THIS IS NOT A SOLICITATION OF ACCEPTANCE OF THE PLAN. ACCEPTANCE MAY NOT BE SOLICITED UNTIL A DISCLOSURE STATEMENT HAS BEEN APPROVED BY THE BANKRUPTCY COURT. THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT HAS BEEN SUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL, BUT HAS NOT YET BEEN APPROVED BY THE BANKRUPTCY COURT.

IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

RICT OF DELAWARE
x : Chapter 11
: Case No. 11-10792 (PJW)
: : x
TEMENT IN SUPPORT OF I PLAN OF LIQUIDATION
AUSS HAUER & FELD LLP e Avenue, Suite 4100 as, TX 75201 4) 969-2800
and
AYTON & FINGER, P.A. the Avenue, Suite 1410 togton, DE 19801 2) 652-3131
eys for Debtors tors in Possession
011. at 5:00 p.m. prevailing Eastern Time. blan confirmation:, 2011 at 5:00 p.m. prevailing , 2011 at a.m. prevailing Eastern Time.

¹ The Debtors in these cases, along with the last four digits of the employer identification number for each of the Debtors, are Kor Duo Investment Partners II, LP (xx-xxx9891), Kor Duo II, LLC (xx-xxx5207) and Barnes Bay Development, Ltd., is a company formed under the laws of Anguilla and, accordingly, does not have an employer identification number.



Kor Duo Investment Partners II, L.P. ("KDIP"), Kor Duo II, LLC ("Kor Duo") and Barnes Bay Development Ltd. ("Barnes Bay" and, collectively, the "Debtors"), as debtors in possession under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code, hereby propose and file this Disclosure Statement in Support of Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Liquidation (the "Disclosure Statement"). The Disclosure Statement describes the Debtors' Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Liquidation (the "Plan"), filed on March _____, 2011, which provides for the liquidation of the Debtors and the treatment of all Claims against and Interests in the Debtors. The Plan and Disclosure Statement have been filed in the Debtors' jointly-administered Chapter 11 Case, which is currently pending in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware. Pursuant to § 1121(a), each Debtor is deemed to have filed the Plan as its individual, separate plan of liquidation.

If you have a Claim against or Interest in any Debtor, you should read the Disclosure Statement and Plan carefully. The Debtors urge all holders of Claims in Impaired Classes receiving Ballots to accept the Plan.

This Disclosure Statement (and the other appendices hereto), the Plan, the accompanying forms of Ballot, if any, and the related materials delivered together herewith are being furnished by the Debtors to their respective holders of Impaired Claims and Impaired Interests pursuant to § 1125, in connection with the solicitation by the Debtors of votes to accept or reject the Plan (and the transactions contemplated thereby), as described herein.

This Disclosure Statement is designed to provide adequate information to enable holders of Claims against and Interests in the Debtors to make an informed judgment on the Plan. All holders of Claims are hereby advised and encouraged to read this Disclosure Statement and the Plan in their entirety before voting to accept or reject the Plan. Be advised that under the Plan all holders of Interests are deemed to reject the Plan. The Plan summary and statements made in this Disclosure Statement are qualified in their entirety by reference to the Plan of even date herewith, other Appendices annexed hereto and other documents referenced as filed with the Bankruptcy Court before or concurrently with the filing of this Disclosure Statement. Furthermore, the projected financial information contained herein has not been the subject of an audit. Subsequent to the date hereof, there can be no assurance that: (a) the information and representations contained herein will continue to be materially accurate; or (b) this Disclosure Statement contains all material information.

All holders of Impaired Claims who are entitled to vote on the Plan should read and consider carefully the matters described in this Disclosure Statement as a whole, including the Section entitled "Risk Factors," prior to voting on the Plan. In making a decision to accept or reject the Plan, each holder of a Claim must rely on its own examination of the Debtors as described in this Disclosure Statement and the terms of the Plan, including the merits and risks involved. In addition, Confirmation and consummation of the Plan are subject to conditions precedent that could lead to delays in consummation of the Plan. There can be no assurance that each of these conditions will be satisfied or waived (as provided in the Plan) or that the Plan will be consummated. Even after the Effective Date, distributions under the Plan may be subject to substantial delays for holders of Claims that are Disputed.

This Disclosure Statement has been approved by order of the Bankruptcy Court as containing adequate information of a kind and in sufficient detail to enable holders of Claims to

make an informed judgment with respect to voting to accept or reject the Plan. However, the Bankruptcy Court's approval of this Disclosure Statement does not constitute a recommendation or determination by the Bankruptcy Court with respect to the merits of the Plan.

With the exception of historical information, some matters discussed herein, including the projections and valuation analysis described herein are "forward looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such forward looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors which could cause actual results to differ materially from future results expressed or implied by such forward looking statements.

No party is authorized by the Debtors to give any information or make any representations with respect to the Plan or the Reorganization Securities other than that which is contained in this Disclosure Statement. No representations or information concerning the Debtors, their future business operations or the value of their properties have been authorized by the Debtors, other than as set forth herein. Any information or representations given to obtain your acceptance or rejection of the Plan which are different from or inconsistent with the information or representations contained herein and in the Plan should not be relied upon by any holders of Claims and Interests in voting on the Plan.

This Disclosure Statement has been prepared in accordance with § 1125 and not in accordance with federal or state securities laws or other applicable nonbankruptcy law. Entities holding or trading in or otherwise purchasing, selling or transferring Claims against, Interests in or securities of, the Debtors should evaluate this Disclosure Statement only in light of the purpose for which it was prepared.

This Disclosure Statement has not been approved or disapproved by the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "*Commission*") or by any state securities commission or similar public, governmental or regulatory authority, and neither such Commission nor any such authority has passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of the statements contained herein.

With respect to contested matters, adversary proceedings and other pending or threatened actions (whether or not pending), this Disclosure Statement and the information contained herein shall not be construed as an admission or stipulation by any entity, but rather as statements made in settlement negotiations governed by Rule 408 of the Federal Rules of Evidence and any other rule or statute of similar import.

This Disclosure Statement shall neither be admissible in any other proceeding involving the Debtors or any other party nor be construed to be providing any legal, business, financial or tax advice. Each holder of a Claim should, therefore, consult with its own legal, business, financial and tax advisors as to any such matters concerning the solicitation, the Plan or the transactions contemplated thereby.

The terms of the Plan shall govern in the event of any inconsistency between the Plan and the summaries thereof contained in this Disclosure Statement.

This Disclosure Statement, the Plan (and the other appendices hereto), the accompanying forms of Ballot, if any, and the related materials delivered together herewith are being furnished by the Debtors to their respective holders of Impaired Claims and Impaired Interests pursuant to

§ 1125, in connection with the solicitation by the Debtors of votes to accept or reject the Plan (and the transactions contemplated thereby), as described herein.

The Bankruptcy Court has scheduled the Confirmation Hearing to commence on _______, 2011, at _______ a.m. (prevailing Eastern Time) before the Honorable _______ in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware, located at 824 North Market Street, 5th Floor, Courtroom #_____, Wilmington, Delaware. The Confirmation Hearing may be adjourned from time to time by the Bankruptcy Court without further notice except for an announcement of the adjourned date made at the Confirmation Hearing or any adjournment of such hearing.

Objections to Confirmation of the Plan must be filed and served on or before ________, 2011, at 5:00 p.m. Prevailing eastern time. Objections that are not timely filed and served may not be considered by the Bankruptcy Court.

To be counted, Ballots must be received by the Debtors' Claims Agent, Kurtzman Carson Consulting LLC, no later than 5:00 p.m. (prevailing Eastern Time) on _______, 2011.

INCORPORATION OF DOCUMENTS BY REFERENCE

This Disclosure Statement incorporates by reference certain documents relating to the Debtors that are not presented herein or delivered herewith.

The following documents are incorporated by reference herein in their entirety:

Each Debtor's *Schedules of Assets and Liabilities* filed in the Chapter 11 Case, including all amendments thereto filed through the date of the approval of this Disclosure Statement.

Each Debtor's *Statement of Financial Affairs* filed in the Chapter 11 Case, including all amendments thereto filed through the date of the approval of this Disclosure Statement.

The Debtors' Monthly Operating Reports, including all amendments thereto filed through the date of the approval of this Disclosure Statement.

Any statement contained in a document incorporated or deemed to be incorporated by reference herein, or contained in this Disclosure Statement, shall be deemed to be modified or superseded for purposes of this Disclosure Statement to the extent that a statement contained herein modifies or supersedes such statement.

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

Certain documents filed in the Chapter 11 Case are available through the Bankruptcy Court at the following website: http://www.deb.uscourts.gov/ and through the Debtors' Claims Agent at the following website: http://www.kccllc.net/BarnesBay.

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I. INTRODUCTION AND SUMMARY

The following introduction and summary is qualified in its entirety by, and should be read in conjunction with, the more detailed information and financial statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this Disclosure Statement. References herein to a "fiscal" year refer to the fiscal year of the Debtors ending the last day of December in the calendar year indicated. Capitalized terms used but not defined in the Disclosure Statement have the meanings assigned to them in the Plan. Unless otherwise noted, section (§) references are to title 11 of the United States Code (the "*Bankruptcy Code*").

A. Overview of Chapter 11

Chapter 11 is the principal reorganization chapter of the Bankruptcy Code. Pursuant to chapter 11, a debtor in possession attempts to reorganize its business and financial affairs for the benefit of the debtor, its creditors, and other parties in interest. Formulation of a plan of reorganization is the principal purpose of a chapter 11 case. The chapter 11 plan sets forth the means for satisfying the Claims of creditors against and interests of equity security holders in the debtor.

The commencement of a chapter 11 case creates an estate comprising all the legal and equitable interests of the debtor in property as of the date the petition is filed. Unless the Bankruptcy Court orders the appointment of a trustee, a chapter 11 debtor may continue to operate its business and control the assets of its estate as a debtor in possession. The Debtors have so operated since the Petition Date.

The filing of a chapter 11 petition also triggers the automatic stay, which is set forth in § 362. The automatic stay essentially halts all attempts to collect pre-petition Claims from the debtor or to otherwise interfere with the debtor's business or its estate.

B. The Solicitation.

On March, 2011, the Debtors filed their Plan with the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware. The Debtors filed the Disclosure Statement with the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to § 1125 and in connection with the solicitation with respect to the Plan.
On, 2011, the Bankruptcy Court determined that this Disclosure
Statement contains "adequate information" in accordance with § 1125. Pursuant to § 1125(a)(1)
"adequate information" is defined as information of a kind, and in sufficient detail, as far as
reasonably practicable in light of the nature and history of the Debtors and the condition of the
Debtors' books and records, that would enable a hypothetical reasonable investor typical o
holders of Claims or interests of the relevant class to make an informed judgment about the Plan.
The Bankruptcy Court has scheduled a hearing to consider Confirmation of the Plan
before the Honorable Peter Walsh, United States Bankruptcy Judge on, 2011 a
Eastern Time. The hearing may be adjourned from time to time without furthe
notice other than by announcement in the Bankruptcy Court on the scheduled date of such
hearing. Any objections to Confirmation of the Plan must be in writing and must be filed with

the Clerk of the Bankruptcy	Court and served on the	counsel listed belo	ow to ensure receipt by
them on or before	, 2011 at	Eastern Time.	Bankruptcy Rule 3007
governs the form of any such	objection. Counsel on wh	nom objections mu	ist be served are:

Counsel for the Creditors' Committee:

Counsel for the Debtors: Akin Gump Strauss Hauer & Feld LLP 1700 Pacific Avenue, Suite 1700

Dallas, Texas 75201

Telephone: (214) 969-2800 Attention: Charles R. Gibbs

Richards Layton & Finger, P.A. 500 Delaware Avenue, Suite 1410 Wilmington, Delaware 19801 Telephone: (302) 652-3131

Attention: Paul Heath

Office of the U.S. Trustee: 844 King Street, Suite 2207 Lockbox 35 Wilmington, DE 19801 Telephone: (302) 573-6540

Attention: Richard Schepacarter

C. Recommendation.

THE DEBTORS RECOMMEND THAT EACH ENTITY ENTITLED TO VOTE ON THE PLAN VOTE TO ACCEPT THE PLAN.

With respect to their Plan, the Debtors believe that: (i) the Plan provides the best possible result for the holders of Impaired Claims; (ii) with respect to each Impaired Class of Claims, the distributions under the Plan are greater than the amounts that would be received if the Debtors were to liquidate under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code; and (iii) acceptance of the Plan is in the best interest of holders of Impaired Claims.

In arriving at their conclusions, the Debtors considered (i) the limited alternatives available to the Debtors to restructure their respective debts, (ii) their estimated liquidation value, and (iii) the rights, in both payment and security position, of the Debtors' Creditors.

D. Summary of the Plan.

The Plan contemplates the public auction and sale of substantially all the Debtors' assets conducted in compliance with both § 363 and the applicable provisions of Anguillan law, including Section 75 of the Registered Land Act of Anguilla. The proceeds will be used to satisfy the Debtors prepetition and postpetition secured obligations and make Distributions under the Plan. In addition, the Debtors propose to assume outstanding PSAs between Barnes Bay and the Residence Purchasers.

The Debtors believe the Plan treats all Classes of Creditors and Interest holders fairly and equitably, in observance of the absolute priority rule of § 1129(b)(2). The Debtors believe the Plan provides all Creditors and Interest holders with at least as much as they would receive in a Chapter 7 liquidation of the Debtors and provides all General Unsecured Creditors substantially more than they would receive in a Chapter 7 liquidation. Because, among other things, certain contemplated settlements and objections to Claims have not been resolved, the Debtors are not certain what the total amount of Allowed General Unsecured Claims will be.

Set forth in detail elsewhere in this Disclosure Statement is a description of the technical aspects of the classification of Claims and Interests, the relative allocations of property to holders of such Claims and Interests, the methodology as to how such property is to be distributed, the risks inherent in the proposed Plan, and the applicable bankruptcy and tax consequences of the reorganization of the Debtors. The Plan is complex and is the product of lengthy discussions between the Debtors, certain of their senior secured lenders and other parties in interest and is based upon the Debtors' analysis of all Claims asserted or known as of the date hereof, an evaluation of the relative merits of potential conflicting Claims and a compromise between such Claims consistent with the goals of the Bankruptcy Code. The Debtors believe that the following broad overview of what Creditors and Interest holders will receive under the Plan will be helpful in your consideration of whether you wish to accept or reject the Plan. This summary does not purport to be complete and should only be relied upon for voting purposes when read in conjunction with the Plan and the Disclosure Statement in their entirety. In the event of any inconsistency between the Plan and the Plan Documents, on the one hand, and this Disclosure Statement, on the other hand, the Plan and the Plan Documents shall control and take precedence with respect to such inconsistency.

The following Table 1 sets forth a quick reference guide to the classification and treatment of Allowed Claims against and Allowed Interests in the Debtors. Table 1 is a summary only and is subject in all respects to the specific provisions of the Plan.

	Table 1					
	Summary of Claims Against and Interests in the Debtor					
Class	Class Claim or Interest Amount General Description					
1	DIP Claims		Claims for principal and interest owing to the DIP Lender under the DIP Loan Agreement.			
2	Prepetition Lender Claim		Claims arising under the Prepetition Facility, up to the value of the collateral securing such Claims.			
3	Other Secured Claims		Secured Claims other than those falling in Classes 2-3.			
4	Priority Claims		Claims entitled to priority under § 507(a) that are not Administrative Expenses or Priority Tax Claims.			
5	PSA Unsecured Claims		Claims of any Person who submitted a deposit for a private villa or condominium unit pursuant to a PSA.			
6	General Unsecured Claim		Any Claim that is neither secured by collateral nor entitled to priority under §§ 503 or 507, and does not fall into one of the other Classes.			
7	Prepetition Lender Deficiency Claim		That portion of the Prepetition Lender Claims, if any, that exceeds the value of the collateral securing such claims, plus protective overadvances made by the Prepetition Lender to the Debtors.			
8	Intercompany Indemnity Claims		Claims of any Debtor against any other Debtor or any Affiliate of any Debtor.			
9	Interests and Interest Related Claims		All issued and outstanding Interests in the Debtors as of the Petition Date, and any Claims subordinated to the level of Interests.			

Table 2 is a summary of estimated recoveries for the different Classes under the Plan and is subject in all respects to the Plan.

Table 2 Projected Treatment of Claims Against and Interests in the Debtor			
If you have an Allowed Claim in this Class:	You are expected to receive this treatment:		
Class 1 (DIP Claims)	Payment in full.		
Class 2 (Prepetition Lender Claim)	Payment in full.		
Class 3 (Other Secured Claims)	Payment in full.		
Class 4 (Priority Claims)	Payment in full.		

Table 2			
Projected Treatment of	of Claims Against and Interests in the Debtor		
If you have an Allowed Claim in this Class:	You are expected to receive this treatment:		
Class 5 (PSA Unsecured Claims)	At Creditor's election, PSAs will either be (i) assumed and assigned to Buyer or (ii) rejected. Claims arising from rejection of PSAs receive pro rata distribution in Cash from the PSA Unsecured Recovery Pool.		
Class 6 (General Unsecured Claim)	Pro rata distribution in Cash from the General Unsecured Creditor Recovery Pool.		
Class 7 (Prepetition Lender Deficiency Claims)	Waived if Prepetition Lender is the Buyer. If Prepetition Lender is not the Buyer, Claims will be treated (i) pari passu on a percentage recovery basis with Class 5 and Class 6 Claims or (ii) as otherwise agreed by the Prepetition Lender.		
Class 8 (Intercompany Indemnity Claims)	No Distribution. Intercompany Indemnity Claims shall be waived, released and discharged on the Effective Date.		
Class 9 (Interest and Interest Related Claims)	No Distribution. Interests shall be canceled on the Effective Date.		

The Debtors believe that the Plan treats the respective Classes of Creditors and Interest holders of each Debtor fairly and equitably in observance of the absolute priority rule of § 1129(b)(2). The Debtors believe that the Plan provides each Creditor and Interest holder of each Debtor with at least as much as it would receive if the corresponding Debtor were liquidated under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code, and provides each General Unsecured Creditor substantially more than it would receive if the corresponding Debtor were liquidated under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code.

