UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORKx	
In re:	Chapter 11
FAIRPOINT COMMUNICATIONS, INC., et al.,:	Case No. 09-16335 (BRL)
Debtors. :	(Jointly Administered)
x	

SECOND AMENDED DISCLOSURE STATEMENT FOR DEBTORS' SECOND AMENDED JOINT PLAN OF REORGANIZATION UNDER CHAPTER 11 OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE

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Dated: New York, New York

March 10, 2010

DISCLAIMER

NO PERSON MAY GIVE ANY INFORMATION OR MAKE ANY REPRESENTATIONS, OTHER THAN THE INFORMATION AND REPRESENTATIONS CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT, REGARDING THE PLAN OR THE SOLICITATION OF ACCEPTANCES OF THE PLAN.

ALL CREDITORS ARE ADVISED AND ENCOURAGED TO READ THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT (INCLUDING ALL EXHIBITS) AND THE PLAN IN THEIR ENTIRETY BEFORE VOTING TO ACCEPT OR REJECT THE PLAN. PLAN SUMMARIES AND STATEMENTS MADE IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT, INCLUDING THE EXECUTIVE SUMMARY, ARE ANNEXED TO THE PLAN, AND THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT. THE STATEMENTS CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT ARE MADE ONLY AS OF THE DATE HEREOF, AND THERE CAN BE NO ASSURANCE THAT THE STATEMENTS CONTAINED HEREIN SHALL BE CORRECT AT ANY TIME AFTER THE DATE HEREOF. ALL CREDITORS SHOULD READ CAREFULLY AND CONSIDER FULLY THE "RISK FACTORS" SECTION HEREIN BEFORE VOTING FOR OR AGAINST THE PLAN. SEE SECTION VII ("CERTAIN FACTORS TO BE CONSIDERED").

THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT HAS BEEN PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 1125 OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE AND NOT IN ACCORDANCE WITH FEDERAL OR STATE SECURITIES LAWS OR OTHER NON-BANKRUPTCY LAWS. PERSONS OR ENTITIES TRADING IN, OR OTHERWISE PURCHASING, SELLING OR TRANSFERRING SECURITIES OF FAIRPOINT COMMUNICATIONS, INC. ("FAIRPOINT COMMUNICATIONS") AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES SHOULD NOT RELY UPON THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT FOR SUCH PURPOSES AND SHOULD EVALUATE THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND THE PLAN IN LIGHT OF THE PURPOSE FOR WHICH THEY WERE PREPARED.

THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT HAS NEITHER BEEN APPROVED NOR DISAPPROVED BY THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR ANY STATE AUTHORITY, NOR HAS THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR ANY STATE AUTHORITY PASSED UPON THE ACCURACY OR ADEQUACY OF THE STATEMENTS CONTAINED HEREIN.

AS TO CONTESTED MATTERS, ADVERSARY PROCEEDINGS AND OTHER ACTIONS OR THREATENED ACTIONS, THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT SHALL NOT CONSTITUTE OR BE CONSTRUED AS AN ADMISSION OF ANY FACT, LIABILITY, STIPULATION, OR WAIVER, BUT RATHER AS A STATEMENT MADE IN SETTLEMENT NEGOTIATIONS.

THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT SUMMARIZES CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE PLAN, STATUTORY PROVISIONS, DOCUMENTS RELATED TO THE PLAN, EVENTS IN THE CHAPTER 11 CASES OF FAIRPOINT COMMUNICATIONS AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES ("FAIRPOINT"), AND FINANCIAL INFORMATION. ALTHOUGH FAIRPOINT BELIEVES THAT THE PLAN AND RELATED DOCUMENT SUMMARIES

ARE FAIR AND ACCURATE, SUCH SUMMARIES ARE QUALIFIED TO THE EXTENT THAT THEY DO NOT SET FORTH THE ENTIRE TEXT OF SUCH DOCUMENTS OR STATUTORY PROVISIONS. FACTUAL INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT HAS BEEN PROVIDED BY MANAGEMENT OF FAIRPOINT, EXCEPT WHERE OTHERWISE SPECIFICALLY NOTED. FAIRPOINT IS UNABLE TO WARRANT OR REPRESENT THAT THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN, INCLUDING THE FINANCIAL INFORMATION, IS WITHOUT INACCURACY OR OMISSION.

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IS INCLUDED HEREIN FOR PURPOSES OF SOLICITING ACCEPTANCES OF THE PLAN AND MAY NOT BE RELIED UPON FOR ANY PURPOSE OTHER THAN TO DETERMINE HOW TO VOTE ON THE PLAN. THE DESCRIPTIONS SET FORTH HEREIN OF THE ACTIONS, CONCLUSIONS, OR RECOMMENDATIONS OF FAIRPOINT OR ANY OTHER PARTY IN INTEREST HAVE BEEN SUBMITTED TO OR APPROVED BY SUCH PARTY, BUT NO SUCH PARTY MAKES ANY REPRESENTATION REGARDING SUCH DESCRIPTIONS.

THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT SHALL NOT BE ADMISSIBLE IN ANY NON-BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDING INVOLVING FAIRPOINT OR ANY OTHER PARTY, NOR SHALL IT BE CONSTRUED TO BE ADVICE ON THE TAX, SECURITIES, OR OTHER LEGAL EFFECTS OF THE REORGANIZATION AS TO HOLDERS OF CLAIMS AGAINST FAIRPOINT. YOU SHOULD CONSULT YOUR OWN COUNSEL OR TAX ADVISOR ON ANY QUESTIONS OR CONCERNS RESPECTING TAX, SECURITIES OR OTHER LEGAL EFFECTS OF THE REORGANIZATION ON HOLDERS OF CLAIMS.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Capitalized terms not otherwise defined in this Disclosure Statement have the meanings ascribed to them in FairPoint's chapter 11 plan of reorganization. A term used but not defined in this Disclosure Statement or FairPoint's chapter 11 plan of reorganization has the meaning given it in the Bankruptcy Code and/or the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.

On October 26, 2009, FairPoint Communications and all of its direct and indirect subsidiaries filed voluntary petitions for relief under chapter 11 of title 11 of the United States Code (the "Bankruptcy Code") in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York (the "Bankruptcy Court"). The cases are being jointly administered under the caption *In re FairPoint Communications, Inc.*, Case No. 09-16335 (BRL) (the "Chapter 11 Cases").

FairPoint commenced the Chapter 11 Cases because of a significant need to de-leverage its balance sheet and to reduce its cost structure. In March 2008, FairPoint Communications completed the acquisition of certain landline operations in Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont (the "NNE Operations") from Verizon Communications Inc. ("Verizon") through a merger (the "Merger") with Northern New England Spinco Inc. ("Spinco"), a subsidiary of Verizon. In connection with the Merger, FairPoint and Spinco entered into a \$2.03 billion secured credit facility, as subsequently amended (the "Prepetition Credit Agreement"), and Spinco issued and FairPoint Communications subsequently assumed \$551 million aggregate principal amount of 13-1/8% Senior Notes due 2018 (the "Original Senior Notes"). As of the Petition Date, FairPoint had approximately \$2.7 billion of indebtedness, including accrued and unpaid interest and amounts owed under interest rate swap agreements, which is not sustainable. FairPoint's financial difficulties have been exacerbated by declining financial performance which can be traced to, among other things, (i) increased competition from alternative voice and data communication providers that has eroded FairPoint's traditional base of wireline voice customers (ii) the recent turmoil in the financial markets, which has significantly limited available capital and resulted in a significant decline in the domestic economy and (iii) difficulties transitioning from Verizon's systems and integrating the NNE Operations acquired in the Merger with FairPoint's historical operations.

In an effort to address these issues, FairPoint's management team worked diligently to expand and improve FairPoint's product offerings, diversify and grow revenues, increase operational efficiency and operating cash flows and reduce debt obligations through, among other things, (i) investing \$85 million in the build out of a new next generation Internet protocol based network, (ii) suspending common stock dividends and (iii) completing an exchange offer (the "Exchange Offer") for certain of the Original Senior Notes for new 13-1/8% Senior Notes due 2018 (the "Exchange Offer Senior Notes", and together with the Original Senior Notes, the "Senior Notes"), which allowed FairPoint to reduce its cash interest expense for the quarters ended June 30, 2009 and September 30, 2009 and maintain compliance with financial covenants contained in the Prepetition Credit Agreement for the measurement period ended June 30, 2009.

Despite these actions, FairPoint's balance sheet remained highly leveraged, with substantial annual capital expenditure requirements and interest costs, and portions of the principal amount of the Prepetition Credit Agreement becoming due on a quarterly basis. This

capital structure is not sustainable, particularly after taking into account the impact of (i) the recession in the United States and the associated high levels of unemployment, reduced disposable income and consumer spending, increased business failures and higher than normal uncollected receivables, (ii) the continued significant capital expenditure requirements required for FairPoint to remain competitive in the telecommunications market and imposed by the regulatory orders approving the Merger and (iii) FairPoint's limited access to capital markets. As a result, FairPoint, with the assistance of its advisors, began to explore capital structure restructuring alternatives, including recapitalizations and a potential chapter 11 filing.

Commencing in July 2009 and culminating in October 2009, FairPoint worked diligently, first with the holders of the Senior Notes and then with certain lenders under the Prepetition Credit Agreement, to obtain a sustainable solution to FairPoint's significant leverage. Through negotiations with a steering committee of lenders under the Prepetition Credit Agreement (the "Lender Steering Committee"), FairPoint reached an agreement in October 2009 with the Consenting Lenders (including the Lender Steering Committee), who hold more than 50% of the indebtedness under the Prepetition Credit Agreement on a term sheet (the "Plan Term Sheet") regarding the framework for a comprehensive balance sheet restructuring that would result in the conversion of more than \$1.7 billion of FairPoint's indebtedness into equity in FairPoint Communications. Evidencing their support of the Plan Term Sheet, the Consenting Lenders have executed the Plan Support Agreement pursuant to which the Consenting Lenders agreed to support a chapter 11 plan as substantially embodied in the Plan Term Sheet. Thereafter, FairPoint commenced the Chapter 11 Cases on October 26, 2009.

Pursuant to the Plan Term Sheet, FairPoint agreed to file a chapter 11 plan that provided for the reorganization of FairPoint as a going concern. The integral components of the agreement with the Consenting Lenders included (i) \$75 million of debtor-in-possession financing, which would provide sufficient liquidity to fund FairPoint during the course of the Chapter 11 Cases and (ii) the conversion of approximately \$1.1 billion of the indebtedness under the Prepetition Credit Agreement into equity in Reorganized FairPoint Communications.

Following the Petition Date, the Ad Hoc Committee of Senior Noteholders (as defined herein) raised certain concerns regarding FairPoint's proposed treatment of FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims under the Plan Term Sheet. In an effort to resolve these concerns, FairPoint, the Lender Steering Committee and the Ad Hoc Committee of Senior Noteholders entered into extensive, arms' length negotiations. These negotiations ultimately resulted in certain changes to the terms contained in the Plan Term Sheet and the formulation of the Plan, annexed hereto as *Exhibit A*.

Under the Plan, Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims (Class 4) (as defined herein) will be satisfied in full, as follows: (i) by a *pro rata* share of New Term Loan in the aggregate principal amount of \$1 billion, (ii) by a *pro rata* share of the Cash Payment, (iii) by a *pro rata* share of forty-seven million two hundred forty-one thousand four hundred thirty-six (47,241,436) shares of the New Common Stock in Reorganized FairPoint Communications (subject to dilution) and (iv) by a *pro rata* share of Cash distributable out of the Reserve (as defined herein), *provided*, *however*, that if the class of FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims does not receive a Distribution under the Plan on account of their Claims, each holder of a Prepetition Credit Agreement Claim will receive its *pro rata* share of fifty-eight million four hundred eighty-four

thousand five hundred eighty-seven (58,484,587) shares of the New Common Stock (subject to dilution), as more fully described in Section VI.C.4 ("Summary of Plan of Reorganization— Treatment of Claims and Equity Interests Under the Plan—Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims (Class 4)") of this Disclosure Statement. FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims (Class 7) will be satisfied in full under the Plan, as follows: (i) by a pro rata share of four million two hundred three thousand three hundred fifty-two (4,203,352) shares of the New Common Stock in Reorganized FairPoint Communications (subject to dilution) and (ii) by a pro rata share of the New Warrants to purchase up to seven million one hundred sixty-four thousand eight hundred four (7,164,804) shares of the New Common Stock, as more fully described in Section VI.D.2 ("Summary of Plan of Reorganization—Provisions Regarding New Common Stock and New Warrants Distributed Pursuant to the Plan—New Warrants") of this Disclosure Statement; provided, however, that if the class of FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims votes to reject the Plan, the members of the Ad Hoc Committee of Senior Noteholders or its counsel objects to the Plan, the members of the Creditors' Committee or its counsel objects to the Distribution and treatment under the Plan, or the Indenture Trustee or its counsel objects to the Plan, then the holders of FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims will not receive any Distributions under the Plan on account of their Claims. The proposed distributions to other creditors are discussed in Section VI.G ("Summary of Plan of Reorganization—Distributions under the Plan") of this Disclosure Statement.

In addition, the Plan is the result of extensive negotiations among FairPoint; the Lender Steering Committee; the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers ("IBEW") and the Communications Workers of America ("CWA" and collectively with the IBEW, the "Unions"); the New Hampshire Public Utility Commission's Staff Advocates (the "Staff Advocates"); the Vermont Department of Public Service (the "DPS"); a representative (the "Maine Representative") appointed by the Maine Public Utilities Commission (the "MPUC"); and the Maine Office of the Public Advocate (the "Maine Public Advocate," and collectively with the Staff Advocates, the DPS, the Maine Representative, the "Regulatory Authorities"). The Plan incorporates and implements various settlements reached with the Unions and the Regulatory Authorities (subject to approval by the applicable state Commission or Board) in order to facilitate FairPoint's successful reorganization. See Section V.F.1 ("Overview of Chapter 11 Cases—Other Material Information—PUC Negotiations") and Section V.F.2 ("Overview of Chapter 11 Cases—Other Material Information—Union Negotiations").

On February 8, 2010, FairPoint filed its Disclosure Statement for Debtors' Joint Plan of Reorganization with the Bankruptcy Court, which was subsequently amended on February 11, 2010 when FairPoint filed its Amended Disclosure Statement for Debtors' First Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization with the Bankruptcy Court. FairPoint's Amended Disclosure Statement for Debtors' First Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization is being amended by this Second Amended Disclosure Statement for Debtors' Second Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization (as it may be further amended, the "Disclosure Statement").

THIS EXECUTIVE SUMMARY IS INTENDED SOLELY AS A SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT. YOU SHOULD READ THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND THE PLAN AND EACH OF THEIR RESPECTIVE

EXHIBITS AND SCHEDULES IN THEIR ENTIRETY PRIOR TO MAKING ANY DETERMINATION TO ACCEPT OR REJECT THE PLAN.

FAIRPOINT BELIEVES THAT THE PLAN WILL ENABLE IT TO REORGANIZE SUCCESSFULLY AND ACCOMPLISH THE OBJECTIVES OF CHAPTER 11 AND THAT ACCEPTANCE OF THE PLAN IS IN THE BEST INTERESTS OF FAIRPOINT AND ITS CREDITORS. FAIRPOINT URGES CREDITORS TO VOTE TO ACCEPT THE PLAN.

A. SOLICITATION AND ACCEPTANCE OF PLAN

1. General

This Disclosure Statement is being furnished to holders of Allowed Claims in the Voting Classes (as defined herein) for the purpose of soliciting their votes on the Plan. This Disclosure Statement is also being furnished to certain other creditors and other entities for notice or informational purposes. The primary purpose of this Disclosure Statement is to provide adequate information to holders of Allowed Claims in the Voting Classes to make a reasonably informed decision with respect to the Plan prior to exercising the right to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

A copy of the Disclosure Statement Approval Order entered by the Bankruptcy Court and a notice of, among other things, voting procedures and the dates set for objections to and the hearing on confirmation of the Plan (the "Notice of the Confirmation Hearing") are also being transmitted with this Disclosure Statement. The Disclosure Statement Approval Order and the Notice of the Confirmation Hearing set forth in detail the deadlines, procedures and instructions for casting votes to accept or reject the Plan, for filing objections to confirmation of the Plan, the treatment for balloting purposes of certain types of Claims and the assumptions for tabulating Ballots. In addition, detailed voting instructions accompany each Ballot which is color-coded for each Class. Each holder of a Claim within a Class entitled to vote should read the Disclosure Statement, the Plan, the Disclosure Statement Approval Order, the Notice of Confirmation Hearing and the instructions accompanying the Ballots in their entirety before voting on the Plan. These documents contain important information concerning how Claims and Equity Interests are classified for voting purposes and how votes will be tabulated.

2. Who Is Entitled to Vote

Under the Bankruptcy Code, only holders of Claims that are "impaired" are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan. To be confirmed, the Plan must be accepted by the holders of certain Classes of Claims and the Plan must be confirmed by the Bankruptcy Court. *See Section IX* ("Voting Requirements") and Section X ("Confirmation of the Plan"). Each of Classes 9 and 11 will receive no Distribution or benefits under the Plan, and, therefore, are conclusively deemed to have rejected the Plan, and are not entitled to vote. FairPoint is seeking acceptances of the Plan from holders of Claims in each of Classes 4 and 7 (collectively, the "Voting Classes"). The Claims in all other Classes are unimpaired, and the holders of such Claims are conclusively presumed to have accepted the Plan pursuant to section 1126(f) of the Bankruptcy Code. For a description of the Classes, Claims and Equity Interests and their treatment under the Plan, see Section VI.B ("Summary of Plan of Reorganization—Classification of Claims and

Equity Interests") and Section VI.C ("Summary of Plan of Reorganization—Treatment of Claims and Equity Interests Under the Plan").

3. Ballots

If you are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan, see Section IX.B ("Voting Requirements—Holders of Claims Entitled to Vote"), a Ballot or Ballots, specific to the Claim held, is enclosed for voting on the Plan. If Claims are held in more than one Class and entitled to vote in more than one Class, separate Ballots must be used for each Claims. A separate Ballot must be used for each Claim you hold. IN ORDER FOR YOUR BALLOT TO BE COUNTED, YOUR BALLOT MUST BE PROPERLY COMPLETED AND RECEIVED SO THAT IT IS RECEIVED NO LATER THAN APRIL 28, 2010 AT 4:00 P.M. (NEW YORK TIME) BY THE VOTING AGENT AS SET FORTH ON THE BALLOT. See Section IX.A ("Voting Requirements—Voting Deadline") and Section IX.D.1 ("Voting Requirements—Voting Procedures—Ballots"). Persons wishing to change their votes can do so, if they meet the requirements of Bankruptcy Rule 3018(a), by filing a motion with the Bankruptcy Court with sufficient advanced notice so that it can be heard prior to the Confirmation Hearing scheduled for May 11, 2010. Any such application must be filed and served in accordance with the procedures set forth in detail in the Disclosure Statement Approval Order.

4. Inquiries

If you have any questions about the procedure for voting your Claim or the packet of materials you received, please contact BMC Group, Inc. by regular mail at 444 North Nash Street, El Segundo, CA 90245, by telephone at 1-888-909-0100 or by electronic mail at fairpoint@bmcgroup.com.

If you wish to obtain an additional copy of the Plan, this Disclosure Statement or any exhibits to such documents, at your own expense, unless otherwise specifically required by Bankruptcy Rule 3017(d), please contact BMC Group, Inc. by regular mail at 444 North Nash Street, El Segundo, CA 90245, by telephone at 1-888-909-0100 or by electronic mail at fairpoint@bmcgroup.com.

B. PLAN OF REORGANIZATION

1. Overview of Plan

The following is a brief summary of certain material provisions of the Plan. For a more detailed description of the terms of the Plan, *see Section VI* ("Summary of Plan of Reorganization"). These descriptions are qualified in their entirety by the provisions of the Plan.

The Plan reflects a consensual resolution and settlement among FairPoint and the Lender Steering Committee regarding the allocation of assets of FairPoint among the holders of Allowed Claims. The Plan has the support of FairPoint and the Lender Steering Committee. FairPoint's reorganization is premised upon effecting a substantial deleveraging and strengthening of the

balance sheet of FairPoint through the conversion of a substantial portion of FairPoint's prepetition indebtedness into New Common Stock on the Effective Date. Under the Plan, and subject to dilution from the securities to be issued under the Long Term Incentive Plan (as defined herein) and the New Warrants, as applicable, the New Common Stock will be distributed as follows: (a) each holder of an Allowed Class 4 Prepetition Credit Agreement Claim will receive such holder's Ratable Proportion of forty-seven million two hundred forty-one thousand four hundred thirty-six (47,241,436) shares of the New Common Stock (provided that if the Class of FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims does not receive a Distribution under the Plan with respect to such Claims, each such holder will receive its Ratable Proportion of fiftyeight million four hundred eighty-four thousand five hundred eighty-seven (58,484,587) shares of the New Common Stock) and (b) each holder of an Allowed Class 7 FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claim will, if the Class of such holder's votes to accept the Plan and there are no objections filed as described in Section 5.7.2(b) of the Plan, receive its Ratable Proportion of (i) four million two hundred three thousand three hundred fifty-two (4,203,352) shares of the New Common Stock and (ii) the New Warrants. See Section VI.B ("Summary of Plan of Reorganization—Classification of Claims and Equity Interests") and Section VI.D ("Summary of Plan of Reorganization—Provisions Regarding New Common Stock and New Warrants Distributed Pursuant to the Plan"). Each holder of an Allowed Class 4 Prepetition Credit Agreement Claim will also receive such holder's Ratable Proportion of the New Term Loan (in the amount of \$1 billion) and the Cash Payment. Further, at the option of FairPoint, either the Allowed Class 3 Other Secured Claims will be Reinstated and rendered Unimpaired, or each holder of such a Claim will receive Cash in an amount equal to such Claim (or in lieu of Cash, the Collateral securing such Claim). See Section VI.B ("Summary of Plan of Reorganization—Classification of Claims and Equity Interests"). Finally, each holder of an Allowed Class 5 Legacy Subsidiary Unsecured Claim or an Allowed Class 6 NNE Subsidiary Unsecured Claim will be paid an amount in Cash equal to 100% of such holder's Claim and each holder of an Allowed Class 8 Convenience Claim will be paid an amount in Cash equal to 100% of such holder's Claim. See Section VI.B ("Summary of Plan of Reorganization— Classification of Claims and Equity Interests"). The Plan also contemplates a post-Effective Date revolving credit facility of up to \$75 million for FairPoint. See Section VI.F.3 ("Summary of Plan of Reorganization—Means of Implementation of the Plan—New Term Loan and New Revolver").

2. Summary of Classification and Treatment under Plan

The following table summarizes the classification and treatment of prepetition Claims and Equity Interests under the Plan. This classification and treatment for all Classes are described in more detail in *Section VI.B* ("Summary of Plan of Reorganization—Classification of Claims and Equity Interests"). Estimated Claim amounts set forth in the following table are based upon FairPoint Communications' books and records. There can be no assurance that the actual Claim amounts will not be significantly different from the estimates. This table is only a summary of the classification and treatment of Claims and Equity Interests under the Plan. Reference should be made to the entire Disclosure Statement and the Plan for a complete description of the classification and treatment of Claims and Equity Interests. Accordingly, this summary is qualified in its entirety by reference to the provisions of the Plan, a copy of which is attached as *Exhibit A* hereto.

SUMMARY OF CLASSIFICATION AND TREATMENT OF CLAIMS AND EQUITY INTERESTS UNDER THE PLAN

Class	Type of Claim or Equity Interest	<u>Treatment</u>	Estimated Aggregate Amount of Allowed Claims	Estimated Percentage Recovery of Allowed Claims
Class 1	Other Priority Claims	Unimpaired – not entitled to vote; paid in full in Cash on the Distribution Date or such other treatment as agreed upon by a holder of an Allowed Class 1 Other Priority Claim and FairPoint.	\$0	100%
Class 2	Secured Tax Claims	Unimpaired – not entitled to vote; unless otherwise agreed upon by a holder of an Allowed Class 2 Secured Tax Claim and FairPoint, at FairPoint's option, each such holder will receive on account of such Claim (a) on the Distribution Date, Cash in an amount equal to such Claim or (b) commencing on the applicable Distribution Date, and continuing over a period not exceeding five (5) years from and after the Petition Date, equal semi-annual Cash payments in an aggregate amount equal to such Claim, together with interest for the period after the Effective Date at the rate determined under applicable non-bankruptcy law as of the calendar month in which the Plan is confirmed, subject to the option of FairPoint to prepay the entire amount of such Claim.	\$5.7 million	100%
Class 3	Other Secured Claims	Unimpaired – not entitled to vote; unless otherwise agreed upon by a holder of an Allowed Class 3 Other Secured Claim and FairPoint, at the option of FairPoint, on the Distribution Date (a) each such Claim will be Reinstated and rendered Unimpaired in accordance with	\$0	100%

Class	Type of Claim or Equity <u>Interest</u>	<u>Treatment</u>	Estimated Aggregate Amount of Allowed Claims	Estimated Percentage Recovery of Allowed Claims
Class 4	Allowed	section 1124(2) of the Bankruptcy Code, (b) each such holder will receive Cash in an amount equal to such Claim or (c) each such holder will receive the Collateral securing such Claim.	¢2.1	97.00/ ¹
Class 4	Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims	Impaired – entitled to vote; each holder of an Allowed Class 4 Prepetition Credit Agreement Claim will receive (a) on the Effective Date, such holder's Ratable Proportion of the New Term Loan, (b) on the Effective Date, such holder's Ratable Proportion of forty-seven million two hundred forty-one thousand four hundred thirty-six (47,241,436) shares of the New Common Stock (provided that if the Class of FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims does not receive a Distribution under the Plan on account of their Claims, each such holder will receive its Ratable Proportion of fifty-eight million four hundred eighty-four thousand five hundred eighty-seven (58,484,587) shares of the New Common Stock, subject to dilution from the securities to be issued under the Long Term Incentive Plan and the New Warrants), (c) on the Effective Date, such holder's Ratable	\$2.1 billion	87.9% 1

Based on (i) an assumption that the FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims (Class 7) votes to accept the Plan and (ii) the midpoint of Reorganized FairPoint's implied total reorganized equity value range set forth in *Exhibit D* to this Disclosure Statement. In addition, as noted herein, the estimated recovery percentage for Allowed FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims will vary depending upon whether Class 7 votes to accept the Plan.

Class	Type of Claim or Equity Interest	Treatment	Estimated Aggregate Amount of Allowed Claims	Estimated Percentage Recovery of Allowed Claims
		Proportion of the Cash Payment and (d) on the applicable Distribution Date, if any, such holder's Ratable Proportion of Cash Distributions out of the Reserve that are no longer required to be reserved for the benefit of anyone other than the holders of Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims.		
Class 5	Legacy Subsidiary Unsecured Claims	Unimpaired – not entitled to vote; on the Distribution Date each holder of an Allowed Class 5 Legacy Subsidiary Unsecured Claim will be paid an amount in Cash equal to one hundred percent (100%) of such holder's Claim.	\$9.8 million	100%
Class 6	NNE Subsidiary Unsecured Claims	Unimpaired – not entitled to vote; on the Distribution Date each holder of an Allowed Class 6 NNE Subsidiary Unsecured Claim will be paid an amount in Cash equal to one hundred percent (100%) of such holder's Claim.	\$12.9 million	100%
Class 7	FairPoint Communications Unsecured	Impaired – entitled to vote; on the Distribution Date each holder of an Allowed Class 7 FairPoint	\$635.3 million	16.9% ²

2

Based on (i) an assumption that the FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims (Class 7) votes to accept the Plan and (ii) the midpoint of Reorganized FairPoint's implied total reorganized equity value range set forth in *Exhibit D* to this Disclosure Statement. In addition, as noted herein, the estimated recovery percentage for Allowed FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims will vary depending upon whether such Class votes to accept the Plan. If the class of FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims votes to reject the Plan, the members of the Ad Hoc Committee of Senior Noteholders or its counsel objects to the Plan, the members of the Creditors' Committee or its counsel objects to the Distribution and treatment under the Plan, or the Indenture Trustee or its counsel objects to the Plan, then the holders of FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims will not receive any Distributions under the Plan on account of their Claims.

Class	Type of Claim or Equity <u>Interest</u>	Treatment	Estimated Aggregate Amount of Allowed <u>Claims</u>	Estimated Percentage Recovery of Allowed Claims
	Claims	Communications Unsecured Claim will receive (a) if the Class of such Claims votes to accept the Plan, its Ratable Proportion of (i) four million two hundred three thousand three hundred fifty-two (4,203,352) shares of the New Common Stock and (ii) the New Warrants or (b) if the Class of such Claims votes to reject the Plan, no Distributions under the Plan.		
Class 8	Convenience Claims	Unimpaired – not entitled to vote; on the Distribution Date each holder of an Allowed Class 8 Convenience Claim will be paid an amount in Cash equal to one hundred percent (100%) of such holder's Claim.	\$3.3 million	100%
Class 9	Subordinated Securities Claims	Impaired – deemed to have rejected the Plan and not entitled to vote; a holder of an Allowed Class 9 Subordinated Securities Claim will not receive or retain any interest or property under the Plan on account of such Claim in accordance with section 510(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.	\$0	0%
Class 10	Subsidiary Equity Interests	Unimpaired – deemed to have accepted the Plan and not entitled to vote; on the Effective Date the Subsidiary Equity Interests will be Reinstated in accordance with section 1124 of the Bankruptcy Code.	N/A	Reinstated
Class 11	Old FairPoint Equity Interests	Impaired – deemed to have rejected the Plan and not entitled to vote; on the Effective Date the certificates evidencing any and all Class 11 Old FairPoint Equity Interests will be cancelled and the	N/A	0%

Class	Type of	<u>Treatment</u>	Estimated	Estimated
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Claim or	 	Aggregate	Percentage
	Equity		Amount of	Recovery of
	<u>Interest</u>		Allowed	Allowed
			Claims	Claims
		holders of any Equity Interests		

will receive no Distributions under the Plan on account of such Old FairPoint Equity Interests.

C. DESCRIPTION OF OTHER NECESSARY PROCEDURES

The hearing to determine whether to confirm the Plan has been scheduled to commence on May 11, 2010, at 10:00 a.m. (New York time) before the Honorable Burton R. Lifland, United States Bankruptcy Judge, in Room 623 of the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York, One Bowling Green, New York, New York 10004. The Confirmation Hearing may be adjourned from time to time by the Bankruptcy Court without further notice, except for an announcement of the adjourned date made at the Confirmation Hearing. In addition, except as expressly provided in the Plan, the Plan may be modified pursuant to section 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code, prior to, during or as a result of the Confirmation Hearing, without further notice to parties in interest. At the Confirmation Hearing, the Bankruptcy Court will determine whether the requirements for confirmation of the Plan under section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code have been satisfied and, if appropriate, will enter an order confirming the Plan. See Section IX ("Voting Requirements") and Section X ("Confirmation of the Plan"). Both confirmation and consummation of the Plan are subject to certain conditions, which may either be waived by FairPoint in its discretion, or jointly waived by, as applicable, FairPoint and/or the Lender Steering Committee. See Section VI.J ("Summary of Plan of Reorganization—Conditions Precedent to the Effective Date").

