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DEBTOR'S FIRST AMENDED DISCLOSURE STATEMENT FOR DEBTOR'S FIRST AMENDED PLAN OF REORGANIZATION DATED SEPTEMBER 26, 2008

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I. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

This First Amended Disclosure Statement (the "Disclosure Statement") has been prepared by City Crossing 1, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company (the "Debtor"), in connection with the solicitation of acceptances of the Debtor's First Amended Plan of Reorganization Dated September 25, 2008 (the "Plan").

The purpose of this Disclosure Statement is to provide adequate information of a kind, and in sufficient detail, as far as is reasonably practicable in light of the nature and history of the Debtor and the condition of the Debtor's books and records, that would enable a hypothetical reasonable investor, typical of holders of Claims against and Equity Interests in the Debtor, to make an informed judgment about the Plan. An acceptance or rejection of the Plan must be in writing and may only be made by completing the ballot that accompanies the Plan. In order for your vote to be counted, it must be *received* no later than 5:00 p.m. (prevailing Pacific Time) on [_____] 2008 at the following address:

Schwartzer & McPherson Law Firm Attn: Jeanette E. McPherson, Esq. 2850 S. Jones Boulevard, Suite 1 Las Vegas, NV 89146-5308 Facsimile (702) 892-0122

This Disclosure Statement includes (among other things) a brief history of the Debtor, a summary of its Chapter 11 Case, a description of the Claims against and Equity Interests in the Debtor, a summary of the Plan, a discussion of the Plan's feasibility, and a liquidation analysis setting forth what holders of a Claim against or Equity Interest in the Debtor would recover if the Debtor was liquidated immediately under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code.

UPON BANKRUPTCY COURT APPROVAL OF THE PLAN, THE PLAN WILL BE BINDING UPON ALL CREDITORS AND HOLDERS OF EQUITY INTERESTS PLAN.

THE PLAN IS THE GOVERNING DOCUMENT. IF ANY INCONSISTENCY EXISTS BETWEEN THE PLAN AND THE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT, THE TERMS OF THE PLAN CONTROL.

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THE FINANCIAL PROJECTIONS CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT REPRESENT THE DEBTOR'S ESTIMATES OF FUTURE EVENTS BASED ON CERTAIN ASSUMPTIONS MORE FULLY DESCRIBED BELOW, SOME OR ALL OF WHICH MAY NOT BE REALIZED. THE FINANCIAL INFORMATION IS UNAUDITED. NONE OF THE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IS CONSIDERED TO BE A "FORECAST" OR "PROJECTION" AS TECHNICALLY DEFINED BY THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS. THE USE OF THE WORDS "FORECAST," "PROJECT," OR "PROJECTION" WITHIN THE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT RELATES TO THE BROAD EXPECTATIONS OF FUTURE EVENTS OR MARKET CONDITIONS AND OUANTIFICATIONS OF THE POTENTIAL RESULTS UNDER THOSE CONDITIONS.

THE PROFESSIONALS REPRESENTING THE DEBTOR HAVE RELIED UPON INFORMATION PROVIDED BY THE DEBTOR IN CONNECTION WITH THE PREPARATION OF THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND HAVE NOT INDEPENDENTLY VERIFIED ALL OF THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN. THE CONTENTS OF THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT SHOULD NOT BE CONSTRUED AS LEGAL, BUSINESS, OR TAX ADVICE. YOU SHOULD CONSULT WITH YOUR OWN LEGAL COUNSEL AND ACCOUNTANT AS TO LEGAL, TAX, AND RELATED MATTERS CONCERNING YOUR CLAIM OR INTEREST.

EACH CREDITOR AND EQUITY INTEREST HOLDER IS URGED TO REVIEW THE PLAN IN FULL BEFORE VOTING ON THE PLAN TO ENSURE A COMPLETE UNDERSTANDING OF THE PLAN AND THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT.

THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IS INTENDED FOR THE SOLE USE OF CREDITORS AND OTHER PARTIES IN INTEREST AND FOR THE SOLE PURPOSE OF ASSISTING THEM IN MAKING AN INFORMED DECISION ABOUT THE PLAN. NO PERSON HAS BEEN AUTHORIZED TO GIVE ANY INFORMATION OR MAKE ANY REPRESENTATIONS IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE SOLICITATION OF VOTES TO

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ACCEPT OR REJECT THE PLAN OTHER THAN THE INFORMATION AND REPRESENTATIONS CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT OR IN THE BALLOTS. IF GIVEN OR MADE, ANY SUCH INFORMATION OR REPRESENTATIONS MUST NOT BE RELIED UPON AS HAVING BEEN AUTHORIZED BY DEBTOR.

[THIS **DISCLOSURE** STATEMENT HAS **BEEN APPROVED** THE BANKRUPTCY COURT AS CONTAINING ADEQUATE INFORMATION TO PERMIT A CREDITOR TO VOTE ON THE PLAN. THE COURT'S APPROVAL OF **DISCLOSURE** STATEMENT, **CONSTITUTE** HOWEVER, **DOES NOT** AN ENDORSEMENT OF THE PLAN BY THE BANKRUPTCY COURT.]

II. EXPLANATION OF CHAPTER 11

A. Overview of Chapter 11. Chapter 11 is the principal reorganization chapter of the Bankruptcy Code. Pursuant to Chapter 11, a debtor in possession attempts to reorganize its business for the benefit of the debtor, its creditors, and other parties in interest. The Debtor commenced the Chapter 11 case (the "Chapter 11 Case") with the Bankruptcy Court by filing a voluntary petition for relief under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code on June 2, 2008 with the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Nevada. The Chapter 11 Case is Case No. 08-15780 (BAM).

The commencement of a Chapter 11 case creates an estate comprising of all of the legal and equitable interests of the debtor as of the date the petition is filed. Sections 1101, 1107, and 1108 of the Bankruptcy Code provide that a debtor may continue to operate its business and remain in possession of its property as a "debtor in possession" unless the bankruptcy court orders the appointment of a trustee. In the present Chapter 11 Case, the Debtor has remained in possession of its property and continues to operate its business as debtor-in-possession.

The filing of a chapter 11 petition triggers the automatic stay provisions of the Bankruptcy Code. Section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code provides, among other things, for an automatic stay of all attempts to collect or recover prepetition claims from the debtor or to otherwise interfere with, or exercise control over, the debtor's property or business. Except as otherwise ordered by the

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Bankruptcy Court, the automatic stay remains in full force and effect until the effective date of a confirmed plan of reorganization.

B. Plan of Reorganization

The formulation of a plan of reorganization is the principal purpose of a Chapter 11 case. The plan sets forth the means for satisfying claims against and interests in the debtor. Although referred to as a plan of reorganization, a plan may provide for anything from a complex restructuring of a debtor's business and its related obligations to a simple liquidation of the debtor's assets. In either event, upon confirmation of the plan, it becomes binding on the debtor and all of its creditors and equity holders, and the obligations owed by the debtor to such parties are compromised and exchanged for the obligations specified in the plan.

After a plan of reorganization has been filed, the holders of impaired claims against and interests in a debtor are permitted to vote to accept or reject the plan, provided such holders are to receive distributions under the plan. Before soliciting acceptances to the proposed plan, section 1125 of the Bankruptcy Code requires a debtor to prepare a disclosure statement containing adequate information of a kind, and in sufficient detail, to enable a hypothetical reasonable investor to make an informed judgment about the plan. This Disclosure Statement is presented to holders of Claims against and Equity Interests in the Debtor to satisfy the requirements of Section 1125 of the Bankruptcy Code in connection with the Debtor's solicitation of votes on the Plan.

C. Confirmation of a Plan of Reorganization

If all classes of claims and interests accept a plan of reorganization, the bankruptcy court may confirm the plan if the bankruptcy court independently determines that the requirements of section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code have been satisfied. Section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code sets forth the requirements for confirmation of a plan and, among other things, requires that a plan meet the "best interests" of creditors test and be "feasible." The "best interests" test generally requires that the value of the consideration to be distributed under a plan to the holders of claims or interests in the debtor is not less than those parties would receive if the debtor was liquidated pursuant to a hypothetical liquidation occurring under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. Under the "feasibility"

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requirement, the court generally must find that there is a reasonable probability that the debtor will be able to meet its obligations under its plan without the need for further financial reorganization. With the exception of approval of the Plan by all impaired classes, the Debtor believes that the Plan satisfies all the applicable requirements of section 1129(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, including, in particular, the best interests of creditors test and the feasibility requirement. As described in greater detail in Section XVIII herein, holders of Claims and Equity Interests in the Debtor will receive more under the Plan than they would under a hypothetical Chapter 7 liquidation. In addition, the Plan is feasible because the Debtor and the Guarantors are each capable of performing all of their obligations thereunder.

Chapter 11 does not require that each holder of a claim or interest in a particular class vote in favor of a plan of reorganization in order for the bankruptcy court to determine that the class has accepted the plan. Rather, a particular class will be determined to have accepted the plan if the court determines that the plan has been accepted by a majority in number and two-thirds in amount of those claims actually voting in such class. In the present case, only the holders of Claims who actually vote will be counted as either accepting or rejecting the Plan.

In addition, classes of claims or interests in the debtor that are not "impaired" under a plan of reorganization are conclusively presumed to have accepted the plan and thus are not entitled to vote. Conversely, classes that are to receive no distribution under the plan are conclusively deemed to have rejected the plan. Accordingly, acceptances of a plan will generally be solicited only from those persons who hold claims or equity interests in an impaired class. A class is "impaired" if the legal, equitable, or contractual rights associated with the claims or equity interests of that class are modified in any way under the plan. Modification for purposes of determining impairment, however, does not include curing defaults and reinstating maturity or payment in full in cash on the effective date of the plan. All classes of Claims are impaired under the Plan and the holders of Claims in such classes are entitled to vote on the Plan.

The bankruptcy court may also confirm a plan of reorganization even though fewer than all classes of impaired claims and equity interests accept it. For a plan of reorganization to be

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confirmed despite its rejection by a class of impaired claims or equity interests, the proponent of the plan must show, among other things, that the plan does not "discriminate unfairly" and that the plan is "fair and equitable" with respect to each impaired class of claims or equity interests that has not accepted the plan.

Under section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, a plan is "fair and equitable" as to a rejecting class of claims or equity interests if, among other things, the plan provides: (a) with respect to secured claims, that the holders in a rejecting class of secured claims will realize the indubitable equivalent of such claims, and (b) with respect to unsecured claims and equity interests, that the holder of any claim or equity interest that is junior to the claims or equity interests of such class will not receive or retain on account of such junior claim or equity interest any property at all unless the senior class is paid in full.

A plan does not "discriminate unfairly" against a rejecting class of claims or equity interests if the relative value of the recovery of such class under the plan does not differ materially from that of any class (or classes) of similarly situated claims or equity interests. The Debtor believes that the Plan has been structured so that it will satisfy the foregoing requirements as to any rejecting class of Claims, and can therefore be confirmed, if necessary, over the objection of any (but not all) classes of Claims.

III. DEFINITIONS

All capitalized terms used herein, but not defined herein shall have the meaning given to such terms in the Plan. If a term is not defined herein or in the Plan, but is defined in the Bankruptcy Code, such term has the meaning given to that term in the Bankruptcy Code unless the context of the Disclosure Statement requires otherwise. References to a code section are references to the Bankruptcy Code, except as otherwise stated.

IV. SUMMARY OF THE PLAN AND DISTRIBUTIONS UNDER THE PLAN

This Section provides a summary of the Plan and of how Claims against and Equity Interests in the Debtor are classified and treated under the Plan. The descriptions set forth below are merely

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summaries and, in the event of an inconsistency with the Plan, the terms of the Plan will govern. Please refer to Section VIII hereof for a more detailed discussion of the Plan.

A. Summary of Plan

The Plan is not complicated. The Debtor's principle asset consists of fifteen parcels of real estate located in Henderson, Nevada, the sum of which totals approximately 126 acres. Prior to the Petition Date, the Debtor planned to build a mixed use development with one million square feet of true Class A office space, eight hundred fifty thousand square feet of lifestyle boutique retail, one hundred fifty thousand square feet of neighborhood commercial retail and two thousand five hundred luxury residential units known as "City Crossing." Due to economic conditions described in greater detail below, the Debtor is unable to complete the City Crossing Project at this time. In addition, the Lenders have indicated that they will not support a plan that provides for the sale of the City Crossing Project unless their credit bid rights are preserved, a condition that is unacceptable to the Guarantors, the only entities capable of funding a commercially reasonable sales process. Accordingly, the Debtor has determined that it can best be restructured by transferring its real property to the Lenders holding liens in such real property in satisfaction of the Lenders' secured claims against the Debtor.

Community Bank has agreed to accept title to its real property collateral and a payment of \$190,000 to cover reasonable fees and costs in complete satisfaction of all of its claims against the Debtor and the Guarantors and supports the Plan. The FDIC, as receiver for First National Bank¹ and Silver State Bank, has agreed to similar treatment subject to the completion of certain diligence, and the Debtor anticipates that the FDIC will support the Plan. With respect to the remaining Lenders (the "Non-Releasing Lenders"), the Plan requires that the Bankruptcy Court value their respective collateral at the Confirmation Hearing. The Debtor will then transfer title of each Parcel to the Non-Releasing Lender holding a lien on such Parcel in exchange for a reduction in debt commensurate with the value of such Parcel. All of the Lenders, including the Non-Releasing

¹ First National Bank is the successor in interest to all of the loans made by First National Corporation to the Debtor and all references to First National Bank are also references to First National Bank as successor in interest to First National Capital.

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Lenders, will receive their collateral free and clear of all claims and interests pursuant to section 1141(c) and 363(f) of the Bankruptcy Code.

If a Parcel is subject to more than one deed of trust in favor of more than one Non-Releasing Lender, the Debtor will effectuate the transfer of title to such Non-Releasing Lenders by transferring such Parcel to a newly formed limited liability company to be owned by all of the Non-Releasing Lenders that held a lien in such Parcel. The senior Lenders will receive preferred units in such limited liability company on a pro rata basis. The junior lenders will receive common units in such limited liability company, also on a pro rata basis. And, the Non-Releasing Lenders holding junior liens on such Parcel will not be able to receive distributions on account of their membership interests in such limited liability company until the Non-Releasing Lenders holding senior liens have received distributions from such limited liability company with a value at least equal to their secured claims against the Debtor.

The Debtor believes that the transfer of a Parcel to a new limited liability company is a significant benefit for the Non-Releasing Lenders. Many of the Non-Releasing Lenders are participants in loans arranged by Aspen Financial and Clayton Mortgage. Absent the Plan, such Non-Releasing Lenders would be required to foreclose upon their real property collateral, which would be difficult to do in light of the fact that participants in the Aspen Financial and Clayton Mortgage loans hold fractional interests in a deed of trust along with many other lenders. The Plan allows participants in the loans arranged by Aspen Financial and Clayton Mortgage to hold title to their collateral through a single company, thereby resolving the question of how title should be held after foreclosure and making future dispositions of the property more easy to consummate.

Further, absent the Plan, foreclosure by senior Non-Releasing Lenders will eliminate the interests of the junior Non-Releasing Lenders unless the junior Non-Releasing Lenders payoff the senior debt. Under the Plan, the junior Non-Releasing Lenders will be entitled to recoveries from their collateral; <u>provided</u>, that the Bankruptcy Court finds that the value of the collateral is greater than the amount of the Claims of the senior Non-Releasing Lenders and the property is subsequently sold for at least that amount.

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The Debtor believes that there is sufficient value in the Parcels to satisfy all of the Claims of the Non-Releasing Lenders through the return of such Parcels, however, any claims of the Non-Releasing Lenders (other than Community Bank, First National Bank and Silver State, which have agreed to accept their collateral in full satisfaction of their respective Claims) not satisfied by the return of the Parcels will be classified as general unsecured claims under the Plan.

As an added inducement to the Non-Releasing Lenders under the Plan, the Guarantors will pay in cash the reasonable attorneys fees and costs owed by the Debtor pursuant to a Non-Releasing Lender's loan documents if such Non-Releasing Lender agrees to release the Guarantors from their respective Guarantees.

