to the holders of the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bonds in respect of the asserted contractual subordination rights under the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture;
- the amount of fees of the 9-7/8% Senior Note Indenture Trustee, the 10-7/8% Senior Note Indenture Trustee and counsel for the Ad Hoc Committee in excess of \$1.5 million, if any;
- the amounts, if any, to be paid by the Debtors to KACC under the Intercompany Claims Settlement; and
- the aggregate amount of Allowed Other Unsecured Claims, if any.

See "Overview of the Plan — Sources and Uses of Cash" for the Debtors' current estimates of Cash available for distribution to holders of Allowed Senior Note Claims.

#### Holders of Allowed Senior Subordinated Note Claims in Subclass 3B

If, and only if, Subclass 3B votes to accept the Plan, a holder of an Allowed Senior Subordinated Note Claim will receive its Pro Rata Share of \$8.0 million (less any fees or expenses payable to the Senior Subordinated Note Trustee pursuant to the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture). If Subclass 3B fails to accept the Plan, the

holders of Senior Subordinated Claims in Subclass 3B will neither receive nor retain anything in respect of such Claims.

Based on discussions with the 9-7/8% Senior Note Indenture Trustee, the 10-7/8% Senior Note Indenture Trustee and the Ad Hoc Committee, it is currently anticipated that the plan of liquidation for Kaiser Alumina Australia Corporation and Kaiser Finance Corporation (the "KAAC/KFC Plan") will provide that, if, and only if, holders of the Senior Subordinated Note Claims vote to accept the KAAC/KFC Plan, then an additional \$8.0 million will be paid to the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture Trustee for the benefit of holders of Senior Subordinated Note Claims, with such amount to be paid from consideration that would otherwise be distributed to holders of Allowed Senior Note Claims under the KAAC/KFC Plan.

#### Holder of the PBGC Claims in Subclass 3C

The PBGC, as holder of the PBGC Claims in Subclass 3C, will receive the PBGC Percentage of the Cash in the Unsecured Claims Trust Account. For purposes of the Plan, the term "PBGC Percentage" means (a) 32% less (b) 32% of the Other Unsecured Claims Percentage.

Accordingly, as with the recoveries by holders of Allowed Senior Note Claims discussed above, the recovery by the PBGC, as the holder of the PBGC Claims, will depend upon a number of factors, including:

- the amount of Cash ultimately available to the Estates of the Debtors;
- the amount of Distribution Trust Expenses;
- the amount of Allowed Secured Claims, Allowed Administrative Claims, Allowed Priority Claims and Allowed Priority Tax Claims;
- the amounts, if any, to be paid by the Debtors to KACC under the Intercompany Claims Settlement; and
- the aggregate amount of Allowed Other Unsecured Claims, if any.

See "Overview of the Plan — Sources and Uses of Cash" for the Debtors' current estimates of Cash available for distribution to the PBGC in respect of the PBGC Claims in Subclass 3C.

#### Holders of Other Unsecured Claims in Subclass 3D

A holder of an Allowed Other Unsecured Claim will receive its Pro Rata Share of the Other Unsecured Claims Percentage of the Cash in the Unsecured Claims Trust Account.

Accordingly, as with the recoveries by holders of Senior Note Claims and by the PBGC as the holder of the PBGC Claims discussed above, the recoveries by holder of Other Unsecured Claims will depend upon a number of factors, including:

- the amount of Cash ultimately available to the Estates of the Debtors;
- the amount of Distribution Trust Expenses;
- the amount of Allowed Secured Claims, Allowed Administrative Claims, Allowed Priority Claims and Allowed Priority Tax Claims;
- the amounts, if any, to be paid by the Debtors to KACC under the Intercompany Claims Settlement.

Although several Other Unsecured Claims have been asserted, the Debtors do not believe that any of those Claims constitute allowable Claims; however, no assurance can be given that all such Claims will be disallowed in their entirety. See "Overview of the Plan — Sources and Uses of Cash."

#### What if my Claim is Disputed?

No distributions will be made in respect of any Claim that is Disputed until that Claim has become an Allowed Claim, if ever. See "Distributions Under the Plan — Treatment of Disputed Claims."

## Is there a particular record date for determining who will be entitled to receive distributions under the Plan in respect of an Allowed Claim?

Under the Plan, distributions in respect of an Allowed Claim will be made only to the holder of that Claim as of the close of business on the Confirmation Date (the "Distribution Record Date"). Neither the Debtors nor the Distribution Trustee will recognize any purported transfer of a Claim following the Distribution Record Date.

## When will I receive what I am entitled to receive in respect of my Claim if the Plan is confirmed and goes effective?

#### Allowed Claims Other Than Unsecured Claims in Subclass 3A, Subclass 3C and Subclass 3D

If you are the holder of an Administrative Claim, a Priority Tax Claim, a Priority Claim or a Secured Claim that is allowed as of the Effective Date, you will receive the distribution to which you are entitled under the Plan on account of such Claim on or promptly after the Effective Date. If you are the holder of a Secured Claim, Administrative Claim, a Priority Tax Claim, a Priority Claim or a Secured Claim that is a Disputed Claim as of the Effective Date, to the extent such Claim becomes an Allowed Claim after the Effective Date, you should receive the distribution to which you are entitled under the Plan on or promptly after the Quarterly Distribution Date next following the date on which such Claim is allowed.

If you are a holder of an Allowed Senior Subordinated Note Claim and Subclass 3B votes to accept the Plan, you will receive the distribution to which you are entitled under the Plan on account of such Claim on or promptly after the Effective Date as described in this paragraph. On the Effective Date, the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture Trustee will receive a Cash payment in the amount of \$8.0 million for the benefit of the holders of the Allowed Senior Subordinated Note Claims. The Senior Subordinated Note Indenture Trustee is entitled to deduct its fees and expenses from such payment prior to making distributions to holders of Senior Subordinated Note Claims. In due course following the Effective Date, the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture Trustee will distribute to each holder of an Allowed Subordinated Note Claim its Pro Rata Share of such payment as reduced by any fees and expenses so deducted. See "Distributions Under the Plan — Timing and Calculation of Amounts to Be Distributed."

#### Allowed Unsecured Claims in Subclass 3A, Subclass 3C and Subclass 3D

If you are the holder of a Senior Note Claim, the PBGC Claims or an Other Unsecured Claim that is allowed as of the Effective Date, you will receive an initial distribution on account of such Claim on or promptly after the Effective Date. The amount of initial distributions to be made to holders of Senior Note Claims, the PBGC Claims and Other Unsecured Claims that are allowed as of the Effective Date will be calculated as if each Disputed Other Unsecured Claim were an Allowed Other Unsecured Claim in its Face Amount as of the Effective Date. If you are the holder of an Other Unsecured Claim that is a Disputed Claim as of the Effective Date, to the extent such Claim becomes an Allowed Claim after the Effective Date, you should receive an initial distribution on account of such Claim on or promptly after the Quarterly Distribution Date next following the date on which such Claim was allowed. In addition, on or promptly after each Quarterly Distribution Date, if you are the holder of a Senior Note Claim, the PBGC Claims or an Other Unsecured Claim and have already received your initial distribution in respect of such Claim, you may receive an additional distribution on account of such Claim in an amount equal to: (a) the amount of Cash that you would have been entitled to receive pursuant to the Plan if such Claim and all other Claims in the same Subclass allowed prior to such Quarterly Distribution Date had been allowed as of the Effective Date, minus (b) the aggregate amount of Cash previously distributed to you on account of such Claim. See "Distributions Under the Plan — Timing and Calculation of Amounts to Be Distributed."

All distributions to holders of Senior Note Claims will be made by the Distribution Trustee to the applicable Indenture Trustee, which will thereafter forward such distributions to such holders in due course.

## What will I receive in respect of my 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bond if the Plan is confirmed and goes effective and when will I receive it?

The amount, if any, payable under the Plan to the holders of the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bonds in respect of the asserted contractual subordination rights under the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture will be determined by the Bankruptcy Court. Any such payment would be made to the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bond Indenture Trustee for the benefit of holders of the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bonds from consideration that would otherwise be distributed to holder of Senior Note Claims under the Plan. If the determination with respect to such payment has not been made by the Bankruptcy Court prior to the Effective Date, then, in order to ensure the funding of such payment, on the Effective Date the Distribution Trustee will reserve from Cash otherwise distributable to holders of Senior Note Claims any amount that may be ordered by the Bankruptcy Court to be so reserved pending such determination. See "Overview of the Plan — 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bond Dispute" and "Operations During the Chapter 11 Cases — 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bond Dispute." The 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bond Indenture Trustee is entitled to deduct its fees and expenses from any such payment prior to making distributions to holders of 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bonds. In due course following its receipt of any such payment, the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bond Indenture Trustee will distribute to each holder of 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bonds its proportionate share of any such payment as reduced by any fees and expenses so deducted.

#### Will my rights against the Other Kaiser Debtors be affected by the Plan?

Nothing in the Plan will be deemed to affect any person's claim against or interest in any Other Kaiser Debtor or any of their respective present or former directors, officers, employees, agents, advisors, attorneys, accountants, underwriters, investment bankers or other representatives, acting in such capacity, or any rights, including contractual subordination rights, that any person may have in respect of any such claim against or interest in any such Other Kaiser Debtor.

#### What will the tax consequences to me be if the Plan is consummated?

For a summary of certain potential federal income Tax consequences of the Plan, see "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences of Consummation of the Plan." The summary contained in this Disclosure Statement does not contain any information with respect to potential state, local or foreign Tax consequences to creditors of the Debtors. For these reasons and others, including because Tax consequences are in many cases uncertain and may vary depending on a creditor's individual circumstances, the discussion of the Tax consequences of the Plan contained in this Disclosure Statement is not intended in any way to be Tax advice – or otherwise to be a substitute for careful Tax planning with a professional. You are urged to consult with your own Tax advisor regarding the U.S. federal, state, local and foreign Tax consequences of the Plan.

#### What has to happen before the Plan can be consummated?

In order for the Plan to be effective, certain events must occur. The Plan contains conditions to both the confirmation of and the effectiveness of the Plan.

#### Confirmation

The Debtors and Creditors' Committee have agreed that, before the Bankruptcy Court can confirm the Plan, each of the following must have occurred (or the requirement that it have occurred must have been waived in accordance with the Plan):

- the Confirmation Order and the order contemplated by Section 2.8 of the Plan approving the substantive consolidation of the Debtors for the purpose of implementing the Plan each shall have been entered on the docket of the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court in form and substance acceptable to the Debtors and the Creditors' Committee;
- all Exhibits to the Plan shall be in form and substance satisfactory to the Debtors and the Creditors' Committee; and

• the Intercompany Claims Settlement Order shall have become effective.

In addition, there are a number of substantial confirmation requirements under the Bankruptcy Code that must be satisfied for the Plan to be confirmed, including either the acceptance of the Plan by the requisite holders of Claims in each of Subclass 3A, Subclass 3B, Subclass 3C and Subclass 3D (*i.e.*, the holders of at least two-thirds in dollar amount and a majority in number of Claims in each such Subclass which actually vote to accept the Plan) or, if the Plan is not accepted by each such Subclass, the acceptance of the Plan by the requisite holders of Claims in at least one such Subclass and the determination by the Bankruptcy Court that the Plan is "fair and equitable" and "does not discriminate unfairly" as to each nonaccepting Subclass. See "Voting and Confirmation of the Plan — Confirmation."

#### Effectiveness

In addition, the Debtors and Creditors' Committee have agreed that the Plan will not be consummated until each of the following has occurred (or the requirement that it occur has been waived in accordance with the Plan):

- the Confirmation Order shall have become a Final Order;
- the Liquidating Transactions shall have been consummated;
- all funds due and owing to or by the Debtors under the Intercompany Claims Settlement shall have been paid in accordance with its terms;
- the Distribution Trustee shall have been appointed and shall have accepted such appointment;
- the Distribution Trust Agreement shall have been executed and the Trust Accounts shall have been established; and
- all other actions, documents, consents and agreements necessary to implement the Plan shall have been effected, obtained and/or executed.

#### What happens if the holders of each Subclass of Unsecured Claims reject the Plan?

If the holders of each of Subclass 3A, Subclass 3B, Subclass 3C and Subclass 3D reject the Plan, it may not be confirmed (or consummated) in its present form. However, as long as the requisite holders of Claims in at least one such Subclass vote to accept the Plan, the Debtors may seek confirmation pursuant to the "cramdown" provisions of the Bankruptcy Code (which will require a determination by the Bankruptcy Court that that the Plan is "fair and equitable" and "does not discriminate unfairly" as to each nonaccepting Subclass). The Debtors believe that the Plan satisfies the "cramdown" provisions of the Bankruptcy Code and, in any case, have reserved the right to modify the Plan to the extent that confirmation thereunder requires modification. See "Voting and Confirmation of the Plan — Confirmation — Acceptance or Cramdown."

#### When will the Plan be confirmed? When will the Plan be effective?

#### Confirmation

There is a hearing currently scheduled in the Bankruptcy Court for \_\_\_\_\_\_, 2005 relating to the confirmation of the Plan. This hearing may be adjourned, however, and even if it is held, there is no guaranty that the Bankruptcy Court will find that the requirements of the Bankruptcy Code with respect to confirmation have been met. See "Voting and Confirmation of the Plan — Confirmation Hearing" and "Voting and Confirmation of the Plan — Confirmation set forth in the Plan must be satisfied or waived in accordance with the Plan before the Plan can be confirmed. Thus, while the Debtors expect the Plan to be confirmed on \_\_\_\_\_\_, 2005, there is no way to predict with any certainty when, if ever, confirmation will actually occur.

#### *Effective Date*

Even if the Plan is confirmed on \_\_\_\_\_\_, 2005, there are a number of additional conditions which must be satisfied or waived before the Plan can be consummated.

#### What will happen to AJI and KJC if the Plan is consummated?

The Debtors will be liquidated if the Plan is consummated. Because the interests of each of the Debtors in Alpart have been sold, the Debtors no longer have any material ongoing activities or operations. Thus, upon the transfer of the Distribution Trust Assets to the Distribution Trust, the Debtors will be dissolved and their assets will be distributed in accordance with the Plan. See "General Information Concerning the Plan — Means for Implementation of the Plan — Liquidating Transactions."

#### What happens if the Plan isn't confirmed or doesn't become effective?

The Debtors expect that all of the conditions to confirmation of the Plan or the Effective Date will be satisfied (or waived in accordance with the Plan). However, there is no guaranty that the Plan will be consummated. While the Debtors intend to take all acts reasonably necessary to satisfy the conditions to the confirmation of the Plan and the Effective Date that are within the Debtors' control, if, for any reason, the Plan is not confirmed or the Effective Date does not occur, the Debtors may be forced to convert the Chapter 11 Cases to cases under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code or propose an alternative plan of liquidation under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE PLAN**

#### Introduction

The following is a brief overview of certain material provisions of the Plan. This overview is qualified in its entirety by reference to the provisions of the Plan, which is attached hereto as Exhibit I, and the Distribution Trust Agreement, which is an Exhibit thereto. See "Additional Information." For a description of certain other significant terms and provisions of the Plan, see "General Information Concerning the Plan" and "Distributions Under the Plan."

#### **Summary of Classes and Treatment of Claims and Interests**

The table below summarizes: (a) the classification of Claims and Interests; (b) the estimated aggregate amount of Claims in each of Class 1, Class 2 and Subclass 3D; (c) the actual aggregate amount of Allowed Claims in each of Subclass 3A, Subclass 3B and Subclass 3C; (d) the amount and nature of distributions to holders of Claims or Interests in each Class; and (e) the estimated percentage recovery for each of Subclass 3A, Subclass 3B and Subclass 3C; (d) the Bankruptcy Code, Administrative Claims and Priority Tax Claims have not been classified and thus are excluded from the Classes. For a discussion of certain additional matters related to Administrative Claims and Priority Tax Claims, see " — Additional Information Regarding Assertion and Treatment of Administrative Claims and Priority Tax Claims." The estimated aggregate amount of Claims set forth in the table below with respect to Class 1, Class 2 and Subclass 3D is based on the Debtors' estimate of the maximum aggregate amounts of such Claims that the Debtors believe will be allowed.

Each "Estimated Aggregate Claims Amount" shown in the table below is based upon the Debtors' preliminary review of Claims Filed on or before the May 15, 2003 general Bar Date and the Debtors' books and records and may be substantially revised following the completion of a further analysis of the Claims Filed. See "Operations During the Chapter 11 Cases — Claims Process and Bar Dates." In addition, certain Disputed Claims that the Debtors do not believe are allowable ultimately may be allowed by the Bankruptcy Court.

Each "Estimated Percentage Recovery" shown in the table below is the quotient of the estimated Cash to be distributed to all holders of Allowed Claims in the applicable Subclass divided by the aggregate amount of Allowed Claims in such Subclass. The recoveries for holders of Allowed Claims in Subclass 3A, Subclass 3C and Subclass 3D will vary depending on a number of factors. For a discussion of certain of such factors, see "Answers to Certain

Questions about the Plan and Disclosure Statement — What will I actually receive in respect of my Claim if the Plan is confirmed and goes effective?"

	Description and Amount of Claims	
•	or Interests Against the Debtors Class 1 – Priority Claims: Claims against either of the Debtors entitled to priority in payment pursuant to	<b>Treatment</b> Unimpaired. On the later of the Effective Date or the date on which a Priority Claims is allowed, each holder of an Allowed
	section 507(a) of the Bankruptcy Code that are not Administrative Claims or Priority Tax Claims.	Priority Claim will be entitled to receive either (a) Cash from the Priority Claims Trust Account in the amount of such holder's Allowed Priority Claim without interest or penalty or (b) such other treatment as may be agreed upon in writing by such holder and the Debtors or the Distribution Trustee.
	Estimated Aggregate Claims Amount: \$0	
•	Class 2 – Secured Claims: Claims against either of the Debtors secured by a Lien on property in which such Debtor's Estate has an interest or that is subject to setoff under section 533 of the Bankruptcy Code, to the extent of the value of the Claim holder's interest in such Estate's interest in such property or to the extent of the amount subject to setoff, as applicable, as determined pursuant to section 506(a) and, if applicable, section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.	Unimpaired. On the later of the Effective Date or the date on which a Secured Claim is allowed, each holder of an Allowed Secured Claim will be entitled to receive either (a) Cash from the Priority Claims Trust Account in an amount equal to such Allowed Secured Claim, including such interest as is required to be paid pursuant to section 506(b) of the Bankruptcy Code or (b) the collateral securing such Allowed Secured Claim and Cash from the Priority Claims Trust Account in an amount equal to such interest as is required to be paid pursuant to section 506(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.
	Estimated Aggregate Claims Amount: \$0	
•	Subclass 3A – Senior Note Claims: Claims against either of the Debtors under or in respect of either (x) the 9-7/8% Senior Notes and the 9-7/8% Senior Note Indenture or (y) the 10-7/8% Senior Notes and the 10-7/8% Senior Note Indentures.	Impaired. On the Effective Date, each holder of an Allowed Senior Note Claim will be entitled to receive Cash from the Unsecured Claims Trust Account equal to its Pro Rata Share of the Subclass 3A Distributable Consideration remaining after first giving effect to the following payments or reservation for payment on the Effective Date by the Distribution Trustee from the Subclass 3A Distributable Consideration: (a) \$2.5 million to be paid to the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bond Indenture Trustee for the benefit of the holders of the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bonds; (b) all amounts payable to the 9-7/8% Senior Note Indenture Trustee, the 10-7/8% Senior Note Indenture Trustee and the counsel for the Ad Hoc Committee in accordance with the Plan; and (c) if, but only if, Subclass 3B votes to accept the Plan, \$8.0 million to be paid to the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture Trustee for the benefit of the holders of Senior Subordinated Note Claims.
	Aggregate Allowed Claims Amount: \$452,306,413.06	Estimated Percentage Recovery: 36.1% to 37.8%

Description and Amount of Claims	
or Interests Against the Debtors	Treatment
<ul> <li>Subclass 3B – Senior Subordinated Note Claims: Claims against either of the Debtors under or in respect of the Senior Subordinated Notes and the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture.</li> </ul>	Impaired. If Subclass 3B votes to accept the Plan in accordance with section 1126(c) of the Bankruptcy Code, on the Effective Date each holder of an Allowed Senior Subordinated Note Claim will be entitled to receive its Pro Rata Share of \$8.0 million in Cash to be paid to the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture Trustee, provided that any and all fees or expenses payable to the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture Trustee pursuant to the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture will, in all events, be payable solely from such \$8.0 million. If Subclass 3B fails to accept the Plan in accordance with section 1126(c) of the Bankruptcy Code, no property will be distributed to or retained by the holders of Senior Subordinated Note Claims, including any such Claims of the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture Trustee.
Aggregate Allowed Claims Amount: \$478,661,479.17	Estimated Percentage Recovery: 1.7%
Subclass 3C – PBGC Claims: Claims (other than Administrative Claims) of the PBGC against either of the Debtors arising from, or relating to, the pension plans which were or are maintained by any of the Other Kaiser Debtors in the Kaiser Cases and guaranteed by the PBGC.	Impaired. On the Effective Date, the PBGC as holder of the PBGC Claims will be entitled to receive the PBGC Percentage of the Cash in the Unsecured Claims Trust Account.
Allowed Claim Amount: \$616,000,000.00	Estimated Percentage Recovery: 13.4% to 13.7%
<ul> <li>Subclass 3D – Other Unsecured Claims: Claims against either of the Debtors that are not Administrative Claims, Priority Claims, Priority Tax Claims, Secured Claims, Intercompany Claims, Senior Note Claims, Senior Subordinated Note Claims or the PBGC Claims, but including Tort Claims.</li> </ul>	Impaired. On the Effective Date, each holder of an Allowed Other Unsecured Claim will be entitled to receive a Pro Rata Share of the Other Unsecured Claims Percentage of the Cash in the Unsecured Claims Trust Account.
Estimated Aggregate Claims Amount: \$0	
Class 4 – Intercompany Claims: Claims held by any Other Kaiser Debtor against either of the Debtors.	Impaired. On the Effective Date, each holder of an Intercompany Claim will be entitled to receive the treatment set forth in the Intercompany Claims Settlement.
Class 5 – Interests in the Debtors: Stock ownership interests in either of the Debtors, or rights to acquire the same, and any Claim arising therefrom.	Impaired. No property will be distributed to, or retained by, KACC as the holder of the Interests on account of such Interests, and such Interests will be canceled on the Effective Date.

#### 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bond Dispute

The amount, if any, payable under the Plan to the holders of the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bonds in respect of the asserted contractual subordination rights under the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture will be determined by the Bankruptcy Court. Any such payment would be made to the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bond Indenture Trustee for the benefit of holders of the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bonds from consideration that would otherwise be distributed to holder of Senior Note Claims under the Plan. If the determination with respect to such payment has not been made by the Bankruptcy Court prior to the Effective Date, then, in order to ensure the funding of such payment, on the Effective Date the Distribution Trustee will reserve from Cash otherwise distributable to holders of Senior Note Claims any amount that may be ordered by the Bankruptcy Court to be so reserved pending such determination. See "Operations During the Chapter 11 Cases — 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bond Dispute."

#### Sources and Uses of Cash

#### Sources of Cash

The Cash available in the Debtors' Estates to fund the Plan will come from: (a) the net Cash proceeds to the Debtors in connection with the sale of their interests in Alpart pursuant to the Alpart Purchase Agreement, after taking into account the costs and expenses of such sale payable by the Debtors in accordance with the Intercompany Claims Settlement and the satisfaction of any applicable Allowed Secured Claim with a valid and enforceable lien against such proceeds (including any interest thereon and earnings from the investment thereof, the "Alpart Proceeds"); (b) the proceeds, if any, received by the Debtors under the Intercompany Claims Settlement (the "Intercompany Settlement Proceeds"); and (c) the proceeds, if any, received from the successful prosecution, settlement, or collection of Recovery Actions (the "Recovery Action Proceeds"). See "Operations During the Chapter 11 Cases — The Sale of the Alpart Interests and Liquidation of AJI and KJC" and "Operations During the Chapter 11 Cases — Intercompany Claims Settlement."

The Debtors currently estimate that, as of the Effective Date, the Alpart Proceeds will be approximately \$274.4 million and the Intercompany Settlement Proceeds will be \$4.0 million. The Debtors are not aware of any Recovery Actions (and the Creditors' Committee has independently determined that there are no viable preference actions concerning payments made by the Debtors) and, accordingly, it has been assumed that the Recovery Action Proceeds will be zero.

The foregoing estimate of Alpart Proceeds as of the Effective Date includes \$20.0 million that is expected to be required to be held in a cash collateral account to secure the obligations of the Debtors and the Other Kaiser Debtors under the DIP Financing Facility (the "AJI/KJC Cash Collateral Account"). On the Effective Date, Cash in the AJI/KJC Cash Collateral Account will be used to make the payments, if any, required to be made to KACC by the Debtors pursuant to the Intercompany Claims Settlement (collectively, the "Intercompany Settlement Payments"). Any remaining amounts held in the AJI/KJC Cash Collateral Account will not be released for distribution to holders of Allowed Claims until amounts owing under the DIP Financing Facility are paid in full and the DIP Financing Facility is terminated. As indicated below, the Debtors and the Creditors' Committee currently expect that no Intercompany Settlement Payments will be required and, accordingly, that the entire \$20.0 million (together with any interest thereon and earnings from the investment thereof) held in the AJI/KJC Cash Collateral Account will ultimately be released for distribution to holders of Allowed for distribution to holders of Allowed not be released for distribution to holders of Allowed for distribution to holders of Allowed claims, though such release is not expected to occur prior to the Effective Date and may not occur prior to the effective date of a plan of reorganization of KACC. However, no assurance can be given as to whether or when such release will occur or, if and when such release does occur, as to how much Cash will then remain in the AJI/KJC Cash Collateral Account. See "— Additional Information Regarding Assertion and Treatment of Administrative Claims — DIP Financing Facility."

#### Uses of Cash

As more fully described below, the Debtors' Cash as of the Effective Date will be used to (a) fund the Distribution Trust Expenses Account to enable the Distribution Trustee to pay Distribution Trust Expenses; (b) fund the Priority Claims Trust Account to enable the Distribution Trustee to pay the Allowed Administrative Claims, Allowed Priority Tax Claims, Allowed Priority Claims and Allowed Secured Claims in accordance with the Plan; (c) pay the fees of the 9-7/8% Senior Note Indenture Trustee, the 10-7/8% Senior Note Indenture Trustee and counsel for the Ad Hoc Committee payable in accordance with the Plan up to an aggregate not to exceed \$1.5 million (the "Senior Noteholder Fees"); (d) make any required Intercompany Settlement Payments; and (e) then fund the Unsecured Claims Trust Account with any remaining Cash. The Debtors and the Creditors' Committee currently anticipate that available Cash will be applied as follows (in millions):

Estimated Available Cash	\$278.4*
Estimated Funding of Distribution Trust Expenses Account Estimated Funding of Priority Claims Trust Account Estimated Payment of Senior Noteholder Fees Estimated Payment of Intercompany Settlement Payments	(\$1.5)

Estimated Cash Remaining to Fund Unsecured Claims Trust Account..... \$258.4 - \$263.4\*

- \* Includes \$20.0 million required to be held in the AJI/KJC Cash Collateral Account, which amount (together with any interest thereon and earnings from the investment thereof) is expected ultimately to be released for distribution to holders of Allowed Claims but is not expected to be so released prior to the Effective Date and may not be so released prior to the effective date of plan of reorganization of KACC. See "— Additional Information Regarding Assertion and Treatment of Administrative Claims — DIP Financing Facility."
- \*\* Includes funding for Allowed Administrative Claims, including Professional Fee Claims, and Allowed Priority Tax Claims.

The Debtors and Creditors' Committee will agree no later than ten days prior to the Confirmation Hearing on the actual amount of the Debtors' Cash to be used for the initial funding of the Distribution Trust Expenses Account in order to ensure the payment of Distribution Trust Expenses. The actual amount of Distribution Trust Expenses to be incurred prior to termination of the Distribution Trust may vary materially from the amount of such initial funding. If the Distribution Trustee at any time determines that the Cash balance of the Distribution Trust Expenses Account is insufficient to make all payments payable therefrom in accordance with the terms of the Plan and the Distribution Trust Agreement, the Distribution Trustee may transfer additional Cash from the Unsecured Claims Trust Account to the Distribution Expenses Account. If, on the other hand, the Distribution Trustee determines that the Cash balance of the Distribution Trust Expenses Account is in excess of the amount that will be sufficient to make all payments payable therefrom in accordance with the terms of the Distribution Trust Agreement, the Distribution Trust Expenses Account is in excess of the amount that will be sufficient to make all payments payable therefrom in accordance with the terms of the Plan and the Distribution Trust Agreement, the Distribution Trust Expenses Account is in excess of the amount that will be sufficient to make all payments payable therefrom in accordance with the terms of the Plan and the Distribution Trust Agreement, the Distribution Trustee, with the consent of the Steering Committee, may transfer such excess Cash to the Unsecured Claims Trust Account.

The Debtors and Creditors' Committee will agree no later than ten days prior to the Conformation Hearing on the actual amount of the Debtors' Cash to be used for the initial funding of the Priority Claims Trust Account in order to ensure the payment of Allowed Administrative Claims, Allowed Priority Tax Claims, Allowed Priority Claims and Allowed Secured Claims. Such amount will include a reserve for the payment of Taxes that may be assessed against the Debtors by the Government of Jamaica as a result of the sale by the Debtors of their interests in Alpart (which will be treated as Priority Tax Claims or Administrative Claims, as the case may be). See "Operations During the Chapter 11 Cases - Certain Jamaica Tax Matters." The actual amounts of Allowed Administrative Claims, Allowed Priority Tax Claims, Allowed Priority Claims and Allowed Secured Claims could vary materially from the amount of the initial funding of the Priority Claims Trust Account. If at any time the Distribution Trustee determines that the Cash balance of the Priority Claims Trust Account is insufficient to make all payments payable therefrom in accordance with the terms of the Plan and the Distribution Trust Agreement, the Distribution Trustee will transfer an amount equal to the shortfall from the Unsecured Claims Trust Account. If, on the other hand, the Distribution Trustee determines that the Cash balance of the Priority Claims Trust Account is in excess of the amount that will be sufficient to make all payments payable therefrom in accordance with the terms of the Plan and the Distribution Trust Agreement, the Distribution Trustee, with the consent of the Steering Committee, may transfer such excess Cash to the Unsecured Claims Trust Account.

The Debtors and the Creditors' Committee currently estimate that the Senior Noteholder Fees will be \$1.5 million. The actual amount of Senior Noteholder Fees may vary from such amount. To the extent the actual amount of Senior Noteholder Fees is less than \$1.5 million, the amount of Cash available for distribution to holders of Senior Note Claims, the PBGC Claims and Other Unsecured Claims will increase by that difference. To the extent the fees of the 9-7/8% Senior Note Indenture Trustee, the 10-7/8% Senior Note Indenture Trustee and counsel for

the Ad Hoc Committee exceed \$1.5 million, such excess will be paid solely from Cash otherwise available for distribution to holders of Senior Note Claims.

The Debtors and the Creditors' Committee currently estimate that the Intercompany Settlement Payments will be zero.

Based on the various estimates indicated above and including the \$20.0 million expected to be required to be held in the AJI/KJC Cash Collateral Account, the Debtors and the Creditors' Committee currently estimate that the Unsecured Claims Trust Account ultimately will be funded with an aggregate of \$258.4 million to \$263.4 million. No assurance can be given that (a) the actual amount of Cash to be used for the funding of the Distribution Trust Expenses Account or the Priority Claims Trust Account or the payment of Senior Noteholder Fees or Intercompany Settlement Payments will not vary from the estimates thereof indicated above, (b) the initial funding of the Distribution Trust Expenses Account and the Priority Claims Trust Account will be made in the amount of the estimates indicated above, or (c) regardless of the amount of such initial funding, increasing Cash ultimately available for distribution from the Unsecured Claims Trust Account to the extent actual payments are less than such initial funding and decreasing Cash ultimately available for distribution from the unsecured Claims Trust Account to the extent actual payments are greater than such initial funding.

Based on the various estimates indicated above and assuming that (a) Subclass 3B votes to accept the Plan and (b) there are no Allowed Other Unsecured Claims, the aggregate Cash ultimately to be distributed to holders of Senior Note Claims, Senior Subordinated Note Claims and the PBGC Claims would be as follows (in millions):

Subclass	Estimated Aggregate Cash Distribution
Subclass 3A (Senior Notes Claims)	\$162.7* to \$171.1**
Subclass 3B (Senior Subordinated Note Claims)	\$8.0
Subclass 3C (PBGC Claims)	\$82.7 to \$84.3

Reflects (a) a determination by the Bankruptcy Court that \$5.0 million must be paid to the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bond Indenture Trustee for the benefit of the holders of the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bonds; (b) the payment of \$8.0 million to the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture Trustee for the benefit of the holders of the Senior Subordinated Note Claims; and (c) no reduction for fees of the 9-7/8% Senior Note Indenture Trustee, the 10-7/8% Senior Note Indenture Trustee and counsel for the Ad Hoc Committee (because it is assumed that such fees will not exceed \$1.5 million). The Debtors believe that \$5.0 million is the maximum amount that would be payable from the Estates in respect of the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bonds if all legal theories being advanced by the holders thereof were accepted by the Bankruptcy Court. The outcome of the litigation regarding the subordination rights of holders of 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bonds could result in the amount payable being less than \$5.0 million but greater than zero, in which event the Cash to be distributed to holders of Senior Note Claims would vary accordingly. See "Operating During the Chapter 11 Cases — 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bond Dispute."

Although the Debtors and the Creditors' Committee expect the entire \$20.0 million (together with any interest thereon and earnings on investment thereof) to be held in the AJI/KJC Cash Collateral Account ultimately to be

<sup>\*\*</sup> Reflects (a) a determination by the Bankruptcy Court that no payment must be made to the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bond Indenture Trustee for the benefit of the holders of the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bonds; (b) the payment of \$8.0 million to the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture Trustee for the benefit of the holders of the Senior Subordinated Note Claims; and (c) no reduction for fees of the 9-7/8% Senior Note Indenture Trustee, the 10-7/8% Senior Note Indenture Trustee and counsel for the Ad Hoc Committee (because it is assumed that such fees will not exceed \$1.5 million).

released for distribution to holders of Allowed Claims, such amount is not expected to be released prior to the Effective Date and, accordingly, it is expected that the initial distributions to be made to holders of Allowed Senior Note Claims and the PBGC on or promptly after the Effective Date will be less than indicated above. Although the Debtors and the Creditors' Committee believe that no Other Unsecured Claims will ultimately be allowed, in the event Other Unsecured Claims that have been asserted are not disallowed prior to the Effective Date, Dispute Claims Reserves would have to be established in respect of Subclass 3D, thereby further reducing the initial Cash distributions to be made to holders of Allowed Senior Note Claims and the PBGC. See "General Information Concerning the Plan — Means for Implementation of the Plan — Trust Accounts."

#### Additional Information Regarding Assertion and Treatment of Administrative Claims and Priority Tax Claims

#### Administrative Claims

#### Administrative Claims in General

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan or unless otherwise agreed by the holder of an Administrative Claim and the applicable Debtor or the Distribution Trustee, each holder of an Allowed Administrative Claim will receive, in full satisfaction of its Administrative Claim, Cash from the Priority Claims Trust Account in an amount equal to the allowed amount of such Administrative Claim either (a) on or promptly after the Effective Date or (b) if the Administrative Claim is not allowed as of the Effective Date, on or promptly after the date that is 30 days after the date on which (i) an order allowing such Administrative Claim becomes a Final Order or (ii) a Stipulation of Amount and Nature of Claim is executed by the Distribution Trustee and the holder of the Administrative Claim.

Administrative Claims include Claims for costs and expenses of administration allowed under sections 503(b), 507(b) or 1114(e)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code, including (a) the actual and necessary costs and expenses incurred after the Petition Date in preserving the respective Estates and operating the business of each of the Debtors; (b) Professional Fee Claims; and (c) US Trustee Fees. Except as provided in the Intercompany Claims Settlement, no Intercompany Claim will constitute an Administrative Claim, and pursuant to the PBGC Settlement Agreement, the PBGC has agreed not to assert any Administrative Claims against the Debtors.

#### US Trustee Fees

On or before the Effective Date, Administrative Claims for fees payable pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1930, as determined by the Bankruptcy Court at the Confirmation Hearing, will be paid by the applicable Debtor or the Distribution Trustee in Cash equal to the amount of such Administrative Claims. All fees payable pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1930 will be paid by the Distribution Trustee in accordance with the Plan from the Priority Claims Trust Account until the closing of the Chapter 11 Cases pursuant to section 350(a) of the Bankruptcy Code.

#### Bar Dates for Administrative Claims

As provided in the Administrative Claim Bar Date Order, any holder of an Administrative Claim against a Debtor that was required to File and serve a request for payment of such Administrative Claim and that does not File and serve such a request in accordance with the Administrative Claim Bar Date Order by the Administrative Claim Bar Date, will be forever barred from asserting such Administrative Claim against the Debtors or the Distribution Trustee, or their respective property, or the Trust Accounts, and such Administrative Claim will be deemed waived and released as of the Effective Date. Objections to an Administrative Claim must be Filed by the Distribution Trustee and served on the requesting party by the later of (a) 45 days after the Effective Date or (b) 60 days after the Filing of the request for payment of an Administrative Claim.

Except as otherwise set forth in the Plan or in the Intercompany Claims Settlement, professionals or other entities asserting a Professional Fee Claim for services rendered solely with respect to the Debtors before the Effective Date must File and serve on the Debtors and the Distribution Trustee and such other entities who are designated by the Bankruptcy Rules, the Confirmation Order or other order of the Bankruptcy Court an application for final allowance of such Fee Claim no later than 60 days after the Effective Date. Objections to any Professional

Fee Claim must be Filed and served on the Distribution Trustee and the requesting party by the later of (a) 90 days after the Effective Date or (b) 30 days after the Filing of the applicable request for payment of the Professional Fee Claim. To the extent necessary, the Confirmation Order will amend and supersede any previously entered order of the Bankruptcy Court (other than the Intercompany Claim Settlement Order) regarding the payment of Professional Fee Claims solely with respect to the Debtors.

To the extent that any professional has provided services in the Kaiser Cases, the Bar Date for Professional Fee Claims in Section 2.2 of the Plan relates only to such professional's fees for services and reimbursement of expenses reasonably allocable by such professional solely to the Debtors and not otherwise treated pursuant to the Intercompany Claims Settlement Order; Claims relating to such professional's fees for services and reimbursement of expenses to the Other Kaiser Debtors may be sought against the estates of such Other Kaiser Debtors. The failure of a professional to allocate any particular charges to the Debtors will not foreclose, waive or affect in any way the professional's right to seek allowance and payment of such charges from the Other Kaiser Debtors.

#### DIP Financing Facility

On the Effective Date, KACC will have an Allowed Administrative Claim equal to the amount of any required Intercompany Settlement Payments. Any required Intercompany Settlement Payments will be paid (a) first, by transfers from the \$20.0 million in Cash that would otherwise be required to be held in the AJI/KJC Cash Collateral Account to a cash collateral account similarly maintained by KACC (the "KACC Cash Collateral Account") and (ii) second, to the extent such transfers are insufficient to make the required Intercompany Settlement Payments in full, through the payment of an amount equal to such shortfall by the Distribution Trustee to KACC for deposit in the KACC Cash Collateral Account. The Debtors and the Creditors' Committee currently expect that no Intercompany Settlement Payments will be required.

From and after the Effective Date, the Subsidiary Guaranty (as such term is defined in the DIP Financing Facility) of each of AJI and KJC will be deemed affirmed and enforceable in accordance with its terms as an Allowed Administrative Claim in an amount equal to the amount of Cash in the AJI/KJC Cash Collateral Account (taking into account any transfer from the AJI/KJC Cash Collateral Account to the KACC Cash Collateral Account as described above). Any such amounts in the AJI/KJC Cash Collateral Account will remain in the AJI/KJC Cash Collateral Account until the Obligations (as such term is defined in the DIP Financing Facility) are indefeasibly repaid in full in Cash and the DIP Financing Facility is terminated, whereupon any remaining amounts in the AJI/KJC Cash Collateral Account will be released and paid over to the Distribution Trustee for deposit into the Unsecured Claims Trust Account. Because, as indicated above, it is anticipated that no Intercompany Settlement Payments will be required, the Debtors and the Creditors' Committee currently expect the entire \$20.0 million will remain in the AJI/KJC Cash Collateral Account until it (together with any interest thereon and earnings from the investment thereof) is released for deposit into the Unsecured Claims Trust Account. However, no assurance can be given as to whether or when such release will occur or, if and when such release does occur, as to how much Cash will then remain in the AJI/KJC Cash Collateral Account.

While the Debtors and the Creditors' Committee currently believe that KACC will pay all of the Obligations (as such term is defined in the DIP Financing Facility), in the event that amounts in the AJI/KJC Cash Collateral Account were to be applied to repayment of the DIP Financing Facility the Distribution Trustee would have an allowed superpriority administrative claim or claims against KACC in such amounts (taking into account any transfer from the AJI/KJC Cash Collateral Account to the KACC Cash Collateral Account as described above). If such claim or claims could not be paid at the time of consummation of a plan of reorganization for KACC, such claim or claims (together with interest thereon at a rate of 12% per annum) would be payable in full no later than 18 months after the effective date of such plan.