D. SUMMARY OF POST-CONSUMMATION OPERATIONS OF REORGANIZED COMPANY

Attached hereto as *Exhibit B* is projected financial information that forecasts the financial performance of Reorganized FairPoint through 2013. *See Section VII.D* ("Certain Factors To Be Considered—Inherent Uncertainty of the Reorganized Company's Financial Projections"). These projections are based on the current business plan for Reorganized FairPoint. ALL CREDITORS ARE ADVISED AND ENCOURAGED TO REVIEW THE PROJECTIONS SET FORTH IN EXHIBIT B IN THEIR ENTIRETY BEFORE VOTING TO ACCEPT OR REJECT THE PLAN. The ongoing post-Effective Date operations of Reorganized FairPoint will be financed through its business operations and certain exit credit facilities. See Section VI.F.3 ("Summary of Plan of Reorganization—Means of Implementation of the Plan—New Term Loan and New Revolver").

Page

I.	INTI	RODUCTION	1
	A.	DEFINITIONS	1
	B.	NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF CLAIMS IN VOTING CLASSES	2
	C.	SOLICITATION PACKAGE	4
	D.	VOTING PROCEDURES	4
		 General Information Voting on the Plan 	
	E.	CONFIRMATION HEARING	5
II.	EVE	ERVIEW OF FAIRPOINT AND ITS BUSINESS AND CERTAIN KEY NTS LEADING TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE CHAPTER 11 ES	7
	A.	BUSINESS OF FAIRPOINT	7
		 General Corporate Structure Markets Services Competition Regulatory Legal Proceedings Outside the Bankruptcy Court 	8 9 10 11
	В.	7. Legal Proceedings Outside the Bankruptcy Court CERTAIN KEY EVENTS LEADING TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE CHAPTER 11 CASES	
		1. Overview	12
		2. Cutover	13
		3. Increased Regulatory Burdens	
		4. Market Conditions	
		5. Initial Out of Court Restructuring Initiatives	
		6. The Plan Term Sheet	18
	C.	OPERATIONS AFTER EMERGENCE FROM CHAPTER 11	18
III.	PRE	PETITION OBLIGATIONS AND CAPITAL STRUCTURE	19
	A.	PREPETITION CREDIT AGREEMENT	19
	B.	ORIGINAL SENIOR NOTES AND EXCHANGE OFFER SENIOR NOTES	21
	C	DEDIMATIME EINANGIAI INSTRIMENTS	22

			Page		
IV.		PORATE GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT (PRE AND POST RGANIZATION)	23		
	A.	CURRENT AND POST-REORGANIZATION EXECUTIVE OFFICERS OF FAIRPOINT COMMUNICATIONS			
	В.	DIRECTORS OF FAIRPOINT COMMUNICATIONS			
	D.				
		 Current Directors of FairPoint Communications. Reorganized FairPoint Communications' Directors. 			
	C.	EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION	27		
	D.	KEY EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENTS	28		
		1. Hauser Employment Contract	28		
		2. Other Executive Agreements			
V.	OVE	RVIEW OF CHAPTER 11 CASES	29		
	A.	COMMENCEMENT	29		
	B.	3. PARTIES IN INTEREST			
		1. Court	29		
		2. Advisors to FairPoint			
		3. Advisors to FairPoint's Prepetition Credit Agreement Lenders	30		
		4. Creditors' Committee and its Advisors			
		5. The Ad Hoc Committee of FairPoint's Senior Noteholders	30		
		6. The United States Trustee	31		
	C.	FIRST DAY ORDERS	31		
		1. Joint Administration Motion	31		
		2. Employee Wage and Benefit Motion	31		
		3. DIP Financing Motion	32		
		4. 503(b)(9) and Reclamation Claims Motion	32		
		5. Shipping and Mechanics Lien Motion	32		
		6. Customer Programs Motion	33		
		7. NOL Motion			
		8. Cash Management System Motion			
		9. Tax Motion			
		10. Insurance Motion	34		
	D.	CHAPTER 11 FINANCING	35		
	E.	MATERIAL LITIGATION AND POTENTIAL LITIGATION	37		
	F.	OTHER MATERIAL INFORMATION	37		
		1. PUC Negotiations	37		

			Page
		2. Union Negotiations	46
	G.	STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL AFFAIRS AND SCHEDULES OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	47
	Н.	ACCOUNTING MATTER	47
	I.	FILING DEADLINE FOR PREPETITION CLAIMS	48
VI.	SUM	MARY OF PLAN OF REORGANIZATION	48
	A.	PAYMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE CLAIMS, PRIORITY TAX CLAIMS AND OTHER UNCLASSIFIED CLAIMS	48
		1. Administrative Expense Claims	48
		2. Adequate Protection Claims	
		3. Priority Tax Claims	
		4. Professional Compensation and Reimbursement Claims	
		5. Intercompany Claims	
	B.	CLASSIFICATION OF CLAIMS AND EQUITY INTERESTS	50
	C.	TREATMENT OF CLAIMS AND EQUITY INTERESTS UNDER THE PLAN	51
		1. Other Priority Claims (Class 1)	51
		2. Secured Tax Claims (Class 2)	
		3. Other Secured Claims (Class 3)	
		4. Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims (Class 4)	
		5. Legacy Subsidiary Unsecured Claims (Class 5)	
		6. NNE Subsidiary Unsecured Claims (Class 6)	
		7. FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims (Class 7)	
		8. Convenience Claims (Class 8)	57
		9. Subordinated Securities Claims (Class 9)	
		10. Subsidiary Equity Interests (Class 10)	
		11. Old FairPoint Equity Interests (Class 11)	58
		12. Limitations on Amounts to Be Distributed to Holders of Allowed	
		Insured Claims	
		13. Special Provision Regarding Unimpaired Claims	59
	D.	PROVISIONS REGARDING NEW COMMON STOCK AND NEW	
		WARRANTS DISTRIBUTED PURSUANT TO THE PLAN	59
		1. New Common Stock	59
		2. New Warrants	
		3. Securities Law Matters	

			Page
E.	IMD	AIRED AND UNIMPAIRED CLASSES OF CLAIMS AND	
Ľ.		ITY INTERESTS UNDER THE PLAN; ACCEPTANCE OR	
		ECTION OF THE PLAN	61
	1.	Voting of Claims	
	2.	Acceptance by Unimpaired Classes	
	3. 4.	Elimination of Vacant Classes	
	4. 5.	Nonconsensual Confirmation	
	3.	Revocation of the Plan	62
F.	MEA	ANS OF IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PLAN	62
	1.	Regulatory Settlements	62
	2.	Transactions on the Effective Date	
	3.	New Term Loan and New Revolver	63
	4.	Reorganization of FairPoint; Continuation of Businesses	64
	5.	Reorganized FairPoint's Obligations Under the Plan	65
	6.	New Organizational Documents	
	7.	New Board	
	8.	Officers of Reorganized FairPoint	68
	9.	Operations of FairPoint Between Confirmation and the Effective	
		Date	69
	10.	Revesting of Assets	69
	11.	Dissolution of the Creditors' Committee	
	12.	Effectuating Documents; Further Transactions	69
	13.	Preservation of Certain Causes of Action; Defenses	
	14.	Cancellation of Existing Securities	
	15.	Long Term Incentive Plan	
	16.	Success Bonuses	
	17.	Indemnification; Directors & Officers Insurance	
G.	DIST	TRIBUTIONS UNDER THE PLAN	71
	1.	Distributions on Allowed Claims.	71
	2.	Date of Distributions	71
	3.	Disbursing Agent	
	4.	Rights and Powers of Disbursing Agent	
	5.	Fees and Expenses of Disbursing Agent	71
	6.	Delivery of Distributions	
	7.	Unclaimed Distributions	
	8.	Distribution Record Date	73
	9.	Manner of Payment	73
	10.	Time Bar to Cash Payments by Check	73
	11.	No Fractional Distributions	73
	12.	Fractional Cents	74
	13.	Setoffs and Recoupment	74
	14.	Allocation of Plan Distributions Between Principal and Interest	74
	15.	Distributions After Effective Date	

		Page
	16. Interest on Claims	74
	17. No Distribution in Excess of Allowed Amount of Claim	75
	18. Ordinary Course Post-Petition Liabilities	
	19. Payment of Taxes on Distributions Received Pursuant to the Plan	
	20. Estimation of Claims	
	21. Claims Reserves	75
H.	DISPUTED CLAIMS AND EQUITY INTERESTS UNDER THE PLAN	76
	1. Objections	76
	2. Adjustment to Certain Claims Without a Filed Objection	77
	3. No Distributions Pending Allowance	77
	4. Distributions After Allowance	
	5. Resolution of Administrative Expense Claims and Claims	77
	6. Disallowance of Certain Claims	
	7. Indenture Trustee as Claim Holder	78
	8. Offer of Judgment	78
	9. Amendments to Claims	78
	10. Claims Paid and Payable by Third Parties	78
I.	EXECUTORY CONTRACTS AND UNEXPIRED LEASES UNDER THE PLAN	78
	Assumption or Rejection of Executory Contracts and Unexpired	
	Leases	79
	2. Inclusiveness	
	3. Provisions Related to Cure Payments and Rejection Damages	
	4. Indemnification Obligations	
	5. Insurance Policies	
	6. Benefit Plans	
	7. Retiree Benefits	
	8. Amended Collective Bargaining Agreements	
J.	CONDITIONS PRECEDENT TO THE EFFECTIVE DATE	
	1. Conditions Precedent to Effectiveness	
	2. Waiver of Conditions	
	3. Satisfaction of Conditions	84
K.	EFFECT OF CONFIRMATION	84
	1. Binding Effect	84
	2. Discharge of Claims and Termination of Old FairPoint Equity	
	Interests	
	 Discharge of Debtors	
L.	EXCULPATION; RELEASE; INJUNCTION AND RELATED PROVISIONS	85

			Page
		1. Exculpation	85
		2. Releases	
		3. Avoidance Actions/Objections	87
		4. Injunction or Stay	
		5. United States Government Claims	
	M.	RETENTION OF JURISDICTION	88
	N.	MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS	89
VII.	CER	TAIN FACTORS TO BE CONSIDERED	90
	A.	GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS	90
	B.	CERTAIN BANKRUPTCY CONSIDERATIONS	90
		Parties-in-Interest May Object to FairPoint's Classification of Claims	90
		2. Failure to Satisfy Vote Requirement	
		3. Risk of Non-Confirmation of Plan; Feasibility	
		4. Non-Consensual Confirmation	
		5. FairPoint May Object to the Amount of a Claim	
		6. Risk of Not Receiving Regulatory Approvals	
		7. Contingencies Not to Affect Votes of Impaired Classes to Accept	
		or Reject the Plan	
		8. Risk of Liquidation	92
	C.	FACTORS THAT MAY AFFECT THE VALUE OF DISTRIBUTIONS UNDER THE PLAN	02
		1. Risks Associated with FairPoint's Business Operations	92
		2. Lack of Trading Market for Reorganized FairPoint	
		Communications	
		3. Dividend Policies for Reorganized FairPoint Communications	93
	D.	INHERENT UNCERTAINTY OF THE REORGANIZED COMPANY'S	0.4
		FINANCIAL PROJECTIONS	94
	E.	DISCLOSURE STATEMENT DISCLAIMER	
		1. Information Contained Herein is for Soliciting Votes	94
		2. Disclosure Statement Was Not Approved by the Securities and	
		Exchange Commission or any State Regulatory Authority	
		3. Disclosure Statement May Contain Forward Looking Statements	94
		4. No Legal or Tax Advice is Provided to You by this Disclosure	
		Statement	
		5. No Admissions Made	95
		6. Failure to Identify Litigation Claims or Projected Objections	95

				Page	
		7.	No Waiver of Right to Object or Right to Recover Transfers and	0.5	
		8.	Assets		
		9.	Potential Exists for Inaccuracies, and FairPoint Has No Duty to Update		
		10.	No Representations Outside the Disclosure Statement are Authorized		
	F.	CERT	TAIN TAX CONSIDERATIONS	96	
VIII.	RESA	ALE OF	SECURITIES RECEIVED UNDER THE PLAN	96	
IX.	VOTING REQUIREMENTS				
	A.	VOTI	NG DEADLINE	99	
	B.	HOLI	DERS OF CLAIMS ENTITLED TO VOTE	99	
	C.	VOTE	E REQUIRED FOR ACCEPTANCE OF CLASS	100	
	D. VOTING PROCEDURES				
		1. 2. 3.	Ballots	102	
X.	CONFIRMATION OF THE PLAN				
	A.	CONFIRMATION HEARING			
	B.	DEADLINE TO OBJECT TO CONFIRMATION			
	C.	REQU	JIREMENTS FOR CONFIRMATION OF THE PLAN	103	
		1. 2. 3.	Requirements of Section 1129(a) of Bankruptcy Code	106	
		4.	Requirements of Section 1129(b) of Bankruptcy Code	107	
XI.	ALTERNATIVES TO CONFIRMATION AND CONSUMMATION OF THE PLAN				
	A.	A. LIQUIDATION UNDER CHAPTER 7			
	B.	ALTE	ERNATIVE PLAN OF REORGANIZATION OR LIQUIDATION	109	
XII.	CERTAIN FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS				
	A.	INTR	ODUCTION	109	

			Page	
	В.	CERTAIN U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN TO FAIRPOINT		
		 Cancellation of Debt and Reduction of Tax Attributes Limitation of NOL Carryforwards and Other Tax Attributes Alternative Minimum Tax 	112	
	C.	CERTAIN U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN TO U.S. HOLDERS OF ALLOWED CLAIMS	114	
		 Consequences to U.S. Holders of Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims Consequences to U.S. Holders of Unsecured Claims Consequences to U.S. Holders of Holding New Common Stock Consequences to U.S. Holders of Holding the New Term Loan Consequences to U.S. Holders of Exercising New Warrants 	117 119 120	
	D.	CERTAIN U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN TO NON-U.S. HOLDERS OF ALLOWED CLAIMS	121	
	E. WITHHOLDING AND REPORTING			
XIII	CONO	CLUSION	124	

TABLE OF EXHIBITS

Exhibit A PLAN OF REORGANIZATION

Exhibit B PROJECTIONS

Exhibit C LIQUIDATION ANALYSIS Exhibit D VALUATION ANALYSIS

Exhibit E NEW TERM LOAN FINANCIAL COVENANTS

Exhibit F DISCLOSURE STATEMENT ORDER (WITHOUT EXHIBITS)

SECOND AMENDED DISCLOSURE STATEMENT FOR DEBTORS' SECOND AMENDED JOINT PLAN OF REORGANIZATION UNDER CHAPTER 11 OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE

I. INTRODUCTION

FairPoint submits this Disclosure Statement pursuant to section 1125 of the Bankruptcy Code, for use in the solicitation of votes on the Debtors' Second Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code (the "Plan"), which is attached as *Exhibit A* to this Disclosure Statement. FairPoint has not filed any other plan of reorganization in connection with the Chapter 11 Cases.

This Disclosure Statement sets forth specific information regarding FairPoint's pre-bankruptcy history, significant events that have occurred during the Chapter 11 Cases, and the anticipated organizational and capital structure and operations of Reorganized FairPoint after confirmation of the Plan and FairPoint's emergence from chapter 11. This Disclosure Statement also describes the Plan, alternatives to the Plan, effects of confirmation of the Plan and certain risk factors associated with the new equity that will be issued under the Plan. In addition, this Disclosure Statement discusses the confirmation process and the voting procedures that holders of Impaired Claims must follow for their votes to be counted.

FOR A DESCRIPTION OF THE PLAN AND VARIOUS RISKS AND OTHER FACTORS PERTAINING TO THE PLAN AS IT RELATES TO HOLDERS OF CLAIMS, **PLEASE SEE SECTION VI ("SUMMARY OF PLAN OF REORGANIZATION") AND SECTION VII ("CERTAIN FACTORS TO BE CONSIDERED").** SECTIONS II THROUGH V FOLLOWING THIS INTRODUCTION DISCUSS THE BACKGROUND OF FAIRPOINT'S BUSINESS AND THE CHAPTER 11 CASES.

A. **DEFINITIONS**

Capitalized terms not otherwise defined in this Disclosure Statement have the meanings ascribed to them in the Plan. A term used but not defined in this Disclosure Statement or the Plan has the meaning given it in the Bankruptcy Code and/or the Bankruptcy Rules.

For purposes herein: (a) in the appropriate context, each term, whether stated in the singular or the plural, will include both the singular and the plural, and pronouns stated in the masculine, feminine or neutral gender will include the masculine, feminine and the neutral gender; (b) any reference herein to a contract, lease, instrument, release, indenture or other agreement or document being in a particular form or on particular terms and conditions means that the referenced document will be substantially in that form or substantially on those terms and conditions; (c) any reference herein to an existing document or exhibit having been filed or to be filed will mean that document or exhibit, as it may thereafter be amended, modified or supplemented; (d) unless otherwise stated, the words "herein," "hereof" and "hereto" refer to the Disclosure Statement in its entirety rather than to a particular portion of the Disclosure Statement; (e) captions and headings to sections are inserted for convenience of reference only and are not intended to be a part of or to affect the interpretation hereof; (f) the rules of

construction set forth in section 102 of the Bankruptcy Code will apply; and (g) any term used in capitalized form herein that is not otherwise defined but that is used in the Bankruptcy Code or the Bankruptcy Rules will have the meaning assigned to that term in the Bankruptcy Code or the Bankruptcy Rules, as the case may be.

B. NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF CLAIMS IN VOTING CLASSES

This Disclosure Statement is being furnished to holders of Allowed Claims in the Voting Classes for the purpose of soliciting their votes on the Plan. This Disclosure Statement is also being furnished to certain other creditors and other entities for notice or informational purposes. The primary purpose of this Disclosure Statement is to provide adequate information to holders of Allowed Claims in the Voting Classes to enable such holders to make a reasonably informed decision with respect to the Plan prior to exercising the right to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

On March 11, 2010, the Bankruptcy Court entered the Disclosure Statement Approval Order approving the Disclosure Statement as containing information of a kind and in sufficient detail to enable holders of Claims in Voting Classes to make an informed judgment about the Plan. THE BANKRUPTCY COURT'S APPROVAL OF THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT CONSTITUTES NEITHER A GUARANTEE OF THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN NOR AN ENDORSEMENT OF THE PLAN BY THE BANKRUPTCY COURT.

IF THE BANKRUPTCY COURT CONFIRMS THE PLAN, THE PLAN WILL BIND ALL HOLDERS OF CLAIMS AND EQUITY INTERESTS AGAINST FAIRPOINT, WHETHER OR NOT THEY ARE ENTITLED TO VOTE OR DID VOTE ON THE PLAN AND WHETHER OR NOT THEY RECEIVE OR RETAIN ANY DISTRIBUTIONS OR PROPERTY UNDER THE PLAN WHEREVER LOCATED. THUS, IN PARTICULAR, ALL HOLDERS OF IMPAIRED CLAIMS AGAINST FAIRPOINT ARE ENCOURAGED TO READ THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND ITS EXHIBITS CAREFULLY AND IN THEIR ENTIRETY BEFORE VOTING TO ACCEPT OR REJECT THE PLAN.

This Disclosure Statement contains important information about the Plan, FairPoint's business and operations, considerations pertinent to acceptance or rejection of the Plan, and developments concerning the Chapter 11 Cases.

THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IS THE ONLY DOCUMENT AUTHORIZED BY THE BANKRUPTCY COURT TO BE USED IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOLICITATION OF VOTES ON THE PLAN. No solicitation of votes may be made except pursuant to this Disclosure Statement, and no person has been authorized to use any information concerning FairPoint other than the information contained herein. Other than as explicitly set forth in this Disclosure Statement, you should not rely on any information relating to FairPoint, its Estates, the value of its properties, the nature of its Liabilities, its creditors' Claims or the value of any securities or instruments issued under the Plan.

CERTAIN OF THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IS BY ITS NATURE FORWARD-LOOKING AND CONTAINS ESTIMATES,

ASSUMPTIONS AND PROJECTIONS THAT MAY BE MATERIALLY DIFFERENT FROM ACTUAL FUTURE RESULTS.

Except with respect to the projected financial information set forth in *Exhibit B* hereto with respect to Reorganized FairPoint (the "<u>Projections</u>"), the descriptions of Reorganized FairPoint set forth herein, and except as otherwise specifically and expressly stated herein, this Disclosure Statement does not reflect any events that may occur subsequent to the date hereof. Such events may have a material impact on the information contained in this Disclosure Statement. FairPoint does not intend to update the Projections. Further, FairPoint does not anticipate that any amendments or supplements to this Disclosure Statement will be distributed to reflect such occurrences. Accordingly, the delivery of this Disclosure Statement will not under any circumstance imply that the information herein is correct or complete as of any time subsequent to the date hereof.

THE PROJECTIONS WERE NOT PREPARED WITH A VIEW TOWARD COMPLIANCE WITH THE GUIDELINES ESTABLISHED BY THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS OR THE RULES AND REGULATIONS OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION. FURTHERMORE, THE PROJECTIONS HAVE NOT BEEN AUDITED BY ROTHSCHILD. WHILE PRESENTED WITH NUMERICAL SPECIFICITY, THE PROJECTIONS ARE BASED UPON A VARIETY OF ASSUMPTIONS, SOME OF WHICH HAVE NOT BEEN ACHIEVED TO DATE AND WHICH MAY NOT BE REALIZED IN THE FUTURE, AND ARE SUBJECT TO SIGNIFICANT BUSINESS, ECONOMIC AND COMPETITIVE UNCERTAINTIES AND CONTINGENCIES. CONSEQUENTLY, THE PROJECTIONS SHOULD NOT BE REGARDED AS A REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY BY FAIRPOINT, OR ANY OTHER PERSON, THAT THE PROJECTIONS WILL BE REALIZED. ACTUAL RESULTS MAY VARY MATERIALLY FROM THOSE PRESENTED IN THE PROJECTIONS.

EXCEPT WHERE SPECIFICALLY NOTED, THE FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN HAS NOT BEEN AUDITED BY A CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT AND HAS NOT BEEN PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES.

IRS CIRCULAR 230 NOTICE: TO ENSURE COMPLIANCE WITH IRS CIRCULAR 230, HOLDERS OF CLAIMS AND EQUITY INTERESTS ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT: (A) ANY DISCUSSION OF FEDERAL TAX ISSUES CONTAINED OR REFERRED TO IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IS NOT INTENDED OR WRITTEN TO BE USED, AND CANNOT BE USED, BY HOLDERS OF CLAIMS OR EQUITY INTERESTS FOR THE PURPOSE OF AVOIDING PENALTIES THAT MAY BE IMPOSED ON THEM UNDER THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE; (B) SUCH DISCUSSION IS WRITTEN IN CONNECTION WITH THE PROMOTION OR MARKETING BY FAIRPOINT OF THE TRANSACTIONS OR MATTERS ADDRESSED HEREIN; AND (C) HOLDERS OF CLAIMS AND EQUITY INTERESTS SHOULD SEEK ADVICE BASED ON THEIR PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES FROM AN INDEPENDENT TAX ADVISOR.

C. SOLICITATION PACKAGE

For the holders of Claims in Voting Classes as of the Record Date, accompanying this Disclosure Statement are copies of the following documents (collectively with this Disclosure Statement, the "Solicitation Package"): (1) the Plan, which is annexed to this Disclosure Statement as *Exhibit A*; (2) a notice to Voting Classes; and (3) for holders of Allowed Claims in the Voting Classes, a Ballot to accept or reject the Plan.

If you did not receive a Ballot in your package and believe that you should have, please contact BMC Group, Inc. by regular mail at 444 North Nash Street, El Segundo, CA 90245, by telephone at 1-888-909-0100 or by electronic mail at fairpoint@bmcgroup.com.

D. VOTING PROCEDURES

1. General Information

Under the Bankruptcy Code, certain Classes of creditors are deemed to accept or reject the Plan, and the vote of these Classes will not be solicited. Thus, if a creditor holds Claims included within a Class that is not impaired under the Plan, under Bankruptcy Code section 1126(f), the creditor is conclusively presumed to have accepted the Plan with respect to such Claims, and its vote of such Claims will not be solicited. Pursuant to the Bankruptcy Code, a class of claims or interests is "impaired" if the legal, equitable or contractual rights attaching to the claims or interests of that class are altered, other than by curing defaults and reinstating maturity. The Plan provides that the following Classes of Claims are unimpaired: 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 8 and 10. Any holder of a Claim in any of these Classes may, however, object to the Plan to contest the Plan's characterization of the creditor's non-impaired status.

The Bankruptcy Code provides that only the holders of Allowed Claims are entitled to vote on the Plan. A Claim to which an objection has been filed is not an Allowed Claim unless and until the Bankruptcy Court rules on the objection and allows the Claim. Consequently, although holders of Claims subject to a pending objection may receive Ballots, their votes will not be counted unless the Bankruptcy Court (a) prior to the Voting Deadline (as defined herein), rules on the objection and allows the Claim or (b) on proper request under Bankruptcy Rule 3018(a), temporarily allows the Claim in an amount which the Court deems proper for the purpose of voting on the Plan. As set forth in the Notice of Confirmation Hearing, holders of Claims which are the subject of an objection that has been filed on or before April 18, 2010 must file motions for purposes of having their Claims temporarily allowed for voting purposes on or before on or before the 10th day after the later of (i) service of the Confirmation Hearing Notice and (ii) service of notice of an objection or request for estimation, if any, as to such claim.

2. Voting on the Plan

If a holder of a Claim is classified in a Voting Class under the Plan, such holder's acceptance or rejection of the Plan is important and must be in writing and filed by the Voting Deadline (as defined herein). If Claims are held in more than one Class and a holder is entitled to vote in more than one Class, separate Ballots must be used for each Class. A separate Ballot must be used for each Claim. The holder of more than one Claim classified in a single class of Claims will be entitled to vote each such Claim separately to accept or reject the Plan (despite

the fact that such holder may receive only one Ballot for purposes of voting) and each such vote will be counted separately in determining whether the Class within which such Claim is classified has accepted or rejected the Plan. Accordingly, when you vote, you must use only the Ballot or Ballots sent to you (or copies if necessary) with this Disclosure Statement.

After carefully reviewing the Plan, this Disclosure Statement, and the detailed instructions accompanying your Ballot, please check the appropriate boxes on the enclosed Ballot to indicate your vote to accept or reject the Plan. PLEASE COMPLETE AND SIGN YOUR BALLOT(S) (ONLY BALLOTS WITH ORIGINAL SIGNATURES WILL BE ACCEPTED; COPIES OF SIGNATURES WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED) AND RETURN IT IN THE ENCLOSED ENVELOPE SO THAT IT IS *RECEIVED* BY NO LATER THAN APRIL 28, 2010 AT 4:00 P.M. (NEW YORK TIME) (THE "VOTING DEADLINE").

IF THE FAIRPOINT COMMUNICATIONS UNSECURED CLAIMS (CLASS 7) VOTES TO REJECT THE PLAN, THE MEMBERS OF THE AD HOC COMMITTEE OF SENIOR NOTEHOLDERS OR ITS COUNSEL OBJECTS TO THE DISTRIBUTION AND TREATMENT UNDER THE PLAN, THE MEMBERS OF THE CREDITORS' COMMITTEE OR ITS COUNSEL OBJECTS TO THE PLAN, OR THE INDENTURE TRUSTEE OR ITS COUNSEL OBJECTS TO THE PLAN, THEN THE HOLDERS OF FAIRPOINT COMMUNICATIONS UNSECURED CLAIMS WILL NOT RECEIVE ANY DISTRIBUTIONS UNDER THE PLAN ON ACCOUNT OF THEIR CLAIMS.

IN ORDER FOR YOUR BALLOT TO BE COUNTED, YOUR BALLOT MUST BE PROPERLY COMPLETED AS SET FORTH ABOVE AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE VOTING INSTRUCTIONS ON THE BALLOT, AND RECEIVED BEFORE THE VOTING DEADLINE BY THE VOTING AGENT.

If you have any questions about the procedure for voting your Claim or the packet of materials that you received, please contact the Voting Agent at the address indicated above in subsection C herein.

If you wish to obtain an additional copy of the Plan, this Disclosure Statement, the Ballot or any exhibits to such documents, at your own expense, unless otherwise specifically required by Bankruptcy Rule 3017(d), please contact BMC Group, Inc. by regular mail at 444 North Nash Street, El Segundo, CA 90245, by telephone at 1-888-909-0100 or by electronic mail at fairpoint@bmcgroup.com.

E. CONFIRMATION HEARING

Pursuant to section 1128 of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rule 3017(c), the Bankruptcy Court has scheduled the Confirmation Hearing to commence on May 11, 2010 at 10:00 a.m. (New York time), or as soon thereafter as counsel may be heard, before the Honorable Burton R. Lifland, United States Bankruptcy Judge, in Room 623 of the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York, One Bowling Green, New York, New York 10004. **THE BANKRUPTCY COURT HAS DIRECTED THAT OBJECTIONS, IF**

ANY, TO CONFIRMATION OF THE PLAN MUST BE IN WRITING AND FILED WITH THE CLERK OF THE BANKRUPTCY COURT AND SERVED SO THAT THEY ARE RECEIVED ON OR BEFORE APRIL 28, 2010 AT 4:00 P.M. (NEW YORK TIME) BY:

Counsel for FairPoint:

Paul, Hastings, Janofsky & Walker LLP 75 East 55th Street New York, New York 10022

Telephone: (212) 318-6000 Facsimile: (212) 319-4090

Email: lucdespins@paulhastings.com

jamesgrogan@paulhastings.com

Attn: Luc A. Despins, Esq. James T. Grogan, Esq.

With a copy to:

FairPoint Communications, Inc. 521 E. Morehead Street, Suite 500

Charlotte, North Carolina Telephone: (704) 344-8150 Facsimile: (704) 344-1594 Email: ssowell@fairpoint.com

Attn: Susan L. Sowell, Esq., Vice President and

Assistant General Counsel

Counsel for the Administrative Agent for FairPoint's prepetition secured lenders:

Kaye Scholer LLP 425 Park Avenue New York NY 10022 Telephone: (212) Facsimile: (212)

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ncremona@kayescholer.com Attn: Margot B. Schonholtz, Esq.

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jonathanlevine@andrewskurth.com Attn: Paul N. Silverstein, Esq. Jonathan Levine, Esq.

United States Trustee:

The Office of the United States Trustee Region 2 33 Whitehall Street, 21st Floor New York, NY 10004

Attn: Andrew D. Velez-Rivera

The Confirmation Hearing may be adjourned from time to time by the Bankruptcy Court without further notice except for the announcement of the adjourned date made at the Confirmation Hearing or at any subsequent adjourned Confirmation Hearing.