Finally, the Plan calls for the preservation of all Avoidance Actions against the Yamagata Group. The Yamagata Group received approximately \$50 million from the Debtor and its predecessors in interest as part of a leveraged buyout of the Yamagata Group's interests in such parties. Such transfers may have been constructively fraudulent and the Plan provides for the creation of a Litigation Trust to prosecute any Avoidance Actions that may exist as a result of such transfers. The Litigation Trust will be funded by a \$100,000 contribution from the Guarantors. The proceeds received from any recoveries against the Yamagata Group will be used, first, to pay the claims of any non-insider unsecured creditors, including any deficiency claims of the Non-Releasing Lenders and, second, as a return to equity.

The Debtor believes that the Plan will maximize the value of its assets because it will transfer the Lenders' collateral to the Lenders free and clear of all claims and interests without the need for costly foreclosure, thereby allowing the Lenders, especially junior lenders to market their collateral on a non-fire sale basis. Further, the Plan allows for the prosecution of Avoidance Actions against the Yamagata Group, which may provide some recoveries for general unsecured creditors. Accordingly, the Debtor urges all creditors to vote in favor of the Plan.

B. Distributions under the Plan

The following is a summary of the Distributions under the Plan. Claims (except those Claims receiving treatment as set forth in Section VIII(A) hereof) against and Equity Interests in the

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Debtor will receive Distributions under the Plan as set forth below:

2	Classification	Type of Claim	<u>Treatment</u>
3	Class 1	Parcel 1 Claims	On the Effective Date, the Alper Trust shall receive, in complete
4		Estimated	satisfaction of its Parcel 1 Claims, (a) all of the Debtor's right, title and interest in and to Parcel 1 and (b) the Alper Road Property, in
5		amount of Parcel 1 Claims: \$ 14,000,000	each case on an "as is, where is" basis free and clear of all Claims and interests, including, without limitation, Liens of creditors and equity security holders pursuant to section 1141(c) and section
6		\$ 14,000,000	363(f) of the Bankruptcy Code. In addition, if the Alper Trust is a Releasing Lender, on the Effective Date, the Guarantor shall make a
7			cash payment to the Alper Trust in an amount equal to the reasonable attorneys fees and costs payable in respect of the Parcel 1
8			Claims under the Parcel 1 Loan Documents.
9	Class 2	Parcel 2 Senior Claims	On the Effective Date, First National Bank shall receive, in complete satisfaction of its Parcel 2 Senior Claims, (a) from the
10		Estimated	Debtor, all of the Debtor's right, title and interest in and to Parcel 2 on an "as is, where is" basis free and clear of all Claims and
11		amount of Parcel 2 Senior Claims:	interests, including, without limitation, Liens of creditors and equity security holders pursuant to section 1141(c) and section
12		\$ 23,340,591	363(f) of the Bankruptcy Code and (b) from the Guarantors, the reasonable attorneys fees and costs incurred by First National Bank
13 14			in connection with the Parcel 2 Senior Loan Documents as agreed to by the Debtor and First National Bank or, in the absence of such
15			agreement, as ordered by the Bankruptcy Court.
16	Class 3	Parcel 2 Junior Claims	On the Effective Date, First National Bank, as successor in interest to First National Capital, shall receive, in complete satisfaction of
17		Estimated amount of Parcel	all of its Parcel 2 Junior Claims, (a) from the Debtor, all of the Debtor's right, title and interest in and to Parcel 2 on an "as is, where is" basis free and clear of all Claims and interests, including,
18		2 Junior Claims: \$ 4,433,235	without limitation, Liens of creditors and equity security holders pursuant to section 1141(c) and section 363(f) of the Bankruptcy
19		+ 1,000,000	Code and (b) from the Guarantors, the reasonable attorneys fees and costs incurred by First National Bank in connection with the Parcel
20			2 Junior Loan Documents as agreed to by the Debtor and First National Bank or, in the absence of such agreement, as ordered by
21			the Bankruptcy Court.
22	Class 4	Parcel 3 Claims	On the Effective Date, Silver State Bank shall receive, in complete satisfaction of all of its Parcel 3 Claims, (a) from the Debtor, all of
23		Estimated amount of Parcel	the Debtor's right, title and interest in and to Parcel 3 on an "as is, where is" basis free and clear of all Claims and interests, including,
24		3 Claims: \$ 15,861,565	without limitation, Liens of creditors and equity security holders pursuant to section 1141(c) and section 363(f) of the Bankruptcy
25			Code and (b) from the Guarantors, the reasonable attorneys fees and costs incurred by Silver State Bank in connection with the Parcel 3
26			Loan Documents as agreed to by the Debtor and Silver State or, in the absence of such agreement, as ordered by the Bankruptcy Court.
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1	Classification	Type of Claim	<u>Treatment</u>
2	Class 5	Parcels 4 & 5	On the Effective Date, Community Bank shall receive, in complete
3		Claims	satisfaction of the Parcels 4 & 5 Claims, (a) from the Debtor all of the Debtor's right, title and interest in and to Parcels 4 & 5 on an "as
4		Estimated amount of Parcels 4 & 5	is, where is" basis free and clear of all Claims and interests, including, without limitation, Liens of creditors and equity security holders pursuant to section 1141(c) and section 363(f) of the
5		Claims: \$ 29,893,788	Bankruptcy Code and (b) from the Guarantors, \$190,000 in cash to reimburse Community Bank for its reasonable fees and costs.
6	Class 6	Parcels 6-8 Senior	On the Effective Date, First National Bank shall receive, in
7		Claims	complete satisfaction of the Parcels 6-8 Senior Claims, (a) from the Debtor, all of the Debtor's right, title and interest in and to Parcel 6,
8		Estimated amount of	Parcel 7 and Parcel 8 on an "as is, where is" basis free and clear of all Claims and interests, including, without limitation, Liens of
9		Parcels 6-8 Senior Claims:	creditors and equity security holders pursuant to section 1141(c) and section 363(f) of the Bankruptcy Code and (b) from the Guarantors,
10		\$ 31,568,692	the reasonable attorneys fees and costs incurred by First National Bank in connection with the Parcels 6-8 Senior Loan Documents as
11			agreed to by the Debtor and First National Bank or, in the absence of such agreement, as ordered by the Bankruptcy Court.
12	Class 7	Parcels 6-8 Junior	On the Effective Date, First National Bank, as successor in interest
13	Class 7	Claims	to First National Capital, shall receive, in complete satisfaction of the Parcels 6-8 Junior Claims, (a) from the Debtor, all of the
14		Estimated amount of	Debtor's right, title and interest in and to Parcel 6, Parcel 7 and Parcel 8 on an "as is, where is" basis free and clear of all Claims and
15		Parcels 6-8 Junior Claims:	interests, including, without limitation, Liens of creditors and equity security holders pursuant to section 1141(c) and section 363(f) of
16		\$ 7,381,000	the Bankruptcy Code and (b) from the Guarantors, the reasonable attorneys fees and costs incurred by First National Bank in
17			connection with the Parcels 6-8 Junior Loan Documents as agreed to by the Debtor and First National Bank or, in the absence of such
18			agreement, as ordered by the Bankruptcy Court.

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<u>Classification</u>	Type of Claim	<u>Treatment</u>
Class 8	Parcel 9 Senior	On the Effective Date, each holder of a Parcel 9 Senior Claim shall
	Claims	receive, in complete satisfaction of its Parcel 9 Senior Claim, preferred membership units in Parcel 9 Resolution Company equal
	Estimated amount of Parcel 9 Senior Claims:	to such holder's percentage of the aggregate amount of Parcel 9 Senior Claims. The operating agreement for Parcel 9 Resolution
	\$ 6,986,479	Company shall provide that any common membership units of Parcel 9 Resolution Company shall not be entitled to receive any
		distributions until the holders of the preferred membership units in Parcel 9 Resolution Company have received cash dividends in an
		amount equal to the aggregate amount of Parcel 9 Senior Claims. In addition, if all of the holders of Parcel 9 Senior Claims are
		Releasing Lenders, on the Effective Date, the Guarantors shall make a cash payment to the holders of Parcel 9 Senior Claims in an
		amount equal to the reasonable attorneys fees and costs payable in respect of the Parcel 9 Senior Claims under the Parcel 9 Senior Loan
		Documents. On the Effective Date, the Debtor shall transfer all of its right, title and interest in and to Parcel 9 to Parcel 9 Resolution
		Company on an "as is, where is" basis free and clear of all Claims and interests, including, without limitation, Liens of creditors
		and equity security holders pursuant to section 1141(c) and section 363(f) of the Bankruptcy Code.
Class 9	Parcel 9 Junior	On the Effective Date, each holder of a Parcel 9 Junior Claim shall
Class 9	Claims	receive, in complete satisfaction of its Parcel 9 Junior Claim,
	Estimated amount of Parcel	common membership units in Parcel 9 Resolution Company equal to such holder's percentage of the aggregate amount of Parcel 9
	9 Junior Claims:	Junior Claims. The operating agreement for Parcel 9 Resolution Company shall provide that any common membership units of the
	\$ 2,600,000	Parcel 9 Resolution Company shall not be entitled to receive any distributions until the holders of the preferred membership units in
		Parcel 9 Resolution Company have received cash dividends in an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the Parcel 9 Senior
		Claims. In addition, if all of the holders of Parcel 9 Junior Claims are Releasing Lenders, on the Effective Date, the Guarantors shall
		make a cash payment to the holders of Parcel 9 Junior Claims in an
		amount equal to the reasonable attorneys fees and costs payable in respect of the Parcel 9 Junior Claims under the Parcel 9 Junior Loan
		Documents. On the Effective Date, the Debtor shall transfer all of its right, title and interest in and to Parcel 9 to Parcel 9 Resolution
		Company on an "as is, where is" basis free and clear of all Claims and interests, including, without limitation, Liens of creditors
		and equity security holders pursuant to section 1141(c) and section 363(f) of the Bankruptcy Code.

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1	Classification	Type of Claim	<u>Treatment</u>
2	Class 10	Parcel 10 Senior Claims	On the Effective Date, each holder of a Parcel 10 Senior Claim shall receive, in complete satisfaction of its Parcel 10 Senior Claim,
3		Estimated	preferred membership units in Parcel 10 Resolution Company equal to such holder's percentage of the aggregate amount of Parcel 10
5		amount of Parcel 10 Senior Claims: \$ 4,832,000	Senior Claims. The operating agreement for Parcel 10 Resolution Company shall provide that any common membership units of
6		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Parcel 10 Resolution Company shall not be entitled to receive any distributions until the holders of the preferred membership units in Parcel 10 Resolution Company have received cash dividends in an
7			amount equal to the aggregate amount of Parcel 10 Senior Claims. In addition, if all of the holders of Parcel 10 Senior Claims are
8			Releasing Lenders, on the Effective Date, the Guarantors shall make a cash payment to the holders of Parcel 10 Senior Claims in an
9			amount equal to the reasonable attorneys fees and costs payable in respect of the Parcel 10 Senior Claims under the Parcel 10 Senior
10			Loan Documents. On the Effective Date, the Debtor shall transfer all of its right, title and interest in and to Parcel 10 to Parcel 10
12			Resolution Company on an "as is, where is" basis free and clear of all Claims and interests, including, without limitation, Liens of creditors and equity security holders pursuant to section 1141(c) and
13			section 363(f) of the Bankruptcy Code.
14	Class 11	Parcel 10 Junior Claims	On the Effective Date, each holder of a Parcel 10 Junior Claim shall receive, in complete satisfaction of its Parcel 10 Junior Claim,
15		Estimated amount of Parcel	common membership units in Parcel 10 Resolution Company equal to such holder's percentage of the aggregate amount of Parcel 10
16		10 Junior Claims: \$ 1,850,000	Junior Claims. The operating agreement for Parcel 10 Resolution Company shall provide that any common membership units of
17 18			Parcel 10 Resolution Company shall not be entitled to receive any distributions until the holders of the preferred membership units in Parcel 10 Resolution Company have received cash dividends in an
19			amount equal to the aggregate amount of the Parcel 9 Senior Claims. In addition, if all of the holders of Parcel 10 Junior Claims
20			are Releasing Lenders, on the Effective Date, the Guarantor shall make a cash payment to the holders of Parcel 10 Junior Claims in an
21			amount equal to the reasonable attorneys fees and costs payable in respect of the Parcel 10 Junior Claims under the Parcel 10 Junior
22			Loan Documents. On the Effective Date, the Debtor shall transfer all of its right, title and interest in and to Parcel 10 to Parcel 10
23			Resolution Company on an "as is, where is" basis free and clear of all Claims and interests, including, without limitation, Liens of creditors and equity security holders pursuant to section 1141(c) and
24			section 363(f) of the Bankruptcy Code.
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1	Classification	Type of Claim	<u>Treatment</u>
2	Class 12	Parcel 11 Senior	On the Effective Date, each holder of a Parcel 11 Senior Claim shall
3		Claims	receive, in complete satisfaction of its Parcel 11 Senior Claims, preferred membership units in Parcel 11 Resolution Company equal
4		Estimated amount of Parcel 11 Senior Claims:	to such holder's percentage of the aggregate amount of Parcel 11 Senior Claims. The operating agreement for Parcel 11 Resolution
5		\$ 7,270,000	Company shall provide that any common membership units of Parcel 11 Resolution Company shall not be entitled to receive any
6			distributions until the holders of the preferred membership units in Parcel 11 Resolution Company have received cash dividends in an
7			amount equal to the aggregate amount of Parcel 11 Senior Claims. In addition, if all of the holders of Parcel 11 Senior Claims are
8			Releasing Lenders, on the Effective Date, the Guarantors shall make a cash payment to the holders of Parcel 11 Senior Claims in an
9			amount equal to the reasonable attorneys fees and costs payable in respect of the Parcel 11 Senior Claims under the Parcel 9 Senior
10			Loan Documents. On the Effective Date, the Debtor shall transfer all of its right, title and interest in and to Parcel 11 to Parcel 11
11			Resolution Company on an "as is, where is" basis free and clear of all Claims and interests, including, without limitation, Liens of
12			creditors and equity security holders pursuant to section 1141(c) and section 363(f) of the Bankruptcy Code.
13	Class 13	Parcel 11 Junior	On the Effective Date, each holder of a Parcel 11 Junior Claim shall
14	Class 15	Claims	receive, in complete satisfaction of its Parcel 11 Junior Claims, common membership units in Parcel 11 Resolution Company equal
15		Estimated amount of Parcel	to such holder's percentage of the aggregate amount of Parcel 11 Junior Claims. The operating agreement for Parcel 11 Resolution
16		11 Junior Claims: \$ 2,800,000	Company shall provide that any common membership units of
17			Parcel 11 Resolution Company shall not be entitled to receive any distributions until the holders of the preferred membership units in
18			Parcel 11 Resolution Company have received cash dividends in an amount equal to the aggregate amount of Parcel 11 Senior Claims.
19			In addition, if all of the holders of Parcel 11 Junior Claims are Releasing Lenders, on the Effective Date, the Guarantors shall make
20			a cash payment to the holders of Parcel 11 Junior Claims in an amount equal to the reasonable attorneys fees and costs payable in
21			respect of the Parcel 11 Junior Claims under the Parcel 9 Senior Loan Documents. On the Effective Date, the Debtor shall transfer
22			all of its right, title and interest in and to Parcel 11 to Parcel 11 Resolution Company on an "as is, where is" basis free and clear of
23			all Claims and interests, including, without limitation, Liens of creditors and equity security holders pursuant to section 1141(c) and
24			section 363(f) of the Bankruptcy Code.
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1	Classification	Type of Claim	<u>Treatment</u>
2	Class 14	Parcel 12 Senior Claims	On the Effective Date, each holder of a Parcel 12 Senior Claim shall receive, in complete satisfaction of its Parcel 12 Senior Claim,
3		Estimated	preferred membership units in Parcel 12 Resolution Company equal to such holder's percentage of the aggregate amount of Parcel 12
5		amount of Parcel 12 Junior Claims: \$ 3,225,000	Senior Claims. The operating agreement for Parcel 12 Resolution Company shall provide that any common membership units of
6		\$ 3,223,000	Parcel 12 Resolution Company shall not be entitled to receive any distributions until the holders of the preferred membership units in
7			Parcel 12 Resolution Company have received cash dividends in an amount equal to the aggregate amount of Parcel 12 Senior Claims. In addition, if all of the holders of Parcel 12 Senior Claims are
8			Releasing Lenders, on the Effective Date, the Guarantor shall make a cash payment to the holders of Parcel 12 Senior Claims in an
9			amount equal to the reasonable attorneys fees and costs payable in respect of the Parcel 12 Senior Claims under the Parcel 12 Senior
10			Loan Documents. On the Effective Date, the Debtor shall transfer all of its right, title and interest in and to Parcel 12 to Parcel 12
11			Resolution Company on an "as is, where is" basis free and clear of all Claims and interests, including, without limitation, Liens of
13			creditors and equity security holders pursuant to section 1141(c) and section 363(f) of the Bankruptcy Code.
14	Class 15	Parcel 12 Junior Claims	On the Effective Date, each holder of a Parcel 12 Junior Claim shall receive, in complete satisfaction of its Parcel 12 Junior Claim,
15		Estimated	common membership units in Parcel 12 Resolution Company equal to such holder's percentage of the aggregate amount of Parcel 12
16		amount of Parcel 12 Senior Claims: \$ 1,244,574	Junior Claims. The operating agreement for Parcel 12 Resolution Company shall provide that any common membership units of
17		Ψ 1,211,574	Parcel 12 Resolution Company shall not be entitled to receive any distributions until the holders of the preferred membership units in
18 19			Parcel 12 Resolution Company have received cash dividends in an amount equal to the aggregate amount of Parcel 12 Senior Claims. In addition, if all of the holders of Parcel 12 Junior Claims are
20			Releasing Lenders, on the Effective Date, the Guarantor shall make a cash payment to the holders of Parcel 12 Junior Claims in an
21			amount equal to the reasonable attorneys fees and costs payable in respect of the Parcel 12 Junior Claims under the Parcel 12 Junior
22			Loan Documents. On the Effective Date, the Debtor shall transfer all of its right, title and interest in and to Parcel 12 to Parcel 12
23			Resolution Company on an "as is, where is" basis free and clear of all Claims and interests, including, without limitation, Liens of
24			creditors and equity security holders pursuant to section 1141(c) and section 363(f) of the Bankruptcy Code.
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Classification	Type of Claim	<u>Treatment</u>
Class 16	Parcels 13-15 Claims Estimated amount of Parcels 13-15 Claims: \$ 25,000,000	On the Effective Date, each holder of a Parcels 13-15 Claim shall receive, in complete satisfaction of its Parcels 13-15 Claim, common membership units in Parcels 13-15 Resolution Company equal to such holder's percentage of the aggregate amount of Parcels 13-15 Senior Claims. On the Effective Date, the Debtor shall transfer all of its right, title and interest in and to Parcel 13, Parcel 14 and Parcel 15 to Parcels 13-15 Resolution Company on a "as is, where is" basis free and clear of all Claims and interests, including, without limitation, Liens of creditors and equity security holders pursuant to section 1141(c) and section 363(f) of the Bankruptcy Code. In addition, if all of the holders of Parcels 13-15 Claims are Releasing Lenders, on the Effective Date, the Guaranto shall make a cash payment to the holders of Parcels 13-15 Claims an amount equal to the reasonable attorneys fees and costs payable in respect of the Parcels 13-15 Claims under the Parcels 13-15 Loa Documents.
Class 17	Insider Unsecured Claims Estimated amount of Insider Unsecured Claims: \$ 1,244,610.61	On the Effective Date, the holders of Allowed Insider Unsecured Claims shall release all of their Allowed Insider Unsecured Claims In exchange, the Debtor shall release any and all claims that it may hold against such holders and, if applicable, against each of such holders officers, directors shareholders and Affiliates, including, without limitation, any Avoidance Actions.
Class 18	Other Unsecured Claims Estimated amount of Other Unsecured Claims: \$ 9,769,831	On the Distribution Date, each holder of an Allowed Other Unsecured Claim shall receive, in complete satisfaction of its Allowed Other Unsecured Claim, a beneficial interest in the Litigation Trust entitling such holder to receive its Pro Rata Share any proceeds from the Litigation Trust Assets; provided that such holder shall not be entitled to receive an amount in excess of such holder's Allowed Other Unsecured Claim.
Class 19	Equity Interests	On the Effective Date, all of the Equity Interests in the Debtor shall be cancelled and the holder of such Equity Interests shall receive a beneficial interest in the Litigation Trust which shall entitle such holder to receive any and all proceeds from the Litigation Trust Assets remaining after the holders of Claims in Class 18 shall have been paid in full.