E. Voting Eligibility and Procedures.

Table 3 provides a summary of the voting eligibility of Creditors and Interest holders in each Class under the Plan, based on whether or not those Claims and Interests are Impaired or not Impaired.

Table 3 Voting Eligibility Under the Plan				
Class Description Impairment Entitled to vote?				
Class 1	DIP Claims	Not Impaired	NO (deemed to accept)	
Class 2	Prepetition Lender Claim	Not Impaired	NO (deemed to accept)	
Class 3	Other Secured Claims	Not Impaired	NO (deemed to accept)	
Class 4	Priority Claims	Not Impaired	NO (deemed to accept)	
Class 5	PSA Unsecured Claims	Impaired	YES	
Class 6	General Unsecured Claim	Impaired	YES	
Class 7	Prepetition Lender Deficiency Claims	Impaired	YES	
Class 8	Intercompany Indemnity Claims	Impaired	NO (deemed to reject)	
Class 9	Interest and Interest Related Claims	Impaired	NO (deemed to reject)	

Some Creditors might hold Impaired Claims in more than one Class and must vote separately for each Class. If you hold Claims in more than one Class, or Claims against more than one Debtor, you must cast a separate vote based on each individual Claim against each individual Debtor.

Please do not return any other documentation with your Ballot. For further information on casting a Ballot to vote on the Plan, please see Section VII.A. of this Disclosure Statement.

F. Votes Required for Acceptance; Confirmation.

The Bankruptcy Code defines acceptance of a plan by an Impaired Class of Claims as acceptance by holders of at least two-thirds in dollar amount, and more than one-half in number, of the Claims of that Class which actually cast ballots. The vote of a holder of a Claim may be disregarded if the Bankruptcy Court determines, after notice and hearing, that the acceptance or rejection was not solicited or procured in good faith.

In addition to this voting requirement, § 1129 requires that the Plan be accepted by each holder of a Claim in an Impaired class or that the Plan be found by the Bankruptcy Court to provide the holder with at least as much value on account of its Claim as it would receive on a liquidation of the Debtors under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. If the Plan is not accepted by one or more Classes of Impaired Claims, the Debtors may nevertheless ask the Court to confirm the Plan despite such lack of acceptance if the Court finds that the Plan does not discriminate unfairly and is "fair and equitable" with respect to any such non-accepting Impaired Class. Refer to Section VII.D. of the Disclosure Statement for a detailed discussion of the procedures by which the Plan may be confirmed based upon the votes of Impaired Creditors.

Section 1129(b) provides that upon request of the proponent of the Plan, the Bankruptcy Court shall confirm the Plan despite the lack of acceptance by an Impaired Class or Classes if the Bankruptcy Court finds that (a) the Plan does not discriminate unfairly with respect to each non-accepting Impaired Class, (b) the Plan is "fair and equitable" with respect to each non-accepting Impaired Class, (c) at least one Impaired Class has accepted the Plan (without counting

acceptances by insiders) and (d) the Plan satisfies the requirements set forth in § 1129(a) other than § 1129(a)(8). In general, § 1129(b) permits Confirmation notwithstanding non-acceptance by an Impaired Class if that Class and all more junior Classes are treated in accordance with the "absolute priority" rule, which requires that the dissenting Class be paid in full before a junior Class may receive anything under a Plan.

Confirmation of the Debtors' Plan will make the Plan binding upon the Debtors and all holders of Claims against and Interests in the Debtors and other parties in interest regardless of whether they have accepted the Plan, and such holders of Claims and Interests will be prohibited from receiving payment from, or seeking recourse against, any assets that are distributed to other holders of Claims or Interests under the confirmed Plan. In addition, Confirmation of the Plan will enjoin Creditors and Interest holders from taking a wide variety of actions on account of a debt, Claim, liability, interest or right that arose prior to the Confirmation Date. As of the Effective Date of the Plan, Confirmation will also operate as a discharge of all Claims against and Interests in the Debtors to the full extent authorized by § 1141(d). Section 1141(d) provides generally that, except as otherwise provided in the Plan or order confirming the Plan, Confirmation of the Plan (i) discharges the Debtors from any debt that arose before the date of such confirmation, including a debt of a kind specified under specified sections of the Bankruptcy Code (such as rejection damages Claims), whether or not a proof of Claim based on such debt is filed or deemed filed, whether or not such Claim is Allowed, and whether or not the holder of such Claim has accepted the Plan, and (ii) terminates all rights and interests of Interest holders as provided for in the Plan.

G. Effective Date of the Plan.

The Plan will not be consummated immediately upon Confirmation, but only upon the Effective Date. The Effective Date will not occur unless various conditions to the occurrence of the Effective Date are satisfied (or waived to the extent permitted by, and in accordance with the terms of, the Plan). Certain of the conditions to the occurrence of the Effective Date may be waived by the Debtors. There is no assurance, however, that the Debtors would waive any such conditions. The Confirmation Order may be vacated if the conditions to the Effective Date are not timely met or waived.

Because of the conditions to the occurrence of the Effective Date provided in the Plan, a delay will occur between Confirmation of the Plan and the Effective Date. There is no assurance that the conditions to the Effective Date will be fulfilled, or that any waivable condition, which is not fulfilled will in fact be waived. The Plan provides that it is a condition to the occurrence of the Effective Date of the Plan that each of the conditions set forth in Section 10.1 of the Plan has been satisfied or waived. In the event any conditions to the Effective Date cannot be fulfilled or waived, the Effective Date will not occur.

The implementation of the Plan involves certain risks. For a discussion of these risks, see Article XI, entitled "RISK FACTORS."

The Debtors currently believe that all conditions to the occurrence of the Effective Date of the Plan will be satisfied, and that the Effective Date of the Plan is likely to occur by ______, 2011.

H. Sources of Information

Except as otherwise expressly indicated, the portions of this Disclosure Statement describing the Debtors, their business, properties and management, and the Plan have been prepared from information furnished by the Debtors.

The statements contained in this Disclosure Statement are made as of the date hereof unless another time is specified, and neither the delivery of this Disclosure Statement nor any exchange of rights made in connection with it shall, under any circumstances, create an implication that there has been no change in the facts set forth herein since the date of this Disclosure Statement.

No statements concerning the Debtors, the value of their property, or the value of any benefit offered to the holder of a Claim or Interest in connection with the Plan should be relied on other than as set forth in this Disclosure Statement. In arriving at a decision, parties should not rely on any representation or inducement made to secure their acceptance or rejection that is contrary to information contained in this Disclosure Statement. Any such additional representations or inducements should be reported immediately to counsel for the Debtors, Charles R. Gibbs, Akin Gump Strauss Hauer & Feld LLP, 1700 Pacific Avenue, Suite 1700, Dallas, Texas 75201, Telephone: (214) 969-2800, Facsimile: (214) 969-4343.

II. BACKGROUND

A. General Information Regarding the Debtors

1. Corporate Structure

Kor Duo is managed by its managing member, Bradford Korzen, and is the general partner of KDIP. Barnes Bay, which is wholly-owned by KDIP, is the principal operating company of the Debtors. Barnes Bay owns the The Viceroy Anguilla Resort and Residences (the "*Property*"), which comprises the principal assets of the Debtors.

2. Viceroy Anguilla

The Viceroy Anguilla Resort and Residences is a luxury resort located on the Caribbean island of Anguilla in the British West Indies. The resort is situated on 35 acres, with more than 3,200 feet of beach frontage along both Barnes and Meads Bays. Viceroy Anguilla features 166 exclusive contemporary beachfront and blufftop villas, townhomes and resort residences. The resort opened on a limited basis in late 2009 when Viceroy introduced 31 free-standing oceanfront villas, 34 ocean view resort residences, guest reception area and the Sunset Lounge and pool. In 2010, the remaining 69 residences and 32 hotel rooms were completed along with the Viceroy Anguilla's 4 restaurants (Coba, Aleta, Bamboo Bar and Grill and The Half Shell), 2 additional community pools (Aleta and Bamboo), Sea Centre, 8,000 square foot oceanfront Spa, Wellness & Fitness Centre, boutique, Generation V Kid's Club and the Viceroy Anguilla Tennis Academy. Viceroy Anguilla also features a state of the art 250,000 gallon reverse osmosis water purification plant, on-site central energy plant and roof-top rainwater collection systems.

Viceroy Anguilla's residences sell for \$600,000 to \$6,500,000. All residences are sold fully furnished and feature either private infinity or plunge pools. As of October 2010, buyers have agreed to purchase almost 70% of Viceroy's villas, townhomes and residences.

The Property is managed by Viceroy International Holdings, Ltd, through its wholly-owned subsidiary Viceroy Hotel Anguilla Ltd, as agent for the Debtors in accordance with the management agreement executed by Barnes Bay and KHM Viceroy Anguilla LLC (a wholly-owned subsidiary of Kor Hotel Management LLC), and subsequently assigned by KHM Viceroy Anguilla LLC to Viceroy Hotel Anguilla Ltd, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Viceroy International Holdings, Ltd.

As of December 31, 2010, the Debtors reported assets of approximately \$530,993,428 and liabilities of \$461,948,716 on their consolidated balance sheets. In 2010, the Property and related assets produced approximately \$16,719,357 in consolidated revenues, and reported a consolidated net loss of \$13,648,468 for the year ended December 31, 2010.

3. Prepetition Long Term Debt Structure

Barnes Bay, as borrower, entered into that certain Loan and Security Agreement, dated as of June 13, 2006 (as amended from time to time thereafter, the "2006 Loan Agreement") with Citigroup Global Markets Realty Corp. ("CGMRC"), as initial lender, administrative agent and collateral agent thereunder. The 2006 Loan Agreement was subsequently amended and restated pursuant to an Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement, dated as of July 30, 2008 (the "2008 Loan Agreement") and, together with the 2006 Loan Agreement, the "Original Loan Agreement"). Pursuant to the Original Loan Agreement, CGMRC provided Barnes Bay with a \$250,000,000 "Tranche A Loan" and a \$46,000,000 "Tranche B Loan," each of which was subsequently fully funded. The obligations under the Original Loan Agreement were secured by substantially all the assets of Barnes Bay, including the Property. Thereafter, CGMRC made two protective advances of \$9,300,000 and \$3,200,000 on June 9, 2009 and June 26, 2009, respectively. On June 26, 2009, CGMRC subsequently assigned the outstanding Tranche A and Tranche B Loans to Citicorp North America, Inc. and other designated assignees, which replaced CGMRC as Tranche A Lender and Tranche B Lender, respectively, under the two facilities.

Barnes Bay thereafter entered into that certain Second Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement, dated as of July 17, 2009 (as amended, the "2009 Loan Agreement"). The 2009 Loan Agreement amended and restated the 2008 Loan Agreement, and increased the maximum Tranche B Loan amount from \$46,000,000 to \$128,500,000 (the "Tranche B Maximum Loan Amount"), thus providing Barnes Bay with an additional \$70,000,000 in funding after giving effect to the 2009 protective advances.

Barnes Bay's obligations under the 2009 Loan Agreement were secured by liens on and security interests in substantially all the assets of Barnes Bay, including the Property, and portions of such obligations were guaranteed by Bradford Korzen pursuant to certain guaranties executed contemporaneously with the 2009 Loan Agreement.

Shortly thereafter, Barnes Bay defaulted under certain of its obligations under the 2009 Loan Agreement, including the obligation to convert the Property to a condominium form of

ownership prior to September 15, 2009. Nevertheless, the Tranche B Lender continued to advance Tranche B Loans to fund certain budget costs and operating shortfalls up to the Tranche B Maximum Loan Amount. On May 19, 2010, Barnes Bay and the Tranche A and Tranche B Lenders entered into a first amendment to the 2009 Loan Agreement, pursuant to which the aggregate Tranche B loan commitment was increased by an additional \$10,000,000.

On or about October 13, 2010, the outstanding loans under the 2009 Loan Agreement were acquired by SOF-VIII-Hotel II Anguilla Holdings, LLC (the "*Prepetition Lender*"), an affiliate of Starwood Capital Group. Since that time, the Prepetition Lender has provided approximately \$13,878,750 in *unsecured* overadvances. As of the Petition Date, the total outstanding balance owed by Barnes Bay to the Prepetition Lender under the 2009 Loan Agreement was approximately \$370,000,000.

B. Events Leading to Chapter 11 filing

1. The Construction Process

The Property was constructed on the site of the old Cocoloba Beach Resort, situated on a promontory between Meads Bay and Barnes Bay. Despite the spectacular location, previous attempts to develop the location had ended unsuccessfully. When Barnes Bay took over the property in 2004 and sought to redevelop the property, it approached the problem from a new perspective. In 2005, Viceroy razed the old Cocoloba property to the ground, starting again from scratch.

When construction began on the Property in 2005, the project was expected to take two years to complete at a budgeted cost of approximately \$144,000,000. Construction of the Property, however, was difficult almost from the beginning, and by May 2005 a final *pro forma* put the projected cost at approximately \$238,000,000, which swelled to \$327,000,000 by January 2007. Given Anguilla's small size and population, a sufficient construction work force was not available on-island. Accordingly, laborers were recruited from India to relocate to Anguilla on a temporary basis to construct the hotel property. Worker complaints of low pay and insufficient benefits ultimately led to a series of labor strikes that slowed the pace of construction further. Barnes Bay ultimately settled with workers in November 2007, agreeing to higher wages and reducing the number of employees per housing trailer. In addition, Barnes Bay launched its own investigation into the workers' Claims to ensure that its contractors adhered to "best employment practices."

In March 2008, Barnes Bay unveiled its model villa, but the project suffered another setback in October 2008 when Hurricane Omar struck Anguilla. Construction on the Property was delayed further in the wake of the hurricane, and storm damage repairs further added to the overall construction budget for the project. Although a Claim was submitted to the insurer, it has yet to be resolved. It is contemplated that Buyer will acquire the rights to any recoveries on this insurance Claim and will be responsible for all costs associated therewith.

Barnes Bay finally had a soft opening in August 2009, and officially opened in October 2010. Ultimately, it took almost five years to complete the project, and has cost substantially more than was originally forecast. As a result, Barnes Bay has been unprofitable from the outset,

plagued by construction delays and cost overruns that have left the Property overleveraged and unable to service its existing debt obligations.

2. Residence Purchasers

During the construction process Barnes Bay actively marketed and sold the private villas and oceanfront residences. As of the Petition Date, Barnes Bay had signed Purchase and Sale Agreements ("PSA") with buyers (the "Residence Purchasers") for 25 villas and 72 of the other private residences, collecting almost \$49,000,000 in deposits (the "PSA Deposits") against purchase prices aggregating approximately \$220,000,000. As these funds were collected by Barnes Bay, they were used to fund ongoing construction and operating expenses. Under Anguillan law and as explicitly set forth in the PSAs, none of the deposits are secured by liens against the corresponding properties; however, some of the Residence Purchasers obtained guaranties of their PSA Deposits from various third party affiliates of the Debtors. As the Residence Purchasers were made aware, proceeds from the deposits were used to fund construction. In total, these affiliates guaranteed approximately \$6,400,000 in PSA Deposits.

For any PSA assumed by the Debtors, the cure amount, if any, associated with the assumption of such PSA shall be satisfied by a reduction in the remaining purchase price to be paid under such PSA in an amount equal to the diminution in value of the corresponding property associated with the delay in delivery of such property from the contractual date of delivery until the available date of delivery. The amount of the corresponding "cure" amount associated with each PSA to be assumed, which will be offset against the remaining purchase price due under the corresponding PSA, will be provided to each Holder of Class 5 PSA Unsecured Claim pursuant to the Assumed Contracts Schedule The Buyer will be required to obtain all necessary governmental approvals and consents required to market and sell the villas and private residences.

3. Prepetition Litigation

Prior to the commencement of this Chapter 11 Case, the Debtors were involved in various lawsuits. The lawsuits are disclosed in the Statement of Financial Affairs. Although no judgments have been rendered against the Debtors, nor any liability incurred by the Debtors pursuant to any of these actions, the reader should be aware that any such judgments or liabilities could affect the Distributions anticipated under the Plan.

On March 17, 2010, one of the Residence Purchasers, Royal Butterfly, initiated a lawsuit, styled *Royal Butterfly v. Barnes Bay Development Ltd, Kor Hotel Management, LLC, Kor Realty Group, LLC and Bradford Korzen*, No. 10-CV-1366 (BSJ) (MHD), in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York (the "*Royal Butterfly Lawsuit*"). In the Royal Butterfly Lawsuit, Royal Butterfly seeks to terminate its PSA and recover the full amount of its \$1,999,000 deposit from Barnes Bay and, under alter ego theories, the other defendants.

On November 4, 2010, another Residence Purchaser, Gary Black and Florence Black, initiated a lawsuit, styled *Gary Black and Florence Black v. Barnes Bay Development Ltd, Kor Hotel Management, LLC, Kor Realty Group, LLC and Bradford Korzen*, No. 10-CV-8359 (PGG), in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York (the "*Black*"

Lawsuit"). In the Black Lawsuit, the plaintiffs similarly seek to terminate its PSA and recover the full amount of its \$1,231,900 deposit from Barnes Bay and, under alter ego theories, the other defendants.

Other similar lawsuits have been filed by Residence Purchasers in both the United States and Anguilla (collectively, the "*Residence Purchaser Lawsuits*"). Attached as Exhibit A hereto is a list of other Residence Purchasers that have filed similar lawsuits.

III. THE CHAPTER 11 CASE

A. Continuation of Business; Stay of Litigation

On March 17, 2011, the Debtors commenced their Chapter 11 Case. Since the Petition Date, the Debtors have continued to operate as Debtors in Possession subject to the supervision of the Bankruptcy Court in accordance with the Bankruptcy Code. The Debtors are authorized to operate in the ordinary course of business. Transactions out of the ordinary course of business must receive prior Bankruptcy Court approval. In addition, the Bankruptcy Court has supervised the Debtors' employment of attorneys, accountants and other professionals.