THE PLAN HAS THE SUPPORT OF FAIRPOINT AND THE LENDER STEERING COMMITTEE. IN THE VIEW OF FAIRPOINT, THE TREATMENT OF HOLDERS OF CLAIMS UNDER THE PLAN CONTEMPLATES GREATER RECOVERY FOR SUCH HOLDERS THAN WOULD BE AVAILABLE IN LIQUIDATION. ACCORDINGLY, FAIRPOINT BELIEVES THAT THE PLAN IS IN THE BEST INTERESTS OF HOLDERS OF CLAIMS AND, THUS, RECOMMENDS THAT ALL HOLDERS OF IMPAIRED CLAIMS THAT ARE ENTITLED TO CAST BALLOTS VOTE TO ACCEPT THE PLAN.

II.

OVERVIEW OF FAIRPOINT AND ITS BUSINESS AND CERTAIN KEY EVENTS LEADING TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE CHAPTER 11 CASES

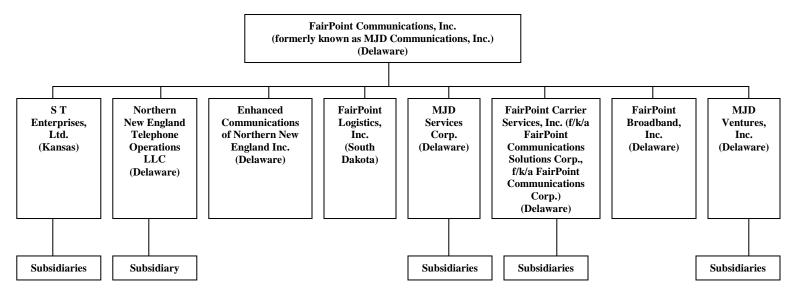
A. BUSINESS OF FAIRPOINT

1. General

FairPoint was founded as MJD Communications, Inc. in 1991. From its inception, FairPoint was established for the purpose of acquiring and operating local telephone companies in rural markets. As of September 30, 2009, FairPoint had approximately 4,140 employees, including approximately 2,700 who were represented by labor unions. For the year ended December 31, 2008, FairPoint had revenues of approximately \$1.275 billion on a consolidated basis. As of September 30, 2009, FairPoint's unaudited consolidated financial statements reflected assets with a book value totaling approximately \$3.206 billion and liabilities totaling approximately \$3.289 billion.

2. Corporate Structure

The following chart generally depicts FairPoint's corporate structure:



Each of the subsidiaries is a party to the Chapter 11 Cases.

3. Markets

As of September 30, 2009, approximately 64% of FairPoint's access lines served residential customers, 28% served business customers and 8% served wholesale customers. The table below illustrates how FairPoint's access line equivalents were dispersed among the various states it serves as of September 30, 2009:

State	Access Line Equivalent(1)
Maine	575,807
New Hampshire	494,888
Vermont	314,685
Florida	51,878
New York	49,241
Washington	43,861
Missouri	14,526
Ohio	13,219
Virginia	8,516
Kansas	6,930
Idaho	6,906
Illinois	6,562
Pennsylvania	6,243
Oklahoma	4,210
Colorado	3,787
Other States(2)	3,213
Total	1,604,472

- (1) Includes voice access lines and high speed data lines, which include digital subscriber lines, wireless broadband and cable modem.
- (2) Includes Massachusetts, Georgia and Alabama.

In addition to the services FairPoint provides in its various markets, it participates actively in philanthropic affairs in the communities in which it has a presence. For example, FairPoint supports ongoing digital literacy initiatives and invests in community broadband applications as part of its commitment to assist in raising the levels of information and technology literacy in the communities it serves. FairPoint views its community focus as an integral component of its drive to remain a leading provider of communications services.

4. Services

As the telecommunications provider for approximately 1.6 million residential and business customers, FairPoint offers its customers a broad array of services including, but not limited to, the following:

<u>Local Telephone Services</u>: FairPoint offers traditional local telephone services to "end user" residential and business customers.

<u>Long Distance Services</u>: FairPoint offers switched and dedicated long distance services to its retail customers under resale agreements with other national telecommunications carriers. FairPoint also sells wholesale long distance services to other telecommunications carriers.

<u>Wholesale Communications Services</u>: FairPoint sells communications services to competitor local exchange carriers who then resell such services to local businesses and residential customers. FairPoint also sells access services to both wireless and wireline wholesale customers. These wholesale customers then utilize FairPoint's network to deliver service to their end user customers.

<u>Data and Internet Services</u>: FairPoint offers broadband internet access via digital subscriber line ("<u>DSL</u>") technology, fiber-to-the-home "FAST" technology, dedicated T-1 connections, internet dial-up, high speed cable modem and wireless broadband. FairPoint also offers related internet services to its customers, including internet protocol address registration, basic website design and hosting, domain name services and web-based e-mail services.

<u>Cable TV and Video</u>: In certain markets, FairPoint provides video services to customers by reselling DirecTV content and providing cable and IPTV video-over-DSL distribution channels.

<u>Enhanced Telephone Services</u>: FairPoint sells enhanced telephone services to customers, such as call waiting, call forwarding and transferring, three-way calling, automatic callback, call hold, caller name and number identification, voice mail, teleconferencing, video conferencing, store-and-forward fax, follow-me numbers, Centrex services and direct inward dial lines.

<u>Billing and Collection Services</u>: As a local exchange carrier, FairPoint frequently acts as the primary billing and collection party for its customers' telephone usage, including amounts

owed to other telecommunications carriers for long distance services. Long distance carriers purchase such billing and collection services from FairPoint.

<u>Directory Services</u>: FairPoint, through contracts with directory services companies, publishes telephone directories for its customers in a majority of the locations in which it operates local exchange carriers. These directories provide white page listings, yellow page listings and community information listings.

5. Competition

The Telecommunications Act of 1996 and other actions taken by the Federal Communications Commission ("FCC") and state regulatory authorities promote competition in the provision of communications services. FairPoint faces robust wireline and/or wireless competition from numerous competitive providers in most of the areas FairPoint serves.

Wireline Competition. FairPoint also faces competition from new market entrants that provide close substitutes for the traditional telephone services FairPoint provides, such as cable television providers and competitive local exchange carriers. Competitive local exchange carriers either maintain their own facilities or lease services at wholesale rates while cable television companies are entering the communications market by upgrading their networks with fiber optics and installing facilities to provide broadband, voice, video and data communications. Electric utilities could become a competitive threat since they have existing assets and access to low cost capital that could allow them to enter a service area rapidly and accelerate network development.

Internet Competition. Internet services and other broadband services are also highly competitive, and FairPoint expects that competition will continue to intensify. Internet services, meaning both Internet access (wired and wireless) and on-line content services, are provided primarily by Internet service providers, satellite-based companies, long distance carriers, wireless companies and cable television companies. Many of these companies provide direct access to the Internet and a variety of supporting services to businesses and individuals. In addition, many of these companies, such as Microsoft and Yahoo!, offer on-line content services consisting of access to closed, proprietary information networks. Electric utility companies, utilizing broadband over power lines technology, could offer an additional threat in this area as they look to leverage their embedded assets to enter new lines of business. Cable television operators, among others, have aggressively entered the Internet access business. Satellite companies are also offering broadband access to the Internet, primarily to remote, unserved locations. Municipalities, public utilities and private business receiving government stimulus funds may also choose to enter the Internet access business.

Voice Over Internet Protocol Competition. Voice over internet protocol ("VoIP") service is increasingly being embraced by all industry participants. VoIP service involves the routing of voice calls over the public Internet or private IP networks, through packets of data instead of transmitting the calls over the existing public switched telephone network. This routing mechanism may give VoIP service providers a cost advantage, and enable them to offer services to end users at a lower price. While current VoIP applications typically complete calls using incumbent local exchange carrier infrastructure and networks, as VoIP services obtain acceptance and market penetration and technology advances further, a greater number of calls

may be placed without utilizing the public switched telephone network. The proliferation of VoIP, particularly to the extent these calls do not utilize FairPoint's local exchange carriers' networks or are accorded different regulatory treatment, may result in an erosion of FairPoint's customer base and loss of local, long distance and network access revenues.

Long Distance Competition. Competition for long distance communications services is robust. Competition in the long distance business is based primarily on price, although service bundling, branding, customer service, billing service and quality play a role in customers' choices.

Cable Competition. Cable companies are competing with FairPoint on several fronts: high speed data, voice, video and bundled solutions. Cable high speed data services are generally competitive with FairPoint's services in both pricing and the speed of those services. FairPoint estimates that as of September 30, 2009, a majority of the customers that FairPoint served had access to a cable modem offering. The second area of competition is local and long distance voice services. In addition, the FCC's requirement that telephone companies offer number portability has increased the competition FairPoint faces from cable companies.

Wireless Competition. In most of FairPoint's service areas it faces competition from wireless technology and, as technology and economies of scale continue to improve, competition from wireless carriers is expected to continue to increase. In addition, the FCC's requirement that telephone companies offer wireline-to-wireless number portability is expected to increase the competition FairPoint faces from wireless carriers. The NNE Operations' service areas represent both rural and small urban markets and tend to have better wireless coverage than those of the historical operations of FairPoint. Wireless competition is more robust in these service areas.

Other Competition. Wireline, wireless, cable and utility companies could form, and in some cases have formed or are in the process of forming, strategic alliances to offer bundled services in FairPoint's service areas. FairPoint may face increased competition from bundled service providers in the future, in particular if applications for certain broadband development funding submitted by certain of these strategic alliances under the American Recovery Act of 2009 are approved.

6. Regulatory

In its normal operations apart from the Chapter 11 Cases, FairPoint is subject to regulation primarily by federal and state governmental agencies. At the federal level, the FCC generally exercises jurisdiction over the facilities and services of communications common carriers, such as FairPoint, to the extent those facilities are used to provide, originate or terminate interstate or international communications. Public utility commissions ("PUCs") are the state regulatory commissions that generally exercise jurisdiction over common carriers' facilities and services to the extent those facilities are used to provide, originate or terminate intrastate communications. Certain of these regulatory regimes affect FairPoint's revenues (positively and negatively) because they impose price caps or they subsidize high-cost operations in rural areas of the United States where FairPoint operates. For a discussion of the specific restrictions and other regulations to which FairPoint's business is subject, please refer to "Item 1—Business—Regulatory Environment" in FairPoint Communications' Annual Report on Form 10-K for the

fiscal year ended December 31, 2008, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 5, 2009. See Section V.F.1 ("Overview of Chapter 11 Cases—Other Material Information—PUC Negotiations").

7. Legal Proceedings Outside the Bankruptcy Court

FairPoint is involved in litigation arising in the normal course of business and also in connection with the Chapter 11 Cases. The outcome of this litigation is not expected to have a material impact on FairPoint's financial statements or projections. In addition, to the extent FairPoint is currently involved in any litigation and/or regulatory proceedings, most of these proceedings have been stayed as a result of the filing of the Chapter 11 Cases.

B. CERTAIN KEY EVENTS LEADING TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE CHAPTER 11 CASES

1. Overview

On January 15, 2007, FairPoint Communications entered into an agreement and plan of merger with Verizon and Spinco pursuant to which FairPoint Communications committed to purchase Verizon's landline operations in Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont. The transaction required Verizon to contribute specified assets and liabilities of the local exchange businesses of Verizon New England Inc. and other Verizon subsidiaries in Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont to Spinco and the related long distance and internet service provider businesses in those states to subsidiaries of Spinco. After extensive federal and state regulatory review and approval, on March 31, 2008, Spinco was merged with and into FairPoint Communications, with FairPoint Communications being the surviving entity in the Merger.

In connection with the Merger, FairPoint and Spinco entered into the Prepetition Credit Agreement and Spinco issued and FairPoint Communications subsequently assumed the outstanding Senior Notes. In consideration of the Merger, Verizon received a \$1.16 billion cash payment from Spinco and an additional \$551 million in cash from the proceeds of the issuance of Senior Notes. Verizon's stockholders received approximately 54 million shares of FairPoint Communications' common stock, representing approximately 60.2% of the equity ownership interests in FairPoint Communications at that time. As a result of the Merger, FairPoint's size, as measured by access lines and revenues, increased approximately five-fold.

Following the acquisition of the NNE Operations, FairPoint faced significant short- and long-term challenges, including, among other things (i) integrating the NNE Operations with pre-Merger FairPoint, (ii) keeping pace with competition from bundled offerings by cable companies, as well as the use of alternative technologies, which are eroding FairPoint's traditional base of wireline voice customers, (iii) monitoring, repairing and upgrading the existing telecommunications network in the NNE Operations, while simultaneously building a new next generation IP based network and (iv) overcoming the difficulty of transitioning certain back-office functions from Verizon's integrated systems to newly created systems of FairPoint, which occurred in January 2009 (hereinafter, the "Cutover").

These challenges were made even more difficult by deteriorating market conditions. Although local exchange carriers were the only source of voice communications for many years,

more recently local exchange carriers, including FairPoint, have experienced a decline in the number of access lines in service, primarily due to increased competition from wireless carriers, cable television operators who offer voice services and internet service providers who offer VoIP services. Moreover, these competitive challenges were exacerbated by the recent turmoil in the financial markets, which has significantly limited available capital and resulted in a significant decline in the domestic economy in the past year. FairPoint believes that the economic decline has reduced consumer spending and contributed to an increase in the rate of decline in access lines and an increase in overdue accounts receivable balances from customers. Additionally, as a result of the Cutover, FairPoint incurred higher than anticipated incremental costs and was required to devote significant resources, including management time and attention, to resolving these problems. Furthermore, the regulatory regimes under which FairPoint operates limit its flexibility in addressing these problems. As a result of the combined impact of each of these developments, FairPoint was unable to attain the performance levels it projected at the time of the acquisition of the NNE Operations.

The inability to achieve the financial performance projections with respect to the NNE Operations made it impossible for FairPoint to service its approximately \$2.7 billion in debt obligations. Interest costs on FairPoint's significant debt have absorbed a large portion of its operating cash flow, thereby imposing limitations on FairPoint's ability to construct its next generation IP based network which FairPoint believes will enable it to offer a new suite of IP based services and implement its strategic business plan. FairPoint believes these are necessary steps to reverse the current downward trend of FairPoint's operating cash flows.

2. Cutover

During 2007, 2008, and into January 2009, FairPoint developed and deployed new systems, processes and personnel to operate the NNE Operations.

FairPoint believes that the transition of the NNE Operations from operating subsidiaries of Verizon to subsidiaries of FairPoint had an adverse effect on its operations. Pursuant to agreements entered into with Verizon relating to the Merger, Verizon was to remain responsible for critical functions such as internal information technology, customer care, order management, broadband help desk support, E-911 services, network monitoring, billing and collection and supply chain systems from the March 31, 2008 closing date until Cutover was achieved. During this period, the NNE Operations were operated under a transition services agreement, pursuant to which Verizon was paid approximately \$15 million per month in return for the services set forth above. In addition, FairPoint Communications engaged Capgemini U.S. LLC ("Capgemini") to build a back-office infrastructure to allow FairPoint to transition from Verizon's systems. FairPoint extended the Cutover date several times until the final Cutover date in January 2009.

Following Cutover, FairPoint experienced increased processing time by customer service representatives for new orders, increased processing time for customer invoices and an inability to execute automated collection treatment efforts. These issues negatively impacted customer satisfaction and resulted in large increases in customer call volumes into FairPoint's customer-service centers and delayed the installation, repairs and upgrades of services. While many of these issues were anticipated, the magnitude of the difficulties experienced was beyond FairPoint's expectations.

In the first nine months of 2009, FairPoint incurred \$28.8 million of incremental expenses in order to operate its business, including third-party contractor costs and internal labor costs in the form of overtime pay. The Cutover also required significant staff and senior management attention.

To date, FairPoint has resolved many of the issues it faced, but it has been required to devote significant financial resources and employee time to resolving those issues. This has lessened FairPoint's ability to implement its business plan, improve customer satisfaction and compete effectively in the marketplace.

On October 9, 2009, FairPoint Communications entered into a Settlement Agreement and Release (the "Capgemini Settlement Agreement") with Capgemini. Under various contracts between Capgemini and FairPoint Communications, the invoiced amounts and certain deferred amounts totaled approximately \$49.8 million. Pursuant to the Capgemini Settlement Agreement, Capgemini agreed to continue to provide services to FairPoint in exchange for FairPoint paying Capgemini ongoing fees plus \$30 million of the total \$49.8 million, with FairPoint paying \$15 million upon execution of the Capgemini Settlement Agreement and an additional \$15 million due on December 31, 2009. The Cappemini Settlement Agreement also allows Cappemini to, among other things, assert an allowed unsecured claim against FairPoint Communications in the Chapter 11 Cases (to which FairPoint Communications will not object) for the remaining balance of approximately \$19.8 million. FairPoint also agreed to assume the Capgemini Settlement Agreement and certain contracts with Cappemini. To that end, on November 16, 2009, FairPoint Communications filed its motion for Order, pursuant to Bankruptcy Code Sections 105(a), 363 and 365 and Bankruptcy Rules 6006 and 9019, Authorizing Debtors to Assume Certain Agreements and Settle Certain Related Claims Concerning Cappemini U.S. LLC. FairPoint Communications and Cappenini have adjourned the hearing on such motion to April 7, 2010, and subsequently agreed to delay the payment of \$15 million that was originally due on December 31, 2009 until after the Bankruptcy Court's consideration of the motion.

3. Increased Regulatory Burdens

To obtain state-level approval of the Merger, FairPoint entered into stipulations with the regulatory authorities in Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont. As a result of these stipulations, FairPoint, among other things, agreed to provide services according to certain quality measures, increase the availability of broadband service in each of the three states within certain prescribed time frames, and make minimum capital investments in those three states up to five years following the closing of the Merger (as prescribed in the applicable stipulations), or face financial penalties. FairPoint's competitors, who are not local exchange carriers, do not face the same regulatory constraints and requirements. Further, due to various contracts and other agreements inherited from Verizon and because of regulatory orders issued prior to the closing of the Merger, FairPoint was limited in its ability to raise rates for specified periods of time, including rate changes for certain services that are not regulated by the state PUCs. Following the commencement of the Chapter 11 Cases, FairPoint commenced negotiations with representatives of the state PUCs, which ultimately led to the execution of regulatory settlements with representatives of the regulatory authorities in Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont. The regulatory settlements reflected in such term sheets are subject to, among other things, approval

of the settlements by the state PUCs. See Section V.F.1 ("Overview of Chapter 11 Cases—Other Material Information—PUC Negotiations").

4. Market Conditions

FairPoint's financial well-being also has been hurt by the current economic downturn and continued aggressive competition, particularly in the Northern New England markets it serves. FairPoint's consolidated revenues decreased by approximately \$60.0 million, or 18.3%, to \$268.3 million in the third quarter of 2009 compared to the same quarter of 2008. Revenues in each of FairPoint's business lines have also been impacted by the weak economy, which has caused a decrease in discretionary consumer spending and, correspondingly, an increase in access line losses for FairPoint. As a result of these and other factors, FairPoint experienced a net loss in the third quarter of 2009 of approximately \$77.3 million and a net loss in the first nine months of 2009 of approximately \$103.9 million, as compared to a net loss of approximately \$25.1 million in the third quarter of 2008 and net income of approximately \$7.5 million in the first nine months of 2008.

A portion of these losses can also be attributed to the vigorous and growing competition in the communications and technology industries. As a result of the increasingly competitive marketplace in which FairPoint operates, over the last several years FairPoint has experienced decreasing revenues and a decline in customers. Many of FairPoint's direct regional competitors, including other local cable and internet providers, took advantage of both the lengthy approval period for the Merger as well as the delayed Cutover and operating issues experienced as a consequence of Cutover by offering aggressive pricing on bundled packages of services and claiming to offer more reliable service. See Section II.A.5 ("Overview of FairPoint and its Business and Certain Key Events Leading to the Commencement of the Chapter 11 Cases—Business of FairPoint—Competition").

On October 5, 2008, the administrative agent under the Prepetition Credit Agreement, Lehman Commercial Paper Inc. ("LCPI"), filed a petition for relief under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code in this Court, which impacted FairPoint's liquidity. LCPI accounted for approximately thirty percent of the loan commitments under the Revolver (as defined herein). On January 21, 2009, FairPoint Communications entered into an amendment to the Prepetition Credit Agreement under which the administrative agent resigned and was replaced by Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent. LCPI's undrawn loan commitments under the Revolver, totaling approximately \$29.7 million, were terminated and are no longer available to FairPoint. As a result, the available funds under the Revolver were permanently reduced to an aggregate principal amount of \$169.7 million. In addition, during September 2008, due to the extreme uncertainty in the financial markets and the risk associated with LCPI, FairPoint drew the remaining \$100 million available under its \$200 million delayed draw term loan, as well as \$100 million under its revolving credit facility. These draw-downs resulted in additional and unanticipated interest costs as these funds were not immediately needed for operating purposes.

5. Initial Out of Court Restructuring Initiatives

As a result of the various factors affecting FairPoint's financial performance and operations, FairPoint determined that it may not be in compliance with certain financial

covenants in the Prepetition Credit Agreement for the measurement period ended June 30, 2009. Accordingly, as a first step in a restructuring of its capital structure, FairPoint initiated the Exchange Offer. The Exchange Offer was consummated on July 29, 2009. Pursuant to the Exchange Offer, \$439.6 million aggregate principal amount of the Original Senior Notes (which amount was equal to approximately 83% of the then-outstanding Original Senior Notes) was exchanged for \$439.6 million aggregate principal amount of Exchange Offer Senior Notes. In addition, pursuant to the terms of the Exchange Offer, an additional \$18.9 million aggregate principal amount of Exchange Offer Senior Notes was issued to noteholders who tendered their Original Senior Notes in the Exchange Offer as payment for accrued and unpaid interest on the exchanged Original Senior Notes up to, but not including, the July 29, 2009 settlement date of the Exchange Offer (the "Settlement Date").

The Exchange Offer Senior Notes permitted FairPoint Communications to pay the interest payable on the Exchange Offer Senior Notes for the period from July 29, 2009 through and including September 30, 2009 (the "<u>Initial Interest Payment Period</u>") in the form of cash, by capitalizing such interest and adding it to the principal amount of the Exchange Offer Senior Notes or a combination of both cash and such capitalization of interest, at FairPoint's option. The Exchange Offer resulted in cash savings of approximately \$28.8 million for FairPoint.

Upon the consummation of the Exchange Offer, FairPoint believed that it was able to maintain compliance with the financial covenants contained in the Prepetition Credit Agreement for the measurement period ended June 30, 2009. However, in February 2010, FairPoint identified an accounting error and concluded that it should restate the interim consolidated financial statements for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2009 (as well as other quarterly periods in 2009), which restatement would result in a reduction in FairPoint's revenues for such period. See Section V.H ("Overview of Chapter 11 Cases—Accounting Matter"). While FairPoint is continuing its work in this regard and will file the applicable restated financial statements upon completion of such work, FairPoint currently believes that, even after giving effect to the Exchange Offer, the impact of the restatement on its financial statements would have resulted in FairPoint failing to be in compliance with the financial covenants contained in the Prepetition Credit Agreement for the measurement period ended June 30, 2009. In addition, the Exchange Offer did not provide a sufficient reduction in FairPoint's cash interest expense to prevent a potential breach of the interest coverage ratio maintenance covenant in the Prepetition Credit Agreement for the measurement period ended September 30, 2009 and FairPoint also anticipated that it would be in breach of the leverage ratio maintenance covenant in the Prepetition Credit Agreement as early as the measurement period ended September 30, 2009.

Such breaches would have permitted the lenders under the Prepetition Credit Agreement and certain interest rate swap creditors (the "Prepetition Credit Agreement Lenders") to accelerate the maturity of the loans outstanding thereunder, seek foreclosure upon any collateral securing such loans and terminate any remaining commitments to lend to FairPoint. If the Prepetition Credit Agreement Lenders had exercised such remedies, FairPoint did not believe that it could refinance the Prepetition Credit Agreement on reasonable terms, or at all, in the then prevailing lending environment.

In order to address these issues, FairPoint developed an out-of-court restructuring plan (the "Out of Court Restructuring Plan") with the assistance of its financial advisor. The Out of

Court Restructuring Plan related to all of FairPoint's outstanding Senior Notes and was generally designed to (i) reduce FairPoint's indebtedness and interest expense, (ii) improve FairPoint's liquidity and financial and operational flexibility in order to allow it to compete more effectively and maximize enterprise value and (iii) help FairPoint maintain compliance with the maintenance covenants in the Prepetition Credit Agreement. In particular, the Out of Court Restructuring Plan contemplated, among other things, that Senior Notes would be tendered in exchange for shares of capital stock in FairPoint. The Out of Court Restructuring Plan was conditioned on acceptance by 95% of the outstanding holders of the Senior Notes, which was, at that time, the minimum threshold determined to be necessary to sufficiently reduce leverage for purposes of continued compliance with the maintenance covenants in the Prepetition Credit Agreement as well as for liquidity purposes.

This effort, however, was unsuccessful for two primary reasons: (i) following lengthy negotiations with substantial holders of the Senior Notes, it became apparent that the minimum exchange threshold could not be met and (ii) the holders of the Senior Notes were unwilling to lend an additional \$25 million in funds that would have been necessary to effectively implement the Out of Court Restructuring Plan.

Following unsuccessful negotiations with the holders of the Senior Notes, FairPoint entered into discussions with certain of the lenders under the Prepetition Credit Agreement. On September 25, 2009, FairPoint Communications and certain of its subsidiaries entered into a forbearance agreement (the "Forbearance Agreement") with lenders holding approximately 65% of the loans and commitments outstanding under the Prepetition Credit Agreement (the "Forbearing Prepetition Credit Agreement Lenders"). The Forbearance Agreement permitted FairPoint to forgo certain principal and interest payments due on September 30, 2009 under the Prepetition Credit Agreement. Further, subject to no intervening defaults, the Forbearing Prepetition Credit Agreement Lenders agreed to forbear from accelerating the maturity of the loans outstanding under the Prepetition Credit Agreement and from exercising any other remedies thereunder until October 30, 2009 if FairPoint failed to meet certain interest coverage ratio and leverage ratio covenants contained in the Prepetition Credit Agreement for the measurement period ended September 30, 2009 and/or if FairPoint failed to make certain payments due on September 30, 2009 under the Swap Agreements.

In addition, on September 25, 2009, FairPoint Communications entered into a forbearance agreement (the "Wachovia Forbearance Agreement") with Wachovia Bank, N.A. ("Wachovia") relating to the Wachovia Swap Agreement. Pursuant to the Wachovia Forbearance Agreement, subject to no intervening defaults, Wachovia agreed until October 30, 2009 not to exercise any of its rights or remedies under the Wachovia Swap Agreement if FairPoint failed to make a payment that was due under the Wachovia Swap Agreement on September 30, 2009.

Finally, on September 30, 2009, FairPoint Communications entered into a forbearance agreement (the "Morgan Stanley Forbearance Agreement") with Morgan Stanley Capital Services Inc. ("Morgan Stanley") relating to the Morgan Stanley Swap Agreement. Pursuant to the Morgan Stanley Forbearance Agreement, subject to no intervening defaults, Morgan Stanley agreed until October 30, 2009 not to exercise any of its rights or remedies under the Morgan

Stanley Swap Agreement if FairPoint failed to make a payment that was due under the Morgan Stanley Swap Agreement on September 30, 2009.

6. The Plan Term Sheet

Following the execution of the forbearance agreements described above, FairPoint engaged in extensive negotiations with the Lender Steering Committee regarding a recapitalization of its significant indebtedness. Subsequently, FairPoint and the Lender Steering Committee reached agreement on the Plan Term Sheet, which sets forth the terms of a restructuring plan that will significantly deliver FairPoint's balance sheet, including the conversion of approximately \$1.7 billion of debt to equity. Evidencing their support of the Plan Term Sheet, the members of the Lender Steering Committee have executed the Plan Support Agreement by which the members of the Lender Steering Committee agreed to support the Plan that substantially embodies the terms contained in the Plan Term Sheet. In addition, other secured lenders under the Prepetition Credit Agreement who signed a confidentiality agreement and received non-public information have also executed the Plan Support Agreement as of October 25, 2009. In total, holders of in excess of 50% (inclusive of the members of the Lender Steering Committee) of FairPoint's outstanding secured debt under the Prepetition Credit Agreement have executed the Plan Support Agreement.

Certain terms contained in the Plan Term Sheet, as reflected in the Plan (which is attached hereto as *Exhibit A*), have been modified as a result of negotiations among FairPoint, the Lender Steering Committee and the Ad Hoc Committee of Senior Noteholders.

C. OPERATIONS AFTER EMERGENCE FROM CHAPTER 11

FairPoint's management team has worked diligently to expand and improve FairPoint's product offerings, diversify and grow revenues, and increase operational efficiency and operating cash flows, and intends to continue to do so. FairPoint plans to invest more than \$100 million over the next two years to continue to build out its next generation IP based network.

After the Effective Date of the Plan, FairPoint will have de-levered its balance sheet to an appropriate level for its cost structure, positioning FairPoint to achieve profitability on a long-term basis. FairPoint is confident that the completion of its restructuring efforts will allow FairPoint to focus its resources on the operation of its businesses, will result in an appropriate capital structure for FairPoint that will significantly strengthen its financial condition and liquidity and position FairPoint to compete more effectively in a dynamic marketplace. Given FairPoint's core strengths, which include an experienced workforce and extensive network equipment and facilities, and, with the aid of chapter 11, FairPoint is positioned to achieve its long-term goal of becoming the preferred communications provider for businesses and residential customers throughout the markets FairPoint serves.

Attached hereto as *Exhibit B* is projected financial information that forecasts the financial performance of Reorganized FairPoint through 2013. *See Section VII.D* ("Certain Factors To Be Considered—Inherent Uncertainty of the Reorganized Company's Financial Projections"). These projections are based on the current business plan for Reorganized FairPoint. ALL CREDITORS ARE ADVISED AND ENCOURAGED TO REVIEW THE

PROJECTIONS SET FORTH IN EXHIBIT B IN THEIR ENTIRETY BEFORE VOTING TO ACCEPT OR REJECT THE PLAN. The ongoing post-Effective Date operations of Reorganized FairPoint will be financed through revenues generated by business operations and by certain exit credit facilities. VI.F.2 ("Summary of Plan of Reorganization—Means of Implementation of the Plan—New Term Loan and New Revolver").

III. PREPETITION OBLIGATIONS AND CAPITAL STRUCTURE

As of the Petition Date, FairPoint had approximately \$2.7 billion of total funded debt outstanding, including approximately \$2.1 billion of Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims (consisting of approximately \$2 billion owed under the Prepetition Credit Agreement and approximately \$98.8 million owed under the Swap Agreements) and approximately \$575 million in Senior Notes, including accrued interest. FairPoint estimates that under its existing debt structure, it would have incurred more than \$200 million in interest costs during 2009, of which \$165 million was incurred during the first nine months of this year. In addition, as of the Petition Date, FairPoint had approximately \$60 million in general trade obligations.