V. <u>VOTING INSTRUCTIONS</u>

IT IS IMPORTANT THAT YOU EXERCISE YOUR RIGHT TO VOTE TO ACCEPT OR REJECT THE PLAN. If you are or may be entitled to vote on the Plan, you have been sent a

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ballot (the "Ballot") and instructions for voting with this Disclosure Statement. You should read the Ballot carefully and follow the instructions contained therein. Please use only the Ballot sent to you with this Disclosure Statement.

To simplify the voting procedure, Ballots have been sent only to all known holders of Claims and equity interests, including Disputed Claims to which objections may be filed. The Bankruptcy Code and the Bankruptcy Rules provide that only the holders of Allowed Claims (or Claims which are deemed Allowed) and holders of Allowed Equity Interests are entitled to vote on the Plan. A Claim to which an objection has been filed is not an Allowed Claim unless and until the Bankruptcy Court rules on the objection. The Bankruptcy Court may temporarily allow a Disputed Claim to which an objection has been filed for purposes of voting on the Plan. Therefore, although the holders of Disputed Claims to which an objection has been filed will receive Ballots, these votes will not be counted unless the Bankruptcy Court temporarily allows such Claims for purposes of voting on the Plan.

If a party in interest is a member of more than one Class, it will receive a Ballot for each Class. IF YOU ARE A MEMBER OF MORE THAN ONE CLASS, YOU MUST FILL OUT AND RETURN ALL BALLOTS SENT TO YOU FOR YOUR VOTE TO COUNT IN EACH CLASS.

> Schwartzer & McPherson Law Firm Attn: Jeanette McPherson, Esq. 2850 S. Jones Boulevard, Suite 1 Las Vegas, NV 89146-5308 Facsimile (702) 892-08122

IF YOUR BALLOT IS NOT RETURNED BY SUCH TIME, IT MAY NOT BE CONSIDERED. BALLOTS WHICH ARE RETURNED BUT NOT PROPERLY

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EXECUTED OR WHICH FAIL TO INDICATE EITHER ACCEPTANCE OR REJECTION OF THE PLAN WILL NOT BE COUNTED.

VI. BACKGROUND AND EVENTS PRECIPITATING THE CHAPTER 11 FILING

A. The Debtor's ownership

The Debtor is owned by an entity known as Aquila Investments, LLC ("Aquila Investments") and is managed by Aquila Management, LLC ("Aquila Management"). Aquila Investments and Aquila Management are both controlled by William Plise. Mr. Plise is a respected developer in the Las Vegas area. In addition to the City Crossing Project, Mr. Plise is responsible for developing various other office buildings through the Las Vegas area, including the Rainbow Sunset Pavilion and Centennial Corporate Center in southern Las Vegas. Both the Rainbow Sunset Pavilion and Centennial Corporate Center projects are unrelated to the Debtor.

B. The History of the Property

The property that now constitutes the City Crossing Project was purchased by Aquila Investments in early 2002. Shortly thereafter, Aquila Investments formed Sage Mountain I, LLC ("SM1") and transferred the real property thereto. In 2002 and 2003, Gene Yamagata through one or more entities (including GY Property Holdings, LLC) and certain of his key employees (collectively, the "Yamagata Group") became 80% partners in SM1. Aquila Investments and the Yamagata Group originally intended to develop the property as an industrial site that would be known as the Sage Mountain Commerce Center.

Due to land use changes in the West Henderson area and the development of the master planned community of Inspirada to the South, Mr. Plise and the Yamagata Group agreed that the highest and best use of the property was to develop it as a mixed use center. As a result, SM1 applied, and Mr. Plise worked with, the City of Henderson over a three year period to master plan the project and change the zoning classification from industrial to commercial mixed-use. During this process, the Yamagata Group decided that it did not want take on the risk of developing the entire 126 acres and asked Mr. Plise to sell the project or buy out its interests either in whole or in part. The Yamagata Group and Mr. Plise agreed to subdivide the project into eight parcels to

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facilitate refinancing the debt with multiple lenders and to start the process of buying out the Yamagata Group's interests. Aquila Investments formed Playa del Sol, LLC ("Playa"), and through Playa acquired 20 acres in the project on December 13, 2004. Yamagata retained a 15% interest in Playa. The acquisition was funded by Eliot Alper and his family and later refinanced by Community Bank of Nevada.

On November 15, 2005, SM1, Aquila Investments, the Yamagata Group and certain other entities entered into a Memorandum of Understanding (the "MOU") pursuant to which SM1's property was subdivided into seven separate parcels to be owned by limited liability companies named "Sage Mountain Parcel" followed by the number of the parcel transferred to such entity (*e.g.*, parcels 2-8; parcel 1 was owned by Playa). Pursuant to the MOU, from November 15, 2005 through the end of 2006, the parties refinanced some of the parcels and Aquila Investments acquired 100% of the membership interests in the Sage Mountain entities that owned parcels 2, 3 and 8. Loans were made from several lending institutions, including Community Bank of Nevada, Town & Country Bank and First National Bank of Nevada. By late 2006, Aquila Investments and the Yamagata Group agreed that Aquila Investments would buy out the remainder of Yamagata's interests in Playa and the Sage Mountain entities. A Redemption Agreement (the "Redemption Agreement") in connection with such buyout was executed on December 31, 2006.

The mixed-use project that replaced the Sage Mountain Commerce Center became known as "City Crossing." In order to commence developing the City Crossing Project, the real property owned by Playa and the Sage Mountain entities was divided from eight parcels into fifteen parcels. The parcels are substantially different from the eight parcels owned by Playa and the Sage Mountain entities and do not have common meets and bounds. As a result, Aquila Investments created new limited liability companies named "City Crossing" followed by a number corresponding to the parcel owned by such entity.

From April 13, 2007 through August of 2007, the City Crossing entities obtained loans to (a) refinance the obligations of the Sage Mountain entities in respect of the parcels being formed for the City Crossing Project, (b) fund the redemption payments to the Yamagata Group, (c) make equity

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distributions to Aquila Investments and the Debtor's other indirect equity owners, and (d) in some cases, for the development of the City Crossing project. The loans were secured by the parcel or parcels held by the applicable City Crossing entity borrower. In addition to the real property collateral, each of the loans are all personally guaranteed by Mr. Plise and, in some instances, also by Aquila Management, Aquila Investments and Plise Companies, LLC, all of which are affiliates of the Debtor. The foregoing guarantors are referred to herein as the "Guarantors."

The balances in respect of such loans were as follows as of March 31, 2008:

Parcel	Lender	Loan Amount
Parcel 1	Eliot A. Alper Revocable Trust, Dated March 22, 1999, Eliot Alper, Trustee	\$13,940,164.38
Parcel 2	First National Bank	\$22,388,130.00
Parcel 2 - Mezz	First National Capital	\$4,433,236.00
Parcel 3	Silver State Bank	\$13,632,804.00
Parcel 4 & 5	Community Bank	\$25,978,000.00
Parcel 6, 7, & 8	First National Bank	\$26,117,194.00
Parcel 6, 7, & 8	First National Capital	\$7,381,000.00
Parcel 9 - 1st	Aspen Financial ²	\$6,970,705.48
Parcel 9 - 2nd	Aspen Financial	\$2,585,415.07
Parcel 10 - 1st	Aspen Financial	\$4,811,778.41
Parcel 10 - 2nd	Aspen Financial	\$1,839,622.26
Parcel 11 - 1st	Clayton Mortgage	\$7,072,365.55
Parcel 11 - 2nd	Aspen Financial	\$2,784,293.15
Parcel 12 - 1st	Clayton Mortgage	\$3,140,907.02
Parcel 12 - 2nd	Aspen Financial	\$1,242,988.01
Parcel 13 - 15	Alper Limited Partnership, a Nevada limited	\$25,000,000.00
	partnership, et. al.	
Total:		\$ 169,318,603.00

In March of 2008, Playa, SM1 and all of the Sage Mountain entities were merged into the Debtor. The purpose of this merger was to preserve any fraudulent transfer claims that these entities may have against the Guarantors, the Yamagata Group and the Lenders. On May 23, 2008, all of the City Crossing entities other than the Debtor were also merged into the Debtor. The purpose of this merger was to create a single company that could attract financing from a single joint venture partner or financing source, an event which did not materialize.

² Aspen Financial and Clayton Mortgage are not lenders. They merely service loans made by hundreds of individual investors.

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C. Transfers to the Yamagata Group and Certain Plise Entities

As noted above, some of the proceeds of the various loans obtained by the Sage Mountain entities and, later, the City Crossing entities, were used to fund redemption payments to the Yamagata Group and to make distributions to equity. Through out the life of the Sage Mountain project and City Crossing Project, approximately \$50 million was distributed to the Yamagata Group from the proceeds of the Sage Mountain and City Crossing loans described above under the MOU, the Redemption Agreement and for other reasons. A schedule of such payments is attached hereto as Exhibit C. The distributions were mostly made by the Sage Mountain entities during 2006. Approximately \$33.6 million was paid to the Guarantors from the proceeds of the loans.

As discussed in greater detail below, the Debtor proposes to transfer any Avoidance Actions arising from the Yamagata Group's receipt of funds from the Debtor and its predecessors in interest to the Litigation Trust for the benefit of unsecured creditors, including Lenders holding deficiency claims (if any), and equity.

D. Events Precipitating the Chapter 11 Case

In the fall of 2007, significant volatility existed in the mortgage and home-building industry, which seriously affected the Las Vegas area. The dramatic tightening of the credit markets severely impacted the ability of the City Crossing Entities to obtain credit. This had a devastating effect on the Debtor. In short, the Debtor was financing the City Crossing Project through short term loans. When the credit markets tightened, the Debtor was no longer able to refinance its loans resulting in defaults and severe cash constraints. Notwithstanding its lack of cash or inability to obtain further financing, the Debtor believes that there is sufficient value in its property to repay the Lenders in full if the collateral is returned to the Lenders as provided for in the Plan.

In May of 2008, shortly after many of the Debtor's loans became due, the ability of the Debtor to keep the City Crossing Project together became precarious. At least one Lender sent the Debtor and the Guarantors a demand letter indicating that it would commence exercising remedies if a forbearance agreement was not executed on or before May 30, 2008. Despite good faith negotiations, the parties were unable to reach agreement. The Debtor filed for relief under Chapter

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11 of the Bankruptcy Code on June 2, 2008 to maintain its assets while the Debtor attempted to reach a consensual restructuring of its obligations.

VII. <u>SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING THE CHAPTER 11 CASE</u>

A. Commencement of the Chapter 11 Case

On June 2, 2008 (the "Petition Date"), the Debtor filed a voluntary petition for relief under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code. The Chapter 11 Case was assigned to the Honorable Bruce A. Markell, United States Bankruptcy Judge for the District of Nevada. The Debtor remains in possession of its properties as a debtor-in-possession under Sections 1107(a) and 1108 of the Bankruptcy Code.