See "Operations During the Chapter 11 Cases — Postpetition Financing" for more information regarding the DIP Financing Facility.

#### Priority Tax Claims

Pursuant to section 1129(a)(9)(C) of the Bankruptcy Code, unless otherwise agreed by the holder of a Priority Tax Claim and the applicable Debtor or the Distribution Trustee, each holder of an Allowed Priority Tax

Claim will receive, in full satisfaction of its Priority Tax Claim, the full amount thereof in Cash, without postpetition interest or penalty, from the Priority Claims Trust Account as soon as practicable after the later of (a) the Effective Date or (b) the date on which the Priority Tax Claim becomes an Allowed Claim. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the holder of an Allowed Priority Tax Claim will not be entitled to receive any payment on account of any penalty arising with respect to or in connection with the Allowed Priority Tax Claim. Any such Claim or demand for any such penalty (a) will be subject to treatment in Subclass 3D and (b) the holder of an Allowed Priority Tax Claim will not be entitled to assess or attempt to collect such penalty from the Debtors, the Distribution Trustee, their properties or the Trust Accounts (other than as the holder of an Subclass 3D Claim).

#### Reserves for Payment of Certain Potential Administrative Claims and Priority Tax Claims

As part of the initial funding of the Priority Claims Trust Accounts, the Debtors will include reserves for payments in respect of certain potential Administrative Claims and Priority Tax Claims. For a description of such potential Claims, see "Operations During the Chapter 11 Cases — Certain Jamaica Tax Matters."

#### Senior Note Indenture Trustee and Ad Hoc Committee Counsel Fees and Expenses

The fees and expenses of (a) the 9-7/8% Senior Note Indenture Trustee, (b) the 10-7/8% Senior Note Indenture Trustee and (c) counsel for the Ad Hoc Committee incurred through the Effective Date will be paid out of the Subclass 3A Distributable Consideration as provided in Section 2.4(c)(i) of the Plan. No later than two Business Days prior to the Effective Date, each of the entities to which reference is made in clauses (a), (b) and (c) above must furnish to the counsel for the Creditors' Committee and the Debtors information in respect of such fees and expenses incurred and estimated to be incurred through the Effective Date.

#### CERTAIN EVENTS PRECEDING THE DEBTORS' CHAPTER 11 FILINGS

#### Background

Kaiser Aluminum Corporation ("KAC"), through its wholly owned subsidiary KACC and the subsidiaries of KACC, has historically been one of the leading international producers and marketers of alumina, primary aluminum and fabricated aluminum products, operating worldwide in all principal aspects of the aluminum industry – the mining of bauxite, the refining of bauxite into alumina, the production of primary aluminum from alumina, and the manufacture of both fabricated and semi-fabricated aluminum products. Both Debtors are direct wholly owned subsidiaries of KACC and, until July 1, 2004, collectively owned 65% of Alpart, a general partnership formed by the Debtors and Hydro Aluminium Jamaica a.s. ("Hydro") for the purpose of mining bauxite, processing it into alumina and delivering the resulting alumina to its partners. The Debtors sold their respective interests in Alpart to Quality Incorporation I Limited ("Quality"), an affiliate of Hydro, on July 1, 2004, as part of the overall disposition by KAC and its subsidiaries of their commodity businesses. Immediately thereafter, Glencore International AG purchased 100% of the equity interests in Quality. For a discussion of the sale by the Debtors of their interests in Alpart, see "Operations During the Chapter 11 Cases — The Sale of the Alpart Interests and Liquidation of AJI and KJC."

#### **Chapter 11 Filings of the Other Kaiser Debtors**

On February 12, 2002 (the "2002 Petition Date"), KAC, KACC and 13 of their subsidiaries filed for relief under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code. One March 15, 2002, two additional affiliates of KAC and KACC commenced their respective chapter 11 cases (collectively with the 15 previously-filed debtors, the "Original Debtors"). The filing of these cases was necessitated by the liquidity and cash flow problems which arose in late 2001 and early 2002. KAC and its subsidiaries were facing significant near-term debt maturities at a time of unusually weak aluminum industry business conditions, depressed aluminum prices and a broad economic slowdown that was further exacerbated by the events of September 11, 2001. In addition, KAC and its subsidiaries had become increasingly burdened by asbestos litigation and growing legacy obligations for retiree medical and pension costs. The confluence of these factors created continuing operating losses and negative cash flows, which resulted in lower credit ratings and an inability to access the capital markets. Notwithstanding the filing of these cases, the Debtors did not file for relief under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code until January 14, 2003. For a

description of such filing, see "Pension Funding Obligations; Commencement of the Chapter 11 Cases by the Debtors."

#### **Note Guarantees**

The Debtors, together with certain other subsidiaries of KACC, are guarantors of KACC's obligations under the 9-7/8% Senior Note Indenture and 10-7/8% Senior Note Indentures (collectively, the "Senior Notes Indentures") and the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture (collectively with the Senior Notes Indentures, the "Public Note Indentures"). Upon the commencement of KACC's chapter 11 case, the debt issued pursuant to each Public Note Indenture was accelerated and the trustee under each Public Note Indenture had the right to proceed to collect on the debt issued pursuant to such Public Note Indenture. It was not yet clear on the 2002 Petition Date that a filing by the Debtors for protection under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code would be in the best interests of the Debtors' constituents, but the enforcement of the Debtors' guarantees of the 9-7/8% Senior Notes, 10-7/8% Senior Notes and Senior Subordinated Notes would likely have necessitated such a filing. Thus, in connection with their chapter 11 filings, the Original Debtors sought and obtained an injunction enjoining the holders of 9-7/8% Senior Notes, 10-7/8% Senior Notes and Senior Subordinated Notes from seeking to enforce such guarantees (which injunction was subsequently mooted by the commencement of the Chapter 11 Cases). During the Chapter 11 Cases, certain litigation was initiated involving the rights of the holders of the Senior Subordinated Notes vis-à-vis the holders of the 9-7/8% Senior Notes and the 10-7/8% Senior Notes. See "Operations During the Chapter 11 Cases — Guaranty Subordination Dispute". Litigation was also initiated in order to determine the rights of the 7-3/8% SWD Revenue Bonds in relation to the Senior Subordinated Notes. See "Operations During the Chapter 11 Case — 7-3/8% SWD Revenue Bond Dispute."

#### Pension Funding Obligations; Commencement of the Chapter 11 Cases by the Debtors

Originally, a total of eight pension plans were sponsored by KACC and certain of its subsidiaries for the benefit of their employees. Most likely as a result of public disclosure regarding the potential termination of the Kaiser pension plans and increasing concern over the continuing uncertain status of the Kaiser pension plans, beginning in November 2002, a higher than average number of salaried employees retired and opted for a lump-sum distribution from the Kaiser Aluminum Salaried Employees Retirement Plan (the "Salaried Pension Plan"). The resulting increase in the aggregate amount of lump-sum distributions from the Salaried Pension Plan combined with a reduction in the level of the Salaried Pension Plan's liquid assets and the ratio of the plan's assets over current liabilities, in each case below the statutory limit as of January 1, 2003, triggered a "Liquidity Shortfall" under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended ("ERISA"), and the IRC. As a result, KACC was required by statute to make an additional contribution in the amount of \$17.0 million to the Salaried Pension Plan on January 15, 2003, but KACC determined prior to that date that it was not in the best interest of its estate to make such contribution. Under ERISA, upon the failure of a plan sponsor to make a statutory contribution to the pension plan of which it is the sponsor, a lien enforceable by the PBGC automatically arises against all of the assets of that plan sponsor and each member of the sponsors' "controlled group" (which, in the case of KACC, is all entities of which KACC owns 80% or more, including the Debtors). As there was an automatic stay in effect in the chapter 11 cases of the Original Debtors, neither the additional funding requirement nor the creation of such a lien posed an issue for the Original Debtors. However, the imposition or perfection of such a lien or other enforcement action by the PBGC against the Debtors, had the Debtors not filed for protection under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code, could have:

- detrimentally affected the business operations of the Debtors;
- triggered adverse Tax consequences, resulting in additional taxable income in the Debtors' U.S. consolidated Tax return;
- cause an event of default under the DIP Financing Facility; and
- irretrievably altered the relative priorities of creditor Claims by elevating the PBGC Claims above the other unsecured creditors' Claims (even though the PBGC Claims were treated as general unsecured prepetition claims in the chapter 11 cases of the Original Debtors).

Accordingly, on the Petition Date, AJI, KJC and seven additional affiliates of KAC (AJI, KJC and such additional affiliates collectively, the "Additional Debtors") Filed petitions for relief. The PBGC, as was expected, filed several proofs of Claims against the Debtors. See "Operations During the Chapter 11 Cases — PBGC Claims" for further information.

#### **OPERATIONS DURING THE CHAPTER 11 CASES**

#### First Day Relief Requested by the Original Debtors

On the 2002 Petition Date, the Original Debtors Filed a number of motions and other pleadings (collectively, the "2002 First Day Motions"). Certain of the most significant 2002 First Day Motions are briefly described below. The 2002 First Day Motions were designed to meet the Original Debtors' goals of:

- continuing their and their nondebtor subsidiaries' operations with as little disruption and loss of productivity as possible;
- maintaining the confidence and support of the Original Debtors' and their nondebtor subsidiaries' customers, employees, vendors, suppliers, service providers, contractors and other key groups;
- maintaining good relations in the communities served by the Original Debtors' and their nondebtor subsidiaries' businesses; and
- obtaining necessary postpetition financing.

The 2002 First Day Motions included:

- motions relating to case administration included the appointment of counsel, the appointment of a claims and noticing agent, and the approval of interim compensation procedures for professionals;
- a motion seeking authority to pay prepetition wages and other benefits to or on behalf of the Original Debtors' employees and independent contractors;
- a motion seeking authority to retain and pay ordinary course professionals;
- a motion seeking authority to continue the Original Debtors' workers' compensation insurance programs and pay certain prepetition workers' compensation claims, premiums and related expenses;
- a motion seeking authority to pay or honor prepetition obligations to customers;
- a motion seeking authority to pay prepetition claims of certain critical vendors and service providers;
- a motion seeking approval of (a) the Original Debtors' cash management system; (b) certain intercompany transactions with and transfers to affiliates; (c) the use of existing bank accounts, business forms, and investment and deposit guidelines; and (d) the priority of postpetition Intercompany Claims, as discussed below under "— Cash Management Order"; and
- a motion seeking approval to continue funding certain joint venture affiliates, including Alpart, as discussed below under "— Joint Venture Order".

All of the Original Debtors' 2002 First Day Motions ultimately were granted on the 2002 Petition Date or shortly thereafter.

#### Cash Management Order

Prior to the 2002 Petition Date, the Original Debtors utilized certain centralized cash management systems in the day-to-day operation of their businesses. These cash management systems included an overall centralized cash management system maintained by KACC, as well as certain cash management subsystems maintained by

certain of their subsidiaries and business units. These cash management systems provided well-established mechanisms for the collection, concentration, management and disbursement of funds used in the Original Debtors' businesses.

On February 13, 2002, the Bankruptcy Court entered an interim order authorizing the Original Debtors to maintain these systems on a postpetition basis and, on July 23, 2002, entered a final order authorizing them to do so (the "Cash Management Order"). In addition, the Cash Management Order authorized the Original Debtors to continue their ordinary course transactions with, and transfers of Cash to, their nondebtor affiliates (which, prior to the Petition Date, included the Debtors). In connection with this relief, the Cash Management Order accorded superpriority status to any Intercompany Claims among the Original Debtors and nondebtor affiliates that arose after the 2002 Petition Date as a result of the intercompany transactions made through the Original Debtors' cash management system.

#### Joint Venture Order

As of the 2002 Petition Date, much of the bauxite, alumina and primary aluminum utilized by KACC and its subsidiaries was produced at overseas facilities owned through five nondebtor joint venture affiliates, of which KACC held, directly or indirectly, less than a 100% ownership interest (collectively, the "Joint Ventures"). Alpart, described above in "Certain Events Preceding the Debtors' Chapter 11 Cases — Background," was one of the Joint Ventures. Certain of the Original Debtors are or were obligated to purchase products from the Joint Ventures and to fund the Joint Ventures' cash costs for raw materials, labor, and other operational costs, as well as capital expenditures, Taxes, debt service and working capital. Failure to purchase products from, or fund the costs of, a Joint Venture would have been a default under the relevant Joint Venture. As a consequence, the Original Debtors sought and obtained an interim order dated February 13, 2002 authorizing them to continue ordinary course transactions with, and pay prepetition claims of, the Joint Ventures and, on July 23, 2002, obtained a final order authorizing them to do so (the "Joint Venture Order").

#### First Day Relief Requested by AJI, KJC and the other Additional Debtors

On the Petition Date, AJI, KJC and the other Additional Debtors Filed motions for relief (collectively, the "2003 First Day Motions"), the most material of which are briefly described below. The 2003 First Day Motions were designed to meet the Additional Debtors' goals of:

- continuing their operations with as little disruption and loss of productivity as possible;
- maintaining the confidence and support of the Additional Debtors' customers, employees, vendors, suppliers, service providers, contractors and other key groups; and
- extending certain relief granted under the 2002 First Day Motions to the Additional Debtors.

The 2003 First Day Motions included:

- motions relating to case administration, the Filing of a consolidated list of creditors and appointment of a claims and noticing agent;
- a motion to extend the relief granted in the Cash Management Order to each of the Additional Debtors;
- a motion to allow Kaiser Aluminum & Chemical of Canada Limited, a solvent Canadian corporation and a subsidiary of KACC, to continue, without interruption, the Canadian operations, including the payment of prepetition claims in the ordinary course; and
- a motion to extend the relief granted in the Joint Venture Order to AJI, KJC and Kaiser Bauxite Company.

All of the 2003 First Day Motions were granted on the Petition Date or shortly thereafter.

#### Appointment of the Committees and Future Claimants' Representatives

#### Creditors' Committee

On February 25, 2002, the United States Trustee appointed the Creditors' Committee. The Creditors' Committee acts as such in all of the Kaiser Cases (including the Chapter 11 Cases of AJI and KJC). The current members of, and advisors to, the Creditors' Committee are:

#### **Committee Members:**

J.P. Morgan Trust Company, N.A., as Indenture Trustee 6525 West Campus Oval Road New Albany, OH 43054

Law Debenture Trust Company of New York, as Indenture Trustee 767 Third Avenue, 31<sup>st</sup> Floor New York, NY 10017

U.S. Bank National Association, as Indenture Trustee 180 East 5<sup>th</sup> Street St. Paul, MN 55101

United Steelworkers of America Five Gateway Center Pittsburgh, PA 15222

Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation 1200 K Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20005

Farallon Capital Management LLC 1 Maritime Plaza, Suite 1325 San Francisco, CA 94111

Dwight Asset Management Company 100 Bank Street Burlington, VT 05401

#### Counsel:

Lisa G. Beckerman, Esq. Akin, Gump, Strauss, Hauer & Feld, L.L.P. 590 Madison Avenue New York, NY 10022

William P. Bowden, Esq. Ashby & Geddes 222 Delaware Avenue P.O. Box 1150 Wilmington, DE 19899

#### **Financial Advisors:**

Amit R. Patel Houlihan Lokey Howard & Zukin 1930 Century Park West Los Angeles, CA 90067

#### Asbestos Experts:

Charles E. Bates Bates White & Ballantine 2001 K Street, N.W. Suite 700 Washington, D.C. 20006

#### Asbestos Claimants' Committee and Certain Other Appointed Representatives

On February 25, 2002, the United States Trustee appointed a statutory committee of asbestos claimants (the "Asbestos Claimants' Committee"). On January 27, 2003, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order appointing Martin J. Murphy as legal representative for future asbestos claimants (the "Future Asbestos Claimants' Representative"). On August 26, 2003, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order appointing an official committee of retired employees (the "Salaried Retirees' Committee"). On June 21, 2004, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order appointing a legal representative for future silica and coal tar pitch volatile claimants (the "Future Silica Claimants' Representative"). While each of these appointments has been made in the administratively consolidated chapter 11 cases of the Original Debtors and Additional Debtors, the Debtors do not believe that they have any liability with respect to the claims that are the subject of the respective roles of the Asbestos Claimants' Committee, the Future Asbestos Claimants' Representative, or the Future Silica Claimants' Representative and no Claims in respect thereof have been asserted against the Debtors (other than several Claims asserted by insurance carriers that are being challenged by the Debtors and that are expected to be disallowed).

#### Assumption and Assignment or Rejection of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases

As debtors in possession, the Debtors have the right under section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code, subject to the approval of the Bankruptcy Court, to assume, assume and assign, or reject executory contracts and unexpired leases. Section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code provides generally that a debtor may assume, assume and assign, or reject an executory contract at any time before the confirmation of a plan of reorganization, but the Bankruptcy Code further provides that a debtor to determine whether to assume or reject a particular executory contract within a specified period of time. In addition, section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code further provides that a debtor is given until 60 days after the date of commencement of its bankruptcy to decide whether to assume and assign, or reject an unexpired lease of nonresidential real property. This period may be extended for "cause."

On April 11, 2002, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order granting the Original Debtors' motion to extend the time within which they may assume, assume and assign, or reject an unexpired lease of nonresidential property until the Confirmation Date to allow them to evaluate further their executory contracts and unexpired leases. On April 17, 2003, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order granting the same relief to the AJI, KJC and the other Additional Debtors.

As described below in "— The Sale of the Alpart Interests and Liquidation of AJI and KJC," the interests of AJI and KJC in Alpart have been sold and all executory contracts related to Alpart have been assumed and assigned in connection therewith. The Debtors do not believe they have any material executory contracts or unexpired leases that were not assumed and assigned in connection with the sale of their interests in Alpart, but, in any case, any remaining executory contracts of AJI and KJC will be deemed rejected pursuant to the Plan.

#### **Claims Process and Bar Dates**

In May 2002, the Original Debtors Filed their Schedules, identifying the assets and liabilities of their respective estates. These Schedules have been amended from time to time subsequent to these initial Filings. In March 2003, AJI, KJC and the other Additional Debtors filed their respective Schedules. The Bankruptcy Court set the following bar dates for the Filing of proofs of claim in the Kaiser Cases: (a) January 31, 2003 as the last date by which holders of pre-Filing Date claims against the Original Debtors (other than asbestos-related personal injury claims, noise-induced hearing loss, and coal tar pitch volatiles claims) could file their claims; (b) May 15, 2003 as the last date by which holders of pre-Filing Date claims against AJI, KJC and the other Additional Debtors (other than asbestos-related personal injury claims) could file their claims; and (c) February 20, 2004 as the last date by which holders of noise-induced hearing loss and coal tar pitch volatiles pre-Filing Date claims against KACC could file their claims. No bar date has been established for the filing of asbestos-related personal injury claims.

#### **Postpetition Financing**

On February 12, 2002, the Original Debtors entered into the DIP Financing Facility and, in March 2003, certain of the Additional Debtors (including the Debtors) were added as co-guarantors. The DIP Financing Facility provides for a secured, revolving line of credit through the earlier of February 13, 2005 (extended from February 12, 2004, as discussed below), the effective date of a plan of reorganization or the voluntary termination of the DIP Financing Facility by the Debtors and the Other Kaiser Debtors. Under the DIP Financing Facility, the Debtors and the Other Kaiser Debtors may borrow amounts by means of revolving credit advances and the issuance of letters of credit in an aggregate amount equal to the lesser of \$285.0 million (reduced from \$300.0 million in August 2003, as discussed below) or a borrowing base relating to eligible accounts receivable, eligible inventory, and an amortizing fixed asset component, reduced by certain reserves, as set forth in the DIP Financing Facility. The DIP Financing Facility contains covenants of the type typically found in this sort of facility and places restrictions on the Debtors' and the Other Kaiser Debtors' ability to, among other things, incur debt and liens, make investments, pay dividends, sell assets, undertake transactions with affiliates, make capital expenditures and enter into unrelated lines of business.

During 2002 and 2003, the Debtors, the Other Kaiser Debtors and the DIP Financing Facility lenders completed six amendments to the DIP Financing Facility that, among other things: (a) enabled certain Other Kaiser Debtors to enter into sale transactions; (b) permitted the incurrence of contingent obligations in respect of certain third-party financings for Queensland Alumina Limited; (c) extended the maturity of the DIP Financing Facility from February 2004 to February 2005; and (d) reduced the amount of the DIP Financing Facility to \$285.0 million.

On May 20, 2004, the Debtors and the Other Kaiser Debtors filed a motion seeking a seventh amendment to the DIP Financing Facility, which sought modifications to the DIP Financing Facility in order to: (a) enable the Debtors and the Other Kaiser Debtors to proceed with the sales of their commodities businesses (including the sale of the Debtors' interests in Alpart) without the need for further amendments to the DIP Financing Facility; (b) facilitate the Debtors' and the Other Kaiser Debtors' entry into the Intercompany Claims Settlement without the need for another amendment to the DIP Financing Facility; and (c) ensure that the Other Kaiser Debtors have adequate liquidity throughout the remainder of their chapter 11 cases notwithstanding the dispositions of the commodities businesses. The amendment was approved by an order of the Bankruptcy Court dated October 28, 2004 and, among other things, (a) requires the Debtors in certain circumstances to maintain a deposit of \$20.0 million in a cash collateral account with Bank of America (*i.e.*, the AJI/KJC Cash Collateral Account) until the DIP Financing Facility is terminated and amounts owing in respect thereof are paid in full and (b) limits the recourse of the DIP Financing Facility lenders under the AJI and KJC guaranties to the amount of Cash in the AJI/KJC Cash Collateral Account. See "Overview of the Plan — Additional Information Regarding Assertion and Treatment of Administrative Claims and Priority Tax Claims — Administrative Claims — DIP Financing Facility" for further information regarding such deposit.

#### Strategic Plan to Sell Commodities Assets

In September 2002, KAC and KACC prepared a strategic plan for their business operations. That plan envisioned the sale of some or all of their bauxite, alumina and primary aluminum assets and the reorganization around their fabricated products business. Thereafter, the strategic plan was shared with the Creditors' Committee, the Asbestos Claimants' Committee and the Future Asbestos Claimants' Representative. After these parties completed considerable due diligence, they each indicated that they did not oppose the strategic plan.

In furtherance of the strategic plan, on July 1, 2004 the Debtors sold their interests in Alpart. See " — The Sale of the Alpart Interests and Liquidation of AJI and KJC."

In October 2004, KACC sold its alumina refinery in Gramercy, Louisiana and Kaiser Bauxite Company's interest in Kaiser Jamaica Bauxite Company for consideration of approximately \$23.0 million, subject to certain adjustments. Pursuant to the Intercompany Claims Settlement described below, approximately \$4.0 million of the proceeds from that sale will be allocated to the Debtors' Estates.

Certain of the Other Kaiser Debtors have also received Bankruptcy Court approval to sell their interests in Volta Aluminium Company Limited, which owns a primary aluminum smelter on the coast of Ghana, and have obtained Bankruptcy Court approval of bidding procedures for an auction of their interests in and related to Queensland Alumina Limited, an Australian corporation that owns an alumina refinery in Queensland, Australia.

#### The Sale of the Alpart Interests and Liquidation of AJI and KJC

Following an extensive marketing process, in January 2004, the Debtors and certain of the Other Kaiser Debtors filed a motion (the "Sale Motion") to approve the sale of their respective interests in and related to Alpart to Glencore AG (or, if Hydro exercised its right of first refusal with respect to such proposed sale, to Hydro), for \$165.0 million, subject to certain adjustments. On March 23, 2004, the Open Joint Stock Company Russian Aluminium ("RUSAL") filed an objection to the Sale Motion, stating that it was willing to purchase the interests in and related to Alpart for \$215.0 million. On April 6, 2004, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order (the "Bidding Procedures Order") authorizing the termination of the purchase agreement with Glencore AG and approving bidding procedures for an auction of the Debtors' interests in Alpart. The Bidding Procedures Order included a preservation of Hydro's right of first refusal to purchase the interests in and related to Alpart subsequent to the auction. An auction was held pursuant to the Bid Procedures Order on April 20, 2004, and Rual Trade Limited ("Rual"), a subsidiary of RUSAL, with a bid of approximately \$331.7 million, subject to certain adjustments, was determined to be the successful bidder. On May 25, 2004, Hydro exercised its contractual right of first refusal to acquire the interests in and related to Alpart and simultaneously announced that it intended to re-sell those interests to Glencore AG for the same price that Hydro was paying to exercise its right of first refusal. On May 26, 2004, the Debtors and certain of the Other Kaiser Debtors filed a motion requesting that the auction for the interests in and related to Alpart be re-opened, or, in the alternative, that the Bankruptcy Court authorize the sale of such interests to Hydro in accordance with the terms of Hydro's right of first refusal. On June 4, 2004, the Bankruptcy Court ordered the sale of the interests in and related to Alpart to Hydro. The sale of such interests to Quality, an affiliate of Hydro, for approximately \$331.7 million, subject to certain adjustments, was completed on July 1, 2004, and immediately thereafter Glencore International AG purchased 100% of the equity interests in Quality.

The Debtors estimate that, after payment of the costs and expenses of the sale payable by the Debtors in accordance with the Intercompany Claims Settlement, the Alpart Proceeds will be approximately \$274.4 million as of the Effective Date.

#### **Certain Jamaica Tax Matters**

The Government of Jamaica (the "GOJ") could assert that the Debtors owe Taxes for one or more Taxable periods through the Effective Date, including Taxes resulting from the sale of the Debtors' interest in Alpart. Pursuant to the Alpart Purchase Agreement, transfer or stamp Taxes arising from the sale of such interests were the responsibility of the buyer and the buyer has paid such Taxes.

The Plan provides that any and all Taxes ultimately determined to be due and owing from either Debtor to the GOJ for any taxable period (including interest and penalties, if any) will be treated as Allowed Priority Tax Claims (if they relate to pre-petition periods) or Allowed Administrative Claims (if they relate to the administrative period) (collectively, the "Jamaican Tax Claims"), and will be paid in full in Cash from the Priority Claims Trust Account following the determination of the amount or amounts of any such Tax liability. (Until this determination has been made, any potential Tax obligation will be treated under the Plan as a Disputed Claim.) Interest and penalties associated with any such Tax liability will be determined and calculated for purposes of the Plan under applicable Jamaican law.

#### Agreements with Labor Regarding Pension and Retiree Medical Benefits

In January 2004, KACC and certain Other Kaiser Debtors filed motions with the Bankruptcy Court to terminate or substantially modify postretirement medical obligations for both salaried and certain hourly employees and for a distress termination of substantially all domestic hourly pension plans. KACC subsequently reached agreements (collectively, the "Legacy Liability Agreements") with the Salaried Retirees' Committee and union representatives that represent the hourly employees of KACC. The agreements provided for the termination of existing salaried and hourly postretirement benefit plans, such as medical, and the termination of substantially all existing hourly pension plans. Under the agreements, salaried and hourly retirees would be provided an opportunity for continued medical coverage through COBRA or proposed Voluntary Employee Beneficiary Associations and active hourly employees would be provided with an opportunity to participate in one or more replacement pension plans and/or defined contribution plans.

During the first half of 2004, the Bankruptcy Court entered orders approving each of the Legacy Liability Agreements, subject to certain conditions, including Bankruptcy Court approval of the Intercompany Claims Settlement (described below) in a form acceptable to the Debtors, the Other Kaiser Debtors and the Creditors' Committee. As a result of the PBGC Settlement Agreement (described below), KACC and the United Steelworkers of America, AFL-CIO-CLC agreed to certain modifications of their Legacy Liability Agreement, which the Bankruptcy Court approved on November \_\_, 2004.

#### **PBGC Claims**

The PBGC is a wholly owned United States government corporation that administers the defined benefit pension plan termination insurance program under ERISA. Pursuant to federal statute, KACC and each member of its controlled group are jointly and severally liable to the PBGC for amounts owed under the Kaiser pension plans.

The controlled group includes each of AJI and KJC, as well as all of the Other Kaiser Debtors. See "Certain Events Preceding The Debtors' Chapter 11 Filings — Pension Funding Obligations; Commencement of the Chapter 11 Cases by the Debtors."

In January 2003, the PBGC filed claims against Debtors and the Other Kaiser Debtors on behalf of the eight Kaiser pension plans, including: (a) claims for estimated unfunded benefit liabilities, totaling approximately \$620.0 million; (b) unliquidated claims for missed statutory insurance premiums; and (c) a \$17.1 million claim for minimum funding contributions related to the Salaried Pension Plan and unliquidated claims for minimum funding contributions related to the remaining Kaiser pension plans.

Although the Bankruptcy Court, in conjunction with approving the Legacy Liability Agreements, had determined that the financial requirements for a distress termination of the pension plans had been satisfied and had authorized the implementation of replacement defined contribution plans as negotiated in the Legacy Liability Agreements, the termination of the pension plans and implementation of the replacements plans remained subject to the PBGC's determination that the statutory requirements had been satisfied. In March 2004, the PBGC appealed the Bankruptcy Court's ruling that the Debtors and the Other Kaiser Debtors had met the financial requirements for a distress termination with respect to certain of the Kaiser pension plans. The PBGC also informed the Debtors and the Other Kaiser Debtors that it believed that the replacement pension plans negotiated in the Legacy Liability Agreements may not comply with the PBGC's policies.

On October 15, 2004, the Debtors and the Other Kaiser Debtors entered into the PBGC Settlement Agreement, pursuant to which the PBGC terminated and assumed the largest of the Kaiser pension plans and the Other Kaiser Debtors retained the remaining smaller pension plans. In addition, the PBGC Settlement Agreement provides for, among other things, (a) the PBGC's issuance of a letter indicating that it intends to take no action with respect to the replacement pension plans; (b) the payment by the Other Kaiser Debtors of approximately \$7.0 million to the PBGC to satisfy the minimum funding contributions for the retained pension plans; (c) the allowance of a \$14.0 million administrative claim against the Other Kaiser Debtors for the PBGC to cover postpetition statutory contributions for the terminated pension plans; and (d) the allowance of claims against the Debtors and the Other Kaiser Debtors for \$616.0 million to address unfunded benefit liabilities and premiums, provided that the PBGC's recovery from the Estates of the Debtors in respect of the PBGC Claims will be limited to the PBGC Percentage of the beneficial interests in the Unsecured Claims Trust. See "Overview of the Plan — Summary of Classes and Treatment of Claims and Interests" for a description of the treatment of the PBGC Claims. The PBGC Settlement Agreement was approved by the Bankruptcy Court on November \_\_, 2004.

#### **Intercompany Claims Settlement**

On October 14, 2004, the Debtors, the Other Kaiser Debtors and the Creditors' Committee jointly Filed a motion to approve the Intercompany Claims Settlement, which resolves difficult factual and legal issues related to the treatment of prepetition and postpetition Intercompany Claims among the Debtors and the Other Kaiser Debtors. The Intercompany Claims Settlement was approved by the Bankruptcy Court on November \_\_\_\_, 2004.

The operations of KAC and its subsidiaries, which included transactions with foreign joint ventures and the use of a centralized cash management system, gave rise to a significant number of intercompany transactions, which were accounted for as intercompany receivables and payables. Because many of the intercompany accounts reflected an aggregate of activity over many years, the account balances for these intercompany receivables and payables in many cases were substantial, in some cases aggregating more than a \$1.0 billion. In addition to the complex nature of the transactions and the significant amounts involved, there were numerous legal theories and arguments that could be advanced to support varying treatments of all or a portion of these intercompany account balances or to apply principles of setoff or recoupment to eliminate or substantially reduce certain of these intercompany account balances. Issues also existed with respect to postpetition Intercompany Claims, including, among other issues (a) whether to "synchronize" the petition dates for the Original Debtors and the Additional Debtors in 2002 but prior to the commencement of chapter 11 cases of the Original Debtors in 2002 but prior to the commencement of chapter 11 cases of the Additional Debtors and Other Kaiser Debtors as well (*e.g.*, professional fees and costs incurred in these cases, overhead costs and the fees associated with the DIP Financing Facility) should be allocated among the Debtors and the Other Kaiser Debtors. The

Intercompany Claims Settlement, which was the result of extensive negotiation between the Debtors, the Other Kaiser Debtors and the Creditors' Committee, resolved all of these issues thereby eliminating the potential costs, uncertainties and potential delays that could have resulted had each of these issues been left for resolution through litigation.

The terms of the Intercompany Claims Settlement specifically related to the Debtors include, among others, the following:

- upon the closing of the Alpart sale, KACC was entitled to, and received, cash proceeds of approximately \$43.0 million;
- upon the effectiveness of the Intercompany Claims Settlement, \$20.0 million will be held in the AJI/KJC Cash Collateral Account at Bank of America, which will continue to serve as collateral for Debtors' continuing obligations under the DIP Financing Facility;
- KACC is granted an Allowed Administrative Claim against the Debtors in the amount of \$22 million, subject to certain adjustments, including adjustments for KACC's receipt of positive net cash flow from AJI and KJC from January 1, 2004 through June 30, 2004 (which adjustments are expected to reduce such Claim to zero);
- if the Plan is effective on or before April 30, 2005, AJI and KJC will pay an additional \$2.5 million to KACC;
- upon the effectiveness of the Intercompany Claims Settlement, certain Intercompany Claims held by and held against the Debtors were effectively offset and, on the Effective Date, certain rights of reimbursement held by the Debtors against KACC as a result of certain distributions under the Plan will be offset against any remaining Claims by KACC against the Debtors and any remaining rights of reimbursement will be deemed discharged in accordance with the terms of the Intercompany Claims Settlement;
- upon the effectiveness of the Intercompany Claims Settlement, the Debtors will receive \$4.0 million, less certain cost reimbursements to KACC, from the proceeds of Kaiser Bauxite Company's sale of its interests in Kaiser Jamaica Bauxite Company; and
- the Debtors are responsible for the payment of all third party costs of administration of the Chapter 11 Cases incurred after June 30, 2004.

#### **Guaranty Subordination Dispute**

In 1993, KACC issued \$400.0 million of the Senior Subordinated Notes, which were guaranteed by certain KACC subsidiaries, including the Debtors (the "Subsidiary Guaranty"). The Senior Subordinated Note Indenture contains, among other things, a detailed definition of "Senior Indebtedness," debt subordination provisions and guaranty provisions. Under the Subordinated Note Indenture, holders of the Subordinated Notes agreed (a) "that all direct or indirect payments or distributions on or which respect to the Notes...is [sic]...subordinated to the prior payment of all Senior Indebtedness of the Company" and (b) "that all payments pursuant to [the Subsidiary Guaranty] are...subordinated...to the prior payment in full...of all Senior Indebtedness of such [s]ubsidiary [g]uarantor."

On August 16, 2004, the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture Trustee filed a motion (the "Classification Motion") with the Bankruptcy Court to determine the classification of the Senior Subordinated Note Claims. The Classification Motion asserted that the subsidiary guaranty obligations to the holders of 9-7/8% Senior Notes and 10-7/8% Senior Notes do not constitute "Senior Indebtedness" under the applicable definitions in the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture and that, accordingly, the obligations on the guaranty of the Senior Subordinated Notes and the guaranties of the 9-7/8% Senior Notes and 10-7/8% Senior Notes are entitled to *pari passu* distributions under the Plan.

On September 3, 2004, the Senior Note Indenture Trustee and the Ad Hoc Committee (collectively, the "Senior Note Parties") filed a complaint (the "Adversary Proceeding") with the Bankruptcy Court seeking a

declaration that any payment rights of the Senior Subordinated Note Claims are subordinate to the Senior Note Claims, or, alternatively, a reformation of the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture to provide that the Senior Subordinated Note Claims are junior to the Senior Note Claims. Pursuant to the Bankruptcy Court's order, on October 8, 2004, the Debtors filed their response to the Classification Motion and the Adversary Proceeding (collectively, the "Guaranty Subordination Dispute") and the Creditors' Committee filed its response to the Classification Motion. In their respective responses, the Debtors and the Creditors' Committee both supported the interpretation advanced by the Senior Note Parties. Liverpool Limited Partnership, the Ad Hoc Committee, the 9-7/8% Senior Note Indenture Trustee and the 10-7/8% Senior Note Indenture Trustee also filed responses to the Classification Motion. On October 25, 2004, the Bankruptcy Court held a status conference on the Guaranty Subordination Dispute, as well as the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bond Dispute discussed below, through mediation.

If, and only if, Subclass 3B votes to accept the Plan, a holder of an Allowed Senior Subordinated Note Claim will receive its Pro Rata Share of \$8.0 million (less any fees or expenses payable to the Senior Subordinated Note Trustee pursuant to the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture). If Subclass 3B fails to accept the Plan, the holders of Senior Subordinated Claims in Subclass 3B will neither receive nor retain anything in respect of such Claims.

Based on discussions with the 9-7/8% Senior Note Indenture Trustee, the 10-7/8% Senior Note Indenture Trustee and the Ad Hoc Committee, it is currently anticipated that the KAAC/KFC Plan will provide that, if, and only if, holders of the Senior Subordinated Note Claims vote to accept the KAAC/KFC Plan, then an additional \$8.0 million will be paid to the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture Trustee for the benefit of holders of Senior Subordinated Note Indenture Trustee for the benefit of holders of Senior Subordinated Note Claims, with such amount to be paid from consideration that would otherwise be distributed to holders of Allowed Senior Note Claims under the KAAC/KFC Plan.

#### 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bond Dispute

In 2003, the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bonds Indenture Trustee filed proofs of Claim against the Debtors asserting entitlement to receive any direct or indirect payment or distribution on or with respect to the Senior Subordinated Notes. The Debtors are guarantors of the Senior Subordinated Notes but are not guarantors of the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bonds.

On January 13, 2004, the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bonds Indenture Trustee and certain holders of the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bonds (collectively, the "7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bond Plaintiffs") filed an adversary proceeding (the "7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bond Dispute") against the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture Trustee and KACC. This adversary proceeding is currently pending before the Bankruptcy Court. At issue is whether KACC properly designated the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bonds as senior indebtedness under the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture or whether the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bonds are otherwise entitled to treatment as senior indebtedness vis-à-vis the Senior Subordinated Notes. In response to the complaint, KACC stated that it had not been able to confirm that it provided the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture Trustee with a written designation that the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bonds s, subordinating the indebtedness under the Senior Subordinated Notes to the indebtedness under the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bonds.

On March 26, 2004, the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture Trustee filed a motion to dismiss the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bond Dispute for failure to join necessary parties such as the Senior Note Indenture Trustee. On May 4, 2004, the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bond Plaintiffs filed a motion for summary judgment, requesting that the Bankruptcy Court either (a) declare that KACC be deemed to have submitted the appropriate designation of senior indebtedness; (b) order KACC to designate the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bonds as senior indebtedness; or (c) declare that the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bonds are senior in terms of payment priority to the Senior Subordinated Notes. It is the position of the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bond Plaintiffs that the holders of the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bonds have subordination claims in respect of any distributions on the Senior Subordinated Notes under the Plan. Shortly thereafter, the Senior Subordinated Note Trustee filed a motion to stay all proceedings pending the Bankruptcy Court's decision on the motion to dismiss the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bond Dispute. KACC subsequently joined the motion to stay proceedings. On October 25, 2004, the Bankruptcy Court held a status conference on the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bond Dispute, as well as the Guaranty Subordination Dispute, through mediation.

The amount, if any, payable under the Plan to the holders of the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bonds in respect of the asserted contractual subordination rights under the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture will be determined by the Bankruptcy Court. Any such payment would be made to the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bond Indenture Trustee for the benefit of holders of the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bonds from consideration that would otherwise be distributed to holder of Senior Note Claims under the Plan. If the determination with respect to such payment has not been made by the Bankruptcy Court prior to the Effective Date, then, in order to ensure the funding of such payment, on the Effective Date the Distribution Trustee will reserve from Cash otherwise distributable to holders of Senior Note Claims any amount that may be ordered by the Bankruptcy Court to be so reserved pending such determination. See "Overview of the Plan — 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bond Dispute."

#### GENERAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE PLAN

#### THE FOLLOWING IS A SUMMARY OF SOME OF THE SIGNIFICANT ELEMENTS OF THE PLAN. THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IS QUALIFIED IN ITS ENTIRETY BY REFERENCE TO THE MORE DETAILED INFORMATION SET FORTH IN THE PLAN ATTACHED HERETO AS EXHIBIT I AND THE EXHIBIT THERETO.

#### Substantive Consolidation

In connection with confirmation of the Plan, the Debtors will seek Bankruptcy Court approval of the substantive consolidation of the Debtors for the purpose of implementing the Plan, including for purposes of voting, confirmation and distributions to be made under the Plan. Pursuant to such order: (a) all assets and liabilities of the Debtors will be deemed merged; (b) all guarantees by, or co-obligations of, one Debtor in respect of the obligations the other Debtor will be deemed eliminated so that any Claim against either Debtor and any guarantee by, or co-obligation of, the other Debtor and any joint or several liability of either of the Debtors will be deemed to be one obligation of the consolidated Debtors; and (c) each and every Claim Filed or to be Filed against either Debtor will be deemed filed against the consolidated Debtors and will be deemed one Claim against and a single obligation of the consolidated Debtors. Such substantive consolidation (other than for the purpose of implementing the Plan) will not affect the legal and corporate structures of the Debtors, nor will such substantive consolidation affect or be deemed to affect any Intercompany Claim in any manner contrary to the Intercompany Claims Settlement, nor will such substantive consolidation be deemed to affect any Other Debtor.