A. PREPETITION CREDIT AGREEMENT

On March 31, 2008, immediately prior to the Merger, FairPoint Communications and Spinco entered into the Prepetition Credit Agreement, consisting of (a) a revolver in an aggregate principal amount of \$200 million (the "Revolver"), including a swingline sub-facility in the amount of \$10 million and a letter of credit sub-facility in the amount of \$30 million (the "Letter of Credit Subfacility"); (b) a term loan A facility in an aggregate principal amount of \$500 million (the "Term Loan A Facility"); (c) a term loan B facility in the aggregate principal amount of \$1.13 billion (the "Term Loan B Facility", and together with the Term Loan A Facility, the "Term Loans") and (d) a delayed draw term loan in an aggregate principal amount of \$200 million (the "Delayed Draw Term Loan"). Spinco drew \$1.16 billion under the Term Loans immediately prior to its spin-off from Verizon, the proceeds of which were paid to Verizon. FairPoint then drew \$470 million under the Term Loans and \$5.5 million under the Delayed Draw Term Loan concurrently with the closing of the Merger. Since the Merger closed, FairPoint has drawn the remaining \$194.5 million under the Delayed Draw Term Loan. In addition, as of September 30, 2009, FairPoint had borrowed \$150.0 million under the Revolver and letters of credit had been issued for \$18.2 million. Accordingly, as of September 30, 2009, the remaining amount available under the Revolver was \$2.1 million. FairPoint also had pending commitments for additional letters of credit totaling \$0.7 million, as of September 30, 2009.

Each of S T Enterprises, Ltd., FairPoint Logistics, Inc., MJD Services Corp., FairPoint Carrier Services, Inc., FairPoint Broadband, Inc. and MJD Ventures, Inc. (collectively, the "Prepetition Guarantors") entered into that certain Subsidiary Guaranty with Bank of America, N.A. (successor in interest to LCPI), as administrative agent, dated as of March 31, 2008 (as amended, restated, modified and supplemented as of the date hereof, the "Prepetition Subsidiary Guaranty"), as required under the terms of the Prepetition Credit Agreement. Pursuant to the Prepetition Subsidiary Guaranty, the Prepetition Guarantors jointly and severally guaranteed the full and prompt payment of all fees, obligations, liabilities and indebtedness of FairPoint

Communications owed to the Prepetition Credit Agreement Lenders as more fully described in the Prepetition Subsidiary Guaranty.

Pursuant to the Prepetition Pledge Agreement between the Prepetition Pledgors (as defined herein) and Bank of America, N.A. (successor in interest to LCPI), as collateral agent, all obligations owing by FairPoint Communications and the other Prepetition Credit Agreement Lenders under the Prepetition Credit Agreement, the related credit documents and interest rate agreements entered into by any of the Prepetition Pledgors with any Prepetition Credit Agreement Lender (or affiliate thereof) ("Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims") are secured by (i) all promissory notes issued by or held by FairPoint Communications, MJD Ventures, Inc., MJD Services Corp., S T Enterprises, Ltd., FairPoint Carrier Services, Inc., FairPoint Broadband, Inc., FairPoint Logistics, Inc., Enhanced Communications of Northern New England Inc., Utilities, Inc., C-R Communications, Inc., Comerco, Inc., GTC Communications, Inc., St. Joe Communications, Inc., Ravenswood Communications, Inc. and Unite Communications Systems, Inc. (collectively, the "Prepetition Pledgors"); (ii) 100% of the equity interests owned or held by each of the Prepetition Pledgors in any domestic or partnership or limited liability company (including, without limitation, in the case of partnerships and limited liability company interests, all rights to profits, distributions and other amounts in respect thereof); (iii) 100% of the non-voting equity interests and 65% of the total voting equity interests owned or held by each Prepetition Pledgor in its foreign subsidiaries, if any; and (iv) all proceeds, if any, of the foregoing, subject to certain qualifications, including applicable regulatory approval prior to enforcement of these rights by the administrative agent under the Prepetition Credit Agreement.

On October 5, 2008, LCPI, the administrative agent under the Prepetition Credit Agreement, filed a petition for relief under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code in the Bankruptcy Court. On January 21, 2009, FairPoint entered into an amendment to the Prepetition Credit Agreement under which the administrative agent resigned and was replaced by Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent. As a result of the amendment, LCPI's undrawn commitments under the Revolver were terminated and LCPI's existing pro rata share of the drawn Revolver was converted into a new term loan, aggregating approximately \$29.7 million (the "LCPI Loans"), which LCPI Loans mature on the maturity date of the Revolver.

As of the Petition Date, the following amounts (excluding accrued interest) were outstanding under the Prepetition Credit Agreement: (a) approximately \$29.7 million in aggregate principal amount under the LCPI Loans; (b) approximately \$120 million in aggregate principal amount under the Revolver; (c) approximately \$492 million in aggregate principal amount under the Term A Facility; (d) approximately \$1.3 billion in aggregate principal amount under the Term B Facility; and (e) approximately \$18 million in aggregate face amount of undrawn letters of credit issued to third parties for the account of FairPoint under the Letter of Credit Subfacility.

The Term Loan B Facility and the Delayed Draw Term Loan would have matured in March 2015 and the Revolver, the LCPI Loans and the Term Loan A Facility would have matured in March 2014.

Prior to the filing of the Chapter 11 Cases, FairPoint failed to make principal and interest payments due under the Prepetition Credit Agreement on September 30, 2009. The failure to

make the principal payment constituted an event of default under the Prepetition Credit Agreement and the failure to make the interest payment constituted an event of default under the Prepetition Credit Agreement after the expiration of a five business day grace period. An event of default under the Prepetition Credit Agreement permits the lenders under the Prepetition Credit Agreement to accelerate the maturity of the loans outstanding thereunder, seek foreclosure upon any collateral securing such loans and terminate any remaining commitments to lend to FairPoint. In addition, the filing of the Chapter 11 Cases constituted an event of default under the Prepetition Credit Agreement. FairPoint believes that any efforts to enforce payment obligations under the Prepetition Credit Agreement are stayed as a result of the filing of the Chapter 11 Cases.

B. ORIGINAL SENIOR NOTES AND EXCHANGE OFFER SENIOR NOTES

On March 31, 2008, Spinco issued the Original Senior Notes in the aggregate principal amount of \$551 million, which have a maturity date of April 1, 2018 and are not redeemable at FairPoint's option prior to April 1, 2013. FairPoint Communications assumed all obligations under the Original Senior Notes as part of the Merger. Interest on the Original Senior Notes is payable semi-annually in cash on April 1 and October 1 of each year. The Original Senior Notes bear interest at a fixed rate of 13-1/8%, resulting in annual interest costs of approximately \$72 million, and principal is due at maturity. Because the Original Senior Notes were issued at a discount on the date of their distribution, the Original Senior Notes had a carrying value on such date of \$539.8 million (principal amount at maturity of \$551 million less a discount of \$11.2 million).

On July 29, 2009, FairPoint successfully consummated the Exchange Offer for certain of the Original Senior Notes. Pursuant to the Exchange Offer, \$439.6 million in the aggregate principal amount of the Original Senior Notes (which amount was equal to approximately 83% of the then-outstanding Original Senior Notes) was exchanged for \$439.6 million aggregate principal amount of Exchange Offer Senior Notes. In addition, pursuant to the terms of the Exchange Offer, an additional \$18.9 million aggregate principal amount of Exchange Offer Senior Notes was issued to holders who tendered their Original Senior Notes in the Exchange Offer as payment for accrued and unpaid interest on the exchanged Original Senior Notes up to, but not including, the Settlement Date. In tandem with the Exchange Offer, FairPoint solicited consents from holders of the Original Senior Notes for certain amendments to the indenture governing the Original Senior Notes (the "Original Senior Notes Indenture") to eliminate or amend substantially all of its restrictive covenants and modify a number of the events of default and certain other provisions previously contained in the Original Senior Notes Indenture.

The Exchange Offer Senior Notes have a maturity date of April 2, 2018, and bear interest at a fixed rate of 13-1/8%, payable in cash, except that the Exchange Offer Senior Notes bore interest at a rate of 15% for the Initial Interest Payment Period, subject to certain increases upon the occurrence of certain events. In addition, FairPoint was permitted to pay the interest payable on the Exchange Offer Senior Notes for the Initial Interest Payment Period in the form of cash, by capitalizing such interest and adding it to the principal amount of the Original Senior Notes or a combination of both cash and such capitalization of interest, at FairPoint's option.

In connection with the Exchange Offer and the corresponding consent solicitation, FairPoint also paid a cash consent fee of \$1.6 million in the aggregate to holders of Original Senior Notes who validly delivered consents in such consent solicitation and did not revoke their consents prior to a specified early consent deadline. The Exchange Offer, in turn, resulted in cash savings of \$28.8 million from the conversion of certain cash interest to non-cash.

Prior to the filing of the Chapter 11 Cases, FairPoint failed to make the October 1, 2009 interest payment on the Senior Notes. The failure to make the interest payment on the Senior Notes constituted an event of default under the Senior Notes upon the expiration of a thirty day grace period. An event of default under the Senior Notes permits the holders of the Senior Notes to accelerate the maturity of the Senior Notes. In addition, the filing of the Chapter 11 Cases constituted an event of default under the Exchange Offer Senior Notes. FairPoint believes that any efforts to enforce payment obligations under the Senior Notes are stayed as a result of the filing of the Chapter 11 Cases.

C. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Prepetition Credit Agreement also requires FairPoint to enter into interest rate swaps or similar arrangements with the lenders under the Prepetition Credit Agreement and/or their affiliates with respect to at least 50% of its borrowings under the Term Loans. As a result, FairPoint Communications entered into the Swap Agreements in order to limit the variability of its interest payments and to shield itself from interest rate cash flow risk. As a result of the Swap Agreements, approximately 77% of FairPoint's interest payments were effectively calculated at fixed rates, averaging 8.9%, rather than variable rates as of September 30, 2009. Under the terms of the Swap Agreements, FairPoint makes a payment if the variable rate is below the fixed rate, or it receives a payment if the variable rate is above the fixed rate.

The occurrence of an event of default under the Prepetition Credit Agreement constituted an event of default under the Swap Agreements. In addition, FairPoint failed to make payments due under the Swap Agreements on September 30, 2009, which failure resulted in an event of default under the Swap Agreements upon the expiration of a three business day grace period. Furthermore, the filing of the Chapter 11 Cases constituted an event of default under the Swap Agreements.

On October 28, 2009, Wachovia delivered a Notice of Amount Due Following Early Termination to FairPoint Communications (the "Wachovia Notice") notifying FairPoint Communications that an "Early Termination Date" had occurred under the Wachovia Swap Agreement and that the outstanding amounts owed to Wachovia under the Wachovia Swap Agreement total approximately \$59.2 million on the effective date of the Wachovia Notice. On October 26, 2009, Morgan Stanley delivered a Notice of Event of Default under the Morgan Stanley Swap Agreement to FairPoint Communications, notifying FairPoint Communications that an "Early Termination Date" had occurred. Further, on November 5, 2009, Morgan Stanley delivered a Notice under the Morgan Stanley Swap Agreement to FairPoint (the "Morgan Stanley Notice to FairPoint") and a Notice under Pledge Agreement to Bank of America, N.A. as administrative agent under the Prepetition Credit Agreement (the "Morgan Stanley Notice to BOA," and together with the Morgan Stanley Notice to FairPoint, the "Morgan Stanley Notice"), notifying both parties that the outstanding interest rate obligations owed to Morgan Stanley

under the Morgan Stanley Swap Agreement total approximately \$39.6 million, plus any additional accrued interest, expenses and fees. Based on the information provided in the Wachovia Notice and the Morgan Stanley Notice, the net liability of FairPoint Communications under the Swap Agreements equals approximately \$98.8 million, plus fees, costs and other expenses. The obligations under the Swap Agreements rank *pari passu* with the obligations under the Prepetition Credit Agreement and are secured by the same collateral securing the obligations under the Prepetition Credit Agreement.

IV. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT (PRE AND POST REORGANIZATION)

A. CURRENT AND POST-REORGANIZATION EXECUTIVE OFFICERS OF FAIRPOINT COMMUNICATIONS

The following is a list of FairPoint Communications current executive officers, which executive officers are expected to continue to serve in their current capacities on and after the Effective Date:

Executive Officers

<u>Name</u> <u>Position</u>

David L. Hauser Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chief Executive

Officer

Peter G. Nixon President

Alfred C. Giammarino Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Jeffrey W. Allen Executive Vice President, Northern New England Operations Shirley J. Linn Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary

Lisa R. Hood Senior Vice President and Controller

Thomas E. Griffin Vice President and Treasurer

Selected biographical information for FairPoint Communications' executive officers is set forth below:

David L. Hauser. Since July 1, 2009, Mr. Hauser has served as FairPoint Communications' Chairman and Chief Executive Officer. Prior to assuming this role, Mr. Hauser had served as a director of FairPoint Communications since February 2005. Prior to becoming FairPoint Communications' Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Hauser served as the Group Executive and Chief Financial Officer of Duke Energy Corporation, where he was employed for 35 years. Mr. Hauser is on the board of directors of Furman University and of Charlotte, North Carolina's Blumenthal Center for the Performing Arts, the board of trustees of University of North Carolina at Charlotte and is past chair of the University of North Carolina at Charlotte Business School Advisory Council. He is also a past board member of the North Carolina Zoological Society and is a member of the North Carolina Association of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Hauser also serves as a director of Enpro Industries, Inc.

Peter G. Nixon. In July 2007, Mr. Nixon was appointed as FairPoint Communications' President. Prior to assuming this role, Mr. Nixon had served as FairPoint Communications' Chief

Operating Officer since November 2002. Previously, Mr. Nixon was FairPoint Communications' Senior Vice President of Corporate Development from February 2002 to November 2002 and President of FairPoint Communications' Telecom Group from April 2001 to February 2002. Prior to this, Mr. Nixon served as President of FairPoint Communications' Eastern Region Telecom Group from June 1999 to April 2001 and President of Chautauqua and Erie Telephone Corporation ("C&E"), from July 1997, when FairPoint Communications acquired C&E, to June 1999. From April 1, 1989 to June 1997, Mr. Nixon served as Executive Vice President of C&E. From April 1, 1978 to March 31, 1989, Mr. Nixon served as Vice President of Operations for C&E. Mr. Nixon has served as the past Chairman of the New York State Telecommunications Association from June 1996 to June 1998.

Alfred C. Giammarino. In September 2008, Mr. Giammarino was appointed as FairPoint Communications' Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer. Prior to joining FairPoint Communications, Mr. Giammarino was employed by Sensus Metering Systems, where he served as Chief Financial Officer from December 2007 to May 2008 and as a Senior Financial Consultant for July and August 2008. Previously, Mr. Giammarino was employed as Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Stratos Global Corporation from May 2004 to September 2007. Prior to that, Mr. Giammarino was employed by Verizon Communications Inc., where he served as Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Verizon's international and information services group from June 2000 to December 2003, and with GTE Corporation, where he was Senior Vice President of Finance and Planning from 1998 to 2000. Mr. Giammarino is certified as a public accountant in New York.

Jeffrey W. Allen. In July 2009, Mr. Allen was appointed FairPoint Communications' Executive Vice President, Northern New England Operations. Previously, Mr. Allen served as FairPoint Communications' Executive Vice President, External Relations from May 2008 to July 2009 and Assistant Vice President, Customer Operations from June 2007 to May 2008. Prior to joining FairPoint Communications, Mr. Allen served as General Manager, Wireless for Datapath, Inc. from December 2005 to June 2007, Chief Executive Officer of Third Rail Americas, Inc. from January 2005 to December 2005, President, Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board of Intellispace, Inc. from June 2001 to June 2004 and Chief Operating Officer of Intellispace, Inc. from April 2000 to June 2001.

Shirley J. Linn. In March 2006, Ms. Linn was appointed as FairPoint Communications' Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary. Previously, Ms. Linn served as FairPoint Communications' Senior Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary from September 2004 to March 2006. Ms. Linn has served as FairPoint Communications' General Counsel since October 2000, FairPoint Communications' Vice President since October 2000, and FairPoint Communications' Secretary since December 2000. Prior to joining FairPoint Communications, Ms. Linn was a partner, from 1984 to 2000, in the Charlotte, North Carolina law firm of Underwood Kinsey Warren & Tucker, P.A., where she specialized in general business matters, particularly mergers and acquisitions.

Lisa R. Hood. In February 2008, Ms. Hood was appointed as FairPoint Communications' Senior Vice President and Controller. In addition, Ms. Hood served as FairPoint Communications' Interim Chief Financial Officer during the period between John Crowley's resignation, effective August 15, 2008, and Mr. Giammarino's appointment as FairPoint

Communications' Chief Financial Officer on September 2, 2008. Prior to her appointment as Senior Vice President and Controller, Ms. Hood served as FairPoint Communications' Chief Operating Officer—FairPoint Telecom Group from April 2007 to February 2008. Ms. Hood also served as FairPoint Communications' Senior Vice President and Controller from July 2004 to March 2007 and as FairPoint Communications' Vice President and Controller from December 1993 to July 2004. Prior to joining FairPoint Communications, Ms. Hood was employed by a local public accounting firm in Kansas from 1988 to 1993. Ms. Hood is certified as a public accountant in Kansas.

Thomas E. Griffin. In December 2005, Mr. Griffin was appointed FairPoint Communications' Treasurer, and, in early 2008, was appointed a Vice President. Mr. Griffin joined FairPoint Communications in January 2000 as Assistant Treasurer and served as FairPoint Communications' General Manager of Wireless Broadband operations from December 2003 through March 2005. Previously, Mr. Griffin was employed by Sealand Service, Inc. as Assistant Treasurer from September 1997 to January 2000 where he was responsible for worldwide cash management and as Director of Financial Planning for Europe for Sealand Service, Inc. from September 1995 to September 1997.

B. DIRECTORS OF FAIRPOINT COMMUNICATIONS

1. Current Directors of FairPoint Communications

The following is a list of the directors currently serving on FairPoint Communications' board of directors:

Directors

Directors	
Name	<u>Position</u>
David L. Hauser	Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chief Executive
	Officer
Thomas F. Gilbane, Jr.	Director
Claude C. Lilly	Director
Robert S. Lilien	Director
Jane E. Newman	Director
Michael R. Tuttle	Director

There are currently three vacancies on FairPoint Communications' board of directors. Selected biographical information for directors of FairPoint Communications who are not executive officers is set forth below:

Thomas F. Gilbane, Jr. In March 2008, Mr. Gilbane was appointed as a director of FairPoint Communications. Mr. Gilbane is the President and Chief Executive Officer of Gilbane Inc., the parent company of Gilbane Building Company and Gilbane Development Company, and the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Gilbane Building Company, one of the nation's largest general contractors and construction managers. Mr. Gilbane also serves as a director and audit committee member of Gilbane Inc., and as a director of both Gilbane Building Company and Gilbane Development Company. Prior to assuming his current roles, Mr. Gilbane

served as President and Chief Operating Officer of Gilbane Building Company from 1997 to January 2004.

Claude C. Lilly. In February 2005, Dr. Lilly was appointed as a director of FairPoint Communications. Dr. Lilly is currently serving as Dean of the College of Business and Behavioral Science at Clemson University. Previously, Dr. Lilly served as Dean and James J. Harris Chair of Risk Management and Insurance in the Belk College of Business Administration at the University of North Carolina at Charlotte, where he was employed from July 1997 to June 2007. Dr. Lilly has served as Assistant Deputy Insurance Commissioner for the State of Georgia and as a director of several corporations. He currently serves on the audit committee of the Board of Pensions of the Presbyterian Church and is the Chair of the board of the Charlotte branch of the Federal Reserve Bank of Richmond. Dr. Lilly also currently sits on the board of directors of the Erie Insurance Group, where he serves as the chair of the audit committee and as a member of the investment and strategic planning committees. Dr. Lilly earned the Chartered Property and Casualty Underwriter and Chartered Life Underwriter designations and is a member of numerous professional associations.

Robert S. Lilien. In December 2005, Mr. Lilien was appointed as a director of FairPoint Communications. Mr. Lilien is currently a partner in the law firm of Robinson, Bradshaw & Hinson, P.A., located in Charlotte, North Carolina, where he has worked since April 2002, and is also the managing member of Trilogy Capital Partners, LLC, a captive private equity fund with equity provided by a single family group, where he has also worked since April 2002. From 1993 to 2002, he held various positions at Duke Energy Corporation, including Senior Vice President-Duke Ventures for Duke Energy Corporation, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Crescent Resources, LLC, Chairman of DukeNet Communications, Inc. and Chairman of Duke Capital Partners, LLC.

Jane E. Newman. In August 2007, Ms. Newman was appointed as a director of FairPoint Communications, and was appointed to serve as lead director in October 2007. Ms. Newman previously served as the Interim President of the University of New Hampshire in Durham, New Hampshire from 2006 to June 2007. Prior to assuming this role, Ms. Newman served as the Executive Dean of the John F. Kennedy School of Government at Harvard University, beginning in 2000. Ms. Newman's academic positions also include engagements at the University of New Hampshire as Interim Dean of the Whittemore School of Business and Economics from 1998 to 1999, Dean of Students from 1972 to 1978 and Assistant Dean of Students from 1969 to 1972. She was also previously employed in various capacities by the Exeter Trust Company and Coastal Broadcasting Corporation, and served as a Senior Aide to a President of the United States. Ms. Newman is a director of the Lumina Foundation, Gilbane Inc., Exeter Trust Company and Global Relief Technologies, Inc. She is also the former Chair of the United States Naval Academy Board of Visitors.

Michael R. Tuttle. In March 2008, Mr. Tuttle was appointed as a director of FairPoint Communications. Mr. Tuttle has served as the President and Chief Executive Officer of Merchants Bank, a commercial bank with headquarters in Burlington, Vermont, since January 2006. Mr. Tuttle has also served, since January 2007, as the President and Chief Executive Officer and as a director of Merchants Bancshares, Inc., the parent company of Merchants Bank. Prior to assuming his current responsibilities, Mr. Tuttle served as Chief Operating Officer and

Senior Lender of Merchants Bank from 1997 through 2005. He also serves on the boards of the Vermont Bar Foundation, United Way of Chittendon County, Vermont and Burlington, Vermont's Flynn Center for the Performing Arts.

2. Reorganized FairPoint Communications' Directors

As contemplated by the Plan, Reorganized FairPoint Communications will have a nine person board of directors. Initially, seven of the New Board members will be nominated by the Lender Steering Committee (it being understood that the Lender Steering Committee will consider residents of northern New England among the candidates for certain of the New Board seats and that at least one of the members of the New Board nominated by the Lender Steering Committee will be a resident of northern New England), one of the New Board members will be Reorganized FairPoint Communications' chief executive officer and one of the New Board members will be nominated by the steering committee of the Ad Hoc Committee of Senior Noteholders (in consultation with the Creditors' Committee and the Ad Hoc Committee of Senior Noteholders), if the class of FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims votes to accept the Plan; provided, however, that in the event that a member of the New Board has not been nominated pursuant to Section 8.6.2(b)(i)(C) of the Plan by the Plan Supplement filing deadline, then the Persons described therein will lose their right to nominate a member of the New Board and the Lender Steering Committee will have the right to nominate an additional member of the New Board; provided, further, that if the Lender Steering Committee determines not to nominate an additional member of the New Board then the number of directors on the New Board will be reduced to eight and seven of such members of the New Board will be nominated by the Lender Steering Committee. If the class of FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims does not vote to accept the Plan, then the Lender Steering Committee will have the right to nominate eight New Board members, provided, however, that if the Lender Steering Committee determines not to nominate an additional member of the New Board to replace the individual previously nominated pursuant to Section 8.6.2(b)(i)(C) of the Plan, then the number of directors on the New Board will be reduced to eight and seven of such members of the New Board will be nominated by the Lender Steering Committee. In addition, the Lender Steering Committee will have the option to reduce the number of members of the New Board they are entitled to nominate in accordance with Section VI.F.7 ("Summary of Plan of Reorganization-Means of Implementation of the Plan—New Board") herein. For a more detailed description of the New Board, see Section VI.F.7 ("Summary of Plan of Reorganization—Means of Implementation of the Plan—New Board"). The members of the New Board will be identified in the Plan Supplement.

C. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

FairPoint maintains annual incentive plans under which employees, including FairPoint's management, receive annual cash bonuses, which, for FairPoint's management, are based on performance measures that the compensation committee of the board of directors of FairPoint Communications approves each year.

Pursuant to the Plan, Reorganized FairPoint Communications will establish a new long term incentive plan and an incentive compensation plan. On the Effective Date, in accordance with the Plan, (1) management and other employees will receive (a) Success Bonuses (as defined

in the Plan) and/or (b) New Common Stock awards, consisting of restricted shares of New Common Stock and options to purchase New Common Stock, pursuant to the terms of the Long Term Incentive Plan, and (2) members of the New Board will receive options to purchase New Common Stock, pursuant to the terms of the Long Term Incentive Plan. The Success Bonuses will be earned based upon certain performance measures, subject to upward or downward adjustments to reflect the timing of the Effective Date. With respect to the Long Term Incentive Plan, if Class 7 accepts the Plan, six million two hundred sixty-nine thousand two hundred six (6,269,206) shares of New Common Stock will be reserved for awards under the Long Term Incentive Plan that are expected to consist of stock options to members of management, other employees of FairPoint and members of the New Board and restricted stock awards to members of management and other employees of FairPoint. If Class 7 does not receive a Distribution under the Plan on account of its claims, then six million three hundred ninety-four thousand two hundred eleven (6,394,211) shares of New Common Stock will be reserved for issuance pursuant to the Long Term Incentive Plan. On the Effective Date, (1) one million ninety-seven thousand one hundred eleven (1,097,111) shares of restricted New Common Stock (or one million fortyone thousand seven hundred ten (1,041,710) shares of restricted New Common Stock if Class 7 does not receive a Distribution under the Plan on account of its claims) will be granted to members of management and other employees of FairPoint under the Long Term Incentive Plan and (2) two million one hundred ninety-four thousand two hundred twenty-two (2,194,222) options to purchase shares of New Common Stock (or two million two hundred seventy thousand seven hundred fifty-eight (2,270,758) options to purchase shares of New Common Stock if Class 7 does not receive a Distribution under the Plan on account of its claims) will be granted to members of management, other employees of FairPoint and members of the New Board under the Long Term Incentive Plan. These awards will be 25% vested on the Effective Date, and the remainder of these awards will vest in three equal annual installments, commencing on the first anniversary of the Effective Date, with accelerated vesting on a change in control or a termination of an award holder's employment without cause. In addition, two million nine hundred seventy-seven thousand eight hundred seventy-three (2,977,873) shares of New Common Stock will be available for future distribution under the Long Term Incentive Plan if Class 7 accepts the Plan; provided, however, that if the aggregate enterprise value of Reorganized FairPoint does not equal or exceed \$2.3 billion on or prior to the expiration date of the New Warrants, the aggregate amount of options to purchase New Common Stock that are available for future distribution under the Long Term Incentive Plan will be automatically reduced by six hundred twenty thousand six hundred fifty-one (620,651) shares. In the event that Class 7 does not receive a Distribution under the Plan on account of its claims, three million eighty-one thousand seven hundred forty-three (3,081,743) shares of New Common Stock will be available for future distribution under the Long Term Incentive Plan. Additional information regarding the Success Bonuses and the Long Term Incentive Plan will be provided in the Plan Supplement.

D. KEY EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENTS

1. Hauser Employment Contract

As of June 11, 2009, FairPoint Communications and David L. Hauser entered into an employment agreement (the "<u>Hauser Employment Contract</u>") pursuant to which Mr. Hauser became FairPoint Communications' Chairman and Chief Executive Officer for a term

commencing July 1, 2009 and ending three years later. Under the Hauser Employment Contract, FairPoint Communications agreed to pay Mr. Hauser certain compensation including: (a) an annual salary of \$800,000 (the "Annual Salary"); (b) an annual performance-based cash bonus of up to 200% of his Annual Salary (the "Annual Bonus"); (c) annual long term incentives ranging from 80% to 400% of his Annual Salary (the "Old Equity Awards"); and (d) an inducement award of stock options, restricted stock and performance units at the time he commenced employment (the "Inducement Award"). The Hauser Employment Contract also provides for severance upon Mr. Hauser's signing of a claims release following termination of his employment either by FairPoint without cause or by him for good reason. Such severance would consist primarily of (x) two times the sum of his Annual Salary, target Annual Bonus, and a pro rated portion of the value of the Old Equity Awards for the year of his termination; and (y) accelerated vesting of any stock option, restricted stock awards and performance units.

With respect to Mr. Hauser, the Inducement Awards granted to Mr. Hauser under the Hauser Employment Contract will be replaced with restricted stock and options to purchase shares of New Common Stock as provided in the Hauser Employment Contract. Also pursuant to the Hauser Employment Contract, Mr. Hauser will be a participant in the Long Term Incentive Plan.

2. Other Executive Agreements

FairPoint Communications has entered into separate letter agreements, dated September 21, 2009 with Jeffrey W. Allen; dated September 3, 2008 with Alfred C. Giammarino; dated March 14, 2007 with Shirley J. Linn; dated March 14, 2007 with Peter G. Nixon; and dated June 2, 2004 with Susan L. Sowell.

V. OVERVIEW OF CHAPTER 11 CASES

A. COMMENCEMENT

On October 26, 2009, FairPoint Communications and seventy-nine of its affiliates filed voluntary petitions in the Bankruptcy Court for relief under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code. FairPoint Communications' chapter 11 case bears Case Number 09-16335 (BRL) and is being jointly administered with the Chapter 11 Cases of its affiliated debtors and debtors-in-possession.

B. PARTIES IN INTEREST

1. Court

The Chapter 11 Cases are pending in the Bankruptcy Court before the Honorable Burton R. Lifland, United States Bankruptcy Judge for the Southern District of New York.

2. Advisors to FairPoint

FairPoint retained Paul, Hastings, Janofsky & Walker LLP as its general bankruptcy counsel by order dated November 18, 2009.

FairPoint also retained the following additional advisors:

<u>Rothschild Inc.</u> Rothschild Inc. ("<u>Rothschild</u>") as financial advisor and investment banker by order dated January 11, 2010;

<u>Ernst & Young LLP</u>. Ernst & Young LLP as tax service provider and independent auditor by order dated November 18, 2009;

AlixPartners, LLP as restructuring advisor by order dated November 18, 2009; and

Quinn Emanuel Urquhart Oliver & Hedges LLP. Quinn Emanuel Urquhart Oliver & Hedges LLP as the conflicts counsel for bankruptcy matters by order dated December 11, 2009.

3. Advisors to FairPoint's Prepetition Credit Agreement Lenders

Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent for FairPoint's prepetition secured lenders, is represented by Kaye Scholer LLP and has retained FTI Consulting, Inc. as its financial advisor.

The Prepetition Credit Agreement Lenders are represented by Covington & Burling LLP, as special regulatory counsel, and by Miller Buckfire & Co., LLC as investment banker.

4. Creditors' Committee and its Advisors

On November 10, 2009, the United States Trustee appointed a single committee of unsecured creditors to represent the interests of the unsecured creditors in all eighty of the Chapter 11 Cases. The current membership of the Creditors' Committee is comprised of U.S. Bank National Association, as Indenture Trustee; the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers; the National Exchange Carrier Association, Inc.; Occam Networks, Inc.; and J.C. Zampell Construction, Inc.

The Creditors' Committee retained Andrews Kurth LLP as its general bankruptcy counsel by order dated December 2, 2009.