B. The Injunction Adversary

On June 2, 2008, the Debtor commenced an adversary proceeding against its Lenders seeking temporarily to prevent such Lenders from enforcing their rights against the Guarantors. The Debtor argued that the Guarantors should not be distracted by collection actions from the primary task at hand—reorganizing the Debtor. On June 4, 2008, the Bankruptcy Court entered a temporary restraining order, but indicated that any injunction obtained by the Debtor would only prevent the Lenders from exercising remedies in respect of the Debtor related loans held by the Lenders. The Bankruptcy Court further indicated that any such injunction would dissolve if any creditors not subject to the injunction sought to assert remedies against the Guarantors. Certain of the Lenders hold Debtor loans guaranteed by the Guarantors and non-Debtor loans guaranteed by the Guarantors. As a result, any such Lender could effectively dissolve any injunction issued by the Bankruptcy Court by exercising remedies against the Guarantors in respect of non-Debtor loans, some of which arguably have cross defaults. Faced with the foregoing facts, the Debtor voluntarily dismissed the adversary proceeding on June 9, 2008.

C. Retention of Professionals

On June 10, 2008, White & Case LLP filed an application to be retained as the Debtor's primary bankruptcy and reorganization counsel. On July 22, 2008, an order was entered approving the application of White & Case LLP. On June 9, 2008, Schwartzer & McPherson Law Firm filed

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an application to be employed by the Debtor as co-counsel. On July 29, 2008, an order was entered approving the application of Schwartzer & McPherson Law Firm. The Debtor has not retained any other professionals in its Chapter 11 Case.

D. Official Unsecured Creditors' Committee

As of the date hereof, no Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors has been appointed in this Chapter 11 Case. The Debtor believes that no such committee is necessary in its Chapter 11 Case because most of the Claims against the Debtor are secured Claims, and each of the secured creditors have retained independent, sophisticated counsel. Moreover, the unsecured claims against the Debtor are not substantial.

E. Plan and Disclosure Statement

The Debtor filed an initial plan with an initial disclosure statement on July 2, 2008 that provided for the retention of a broker to professionally market and sell the City Crossing Project as an integrated whole over the eighteen months following the effective date of the Plan. Under the initial plan, the proceeds of the sale would be distributed to creditors in order of priority.

The initial plan also contained a provision that eliminated the Lenders' credit bid rights. This provision was essential to the plan, but was strenuously opposed by the Lenders. In order for the initial plan to be feasible, the Guarantors were required to contribute approximately \$6.5 million—a considerable sum of money—to make adequate protection payments and fund the sales process. The Guarantors were only willing to contribute such sums if the Lenders waived their credit bid rights. The Guarantors were concerned that if the Lenders did not waive their credit bid rights, the Lenders could thwart a commercially reasonable sale put together at great expense by the Debtor and the Guarantors simply by exercising their credit bid rights. The Guarantors were unwilling to take this risk.

In order to attempt to resolve this and other disputes, the Debtor filed a motion on July 8, 2008, seeking a Court-ordered settlement conference. The motion was granted by the Court on July 15, 2008, and a settlement conference was scheduled for July 21, 2008 before the Honorable Gregg W. Zive in Reno, Nevada. After a full day of negotiations at the settlement conference, the Debtor

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agreed to make certain modifications to the initial plan and to arrange a meeting among the Lenders, the Debtor's proposed broker and the Debtor. The parties also agreed to continue their negotiations in respect of the initial plan, to stay most matters in this case during the negotiation process and to reconvene in Reno on September 18, 2008 for a continued settlement conference. The foregoing is memorialized in an order entered in this case on July 24, 2008 (the "Settlement Conference Order").

In compliance with the Settlement Conference Order, during August and the early part of September, the Debtor arranged a meeting among the Lenders, the broker and the Debtor, circulated a new plan and disclosure statement to the Lenders and continued to engage the Lenders in negotiations. Ultimately, the Debtor determined that the Lenders would not support a plan providing for a sale of the Property and began negotiating the present Plan pursuant to which the Debtor transfers title to the Lenders in satisfaction of the Lenders' secured claims.

The parties reconvened the settlement conference on September 18, 2008 to discuss the new plan and disclosure statement. At the conclusion of the settlement conference, the Debtors and the Lenders had made substantial progress in respect of a consensual plan and the Plan reflects the compromises made at the settlement conference. Community Bank agreed to accept title to its collateral in full satisfaction of its Claims against the Debtor and intends to vote for the Plan. The FDIC has tentatively agreed to accept title to its collateral in full satisfaction of its Claims against the Debtor and, the Debtor believes, will vote for the Plan after completing certain due diligence. Further, the Debtor believes that the members of the Alper Group have agreed to vote in favor of the Plan, while preserving their deficiency claims against the Debtor and the Guarantors. Only Clayton Mortgage and Aspen Financial have not agreed to support the Plan. In short, the settlement conference was successful in forging a plan acceptable to the bulk of the Lenders and the Debtor. That plan of reorganization is the Plan you are being asked to consider and the Debtor believes that such Plan should be confirmed.

The Debtor strongly urges the Lenders that are participants in the loans arranged by Aspen Financial and Clayton Mortgage (the "Participants") to vote for the Plan notwithstanding the fact that the Plan is not supported by Clayton Mortgage or Aspen Financial. As noted above, the Plan

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provides a fair mechanism for transferring title to the Participants' collateral to the Participants that is superior to foreclosure and may preserve the ability of junior participants to receive recoveries from their collateral, all at no cost to the participants and without any requirement that the Participants release any Guarantees. The alternative, foreclosure, will be complicated and expensive and does not protect the rights of Participants holding junior loans.

VIII. THE PLAN

A copy of the Plan accompanies this Disclosure Statement as <u>Exhibit A</u>. The following summary of the material provisions of the Plan is qualified in its entirety by the specific provisions of the Plan, including the Plan's definitions of certain terms used below. The following is intended only to provide a general description of the Plan. For more specific information concerning the Plan, the Plan should be referenced. For an overview of the Plan, please refer to Section IV above.

A. Treatment of Unclassified Claims Under the Plan

As provided in section 1123(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, Administrative Claims, including, without limitation, Professional Fees and Priority Tax Claims are not classified for purposes of voting on, or receiving distributions under, the Plan. Holders of such Claims are not entitled to vote on the Plan. All such Claims are instead treated separately in accordance with Article 2 of the Plan and in accordance with the requirements set forth in section 1129(a)(9)(A) of the Bankruptcy Code.

1. Administrative Claims

Each Administrative Claim other than a Claim for Professional Fees shall be paid in full in Cash by the Reorganized Debtor on the later to occur of: (a) the Effective Date; (b) the tenth (10th) day after such Administrative Claim is Allowed; and (c) such date as the holder of any such Administrative Claim and the Reorganized Debtor may agree.

2. Allowed Priority Tax Claims

Each Allowed Priority Tax Claim (if any) shall be paid in full in Cash on the latest of: (a) the Effective Date; (b) the tenth (10th) Day after such Claim is Allowed; and (c) such date as the holder of any such Claim and the Reorganized Debtor may agree.

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3. Professional Fees

Each Person seeking an award by the Bankruptcy Court of Professional Fees: (a) must file a final application for allowance of compensation for services rendered and reimbursement of expenses incurred through the Effective Date within thirty (30) days of the Effective Date; and (b) if the Bankruptcy Court grants such an award, must be paid in full in Cash in such amounts as are allowed by the Bankruptcy Court as soon thereafter as practicable. All final applications for allowance and disbursement of Professional Fees must be in compliance with all of the requirements of the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules, and any applicable guidelines and with all of the terms and conditions set forth in any applicable order of the Bankruptcy Court, including, without limitation, the Confirmation Order, and all other orders governing payment of Professional Fees.

4. Post-Effective Date Professional Fees

All Professional Fees for services rendered in connection with the Chapter 11 Case and the Plan after the Effective Date may be paid by the Reorganized Debtor upon receipt of an invoice for such services, or on such other terms to which the Reorganized Debtor and the relevant Professional may agree, without the need for further Bankruptcy Court authorization or entry of a Final Order.

B. Summary of Classification and Treatment of Claims Under the Plan

In accordance with section 1123(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, all Claims of Creditors (except those Claims receiving treatment as set forth in Section VIII(A) above) and holders of Equity Interests are placed in the Classes described below for all purposes, including, without limitation, voting on, Confirmation of, and Distribution under, the Plan:

Class	Type of Claim	Impaired/Unimpaired
Class 1	Parcel 1 Claims	Impaired, entitled to vote
Class 2	Parcel 2 Senior Claims	Impaired, entitled to vote
Class 3	Parcel 2 Junior Claims	Impaired, entitled to vote
Class 4	Parcel 3 Claims	Impaired, entitled to vote
Class 5	Parcels 4 & 5 Claims	Impaired, entitled to vote

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Class 6	Parcels 6-8 Senior Claims	Impaired, entitled to vote
Class 7	Parcels 6-8 Junior Claims	Impaired, entitled to vote
Class 8	Parcel 9 Senior Claims	Impaired, entitled to vote
Class 9	Parcel 9 Junior Claims	Impaired, entitled to vote
Class 10	Parcel 10 Senior Claims	Impaired, entitled to vote
Class 11	Parcel 10 Junior Claims	Impaired, entitled to vote
Class 12	Parcel 11 Senior Claims	Impaired, entitled to vote
Class 13	Parcel 11 Junior Claims	Impaired, entitled to vote
Class 14	Parcel 12 Senior Claims	Impaired, entitled to vote
Class 15	Parcel 12 Junior Claims	Impaired, entitled to vote
Class 16	Parcels 13-15 Claims	Impaired, entitled to vote
Class 17	Insider Unsecured Claims	Impaired, entitled to vote
Class 18	Other Unsecured Claims	Impaired, entitled to vote
Class 19	Equity Interests	Impaired, entitled to vote

The Debtor believes that recoveries under the Plan will exceed recoveries in a Chapter 7 case and urges all Creditors to vote for the Plan. The treatment of Claims against and Equity Interests in the Debtor under the Plan is set forth below and is consistent with the requirements of section 1129(a) of the Bankruptcy Code.

1. Class 1 – Parcel 1 Claims

Class 1 consists of Allowed Parcel 1 Claims. On the Effective Date, the Alper Trust shall receive, in complete satisfaction of its Parcel 1 Claims, (a) all of the Debtor's right, title and interest in and to Parcel 1 and (b) the Alper Road Property, in each case on an "as is, where is" basis free and clear of all Claims and interests, including, without limitation, Liens of creditors and equity security holders pursuant to section 1141(c) and section 363(f) of the Bankruptcy Code. In addition, if the Alper Trust is a Releasing Lender, on the Effective Date, the Guarantor shall make a cash payment to the Alper Trust in an amount equal to the reasonable attorneys fees and costs payable in respect of the Parcel 1 Claims under the Parcel 1 Loan Documents.

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2. Class 2 – Parcel 2 Senior Claims

Class 2 consists of Allowed Parcel 2 Senior Claims. On the Effective Date, First National Bank shall receive, in complete satisfaction of its Parcel 2 Senior Claims, (a) from the Debtor, all of the Debtor's right, title and interest in and to Parcel 2 on an "as is, where is" basis free and clear of all Claims and interests, including, without limitation, Liens of creditors and equity security holders pursuant to section 1141(c) and section 363(f) of the Bankruptcy Code and (b) from the Guarantors, the reasonable attorneys fees and costs incurred by First National Bank in connection with the Parcel 2 Senior Loan Documents as agreed to by the Debtor and First National Bank or, in the absence of such agreement, as ordered by the Bankruptcy Court.

3. Class 3 – Parcel 2 Junior Claims

Class 3 consists of Allowed Parcel 2 Junior Claims. On the Effective Date, First National Bank, as successor in interest to First National Capital, shall receive, in complete satisfaction of all of its Parcel 2 Junior Claims, (a) from the Debtor, all of the Debtor's right, title and interest in and to Parcel 2 on an "as is, where is" basis free and clear of all Claims and interests, including, without limitation, Liens of creditors and equity security holders pursuant to section 1141(c) and section 363(f) of the Bankruptcy Code and (b) from the Guarantors, the reasonable attorneys fees and costs incurred by First National Bank in connection with the Parcel 2 Junior Loan Documents as agreed to by the Debtor and First National Bank or, in the absence of such agreement, as ordered by the Bankruptcy Court.

4. Class 4 – Parcel 3 Claims

Class 4 consists of Allowed Parcel 3 Claims. On the Effective Date, Silver State Bank shall receive, in complete satisfaction of all of its Parcel 3 Claims, (a) from the Debtor, all of the Debtor's right, title and interest in and to Parcel 3 on an "as is, where is" basis free and clear of all Claims and interests, including, without limitation, Liens of creditors and equity security holders pursuant to section 1141(c) and section 363(f) of the Bankruptcy Code and (b) from the Guarantors, the reasonable attorneys fees and costs incurred by Silver State Bank in connection with the Parcel 3 Loan Documents as agreed to by the Debtor and Silver State or, in the absence of such agreement, as

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ordered by the Bankruptcy Court.

5. Class 5 – Parcels 4 & 5 Claims

Class 5 consists of the Allowed Parcels 4 & 5 Claim. On the Effective Date, Community Bank shall receive, in complete satisfaction of the Parcels 4 & 5 Claim, (a) from the Debtor all of the Debtor's right, title and interest in and to Parcels 4 & 5 on an "as is, where is" basis free and clear of all Claims and interests, including, without limitation, Liens of creditors and equity security holders pursuant to section 1141(c) and section 363(f) of the Bankruptcy Code and (b) from the Guarantors, \$190,000 in cash to reimburse Community Bank for its reasonable fees and costs.

6. Class 6 – Parcels 6-8 Senior Claims

Class 6 consists of the Parcels 6-8 Senior Claims. On the Effective Date, First National Bank shall receive, in complete satisfaction of the Parcels 6-8 Senior Claims, (a) from the Debtor, all of the Debtor's right, title and interest in and to Parcel 6, Parcel 7 and Parcel 8 on an "as is, where is" basis free and clear of all Claims and interests, including, without limitation, Liens of creditors and equity security holders pursuant to section 1141(c) and section 363(f) of the Bankruptcy Code and (b) from the Guarantors, the reasonable attorneys fees and costs incurred by First National Bank in connection with the Parcels 6-8 Senior Loan Documents as agreed to by the Debtor and First National Bank or, in the absence of such agreement, as ordered by the Bankruptcy Court.

7. Class 7 – Parcels 6-8 Junior Claims

Class 7 consists of Allowed Parcels 6-8 Junior Claims. On the Effective Date, First National Bank, as successor in interest to First National Capital, shall receive, in complete satisfaction of the Parcels 6-8 Junior Claims, (a) from the Debtor, all of the Debtor's right, title and interest in and to Parcel 6, Parcel 7 and Parcel 8 on an "as is, where is" basis free and clear of all Claims and interests, including, without limitation, Liens of creditors and equity security holders pursuant to section 1141(c) and section 363(f) of the Bankruptcy Code and (b) from the Guarantors, the reasonable attorneys fees and costs incurred by First National Bank in connection with the Parcels 6-8 Junior Loan Documents as agreed to by the Debtor and First National Bank or, in the absence of such agreement, as ordered by the Bankruptcy Court.

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8. Class 8 – Parcel 9 Senior Claims

Class 8 consists of Allowed Parcel 9 Senior Claims. On the Effective Date, each holder of a Parcel 9 Senior Claim shall receive, in complete satisfaction of its Parcel 9 Senior Claim, preferred membership units in Parcel 9 Resolution Company equal to such holder's percentage of the aggregate amount of Parcel 9 Senior Claims. The operating agreement for Parcel 9 Resolution Company shall provide that any common membership units of Parcel 9 Resolution Company shall not be entitled to receive any distributions until the holders of the preferred membership units in Parcel 9 Resolution Company have received cash dividends in an amount equal to the aggregate amount of Parcel 9 Senior Claims. In addition, if all of the holders of Parcel 9 Senior Claims are Releasing Lenders, on the Effective Date, the Guarantors shall make a cash payment to the holders of Parcel 9 Senior Claims in an amount equal to the reasonable attorneys fees and costs payable in respect of the Parcel 9 Senior Claims under the Parcel 9 Senior Loan Documents. On the Effective Date, the Debtor shall transfer all of its right, title and interest in and to Parcel 9 to Parcel 9 Resolution Company on an "as is, where is" basis free and clear of all Claims and interests, including, without limitation, Liens of creditors and equity security holders pursuant to section 1141(c) and section 363(f) of the Bankruptcy Code.