The Plan will serve as a motion seeking entry of an order substantively consolidating the Debtors, as described, and to the limited extent set forth in, in the immediately preceding paragraph. Unless an objection to such substantive consolidation is made in writing by any creditor or claimant affected by the Plan, Filed with the Bankruptcy Court and served on the parties entitled to notice thereof pursuant to the Plan on or before \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, 2004, or such other date as may be fixed by the Bankruptcy Court, the substantive consolidation order (which may be the Confirmation Order) may be entered by the Bankruptcy Court. In the event any such objections are timely Filed, a hearing with respect thereto will occur at the Confirmation Hearing.

#### **Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases to be Rejected**

On the Effective Date, except for an Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease that previously was assumed and assigned or rejected by an order of the Bankruptcy Court, each Executory Contract and Unexpired Lease entered into by a Debtor prior to the Petition Date that has not previously expired or terminated pursuant to its own terms will be rejected pursuant to section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code. The Confirmation Order will constitute an order of the Bankruptcy Court approving such rejections, pursuant to section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code, as of the Effective Date.

Notwithstanding anything in the Bar Date Order or in the Administrative Claim Bar Date Order to the contrary, if the rejection of an Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease pursuant to the Plan gives rise to a Claim by the other party or parties to such contract or lease, such Claim will be forever barred and will not be enforceable against the Debtors, the Distribution Trustee, the Debtors' Estates or the Trust Accounts unless a proof of Claim or request for payment of Administrative Claim is Filed and served on the Distribution Trustee, pursuant to the procedures specified in the Confirmation Order, the notice of the entry of the Confirmation Order, or another order of the Bankruptcy Court, no later than 30 days after the Effective Date.

#### **Releases, Limitation of Liability, and Injunctions**

#### Release of Claims and Termination of Interests; Limitation of Liability

Subject to the provisions of Section 2.9 of the Plan, as of the Effective Date, in consideration for the obligations of the Debtors under the Plan and the Cash to be distributed in connection with the Plan, each holder of a Claim that votes in favor of the Plan will be deemed to forever release and waive all claims, obligations, suits, judgments, damages, demands, debts, rights, causes of action and liabilities (other than the right to enforce the Debtors' obligations under the Plan and the contracts, instruments, releases, agreements and documents delivered thereunder), whether liquidated or unliquidated, fixed or contingent, matured or unmatured, known or unknown, foreseen or unforeseen, then existing or thereafter arising in law, equity or otherwise, that are based in whole or in part on any act, omission, transaction or other occurrence taking place on or prior to the Effective Date in any way relating to a Debtor, the Chapter 11 Cases or the Plan that such entity has, had or may have against the Creditors' Committee, its members, any Indenture Trustee, either Debtor and any of their respective present or former directors, officers, employees, agents, advisors, attorneys, accountants, underwriters, investment bankers or other representatives, acting in such capacity, except for those based on (a) acts or omissions constituting gross negligence or willful misconduct or (b) contractual obligations of, or loans owed by, any such person to a Debtor.

As of the Effective Date, for good and valuable consideration, the adequacy of which is confirmed by the Plan, the Debtors on behalf of themselves, their Estates, creditors and Interest holders will be deemed to release, waive and discharge all claims and rights of any nature in connection with or related to the Debtors, the Chapter 11 Cases or the Plan (other than the rights of the Distribution Trustee to enforce the Plan and any instruments, agreements, and documents delivered thereunder, and to pursue objections to and resolve Disputed Claims), whether liquidated or unliquidated, fixed or contingent, matured or unmatured, known or unknown, foreseen or unforeseen, then existing or thereafter arising (including, without limitation, those arising under the Bankruptcy Code), based on any act, omission or occurrence on or before the Effective Date, against the Creditors' Committee, its members, any Indenture Trustee, any of the Debtors' present or former directors and officers, or any of the respective current and former directors, officers, employees, agents, advisors, attorneys, accountants, underwriters, investment bankers or other representatives of the Debtors, the Creditors' Committee, its members or the Indenture Trustees, acting in such capacity, except for such Claims or rights based on (a) acts or omissions constituting gross negligence or willful misconduct or (b) contractual obligations of, or loans owed by, any such person to a Debtor.

The Debtors, the Distribution Trust, the Distribution Trustee, the Indenture Trustees and their respective directors, officers, employees and professionals, acting in such capacity, and the Creditors' Committee, its members and their respective professionals will neither have nor incur any liability to any entity for any act taken or omitted to be taken in connection with or related to the formulation, preparation, dissemination, implementation, confirmation or consummation of the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, or any contract, instrument, release or other agreement or document created or entered into, or any other act taken or omitted to be taken, in connection with the Plan; such provisions will have no effect on: (a) the liability of any entity that would otherwise result from the failure to perform or pay any obligation or liability under the Plan or any contract, instrument, release or other agreement or document to be entered into or delivered in connection with the Plan or (b) the liability of any entity that would otherwise result from any such act or omission to the extent that such act or omission is determined in a Final Order to have constituted gross negligence or willful misconduct.

#### **Injunctions**

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan or the Confirmation Order, as of the Effective Date, all entities that have held, currently hold or may hold a Claim or other debt or liability of the Debtors, or an Interest or other right of an equity security with respect to the Debtors, that is released, waived, settled or deemed satisfied pursuant to the Plan will be permanently enjoined from taking any of the following actions on account of any such Claims, debts, liabilities, Interests or rights: (a) commencing or continuing in any manner any action or other proceeding against the Debtors, the Distribution Trust or the Distribution Trustee other than to enforce any right pursuant to the Plan to a distribution from the Trust Accounts; (b) enforcing, attaching, collecting or recovering in any manner any judgment, award, decree or order against the Debtors, the Distribution Trustee, other than as described in (a) above; (c) creating, perfecting or enforcing any Lien or encumbrance against the Debtors, the Distribution Trust, its property or the Trust Accounts; (d) asserting a setoff, right of subrogation or recoupment of any kind against any debt, liability or obligation due to the Distribution Trust; and (e) commencing or continuing any action, in any manner, in any place that does not comply with or is inconsistent with the provisions of the Plan.

#### **Preservation of Insurance**

Nothing in the Plan will diminish or impair the enforceability of any insurance policies that may cover Claims against either Debtor.

#### Means for Implementation of the Plan

#### Liquidating Transactions

On the Effective Date, the Distribution Trust Assets will be transferred to and vest in the Distribution Trust, free and clear of Claims, Liens and Interests, except as may be otherwise provided in the Intercompany Claims Settlement. On or after the Effective Date, the Debtors will enter into such transactions and will take such actions as may be necessary or appropriate to merge, dissolve or otherwise terminate the corporate existence of the Debtors. Notwithstanding the foregoing and regardless of whether the actions in the preceding sentence have yet been taken with respect to a particular Debtor, upon the transfer of the Distribution Trust Assets to the Distribution Trust, the Debtors will be deemed dissolved and their business operations withdrawn for all purposes without any necessity of filing any document, taking any further action or making any payment to any governmental authority in connection therewith.

#### **Corporate** Action

The following (which will occur and be deemed effective as of the date specified in the documents effectuating the same or, if no date is so specified, the Effective Date) will be authorized and approved in all respects and for all purposes without any requirement of further action by the Debtors or the Distribution Trustee or any other person or entity:

- the Liquidating Transactions;
- the establishment of the Distribution Trust;
- the appointment of the Distribution Trustee to act on behalf of the Distribution Trust;
- the transfer of the Distribution Trust Assets to the Distribution Trust;
- the creation of the Trust Accounts;
- the distribution of Cash pursuant to the Plan;
- the adoption, execution, delivery and implementation of all contracts, instruments, releases and other agreements or documents related to any of the foregoing;
- the adoption, execution and implementation of the Distribution Trust Agreement; and
- the other matters provided for under the Plan involving the corporate structure of either Debtor or corporate action to be taken by, or required of, either Debtor or the Distribution Trustee.

#### No Revesting of Assets

The property of the Debtors' Estates will not revest in the Debtors on or after the Effective Date but will vest in the Distribution Trust to be administered by the Distribution Trustee in accordance with the Plan and the Distribution Trust Agreement.

#### **Recourse Solely to Trust Accounts**

The Liquidating Transactions will not in any way merge the assets of the Debtors' Estates, including the Trust Accounts. All Claims against the Debtors are deemed fully satisfied in exchange for the treatment of such Claims under the Plan, and holders of Allowed Claims against either Debtor will have recourse solely to the applicable Trust Accounts for the payment of their Allowed Claims in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

#### Release of Liens

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan or in any contract, instrument, release or other agreement or document entered into or delivered in connection with the Plan, on the Effective Date and concurrently with the applicable distributions made pursuant to the Plan, all Liens against the property of either Estate will be fully released, and all of the right, title, and interest of any holder of such Liens, including any rights to any collateral thereunder, will attach to and be enforceable solely against the applicable Distribution Trust Assets held in the applicable Trust Account in accordance with, and subject to the terms of, the Plan. All such Liens against the Distribution Trust Assets will be fully released upon the holder of the Lien receiving its full distribution under the Plan, or upon the Effective Date if the holder of the Lien is not entitled to any distribution under the Plan.

#### **Exemption from Certain Taxes**

Pursuant to section 1146(c) of the Bankruptcy Code, the following will not be subject to any stamp Tax, real estate transfer Tax, sales and use Tax or similar Tax: (a) any Liquidating Transaction; (b) the execution and implementation of the Distribution Trust Agreement, including any transfers to or by the Distribution Trust; or (c) the making or delivery of any deed or other instrument of transfer under, in furtherance of or in connection with the Plan, including any merger agreements or agreements of consolidation, disposition, liquidation or dissolution executed in connection with any transaction pursuant to the Plan.

#### **Distribution Trust**

#### Creation of the Distribution Trust

On the Effective Date, the Debtors and the Distribution Trustee will enter into the Distribution Trust Agreement, thereby creating the Distribution Trust.

The Distribution Trustee, whose identity will be disclosed at least ten days prior to the Confirmation Hearing, will be selected by the Creditors' Committee with the consent of the Debtors, and will be the exclusive trustee of the assets of the Distribution Trust for purposes of 31 U.S.C. § 3713(b) and 26 U.S.C. § 6012(b)(3), as well as the "representative of the estate" of each of the Debtors under section 1123(b)(3)(B) of the Bankruptcy Code.

On the Effective Date, the Debtors will transfer to the Distribution Trust all the Distribution Trust Assets then owned by the Estates, whereupon title to such Distribution Trust Assets will irrevocably vest in the Distribution Trust, free and clear of Claims, Liens, and Interests.

#### **Distribution Trust Assets**

The Distribution Trust Assets include: (a) the Trust Accounts and any Cash (and any other property) held by such Trust Accounts; (b) the rights of the Debtors under or in respect of the Intercompany Claims Settlement, the Alpart Purchase Agreement or any causes of action not released by the Plan, including the Recovery Actions, and any proceeds thereof; and (c) the Alpart Proceeds to the extent that such funds are not included in the foregoing clauses (a) and (b), including any amounts paid over to the Distribution Trustee upon the termination of the DIP Financing Facility for deposit into the Unsecured Claims Trust Account as contemplated by the Plan.

#### **Purposes of the Distribution Trust**

The Distribution Trust will be established pursuant to the Distribution Trust Agreement for the following purposes and no other:

- collecting, maintaining and administering any Distribution Trust Assets for the benefit of the creditors and claimants of the Estates (collectively, the "Beneficiaries");
- liquidating (including objecting to Claims and determining the proper recipients and amounts of distributions to be made from the Distribution Trust) and distributing the Distribution Trust Assets for the benefit of the Beneficiaries who are determined to hold Allowed Claims as expeditiously as reasonably possible;
- pursuing available causes of action, including Recovery Actions;
- closing the Chapter 11 Cases; and
- otherwise implementing the Plan and completing dissolution;

all in accordance with the Plan and the Distribution Trust Agreement. The Distribution Trust will have no objective to, and will not, engage in the conduct of a trade or business and will terminate upon the completion of its liquidation and distribution duties pursuant to the terms of the Distribution Trust Agreement.

#### Tax Treatment

The Distribution Trust is intended be treated, in part, for federal income Tax purposes as a liquidating trust, within the meaning of Treasury Regulations section 301.7701-4(d), for the benefit of the holders of Allowed Claims entitled to distributions of Pending Payments (as defined below) and otherwise is intended to be treated as one or more disputed ownership funds, within the meaning of Proposed Treasury Regulations section 1.468B-9(a). Accordingly, for all federal income Tax purposes the transfer of Distribution Trust Assets to the Distribution Trust will be treated as (a) to the extent of identified amounts (excluding undeliverable Cash) held by the Distribution Trust for distribution to holders of Allowed Claims in specific amounts as of the date the Distribution Trust receives the applicable Distribution Trust Assets ("Pending Payments"), a transfer of such Pending Payments directly from the Debtors to the holders of such Allowed Claims followed by the transfer of such Pending Payments by the holders of Allowed Claims to the Distribution Trust in exchange for beneficial interests in the Distribution Trust and (b) to the extent of amounts that are not Pending Payments, as a transfer to one or more disputed ownership funds. The holders of Allowed Claims entitled to distributions of Pending Payments will be treated for federal income Tax purposes as the grantors and deemed owners of their respective shares of the Distribution Trust Assets in the amounts of the Pending Payments and any earnings thereon.

The Distribution Trustee will be required by the Distribution Trust Agreement to file federal Tax returns for the Distribution Trust as a grantor trust with respect to any Pending Payments and as one or more disputed ownership funds with respect to all other funds or other property held by the Distribution Trust pursuant to applicable Treasury Regulations, and any income of the Distribution Trust will be treated as subject to Tax on a current basis. The Distribution Trust Agreement will provide that the Distribution Trust ewill pay such Taxes from the Distribution Trust Assets as required by law. In addition, the Distribution Trust Agreement will require consistent valuation by the Distribution Trust. The Distribution Trust Agreement will provide that termination of the trust will occur no later than two years after the Effective Date, unless the Bankruptcy Court approves an extension based upon a finding that such an extension is necessary for the Distribution Trust to complete its claims resolution and liquidating purpose. The Distribution Trust Agreement also will limit the investment powers of the Distribution Trustee in accordance with IRS Rev. Proc. 94-45 and will require the Distribution Trust to distribute at least annually to the Beneficiaries (as such may have been determined at such time) its net income (net of any payment of or provision for Taxes), except for amounts retained as reasonably necessary to maintain the value of the Distribution Trust Assets or to meet Claims and contingent liabilities (including Disputed Claims).

#### **Trust Accounts**

On or prior to the Effective Date, the Trust Accounts will be established in federal insured United States banks in the name of the Distribution Trustee or one or more third-party Disbursing Agents. On the Effective Date, the Trust Accounts and the contents thereof will be transferred to, and irrevocably vest in, the Distribution Trust.

#### Distribution Trust Expenses Account

No later than ten days prior to the commencement of the Confirmation Hearing, the Creditors' Committee and the Debtors will agree on the amount to be funded into the Distribution Trust Expenses Account on the Effective Date. On the Effective Date, the Distribution Trust Expenses Account will be funded by the transfer of Cash in such amount from the Distribution Trust Assets. The Distribution Trustee will act as the Disbursing Agent for the Distribution Trust Expenses Account. See "Overview of the Plan — Sources and Uses of Cash."

Except as otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court, the Distribution Trustee, in its capacity as Disbursing Agent, will, in its reasonable discretion, pay Distribution Trust Expenses from the Distribution Trust Expenses Account, without the need for further Bankruptcy Court approval. Cash in the Distribution Trust Expenses Account will also be used to pay Taxes owing in respect of any amounts included in the Distribution Trust Expenses Account in accordance with the Distribution Trust Agreement.

If, at any time after the initial funding of the Distribution Trust Expenses Account as contemplated above, the Distribution Trustee determines, in its reasonable discretion, that the Cash balance of the Distribution Trust Expenses Account will be insufficient to make all payments payable therefrom in accordance with the terms of the Plan and the Distribution Trust Agreement, the Distribution Trustee may transfer from the Unsecured Claims Trust Account to the Distribution Trust Expenses Account Cash in an aggregate amount determined by the Distribution Trust Expenses Account will be sufficient to make all such payments. To the fullest extent possible, any transfer described in this paragraph will be accomplished in a manner intended to avoid or minimize any adverse impact on the ability to make full distributions to holders of Allowed Secured Claims, Allowed Priority Claims and Allowed Priority Tax Claims or distributions to holders of Allowed Unsecured Claims in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

If, at any time after the initial funding of the Distribution Trust Expenses Account as contemplated above, the Distribution Trustee determines that the Cash balance of the Distribution Trust Expenses Account is in excess of the amount that will be sufficient to make all payments payable therefrom in accordance with the terms of the Plan and the Distribution Trust Agreement, the Distribution Trustee, with the consent of the Steering Committee, acting through a majority thereof, may transfer such excess Cash to the Unsecured Claims Trust Account.

#### Priority Claims Trust Account

No later than ten days prior to the commencement of the Confirmation Hearing, the Creditors' Committee and the Debtors will agree on the amount to be funded into the Priority Claims Trust Account on the Effective Date. On the Effective Date, the Priority Claims Trust Account will be funded by the transfer of Cash in such amount from the Distribution Trust Assets. For purposes of the Priority Claims Trust Account, any and all Taxes ultimately determined to be due and owing from the Debtors to the Government of Jamaica for any taxable period (including interest and penalties, if any, determined and calculated under applicable Jamaican law without regard to the provisions of section 502(b)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code or any other provision of United States federal, state, or local law) will be treated as Allowed Priority Tax Claims or Allowed Administrative Claims, as the case may be, and will be paid in full in Cash in accordance with the Plan following the determination of the amount or amounts of such Tax liability. Until such determination, any such potential Tax obligation in respect of the Jamaican Tax Claims will be treated as a Disputed Claim. See "Overview of the Plan — Sources and Uses of Cash."

Cash in the Priority Claims Trust Account will be used by the Distribution Trustee only to (a) satisfy Allowed Administrative Claims, Allowed Priority Tax Claims, Allowed Priority Claims and Allowed Secured Claims against the Estate of AJI or the Estate of KJC in accordance with the terms of the Plan and (b) pay Taxes owing in respect of any amounts included in the Priority Claims Trust Account in accordance with the Distribution Trust Agreement.

If, at any time after the initial funding of the Priority Claims Trust Account as contemplated above, the Distribution Trustee determines, in its reasonable discretion, that the Cash balance of the Priority Claims Trust Account is insufficient to make all payments payable therefrom in accordance with the terms of the Plan and the Distribution Trust Agreement, the Distribution Trustee will transfer from the Unsecured Claims Trust Account to the Priority Claims Trust Account Cash in an amount determined by the Distribution Trustee, in its reasonable discretion, to be necessary to ensure that the Cash balance of the Priority Claims Trust Account will be sufficient to so make all such payments. To the fullest extent possible, any transfer described in this paragraph will be accomplished in a manner intended to avoid or minimize any adverse impact on the ability to make distributions to holders of Allowed Unsecured Claims in accordance with the Plan.

If, at any time after the initial funding of the Priority Claims Trust Account described above, the Distribution Trustee determines that the Cash balance of the Priority Claims Trust Account is in excess of the amount that will be sufficient to make all payments payable therefrom in accordance with the Plan and the Distribution Trust Agreement, the Distribution Trustee, with the consent of the Steering Committee, acting through a majority thereof, may transfer such excess Cash to the Unsecured Claims Trust Account.

#### Unsecured Claims Trust Account

On the Effective Date, after the initial funding of the Distribution Trust Expenses Account as described in "Distribution Trust Expenses Account" above and the initial funding of the Priority Claims Trust Account as described in "Priority Claims Trust Account" above, the Distribution Trustee will (a) from the Distribution Trust Assets, (i) make an allowance for the allocation to the Subclass 3A Distributable Consideration of, and pay therefrom, an amount equal to the aggregate fees payable to the 9-7/8% Senior Note Indenture Trustee, the 10-7/8% Senior Note Indenture Trustee and counsel for the Ad Hoc Committee pursuant to the Plan up to an aggregate amount not to exceed \$1.5 million and (ii) pay any amounts owed by the Debtors to KACC in accordance with the Intercompany Claims Settlement and (b) thereafter fund the Unsecured Claims Trust Account with the remainder of the Distribution Trust Assets, all as provided in the Distribution Trust Agreement.

Cash in the Unsecured Claims Trust Account will be used by the Distribution Trustee only to (a) satisfy Allowed Unsecured Claims against the Estate of AJI or the Estate of KJC in accordance with the terms of the Plan, (b) pay the amounts to be deducted from the Subclass 3A Distributable Consideration as contemplated by Section 2.4(c)(i) of the Plan (except the extent allowance has been made therefor as described in clause (a)(i) in the immediately preceding paragraph), and (c) pay Taxes owing in respect of any amounts included in the Unsecured Claims Trust Account.

#### Disputed Claims Reserve

It is currently contemplated that, on the Effective Date, in connection with the initial funding of the Priority Claims Trust Account as described above, the Distribution Trustee will designate, with the consent of the Creditors' Committee and KACC, a specified portion of such initial funding as a Disputed Claims Reserve to be retained in such Trust Account to satisfy any Disputed Administrative Claims, Disputed Priority Tax Claims, Disputed Priority Claims and Disputed Secured Claims against the Estate of AJI or the Estate of KJC in accordance with the Plan, if, as and when they are allowed or, to the extent such Disputed Claims are not allowed, to satisfy Claims that are allowed in accordance with the terms of the Plan. In connection with any subsequent transfer of Cash to the Priority Claims Trust Account as described above, the Distribution Trustee will designate amounts so transferred, to the extent they are not identified as Pending Payments, as Disputed Claims Reserves to be retained in such Trust Account to satisfy Disputed Administrative Claims, Disputed Priority Tax Claims, Disputed Priority Claims and Disputed Secured Claims against the Estate of AJI or the Estate of KJC in accordance with the Plan, if, as and be priority Claims against the Estate of AJI or the Estate of KJC in accordance with the Plan, if, as and Disputed Secured Claims against the Estate of AJI or the Estate of KJC in accordance with the Plan, if, as and when they are allowed or, to the extent such Disputed Claims are not allowed, to satisfy Claims that are allowed in accordance with the terms of the Plan or the Estate of KJC in accordance with the Plan, if, as and when they are allowed or, to the extent such Disputed Claims are not allowed, to satisfy Claims that are allowed in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

Further, it is contemplated that on the Effective Date, in connection with the initial funding of the Unsecured Claims Trust Account as contemplated above, the Distribution Trustee will designate a specified portion

of such initial funding as a Disputed Claims Reserve to be retained in such Trust Account to satisfy any Disputed Unsecured Claims against the Estate of AJI of the Estate of KJC in accordance with the terms of the Plan, if, as and when they are allowed or, to the extent such Disputed Claims are not allowed, to satisfy Claims that are allowed in accordance with the terms of the Plan. In connection with any subsequent transfers of Cash to the Unsecured Claims Trust Account in accordance with the Distribution Trust Agreement, the Distribution Trustee will designate all amounts so transferred, to the extent not identified as Pending Payments, as Disputed Claims Reserves to be retained in such Trust Account to satisfy the Disputed Unsecured Claims against the Estate of AJI or the Estate of KJC in accordance with the terms of the Plan, if, as and when they are allowed or, to the extent such Disputed Claims are not allowed, to satisfy Claims that are allowed in accordance with the terms of the Plan, if as and when they are allowed or, to the extent such Disputed Claims are not allowed, to satisfy Claims that are allowed in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

Any Cash that becomes available to the Distribution Trust following the Effective Date, including as a result of the release of all or any portion of the \$20.0 million to be maintained in the AJI/KJC Cash Collateral Account, will be deposited in the Unsecured Claims Trust Account.

#### Undeliverable Cash Trust Account

After the Effective Date, if any distribution to a holder of an Allowed Unsecured Claim is returned to the Distribution Trustee as undeliverable, the Distribution Trustee will deposit the undeliverable Cash in the Undeliverable Cash Trust Account. The Distribution Trustee will hold such funds, in a book-entry sub-account in the Undeliverable Cash Trust Account, for the benefit of such holder. Until such holder notifies the Distribution Trustee in writing of its then-current address, as contemplated by the Distribution Trust Agreement no attempt will be made to deliver subsequent distributions to such holder and any such distributions that such holder would otherwise be entitled to receive instead will be transferred from the Unsecured Claims Trust Account to the Undeliverable Cash Trust Account and credited to such book-entry sub-account. All Cash held in such book-entry sub-account for the benefit of such holder will be invested by the Distribution Trustee in a manner consistent with the investment and deposit guidelines set forth in the Distribution Trust Agreement. Any income or interest generated from such investment activities will be held in such book-entry sub-account for the benefit of such holder until such holder notifies the Distribution Trustee in writing of its then-current address as contemplated by the Distribution Trust Agreement. Subject to the provisions of the Distribution Trust Agreement relating to the forfeiture of certain undeliverable distributions, when such holder notifies the Distribution Trustee in writing of its then-current address as contemplated by the Distribution Trust Agreement, the Distribution Trustee will deliver to such holder all Cash contained in such book-entry sub-account (net of provision for Taxes owing in respect of amounts included in such book-entry sub-account in accordance with the Distribution Trust Agreement). In the event such holder's right to assert a claim for undeliverable distributions is forfeited as contemplated by the Distribution Trust Agreement, all Cash contained in such book-entry sub-account will be transferred from the Undeliverable Cash Trust Account to the Unsecured Claims Trust Account for redistribution to holders of Allowed Unsecured Claims entitled to distributions therefrom.

#### Risks Associated with Funding of Trust Accounts

A holder of a Disputed Claim that ultimately becomes an Allowed Claim will have recourse only to the undistributed Cash held in the Disputed Claim Reserve of the applicable Trust Account (net of Taxes on such Disputed Claim Reserves) for the satisfaction of such Allowed Claims and not to any other Trust Account or any assets previously distributed on account of any Allowed Claim.

The funding of the Distribution Trust Expenses Account and the Priority Claims Trust Account will be based on the Debtors' estimates of the amount of liabilities to be funded from these Trust Accounts. There is no assurance that these estimates will be accurate and, despite the Debtors' best efforts, it is possible that the Cash in these Trust Accounts may be insufficient to satisfy the Distribution Trust Expenses and/or the Allowed Administrative Claims, Allowed Priority Tax Claims, Allowed Priority Claims and Allowed Secured Claims against the Debtors' Estates. Although the Plan provides certain mechanisms to further fund any deficiencies in these Trust Accounts, it is possible that insufficient Cash may be available to fund any deficiency. Based on information currently available, the Debtors do not believe that these risks are material.

#### Powers of the Distribution Trustee

#### General Powers

The Distribution Trustee will have only the rights, powers and privileges to act on behalf of the Distribution Trust expressly provided in the Plan and the Distribution Trust Agreement. The Distribution Trustee will be empowered to, among other things:

- execute all agreements, instruments, and other documents and effect all other actions necessary to implement the Plan;
- establish, maintain, and administer the Trust Accounts;
- accept, preserve, receive, collect, manage, invest, supervise and protect the Distribution Trust Assets (directly or through one or more third-party Disbursing Agents), each in accordance with the Plan and the Distribution Trust Agreement;
- liquidate, transfer or otherwise dispose of the Distribution Trust Assets or any part thereof or any interest therein upon such terms as the Distribution Trustee determines to be necessary, appropriate or desirable, pursuant to the procedures for allowing Claims and making distributions prescribed in the Plan, and otherwise consistent with the terms of the Plan;
- calculate and make distributions of the Distribution Trust Assets to holders of Allowed Claims pursuant to the procedures for allowing Claims and making distributions prescribed in the Plan;
- comply with the Plan and exercise its rights and fulfill its obligations thereunder;
- review, reconcile, settle or object to Claims and resolve any such objections as set forth in the Plan and the Distribution Trust Agreement;
- investigate and, if appropriate, pursue any Recovery Actions or other available causes of action (including any actions previously initiated by the Debtors and pending as of the Effective Date) and raise any defenses in any adverse actions or counterclaims;
- retain and compensate, without further order of the Bankruptcy Court, the services of professionals or other persons or entities to represent, advise and assist the Distribution Trustee in the fulfillment of its responsibilities in connection with the Plan and the Distribution Trust Agreement;
- take such steps as are necessary, appropriate, or desirable to coordinate with representatives of the estates of the Other Kaiser Debtors;
- take such actions as are necessary, appropriate or desirable to close the Chapter 11 Cases;
- file appropriate Tax returns on behalf of the Distribution Trust and Debtors and pay Taxes or other obligations owed by the Distribution Trust;
- pay all Distribution Trust Expenses using the Distribution Trust Expenses Account;
- execute, deliver, and perform such other agreements and documents or exercise such other powers and duties as the Distribution Trustee determines, in its reasonable discretion, to be necessary, appropriate, or desirable to accomplish and implement the purposes and provisions of the Distribution Trust as set forth in the Plan and the Distribution Trust Agreement;
- take such actions as are necessary, appropriate or desirable to terminate the existence of the Debtors under the laws of Jamaica; and
- terminate the Distribution Trust in accordance with the terms of the Plan and Distribution Trust Agreement.

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan or the Distribution Trust Agreement, the Distribution Trustee will not be required to obtain the order or approval of the Bankruptcy Court or any other court of competent jurisdiction in, or account to the Bankruptcy Court or any other court of competent jurisdiction for, the exercise of any right, power or privilege conferred under the Distribution Trust Agreement.

#### Right to Object to Claims

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan or the Distribution Trust Agreement, after the Effective Date only the Distribution Trustee, on behalf of the Distribution Trust, with the prior consent of the Steering Committee, acting through a majority thereof, will have the authority to File, settle, compromise, withdraw or litigate to judgment objections to Claims, including pursuant to any alternative dispute resolution or similar procedures approved by the Bankruptcy Court. After the Effective Date, the Distribution Trustee, with the prior consent of the Steering Committee, acting through a majority thereof, may settle or compromise any Disputed Claim without approval of the Bankruptcy Court in accordance with the Distribution Trust Agreement.

#### Right to Pursue Causes of Action

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan or in any contract, instrument, release or other agreement entered into or delivered in connection with the Plan, in accordance with section 1123(b) of the Bankruptcy Code the Distribution Trustee will retain and may enforce any claims, demands, rights and causes of action that either Estate may hold against any entity, including the Recovery Actions, to the extent not released under the Plan. In particular, the Distribution Trustee will retain the right to pursue any adversary proceedings available to the Debtors in connection with the Alpart Purchase Agreement or the Intercompany Claims Settlement.

#### Limitation on Liability and Indemnification of Distribution Trustee

In exercising its rights under the Distribution Trust Agreement, the Distribution Trustee will be obligated to use the same degree of care and skill as an individual of ordinary prudence, discretion and judgment would exercise or use in such individual's own affairs. The Distribution Trustee, however, will incur no liability for any action taken or omitted to be taken in connection with the Plan or the Distribution Trust Agreement except liability that would otherwise result from (a) a failure to perform or pay any obligation or liability thereunder or (b) an act or omission that is determined in a Final Order to have constituted bad faith, fraud, willful misconduct, gross negligence or a breach of its fiduciary duties.

The Distribution Trustee and the members of the Steering Committee will be indemnified by the Distribution Trust from the Distribution Trust Expenses Trust Account for any losses, claims, damages, liabilities, or expenses, including reasonable attorneys' fees, disbursements, and related expenses, that the Distribution Trustee may become subject in connection with any action, suit, proceeding, or investigation brought by or threatened against the Distribution Trustee on account of the acts or omissions of the Distribution Trustee in its capacity as such, provided that the Distribution Trust will not be liable to indemnify the Distribution Trustee for any act or omission constituting bad faith, fraud, willful misconduct, gross negligence or a breach of its fiduciary duties. The Distribution Trustee will be entitled to obtain advances from the Distribution Trustee provides an undertaking to repay the amounts so advanced to the Distribution Expenses Trust Account upon the entry of a Final Order finding that the Distribution Trustee was not entitled to indemnity.

#### Removal and Resignation of the Distribution Trustee; Filling of Vacancy

The Distribution Trustee may be removed at any time by Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court. Such removal will be effective as specified in such Final Order.

The Distribution Trustee may resign at any time by giving the Bankruptcy Court at least 30 days' written notice of its intention to do so. Such resignation will be effective on the latest of (a) the date specified in the notice; (b) the date that is 30 days after the notice is delivered; (c) the date the Distribution Trustee delivers a full and

complete accounting of assets received, disbursed, and held to the Bankruptcy Court; and (d) the date the successor Distribution Trustee accepts its appointment as such.

The Indenture Trustees and the PBGC together will identify a successor Distribution Trustee to fill any vacancy and request the Bankruptcy Court's approval of the identity and terms of engagement of such successor Distribution Trustee. The Distribution Trust Agreement will provide for a dispute resolution mechanism in the event that the Indenture Trustees and the PBGC cannot agree on a successor Distribution Trustee.

#### Compensation of the Distribution Trustee

The Distribution Trustee will receive fair and reasonable compensation for its services, with such compensation to be paid from the Distribution Trust Expenses Account. In addition, reasonable costs, expenses, and obligations incurred by the Distribution Trustee in administering the Distribution Trust, in carrying out its other responsibilities under the Distribution Trust Agreement, or in any manner connected, incidental, or related thereto will be paid, at the direction of the Distribution Trustee, from the Distribution Trust Expenses Account.

#### Books and Records; Reports and Tax Filings

#### Books and Records

The Distribution Trustee will maintain books and records containing a description of all property from time to time constituting the Distribution Trust Assets (which assets will be valued consistently for all federal income Tax purposes) and an accounting of all receipts and disbursements. Such books and records will be open to inspection by any Beneficiary or the Bankruptcy Court at any reasonable time during normal business hours. The fiscal year of the Distribution Trust will be the calendar year.

#### Reports to be Filed with the Bankruptcy Court

Within 45 days after the end of each of the first three calendar quarters of the calendar year, the Distribution Trustee will File an unaudited report with the Bankruptcy Court reflecting (a) all Distribution Trust Assets received by the Distribution Trust during such calendar quarter, (b) all Distribution Trust Assets held by the Distribution Trust at the end of such quarter and (c) all Distribution Trust Assets disbursed during such calendar quarter, in each case itemized for the individual Trust Accounts (a "Quarterly Receipts/Disbursements Report").

Within 90 days after the end of each calendar year, the Distribution Trustee will File an unaudited report with the Bankruptcy Court reflecting (a) all Distribution Trust Assets received by the Distribution Trust during such calendar year, (b) all Distribution Trust Assets held by the Distribution Trust at the end of such calendar year and (c) all Distribution Trust Assets disbursed during such calendar year, in each case itemized for the individual Trust Accounts (an "Annual Receipts/Disbursements Report").

In the event of developments affecting the Distribution Trust in any material respect (as determined by the Distribution Trustee in its reasonable discretion), the Distribution Trustee will File promptly with the Bankruptcy Court a report describing such development in reasonable detail (a "Current Report").

The Distribution Trustee will furnish or otherwise make available to any then-current Beneficiary, upon written request, a copy of (a) the most recent Annual Receipts/Disbursements Report, (b) any Quarterly Receipts/Disbursements Report for any period subsequent to the period covered by the most recent Annual Receipts/Disbursements Report has yet been Filed, for any period subsequent to the Effective Date) or (c) any Current Report Filed subsequent to the period covered by the most recent Annual Receipts/Disbursements Report has yet been Filed, subsequent to the Effective Date) or (c) any Current Report Filed subsequent to the period covered by the most recent Annual Receipts/Disbursements Report has yet been Filed, subsequent to the Effective Date).

#### Tax Returns and Payments

The Distribution Trustee will be responsible for filing all foreign, federal, state and local Tax returns for the Distribution Trust and Debtors and for the timely preparation and distribution to the Beneficiaries of any necessary foreign, federal, state or local information returns.

The Distribution Trustee will timely file Tax returns for the Trust Accounts as a grantor trust and/or a liquidating trust under Treasury Regulations section 1.671-1(a) and/or Treasury Regulations section 301.7701-4(d) and related regulations with respect to Pending Payments. Pursuant to such provisions, for federal income Tax purposes the Distribution Trustee will allocate to Beneficiaries entitled to receive Pending Payments their pro rata shares of any income or loss of the Trust Accounts, and such Beneficiaries will be subject to Tax on the Trust Accounts' taxable income on a current basis.

With respect to the Trust Accounts (excluding amounts constituting Pending Payments), the Distribution Trustee will timely (a) file such income Tax and other returns and statements as are required to comply with (i) the applicable provisions of the IRC and the Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder, including the requirements set forth in Proposed Treasury Regulations section 1.468B-9(c)(1) and (ii) any applicable state and local law and the regulations promulgated thereunder and (b) pay from the applicable Trust Account any Taxes reported as owing on such returns and statements.

#### Term of the Distribution Trust

The Distribution Trust will terminate upon:

- the payment of all costs, expenses and obligations incurred in connection with administering the Distribution Trust;
- the distribution of all remaining Distribution Trust Assets and/or proceeds therefrom in accordance with the provisions of the Plan, the Confirmation Order and the Distribution Trust Agreement;
- the closure of the Chapter 11 Cases; and
- the completion of any necessary or appropriate reports, Tax returns or other documentation.

If the Distribution Trust has not been previously terminated as described above, on the second anniversary of the Effective Date, unless otherwise extended by the Bankruptcy Court due to the Distribution Trust's necessity to complete its claims resolution and liquidating purpose, and provided such extension does not adversely affect the status of the Distribution Trust for federal income Tax or federal securities law purposes, the Distribution Trustee will distribute all of the Distribution Trust Assets to the Beneficiaries in accordance with the Plan and this Agreement.

### DISTRIBUTIONS UNDER THE PLAN

#### Method of Distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims

The Distribution Trustee will make all distributions of Cash required under the Plan. The Distribution Trustee will serve without bond and may employ or contract with other entities to assist in, or make the distributions required by, the Plan and the Distribution Trust Agreement. Unless the context otherwise requires, all references to the Distribution Trustee contained in this section will be deemed to be references to the Distribution Trustee in its capacity as Disbursing Agent and, in the event the Distribution Trustee employs or contracts with one or more other entities to assist in, or make the distributions required by, the Plan and the Distribution Trust Agreement as contemplated by the immediately preceding sentence, to any such third-party Disbursing Agent in its capacity as such. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Distribution Trustee will act as the Disbursing Agent for the Distribution Expenses Trust Account.

#### **Delivery of Distributions**

#### **Delivery** of **Distributions**

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, distributions in respect of Allowed Claims will be made to holders of such Claims as of the Distribution Record Date at the addresses set forth in the applicable Claims Report. Prior to making any distribution to a Beneficiary, the Distribution Trustee may request written notification of the Beneficiary's federal taxpayer identification number or social security number if the Distribution Trustee determines, in its reasonable discretion, that such information (a) is necessary to fulfill its Tax reporting and withholding obligations and (b) has not been provided in the applicable Claims Report or otherwise. The Distribution Trustee, in its reasonable discretion, may suspend distributions to any Beneficiary that has not provided its federal taxpayer identification number, as the case may be, after a request is made pursuant to and in accordance with the terms of this paragraph.

#### Special Provisions for Distributions to Holders of Public Note Claims

All distributions to holders of Allowed Public Note Claims will be made by the Distributing Trustee to the applicable Indenture Trustee for distribution to holders of the Allowed Public Note Claims as of the Distribution Record Date.

#### **Quarterly Distributions**

On or as promptly as practicable after each Quarterly Distribution Date, the Distribution Trustee will make distributions to holders of Disputed Claims that have become Allowed Claims during the immediately preceding calendar quarter; *provided, however*, that if the Distribution Trustee determines, in its reasonable discretion, that the amount of any quarterly distribution is too small to justify the administrative costs associated with such distribution, the Distribution Trustee may postpone such quarterly distribution until the next Quarterly Distribution Date. The Distribution Trustee will have no obligation to notify Beneficiaries of such determination.

#### **Undeliverable or Unclaimed Distributions**

If any distribution to a holder of an Allowed Unsecured Claim is returned to the Distribution Trustee as undeliverable, then unless and until the Distribution Trustee is notified in writing of the holder's then-current address: (a) subject to the provisions described in the immediately following paragraph, such undeliverable distributions will remain in the possession of the Distribution Trustee as provided in the Plan and no further attempt will be made to deliver such distributions and (b) no attempt will be made to deliver subsequent distributions to such holder and any such distributions that such holder would otherwise be entitled to receive instead will be transferred from the Unsecured Claims Trust Account to the Undeliverable Cash Trust Account where it will be held in a book-entry sub-account for the benefit of such holder.

Any holder of an Allowed Unsecured Claim that does not assert a claim for an undeliverable distribution by delivering to the Distribution Trustee a written notice setting forth such holder's then-current address within 180 days after the later of (a) the Effective Date and (b) the last date on which a distribution was deliverable to the holder will have its claim for undeliverable distributions discharged and will be forever barred from asserting such claim or any claim for subsequent distributions against the Debtors, the Distribution Trustee or their respective properties, including the Trust Accounts, whereupon all Cash contained in the book-entry sub-account in the Undeliverable Cash Trust Account created for the benefit of such holder will be transferred to the Unsecured Claims Trust Account for redistribution, each Allowed Unsecured Claims entitled to distributions therefrom. For purposes of any such redistribution, each Allowed Claim in respect of which a claim for undeliverable distributions has been discharged will be deemed disallowed in its entirety.

Nothing contained in the Plan will require the Debtors or the Distribution Trustee to attempt to locate any holder of an Allowed Claim.

