## UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

(n re:	Chapter 11
ESCADA (USA) INC.,	Case No. 09-15008 (SMB)
Debtor. :	
x	

ORDER PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 363 AND 365 OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE AND BANKRUPTCY RULES 6004 AND 6006 (i) APPROVING THE SALE OF SUBSTANTIALLY ALL OF THE DEBTOR'S ASSETS, (ii) AUTHORIZING THE DEBTOR TO ENTER INTO AGREEMENT IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, (iii) APPROVING THE ASSUMPTION AND ASSIGNMENT, OR REJECTION OF EXECUTORY CONTRACTS AND UNEXPIRED LEASES AND (iv) RELATED RELIEF

Upon the motion, dated December 21, 2009 (Docket No. 171) (the "Sale Motion")¹, of Escada (USA), Inc., as debtor and debtor in possession (the "Debtor") seeking entry of an order pursuant to sections 105(a), 363 and 365 of chapter 11 of title 11 of the United States Code (the "Bankruptcy Code"), rules 2002, 6004, 6006 and 9014 of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure (the "Bankruptcy Rules") and General Order M-383, establishing guidelines for the conduct of asset sales (the "Guidelines") authorizing and approving, inter alia, (i) the sale of the Transferred Assets and the assumption and assignment of certain executory contracts and unexpired leases related thereto free of all liens, claims, encumbrances and other interests (the "Sale"), (ii) the rejection of certain executory contracts and unexpired leases and bar date for any and all claims against the Debtor related thereto; and the Debtor and Purchaser having entered into that certain Asset Purchase and Sale Agreement dated as of December 21, 2009 attached hereto as Exhibit A (as modified, amended or supplemented pursuant to its terms, the "Agreement"); and upon the Court's consideration of the Sale Motion, the Declaration of

Capitalized terms used herein but not defined herein shall have the meaning ascribed to such terms in the Sale Motion or the Agreement.



Christian D. Marques, the Debtor's Chief Financial Officer, in support thereof (Docket No. 172) (the "Marques Declaration"), the Order Shortening Time of Notice with Respect to a Hearing on Debtor's Request for an Order Approving the Sale of Substantially all of the Debtor's Assets and Approving the Form and Manner of Notice Thereof (Docket No. 176) (the "Sale Notice Order"), the Declaration of Harak Banthia in Support of the Sale Motion (Docket No. 194) (the "Banthia Declaration"), and the record of the hearing held on December 31, 2009 with respect to the Sale Motion, including without limitation the evidence and testimony proffered or adduced therein (the "Sale Hearing") and the letter dated January 6, 2010 from Shannon Lowry Nagle, Esq. to the Court; and it appearing that the relief requested in the Sale Motion is in the best interests of the Debtor, its estate, its creditors and other parties-in-interest; and upon the record of the Sale Hearing and this case, and after due deliberation thereon, and good and sufficient cause appearing therefor,

## THE COURT HEREBY MAKES THE FOLLOWING FINDINGS:<sup>2</sup>

- A. **Jurisdiction and Venue**. This Court has jurisdiction to consider the Sale Motion under 28 U.S.C. §§ 157 and 1334. This is a core proceeding under 28 U.S.C. § 157(b). Venue of this case and the Sale Motion in this District are proper under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1408 and 1409.
- B. <u>Statutory and Rule Predicates</u>. The statutory predicates for the relief sought in the Sale Motion are Bankruptcy Code sections 105(a), 363 and 365, Bankruptcy Rules 2002, 6004, 6006 and 9014, the Guidelines and other applicable Local Rules for the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York (the "<u>Local Rules</u>")

Findings of fact shall be construed as conclusions of law, and conclusions of law shall be construed as findings of fact to the fullest extent of the law. See Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7052.