9. Class 9 – Parcel 9 Junior Claims

Class 9 consists of Allowed Parcel 9 Junior Claims. On the Effective Date, each holder of a Parcel 9 Junior Claim shall receive, in complete satisfaction of its Parcel 9 Junior Claim, common membership units in Parcel 9 Resolution Company equal to such holder's percentage of the aggregate amount of Parcel 9 Junior Claims. The operating agreement for Parcel 9 Resolution Company shall provide that any common membership units of the Parcel 9 Resolution Company shall not be entitled to receive any distributions until the holders of the preferred membership units in Parcel 9 Resolution Company have received cash dividends in an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the Parcel 9 Senior Claims. In addition, if all of the holders of Parcel 9 Junior Claims are Releasing Lenders, on the Effective Date, the Guarantors shall make a cash payment to the holders of Parcel 9 Junior Claims in an amount equal to the reasonable attorneys fees and costs payable in

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respect of the Parcel 9 Junior Claims under the Parcel 9 Junior Loan Documents. On the Effective Date, the Debtor shall transfer all of its right, title and interest in and to Parcel 9 to Parcel 9 Resolution Company on an "as is, where is" basis free and clear of all Claims and interests, including, without limitation, Liens of creditors and equity security holders pursuant to section 1141(c) and section 363(f) of the Bankruptcy Code.

10. Class 10 – Parcel 10 Senior Claims

Class 10 consists of Allowed Parcel 10 Senior Claims. On the Effective Date, each holder of a Parcel 10 Senior Claim shall receive, in complete satisfaction of its Parcel 10 Senior Claim, preferred membership units in Parcel 10 Resolution Company equal to such holder's percentage of the aggregate amount of Parcel 10 Senior Claims. The operating agreement for Parcel 10 Resolution Company shall provide that any common membership units of Parcel 10 Resolution Company shall not be entitled to receive any distributions until the holders of the preferred membership units in Parcel 10 Resolution Company have received cash dividends in an amount equal to the aggregate amount of Parcel 10 Senior Claims. In addition, if all of the holders of Parcel 10 Senior Claims are Releasing Lenders, on the Effective Date, the Guarantors shall make a cash payment to the holders of Parcel 10 Senior Claims in an amount equal to the reasonable attorneys fees and costs payable in respect of the Parcel 10 Senior Claims under the Parcel 10 Senior Loan Documents. On the Effective Date, the Debtor shall transfer all of its right, title and interest in and to Parcel 10 to Parcel 10 Resolution Company on an "as is, where is" basis free and clear of all Claims and interests, including, without limitation, Liens of creditors and equity security holders pursuant to section 1141(c) and section 363(f) of the Bankruptcy Code.

11. Class 11 –Parcel 10 Junior Claims

Class 11 consists of Allowed Parcel 10 Junior Claims. On the Effective Date, each holder of a Parcel 10 Junior Claim shall receive, in complete satisfaction of its Parcel 10 Junior Claim, common membership units in Parcel 10 Resolution Company equal to such holder's percentage of the aggregate amount of Parcel 10 Junior Claims. The operating agreement for Parcel 10 Resolution Company shall provide that any common membership units of Parcel 10 Resolution Company shall

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not be entitled to receive any distributions until the holders of the preferred membership units in Parcel 10 Resolution Company have received cash dividends in an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the Parcel 9 Senior Claims. In addition, if all of the holders of Parcel 10 Junior Claims are Releasing Lenders, on the Effective Date, the Guarantor shall make a cash payment to the holders of Parcel 10 Junior Claims in an amount equal to the reasonable attorneys fees and costs payable in respect of the Parcel 10 Junior Claims under the Parcel 10 Junior Loan Documents. On the Effective Date, the Debtor shall transfer all of its right, title and interest in and to Parcel 10 to Parcel 10 Resolution Company on an "as is, where is" basis free and clear of all Claims and interests, including, without limitation, Liens of creditors and equity security holders pursuant to section 1141(c) and section 363(f) of the Bankruptcy Code.

12. Class 12 – Parcel 11 Senior Claims

Class 12 consists of Allowed Parcel 11 Senior Claims. On the Effective Date, each holder of a Parcel 11 Senior Claim shall receive, in complete satisfaction of its Parcel 11 Senior Claims, preferred membership units in Parcel 11 Resolution Company equal to such holder's percentage of the aggregate amount of Parcel 11 Senior Claims. The operating agreement for Parcel 11 Resolution Company shall provide that any common membership units of Parcel 11 Resolution Company shall not be entitled to receive any distributions until the holders of the preferred membership units in Parcel 11 Resolution Company have received cash dividends in an amount equal to the aggregate amount of Parcel 11 Senior Claims. In addition, if all of the holders of Parcel 11 Senior Claims are Releasing Lenders, on the Effective Date, the Guarantors shall make a cash payment to the holders of Parcel 11 Senior Claims in an amount equal to the reasonable attorneys fees and costs payable in respect of the Parcel 11 Senior Claims under the Parcel 9 Senior Loan Documents. On the Effective Date, the Debtor shall transfer all of its right, title and interest in and to Parcel 11 to Parcel 11 Resolution Company on an "as is, where is" basis free and clear of all Claims and interests, including, without limitation, Liens of creditors and equity security holders pursuant to section 1141(c) and section 363(f) of the Bankruptcy Code.

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13. Class 13 – Parcel 11 Junior Claims

Class 13 consists of Allowed Parcel 11 Junior Claims. On the Effective Date, each holder of a Parcel 11 Junior Claim shall receive, in complete satisfaction of its Parcel 11 Junior Claims, common membership units in Parcel 11 Resolution Company equal to such holder's percentage of the aggregate amount of Parcel 11 Junior Claims. The operating agreement for Parcel 11 Resolution Company shall provide that any common membership units of Parcel 11 Resolution Company shall not be entitled to receive any distributions until the holders of the preferred membership units in Parcel 11 Resolution Company have received cash dividends in an amount equal to the aggregate amount of Parcel 11 Senior Claims. In addition, if all of the holders of Parcel 11 Junior Claims are Releasing Lenders, on the Effective Date, the Guarantors shall make a cash payment to the holders of Parcel 11 Junior Claims in an amount equal to the reasonable attorneys fees and costs payable in respect of the Parcel 11 Junior Claims under the Parcel 9 Senior Loan Documents. On the Effective Date, the Debtor shall transfer all of its right, title and interest in and to Parcel 11 to Parcel 11 Resolution Company on an "as is, where is" basis free and clear of all Claims and interests, including, without limitation, Liens of creditors and equity security holders pursuant to section 1141(c) and section 363(f) of the Bankruptcy Code.

14. Class 14 – Parcel 12 Senior Claims

Class 14 consists of Allowed Parcel 12 Senior Claims. On the Effective Date, each holder of a Parcel 12 Senior Claim shall receive, in complete satisfaction of its Parcel 12 Senior Claim, preferred membership units in Parcel 12 Resolution Company equal to such holder's percentage of the aggregate amount of Parcel 12 Senior Claims. The operating agreement for Parcel 12 Resolution Company shall provide that any common membership units of Parcel 12 Resolution Company shall not be entitled to receive any distributions until the holders of the preferred membership units in Parcel 12 Resolution Company have received cash dividends in an amount equal to the aggregate amount of Parcel 12 Senior Claims. In addition, if all of the holders of Parcel 12 Senior Claims are Releasing Lenders, on the Effective Date, the Guarantors shall make a cash payment to the holders of Parcel 12 Senior Claims in an amount equal to the reasonable attorneys fees and costs payable in

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respect of the Parcel 12 Senior Claims under the Parcel 12 Senior Loan Documents. On the Effective Date, the Debtor shall transfer all of its right, title and interest in and to Parcel 12 to Parcel 12 Resolution Company on an "as is, where is" basis free and clear of all Claims and interests, including, without limitation, Liens of creditors and equity security holders pursuant to section 1141(c) and section 363(f) of the Bankruptcy Code.

15. Class 15 –Parcel 12 Junior Claims

Class 15 consists of Allowed Parcel 12 Junior Claims. On the Effective Date, each holder of a Parcel 12 Junior Claim shall receive, in complete satisfaction of its Parcel 12 Junior Claim, common membership units in Parcel 12 Resolution Company equal to such holder's percentage of the aggregate amount of Parcel 12 Junior Claims. The operating agreement for Parcel 12 Resolution Company shall provide that any common membership units of Parcel 12 Resolution Company shall not be entitled to receive any distributions until the holders of the preferred membership units in Parcel 12 Resolution Company have received cash dividends in an amount equal to the aggregate amount of Parcel 12 Senior Claims. In addition, if all of the holders of Parcel 12 Junior Claims are Releasing Lenders, on the Effective Date, the Guarantors shall make a cash payment to the holders of Parcel 12 Junior Claims in an amount equal to the reasonable attorneys fees and costs payable in respect of the Parcel 12 Junior Claims under the Parcel 12 Junior Loan Documents. On the Effective Date, the Debtor shall transfer all of its right, title and interest in and to Parcel 12 to Parcel 12 Resolution Company on an "as is, where is" basis free and clear of all Claims and interests, including, without limitation, Liens of creditors and equity security holders pursuant to section 1141(c) and section 363(f) of the Bankruptcy Code.

16. Class **16** – Parcels **13-15** Claims

Class 16 consists of Allowed Parcels 13-15 Claims. On the Effective Date, each holder of a Parcels 13-15 Claim shall receive, in complete satisfaction of its Parcels 13-15 Claim, common membership units in Parcels 13-15 Resolution Company equal to such holder's percentage of the aggregate amount of Parcels 13-15 Senior Claims. On the Effective Date, the Debtor shall transfer all of its right, title and interest in and to Parcel 13, Parcel 14 and Parcel 15 to Parcels 13-15

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Resolution Company on an "as is, where is" basis free and clear of all Claims and interests, including, without limitation, Liens of creditors and equity security holders pursuant to section 1141(c) and section 363(f) of the Bankruptcy Code. In addition, if all of the holders of Parcels 13-15 Claims are Releasing Lenders, on the Effective Date, the Guarantors shall make a cash payment to the holders of Parcels 13-15 Claims in an amount equal to the reasonable attorneys fees and costs payable in respect of the Parcels 13-15 Claims under the Parcels 13-15 Loan Documents.

17. Class 17 – Insider Unsecured Claims

Class 17 consists of the Allowed Insider Unsecured Claims. On the Effective Date, the holders of Allowed Insider Unsecured Claims shall release all of their Allowed Insider Unsecured Claims. In exchange, the Debtor shall release any and all claims that it may hold against such holders and, if applicable, against each of such holders officers, directors, shareholders and Affiliates, including, without limitation, any Avoidance Actions.

As noted above, the Guarantors received substantial amounts from the Debtor and its predecessors in the form of equity distributions. Fraudulent transfer claims could be asserted against the Guarantors on the grounds that such transfers were (a) for less than reasonably equivalent value, (b) left the Debtor with unreasonably small capital in relation to its business at the time, and (c) were made at a time when the Debtor intended to incur, or believed or reasonably should have believed that it would incur debts beyond its ability to pay as such debts matured, in that when the Property did not generate any income to pay debt service or amortize any of the indebtedness to satisfy the debts as they came due. *The Plan releases these claims against the Guarantors and the other holders of Insider Unsecured Claims*. The Debtor believes that such releases are warranted under the standards identified in *In re A&C Properties*, 784 F.2d 1377 (9th Cir. 1986).

To approve a release, the Court must find that the compromise is fair and equitable. In determining the fairness, reasonableness and adequacy of a compromise, the court must consider: (a) the probability of success in litigation; (b) any potential difficulties with respect to collection; (c) the complexity, expense, inconvenience and delay attendant to the litigation; and (d) the paramount interest of the creditors and proper deference to their reasonable views.

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Here, the Debtor believes that the release of the Guarantors and the holders of Insider Unsecured Claims in exchange for such entities' release of their \$1.2 million in claims against the Debtor is reasonable. First, the claims against the Guarantors and the holders of Insider Unsecured Claims are complex, and litigating them will be expensive, as they involve transfers over a four year period and will require expert analysis regarding the Debtor's capital requirements at multiple points in time. Second, the merits of the claims against the Guarantors and the holders of Insider Unsecured Claims are unclear. The loans received by the Debtor were made pursuant to an appraisal procured by the Lenders in respect of City Crossing Project that shows substantial equity in the property, placing into question of whether the Debtor was insolvent at the time of the transfers. Third, even if a judgment against the Guarantors and holders of Insider Unsecured Claims were achieved, the ability to collect on the judgment is questionable. The Guarantors financial condition has been significantly harmed by the current crisis in the real estate market, and a large judgment against may not be collectable. Fourth, the Debtor's believe that the value of the Property should be sufficient to satisfy all of the Claims of the Lenders, leaving only a small amount of unsecured claims to receive distributions from any potential avoidance recoveries. Under the circumstances, the \$1.2 million from PD&C in the form of debt relief is a reasonable amount of consideration that justifies a release of claims.

18. Class 18 – Other Unsecured Claims

Class 18 consists of Allowed Other Unsecured Claims. On the Distribution Date, each holder of an Allowed Other Unsecured Claim shall receive, in complete satisfaction of its Allowed Other Unsecured Claim, a beneficial interest in the Litigation Trust entitling such holder to receive its Pro Rata Share of any proceeds from the Litigation Trust Assets; <u>provided</u> that such holder shall not be entitled to receive in an amount in excess of such holder's Allowed Other Unsecured Claim.

19. Class 19 – Equity Interests

Class 19 consists of Equity Interests in the Debtor. On the Effective Date, all of the Equity Interests in the Debtor shall be cancelled and the holder of such Equity Interests shall receive a beneficial interest in the Litigation Trust which shall entitle such holder to receive any and all

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proceeds from the Litigation Trust Assets remaining after the holders of Claims in Class 18 shall have been paid in full.

C. Implementation of the Plan

The following section describes the means for implementing the Plan.

- the Debtor shall create Parcel 9 Resolution Company, Parcel 10 Resolution Company, Parcel 11 Resolution Company, Parcel 12 Resolution Company and Parcels 13-15 Resolution Company as Nevada limited liability companies; provided, that the Debtor shall not own any interests in such limited liability companies, which, instead, shall be owned by the applicable Lenders as provided for in the Plan. The operating agreements of such limited liability companies shall be consistent with the Plan in all respects and shall be filed with the Bankruptcy Court prior to the Confirmation Date. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the operating agreements of Parcel 9 Resolution Company and Parcel 10 Resolution Company shall name Aspen Financial as the managing member and shall provide Aspen Financial with full authority to sell the assets transferred to such companies under the Plan on a commercially reasonable basis. The operating agreements of Parcel 11 Resolution Company and Parcel 12 Resolution Company shall name Clayton Mortgage as the managing member and shall provide Clayton Mortgage with full authority to sell the assets transferred to such companies under the Plan on a commercially reasonable basis.
- 2. Transfer of Parcels. On the Effective Date of the Plan, the Debtor shall execute such documents as are reasonable and necessary to transfer all of the Debtor's right, title and interest in and to the Property as required by the Plan on as "as is, where is" basis free and clear of all Claims and interests, including, without limitation, Liens pursuant to section 1141(c) of section 363(f) of the Bankruptcy Code, including, without limitation, any Claims and interests relating to the Development Agreement. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Debtor shall execute any and all Grant Bargain and Sale Deeds (the "Deeds") as may be required or reasonably requested by the Lenders to transfer the Property as required by the Plan.