#### **Means of Cash Payments**

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan or the Distribution Trust Agreement, Cash payments made pursuant to the Plan will be in United States currency by checks drawn on the applicable Trust Accounts or, at the option of the Distribution Trustee, by wire transfer from a domestic bank; *provided, however*, that Cash payments to foreign holders of Allowed Claims may be made, at the option of the Distribution Trustee, in such funds and by such means as are necessary or customary in a particular foreign jurisdiction. If a check included in a distribution to a holder of an Allowed Unsecured Claim is not cashed within 180 days of the issuance thereof, the Distribution Trustee will void such check and such distribution will be treated as undeliverable as described in "Undeliverable or Unclaimed Distributions" above.

#### Timing and Calculation of Amounts to Be Distributed

# Allowed Claims Other Than Unsecured Claims in Subclass 3A, Subclass 3B and Subclass 3D; Certain Payments From the Subclass 3A Distributable Consideration

On or as promptly as practicable after the Effective Date, the Distribution Trustee will: (a) make distributions to holders of Secured Claims, Administrative Claims, Priority Claims and Priority Tax Claims allowed as of the Effective Date; (b) if, and only if, Subclass 3B votes to accept the Plan as provided in Section 2.4(c)(i) of the Plan, make distributions to holders of Allowed Claims in Subclass 3B; and (c) make the payments of amounts to be deducted from the Subclass 3A Distributable Consideration as contemplated by Section 2.4(c)(i) of the Plan. On or as promptly as practicable after each Quarterly Distribution Date, the Distribution Trustee will make distributions to holders of Disputed Secured Claims, Disputed Administrative Claims, Disputed Priority Claims and Disputed Priority Tax Claims that were allowed during the immediately preceding calendar quarter. If the determination contemplated by clause (a) of Section 2.4(c)(i) of the Plan has not been made by the Bankruptcy Court prior to the Effective Date, then, in order to ensure funding of any payment that may be required upon such determination, on the Effective Date the Distribution Trustee will reserve from the Subclass 3A Distributable Consideration any amount that may be ordered by the Bankruptcy Court to be so reserved pending such determination.

#### Allowed Unsecured Claims in Subclass 3A, Subclass 3C and Subclass 3D

#### Initial Distributions

On or as promptly as practicable after the Effective Date, the Distribution Trustee will make distributions to holders of Unsecured Claims in Subclass 3A, Subclass 3C and Subclass 3D allowed as of the Effective Date; *provided* that the amount of such distributions will be calculated as if each Disputed Unsecured Claim in Subclass 3D were an Allowed Unsecured Claim in its Face Amount as of the Effective Date; *provided further, however*, that no distribution will be made on account of any Disputed Unsecured Claim in Subclass 3D unless and until it becomes an Allowed Unsecured Claim and amounts withheld for Disputed Unsecured Claims in Subclass 3D will remain in the Unsecured Claims Trust Account as part of the Disputed Claims Reserve.

#### Quarterly Distributions

On or as promptly as practicable after each Quarterly Distribution Date, the Distribution Trustee will distribute to each holder of an Unsecured Claim in Subclass 3A, Subclass 3C or Subclass 3D allowed prior to such Quarterly Distribution Date a distribution from the Unsecured Claims Trust Account (net of provision for Taxes) in an amount equal to: (a) the amount of Cash that such holder would have been entitled to receive pursuant to the Plan if such Claim and all other such Claims had been an Allowed Unsecured Claim as of the Effective Date (with such amount to be calculated in the manner described in immediately preceding paragraph) minus (b) the aggregate amount of Cash previously distributed on account of such Claim. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Distribution Trustee determines, in its reasonable discretion, that the amount of any quarterly distribution is too small to justify the administrative costs associated with such distribution, the Distribution Trustee will have no obligation to notify Beneficiaries if it determines, in its reasonable discretion, that any quarterly distribution will be postponed. In the

event of the disallowance of a Disputed Unsecured Claim in Subclass 3D, any amounts held in respect thereof will be released from the Disputed Claims Reserve for distribution in accordance with this paragraph.

#### No De Minimis Distributions

The Distribution Trustee will not be required to distribute Cash to the holder of an Allowed Unsecured Claim if the total aggregate amount of Cash to be distributed on account of such Claim is less than \$25. Any holder of an Allowed Unsecured Claim on account of which the total aggregate amount of Cash to be distributed is less than \$25 will have its Claim for such distribution deemed satisfied, waived, and released and will be forever barred from asserting any such Claim against the Debtors, the Distribution Trustee or their respective property, including the Trust Accounts. Any Cash not distributed with respect to Allowed Unsecured Claims as a result of the provisions described in this paragraph will be retained in the Unsecured Claims Trust Account for redistribution to other holders of Allowed Unsecured Claims entitled to distributions from the Unsecured Claims Trust Account.

#### Compliance with Tax Requirements

To the extent applicable, the Distribution Trustee will comply with all Tax withholding and reporting requirements imposed on it by any governmental unit and all distributions pursuant to the Plan will be subject to such withholding and reporting requirements. The Distribution Trustee will be authorized to take any actions that it determines, in its reasonable discretion, to be necessary, appropriate, or desirable to comply with such withholding and reporting requirements. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan or the Distribution Trust Agreement, each entity receiving a distribution of Cash pursuant to the Plan will have sole and exclusive responsibility for the satisfaction and payment of any Tax obligations imposed on it by any governmental unit on account of such distribution, including income, withholding, and other Tax obligations.

#### Setoffs

Except with respect to claims of a Debtor released pursuant to the Plan or any contract, instrument, release or other agreement or document entered into or delivered in connection with the Plan, the Distribution Trustee may, pursuant to section 553 of the Bankruptcy Code or applicable nonbankruptcy law, set off against any Allowed Claim and the distributions to be made pursuant to the Plan on account of such Claim (before any distribution is made on account of such Claim) the claims, rights and causes of action of any nature that the applicable Debtor may hold against the holder of such Allowed Claim; *provided, however*, that neither the failure to effect a setoff nor the allowance of any Claim will constitute a waiver or release by the applicable Debtor of any claims, rights and causes of action that the Debtor or Debtors may possess against such a Claim holder, which are preserved under the Plan.

#### **Compensation and Reimbursement for Services Related to Distributions**

If the Distribution Trustee employs or contracts with a third-party Disbursing Agent, such Disbursing Agent will receive, without the need for further Bankruptcy Court approval, reasonable compensation for such services and reimbursement of reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with such services. These payments will be made on terms agreed to with the Distribution Trustee and will be paid to such Disbursing Agent from funds in the Distribution Trust Expenses Account. To assist in making distributions under the Plan, notwithstanding any other provision of the Distribution Trust Agreement, the applicable Trust Accounts (other than the Distribution Trust Expenses Account) may be held in the name of one or more such Disbursing Agents. Any such Disbursing Agent will invest the Cash in the Trust Accounts as directed by the Distribution Trustee, who will direct such Disbursing Agent to invest such Cash only in Permitted Investments; *provided, however*, that should the Distribution Trustee determine, in its reasonable discretion, that the administrative costs associated with such investment will exceed the return on such investment, it may direct such Disbursing Agent to not invest such Cash.

#### **Payments Limited to Trust Accounts**

All payments or other distributions to be made by the Distribution Trustee in accordance with the Plan or the Distribution Trust Agreement will be made only from the Trust Accounts.

#### **Insufficient Funds**

Provided that the Distribution Trustee has not acted in bad faith, engaged in fraud, willful misconduct or gross negligence, or breached its fiduciary duties, if the Distribution Trust Assets at any point prove insufficient to pay all Beneficiaries of the Priority Claims Trust Account in full or all Beneficiaries of the Unsecured Claims Trust Account in accordance with the terms of the Plan, the Distribution Trustee will have no obligation to seek disgorgement from any Beneficiary, but may seek the guidance of the Bankruptcy Court or another court of competent jurisdiction.

#### **Procedures for Resolving Disputed Claims**

#### **Prosecution of Objections to Claims**

All objections to Claims must be Filed and served on the holders of such Claims by the Claims Objection Bar Date, and, if Filed prior to the Effective Date, such objections will be served on the parties on the then-applicable service list in the Chapter 11 Cases. If an objection has not been Filed to a proof of Claim, a scheduled Claim, or a request for payment of Administrative Claim by the applicable Claims Objection Bar Date, the Claim to which the proof of Claim, scheduled Claim, or request for payment of Administrative Claim relates will be treated as an Allowed Claim if such Claim has not been allowed earlier. An objection is deemed to have been timely Filed as to all Tort Claims, thus making each such Claim a Disputed Claim as of the Claims Objection Bar Date. Each such Tort Claim will remain a Disputed Claim until it becomes an Allowed Claim in accordance with the Plan.

#### Liquidation and Payment of Tort Claims

At the Debtors' or, after the Effective Date, the Distribution Trustee's option, any unliquidated Tort Claim as to which a proof of Claim was timely filed in the Chapter 11 Cases will be determined and liquidated in the administrative or judicial tribunal(s) in which it is pending on the Effective Date or, if no action was pending on the Effective Date, in any administrative or judicial tribunal of appropriate jurisdiction. The Debtors and the Distribution Trustee may exercise the option described above by service upon the holder of the applicable Tort Claim of a notice informing the holder of such Claim that the Debtor or Distribution Trustee has exercised such option. Upon the Debtor's service of such notice, the automatic stay provided under section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code will be deemed modified, without the necessity for further Bankruptcy Court approval, solely to the extent necessary to allow the parties to determine or liquidate the Tort Claim in the applicable administrative or judicial tribunal(s). Notwithstanding the foregoing, at all times prior to or after the Effective Date, the Bankruptcy Court will retain jurisdiction relating to Tort Claims, including the Debtors' right to have such Claims determined and/or liquidated in the Bankruptcy Court (or the United States District Court for the District of Delaware) pursuant to section 157(b)(2)(B) of title 28 of the United States Code, as may be applicable. Any Tort Claim determined and liquidated pursuant to a judgment obtained as described in this paragraph and applicable non-bankruptcy law that is no longer appealable or subject to review will be deemed an Allowed Claim in Subclass 3D against the applicable Debtor in such liquidated amount, provided that only the amount of such Allowed Claim that is less than or equal to the Debtors' self-insured retention or deductible in connection with the applicable insurance policy and is not satisfied from proceeds of insurance payable to the holder of such Allowed Claim under the Debtors' insurance policies will be treated as an Allowed Claim for the purposes of distributions under the Plan. In no event will a distribution be made under the Plan to the holder of a Tort Claim on account of any portion of an Allowed Claim in excess of the applicable Debtor's deductible or self-insured retention under any applicable insurance policy. In the event a Tort Claim is determined and liquidated pursuant to a judgment or order obtained as described in this paragraph (which is no longer appealable or subject to review) and applicable non-bankruptcy law provides for no recovery against the applicable Debtor, such Tort Claim will be deemed expunged without the necessity for further Bankruptcy Court approval upon the applicable Debtor's service of a copy of such judgment or order upon the holder of such Tort Claim. Nothing described in this paragraph will constitute or be deemed a waiver of any claim, right or cause of action that a Debtor may have against any person or entity in connection with or arising out of any Tort Claim, including, without limitation, any rights under section 157(b)(5) of title 28 of the United States Code.

#### **Treatment of Disputed Claims**

Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Plan, no payments or distributions will be made on account of a Disputed Claim until such Claim becomes an Allowed Claim. In lieu of distributions under the Plan to holders of Disputed Claims, a Disputed Claims Reserve will be established on the Effective Date in each Trust Account, which, in the case of Unsecured Claims in Subclass 3D, will include an amount equal to the Pro Rata Share of the distribution to which all of the Disputed Claims in Subclass 3D would be entitled to if each such Disputed Claim was allowed in its Face Amount on the Effective Date.

Each holder of a Disputed Claim that ultimately becomes an Allowed Claim will have recourse only to the undistributed Cash held in the applicable Trust Account for the satisfaction of such Allowed Claim and not to any other Trust Account or any assets previously distributed on account of any Allowed Claim.

#### VOTING AND CONFIRMATION OF THE PLAN

#### General

To confirm the Plan, the Bankruptcy Code requires that the Bankruptcy Court make a series of findings concerning the Plan and the Debtors, including that:

- the Plan has classified Claims and Interests in a permissible manner;
- the Plan complies with the applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code;
- the Debtors comply with the applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code;
- the Debtors, as proponents of the Plan within the meaning of section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code, have proposed the Plan in good faith and not by any means forbidden by law;
- the disclosure required by section 1125 of the Bankruptcy Code has been made;
- the Plan has been accepted by the requisite votes of creditors and equity interest holders, except to the extent that "cramdown" is available under section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code;
- the Plan is in the "best interests" of all holders of Claims or Interests in an impaired Class (that is, that such creditors will receive at least as much pursuant to the Plan as they would receive or retain in a chapter 7 liquidation);
- the Plan is feasible (that is, there is a reasonable prospect that the Debtors will be able to perform their obligations under the Plan); and
- all fees and expenses payable under 28 U.S.C. § 1930, as determined by the Bankruptcy Court at the Confirmation Hearing, have been paid, or the Plan provides for the payment of such fees on the Effective Date.

#### **Voting Procedures and Requirements**

Pursuant to the Bankruptcy Code, only classes of claims against, or equity interests in, a debtor that are "impaired" under the terms of that debtor's plan are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan. A class is "impaired" if the legal, equitable or contractual rights attaching to the claims or equity interests of that class are modified, other than by curing defaults and reinstating maturity. Classes of claims that are not impaired are not entitled to vote on a plan and are conclusively presumed to have accepted that plan. In addition, classes of claims or equity interests that receive no distributions under a plan are not entitled to vote on that plan and are deemed to have rejected that plan unless such class otherwise indicates acceptance. Because Classes 1 and 2 are unimpaired and Classes 4 and 5 have consented to the Plan, only Class 3 is entitled to vote on the Plan and each Subclass of Class 3 constitutes a separate class. For a summary of the classification of Claims and Interests pursuant to the Plan, together with an indication of whether each Class of Claims or Interests is impaired or unimpaired under the terms of the Plan, see "Overview of the Plan — Summary of Classes and Treatment of Claims and Interests." (Although

the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bond Indenture Trustee could receive a payment for the benefit of the holders of the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bonds pursuant to the Plan if the Bankruptcy Court so determined, holders of 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bonds do not have Claims against the Debtors and, accordingly, are not entitled to vote on the Plan. See "Operations During the Chapter 11 Cases — 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bond Dispute" for more information regarding the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bonds.)

Pursuant to section 502 of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rule 3018, the Bankruptcy Court may estimate and temporarily allow a Claim for voting or other purposes. By order of the Bankruptcy Court, certain vote tabulation rules have been approved that temporarily allow or disallow certain Claims for voting purposes only. These tabulation rules are described in the solicitation materials provided with your Ballot.

#### VOTING ON THE PLAN BY EACH HOLDER OF AN IMPAIRED CLAIM ENTITLED TO VOTE ON THE PLAN IS IMPORTANT. IF YOU HOLD MULTIPLE UNSECURED CLAIMS, YOU MAY RECEIVE MORE THAN ONE BALLOT. YOU SHOULD COMPLETE, SIGN AND RETURN EACH BALLOT YOU RECEIVE.

#### PLEASE CAREFULLY FOLLOW ALL OF THE INSTRUCTIONS CONTAINED ON THE BALLOT(S) PROVIDED TO YOU. ALL BALLOTS MUST BE COMPLETED AND RETURNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE INSTRUCTIONS PROVIDED.

TO BE COUNTED, YOUR BALLOT(S) MUST BE ACTUALLY <u>RECEIVED</u> BY 5:00 P.M., EASTERN TIME, ON \_\_\_\_\_\_, 2005 (OR SUCH OTHER TIME AND DATE IDENTIFIED ON YOUR BALLOT(S)) AT THE ADDRESS SET FORTH ON THE PREADDRESSED ENVELOPE PROVIDED TO YOU. IT IS OF THE UTMOST IMPORTANCE TO THE DEBTORS THAT YOU VOTE PROMPTLY TO ACCEPT THE PLAN.

A HOLDER OF A 9-7/8% SENIOR NOTE, A 10-7/8% SENIOR NOTE OR A SENIOR SUBORDINATED NOTE HELD IN THE NAME OF A BROKER, DEALER, COMMERCIAL BANK, TRUST COMPANY OR OTHER NOMINEE MUST COMPLETE AND DELIVER TO SUCH NOMINEE THE BALLOT(S) PROVIDED TO SUCH HOLDER IN ORDER TO VOTE ON THE PLAN. SUCH HOLDERS ARE URGED TO DELIVER SUCH BALLOT(S) TO THEIR RESPECTIVE NOMINEE HOLDERS NO LATER THAN THE DATE IDENTIFIED ON SUCH BALLOT(S) IN ORDER TO ENSURE THAT THEIR VOTE WILL BE COUNTED.

Votes cannot be transmitted orally. Accordingly, you are urged to return your signed and completed Ballot(s) promptly.

# IF YOU ARE ENTITLED TO VOTE AND YOU DID NOT RECEIVE A BALLOT, RECEIVED A DAMAGED BALLOT OR LOST YOUR BALLOT(S), PLEASE CALL THE DEBTORS' VOTING AGENT, LOGAN & COMPANY, AT (973) 509-3190.

#### **Confirmation Hearing**

The Bankruptcy Code requires the Bankruptcy Court, after notice, to hold a hearing on whether the Debtors have fulfilled the requirements of section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code relating to the confirmation of the Plan. The Confirmation Hearing has been scheduled for \_\_\_\_\_\_, 2005 at [9:00 a.m.] before the Honorable Judith K. Fitzgerald, Chief United States Bankruptcy Judge for the Western District of Pennsylvania and visiting United States Bankruptcy Judge for the District of Delaware, in the Judge's usual courtroom at the U.S. Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware, 824 Market Street, Wilmington, Delaware 19801. The Confirmation Hearing may be adjourned from time to time by the Bankruptcy Court without further notice, except for an announcement of the adjourned date made at the Confirmation Hearing. Any objection to confirmation of the Plan must be made in writing and must specify in detail the name and address of the objector, all grounds for the objection and the amount of the Claim or Interest held by the objector. Any such objections must be Filed and served upon the persons designated in the notice of the Confirmation Hearing, in the manner and by the deadline described therein.

#### Confirmation

At the Confirmation Hearing, the Bankruptcy Court will confirm the Plan only if all of the applicable requirements of section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code are satisfied. Among the requirements for confirmation of a plan with respect to a debtor are that the plan:

- is accepted by the requisite holders of claims and equity interests in each impaired class of such debtor or, if not so accepted, has been accepted by the requisite holders of at least one impaired class and is "fair and equitable" and "does not discriminate unfairly" as to each nonaccepting class;
- is either accepted by, or is in the "best interests" of, each holder of a claim or equity interest in each impaired class of such debtor;
- is feasible; and
- complies with the other applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code.

Subject to the conditions set forth in the Plan, a determination by the Bankruptcy Court that the Plan, as it applies to a particular Estate, is not confirmable pursuant to section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code will not limit or affect: (a) the confirmability of the Plan as it applies to the other Estate or (b) the Debtors' ability to modify the Plan, as it applies to such Estate, to satisfy the provisions of section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.

#### Acceptance or Cramdown

A plan is accepted by an impaired class of claims if holders of at least two-thirds in dollar amount and a majority in number of claims of that class vote to accept the plan. Only those holders of claims who actually vote (and are entitled to vote) to accept or to reject a plan count in this tabulation. Section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code contains so-called "cramdown" provisions pursuant to which a plan may be confirmed even if it is not accepted by all impaired classes, as long as at least one impaired class of claims has accepted it and the Bankruptcy Court finds that it is "fair and equitable" and "does not discriminate unfairly" as to each nonaccepting class. The Debtors may seek confirmation of the Plan under the "cramdown" provisions with respect to any impaired Class that does not accept the Plan (and have reserved the right to modify the Plan to the extent that confirmation of the Plan under such provisions requires modification).

#### **Best Interests Test**

#### Generally

Notwithstanding acceptance of a plan by each impaired class (or satisfaction of the "cramdown" provisions of the Bankruptcy Code in lieu thereof), for a plan to be confirmed, the Bankruptcy Court must determine that the plan is in the best interest of each holder of a claim who is in an impaired class and has not voted to accept the plan. Accordingly, if an impaired class does not unanimously accept a plan, the best interests test requires the Bankruptcy Court to find that the plan provides to each member of such impaired class a recovery on account of the class member's claim that has a value, as of the date such plan is consummated, at least equal to the value of the distribution that such class member would receive if the debtors proposing such plan were liquidated under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code on such date. The Debtors have considered the effect that the conversion of the Chapter 11 Cases to cases under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code would have and have concluded that Plan provides for the liquidation of the Debtors in a manner significantly more efficient than would occur in the event the Chapter 11 Cases were converted to cases under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. The Debtors' Estates have already been substantially liquidated and converted to Cash proceeds, subject only to: (a) the anticipated future release of \$20.0 million to be held in the AJI/KJC Cash Collateral Account to secure the obligations of the Debtors and the Other Kaiser Debtors under the DIP Financing Facility; and (b) any proceeds generated from the successful prosecution or settlement of any Recovery Actions. The Debtors are not aware of the existence of any claim against a third party that would constitute a Recovery Action. Further, the Debtors have been informed that the Creditors' Committee conducted an analysis of potential preference actions and determined that there were no viable preference actions concerning payments made by the Debtors. The Debtors believe that conversion to chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code would result in (a) additional costs relating to the appointment of a chapter 7 trustee; (b) likely delays in

distributions to creditors entitled to receive a distribution under the Plan; and (c) diminished recoveries for Class 3. The Debtors therefore believe that the Plan satisfies the best interests test for each class of impaired Claims.

#### Liquidation Analysis

Because the liquidation value of each Debtor is limited to the amount of Cash held or to be held in each Debtor's Trust Accounts, the Debtors' liquidation analysis focused on the additional costs and the diminution in value to the Debtors' Estates that would occur if the Chapter 11 Cases were converted to cases under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. That is, in the event of a conversion of the Chapter 11 Cases to cases under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code, the liquidation value available to holders of Unsecured Claims and Interests would be reduced by: (a) the costs, fees, and expenses of the liquidation, as well as other administrative expenses of the Debtors' chapter 7 cases; (b) unpaid Administrative Claims of the Chapter 11 Cases; and (c) Priority Claims and Priority Tax Claims.

The Debtors' costs of liquidation in chapter 7 cases would include, among other things, the compensation of a trustee or trustees, as well as counsel and other professionals retained by such trustees. The trustees and any newly retained professionals would have to expend considerable time and effort to review and understand the issues raised by the liquidation of the Debtors, thereby duplicating the efforts of the Debtors and their professionals and resulting in the incurrence of fees and expenses anticipated to exceed materially the fees and expenses that would be incurred by the Distribution Trustee and its professionals under the Plan. The trustee's fees in any chapter 7 case, which could be as much as 3% of the assets in the Debtors' Estates under section 326 of the Bankruptcy Code (or approximately \$9.0 million in the aggregate), also are anticipated to exceed the fees to be paid to the Distribution Trustee. Moreover, since any newly retained professionals would lack the institutional knowledge of the facts and circumstances underlying Claims and Recovery Actions, it is likely that Disputed Claims would be settled at higher amounts and Recovery Actions at lower amounts, thereby resulting in lower recoveries to holders of Unsecured Claims. Finally, due to the lack of familiarity with the Debtors of any trustees appointed in the chapter 7 cases, distributions in the chapter 7 cases likely would be made substantially later than the Effective Date assumed in connection with the Plan and this delay would reduce the present value of distributions to creditors, including holders of Unsecured Claims. In light of the foregoing, the Debtors believe that creditors will receive greater and more expeditious distributions under the Plan than they would receive through a chapter 7 liquidation. The Plan is, therefore, in the best interests of each Claim holder.

#### Feasibility

Section 1129(a)(11) of the Bankruptcy Code requires that confirmation of a plan not be likely to be followed by the liquidation, or the need for further financial reorganization, of the debtors proposing such plan or any successor to such debtors (unless such liquidation or reorganization is proposed in the plan). The Plan provides for the liquidation of the Debtors and the distribution of Cash to holders of Allowed Claims in accordance with the priority scheme of the Bankruptcy Code and the terms of the Plan. The ability of the Debtors to make the distributions described in the Plan is based solely on the amount of Cash held, or to be held, in the Trust Accounts, and does not depend on future earnings of the Debtors. Accordingly, the Debtors believe that the Plan satisfies the feasibility requirements of the Bankruptcy Code.

#### Compliance with Applicable Provisions of the Bankruptcy Code

Section 1129(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code requires that a plan comply with the applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code. The Debtors have considered each of these provisions in the development of the Plan and believe that the Plan complies with all provisions of the Bankruptcy Code.

#### Modification or Revocation of the Plan

Subject to the restrictions on modifications set forth in section 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code, the Debtors reserve the right to alter, amend or modify the Plan before its substantial consummation, with the consent of the Creditors' Committee.

The Debtors reserve the right to revoke or withdraw the Plan prior to the Effective Date, with the consent of the Creditors' Committee. If the Debtors so revoke or withdraw the Plan, or if confirmation of the Plan does not occur, the Plan will be null and void in all respects, and nothing contained in the Plan will: (a) constitute a waiver or release of any Claims by or against, or any Interests in, such Debtors or (b) prejudice in any manner the rights of either Debtor or any other party.

#### Alternatives to Confirmation and Consummation of the Plan

Because the Debtors are not operating entities and possess no assets other than Cash, the only alternatives to confirmation and consummation of the Plan are a conversion of the Chapter 11 Cases to cases under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code and the confirmation and consummation of an alternative plan of liquidation under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code.

The Debtors believe that, in a liquidation under chapter 7, before creditors received any distribution, additional administrative expenses involved in the appointment of a trustee, and the retention of professionals to assist such trustee, would cause a diminution in the value of the Debtors' Estates. The Debtors believe that conversion of the Chapter 11 Cases to chapter 7 would, therefore, result in (a) significant delay in distributions to all creditors who would have received a distribution under the Plan and (b) diminished recoveries for Class 3. See "— Confirmation — Best Interests Test."

The Debtors believe that, because the Plan has been negotiated by the Debtors and representatives of certain of the Debtors' most significant creditors, including the Creditors' Committee, negotiating an alternative plan of liquidation under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code is unlikely to alter significantly the relative treatment of the Claims. The Debtors believe that negotiating such an alternative plan would result in additional costs to the Debtors relating to the retention of professionals to represent the Debtors' Estates. The Debtors believe that the consummation of an alternative plan of liquidation under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code would also result in (a) likely delays in distributions to all creditors who would be entitled to receive a distribution under the Plan (thus reducing the present value of such distributions) and (b) potentially diminished recoveries for Class 3.

#### THE DEBTORS AND THE CREDITORS' COMMITTEE BELIEVE THAT THE PLAN AFFORDS GREATER BENEFITS TO CREDITORS THAN EITHER LIQUIDATION UNDER CHAPTER 7 OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE OR THE CONSUMMATION OF AN ALTERNATIVE PLAN OF LIQUIDATION UNDER CHAPTER 11 OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE.

#### CERTAIN FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF CONSUMMATION OF THE PLAN

#### General

A DESCRIPTION OF CERTAIN U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN IS PROVIDED BELOW. THE DESCRIPTION IS BASED ON THE IRC, TREASURY REGULATIONS ISSUED THEREUNDER, JUDICIAL DECISIONS, AND INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE ("IRS") AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETERMINATIONS, ALL AS IN EFFECT ON THE DATE HEREOF. CHANGES IN ANY OF THESE AUTHORITIES OR IN THE INTERPRETATION THEREOF, ANY OF WHICH MAY HAVE RETROACTIVE EFFECT, MAY CAUSE THE U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN TO DIFFER MATERIALLY FROM THE CONSEQUENCES DESCRIBED BELOW.

THE U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN ARE COMPLEX AND ARE SUBJECT TO SIGNIFICANT UNCERTAINTIES. NO RULING HAS BEEN REQUESTED FROM THE IRS; NO OPINION HAS BEEN REQUESTED FROM COUNSEL CONCERNING ANY U.S. TAX CONSEQUENCE OF THE PLAN; AND NO TAX OPINION IS GIVEN BY THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT.

#### THE DESCRIPTION DOES NOT COVER ALL ASPECTS OF U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAXATION THAT MAY BE RELEVANT TO THE DEBTORS OR HOLDERS OF CLAIMS. FOR EXAMPLE, THE DESCRIPTION DOES NOT ADDRESS ISSUES OF SPECIAL CONCERN TO CERTAIN TYPES OF TAXPAYERS, SUCH AS DEALERS IN SECURITIES, LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES, FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS, TAX EXEMPT ORGANIZATIONS, AND FOREIGN TAXPAYERS, NOR DOES IT ADDRESS TAX CONSEQUENCES TO HOLDERS OF INTERESTS IN THE DEBTORS. IN ADDITION, THE DESCRIPTION IS LIMITED TO U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES AND DOES NOT DISCUSS STATE, LOCAL OR FOREIGN TAX CONSEQUENCES.

#### FOR THESE REASONS, THE DESCRIPTION THAT FOLLOWS IS NOT A SUBSTITUTE FOR CAREFUL TAX PLANNING AND PROFESSIONAL TAX ADVICE BASED UPON THE INDIVIDUAL CIRCUMSTANCES OF EACH HOLDER OF A CLAIM OR INTEREST. HOLDERS OF CLAIMS OR INTERESTS ARE URGED TO CONSULT WITH THEIR OWN TAX ADVISORS REGARDING THE U.S. FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL AND FOREIGN TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN.

#### Federal Income Tax Consequences to Holders of Claims

The federal income Tax consequences of the Plan to a holder of a Claim will depend, in part, on: (a) whether the holder reports income on the accrual or cash basis; (b) whether the holder has previously taken a bad debt deduction or worthless security deduction with respect to the Claim; (c) whether the holder's Claim is allowed or disputed at the Effective Date; (d) whether the holder receives distributions under the Plan in more than one taxable year; and (e) whether the holder receives distributions with respect to its Claim under one or more plans of reorganization or liquidation of an Other Kaiser Debtor in addition to the Plan.

#### **Recognition of Gain or Loss**

#### In General

In general, a holder of a Claim should recognize gain or loss equal to the amount realized under the Plan in respect of its Claim less the holder's basis in the Claim. Any gain or loss recognized in the exchange may be long-term or short-term capital gain or loss or ordinary income or loss, depending upon the nature of the Claim and the holder, the length of time the holder held the Claim and whether the Claim was acquired at a market discount. If the holder realizes a capital loss, its deduction of the loss may be subject to limitation. The holder's aggregate Tax basis for any property received under the Plan generally will equal the amount realized. The holder's amount realized generally will equal the sum of the Cash and the fair market value of any other property received (or deemed received) by the holder under the Plan on the Effective Date or subsequent distribution date, less the amount (if any) allocable to Claims for interest, as discussed below.

#### Post-Effective Date Cash Distributions

Because certain holders of Allowed Claims (including Disputed Claims that ultimately become Allowed Claims) may receive Cash distributions subsequent to the Effective Date in respect of Claims held against the Debtors, including claims against Other Kaiser Debtor(s) as well as the Debtors, the imputed interest provisions of the IRC may apply to treat a portion of such distributions as imputed interest. Additionally, because such distributions may be made to such holders after the initial distribution, any loss and a portion of any gain realized by such holder may be deferred. All such holders are urged to consult their Tax advisors regarding the possible application of (or ability to elect out of) the "installment method" of reporting gain that may be recognized by such holder in respect of its Claims.

#### Bad Debt and/or Worthless Securities Deduction

A holder who, under the Plan, receives in respect of a Claim an amount less than the holder's Tax basis in the Claim may be entitled in the year of receipt (or in an earlier or later year) to a bad debt deduction in some amount under section 166(a) of the IRC or a worthless securities deduction under section 165(g) of the IRC. The rules governing the timing, character and amount of bad debt and/or worthless securities deductions place

considerable emphasis on the facts and circumstances of the holder, the obligor and the instrument with respect to which a deduction is claimed. Holders of Claims, therefore, are urged to consult their Tax advisors with respect to their ability to take such a deduction.

#### **Pending Payments**

Cash that a Trust Account holds as a Pending Payment after the Effective Date should be deemed to have been paid to the holder of the Claim entitled to receive such Pending Payment on the date that the Distribution Trust received it and to have been contributed by such holder to the Trust Account as a grantor and beneficiary of the Distribution Trust. Thus, the holder should recognize gain or loss based upon the amount deemed received and contributed to the Trust Account on the Effective Date, and any income subsequently realized by the Trust Account with respect to such Pending Payment will be reported by the Trustee as income of the grantor-beneficiary in the year realized, prior to the actual distribution of the Pending Payment to the holder of the Allowed Claim. The actual receipt of the Pending Payments from the Trust Account will not be a taxable event.

#### **Payments Other than Pending Payments**

If any payment other than a Pending Payment is to be made out of a Trust Account, such payment will not be deemed to have been made to any recipient until, and to the extent that, the amount to which the payee is entitled has been determined and distributed. Any income realized by the Trust Account prior to such time will be reported by the Distribution Trustee as income of and taxable to the Trust Account.

#### **Certain Other Tax Consequences for Holders of Claims**

#### **Receipt of Pre-Effective Date Interest**

A holder of a Claim that was not previously required to include in its taxable income any accrued but unpaid pre-Effective Date interest on the Claim may be treated as receiving taxable interest (to the extent any consideration it receives under the Plan is properly allocable to such interest for federal income Tax purposes). A holder previously required to include in its taxable income any accrued but unpaid interest on a Claim may be entitled to recognize a deductible loss to the extent that such interest is not satisfied under the Plan.

#### **Installment Method**

A holder of a Claim constituting an installment obligation for Tax purposes may be required to recognize currently any gain remaining with respect to the obligation if, pursuant to the Plan, the obligation is considered to be satisfied at other than its face value, distributed, transmitted, sold, or otherwise disposed of within the meaning of section 453B of the IRC.

#### Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

All distributions under the Plan will be subject to applicable federal income Tax reporting and withholding. The IRC imposes "backup withholding" on certain "reportable" payments to certain taxpayers, including payments of interest. Under the IRC's backup withholding rules, a holder of a Claim may be subject to backup withholding with respect to distributions or payments made pursuant to the Plan, unless the holder: (a) comes within certain exempt categories (which generally include corporations) and, when required, demonstrates this fact or (b) provides a correct taxpayer identification number and certifies under penalty of perjury that the taxpayer identification number is correct and that the taxpayer is not subject to backup withholding because of a failure to report all dividend and interest income. Backup withholding is not an additional Tax, but merely an advance payment that may be refunded to the extent it results in an overpayment of Tax. A holder of a Claim may be required to establish an exemption from backup withholding or to make arrangements with respect to the payment of backup withholding.

#### **Importance of Obtaining Professional Tax Assistance**

THE FOREGOING DISCUSSION IS INTENDED ONLY AS A SUMMARY OF CERTAIN FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN, AND IS NOT A SUBSTITUTE FOR CAREFUL TAX PLANNING WITH A TAX PROFESSIONAL. THE ABOVE DISCUSSION IS FOR INFORMATION PURPOSES ONLY AND IS NOT TAX ADVICE. THE TAX CONSEQUENCES ARE IN MANY CASES UNCERTAIN AND MAY VARY DEPENDING ON A HOLDER'S INDIVIDUAL CIRCUMSTANCES. ACCORDINGLY, HOLDERS ARE URGED TO CONSULT WITH THEIR TAX ADVISORS ABOUT THE FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL AND FOREIGN INCOME AND OTHER TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN.

#### APPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN FEDERAL AND STATE SECURITIES LAWS

#### General

No registration statement will be filed under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, 15 U.S.C. §§ 77a-77aa (the "Securities Act"), or any state securities laws with respect to the offer and distribution under the Plan of the beneficial interests in the Distribution Trust (which may be deemed to constitute "securities" and are treated as such for purposes of the following discussion). The Debtors believe that the provisions of section 1145(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code exempt the offer and distribution of such securities under the Plan from federal and state securities registration requirements.

#### **Bankruptcy Code Exemptions from Registration Requirements**

#### Initial Offer and Sale

Section 1145(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code exempts the offer and sale of securities under a plan of reorganization from registration under the Securities Act and state securities laws if three principal requirements are satisfied: (a) the securities must be offered and sold under a plan of reorganization and must be securities of the debtor, an affiliate participating in a joint plan with the debtor or a successor to the debtor under the plan; (b) the recipients of the securities must hold a prepetition or administrative expense claim against the debtor or an interest in the debtor or such affiliate; and (c) the securities must be issued entirely in exchange for the recipient's claim against or interest in the debtor or principally in such exchange and partly for cash or property. The Debtors believe that the offer and sale of the beneficial interests in the Distribution Trust under the Plan satisfy the requirements of section 1145(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code and, therefore, are exempt from registration under the Securities Act and state securities laws.

#### Subsequent Transfers

The beneficial interests in the Distribution Trust will be non-certificated and non-transferable (except by will or under the laws of descent and distribution). Therefore, holders of beneficial interests in the Distribution Trust will not be able to voluntarily transfer such securities to other entities.

#### ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Any statements in this Disclosure Statement concerning the provisions of any document are not necessarily complete, and in each instance reference is made to such document for the full text thereof. The Plan, this Disclosure Statement and the Distribution Trust Agreement will be available on the Document Website promptly following approval of this Disclosure Statement by the Bankruptcy Court.

#### **RECOMMENDATION AND CONCLUSION**

For all of the reasons set forth in this Disclosure Statement, the Debtors believe that the confirmation and consummation of the Plan is preferable to all other alternatives. Consequently, the Debtors urge all holders of Claims in voting Classes to vote to accept the Plan and to evidence their acceptance by duly completing and returning their Ballots so that they will be received on or before the Voting Deadline.

Dated: October 29, 2004

Respectfully submitted,

ALPART JAMAICA INC.

By:\_\_\_\_\_ Name: Title:

#### KAISER JAMAICA CORPORATION

By:<u></u> Name: Title:

COUNSEL:

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ATTORNEYS FOR DEBTORS AND DEBTORS IN POSSESSION

# EXHIBIT I

# JOINT PLAN OF LIQUIDATION FOR ALPART JAMAICA INC. AND KAISER JAMAICA CORPORATION

## UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

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	:
In re:	:
	:
ALPART JAMAICA INC. and	:
KAISER JAMAICA CORPORATION,	:
	:
	:
Debtors.	:
	:
	Х

Chapter 11 Case Nos. 03-10144 and 03-10151 Jointly Administered Under Case No. 02-10429 (JKF)

# JOINT PLAN OF LIQUIDATION FOR ALPART JAMAICA INC. AND KAISER JAMAICA CORPORATION

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ATTORNEYS FOR DEBTORS AND DEBTORS IN POSSESSION

Dated: October 29, 2004

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>\*</sup> The Plan, Disclosure Statement and the Distribution Trust Agreement will be available on the Document Website promptly following approval of the Disclosure Statement by the Bankruptcy Court.

#### **INTRODUCTION**

Alpart Jamaica Inc. ("<u>AJI</u>") and Kaiser Jamaica Corporation ("<u>KJC</u>") (collectively, the "<u>Debtors</u>") in the above-captioned chapter 11 cases (the "<u>Chapter 11 Cases</u>") propose the following joint plan of liquidation (the "<u>Plan</u>") for the resolution of the outstanding claims against and equity interests in the Debtors.

#### ARTICLE I

#### DEFINED TERMS, RULES OF INTERPRETATION AND COMPUTATION OF TIME

#### 1.1 <u>Defined Terms</u>.

As used in the Plan, capitalized terms have the meanings set forth below. Any term that is not otherwise defined in the Plan, but that is defined in the Bankruptcy Code or the Bankruptcy Rules, will have the meaning given to that term in the Bankruptcy Code or Bankruptcy Rules, as applicable.

(1) "7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bond Indenture" means the Trust Indenture, dated as of December 1, 1992, between Parish of St. James, State of Louisiana, and the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bond Indenture Trustee, together with all instruments and agreements related thereto.

(2) "7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bond Indenture Trustee" means J.P. Morgan Trust Company, N.A., as successor indenture trustee under the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bond Indenture.

(3) "7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bonds" means the Parish of St. James, State of Louisiana, Solid Waste Disposal Revenue Bonds (Kaiser Aluminum Project) Series 1992 issued pursuant to the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bond Indenture in an outstanding principal amount of \$20,000,000.

(4) "9-7/8% Senior Note Claim" means a Claim against a Debtor under or in respect of the 9-7/8% Senior Notes and the 9-7/8% Senior Note Indenture.

(5) "9-7/8% Senior Note Indenture" means the Indenture, dated as of February 17, 1994, by and among KACC, the Debtors and the 9-7/8% Senior Note Indenture Trustee, as the same may have been subsequently modified, amended or supplemented, together with all instruments and agreements related thereto.

(6) "9-7/8% Senior Note Indenture Trustee" means U.S. Bank National Association, as successor indenture trustee under the 9-7/8% Senior Note Indenture.

(7) "9-7/8% Senior Notes" means the 9-7/8% senior notes due 2002, issued by KACC pursuant to the 9-7/8% Senior Note Indenture in an outstanding principal amount of \$172,800,000.

(8) "10-7/8% Senior Note Claim" means a Claim against a Debtor under or in respect of the 10-7/8% Senior Notes and the applicable 10-7/8% Senior Note Indenture.

(9) "10-7/8% Senior Note Indentures" means the Indenture, dated as of October 23, 1996, and the Indenture, dated as of December 23, 1996, in each case, by and among KACC, the Debtors and the 10-7/8% Senior Note Indenture Trustee, as the same may have been subsequently modified, amended or supplemented, together with all instruments and agreements related thereto.