The Creditors' Committee retained Altman Vilandrie & Company as its Operational Consultant in matters related to Cappemini by order dated January 14, 2010.

The Creditors' Committee retained Jeffries & Company, Inc. as its financial advisor by order dated January 14, 2010.

The Creditors' Committee retained Verrill Dana, LLP as its special regulatory counsel by order dated January 14, 2010.

5. The Ad Hoc Committee of FairPoint's Senior Noteholders

Before the Petition Date, an ad hoc committee of the holders of the Senior Notes was formed to negotiate the terms of a restructuring with FairPoint Communications (the "Ad Hoc

<u>Committee of Senior Noteholders</u>"). The Ad Hoc Committee of Senior Noteholders is comprised of holders, for themselves and on behalf of certain funds and managed accounts, of the Senior Notes.

The Ad Hoc Committee of Senior Noteholders is represented by Stroock & Stroock & Lavan LLP. The Ad Hoc Committee of Senior Noteholders has retained Moelis & Company as its financial advisor.

6. The United States Trustee

The Office of the United States Trustee has assigned Andrew D. Velez-Rivera to oversee the Chapter 11 Cases.

C. FIRST DAY ORDERS

Although FairPoint continues to operate as a debtor and debtor-in-possession, certain transactions outside of the ordinary course of business require the Bankruptcy Court's approval, following notice and the opportunity for a hearing in accordance with the Bankruptcy Code and the Bankruptcy Rules. Accordingly, on the Petition Date, FairPoint requested the entry of specific orders from the Bankruptcy Court authorizing FairPoint to pay certain prepetition claims and to continue specific prepetition practices essential to its continued business operations during the pendency of the Chapter 11 Cases. On October 27, 2009 and October 28, 2009, the Bankruptcy Court granted several "first day" orders concerning various matters related to FairPoint's continued business operations. Included in such "first day" orders were the following:

1. Joint Administration Motion

On the Petition Date, FairPoint filed its Motion for Entry of an Order Directing Joint Administration of Related Chapter 11 Cases (the "Joint Administration Motion") seeking an order directing the joint administration of the Chapter 11 Cases. The Bankruptcy Court granted the Joint Administration Motion by order dated October 27, 2009. Accordingly, FairPoint's Chapter 11 Cases are jointly administered by the Bankruptcy Court.

2. Employee Wage and Benefit Motion

On the Petition Date, FairPoint filed its Motion for Interim and Final Orders Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code Sections 105(a), 363 and 507, (i) Authorizing Debtors to (A) Pay Certain Employee Compensation and Benefits and (B) Maintain and Continue Such Benefits and Other Employee-Related Programs and (ii) Directing Banks to Honor Prepetition Checks for Payment of Prepetition Obligations (the "Employee Wage and Benefit Motion"). In the Employee Wage and Benefit Motion, FairPoint sought an order:

authorizing, but not requiring, FairPoint, in its sole discretion, to pay prepetition claims, honor obligations and continue programs, in the ordinary course of business, relating to:

 (i) wage obligations and independent contractor compensation, (ii) expense reimbursements and (iii) employee benefits;

- authorizing FairPoint to withhold all federal, state and local income taxes as required by applicable law, to pay all employment, unemployment, social security and similar taxes, whether withheld from wages or paid directly by FairPoint to governmental authorities, as well as make other payroll deductions, including, but not limited to, retirement and other employee benefit plan contributions, union dues, garnishments and voluntary deductions; and
- directing all financial institutions to receive, honor, process and pay any and all checks and wire transfers drawn on FairPoint's accounts in satisfaction of such employee obligations.

The Bankruptcy Court granted the Employee Wage and Benefit Motion on an interim basis by order dated October 27, 2009. The Bankruptcy Court granted the Employee Wage and Benefit Motion on a final basis by order dated November 18, 2009.

3. **DIP Financing Motion**

On the Petition Date, FairPoint filed its Motion for Interim and Final Orders to (i) Obtain Postpetition Financing Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code Section 364; (ii) Grant Priming Liens and Superpriority Claims Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code Sections 364(c) and (d); (iii) Provide Adequate Protection to Prepetition Credit Agreement Lenders Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code Sections 361, 362, 363, 364 and (iv) Schedule a Final Hearing Pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 4001 (the "DIP Financing Motion"). Additional information regarding the DIP Financing Motion and DIP Financing is set forth in Section V.C.3 ("Overview of Chapter 11 Cases—First Day Orders—DIP Financing Motion") and Section V.D ("Overview of Chapter 11 Cases—Chapter 11 Financing") of this Disclosure Statement.

4. 503(b)(9) and Reclamation Claims Motion

On the Petition Date, FairPoint filed its Motion for Entry of an Order Establishing Procedures for the Assertion, Resolution and Satisfaction of (i) Bankruptcy Code Section 503(b)(9) and (ii) Reclamation Claims (the "503(b)(9) and Reclamation Claims Motion"). The 503(b)(9) and Reclamation Claims Motion sought an order establishing procedures for the assertion, resolution and satisfaction of (i) any claims arising out of Bankruptcy Code section 503(b)(9) and (ii) any claims arising out of Bankruptcy Code section 546(c). The Bankruptcy Court granted the 503(b)(9) and Reclamation Claims Motion by order dated October 27, 2009. By order of the Bankruptcy Court, all claims arising under Section 503(b)(9) of the Bankruptcy Code were to be filed with and received by BMC Group, Inc., FairPoint's claims agent, no later than January 25, 2010.

5. Shipping and Mechanics Lien Motion

On the Petition Date, FairPoint filed its Motion for Entry of Interim and Final Orders Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code Sections 105(a) and 363(b) Authorizing Payment of Certain Prepetition (i) Shipping and Delivery Charges for Goods in Transit and (ii) Mechanic's Lien Charges (the "Shipping and Mechanics Lien Motion") seeking an order:

- authorizing, but not directing, FairPoint to pay prepetition shipping and delivery charges to shippers and warehousemen that FairPoint determines, in the exercise of its business judgment, to be necessary or appropriate to obtain the release of cables, wires, components, materials, parts, certain finished goods, machinery, equipment and other property held or in transit and to satisfy the liens, if any, in respect thereof;
- authorizing FairPoint to pay mechanics and discharge the liens, if any, that such mechanics may have on FairPoint's property; and
- authorizing and directing all banks and other financial institutions on which checks are
 drawn or electronic funds are transferred with respect to shipping and warehousing
 charges, or mechanic's lien charges, to receive, process, honor and pay any and all such
 checks or electronic transfers, whether such checks or transfers were issued before or
 after the Petition Date, upon the receipt by each such bank of notice of such authorization
 without further order of the Bankruptcy Court.

The Bankruptcy Court granted the Shipping and Mechanics Lien Motion by order dated October 27, 2009.

6. Customer Programs Motion

On the Petition Date, FairPoint filed its Motion for Entry of Interim and Final Orders Authorizing Debtors to Honor Certain Prepetition Obligations to Customers and to Otherwise Continue Certain Customer Programs and Practices in the Ordinary Course of Business (the "Customer Programs Motion"). In the Customer Programs Motion, FairPoint sought an order authorizing it to honor certain of its prepetition obligations and pay certain of its prepetition claims arising in the ordinary course of business under its customer practices and programs, which include, but are not limited to, bundled packages, promotional offers, credit adjustments and other marketing programs. The Bankruptcy Court granted the Customer Programs Motion on an interim basis by order dated October 27, 2009. The Bankruptcy Court granted the Customer Programs Motion on a final basis by order dated November 18, 2009.

7. NOL Motion

On the Petition Date, FairPoint filed its Motion for Entry of Interim and Final Orders Under Bankruptcy Code Section 105(a) Establishing Notification and Hearing Procedures for Transfers of Common Stock (the "NOL Motion") seeking an order establishing notification and hearing procedures to be satisfied before certain transfers of common stock in FairPoint Communications or of any beneficial ownership thereof are deemed effective and ordering that any purchase, sale or other transfer of common stock in violation of such procedures be void *ab initio*. The Bankruptcy Court granted the NOL Motion on an interim basis by order dated October 27, 2009. The Bankruptcy Court granted the NOL Motion on a final basis by order dated November 18, 2009.

8. Cash Management System Motion

On the Petition Date, FairPoint filed its Motion for Entry of Interim and Final Orders Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code Sections 105(a), 345(b), 363(c) and 364(a) (i) Authorizing Debtors to (A) Continue to Use Existing Cash Management System and (B) Maintain Existing Bank Accounts and Business Forms and (ii) Waiving Requirements of Bankruptcy Code Section 345(b) (the "Cash Management System Motion") seeking an order:

- authorizing FairPoint to continue to use, with the same account numbers, all of the bank accounts in its cash management system; authorizing FairPoint to treat such bank accounts for all purposes as accounts of FairPoint as debtors-in-possession;
- authorizing FairPoint to open new debtor-in-possession accounts, if needed; authorizing
 FairPoint to use all correspondence and business forms (including, without limitation,
 letterhead, purchase orders and invoices) and other documents related to the bank
 accounts existing immediately before the Petition Date, without reference to its status as
 debtors-in-possession; and
- authorizing FairPoint to maintain its existing investment practices in the ordinary course of business, notwithstanding the provisions of section 345 of the Bankruptcy Code.

The Bankruptcy Court granted the Cash Management System Motion on an interim basis by order dated October 27, 2009. The Bankruptcy Court granted the Cash Management System Motion on a final basis by order dated November 18, 2009.

9. Tax Motion

On the Petition Date, FairPoint filed its Motion for Entry of Interim and Final Orders Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code Sections 363(b), 507(a)(8), 541 and 105(a), Authorizing Debtors to Pay Prepetition Taxes and Fees (the "<u>Tax Motion</u>"). In the Tax Motion, FairPoint sought an order: authorizing FairPoint to pay general sales, use and excise taxes in the ordinary course of business that accrued or arose before the Petition Date; and authorizing FairPoint to pay permit, licensing, regulatory and franchise fees that accrued or arose before the Petition Date in the ordinary course of business.

The Bankruptcy Court granted the Tax Motion on an interim basis by order dated October 27, 2009. The Bankruptcy Court granted the Tax Motion on a final basis by order dated November 18, 2009.

10. Insurance Motion

On the Petition Date, FairPoint filed its Motion for Entry of Interim and Final Orders Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code Sections 363(b), 503(b), 105(a), Bankruptcy Rules 6003 and 6004 (i) Authorizing Debtors to (a) Continue Workers Compensation Program and Liability, Product, Property and Other Insurance Programs and (b) Pay all Obligations with Respect Thereof and (ii) Authorizing and Directing Financial Institutions to Honor and Process Checks and Transfers Related to Such Obligations (the "Insurance Motion"). In the Insurance Motion, FairPoint sought an order:

- authorizing FairPoint to continue, in its sole discretion, its workers' compensation program and its general liability, auto liability, property, professional liability, fiduciary liability, directors' and officers' liability and other insurance programs;
- authorizing FairPoint to pay, in its sole discretion, all undisputed prepetition obligations for insurance programs, including premiums, deductibles and other fees and costs related thereto;
- authorizing and directing the financial institutions with which FairPoint maintains disbursement accounts to receive, honor, process and pay, to the extent of funds on deposit, any and all checks drawn or electronic fund transfers that FairPoint requests pertaining to insurance programs or insurance obligations; and
- authorizing FairPoint to modify the automatic stay imposed pursuant to section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code for the sole purpose of allowing employees to proceed with claims under the workers' compensation program.

The Bankruptcy Court granted the Insurance Motion on an interim basis by order dated October 27, 2009. The Bankruptcy Court granted the Insurance Motion on a final basis by order dated November 18, 2009.

D. CHAPTER 11 FINANCING

On October 26, 2009, FairPoint, as debtor-in-possession, filed its DIP Financing Motion. The DIP Financing Motion requested the Bankruptcy Court's approval to enter into a revolving credit facility in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$75 million, of which up to \$30 million is also available in the form of one or more letters of credit that may be issued to third parties for the account of FairPoint (the "DIP Financing").

In connection therewith, FairPoint Communications and FairPoint Logistics, Inc. (collectively, the "<u>DIP Borrowers</u>") entered into the DIP Credit Agreement with certain financial institutions and the DIP Agent. On October 28, 2009, the Bankruptcy Court entered the Interim Order Under Bankruptcy Code Sections 105, 361, 362, 363, 364(c)(1), 364(c)(2), 364(c)(3), 364(d)(1) and 364(e) and Bankruptcy Rules 2002, 4001 and 9014 (i) Authorizing Debtors to Obtain Postpetition Financing, (ii) Authorizing Debtors to Use Prepetition Collateral, (iii) Granting Adequate Protection to Prepetition Secured Parties and (iv) Scheduling Final Hearing (the "Interim DIP Order"). The Interim DIP Order authorized the DIP Borrowers to enter into the DIP Financing and to draw immediately upon the DIP Credit Agreement on an interim basis in an aggregate amount of \$20 million. The obligations of the DIP Borrowers under the DIP Credit Agreement, which became effective by its terms on October 30, 2009, are secured by the assets of the DIP Borrowers and certain of FairPoint Communications' subsidiaries as set forth in the DIP Security Agreement and the DIP Pledge Agreement (each as defined herein).

Pursuant to the Debtor-in-Possession Subsidiary Guaranty, dated October 30, 2009, each of Berkshire Cellular, Inc., Berkshire Net, Inc., Berkshire New York Access, Inc., C & E Communications, Ltd., Comerco, Inc., Commtel Communications Inc., C-R Communications, Inc., C-R Long Distance, Inc., El Paso Long Distance Company, EllTel Long Distance Corp.,

FairPoint Broadband, Inc., FairPoint Carrier Services, Inc., FairPoint Communications Solutions Corp.—Virginia, Fremont Broadband, LLC, Fretel Communications, LLC, Germantown Long Distance Company, GIT-Cell, Inc., GITCO Sales, Inc., GTC Communications, Inc., GTC Finance Corporation, MJD Services Corp., MJD Ventures, Inc., Orwell Communications, Inc., Peoples Mutual Long Distance Company, Peoples Mutual Services Company, Quality One Technologies, Inc., Ravenswood Communications, Inc., S T Computer Resources, Inc., S T Enterprises, Ltd., Taconic Technology Corp., Telephone Service Company, UI Communications, Inc., UI Telecom, Inc., Unite Communications Systems, Inc., Utilities, Inc. and Yates City Telephone Company (collectively, the "DIP Guarantors") has jointly and severally guaranteed the payment of all fees, obligations, liabilities and indebtedness of the DIP Borrowers under the DIP Financing.

The DIP Borrowers and the DIP Guarantors (collectively, the "<u>DIP Grantors</u>") executed a Debtor-in-Possession Security Agreement (the "<u>DIP Security Agreement</u>"), pursuant to which each DIP Grantor granted to Bank of America, N.A., as collateral agent for the secured parties identified therein (the "<u>DIP Collateral Agent</u>"), a security interest in all of the assets of such DIP Grantor other than (a) the Pledge Agreement Collateral (as defined herein); (b) any causes of action of such DIP Grantor arising under chapter 5 of the Bankruptcy Code; and (c) any FCC licenses and authorizations by state regulatory authorities to the extent that such DIP Grantor is prohibited from granting a lien and security interest therein pursuant to applicable law.

Additionally, each of the DIP Borrowers, MJD Ventures, Inc., MJD Services Corp., S T Enterprises, Ltd., FairPoint Carrier Services, Inc., FairPoint Broadband, Inc., Enhanced Communications of Northern New England Inc., Utilities, Inc., C-R Communications, Inc., Comerco, Inc., GTC Communications, Inc., St. Joe Communications, Inc., Ravenswood Communications, Inc., Unite Communications Systems, Inc. and Berkshire Cellular, Inc. (collectively, the "DIP Pledgors") executed a Debtor-in-Possession Pledge Agreement (the "DIP Pledge Agreement"), pursuant to which each DIP Pledgor pledged to the DIP Collateral Agent, a security interest in 100% of the equity interests and promissory notes owned by such DIP Pledgor and all proceeds arising therefrom, including cash dividends and distributions, subject to certain exceptions and qualifications (the "Pledge Agreement Collateral").

On March 11, 2010, the Bankruptcy Court entered a final order approving the DIP Financing Motion, pursuant to which the DIP Borrowers were granted access to the full amount of the DIP Financing, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the DIP Credit Agreement and the related orders of the Bankruptcy Court.

Pursuant to the order of the Bankruptcy Court, the Prepetition Credit Agreement Lenders received protection in the form of: (a) replacement liens in all collateral that secures the Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims and adequate protection liens on all collateral securing the DIP Financing, which liens are junior to the liens of the lenders under the DIP Financing; (b) a super-priority administrative expense claim under section 507(b) of the Bankruptcy Code that is junior to the claims of the lenders under the DIP Financing; and (c) current cash payment of all fees and reasonable professional fees and expenses payable to the administrative agent under the Prepetition Credit Agreement.

E. MATERIAL LITIGATION AND POTENTIAL LITIGATION

FairPoint is involved in litigation arising in the normal course of business and also in connection with the Chapter 11 Cases. The outcome of this litigation is not expected to have a material impact on the terms, conditions or contemplated recoveries under the Plan.

The Creditors' Committee has advised FairPoint that it believes, based upon its preliminary investigations, that the Merger of Spinco and FairPoint Communications gives rise to material fraudulent transfer claims against Verizon and others. The Creditors' Committee actively seeks prosecution of these claims for the benefit of creditors. The foregoing summarizes the position of the Creditors' Committee based upon its preliminary investigations and is not meant to constitute a complete description of potential claims arising out of the Merger.

FairPoint, together with its advisors, has undertaken a preliminary analysis of these issues. Generally, a transfer (including the incurrence of an obligation) may be avoided as a "fraudulent transfer" where a debtor did not receive "reasonably equivalent value" in exchange for such transfer and the debtor was insolvent at the time the transfer was made. See 11 U.S.C. § 548. FairPoint and Reorganized FairPoint have not yet reached a final conclusion on the merits of such an action. The Plan does not contain a release of such Claims against Verizon.

F. OTHER MATERIAL INFORMATION

1. PUC Negotiations

(i) New Hampshire

After extensive negotiations with the Staff Advocates, FairPoint and the Staff Advocates have agreed to the settlement, which is an exhibit to the Plan (the "New Hampshire Regulatory Settlement"). The New Hampshire Regulatory Settlement sets forth changes to the NH 2008 Order (as defined below). The New Hampshire Regulatory Settlement, which is subject to the approval of the New Hampshire PUC, provides for, among other things, the following:

Service Quality Requirements:

- FairPoint will commit to meet the broadband build out and capital investment requirements and continue operating under the SQI service quality program of the January 23, 2008 Settlement agreement (the "NH 2008 Settlement") among Verizon, FairPoint and the staff of the New Hampshire Public Utilities Commission (the "NHPUC") and Order No. 24,823 in Docket DT 07-011 (the "NH 2008 Order") subject to modifications described in the New Hampshire Regulatory Settlement.
- Service quality penalties for 2009 will be deferred until December 31, 2010. If FairPoint meets specified service levels on average in five performance areas over the twelve calendar months in 2010, the 2009 penalties will be waived. If FairPoint meets the service objectives for some but not all of these five performance areas, the penalties will

be reduced by 20% for each performance area specified for which FairPoint meets specified service levels on average over the 12 calendar months in 2010.

Broadband Commitments:

- FairPoint has agreed to adhere to the broadband coverage commitments prescribed in the NH 2008 Order; however, certain broadband build-out commitments with a deadline of April 1, 2010 are extended to December 31, 2010.
- FairPoint confirmed its commitment to spend a total of at least \$56.4 million on its New Hampshire broadband build-out.
- FairPoint will have the option to resell terrestrial (non-satellite) based service providers' broadband service offerings in order to fulfill FairPoint's broadband build out and/or service requirements with respect to the last eight percent (8%) of FairPoint's broadband availability requirements as contained within the NH 2008 Settlement, provided that the services meet or exceed all requirements of the NH 2008 Order, and the resold services are purchased through and serviced by FairPoint.
- Pricing restrictions regarding stand-alone DSL service will terminate on April 1, 2011; provided, however, that FairPoint will continue to honor the "for life" pricing that Verizon had offered to certain customers.
- The first \$500,000 of any penalty amounts resulting from any failure to meet broadband commitments will be paid to the New Hampshire Telecommunications Planning and Development Fund. Any penalties above \$500,000 will be invested within three years of the date of the penalty as additional expenditures for FairPoint's network, subject to NHPUC approval.

Expenditure Commitments:

- FairPoint reconfirmed its commitment to spend \$285.4 million in capital expenditures through March 31, 2013, of which \$157.6 million has been spent through December 31, 2009 (subject to verification through a reconciliation of FairPoint's New Hampshire capital expenditures to the consolidated capital expenditures in its 2009 consolidated financial statements).
- FairPoint will reduce its \$65 million "other expenditure" commitment by \$10 million and to reallocate the \$10 million to recurring maintenance capital expenditures to be spent on or before March 31, 2013. (This \$10 million increases the \$285.4 million capital expenditure commitment to \$295.4 million.)
- FairPoint may further reduce its \$65 million "other expenditure" commitment by any amount exceeding \$56.4 million as needed to achieve 95% broadband availability and are actually expended, up to \$10.5 million.

- FairPoint may further reduce its \$65 million "other expenditure" commitment by \$4.5 million of capital expenditures already expended in excess of amounts estimated to develop FairPoint's next generation network.
- FairPoint will have from April 1, 2010 to March 31, 2015 to meet whatever "other expenditure" commitment remains after the preceding reductions, which will be spent on "network enhancing activities."

Financial Commitments:

• Certain of the financial conditions of the NH 2008 Settlement and the NH 2008 Order are replaced by the terms of the New Hampshire Regulatory Settlement and are satisfied or rendered moot by the debt reductions resulting from the Plan.

Management Commitments:

- FairPoint's New Board will consist of a supermajority of newly appointed independent directors. At least one member of the New Board will reside in northern New England.
- The New Board will appoint a "regulatory sub-committee" that will monitor compliance with the terms of the NH 2008 Order, as modified by the New Hampshire Regulatory Settlement, and all other regulatory matters involving the States of Vermont, New Hampshire and Maine.
- FairPoint will maintain a state president who will provide a senior regulatory presence in New Hampshire and is able to reasonably respond to various future FairPoint-based NHPUC dockets or regulatory issues relating to telecommunications.
- FairPoint has agreed to continue its search for a Chief Information Officer with a goal of having a Chief Information Officer in place by June 30, 2010.
- FairPoint has agreed that any management bonuses will be based on a combination of EBITDAR (EBITDA plus restructuring costs) and service metrics goals and the weighting for each of these categories will be computed and clearly stated for the incentive and bonus plans for each individual and for the FairPoint in total.

Other:

- FairPoint will reimburse the State of New Hampshire for its costs and expenses in the Chapter 11 Cases.
- FairPoint will not agree with Maine or Vermont to materially different terms taken as a whole pertaining to the Plan, or, if applicable, to any related approval for a change in control without first offering them to the Staff Advocates.

- During the first two years following the Effective Date of the Plan, FairPoint is barred from paying dividends if FairPoint is in material breach of the New Hampshire Regulatory Settlement.
- FairPoint intends for the New Term Loan and the New Revolver to contain substantially the same material terms and conditions as contained in the Plan. In addition, Northern New England Telephone Operations LLC will not guarantee or otherwise be liable for, nor will any of its assets be mortgaged or pledged (excluding only the membership interests of Telephone Operating Company of Vermont LLC) to secure the obligations of FairPoint under the New Term Loan and the New Revolver.
- In a separate memorandum of understanding, the New Hampshire Office of the Consumer Advocate has agreed not to oppose the New Hampshire Regulatory Settlement.

FairPoint will seek approval of the New Hampshire Regulatory Settlement in connection with the confirmation of the Plan.

The foregoing summary of the New Hampshire Regulatory Settlement is qualified in its entirety by reference to the full text of the New Hampshire Regulatory Settlement which is filed as an exhibit to the Plan.

(ii) Vermont

After extensive negotiations with the DPS, FairPoint and the DPS have agreed to the settlement which is an exhibit to the Plan (the "Vermont Regulatory Settlement"). The Vermont Regulatory Settlement sets forth changes to the VT 2008 Order (as defined below). The DPS will use reasonably practicable efforts to request that the Vermont Public Service Board (the "Vermont Board") approve the terms of the settlement proposed by the Vermont Regulatory Settlement. The Vermont Regulatory Settlement provides for, among other things, the following:

Service Quality Requirements:

- In general, all of the service quality programs contained in the January 8, 2008 settlement agreement among Verizon, FairPoint and the DPS (the "VT 2008 Settlement") and the February 15, 2008 Order RE: MODIFIED PROPOSAL IN Docket Number 7270 (the "VT 2008 Order") will remain in place subject to the modifications described in the Vermont Regulatory Settlement.
- Service quality penalties for 2008 and 2009 will be deferred until December 31, 2010. If FairPoint meets specified service objectives on average in ten performance areas over the twelve calendar months in 2010, the 2008 and 2009 penalties will be waived. If FairPoint meets the service objectives for some but not all of these ten performance areas, the penalties will be reduced by 10% for each performance area specified for which FairPoint meets specified service levels on average over the 12 calendar months in 2010.

Broadband Commitments:

- FairPoint has agreed to adhere to the broadband milestone penalties prescribed in the 2008 Order; however, the broadband build-out milestone penalties will not be enforced prior to June 30, 2011, provided that FairPoint files a broadband permitting and construction plan with an appropriate regulatory body by May 1, 2010, files all necessary permit applications by October 1, 2010, and undertakes commercially practicable efforts to implement the plan. The broadband permitting and construction plan will at a minimum identify tower sites and set a schedule for permitting and construction.
- FairPoint will undertake to deploy broadband services to 95% of all access lines in those exchanges that have been identified for 100% broadband availability in the VT 2008 Order (the "100% Exchanges") by June 30, 2011. With respect to the remaining 5% of lines in the 100% Exchanges, FairPoint will deploy broadband to any requesting customer using an extended service interval of 90 days from the date of the receipt of the order from the customer, provided such order is made no sooner than June 30, 2011. Failure to meet such requirements will require FairPoint to waive certain service charges.
- FairPoint also will request that the Board authorize FairPoint to use Federal High Cost Universal Service Funds ("<u>USF</u>") for three consecutive years to upgrade plant and infrastructure in the 100% Exchanges, in order to improve FairPoint's service quality and network reliability. If the Board authorizes FairPoint to use the USF, and to the extent permitted by FCC rules, FairPoint will invest the USF in network infrastructure that will support the deployment of broadband services to an additional 5% of access lines on a timeline that varies depending on the date of the Board's authorization.
- FairPoint will have the option to resell terrestrial (non-satellite) based service providers' broadband service offerings in order to fulfill FairPoint's broadband build out and/or service requirements as contained in the VT 2008 Order, provided that the services meet or exceed all requirements of the VT 2008 Order as modified by the Vermont Regulatory Settlement, and the resold services are purchased through and serviced by FairPoint.
- Penalty amounts resulting from any failure to meet broadband deployment requirements will be managed by FairPoint with funds deposited into an escrow fund, which will reimburse FairPoint for costs incurred for additional network projects completed within 18 months of the date of the penalty, subject to the approval of DPS.

Capital Investment Commitments:

• FairPoint will meet the capital investment requirements of the VT 2008 Order.

Financial Commitments:

• Certain of the financial conditions of the VT 2008 Settlement and the VT 2008 Order are replaced by the terms of the Vermont Regulatory Settlement and are satisfied or rendered moot by the debt reductions resulting from the Plan.

Management Commitments:

- FairPoint's New Board will consist of a supermajority of newly appointed independent directors. At least one member of the New Board will reside in northern New England.
- The New Board will appoint a "regulatory sub-committee" that will monitor compliance with the terms of the VT 2008 Order, as modified by the Vermont Regulatory Settlement, and all other regulatory matters involving the States of Vermont, New Hampshire and Maine.
- FairPoint will maintain a state president who will provide a senior regulatory presence in Vermont and be able to reasonably respond to various future FairPoint-based dockets or regulatory issues relating to telecommunications.
- FairPoint has agreed to continue its search for a Chief Information Officer with a goal of having a Chief Information Officer in place by June 30, 2010.
- FairPoint has agreed that any management bonuses will be based on a combination of EBITDAR (EBITDA plus restructuring costs) and service metrics goals and the weighting for each of these categories will be computed and clearly stated for the incentive and bonus plans for each individual and for the FairPoint in total.

Other:

- FairPoint will reimburse the State of Vermont for its costs and expenses in the Chapter 11 Cases.
- FairPoint will not agree with Maine or New Hampshire to materially different terms taken as a whole pertaining to the Plan or, if applicable, to any related approval for a change in control without first offering them to the DPS and/or Vermont Board.
- During the first two years following the Effective Date of the Plan, FairPoint is barred from paying dividends if FairPoint is in material breach of the settlement described on the Vermont Regulatory Settlement.
- Contingent on FairPoint's compliance with the terms of the Vermont Regulatory Settlement and other applicable laws, DPS will request that the proceeding in Docket 7540, regarding revocation or modification of FairPoint's Certificate of Common Good, be terminated and the docket closed.

The Vermont Regulatory Settlement is conditioned on DPS receiving and finding acceptable a business plan demonstrating FairPoint's ability to meet its obligations under the Vermont Regulatory Settlement and its feasibility to operate as a going concern over the long term in a manner consistent with Vermont utility regulation.

FairPoint will seek approval of the settlement described on the Vermont Regulatory Settlement in connection with the confirmation of the Plan.

The foregoing summary of the Vermont Regulatory Settlement is qualified in its entirety by reference to the full text of the Vermont Regulatory Settlement which is filed as an exhibit to the Plan.

(iii) Maine

In connection with obtaining the necessary regulatory approvals required to effectuate the Merger, FairPoint entered into stipulations with parties in the various proceedings before the PUC in Maine. These stipulations provide, in part, that if FairPoint's service quality fails to meet certain benchmarks under a Service Quality Index ("SQI"), then FairPoint must provide a billing credit to its customers (the "SQI Payment").

On October 15, 2009, FairPoint filed a request with the MPUC, seeking to extend the date for making the initial SQI Payment established by the MPUC for the 2008-2009 SQI year. The day after the Petition Date, October 27, 2009, the MPUC issued an order denying FairPoint's request to defer the SQI Payment for 2008-2009. The MPUC further determined that the full amount of the SQI Payment for the 2008-2009 SQI year was \$8,031,511 and that such amount must be paid in twelve monthly installments, beginning in December 2009. The MPUC then directed that "within five days after the date of this Order, FairPoint will file rate schedules in compliance with this Order."

On October 30, 2009, and in light of the commencement of these Chapter 11 Cases, FairPoint filed a request with the MPUC seeking a 21-day extension for any mandatory filing and appearance requirements or deadlines applicable to any FairPoint utility in Maine that would have occurred during the period from October 26, 2009 through November 23, 2009. After noting the filing of these Chapter 11 Cases and the imposition of the automatic stay under section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code, FairPoint requested that the MPUC stay its SQI filing requirements. On November 3, 2009, the MPUC declined this request and instead directed FairPoint to file requests for extensions of time on a case-by-case basis.