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3. Valuation Motion. The Plan shall constitute a motion requesting that the Bankruptcy Court determine the fair market value of Parcel 1, Parcel 9, Parcel 10, Parcel 11, Parcel 12, Parcel 13, Parcel 14 and Parcel 15. Absent agreement of the parties with an interest in any such Parcel, the Bankruptcy Court shall determine the Fair Market Value of such Parcel at the Confirmation Hearing. The value of any such Parcel, whether determined by agreement or by the Bankruptcy Court, shall be the "Fair Market Value" of such Parcel. The order approving the Disclosure Statement shall contain a scheduling order in respect of the valuation proceeds described in Section 5.3 of the Plan, including a schedule for filing briefs and presenting evidence to the Bankruptcy Court.

- **4. Guarantor Payments.** On or before the Effective Date, the Guarantors shall make all payments required to be made by the Guarantors hereunder in cash.
- 5. Creation of the Litigation Trust. On the Effective Date, the Debtor and the Litigation Trustee shall execute the Litigation Trust Agreement and shall take all other steps necessary to establish the Litigation Trust in accordance with the Plan. Notwithstanding any prohibition of assignability under applicable non-bankruptcy law, on the Effective Date, the Debtor shall be deemed to have automatically transferred to the Litigation Trust all of its right, title, and interest in and to all of the Litigation Trust Assets, and in accordance with section 1141 of the Bankruptcy Code, the Litigation Trust Assets shall automatically vest in the Litigation Trust free and clear of all Claims and interests, subject only to the Allowed Claims of the Beneficiaries as set forth in the Plan and the expenses of the Litigation Trust as provided in the Litigation Trust Agreement. On the Effective Date, the Debtor shall have no interest in or with respect to the Litigation Trust Assets or the Litigation Trust.
- 6. Nature of the Litigation Trust. The Litigation Trust shall be established for the primary purpose of liquidating its assets in accordance with Treas. Reg. § 301.7701-4(d) with no objective to continue or engage in the conduct of a trade or business, except to the extent reasonably necessary to, and consistent with, the liquidating purpose of the Litigation Trust. Accordingly, the Litigation Trustee shall, in an expeditious but orderly manner, liquidate and convert to Cash the

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Yamagata Avoidance Actions, make timely distributions to the Beneficiaries and not unduly prolong its duration. The Litigation Trust shall not be deemed a successor-in-interest of the Debtor for any purpose other than as specifically set forth herein or in the Litigation Trust Agreement. The Litigation Trust is intended to qualify as a "grantor trust" for federal income tax purposes with the Beneficiaries treated as grantors and owners of the Litigation Trust. As soon as practicable after the Effective Date, the Litigation Trustee (to the extent that the Litigation Trustee deems it necessary or appropriate in his or her sole discretion) shall value the Litigation Trust Assets based on the good faith determination of the Litigation Trustee. The valuation shall be used consistently by all parties for all federal income tax purposes. The Bankruptcy Court shall resolve any dispute regarding the valuation of the Litigation Trust Assets.

- 7. Nature of the Litigation Trust. Subject to the provisions of Article V of the Plan, the Litigation Trustee shall distribute to the Beneficiaries all net Cash income plus all net Cash proceeds from the liquidation of the Litigation Trust Assets (including as Cash for this purpose, all Cash equivalents) at such time intervals as decided by the Litigation Trustee in its discretion, pursuant to the terms of the Plan.
- 8. The Litigation Trustee. On the Effective Date, the Lenders holding Other Unsecured Claims and the Guarantors shall designate an individual to serve as the Litigation Trustee. The Litigation Trustee shall have all powers, rights and duties of a trustee and shall be the estate representative designated to prosecute the Yamagata Avoidance Actions. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Litigation Trustee shall (i) hold, administer and prosecute the Litigation Trust Assets and any proceeds thereof, (ii) have the power and authority to retain, as an expense of the Litigation Trust, attorneys, advisors, other professionals and employees as may be appropriate to perform the duties required of the Litigation Trustee hereunder or in the Litigation Trust Agreement, (iii) make distributions to the Beneficiaries as provided in the Litigation Trust Agreement and the Plan, (iv) have the right to receive reasonable compensation for performing services as Litigation Trustee and to pay the reasonable fees, costs and expenses of any counsel, professionals, advisors or employees as may be necessary to assist the Litigation Trustee in

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performing the duties and responsibilities required under the Plan and the Litigation Trust
Agreement, and (v) provide periodic reports and updates regarding the status of the administration of
the Litigation Trust Assets and the assets, liabilities and transfers of the Litigation Trust. In the
event the Litigation Trustee is no longer willing or able to serve as trustee, then the successor shall
be appointed by the mutual agreement of the Trust Board or as otherwise determined by the
Bankruptcy Court, and notice of the appointment of such Litigation Trustee shall be filed with the
Bankruptcy Court.

- 9. Access to Information. Until the Litigation Trust is terminated, the Lenders holding Other Unsecured Claims and the Guarantors shall (i) have access to all reports, documents, memoranda and other work product of the Litigation Trustee and (ii) have the right to monitor the actions of the Litigation Trustee and to receive monthly status reports from the Litigation Trustee as to the status of the litigation, settlement, administration and pursuit of the Yamagata Avoidance Actions, and (iii) have the right to monitor and receive periodic reports and updates from the Litigation Trustee regarding the status of the administration of the Litigation Trust Assets.
- 10. Funding of the Litigation Trust. On the Effective Date, the Guarantors shall contribute \$100,000 to the Litigation Trust (the "Guarantor Funding Contribution") to be used solely for the fees, costs and expenses of the Litigation Trustee and the Litigation Trust for administering the Litigation Trust and the Litigation Trust Assets, including the payment of trust expenses and professionals, advisors and employees retained by the Litigation Trustee. Neither the Debtor nor the Guarantors shall be liable for any expenses of the Litigation Trustee or the Litigation Trust except to the extent of the Guarantor Funding Contribution. The Avoidance Actions to be asserted against the Yamagata Group are complex and will costs significantly more than \$100,000 to prosecute. As a result, the Litigation Trustee will likely hire an attorney to prosecute such Avoidance Actions on a contingency fee basis.
- as practicable, but in no event later than the seventh (7th) anniversary of the Effective Date; provided that, on or prior to the date of such termination, the Bankruptcy Court, upon motion by a

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party in interest, may extend the term of the Litigation Trust for a finite period, if such an extension is necessary to liquidate the Litigation Trust Assets or for other good cause. Notwithstanding the foregoing, multiple extensions may be obtained so long as Bankruptcy Court approval is obtained prior to the expiration of each extended term; <u>provided</u> that the Litigation Trustee receives an opinion of counsel or a favorable ruling from the Internal Revenue Service that any further extension would not adversely affect the status of the Litigation Trust as a grantor trust for federal income tax purposes.

- 12. Exculpation; Indemnification. The Litigation Trustee and the individuals comprising the Trust Board, and their respective professionals, shall be exculpated and indemnified pursuant to the terms of the Litigation Trust Agreement.
- 13. Certain Tax Provisions. Pursuant to section 1146(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, the making or delivery of an instrument of transfer as part of a transaction authorized by the Plan, including, without limitation, any transfers of Property shall not be taxed under any law imposing a stamp tax or similar tax.
- 14. Post-Confirmation Matters. Except as otherwise set forth in the Plan, on and after the Effective Date, without need for further action by the members or managers of the Debtor, and without further order of the Bankruptcy Court, Aquila Management, LLC shall be appointed estate representative under section 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code and shall be solely responsible for and shall have authority to: (a) make all Distributions required to be made on or after the Effective Date to the holders of Allowed Claims; (b) settle, resolve and object to Claims; (c) pay all fees payable under 28 U.S.C. § 1930; (d) file any post Confirmation reports required by the Bankruptcy Code or the Bankruptcy Court; (e) retain, employ and utilize such Professionals as may be necessary without further approval of the Bankruptcy Court; (f) do all things necessary and appropriate to fulfill the duties and obligations of the Debtor and the Reorganized Debtor under the Plan, the Confirmation Order, the Bankruptcy Code and the Bankruptcy Rules; (g) dissolve the Debtor as permitted by applicable law and (h) move for the entry of a Final Decree and prepare and file any pleadings as may be required by the Bankruptcy Court in connection with the Final Decree

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and the closing of the Chapter 11 Case. Notwithstanding the foregoing, it is expressly understood that the Reorganized Debtor shall have no authority over the Litigation Trustee or the Litigation Trust Assets, all of which shall be administered as provided in 5.8 of the Plan.

15. Release of Avoidance Actions Against Lenders. As part of the consideration to be provided to the Lenders under the Plan, on the Effective Date, the Debtor shall and hereby does release all Avoidance Actions against the Lenders and all such Avoidance Actions shall be extinguished as of the Effective Date. Subject to Section 5.17, the release set forth in this Section 5.15 shall not affect any claims or defenses that the Guarantors may have against the Lenders, all of which are expressly preserved.

16. Release of Claims by Releasing Lenders. On the Effective Date, each Releasing Lender, on behalf of itself and each of its agents, successors, assigns and representatives of any kind (collectively, the "Releasing Lender Parties"), shall and hereby does voluntarily forever release and discharge the Debtor and each of the Guarantors and each of their respective agents, successors, assigns and representatives of any kind (collectively, the "Debtor Parties") from any and all claims, demands, causes of action and rights of every kind, nature or character arising or existing on or before the Effective Date arising out of or in any way related to its respective Loan Documents or the loans made pursuant thereto or administered thereby; whether absolute, inchoate or contingent; whether determined or undetermined, known or unknown, proven or unproven; whether held individually, jointly, or jointly and severally; whether arising directly, indirectly, derivatively, or by way of any legal or equitable right of subrogation, contribution, indemnity, estoppel, marshalling of assets or otherwise; whether for compensation, relief, protection, punishment or any other remedy or result of any kind, character or nature; whether based upon any intentional or negligent conduct, strict liability, any tort of any kind, upon any breach of any contract or upon any other grounds or upon any other theory whatsoever; whether asserted or subject to assertion by complaint, cross-complaint, counterclaim, affirmative defense, or other pleading, by motion, by notice or otherwise; whether asserted or subject to assertion in any jurisdiction, in any court or other

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forum or with any federal, state, county, municipal or other governmental authority, agency or official; and whether arising at law, in equity or otherwise.

Release of Claims by Debtor Parties. Without limiting and in addition to **17.** the releases set forth in Section 5.15, on the Effective Date, each Debtor Party hereby forever releases and discharges each Releasing Lender Party from any and all claims, demands, causes of action and rights of every kind, nature or character arising or existing on or before the Effective Date arising out of or in any way related to the Loan Documents, or the loans made pursuant thereto or administered thereby, including, without limitation, any claims arising from such Releasing Lender Party's exercise of remedies against such Debtor Party, including, without limitation, the taking of any setoffs; whether absolute, inchoate or contingent; whether determined or undetermined, known or unknown, proven or unproven; whether held individually, jointly, or jointly and severally; whether arising directly, indirectly, derivatively, or by way of any legal or equitable right of subrogation, contribution, indemnity, estoppel, marshalling of assets or otherwise; whether for compensation, relief, protection, punishment or any other remedy or result of any kind, character or nature; whether based upon any intentional or negligent conduct, strict liability, any tort of any kind, upon any breach of any contract or upon any other grounds or upon any other theory whatsoever; whether asserted or subject to assertion by complaint, cross-complaint, counterclaim, affirmative defense, or other pleading, by motion, by notice or otherwise; whether asserted or subject to assertion in any jurisdiction, in any court or other forum or with any federal, state, county, municipal or other governmental authority, agency or official; and whether arising at law, in equity or otherwise.

18. Non-Debtor Guarantees Not Affected. The parties hereto acknowledge that the Guarantors, certain other affiliates of the Debtor and/or the Guarantors and the Releasing Lenders are parties to loan documents evidencing loans to affiliates of the Debtor (the "Other Loans") and that nothing herein, including in Section 5.16 of the Plan shall affect, waive or release the obligations or liabilities of the Guarantors to the Releasing Lenders in respect of the Other Loans.

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19. **Preservation of Claims and Rights.** Except as expressly set forth in the Plan, nothing in the Plan shall be deemed to constitute a waiver of the powers of the Debtor as a debtor-in-possession under the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules or the Local Rules, and the Debtor and the Reorganized Debtor as applicable shall retain after the Confirmation Date and after the Effective Date all powers granted by the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules and the Local Rules, including, without limitation, the power to avoid transfers and obligations, to recover property and to object to, and/or seek subordination of, Claims. Confirmation of the Plan effects no settlement, compromise, waiver or release of any Claim, cause of action or claim for relief held by the Debtor or Reorganized Debtor unless the Plan or Confirmation Order specifically and unambiguously so provides. The Debtor intends that the nondisclosure or non-discussion of any particular Claim, cause of action or claim for relief held by the Debtor shall not be construed as a settlement, compromise, waiver or release of any such Claim, cause of action or claim for relief held by the Debtor. Except as otherwise provided in the Plan or the Confirmation Order, the Debtor and the Reorganized Debtor reserve any and all of their Claims and rights against any and all third parties, whether such Claims and rights arose before, on or after the Petition Date, the Confirmation Date, the Effective Date and/or the Distribution Date. The entry of the Confirmation Order shall not constitute res judicata or otherwise bar, estop or inhibit any actions by the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor upon any Claims it holds as identified herein or otherwise. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Debtor expressly intends to preserve the Yamagata Avoidance Actions and to transfer such causes of action of the Litigation Trust to be prosecuted by the Litigation Trustee for the benefit of the Beneficiaries to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law. Nothing in the Plan is intended to release, modify, adjudicate or affect any such Avoidance Actions in any manner whatsoever. THE YAMAGATA GROUP IS HEREBY ADVISED THAT IF AND WHEN THE YAMAGATA AVOIDANCE ACTIONS ARE BROUGHT, THE LIQUIDATING TRUST MAY AND WILL LIKELY SEEK TO DISALLOW ANY CLAIMS OF THE YAMAGATA GROUP AGAINST THE DEBTOR UNDER SECTION 502(d) OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE.

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20. Operation Pending Effective Date. Until the Effective Date, the Debtor will continue to operate its business, subject to all applicable requirements of the Bankruptcy Code and the Bankruptcy Rules.

IX. CONDITIONS PRECEDENT

A. Condition to Confirmation

It is a condition precedent to Confirmation that the Bankruptcy Court enter a Confirmation Order in form and substance reasonably acceptable to the Debtor.

B. Conditions to Effectiveness

The following are conditions precedent to the occurrence of the Effective Date:

- (a) the Confirmation Date shall have occurred;
- (b) the Confirmation Order shall have been entered, shall be a Final Order and shall include, without limitation, the following provisions: (i) a finding that the Lenders are not successors of the Debtor and shall not incur any liabilities of the Debtor unless any such liability is expressly assumed, (ii) to the extent permitted by applicable law, a permanent injunction enjoining each and every holder of a Claim or interest from commencing, continuing or otherwise pursuing or enforcing any remedy, claim, cause of action or encumbrance relating to the Debtor against the Lenders or the Parcels, (iii) a finding that the Debtor has good and marketable title to the Parcels and that the transfer of such Parcels shall be free and clear of all Claims and interests, including, without limitation, the Development Agreement pursuant to section 1141(c) and section 363(f) of the Bankruptcy Code, (iv) a paragraph authorizing the Debtor to transfer the Parcels on the terms and conditions set forth in the Plan, (v) a paragraph providing that the Bankruptcy Court shall retain jurisdiction for the purpose of enforcing the provisions of the Confirmation Order including, without limitation, compelling delivery of the Parcels to the Lenders and protecting the Lenders against any Claims and interests against the Debtor or any of the Parcels, (vi) a finding that there are no brokers involved in consummating the transfers set forth herein and that no brokers' commissions are due, (viii) a finding that the releases set forth in the Plan and fully effective and enforceable under applicable law; and (vii) a finding that, pursuant to Section 1146(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, the

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transfer of the Parcels shall be free and clear of any and all transfer tax, stamp tax, or similar taxes; <u>provided</u>, that the Debtor reserves the right to cause the Effective Date to occur notwithstanding the pendency of an appeal of the Confirmation Order under circumstances that such parties believe would moot such appeal;

- (c) The Lenders entitled to payments from the Guarantors under the Plan shall have received certified funds from the Guarantors in the amounts set forth in the Plan;
- (d) With respect to each Parcel being transferred under the Plan, the Debtor and/or the Guarantors shall have paid all outstanding property taxes, assessments or other items which would, (i) pursuant to statute, law or regulation constitute liens upon such Parcel and (ii) constitute administrative claims pursuant to section 503(b)(1)(B)(i) of the Bankruptcy Code;
- (e) Community Bank shall have received reasonable written assurances from a title insurer reasonably acceptable to Community Bank and the Debtor that, at Community Bank's expense, upon the transfer to Community Bank of Parcel 4 and Parcel 5 pursuant to the Plan, an owner's policy of title insurance will be issued in favor of Community Bank with respect to such Parcels, containing reasonable and customary endorsements and exceptions and insuring that Community Bank's title to Parcel 4 and Parcel 5 is marketable, good of record and free and clear of any and all Claims and interests, including Liens as provided for in this Plan; provided, that the condition precedent set forth in Section 6.2(e) of the Plan shall not apply if Community Bank does not act in a commercially reasonable manner to obtain such title insurance;
- (f) no request for revocation of the Confirmation Order under section 1144 of the Bankruptcy Code shall have been made, or, if made, remain pending;
- (g) the Debtor shall have delivered all of the Deeds to the Lenders in recordable form and in substance satisfactory to the Lenders;
 - (h) November 18, 2008 shall not have occurred; and
- (i) the Reorganized Debtor shall have received all approvals necessary or appropriate to substantially consummate the Plan and enter into the related Plan Documents.