An immediate effect of the commencement of the Chapter 11 Case was the imposition of the automatic stay under § 362. With limited exceptions, the automatic stay enjoins the commencement or continuation of all collection efforts by creditors, the enforcement of liens against the Debtors and litigation against the Debtors. This injunction remains in effect unless modified or lifted by order of the Bankruptcy Court.

B. Significant Events During the Chapter 11 Case

1. First Day Motions.

On the Petition Date, the Debtors submitted numerous so-called "First Day Motions" seeking various relief in the first few weeks of the Chapter 11 Case. Among the more notable First Day Motions, the Debtors filed motions seeking authority: (i) to pay certain prepetition wages, salaries, commissions, reimbursable expenses and benefits and authorize certain banks to honor prepetition checks; (ii) to maintain the Debtors' existing Cash management system, bank accounts, checks and business forms; (iii) to pay certain prepetition Claims of "critical vendors"; (iv) to establish procedures for the interim compensation and reimbursement of expenses for Professionals; (v) to conduct a public auction and sale of substantially all the Debtors' assets pursuant to certain bidding procedures; (v) to continue selling Residential Properties in the ordinary course of business; and (vi) to use Cash collateral, incur certain postpetition indebtedness and grant adequate protection to the DIP Lender.

Some of the First Day Motions are summarized below:

(a) Retention of Professionals.

As of the commencement of the Chapter 11 Case, the Debtors retained Akin Gump Strauss Hauer & Feld LLP as lead bankruptcy counsel and Richards Layton & Finger, P.A. as their local Delaware counsel. The Debtors also sought to retain certain Anguillan professionals,

including Keithley Lake & Associates as local Anguillan counsel, Anguillan Credit Management Limited as auctioneer and Cushman & Wakefield Inc. as appraiser. The Debtors have also engaged Kurtzman Carson Consultants LLC to serve as Claims and noticing agent in the Chapter 11 Case.

(b) Prepetition Wage and Benefits.

The Bankruptcy Court approved an order authorizing the Debtors to pay certain prepetition wages, salaries and commissions to their approximately 657 direct employees, 7 indirect employees and 8 independent contractors, and to continue reimbursing those employees and independent contractors and employees for certain reimbursable business expenses and employee benefits. The Debtors believe such relief was necessary to avoid serious disruption to their business at a critical juncture in their reorganization. Payments made pursuant to this order will reduce the amount of Allowed Priority Claims and Allowed General Unsecured Claims.

(c) DIP Financing and Use of Cash Collateral.

On March 21, 2011, the Bankruptcy Court approved an order authorizing the Debtors to use Cash collateral pursuant to § 363 and to obtain post-petition financing in the form of a \$5,000,000 DIP Facility pursuant to §364(c) and (d) on an interim basis, pending a final hearing scheduled for April 12, 2011. On an interim basis, the Debtors have been authorized to borrow \$2,500,000 under the DIP Facility, with an additional \$2,500,000 to be made available once the DIP Facility is approved on a final basis. The DIP Facility will mature on the earlier of (i) four (4) months after the Petition Date; or (ii) the Effective Date; (iii) the conversion of the Chapter 11 Cases to cases under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code; (iv) at the sole discretion of the DIP Lender, upon an event of default under the DIP Facility; or (v) upon payment in full of all obligations under the DIP Facility. The DIP Lender is SOF-VIII-Hotel II Anguilla, LLC, which is also the Debtors' Prepetition Lender.

Pursuant to the DIP Facility, the DIP Lender has been granted, as adequate protection for the DIP Facility, (i) an Allowed Administrative Expense with priority over virtually all other Claims and Administrative Expenses in the Chapter 11 Case, including Administrative Expenses (subject to certain carve-outs) and (ii) first priority Liens on substantially all the Debtors' assets *pari passu* with the liens securing the Prepetition Lender's Claims under the Prepetition Facility (subject to certain carve-outs and exclusions).

Approval of the DIP Facility has enabled the Debtors to ensure the continued ability to fund the costs of administration in the Chapter 11 Case, including payments to vendors for goods and services provided to the Debtors during the course of the Chapter 11 Case.

(d) Critical Vendors.

The Bankruptcy Court approved an order authorizing the Debtors to set aside up to \$600,000 to pay amounts toward the prepetition Claims of certain of their key vendors and service providers that meet certain criteria ("Critical Vendors"). The Critical Vendors are suppliers of goods and services for whom the Debtors (i) do not have alternative suppliers available at comparable cost or quality, (ii) with whom the Debtors do not have enforceable

contracts sufficient to provide for continued supply through the duration of the Chapter 11 Case, and (iii) without whose continued trade the Debtors' operations could be disrupted. Moreover, many of the Critical Vendors are local "on-island" vendors, against whom it could be difficult for the Debtors to otherwise compel performance of outstanding contractual obligations.

(e) Continued Sale of Residential Units

The Bankruptcy Court approved an order authorizing the Debtors to continue engaging in the sale of the residential properties (e.g., villas, townhomes) associated with the Property without seeking further court approval. In addition, the Debtors received authority to transfer title free and clear of all liens and encumbrances in connection with such sales, and to remit the proceeds from such sales to repay the Prepetition Secured Claims in accordance with the terms of the Prepetition Facility. Finally, the Debtors were authorized to continue to employ certain customer incentive programs consistent with past practices.

Pursuant to the Bankruptcy Court order authorizing the continued sale of residential units, the Debtors may enter into new PSAs with certain Residence Purchasers who had signed PSAs prior to the Petition Date, and also with certain new Residence Purchasers that may close after the Effective Date. The Residence Purchasers' obligation to close on the purchase of the corresponding residential properties under these postpetition PSAs may be conditioned upon the occurrence of the Effective Date of the Debtors' Plan. In the event the Effective Date does not occur, then (i) certain of these postpetition PSAs may become null and void, and (ii) with respect to those Residence Purchasers who initially executed PSAs prior to the Petition Date, those purchasers would retain all of their rights and remedies that would have been available to them prior to their execution of a postpetition PSA under their originally executed PSAs.

For those Residence Purchasers who would prefer to finance the remainder of the purchase price, the Debtors have arranged market financing with Scotia Bank.

(f) Appointment of Creditors' Committee.

On March 31, 2011, the United States Trustee for the District of Delaware appointed an official committee of unsecured creditors composed of the following members: (i) Exclusive Resorts Real Estate Holding II, LLC, (ii) World Class Pools, (iii) Joel Greenburg and Mary Gringlas, (iv) Carillion Construction (West Indies) Ltd. and (v) Jacob Stepan.

Section 1103 authorizes any official committee (*e.g.*, the Creditors' Committee) to employ professionals. Following entry of an order by the Bankruptcy Court, the Creditors' Committee retained Brown Rudnick LLP as counsel for the Creditors' Committee and ______ as financial advisors to the Creditors' Committee.

2. Bid Procedures.

On April _____, 2011, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order approving the procedures by which the Debtors propose to conduct a public auction and sale of the Property and certain related assets and granting additional relief relating to the proposed sale, including the proposed assumption and assignment of executory contracts and unexpired leases to the prevailing bidder.

3. Prepetition Litigation

(a) Garnishment Proceeding

On February 1, 2011, RJR Viceroy Ltd. ("RJR"), a Residence Purchaser, filed an application (the "Garnishment Action") in the Eastern Caribbean Supreme Court in the High Court of Justice, Anguilla Circuit (the "Anguillian Court") for the equivalent of a writ of garnishment against Barnes Bay in connection with RJR's ongoing effort to recover the deposit it had previously paid under a PSA. On March 16, 2011, just before the Petition Date, the Anguillian Court entered a Provisional Attachment of Debt Order (the "Attachment Order") against Barnes Bay and certain banks in Anguilla where Barnes Bay maintains accounts. The Attachment Order was served on Barnes Bay and the various garnishee banks on the Petition Date. As a result, the garnishee banks placed an immediate freeze on the Debtors' on-island bank accounts, which severely hampered the Debtors' ability to move funds and pay local vendors and employees in violation of the automatic stay pursuant to §§ 362(a)(1), (3) and (6). On March 23, 2011, RJR filed a notice with the Anguillian Court withdrawing the Attachment Order, which was subsequently granted.

(b) Extension of Automatic Stay (Anguilla)

In part as a response to the events surrounding the Garnishment Action, on March 25, 2011 the Debtors filed applications in the other Residence Purchaser Lawsuits pending in the Anguillian Court for entry of an order in each action staying all further proceedings pending the completion of the Chapter 11 Cases. The Debtors' application for a stay of proceedings in some of the Residence Purchaser Lawsuits is set for hearing May 10, 2011.

4. 341 Meeting.

A formal meeting of creditors pursuant to § 341 has been scheduled to take place _______, 2011 in Wilmington, Delaware. Creditors and parties in interest will receive separate notice of the time and place for this meeting should they wish to attend.

5. Claims Process and Bar Date.

The Debtors filed their *Schedules of Assets and Liabilities* and *Statements of Financial Affairs* on April _____, 2011. In that vein, the Debtors filed a motion on March 28, 2011 seeking to establish certain deadlines for the filing of proofs of Claim, including requests for payment of Administrative Expenses arising under § 503(b)(9).

The Debtors will review all Claims filed and develop and analyze a database of all Claims asserted against them. Each proof of Claim and proof of Interest will be analyzed to determine whether to object to the allowance of such Claims or Interests.

The Claims asserted against the Debtors may be materially in excess of the total amount of Allowed Claims estimated by the Debtors in connection with the development of the Plan because, among other things, certain Claims: (i) are filed in duplicate; (ii) consist of amendments to previously filed Claims; (iii) assert Claims in excess of the amount actually owed; (iv) do not allege an obligation of the Debtors or have been erroneously asserted against the Debtors; (v)

assert contingent Claims against the Debtors; (vi) were filed after the Bar Date and/or (vii) include postpetition interest and other disallowable charges. The Debtors intend to file objections to, among others, those Claims falling into the foregoing categories.

There is inherent uncertainty as to the amount of Claims in certain Classes that may ultimately become Allowed Claims. For example, although the Debtors propose to assume and assign the PSAs, the rejection of other executory contracts or unexpired leases could result in the filing of Rejection Claims that cannot be quantified at this time but that, if allowed, would be classified as Class 6 General Unsecured Claims. Creditors may also assert Claims not presently reflected on the Debtors books and records, and the outcome of certain pending litigation could also impact the magnitude of total Class 6 Claims asserted against the Debtors' Estates.

6. Operation of the Debtors.

The Debtors are operating substantially in accordance with their budget, which was approved by the DIP Lender, and anticipate that they will continue to meet all of their obligations incurred during the course of the Chapter 11 Case.

IV. THE PLAN

A. Overall Structure of the Plan

A summary description of the principal provisions of the Plan and the treatment of Classes of Allowed Claims and Interests is set out below. This summary is qualified in its entirety by the Plan, and in the event of any discrepancy between this summary and the terms of the Plan, the Plan will control.

The Plan constitutes a chapter 11 plan of liquidation for each of the Debtors. Except for Administrative Claims, and Priority Tax Claims, all Claims against and Interests in a particular category of Debtors are placed in Classes for each category of the Debtors described below. In accordance with § 1123(a)(1), the Debtors have not classified Administrative Claims or Priority Tax Claims, as described below. Further, given that only Barnes Bay has Creditors in Impaired Classes that are entitled to vote on this Plan, Creditors of all the Debtors will be consolidated in Classes set forth below; provided, however, that such consolidation shall be for purposes of voting and distribution only.

B. Administrative and Priority Tax Claims Against All of the Debtors

As provided in § 1123(a)(1), Administrative Claims and Priority Tax Claims shall not be classified for the purposes of voting or receiving distributions under this Plan. Rather, all such Claims shall be treated separately as unclassified Claims in accordance with the terms set forth in Article II.C of the Plan.

1. Administrative Claims

(a) (i) Non-Professional Fee Claims

The Responsible Person shall pay each Holder of an Allowed Administrative Claim against any Debtor (excluding Professional Fee Claims) the full amount of such Allowed Administrative Claim, without interest, in Cash, as soon as practicable after the Effective Date but no later than five (5) Business Days after the later of the Effective Date or the date such Administrative Claim becomes an Allowed Claim. All Administrative Claims against the Debtors which are not due and payable on or before the Effective Date shall be paid in the ordinary course of business when due in the ordinary course. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, a Holder of an Allowed Administrative Claim against any Debtor may be paid on such other date or dates and upon such other terms as may be agreed upon by such Holder and the Responsible Person. Without limiting the foregoing, all outstanding fees payable to the Office of the United States Trustee under 28 U.S.C. §1930 that have not been paid as of the Effective Date shall be paid by the Responsible Person no later than thirty (30) days after the Effective Date or when due in the ordinary course.

(ii) Administrative Claims and Administrative Expense Request Deadline

Each Holder of an Administrative Claim other than the DIP Lender must file an Administrative Expense Request requesting payment of such Administrative Claim with the Bankruptcy Court by no later than the Administrative Expense Request Deadline for all Administrative Claims that are not subject to the Bar Date Order; provided, however, that any such Administrative Expense Request need not be filed with a hearing date. Nothing in the Plan extends a Bar Date established in the Bar Date Order.

(b) Professional Fee Claims

The Responsible Person shall pay Professionals who are entitled to reimbursement or allowance of fees and expenses from each of the Debtors' Estates pursuant to §§ 327, 330 and 503(b)(2) - (b)(6), in Cash, in the amount awarded to such Professionals by the interim fee application order or by Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court, as soon as practicable after the Effective Date in accordance with the terms of any order entered by the Bankruptcy Court governing the payment of fees and expenses during the course of the Chapter 11 Cases or in accordance with any trial Order issued by the Bankruptcy Court, but in any event within five (5) Business Days of the Bankruptcy Court's approval of such fees and expenses following the Effective Date.

Exhibit A to the Plan Supplement shall include an estimate of fees and expenses for Professionals, including all retainers, holdbacks and fees and expenses accrued through the Effective Date in order to permit there to be an Effective Date Distribution.

Any final application for allowance of a Professional Fee Claim for services rendered and costs incurred through the Effective Date must be filed with the Bankruptcy Court and served on counsel for the Debtors, Lender and Responsible Person at the addresses listed in Article IX.P of the Plan and on the Office of the United States Trustee so that it is received no later than thirty (30) days after the Effective Date, unless otherwise extended by agreement of the Claimant and

the Responsible Person, or such Professional Fee Claim shall be forever barred and shall not be enforceable against the Debtors and their Estates, and their successors and assigns. Allowed Professional Fee Claims must be paid in full or reserved in full in Cash pending allowance by the Bankruptcy Court prior to any payment to Holders of Allowed Claims.

2. Priority Tax Claims

The Responsible Person shall pay, at the Responsible Person's discretion, each Holder of an Allowed Priority Tax Claim against any Debtor in full in Cash five (5) Business Days after the later of (a) the Effective Date, or (b) the date such Priority Tax Claim becomes an Allowed Claim. All Allowed Priority Tax Claims against the Debtors which are not due and payable on or before the Effective Date shall be paid in the ordinary course of business in accordance with the terms thereof. The Responsible Person can prepay any Allowed Priority Tax Claim at any time after the Effective Date without any penalty or charge.

Holders of Allowed Priority Tax Claims will not be entitled to receive any payment on account of any penalty arising with respect to or in connection with such Claims. Any Claim for any such penalty, or demand for any such penalty, will be deemed disallowed by confirmation of the Plan.

C. Classification and Treatment of Claims and Interests Against Debtors

The following tables (i) designate the classes of Claims against, and Interests in, the Debtors, and (ii) specify which of those classes are (a) Impaired or not Impaired by the Plan, (b) entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan in accordance with § 1126, or (c) deemed to reject the Plan

CLASS	STATUS	ENTITLED TO
		VOTE
Class 1: DIP Prepetition Lender Claims	Not Impaired	No
Class 2: Prepetition Lender Claims	Not Impaired	No
Class 3: Other Secured Claims	Not Impaired	No
Class 4: Priority Claims	Not Impaired	No
Class 5: PSA Unsecured Claims	Impaired	Yes
Class 6: General Unsecured Claim	Impaired	Yes
Class 7: Prepetition Lender Deficiency Claims	Impaired	Yes
Class 8: Intercompany Indemnity Claims	Impaired	No
Class 9: Interest and Interest Related Claims	Impaired	No

D. Treatment Of Claims And Interests

Holders of Claims and Interests are divided into Classes and treated as follows:

1. Class 1 - DIP Prepetition Lender Claims

(a) Classification

Class 1 consists of all Allowed DIP Prepetition Lender Claims for each of the Debtors.

(b) Treatment

On the Effective Date, the Responsible Person shall pay the Holders of all Allowed DIP Prepetition Lender Claims in full in Cash or, in the event the DIP Lender is the Buyer, either included in the debt for Newco or discharged in whole or in part, at the exclusive option of the DIP Lender. Upon final and indefeasible payment and satisfaction in full of all Allowed DIP Prepetition Lender Claims, all Liens and security interests granted to secure such obligations shall be terminated and of no further force or effect. All DIP Prepetition Lender Claims are deemed Allowed under the Plan consistent with all terms of the DIP Facility and related documents.

(c) Voting

Class 1 is not Impaired. Holders of Claims in Class 1 are conclusively deemed to have accepted the Plan pursuant to § 1126(f). Therefore, holders of Claims in Class 1 are not entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

2. Class 2 - Prepetition Lender Claim

(a) Classification

Class 2 consists of all Allowed Prepetition Lender Claims, up to the value of the collateral securing the Prepetition Lender Claims under the Prepetition Facility, for each of the Debtors.

(b) Treatment

On the Effective Date, the Responsible Person shall pay the Holders of all Allowed Prepetition Lender Claims in full in Cash or, in the event the Prepetition Lender is the Buyer, satisfied in whole or in part and included in the debt of Newco, at the exclusive option of the Secured Lender. Upon final and indefeasible payment and/or satisfaction in full of all Prepetition Lender Claims, all Liens and security interests granted to secure such obligation shall be terminated and of no further force or effect. All Prepetition Lender Claims are deemed Allowed under the Plan consistent with the Prepetition Facility and related documents.