On the same date, and as directed by the MPUC's November 3 order, FairPoint filed a specific request for an extension of the deadline to file its SQI schedules. In that request, FairPoint again cited the Bankruptcy Code's automatic stay. On November 9, 2009, the MPUC Hearing Examiner, under authority delegated by the MPUC, denied FairPoint's request, restating that the schedule was due on November 3, 2009 and stating that the schedule should therefore be filed immediately.

On November 25, 2009, the MPUC announced via email that it would hold deliberations for consideration of FairPoint's filing of an SQI schedule in a new docket to be opened by the MPUC. Prior to this date, FairPoint had no knowledge and was given no formal notice that the MPUC intended to open this docket and to place this item on its agenda. Later that day, and to enable discussions between FairPoint and MPUC representatives to continue in a constructive manner, FairPoint requested that the MPUC defer any action at that time.

On November 30, 2009, the MPUC met regarding FairPoint's SQI schedule. The MPUC subsequently issued an order requiring FairPoint to begin making the SQI Payment to customers by December 1, 2009. In addition, the November 30 Order stated that FairPoint should include a

statement on each customer bill that the SQI Payment is a "REBATE FOR BELOW-STANDARD SERVICE QUALITY".

On December 2, 2009, FairPoint filed an Emergency Motion in the Bankruptcy Court for an Order Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code Sections 105(a) and 362(a) Compelling the State of Maine Public Utilities Commission to Comply with an October 27, 2009 Stay Order of the Bankruptcy Court (the "Motion to Compel"). In the Motion to Compel, FairPoint requested that the Bankruptcy Court enter an order compelling the MPUC to comply with the automatic stay and cease attempts to impose additional penalties upon FairPoint for failure to make the SQI Payment. On December 3, 2009, the Bankruptcy Court entered an Order to Show Cause setting December 9, 2009, as the hearing date on the Motion to Compel.

Subsequently, FairPoint and the MPUC agreed to adjourn the hearing on the Motion to Compel to January 12, 2010. On January 12, 2010, the Bankruptcy Court adjourned the hearing on the Motion to Compel to February 3, 2010 and directed FairPoint and the MPUC to attend mediation. The parties attended mediation on January 26 and February 1, 2010. On February 3, 2010, the Bankruptcy Court adjourned the hearing on the Motion to Compel to February 9, 2010.

After extensive negotiations with a representative appointed by the MPUC and with the Maine Office of the Public Advocate (together, the "Maine Regulatory Parties"), FairPoint reached agreement with the Maine Regulatory Parties on a settlement which is an exhibit to the Plan (the "Maine Regulatory Settlement"). The Maine Regulatory Settlement sets forth changes to the 2008 Merger Order (as defined below). The Maine Regulatory Settlement, which is subject to the approval of the MPUC, provides for, among other things, the following:

General:

• FairPoint will comply with the MPUC's February 1, 2008 Order issued in Docket Nos. 2007-67 and 2005-155, and all stipulations approved thereby (the "2008 Merger Order"), subject to certain exceptions for the reimbursement of claims of third parties, which the Maine Regulatory Parties will recommend remain subject to applicable bankruptcy law, and subject further to certain revisions to the provisions in the 2008 Merger Order regarding, among other things, broadband buildout, capital investment and the SQI program.

Service Quality:

FairPoint and the MPUC agree to submit a joint consent order to the Bankruptcy Court
which provides for the implementation of the SQI rebates for the 2008-2009 SQI year
starting in March 2010, subject to FairPoint's right to credit such rebates against future
service quality rebates that are required to be paid by FairPoint, in the event the
Regulatory Settlement is not approved by the MPUC and the Bankruptcy Court
subsequently enters an injunction against payment of rebates for the 2008-2009 SQI year.

Broadband:

- The deadline for FairPoint's initial 83% broadband buildout requirement will be extended from April 1, 2010 to December 31, 2010. An additional interim broadband buildout requirement of 85% is established with a July 31, 2012 deadline, and the final broadband buildout requirement with a March 31, 2013 deadline, will be reduced from 90% to 87%. However, if FairPoint fails to meet these requirements, FairPoint shall be required to achieve 90% broadband buildout by March 31, 2014. If FairPoint meets the 87% requirement by March 31, 2013, FairPoint will contribute \$100,000 to the ConnectME Authority on July 1, 2013. FairPoint also agrees that by March 31, 2013, it will achieve broadband buildout of 82% for lines in UNE Zone 3.
- In meeting its broadband buildout requirements beyond 85%, FairPoint may resell the broadband service offerings of other non-satellite providers in order to meet its buildout and/or service requirements, provided that the services meet or exceed all requirements of the 2008 Merger Order, the resold services are purchased through and serviced by FairPoint, and the MPUC Staff approves the provider(s). The MPUC Staff's approval may not be unreasonably withheld and if the MPUC Staff does not deny within 30 calendar days FairPoint's request to resell the services of a particular provider, FairPoint's request will be approved automatically.
- The Maine Regulatory Parties will recommend that, effective January 1, 2011, the MPUC rescind the requirement in the 2008 Merger Order that requires FairPoint to price its broadband services at uniform statewide rates, provided that during the subsequent two-year period FairPoint's prices for broadband services do not exceed 120% of the prices of equivalent services provided in FairPoint's "classic" or "legacy" service regions, which are the regions in Maine in which FairPoint provided telephone service prior to the issuance of the 2008 Merger Order.

Financial:

• The Maine Representative will recommend that the MPUC find that the financial conditions in the 2008 Merger Order are replaced by the terms of the Maine Regulatory Settlement, are satisfied or have been rendered moot by the debt reductions resulting from the Plan. The Maine Regulatory Parties will recommend that the MPUC not impose financial covenants in addition to those imposed in any loan or credit agreements executed by FairPoint in connection with the Plan.

Management:

- FairPoint's New Board will consist of a supermajority of newly appointed independent directors. At least one member of the New Board will reside in northern New England.
- The New Board will appoint a "regulatory sub-committee" that will monitor compliance with the terms of the 2008 Merger Order, as modified by the Maine Regulatory Settlement, and all other regulatory matters involving the States of Vermont, New Hampshire and Maine.

- FairPoint will continue its search for a Chief Information Officer with a goal of having a Chief Information Officer in place by June 30, 2010.
- FairPoint has agreed that any management bonuses will be based on a combination of EBITDAR (EBITDA plus restructuring costs) and service metrics, and that the weighting for each of these categories will be computed and clearly stated for the incentive and bonus plans for each individual and for FairPoint in total, and that, once established, FairPoint will disclose such service metrics to the Maine Regulatory Parties.

Other:

- FairPoint will reimburse the Maine Regulatory Parties for actual, reasonable costs and expenses in the Chapter 11 Cases.
- FairPoint will not agree with the Staff of the NHPUC, the New Hampshire Office of the Consumer Advocate, or the DPS to materially different terms taken as a whole pertaining to the Plan, or, if applicable, to any related approval for a change in control without also offering them to the Maine Regulatory Parties.
- The Maine Regulatory Parties will file a proposed schedule for the MPUC approval process, which shall provide that approval of the Maine Regulatory Settlement and any change of control will be ripe for MPUC decision within 90 days of the filing by FairPoint of the application for approval.
- FairPoint, the MPUC and Maine Regulatory Parties reserve their legal rights and arguments regarding legal issues related to the jurisdiction of the MPUC and the Bankruptcy Court.

FairPoint expects to seek approval of the Maine Regulatory Settlement in connection with the confirmation of the Plan.

The foregoing summary of the Maine Regulatory Settlement is qualified in its entirety by reference to the full text of the Maine Regulatory Settlement which is filed as an exhibit to the Plan.

2. Union Negotiations

Northern New England Telephone Operations LLC and Telephone Operating Company of Vermont LLC d/b/a FairPoint Communications are party to two collective bargaining agreements ("CBAs") with locals of two major unions, the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers and the Communications Workers of America. Prior to the acquisition of the NNE Operations, a number of subsidiaries of FairPoint Communications had a much smaller number of unionized employees and did not have significant liabilities arising under its CBAs. As such, FairPoint has not historically faced large-scale labor issues in the operation of its businesses.

With the acquisition of the NNE Operations, Northern New England Telephone Operations LLC and Telephone Operating Company of Vermont LLC entered into CBAs, which became effective on April 1, 2008 and would have expired by their terms on August 3, 2013. These agreements cover the majority of FairPoint's represented employees in Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont. Approximately 2,000 of these employees are represented by the IBEW and approximately 300 of these employees are represented by the CWA.

FairPoint Communications initiated discussions with the NNE Unions during the summer of 2009 in order to advise them of the financial issues confronting FairPoint Communications and to seek their support and cooperation in making adjustments to the CBAs in order to assist FairPoint Communications in addressing those financial issues. Those discussions continued following the filing of the Chapter 11 Cases, concluding in a 2010 Memorandum of Understanding (the "Labor MOU") signed by the parties on February 1, 2010. The Labor MOU is subject to membership ratification and Bankruptcy Court approval, both of which will be sought promptly. The Labor MOU provides for (1) a one year extension of the term of the CBAs, to August 2, 2014; (2) cancellation of a 3% wage increase previously scheduled for August 2010, to be replaced by a 3% wage increase in August 2013; (3) elimination of a minimum payment under the corporate profit sharing program and the adoption of the profit sharing methodology applied for FairPoint Communications' non-union employees which provides for a greater level of profit sharing if the Company meets or exceeds its financial objectives and a lower level of profit sharing if FairPoint Communications fails to do so; (4) creation of a joint labor-management committee, the Joint Committee on Operational Effectiveness, which will work with professional facilitators to identify opportunities to achieve a goal of \$25 million per year reduction in FairPoint Communications' operating costs; (5) a mutual release of claims by FairPoint Communications and the Unions; and (6) the authorization for FairPoint Communications to pay matching contributions under its 401K plan in stock rather than cash.

G. STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL AFFAIRS AND SCHEDULES OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

FairPoint Communications, and each of its affiliated debtors, filed their Statement of Financial Affairs and Schedules of Assets and Liabilities (the "Schedules") on January 29, 2010. The Schedules reflect the assets and liabilities of FairPoint Communications and each of its affiliated debtors.

H. ACCOUNTING MATTER

On February 23, 2010, FairPoint filed a Current Report on Form 8-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Form 8-K"), disclosing that FairPoint's management, with the concurrence of the audit committee of FairPoint Communications' board of directors, concluded that FairPoint should file amendments to its Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the quarterly periods ended March 31, 2009, June 30, 2009 and September 30, 2009 (collectively, the "2009 Quarterly Reports") to restate the interim consolidated financial statements (the "2009 Interim Consolidated Financial Statements") contained in the 2009 Quarterly Reports, and that the 2009 Interim Consolidated Financial Statements, as well as FairPoint's previously issued earnings releases for the periods covered by the 2009 Quarterly Reports, should no longer be relied upon because of an accounting issue described in the Form 8-K.

FairPoint estimates that the accounting issue and certain billing adjustments described in the Form 8-K will result in an aggregate reduction of FairPoint's previously reported revenues for the nine month period ended September 30, 2009 of approximately 3%. FairPoint believes that this accounting issue and these billing adjustments will not require any changes to the Projections contained herein. FairPoint will update this disclosure as a part of the Plan Supplement.

I. FILING DEADLINE FOR PREPETITION CLAIMS

On January 28, 2010, FairPoint filed its Motion for Order Establishing Deadline and Procedures for Filing Proofs of Claim and Approving Manner of Notice Thereof (the "Bar Date Motion") seeking an order: (a) establishing March 18, 2010 at 5:00 p.m. (Eastern Time) as the general deadline for filing proofs of Claims (the "Bar Date") subject to certain enumerated exceptions in the Bankruptcy Court's order granting the Bar Date Motion; (b) approving the proposed form of proofs of claim; and (c) approving proposed procedures for notifying creditors of the Bar Date. The Bankruptcy Court granted the Bar Date Motion by order dated February 4, 2010.

VI. SUMMARY OF PLAN OF REORGANIZATION

A. PAYMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE CLAIMS, PRIORITY TAX CLAIMS AND OTHER UNCLASSIFIED CLAIMS

1. Administrative Expense Claims

Administrative Expense Claims include any right to payment constituting a cost or expense of administration of the Chapter 11 Cases Allowed under sections 330, 503(b), 507(a)(2) and 507(b) of the Bankruptcy Code (other than Adequate Protection Claims), including, without limitation, (a) any actual and necessary costs and expenses of preserving FairPoint's Estates, (b) any actual and necessary costs and expenses of operating FairPoint's businesses, (c) indebtedness or obligations incurred or assumed by the Debtors-in-Possession during the Chapter 11 Cases, (d) Claims, pursuant to section 503(b)(9) of the Bankruptcy Code, for the value of goods received by FairPoint in the twenty (20) days immediately prior to the Petition Date and sold to FairPoint in the ordinary course of FairPoint's businesses, and (e) any Professional Fees, whether Allowed before or after the Effective Date. Any fees or charges assessed against the Estates of FairPoint under section 1930 of chapter 123 of title 28 of the United States Code are excluded from the definition of Administrative Expense Claim and will be paid in accordance with Section 16.7 of the Plan.

Expense Claim agrees to a less favorable treatment, each holder of an Allowed Administrative Expense Claim will receive Cash in an amount equal to such Allowed Administrative Expense Claim on the later of the Effective Date and the date such Administrative Expense Claim becomes an Allowed Administrative Expense Claim, or as soon thereafter as is reasonably practicable; *provided, however*, that Allowed Administrative Expense Claims representing Liabilities incurred in the ordinary course of business by the Debtors-in-Possession will be paid

in full and performed by the Debtors-in-Possession or Reorganized FairPoint, as the case may be, in the ordinary course of business in accordance with the terms and subject to the conditions of any agreements governing, instruments evidencing or other documents relating to such transactions; *provided*, *further*, that, except as provided in Section 3.4 of the Plan, if any Administrative Expense Claim, including an ordinary course expense, is not billed or a request for payment is not made within sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, claims for payment of such Administrative Expense Claims will be barred.

2. Adequate Protection Claims

The Adequate Protection Claims of the holders of Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims will be deemed satisfied in full by payments (if any) due and made pursuant to the DIP Order.

3. Priority Tax Claims

Priority Tax Claims include any Claim of a governmental unit of the kind entitled to priority in payment as specified in sections 502(i) and 507(a)(8) of the Bankruptcy Code.

Unless otherwise agreed to by the holder of an Allowed Priority Tax Claim and FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint, as applicable, each holder of an Allowed Priority Tax Claim will receive at the option of FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint, as applicable, (a) on the Effective Date, or as soon thereafter as is reasonably practicable, Cash in an amount equal to such Allowed Priority Tax Claim, or (b) commencing on the Effective Date, or as soon thereafter as is reasonably practicable, and continuing over a period not exceeding five (5) years from and after the Petition Date, equal semi-annual Cash payments in an aggregate amount equal to such Allowed Priority Tax Claim, together with interest for the period after the Effective Date at the rate determined under applicable non-bankruptcy law as of the calendar month in which the Plan is confirmed, subject to the option of FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint, as applicable, to prepay the entire amount of the Allowed Priority Tax Claim. All Allowed Priority Tax Claims that are not due and payable on or before the Effective Date will be paid in the ordinary course of business as such obligations become due.

4. Professional Compensation and Reimbursement Claims

All Persons seeking awards by the Bankruptcy Court of compensation for services rendered or reimbursement of expenses incurred through and including the Confirmation Date under section 330, 331, 503(b)(2), 503(b)(3), 503(b)(4) or 503(b)(5) of the Bankruptcy Code will (a) file, on or before the date that is forty five (45) days after the Effective Date, their respective applications for final allowances of compensation for services rendered and reimbursement of expenses incurred and (b) be paid in full, in Cash, in such amounts as are Allowed by the Bankruptcy Court in accordance with the order relating to or allowing any such Administrative Expense Claim. Reorganized FairPoint is authorized to pay reasonable compensation for professional services rendered and reimbursement of expenses incurred after the Effective Date in the ordinary course and without the need for Bankruptcy Court approval.

For purposes of the Plan, and in consideration of the services of the members of the Ad Hoc Committee of Senior Noteholders, FairPoint will reimburse the members of the Ad Hoc Committee of Senior Noteholders for the reasonable fees and expenses of their professionals,

Stroock & Stroock & Lavan LLP and Moelis & Company, during the Chapter 11 Cases and up to the Effective Date (without the need to file a proof of Claim or fee application), subject to an aggregate cap of three million five hundred thousand dollars (\$3,500,000.00), or such higher number as shall be approved by the Lender Steering Committee, which approval will not be unreasonably withheld or delayed; *provided*, *however*, if no Distributions are made on account of Class 7 FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims in accordance with Section 5.7.2(b) of the Plan, then the members of the Ad Hoc Committee of Senior Noteholders will not receive any reimbursement for professionals' fees and expenses.

For purposes of the Plan, and in consideration of the services of the Prepetition Credit Agreement Agent and each Consenting Lender holding greater than ten percent (10%) of the aggregate Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims on the date such Person became a Consenting Lender, FairPoint will reimburse such Persons for their reasonable out-of-pocket fees and expenses (including reasonable fees and expenses of counsel) to the extent that such fees and expenses are incurred in connection with the Plan Support Agreement, the Plan, the Chapter 11 Cases, and the transactions related thereto (without the need to file a proof of Claim or fee application).

Except as otherwise paid or payable pursuant to the order granting FairPoint's Motion Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code Sections 105(a) and 363(b) For Authorization to Reimburse Certain Regulatory Agency Expenses [Docket No. 685], and subject in all respects to the terms of Section 4.3 of the NHPUC Regulatory Settlement and Section 4.3 of the VDPS Regulatory Settlement, on the Effective Date FairPoint shall reimburse the reasonable out-of-pocket expenses and costs of the State of New Hampshire, the VDPS and the Vermont Public Service Board in connection with the Chapter 11 Cases.

As long as the Regulatory Settlement remains in effect in Maine, and subject in all respects to Section 4.4 of the MPUC Regulatory Settlement, on the Effective Date FairPoint shall reimburse the reasonable out-of-pocket expenses and costs of the MPUC and the Maine Public Advocate in connection with the Chapter 11 Cases.

5. Intercompany Claims

Intercompany Claims include any Claim against any entity included within the definition of "FairPoint" held by any other entity included within the definition of "FairPoint".

At the election of FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint, as applicable, or any Person holding such Claim, and in consultation with the Lender Steering Committee, Intercompany Claims will be (a) released, waived and discharged as of the Effective Date, (b) contributed to the capital of the obligor corporation, (c) dividended or (d) remain Unimpaired.

B. CLASSIFICATION OF CLAIMS AND EQUITY INTERESTS

The following table (a) designates the Classes of Claims against, and Equity Interests in, FairPoint, (b) specifies the Classes of Claims and Equity Interests that are Impaired by the Plan and therefore are deemed to reject the Plan or are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan in accordance with section 1126 of the Bankruptcy Code, and (c) specifies the Classes of Claims

and Equity Interests that are Unimpaired by the Plan and therefore are deemed to accept the Plan in accordance with section 1126 of the Bankruptcy Code.

Class	Designation	Impairment	Entitled to Vote
1	Other Priority Claims	Unimpaired	No (deemed to accept)
2	Secured Tax Claims	Unimpaired	No (deemed to accept)
3	Other Secured Claims	Unimpaired	No (deemed to accept)
4	Allowed Prepetition Credit	Impaired	Yes
	Agreement Claims		
5	Legacy Subsidiary Unsecured	Unimpaired	No (deemed to accept)
	Claims		
6	NNE Subsidiary Unsecured Claims	Unimpaired	No (deemed to accept)
7	FairPoint Communications	Impaired	Yes
	Unsecured Claims		
8	Convenience Claims	Unimpaired	No (deemed to accept)
9	Subordinated Securities Claims	Impaired	No (deemed to reject)
10	Subsidiary Equity Interests	Unimpaired	No (deemed to accept)
11	Old FairPoint Equity Interests	Impaired	No (deemed to reject)

C. TREATMENT OF CLAIMS AND EQUITY INTERESTS UNDER THE PLAN

1. Other Priority Claims (Class 1)

(i) Definition

An Other Priority Claim is a Claim entitled to priority in payment as specified in section 507(a)(4), (5), (6) or (7) of the Bankruptcy Code.

(ii) Impairment and Voting

Class 1 is Unimpaired by the Plan. Each holder of an Allowed Other Priority Claim is conclusively presumed to have accepted the Plan and is not entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

(iii) <u>Distributions</u>

Unless otherwise agreed to by the holder of an Allowed Other Priority Claim and FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint, as applicable, on the applicable Distribution Date, each holder of an Allowed Other Priority Claim will receive Cash in an amount equal to such Allowed Other Priority Claim.

2. Secured Tax Claims (Class 2)

(i) Definition

Secured Tax Claims include any Secured Claim that, absent its secured status, would be entitled to priority in right of payment under sections 502(i) and 507(a)(8) of the Bankruptcy Code (determined irrespective of any time limitations therein and including any related Secured Claim for penalties).

(ii) <u>Impairment and Voting</u>

Class 2 is Unimpaired by the Plan. Each holder of an Allowed Secured Tax Claim is conclusively presumed to have accepted the Plan and is not entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

(iii) Distributions

Unless otherwise agreed to by the holder of an Allowed Secured Tax Claim and FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint, as applicable, on the applicable Distribution Date, each holder of an Allowed Secured Tax Claim will receive, at the option of FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint, as applicable, (a) Cash in an amount equal to such Allowed Secured Tax Claim or, (b) commencing on the applicable Distribution Date, and continuing over a period not exceeding five (5) years from and after the Petition Date, equal semi-annual Cash payments in an aggregate amount equal to such Allowed Secured Tax Claim, together with interest for the period after the Effective Date at the rate determined under applicable non-bankruptcy law as of the calendar month in which the Plan is confirmed, subject to the option of FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint, as applicable, to prepay the entire amount of the Allowed Secured Tax Claim.

3. Other Secured Claims (Class 3)

(i) Definition

An Other Secured Claim is any Secured Claim other than a Prepetition Credit Agreement Claim.

(ii) <u>Impairment and Voting</u>

Class 3 is Unimpaired by the Plan. Each holder of an Allowed Other Secured Claim is conclusively presumed to have accepted the Plan and is not entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

(iii) <u>Distributions</u>

Unless otherwise agreed to by the holder of an Allowed Other Secured Claim and FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint, as applicable, at the option of FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint, as applicable, (i) on the Distribution Date or as soon thereafter as is reasonably practicable, each Allowed Other Secured Claim will be Reinstated and rendered Unimpaired in accordance with section 1124(2) of the Bankruptcy Code, (ii) each holder of an Allowed Other

Secured Claim will receive Cash in an amount equal to such Allowed Other Secured Claim, on the Distribution Date, or as soon thereafter as is reasonably practicable, or (iii) each holder of an Allowed Other Secured Claim will receive the Collateral securing its Allowed Other Secured Claim, in full and complete satisfaction of such Allowed Other Secured Claim on the Distribution Date, or as soon thereafter as is reasonably practicable.

4. Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims (Class 4)

(i) <u>Definition</u>

Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims include any Claim held by the Prepetition Credit Agreement Lenders and/or the Prepetition Credit Agreement Agent, and all other Claims against FairPoint arising under the Prepetition Credit Agreement in an amount equal to principal, plus interest (accrued through the Effective Date), and all other amounts due thereunder. Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims are Allowed Claims pursuant to the Plan, and will be satisfied pursuant to the Plan without offset, defense, counterclaim, reduction or credit of any kind whatsoever.

For purposes of the Plan, "Prepetition Credit Agreement" means that certain Credit Agreement, dated as of March 31, 2008, and amended as of January 21, 2009, among FairPoint Communications and Northern New England Spinco Inc., as borrowers, the Lender Steering Committee and the other lenders party thereto, the Prepetition Credit Agreement Agent, and certain other parties thereto, and all amendments, supplements, ancillary agreements (including, but not limited to, any and all notes, letters of credit, pledges, collateral agreements, intercreditor agreements, Swap Agreements and hedging agreements), side letters, financing statements, and other documents related thereto.

(ii) Impairment and Voting

Class 4 is Impaired by the Plan. Each holder of an Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claim is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

(iii) Distributions

Each holder of an Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claim will receive the following, in full and complete satisfaction of such holder's Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claim:

- (1) on the Effective Date, such holder's Ratable Proportion of the New Term Loan;
- (2) on the Effective Date, such holder's Ratable Proportion of forty-seven million two hundred forty-one thousand four hundred thirty-six (47,241,436) shares of the New Common Stock; *provided*, *however*, that if the Class of FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims do not receive a Distribution under the Plan as provided in Section 5.7.2(b) of the Plan, each holder of an Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claim will receive its Ratable Proportion of

fifty-eight million, four hundred eighty-four thousand five hundred eighty-seven (58,484,587) shares of the New Common Stock, subject to dilution from the securities to be issued under the Long Term Incentive Plan;

- (3) on the Effective Date, such holder's Ratable Proportion of Cash (the "Cash Payment") in an amount equal to all Cash and Cash Equivalents of Reorganized FairPoint on the Effective Date in excess of forty million dollars (\$40,000,000.00) minus (1) Cash used to pay or reserved to pay Allowed Unsecured Claims, (2) Cash used to pay or reserved to pay Allowed Administrative Expense Claims, (3) Cash used to pay or reserved to pay Allowed Priority Tax Claims, (4) Cash used to pay or reserved to pay Allowed Other Priority Claims, (5) Cash used to pay or reserved to pay Allowed Secured Tax Claims, (6) Cash used to pay or reserved to pay Allowed Other Secured Claims, (7) subject to Section 3.4 of the Plan, Cash used to pay or reserved to pay the members of the Ad Hoc Committee of Senior Noteholders, the Prepetition Credit Agreement Agent, and each Consenting Lender holding greater than ten percent (10%) of the aggregate Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims on the date such Person became a Consenting Lender for their professionals' fees and expenses, (8) Cash used to pay or reserved to pay obligations pursuant to the Regulatory Settlements, (9) Cash used to pay or reserved to pay Success Bonuses, and (10) Cash used to pay or reserved to pay Cure for executory contracts and unexpired leases that are assumed pursuant to the Plan; provided, however, that if the aggregate amount of Tax Claims against FairPoint Communications exceeds six million dollars (\$6,000,000), such excess amount (or any portion thereof) will be subtracted from the Cash Payment only if the Lender Steering Committee consents, after consultation with FairPoint, to the payment of such excess amount (or portion thereof) on the Effective Date: and
- on the applicable Distribution Date, if any, such holder's Ratable Proportion of Cash Distributions out of the Reserves that are no longer required to be reserved for the benefit of anyone other than holders of Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims.

5. Legacy Subsidiary Unsecured Claims (Class 5)

(i) Definition

Legacy Subsidiary Unsecured Claims include any Unsecured Claim against any Legacy Subsidiary.

For purposes of the Plan, a "Legacy Subsidiary" is any direct or indirect subsidiary of FairPoint Communications that is not an NNE Subsidiary (as defined below).

(ii) <u>Impairment and Voting</u>

Class 5 is Unimpaired by the Plan. Each holder of an Allowed Legacy Subsidiary Unsecured Claim is conclusively presumed to have accepted the Plan and is not entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

(iii) Distributions

On the Distribution Date, each holder of an Allowed Legacy Subsidiary Unsecured Claim will be paid an amount in Cash equal to one hundred percent (100%) of such holder's Allowed Legacy Subsidiary Unsecured Claim, in full and complete satisfaction of such holder's Claim.

6. NNE Subsidiary Unsecured Claims (Class 6)

(i) Definition

NNE Subsidiary Unsecured Claims include any Unsecured Claim against the NNE Subsidiaries.

For purposes of the Plan, an "NNE Subsidiary" is individually each of and collectively all of, FairPoint Logistics, Inc., Northern New England Telephone Operations LLC, Telephone Operating Company of Vermont LLC, and Enhanced Communications of Northern New England Inc.

(ii) <u>Impairment and Voting</u>

Class 6 is Unimpaired by the Plan. Each holder of an Allowed NNE Subsidiary Unsecured Claim is conclusively presumed to have accepted the Plan and is not entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

(iii) Distributions

On the Distribution Date, each holder of an Allowed NNE Subsidiary Unsecured Claim will be paid an amount in Cash equal to one hundred percent (100%) of such holder's Allowed NNE Subsidiary Unsecured Claim, in full and complete satisfaction of such holder's Claim.

7. FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims (Class 7)

(i) Definition

FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims include any Unsecured Claims against FairPoint Communications, including, but not limited to, Senior Notes Claims.

(ii) Impairment and Voting

Class 7 is Impaired by the Plan. Each holder of an Allowed FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claim is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

(iii) Distributions

On the Distribution Date, each holder of an Allowed FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claim will receive the following, in full and complete satisfaction of such FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claim:

- (1) if the Class of holders of FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims votes to accept the Plan, each holder of an Allowed FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claim will receive its Ratable Proportion of (i) four million two hundred three thousand three hundred fifty-two (4,203,352) shares of the New Common Stock and (ii) the New Warrants, in the case of each of clauses (i) and (ii), subject to dilution from the securities to be issued under the Long Term Incentive Plan; or
- if (1) the Class of FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims (2) votes to reject the Plan, (2) the members of the Ad Hoc Committee of Senior Noteholders or its counsel objects to the Plan, or (3) the members of the Creditors' Committee or its counsel object to the Plan or the Disclosure Statement as they relate to the treatment of Allowed FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims or the Distributions to the holders of such Claims under the Plan (provided, that this clause (3) shall not be construed to preclude any such Persons from seeking to share with the holders of other Allowed Claims the proceeds, if any, of: (i) any cause of action brought on behalf of (or by) FairPoint against Verizon Communications Inc. and/or its affiliates arising from the agreement and plan of merger dated January 15, 2007 and the related transactions; and (ii) any cause of action brought on behalf of (or by) FairPoint against CapGemini U.S. LLC and/or its affiliates arising out of or related to the: (a) Master Services Agreement dated as of January 15, 2007, (b) Master Purchasing Agreement effective as of March 29, 2007, and/or (c) Information Technology Services Agreement effective as of January 30, 2009), or (4) the Indenture Trustee or its counsel objects to the Plan, then holders of FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims will not receive any Distributions under the Plan on account of their Claims.

8. Convenience Claims (Class 8)

(i) Definition

Convenience Claims include any (a) FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claim in an amount equal to ten thousand dollars (\$10,000.00) or less, and/or (b) Disputed FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claim that becomes an Allowed Unsecured Claim of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000.00) or less with the consent of and in the amount agreed to by FairPoint.

(ii) Impairment and Voting

Class 8 is Unimpaired by the Plan. Each holder of an Allowed Convenience Claim is conclusively presumed to have accepted the Plan and is not entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

(iii) Distributions

On the Distribution Date, each holder of an Allowed Convenience Claim will be paid an amount in Cash equal to one hundred percent (100%) of such holder's Allowed Convenience Claim in full and complete satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for such holder's Claim.

9. Subordinated Securities Claims (Class 9)

(i) <u>Definition</u>

Subordinated Securities Claims include any Claim against FairPoint arising from rescission of a purchase or sale of a Security of FairPoint or an Affiliate of FairPoint, for damages arising from the purchase or sale of such security, or for reimbursement or contribution allowed under section 502 of the Bankruptcy Code on account of such a Claim.