C. Waiver of Conditions

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Conditions to Confirmation and the occurrence of the Effective Date may be waived in whole or in part by agreement of the Debtor and the Lenders at any time without notice, an order of the Bankruptcy Court, or any further action other than proceeding to Confirmation and consummation of the Plan.

D. Failure of Conditions

If the Effective Date shall not occur, the Debtor and all other parties in interest shall retain all their rights and remedies as if the Plan had not been proposed. Among other things, the Plan shall be null and void and nothing contained in the Plan shall: (a) constitute a waiver of any Claims against or Equity Interests in the Debtor, or (b) prejudice in any manner the rights of the Debtor or the Lenders.

X. EXECUTORY CONTRACTS AND UNEXPIRED LEASES

A. Rejection of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases

All unexpired leases and executory contracts of the Debtor, including, without limitation, the Development Agreement shall be rejected by the Debtor as of the Effective Date pursuant to Section 365(a) of the Bankruptcy Code.

B. Bar Date

All proofs of claim with respect to Claims arising from the rejection of any unexpired lease or executory contracts pursuant to Section 7.1 of the Plan shall be filed with the Bankruptcy Court and served on Debtor's counsel no later than thirty (30) days after the Effective Date. The holder of any Claim not filed within such time shall be forever barred from asserting any such Claim or receiving any Distribution on account of such Claim. Any Claims resulting from the rejection of executory contracts shall be classified as Other Unsecured Claims for purposes of the Plan.

XI. DISPUTED CLAIMS

A. Objection Deadlines. Any objections to Administrative Claims and all other Claims made after the Effective Date shall be filed and served on the holders of such Administrative Claims and Claims not later than one hundred and twenty (120) days after the Effective Date, or such later date as may be approved by the Bankruptcy Court via *ex parte* request.

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B. Prosecution of Disputed Claims. The Estate Representative may object to the allowance of Claims and Administrative Claims filed with the Bankruptcy Court with respect to which liability is disputed in whole or in part. All objections that are filed and prosecuted as provided in the Plan shall be litigated to Final Order or compromised and settled in accordance with Section 13.1 of the Plan.

C. Entitlement to Plan Distributions upon Allowance. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan, no Distribution shall be made with respect to any Claim to the extent it is a Disputed Claim, unless and until such Disputed Claim becomes an Allowed Claim, subject to the setoff rights as provided in Section 13.10 of the Plan. When a Claim that is not an Allowed Claim as of the Effective Date becomes an Allowed Claim (regardless of when), the holder of such Allowed Claim shall thereupon become entitled to receive Distributions in respect of such Claim the same as though such Claim had been an Allowed Claim on the Effective Date.

XII. EFFECT OF CONFIRMATION

- A. Revesting of Assets. Subject to the provisions of the Plan and the Confirmation Order, the property of the Estate shall vest in the Reorganized Debtor on the Effective Date. As of the Effective Date, all such property shall be free and clear of all Claims, Liens and Equity Interests, except as otherwise provided in the Plan or the Confirmation Order. From and after the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtor shall be free of any restriction imposed by the Bankruptcy Court, the Bankruptcy Code and the Bankruptcy Rules, other than the obligations set forth in the Plan or the Confirmation Order.
- **B. Judgments Void.** Any judgment obtained before or after the Confirmation Date in any court other than the Bankruptcy Court shall be null and void as a determination of the liability of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor with respect to any debt discharged.

XIII. AMENDMENT AND WITHDRAWAL OF PLAN

A. Amendment of the Plan. At any time before the Confirmation Date, the Debtor may alter, amend, or modify the Plan under section 1127(a) of the Bankruptcy Code; <u>provided</u> that the Debtor may not modify the treatment of any Class that has accepted the Plan after the voting

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deadline to be established by the Bankruptcy Court in respect of the Plan without the consent of such Class. After the Confirmation Date and before substantial consummation of the Plan as defined in section 1101(2) of the Bankruptcy Code, the Debtor may, under section 1127(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, institute proceedings in the Bankruptcy Court to remedy any defect or omission in, or reconcile any inconsistencies in the Plan or the Confirmation Order, and to implement such action as may be necessary to carry out the purposes and effects of the Plan so long as such proceedings do not materially and adversely affect the treatment of holders of Claims under the Plan; provided, that prior notice of such proceedings shall be served in accordance with the Bankruptcy Rules or applicable order of the Bankruptcy Court.

B. Revocation or Withdrawal of the Plan. The Debtor reserves the right to revoke or withdraw the Plan at any time before the Confirmation Date. If the Plan is withdrawn or revoked, then the Plan shall be deemed null and void, and nothing contained in the Plan or any Plan Documents shall be deemed a waiver of any Claims by or against the Debtor or any other Person in any further proceedings involving the Debtor.

XIV. <u>RETENTION OF JURISDICTION</u>

Notwithstanding the entry of the Confirmation Order and the occurrence of the Effective Date, the Bankruptcy Court shall retain and have all authority and jurisdiction as is allowed under the Bankruptcy Code and other applicable law to enforce the provisions, purposes, and intent of the Plan including, without limitation, matters or proceedings that relate to:

- (a) allowance, disallowance, determination, liquidation, classification, estimation, or establishment of the priority or secured or unsecured status of any Claim, including, without limitation, the resolution of any request for payment of any Administrative Claim and the resolution of any and all objections to the allowance or priority of Claims;
- (b) requests for payment of Claims entitled to priority under section 507(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, including, without limitation, compensation and reimbursement of expenses for Professionals to the extent Bankruptcy Court approval therefore is required under the Plan or the Confirmation Order;

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(c) the title, rights, or interests of the Debtor or Reorganized Debtor in any property, including, without limitation, the Property and the recovery of all assets and property of the Estate wherever located;

- (d) any right, power, action, or duty of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor under the Plan;
- (e) any determination or estimation necessary or appropriate under section 505 of the Bankruptcy Code or other determination or estimation relating to tax returns filed or to be filed by the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor for periods through the end of the fiscal year in which the Effective Date occurs, including, without limitation, the determination of the amount of taxes, net operating losses, tax attributes, tax benefits, tax refunds, and related matters of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor;
- (f) any matters related to the assumption, assumption and assignment, or rejection of any executory contract or unexpired lease to which the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor is a party;
- (g) ensuring that Distributions to holders of Allowed Claims are accomplished in accordance with the Plan;
- (h) resolution of controversies and disputes, including, without limitation, the correction of any mistake, defect, or omission regarding consummation, interpretation or enforcement of the Plan, the Confirmation Order, and any agreements referred to in the Plan or executed in contemplation of or to implement the Plan;
- (i) resolution of any motions, adversary proceedings, contested or litigated matters, and any other matters involving the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor that may be pending on the Effective Date;
- (j) entry of such orders as may be necessary or appropriate to implement or consummate the provisions of the Plan and all contracts, instruments, releases, and other agreements or documents created in connection with the Plan;

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(k) modification of the Plan before or after the Effective Date under section 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code or any contract, instrument, release, or other agreement or document created in connection with the Plan; or remedy any defect or omission or reconcile any inconsistency in any Bankruptcy Court order, the Plan, or any contract, instrument, release, or other agreement or document created in connection with the Plan in such manner as may be necessary or appropriate to consummate the Plan, to the extent authorized by the Bankruptcy Code;

- (l) the entry of an order including injunctions necessary to enforce the title, rights, and powers of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor and the purposes and intent of the Plan, and to impose such limitations, restrictions, terms and conditions of such title, rights and powers as the Bankruptcy Court may deem necessary;
- (m) implementation of the provisions of the Plan and entry of such orders (i) in aid of Confirmation of the Plan, including, without limitation, appropriate orders to protect the Debtor, Reorganized Debtor, and Guarantors from actions by holders of Claims, or (ii) as are necessary or appropriate if the Confirmation Order is for any reason modified, stayed, reversed, revoked, or vacated;
- (n) determination of any other matters that (i) may arise in connection with or relate to the Plan, the Confirmation Order or any contract, instrument, release, or other agreement or document created in connection with the Plan or the Confirmation Order except as otherwise provided in the Plan, or (ii) are otherwise provided under the Bankruptcy Code or other applicable law; and
- (o) entry of a Final Decree closing the Chapter 11 Case, including, without limitation, provisions for injunctive relief as may be equitable, consistent with Bankruptcy Rule 3022 and for retention of jurisdiction for the Bankruptcy Court for purposes of this Article 10.

XV. FEASIBILITY

In order for the Plan to be confirmed, the Bankruptcy Court must determine that the Plan is feasible and is not likely to be followed by the need for further reorganization. The Debtor believes that the Plan meets this test. In short, the Plan provides for the liquidation of its assets through the

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return of collateral to the Lenders, the payment of attorneys fees by the Guarantors to the Releasing Lenders and the prosecution of Avoidance Actions against the Yamagata Group.

The provisions of the Plan calling for the return of collateral are feasible because the Debtor is prepared to execute the deeds required to transfer the Parcels to the Lenders and will have the legal authority to do so once the Plan is confirmed. The provisions regarding the payment of fees by the Guarantors to the Lenders are feasible because the Guarantors do not expect such fees to exceed \$500,000 and the Guarantors have sufficient liquidity to make such payments on the Effective Date. Finally, the prosecution of the Avoidance Actions against the Yamagata Group is feasible because the Debtor will transfer all of its Avoidance Actions against the Yamagata Group to the Liquidating Trust on the Effective Date and the Guarantors will and have the means to fund \$100,000 into the Litigation Trust so that the Litigation Trustee can determine if such claims have merit and hire counsel to prosecute such claims if appropriate. It is important to note that there is no guarantee that the prosecution of the Avoidance Actions against the Yamagata Group will be successful, only that such actions will be transferred to the Liquidation Trust and that there merits will be explored by the Litigation Trustee.

XVI. TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN

THE PLAN MAY HAVE SIGNIFICANT TAX CONSEQUENCES FOR ALL CREDITORS AND EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE DEBTOR. ACCORDINGLY, EACH HOLDER OF A CLAIM OR EQUITY INTEREST IS STRONGLY URGED TO CONSULT WITH HIS OR HER TAX ADVISOR REGARDING THE FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN.

THE DEBTOR AND THE REORGANIZED DEBTOR MAY WITHHOLD ALL AMOUNTS REQUIRED BY LAW TO BE WITHHELD FROM PAYMENTS TO HOLDERS OF ALLOWED CLAIMS.

XVII. RISK FACTORS

The restructuring of the Debtor contemplated by the Plan involves a degree of risk, and this Disclosure Statement contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainty.

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Holders of Claims and Equity Interests should consider carefully the following factors, in addition to the other information contained in this Disclosure Statement, before submitting a vote to accept or reject the Plan. The below risk factors should not be regarded as constituting the only risks involved in connection with the Plan and its implementation.

The largest risk facing holders of Claim is that the Plan will not be confirmed. Although the Debtor believes that the Plan will satisfy all requirements necessary for Confirmation by the Bankruptcy Court, there can be no assurance that the Bankruptcy Court will reach the same conclusion. There can also be no assurance that modifications of the Plan will not be required for Confirmation, that such modifications will not adversely affect the holders of Allowed Claims and Equity Interests, or that such modifications will not necessitate the re-solicitation of votes.

Further, if any impaired class of Claims does not accept a plan of reorganization, a bankruptcy court may nevertheless confirm such a plan of reorganization at the proponent's request if at least one impaired class has accepted the plan of reorganization (without including the acceptance of any "insider" in such class) and, as to each impaired class that has not accepted the plan of reorganization, the bankruptcy court determines that the plan of reorganization "does not discriminate unfairly" and is "fair and equitable" with respect to rejecting impaired classes.

The Debtor believes that it could satisfy the legal requirements for the "cramdown" of Classes 1-19 (assuming one such Class accepts the Plan) on the Effective Date. Nevertheless, there is no assurance that the Bankruptcy Court will confirm the Plan on a non-consensual basis, and the possibility of non-confirmation is a risk factor of the Plan.

IF ANY IMPAIRED CLASS FAILS TO ACCEPT THE PLAN IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 1129(a)(8) OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE, THE DEBTOR RESERVES THE RIGHT AND CURRENTLY INTENDS TO REQUEST NONCONSENSUAL CONFIRMATION OF THE PLAN IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 1129(b) OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE.

Even if the Plan is confirmed by the Bankruptcy Court, it may still not become "effective." The Debtor notes that there are numerous conditions precedent to the effectiveness of the Plan and there is no guarantee that all of these conditions precedent will be satisfied as required by the Plan.

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Among other things, the effectiveness of the Plan is conditioned upon the Bankruptcy Court entering an order confirming the Plan with certain legal finds. In addition, the Plan must become effective by November 18, 2008 and Community Bank must be able to obtain title insurance in respect of Parcel 4 and Parcel 5. If any of the conditions precedent set forth in the Plan do not occur, the Plan will not become effective and could be null and void. In such case, all parties will be in the same position that they would have been in had the Plan not been Confirmed.

We note that recoveries to non-insider unsecured creditors, including the Non-Releasing Lenders holding deficiency claims, are entirely dependent on the successful prosecution of the Avoidance Actions of the Debtor against the Yamagata Group and that there is no guarantee that such a prosecution will be successful. Accordingly, there is a substantial risk under the Plan that holders of non-insider unsecured claims will receive no distributions under the Plan, even if the Plan is confirmed.

XVIII. LIQUIDATION ANALYSIS

Section 1129(a)(7) of the Bankruptcy Code requires that a holder of a Claim in an impaired Class receive or retain under the Plan not less than the holder would receive or retain on account of the Claim if the debtor were liquidated under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. This test is often referred to as the "best interests" test.

To apply the "best interests" test, the Bankruptcy Court must first calculate the aggregate dollar amount that would be generated from a liquidation of the Debtor's assets in a hypothetical liquidation on the Effective Date under Chapter 7, including the amount of cash and other tangible assets held by such Debtor and the value of any projected recoveries on actions against third parties and other intangible assets held by such Debtor (the "Liquidation Value"). The Liquidation Value must then be reduced by the costs of liquidation, including administrative costs of the Chapter 7 estates and compensation to the Chapter 7 trustee and other professionals retained by the trustee (the "Liquidation Costs"). After estimating the Liquidation Value and the Liquidation Costs, the Bankruptcy Court must ascertain the potential Chapter 7 recoveries by Creditors and then compare those recoveries with the distributions offered under the Plan to determine if the Plan is in the "best

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interests" of Creditors in each Class. Attached hereto as <u>Exhibit B</u> is a spreadsheet setting forth the Liquidation Value, the Liquidation Costs, and the expected return to unsecured creditors in a Chapter 7 case. As described with more particularity on <u>Exhibit B</u>, the Debtor believes that the Plan provides a distribution in excess of what would be achieved in a hypothetical Chapter 7 liquidation.