(10) "10-7/8% Senior Note Indenture Trustee" means U.S. Bank National Association, as successor indenture trustee under the 10-7/8% Senior Note Indentures.

(11) "10-7/8% Senior Notes" means the 10-7/8% Series B senior notes due 2006 and the 10-7/8% Series D senior notes due 2006, issued by KACC pursuant to the 10-7/8% Senior Note Indentures in outstanding principal amounts of \$175,000,000 and \$50,000,000, respectively.

(12) "Ad Hoc Committee" means the ad hoc group of holders of Senior Notes comprised of Trilogy Capital, Caspian Capital Partners, Varde Partners, Canyon Partners, Citadel Equity Fund Ltd., Citadel Credit Trading Ltd., Durham Asset Management L.L.C., Farallon Capital Management L.L.C., Troob Capital and Scoggin Capital.

(13) "Administrative Claim" means a Claim for costs and expenses of administration allowed under sections 503(b), 507(b) or 1114(e)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code, including: (a) the actual and necessary costs and expenses incurred after the Petition Date in preserving the respective Estates and operating the businesses of the Debtors; (b) Professional Fee Claims; and (c) US Trustee Fees; *provided, however*, except as provided in the Intercompany Claims Settlement, an Administrative Claim will not include any Intercompany Claim.

(14) "Administrative Claim Bar Date" means the date by which all requests for payment of Administrative Claims (other than Professional Fee Claims and US Trustee Fees) are required to be Filed with the Bankruptcy Court.

(15) "Administrative Claim Bar Date Order" means the order of the Bankruptcy Court establishing the Administrative Claim Bar Date.

- (16) "Allowed Claim" means:
- (a) a Claim that (i) has been listed by a particular Debtor on its Schedules as other than disputed, contingent, or unliquidated and (ii) is not otherwise a Disputed Claim;
- (b) a Claim (i) for which a proof of Claim or request for payment of Administrative Claim has been Filed by the applicable Bar Date or otherwise been deemed timely Filed under applicable law and (ii) that is not otherwise a Disputed Claim; or
- (c) a Claim that is allowed: (i) in any Stipulation of Amount and Nature of Claim executed by the applicable Debtor and Claim holder prior to the Effective Date and approved by the Bankruptcy Court; (ii) in any Stipulation of Amount and Nature of Claim executed by the Distribution Trustee and Claim holder after the Effective Date; (iii) in any contract, instrument or other agreement entered into in connection with the Plan prior to the Effective Date and approved by the Bankruptcy Court; (iv) in a Final Order; or (v) pursuant to the terms of the Plan.

(17) "Alpart Proceeds" means the net Cash proceeds allocable to AJI and KJC in the aggregate in connection with the sale of their respective interests in Alumina Partners of Jamaica Inc. pursuant to the Alpart Purchase Agreement, after taking into account the costs and expenses of the sale payable by AJI and KJC in accordance with the Intercompany Claims Settlement and the satisfaction of any applicable Allowed Secured Claim with a valid and enforceable Lien against such proceeds.

(18) "Alpart Purchase Agreement" means that certain Purchase Agreement, dated as of June 8, 2004, by and among KACC, Kaiser Aluminum International, Inc., Kaiser Bauxite Company, KJC and AJI and Quality Incorporations I Limited.

(19) "Ballot" means the form or forms distributed to each holder of an impaired Claim entitled to vote on the Plan on which the holder indicates acceptance or rejection of the Plan.

(20) "Bankruptcy Code" means title 11 of the United States Code, as now in effect or hereafter amended, as applicable to the Chapter 11 Cases.

(21) "Bankruptcy Court" means the United States District Court for the District of Delaware having jurisdiction over the Chapter 11 Cases and, to the extent of any reference made pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 157, the bankruptcy unit of such District Court.

(22) "Bankruptcy Rules" means, collectively, the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure and the local rules of the Bankruptcy Court, as now in effect or hereafter amended, as applicable to the Chapter 11 Cases.

(23) "Bar Date" means the applicable bar date by which a proof of Claim must be or must have been Filed, as established by order of the Bankruptcy Court, including the general Bar Date of May 15, 2003.

(24) "Bar Date Order" means an order of the Bankruptcy Court establishing Bar Dates for Filing proofs of Claims in the Chapter 11 Cases, as the same may be amended, modified or supplemented, including the order entered March 17, 2003.

(25) "Beneficiaries" means the creditors and claimants of the Estates.

(26) "Business Day" means any day, other than a Saturday, Sunday or "legal holiday" (as defined in Bankruptcy Rule 9006(a)).

(27) "Cash" means the legal tender of the United States of America.

(28) "Chapter 11 Cases" has the meaning set forth in the introductory paragraph of the Plan.

(29) "Claim" means a "claim," as defined in section 101(5) of the Bankruptcy Code, against either Debtor.

(30) "Claims Objection Bar Date" means, for all Claims, other than those Claims allowed pursuant to the Plan, the latest of: (a) 120 days after the Effective Date; (b) 60 days after the Filing of a proof of Claim for such Claim; and (c) such other period of limitation for objecting to such Claim as may be specifically fixed by the Plan, the Confirmation Order or a Final Order.

(31) "Claims Report" means, with respect to each Estate, a report certified by the claims agent for such Estate setting forth: (a) a listing, as of the Effective Date, of: (i) all Allowed Secured Claims of such Estate, (ii) all Allowed Administrative Claims of such Estate, (iii) all Allowed Priority Claims of such Estate, (iv) all Allowed Priority Tax Claims of such Estate, (v) all Allowed Unsecured Claims of such Estate, and (vi) all Disputed Claims of such Estate, and (b) for each Claim so listed, (i) the name, address and federal taxpayer identification number or social security number (if known) of the holder thereof as of the Distribution Record Date and (ii) the amount thereof, including the amount of unpaid principal and accrued interest (if known).

(32) "Class" means a class of Claims or Interests, as described in Article II.

(33) "Confirmation Date" means the date on which the Bankruptcy Court enters the Confirmation Order on its docket, within the meaning of Bankruptcy Rules 5003 and 9021.

(34) "Confirmation Hearing" means the hearing before the Bankruptcy Court to consider confirmation of the Plan pursuant to section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code, as such hearing may be continued from time to time.

(35) "Confirmation Order" means the order or orders of the Bankruptcy Court confirming the Plan pursuant to section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code.

(36) "Creditors' Committee" means the official committee of unsecured creditors of the Debtors appointed by the United States Trustee pursuant to section 1102 of the Bankruptcy Code in the Kaiser Cases.

(37) "Debtors" has the meaning set forth in the introductory paragraph of the Plan.

(38) "DIP Financing Facility" means, collectively: (a) the Post-Petition Credit Agreement, dated as of February 12, 2002, as amended and modified, among the Debtors, the Other Kaiser Debtors and those entities identified therein as "Lenders" and their respective successors and assigns and Bank of America, N.A. (as agent);

(b) all amendments thereto and extensions thereof; and (c) all security agreements and instruments related to the documents identified in (a) and (b).

(39) "Disbursing Agent" means the Distribution Trustee, in its capacity as a disbursing agent pursuant to the Plan, or any third party acting as disbursing agent at the direction of the Distribution Trustee.

(40) "Disclosure Statement" means the disclosure statement with respect to the Plan (including all Exhibits), as approved by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to section 1125 of the Bankruptcy Code, as the same may be amended, modified or supplemented.

- (41) "Disputed Claim" means:
- (a) if no proof of Claim has been Filed by the applicable Bar Date or has otherwise been deemed timely Filed under applicable law: (i) a Claim that is listed on a Debtor's Schedules as other than disputed, contingent or unliquidated, but as to which the applicable Debtor or the Distribution Trustee, or prior to the Confirmation Date, any other party in interest, has Filed an objection by the Claims Objection Bar Date and such objection has not been withdrawn or denied by a Final Order; or (ii) a Claim that is listed on a Debtor's Schedules as disputed, contingent or unliquidated; or
- (b) if a proof of Claim or proof of Administrative Claim has been Filed by the Bar Date or has otherwise been deemed timely Filed under applicable law: (i) a Claim for which no corresponding Claim is listed on a Debtor's Schedules; (ii) a Claim for which a corresponding Claim is listed on a Debtor's Schedules; (ii) a Claim for which a corresponding Claim is listed on a Debtor's Schedules as other than disputed, contingent or unliquidated, but the nature or amount of the Claim as asserted in the proof of Claim varies from the nature and amount of such Claim as it is listed on the Schedules; (iii) a Claim for which a corresponding Claim is listed on a Debtor's Schedules as disputed, contingent or unliquidated; or (iv) a Claim for which an objection has been Filed by the applicable Debtor or the Distribution Trustee or, prior to the Confirmation Date, any other party in interest, by the Claims Objection Bar Date, and such objection has not been withdrawn or denied by a Final Order.

(42) "Disputed Claims Reserves" means, with respect to each of the Trust Accounts, the reserve of Cash (and any other property) retained in such Trust Account to satisfy Disputed Claims against the Estate of AJI or the Estate of KJC, if, as and when they are allowed, or, to the extent such Disputed Claims are not allowed, to satisfy Claims that are allowed in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

(43) "Distribution Record Date" means the close of business on the Confirmation Date.

(44) "Distribution Trust" means the trust established pursuant to the Plan, among other things, to hold the Distribution Trust Assets and make distributions pursuant to the Plan.

(45) "Distribution Trust Agreement" means the trust agreement, to be dated on or prior to the Effective Date, between the Debtors and the Distribution Trustee, governing the Distribution Trust, which will be substantially in the form of Exhibit A to the Plan.

(46) "Distribution Trust Assets" means collectively: (a) the Trust Accounts and any Cash (and any other property) held by such Trust Accounts; (b) the rights of the Debtors under or in respect of the Intercompany Claims Settlement, the Alpart Purchase Agreement or any causes of action not released by the Plan, including the Recovery Actions, and any proceeds thereof; and (c) the Alpart Proceeds to the extent that such funds are not included in (a) or (b), including any amounts paid over to the Distribution Trustee as contemplated by Section 2.2(d) of the Plan.

(47) "Distribution Trust Expenses" means any and all reasonable fees, costs and expenses incurred by the Distribution Trustee (or any Disbursing Agent, person, entity or professional engaged by the Distribution

Trustee) in connection with the performance by the Distribution Trustee of its duties under the Plan or Distribution Trust Agreement.

(48) "Distribution Trust Expenses Account" means the segregated trust account to be established and maintained pursuant to Sections 8.9 and 8.10 to fund the payment of Distribution Trust Expenses.

(49) "Distribution Trustee" means the trustee selected by the Creditors' Committee with the consent of the Debtors and identified in the Distribution Trust Agreement (or any successor trustee), in its capacity as the trustee of the Distribution Trust.

(50) "Document Website" means the internet site with the address www.kaiseral.com at which the Plan, the Disclosure Statement and all of the Exhibits and schedules to the Plan and to the Disclosure Statement will be available, without charge, to any party in interest and the public.

(51) "Effective Date" means a day, as determined by the Debtors, that is the Business Day as soon as reasonably practicable after all conditions to the Effective Date have been satisfied or waived pursuant to the Plan.

(52) "Equity Claim" means a legal, equitable or contractual Claim arising from any share or other instrument evidencing a stock ownership interest in a Debtor, whether or not transferable or denominated "stock", or similar security, and any options, warrants, convertible security, liquidation preference or other right to acquire such shares or other instruments, including but not limited to Claims arising from rescission of the purchase or sale of such stock ownership interests, for damages arising from the purchase or sale of a such stock ownership interest, or for reimbursement or contribution on account of such Claim.

(53) "Estate" means, as to each Debtor, the estate created for that Debtor in its Chapter 11 Case pursuant to section 541 of the Bankruptcy Code.

(54) "Executory Contract and Unexpired Lease" means a contract or lease to which one or more of the Debtors is a party that is subject to assumption, assumption and assignment or rejection under section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code.

(55) "Face Amount" means, when used with reference to a Disputed Claim: (a) the full stated amount claimed by the holder of such Claim in any proof of Claim Filed by the Bar Date or otherwise deemed timely Filed under applicable law, if the proof of Claim specifies only a liquidated amount; or (b) if no proof of Claim has been filed by the Bar Date or has otherwise been deemed timely Filed under applicable law, or if the proof of Claim specified an unliquidated amount, the amount of the Claim (i) acknowledged by the applicable Debtor in any objection Filed to such Claim or in the Schedules as an undisputed, noncontingent, and liquidated Claim, (ii) estimated by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to section 502(c) of the Bankruptcy Code, (iii) proposed by the applicable Debtor and approved by the Creditors' Committee prior to the Effective Date, or (iv) established by the Distribution Trustee on behalf of the Distribution Trust following the Effective Date; or (c) if neither (a) nor (b) above are applicable, an amount estimated by the applicable Debtor or the Distribution Trustee, but such estimated amount will be no less than either (i) the amount of the claim estimated by the Bankruptcy Court or (ii) the liquidated portion of the amount claimed by the holder of such Claim in any proof of Claim Filed by the Bar Date or otherwise deemed timely Filed under applicable law.

(56) "File," "Filed" or "Filing" means file, filed or filing with the Bankruptcy Court or its authorized designee in the Chapter 11 Cases.

(57) "Final Order" means an order or judgment of the Bankruptcy Court, or other court of competent jurisdiction, as entered on the docket in any Bankruptcy Case or the docket of any other court of competent jurisdiction, that has not been reversed, stayed, modified or amended, and as to which the time to appeal or seek certiorari or move for a new trial, reargument or rehearing has expired, and no appeal or petition for certiorari or other proceedings for a new trial, reargument or rehearing has been timely taken, or as to which any appeal that has been taken or any petition for certiorari that has been timely filed has been withdrawn or resolved by the highest

court to which the order or judgment was appealed or from which certiorari was sought or the new trial, reargument or rehearing shall have been denied or resulted in no modification of such order.

(58) "Indenture Trustee" means the 9-7/8% Senior Note Indenture Trustee, 10-7/8% Senior Note Indenture Trustee, Senior Subordinated Note Indenture Trustee, 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bond Indenture Trustee, or any successor thereto.

(59) "Intercompany Claim" means a Claim held by a debtor in the Kaiser Cases against another debtor in any of the Kaiser Cases.

(60) "Intercompany Claims Settlement" means the settlement and release agreement among the debtors in the Kaiser Cases and the Creditors' Committee, dated as of October 5, 2004, in such form as approved by the Intercompany Claims Settlement Order.

(61) "Intercompany Claims Settlement Order" means the order of the Bankruptcy Court approving the settlement of all claims by debtors in any of the Kaiser Cases against another debtor in any of the Kaiser Cases.

(62) "Interest" means (a) any share or other ownership interest in a Debtor, whether or not transferable or denominated "stock", or similar security, and any options, warrants, convertible security, liquidation preference or other right to acquire such shares or other ownership interests, and (b) any Equity Claim.

(63) "IRC" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

(64) "Jamaica Tax Claims" means collectively the Allowed Priority Tax Claims and Allowed Administrative Claims of the Government of Jamaica contemplated by Section 8.11(a).

(65) "KACC" means Kaiser Aluminum & Chemical Corporation.

(66) "Kaiser Cases" means the chapter 11 cases styled "In re Kaiser Aluminum Corporation, a Delaware Corporation, *et al.*" jointly administered under Case No. 02-10429 (JKF) in the United States District Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware.

(67) "Lien" means any mortgage, pledge, deed of trust, assessment, security interest, lease, adverse claim, levy, charge or other encumbrance of any kind, including any "lien" as defined in section 101 (37) of the Bankruptcy Code, or a conditional sale contract, title retention contract or other contract to give any of the foregoing.

(68) "Liquidating Transactions" means the transactions set forth in the first sentence of Section 7.1 of the Plan to effectuate a liquidation of the Debtors.

(69) "Other Kaiser Debtor" means any of the debtors in the Kaiser Cases except the Debtors.

(70) "Other Unsecured Claim" means an Unsecured Claim other than a Senior Note Claim, a Senior Subordinated Note Claim or a PBGC Claim.

(71) "Other Unsecured Claims Percentage" means the percentage equaling the ratio of (a) the aggregate amount of all allowed Other Unsecured Claims to (b) the sum of (i) the aggregate amount of all allowed Other Unsecured Claims and (ii) \$1,369,073,000.

(72) "PBGC" means the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation.

(73) "PBGC Claims" means the Claims (excluding any Administrative Claims) of the PBGC against the Debtors arising from or relating to the pension plans which were or are maintained by any of the Other Kaiser Debtors in the Kaiser Cases and guaranteed by the PBGC, as such Claims are allowed pursuant to the PBGC Settlement Agreement.

(74) "PBGC Percentage" means (a) 32% less (b) 32% of the Other Unsecured Claims Percentage.

(75) "PBGC Settlement Agreement" means the agreement among KACC and the PBGC, dated as of October 15, 2004.

(76) "Pending Payments" means identified amounts (excluding undeliverable Cash) held by the Distribution Trust for distribution to holders of Allowed Claims in specific amounts as of the date the Distribution Trust receives the applicable Distribution Trust Assets.

(77) "Permitted Investment" has the meaning ascribed thereto in the Distribution Trust Agreement.

(78) "Petition Date" means January 14, 2003.

(79) "Plan" means this joint plan of liquidation for the Debtors, to the extent applicable to either Debtor, and all Exhibits attached hereto or referenced herein, as any of the same may be amended, modified or supplemented from time to time.

(80) "Priority Claim" means a Claim that is entitled to priority in payment pursuant to section 507(a) of the Bankruptcy Code that is not an Administrative Claim or a Priority Tax Claim.

(81) "Priority Claims Trust Account" means the segregated trust account to be established and maintained by the Distribution Trustee pursuant to Sections 8.9 and 8.11 to satisfy Allowed Secured Claims, Allowed Administrative Claims, Allowed Priority Claims and Allowed Priority Tax Claims against the Estate of AJI or the Estate of KJC.

(82) "Priority Tax Claim" means a Claim arising under United States, federal, state or local tax laws that is entitled to priority in payment pursuant to section 507(a)(8) of the Bankruptcy Code.

(83) "Professional Fee Claims" means the Claims of (a) any professional in the Chapter 11 Cases pursuant to sections 330 or 1103 of the Bankruptcy Code; or (b) any professional or other entity seeking compensation or reimbursement of expenses in connection with the Chapter 11 Cases pursuant to sections 503(b)(3), 503(b)(4) or 503(b)(5) of the Bankruptcy Code.

(84) "Pro Rata Share" means, when used with reference to a distribution to a holder of an Allowed Claim in a Subclass of Class 3, that share of Cash or other property to be distributed on account of all Allowed Claims in such Subclass so that the ratio of (a)(i) the amount of Cash or other property distributed on account of the particular Allowed Claim to (ii) the amount of such Claim, is the same as the ratio of (b)(i) the aggregate amount of Cash or other property distributed on account of all Allowed Claims in such Subclass to (ii) the aggregate amount of all Allowed Claims in such Subclass to (iii) the aggregate amount of all Allowed Claims in such Subclass.

(85) "Public Notes" means any of (a) the 9-7/8% Senior Notes, (b) the 10-7/8% Senior Notes, or (c) the Senior Subordinated Notes.

(86) "Public Note Claims" means Claims arising under the Public Notes.

(87) "Quarterly Distribution Date" means, with respect to distributions subsequent to the initial distributions pursuant to Sections 9.4(a) or 9.4(b)(i), the last Business Day of the month following the end of each calendar quarter after the Effective Date; *provided, however*, that if the Effective Date is within 45 days of the end of a calendar quarter, the first Quarterly Distribution Date will be the last Business Day of the month following the end of the first calendar quarter after the calendar quarter in which the Effective Date falls.

(88) "Recovery Actions" means, collectively and individually, preference actions, fraudulent conveyance actions, rights of setoff, and other claims or causes of action under Chapter 5 of the Bankruptcy Code and other applicable bankruptcy or nonbankruptcy law.

(89) "Schedules" means the schedules of assets and liabilities and the statements of financial affairs Filed by the Debtors, as required by section 521 of the Bankruptcy Code, as the same may be amended, modified or supplemented by the Debtors from time to time.

(90) "Secured Claim" means a Claim that is secured by a Lien on property in which an Estate has an interest or that is subject to setoff under section 553 of the Bankruptcy Code, to the extent of the value of the Claim holder's interest in the applicable Estate's interest in such property or to the extent of the amount subject to setoff, as applicable, as determined pursuant to sections 506(a) and, if applicable, 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.

(91) "Senior Note Claims" means 9-7/8% Senior Note Claims and 10-7/8% Senior Note Claims.

(92) "Senior Subordinated Note Claim" means a Claim against a Debtor under or in respect of the Senior Subordinated Notes and the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture.

(93) "Senior Subordinated Note Indenture" means the Indenture, dated as of February 1, 1993, by and among KACC, the Debtors and the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture Trustee, as the same may have been subsequently modified, amended or supplemented, together with all instruments and agreements related thereto.

(94) "Senior Subordinated Note Indenture Trustee" means Law Debenture Trust Company of New York, as successor indenture trustee under the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture.

(95) "Senior Subordinated Notes" means the 12-3/4% senior subordinated notes due 2003 issued by KACC, pursuant to the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture in the outstanding aggregate principal amount of \$400,000,000.

(96) "Senior Note Percentage" means (a) 68% less (b) 68% of the Other Unsecured Claims Percentage.

(97) "Steering Committee" means a committee comprised of the members of the Alumina Creditor Subcommittee (as defined in the Intercompany Claims Settlement) other than any member thereof that is (a) a holder of a Senior Subordinated Note Claim or (b) the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture Trustee.

(98) "Stipulation of Amount and Nature of Claim" means a stipulation or other agreement between the applicable Debtor or Distribution Trustee and a holder of a Claim or Interest, or an agreed order of the Bankruptcy Court, establishing the amount and nature of a Claim or Interest.

(99) "Subclass 3A Distributable Consideration" means (a) the Senior Note Percentage of the Cash in the Unsecured Claims Trust Account and (b) Cash in the amount of the aggregate fees payable under Section 2.5 up to an aggregate amount not to exceed \$1,500,000 (with such Cash to be allocated from the Distribution Trust Assets in accordance with Section 8.12(a) prior to the funding of the Unsecured Claims Trust Account).

(100) "Tax" means: (a) any net income, alternative or add-on minimum, gross income, gross receipts, sales, use, ad valorem, value added, transfer, franchise, profits, license, property, environmental or other tax, assessment or charge of any kind whatsoever (together in each instance with any interest, penalty, addition to tax or additional amount) imposed by any federal, state, local or foreign taxing authority; or (b) any liability for payment of any amounts of the foregoing types as a result of being a member of an affiliated, consolidated, combined or unitary group, or being a party to any agreement or arrangement whereby liability for payment of any such amounts is determined by reference to the liability of any other entity.

(101) "Tort Claim" means any Claim that has not been settled, compromised or otherwise resolved that: (a) arises out of allegations of personal injury, wrongful death, property damage, products liability or similar legal theories of recovery; or (b) arises under any federal, state, local statute, rule, regulation or ordinance governing, regulating or relating to health, safety, hazardous substances or the environment.

(102) "Trust Accounts" means, collectively, the Distribution Trust Expenses Account, the Priority Claims Trust Account, the Unsecured Claims Trust Account and the Undeliverable Cash Trust Account.

(103) "Undeliverable Cash Trust Account" means the segregated trust account to be established and maintained by the Distribution Trustee pursuant to Sections 8.9 and 8.13 of the Plan to hold undeliverable Cash for the benefit of holders of Allowed Unsecured Claims against the Estate of AJI or the Estate of KJC otherwise entitled to such distributions.

(104) "Unsecured Claim" means any Claim that is not an Administrative Claim, Priority Claim, Priority Tax Claim, Secured Claim or Intercompany Claim and includes, without limitation, Senior Note Claims, Senior Subordinated Note Claims, the PBGC Claims and Tort Claims.

(105) "Unsecured Claims Trust Account" means the segregated trust account to be established and maintained by the Distribution Trustee pursuant to Sections 8.9 and 8.12 to satisfy Allowed Unsecured Claims against the Estate of AJI or the Estate of KJC.

(106) "US Trustee Fees" means all fees and charges assessed against the Estates under chapter 123 of title 28, United States Code, 28 U.S.C. §§ 1911-1930.

#### 1.2 <u>Rules of Interpretation</u>.

For purposes of the Plan, unless otherwise provided herein: (a) whenever from the context it is appropriate, each term, whether stated in the singular or the plural, will include both the singular and the plural; (b) unless otherwise provided in the Plan, any reference in the Plan to a contract, instrument, release, or other agreement or document being in a particular form or on particular terms and conditions means that such document will be substantially in such form or substantially on such terms and conditions; (c) any reference in the Plan to an existing document or Exhibit Filed or to be Filed means such document or Exhibit, as it may have been or may be amended, modified or supplemented pursuant to the Plan or Confirmation Order; (d) any reference to an entity as a holder of a Claim or Interest includes that entity's successors and assigns and affiliates; (e) all references in the Plan to Sections, Articles and Exhibits are references to Sections, Articles and Exhibits of or to the Plan; (f) the words "herein," "hereunder" and "hereto" refer to the Plan in its entirety rather than to a particular portion of the Plan; (g) captions and headings to Articles and Sections are inserted for convenience of reference only and are not intended to be a part of or to affect the interpretation of the Plan; (h) subject to the provisions of any certificates of incorporation, by-laws or similar constituent documents or any contract, instrument, release or other agreement or document entered into or delivered in connection with the Plan, the rights and obligations arising under the Plan will be governed by, and construed and enforced in accordance with, federal law, including the Bankruptcy Code and the Bankruptcy Rules; and (i) the rules of construction set forth in section 102 of the Bankruptcy Code will apply.

#### 1.3 <u>Computation of Time</u>.

In computing any period of time prescribed or allowed by the Plan, the provisions of Bankruptcy Rule 9006(a) will apply.

### ARTICLE II

### CLASSIFICATION AND TREATMENT OF CLAIMS AND INTERESTS

2.1 <u>General</u>. All Claims and Interests, except Administrative Claims and Priority Tax Claims, are placed in Classes. In accordance with section 1123(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, Administrative Claims and Priority Tax Claims have not been classified and thus are excluded from the Classes. A Claim or Interest is classified in a particular Class only to the extent that the Claim or Interest qualifies within the description of that Class and is classified in other Classes to the extent that any remainder of the Claim or Interest qualifies within the description of such other Classes.

### (a) <u>Unimpaired Classes of Claims</u>.

Class 1 (Priority Claims): Priority Claims against either of the Debtors.

Class 2 (Secured Claims): Secured Claims against either of the Debtors.

(b) Impaired Classes of Claims and Interests.

Class 3 (Unsecured Claims): Unsecured Claims against either of the Debtors other than Claims otherwise classified under the Plan, subclassified as follows:

Subclass 3A: Senior Note Claims against the Debtors.

Subclass 3B: Senior Subordinated Note Claims against the Debtors.

Subclass 3C: PBGC Claims against the Debtors.

Subclass 3D: Other Unsecured Claims against either of the Debtors.

Class 4 (Intercompany Claims): Intercompany Claims against the Debtors.

Class 5 (Interests in the Debtors): Interests in either of the Debtors.

### 2.2 <u>Administrative Claims</u>.

(a) <u>Administrative Claims in General</u>. Except as otherwise provided herein or unless otherwise agreed by the holder of an Administrative Claim and the applicable Debtor or the Distribution Trustee, each holder of an Allowed Administrative Claim will receive, in full satisfaction of its Administrative Claim, Cash from the Priority Claims Trust Account in an amount equal to the allowed amount of such Administrative Claim either (a) on or promptly after the Effective Date or (b) if the Administrative Claim is not allowed as of the Effective Date, on or promptly after the date that is 30 days after the date on which (i) an order allowing such Administrative Claim becomes a Final Order or (ii) a Stipulation of Amount and Nature of Claim is executed by the Distribution Trustee and the holder of the Administrative Claim. Pursuant to the PBGC Settlement Agreement, the PBGC has agreed not to assert any Administrative Claims against the Debtors.

(b) <u>US Trustee Fees</u>. On or before the Effective Date, Administrative Claims for fees payable pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1930, as determined by the Bankruptcy Court at the Confirmation Hearing, will be paid by the applicable Debtor or the Distribution Trustee in Cash equal to the amount of such Administrative Claims. All fees payable pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1930 will be paid by the Distribution Trustee in accordance herewith from the Priority Claims Trust Account until the closing of the Chapter 11 Cases pursuant to section 350(a) of the Bankruptcy Code.

- (c) <u>Bar Dates for Administrative Claims</u>.
- (i) General Bar Date Provisions. As provided in the Administrative Claim Bar Date Order, any holder of an Administrative Claim against a Debtor that was required to File and serve a request for payment of such Administrative Claim and does not File and serve such a request in accordance with the Administrative Claim Bar Date Order by the Administrative Claim Bar Date, will be forever barred from asserting such Administrative Claim against the Debtors or the Distribution Trustee, or their respective property, or the Trust Accounts, and such Administrative Claim will be deemed waived and released as of the Effective Date. Objections to an Administrative Claim must be Filed by the Distribution Trustee and served on the requesting party by the later of (A) 45 days after the Effective Date or (B) 60 days after the Filing of the request for payment of an Administrative Claim.
- (ii) Bar Dates for Professional Fees. Except as otherwise set forth herein or in the Intercompany Claims Settlement, professionals or other entities asserting a Professional Fee Claim for services rendered solely with respect to the Debtors before the Effective Date must File and serve on the Debtors and the Distribution Trustee and such other entities who are designated by the Bankruptcy

Rules, the Confirmation Order or other order of the Bankruptcy Court, an application for final allowance of such Fee Claim no later than 60 days after the Effective Date. Objections to any Professional Fee Claim must be Filed and served on the Distribution Trustee and the requesting party by the later of (A) 90 days after the Effective Date or (B) 30 days after the Filing of the applicable request for payment of the Professional Fee Claim. To the extent necessary, the Confirmation Order will amend and supersede any previously entered order of the Bankruptcy Court (other than the Intercompany Claim Settlement Order) regarding the payment of Professional Fee Claims solely with respect to the Debtors.

To the extent that any professional has provided services in the Kaiser Cases, the Bar Date for Professional Fee Claims in this Section 2.2(c)(ii) relates only to such professional's fees for services and reimbursement of expenses reasonably allocable by such Professional solely to the Debtors and not otherwise treated pursuant to the Intercompany Claims Settlement Order; Claims relating to such professional's fees for services and reimbursement of expenses to the Other Kaiser Debtors may be sought against the estates of such Other Kaiser Debtors. The failure of a professional to allocate any particular charges to the Debtors will not foreclose, waive or affect in any way the professional's right to seek allowance and payment of such charges from the Other Kaiser Debtors.

DIP Financing Facility. On the Effective Date, all amounts owed or required to be paid under the (d) Intercompany Claims Settlement by AJI and KJC to KACC will be paid, (i) first, by transferring Cash on deposit in the cash collateral accounts maintained by AJI and KJC and constituting the ALPART Collateral (as defined in the seventh amendment to the DIP Financing Facility) to a cash collateral account similarly maintained by KACC and (ii) second, to the extent such transfers are insufficient to satisfy such amounts owed or required to be paid under the Intercompany Claims Settlement to KACC by AJI and KJC, through the payment by AJI and KJC or by the Distribution Trustee, as the case may be, to KACC for deposit in such KACC cash collateral account of any such amount that remains owing under the Intercompany Claims Settlement. From and after the Effective Date, the Subsidiary Guaranty (as such term is defined in the DIP Financing Facility) of each of AJI and KJC will be deemed affirmed and enforceable in accordance with its terms as Allowed Administrative Claims in an amount equal to the ALPART Collateral not transferred to the KACC cash collateral account pursuant to clause (i) above, and any such amounts remaining in such Debtor cash collateral accounts will remain in such accounts until the Obligations (as such term is defined in the DIP Financing Facility) are indefeasibly repaid in full in Cash and the DIP Financing Facility is terminated, whereupon any remaining amounts in such cash collateral accounts will be paid over to the Distribution Trustee for deposit into the Unsecured Claims Trust Account.

### 2.3 <u>Priority Tax Claims</u>.

(a) Pursuant to section 1129(a)(9)(C) of the Bankruptcy Code, unless otherwise agreed by the holder of a Priority Tax Claim and the applicable Debtor or the Distribution Trustee, each holder of an Allowed Priority Tax Claim will receive, in full satisfaction of its Priority Tax Claim, the full amount thereof in Cash, without postpetition interest or penalty, from the Priority Claims Trust Account as soon as practicable after the later of (i) the Effective Date or (ii) the date on which the Priority Tax Claim becomes an Allowed Claim.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 2.3(a), the holder of an Allowed Priority Tax Claim will not be entitled to receive any payment on account of any penalty arising with respect to or in connection with the Allowed Priority Tax Claim. Any such Claim or demand for any such penalty (i) will be subject to treatment in Subclass 3D and (ii) the holder of an Allowed Priority Tax Claim will not be entitled to assess or attempt to collect such penalty from the Debtors, the Distribution Trustee, their properties or the Trust Accounts (other than as the holder of an Allowed Subclass 3D Claim).

### 2.4 <u>Classified Claims</u>.

(a) <u>Class 1 - Priority Claims</u>. On the later of the Effective Date or the date on which a Priority Tax Claim is allowed, each holder of an Allowed Priority Claim will, in full and complete settlement and satisfaction of such Claim, receive either: (i) Cash in the amount of such holder's Allowed Priority Claim without interest or penalty; or (ii) such other treatment as may be agreed upon in writing by such holder and the Debtors or the Distribution Trustee. Class 1 is unimpaired under the Plan. Each holder of an Allowed Priority Claim is conclusively presumed to have accepted the Plan and is not entitled to vote on the Plan.

(b) <u>Class 2 - Secured Claims</u>. On the later of the Effective Date or the date on which a Secured Claim is allowed, each holder of an Allowed Secured Claim will, in full and complete settlement and satisfaction of such Claim, at the sole option of the Debtors, receive either (i) Cash in an amount equal to such Allowed Secured Claim, including such interest as is required to be paid pursuant to section 506(b) of the Bankruptcy Code; or (ii) the collateral securing such Allowed Secured Claim and Cash from the Priority Claims Trust Account an amount equal to such interest as is required to be paid pursuant to section 506(b) of the Bankruptcy Code. Class 2 is unimpaired under the Plan. Each holder of an Allowed Secured Claim is conclusively presumed to have accepted the Plan and is not entitled to vote on the Plan.

(c) <u>Class 3 - Unsecured Claims.</u> Subclass 3A, Subclass 3B, Subclass 3C and Subclass 3D are impaired under the Plan and holders of Allowed Claims in each of such Subclasses are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan. For voting purposes, each Subclass will vote as a separate class.

- (i) Subclass 3A (Senior Note Claims): On the Effective Date, each holder of an allowed Senior Note Claim will, in full and complete satisfaction of such Claim, be entitled to receive Cash from the Unsecured Claims Trust Account equal to its Pro Rata Share of the Subclass 3A Distributable Consideration remaining after first giving effect to the following payments or reservation for payment on the Effective Date by the Distribution Trustee from the Subclass 3A Distributable Consideration: (a) the payment of the amount, if any, determined by the Bankruptcy Court to be payable to the holders of the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bonds in respect of the asserted contractual subordination rights under the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture, which payment would be made to the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bond Indenture Trustee for the benefit of the holders of the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bonds; (b) all amounts payable pursuant to Section 2.5; and (c) if, but only if, Subclass 3B votes to accept the Plan as provided in Section 2.4(c)(ii), \$8,000,000 to be paid to the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture Trustee for the benefit of the holders of Senior Subordinated Note Claims. If Subclass 3B votes to accept the Plan, as of the Effective Date, the treatment provided pursuant to this Section 2.4(c)(i) and Section 2.4(c)(ii) will be deemed to be in full and complete satisfaction of any and all claims of each holder of a Senior Note Claim relating to the contractual subordination rights of such holder under the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture.
- (ii) Subclass 3B (Senior Subordinated Note Claims): If Subclass 3B votes to accept the Plan in accordance with Section 1126(c) of the Bankruptcy Code, on the Effective Date each holder of an Allowed Senior Subordinated Note Claim will, in full and complete satisfaction of such Claim, to be entitled to receive its Pro Rata Share of \$8,000,000 in Cash to be paid to the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture Trustee as provided in Section 2.4(c)(i)(c), provided that any and all fees or expenses payable to the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture Trustee pursuant to the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture will, in all events, be payable solely from such \$8,000,000. If Subclass 3B fails to accept the Plan in accordance with Section 1126(c) of the Bankruptcy Code, no property will be distributed to or retained by the holders of Senior Subordinated Note Claims, including any such Claims of the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture Trustee.
- (iii) Subclass 3C (PBGC Claims): On the Effective Date, the PBGC as holder of the PBGC Claims will, in full and complete satisfaction of such Claims, be entitled to receive the PBGC Percentage of the Cash in the Unsecured Claims Trust Account.
- (iv) Subclass 3D (Other Unsecured Claims): On the Effective Date, each holder of an Allowed Other Unsecured Claim will, in full and complete satisfaction of such Claim, be entitled to receive a Pro Rata Share of the Other Unsecured Claims Percentage of the Cash in the Unsecured Claims Trust Account.

(d) <u>Class 4 - Intercompany Claims</u>. On the Effective Date, each holder of an Intercompany Claim will be entitled to receive the treatment set forth in the Intercompany Claims Settlement. Class 4 is impaired under the

Plan. Notwithstanding this treatment of Class 4 Claims, each of the holders of Class 4 Claims will be deemed to have accepted the Plan.

(e) <u>Class 5 - Interests in the Debtors</u>. No property will be distributed to, or retained by, KACC as the holder of the Interests on account of such Interests, and such Interests will be cancelled on the Effective Date. Notwithstanding this treatment of Class 5 Interests, each of the holders of Class 5 Interests will be deemed to have accepted the Plan.

2.5 <u>Senior Note Indenture Trustee and Ad Hoc Committee Counsel Fees and Expenses</u>. The fees and expenses of (a) the 9-7/8% Senior Note Indenture Trustee, (b) the 10-7/8% Senior Note Indenture Trustee, and (c) counsel for the Ad Hoc Committee through the Effective Date will be paid out of the Subclass 3A Distributable Consideration as provided in Section 2.4(c)(i). No later than two Business Days prior to the Effective Date, each of the entities to which reference is made in clauses (a), (b) and (c) above will furnish to the counsel for the Creditors' Committee and the Debtors information in respect of such fees and expenses incurred and estimated to be incurred through the Effective Date.

2.6 <u>Allowance of Certain Public Note Claims</u>. The 9-7/8% Senior Note Claims are allowed in the aggregate amount of \$196,856,413.06, the 10-7/8% Senior Note Claims are allowed in the aggregate amount of \$255,450,000 and the Senior Subordinated Note Claims are allowed in the aggregate amount of \$478,661,479.17.

2.7 <u>Substantive Consolidation</u>. In connection with confirmation of the Plan, the Debtors will seek Bankruptcy Court approval of the substantive consolidation of the Debtors for the purpose of implementing the Plan, including for purposes of voting, confirmation and distributions to be made under the Plan. Pursuant to such order: (a) all assets and liabilities of the Debtors will be deemed merged; (b) all guarantees by, or co-obligations of, one Debtor in respect of the obligations of the other Debtor will be deemed eliminated so that any Claim against either Debtors will be deemed to be one obligation of, the other Debtor and any joint or several liability of either of the Debtors will be deemed to be one obligation of the consolidated Debtors; and (c) each and every Claim Filed or to be Filed against either Debtor will be deemed Filed against the consolidated Debtors and will be deemed one Claim against and a single obligation of the consolidated Debtors. Such substantive consolidation (other than for the purpose of implementing the Plan) will not affect the legal and corporate structures of the Debtors, nor will such substantive consolidation affect or be deemed to affect any Intercompany Claim in any manner contrary to the Intercompany Claims Settlement, nor will such substantive consolidation be deemed to affect any Other Debtor or claims against any Other Debtor.

2.8 <u>Order Granting Substantive Consolidation</u>. The Plan will serve as a motion seeking entry of an order substantively consolidating the Debtors, as described, and to the limited extent set forth, in Section 2.7 above. Unless an objection to such substantive consolidation is made in writing by any creditor or claimant affected by the Plan, Filed with the Bankruptcy Court and served on the parties identified in Section 12.5 below on or before

2.9 <u>No Effect on Claims Against or Interests in Other Kaiser Debtors</u>. Nothing in the Plan will be deemed to affect any person's claim against or interest in any Other Kaiser Debtor or any of their respective present or former directors, officers, employees, agents, advisors, attorneys, accountants, underwriters, investment bankers or other representatives, acting in such capacity, or any rights, including contractual subordination rights, that any person may have in respect of any such claim against or interest in any such Other Kaiser Debtor.

### ARTICLE III

## TREATMENT OF EXECUTORY CONTRACTS AND UNEXPIRED LEASES

3.1 <u>Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases to Be Rejected</u>. On the Effective Date, except for an Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease that previously was assumed and assigned or rejected by an order of the Bankruptcy Court, each Executory Contract and Unexpired Lease entered into by a Debtor prior to the Petition Date that has not previously expired or terminated pursuant to its own terms will be rejected pursuant to section 365 of

the Bankruptcy Code. The Confirmation Order will constitute an order of the Bankruptcy Court approving such rejections, pursuant to section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code, as of the Effective Date.