- C. <u>Notice and Opportunity to Object</u>. Due, proper, timely, adequate and sufficient notice of the Sale Motion, and opportunity to object thereto, the Sale Hearing, and the Sale, including without limitation the assumption and assignment of the Assumed Contracts and establishment of the Cure Amounts (as defined below), if any, as set forth on <u>Exhibit B</u> hereto (the "Contracts Schedule") and rejection of the Rejected Contracts, has been provided.
- D. <u>Arm's-Length Sale</u>. The Agreement was negotiated, proposed and entered into by the Debtor and the Purchaser without collusion, in good faith, from arm's-length bargaining positions with the parties represented by independent counsel and with significant involvement from the Creditors' Committee. Neither the Debtor nor the Purchaser, nor any of their respective Representatives, have engaged in any conduct that would cause or permit the Agreement or the Sale to be avoided under section 363(n) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- E. <u>Limited Guarantee</u>. To induce the Debtor to enter into the Agreement and as a form of adequate assurance of future performance, Lenzty Investments SARL, a Luxembourg *société à responsabilité limitée*, the wholly-owned subsidiary of Purchaser's Affiliate (the "<u>Guarantor</u>"), has agreed to guarantee, pursuant to the terms of an unconditional and continuing guarantee (the "<u>Guarantee</u>") and subject to the terms and conditions therein, the due and punctual payment, performance and discharge of all of the obligations of the Purchaser under the Agreement. Pursuant to the Guarantee, the Guarantor has submitted itself to the jurisdiction of this Court.
- F. Exigent Circumstances. As demonstrated by (i) the Sale Motion, (ii) the Marques Declaration, (iii) the testimony and other evidence proffered or adduced at the Sale Hearing, and (iv) the representations of counsel made on the record at the Sale Hearing, in light of the exigent circumstances presented, (a) the Debtor's assets were marketed for sale in

conjunction with marketing for sale the assets of Escada AG, (b) the consideration provided for in the Agreement constitutes the highest or otherwise best offer for the Transferred Assets and provides fair and reasonable consideration for the Transferred Assets, (c) the value of the Debtor's business and assets is deteriorating and the Sale is the only viable alternative to liquidation available to the Debtor, (d) if the Sale is not approved, the Debtor will be forced to cease operations, (e) the failure to approve the Sale promptly will lead to the loss of hundreds of jobs, (f) prompt approval of the Sale is the only means to preserve and maximize the value of the Debtor's assets, (g) the Sale maximizes fair value for the benefit of the Debtor's estate and creditors, (h) the Debtor is receiving fair value for the assets being sold, (i) the Sale will provide greater recovery for the Debtor's creditors than would be provided by any other practicable alternative, including liquidation under chapters 7 or 11 of the Bankruptcy Code, (j) no other entity has offered to purchase the Transferred Assets for greater economic value to the Debtor or its estate, (k) the consideration to be paid by the Purchaser under the Agreement exceeds the liquidation value of the Transferred Assets, and (1) the Debtor's determination that the Agreement constitutes the best or highest offer for the Transferred Assets and that the Sale represents a better alternative for the Debtor's parties in interest than an immediate liquidation constitute valid and sound exercises of the Debtor's business judgment.

G. <u>Free and Clear</u>. The transfer of the Transferred Assets and the assumption of the Assumed Liabilities under the Agreement is valid and vests Purchaser with all of the Debtor's right, title, and interest in and to the Transferred Assets, free and clear of all Liens (other than Permitted Liens as defined in the Agreement), claims (as defined in section 101(5) of the Bankruptcy Code), and including without limitation successor liability claims, encumbrances, obligations, liabilities, demands, guarantees, options, rights, restrictions,

contractual commitments, rights of first refusal, rights of setoff or interests of any kind or nature whatsoever, whether known or unknown, legal or equitable, matured or unmatured, contingent or non-contingent, liquidated or unliquidated, asserted or unasserted, whether arising prior to or after the commencement of this chapter 11 case, and whether imposed by agreement, understanding, law, equity or otherwise (collectively, but excluding Assumed Liabilities, the "Interests").