(c) Voting

Class 2 is not Impaired. Holders of Claims in Class 2 are conclusively deemed to have accepted the Plan pursuant to § 1126(f). Therefore, holders of Claims in Class 4 are not entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

3. Class 3 - Other Secured Claims

(a) Classification

Class 3 consists of all Other Secured Claims for each of the Debtors. The Debtors do not believe there are any Holders of Class 3 Claims.

(b) Treatment

The Responsible Person shall pay each Holder of an Allowed Other Secured Claim, in full, in Cash, with interest, as soon as practicable, but not later than thirty (30) days, after the Effective Date.

(c) Voting

Class 3 is not Impaired. Holders of Claims in Class 3 are conclusively deemed to have accepted the Plan pursuant to § 1126(f). Therefore, holders of Claims in Class 3 are not entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

4. Class 4 – Priority Claims

(a) Classification

Class 4 consists of all Allowed Priority Claims for each of the Debtors.

(b) Treatment

The Responsible Person shall pay each Holder of an Allowed Class 4 Claim, Allowed in relative order of priority pursuant to § 507, in full, in Cash, without interest, as soon as practicable but not later than thirty (30) days after the Effective Date.

(c) Voting

Class 4 is not Impaired. Holders of Claims in Class 4 are conclusively deemed to have accepted this Plan pursuant to § 1126(f). Therefore, Holders of Claims in Class 1 are not entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

5. Class 5 - PSA Unsecured Claims

(a) Classification

Class 5 Claims consist solely of all PSA Unsecured Claims.

(b) Treatment

In full and final satisfaction of the PSA Unsecured Claims in Class 5, each Holder of an Allowed PSA Unsecured Claim may elect to have its Purchase and Sale Agreement either (i) assumed by the Debtors and assigned to the Buyer or (ii) rejected by the Debtors, in which case such Holder shall receive its Pro Rata Distribution in Cash of the PSA Unsecured Recovery Pool on account of the resulting rejection damages Claim. In the event a Class 5 Holder elects to have its PSA assumed and assigned to the Buyer, all prepetition defaults will be cured by reducing the remaining amount to be paid by the Class 5 Holder to acquire the villa or condominium unit by the diminution in use of each such villa or condominium unit from the contractual date of delivery until the available date of delivery. Any Class 5 Holder that fails to

make the foregoing election shall be deemed to have elected to have its Purchase and Sale Agreement rejected by the Debtors.

(c) Voting

Class 5 is Impaired. Therefore, Holders of Allowed Class 5 Claims are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

6. Class 6 - General Unsecured Claims

(a) Classification

Class 6 consists of all General Unsecured Claims except those General Unsecured Claims in Class 5 or 7.

(b) Treatment

In full and final satisfaction of Allowed Class 6 Claims, Holders of Class 6 Claims shall be entitled to a Pro Rata Distribution in Cash of the General Unsecured Creditor Recovery Pool provided, however, that no holder of an Allowed Class 6 Claim shall be entitled to receive a distribution amount that exceeds the face amount of such Holder's Claim plus interest at the federal judgment rate on the Effective Date of the Plan.

(c) Voting

Class 6 is Impaired. Therefore, Holders of Class 6 Claims are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

7. Class 7 – Prepetition Lender Deficiency Claims

(a) Classification

Class 7 consists of the Prepetition Lender Deficiency Claims, if any.

(b) Treatment

In full and final satisfaction of Allowed Claim 7 Claims, Holders of Class 7 Claims shall agree to waive any recovery on account of such Claims in the event the Prepetition Lender acquires the Property and Acquired Assets at the Auction. To the extent that the Prepetition Lender is not the Buyer, the Prepetition Lender Deficiency Claims shall be entitled to receive either (i) a Distribution that is, on a percentage recovery basis, no less than the percentage recovery received by either the Class 5 PSA Unsecured Claims Holders or the Class 6 General Unsecured Claim Holders, whichever percentage recovery is higher or (ii) such other recovery as may be agreed to by the Holders of Class 7 Prepetition Lender Deficiency Claims; provided however, that the Holder of the Prepetition Lender Deficiency Claims shall not be entitled to receive a total distribution that exceeds 100% of the face amount of the Allowed Prepetition Lender Deficiency Claims plus interest from the Petition Date to date of the final payment of the Allowed Prepetition Lender Deficiency Claims.

(c) Voting

Class 7 is Impaired. Therefore, Holders of Class 7 Claims are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

8. Classes 8 – Intercompany Indemnity Claims

(a) Classification

Class 8 consists of all Intercompany Indemnity Claims.

(b) Treatment

Intercompany Indemnity Claims in Class 8 shall be waived, released and forever discharged. No Distribution shall be paid under the Plan on account of any Allowed Intercompany Indemnity Claim.

(c) Voting

Holders of Intercompany Indemnity Claims in Class 8 are conclusively deemed to reject the Plan pursuant to § 1126(g). Therefore, Holders of Allowed Intercompany Indemnity Claims in Class 8 are not entitled to vote to accept or reject this Plan.

9. Classes 9 – Interests and Interest Related Claims

(a) Classification

Class 9 consists of all Interests and Interest Related Claims against any of the Debtors.

(b) Treatment

No Distribution shall be paid under the Plan on account of any Interest or Allowed Interest Related Claim. On the Effective Date, all Interests in any of the Debtors shall be deemed canceled, null and void, and of no force and effect.

(c) Voting

Holders of Interests and Interest Related Claims in Class 9 are conclusively deemed to reject the Plan pursuant to § 1126(g). Therefore, Holders of Interests and Allowed Interest Related Claims in Class 9 are not entitled to vote to accept or reject this Plan.

V. MEANS FOR IMPLEMENTATION

A. Implementation of Plan

Prior to the Effective Date, the Debtors shall continue to operate their businesses subject to all applicable requirements of the Bankruptcy Code and the Bankruptcy Rules. The Plan contemplates and is predicated upon the sale of the Property and Acquired Assets, the transfer of the Property and Acquired Assets to Buyer and the liquidation of the Estates.

B. The Asset Sale

The Buyer shall have submitted the highest and otherwise best bid for the Property and the Acquired Assets at the Auction pursuant to the Terms and Conditions of Sale, which includes assuming those Executory Contracts set forth on the Assumed Contracts Schedule and operating liabilities of the Debtor. The sale of the Property and Acquired Assets shall be consummated pursuant to the Plan as contemplated by 11 U.S.C. §1123(a)(5)(D).

C. Formation of Newco

Newco will be formed on or before the Effective Date by the Prepetition Lender as a new entity, which will purchase and subsequently hold, directly or indirectly, the Property and the Acquired Assets to the extent that the Prepetition Lender acquires the Acquired Assets and Property at the Auction.

D. Other Issues

Entry of the Confirmation Order shall constitute the approval, pursuant to §§ 105(a), 1123(a)(5)(B) or 1123(a)(5)(C), effective as of the Effective Date, of the transfer of the Property and Acquired Assets and certain of the Debtors' liabilities to the Buyer pursuant to the Terms and Conditions of Sale.

Notwithstanding the reorganization provided for in the Plan, each and every Debtor shall remain severally responsible for the payment of quarterly fees pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1930 to the Office of the United States Trustee until such time as a particular case is closed pursuant to a Final Decree or other order of the Bankruptcy Court, dismissed, or converted to Cash under another chapter of the Bankruptcy Code.

E. Causes of Action

Except for those Causes of Action listed on Exhibit A to the Plan, all Causes of Action, including all Avoidance Actions, shall be transferred to the Responsible Person. Pursuant to § 1123, the Responsible Person shall be authorized to commence all Causes of Action except for Avoidance Actions, on behalf of all of the Debtors and/or their Estates (except for any Cause of Action that may be released pursuant to the Plan). The authorization shall be approved without limitation, notwithstanding any other applicable law that could restrict any such transfer or authorization, all of which shall be determined by the Bankruptcy Court in the Confirmation Order to be void as against public policy. After the Effective Date, Causes of Action and the Avoidance Actions, may be prosecuted, settled or abandoned with or without Court approval by the Responsible Person. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Plan, no Distribution shall be made to the Holder of any Claim, including by way of setoff or recoupment by such Claimant, if the Debtors, the Committee, or the Responsible Person has taken action to recover, or given notice to the applicable party of intent to take such action, on a Cause of Action against the Holder of such Claim (or the direct or indirect transferor to, or transferee of, such holder), until such Cause of Action is resolved by Final Order or otherwise in accordance with this section. The Responsible Person shall be substituted as the party in interest instead of the Debtors or the Committee for all Causes of Action, except for Avoidance Actions, and the Buyer shall be substituted as the party in interest instead of the Debtors or the Committee for all

Avoidance Actions pending on the Effective Date. The Responsible Person or the Buyer as applicable shall succeed, on the Effective Date, in all respects to all of the rights, privileges and immunities of the Debtors, including without limitation, the attorney-client privileges and any other evidentiary privileges of the Debtors.

Nothing in the Plan or the Confirmation Order shall limit, impair or otherwise restrict the rights of the Responsible Person to bring any Claim or Cause of Action, except for those actions otherwise released pursuant to this Plan, against any Person for any reason whatsoever, including, without limitation, the failure of this Plan to identify and/or describe such potential Claim(s) or causes of action(s) with specificity. No Person may rely on the absence of a specific reference in the Plan or Disclosure Statement to any Cause of Action against them as an indication that the Debtors, the Responsible Person or the Buyer will not pursue any and all available Causes of Action against them. In addition to the general reservation of rights and notwithstanding the language in § 1127(b), the Responsible Person and the Buyer reserve the right to modify the Plan at any time prior to or after substantial consummation of the Plan to include such specificity, if necessary, or otherwise desirable; provided, however, that the Responsible Person or the Buyer shall comply with the notice requirements set forth in § 1127(b) and Bankruptcy Rule 2002 in connection with any such modifications. Except as otherwise specifically released pursuant to the Confirmation Order, it is the Responsible Person's intent not to waive any Avoidance Action.

Unless any Causes of Action or Avoidance Actions against a Person are expressly waived, relinquished, exculpated, released, compromised or settled in the Plan or a Bankruptcy Court order, the Responsible Person expressly reserves all Causes of Action, and the Buyer expressly reserves all Avoidance Actions, for later adjudication. Therefore, no preclusion doctrine, including the doctrines of res judicata, collateral estoppel, issue preclusion, Claim preclusion, estoppel (judicial, equitable or otherwise), or laches shall apply to such Causes of Action or Avoidance Actions upon, after, or as a consequence of the Confirmation Order. In accordance with § 1123(b)(3), any Causes of Action, and any Avoidance Actions, that a Debtor may hold against a Person shall vest in the Responsible Person or the Buyer as applicable pursuant to the terms of the Plan.

F. Appointment and Term of the Responsible Person

The Responsible Person shall be selected by mutual agreement of the Prepetition Lender and the Committee. The terms of the Responsible Person's employment, including the compensation of the Responsible Person and the appointment of any successor to the Responsible Person, will be set forth in a separate agreement to be filed as part of the Plan Supplement.

G. Duties of the Responsible Person

In addition to the duties as set forth elsewhere in the Plan, the Responsible Person shall have the following duties:

- 1. to investigate and, if necessary and appropriate, to prosecute, enforce (or not prosecute or enforce), or to compromise, release or settle any Causes of Action on behalf of the Estates:
- 2. to invest the PSA Unsecured Recovery Pool and the Unsecured Creditor Recovery Pool in accordance with Local Rule 4001-3;
- 3. to create the Wind-down Reserve Account and deposit funds to such reserve;
- 4. to file any and all reports, pleadings and other documents necessary to carry out the provisions of the Plan;
- 5. to make any and all distributions required or permitted to be made under the Plan;
- 6. to pay any and all Distributions on account of Allowed Claims, liabilities, and losses, incurred in connection therewith;
 - 7. to make and file tax returns for any of the Debtors;
 - 8. to request the entry of a Final Decree;
- 9. to take any and all actions, including any action set forth in Article IV.R of the Plan, necessary to dissolve and cancel the existence of each of the Debtors in the State of Delaware and in any other jurisdiction in which a Debtor is qualified to do business;
- 10. to determine reserve amounts for Post-Confirmation Expenses and Disputed Claims; and
- 11. to take any and all other actions necessary or appropriate to implement the Plan and the liquidation of the Debtors in accordance with applicable law, provided, that nothing herein shall permit the Responsible Person to terminate or cancel the Debtors' director and officer liability insurance coverage relating to the period following the Petition Date; and provided further that, the Responsible Person shall not renew or extend such insurance coverage, or other new or substitute coverage.

In connection with the execution of his duties under the Plan, the Responsible Person shall be authorized:

- a. to execute such documents and to take such other actions as are necessary to effectuate the Plan and perform his duties as responsible person of and for the Estates;
- b. to open, close and manage bank accounts, and to enter into business transactions within or without the ordinary course of business;
 - c. to authorize and benefit from any insurance policies and rights of indemnification;

- d. to retain and pay professionals (including any of the Debtors' or the Committee's former Professionals) or other Persons to assist the Responsible Person in the liquidation of the Estates, without prior Bankruptcy Court approval, and to designate another Person to be the Responsible Person as set forth in Article VI of the Plan;
- e. to incur any reasonable and necessary expenses (up to the amounts set forth in the Administrative Budget) in the performance of his duties as responsible person of and for the Estates;
 - f. to settle any Disputed Claim;
- g. to settle any Cause of Action without notice or a hearing where the Cause of Action has an estimated value of \$[_____] or less or, after notice to any party affected by the settlement, and a hearing to seek an order of the Bankruptcy Court approving the compromise, release or settlement of any Cause of Action that has an estimated value of greater than \$[_____]; and
- h. to employ such other procedures, not inconsistent with the Plan, necessary for the Responsible Person to perform his duties hereunder.

The Responsible Person shall be deemed the Estates' representative in accordance with the provisions of the Bankruptcy Code, including, without limitation, § 1123 and shall have all powers, authority and responsibilities specified in the Plan, including, without limitation, the powers of a trustee under §§ 108, 704, and 1106 and Rule 2004 of the Bankruptcy Rules (including, without limitation, commencing, prosecuting or settling Causes of Action, enforcing contracts, and asserting Claims, defenses, offsets and privileges), to the extent not inconsistent with the Plan.

H. No Recourse to Protected Parties

Notwithstanding that the Allowed amount of any particular Disputed Claim is reconsidered under the applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rules or is Allowed in an amount for which there is insufficient Cash in the relevant fund or reserve to provide a recovery equal to that received by other Holders of Allowed Claims in the relevant Class, no Holder of a Claim shall have recourse to the Protected Parties, or their successors or assigns, or the Holder of any other Claim, or any of their respective property. However, nothing in the Plan shall modify any right of a Holder of a Claim under § 502(j). THUS, THE COURT'S ENTRY OF AN ESTIMATION ORDER MAY LIMIT THE DISTRIBUTION TO BE MADE ON INDIVIDUAL DISPUTED CLAIMS, REGARDLESS OF THE AMOUNT FINALLY ALLOWED ON ACCOUNT OF SUCH DISPUTED CLAIMS.

I. Transfer Free and Clear of Taxes

Any and all transfers of real or personal property owned by the Debtors shall be free of any and all state and local stamp taxes and similar taxes pursuant to § 1146(a), provided, however, that upon the Effective Date, Newco shall pay to the Government of Anguilla those taxes agreed upon pursuant to the Memorandum of Understanding dated September 17, 2010, as amended. In the event that the Prevailing Party acquires the Property and Acquired Assets, that

party shall be required to satisfy all tax obligations under Anguillan law or as otherwise agreed to with the Government of Anguilla.

J. Discharge of Debtors' Professionals

On the Effective Date, the Debtors' Professionals and agents shall be released and discharged from any further duties and responsibilities in the Chapter 11 Cases and under the Bankruptcy Code, except with respect to: (i) obligations arising under confidentiality agreements, joint interest agreements and protective orders entered during the Chapter 11 Cases which shall remain in full force and effect according to their terms; (ii) applications for Professional Fee Claims; (iii) requests for compensation and reimbursement of expenses pursuant to § 503(b) for making a substantial contribution in any of the Chapter 11 Cases; and (iv) any pending motions, or any motions or other actions seeking enforcement or implementation of the provisions of the Plan or the Confirmation Order. The Professionals retained by the Debtors and the respective members thereof shall not be entitled to compensation and reimbursement of expenses for services rendered to or on behalf of the Debtors after the Effective Date, except for services rendered in connection with applications for allowance of compensation and reimbursement of expenses pending on the Effective Date or filed after the Effective Date; provided, however, that to the extent any such fees and expenses are incurred after the date that is fifteen business days prior to the deadline to file final fee applications, any such fees and expenses must be submitted to the Responsible Person and shall be paid by the Responsible Person within 20 days of submission of such fees and expenses.

K. Dissolution of the Committee

On the Effective Date, the Committee shall dissolve automatically, whereupon its members, Professionals and agents shall be released and discharged from any further duties and responsibilities in the Chapter 11 Cases and under the Bankruptcy Code, except with respect to: (i) obligations arising under confidentiality agreements, joint interest agreements and protective orders entered during the Chapter 11 Cases which shall remain in full force and effect according to their terms; (ii) applications for Professional Fee Claims and expense reimbursement requests for members of the Committee; (iii) requests for compensation and reimbursement of expenses pursuant to § 503(b) for making a substantial contribution in any of the Chapter 11 Cases; and (iv) any pending motions, or any motions or other actions seeking enforcement or implementation of the provisions of the Plan or the Confirmation Order. The Professionals retained by the Committee and the respective members thereof shall not be entitled to compensation and reimbursement of expenses for services rendered to the Committee after the Effective Date, except for services rendered in connection with applications for allowance of compensation and reimbursement of expenses pending on the Effective Date or filed after the Effective Date; provided, however, that to the extent any such fees and expenses are incurred after the date that is fifteen business days prior to the deadline to file final fee applications, any such fees and expenses must be submitted to the Responsible Person, and shall be paid by the Responsible Person within 20 days of submission of such fees and expenses.