3.2 <u>Bar Date for Rejection Damages</u>. Notwithstanding anything in the Bar Date Order or in the Administrative Bar Date Order to the contrary, if the rejection of an Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease pursuant to the Plan gives rise to a Claim by the other party or parties to such contract or lease, such Claim will be forever barred and will not be enforceable against the Debtors, the Distribution Trustee, the Debtors' Estates or the Trust Accounts unless a proof of Claim or request for payment of Administrative Claim is Filed and served on the Distribution Trustee, pursuant to the procedures specified in the Confirmation Order, the notice of the entry of the Confirmation Order, or another order of the Bankruptcy Court, no later than 30 days after the Effective Date.

#### ARTICLE IV

#### RELEASE, LIMITATION OF LIABILITY AND INJUNCTION PROVISIONS

#### 4.1 <u>Release of Claims; Limitation of Liability</u>.

(a) <u>Releases by the Debtors</u>. As of the Effective Date, for good and valuable consideration, the adequacy of which is hereby confirmed, the Debtors on behalf of themselves, their Estates, creditors and Interest holders will be deemed to release, waive and discharge all claims and rights of any nature in connection with or related to the Debtors, the Chapter 11 Cases or the Plan (other than the rights of the Distribution Trustee to enforce the Plan and any instruments, agreements and documents delivered thereunder, and to pursue objections to and resolve Disputed Claims), whether liquidated or unliquidated, fixed or contingent, matured or unmatured, known or unknown, foreseen or unforeseen, then existing or thereafter arising (including, without limitation, those arising under the Bankruptcy Code), based on any act, omission or occurrence on or before the Effective Date, against the Creditors' Committee, its members, any Indenture Trustee, any of the Debtors' present or former directors or officers, or any of the respective current and former directors, officers, employees, agents, advisors, attorneys, accountants, underwriters, investment bankers or other representatives of the Debtors, the Creditors' Committee, its members or other representatives of the Debtors, the Creditors' Committee, its members or other representatives of the Debtors, the Creditors' Committee, its members or other representatives of the Debtors, the Creditors' Committee, its members or other representatives of the Debtors, the Creditors' Committee, its members, or the Indenture Trustees, acting in such capacity, except for such Claims or rights based on (i) acts or omissions constituting gross negligence or willful misconduct or (ii) contractual obligations of, or loans owed by, any such person to a Debtor.

(b) <u>General Releases by Holders of Claims</u>. Subject to the provisions of Section 2.9, as of the Effective Date, in consideration for the obligations of the Debtors under the Plan and the Cash to be distributed in connection with the Plan, each holder of a Claim that votes in favor of the Plan will be deemed to forever release and waive all claims, obligations, suits, judgments, damages, demands, debts, rights, causes of action and liabilities (other than the right to enforce the Debtors' obligations under the Plan and the contracts, instruments, releases, agreements and documents delivered thereunder), whether liquidated or unliquidated, fixed or contingent, matured or unmatured, known or unknown, foreseen or unforeseen, then existing or thereafter arising in law, equity or otherwise, that are based in whole or in part on any act, omission, transaction or other occurrence taking place on or prior to the Effective Date in any way relating to a Debtor, the Chapter 11 Cases or the Plan that such entity has, had or may have against the Creditors' Committee, its members, any Indenture Trustee, either Debtor and any of their respective present or former directors, officers, employees, agents, advisors, attorneys, accountants, underwriters, investment bankers or other representatives, acting in such capacity, except for those based on (i) acts or omissions constituting gross negligence or willful misconduct or (ii) contractual obligations of, or loans owed by, any such person to a Debtor.

(c) <u>Limitation of Liability</u>. The Debtors, the Distribution Trust, the Distribution Trustee, the Indenture Trustees and their respective directors, officers, employees and professionals, acting in such capacity, and the Creditors' Committee, its members and their respective professionals will neither have nor incur any liability to any entity for any act taken or omitted to be taken in connection with or related to the formulation, preparation, dissemination, implementation, confirmation or consummation of the Plan, the Disclosure Statement or any contract, instrument, release or other agreement or document created or entered into, or any other act taken or omitted to be taken, in connection with the Plan; *provided, however*, that the foregoing provisions of this Section 4.1 will have no effect on: (i) the liability of any entity that would otherwise result from the failure to perform or pay any obligation or liability under the Plan or any contract, instrument, release or other agreement or document to be entered into or delivered in connection with the Plan or (ii) the liability of any entity that would otherwise result from any such act or omission to the extent that such act or omission is determined in a Final Order to have constituted gross negligence or willful misconduct.

4.2 Injunctions. Except as otherwise provided in the Plan or the Confirmation Order, as of the Effective Date, all entities that have held, currently hold or may hold a Claim or other debt or liability of the Debtors, or an Interest or other right of an equity security with respect to the Debtors, that is released, waived, settled or deemed satisfied pursuant to the Plan will be permanently enjoined from taking any of the following actions on account of any such Claims, debts, liabilities, Interests or rights: (a) commencing or continuing in any manner any action or other proceeding against the Debtors, the Distribution Trust or the Distribution Trustee other than to enforce any right pursuant to the Plan to a distribution from the Trust Accounts; (b) enforcing, attaching, collecting or recovering in any manner any judgment, award, decree or order against the Debtors, the Distribution Trust, its property or the Trust Accounts; (d) asserting a setoff, right of subrogation or recoupment of any kind against any debt, liability or obligation due to the Distribution Trust; and (e) commencing or continuing any action, in any manner, in any place that does not comply with or is inconsistent with the provisions of the Plan.

#### ARTICLE V

#### CRAMDOWN

The Debtors request confirmation of the Plan under section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code with respect to any impaired Class that does not accept the Plan pursuant to section 1126 of the Bankruptcy Code. The Debtors reserve the right to modify the Plan to the extent, if any, that confirmation of the Plan pursuant to section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code requires modification. Subclass 3A, Subclass 3B, Subclass 3C, and Subclass 3D each constitute a separate class pursuant to section 1122(a) of the Bankruptcy Code.

#### ARTICLE VI

#### CONDITIONS PRECEDENT TO CONFIRMATION AND CONSUMMATION OF THE PLAN

6.1 <u>Conditions to Confirmation</u>. The following are conditions to the confirmation of the Plan:

(a) The Confirmation Order and the order contemplated by Section 2.8 each shall have been entered on the docket of the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court in form and substance acceptable to the Debtors and the Creditors' Committee;

(b) All Exhibits to the Plan shall be in form and substance satisfactory to the Debtors and the Creditors' Committee; and

(c) The Intercompany Claims Settlement shall have become effective.

6.2 <u>Conditions to the Effective Date</u>. The following are conditions to the occurrence of the Effective Date:

(a) The Confirmation Order shall have become a Final Order;

(b) The Liquidating Transactions shall have been consummated;

(c) All funds due and owing to or by the Debtors under the Intercompany Claims Settlement shall have been paid in accordance with its terms;

(d) The Distribution Trustee shall have been appointed and shall have accepted such appointment;

(e) The Distribution Trust Agreement shall have been executed and the Trust Accounts shall have been established; and

(f) All other actions, documents, consents and agreements necessary to implement the Plan shall have been effected, obtained and/or executed.

6.3 <u>Waiver of Conditions to the Confirmation or Effective Date</u>. The conditions to confirmation set forth in Section 6.1 and the conditions to the Effective Date set forth in Section 6.2 may be waived by the Debtors with the consent of the Creditors' Committee.

### ARTICLE VII

#### MEANS FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PLAN

7.1 Liquidating Transactions. On the Effective Date, the Distribution Trust Assets will be transferred to and vest in the Distribution Trust, free and clear of Claims, Liens, and Interests, except as may be otherwise provided in the Intercompany Claims Settlement. On or after the Effective Date, the Debtors will enter into such transactions and will take such actions as may be necessary or appropriate to merge, dissolve or otherwise terminate the corporate existence of the Debtors. Notwithstanding the foregoing and regardless of whether the actions in the preceding sentence have yet been taken with respect to a particular Debtor, upon the transfer of the Distribution Trust, the Debtors will be deemed dissolved and their business operations withdrawn for all purposes without any necessity of filing any document, taking any further action or making any payment to any governmental authority in connection therewith.

7.2 <u>Corporate Action</u>. The following (which will occur and be deemed effective as of the date specified in the documents effectuating the same or, if no date is so specified, the Effective Date) will be authorized and approved in all respects and for all purposes without any requirement of further action by the Debtors or the Distribution Trustee or any other person or entity: (a) the Liquidating Transactions; (b) the establishment of the Distribution Trust; (c) the appointment of the Distribution Trust; (e) the creation of the Distribution Trust; (d) the transfer of the Distribution Trust Assets to the Distribution Trust; (e) the creation of the Trust Accounts; (f) the distribution of Cash pursuant to the Plan; (g) the adoption, execution, delivery and implementation of all contracts, instruments, releases and other agreements or documents related to any of the foregoing; (h) the adoption, execution and implementation of the Distribution Trust Agreement; and (i) the other matters provided for under the Plan involving the corporate structure of either Debtor or corporate action to be taken by, or required of, either Debtor or the Distribution Trustee.

7.3 <u>No Revesting of Assets</u>. On the Effective Date, the property of the Debtors' Estates will vest in the Distribution Trust to be administered by the Distribution Trustee in accordance with the Plan and the Distribution Trust Agreement.

7.4 <u>Recourse Solely to Trust Accounts</u>. The Liquidating Transactions will not in any way merge the assets of the Debtors' Estates, including the Trust Accounts. All Claims against the Debtors are deemed fully satisfied in exchange for the treatment of such Claims under the Plan, and holders of Allowed Claims against either Debtor will have recourse solely to the applicable Trust Accounts for the payment of their Allowed Claims in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

7.5 <u>Release of Liens</u>. Except as otherwise provided in the Plan or in any contract, instrument, release or other agreement or document entered into or delivered in connection with the Plan, on the Effective Date and concurrently with the applicable distributions made pursuant to the Plan, all Liens against the property of either Estate will be fully released, and all of the right, title and interest of any holder of such Liens, including any rights to any collateral thereunder, will attach to and be enforceable solely against the applicable Distribution Trust Assets held in the applicable Trust Account in accordance with, and subject to the terms of, the Plan. All such Liens

against the Distribution Trust Assets will be fully released upon the holder of the Lien receiving its full distribution under the Plan, or upon the Effective Date if the holder of the Lien is not entitled to any distribution under the Plan.

7.6 Exemption from Certain Taxes. Pursuant to section 1146(c) of the Bankruptcy Code, the following will not be subject to any stamp Tax, real estate transfer Tax, sales and use Tax or similar Tax: (a) any Liquidating Transaction; (b) the execution and implementation of the Distribution Trust Agreement, including any transfers to or by the Distribution Trust; or (c) the making or delivery of any deed or other instrument of transfer under, in furtherance of or in connection with the Plan, including any merger agreements or agreements of consolidation, disposition, liquidation or dissolution executed in connection with any transaction pursuant to the Plan.

#### ARTICLE VIII

#### DISTRIBUTION TRUST

8.1 <u>Creation</u>.

(a) On the Effective Date, the Debtors will enter into the Distribution Trust Agreement with the Distribution Trustee, thereby creating the Distribution Trust.

(b) The Distribution Trust has no objective to, and will not, engage in the conduct of a trade or business and, subject to the terms of the Distribution Trust Agreement, will terminate upon completion of its liquidation and distribution duties.

(c) The Distribution Trust will be a "representative of the estate" under section 1123(b)(3)(B) of the Bankruptcy Code.

8.2 <u>Distribution Trustee</u>.

(a) The Distribution Trustee, whose identity will be disclosed at least ten days prior to the Confirmation Hearing, will be selected by the Creditors' Committee with the consent of the Debtors, and will be the exclusive trustee of the assets of the Distribution Trust for purposes of 31 U.S.C. § 3713(b) and 26 U.S.C. § 6012(b)(3).

(b) The rights, powers and privileges of the Distribution Trustee (to act on behalf of the Distribution Trust) will be specified in the Distribution Trust Agreement and will include, among others, the authority and responsibility to: (i) accept, preserve, receive, collect, manage, invest, supervise and protect the Distribution Trust Assets (directly or through one or more third-party Disbursing Agents), each in accordance with the Plan and the Distribution Trust Agreement; (ii) liquidate, transfer or otherwise dispose of the Distribution Trust Assets or any part thereof or any interest therein upon such terms as the Distribution Trustee determines to be necessary, appropriate or desirable, pursuant to the procedures for allowing Claims and making distributions prescribed in the Plan, and otherwise consistent with the terms of the Plan; (iii) calculate and make distributions of the Distribution Trust Assets to holders of Allowed Claims pursuant to the procedures for allowing Claims and making distributions prescribed in the Plan; (iv) review, reconcile, settle or object to Claims and resolve any such objections as set forth in the Plan and the Distribution Trust Agreement; (v) comply with the Plan and exercise its rights and fulfill its obligations thereunder; (vi) investigate and, if appropriate, pursue any Recovery Actions or other available causes of action (including any actions previously initiated by the Debtors and pending as of the Effective Date) and raise any defenses in any adverse actions or counter-claims; (vii) retain and compensate, without further order of the Bankruptcy Court, the services of professionals or other persons or entities to represent, advise and assist the Distribution Trustee in the fulfillment of its responsibilities in connection with the Plan and the Distribution Trust Agreement; (viii) take such actions as are necessary, appropriate or desirable, to close the Chapter 11 Cases; (ix) file appropriate Tax returns on behalf of the Distribution Trust and Debtors and pay Taxes or other obligations owed by the Distribution Trust; (x) take such actions as are necessary, appropriate or desirable to terminate the existence of the Debtors under the laws of Jamaica; and (xi) terminate the Distribution Trust in accordance with the terms of the Plan and the Distribution Trust Agreement.

(c) Except as otherwise provided in the Plan or the Distribution Trust Agreement, the Distribution Trustee will not be required to obtain the order or approval of the Bankruptcy Court or any other court of competent jurisdiction in, or account to the Bankruptcy Court or any other court of competent jurisdiction for, the exercise of any right, power or privilege conferred under the Distribution Trust Agreement.

(d) Except as otherwise provided in the Plan or the Distribution Trust Agreement, after the Effective Date only the Distribution Trustee, on behalf of the Distribution Trust, with the prior consent of the Steering Committee, acting through a majority thereof, will have the authority to File, settle, compromise, withdraw or litigate to judgment objections to Claims, including pursuant to any alternative dispute resolution or similar procedures approved by the Bankruptcy Court. After the Effective Date, the Distribution Trustee, with the prior consent of the Steering Committee, acting through a majority thereof, may settle or compromise any Disputed Claim without approval of the Bankruptcy Court in accordance with the Distribution Trust Agreement.

8.3 <u>Preservation of Causes of Action</u>. Except as provided in the Plan or in any contract, instrument, release or other agreement entered into or delivered in connection with the Plan, in accordance with section 1123(b) of the Bankruptcy Code the Distribution Trustee will retain and may enforce any claims, demands, rights and causes of action that either Estate may hold against any entity, including the Recovery Actions, to the extent not expressly released under the Plan. Without intending to limit the generality of the foregoing, the Distribution Trustee will retain the right to pursue any adversary proceedings available to the Debtors in connection with the Alpart Purchase Agreement or the Intercompany Claims Settlement.

## 8.4 <u>Reports to be Filed with the Bankruptcy Court.</u>

(a) Within 45 days after the end of each of the first three calendar quarters of the calendar year, the Distribution Trustee, on behalf of the Distribution Trust, will File an unaudited report with the Bankruptcy Court reflecting (i) all Distribution Trust Assets received by the Distribution Trust during such calendar quarter; (ii) all Distribution Trust Assets held by the Distribution Trust at the end of such quarter; and (iii) all Distribution Trust Assets disbursed during such calendar quarter, in each case itemized for the individual Trust Accounts.

(b) Within 90 days after the end of each calendar year, the Distribution Trustee, on behalf of the Distribution Trust, will File an unaudited report with the Bankruptcy Court reflecting (i) all Distribution Trust Assets received by the Distribution Trust during such calendar year; (ii) all Distribution Trust Assets held by the Distribution Trust at the end of such calendar year; and (iii) all Distribution Trust Assets disbursed during such calendar year, in each case itemized for the individual Trust Accounts.

(c) In the event of developments affecting the Distribution Trust in any material respect (as determined by the Distribution Trustee in its reasonable discretion), the Distribution Trustee, on behalf of the Distribution Trust, will File promptly with the Bankruptcy Court a report describing such development in reasonable detail.

(d) Any report required by this Section 8.4 will be in such form as required or approved by the United States Trustee.

(e) The Distribution Trustee will furnish or otherwise make available to any then-current Beneficiary, upon written request, a copy of (a) the most recent annual receipts/disbursements report referred to in Section 8.4(b); (b) any quarterly receipts/disbursements report referred to in Section 8.4(a) for any period subsequent to the period covered by the most recent annual receipts/disbursements report (or, if no annual receipts/disbursements report has yet been Filed, for any period subsequent to the Effective Date); or (c) any current report referred to in Section 8.4(c) Filed subsequent to the period covered by the most recent annual receipts/disbursements report (or, if no annual receipts/disbursements report (or, if no annual receipts/disbursements report has yet been Filed, subsequent to the Effective Date).

8.5 <u>Payment of Distribution Trust Expenses</u>. Except as otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court, the Distribution Trustee, in its capacity as Disbursing Agent, will, in its reasonable discretion, pay Distribution Trust Expenses from the Distribution Trust Expenses Account, without the need for further Bankruptcy Court approval.

8.6 <u>Use of Other Entities</u>. The Distribution Trustee, on behalf of the Distribution Trust, may employ, without further order of the Bankruptcy Court, other entities to assist in or make distributions required by the Plan and the Distribution Trust Agreement and may compensate and reimburse the expenses of those entities, without further order of the Bankruptcy Court, from the Distribution Trust Expenses Account in accordance with the Distribution Trust Agreement.

8.7 <u>Indemnification</u>. The Distribution Trustee and the members of the Steering Committee will be indemnified as provided in the Distribution Trust Agreement.

#### 8.8 <u>Tax Treatment</u>.

(a) The Distribution Trust is intended to be treated, in part, for federal income Tax purposes as a liquidating trust, within the meaning of Treasury Regulations section 301.7701-4(d), for the benefit of the holders of Allowed Claims entitled to distributions of Pending Payments and otherwise is intended to be treated as one or more disputed ownership funds, within the meaning of Proposed Treasury Regulations section 1.468B-9(a), as more specifically provided for under the Distribution Trust Agreement. Accordingly, for all federal income Tax purposes the transfer of the Distribution Trust Assets to the Distribution Trust will be treated as (a) to the extent of Pending Payments, (i) a transfer of the Pending Payments directly from the Debtors to the holders of such Allowed Claims followed by (ii) the transfer of such Pending Payments by such holders of Allowed Claims to the Distribution Trust in exchange for beneficial interests in the Distribution Trust; and (b) to the extent of Allowed Claims entitled to distributions of Pending Payments will be treated for federal income Tax purposes as the grantors and deemed owners of their respective shares of the Distribution Trust Assets in the amounts of the Pending Payments and any earnings thereon.

(b) The Distribution Trustee will be required by the Distribution Trust Agreement to file federal Tax returns for the Distribution Trust as a grantor trust with respect to any Pending Payments and as one or more disputed ownership funds with respect to all other funds or other property held by the Distribution Trust pursuant to applicable Treasury Regulations, and any income of the Distribution Trust will be treated as subject to Tax on a current basis. The Distribution Trust Agreement will provide that the Distribution Trustee will pay such Taxes from the Distribution Trust Assets as required by law. In addition, the Distribution Trust Agreement will require consistent valuation by the Distribution Trustee and the Beneficiaries, for all federal income Tax purposes, of any property held by the Distribution Trust. The Distribution Trust Agreement will provide that termination of the trust will occur no later than two years after the Effective Date, unless the Bankruptcy Court will approve an extension based upon a finding that such an extension is necessary for the Distribution Trust to complete its claims resolution and liquidating purpose. The Distribution Trust Agreement also will limit the investment powers of the Distribution Trustee in accordance with IRS Rev. Proc. 94-45 and will require the Distribution Trust to distribute at least annually to the Beneficiaries (as such may have been determined at such time) its net income (net of any payment of or provision for Taxes), except for amounts retained as reasonably necessary to maintain the value of the Distribution Trust Assets or to meet claims and contingent liabilities (including Disputed Claims).

8.9 <u>Creation of Trust Accounts</u>. On or prior to the Effective Date, the Trust Accounts will be established in federally insured United States banks in the name of the Distribution Trustee or one or more third-party Disbursing Agents. On the Effective Date, title to each of the Trust Accounts and the contents thereof will be transferred to and irrevocably vest in the Distribution Trust.

## 8.10 Funding of Distribution Trust Expenses Account.

(a) <u>Initial Funding</u>. No later than ten days prior to the commencement of the Confirmation Hearing, the Creditors' Committee and the Debtors will agree on the amount to be funded into the Distribution Trust Expenses Account on the Effective Date. On the Effective Date, the Distribution Trust Expenses Account will be funded by the transfer of Cash in such amount from the Distribution Trust Assets. The Distribution Trustee will act as the Disbursing Agent for the Distribution Trust Expenses Account.

(b) <u>Use of Funds</u>. Funds in the Distribution Trust Expenses Account will be used solely as provided in the Distribution Trust Agreement.

(c) <u>Subsequent Funding</u>. If the balance of the Distribution Trust Expenses Account is insufficient to satisfy all payments payable therefrom in accordance with the terms of the Plan and the Distribution Trust Agreement, additional Cash may be transferred to the Distribution Trust Expenses Account from the Unsecured Claims Trust Account as provided in the Distribution Trust Agreement.

(d) <u>Excess Funds</u>. If the Distribution Trustee determines that the balance of the Distribution Trust Expenses Account is in excess of the amount that will be sufficient to make all payments payable therefrom in accordance with the terms of the Plan and the Distribution Trust Agreement, the Distribution Trustee, with the consent of the Steering Committee acting through a majority thereof, may transfer such excess to the Unsecured Claims Trust Account as provided in the Distribution Trust Agreement.

## 8.11 Funding of Priority Claims Trust Account.

(a) <u>Initial Funding</u>. No later than ten days prior to the commencement of the Confirmation Hearing, the Creditors' Committee and the Debtors will agree on the amount to be funded into the Priority Claims Trust Account on the Effective Date. On the Effective Date, the Priority Claims Trust Account will be funded by the transfer of Cash in such amount from the Distribution Trust Assets. For purposes of this Section 8.11, any and all Taxes ultimately determined to be due and owing from the Debtors to the Government of Jamaica for any taxable period (including interest and penalties, if any, determined and calculated under applicable Jamaican law without regard to the provisions of section 502(b)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code or any other provision of United States federal, state, or local law) will be treated as Allowed Priority Tax Claims or Allowed Administrative Claims, as the case may be, and will be paid in full in Cash in accordance with the provisions of Section 9.4(a) following the determination of the amount or amounts of such Tax liability. Until such determination, any such potential Tax obligation in respect of the Jamaican Tax Claims will be treated as a Disputed Claim.

(b) <u>Use of Funds</u>. Cash deposited in the Priority Claims Trust Account will be used solely as provided in the Distribution Trust Agreement.

(c) <u>Subsequent Funding</u>. If the balance of the Priority Claim Trust Account is insufficient to satisfy all payments payable therefrom in accordance with the terms of the Plan and the Distribution Trust Agreement, additional funds may be transferred from the Unsecured Claims Trust Account to the Priority Claims Trust Account as provided in the Distribution Trust Agreement.

(d) <u>Excess Funds</u>. If the Distribution Trustee determines that the balance of the Priority Claims Trust Account is in excess of the amount that will be sufficient to make all payments payable therefrom in accordance with the terms of the Plan and the Distribution Trust Agreement, the Distribution Trustee, with the consent of the Steering Committee acting through a majority thereof, may transfer such excess to the Unsecured Claims Trust Account as provided in the Distribution Trust Agreement.

8.12 Funding of Unsecured Claims Trust Account.

(a) <u>Initial Funding</u>. On the Effective Date, after the initial funding of the Distribution Trust Expenses Account in accordance with Section 8.10(a) and the initial funding of the Priority Claims Trust Account in accordance with Section 8.11(a), the Distribution Trustee will (i) allocate from the Distribution Trust Assets to the Subclass 3A Distributable Consideration Cash in an amount equal to the fees contemplated by clause (b) of Section 1.1(99), (ii) pay from the Distribution Trust Assets any payment required under clause (ii) of the first sentence of Section 2.2(d) in respect of the Intercompany Settlement Agreement, and (iii) thereafter fund the Unsecured Claims Trust Account with the remainder of the Distribution Trust Assets, all as provided in the Distribution Trust Agreement.

(b) <u>Use of Funds</u>. Cash in the Unsecured Claims Trust Account will be used solely as provided in the Distribution Trust Agreement.

(c) <u>Additional Deposits</u>. Cash that becomes available to the Estates following the Effective Date will be deposited in the Unsecured Claims Trust Account as provided in the Distribution Trust Agreement.

8.13 Undeliverable Cash Trust Account. After the Effective Date, if any distribution to a holder of an Allowed Unsecured Claim is returned to the Disbursing Agent as undeliverable, the Disbursing Agent will deposit the undeliverable Cash in the Undeliverable Cash Trust Account. The Disbursing Agent will hold such funds, in a book-entry sub-account in the Undeliverable Cash Trust Account, for the benefit of such holder. Until such holder notifies the Disbursing Agent in writing of its then-current address, as contemplated by Section 9.2(d) no attempt will be made to deliver subsequent distributions to such holder and any such distributions that such holder would otherwise be entitled to receive instead will be transferred from the Unsecured Claims Trust Account to the Undeliverable Cash Trust Account and credited to such book-entry sub-account. All Cash held in such book-entry sub-account for the benefit of such holder will be invested by the Disbursing Agent in a manner consistent with the investment and deposit guidelines set forth in the Distribution Trust Agreement. Any income or interest generated from such investment activities will be held in such book-entry sub-account for the benefit of such holder until such holder notifies the Disbursing Agent in writing of its then-current address as contemplated by Section 9.2(d). Subject to Section 9.2(d)(ii), when such holder notifies the Disbursing Agent in writing of its then-current address as contemplated by Section 9.2(d), the Disbursing Agent will deliver to such holder all Cash contained in such book-entry sub-account (net of provision for Taxes). In the event such holder's right to assert a claim for undeliverable distributions is forfeited as contemplated by Section 9.2(d)(ii), all Cash contained in such book-entry sub-account will be transferred from the Undeliverable Cash Trust Account to the Unsecured Claims Trust Account for redistribution to holders of Allowed Unsecured Claims entitled to distributions therefrom.

### ARTICLE IX

#### PROVISIONS GOVERNING DISTRIBUTIONS

9.1 <u>Method of Distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims</u>. The Disbursing Agent will make all distributions of Cash required under the Plan. The Disbursing Agent will serve without bond, and may employ or contract with other entities to assist in, or make the distributions required by, the Plan.

### 9.2 <u>Delivery of Distributions</u>.

(a) <u>Generally</u>. Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, distributions in respect of Allowed Claims will be made to the holders of such Claims as of the Distribution Record Date at the addresses set forth in the applicable Claims Report. Prior to making any distribution to a Beneficiary, the Disbursing Agent may request written notification of the Beneficiary's federal taxpayer identification number or social security number if the Disbursing Agent determines, in its reasonable discretion, that such information (a) is necessary to fulfill its Tax reporting and withholding obligations and (b) has not been provided in the applicable Claims Report or otherwise. The Disbursing Agent, in its reasonable discretion, may suspend distributions to any Beneficiary that has not provided its federal taxpayer identification number or social security number, as the case may be, after a request is made pursuant to and in accordance with the terms of this Section 9.2(a).

(b) <u>Distributions to Holders of Public Note Claims</u>. All distributions to holders of Allowed Public Note Claims will be made by the Distribution Trustee to the applicable Indenture Trustee for distribution to holders of Allowed Public Note Claims as of the Distribution Record Date. All distributions to holders of Allowed Public Note Claims will be deemed to apply first to principal amount of such Claims until such principal amount is paid in full, and then to any prepetition accrued interest included in such Claim.

(c) <u>Quarterly Distributions</u>. On or as promptly as practicable after each Quarterly Distribution Date, the Disbursing Agent will make distributions to holders of Disputed Claims that have become Allowed Claims during the immediately preceding calendar quarter; *provided, however*, that if the Disbursing Agent determines, in its reasonable discretion, that the amount of any quarterly distribution is too small to justify the administrative costs associated with such distribution, the Disbursing Agent may postpone such quarterly distribution until the next Quarterly Distribution Date. The Disbursing Agent will have no obligation to notify Beneficiaries of such determination.

## (d) <u>Undeliverable Distributions</u>.

- (i) No Further Attempts at Delivery. If any distribution to a holder of an Allowed Unsecured Claim is returned to the Disbursing Agent as undeliverable, then unless and until the Disbursing Agent is notified in writing of the holder's then-current address: (A) subject to Section 9.2(d)(ii), such undeliverable distributions will remain in the possession of the Disbursing Agent as provided in Section 8.13 and no further attempt will be made to deliver such distribution and (B) no attempt will be made to deliver subsequent distributions to such holder and any such distributions that such holder would otherwise be entitled to receive instead will be treated as provided in Section 8.13.
- (ii) Forfeiture and Redistribution. Any holder of an Allowed Unsecured Claim that does not assert a claim for an undeliverable distribution by delivering to the Disbursing Agent a written notice setting forth such holder's then-current address within 180 days after the later of (A) the Effective Date and (B) the last date on which a distribution was deliverable to the holder will have its claim for undeliverable distributions discharged and will be forever barred from asserting such claim or any claim for subsequent distributions against the Debtors, the Disbursing Agent or their respective properties, including the Trust Accounts, whereupon all Cash contained in the bookentry sub-account in the Undeliverable Cash Trust Account for redistribution to holders of Allowed Unsecured Claims entitled to distributions therefrom. For purposes of any such redistribution, each Allowed Claim in respect of which a claim for undeliverable distributions has been discharged as contemplated by this Section 9.2(d)(ii) will be deemed disallowed in its entirety.
- (iii) *No Requirement to Attempt to Locate Holders*. Nothing contained in the Plan will require the Debtors or the Disbursing Agent to attempt to locate any holder of an Allowed Claim.

9.3 <u>Means of Cash Payments</u>. Except as otherwise provided in the Plan or the Distribution Trust Agreement, Cash payments made pursuant to the Plan will be in United States currency by checks drawn on the applicable Trust Accounts or, at the option of the Disbursing Agent, by wire transfer from a domestic bank; *provided, however*, that Cash payments to foreign holders of Allowed Claims may be made, at the option of the Disbursing Agent, in such funds and by such means as are necessary or customary in a particular foreign jurisdiction. If a check included in a distribution to a holder of an Allowed Unsecured Claim is not cashed within 180 days of the issuance thereof, the Disbursing Agent will void such check and such distribution will be treated as undeliverable in accordance with Section 9.2(d).

## 9.4 <u>Timing and Calculation of Amounts to Be Distributed.</u>

(a) <u>Allowed Claims Other Than Unsecured Claims in Subclass 3A, Subclass 3C and Subclass 3D;</u> <u>Certain Payments from the Subclass 3A Distributable Consideration</u>. On or as promptly as practicable after the Effective Date, the Disbursing Agent will: (i) make distributions to holders of Secured Claims, Administrative Claims, Priority Claims, and Priority Tax Claims allowed as of the Effective Date; (ii) if, and only if, Subclass 3B votes to accept the Plan as provided in Section 2.4(c)(ii), make distributions to the holders of Allowed Claims in Subclass 3B; and (iii) make the payments of amounts to be deducted from the Subclass 3A Distributable Consideration as contemplated by Section 2.4(c)(i). On or as promptly as practicable after each Quarterly Distribution Date, the Disbursing Agent will make distributions to holders of Disputed Secured Claims, Disputed Administrative Claims, Disputed Priority Claims, and Disputed Priority Tax Claims that were allowed during the immediately preceding calendar quarter.

- (b) <u>Allowed Unsecured Claims in Subclass 3A, Subclass 3C and Subclass 3D</u>.
- (i) Initial Distributions. On or as promptly as practicable after the Effective Date, the Disbursing Agent will make distributions to holders of Unsecured Claims in Subclass 3A, Subclass 3C and Subclass 3D allowed as of the Effective Date; provided that the amount of such distributions will be calculated as if each Disputed Unsecured Claim in Subclass 3D were an Allowed Unsecured Claim in its Face Amount as of the Effective Date; provided further, however, that no distribution

will be made on account of any Disputed Unsecured Claim in Subclass 3D unless and until it becomes an Allowed Unsecured Claim and amounts withheld for Disputed Unsecured Claims in Subclass 3D will remain in the Unsecured Claims Trust Account as part of the Disputed Claims Reserve.

Quarterly Distributions. On or as promptly as practicable after each Quarterly Distribution Date, (ii) the Disbursing Agent will distribute to each holder of an Unsecured Claim in Subclass 3A, Subclass 3C, or Subclass 3D allowed prior to such Quarterly Distribution Date a distribution from the Unsecured Claims Trust Account (net of provision for Taxes) in an amount equal to: (a) the amount of Cash that such holder would have been entitled to receive pursuant to the Plan if such Claim and all other such Claims had been an Allowed Unsecured Claim as of the Effective Date (with such amount to be calculated in the manner described in the immediately preceding paragraph) minus (b) the aggregate amount of Cash previously distributed on account of such Claim. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Disbursing Agent determines, in its reasonable discretion, that the amount of any quarterly distribution is too small to justify the administrative costs associated with such distribution, the Disbursing Agent may postpone such quarterly distribution until the next Quarterly Distribution Date. The Disbursing Agent will have no obligation to notify Beneficiaries if it determines, in its reasonable discretion, that any quarterly distribution will be postponed. In the event of the disallowance of a Disputed Unsecured Claim in Subclass 3D, any amounts held in respect thereof will be released from the Disputed Claims Reserve for distribution in accordance with this Section 9.4(b).

(c) <u>No *De Minimis* Distributions</u>. The Disbursing Agent will not be required to distribute Cash to the holder of an Allowed Unsecured Claim if the total aggregate amount of Cash to be distributed on account of such Claim is less than \$25. Any holder of an Allowed Unsecured Claim on account of which the total aggregate amount of Cash to be distributed is less than \$25 will have its claim for such distribution deemed satisfied, waived and released and will be forever barred from asserting any such Claim against the Debtors, the Distribution Trustee, the Disbursing Agent or their respective property, including the Trust Accounts. Any Cash not distributed with respect to Allowed Unsecured Claims as a result of the provisions of this Section 9.4(c) will be retained in the Unsecured Claims Trust Account for redistribution to other holders of Allowed Unsecured Claims entitled to distributions from the Unsecured Claims Trust Account.

(d) <u>Compliance with Tax Requirements</u>. To the extent applicable, the Disbursing Agent will comply with all Tax withholding and reporting requirements imposed on it by any governmental unit and all distributions pursuant to the Plan will be subject to such withholding and reporting requirements. The Disbursing Agent will be authorized to take any actions that it determines, in its reasonable discretion, to be necessary, appropriate or desirable, to comply with such withholding and reporting requirements. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan or this Agreement, each entity receiving a distribution of Cash pursuant to the Plan will have sole and exclusive responsibility for the satisfaction and payment of any Tax obligations imposed on it by any governmental unit on account of such distribution, including income, withholding and other Tax obligations.

9.5 Setoffs. Except with respect to claims of a Debtor released pursuant to the Plan or any contract, instrument, release, or other agreement or document entered into or delivered in connection with the Plan, the Distribution Trustee or any other Disbursing Agent may, pursuant to section 553 of the Bankruptcy Code or applicable nonbankruptcy law, set off against any Allowed Claim and the distributions to be made pursuant to the Plan on account of such Claim (before any distribution is made on account of such Claim) the claims, rights, and causes of action of any nature that the applicable Debtor may hold against the holder of such Allowed Claim; *provided, however*, that neither the failure to effect a setoff nor the allowance of any Claim hereunder will constitute a waiver or release by the applicable Debtor of any claims, rights and causes of action that the Debtor or Debtors may possess against such a Claim holder, which are preserved under the Plan.

9.6 <u>Compensation and Reimbursement for Services Related to Distributions</u>. If the Distribution Trustee employs or contracts with a third-party Disbursing Agent, such Disbursing Agent will receive, without the need for further Bankruptcy Court approval, reasonable compensation for such services and reimbursement of reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with such services. These payments will be made on terms agreed to with the Distribution Trustee and will be paid to such Disbursing Agent from funds in the Distribution Trust Expenses Account. To assist in making distributions under the Plan, notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan, the applicable Trust Accounts (other than the Distribution Trust Expenses Account) may be held in the name of one or more such Disbursing Agents. Any such Disbursing Agent will invest the Cash in the Trust Accounts as directed by the Distribution Trustee, who will direct such Disbursing Agent to invest such Cash only in Permitted Investments; *provided, however*, that should the Distribution Trustee determine, in its reasonable discretion, that the administrative costs associated with such investment will exceed the return on such investment, it may direct such Disbursing Agent to not invest such Cash.

9.7 <u>Payments Limited to Trust Accounts</u>. All payments or other distributions to be made by the Distribution Trustee in accordance with the Plan or the Distribution Trust Agreement will be made only from the Trust Accounts.

9.8 Insufficient Funds. Provided that the Disbursing Agent has not acted in bad faith, engaged in fraud, willful misconduct or gross negligence or breached its fiduciary duties, if the Distribution Trust Assets at any point prove insufficient to pay all Beneficiaries of the Priority Claims Trust Account in full or all Beneficiaries of the Unsecured Claims Trust Account in accordance with the terms of the Plan, the Disbursing Agent will have no obligation to seek disgorgement from any Beneficiary, but may seek the guidance of the Bankruptcy Court or another court of competent jurisdiction.

#### ARTICLE X

#### PROCEDURES FOR RESOLVING DISPUTED CLAIMS

10.1 <u>Prosecution of Objections to Claims</u>. All objections to Claims must be Filed and served on the holders of such Claims by the Claims Objection Bar Date, and, if Filed prior to the Effective Date, such objections will be served on the parties on the then-applicable service list in the Chapter 11 Cases. If an objection has not been Filed to a proof of Claim, a scheduled Claim, or a request for payment of Administrative Claim by the applicable Claims Objection Bar Date, the Claim to which the proof of Claim, scheduled Claim, or request for payment of Administrative Claim relates will be treated as an Allowed Claim if such Claim has not been allowed earlier. An objection is deemed to have been timely Filed as to all Tort Claims, thus making each such Claim a Disputed Claim as of the Claims Objection Bar Date. Each such Tort Claim will remain a Disputed Claim until it becomes an Allowed Claim in accordance with the Plan.

Liquidation and Payment of Tort Claims. At the Debtors' or, after the Effective Date, the 10.2 Distribution Trustee's option, any unliquidated Tort Claim as to which a proof of Claim was timely filed in the Chapter 11 Cases will be determined and liquidated in the administrative or judicial tribunal(s) in which it is pending on the Effective Date or, if no action was pending on the Effective Date, in any administrative or judicial tribunal of appropriate jurisdiction. The Debtors and the Distribution Trustee may exercise the above option by service upon the holder of the applicable Tort Claim of a notice informing the holder of such Claim that the Debtor or Distribution Trustee has exercised such option. Upon the Debtor's service of such notice, the automatic stay provided under section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code will be deemed modified, without the necessity for further Bankruptcy Court approval, solely to the extent necessary to allow the parties to determine or liquidate the Tort Claim in the applicable administrative or judicial tribunal(s). Notwithstanding the foregoing, at all times prior to or after the Effective Date, the Bankruptcy Court will retain jurisdiction relating to Tort Claims, including the Debtors' right to have such Claims determined and/or liquidated in the Bankruptcy Court (or the United States District Court for the District of Delaware) pursuant to section 157(b)(2)(B) of title 28 of the United States Code, as may be applicable. Any Tort Claim determined and liquidated pursuant to a judgment obtained in accordance with this Section 10.2 and applicable non-bankruptcy law which is no longer appealable or subject to review will be deemed an Allowed Claim in Subclass 3D against the applicable Debtor in such liquidated amount, provided that only the amount of such Allowed Claim that is less than or equal to the Debtor's self-insured retention or deductible in connection with the applicable insurance policy and is not satisfied from proceeds of insurance payable to the holder of such Allowed Claim under the Debtors' insurance policies will be treated as an Allowed Claim for the purposes of distributions under the Plan. In no event will a distribution be made under the Plan to the holder of a Tort Claim on account of any portion of an Allowed Claim in excess of the applicable Debtor's deductible or self- insured retention under any applicable insurance policy. In the event a Tort Claim is determined and liquidated pursuant to a judgment or order obtained in accordance with this Section 10.2 and applicable non-bankruptcy law provides for no

recovery against the applicable Debtor, which is no longer appealable or subject to review, such Tort Claim will be deemed expunged without the necessity for further Bankruptcy Court approval upon the applicable Debtor's service of a copy of such judgment or order upon the holder of such Tort Claim. Nothing contained in this Section 10.2 will constitute or be deemed a waiver of any claim, right or cause of action that a Debtor may have against any person or entity in connection with or arising out of any Tort Claim, including, without limitation, any rights under section 157(b)(5) of title 28 of the United States Code.

10.3 <u>Treatment of Disputed Claims</u>.