- H. <u>Satisfaction of 363(f) Standards</u>. The Debtor may sell the Transferred Assets free and clear of any liens of any kind or nature whatsoever because, *inter alia*, the proceeds of the Sale of the Transferred Assets exceed the amount of any liens that have been asserted and each person or entity or holder of any Interests in the Transferred Assets. **is**
  deemed to have consented to the Sale by not objecting to the Sale Motion.
- Assumed Contracts pursuant to the terms of this Order is integral to the Agreement and is in the best interests of the Debtor, its estate, its creditors and all other parties in interest, and represents the reasonable exercise of sound and prudent business judgment by the Debtor. Purchaser's contractual obligation to perform under the Assumed Contracts after the Closing and to replace the Existing Letters of Credit on the same terms as provided in the Existing Letters of Credit, as well as, the information and assurances provided to lessors as set forth in the Banthia Declaration and the representations made on the record of the Sale Hearing, shall constitute adequate assurance of future performance within the meaning of sections 365(b)(1)(C) and 365(f)(2)(B) of the Bankruptcy Code. Any objections to the assumption and assignment of any of the Assumed Contracts to the Purchaser that have not been withdrawn, waived, settled or otherwise resolved are hereby overruled. Except as set forth herein with respect to the Objecting Landlords (defined

below), any objections to the Cure Amounts set forth on the Contracts Schedule that have not been withdrawn, waived, settled or otherwise resolved are hereby overruled and the "Cure Amounts" set forth on the Contracts Schedule constitute findings of the Court that such amounts are the Debtor's maximum liability to the counterparties for amounts owed and shall be binding on counterparties to the Assumed Contracts (and their successors and designees), and shall not be subject to further dispute or audit based on performance prior to the Closing, irrespective of the terms of the Assumed Contracts.

J. The "Objecting Landlords" are those landlords listed on Exhibit C attached hereto. In light of the facts and circumstances of this case and the small amounts involved with respect to potential cure claims, the Objecting Landlords have agreed to resolve their objections as to cure amounts and year-end adjustments as set forth herein and this order shall not have precedential value in future cases with respect to issues raised in the objections filed by the Objecting Landlords. The "Cure Amounts" set forth on the Contracts Schedule constitute findings of the Court that the amounts set forth therein are the Debtor's maximum liability to the counterparties for amounts owed and shall be binding on the Objecting Landlords (and their successors and designees), and shall not be subject to further dispute or audit based on performance prior to the Closing, irrespective of the terms of the Assumed Contracts, except with respect to the Cure Amounts disputed by the Objecting Landlords and itemized in their objections (the "Disputed Cure Amounts"). The Objecting Landlords' rights to assert additional Cure Amounts solely related to (i) attorneys' fees and (ii) rent and related charges that have not yet been billed or have not yet become due under the Assumed Contracts for year end adjustments related to charges such as common area maintenance, taxes, insurance and heating/ventilation/air condition charges arising prior to the Closing (collectively, the

"Adjustment Amounts") shall be and hereby are preserved as provided for below. The Debtor's rights to assert defenses and otherwise object with respect to the Adjustment Amounts (and entitlement to credits or refunds arising therefrom) are hereby preserved.

- K. <u>Personally Identifiable Information</u>. The Sale may include the transfer of personally identifiable information, as defined in section 101(41)(A) of the Bankruptcy Code. No consumer privacy ombudsman need be appointed under section 363(b)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code because the Purchaser agrees to become the Debtor's successor-in-interest as to the customer information and to use the customer information only in accordance with the privacy policy of the Debtor.
- L. <u>Time of the Essence</u>. The Sale must be approved and consummated promptly in order to preserve the maximum value and viability of the Transferred Assets.

## NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS ORDERED THAT:

- 1. <u>Sale Motion Is Granted</u>. The Sale Motion and the relief requested therein is GRANTED and APPROVED, to the extent set forth herein.
- Order or the relief granted herein that have not been withdrawn, waived, or settled, or not otherwise resolved pursuant to the terms hereof, if any, hereby are denied and overruled on the merits with prejudice. All entities, including without limitation governmental units, that have not objected to the Sale Motion are deemed to have consented to the relief sought by the Sale Motion and the transactions contemplated therein.
- 3. <u>Approval</u>. The Agreement and all of the terms and conditions thereto are hereby approved. The Debtor is hereby authorized and directed, without further order of the Court, to (i) enter into the Agreement, along with any additional instruments or documents that

may be reasonably necessary or appropriate to implement the Agreement, provided that such additional documents do not materially change its terms, (ii) consummate the Sale in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Agreement and the other agreements contemplated thereby, (iii) assume and assign to Purchaser the Assumed Contracts, reject the Rejected Contracts, and (iv) take all other and further actions as may be reasonably necessary to implement the transactions contemplated by the Agreement.

- 4. <u>Valid Transfer</u>. As of the Closing, (i) the transactions contemplated by the Agreement effect a valid transfer of the Debtor's right, title and interest in and to the Transferred Assets to Purchaser free and clear of any Interests and Excluded Liabilities of any kind whatsoever, and (ii) the Agreement and the transactions and instruments contemplated thereby shall be specifically performable and enforceable against and binding upon, the Debtor, the Purchaser or any successor trustee appointed in this chapter 11 case.
- 5. Post Closing Rent. No later than five (5) days after the Closing,

  Purchaser shall reimburse the Debtor for any rent and related charges due prior to Closing and

  paid by the Debtor prior to the Closing pursuant to Assumed Contracts related to Leased Real

  Properties to the extent that such payments are attributable to the period following Closing. No

  later than one (1) Business Day prior to the Closing Date, the Debtor shall prepare and provide to

  Purchaser an itemized statement showing the Debtor's calculation of such rent and related

  charges.
- 6. Government Facilitation. Each and every federal, state, and local governmental agency or department is hereby directed to accept any and all documents and instruments necessary and appropriate to consummate the transactions contemplated by the Agreement.

- 7. Injunction. Except as expressly permitted by the Agreement or by this Order, all persons and entities holding Interests or claims (as defined in section 101(5) of the Bankruptcy Code) of any kind or nature whatsoever against or in the Debtor or the Debtor's interests in the Transferred Assets, arising under or out of, in connection with, or in any way relating to the operation of the Debtor's businesses before the Closing or the transfer of the Debtor's interests in the Transferred Assets to the Purchaser, shall be and hereby are permanently enjoined from asserting, prosecuting or otherwise pursuing such persons' or entities' Interests or claims against the Purchaser, its property, or its successors and assigns, or from in any way interfering with Purchaser's title to or use and enjoyment of the Debtor's interests in the Transferred Assets based on or related to such Interests or claims.
- 8. Release of Interests. This Sale Order (i) shall be effective as a determination that, on the Closing, all Interests of any kind or nature whatsoever existing as to the Transferred Assets prior to the Closing have been unconditionally released, discharged and terminated, and that the conveyances described herein have been effected, and (ii) shall be binding upon and shall govern the acts of all entities and all persons who may be required by operation of law, the duties of their office, or contract, to accept, file, register or otherwise record or release any documents or instruments, or who may be required to report or insure any title or state of title in or to any of the Transferred Assets.
- 9. Sale Proceeds. Any and all valid and perfected Interests in Transferred Assets of the Debtor shall attach to any proceeds of such Transferred Assets immediately upon receipt of such proceeds by the Debtor (or any party acting on the Debtor's behalf) in the order of priority, and with the same validity, force and effect which they now have against such Transferred Assets, subject to any rights, claims and defenses the Debtor, its estate or any trustee

for the Debtor, as applicable, may possess with respect thereto. Except as required by this Order or the Agreement, no proceeds subject to an asserted Interest shall be used or disbursed by the Debtor without the express consent of the party or parties asserting an Interest therein or further order of the Court after notice (to all parties who have asserted an Interest in such proceeds) and a hearing.