(ii) <u>Impairment and Voting</u>

Class 9 is Impaired by the Plan. Each holder of a Subordinated Securities Claim is deemed to reject the Plan and is not entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

(iii) Distributions

Each holder of an Allowed Subordinated Securities Claim will not receive or retain any interest or property under the Plan on account of such Allowed Subordinated Securities Claim. The treatment of Subordinated Securities Claims under the Plan is in accordance with and gives effect to the provisions of section 510(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.

10. Subsidiary Equity Interests (Class 10)

(i) <u>Definition</u>

Subsidiary Equity Interests include any instrument evidencing an ownership interest in FairPoint (other than FairPoint Communications), whether or not transferable, and all

options, warrants or rights, contractual or otherwise, to acquire any such interests, all as of the Effective Date. Each Subsidiary Equity Interest will be deemed Allowed under the Plan.

(ii) <u>Impairment and Voting</u>

Class 10 is Unimpaired by the Plan. Each holder of a Subsidiary Equity Interest is conclusively presumed to have accepted the Plan and is not entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

(iii) <u>Distributions</u>

On the Effective Date, the Subsidiary Equity Interests will be Reinstated and rendered Unimpaired in accordance with section 1124 of the Bankruptcy Code.

11. Old FairPoint Equity Interests (Class 11)

(i) Definition

Old FairPoint Equity Interests include any instrument evidencing an ownership interest in FairPoint Communications, whether or not transferable, and all options, warrants or rights, contractual or otherwise, to acquire any such interests.

(ii) <u>Impairment and Voting</u>

Class 11 is Impaired by the Plan. Each holder of an Old FairPoint Equity Interest is deemed to reject the Plan and is not entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

(iii) Distributions

On the Effective Date, the Old FairPoint Equity Interests will be cancelled and the holders of the Old FairPoint Equity Interests will not be entitled to, and will not receive or retain, any property or interest in property on account of such Old FairPoint Equity Interests under the Plan.

12. Limitations on Amounts to Be Distributed to Holders of Allowed Insured Claims

Distributions under the Plan to each holder of an Allowed Insured Claim will be in accordance with the treatment provided under the Plan for the Class in which such Allowed Insured Claim is classified, but solely to the extent that such Allowed Insured Claim is within FairPoint's self-insured retention. Amounts in excess of the applicable self-insured retention amount will be recoverable only from the available Insurer and FairPoint will be discharged to the extent of any such excess. Nothing in Section 5.12 of the Plan will constitute a waiver of any Causes of Action or Liabilities that any Person may hold against any other Person, including, without limitation, FairPoint's Insurers.

13. Special Provision Regarding Unimpaired Claims

Except as otherwise explicitly provided in the Plan, nothing herein will be deemed to be a waiver or relinquishment of any rights, counterclaims or defenses that any of FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint, as applicable, may have, whether at law or in equity, with respect to any Unimpaired Claim.

D. PROVISIONS REGARDING NEW COMMON STOCK AND NEW WARRANTS DISTRIBUTED PURSUANT TO THE PLAN

1. New Common Stock

(i) <u>Authorization</u>

The Amended Certificate of Incorporation of Reorganized FairPoint Communications will authorize the issuance of seventy-five million (75,000,000) shares of New Common Stock. The seventy-five million (75,000,000) shares of New Common Stock that are authorized on the Effective Date will be issued or reserved as follows: (i) in the event that the Class of FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims accepts the Plan, (1) fifty-one million four hundred fortyfour thousand seven hundred eighty-eight (51,444,788) shares of New Common Stock, in the aggregate, will be distributed to holders of Allowed Claims under Section 5.4 and Section 5.7 of the Plan and (2) seven million one hundred sixty-four thousand eight hundred four (7,164,804) shares of the New Common Stock will be reserved in connection with the New Warrants; (ii) in the event that the Class of FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims does not receive a Distribution under the Plan on account of its claims, fifty-eight million four hundred eighty-four thousand five hundred eighty-seven (58,484,587) shares of New Common Stock, in the aggregate, will be distributed to holders of Allowed Claims under Section 5.4 of the Plan; (iii) in the event that the Class of FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims accepts the Plan, six million two hundred sixty-nine thousand two hundred six (6,269,206) shares of New Common Stock will be issued or reserved in connection with the Long Term Incentive Plan; and (iv) in the event that the Class of FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims does not receive a Distribution under the Plan on account of its claims, six million three hundred ninety-four thousand two hundred eleven (6,394,211) shares of New Common Stock will be issued or reserved in connection with the Long Term Incentive Plan. On the Effective Date, in the event the Class of FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims reject the Plan, holders of Allowed Class 4 Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims will receive, and Reorganized FairPoint Communications will issue, an aggregate of fifty-eight million four hundred eighty-four thousand five hundred eighty-seven (58,484,587) shares of New Common Stock in accordance with Section V of the Plan. All such shares will be deemed fully paid and non-assessable. On the Effective Date, in the event the Class of FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims accepts the Plan, holders of Allowed Class 4 Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims and holders of Allowed Class 7 FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims will receive, and Reorganized FairPoint Communications will issue, an aggregate of fifty-one million four hundred forty-four thousand seven hundred eighty-eight (51,444,788) shares of New Common Stock in accordance with Section V of the Plan. All such shares will be deemed fully paid and non-assessable.

(ii) Par Value

The New Common Stock will have a par value of \$0.01 per share.

2. New Warrants

As provided in and subject to the conditions set forth in the Plan, including Section 5.7.2 of the Plan, Reorganized FairPoint Communications will issue to each holder of an Allowed Class 7 FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claim, its Ratable Proportion of New Warrants. Such New Warrants allow the holders thereof to purchase seven million one hundred sixty-four thousand eight hundred four (7,164,804) shares of the New Common Stock issued pursuant to Section 6.1 and 6.2 of the Plan, which warrants will have the material terms set forth on *Exhibit C* of the Plan and be in substantially the form set forth in the Plan Supplement.

3. Securities Law Matters

(i) Exemption from Securities Laws

Except as otherwise provided herein, and to the maximum extent provided by section 1145 of the Bankruptcy Code and applicable non-bankruptcy law, the issuance under the Plan of the New Common Stock and the New Warrants pursuant to the Plan and any subsequent sales, resales, transfers, or other distributions of such New Common Stock or New Warrants will be exempt from registration under the Securities Act, any other federal or state securities law registration requirements, and all rules and regulations promulgated thereunder. Any such Securities issued to an "affiliate" of Reorganized FairPoint within the meaning of the Securities Act or any Person Reorganized FairPoint reasonably determines to be an "underwriter", and which does not agree to resell such securities only in "ordinary trading transactions," within the meaning of section 1145(b)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code will be subject to such transfer restrictions and bear such legends as will be appropriate to ensure compliance with the Securities Act.

(ii) Registration Rights Agreement

On the Effective Date, Reorganized FairPoint Communications will enter into a registration rights agreement (the "Registration Rights Agreement") with each holder of greater than ten percent (10%), on a fully diluted basis, of the New Common Stock on the Effective Date (a "Holder of Registrable Securities"). The Holders of Registrable Securities will be entitled to request an aggregate of two demand registrations; *provided*, that no such registration will be demanded prior to the expiration of the date which is one hundred eighty (180) days following the Effective Date; *provided further*, that in no event will Reorganized FairPoint Communications be obligated to effect more than two (2) demand registrations pursuant to all requests for demand registration. A form of the Registration Rights Agreement, including a form of shelf registration statement if necessary, will be included in the Plan Supplement.

(iii) <u>Securities Exchange Listing</u>

Reorganized FairPoint Communications will use its reasonable best efforts to obtain a listing for the New Common Stock on one of the following national securities

exchanges: (a) the New York Stock Exchange, Inc., (b) the Nasdaq Global Stock Market, or (c) any other comparable exchange.

E. IMPAIRED AND UNIMPAIRED CLASSES OF CLAIMS AND EQUITY INTERESTS UNDER THE PLAN; ACCEPTANCE OR REJECTION OF THE PLAN

1. Voting of Claims

- (i) Each holder of an Allowed Claim or the holder of a Claim that has been temporarily allowed for voting purposes only under Bankruptcy Rule 3018(a), in an Impaired Class of Claims that is entitled to vote on the Plan pursuant to Section IV and Section V of the Plan, will be entitled to vote separately to accept or reject the Plan, as provided in such order as is entered by the Bankruptcy Court establishing procedures with respect to the solicitation and tabulation of votes to accept or reject the Plan, or any other applicable order of the Bankruptcy Court. Any Unimpaired Class of Claims and the Subsidiary Equity Interests will be deemed to have accepted the Plan. Any Class of Claims and the Old FairPoint Equity Interests that will not receive or retain any property on account of such Claims or Equity Interests under the Plan will be deemed to have rejected the Plan.
- (ii) Each of Classes 4 and 7 is Impaired under the Plan and the holders of Allowed Claims in such Classes are entitled to vote on the Plan. In accordance with section 1126(g) of the Bankruptcy Code, each of the Classes 9 and 11 is conclusively deemed to have rejected the Plan.

2. Acceptance by Unimpaired Classes

Each of Classes 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 8 and 10 is Unimpaired under the Plan and each such Class is conclusively presumed to have accepted the Plan pursuant to section 1126(f) of the Bankruptcy Code.

3. Elimination of Vacant Classes

Any Class of Claims that is not occupied as of the date of the commencement of the Confirmation Hearing by an Allowed Claim or a Claim temporarily allowed under Bankruptcy Rule 3018 will be deemed deleted from the Plan for purposes of voting on or rejection of the Plan, and for purposes of determining acceptance or rejection of the Plan by such Class under section 1129(a)(8) of the Bankruptcy Code.

4. Nonconsensual Confirmation

If any Impaired Class of Claims entitled to vote will not accept the Plan by the requisite statutory majority provided in section 1126(c) of the Bankruptcy Code, FairPoint reserves the right to amend the Plan in accordance with Section 16.4 of the Plan or undertake to have the Bankruptcy Court confirm the Plan under section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code or both. With respect to Impaired Classes of Claims that are deemed to reject the Plan, FairPoint will request that the Bankruptcy Court confirm the Plan pursuant to section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.

5. Revocation of the Plan

Subject to Section 16.5 of the Plan, the Debtors-in-Possession may revoke and withdraw the Plan in its entirety at any time prior to entry of the Confirmation Order. If the Plan is so revoked or withdrawn, then it will be deemed null and void.

F. MEANS OF IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PLAN

1. Regulatory Settlements

The filing of the Plan constitutes, among other things, a motion by FairPoint pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 9019 to approve the settlement and comprise set forth in Section 8.1 of the Plan. As provided herein, pursuant to section 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rule 9019, and in consideration for the settlements and compromises set forth in the Regulatory Settlements, upon the Effective Date, the provisions of the Plan will constitute a good-faith compromise and settlement of all Claims and controversies resolved pursuant to the Regulatory Settlements. The entry of the Confirmation Order will constitute the Bankruptcy Court's finding and determination that the Regulatory Settlements reflected in the Plan are (i) in the best interest of FairPoint and its Estates, (ii) fair, equitable and reasonable, (iii) made in good faith and (iv) approved by the Bankruptcy Court. Subject to obtaining the approval of the settlements reflected in the Plan by the Bankruptcy Court, on the Effective Date, Reorganized FairPoint will take all actions necessary or reasonably required to effectuate such settlements and such settlements shall be binding on Reorganized FairPoint.

2. Transactions on the Effective Date

- (i) On the Effective Date, the following will be deemed to have occurred simultaneously:
 - (1) the Amended Certificate of Incorporation will be filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware, and the New Organizational Documents will become effective and binding upon Reorganized FairPoint Communications;
 - (2) the Old FairPoint Equity Interests will be extinguished;
 - (3) Reorganized FairPoint Communications will distribute the Cash Payment, New Common Stock and the New Warrants, if any, and will enter into the New Term Loan:
 - (4) the capital structure of Reorganized FairPoint Communications as set forth in Sections V and VI of the Plan will be in effect; and
 - (5) the New Board shall be installed without any further action.
- (ii) On the Effective Date, the closing of the New Revolver will be deemed to occur immediately after the New Board is in place and the events set forth in Section 8.2(a) of the Plan have occurred.

3. New Term Loan and New Revolver

The Plan provides that, upon FairPoint's emergence from chapter 11, holders of Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims will receive, among other things, their Ratable Proportion of a new \$1 billion secured term loan agreement, which will be guaranteed by those subsidiaries of FairPoint that have guaranteed repayment of the Debtor-in-Possession Credit Agreement, dated as of October 27, 2009, as amended (the "<u>DIP Credit Agreement</u>"), with certain financial institutions and Bank of America, N.A., as the administrative agent (in such capacity, the "<u>DIP Agent</u>"). The New Term Loan will include the following material terms:

- The New Term Loan will be secured by the same or substantially the same collateral as the collateral which secures the DIP Credit Agreement, except to the extent prohibited by law or regulation.
- 5 year maturity.
- Interest at LIBOR + 4.50%, with a LIBOR floor of 2.00%.
- No upfront fee.
- Mandatory prepayment at par, upon certain conditions to be determined.
- Optional prepayment at anytime at par.
- Amortization Schedule Year 1: 1% annually, Year 2: 1% annually, Year 3: 5% annually, Year 4: 15% annually and Year 5: 15% (5% per quarter for the first 3 quarters) with 63% bullet payment in 4th quarter.
- Amortization occurs quarterly commencing upon the first full quarter after the Effective Date.
- If FairPoint's consolidated leverage ratio is above 2.0x at the end of the fiscal year, FairPoint will be subject to a sweep of 75% of its Excess Cash Flow based upon an annual test and paid in the subsequent quarter, provided that, with respect to the test occurring for fiscal year 2010, Excess Cash Flow will be calculated for the period from the Effective Date through the end of such fiscal year and, if the sweep described herein is applicable, will be payable in fiscal year 2011. If FairPoint's consolidated leverage ratio is below 2.0x at the end of the fiscal year, such sweep will be reduced to 50% of FairPoint's Excess Cash Flow, as set forth above.
- Any sweep of FairPoint's Excess Cash Flow by the lenders will be applied pro rata against obligations in accordance with the amortization schedule as set forth above.
- If FairPoint's consolidated total leverage ratio is below 2.0x at the end of

the fiscal year, FairPoint will be permitted to pay dividends with its share of Excess Cash Flow, as set forth above.

- Financial covenants will only include interest coverage and leverage ratio tests. Such tests will first occur in the first full quarter following the Effective Date (as calculated in each case in accordance with Schedule 1 of *Exhibit E* hereto).
- Usual and customary affirmative and negative covenants as may be mutually agreed to by the agent, the lenders and FairPoint.

In addition, the Plan contemplates that the DIP Credit Agreement will, subject to certain conditions, roll into such a revolving credit exit facility with an aggregate principal amount of \$75.0 million with a five year term. If any of the conditions referenced above are not met and, as a result, the DIP Credit Agreement does not convert into the New Revolver, FairPoint intends to obtain a new revolving credit facility. However, there are no assurances that FairPoint would be able to obtain such a revolving credit facility on commercially reasonable terms or at all.

Documents evidencing the New Term Loan and the New Revolver will be filed by FairPoint with the Plan Supplement. In the Confirmation Order, FairPoint will request that the Bankruptcy Court authorize Reorganized FairPoint to execute the same together with other documents as the respective lenders may reasonably require to effectuate the treatment afforded to the parties under such facilities. In accordance with Section 8.2 of the Plan, Reorganized FairPoint's entry into the New Term Loan and New Revolver, and the incurrence of the indebtedness thereunder, on the Effective Date will be authorized without the need for any further corporate action and without any further action by holders of Claims or Old Equity Interests.

4. Reorganization of FairPoint; Continuation of Businesses

On and after the Effective Date, Reorganized FairPoint will continue to engage in its respective businesses. Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, FairPoint will continue to exist after the Effective Date as a separate corporation, limited liability company, partnership or other legal entity, as the case may be, with all the powers of a corporation, limited liability company, partnership or other legal entity, as the case may be, pursuant to the applicable law in the jurisdiction in which each applicable entity included in the definition of "FairPoint" is incorporated or organized and pursuant to the respective certificate of incorporation and bylaws (or other organizational documents) in effect prior to the Effective Date, except with respect to the New Organizational Documents (or other organizational documents) that are amended by the Plan, the Plan Supplement or otherwise, and to the extent such documents are amended, such documents are deemed to be pursuant to the Plan and require no further action or approval. Notwithstanding the foregoing, but subject to the provisions of any applicable Regulatory Settlement, on or as of the Effective Date, or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter, and without the need for any further action, Reorganized FairPoint may: (a) cause any or all of Reorganized FairPoint to be merged into one or more of Reorganized FairPoint, dissolved or otherwise consolidated, (b) cause the transfer of assets between or among Reorganized FairPoint, or (c) engage in any other transaction in furtherance of the Plan.

5. Reorganized FairPoint's Obligations Under the Plan

- (i) From and after the Effective Date, as set forth herein, Reorganized FairPoint will perform the corresponding obligations under the Plan of its predecessor or predecessor-in-interest. The Plan will be administered and actions will be taken in the name of FairPoint and Reorganized FairPoint through, in accordance with the terms of the Plan, Reorganized FairPoint.
- (ii) From and after the Effective Date, Reorganized FairPoint will, among other things:
 - (1) administer the Plan and take all steps and execute all instruments and documents necessary to effectuate the Plan;
 - (2) pursue (including, without limitation, prosecuting, enforcing, objecting, litigating, reconciling, settling, abandoning and resolving) all of FairPoint's retained Causes of Action, defenses and counterclaims:
 - (3) reconcile Claims and resolve Disputed Claims, and administer the Claims allowance and disallowance processes as set forth in the Plan, including, without limitation, objecting, prosecuting, litigating, reconciling, settling and resolving Claims and Disputed Claims in accordance with the Plan;
 - (4) make decisions regarding the retention, engagement, payment and replacement of professionals, employees and consultants;
 - (5) administer the Distributions under the Plan, including (i) making Distributions in accordance with the terms of the Plan and (ii) establishing and maintaining the various Reserves;
 - (6) exercise such other powers as necessary or prudent to carry out the provisions of the Plan;
 - (7) invest any Cash pending Distribution;
 - (8) file appropriate tax returns; and
 - (9) take such other actions as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate the Plan.
- (iii) Except as otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court, any reasonable fees and expenses incurred by Reorganized FairPoint (including, without limitation, taxes and reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses) on or after the Effective Date will be paid in Cash by Reorganized FairPoint in the ordinary course of its respective businesses.

6. New Organizational Documents

The New Organizational Documents will be filed as part of the Plan Supplement and will contain such provisions as are necessary to satisfy the provisions of the Plan and, to the extent required, to prohibit the issuance of nonvoting equity securities (other than any warrants and/or options) as required by section 1123(a)(6) of the Bankruptcy Code, subject to further amendment of the New Organizational Documents, after the Effective Date, as permitted by applicable law. Except as otherwise provided herein, the New Organizational Documents will contain such indemnification provisions applicable to the officers, directors and employees of Reorganized FairPoint Communications and such other Persons as may, in the discretion of the New Board, be appropriate and permitted under applicable law.

7. New Board

(i) General

- (1) On the Effective Date, each member of the existing board of directors of FairPoint Communications will be deemed to have resigned.
- (2) On the Effective Date, the property, business and affairs of Reorganized FairPoint Communications and the other Reorganized FairPoint entities will become the general responsibility of the New Board. Simple majority rule will govern all actions of the New Board. A list setting forth the identities of the members of the New Board, to the extent available, will be filed as part of the Plan Supplement or otherwise will be identified in a submission to the Bankruptcy Court on or prior to the Effective Date.

(ii) Initial Number of Directors; Initial Composition

- (1) Reorganized FairPoint Communications will have a New Board, which will initially consist of nine directors.
- (2) The initial composition of the New Board will be determined as follows:
- (A) if the holders of the FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims vote to accept the Plan, then (1) one member of the New Board will be the chief executive officer of Reorganized FairPoint Communications, (2) seven members of the New Board will be nominated by the Lender Steering Committee and (3) one member of the New Board will be nominated by the steering committee of the Ad Hoc Committee of Senior Noteholders (in consultation with the Creditors' Committee and the other members of the Ad Hoc Committee of Senior Noteholders); provided, however, that in the event that a member of the New Board has not been nominated pursuant to Section 8.6.2(b)(i)(C) of the Plan by the Plan Supplement filing deadline, then the Persons described therein will lose their right to nominate a member of the New Board and the Lender Steering Committee will have the right to nominate an additional member of the New Board; provided, further, that if the Lender Steering Committee determines

not to nominate an additional member of the New Board then the number of directors on the New Board will be reduced to eight and seven of such members of the New Board will be nominated by the Lender Steering Committee; or

(B) if the holders of the FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims reject the Plan, then (1) one member of the New Board will be the chief executive officer of Reorganized FairPoint Communications, (2) any person previously nominated pursuant to Section 8.6.2(b)(i)(C) of the Plan will not be considered for nomination or election to the New Board, and (3) eight members of the New Board will be nominated by the Lender Steering Committee; *provided*, *however*, that if the Lender Steering Committee determines not to nominate an additional member of the New Board to replace the individual previously nominated pursuant to Section 8.6.2(b)(i)(C) of the Plan then the number of directors on the New Board will be reduced to eight and seven of such members of the New Board will be nominated by the Lender Steering Committee;

provided, that, in the event of either (A) or (B) above, (1) the Lender Steering Committee will consider residents of northern New England among the candidates considered for nomination to the New Board and (2) at least one of the members of the New Board nominated by the Lender Steering Committee will be a resident of northern New England.

(iii) Reduction in Number of Directors

- (1) The Lender Steering Committee will have the option to reduce the number of members of the New Board they are entitled to nominate pursuant to Section 8.6.2(b)(i) or (b)(ii) of the Plan from seven or eight, respectively, to five.
- (2) In the event the Lender Steering Committee decides to reduce the number of members of the New Board they are entitled to nominate to five:

if the holders of the FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims vote to accept the Plan, then the number of directors serving on the New Board will be reduced from nine to seven and: (1) one member of the New Board will be the chief executive officer of Reorganized FairPoint Communications, (2) five members of the New Board will be nominated by the Lender Steering Committee, and (3) one member of the New Board will be nominated by the steering committee of the Ad Hoc Committee of Senior Noteholders (in consultation with the Creditors' Committee and the other members of the Ad Hoc Committee of Senior Noteholders); provided, however, that in the event that a member of the New Board has not been nominated pursuant to Section 8.6.2(b)(i)(C) of the Plan by the Plan Supplement filing deadline, then the Persons described therein will lose their right to nominate a member of the New Board and the Lender Steering Committee will have the right to nominate an additional member of the New Board; provided, further, that if the Lender Steering Committee determines not to nominate an additional member of the New Board will be reduced to six; or

if the holders of FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims vote to reject the Plan, then the number of directors serving on the New Board will be reduced from nine to six and: (1) one member of the New Board will be the chief executive officer of Reorganized FairPoint Communications, (2) any person previously nominated pursuant to Section 8.6.2(b)(i)(C) of the Plan will not be considered for nomination or election to the New Board, and (3) five members of the New Board will be nominated by the Lender Steering Committee; *provided*, *however*, that if the Lender Steering Committee determines not to nominate an additional member of the New Board to replace the individual previously nominated pursuant to Section 8.6.2(b)(i)(C) of the Plan then the number of directors on the New Board will be reduced to five and four of such members of the New Board will be nominated by the Lender Steering Committee.

(iv) Qualifications of Directors

A supermajority of the directors initially serving on the New Board (whether pursuant to Section 8.6.2 or 8.6.3 of the Plan) will be Independent Directors.

(v) Term of Office

The New Board will be classified into three classes with approximately one-third of the directors sitting in each such class, unless otherwise determined by the Lender Steering Committee in consultation with FairPoint. In addition, unless otherwise determined by the Lender Steering Committee in consultation with FairPoint, (i) initially one of the classes will have a one year term, one of the classes will have a two year term and one of the classes will have a three year term, and (ii) the members of each class, other than the initial members of the New Board serving in the two classes that will initially have less than a three year term, will be elected for three year terms. The initial member of the New Board nominated by the steering committee of the Ad Hoc Committee of Senior Noteholders will be classified in the class of directors standing for election on or after the third anniversary of the Effective Date.

8. Officers of Reorganized FairPoint

(i) Generally

The executive officers of FairPoint immediately prior to the Effective Date will serve as the initial officers of Reorganized FairPoint on and after the Effective Date. Such officers will serve in accordance with applicable non-bankruptcy law, any employment agreement with Reorganized FairPoint and, as appropriate, the New Organizational Documents or its existing articles of incorporation and bylaws.

(ii) <u>Assumption of Executive Agreements</u>

On the Confirmation Date, and subject to the occurrence of the Effective Date, FairPoint will be deemed to have assumed the Executive Agreements.

9. Operations of FairPoint Between Confirmation and the Effective Date

FairPoint will continue to operate as Debtors-in-Possession during the period from the Confirmation Date through and until the Effective Date.

10. Revesting of Assets

Pursuant to section 1141(b) and (c) of the Bankruptcy Code, except as otherwise provided in the Plan, the property of the Estate and FairPoint will revest in Reorganized FairPoint on the Effective Date of the Plan. From and after the Effective Date, Reorganized FairPoint may operate its respective businesses and may use, acquire and dispose of property free of any restrictions imposed under the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules and the Bankruptcy Court. As of the Effective Date, all property of FairPoint and Reorganized FairPoint will be free and clear of all Claims, Liens and interests, except as specifically provided in the Plan or in the Confirmation Order. Without limiting the foregoing, Reorganized FairPoint may, without application to or approval by the Bankruptcy Court, pay any reasonable fees and expenses (including, without limitation, reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses) that Reorganized FairPoint may incur after the Effective Date.

11. Dissolution of the Creditors' Committee

On the Effective Date, except as provided below, the Creditors' Committee will be dissolved and the members thereof will be released and discharged of and from all further authority, duties, responsibilities and obligations related to, arising from or in connection with the Chapter 11 Cases, and the retention or employment of the Creditors' Committee's attorneys, accountants and other agents, if any, will terminate, except for purposes of filing and prosecuting applications for final allowances of compensation for professional services rendered and reimbursement of expenses incurred in connection therewith.

12. Effectuating Documents; Further Transactions

The chairman of the board of directors, the president, the chief executive officer, the chief financial officer, the executive vice president and general counsel, the controller or any other appropriate officer of FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint, as the case may be, will be, and hereby are, authorized to execute, deliver, file, and record such contracts, instruments, releases, indentures, certificates, and other agreements or documents, and take such other actions as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate and further evidence the terms and conditions of the Plan. The secretary or assistant secretary of FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint will be authorized to certify or attest to any of the foregoing, if necessary.

13. Preservation of Certain Causes of Action; Defenses

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, in accordance with section 1123(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, Reorganized FairPoint, as successors-in-interest to FairPoint and its Estates, will retain and may enforce FairPoint's Causes of Action that are property of FairPoint and its Estates (including Avoidance Actions), and Reorganized FairPoint will retain and enforce all defenses and counterclaims to all Claims asserted against FairPoint and its Estates, including, but not limited to, setoff, recoupment and any rights under section 502(d) of the Bankruptcy Code.

Reorganized FairPoint may pursue such Causes of Action, counterclaims and defenses, as appropriate, in accordance with its best interests, as determined by Reorganized FairPoint.

14. Cancellation of Existing Securities

On the Effective Date, except as otherwise provided for herein, (a) all securities, equity interests, notes, bonds, indentures and other instruments or documents evidencing or creating any indebtedness, or obligation of FairPoint, including without limitation, the Prepetition Credit Agreement, the Senior Notes and the Old FairPoint Equity Interests (except such equity interests, notes or other instruments evidencing indebtedness or obligations of FairPoint that are Reinstated under the Plan, including, without limitation, the Subsidiary Equity Interests) will be as against FairPoint and its successors cancelled and extinguished, and (b) the obligations of FairPoint under any agreements, indentures, or certificates of designation governing any securities, equity interests, notes, bonds, indentures and other instruments or documents evidencing or creating any indebtedness, or obligation of FairPoint, including, without limitation, the Prepetition Credit Agreement, the Senior Notes and the Old FairPoint Equity Interests (except such equity interests, notes or other instruments evidencing indebtedness or obligations of FairPoint that are Reinstated under the Plan, including, without limitation, the Subsidiary Equity Interests), as the case may be, will be fully released, terminated, extinguished and discharged; provided, however, that the provisions of the Prepetition Credit Agreement governing the relationship between the Prepetition Credit Agreement Agent and the Prepetition Credit Agreement Lenders, including but not limited to those provisions relating to the rights of the Prepetition Credit Agreement Agent to expense reimbursement, indemnification and other similar amounts, will not be affected by and will survive the Plan, entry of the Confirmation Order and the occurrence of the Effective Date.

15. Long Term Incentive Plan

On the Effective Date, Reorganized FairPoint will be deemed to have adopted the Long Term Incentive Plan without any further action by FairPoint, Reorganized FairPoint, Reorganized FairPoint's shareholders or the New Board.

16. Success Bonuses

On the Effective Date, Reorganized FairPoint will be deemed to have adopted and authorized the Success Bonuses without any further action by FairPoint, Reorganized FairPoint, Reorganized FairPoint's shareholders or the New Board.

17. Indemnification; Directors & Officers Insurance

Reorganized FairPoint will assume all existing indemnification obligations of FairPoint in favor of the directors of FairPoint who held such position on June 1, 2009 and thereafter, and the officers of FairPoint listed on *Exhibit G* to the Plan (collectively, the "Indemnified Persons"), and the directors, officers and employees of Reorganized FairPoint on and following the Effective Date (whether such indemnification obligations are in FairPoint's charter, bylaws, contracts or otherwise); provided that Reorganized FairPoint's indemnification obligation to and for the benefit of the Indemnified Persons will be limited in the aggregate to twenty million dollars (\$20,000,000.00) with respect to any Claim asserted against such Indemnified Person that

arose prior to the Effective Date. In addition, following the Effective Date, Reorganized FairPoint will purchase director and officer liability insurance for the directors and officers of Reorganized FairPoint on a going-forward basis (in the form and substance satisfactory to the New Board). Nothing herein will be deemed to affect any applicable insurance coverage.

G. DISTRIBUTIONS UNDER THE PLAN

1. Distributions on Allowed Claims

Distributions with respect to holders of Allowed Claims will only be made on a Distribution Date. All Allowed Claims held by a single creditor against a single entity within the definition of "FairPoint" will be aggregated and treated as a single Claim against such entity. At the written request of Reorganized FairPoint or the Disbursing Agent, any creditor holding multiple Allowed Claims will provide to Reorganized FairPoint or the Disbursing Agent, as the case may be, a single address to which any Distributions will be sent.

2. Date of Distributions

In the event that any payment or act under the Plan is required to be made or performed on a date that is not a Business Day, then the making of such payment or the performance of such act may be completed on the next succeeding Business Day, but will be deemed to have been completed as of the required date.