L. Funding of the Plan

The Cash Distributions to be made pursuant to the Plan will be made and the Cash necessary to fund the Wind-down Reserve Account will be derived from (i) Cash on hand on the Effective Date, (ii) Cash proceeds received by the Debtors from the DIP Lender, the Prepetition Lender or DIP Lender or from sale of the Property and Acquired Assets to the Prevailing Party; and (iii) any payments to be received by the Debtors or the Responsible Person from the prosecution and enforcement of Causes of Action and other funds available after the Effective Date.

To the extent not otherwise provided for herein or ordered by the Court, the Responsible Person shall estimate appropriate reserves of Cash to be set aside in order to pay or reserve for Disputed Claims, accrued expenses and for the payment of prospective expenses and liabilities of the Estates after the Effective Date. Without limitation, these reserves shall include funds for the Professional Fee Claims, Administrative Claims, Priority Tax Claims, Priority Claims, Disputed Claims and all amounts due pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1930.

Notwithstanding any contrary provision contained herein, the Responsible Person shall not be obligated to physically segregate and maintain separate accounts for reserves or for the Distribution Fund. Separate reserves and funds may be merely bookkeeping entries or accounting methodologies, which may be revised from time to time, to enable the Responsible Person to determine Distributable Cash, reserves and amounts to be paid to parties in interest.

M. Wind-down Reserve Account

On the Effective Date, or as soon thereafter as reasonably practicable, the Responsible Person shall create the Wind-down Reserve Account and shall hold in such reserve account the Cash transferred by the Debtors. The Responsible Person shall pay Plan administration costs and costs of holding and liquidating any non-Cash property, including but not limited to taxes, professional fees and the fees and expenses of the Responsible Person from the Wind-down Reserve Account. After all costs associated with the wind-down of the Estates have been paid, and/or upon the reasonable determination of the Responsible Person that the funds in the Wind-down Reserve Account exceed the amounts necessary to pay the expenses for which such fund is established, the remaining or excess funds, as applicable, in the Wind-down Reserve Account shall be designated as Distributable Cash.

N. Distributable Cash

Distributable Cash shall be allocated to the Distribution Fund. Distribution of Cash, if any, to Holders of Classes 5, Class 6, Class 7 and Class 8 shall be made solely from the Distribution Fund. The Responsible Person shall make the Effective Date Distribution and each Subsequent Distribution of Distributable Cash.

O. Employee Matters

Upon the Effective Date, the terms and conditions of employment of all existing management and employees at the Property shall remain unchanged. To the extent not earlier terminated in accordance with their terms or assumed by the Buyer, all employee programs,

including but not limited to any retirement plans or agreements and health benefits and disability plans are deemed terminated as of the Effective Date in accordance with their terms with no further action required by the Debtors or the Responsible Person, and to the extent any of such employee programs constitute distinct executory contracts with individual employees or otherwise, such contracts are deemed rejected unless otherwise listed on Exhibit ___ of the Plan Supplement. The Responsible Person is authorized to take any actions to permit the termination of such programs and discharge all benefit liabilities to participants and beneficiaries of such programs. The transactions contemplated by the Terms and Conditions of Sale shall not require notice or give rise to any Claim under the Worker Adjustment and Retraining Notification Act or other comparable applicable law.

P. Corporate and Limited Liability Company Action

On the Effective Date, the matters under the Plan involving or requiring corporate or limited liability company action of the Debtors, including, but not limited to, actions requiring a vote or other approval of the board of directors, members or shareholders, as applicable, and execution of all documentation incident to the Plan, notwithstanding any otherwise applicable non-bankruptcy law or the Organization Documents of the Debtors, shall be deemed to have been authorized by the Confirmation Order and to have occurred and be in effect from and after the Effective Date without any further action by the Bankruptcy Court or the officers, directors, members or shareholders, as applicable, of the Debtors. To the extent necessary, the Responsible Person shall be bested with authority to execute any document necessary to effectuate such action.

Q. Dissolution of the Debtors

As soon as practical after the Effective Date, the Responsible Person shall file any documents necessary and proper pursuant to applicable law to dissolve the Debtors and the Debtors shall dissolve and cease to exist.

R. Saturday, Sunday or Legal Holiday

If any payment or act under the Plan is required to be made or performed on a date that is not a Business Day, then the making of such payment or the performance of such act may be completed on the next succeeding Business Day.

VI. TREATMENT OF EXECUTORY CONTRACTS AND UNEXPIRED LEASES

A. Rejection of Remaining Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases

On the Effective Date, except for any Executory Contract that (i) previously expired or terminated by its own terms, (ii) was previously assumed or rejected by an order of the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to § 365, (iii) is assumed pursuant to the Plan or (iv) is the subject of a pending motion to assume or assume and assign as of the Confirmation Date, shall be deemed rejected pursuant to §§ 365 and 1123, effective as of the Effective Date. The Confirmation Order shall constitute an order of the Bankruptcy Court approving such rejection pursuant to §§ 365 and 1123 as of the Effective Date.

B. Assumption and Cure of Executory Contracts

The Debtors will file as Exhibit to the Plan Supplement, the Assumed Contracts Schedule identifying Executory Contracts to be assumed and assigned to the Buyer pursuant to the Terms and Conditions of Sale and the Plan in addition to those previously assumed by the Debtors by order of the Bankruptcy Court, provided that the Debtors reserve the right to amend the Assumed Contracts Schedule at any time up to three (3) Business Days before the Confirmation Hearing to delete any Executory Contract contained therein, or, with the consent of the affected counterparty, to add any Executory Contract to the Assumed Contracts Schedule. The Debtors will provide notice of any amendments to the Assumed Contracts Schedule to the parties to the Executory Contracts added or removed, to the Prepetition Lender, Buyer and the Committee. The Assumed Contracts Schedule shall include a designation of the monetary cure amount the Debtors believe is owed with respect to each Executory Contract set forth in the Schedules, however, such schedules shall be filed under seal and provided individually to each counterparty or in the Bid Procedures Order. Except as provided elsewhere in the Plan or in the Bid Procedures Order, any non-Debtor party to an Executory Contract shall file and serve its objection thereto in writing no later than 4:00 p.m. (prevailing Eastern Time) on the day that is seven (7) days after the Debtors file and serve the Assumed Contracts Schedule. The failure of any non-Debtor party to an Executory Contract to file and serve an objection to the assumption of the contract or lease, by the deadline shall be deemed consent to the assumption or assumption and assignment of the contract or lease and to such cure amount. On the Effective Date, in addition to all Executory Contracts that have been previously assumed by the Debtors by order of the Bankruptcy Court, each of the Executory Contracts of the Debtors that are identified in the Assumed Contracts Schedule, shall be deemed assumed in accordance with the provisions and requirements of §§ 365 and 1123.

C. Cure of Defaults of Assumed Executory Contracts

The cure amounts owed under each Executory Contract to be assumed or assumed and assigned pursuant to the Plan, as set forth in the Assumed Contracts Schedule, or as otherwise established by the Bankruptcy Court at the Confirmation Hearing, shall be satisfied, pursuant to § 365(b)(1), by the Buyer. In the event of a dispute regarding: (1) the amount of any cure payments, (2) ability of the Buyer to provide "adequate assurance of future performance" (within the meaning of § 365) under the contract or lease to be assumed or assigned, or (3) any other matter pertaining to assumption, the hearing on any such dispute by the Bankruptcy Court shall be scheduled for the same date as the Confirmation Hearing. The cure payments required by § 365(b)(1) shall be made on the date that is five (5) Business Days following the entry of a Final Order authorizing the assumption of the Executory Contracts.

D. Effect of Assumption Assignment

Each Executory Contract assumed or assumed and assigned pursuant to Article VII of the Plan (or pursuant to Bankruptcy Court order) shall remain in full force and effect and be fully enforceable by the Buyer in accordance with its terms, except as modified by the provisions of the Plan, or any order of the Bankruptcy Court authorizing and providing for its assumption or assumption and assignment. To the extent applicable, all Executory Contracts assumed during the Chapter 11 Cases, including those assumed pursuant to Article VI.B of the Plan, (i) shall be

deemed modified such that the transactions contemplated by the Plan shall not be a "change of control," however such term may be defined in the relevant Executory Contract (ii) shall not constitute a breach of any anti-alienation provision thereof, and (iii) any required consent regarding assignment of any such contract or lease shall be deemed satisfied by the confirmation of the Plan.

E. Rejection Damages Bar Date

Except to the extent another Bar Date applies pursuant to an order of the Bankruptcy Court, all Proofs of Claim with respect to Claims arising from the rejection of Executory Contracts under the Plan must be filed with the Voting and Claims Agent at the following applicable address:

Kurtzman Carson Consultants LLC 2355 Alaska Avenue El Segundo, CA 90245 Attn: Travis K. Vandell

and a copy served on counsel for the Buyer, the Debtors, counsel for the Committee and the Responsible Person, within thirty (30) days from the entry of the Confirmation Order, or such Claim shall be forever barred and shall not be entitled to a Distribution or be enforceable against the Debtors, their Estates, the Buyer or any of their successors and their assigns. Any Claim arising from the rejection of an Executory Contract shall be treated as a Claim in either Class 6 or Class 7. Nothing in the Plan extends or modifies any previously applicable Bar Date.

F. Insurance Policies

To the extent any or all of the insurance policies set forth on Exhibit B to the Plan are considered to be Executory Contracts, then notwithstanding anything contained in the Plan to the contrary, the Plan shall constitute a motion to assume and assign the insurance policies set forth on Exhibit B to the Plan to the Buyer. Subject to the occurrence of the Effective Date, the entry of the Confirmation Order shall constitute approval of such assumption and assignment pursuant to § 365(a) effective as of the Effective Date and a finding by the Bankruptcy Court that each such assumption is in the best interest of the Debtors, the Estates and all parties in interest in these Chapter 11 Cases. Unless otherwise determined by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to a Final Order or agreed to by the parties thereto prior to the Effective Date, no payments are required to cure any defaults of the Debtors existing as of the Confirmation Date with respect to each such insurance policy set forth on Exhibit B to the Plan. To the extent the Bankruptcy Court determines otherwise with respect to any insurance policy, the Debtors reserve the right to seek rejection of such insurance policy or other available relief. The Plan shall not affect contracts that have been assumed and assigned by order of the Bankruptcy Court prior to the Confirmation Date. For the avoidance of doubt, certain insurance policies (including any insurance policies that are not executory contracts, insurance policies that may have expired prior to the Petition Date, insurance policies in existence on the Petition Date and insurance policies entered into by the Debtors after the Petition Date) of the Debtors set forth on Exhibit B are retained and transferred to the Buyer pursuant to the Plan. To the extent that pending Claims that are covered by insurance exist as of the Effective Date, such insurance shall be used to reduce

the amount of any Claims filed against the Debtors and such insurer may succeed to the Claim of such creditor by way of subrogation, but only to the extent, priority and class of such Claim, subject to any and all defenses and Causes of Action, provided, however, that in order to commence or continue any action or other proceeding of any kind against and/or to recover from the Debtors and/or the Debtors' insurance policies, a Claimant must seek relief from the automatic stay or plan injunction, as applicable, from the Bankruptcy Court.

VII. **DISTRIBUTIONS**

A. General Provisions Concerning Distributions

At the written request of the Responsible Person, any creditor holding multiple Allowed Claims shall provide the Responsible Person a single address to which any Distributions shall be sent.

In the event that any payment or act under the Plan is required to be made or performed on a date that is not a Business Day, then the making of such payment or the performance of such act may be completed on the next succeeding Business Day.

The Debtors and the Responsible Person may, but shall not be required to, setoff against or recoup from any Claim and the payments to be made pursuant to the Plan in respect of such Allowed Claim, any Claims or Causes of Action of any nature whatsoever that the Debtors and/or the Responsible Person may have asserted against the Claimant, but neither the failure to do so nor the allowance of any Disputed Claim hereunder shall constitute a waiver or release by the Debtors, or the Responsible Person of any such Claim or Cause of Action any may have against such Claimant.

To the extent that any Allowed Claim entitled to a Distribution under the Plan consists of indebtedness and other amounts (such as accrued but unpaid interest thereon), such Distribution shall be allocated first to the principal amount of the Claim (as determined for federal income tax purposes) and then, to the extent the consideration exceeds the principal amount of the Claim, to such other amounts.

B. Disbursing Agent

1. Responsible Person as Disbursing Agent

Unless otherwise designated by the Responsible Person, the Responsible Person shall be the Disbursing Agent, and the Disbursing Agent shall make all distributions under the Plan.

C. Time and Manner of Distributions

The Responsible Person shall make the Effective Date Distributions under the Plan not to exceed the Distributable Cash on account of Allowed Claims not later than 30 days after the Effective Date, except as otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court. The Responsible Person shall have the power to make interim distributions to Holders of Claims in Classes 5, 6 and 7 if the Responsible Person determines that such interim distributions are warranted and economical; provided that the Responsible Person shall make interim distributions at least annually.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Responsible Person shall not make distributions that would exceed the amount of Distributable Cash. If the Responsible Person determines to make interim distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims, the Responsible Person will determine the amount to be distributed by taking into account such factors as ongoing expenses and costs, taxes and reserves necessary to provide for the resolution of Disputed Claims. Amounts withheld will be placed in an interest-bearing account, which interest shall be used by the Responsible Person to fund ongoing expenses and costs relating to such reserves, including, without limitation, taxes in respect of Disputed Claims, if any.

At the option of the Responsible Person, any distributions under the Plan may be made either in Cash, by check drawn on a domestic bank, by wire transfer or by ACH. Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Plan to the contrary, no payment of fractional cents will be made under the Plan. Cash will be issued to Holders entitled to receive a Distribution of Cash in whole cents (rounded to the nearest whole cent when and as necessary). Any distribution of less than \$25 will be considered de minimis, and Holders of Allowed Claims that are entitled to any distribution of less than \$25 may not receive any distribution unless and until the aggregate of such distributions exceeds \$10,000. To the extent that the aggregate of such distributions never exceeds \$10,000, such funds shall remain with and vest for distribution to other Holders of Allowed Claims.

D. Delivery of Distributions

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims shall be made by the Disbursing Agent (i) at the addresses set forth on the Proofs of Claim filed by such Holder (or at the last known addresses of such Holder if no motion requesting payment or Proof of Claim is filed or the Debtors, the Responsible Person or the Voting and Claims Agent have been notified in writing of a change of address), (ii) at the addresses set forth in any written notices of address changes delivered to the Responsible Person after the date of any related Proof of Claim, or (iii) at the addresses reflected in the Schedules if no Proof of Claim has been filed and the Responsible Person has not received a written notice of a change of address.

E. Undeliverable Distributions

If a distribution to a Holder of a Claim is returned as undeliverable, no further distributions to such Holder of a Claim shall be made unless and until the Responsible Person is notified of the then-current address of such Holder, at which time (subject to the terms of the last sentence of this VII.E) all missed distributions shall be made to such Holder without interest. Amounts in respect of undeliverable distributions shall be returned to the Responsible Person until such distributions are Claimed. All funds or other undeliverable distributions returned to the Responsible Person in respect of any Claim and not Claimed within four (4) months of return shall be forfeited and remain with and vest in the Distributable Cash for distribution to other Holders of Allowed Claims. Any unclaimed funds, which aggregate less than \$10,000, held in Distributable Cash at the time the Final Decree is entered may be donated to a charity selected by the Responsible Person without further order of the Court.

F. Procedures for Treating Disputed Claims

1. Reservation of Rights to Object to Claims

Unless a Claim is expressly described as an Allowed Claim pursuant to or under the Plan, or otherwise becomes an Allowed Claim prior to or after the Effective Date, the Responsible Person (on behalf of the Estates) reserves any and all objections to any and all Claims and motions or requests for the payment of Claims, whether administrative expense, priority, secured or unsecured, including, without limitation, any and all objections to the validity or amount of any and all alleged Administrative Claims, Priority Tax Claims, Priority Claims, PSA Unsecured Claims, General Unsecured Claims, Intercompany Indemnity Claims, Interest and Interest Related Claims, Liens and security interests, whether under the Bankruptcy Code, other applicable law or contract.

2. Objections to Claims

Prior to the Effective Date, the Debtors or any other party that filed such Claim objection shall be responsible for pursuing any objection to the allowance of any Claim. From and after the Effective Date, the Responsible Person will retain responsibility for administering, disputing, objecting to, compromising or otherwise resolving and making Distributions, if any, with respect to all Claims subject to the other provisions of the Plan. Unless otherwise provided in the Plan or by order of the Bankruptcy Court, any objections to Claims by the Responsible Person will be filed and served not later than 180 days after the Effective Date, provided that the Responsible Person may request (and the Bankruptcy Court may grant) an extension of such deadline by filing a motion with the Bankruptcy Court, based upon a reasonable exercise of his business judgment. A motion seeking to extend the deadline to object to any Claim shall not be deemed an amendment to the Plan. The Responsible Person shall be substituted for the Debtors with respect to any objections pending as of the Effective Date.

G. Filing of Objections

An objection to a Claim or Interest shall be deemed properly served on the Holder of such Claim or Interest if the Debtors or Responsible Person effects service in accordance with Bankruptcy Rule 3007.

H. Determination of Claims

Except as otherwise agreed by the Responsible Person, any Claim as to which a Proof of Claim or motion or request for payment was timely filed in the Chapter 11 Cases may be determined and (so long as such determination has become a Final Order) liquidated pursuant to (i) an order of the Bankruptcy Court, (ii) applicable bankruptcy law, (iii) agreement of the parties, (iv) applicable non-bankruptcy law, or (v) the lack of (a) an objection to such Claim, (b) an application to equitably subordinate such Claim, and (c) an application to otherwise limit recovery with respect to such Claim, filed by the Debtors or the Responsible Person on or prior to any applicable deadline for filing such objection or application with respect to such Claim. Any such Claim so determined and liquidated shall be deemed to be an Allowed Claim for such liquidated amount and shall be satisfied in accordance with the Plan. Nothing contained in Article VI.F of the Plan shall constitute or be deemed a waiver of any Claim, right or Cause of

Action that the Debtors or the Responsible Person may have against any Person in connection with or arising out of any Claim or Claims, including, without limitation, any rights under 28 U.S.C. §157.