- 10. No Successor Liability. Except for the Assumed Liabilities, the transfer of the Transferred Assets to the Purchaser under the Agreement shall not result in the Purchaser or its members, shareholders, successors or assigns having any liability or responsibility (i) for any claim or Interest against the Debtor or against an insider of the Debtor, (ii) to the Debtor or to third parties except as is expressly set forth in the Agreement, or (iii) for the satisfaction in any manner, whether at law or in equity, whether by payment, setoff, recoupment or otherwise, directly or indirectly, of any Interest or Excluded Liability. Without limiting the effect or scope of the foregoing, as a result of the Closing of the transactions contemplated by the Agreement, the Purchaser shall have no successor or vicarious liabilities of any kind or character with respect to the Debtor or any obligations of the Debtor arising prior to the Closing, or in any way relating to the operation of the Transferred Assets prior to the Closing.
- 11. Assumption and Assignment, or Rejection of Contracts. Subject to the terms of the Agreement and this Order, upon the Closing, the Debtor is hereby authorized and directed to assume, assign and transfer the Assumed Contracts to the Purchaser pursuant to sections 105(a), 363 and 365 of the Bankruptcy Code and reject the Rejected Contracts effective as of the Closing, or with respect to nonresidential real property leases as of the later of the Closing and the date on which the Debtor surrenders the premises to the landlord in a broom clean condition with any necessary keys or security codes (the "Rejection Date"). Any property

of the estate remaining on the premises after the Rejection Date shall be deemed abandoned and may be disposed of by the landlord or licensor without liability to the Debtor. The Purchaser shall have until three (3) days prior to the Closing to designate a Contract as an Assumed Contract or Rejected Contract. The Purchaser shall notify promptly the counterparty to the Contracts in writing of any change in designation. No later than ten (10) days after the Closing, the Purchaser shall file with the Bankruptcy Court a list of Assumed Contracts and rejected Contracts.

- after the commencement of this chapter 11 case, or amended after the commencement of this chapter 11 case shall be transferred to the Purchaser, **free and clear of all Interests of any kind or nature whatsoever**, and shall remain in full force and effect for the benefit of Purchaser in accordance with their respective terms, notwithstanding any provision in any such Assumed Contract (including those of the type described in sections 365(b)(2) and (f) of the Bankruptcy Code) that prohibits, restricts, or conditions such assignment or transfer. The requirements of sections 365(b)(1) and 365(f)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code are hereby deemed satisfied with respect to such Assumed Contracts. Pursuant to section 365(k) of the Bankruptcy Code, the Debtor shall be relieved from any further liability with respect to such Assumed Contracts except for the Adjustment Amounts and Disputed Cure Amounts. The Debtor shall maintain its general liability insurance coverage in the form that currently exists for third party claims against the Debtor arising prior to the Closing but not yet known or asserted against the Debtor.
- 13. **Bar Date for Rejection Claims.** Counterparties to the Rejected Contracts shall have thirty (30) days from the Rejection Date to file proofs of claim for any and all claims

or damages arising from the rejection of the Rejected Contracts. The Rejected Contracts shall be rejected and terminated as of the Rejection Date.

- 14. <u>Cure Amounts for Assumed Contracts</u>. In accordance with the terms of the Agreement and this Order, within the later of (a) ten (10) days after the Closing or as otherwise agreed to between the parties, the Debtor or the Purchaser, as the case may be, shall pay any undisputed portion of the Cure Amounts and the Debtor shall pay any undisputed Adjustment Amounts with respect to the Objecting Landlords.
- have previously provided the information in their filed objections, submit detailed invoices to the Debtor for any disputed Adjustment Amounts. To the extent any portion of the Adjustment Amount is unknown as of January 11, 2010 2009, the Objecting Landlord(s) shall submit a detailed, reasonable estimate of the Adjustment Amounts calculated by taking one hundred twenty-five percent (125%) of the average of the amounts paid by (net of credits) the Debtor for the years 2006, 2007 and 2008, or such shorter period to the extent the Debtor was not a tenant of the Objecting Landlord for those three (3) years (the "Adjustment Amount Estimate"). The Debtor shall place in a segregated account from the Sale proceeds an amount equal to the aggregate amount of all Disputed Cure Amounts and all Adjustment Amount Estimates with respect to the Objecting Landlords, or such other amounts as agreed to in writing by the Objecting Landlord(s) and Debtor (the "Segregated Proceeds").
- Amounts or Adjustment Amounts that are not resolved pursuant to the parties' mutual agreement within thirty (30) days after the Closing may be brought before the Court by the Debtor or the Objecting Landlord(s) on ten (10) days notice. Notwithstanding anything contained in the