(a) <u>No Payments on Account of Disputed Claims and Disputed Claims Reserves</u>. Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Plan, no payments or distributions will be made on account of a Disputed Claim until such Claim becomes an Allowed Claim. In lieu of distributions under the Plan to holders of Disputed Claims, a Disputed Claims Reserve will be established on the Effective Date in each Trust Account, which, in the case of Unsecured Claims in Subclass 3D, will include an amount equal to the Pro Rata Share of the distribution to which all of the Disputed Claims in Subclass 3D would be entitled if such Disputed Claim was allowed in its Face Amount on the Effective Date.

(b) <u>Recourse</u>. Each holder of a Disputed Claim that ultimately becomes an Allowed Claim will have recourse only to the undistributed Cash held in the applicable Trust Account for the satisfaction of such Allowed Claim and not to any other Trust Account or any assets previously distributed on account of any Allowed Claim.

(c) <u>Tax Requirements for Income Generated by Disputed Claim Reserves</u>. The Distribution Trustee will include in its Tax returns all items of income, deduction and credit of the Trust Accounts, except to the extent such items are included in the income of the Beneficiaries of the Trust Accounts as grantors of grantor trusts. The Distribution Trustee will pay, or cause to be paid, out of the funds held in applicable Trust Accounts, any Tax imposed on the Trust Accounts by any governmental unit with respect to income generated by the funds held in the Trust Accounts. The Distribution Trustee also will file or cause to be filed any Tax or information return related to the applicable Trust Account that is required by any governmental unit.

### ARTICLE XI

### **RETENTION OF JURISDICTION**

Notwithstanding the entry of the Confirmation Order and the occurrence of the Effective Date, the Bankruptcy Court will retain all such jurisdiction over the Chapter 11 Cases after the Effective Date as is legally permissible, including jurisdiction to:

(a) Allow, disallow, determine, liquidate, classify, reclassify, estimate or establish the priority, secured or unsecured status (or proper Plan classification) of any Claim or Interest, including the resolution of any request for payment of any Administrative Claim, and the resolution of any objections to the allowance, priority, or classification of Claims or Interests;

(b) Grant or deny any applications for allowance of compensation or reimbursement of expenses authorized pursuant to the Bankruptcy Code or the Plan for periods ending on or before the Effective Date;

(c) Resolve any matters related to the assumption, assumption and assignment or rejection of any Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease to which either Debtor is a party or with respect to which either Debtor may be liable and to hear, determine and, if necessary, liquidate any Claims arising therefrom;

(d) Ensure that distributions to holders of Allowed Claims are accomplished pursuant to the provisions of the Plan;

(e) Decide or resolve any motions, adversary proceedings, contested or litigated matters and any other matters, including the Recovery Actions and claims of the holders of the 7-3/4% SWD Revenue Bonds in respect of

subordination rights under the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture, and grant or deny any applications involving the Debtors or the Distribution Trustee that may be pending on the Effective Date or brought thereafter;

(f) Enter such orders as may be necessary or appropriate to implement or consummate the provisions of the Plan and all contracts, instruments, releases and other agreements or documents entered into or delivered in connection with the Plan, the Disclosure Statement or the Confirmation Order, including the Distribution Trust Agreement;

(g) Resolve any cases, controversies, suits or disputes that may arise in connection with the Recovery Actions or the consummation, interpretation, or enforcement of the Plan or any contract, instrument, release, or other agreement or document that is entered into or delivered pursuant to the Plan (including the Distribution Trust Agreement), or any entity's rights arising from or obligations incurred in connection with the Plan or such documents;

(h) Modify the Plan before or after the Effective Date pursuant to section 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code; modify the Confirmation Order, or any contract, instrument, release or other agreement or document entered into or delivered in connection with the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, or the Confirmation Order; or remedy any defect or omission or reconcile any inconsistency in any Bankruptcy Court order, the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, the Confirmation Order, or any contract, instrument, release, or other agreement or document entered into, delivered, or created in connection with the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, or the Confirmation Order, in such manner as may be necessary or appropriate to consummate the Plan;

(i) Issue injunctions, enforce the injunctions contained in the Plan and the Confirmation Order, enter and implement other orders or take such other actions as may be necessary or appropriate to restrain interference by any entity with consummation, implementation, or enforcement of the Plan or the Confirmation Order;

(j) Enter and implement such orders as are necessary or appropriate if the Confirmation Order is for any reason or in any respect modified, stayed, reversed, revoked, or vacated or distributions pursuant to the Plan are enjoined or stayed;

(k) Determine any other matters that may arise in connection with or relate to the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, the Confirmation Order, or any contract, instrument, release, or other agreement or document entered into or delivered in connection with the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, or the Confirmation Order;

(l) Enter a final decree closing the Chapter 11 Cases in accordance with the Bankruptcy Rules; and

(m) Determine matters concerning state, local, and federal Taxes in accordance with sections 346, 505 and 1146 of the Bankruptcy Code, including any Disputed Claims for Taxes.

### ARTICLE XII

#### MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

12.1 <u>Preservation of Insurance</u>. Nothing in the Plan will diminish or impair the enforceability of any insurance policies that may cover Claims against either Debtor.

12.2 <u>Modification of the Plan</u>. Subject to the restrictions on modifications set forth in section 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code, the Debtors reserve the right to alter, amend or modify the Plan before its substantial consummation, with the consent of the Creditors' Committee.

12.3 <u>Revocation of the Plan</u>. The Debtors reserve the right to revoke or withdraw the Plan prior to the Effective Date, with the consent of the Creditors' Committee. If the Debtors so revoke or withdraw the Plan, or if confirmation of the Plan does not occur, the Plan will be null and void in all respects, and nothing contained in the Plan will: (a) constitute a waiver or release of any Claims by or against, or any Interests in, such Debtors or (b) prejudice in any manner the rights of either Debtor or any other party.

12.4 <u>Severability of Plan Provisions</u>. If, prior to confirmation of the Plan, any term or provision of the Plan is held by the Bankruptcy Court to be invalid, void or unenforceable, the Bankruptcy Court will have the power to alter and interpret such term or provision to make it valid or enforceable to the maximum extent practicable, consistent with the original purpose of the term or provision held to be invalid, void or unenforceable, and such term or provision then will be applicable as altered or interpreted; *provided, however*, that any such alteration or interpretation must be in form and substance acceptable to the Debtors and the Creditors' Committee. Notwithstanding any such holding, alteration or interpretation, the remainder of the terms and provisions of the Plan will remain in full force and effect and will in no way be affected, impaired or invalidated by such holding, alteration or interpretation. The Confirmation Order will constitute a judicial determination and will provide that each term and provision of the Plan, as it may have been altered or interpreted in accordance with the foregoing, is valid and enforceable pursuant to its terms.

12.5 <u>Notices</u>. Any pleading, notice, or other document required by the Plan or Confirmation Order to be served on or delivered to the Debtors, the Distribution Trustee, or the Creditors' Committee must be sent by overnight delivery service, facsimile transmission, courier service, or messenger to:

a. The Debtors or the Distribution Trustee:

#### [insert information for Distribution Trustee]

Daniel J. DeFranceschi RICHARDS, LAYTON & FINGER One Rodney Square P.O. Box 551 Wilmington, Delaware 19899 Facsimile: (302) 651-7701

Gregory M. Gordon Henry L. Gompf Troy B. Lewis Daniel P. Winikka JONES DAY 2727 North Harwood Street Dallas, Texas 75201 Facsimile (214) 969-5100

Erica M. Ryland JONES DAY 222 East 41st Street New York, New York 10017 Facsimile: (212) 755-7306

(Counsel to the Debtors)

b. The Creditors' Committee

Lisa G. Beckerman AKIN, GUMP, STRAUSS, HAUER & FELD, L.L.P. 590 Madison Avenue New York, NY 10022 William P. Bowden ASHBY & GEDDES 222 Delaware Avenue P.O. Box 1150 Wilmington, DE 19899

(Counsel to the Creditors' Committee)

12.6 <u>Successors and Assigns</u>. The rights, benefits, and obligations of any entity named or referred to in the Plan will be binding on, and will inure to the benefit of, any heir, executor, administrator, successor, or assign of such entity, regardless of whether such entity voted to accept the Plan.

12.7 <u>Further Action</u>. Nothing contained in the Plan will prevent the Debtors or the Distribution Trustee from taking such actions as may be necessary to consummate the Plan, even though such actions may not be specifically provided for within the Plan.

12.8 <u>Exhibits</u>. All Exhibits to the Plan are incorporated by reference and are intended to be an integral part of this document as though fully set forth in the Plan.

Dated: October 29, 2004

Respectfully submitted,

#### ALPART JAMAICA INC.

By:

Name: Title:

#### KAISER JAMAICA CORPORATION

By:\_\_\_

Name: Title:

COUNSEL:

Daniel J. DeFranceschi (DE 2732) RICHARDS, LAYTON & FINGER One Rodney Square P.O. Box 551 Wilmington, Delaware 19899 Telephone: (302) 651-7700 Facsimile: (302) 651-7701

- and -

Gregory M. Gordon (TX 08435300) Henry L. Gompf (TX 08116400) Troy B. Lewis (TX 12308650) Daniel P. Winikka (TX 00794873) JONES DAY 2727 North Harwood Street Dallas, Texas 75201 Telephone: (214) 220-3939 Facsimile: (214) 969-5100

Erica M. Ryland (NY 2057) JONES DAY 222 East 41st Street New York, New York 10017 Telephone: (212) 326-3939 Facsimile: (212) 755-7306

ATTORNEYS FOR DEBTORS AND DEBTORS IN POSSESSION

## EXHIBIT A

## **DISTRIBUTION TRUST AGREEMENT**

## dated as of

[\_\_\_\_\_], 2005

among

## ALPART JAMAICA INC.,

## **KAISER JAMAICA CORPORATION**

and

[\_\_\_\_\_],

as Distribution Trustee

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Exhibit B - List of Distribution Trust Assets

## **DISTRIBUTION TRUST AGREEMENT**

This **DISTRIBUTION TRUST AGREEMENT**, dated as of \_\_\_\_\_\_, 2005 (this "<u>Agreement</u>"), is made by and among Alpart Jamaica Inc. ("<u>AJI</u>"), Kaiser Jamaica Corporation ("<u>KJC</u>" and collectively with AJI, the "<u>Debtors</u>") and \_\_\_\_\_\_ (or any successor trustee, the "<u>Distribution Trustee</u>"), as Distribution Trustee under the Joint Plan of Liquidation for Alpart Jamaica Inc. and Kaiser Jamaica Corporation, dated October 29, 2004 (as the same may be amended or modified and as confirmed by the Confirmation Order, the "<u>Plan</u>").

## RECITALS

A. The trust created hereby (the "<u>Distribution Trust</u>") is created pursuant to, and to effectuate, Article VIII of the Plan.

B. The Distribution Trustee was selected to serve as Distribution Trustee under the Plan by the official committee of unsecured creditors of the Debtors appointed by the United States Trustee on February 25, 2002, pursuant to section 1102 of the Bankruptcy Code (the "<u>Creditors' Committee</u>"), with the consent of the Debtors, pursuant to Section 8.2(a) of the Plan.

C. Pursuant to the Plan, the Distribution Trust is established for the purposes of resolving all Disputed Claims, making all distributions to holders of Allowed Claims in accordance with the terms of the Plan and otherwise implementing the Plan and finally administering the Estates, all in accordance with the terms of the Plan and this Agreement.

D. The Distribution Trust is intended to be treated, in part, as a liquidating trust, within the meaning of Treasury Regulations section 301.7701-4(d), for the benefit of the holders of Allowed Claims entitled to distributions of Pending Payments and otherwise is

intended to be treated as one or more disputed ownership funds within the meaning of Proposed Treasury Regulations section 1.468B-9(a).

## AGREEMENT

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and the mutual covenants

contained herein, the Debtors and the Distribution Trustee agree as follows:

## **ARTICLE I**

## **DEFINITIONS AND INTERPRETATIONS**

1.1 <u>Definitions</u>. The following capitalized terms used in this Agreement will

have the respective meanings ascribed to them in this Section 1.1:

(a) "<u>Agreement</u>" has the meaning set forth in the introductory paragraph to this Agreement.

(b) "<u>AJI</u>" has the meaning set forth in the introductory paragraph to this Agreement.

(c) "<u>Alpart Purchase Agreement</u>" means that certain Purchase Agreement, dated as of June 8, 2004, by and among KACC, Kaiser Aluminium International, Inc., Kaiser Bauxite Company, KJC and AJI and Quality Incorporations I Limited.

(d) "<u>Annual Receipts/Disbursements Report</u>" means an unaudited report Filed with the Bankruptcy Court by the Distribution Trustee, on behalf of the Distribution Trust, within 90 days after the end of each calendar year reflecting (i) all Distribution Trust Assets received by the Distribution Trust during such calendar year, (ii) all Distribution Trust Assets held by the Distribution Trust at the end of such calendar year, and (iii) all Distribution Trust Assets disbursed during such calendar year, in each case itemized for the individual Trust Accounts.

(e) "<u>Beneficiaries</u>" means the creditors and claimants of the Estates.

(f) "<u>Claims Report</u>" means, with respect to each Estate, a report certified by the claims agent for such Estate setting forth: (i) a listing, as of the Effective Date, of: (A) all Allowed Secured Claims of such Estate; (B) all Allowed Administrative Claims of such Estate; (C) all Allowed Priority Claims of such Estate; (D) all Allowed Priority Tax Claims of such Estate; (E) all Allowed Unsecured Claims of such Estate; and (F) all Disputed Claims of such Estate; and (ii) for each Claim so listed, (A) the name, address and federal taxpayer identification number or social security number (if known) of the holder thereof as of the Distribution Record Date and (B) the amount thereof, including the amount of unpaid principal and accrued interest (if known).

(g) "<u>Creditors' Committee</u>" has the meaning set forth in Recital B to this Agreement.

(h) "<u>Current Report</u>" means a report Filed with the Bankruptcy Court by the Distribution Trustee, on behalf of the Distribution Trust, describing developments affecting the Distribution Trust in any material respect (as determined by the Distribution Trustee in its reasonable discretion) in reasonable detail.

(i) "<u>Debtor Parties</u>" means, collectively, the Debtors and any directors, officers, employees, agents, professionals, principals and other representatives thereof.

(j) "<u>Debtors</u>" has the meaning set forth in the introductory paragraph to this Agreement.

(k) "<u>Disbursing Agent</u>" means the Distribution Trustee, in its capacity as a disbursing agent pursuant to the Plan, or any third party acting as disbursing agent at the direction of the Distribution Trustee.

(1) "<u>Disputed Claims Reserves</u>" means, with respect to each of the Trust Accounts, the reserve of Cash (and any other property) retained in such Trust Account to satisfy Disputed Claims against the Estate of AJI or the Estate of KJC, if, as and when they are allowed, or, to the extent such Disputed Claims are not allowed, to satisfy Claims that are allowed in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

(m) "<u>Distribution Trust</u>" has the meaning set forth in Recital A to this Agreement.

(n) "Distribution Trust Assets" means collectively: (i) the Trust Accounts and any Cash (and any other property) held by such Trust Accounts; (ii) the rights of the Debtors under or in respect of the Intercompany Claims Settlement, the Purchase Agreement or any causes of action not released by the Plan, including the Recovery Actions, and any proceeds thereof; and (iii) the Alpart Proceeds to the extent that such funds are not included in (i) or (ii), including any amounts paid over to the Distribution Trustee as contemplated by Section 2.2(d) of the Plan.

(o) "<u>Distribution Trustee</u>" has the meaning set forth in the introductory paragraph to this Agreement.

(p) "<u>Distribution Trust Expenses</u>" means any and all reasonable fees, costs and expenses incurred by the Distribution Trustee (or any Disbursing Agent, person, entity or professional engaged by the Distribution Trustee) in connection with the performance by the Distribution Trustee of its duties under the Plan or this Agreement. (q) "<u>Distribution Trust Expenses Account</u>" means the segregated trust account to be established and maintained pursuant to Sections 8.9 and 8.10 of the Plan to fund the payment of Distribution Trust Expenses.

(r) "<u>Engagement Letter</u>" means that certain Engagement Letter, dated as of [\_\_\_], 2005, by and among the Debtors and the Distribution Trustee, attached hereto as <u>Exhibit A</u>.

(s) "<u>Indemnified Parties</u>" means, collectively, the Distribution Trustee and any directors, officers, employees, agents, professionals, principals and other representatives thereof and the members of the Steering Committee.

(t) "<u>Intercompany Claims Settlement</u>" means the settlement and release agreement among the debtors in the Kaiser Cases and the Creditors' Committee, dated as of October 5, 2004, in such form as approved by the Intercompany Claims Settlement Order.

(u) "<u>KJC</u>" has the meaning set forth in the introductory paragraph to this Agreement.

(v) "<u>Pending Payments</u>" means identified amounts (excluding undeliverable Cash) held by the Distribution Trust for distribution to holders of Allowed Claims in specific amounts as of the date the Distribution Trust receives the applicable Distribution Trust Assets.

"Permitted Investments" means the following investments so long as they (w) have maturities of 90 days or less: (i) obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States or by any person controlled or supervised by or acting as an instrumentality of the United States pursuant to authority granted by the United States Congress; (ii) obligations issued or guaranteed by any state or political subdivision thereof rated either AA or higher, or MIG 1 or higher, by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. or its successor or AA or higher, or an equivalent, by Standard & Poor's Ratings Services or its successor; (iii) commercial or finance paper which is rated either P-1 or higher or an equivalent by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. or its successor or A-1 or higher or an equivalent by Standard & Poor's Ratings Services or its successor; (iv) certificates of deposit or time deposits of banks or trust companies, organized under the laws of the United States, having a minimum equity of \$500,000,000; and (v) money market funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, whose shares are registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, which invests in securities of the type described in subsection (i) above.

(x) "<u>Plan</u>" has the meaning set forth in the introductory paragraph to this Agreement.

(y) "<u>Priority Claims Trust Account</u>" means the segregated trust account to be established and maintained by the Distribution Trustee pursuant to Sections 8.9 and 8.11 of the Plan to satisfy Allowed Secured Claims, Allowed Administrative Claims, Allowed

Priority Claims and Allowed Priority Tax Claims against the Estate of AJI or the Estate of KJC in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

(z) "Quarterly Receipts/Disbursements Report" means an unaudited report Filed with the Bankruptcy Court by the Distribution Trustee, on behalf of the Distribution Trust, within 45 days after the end of each of the first three calendar quarters of each calendar year reflecting (i) all Distribution Trust Assets received by the Distribution Trust during such calendar quarter, (ii) all Distribution Trust Assets held by the Distribution Trust at the end of such quarter, and (iii) all Distribution Trust Assets disbursed during such calendar quarter, in each case itemized for the individual Trust Accounts.

(aa) "<u>Steering Committee</u>" means a committee comprised of the members of the Alumina Creditor Subcommittee (as defined in the Intercompany Claims Settlement) other than any member thereof that is (i) a holder of a Senior Subordinated Note Claim or (ii) the Senior Subordinated Note Indenture Trustee.

(bb) "<u>Tax</u>" means (a) any net income, alternative or add-on minimum, gross income, gross receipts, sales, use, ad valorem, value added, transfer, franchise, profits, license, property, environmental or other tax, assessment or charge of any kind whatsoever (together in each instance with any interest, penalty, addition to tax or additional amount) imposed by any federal, state, local or foreign taxing authority; or (b) any liability for payment of any amounts of the foregoing types as a result of being a member of an affiliated, consolidated, combined or unitary group, or being a party to any agreement or arrangement whereby liability for payment of any such amounts is determined by reference to the liability of any other entity.

(cc) "<u>Trust Accounts</u>" means, collectively, the Distribution Trust Expenses Account, the Priority Claims Trust Account, the Unsecured Claims Trust Account and the Undeliverable Cash Trust Account.

(dd) "<u>Undeliverable Cash Trust Account</u>" means the segregated trust account to be established and maintained by the Distribution Trustee pursuant to Sections 8.9 and 8.13 of the Plan to hold undeliverable Cash for the benefit of holders of Allowed Unsecured Claims against the Estate of AJI or the Estate of KJC otherwise entitled to such distributions.

(ee) "<u>United States</u>" means the United States of America.

(ff) "<u>Unsecured Claims Trust Account</u>" means the segregated trust account to be established and maintained by the Distribution Trustee pursuant to Sections 8.9 and 8.12 of the Plan to satisfy Allowed Unsecured Claims against the Estate of AJI or the Estate of KJC in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

Capitalized terms used but not defined in this Agreement will have the meanings ascribed to

them in the Plan.

1.2 Interpretation.

1.2.1 <u>Certain References</u>. Unless the context otherwise requires, (a) all references in this Agreement to Sections, Articles or Schedules are to Sections, Articles or Schedules of or to this Agreement, (b) words in the singular include the plural and vice versa, and (c) the verb "will" will have a mandatory connotation, indicating the parties' respective obligations hereunder. Whenever the words "include," "includes" or "including" are used in this Agreement, they will be deemed to be followed by the words "without limitation." All references to "\$" or dollar amounts are to lawful currency of the United States.

1.2.2 <u>Titles and Headings</u>. Titles and headings to Sections, Articles and Schedules in or to this Agreement are inserted for convenience of reference only, and are not intended to be a part of or to affect the meaning or interpretation of this Agreement.

1.2.3 <u>Inconsistencies with the Plan</u>. In the event of any inconsistency between any provision of this Agreement, on the one hand, and any provision of the Plan, on the other hand, the provisions of the Plan will govern and control.

#### **ARTICLE II**

#### ESTABLISHMENT OF THE DISTRIBUTION TRUST

2.1 <u>Creation and Purposes of the Distribution Trust</u>. The Debtors and the Distribution Trustee, pursuant to the Plan and in accordance with the Bankruptcy Code, hereby create a trust, which is the Distribution Trust contemplated by the Plan. The Distribution Trust is established for the following purposes and no other: (i) collecting, maintaining and administering any Distribution Trust Assets for the benefit of Beneficiaries; (ii) liquidating (including objecting to Claims and determining the proper recipients and amounts of distributions to be made from the Distribution Trust) and distributing the Distribution Trust Assets for the benefit of the Beneficiaries who are determined to hold Allowed Claims as expeditiously as reasonably

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possible; (iii) pursuing any available causes of action, including Recovery Actions; (iv) closing the Chapter 11 Cases; and (v) otherwise implementing the Plan and completing dissolution, all in accordance with the Plan and this Agreement. The Distribution Trust has no objective to, and will not, engage in the conduct of a trade or business and, subject to Section 11.3 of this Agreement, will terminate upon the completion of its liquidation and distribution duties. The Distribution Trust will be a "representative of the estate" under section 1123(b)(3)(B) of the Bankruptcy Code.

2.2 <u>Identification of Beneficiaries</u>. On the Effective Date, (a) AJI will deliver to the Distribution Trustee the Claims Report with respect to AJI's Estate and (b) KJC will deliver to the Distribution Trustee the Claims Report with respect to KJC's Estate.

2.3 <u>Transfer of Initial Distribution Trust Assets</u>. On the Effective Date, the Debtors will transfer to the Distribution Trust the Distribution Trust Assets listed or described on <u>Exhibit B</u>, which is a complete and accurate listing of all Distribution Trust Assets owned by the Estates immediately prior to the Effective Date, whereupon title to such Distribution Trust Assets will irrevocably vest in the Distribution Trust, free and clear of Claims, Liens and Interests.

2.4 <u>Tax Treatment</u>. For all federal income Tax purposes, the Debtors, the Distribution Trustee and the Beneficiaries will treat the transfer of Distribution Trust Assets to the Distribution Trust pursuant to Section 2.3 as (a) to the extent of Pending Payments, (i) a transfer of the Pending Payments directly from the Debtors to the holders of such Allowed Claims followed by (ii) the transfer of such Pending Payments by the holders of such Allowed Claims to the Distribution Trust in exchange for beneficial interests in the Distribution Trust, and (b) to the extent of amounts that are not Pending Payments, as a transfer to one or more disputed ownership funds, as described in Section 3.5. Accordingly, the holders of Allowed Claims entitled to distribution of Pending Payments will be treated for federal income Tax purposes as

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the grantors and deemed owners of their respective shares of the Distribution Trust Assets in the amounts of the Pending Payments and any earnings thereon.

2.5 <u>Distribution Trustee's Acceptance</u>. The Distribution Trustee hereby accepts the duties as trustee imposed on it by this Agreement and agrees to observe and perform such duties, on and subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement. In connection with and in furtherance of the purposes of the Distribution Trust, the Distribution Trustee hereby expressly accepts the transfer of Distribution Trust Assets to the Distribution Trust pursuant to Section 2.3, subject to the provisions of the Plan, and the Distribution Trustee hereby further expressly agrees to establish and maintain the Trust Accounts and to distribute the Distribution Trust Assets in accordance with the Plan and this Agreement.

#### **ARTICLE III**

# **TRUST ACCOUNTS**

3.1 <u>Creation of the Trust Accounts</u>. On or prior to the Effective Date, the Distribution Trustee will establish in its own name with federally insured United States banks the Distribution Trust Expenses Account, the Priority Claims Trust Account, the Unsecured Claims Trust Account and the Undeliverable Cash Trust Account. On the Effective Date, the Trust Accounts and the contents thereof will be transferred to and irrevocably vest in the Distribution Trust.

# 3.2 <u>Distribution Trust Expenses Account.</u>

3.2.1 <u>Initial Funding</u>. On the Effective Date following the transfer of Distribution Trust Assets to the Distribution Trust pursuant to Section 2.3, the Distribution Trustee will fund the Distribution Trust Expenses Account with \$[\_\_\_] in Cash from the Distribution Trust Assets so transferred.

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3.2.2 <u>Use of Funds</u>. Except as otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court, the Distribution Trustee, in its capacity as Disbursing Agent, will, in its reasonable discretion, pay Distribution Trust Expenses from the Distribution Trust Expenses Account, without the need for further Bankruptcy Court approval. Cash in the Distribution Trust Expenses Account will also be used to pay Taxes owing in respect of any amounts included in the Distribution Trust Expenses Account in accordance with Section 10.4.3.

3.2.3 <u>Subsequent Funding</u>. If, at any time after the initial funding of the Distribution Trust Expenses Account as contemplated by Section 3.2.1, the Distribution Trustee determines, in its reasonable discretion, that the Cash balance of the Distribution Trust Expenses Account will be insufficient to make all payments payable therefrom in accordance with the terms of the Plan and this Agreement, the Distribution Trustee may transfer from the Unsecured Claims Trust Account to the Distribution Trust Expenses Account Cash in an aggregate amount determined by the Distribution Trustee, in its reasonable discretion, to be necessary to ensure that the Cash balance of the Distribution Trust Expenses Account will be sufficient to make all such payments. To the fullest extent possible, any transfer pursuant to this Section 3.2.3 will be accomplished in a manner intended to avoid or minimize any adverse impact on the ability to make full distributions to holders of Allowed Secured Claims, Allowed Administrative Claims, Allowed Priority Claims and Allowed Priority Tax Claims or distributions to holders of Allowed Unsecured Claims in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

3.2.4 <u>Excess Funds</u>. If, at any time after the initial funding of the Distribution Trust Expenses Account pursuant to Section 3.2.1, the Distribution Trustee determines that the Cash balance of the Distribution Trust Expenses Account is in excess of the amount that will be sufficient to make all payments payable therefrom in accordance with the terms of the Plan and this Agreement, the Distribution Trustee, with the consent of the Steering

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Committee, acting through a majority thereof, may transfer such excess Cash to the Unsecured Claims Trust Account.

3.3 Priority Claims Trust Accounts.

3.3.1 <u>Initial Funding</u>. On the Effective Date following the transfer of Distribution Trust Assets to the Distribution Trust pursuant to Section 2.3, the Distribution Trustee will fund the Priority Claims Trust Account with \$[\_\_\_\_] in Cash from the Distribution Trust Assets so transferred.

3.3.2 <u>Use of Funds</u>. Cash in the Priority Claims Trust Account will be used by the Distribution Trustee only to (a) satisfy Allowed Secured Claims, Allowed Administrative Claims, Allowed Priority Claims and Allowed Priority Tax Claims against the Estate of AJI or the Estate of KJC in accordance with the terms of the Plan and (b) pay Taxes owing in respect of any amounts included in the Priority Claims Trust Account in accordance with Section 10.4.3.

3.3.3 <u>Subsequent Funding</u>. If, at any time after the initial funding of the Priority Claims Trust Account pursuant to Section 3.3.1, the Distribution Trustee determines, in its reasonable discretion, that the Cash balance of the Priority Claims Trust Account is insufficient to make all payments payable therefrom in accordance with the terms of the Plan and this Agreement, the Distribution Trustee will transfer from the Unsecured Claims Trust Account to the Priority Claims Trust Account Cash in an amount determined by the Distribution Trustee, in its reasonable discretion, to be necessary to ensure that the Cash balance of the Priority Claims Trust Account will be sufficient to so make all such payments. To the fullest extent possible, any transfer pursuant to this Section 3.3.3 will be accomplished in a manner intended to avoid or minimize any adverse impact on the ability to make distributions to holders of Allowed Unsecured Claims in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

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3.3.4 <u>Excess Funds</u>. If, at any time after the initial funding of the Priority Claims Trust Account pursuant to Section 3.3.1, the Distribution Trustee determines that the Cash balance of the Priority Claims Trust Account is in excess of the amount that will be sufficient to make all payments payable therefrom in accordance with the terms of the Plan and this Agreement, the Distribution Trustee, with the consent of the Steering Committee, acting through a majority thereof, may transfer such excess Cash to the Unsecured Claims Trust Account.

3.3.5 Disputed Claims Reserves. On the Effective Date, (a) in connection with the initial funding of the Priority Claims Trust Account pursuant to Section 3.3.1, the Distribution Trustee will designate, with the consent of the Creditors' Committee and KACC, a specified portion of such initial funding as a Disputed Claims Reserve to be retained in such Trust Account to satisfy any Disputed Secured Claims, Disputed Administrative Claims, Disputed Priority Claims and Disputed Priority Tax Claims against the Estate of AJI or the Estate of KJC in accordance with the Plan, if, as and when they are allowed or, to the extent such Disputed Claims are not allowed, to satisfy Claims that are allowed in accordance with the terms of the Plan, and (b) in connection with any subsequent transfer of Cash to the Priority Claims Trust Account pursuant to Section 3.3.3, the Distribution Trustee will designate amounts so transferred, to the extent they are not identified as Pending Payments, as Disputed Claims Reserves to be retained in such Trust Account to satisfy Disputed Secured Claims, Disputed Administrative Claims, Disputed Priority Claim and Disputed Priority Tax Claims against the Estate of AJI or the Estate of KJC in accordance with the Plan, if, as and when they are allowed or, to the extent such Disputed Claims are not allowed, to satisfy Claims that are allowed in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

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#### 3.4 Unsecured Claims Trust Account.

3.4.1 Initial Funding. On the Effective Date, after the initial funding of the Distribution Trust Expenses Account in accordance with Section 3.2.1 and the initial funding of the Priority Claims Trust Account in accordance with Section 3.3.1, the Distribution Trustee will (a) from the Distribution Trust Assets, (i) make allowance for the allocation to the Subclass 3A Distributable Consideration of the amount contemplated by clause (b) of Section 1.1(99) of the Plan and (ii) make the payment contemplated by Section 2.2(d) of the Plan and (b) thereafter fund the Unsecured Claims Trust Account with the remainder of the Distribution Trust Assets.

3.4.2 Use of Funds. Cash in the Unsecured Claims Trust Account will be used by the Distribution Trustee only to (a) satisfy Allowed Unsecured Claims against the Estate of AJI or the Estate of KJC in accordance with the terms of the Plan, (b) pay the amounts to be deducted from the Subclass 3A Distributable Consideration as contemplated by Section 2.4(c)(i) of the Plan (except to the extent allowance has been made therefor as provided in Section 3.4.1), and (c) pay Taxes owing in respect of any amounts included in the Unsecured Claims Trust Account in accordance with Section 10.4.3.

#### 3.4.3 **Disputed Claims Reserves.**

(a)

Initial Funding; Subsequent Funding From Other Trust Accounts. In connection with the initial funding of the Unsecured Claims Trust Account pursuant to Section 3.4.1, the Distribution Trustee will designate a specified portion of such initial funding as a Disputed Claims Reserve to be retained in such Trust Account to satisfy any Disputed Unsecured Claims against the Estate of AJI or the Estate of KJC in accordance with the terms of the Plan, if, as and when they are allowed or, to the extent such Disputed Claims are not allowed, to satisfy Claims that

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are allowed in accordance with the terms of the Plan. In connection with any subsequent transfers of Cash to the Unsecured Claims Trust Account pursuant to Section 3.2.4, 3.3.4, 3.4.3(b) or 5.2.4(b), the Distribution Trustee will designate amounts so transferred, to the extent they are not identified as Pending Payments, as Disputed Claims Reserves to be retained in such Trust Account to satisfy the Disputed Unsecured Claims against the Estate of AJI or the Estate of KJC in accordance with the terms of the Plan, if, as and when they are allowed or, to the extent such Disputed Claims are not allowed, to satisfy Claims that are allowed in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

(b) <u>Deposit of New Cash Following the Effective Date</u>. Any Cash that becomes available to the Distribution Trust following the Effective Date, including as a result of the release of all or any portion of the \$20,000,000 to be maintained in a cash collateral account securing the payment of the debtor-inpossession facility entered into by KACC and certain of its affiliated companies including the Debtors, will be deposited in the Unsecured Claims Trust Account.

3.5 <u>Undeliverable Cash Trust Account</u>. After the Effective Date, if any distribution to a holder of an Allowed Unsecured Claim is returned to the Distribution Trustee as undeliverable, the Distribution Trustee will deposit the undeliverable Cash in the Undeliverable Cash Trust Account. The Distribution Trustee will hold such funds, in a book-entry sub-account in the Undeliverable Cash Trust Account, for the benefit of such holder. Until such holder notifies the Distribution Trustee in writing of its then-current address, as contemplated by Section 5.2.4 no attempt will be made to deliver subsequent distributions to such holder and any such distributions that such holder would otherwise be entitled to receive instead will be transferred from the Unsecured Claims Trust Account to the Undeliverable Cash Trust Account

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and credited to such book-entry sub-account. All Cash held in such book-entry sub-account for the benefit of such holder will be invested by the Distribution Trustee in a manner consistent with the investment and deposit guidelines set forth in this Agreement. Any income or interest generated from such investment activities will be held in such book-entry sub-account for the benefit of such holder until such holder notifies the Distribution Trustee in writing of its thencurrent address as contemplated by Section 5.2.4. Subject to Section 5.2.4(b), when such holder notifies the Distribution Trustee in writing of its then-current address as contemplated by Section 5.2.4, the Distribution Trustee will deliver to such holder all Cash contained in such book-entry sub-account (net of provision for Taxes owing in respect of amounts included in such book-entry sub-account in accordance with Section 10.4.3). In the event such holder's right to assert a claim for undeliverable distributions is forfeited as contemplated by Section 5.2.4(b), all Cash contained in such book-entry sub-account will be transferred from the Undeliverable Cash Trust Account to the Unsecured Claims Trust Account for redistribution to holders of Allowed Unsecured Claims entitled to distributions therefrom.

3.6 <u>Tax Treatment</u>. The Distribution Trust (which consists of the Distribution Trust Expenses Account, the Priority Claims Trust Account, the Unsecured Claims Trust Account and the Undeliverable Cash Trust Account) is intended to be treated, in part, for federal income Tax purposes as a liquidating trust, within the meaning of Treasury Regulations section 301.7701-4(d), for the benefit of holders of Allowed Claims entitled to distributions of Pending Payments and otherwise is intended to be treated for federal income Tax purposes as one or more disputed ownership funds, within the meaning of Proposed Treasury Regulations section 1.468B-9(a). The Distribution Trustee will act as the "administrator," within the meaning of Proposed Treasury Regulations section 1.468B-9(b)(1), of such funds. The Disputed Claims Reserves will be subject to the continuing jurisdiction of the Bankruptcy Court, and, as a result, no money or

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property can be paid or distributed from the Disputed Claims Reserves to, or on behalf of, a "claimant" or the "transferor" (as such terms are defined in Proposed Treasury Regulations section 1.468B-9(b)(2)) except if, as and when Claims become Allowed Claims (or Distribution Trust Expenses) pursuant to the procedures for allowing Claims (or incurring and paying Distribution Trust Expenses) and making distributions prescribed in the Plan.

#### **ARTICLE IV**

# ADMINISTRATION OF THE DISTRIBUTION TRUST

4.1 <u>Rights, Powers and Privileges</u>. The Distribution Trustee will have only the rights, powers and privileges to act on behalf of the Distribution Trust expressly provided in the Plan and this Agreement and as provided by law in the event that the Plan or this Agreement does not reference any such right, power or privilege. Unless otherwise expressly limited or restricted by the Plan or this Agreement, so long as such actions are, in the Distribution Trustee's best judgment, necessary to manage the affairs of the Distribution Trust and safeguard the interest of the Beneficiaries, the Distribution Trustee will have the right, power and privilege, and obligation, to:

(a) execute all agreements, instruments and other documents and effect all other actions necessary to implement the Plan;

(b) establish, maintain and administer the Trust Accounts;

(c) accept, preserve, receive, collect, manage, invest, supervise and protect the Distribution Trust Assets (directly or through one or more third-party Disbursing Agents), each in accordance with the Plan and this Agreement;

(d) liquidate, transfer or otherwise dispose of the Distribution Trust Assets or any part thereof or any interest therein upon such terms as the Distribution Trustee determines to be necessary, appropriate or desirable, pursuant to the procedures for allowing Claims and making distributions prescribed in the Plan, and otherwise consistent with the terms of the Plan; (e) calculate and make distributions of the Distribution Trust Assets to holders of Allowed Claims pursuant to the procedures for allowing Claims and making distributions prescribed in the Plan;

(f) review, reconcile, settle or object to Claims and resolve any such objections as set forth in the Plan and this Agreement;

(g) comply with the Plan and exercise its rights and fulfill its obligations thereunder;

(h) investigate and, if appropriate, pursue any Recovery Actions or other available causes of action (including any actions previously initiated by the Debtors and pending as of the Effective Date) and raise any defenses in any adverse actions or counter-claims;

(i) retain and compensate, without further order of the Bankruptcy Court, the services of professionals or other persons or entities to represent, advise and assist the Distribution Trustee in the fulfillment of its responsibilities in connection with the Plan and this Agreement;

(j) take such steps as are necessary, appropriate or desirable, to coordinate with representatives of the estates of the Other Kaiser Debtors;

(k) take such actions as are necessary, appropriate or desirable, to close the Chapter 11 Cases;

(1) file appropriate Tax returns on behalf of the Distribution Trust and the Debtors and pay Taxes or other obligations owed by the Distribution Trust;

(m) take such actions as are necessary, appropriate or desirable, to cause the transfer of any attorney-client privilege, work-product privilege or other privilege or immunity of the Debtors attaching to any documents or communications (whether written or oral) to the Distribution Trust (which privileges and immunities are intended to be transferred to the Distribution Trust);

(n) purchase insurance with such coverage and limits as it determines, in its reasonable discretion, to be necessary, appropriate or desirable (including insurance covering the Indemnified Parties for liabilities incurred in connection with the performance of duties under the Plan and this Agreement);

(o) determine the manner of ascertainment of income and principal of the assets in the Distribution Trust, and the apportionment of income and principal among such assets;

(p) enforce, waive, assign or release rights, powers, privileges and immunities of any kind of the Debtors, except to the extent expressly limited by, or otherwise contrary to its duties established by, the Plan or this Agreement; (q) appear and participate in any proceeding before the Bankruptcy Court with respect to any matter regarding or relating to the Plan, this Agreement, the Distribution Trust, the Distribution Trust Assets or the Debtors;

(r) sue, defend and participate, as a party or otherwise, in any judicial, administrative, arbitrative or other proceeding relating to the Plan, this Agreement, the Distribution Trust, the Distribution Trust Assets or the Debtors;

(s) consult with the Beneficiaries at such times and with respect to such issues relating to the conduct of the Distribution Trust as the Distribution Trustee determines, in its reasonable discretion, to be necessary, appropriate or desirable;

(t) pay all Distribution Trust Expenses using the Distribution Trust Expenses Account;

(u) undertake any action or perform any obligation of the Distribution Trustee and the Debtors provided for or required by the Plan, including production of documents and providing of testimony, with respect to any investigation, subpoena or inquiry into the Debtors or the Debtors' financial affairs;

(v) execute, deliver and perform such other agreements and documents or exercise such other powers and duties as the Distribution Trustee determines, in its reasonable discretion, to be necessary, appropriate or desirable, to accomplish and implement the purposes and provisions of the Distribution Trust as set forth in the Plan and this Agreement;

(w) take such actions as are necessary, appropriate or desirable to terminate the existence of the Debtors under the laws of Jamaica; and

(x) terminate this Distribution Trust in accordance with the terms of the Plan and this Agreement.