I. Procedures for Treating and Resolving Disputed and Contingent Claims

1. No Distributions Pending Allowance

No payments or Distributions will be made with respect to all or any portion of a Disputed Claim unless and until all objections to such Disputed Claim have been settled, withdrawn, determined by a Final Order, and the Disputed Claim has become an Allowed Claim. Any Proofs of Claim filed with all of the dollar amounts listed as contingent, unknown or otherwise containing unliquidated amounts shall be deemed to be a Disputed Claim and shall be treated as such for distribution purposes in accordance with the terms of Article VII.G.

2. Claim Estimation

The Debtors or the Responsible Person may request estimation or liquidation of any Disputed Claim that is contingent or unliquidated pursuant to § 502(c); provided, however, that the Bankruptcy Court shall determine (i) whether such Disputed Claim is subject to estimation pursuant to §§ 502(c) and (ii) the timing and procedures for such estimation proceedings, if any.

J. Setoffs and Recoupment

The Responsible Person may, pursuant to Sections 502(d), 553 and 558 or applicable non-bankruptcy law, but shall not be required to, setoff against or recoup from any Claim on which payments are to be made pursuant to the Plan, any Claims or Causes of Action of any nature whatsoever, excluding Avoidance Actions, the Debtors or their Estates may have against the Holder of such Claim; *provided*, *however*, that neither the failure to effect such offset or recoupment nor the allowance of any Claim shall constitute a waiver or release by the Debtors of any setoff or recoupment the Debtors may have against the Holder of such Claim, nor of any other Claim or Cause of Action.

K. Allowance and Disallowance of Claims

Allowance and disallowance of Claims shall be in all respects subject to the provisions of § 502, including, without limitation, subsections (b), (d), (e), (g), (h) and (i) thereof.

L. Cancellation of Instruments and Agreements

Upon the occurrence of the Effective Date, except as otherwise provided herein, all promissory notes, shares, certificates, instruments, indentures, stock or agreements evidencing, giving rise to or governing any Claim or Interest shall be deemed canceled and annulled without further act or action under any applicable agreement, law, regulation, order or rule; the obligations of the Debtors under such promissory notes, share certificates, instruments, indentures or agreements shall be discharged and the Holders thereof shall have no rights against the Debtors, the Buyer, the Responsible Person or the Estates; and such promissory notes, share

certificates, instruments, indentures or agreements shall evidence no such rights, except the right to receive the distributions provided for in the Plan.

M. No Interest on Claims

Unless otherwise specifically provided for in the Plan, the Confirmation Order or a post-petition agreement in writing between the Debtors and a Holder of a Claim that has been approved by an order of the Bankruptcy Court, post-petition interest shall not accrue or be paid on any Claim, and no Holder of a Claim shall be entitled to interest accruing on or after the Petition Date on any Claim. In addition, and without limiting the foregoing, interest shall not accrue on or be paid on any Disputed Claim in respect of the period from the Effective Date to the date a final distribution is made when and if such Disputed Claim becomes an Allowed Claim.

N. Withholding Taxes

The Responsible Person shall be entitled to deduct any federal, state or local withholding taxes from any payments under the Plan. As a condition to making any distribution under the Plan, the Responsible Person may require that the Holder of an Allowed Claim provide such Holder's taxpayer identification number and such other information and certification as the Responsible Person may deem necessary to comply with applicable tax reporting and withholding laws.

O. Reports

From the Effective Date, until a Final Decree is entered, the Responsible Person shall submit quarterly reports to the United States Trustee setting forth all receipts and disbursements as required by the United States Trustee guidelines.

VIII. EFFECT OF CONFIRMATION

A. Vesting of Assets

On the Effective Date, pursuant to §§ 1141(b) and (c), the Property and Acquired Assets shall be released from the custody and jurisdiction of the Bankruptcy Court and shall vest in the Buyer free and clear of all Claims, Liens, encumbrances, charges and other interests, including, without limitation, any Tax Liens or Claims, except as provided in the Plan. From and after the Effective Date, the Buyer may operate its business and may use, acquire and dispose of property free of any restrictions of the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules or the Local Bankruptcy Rules, subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan.

B. Binding Effect

On and after the Confirmation Date, the provisions of the Plan shall bind any holder of a Claim against, or Interest in, a Debtor and such Holder's respective successors and assigns, whether or not the Claim or Interest of such Holder is Impaired under the Plan, whether or not such Holder has accepted the Plan and whether or not such Holder is entitled to a Distribution under the Plan.

C. Discharge of Claims and Termination of Interests

Except as provided in the Plan, the rights afforded in and the payments and Distributions to be made under the Plan shall terminate all Interests and discharge all existing debts and Claims of any kind, nature or description whatsoever against or in the Debtors, or their assets or properties to the fullest extent permitted by § 1141. Except as provided in the Plan, upon the Effective Date, all existing Claims against the Debtors and Interests shall be, and shall be deemed to be, discharged and terminated, and all holders of such Claims and Interests shall be precluded and enjoined from asserting against the Buyer, the Responsible Person or the Estates, their successors or assignees or any of their assets or properties, any other or further Claim or Interest based upon any act or omission, transaction or other activity of any kind or nature that occurred prior to the Effective Date, whether or not such Holder has filed a Proof of Claim or proof of interest and whether or not the facts or legal bases therefore were known or existed prior to the Effective Date.

D. Injunction

Except as otherwise expressly provided in the Plan or in the Confirmation Order, and except in connection with the enforcement of the terms of the Plan or any documents provided for or contemplated in the Plan, all entities who have held, hold or may hold Claims against or Interests in the Debtors or the Estates that arose prior to the Effective Date are permanently enjoined from: (a) commencing or continuing in any manner, directly or indirectly, any action or other proceeding of any kind against any Protected Party or any property of any Protected Party with respect to any such Claim or Interest; (b) the enforcement, attachment, collection or recovery by any manner or means, directly or indirectly, of any judgment, award, decree or order against any Protected Party or any property of any Protected Party with respect to any such Claim or Interest; (c) creating, perfecting or enforcing, directly or indirectly, any lien or encumbrance of any kind against any Protected Party or any property of any Protected Party with respect to any such Claim or Interest; (d) effecting, directly or indirectly, any setoff or recoupment of any kind against any obligation due to any Protected Party or any property of any Protected Party with respect to any such Claim or Interest, unless approved by the Bankruptcy Court; and (e) any act, in any manner, in any place whatsoever, that does not conform to or comply with the provisions of the Plan with respect to such Claim or Interest. Nothing contained in Section VIII.D of the Plan shall prohibit the Holder of a Claim or Interest with respect to which a Proof of Claim was timely filed from litigating its right to seek to have such Claim or Interest declared an Allowed Claim or Interest and paid in accordance with the distribution provisions of the Plan, or enjoin or prohibit the interpretation or enforcement by the Holder of such Claim or Interest of any of the obligations of the Debtors or the Responsible Person under the Plan.

E. Term of Injunctions or Stays

Unless otherwise provided in the Plan or in the Confirmation Order, all injunctions or stays provided for in the Chapter 11 Cases under § 105 or 362, the Plan or otherwise, and extant on the Confirmation Date, shall remain in full force and effect until the entry of the Final Decree.

F. Exculpation and Releases

None of the Protected Parties shall have or incur any liability for, and each Protected Party is released under the Plan from, any Claim, Cause of Action, including Avoidance Actions, liability to any other Protected Party, to any Holder of a Claim or an Interest only in capacity as such, for any act or omission taken in connection with, arising from or relating to the Chapter 11 Cases, the formulation, negotiation and/or pursuit of confirmation of the Plan, the consummation of the Plan, the administration of the Plan and/or the property to be distributed under the Plan, except for the gross negligence, willful misconduct or fraud of any Protected Party, in each case subject to determination of such by Final Order of a court of competent jurisdiction and provided that any Protected Party shall be entitled to reasonably rely upon the advice of counsel with respect to its duties and responsibilities (if any) under the Plan and such reasonable reliance shall form an absolute defense to any such Claim, cause of action or liability. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, each Protected Party shall be entitled to and granted the protections and benefits of § 1125(e).

Each party to which this section applies shall be deemed to have granted the releases set forth in Section their VI.F of the Plan notwithstanding that it may hereafter discover facts in addition to, or different from, those which it now knows or believes to be true, and without regard to the subsequent discovery or existence of such different or additional facts, and such party expressly waives any and all rights that it may have under any statute or common law principle, which would limit the effect of such releases to those Claims or Causes of Action, including Avoidance Actions, actually known or suspected to exist at the time of execution of the release.

Notwithstanding anything set forth above or elsewhere in the Plan, nothing in the Plan discharges, releases, precludes, or enjoins: (i) any environmental liability to any governmental unit that is not a Claim; (ii) any environmental Claim of any governmental unit arising on or after the Confirmation Date; (iii) any environmental liability to any governmental unit that any entity would be subject to as the owner or operator of property after the Confirmation Date; or (iv) any environmental liability to the United States on the part of any Person other than the Debtors.

G. Releases by Holders of Claims and Interests

As of the Effective Date, for good and valuable consideration, including the contributions of the Released Parties to facilitate the expeditious reorganization of the Debtors and the implementation of the restructuring contemplated by the Plan and the other contracts, instruments, releases, agreements or documents executed and delivered in connection with the Plan, each holder of a Claim or an Interest that votes to accept the Plan but does not select the "release opt out" provided in the Ballot shall be deemed to have conclusively, absolutely, unconditionally, irrevocably and forever, released and discharged the Debtors and the Released Parties from any and all Claims, Interests, Claims obligations, rights, suits, damages, causes of action, remedies and liabilities whatsoever, including any derivative Claims or Claims asserted on behalf of a Debtor, whether known or unknown, foreseen or unforeseen, liquidated or unliquidated, fixed or contingent, matured or unmatured, existing or hereafter arising, in law, equity or otherwise, that such Entity would have been legally entitled to assert (whether

individually or collectively), based in whole or in part on any act, omission, transaction, event or other occurrence taking place on or prior to the Effective Date in any way relating to the Debtors, the Released Parties, the Chapter 11 Cases, the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, the DIP Loan Agreement, the PSAs (including any Claims relating to alleged errors and/or omissions in the offering materials used to market and sell the Residential Property and any Claims related to alleged non-registration or other alleged non-compliance with applicable laws) or related agreements, instruments or other documents, the DIP Loan Agreement, and other related agreements, other than Claims, Claims or liabilities to the extent arising out of or relating to any act or omission of a Released Party that constitutes gross negligence, fraud or willful misconduct as determined by a Final Order; provided, however, that nothing herein shall be deemed a waiver or release of a Releasing Party's right to receive a Distribution pursuant to the terms of the Plan. For the avoidance of doubt, notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, this Release by Holders of Claims and Interests is not and shall not be deemed a waiver of the Debtors' rights or Claims against the holders of General Unsecured Claims, including to the Debtors' rights to assert setoffs, recoupments or counterclaims, or to object or assert defenses to any General Unsecured Claim, and all such rights and Claims are expressly reserved.

H. Reservation of Causes of Action/Reservation of Rights

Unless otherwise set forth herein, nothing contained in the Plan shall be deemed to be a waiver or the relinquishment of any rights or Causes of Action or Avoidance Actions that the Debtors, the Responsible Person, or the Estates may have or may choose to assert against any Person.

IX. CONDITIONS PRECEDENT

A. Conditions Precedent to Effective Date

The Plan shall not become effective unless and until each of the following conditions shall have been satisfied in full in accordance with the provisions specified below:

- 1. The Confirmation Order shall be in form and substance acceptable to the Debtors, the Buyer, the Prepetition Lender, and the DIP Lender in their absolute discretion;
- 2. The Confirmation Order shall have been entered by the Bankruptcy Court and shall not be subject to any stay of effectiveness; the Confirmation Date shall have occurred and no request for revocation of the Confirmation Order under § 1144 shall have been made, or, if made, shall remain pending;
- 3. The appointment of the Responsible Person shall have been approved by order of the Bankruptcy Court;
- 4. All necessary documents relating to the sale of the Property and Acquired Assets (including, the transfer of ownership of the Property to the Buyer under Anguillan law) shall be executed in form and substance acceptable to the Prepetition Lender, the DIP Lender, the Debtors, and the Buyer; and

5. Prepetition Lender shall have paid to the PSA Guarantors \$1,296,000 on account of the Hirsch and Mazzei settlement.

B. Revocation, Withdrawal or Non-Consummation of Plan

If, after the Confirmation Order is entered, each of the conditions precedent to the Effective Date have not been satisfied or duly waived on or by ninety (90) days after the Confirmation Date, then upon motion by the Debtors, the Buyer, the Prepetition Lender or the Committee, the Confirmation Order may be vacated by the Bankruptcy Court; provided, however, that notwithstanding the filing of such a motion, the Confirmation Order shall not be vacated if each of the conditions precedent to the Effective Date is either satisfied or duly waived before the Bankruptcy Court enters an order granting the relief requested in such motion. A condition precedent to the Effective Date may only be waived by a writing executed by the Debtors, the Buyer and the Committee. If the Confirmation Order is vacated pursuant to Section VIII.B, of the Plan shall be null and void in all respects, and nothing contained in the Plan shall (i) constitute a waiver or release of any Claims against or Interests in the Debtors, (ii) prejudice in any manner the rights of the Holder of any Claim against or Interest in the Debtors, (iii) prejudice in any manner the rights of the Debtors in the Chapter 11 Cases, or (iv) constitute a release, indemnification or exculpation by the Debtors, the Estates or any other party pursuant to the Plan.

X. ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

A. Retention of Jurisdiction by the Bankruptcy Court

The Plan shall not in any way limit the Bankruptcy Court's post-confirmation jurisdiction as provided under the Bankruptcy Code. Pursuant to §§ 105(a) and 1142, the Bankruptcy Court shall retain and have exclusive jurisdiction (to the extent granted by applicable law, including any provisions permitting mandatory or discretionary withdrawal of such jurisdiction) over any matter arising out of or related to the Chapter 11 Cases and the Plan, including, without limitation, the following:

- 1. all matters relating to the assumption or rejection or the assumption and assignment of Executory Contracts, or Claims or disputes relating thereto;
 - 2. all matters relating to the ownership of a Claim or Interest;
- 3. all matters relating to the distribution to holders of Allowed Claims and to the determination of Claims;
 - 4. any and all matters involving the Responsible Person;
- 5. all matters relating to or arising in connection with the allowance or estimation of Claims filed, both before and after the Confirmation Date, including any objections to the classification of any Claim;
- 6. to enter and implement such orders as may be appropriate if the Confirmation Order is for any reason stayed, revoked, modified and/or vacated;

- 7. all matters relating to the construction and implementation of the Plan and the provisions thereof, and to hear and determine all requests for orders in aid of execution, implementation or consummation of the Plan;
- 8. all matters relating to disputes arising in connection with the interpretation, implementation or enforcement of the Plan or the Confirmation Order, including disputes arising under agreements, documents or instruments executed in connection with the Plan;
- 9. to consider any modifications of the Plan, to cure any defect or omission or to reconcile any inconsistency in any order of the Bankruptcy Court, including, without limitation, the Confirmation Order;
- 10. all applications for allowance of compensation and reimbursement of Professional Fee Claims under §§ 328, 330, 331, 503(b), 1103 and 1129(a)(4);
- 11. to hear and determine all motions or requests for the payment of Claims entitled to priority under § 507(a)(2), including compensation and reimbursement of expenses of parties entitled thereto;
- 12. all Causes of Action, Avoidance Actions and other suits and adversary proceedings to recover assets for the Responsible Person or the Buyer as applicable pursuant to the terms of the Plan, as successor-in-interest to any of the Debtors and property of the Estates, wherever located, and to adjudicate any and all other Causes of Action, Avoidance Actions, suits, adversary proceedings, motions, applications and contested matters that may be commenced or maintained pursuant to the Chapter 11 Cases or the Plan, proceedings to adjudicate the allowance of Disputed Claims, and all controversies and issues arising from or relating to any of the foregoing;
- 13. all matters concerning state, local and federal taxes in accordance with §§ 346, 505 and 1146;
 - 14. any other matter not inconsistent with the Bankruptcy Code;
- 15. all disputes involving the existence, nature or scope of the Debtors' discharge, including any dispute relating to any liability arising out of the termination of employment or the termination of any employee benefit program, regardless of whether such termination occurred prior to or after the Effective Date;
 - 16. to enter the Final Decree closing the Chapter 11 Cases; and
 - 17. to enforce all orders previously entered by the Bankruptcy Court.

B. Payment of Statutory Fees

All fees through the Effective Date pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1930 shall be paid on or before the Effective Date to the extent that an invoice for such fees has been provided to the

Debtors prior to the Effective Date. All fees invoiced after the Effective Date pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1930 shall be paid by the Responsible Person from Distributable Cash.

C. Headings

The headings of the articles, paragraphs and sections of the Plan are inserted for convenience only and shall not affect the interpretation hereof.

D. Binding Effect of Plan

Except as otherwise provided in §§ 1141(d)(3) on and after the Effective Date, the provisions of the Plan shall bind any Holder of a Claim against, or Interest in, the Debtors, the Estates, the Responsible Person and their respective successors or assigns, whether or not the Claim or Interest of such Holders is Impaired under the Plan and whether or not such Holder has accepted the Plan. The rights, benefits and obligations of any entity named or referred to in the Plan, whose actions may be required to effectuate the terms of the Plan, shall be binding on and shall inure to the benefit of any heir, executor, administrator, successor or assign of such entity (including, without limitation, the Responsible Person and any trustee appointed for the Debtors under chapters 7 or 11 of the Bankruptcy Code).

E. Final Order

Except as otherwise expressly provided in the Plan, any requirement in the Plan for a Final Order may be waived by the Debtors after consultation with the Committee and the Buyer and upon written notice to the Bankruptcy Court, provided that the Effective Date shall occur within 48 hours of the effectiveness of such waiver. No such waiver shall prejudice the right of any party in interest to seek a stay pending appeal of any order that is not a Final Order.