Agreement to the contrary, Purchaser shall reimburse the Debtor no later than ten (10) Business Days after release of all of the Segregated Proceeds for any Adjustment Amounts paid from the Segregated Proceeds to the Objecting Landlords that are parties to Assumed Contracts that are attributable to prepetition periods, in an aggregate amount not to exceed \$25,000. The Segregated Proceeds shall be disbursed to each Objecting Landlord pursuant to Final Order of the Court or written agreement of the parties as it resolves disputes with each Objecting Landlord. The amounts deposited in the Segregated Proceeds account attributable to an Objecting Landlord shall be the Debtor's maximum liability to such Objecting Landlord Cure Amounts and Adjustment Amounts and shall be binding on such Objecting Landlord (and their successors and designees), and shall not be subject to further dispute or audit based on actual amounts or invoices received by the Objecting Landlords after the Closing.

Purchaser or the Debtor in accordance with Section 2.1(e)(ii) of the Agreement within the timeframe set forth in paragraphs 15 and 16 above. Purchaser may take any action and file any motions or other papers with respect to a Cure Amount required to be taken by Debtor pursuant to Section 2.1(e)(iv) of the Agreement in place and in the name of Debtor. Except as provided herein with respect to the Objecting Landlords, any counterparty to the Assumed Contracts that did not object to its Cure Amount (as set forth on the Contracts Schedule) by the Objection Deadline is deemed to have consented to such Cure Amount and the assignment of its respective Assumed Contract to the Purchaser. Upon payment of the Cure Amounts (as set forth on the Contracts Schedule) and Adjustment Amounts, the counterparties to Assumed Contracts are permanently enjoined from (i) asserting against the Debtor or the Purchaser or its Affiliates, or the property of any of them, any default existing as of Closing, or against the Purchaser or its

Affiliates, any counterclaim, defense, setoff or any other Interest asserted or assertable against the Debtor, and (ii) imposing or charging against Purchaser or its Affiliates any accelerations, assignment fees, increases or any other fees as a result of the Debtor's assumption and assignments to Purchaser of the Assumed Contracts.

- Amounts shall not prevent or delay the assumption and assignment of any contracts or leases.

  Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Agreement, if a dispute relating to Cure

  Amounts is not resolved prior to Closing, the Purchaser may choose to assume the Contract (in which case it shall **be come become** an Assumed Contract), or decide not to assume it (in which case the Debtor may determine it shall become a Rejected Contract).
- 19. **Ipso Facto Clauses Ineffective**. At Closing, no default shall exist under any Assumed Contract, and no counterparty to any Assumed Contract shall be permitted to declare a default by the Debtor or Purchaser under such Assumed Contract or otherwise take action against the Purchaser as a result of Debtor's financial condition, bankruptcy or failure to perform any of its obligations under the relevant Assumed Contract.
- 20. **Effect of Orders**. The terms and provisions of the Agreement and this Order shall be binding in all respects upon the Debtor, its estate, all creditors of (whether known or unknown) and holders of equity interests in either the Debtor, Purchaser or their respective Affiliates, successors and assigns, as well as any third parties, notwithstanding any subsequent appointment of any trustee of the Debtor under any chapter of the Bankruptcy Code, as to which trustee(s) such terms and provisions likewise shall be binding.
- 21. **Retention of Jurisdiction**. This Court retains jurisdiction, pursuant to its statutory powers under 28 U.S.C. § 157(b)(2), to, among other things, interpret, implement, and

enforce the terms and provisions of this Order, all amendments thereto and any waivers and consents thereunder.