4.2 Limitation on Investigations; Delivery of Documents and Related Matters.

The Distribution Trustee will be entitled to rely upon <u>Exhibit B</u> as a true and complete schedule

of Distribution Trust Assets existing immediately prior to the Effective Date. The Distribution

Trustee will have no obligation to investigate or to determine the existence of any Distribution

Trust Asset other than those identified on Exhibit B. If, notwithstanding the foregoing, the

Distribution Trustee becomes aware of a potential cause of action with apparent value to the

Distribution Trust, it will take such reasonable steps as it determines, in its reasonable discretion,

to be appropriate to investigate such cause of action. The Distribution Trustee may reasonably

rely upon any document or record that the Debtors deliver to it and will be protected in acting or refraining from acting on any such document based upon such reasonable reliance. Prior to their dissolution as contemplated in Section 4.4, the Debtors will cooperate with the Distribution Trustee in providing it with pertinent documents and business records or access thereto. In fulfilling their obligations in the preceding sentence, the Debtors will undertake, in good faith, to locate and deliver to the Distribution Trustee documents currently in the Debtors' physical possession that they believe, in their reasonable discretion, are relevant to any Claims currently in dispute or to any asset or liability being transferred to the Distribution Trustee any such relevant documents are unable to locate or deliver to the Distribution Trustee any such relevant documents referred to above or if any additional relevant documents are identified later that were not delivered by the Debtors to the Distribution Trustee and (b) no party (including the Distribution Trustee) will have recourse against the Debtor Parties or their respective assets with respect to such matters under any circumstances.

4.3 <u>No Personal Liability</u>. None of the provisions in the Plan or this Agreement will be construed to require the Distribution Trustee to expend or risk its own funds or otherwise incur personal liability in the performance of its duties or in the reasonable exercise of its rights, powers and privileges hereunder if there are reasonable grounds for the Distribution Trustee to believe that the repayment of any such validly expended funds or adequate indemnity against such risk of liability is not reasonably assured. Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing in this Section 4.3 will relieve the Distribution Trustee of any liability for any action or omission resulting from bad faith, fraud, willful misconduct, gross negligence or breach of its fiduciary duties.

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4.4 <u>Dissolution of the Debtors</u>. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the Distribution Trustee will take all such actions (including making necessary filings) and pay all such amounts (using funds available in the Distribution Trust Expenses Account) as are necessary, appropriate or desirable to complete the dissolution of the Debtors in accordance with applicable state law as expeditiously as possible.

4.5 <u>Agents and Professionals</u>. Except as otherwise provided in the Plan or this Agreement: (a) the Distribution Trustee may consult with independent legal counsel to be selected by it and the advice or opinion of such counsel will be full and complete personal protection to the Distribution Trustee and agents of the Distribution Trustee in respect of any action taken or suffered by it in good faith and in reliance on, or in accordance with, such advice or opinion; and (b) persons (including any professionals retained by the Distribution Trustee) dealing with the Distribution Trustee will look only to the Distribution Trust Assets to satisfy any liability incurred by the Distribution Trustee to such person in carrying out the terms of the Plan or this Agreement, and (subject to Section 8.2 of this Agreement with respect to liabilities resulting from the Distribution Trustee's bad faith, fraud, willful misconduct, gross negligence or breach of its fiduciary duties) the Distribution Trustee will have no personal or individual obligation to satisfy any such liability.

4.6 <u>Authentication of Documents</u>. The Distribution Trustee will not be responsible for the title, validity or genuineness of any property or evidence of title thereto received by it or delivered by it pursuant to this Agreement and will be held harmless and will be fully indemnified (pursuant to Section 8.3) by the Distribution Trust in acting upon any document believed by it to be genuine and delivered by the proper party or parties.

4.7 <u>Investment Guidelines</u>. The Distribution Trustee will invest the Distribution Trust Assets only in Permitted Investments; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that,

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notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the scope of any such Permitted Investments will be limited to include only those investments that a liquidating trust, within the meaning of Treasury Regulations section 301.7701-4(d) and Internal Revenue Service Revenue Procedure 94-45 may be permitted to hold, pursuant to any amendment or addition to the Internal Revenue Code or to the Treasury Regulations, or any modification in Internal Revenue Service guidelines whether set forth in Internal Revenue Service rulings, other Internal Revenue Service pronouncements or otherwise. Such investments will mature in such amounts and at such times as, in the reasonable discretion of the Distribution Trustee at the times such investments are made, are necessary, appropriate or desirable with a view to providing funds when needed to make payments from the Distribution Trust Assets. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Distribution Trustee determines, in its reasonable discretion, that the administrative costs associated with such investment will exceed the return on such investment, it may direct that such Cash not be invested. The Beneficiaries entitled to receive Pending Payments will be responsible for reporting their respective share of the income on investments of such amounts in the Trust Accounts and paying the applicable Taxes thereon in accordance with Section 10.4.2. The Distribution Trustee will be responsible for reporting all other income in each of the Trust Accounts and paying any applicable Taxes thereon in accordance with Section 10.4.3. The Distribution Trustee will be under no liability to accrue interest or produce income on any monies received by it hereunder and held for distribution or payment to the Beneficiaries, except as such interest is actually received by the Distribution Trustee.

4.8 <u>Disputed Claims</u>. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Plan and this Agreement, no payments or distributions will be made on account of a Disputed Claim unless and until such Claim becomes an Allowed Claim. A holder of a Disputed Claim that ultimately becomes an Allowed Claim will have recourse only to the undistributed Cash held in

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the Disputed Claims Reserve of the applicable Trust Account (net of Taxes on such Disputed Claims Reserves) for the satisfaction of such Allowed Claim and not to any other Trust Account or any assets previously distributed on account of any Allowed Claim.

4.9 <u>Trade or Business</u>. The Distribution Trustee will not at any time, on behalf of the Distribution Trust or the Beneficiaries, operate as a business entity within the meaning of Treasury Regulations section 301.7701-2, or engage in any trade or business as proscribed by Treasury Regulations section 301.7701-4(d), and the Distribution Trustee will not use or dispose of any part of the Distribution Trust Assets in furtherance of any trade or business. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Distribution Trustee will not be prohibited from engaging in any trade or business for its own account, <u>provided</u> that such activity does not interfere with the Distribution Trustee's administration of the Distribution Trust.

4.10 <u>Court Approval of Distribution Trustee Actions</u>.

4.10.1 <u>Court Approval Generally Not Required</u>. Except as otherwise provided in Plan or this Agreement, the Distribution Trustee will not be required to obtain the order or approval of the Bankruptcy Court or any other court of competent jurisdiction in, or account to the Bankruptcy Court or any other court of competent jurisdiction for, the exercise of any right, power or privilege conferred hereunder.

4.10.2 <u>Right to Seek Court Approval</u>. Notwithstanding the foregoing, where the Distribution Trustee determines, in its reasonable discretion, that it is necessary, appropriate or desirable, the Distribution Trustee will have the right to submit to the Bankruptcy Court or any other court of competent jurisdiction any question or questions regarding any specific action proposed to be taken by the Distribution Trustee with respect to the Plan, this Agreement, the Distribution Trust, the Distribution Trust Assets or the Debtors, including the administration and distribution of the Distribution Trust Assets. Pursuant to the

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Plan, the Bankruptcy Court has retained jurisdiction for such purposes and may approve or disapprove any such proposed action upon motion by the Distribution Trustee.

4.10.3 <u>Court Direction Absent Express Procedures</u>. For the avoidance of doubt, in the event that this Agreement does not expressly establish procedures governing the obligations of the Distribution Trustee established by the Plan or this Agreement, the Distribution Trustee will take direction from the Bankruptcy Court or any other court of competent jurisdiction with respect to the fulfillment of such obligations, including management of the Distribution Trust Assets, the creation of reserves, the distribution of Distribution Trust Assets to satisfy Claims and the recognition of Beneficiaries.

4.10.4 <u>No Liability</u>. The Distribution Trustee will have no liability for taking any action approved by the Bankruptcy Court or any other court of competent jurisdiction or for otherwise complying with an order of the Bankruptcy Court or any other court of competent jurisdiction.

#### **ARTICLE V**

#### DISTRIBUTIONS FROM THE DISTRIBUTION TRUST

5.1 <u>Method of Distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims</u>. The Distribution Trustee will make all distributions of Cash required under the Plan. The Distribution Trustee will serve without bond and may employ or contract with other entities to assist in or make the distributions required by the Plan and this Agreement. Unless the context otherwise requires, all references to the Distribution Trustee contained in this Article V will be deemed to be references to the Distribution Trustee in its capacity as Disbursing Agent and, in the event it employs or contracts with one or more other entities to assist in or make the distributions required by the Plan and this Agreement as contemplated by the immediately preceding sentence, to any such third-party Disbursing Agent in its capacity as such. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in

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this Agreement, the Distribution Trustee itself will act as the Disbursing Agent for the Distribution Trust Expenses Account.

5.2 <u>Delivery of Distributions</u>.

5.2.1 <u>Generally</u>. Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, distributions in respect of Allowed Claims will be made to holders of such Claims as of the Distribution Record Date at the addresses set forth in the applicable Claims Report. Prior to making any distribution to a Beneficiary, the Distribution Trustee may request written notification of the Beneficiary's federal taxpayer identification number or social security number if the Distribution Trustee determines, in its reasonable discretion, that such information (a) is necessary to fulfill its Tax reporting and withholding obligations and (b) has not been provided in the applicable Claims Report or otherwise. The Distribution Trustee, in its reasonable discretion, may suspend distributions to any Beneficiary that has not provided its federal taxpayer identification number or social security number, as the case may be, after a request is made pursuant to and in accordance with the terms of this Section 5.2.1.

5.2.2 <u>Distributions to Holders of Public Note Claims</u>. All distributions to holders of Allowed Public Note Claims will be made to the applicable Indenture Trustee for distribution to holders of the Allowed Public Note Claims as of the Distribution Record Date.

5.2.3 <u>Quarterly Distributions</u>. On or as promptly as practicable after each Quarterly Distribution Date, the Distribution Trustee will make distributions to holders of Disputed Claims that have become Allowed Claims during the immediately preceding calendar quarter; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that if the Distribution Trustee determines, in its reasonable discretion, that the amount of any quarterly distribution is too small to justify the administrative costs associated with such distribution, the Distribution Trustee may postpone such quarterly

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distribution until the next Quarterly Distribution Date. The Distribution Trustee will have no obligation to notify Beneficiaries of such determination.

### 5.2.4 <u>Undeliverable Distributions</u>.

(a) <u>No Further Attempts At Delivery</u>. If any distribution to a holder of an Allowed Unsecured Claim is returned to the Distribution Trustee as undeliverable, then unless and until the Distribution Trustee is notified in writing of the holder's then-current address: (i) subject to Section 5.2.4(b), such undeliverable distribution will remain in the possession of the Distribution Trustee as provided in Section 3.5 and no further attempt will be made to deliver such distribution and (ii) no attempt will be made to deliver subsequent distributions to such holder and any such distributions that such holder would otherwise be entitled to receive instead will be treated as provided in Section 3.5.

(b) <u>Forfeiture and Redistribution</u>. Any holder of an Allowed Unsecured Claim that does not assert a claim for an undeliverable distribution by delivering to the Distribution Trustee a written notice setting forth such holder's thencurrent address within 180 days after the later of (i) the Effective Date and (ii) the last date on which a distribution was deliverable to the holder will have its claim for undeliverable distributions discharged and will be forever barred from asserting such claim or any claim for subsequent distributions against the Debtors, the Distribution Trustee or their respective properties, including the Trust Accounts, whereupon all Cash contained in the book-entry sub-account in the Undeliverable Cash Trust Account created for the benefit of such holder will be transferred to the Unsecured Claims Trust Account for redistribution to holders of Allowed Unsecured Claims entitled to distributions therefrom. For purposes of any such redistribution, each

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Allowed Claim in respect of which a claim for undeliverable distributions has been discharged as contemplated by this Section 5.2.4(b) will be deemed disallowed in its entirety.

(c) <u>No Requirement to Attempt to Locate Holders</u>. Nothing contained in the Plan will require the Debtors or the Distribution Trustee to attempt to locate any holder of an Allowed Claim.

5.2.5 <u>Annual Distributions of Net Income</u>. The Distribution Trustee will distribute at least annually to the Beneficiaries (as such may have been determined at such time) the net income of the Distribution Trust (net of any payment of or provisions for Taxes), except for amounts retained as reasonably necessary to maintain the value of the Distribution Trust Assets or to meet claims and contingent liabilities (including Disputed Claims).

5.3 <u>Means of Cash Payments</u>. Except as otherwise provided in the Plan or this Agreement, Cash payments made pursuant to the Plan will be in United States currency by checks drawn on the applicable Trust Accounts or, at the option of the Distribution Trustee, by wire transfer from a domestic bank; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that Cash payments to foreign holders of Allowed Claims may be made, at the option of the Distribution Trustee, in such funds and by such means as are necessary or customary in a particular foreign jurisdiction. If a check included in a distribution to a holder of an Allowed Unsecured Claim is not cashed within 180 days of the issuance thereof, the Distribution Trustee will void such check and such distribution will be treated as undeliverable in accordance with Section 5.2.4(a).

#### 5.4 <u>Timing and Calculation of Amounts to Be Distributed.</u>

5.4.1 <u>Allowed Claims Other Than Unsecured Claims in Subclass 3A,</u> <u>Subclass 3C and Subclass 3D; Certain Payments From the Subclass 3A Distributable</u> <u>Consideration</u>. On or as promptly as practicable after the Effective Date, the Distribution

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Trustee will: (a) make distributions to holders of Secured Claims, Administrative Claims, Priority Claims and Priority Tax Claims allowed as of the Effective Date; (b) if, and only if, Subclass 3B votes to accept the Plan, as provided in Section 2.4(c)(ii) of the Plan, make distributions to holders of Allowed Claims in Subclass 3B; and (c) make the payments of amounts to be deducted from the Subclass 3A Distributable Consideration as contemplated by Section 2.4(c)(i) of the Plan. On or as promptly as practicable after each Quarterly Distribution Date, the Distribution Trustee will make distributions to holders of Disputed Secured Claims, Disputed Administrative Claims, Disputed Priority Claims and Disputed Priority Tax Claims that were allowed during the immediately preceding calendar quarter. If the determination contemplated by clause (a) of Section 2.4(c)(i) of the Plan has not been made by the Bankruptcy Court prior to the Effective Date, then, in order to ensure funding of any payment that may be required upon such determination, on the Effective Date the Distribution Trustee will reserve from the Subclass 3A Distributable Consideration any amount that may be ordered by the Bankruptcy Court to be so reserved pending such determination.

# 5.4.2 Allowed Unsecured Claims in Subclass 3A, Subclass 3C and

### Subclass 3D.

(a) <u>Initial Distributions</u>. On or as promptly as practicable after the Effective Date, the Distribution Trustee will make distributions to holders of Unsecured Claims in Subclass 3A, Subclass 3C and Subclass 3D allowed as of the Effective Date; <u>provided</u> that the amount of such distributions will be calculated as if each Disputed Unsecured Claim in Subclass 3D were an Allowed Unsecured Claim in its Face Amount as of the Effective Date; <u>provided further</u>, <u>however</u>, that no distribution will be made on account of any Disputed Unsecured Claim in Subclass 3D unless and until it becomes an Allowed Unsecured Claim and amounts withheld

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for Disputed Unsecured Claims in Subclass 3D will remain in the Unsecured Claims Trust Account as part of the Disputed Claims Reserve.

(b) Quarterly Distributions. On or as promptly as practicable after each Quarterly Distribution Date, the Distribution Trustee will distribute to each holder of an Unsecured Claim in Subclass 3A, Subclass 3C or Subclass 3D allowed prior to such Quarterly Distribution Date a distribution from the Unsecured Claims Trust Account (net of provision for Taxes payable in accordance with Section 10.4.3) in an amount equal to: (i) the amount of Cash that such holder would have been entitled to receive pursuant to the Plan if such Claim and all other such Claims had been an Allowed Unsecured Claim as of the Effective Date (with such amount to be calculated in the manner provided in Section 5.4.2(a)) minus (ii) the aggregate amount of Cash previously distributed on account of such Claim. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Distribution Trustee determines, in its reasonable discretion, that the amount of any quarterly distribution is too small to justify the administrative costs associated with such distribution, the Distribution Trustee may postpone such quarterly distribution until the next Quarterly Distribution Date. The Distribution Trustee will have no obligation to notify Beneficiaries if it determines, in its reasonable discretion, that any quarterly distribution will be postponed. In the event of the disallowance of a Disputed Unsecured Claim in Subclass 3D, any amounts held in respect thereof will be released from the Disputed Claims Reserve for distribution in accordance with this Section 5.4.2(b).

5.4.3 <u>*De Minimis* Distributions</u>. The Distribution Trustee will not be required to distribute Cash to the holder of an Allowed Unsecured Claim if the total aggregate amount of Cash to be distributed on account of such Claim is less than \$25. Any holder of an

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Allowed Unsecured Claim on account of which the total aggregate amount of Cash to be distributed is less than \$25 will have its claim for such distribution deemed satisfied, waived and released and will be forever barred from asserting any such Claim against the Debtors, the Distribution Trustee or their respective property, including the Trust Accounts. Any Cash not distributed with respect to Allowed Unsecured Claims as a result of this Section 5.4.3 will be retained in the Unsecured Claims Trust Account for redistribution to other holders of Allowed Unsecured Claims entitled to distributions from the Unsecured Claims Trust Account.

5.4.4 <u>Compliance with Tax Requirements</u>. To the extent applicable, the Distribution Trustee will comply with all Tax withholding and reporting requirements imposed on it by any governmental unit, and all distributions pursuant to the Plan will be subject to such withholding and reporting requirements. The Distribution Trustee will be authorized to take any actions that it determines, in its reasonable discretion, to be necessary, appropriate or desirable, to comply with such withholding and reporting requirements. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan or this Agreement, each entity receiving a distribution of Cash pursuant to the Plan will have sole and exclusive responsibility for the satisfaction and payment of any Tax obligations imposed on it by any governmental unit on account of such distribution, including income, withholding and other Tax obligations.

5.4.5 <u>Setoffs</u>. Except with respect to claims of a Debtor released pursuant to the Plan or any contract, instrument, release or other agreement or document entered into or delivered in connection with the Plan, the Distribution Trustee may, pursuant to section 553 of the Bankruptcy Code or applicable nonbankruptcy law, set off against any Allowed Claim and the distributions to be made pursuant to the Plan on account of such Claim (before any distribution is made on account of such Claim) the claims, rights and causes of action of any nature that the applicable Debtor may hold against the holder of such Allowed Claim; <u>provided</u>,

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<u>however</u>, that neither the failure to effect a setoff nor the allowance of any Claim hereunder will constitute a waiver or release by the applicable Debtor of any claims, rights and causes of action that the Debtor or Debtors may possess against such a Claim holder, which are preserved under the Plan.

5.5 Compensation and Reimbursement for Services Related to Distributions. If the Distribution Trustee employs or contracts with a third-party Disbursing Agent, such Disbursing Agent will receive, without the need for further Bankruptcy Court approval, reasonable compensation for such services and reimbursement of reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with such services. These payments will be made on terms agreed to with Distribution Trustee and will be paid to such Disbursing Agent from funds in the Distribution Trust Expenses Account. To assist in making distributions under the Plan, notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, the applicable Trust Accounts (other than the Distribution Trust Expenses Account) may be held in the name of one or more such Disbursing Agents. Any such Disbursing Agent will invest the Cash in the Trust Accounts as directed by the Distribution Trustee, who will direct such Disbursing Agent to invest such Cash only in Permitted Investments; provided, however, that should the Distribution Trustee determine, in its reasonable discretion, that the administrative costs associated with such investment will exceed the return on such investment, it may direct such Disbursing Agent to not invest such Cash.

5.6 <u>Payments Limited to Trust Accounts</u>. All payments or other distributions to be made by the Distribution Trustee in accordance with the Plan or this Agreement will be made only from the Trust Accounts.

5.7 <u>Insufficient Funds</u>. Provided that the Distribution Trustee has not acted in bad faith, engaged in fraud, willful misconduct or gross negligence or breached its fiduciary

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duties, if the Distribution Trust Assets at any point prove insufficient to pay all Beneficiaries of the Priority Claims Trust Account in full or all Beneficiaries of the Unsecured Claims Trust Account in accordance with the terms of the Plan, the Distribution Trustee will have no obligation to seek disgorgement from any Beneficiary, but may seek the guidance of the Bankruptcy Court or another court of competent jurisdiction consistent with Section 4.10.2.

#### **ARTICLE VI**

# **BENEFICIARIES**

6.1 <u>Beneficial Interest</u>. Ownership of a beneficial interest in the Distribution Trust will not be evidenced by any certificate, security or receipt or in any other form or manner whatsoever, except as maintained on the books and records of the Distribution Trust by the Distribution Trustee. No claimant will have a beneficial interest in the Distribution Trust Assets until such time as the claimant's related Claim becomes an Allowed Claim pursuant to the mechanism for determining Allowed Claims prescribed in the Plan. Except as expressly provided in Section 12.1, payments under this Agreement may not be assigned, alienated, pledged, encumbered or subjected to attachment, garnishment, levy, execution or other legal or equitable process.

6.2 <u>Exemption From Registration</u>. The parties hereto intend that the rights of the Beneficiaries arising under this Distribution Trust will not be "securities" under applicable laws, but none of the parties hereto represent or warrant that such rights will not be securities or that their issuance under the Plan will be entitled to exemption from registration under applicable securities laws. If such rights constitute securities, the parties hereto intend for the exemptions from registration provided by section 1145 of the Bankruptcy Code and by other applicable law to apply to their issuance under the Plan.

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#### **ARTICLE VII**

#### **CERTAIN RIGHTS OF THE DISTRIBUTION TRUSTEE**

7.1 <u>Causes of Action</u>. Except as otherwise provided in the Plan or in any contract, instrument, release or other agreement entered into or delivered in connection with the Plan, in accordance with section 1123(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, the Distribution Trustee will retain and may enforce any claims, demands, rights and causes of action that either Estate may hold against any entity, including the Recovery Actions, to the extent not released under the Plan. Without intending to limit the generality of the foregoing, the Distribution Trustee will retain the right to File and pursue any adversary proceedings available to the Debtors in connection with the Purchase Agreement and the Intercompany Claims Settlement.

7.2 <u>Objections to Claims</u>. The Distribution Trustee, on behalf of the Distribution Trust, with the prior consent of the Steering Committee, acting through a majority thereof, will have the authority to File, settle, compromise, withdraw or litigate to judgment objections to Claims, including pursuant to any alternative dispute resolution or similar procedures approved by the Bankruptcy Court. The Distribution Trustee, with the prior consent of the Steering Committee, acting through a majority thereof, may settle or compromise any Disputed Claim without approval of the Bankruptcy Court in accordance with this Agreement.

#### **ARTICLE VIII**

### THIRD PARTY RIGHTS AND LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

8.1 <u>Parties Dealing With the Distribution Trustee</u>. In the absence of actual knowledge to the contrary, any person dealing with the Distribution Trust or the Distribution Trustee will be entitled to rely on the authority of the Distribution Trustee or any of its agents to act in connection with the Distribution Trust Assets. There is no obligation on any person

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dealing with the Distribution Trustee to inquire into the validity or propriety of any transaction by the Distribution Trustee or any agent of the Distribution Trustee.

8.2 Limitation of Liability. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, in exercising the rights granted hereunder, the Distribution Trustee will use the same degree of care and skill as an individual of ordinary prudence, discretion and judgment would exercise or use in such individual's own affairs. The Debtors, the Distribution Trust, the Distribution Trustee and their respective directors, officers, employees, agents, professionals and other representatives, acting in such capacity, will neither have nor incur any liability to any entity for any act taken or omitted to be taken in connection with or related to the formulation, preparation, dissemination, implementation, confirmation or consummation of the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, this Agreement or any contract, instrument, release or other agreement or document created or entered into, or any other act taken or omitted to be taken, in connection with the Plan or this Agreement; provided, however, that the foregoing provisions of this paragraph will have no effect on (a) the liability of any entity that would otherwise result from the failure to perform or pay any obligation or liability under the Plan, this Agreement or any contract, instrument, release or other agreement to be entered into or delivered in connection with the Plan or (b) the liability of any such entity that otherwise would result from any such act or omission to the extent that such act or omission is determined in a Final Order to have constituted bad faith, fraud, willful misconduct, gross negligence or a breach of fiduciary duty.

8.3 <u>Indemnification</u>. The Indemnified Parties will be indemnified by the Distribution Trust from the Distribution Expenses Trust Account for any losses, claims, damages, liabilities or expenses, including reasonable attorneys' fees, disbursements and related expenses, that the Indemnified Parties may incur or to which the Indemnified Parties may become subject in connection with any action, suit, proceeding or investigation brought by or

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threatened against one or more of the Indemnified Parties on account of the acts or omissions of the Distribution Trustee in its capacity as such, including acts or omissions with respect to the Disputed Claims; provided, however, that the Distribution Trust will not be liable to indemnify any Indemnified Party for any action or omission constituting bad faith, fraud, willful misconduct, gross negligence or a breach of fiduciary duty; provided further that (except as provided in the preceding proviso) nothing in this Section 8.3 will be deemed to restrict the Distribution Trustee's right to receive an indemnity based on any act or omission taken in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the Indemnified Parties will be entitled to obtain advances from the Distribution Expenses Trust Account to cover their expenses of defending themselves in any action brought against them as a result of the acts or omissions, actual or alleged, of the Distribution Trustee in its capacity as such; provided, however, that the Indemnified Parties receiving such advances provide an undertaking to repay the amounts so advanced to the Distribution Expenses Trust Account upon the entry of a Final Order finding that such Indemnified Parties were not entitled to any indemnity under the provisions of this Section 8.3.

#### **ARTICLE IX**

# SELECTION, REMOVAL AND COMPENSATION OF THE DISTRIBUTION TRUSTEE

9.1 <u>Initial Distribution Trustee</u>. The initial Distribution Trustee will be [\_\_\_\_\_].

9.2 <u>Term of Service</u>. The Distribution Trustee will serve until (a) termination of the Distribution Trust in accordance with this Agreement or (b) the Distribution Trustee's resignation or removal.

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9.3 <u>Removal of the Distribution Trustee</u>. Any person serving as the Distribution Trustee may be removed at any time by a Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court. The removal will be effective on the date specified in such Final Order.

9.4 <u>Resignation of the Distribution Trustee</u>. The Distribution Trustee may resign at any time by giving the Bankruptcy Court at least 30 days' written notice of the Distribution Trustee's intention to do so. In the event of a resignation, the resigning Distribution Trustee (or the successor Distribution Trustee) will render to the Bankruptcy Court a full and complete accounting of monies and assets received, disbursed and held during the term of office of the resigning Distribution Trustee. The resignation will be effective on the latest of (a) the date specified in the notice; (b) the date that is 30 days after the date the notice is delivered; (c) the date the accounting described in the preceding sentence is delivered; and (d) the date the successor Distribution Trustee accepts its appointment as such.

9.5 <u>Appointment of Successor Distribution Trustee</u>. Prior to the resignation or removal of the Distribution Trustee, the Indenture Trustees and the PBGC together will (a) identify a successor Distribution Trustee to fill the vacancy and (b) request the Bankruptcy Court's approval of the identity and terms of engagement of such successor Distribution Trustee. To the extent the Indenture Trustees and the PBGC cannot agree on a successor Distribution Trustee, each Indenture Trustee and the PBGC will submit a proposed successor Distribution Trustee to the Bankruptcy Court, and the Bankruptcy Court will select the successor Distribution Trustee from such proposals to fill the vacancy. Except as otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court, any successor Distribution Trustee so appointed must consent to and accept in writing the terms of this Agreement and agree that the provisions of this Agreement are binding upon and inure to the benefit of the successor Distribution Trustee and all of such successor Distribution Trustee's heirs and legal and personal representatives, successors or assigns. If the Indenture

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Trustees and the PBGC do not make a request to appoint a successor Distribution Trustee within 30 days of the delivery of the notice of resignation to the Indenture Trustees and the PBGC, the resigning Distribution Trustee will have the right to request the Bankruptcy Court's approval of a successor Distribution Trustee.

9.6 <u>Powers and Duties of Successor Distribution Trustee</u>. A successor Distribution Trustee will have all the rights, powers, privileges and duties of its predecessor.

9.7 <u>Trust Continuance</u>. The resignation or removal of the Distribution Trustee will not terminate the Distribution Trust or revoke any existing agency created pursuant to this Agreement or invalidate any action theretofore taken by the Distribution Trustee.

9.8 <u>Compensation and Costs of Administration</u>. The Distribution Trustee will receive fair and reasonable compensation for its services, which will be a charge against and paid out of the Distribution Trust Expenses Account. The Distribution Trustee's fees are as set forth in the Engagement Letter. In addition, all reasonable costs, expenses and obligations incurred by the Distribution Trustee in administering the Distribution Trust, in carrying out its other responsibilities under this Agreement or in any manner connected, incidental or related thereto (including the cost of professionals that may, in accordance with this Agreement, be employed by the Distribution Trustee) will be paid, at the direction of the Distribution Trustee, from the Distribution Trust Expenses Account. The terms of the Engagement Letter are incorporated herein by reference and for all purposes are deemed to be an integral part of this Agreement to the same extent as if restated in full herein.

#### **ARTICLE X**

#### **MAINTENANCE OF RECORDS; REPORTING**

10.1 <u>Books and Records</u>. The Distribution Trustee will maintain books and records containing a description of all property from time to time constituting the Distribution

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Trust Assets (which assets will be valued consistently for all federal income Tax purposes) and an accounting of all receipts and disbursements. Such books and records will be open to inspection by any Beneficiary or the Bankruptcy Court at any reasonable time during normal business hours. The fiscal year of the Distribution Trust will be the calendar year.

10.2 <u>Reports to be Filed with the Bankruptcy Court.</u>

10.2.1 <u>Quarterly Reports</u>. Within 45 days after the end of each of the first three calendar quarters of each calendar year, the Distribution Trustee, on behalf of the Distribution Trust, will File a Quarterly Receipts/Disbursements Report with the Bankruptcy Court.

10.2.2 <u>Annual Reports</u>. Within 90 days after the end of each calendar year, the Distribution Trustee, on behalf of the Distribution Trust, will File an Annual Receipts/Disbursements Report with the Bankruptcy Court.

10.2.3 <u>Current Reports</u>. In the event of developments affecting the Distribution Trust in any material respect (as determined by the Distribution Trustee in its reasonable discretion), the Distribution Trustee, on behalf of the Distribution Trust, will File promptly with the Bankruptcy Court a Current Report.

10.2.4 <u>Form of Reports</u>. Any report required by this Section 10.2 will be in such form as required or approved by the United States Trustee.

10.2.5 <u>Reports Available on Request</u>. The Distribution Trustee will furnish or otherwise make available to any then-current Beneficiary, upon written request, a copy of (a) the most recent Annual Receipts/Disbursements Report, (b) any Quarterly Receipts/Disbursements Report for any period subsequent to the period covered by the most recent Annual Receipts/Disbursements Report (or, if no Annual Receipts/Disbursements Report has yet been Filed, for any period subsequent to the Effective Date), or (c) any Current Report

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Filed subsequent to the period covered by the most recent Annual Receipts/Disbursements Report (or, if no Annual Receipts/Disbursements Report has yet been Filed, subsequent to the Effective Date).

10.3 <u>Compliance with Federal Securities Laws</u>. If the Distribution Trustee determines, based on the advice of counsel, that the Distribution Trust is required to comply with the registration and reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, then the Distribution Trustee will take any and all actions to comply with such requirements.

10.4 Tax Returns and Payments.

10.4.1 <u>General</u>. The Distribution Trustee will be responsible for filing all foreign, federal, state and local Tax returns for the Distribution Trust and the Debtors and for the timely preparation and distribution to the Beneficiaries of any necessary foreign, federal, state or local information returns.

10.4.2 <u>Pending Payments</u>. The Distribution Trustee will timely file Tax returns for the Trust Accounts as a grantor trust and/or a liquidating trust under Treasury Regulations section 1.671-1(a) and/or Treasury Regulations section 301.7701-4(d) and related regulations with respect to Pending Payments. Pursuant to such provisions, for federal income Tax purposes the Distribution Trustee will allocate to Beneficiaries entitled to receive Pending Payments, their pro rata shares of any income or loss of the Trust Accounts, and such Beneficiaries will be subject to Tax on the Trust Accounts' taxable income on a current basis.

10.4.3 <u>Trust Accounts Exclusive of Pending Payments</u>. With respect to the Trust Accounts (excluding amounts constituting Pending Payments), the Distribution Trustee will timely (a) file such income Tax and other returns and statements as are required to comply with (i) the applicable provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and the Treasury Regulations

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promulgated thereunder, including the requirements set forth in Proposed Treasury Regulations section 1.468B-9(c)(1), and (ii) any applicable state and local law and the regulations promulgated thereunder and (b) pay from the applicable Trust Account any Taxes reported as owing on such returns and statements.

#### **ARTICLE XI**

# **DURATION OF THE DISTRIBUTION TRUST**

11.1 <u>Duration</u>. The Distribution Trust will become effective upon the Effective Date. Thereupon, the Distribution Trust and its provisions herein will remain and continue in full force and effect until the Distribution Trust is terminated as contemplated in this Article XI.

11.2 Termination Upon Distribution of All Distribution Trust Assets. The Distribution Trustee will liquidate (including objecting to Claims and determining the proper recipients and amounts of distributions to be made from the Distribution Trust) and distribute the Distribution Trust Assets to the Beneficiaries that are determined to hold Allowed Claims and take such steps as are necessary, appropriate or desirable to close the Bankruptcy Cases. Upon (a) the payment of all costs, expenses and obligations incurred in connection with administering the Distribution Trust; (b) the distribution of all remaining Distribution Trust Assets and/or proceeds therefrom in accordance with the provisions of the Plan, the Confirmation Order and this Agreement; (c) the closure of the Bankruptcy Cases; and (d) the completion of any necessary or appropriate reports, Tax returns or other documentation, the Distribution Trust will terminate and the Distribution Trustee will have no additional responsibility in connection therewith except as may be required to effectuate such termination under relevant law and except as described in Section 11.4.

11.3 <u>Termination After Two Years</u>. If the Distribution Trust has not been previously terminated pursuant to Section 11.2, on the second anniversary of the Effective Date,

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unless otherwise extended by the Bankruptcy Court due to the Distribution Trust's necessity to complete its claims resolution and liquidating purpose, and provided such extension does not adversely affect the status of the Distribution Trust for federal income Tax or federal securities law purposes, the Distribution Trustee will distribute all of the Distribution Trust Assets to the Beneficiaries in accordance with the Plan and this Agreement. Immediately after (a) the payment of all costs, expenses and obligations incurred in connection with administering the Distribution Trust; (b) the distribution of all remaining Distribution Trust Assets and/or proceeds therefrom in accordance with the provisions of the Plan, the Confirmation Order and this Agreement; (c) the closure of the Bankruptcy Cases; and (d) the completion of any reports, Tax returns or other documentation determined by the Distribution Trustee, in its reasonable discretion, to be necessary, appropriate or desirable, the Distribution Trust will terminate and the Distribution Trustee will have no further responsibility in connection therewith except as may be required to effectuate such termination under relevant law and except as described in Section 11.4.

11.4 <u>Other Termination Procedures</u>. The Distribution Trustee will at all times endeavor to liquidate expeditiously the Distribution Trust Assets, and in no event will the Distribution Trustee unduly prolong the duration of the Distribution Trust. On termination of this Distribution Trust, the Distribution Trustee will advise the Bankruptcy Court in writing of the Distribution Trust's termination. Notwithstanding the foregoing, after the termination of the Distribution Trust, the Distribution Trustee will have the power to exercise all the powers, authorities and discretion herein conferred solely for the purpose of liquidating and winding up the affairs of the Distribution Trust. For a period of five years after the distribution of all of the Distribution Trust Assets, the Distribution Trustee will retain the books, records and files that have been delivered to or created by the Distribution Trustee, at which time the Distribution

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Trustee may dispose of such books, records and files in any manner that the Distribution Trustee deems appropriate.

11.5 <u>No Reversions</u>. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Plan or this Agreement, in no event will any of the Distribution Trust Assets revert to the Debtors upon termination of the Distribution Trust.

### **ARTICLE XII**

# MISCELLANEOUS

12.1 Limitation on Transferability.

12.1.1 <u>No Transfer of Beneficial Interests</u>. Except as otherwise expressly provided in the Plan, it is understood and agreed that the beneficial interests in the Distribution Trust will be non-transferable during the term of this Agreement except with respect to a transfer by will or under the laws of descent and distribution. Such transfers will not be effective until appropriate written notification and proof thereof is submitted to the Distribution Trustee, and the Distribution Trustee may continue to pay all amounts to or for the benefit of the Beneficiaries until receipt of proper written notification and proof of any such transfer. The Distribution Trustee may rely upon such written proof without the requirement of any further investigation.

12.1.2 <u>No Assignment</u>. Neither the Debtors nor the Distribution Trustee may assign this Agreement without the prior written consent of the other.

12.2 <u>Notices</u>. All notices to be given to Beneficiaries may be given by regular mail, electronic transmission or delivered personally, to the holders at the addresses appearing on the books kept by the Distribution Trustee. Any notice or other communication which may be or is required to be given, served or sent to the Debtors, the Distribution Trustee, the Creditors' Committee or United States Trustee will be in writing and will be sent by registered or certified

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mail, return receipt requested (postage prepaid), transmitted electronically, sent by hand delivery or sent by facsimile (if receipt is confirmed), addressed as follows:

# **1.** The Debtors:

Edward F. Houff, Esq. Vice President and General Counsel KAISER ALUMINUM CORPORATION 5847 San Felipe, Suite 2500 Houston, Texas 77006 Facsimile: (713) 332-4605

Daniel J. DeFranceschi, Esq. RICHARD, LAYTON & FINGER, P.A. One Rodney Square P.O. Box 551 Wilmington, Delaware 19899 Facsimile: (302) 651-7701

Gregory M. Gordon, Esq. Henry L. Gompf, Esq. Daniel P. Winikka, Esq. JONES DAY 2727 N. Harwood Street Dallas, Texas 75201 Facsimile: (214) 969-5100

Erica Ryland, Esq. JONES DAY 222 East 41<sup>st</sup> Street New York, New York 10017 Facsimile: (212) 755-7306

(Counsel to the Debtors)

# **2.** The Distribution Trustee:

The Credi	itors' Committe	e:			
Lisa G. B	eckerman, Esq.				
AKIN GU	JMP STRAUSS	S HAUER	& FELD	LLP	
	son Avenue				
	k, New York 10				
Facsimile	: (212) 872-10	02			
William F	P. Bowden, Esq.				
	& GEDDES				
222 Delay	ware Avenue				
P.O. Box	1150				
	on, Delaware 19				
Facsimile	: (302) 654-20	67			
(Counsel	to the Creditors	' Committ	ee)		
The Unite	ed States Truste	e:			
Frank J. F	Perch, Esq.				
	OF THE UNIT	ED STAT	ES TRUS	TEE	
	f Delaware				
	Street, Suite 23	313			
Lockbox					
Wilmingt	on, Delaware 19	9801 97			

or to such other address as may from time to time be provided in a written notice to each party.

12.3 <u>No Bond</u>. Notwithstanding any state law to the contrary, the Distribution

Trustee (including any successor) and the Disbursing Agent will be exempt from giving any

bond or other security in any jurisdiction.

12.4 <u>Governing Law; Submission to Jurisdiction; Service of Process</u>. This

Agreement will be construed in accordance with and governed by the internal substantive law of

the State of Delaware regardless of the laws that might otherwise govern under principles of conflict of laws applicable thereto. The Bankruptcy Court will have exclusive jurisdiction over any dispute arising out of or in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. The parties to this Agreement consent to the exclusive jurisdiction of the Bankruptcy Court (and of the appropriate appellate courts therefrom) in any such dispute and irrevocably waive, to the fullest extent permitted by law, any objection that they may now or hereafter have to the laying of the venue of any such dispute in the Bankruptcy Court or that any such dispute brought in the Bankruptcy Court has been brought in an inconvenient forum. This Agreement is subject to any order or act of the Bankruptcy Court applicable hereto. Process may be served on any party anywhere in the world, whether within or without the jurisdiction of any court to which the parties have submitted herein. Without limiting the foregoing, each party to this Agreement agrees that service of process on that party may be made upon the designated Person at the address provided in Section 12.2 and will be deemed to be effective service of process on that party.

12.5 <u>Successors and Assigns</u>. This Agreement will inure to the benefit of and will be binding upon the parties hereto and their respective successors and permitted assigns.

12.6 <u>No Execution</u>. All funds in the Distribution Trust will be deemed *in custodia legis* until such times as the funds have actually been paid to or for the benefit of a Beneficiary, and no Beneficiary or any other person can execute upon, garnish or attach the Distribution Trust Assets or the Distribution Trust in any manner or compel payment from the Distribution Trust except by order of the Bankruptcy Court. Payment will be solely governed by the Plan and this Agreement.

12.7 <u>Amendment</u>. This Agreement may be amended only by order of the Bankruptcy Court.

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12.8 <u>Severability</u>. If any term, provision, covenant or restriction contained in this Agreement is held by a court of competent jurisdiction or other authority to be invalid, void, unenforceable or against its regulatory policy, the remainder of the terms, provisions, covenants and restrictions contained in this Agreement will remain in full force and effect and will in no way be affected, impaired or invalidated.

[Remainder of page intentionally left blank]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this Agreement (or are deemed to have so executed this Agreement) as of the day and year written above.

# ALPART JAMAICA INC.

By: Its:

# KAISER JAMAICA CORPORATION

By: Its:

[\_\_\_\_\_]

By: \_\_\_\_\_\_, as Distribution Trustee

Exhibit A

# ENGAGEMENT LETTER

See attached engagement letter

Exhibit B

# LIST OF DISTRIBUTION TRUST ASSETS