F. Withholding and Reporting Requirements

In connection with the Plan and all instruments issued in connection herewith and distributions hereunder, the Responsible Person shall comply with all withholding and reporting requirements imposed by any federal, state, local or foreign taxing authority, and all distributions hereunder shall be subject to any such withholding and reporting requirements.

Notwithstanding the above, each holder of an Allowed Claim or Interest that is to receive a Distribution under the Plan shall have the sole and exclusive responsibility for the satisfaction and payment of any tax obligations imposed on such Holder by any governmental unit, including income, withholding and other tax obligations, on account of such Distribution. Any party issuing any instrument or making any Distribution under the Plan has the right, but not the obligation, to not make a Distribution until such Holder has made arrangements satisfactory to such issuing or disbursing party for payment of any such tax obligations.

G. Tax Exemption and Expedited Tax Determination

Pursuant to § 1146, any and all transfers of real or personal property owned by the Debtors shall be free of any and all state and local stamp taxes and similar taxes pursuant to § 1146(a), provided, however, that upon the Effective Date, so long as the Prepetition Lender is

the Buyer, Buyer shall pay to the Government of Anguilla those taxes agreed upon pursuant to the Memorandum of Understanding dated September 17, 2010, as amended. In the event that the Prevailing Party acquires the Property and Acquired Assets, that party shall be required to satisfy all tax obligations under Anguillan law or as otherwise agreed to with the Government of Anguilla.

The Debtors and Responsible Person are authorized to request an expedited determination of taxes under § 505(b) for any or all returns filed for, on or behalf of, the Debtors for any or all taxable periods (or portions thereof) ending after the Petition Date through and including the Effective Date.

H. Governing Law

Except to the extent a rule of law or procedure is supplied by federal law (including the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rules) or Anguillan law or unless specifically stated, the rights, duties and obligations arising under the Plan, any agreements, documents and instruments executed in connection with the Plan (except as otherwise set forth in those agreements, in which case the governing law of such agreements shall control), and, with respect to the Debtors incorporated or organized in Delaware, corporate and limited liability company governance matters shall be governed by, and construed and enforced in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware, without giving effect to conflicts of law principles.

I. Plan Supplement

The Plan Supplement and the documents contained therein shall be in form, scope and substance satisfactory to the Debtors, the Committee, the Buyer and the Prepetition Lender and shall be filed with the Bankruptcy Court no later than ten (10) Business Days before the deadline for voting to accept or reject the Plan, provided that the documents included therein may thereafter be amended and supplemented prior to execution, so long as no such amendment or supplement materially affects the rights of holders of Claims or Interests, and provided further that amendment of the Assumed Contract Schedule shall be governed by Article V.B of the Plan. The Plan Supplement and the documents contained therein are incorporated into and made a part of the Plan as if set forth in full therein.

J. Severability

After the Effective Date, should the Bankruptcy Court or any other court of competent jurisdiction determine that any provision in the Plan is either illegal on its face or illegal as applied to any Claim, such provisions shall be unenforceable either as to all Holders of Claims or as to the Holder of such Claim as to which the provision is illegal, respectively. Such a determination of unenforceability shall in no way limit or affect the enforceability and operative effect of any other provision of the Plan.

K. Revocation

The Debtors reserve the right to revoke and withdraw the Plan prior to the Confirmation Date. If the Debtors revoke or withdraw the Plan, then the Plan shall be null and void and, in such event, nothing contained herein shall be deemed to constitute a waiver or release of any

Claims by or against the Debtors, the Committee or any other Person or to prejudice in any manner the rights of the Debtors, the Committee or any Person in any further proceedings involving the Debtors, or be deemed an admission by the Debtors and/or the Committee.

L. Substantial Consummation

On the Effective Date, for purposes of § 1127(b) and other applicable sections of the Bankruptcy Code, the Plan shall be deemed to be substantially consummated as such term is defined in § 1101.

M. Conflict

In the event and to the extent any provision of the Plan is inconsistent with any provision of the Disclosure Statement, the provisions of the Plan shall control and take precedence. The terms of the Confirmation Order shall govern in the event of any inconsistency with the Plan or the summary of the Plan set forth in the Disclosure Statement.

N. Amendments and Modifications

The Debtors, the Buyer, the Prepetition Lender and the Committee jointly may agree to alter, amend or modify the Plan under § 1127(a) at any time prior to the Confirmation Hearing. After the Confirmation Date and prior to "substantial consummation" (as such term is defined in § 1101(2)) and Article IX.K of the Plan, any Debtor, the Committee or the Responsible Person may institute proceedings in the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to § 1127(b) to remedy any defect or omission or reconcile any inconsistencies in the Plan, the Disclosure Statement or the Confirmation Order, and such matters as may be necessary to carry out the purposes and effects of the Plan, by the filing of a motion on notice to those parties set forth in Bankruptcy Rule 2002, and the solicitation of all Creditors and other parties-in-interest shall not be required. Prior to the Effective Date, the Debtors may make appropriate technical adjustments and modifications to the Plan without further order or approval of the Bankruptcy Court, provided that such technical adjustments and modifications do not adversely affect in a material way the treatment of Holders of Claims or Interests.

O. Notices

Any notices required under the Plan or any notices or requests by parties in interest under or in connection with the Plan shall be in writing and served either by (i) certified mail, return receipt requested, postage prepaid, (ii) hand delivery, or (iii) reputable overnight delivery service, all charges prepaid, and shall be deemed to have been given when received by the following parties:

To the Debtors:

Akin, Gump, Strauss, Hauer & Feld LLC Attn: Charles R. Gibbs, Esq. Attn: Michael P. Cooley, Esq. 1700 Pacific Avenue, Suite 4100 Dallas, Texas 75201

Telephone: 212-969-2800 Facsimile: 212-969-4343

With a copy to:

Richards, Layton & Finger, P.A. Attn: Paul N. Heath, Esq. One Rodney Square 920 North King Street Wilmington, DE 19801

To the Prepetition Lender:

DLA Piper LLP (US) Attn: Richard A. Chesley, Esq. Attn: Stacey T. Kern, Esq. 203 North LaSalle Street Suite 1900 Chicago, Illinois 60601-1293

P. Filing of Additional Documents

On or before substantial consummation of the Plan, and without the need for any further order or authority, the Debtors may file with the Bankruptcy Court such agreements or other documents as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate and further evidence the terms and conditions of the Plan.

Q. Direction to a Party

From and after the Effective Date, the Debtors or the Responsible Person may apply to the Bankruptcy Court for the entry of an order directing any Person to execute or deliver or to join in the execution or delivery of any instrument or document reasonably necessary or reasonably appropriate to effect a transfer of properties dealt with by the Plan, and to perform any other act (including the satisfaction of any lien or security interest) that is reasonably necessary or reasonably appropriate for the consummation of the Plan.

R. Successors and Assigns

The rights, duties and obligations of any Person named or referred to in the Plan, including all Creditors, shall be binding on, and shall inure to the benefit of, the successors and assigns of such Person.

S. Waiver of Subrogation

Notwithstanding any provision of the Plan to the contrary, all Holders of Claims shall be deemed to have waived any and all subrogation rights which they may have with respect to the distributions made pursuant to the Plan, and the Confirmation Order shall permanently enjoin,

effective as of the Effective Date, all Holders of Claims from enforcing or attempting to enforce any such rights against any Person receiving distributions under the Plan.

XI. CONFIRMATION OF THE PLAN

The following is a brief summary of the confirmation process. Holders of Claims and Interests are encouraged to review the relevant provisions of the Bankruptcy Code and to consult their own advisors.

A. Voting Procedures and Requirements.

The Debtors are providing copies of this Disclosure Statement, Ballots and, where appropriate, summary Ballots, to all known holders of Impaired Claims who are entitled to vote on the Plan.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Bankruptcy Code, only Classes of Claims and Interests in the Debtors that are "Impaired" under the terms and provisions of the Plan and entitled to receive a Distribution thereunder are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan. Accordingly, Classes of Claims or Interests that are not Impaired are *not* entitled to vote on the Plan. In addition, Classes of Claims or Interests that are not entitled to a Distribution are deemed to have rejected the Plan and are not entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

If you hold an Impaired Claim against any Debtor, you are entitled to vote on the Plan. If you hold multiple Impaired Claims against one or more Debtors, you are entitled to cast a vote on account of each such Claim. Some Creditors may therefore be entitled to cast more than one Ballot.

Under the Plan, the Claims in Class 1 through 4 are not Impaired and are deemed to have accepted the Plan. The Claims in Classes 5 through 7 are Impaired. Therefore, Classes 5 through 7 are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan. Classes 8 and 9 do not vote and are deemed to have rejected the Plan because holders of Claims and Interests in Classes 8 and 9 will not receive any Distributions on account of their Claims under the Plan.

Any holders of Claims that hold Claims in more than one Impaired Class must vote separately for each Class. Such holders will receive a separate Ballot for all their Claims in each Class and should complete and sign each Ballot separately. The following voting procedures (the "Voting Procedures") have been established with respect to the amount and classification of Claims and Interests, and the determination of the validity of Ballots submitted, for voting purposes:

1. With respect to a Claim as to which a proof of Claim has not been timely filed (*i.e.*, was not filed or was filed after the Bar Date set by the Bankruptcy Court for the filing of a Claim of that type), the voting amount of such Claim (subject to any applicable limitations set forth below) shall be equal to the amount listed, if any, in respect of such Claim in the applicable Debtor's Schedules to the extent such Claim is not listed as contingent, unliquidated, undetermined or disputed. Such Claim shall be placed in the appropriate Class based upon the applicable Debtor's records and the classification scheme set forth in the Plan.

- 2. With respect to a proof of Claim which, according to the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court's records, was not timely filed (*i.e.*, was filed after the applicable Bar Date) and is not subject to the provisions of the immediately preceding paragraph, such Claim shall be provisionally disallowed for voting purposes.
- 3. With respect to a liquidated, non-contingent, undisputed Claim as to which a proof of Claim has been timely filed and as to which an objection has not been filed, the amount and classification of such Claim shall be that specified in such proof of Claim, subject to any applicable limitations set forth below.
- 4. With respect to a proof of Claim which is the subject of an objection filed by a Debtor, the Claim represented by such proof of Claim shall be provisionally disallowed for voting purposes, except to the extent and in the manner that (i) that Debtor indicates in its objection the extent to which such Claim should be allowed; or (ii) the Bankruptcy Court otherwise orders.
- 5. A timely filed proof of Claim that is designated as wholly unliquidated or contingent shall be accorded one vote and assigned a value of one dollar for purposes of § 1126(c), unless the Claim is disputed as set forth in the immediately preceding paragraph.
- 6. With respect to a Claim that has been estimated or otherwise allowed for voting purposes by order of the Bankruptcy Court, the amount and classification of such Claim shall be that set by the Bankruptcy Court.
- 7. With respect to a Claim any portion of which is unliquidated, contingent or disputed, the holder of the Claim shall be entitled to vote that portion of the Claim that is liquidated, non-contingent and undisputed, subject to any limitations set forth herein and unless otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court.
- 8. Holders of Claims shall not be entitled to vote Claims to the extent such Claims duplicate or have been superseded by other Claims of such holders of Claims.
 - 9. Each Claim shall be entitled to vote only once.
- 10. Whenever a holder of a Claim submits more than one Ballot voting the same Claim or Interest prior to the deadline for submission of Ballots, the first of such Ballots filed (and only such Ballot) shall be counted in accordance with the Voting Procedures unless either (i) the applicable Debtor consents to the filing and counting of a superseding Ballot, or (ii) the Bankruptcy Court, after notice and a hearing, orders otherwise.
- 11. The authority of the signatory of each Ballot to complete and execute such Ballot shall be presumed.
- 12. A holder of a Claim must vote all of its Claim within a particular Class under the Plan either to accept or reject the Plan and may not split its vote. Accordingly, a Ballot (or multiple Ballots with respect to separate Claims within a single Class) that partially rejects and partially accepts the Plan or that indicates both a vote for and against the Plan will not be counted.

- 13. Any Ballot which is executed and returned, but does not indicate an acceptance or rejection of the applicable Plan, shall be deemed to be an acceptance of the Plan.
 - 14. Any Ballot that is not signed will not be counted.
- 15. For the purpose of voting on the Plan, the Debtors will be deemed to be in constructive receipt of any Ballot timely delivered to any address designated for the receipt of Ballots cast in connection with the Plan.
- 16. Any Ballot received by the Debtors after the end of the Voting Period shall not be accepted or used by the Debtors in connection with the Debtors' request for Confirmation of the Plan unless the Debtors, in their sole discretion, consent to the counting of such Ballot or the Bankruptcy Court orders such Ballot to be counted.
- 17. All Ballots must be cast using the Ballots distributed to the holders of Claims. Votes cast in any manner other than by using such Ballots will not be counted.

IN ORDER TO BE COUNTED, EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT THE DEBTORS SO DETERMINE OR AS PERMITTED BY THE BANKRUPTCY COURT PURSUANT TO BANKRUPTCY RULE 3018, BALLOTS MUST BE SIGNED AND RETURNED SO THAT THEY ARE RECEIVED NO LATER THAN 5:00 P.M. CENTRAL TIME, ON ______, 2009 AT THE FOLLOWING ADDRESS:

If by United States Postal Service: If by overnight carrier or hand delivery:

Kurtzman Carson Consulting LLC
2355 Alaska Avenue
El Segundo, CA 90245
Attn: Travis K, Vandell

Kurtzman Carson Consulting LLC
2355 Alaska Avenue
El Segundo, CA 90245
Attn: Travis K, Vandell

As mentioned above, if your Ballot is not signed and returned as described, it will not be counted. If your Ballot is damaged or lost, or if you do not receive a Ballot, you may request a replacement by addressing a written request to counsel for the Debtors at the foregoing address. Please follow the directions contained on the Ballot carefully.

The process of soliciting acceptance of the Plan must be fair and open without outside influence in the form of representations, inducements or duress of any kind. To the extent that you believe solicitation of your vote from any party is being sought outside of the judicially-approved and statutorily-defined disclosure requirements and Voting Procedures, please contact counsel for the Debtors.

B. Acceptance.

Acceptance of the Plan requires that each Impaired Class of Claims or Interests (as classified therein) accepts the Plan, with certain exceptions hereinafter discussed below. Thus, acceptance of the Plan requires acceptance by each of the Impaired Classes.

Classes of Claims and Interests that are not Impaired under the Plan are deemed to have accepted the Plan. Acceptances of the Plan are being solicited only from those persons who hold Claims or Interests of Impaired Classes.

The Bankruptcy Code defines acceptance of a Plan by a Class of Claims as acceptance by the holders of at least two-thirds (2/3) in dollar amount and a majority in number of Claims of that class, but for that purpose, only those Claims, the holders of which actually vote to accept or reject a Plan, are counted.

C. Confirmation of the Plan.

In order to confirm the Plan, § 1129 requires the Bankruptcy Court to make a series of determinations concerning the Plan, including, without limitation: (a) that the Plan has classified Claims and Interests in a permissible manner; (b) that the contents of the Plan comply with the technical requirements of the Bankruptcy Code; (c) that the Debtors have proposed the Plan in good faith; and (d) that the Debtors have made disclosures concerning the Plan which are adequate and include information concerning all payments made or promised in connection with the Plan and the Chapter 11 Case. The Debtors believe that all of these conditions have been or will be met.

The Bankruptcy Code requires that, unless the "cramdown" provisions of the Bankruptcy Code (as discussed below) are utilized, as a condition precedent to confirmation, the Plan be accepted by the requisite votes of each Class of Claims and Interests voting as separate Classes. Therefore, the Bankruptcy Court must find, in order to confirm the Plan, that the Plan has been duly accepted. In addition, the Bankruptcy Court must find that the Plan is feasible and that the Plan is in the "best interests" of all holders of Claims and Interests. Thus, even if holders of Claims of the Debtors were to accept the Plan by the requisite number of votes, the Bankruptcy Court would be required to make independent findings respecting the Plan's feasibility and whether the Plan is in the best interests of holders of Claims and Interests before it can confirm the Plan.

1. The Best Interests Test.

Whether or not the Plan is accepted by each Impaired Class of Claims entitled to vote on the Plan, in order to confirm the Plan the Bankruptcy Court must, pursuant to § 1129(a)(7), independently determine that the Plan is in the best interests of each holder of an Impaired Claim or Interest that has not voted to accept the Plan. This requirement is satisfied if the Plan provides each non-accepting holder of a Claim or Interest in such Impaired Class a recovery on account of such holder's Claim or Interest that has a value, as of the Effective Date, at least equal to the value of the Distribution each such holder would receive in a liquidation of the Debtors under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code.

To determine the value that holders of Impaired Claims and Interests would receive if the Debtors were liquidated under Chapter 7, the Bankruptcy Court must determine the aggregate dollar amount that would be generated from the liquidation of the Debtors' assets if the Debtors' Chapter 11 Case was converted to a Chapter 7 liquidation case and the Debtors' assets were liquidated by a Chapter 7 trustee (the "*Liquidation Value*"). The Liquidation Value would

consist of the net proceeds from the disposition of the Debtors' assets, augmented by Cash held by the Debtors and reduced by certain increased costs and Claims that arise in a Chapter 7 liquidation case that do not arise in a Chapter 11 reorganization case. In addition, the dividend to holders of General Unsecured Claims in a Chapter 7 proceeding would be materially affected by the outcome of any litigation instituted by a Chapter 7 trustee. For further information on the Debtors' liquidation analysis, see Appendix 1 hereto. Based on the Liquidation Values discussed more fully in Appendix 1 hereto, the Debtors believe that the Plan provides substantially greater recoveries to Creditors than they would receive in a Chapter 7 liquidation and, therefore, satisfies § 1129(a)(7).