XIX. ACCEPTANCE AND CONFIRMATION OF THE PLAN

The following is a brief summary of the provisions of the Bankruptcy Code relevant to acceptance and confirmation of a plan of reorganization. Holders of Claims and Equity Interests are encouraged to review the relevant provisions of the Bankruptcy Code with their own attorneys.

A. Acceptance of the Plan

This Disclosure Statement is provided in connection with the solicitation of acceptances of the Plan. The Bankruptcy Code defines acceptance of a plan of reorganization by a Class of Claims as acceptance by holders of such Class of at least two-thirds in dollar amount, and more than one-half in number, of the Allowed Claims of that Class that have actually voted or are deemed to have voted to accept or reject a plan. The Bankruptcy Code defines acceptance of a plan of reorganization by a Class of equity interests as acceptance by holders of such Class of at least two-thirds in amount of the Allowed equity interests that have actually voted or are deemed to have voted to accept or reject the Plan.

If one or more impaired Classes rejects the Plan, the Debtor may, in its discretion, nevertheless seek confirmation of the Plan if the Debtor believes that the requirements of Section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code for Confirmation of the Plan (which are summarized below) will be met, despite the lack of acceptance by all Impaired Classes.

B. Confirmation

Section 1128(a) of the Bankruptcy Code requires the Bankruptcy Court, after notice, to hold a hearing on confirmation of a plan. Notice of the Confirmation Hearing regarding the Plan has been provided to all known holders of Claims and Equity Interests or their respective representatives along with a copy of this Disclosure Statement. The Confirmation Hearing may be adjourned from time to time by the Bankruptcy Court without further notice except for an announcement of the

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adjourned date made at the Confirmation Hearing or any subsequent adjourned Confirmation Hearing.

Section 1128(b) of the Bankruptcy Code provides that any party in interest may object to confirmation of a plan. Any objection to Confirmation of the Plan must be in writing, must conform with the Bankruptcy Rules, must set forth the name of the objecting party, the nature and amount of Claims or Equity Interests held or asserted by that party against the Debtor's Estate or property, and the specific basis for the objection. Such objection must be filed with the Bankruptcy Court, together with a proof of service, and served on all parties by the date set forth on the notice of the Confirmation Hearing.

At the Confirmation Hearing, the Debtor will request that the Bankruptcy Court determine that the Plan satisfies the requirements of Section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code. If the Bankruptcy Court so determines, the Bankruptcy Court will enter an order confirming the Plan. The applicable requirements of Section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code are as follows:

- The Plan must comply with the applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code;
- The Debtor must have complied with the applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code;
- The Plan must have been proposed in good faith and not by any means forbidden by law;
- Any payment made or promised to be made by the Debtor under the Plan for professional services or for costs and expenses in, or in connection with, the Chapter 11 Case, or in connection with the Plan, must have been disclosed to the Bankruptcy Court, and any such payment made before Confirmation of the Plan must be reasonable, or if such payment is to be fixed after Confirmation of the Plan, such payment must be subject to the approval of the Bankruptcy Court as reasonable;
- The Debtor must have disclosed the identity and affiliates of any individual proposed to serve, after Confirmation of the Plan, as a director, officer, or voting trustee of the Debtor under the Plan. Moreover, the appointment to, or continuance in, such office of such individual, must be consistent with the interests of holders of Claims and Equity Interests and with public policy, and the Debtor must have disclosed the identity of any insider that the Reorganized Debtor will employ or retain, and the nature of any compensation for such insider;
- With respect to each Class of Impaired Claims or Equity Interests, either each holder of a Claim or Equity Interest of such Class must have accepted the Plan, or must receive or retain under the Plan on account of such Claim or Equity Interest, property of a value, as of the Effective Date of the Plan, that is not less than the

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amount that such holder would receive or retain if the Debtor were liquidated on such date under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code;

- Each Class of Claims or Equity Interests must have either accepted the Plan or not be Impaired under the Plan;
- Except to the extent that the holder of a particular Claim has agreed to a different treatment of such Claim, the Plan provides that Allowed Administrative and Priority and Priority Tax Claims will be paid in full on the Effective Date;
- If a Class of Creditors is impaired under the Plan, at least one impaired Class of Claims must have accepted the Plan, determined without including any acceptance of the Plan by any insider holding a Claim of such Class; and
- Confirmation of the Plan must not be followed by the liquidation, or the need for further financial reorganization of the Debtor or any successor-in-interest.

C. Confirmation Without Acceptance by All Impaired Classes

Section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code allows a Bankruptcy Court to confirm a plan, even if such plan has not been accepted by all impaired Classes entitled to vote on such plan, provided that such plan has been accepted by at least one impaired Class. If any impaired Classes reject or are deemed to have rejected the Plan, the Debtor reserves the right to seek the application of the requirements set forth in Section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code for Confirmation of the Plan despite the lack of acceptance by all impaired Classes.

Section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code provides that notwithstanding the failure of an impaired Class to accept a plan or reorganization, the plan may be confirmed, on request of the plan proponent, in a procedure commonly known as "cramdown," so long as the plan does not "discriminate unfairly" and is "fair and equitable" with respect to each Class of impaired Claims or Interests that has not accepted the plan.

The condition that a plan be "fair and equitable" with respect to a rejecting Class of Secured Claims can be satisfied if, among other things, the Secured Claim of a Creditor is paid in full on the Effective Date. Section 506(a) of the Bankruptcy Code provides that a Claim is a Secured Claim only to the extent of the value of the collateral securing such Claim. The Debtor believes that the treatment of the Secured Claims of the Lenders provided in the Plan satisfies the requirement that a plan be "fair and equitable" with respect to a rejecting Class of Secured Claims and is sufficient to cramdown Classes 1 – 16 because the Plan provides for the return of each Lender's collateral to such

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Lender, which, in effect, provides each Lender with property equal to the value of its secured claim.

The condition that a plan be "fair and equitable" with respect to a Class of unsecured creditors requires unsecured creditors to be paid in full prior to any distributions to equity under the plan. The Plan also satisfies this condition be requiring that unsecured creditors be paid in full prior to equity receiving any property under the Plan. Indeed, the Plan expressly provides that equity cannot receive distributions from the Litigation Trust after holders of unsecured claims have been paid in full.

XX. <u>MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS</u>

A. Settlement of Objections After the Effective Date

From and after the Effective Date, the Estate Representative may litigate to Final Order, propose settlements of, or withdraw objections to all pending or filed Disputed Claims and may settle or compromise any Disputed Claim without notice and a hearing and without approval of the Bankruptcy Court.

B. Holding of, and Failure to Claim, Undeliverable Distributions

All Distributions are to be made to the holder of each Allowed Claim at the address of such holder listed on the Schedules or proof of claim filed by such holder at the time of such Distribution. If any holder's Distribution is returned as undeliverable, no further Distributions to such holder shall be made unless and until the Reorganized Debtor or the Litigation Trustee (as applicable) is notified of such holder's then current address, at which time all required Distributions shall be made to such holder. Undeliverable Distributions shall be held by the Reorganized Debtor or the Litigation Trustee (as applicable) until such Distributions are claimed. All claims for undeliverable Distributions must be made within ninety (90) days following a Distribution. After such date, all unclaimed Distributions will revert to the Reorganized Debtor and the Reorganized Debtor shall donate such unclaimed Distribution to a charity of its choice notwithstanding any federal or state escheat laws to the contrary.

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C. Time Bar to Cash Distributions

Checks issued on account of Allowed Claims shall be null and void if not negotiated within ninety (90) days from and after the date of issuance thereof. Requests for re-issuance of any check shall be made directly to the Reorganized Debtor or the Litigation Trustee (as applicable) by the holder of the Allowed Claim with respect to which such check originally was issued. Any Claim in respect of such avoided check shall be made on or before the later of (a) the first anniversary of the Effective Date, or (b) ninety (90) days after the date of issuance of such check, if such check represents a Distribution under the Plan on account of such Claim. After such date, all Claims in respect of voided checks shall be discharged and forever barred and shall revert to the Reorganized Debtor and the Reorganized Debtor shall donate such unclaimed Distribution to a charity of its choice.

D. Post-Effective Date Distributions

Distributions made after the Effective Date to holders of Claims that are not Allowed Claims as of the Effective Date, but which later become Allowed Claims, shall be deemed to have been made on the Effective Date.

E. Fractional Amounts

Notwithstanding anything contained herein to the contrary, payments of fractions of dollars will not be made. Whenever any payment of a fraction of a dollar under the Plan would otherwise be called for, the actual payment made will reflect a rounding of such fraction to the nearest dollar (up or down), with half dollars being rounded down.

F. Ex Parte Relief

Upon *ex parte* motion by the Debtor after the Confirmation Date, or the Reorganized Debtor after the Effective Date, the Bankruptcy Court may enter such other and further orders as may be necessary or appropriate to instruct and direct the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, and others, and to facilitate the Distributions contemplated in the Plan.

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G. Injunction Against Holders of Claims and Equity Interests

On the Effective Date and except as otherwise provided in the Plan, all Persons who have been, are, or may be holders of Claims against or Equity Interests in the Debtor shall be permanently enjoined from taking any of the following actions against or affecting the Reorganized Debtor or its assets or property with respect to such Claims or Equity Interests (other than actions brought to enforce any rights or obligations under the Plan):

- a. commencing, conducting or continuing in any manner, directly or indirectly, any suit, action or other proceeding of any kind (<u>including</u>, without limitation, all suits, actions, and proceedings that are pending as of the Effective Date, which must be withdrawn or dismissed with prejudice);
- **b.** enforcing, levying, attaching, collecting or otherwise recovering by any manner or means, whether directly or indirectly, any judgment, award, decree or order;
- **c.** creating, perfecting or otherwise enforcing in any manner, directly or indirectly, any encumbrance; and
- **d.** asserting any setoff, right of subrogation or recoupment of any kind; provided, that any defenses, offsets or counterclaims which the Debtor may have or assert in respect of the above referenced Claims are fully preserved in accordance with Section 13.10 of the Plan.

H. Binding Effect

The Plan shall be binding on, and shall inure to the benefit of, the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, and the holders of all Claims and Equity Interests and their respective successors and assigns.

I. Governing Law

Except to the extent that the Bankruptcy Code or other federal law is applicable, the rights, duties and obligations of the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, all Creditors, and any other Person arising under the Plan shall be governed by, and construed and enforced in accordance with, the internal laws of the State of Nevada, without giving effect to Nevada's choice of law provisions.

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J. Modification of Payment Terms

At any time after the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtor may modify the treatment of any Allowed Claim or Equity Interest in any manner adverse to the holder of such Claim or Equity Interest only with the prior written consent of the holder whose Allowed Claim or Equity Interest treatment is being adversely affected.

K. Setoffs

The Debtor and the Reorganized Debtor may, but are not required to, set-off or recoup against any Claim or Equity Interest and the payments or other Distributions to be made under the Plan in respect of such Claim, Claims of any nature whatsoever that arose before the Petition Date that the Debtor may have against the holder of such Claim or Equity Interest to the extent such Claims may be set-off or recouped under applicable law, but neither the failure to do so nor the Allowance of any Claim or Equity Interest under the Plan shall constitute a waiver or release by the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor (in its own capacity and as Estate Representative pursuant to section 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code) of any such Claim that it may have against such holder.

L. United States Trustee Fees

The Reorganized Debtor shall pay all quarterly fees payable to the Office of the United States Trustee after Confirmation in connection with the Chapter 11 Case, consistent with applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code, Bankruptcy Rules, and 28 U.S.C. § 1930(a)(6).

M. Computation of Time

In computing any period of time prescribed or allowed by the Plan, the day of the act, event, or default from which the designated period of time begins to run shall not be included. The last day of the period so computed shall be included unless it is a Saturday, a Sunday, or a legal holiday, or, when the act to be done is the filing of a paper in the Bankruptcy Court, a day on which weather or other conditions have made the clerk's office inaccessible, in which event the period runs until the end of the next day which is not one of the aforementioned days.

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N. Final Decree

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After the Estate is fully administered, the Reorganized Debtor shall file an application for a final decree, and shall serve the application on the U.S. Trustee, together with a proposed final decree.

XXI. RECOMMENDATION AND CONCLUSION

The Debtor has analyzed different scenarios and believes that the Plan will provide for a larger distribution to holders of Claims than would otherwise result if an alternative restructuring plan were proposed or if the Debtor was liquidated under Chapter 7. In addition, any alternative other than Confirmation of the Plan could result in extensive delays and increased administrative expenses resulting in potentially smaller distributions to the holders of Claims and Equity Interests. Accordingly, the Debtor recommends confirmation of the Plan and urges all holders of Allowed Claims to vote to accept the Plan and to indicate acceptance by returning their Ballots so as to be received by no later than the voting deadline.

Dated: September 26, 2008 Respectfully submitted,

Jeanette E. McPherson, Esq.

Schwartzer & McPherson Law Firm 2850 South Jones Blvd., Suite 1 Las Vegas NV 89146-5308

and

/s/ Roberto J. Kampfner

Craig H. Averch, Esq. Roberto J. Kampfner White & Case LLP 633 West Fifth Street, Suite 1900 Los Angeles, CA 90071

Attorneys for Debtor and Debtor-In-Possession City Crossing 1, LLC

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DEBTOR'S FIRST AMENDED DISCLOSURE STATEMENT FOR DEBTOR'S FIRST AMENDED PLAN OF REORGANIZATION DATED SEPTEMBER 26, 2008 Case: 08-15780-bam Doc #: 140 Filed: 09/26/2008 Page: 66 of 68

Exhibit A To Disclosure Statement

DEBTOR'S FIRST AMENDED PLAN OF REORGANIZATION DATED SEPTEMBER 26, 2008

DEBTOR'S FIRST AMENDED DISCLOSURE STATEMENT FOR DEBTOR'S FIRST AMENDED PLAN OF REORGANIZATION DATED SEPTEMBER 26, 2008

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Exhibit B To Disclosure Statement

Liquidation Analysis in Chapter 7

[to come]

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YAMAGATA ENTITY PAYMENTS PROJECT LIFE

Page	_	75.38% GY /	2.88% Dave	1.75% Steve	
Entity	Date	Yamagata	Senior	Nielsen	Total
Playa Del Sol Purchase	12/13/2004	1,677,000.70	130,901.75	79,679.33	1,887,581.78
Sage Mountain Parcel 3, LLC Purchase	11/30/2005	6,575,986.97	250,825.37	152,676.31	6,979,488.65
Sage Mountain Parcel 2, LLC Purchase Sage Mountain Parcel 4, LLC Refinance	1/6/2006	6,894,970.35		160,082.23	7,318,044.82
Sage Mountain Parcel 7, LLC Sage	1/19/2006	4,546,049.23	171,109.67	104,153.71	4,821,312.61
Mountain Parcel 8, LLC Refinance Sage Mountain Parcel 5, LLC Sage	2/28/2006	9,032,300.41	344,515.60	209,705.15	9,586,521.16
Mountain Parcel 6, LLC Refinance	3/27/2006	8,041,962.01	306,741.50	186,712.22	8,535,415.73
Sage Mountain Parcel 8 Purchase	8/9/2006	2,595,186.08	118,058.51	71,861.70	2,785,106.29
SubTotal 12-31-06		39,363,455.75	1,585,144.64	964,870.65	41,913,471.04
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Sage Mountain Parcel 4 Purchase	3/1/2007	3,138,587.00	119,714.00	72,869.00	3,331,170.00
Sage Mountain Parcel 5 Purchase	4/13/2007	3,658,969.00	139,563.00	84,951.00	3,883,483.00
Subtotal 2007	-	6,797,556.00	259,277.00	157,820.00	7,214,653.00

Total Payments 46,161,011.75 1,844,421.64 1,122,690.65 49,128,124.04