- 22. <u>Surrender of Possession</u>. All entities that are currently, or on the Closing may be, in possession of some or all of the Transferred Assets in which the Debtor hold an interest hereby are directed to surrender possession of the Transferred Assets either to (i) the Debtor before the Closing, or (ii) to Purchaser on the Closing.
- 23. Non-Material Modifications. The Agreement and any related agreements, documents or other instruments may be modified, amended or supplemented by the parties thereto, in a writing signed by such parties, and in accordance with the terms thereof, without further order of the Court, provided that any such modification, amendment or supplement does not have a material adverse effect on the Debtor's estate.
- 24. <u>Subsequent Plan Provisions</u>. Nothing contained in any subsequent order of this Court, or any court of competent jurisdiction, shall alter, conflict with, or derogate from, the provisions of the Agreement or this Order, which provisions shall survive and remain in full force and effect.
- 25. **Failure to Specify Provisions**. The failure to specifically include any particular provisions of the Agreement or the other agreements contemplated thereby in this Order shall not diminish or impair the effectiveness of such provisions, it being the intent of the Court that the Agreement and the other agreements contemplated thereby be authorized and approved in their entirety. Likewise, all of the provisions of this Order are nonseverable and mutually dependent.
- 26. **No Stay of Order**. Notwithstanding the provisions of Bankruptcy Rule 6004 and Bankruptcy Rule 6006 or any applicable provisions of the Local Rules, this Order shall

not be stayed for ten (10) days after the entry hereof, but shall be effective and enforceable immediately upon entry. Time is of the essence in closing the transactions referenced herein, and the Debtor and the Purchaser intend to close the Sale as soon as practicable. Any party objecting to this Order must exercise due diligence in filing an appeal and pursuing a stay, or risk its appeal being foreclosed as moot.

- 27. Preservation of Certain Records. Subject to further order of the Court, the Debtor and Purchaser are hereby ordered (and shall cause their Affiliates) to take appropriate measures to maintain and preserve all records held by each relating to the Transferred Assets as may be required by the Agreement and Applicable Law and permit reasonable access to the Debtor as necessary to administer and wind down the estate; provided, however, that in no event shall the Debtor be required to preserve such records after this chapter 11 case is closed.
- Name and Caption Change. Pursuant to the Agreement, the Debtor is directed to (i) change its name such that the term "Escada" is not used, and (ii) revise the caption of this chapter 11 proceeding to reflect the new name of the Debtor. Notwithstanding anything contained in its organizational documents or applicable state law to the contrary, the Debtor is authorized and directed, upon and in connection with the Closing, to change its name, and any amendment to the organizational documents (including the certificate of incorporation) of the Debtor to effect such a change is authorized and approved, without Board or shareholder approval. Upon such change, the Debtor shall file with the Court a notice of change of case caption within two (2) business days of the Closing, and the change of case caption for this chapter 11 case shall be deemed effective as of the Closing.

29. No Bulk Sale or Similar Laws Apply. No law of any state or other

jurisdiction relating to bulk sales or similar laws shall apply in any way to the transactions

contemplated by the Sale, the Agreement and this Order.

30. **Retention of Rights by the United States**. Nothing in this Order or in the

Agreement (i) releases, nullifies, or enjoins the enforcement of any liability to a federal

governmental unit under police and regulatory statutes or regulations that any entity would be

subject to as the owner or operator of property after the Closing; or (ii) should be construed to

give Purchaser any more protection against any federal government unit than it is otherwise

entitled to under 11 U.S.C. § 363(f). Nothing in this paragraph should be construed to create for

any federal governmental unit any substantive right that does not already exist under law.

31. **Notice of Entry of Sale Order**. No later than three (3) days after entry of

this Order, the Debtor shall serve this Order on all counterparties to the Contracts listed on the

Contract Schedule and cause notice of the Sale to be published on the Debtor's restructuring

website at http://www.kccllc.net/escada. Such notice shall be sufficient and appropriate to notify

all parties in interest of the entry of this Order.

Dated: New York, New York

January 7, 2010

/s/ Arthur J. Gonzalez

HONORABLE ARTHUR J. GONZALEZ

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY JUDGE