2. Feasibility.

Even if the Plan is accepted by each Class of Claims voting on the Plan, and even if the Bankruptcy Court determines that the Plan satisfies the "best interests" test, the Bankruptcy Code requires that, in order for the Plan to be confirmed by the Bankruptcy Court, it must be demonstrated that consummation of the Plan is not likely to be followed by the liquidation or the need for further financial reorganization of the Debtors. For purposes of determining whether the Plan meets this requirement, the Debtors have analyzed its ability to meet its obligations under the Plan. Based on the funds proposed to be available for distribution under the Plan, the Debtors believe that the Debtors will be able to make all payments required to be made pursuant to the Plan.

D. Non-Acceptance and Cramdown.

Pursuant to § 1129(b), the Bankruptcy Court may confirm a Plan despite the non-acceptance of the Plan by an Impaired Class. This procedure is commonly referred to as a "cramdown". Section 1129(b) provides that upon request of the proponent of the Plan, the Bankruptcy Court shall confirm the Plan despite the lack of acceptance by an Impaired Class or Classes if the Bankruptcy Court finds that (a) the Plan does not discriminate unfairly with respect to each non-accepting Impaired Class, (b) the Plan is "fair and equitable" with respect to each non-accepting Impaired Class, (c) at least one Impaired Class has accepted the Plan (without counting acceptances by insiders) and (d) the Plan satisfies the requirements set forth in § 1129(a) other than § 1129(a)(8). In general, § 1129(b) permits Confirmation notwithstanding non-acceptance by an Impaired Class if that Class and all more junior Classes are treated in accordance with the "absolute priority" rule, which requires that the dissenting Class be paid in full before a junior Class may receive anything under a Plan.

1. The Plan Is Fair and Equitable.

The Bankruptcy Code establishes different "fair and equitable" tests for holders of Secured Claims, Unsecured Claims and Interests. As to the dissenting Class, the test sets different standards, depending on the type of Claims or Interests in such Class.

(a) Secured Claims.

With respect to a Class of Secured Claims that does not accept a Plan, the Debtors must demonstrate to the Bankruptcy Court that either (i) the holders of such Secured Claims will retain the liens securing such Claims and will receive on account of such Claim deferred Cash

payments totaling at least the Allowed amount of such Claim, of a value, as of the Effective Date, of at least the value of such holder's interest in such property, or (ii) the holders of such Claims will realize the indubitable equivalent of such Claims under the Plan.

(b) General Unsecured Claims.

With respect to a Class of General Unsecured Claims that does not accept the Plan, the Debtors must demonstrate to the Bankruptcy Court that either (i) each holder of a General Unsecured Claim of the dissenting Class receives or retains under the Plan property of a value equal to the Allowed amount of its General Unsecured Claim or (ii) the holders of Claims or Interests that are junior to the Claims of the holders of such General Unsecured Claims will not receive or retain any property under the Plan.

(c) Interests.

With respect to a Class of Interests that does not accept the Plan, the Debtors must demonstrate to the Bankruptcy Court that (i) each holder of an Interest of the dissenting Class receives or retains on account of such Interest property of a value equal to the greatest of the Allowed amount of any fixed liquidation preference to which such holder is entitled, any fixed redemption price to which such holder is entitled or the value of such Interest or (ii) the holders of any Interest that is junior to the Interests of such Class will not receive or retain any property under the Plan. The Debtors believe the Plan is fair and equitable with respect to each Class.

2. No Unfair Discrimination.

A Chapter 11 Plan "does not discriminate unfairly" with respect to a nonaccepting Class if the value of the Cash and/or securities to be distributed to the nonaccepting Class is equal or otherwise fair when compared to the value of Distributions to other Classes whose legal rights are the same as those of the nonaccepting Class. Since all similarly situated holders of Claims or Interests are classified together and all Claims or Interests in a given Class are treated identically, the Debtors believe the Plan does not unfairly discriminate against any Class.

E. Confirmation Hearing.

Section 1128(a) requires the Bankruptcy Court, after notice, to hold a confirmation hearing (the "Confirmation Hearing"). Section 1128(b) provides that any party in interest may object to Confirmation of the Plan. Notice of the Confirmation Hearing will be provided to all holders of Claims and Interests and other parties in interest (the "Confirmation Notice"). The Confirmation Hearing may be adjourned from time to time by the Bankruptcy Court without further notice except for an announcement of the adjourned date made at the Confirmation Hearing or any adjournment thereof. Objections to Confirmation of a Plan must be made in writing, specifying in detail the name and address of the person or Entity objecting, the grounds for the objection, and the nature and amount of the Claim or Interest held by the objector. Objections must be filed with the Bankruptcy Court, together with proof of service, and served upon the parties so designated in the Confirmation Notice, on or before the time and date designated in the Confirmation Notice as being the last date for serving and filing objections to Confirmation of a Plan. Objections to Confirmation of a Plan are governed by Bankruptcy Rule 9014 and the local rules of the Bankruptcy Court.

XII. CERTAIN FACTORS TO BE CONSIDERED PRIOR TO VOTING

A. Certain Bankruptcy Considerations

1. Undue Delay in Confirmation May Significantly Disrupt the Operations of the Debtors

The impact that a continued prolonging of the Reorganization Cases may have on operations of the Debtors cannot be accurately predicted or quantified. Since the filing of the Reorganization Cases, the Debtors have suffered certain disruptions in operations.

2. The Continuation of the Reorganization Cases, Particularly if the Plan is Not Approved or Confirmed in the Time Frame Currently Contemplated, Could Further Adversely Affect the Debtors' Operations and Relationships With the Debtors' Customers, Vendors, and Employees.

If confirmation and consummation do not occur expeditiously, the Reorganization Cases could result in, among other things, increased costs, professional fees, and similar expenses. Prolonged Reorganization Cases may also make it more difficult to retain and attract management and other key personnel, and would require senior management to spend a significant amount of time and effort dealing with the Debtors' financial reorganization instead of focusing on the operation of the Debtors' businesses.

3. The Debtors May Not be Able to Obtain Confirmation or Consummation

The Debtors cannot ensure that they will receive the requisite acceptances to confirm the Plan. Even if the Debtors receive the requisite acceptances, the Debtors cannot ensure that the Bankruptcy Court will confirm the Plan. A non-accepting creditor or Interest holder might challenge the adequacy of the Disclosure Statement or the solicitation procedures and results as not being in compliance with the Bankruptcy Code or Bankruptcy Rules. Even if the Bankruptcy Court determined that the Disclosure Statement and the balloting procedures and results were appropriate, the Bankruptcy Court could still decline to confirm the Plan if it found that any of the statutory requirements for confirmation had not been met. As discussed in further detail in Section , supra, § 1129 sets forth the requirements for confirmation of a plan of reorganization and requires, among other things: a finding by a bankruptcy court that the plan "does not unfairly discriminate" and is "fair and equitable" with respect to any non-accepting classes; confirmation is not likely to be followed by a liquidation or a need for further financial reorganization; and the value of distributions to non-accepting holders of Claims and interests within a particular class under the plan will not be less than the value of distributions such holders would receive if the debtors were liquidated under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. While there can be no assurance that these requirements will be met, the Debtors believe that the Plan complies with § 1129.

4. Confirmation and Consummation are also Subject to Certain Conditions Described in Section ____

If the Plan is not confirmed, it is unclear whether a restructuring of the Debtors could be implemented and what distributions holders of Allowed Claims or Interests ultimately would

receive. If an alternative feasible reorganization could not be proposed, it is possible that the Debtors would have to liquidate their assets, in which case, as set forth in the liquidation analysis, it is likely that holders of Claims and Interests would receive substantially less favorable treatment than they would receive under the Plan.

5. Parties in Interest May Object to the Debtors' Classification of Claims

Section 1122 provides that a plan of reorganization may place a class or an interest in a particular class only if such Claim or interest is substantially similar to the other Claims or interests in such class. The Debtors believe that the classification of Claims and Interests under the Plan complies with the requirements set forth in the Bankruptcy Code. However, there is no assurance that the Bankruptcy Court will necessarily hold that the Claims classification scheme complies with the Bankruptcy Code.

6. The Debtors May Object to the Amount, or the Secured or Priority Status, of a Claim and Procedures for Contingent and Unliquidated Claims

The Debtors reserve the right to object to the amount, or the secured or priority status, of any Claim or Interest. The estimates set forth in the Disclosure Statement cannot be relied on by any creditor or equity holder whose Claim or Interest is subject to an objection. Any such holder of a Claim or Interest may not receive its specified share of the estimated distributions described in the Disclosure Statement. Moreover, notwithstanding any language in any holder's proof of Claim or otherwise, the holder of a contingent or unliquidated Claim shall not be entitled to receive or recover any amount in excess of the amount stated in the holder's proof of Claim, if any, as of the Distribution Record Date, or if the proof of Claim provides no monetary value of such holders' Claim on the Distribution Record Date, then the amount the Debtors elect to withhold on account of such Claim.

B. Risks Related to the Debtors' Business and Financial Condition

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XIII. CERTAIN FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

The following discussion summarizes certain federal income tax consequences of the Plan to the Debtors and holders of Claims and Interests that are individual citizens or residents of the United States or corporations that are created or organized in or under the laws of the United States or any political subdivision thereof. The analysis contained herein is based upon the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Tax Code"), the Treasury Regulations promulgated and proposed thereunder, judicial decisions and published administrative rulings and pronouncements of the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") as in effect on the date hereof. Legislative, judicial or administrative changes or interpretations enacted or promulgated hereafter could alter or modify the analysis and conclusions set forth below. Any such changes or interpretations may be retroactive and could affect significantly the federal income tax consequences discussed below. This summary does not address the federal income tax consequences to any holders of Claims or Interests that will either be satisfied in full under the Plan or will receive no recovery under the Plan. Finally, this summary does not address foreign, state or local tax law, or any estate or gift tax consequences of the Plan, nor does it purport to

address the federal income tax consequences of the Plan to special classes of taxpayers (such as taxpayers who are not United States domestic corporations or citizens or residents of the United States, S corporations, banks, mutual funds, insurance companies, financial institutions, regulated investment companies, broker-dealers, small business investment companies, persons that hold Claims or Interests as part of a straddle or conversion transaction and tax-exempt organizations).

Due to the complexity of the transactions described herein and in the Plan, the lack of applicable legal precedent and the possibility of changes in law, differences in the nature of the Claims, differences in the Claimants' methods of accounting (including Claimants within the same class) and the potential for disputes as to legal and factual matters, the tax consequences described herein are subject to significant uncertainties. No rulings or determinations by the IRS have been obtained or sought by the Debtors with respect to the Plan and no opinion of counsel has been obtained with respect to the tax aspects of the Plan.

THE TAX CONSEQUENCES TO HOLDERS OF CLAIMS AND INTERESTS MAY VARY BASED UPON THE INDIVIDUAL CIRCUMSTANCES OF EACH HOLDER. MOREOVER, THE TAX CONSEQUENCES OF CERTAIN ASPECTS OF THE PLAN ARE UNCERTAIN DUE TO THE LACK OF APPLICABLE LEGAL PRECEDENT AND THE POSSIBILITY OF CHANGES IN THE APPLICABLE TAX LAW. THERE CAN BE NO ASSURANCE THAT THE IRS WILL NOT CHALLENGE ANY OF THE TAX CONSEQUENCES DESCRIBED HEREIN, OR THAT SUCH A CHALLENGE, IF ASSERTED, WOULD NOT BE SUSTAINED. ACCORDINGLY, EACH HOLDER OF A CLAIM OR INTEREST IS STRONGLY URGED TO CONSULT WITH ITS OWN TAX ADVISOR REGARDING THE FOREIGN, FEDERAL, STATE OR LOCAL TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN.

A. Federal Income Tax Consequences to Creditors.

The federal income tax consequences of the Plan to a Creditor will depend upon several factors, including but not limited to: (i) whether the Creditor's Claim (or portion thereof) constitutes a Claim for principal or interest; (ii) the type of consideration received by the Creditor in exchange for the Claim; (iii) whether the Creditor is a resident of the United States for tax purposes (or falls into any of the special classes of taxpayers excluded from this discussion as noted above); (iv) whether the Creditor has taken a bad debt deduction or worthless security deduction with respect to his Claim; and (v) whether the Creditor receives Distributions under the Plan in more than one taxable year. CREDITORS ARE STRONGLY ADVISED TO CONSULT THEIR TAX ADVISORS WITH RESPECT TO THE TAX TREATMENT OF THEIR RESPECTIVE CLAIMS UNDER THE PLAN.

B. Federal Income Tax Consequences to Interest holders.

Holders of Class 9 Old Equity Interests will receive no distribution under the Plan and each such holder should recognize a capital loss to the extent of such holder's tax basis in the Old Equity Interests held. Such capital loss should be long-term capital loss if the Old Equity Interest was held by the holder for more than one year. **INTEREST HOLDERS ARE**

STRONGLY ADVISED TO CONSULT THEIR TAX ADVISORS WITH RESPECT TO THE TAX TREATMENT OF THEIR INTERESTS UNDER THE PLAN.

C. Federal Income Tax Consequences to Debtors.

Generally, a taxpayer recognizes cancellation of indebtedness ("COD") income upon satisfaction of its outstanding indebtedness for less than its adjusted issue price. The amount of COD income is, in general, the excess of (i) the adjusted issue price of the indebtedness satisfied, over (ii) the issue price of any new indebtedness issued by the taxpayer, the amount of Cash and the fair market value of any other consideration (including stock of the taxpayer) given in exchange for the indebtedness satisfied.

However, COD income is not included in gross income to a Debtor if the discharge occurs in a Title 11 case or the discharge occurs when the Debtor is insolvent (except with respect to certain discharged intercompany debt that is treated as both income and an offsetting loss to the group). Rather the Debtor generally must, after determining its tax for the taxable year of discharge, reduce its net operating losses ("NOL(s)") and any capital loss carryovers first and then, as of the first day of the next taxable year, reduce the tax basis of its assets by the amount of COD income excluded from gross income by this exception.

Because the Debtors (other than Summit) are single member limited liability companies and (in the case of Summit) a limited partnership, they each will pass through any COD income and tax attribute adjustment. Accordingly, there will be no tax effect to the Debtors as a result of the Plan.

D. Withholding and Reporting.

The Debtors will withhold all amounts required by law to be withheld from payments to Claimants and holders of Interests and with respect to payments on the Reorganization Securities. In addition, such holders may be required to provide certain tax information to the Debtors as a condition of receiving Distributions under the Plan.

E. Importance of Obtaining Professional Tax Assistance.

The foregoing is intended to be a summary only and not a substitute for consultation with a tax professional. The federal, state, local and foreign tax consequences of the Plan are complex and, in some respects, uncertain. Such consequences may also vary based upon the individual circumstances of each holder of a Claim or Interest. Accordingly, each holder of a Claim or Interest is strongly urged to consult with its own tax advisor regarding the federal, state, local and foreign tax consequences of the Plan.

THE FOREGOING IS INTENDED TO BE ONLY A SUMMARY OF CERTAIN OF THE UNITED STATES FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN, AND IS NOT A SUBSTITUTE FOR CAREFUL TAX PLANNING WITH A TAX PROFESSIONAL. ACCORDINGLY, EACH HOLDER OF A CLAIM OR INTEREST IS STRONGLY URGED TO CONSULT WITH ITS OWN TAX ADVISOR REGARDING THE FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL AND FOREIGN TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN.

THE FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL AND FOREIGN TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN ARE COMPLEX AND, IN MANY RESPECTS, UNCERTAIN. THE FOREGOING IS INTENDED TO BE A SUMMARY ONLY AND, AS SUCH, DOES NOT DISCUSS ALL ASPECTS OF FEDERAL INCOME TAXATION THAT MAY BE RELEVANT TO A PARTICULAR CREDITOR OR HOLDER OF INTERESTS IN THE DEBTORS. ALL CREDITORS AND HOLDERS OF INTERESTS IN THE DEBTORS ARE STRONGLY URGED TO CONSULT WITH THEIR OWN TAX ADVISORS REGARDING THE TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN THAT ARE RELEVANT TO THEIR PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES.

XIV. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

A. Additional Documents

On or before the Effective Date, the Debtors may file with the Bankruptcy Court such agreements and other documents as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate and further evidence the terms and conditions of the Plan. The Debtors and all holders of Claims or Interests receiving distributions pursuant to the Plan and all other parties in interest shall, from time to time, prepare, execute, and deliver any agreements or documents and take any other actions as may be necessary or advisable to effectuate the provisions and intent of the Plan.

B. Payment of Statutory Fees

All fees payable pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1930(a), as determined by the Bankruptcy Court at a hearing pursuant to § 1128, shall be paid for each quarter (including any fraction thereof) until the Reorganization Cases are converted, dismissed, or closed, whichever occurs first.

C. Reservation of Rights

Except as expressly set forth in the Plan, the Plan shall have no force or effect unless the Bankruptcy Court shall enter the Confirmation Order. None of the filing of the Plan, any statement or provision contained in the Plan, or the taking of any action by any Debtor with respect to the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, or the Plan Supplement shall be or shall be deemed to be an admission or waiver of any rights of any Debtor with respect to the holders of Claims or Interests prior to the Effective Date.

D. Successors and Assigns

The rights, benefits, and obligations of any entity named or referred to in the Plan shall be binding on, and shall inure to the benefit of any heir, executor, administrator, successor or assign, affiliate, officer, director, agent, representative, attorney, beneficiaries, or guardian, if any, of each entity.

XV. RECOMMENDATION AND CONCLUSION

The Debtors recommend the Plan because it provides for greater distributions to the holders of Claims and Interests than would otherwise result in a liquidation under chapter 7 of

the Bankruptcy Code. In addition, any alternative other than confirmation could result in extensive delays and increased administrative expenses resulting in smaller distributions to the holders of Claims and Interests. Accordingly, the Debtors recommend that holders of Claims and Interests entitled to vote on the Plan support confirmation and vote to accept the Plan.

Dated: April 1, 2011

Wilmington, Delaware

Respectfully submitted,

BARNES BAY DEVELOPMENT, LTD. KOR DUO INVESTMENT PARTNERS II, LP KOR DUO II, LLC

Bv

Name: Deborah Branch

Title: Chief Restructuring Officer

Albert Blanch

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-and-

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Exhibit A

Resident Purchaser Lawsuits