3. Disbursing Agent

Except as otherwise provided in Sections 9.6.2(a) and 9.6.3 of the Plan, all Distributions under the Plan will be made by Reorganized FairPoint Communications as Disbursing Agent or such other Person designated by Reorganized FairPoint Communications as a Disbursing Agent. No Disbursing Agent will be required to give any bond or surety or other security for the performance of its duties.

4. Rights and Powers of Disbursing Agent

The Disbursing Agent will be empowered to (a) effect all actions and execute all agreements, instruments and other documents necessary to perform its duties under the Plan, (b) make all Distributions contemplated hereby, (c) employ professionals to represent it with respect to its responsibilities and (d) exercise such other powers as may be vested in the Disbursing Agent by order of the Bankruptcy Court, pursuant to the Plan or as deemed by the Disbursing Agent to be necessary and proper to implement the provisions of the Plan. In furtherance of the rights and powers of the Disbursing Agent, the Disbursing Agent will have no duty or obligation to make Distributions to any holder of an Allowed Claim unless and until such holder executes and delivers, in a form acceptable to the Disbursing Agent, any documents applicable to such Distributions.

5. Fees and Expenses of Disbursing Agent

Except as otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court, the amount of any reasonable fees and expenses incurred by the Disbursing Agent from and after the Effective Date, including

reasonable fees and expenses of counsel, will be paid in Cash by Reorganized FairPoint without further order of the Bankruptcy Court within twenty (20) days of receipt of an invoice by Reorganized FairPoint. In the event that Reorganized FairPoint objects to the payment of such invoice for post-Effective Date fees and expenses, in whole or in part, and the parties cannot resolve such objection after good faith negotiation, the Bankruptcy Court will retain jurisdiction to make a determination as to the extent to which the invoice will be paid by Reorganized FairPoint.

6. Delivery of Distributions

(i) Distributions to Last Known Address

Subject to Bankruptcy Rule 9010, all Distributions to any holder of an Allowed Claim or Allowed Administrative Expense Claim will be made at the address of such holder as set forth on the Schedules filed with the Bankruptcy Court or on the books and records of FairPoint or its agents, as applicable, unless FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint have been notified in writing of a change of address by the filing of a proof of Claim by such holder that contains an address for such holder different than the address of such holder as set forth on the Schedules. Nothing in the Plan will require Reorganized FairPoint to attempt to locate any holder of an Allowed Claim.

(ii) <u>Distributions to Prepetition Credit Agreement Agent</u>

The Prepetition Credit Agreement Agent will be the Disbursing Agent for the holders of all Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims. Accordingly, Distributions for the benefit of the holders of Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims will be made to the Prepetition Credit Agreement Agent. The Prepetition Credit Agreement Agent will, in turn, promptly administer the Distributions to the holders of Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims, in accordance with the Plan and the Prepetition Credit Agreement. The issuance and Distribution of the New Common Stock and Cash Payment to the Prepetition Credit Agreement Agent, and the issuance and execution and delivery of the New Term Loan will be deemed a Distribution to the respective holders of Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims. Upon delivery of the Distributions required under the Plan as provided in this paragraph, Reorganized FairPoint will be released of all Liability with respect to the delivery of such Distributions. The Prepetition Credit Agreement Agent will be exculpated by all Persons from any and all Claims, Causes of Action, and other assertions of liability arising out of the discharge of the powers and duties conferred upon it as Disbursing Agent under the Plan or any order of the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to or in furtherance of the Plan. No holder of a Claim or an Equity Interest or other party in interest will have or pursue any Claim or Cause of Action against the Prepetition Credit Agreement Agent for making payments in accordance with the Plan or for implementing provisions of the Plan in its capacity as Disbursing Agent.

(iii) <u>Distributions to Indenture Trustee</u>

The Indenture Trustee will be the Disbursing Agent for the holders of all Senior Notes Claims. Accordingly, Distributions for the benefit of the holders of Allowed Senior Notes Claims will be made to the Indenture Trustee. The Indenture Trustee will, in turn, promptly

administer the Distributions to the holders of such Allowed Senior Notes Claims, in accordance with the Plan and the applicable Indentures. The Indenture Trustee, in its capacity as Disbursing Agent, may transfer any such Distributions through the facilities of DTC or another third-party distribution agent. The issuance and Distribution of the New Common Stock and the New Warrants to the Indenture Trustee will be deemed a Distribution to the respective holders of Allowed Senior Notes Claims. Upon delivery of the Distributions required under the Plan as provided in this paragraph, Reorganized FairPoint will be released of all liability with respect to the delivery of such Distributions.

7. Unclaimed Distributions

All Distributions under the Plan that are unclaimed for a period of one (1) year after Distribution thereof will be deemed unclaimed property under section 347(b) of the Bankruptcy Code and revested in Reorganized FairPoint and any entitlement of any holder of any Claims to such Distributions will be extinguished, discharged and forever barred.

8. Distribution Record Date

The Claims register will be closed on the Distribution Record Date, and any subsequent transfer of any Claim will be prohibited. FairPoint and Reorganized FairPoint will have no obligation to recognize any transfer of any such Claims occurring after the close of business on such date.

9. Manner of Payment

At the option of the Disbursing Agent, any Cash payment to be made hereunder may be made by a check or wire transfer or as otherwise required or provided in applicable agreements; *provided*, *however*, that the Cash payment to the Prepetition Credit Agreement Agent in accordance with Section 9.6.2(a) of the Plan will be made by wire transfer and the Cash Payment made to holders of Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims in accordance with Section 5.4.2(c) of the Plan will be made by wire transfer.

10. Time Bar to Cash Payments by Check

Checks issued by, or on behalf of, FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint on account of Allowed Claims will be null and void if not negotiated within ninety (90) days after the date of issuance thereof. Requests for reissuance of any check will be made in writing directly to Reorganized FairPoint by the holder of the Allowed Claim with respect to which such check originally was issued on or before the later of the first anniversary of (a) the Effective Date and (b) the date on which the Claim at issue became an Allowed Claim. After such dates, all Claims in respect of void checks will be extinguished, discharged and forever barred, and the proceeds of such checks will revest in and become the property of Reorganized FairPoint.

11. No Fractional Distributions

No fractional shares of New Common Stock or New Warrants for fractional shares of New Common Stock will be distributed and no Cash will be distributed in lieu of such fractional shares or New Warrants for fractional shares. When any Distribution pursuant to the Plan on

account of an Allowed Claim would otherwise result in the issuance of fractional shares of New Common Stock or New Warrants for fractional shares, the actual Distribution of such fractional shares will be rounded as follows: (a) fractions of one-half (½) or greater will be rounded to the next higher whole number and (b) fractions of less than one-half (½) will be rounded to the next lower whole number, with no further payment therefor. The total number of authorized shares of New Common Stock (including shares of New Common Stock issuable upon the exercise of New Warrants) to be distributed to holders of Allowed Claims will be adjusted as necessary to account for the foregoing rounding.

12. Fractional Cents

Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan to the contrary, no payment of fractional cents will be made pursuant to the Plan. Whenever any payment of a fraction of a cent under the Plan would otherwise be required, the actual Distribution made will reflect a rounding of such fraction to the nearest whole penny (up or down) with half cents or more being rounded up and fractions less than half of a cent being rounded down.

13. Setoffs and Recoupment

FairPoint may, but will not be required to, setoff against or recoup from any Claim and the payments to be made pursuant to the Plan in respect of such Claim, any Causes of Action of any nature whatsoever that FairPoint may have against the applicable claimant, but neither the failure to do so nor the allowance of any Claim hereunder will constitute a waiver or release by FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint of any such Causes of Action they may have against such claimant.

14. Allocation of Plan Distributions Between Principal and Interest

To the extent that any Allowed Claim entitled to a Distribution under the Plan consists of indebtedness and other amounts (such as accrued but unpaid interest thereon), such Distribution will be allocated first to the principal amount of the Claim (as determined for federal income tax purposes) and then, to the extent the consideration exceeds the principal amount of the Claim, to such other amounts.

15. Distributions After Effective Date

Distributions made after the Effective Date will be deemed to have been made on the Effective Date.

16. Interest on Claims

Except as specifically provided for in the Plan, the Confirmation Order or applicable law, interest will not accrue on Claims, and no holders of a Claim will be entitled to interest accruing on or after the Petition Date on any Claim. Interest will not accrue or be paid on any Disputed Claim in respect of the period from the Petition Date to the date a final Distribution is made thereon if and after such Disputed Claim becomes an Allowed Claim. Except as expressly provided herein, no Prepetition Claim will be Allowed to the extent that it is for postpetition interest or other similar charges.

17. No Distribution in Excess of Allowed Amount of Claim

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, no holder of an Allowed Claim will receive in respect of such Claim any Distribution in excess of the Allowed amount of such Claim.

18. Ordinary Course Post-Petition Liabilities

Subject to Section 3.1 of the Plan and except as otherwise specifically provided for in the Plan, holders of Claims against FairPoint (other than Claims for Professional Fees) based on Liabilities incurred after the Petition Date in the ordinary course of FairPoint's businesses will not be required to file any request for payment of such Claims with the Bankruptcy Court. Such Claims will be assumed and paid by Reorganized FairPoint in the ordinary course of business of Reorganized FairPoint, in accordance with the terms and subject to the conditions of any agreements governing, instruments evidencing or other documents relating to, the transaction underlying such Claims, without any further action by the holders of such Claims.

19. Payment of Taxes on Distributions Received Pursuant to the Plan

All Persons that receive Distributions under the Plan will be responsible for reporting and paying, as applicable, taxes on account of such Distributions.

20. Estimation of Claims

FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint, as applicable, may at any time request that the Bankruptcy Court estimate any Contingent Claim, Unliquidated Claim or Disputed Claim pursuant to section 502(c) of the Bankruptcy Code regardless of whether FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint, as applicable, previously objected to such Claim or whether the Bankruptcy Court has ruled on any such objection, and the Bankruptcy Court will retain jurisdiction to estimate any Claim at any time during litigation concerning any objection to any Claim, including, without limitation, during the pendency of any appeal relating to any such objection. In the event that the Bankruptcy Court estimates any Contingent Claim, Unliquidated Claim or Disputed Claim, the amount so estimated will constitute either the Allowed amount of such Claim or a maximum limitation on such Claim, as determined by the Bankruptcy Court. If the estimated amount constitutes a maximum limitation on the amount of such Claim, FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint, as applicable, may pursue supplementary proceedings to object to the allowance of such Claim. All of the aforementioned objection, estimation and resolution procedures are intended to be cumulative and not exclusive of one another. Claims may be estimated and subsequently compromised, settled, withdrawn or resolved by any mechanism approved by the Bankruptcy Court.

21. Claims Reserves

On the Effective Date, and after making all Distributions required to be made on the Effective Date under the Plan, Reorganized FairPoint Communications will establish and maintain a separate reserve (each, a "Reserve") for each Class of Claims and Unclassified Claims, which Reserve will be administered by Reorganized FairPoint Communications; provided, however, that nothing herein will be deemed to require a Reserve with respect to Tax

Claims against FairPoint Communications. For the avoidance of doubt, a Reserve will be established for all amounts referred to as "reserved" in clauses (1) through (10) in Section 5.4.2(c) of the Plan other than clauses (3) and (5) of Section 5.4.2(c) of the Plan. To the extent that Reserves are established and maintained for the benefit of any holder of a Disputed Claim, such Reserves will include an amount of New Common Stock, New Warrants and/or Cash, as the case may be, equal to the Distributions that would have been made to the holder of such Disputed Claim if it were an Allowed Claim in an amount equal to the lesser of (i) the amount of the Disputed Claim, (ii) the amount in which the Disputed Claim will be estimated by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to section 502 of the Bankruptcy Code for purposes of allowance, which amount, unless otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court, will constitute and represent the maximum amount in which such Claim ultimately may become an Allowed Claim, or (iii) such other amount as may be agreed upon by the holder of such Disputed Claim and Reorganized FairPoint.

All New Common Stock, New Warrants and Cash, as applicable, allocable to a Class of Claims or Unclassified Claims hereunder will be distributed by Reorganized FairPoint to the relevant Reserve on the Effective Date. Cash held in Reserve will only be invested in Section 345 Securities. Each Reserve will be closed and extinguished by Reorganized FairPoint Communications upon its determination that all Distributions of New Common Stock, New Warrants and Cash required to be made under the Plan (other than those Distributions required to be made to holders of Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims pursuant to Section 5.4.2(d) of the Plan) have been made in accordance with the terms of the Plan. Upon closure of a Reserve, all New Common Stock and New Warrants then held in such Reserve will be subject to re-Distribution to the applicable Class, as appropriate, and all Cash will be distributed pursuant to Section 5.4.2(d) of the Plan, all in accordance with the provisions of Section V of the Plan.

H. DISPUTED CLAIMS AND EQUITY INTERESTS UNDER THE PLAN

1. Objections

As of and following the Effective Date, objections to, and requests for estimation of, Administrative Expense Claims and Claims against FairPoint may be interposed and prosecuted only by Reorganized FairPoint. Such objections and requests for estimation will be served on the respective claimant and filed with the Bankruptcy Court on or before the latest of: (a) one hundred eighty days (180) after the Effective Date or (b) such later date as may be fixed by the Bankruptcy Court (the "Objection Deadline"); provided, however, that with respect to Claims that, as of the Objection Deadline, are subject to a pending claim objection, contested matter, or adversary proceeding (an "Initial Objection") wherein Reorganized FairPoint's objection to such claim is ultimately denied, the Objection Deadline will be extended to the later of sixty (60) days from the date on which (i) the Bankruptcy Court enters an order denying such Initial Objection or (ii) any appellate court enters a Final Order reversing or vacating an order of the Bankruptcy Court granting such Initial Objection; provided, further, that with respect to Claims that (A) are filed (whether as an amended Claim, new Claim, or otherwise) after the Effective Date, and (B) that are not otherwise subject to adjustment, expunction or disallowance pursuant to Sections 10.2, 10.3, 10.5, 10.6 and 10.7 of the Plan, the Objection Deadline will be one hundred eighty (180) days after the date on which such Claim was filed. Nothing herein will affect FairPoint's

or Reorganized FairPoint's ability to amend the Schedules in accordance with the Bankruptcy Code and the Bankruptcy Rules.

2. Adjustment to Certain Claims Without a Filed Objection

Any Claim that has been settled, paid and satisfied, or amended and superseded, may be adjusted or expunged on the Claims register by Reorganized FairPoint without a claims objection having to be filed and without any further notice to or action, order, or approval of the Bankruptcy Court. In addition, all Claims filed on account of an employee benefit will be deemed satisfied and expunged from the Claims register as of the Effective Date to the extent Reorganized FairPoint elects to honor such employee benefit, without any further notice to or action, order or approval of the Bankruptcy Court.

3. No Distributions Pending Allowance

Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan, if any portion of a Claim or Administrative Expense Claim is Disputed, no payment or Distribution provided hereunder will be made on account of such Claim or Administrative Expense Claim unless and until such Disputed Claim or Disputed Administrative Expense Claim becomes Allowed.

4. Distributions After Allowance

To the extent that a Disputed Claim or Disputed Administrative Expense Claim ultimately becomes an Allowed Claim or Allowed Administrative Expense Claim, Distributions (if any) will be made to the holder of such Allowed Claim or Allowed Administrative Expense Claim in accordance with the provisions of the Plan.

5. Resolution of Administrative Expense Claims and Claims

As of and following the Effective Date, Reorganized FairPoint will have the authority to compromise, settle, otherwise resolve or withdraw any objections to Administrative Expense Claims and Claims against FairPoint and to compromise, settle or otherwise resolve any Disputed Administrative Expense Claims and Disputed Claims against FairPoint without approval of the Bankruptcy Court.

6. Disallowance of Certain Claims

Any Claims held by Persons from which property is recoverable under section 542, 543, 550, or 553 of the Bankruptcy Code or by a Person that is a transferee of a transfer avoidable under section 522(f), 522(h), 544, 545, 547, 548, 549 or 724(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, will be deemed disallowed pursuant to section 502(d) of the Bankruptcy Code, and such Persons may not receive any Distributions on account of their Claims until such time as such Causes of Action against such Persons have been settled or a Final Order with respect thereto has been entered and all sums due, if any, to FairPoint by such Person have been turned over or paid to Reorganized FairPoint.

7. Indenture Trustee as Claim Holder

Consistent with Bankruptcy Rule 3003(c), Reorganized FairPoint will recognize proofs of Claims timely filed by the Indenture Trustee in respect of any Claims under the Indentures. Accordingly, any Claim arising under the Indentures, proof of which is filed by the registered or beneficial holder of Senior Notes, will be disallowed as duplicative of the Claim of the applicable Indenture Trustee, without any further action of the Bankruptcy Court.

8. Offer of Judgment

Reorganized FairPoint is authorized to serve upon a holder of a Claim an offer to allow judgment to be taken on account of such Claim, and, pursuant to Bankruptcy Rules 7068 and 9014, Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 68 will apply to such offer of judgment. To the extent the holder of a Claim must pay the costs incurred by Reorganized FairPoint after the making of such offer, Reorganized FairPoint is entitled to set off such amounts against the amount of any Distribution to be paid to such holder without any further notice to or action, order, or approval of the Bankruptcy Court.

9. Amendments to Claims

On or after the Effective Date, a Claim may not be filed or amended without the prior authorization of the Bankruptcy Court or Reorganized FairPoint and any such new or amended Claim filed without prior authorization will be deemed disallowed in full and expunged without any further action.

10. Claims Paid and Payable by Third Parties

A Claim will be disallowed without a Claims objection having to be filed and without any further notice to or action, order or approval of the Bankruptcy Court, to the extent that the holder of such Claim receives payment in full on account of such Claim from a party that is not FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint. No Distributions under the Plan will be made on account of an Allowed Claim that is payable pursuant to one of FairPoint's Insurance Policies until the holder of such Allowed Claim has exhausted all remedies with respect to such Insurance Policy. To the extent that one or more of FairPoint's Insurers agrees to satisfy in full a Claim (if and to the extent adjudicated by a court of competent jurisdiction), then immediately upon such insurers' agreement, such Claim may be expunged from the Claims register without a Claims objection having to be filed and without any further notice to or action, order or approval of the Bankruptcy Court.

I. EXECUTORY CONTRACTS AND UNEXPIRED LEASES UNDER THE PLAN

Section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code provides FairPoint with the power, subject to the approval of the Bankruptcy Court, to assume or reject unexpired leases and executory contracts. If an executory contract is rejected, the non-debtor party to the agreement may file a claim for damages incurred by reason of the rejection. These claims for damages are treated as prepetition, general Unsecured Claims. Rejection of unexpired leases of real property is subject to certain limitations imposed by section 502(b) of the Bankruptcy Code. The Plan provisions

regarding the assumption or rejection of executory contracts and unexpired leases are described below.

1. Assumption or Rejection of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases

(i) General

Pursuant to sections 365(a) and 1123(b)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code, all executory contracts and unexpired leases that exist between FairPoint and any Person will be deemed assumed by FairPoint as of the Effective Date, except for any executory contract or unexpired lease (a) that has been assumed or rejected pursuant to an order of the Bankruptcy Court entered prior to the Effective Date, (b) as to which a motion for approval of the assumption or rejection of such executory contract or unexpired lease has been filed and served prior to the Effective Date, or (c) that is specifically designated as a contract or lease to be rejected on Schedules 11.1(A) (executory contracts) or 11.1(B) (unexpired leases), which schedules will be contained in the Plan Supplement; provided, however, that FairPoint reserves the right, on or prior to the Effective Date, to amend Schedules 11.1(A) and 11.1(B) to delete any executory contract or unexpired lease therefrom or add any executory contract or unexpired lease thereto, in which event such executory contract(s) or unexpired lease(s) will be deemed to be either assumed or rejected, respectively, as provided in such amended schedules, as of the Effective Date. FairPoint will provide notice of any amendments to Schedules 11.1(A) and/or 11.1(B) to the parties to the executory contracts and unexpired leases affected thereby. The listing of a document on Schedules 11.1(A) or 11.1(B) will not constitute an admission by FairPoint that such document is an executory contract or an unexpired lease or that FairPoint has any liability thereunder. For the purpose of the Plan, the various regulatory consent orders to which FairPoint was a party with the MPUC, the VDPS and the NHPUC on the Petition Date will not be deemed to be executory contracts governed by Section XI of the Plan.

2. Inclusiveness

Unless otherwise specified on Schedules 11.1(A) or 11.1(B) of the Plan Supplement, each executory contract and unexpired lease listed or to be listed therein will include any and all modifications, amendments, supplements, restatements or other agreements made directly or indirectly by any agreement, instrument or other document that in any manner affects such executory contract or unexpired lease and all executory contracts or unexpired leases appurtenant to the premises thereof, including all easements, licenses, permits, rights, privileges, immunities, options, rights of first refusal, powers, uses, usufructs, reciprocal easement agreements, vaults, tunnel or bridge agreements or franchises and any other interests in real estate or rights in rem related to the premises thereof, in each case, without regard to whether such agreement, instrument or other document is listed on Schedules 11.1(A) or 11.1(B) of the Plan Supplement.

3. Provisions Related to Cure Payments and Rejection Damages

(i) <u>Approval of Assumption and Rejection of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases</u>

The Confirmation Order will constitute an order of the Bankruptcy Court approving the assumptions or rejections described in Section 11.3 of the Plan pursuant to sections 365 and 1123

of the Bankruptcy Code as of the Effective Date. Any counterparty to an executory contract or unexpired lease that fails to object timely to the proposed assumption or rejection of such executory contract or unexpired lease, including objecting to the cure amount designated by FairPoint as payable in connection with an assumption, will be deemed to have consented to such assumption or rejection and agreed to the specified Cure amount.

1. Claims on Account of the Rejection of Executory Contracts or Unexpired Leases

All proofs of Claims arising from the rejection of executory contracts or unexpired leases pursuant to the Plan must be filed with the Bankruptcy Court and served upon FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint, as applicable, no later than thirty (30) days after the later of (a) notice of entry of an order approving the rejection of such executory contract or unexpired lease, (b) notice of entry of the Confirmation Order and (c) notice of an amendment to the schedule of rejected contracts.

Any Person that is required to file a proof of Claim arising from the rejection of an executory contract or an unexpired lease that fails to timely do so will be forever barred, estopped and enjoined from asserting such Claim, and such Claim will not be enforceable, against FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint or the Estate and their respective properties, and FairPoint and Reorganized FairPoint and the Estates and their respective properties will be forever discharged from any and all Liability with respect to such Claim unless otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court or as otherwise provided herein. All such Claims will, as of the Effective Date, be subject to permanent injunction.

- 2. Procedures for Counterparties to Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases Assumed Pursuant to the Plan
 - (i) (a) Any monetary defaults under each executory contract and unexpired lease to be assumed pursuant to the Plan will be satisfied, pursuant to section 365(b)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, by payment of the default amount in Cash on the Effective Date or as soon thereafter as practicable. At least twenty (20) days prior to the Confirmation Hearing, FairPoint will provide notices of proposed assumption and proposed Cure amounts to be sent to applicable third parties, the Lender Steering Committee and the Creditors' Committee. In the event that FairPoint does not propose a Cure amount to be sent to the applicable third party, the Cure amount for such third party's executory contract or unexpired lease will be deemed to be zero dollars (\$0.00). Any objection by a counterparty to an executory contract or unexpired lease to a proposed assumption or related Cure amount must be filed, served and actually received by FairPoint at least ten (10) days prior to the Confirmation Hearing. Any counterparty to an executory contract and unexpired lease that fails to object timely to the proposed assumption or Cure amount will be deemed to have assented to such matters.
 - (b) In the event of a dispute regarding (1) the amount of any payments to cure such a default, (2) the ability of Reorganized FairPoint or any assignee to provide "adequate assurance of future performance" (within the meaning of section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code) under the contract or lease to be assumed or (3) any other

matter pertaining to assumption, the Cure payments required by section 365(b)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code will be made following the entry of a Final Order or orders resolving the dispute and approving the assumption, unless otherwise agreed between FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint, as the case may be, and the counter party to such executory contract or unexpired lease. If any objection to Cure is sustained by the Bankruptcy Court, FairPoint, in its sole option, may elect to reject such executory contract or unexpired lease in lieu of assuming it.

(ii) Notwithstanding Section 11.3.1(b)(i) of the Plan, to the extent (1) FairPoint is a party to any contract, lease or other agreement providing for the purchase, by a third party, of access to FairPoint's facilities or services, (2) any such agreement constitutes an executory contract or unexpired lease and (3) such agreement (a) has not been assumed or rejected pursuant to a Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court, (b) is not subject to a pending motion for reconsideration or appeal of an order authorizing the assumption or rejection of such executory contract or unexpired lease, (c) is not subject to a motion to assume or reject such executory contract or unexpired lease filed on or prior to the Effective Date, or (d) is not identified for rejection on Schedules 11.1(A) or 11.1(B) of the Plan Supplement, then such agreement will be assumed as of the Effective Date by FairPoint, in accordance with the provisions and requirements of sections 365 of the Bankruptcy Code. No Cure will be paid and no other form of refund or billing credit will be given in connection with the assumption of such an agreement

4. Indemnification Obligations

Except as specifically set forth in Section 8.16 of the Plan, as of the Effective Date, FairPoint and Reorganized FairPoint will have no continuing indemnification obligations under any of its executory contracts.

5. Insurance Policies

Unless specifically rejected by order of the Bankruptcy Court, all of FairPoint's Insurance Policies which are executory, if any, and any agreements, documents or instruments relating thereto, will be assumed under the Plan. Nothing contained in Section 11.5 of the Plan will constitute or be deemed a waiver of any Cause of Action that FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint, as applicable, may hold against any Person, including, without limitation, the Insurer, under any of FairPoint's Insurance Policies.

6. Benefit Plans

Notwithstanding anything contained in the Plan to the contrary, unless rejected by order of the Bankruptcy Court, Reorganized FairPoint will continue to honor, in the ordinary course of business, the Benefit Plans of FairPoint entered into before or after the Petition Date and not since terminated.

FairPoint Communications is the contributing sponsor for the FairPoint Communications Northern New England Pension Plan for Management Employees and the FairPoint Communications Northern New England Pension Plan for Represented Employees (together, the "<u>Pension Plans</u>"). The Pension Plans are covered by Title IV of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended, ("<u>ERISA</u>"), 29 U.S.C. section 1301 <u>et seq</u>. The Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (the "<u>PBGC</u>"), a United States Government corporation, guarantees the payment of certain pension benefits upon termination of a pension plan covered by Title IV of ERISA.

Upon confirmation of the Plan, FairPoint Communications (including Reorganized FairPoint Communications) will assume and continue to maintain the Pension Plans, and contribute to the Pension Plans the amount necessary to satisfy the minimum funding standards under sections 302 and 303 of ERISA, 29 U.S.C. §§ 1082 and 1083, and sections 412 and 430 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. §§ 412 and 430. The Pension Plans may be terminated after the Effective Date only if the statutory requirements of either ERISA section 4041, 29 U.S.C. § 1341, or ERISA section 4042, 29 U.S.C. § 1342 are met.

Nothing in the Plan will be construed as discharging, releasing or relieving FairPoint Communications or its successors, including Reorganized FairPoint Communications, or any party, in any capacity, from any liability imposed under any law or legally valid regulatory provision with respect to the Pension Plans or the PBGC. The PBGC and the Pension Plans will not be enjoined or precluded from enforcing such liability as a result of any provision of the Plan or the Confirmation Order.

FairPoint originally assumed these retirement and benefit liabilities as part of the Merger. The Creditors Committee has asserted that the value to Verizon of the assumption of these liabilities may be a component of a damage or avoidance claim against Verizon as described above.

7. Retiree Benefits

On and after the Effective Date, pursuant to section 1129(a)(13) of the Bankruptcy Code, Reorganized FairPoint will continue to pay all retiree benefits of FairPoint (within the meaning of and subject to section 1114 of the Bankruptcy Code) for the duration of the period for which the FairPoint entities had obligated themselves to provide such benefits and subject to the right of Reorganized FairPoint to modify or terminate such retiree benefits in accordance with the terms thereof.

8. Amended Collective Bargaining Agreements

On the Effective Date, the collective bargaining agreements by and between Northern New England Telephone Operations LLC and Telephone Operating Company of Vermont LLC (the two companies doing business as FairPoint Communications) and International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, AFL-CIO Locals 2320, 2326, and 2327 and Communications Workers of America, AFL-CIO will be deemed automatically assumed, as amended by the Labor MOU.

J. CONDITIONS PRECEDENT TO THE EFFECTIVE DATE

1. Conditions Precedent to Effectiveness

The Effective Date will not occur and the Plan will not become effective with respect to a particular entity listed on Exhibit A of the Plan unless and until the following conditions are satisfied in full or waived in accordance with Section 12.2 of the Plan:

- (i) the terms of the Plan, the Disclosure Statement and the Plan Supplement will be reasonably satisfactory to the Lender Steering Committee;
- (ii) the Bankruptcy Court will have entered the Confirmation Order which will have become a Final Order;
- (iii) the treatment of inter-company claims and the assumption of post-reorganization operating contracts will be reasonably satisfactory to the Lender Steering Committee:
- (iv) the conditions precedent to the effectiveness of the New Revolver will have been satisfied or waived by the parties thereto and Reorganized FairPoint will have access to funding under the New Revolver;
- (v) the conditions precedent to the effectiveness of the New Term Loan will have been satisfied or waived by the parties thereto;
- (vi) all actions and all agreements, instruments or other documents necessary to implement the terms and provisions of the Plan are effected or executed and delivered, as applicable and will be reasonably acceptable to the Lender Steering Committee;
- (vii) all authorizations, consents and regulatory approvals, rulings, letters, noaction letters, opinions or documents, if any, that are necessary to implement the Plan or that are required by the applicable FairPoint entity or applicable law, regulation or order, in connection with the consummation of the Plan will have been obtained and not revoked (including any approvals required by the Regulatory Settlements);
- (viii) the Labor MOU will have been ratified by the applicable union membership; and
- (ix) applicable regulatory approvals from the Federal Communications Commission and from state regulatory authorities in certain states in which the applicable FairPoint entity operates, including the approval of the change of control applications and the related Regulatory Settlements, will have been obtained or the applicable FairPoint entity will have obtained a ruling from the Bankruptcy Court to the effect that the state regulations requiring such regulatory approvals are pre-empted by the Bankruptcy Code.

2. Waiver of Conditions

Each of the conditions precedent in Section 12.1 of the Plan may be waived, in whole or in part, by FairPoint, except with respect to the conditions precedent set forth in Sections 12.1 (a), (b), (c), (e), (f), (g), (h) and (i) of the Plan which will require the consent of the Lender Steering Committee (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed). Any such waivers may be effected at any time, without notice, without leave or order of the Bankruptcy Court and without any formal action on the part of the Bankruptcy Court.

3. Satisfaction of Conditions

Except as expressly provided or permitted in the Plan, any actions required to be taken on the Effective Date will take place and will be deemed to have occurred simultaneously, and no such action will be deemed to have occurred prior to the taking of any other such action. In the event that one or more of the conditions specified in Section 12.1 of the Plan will have not occurred or otherwise been waived pursuant to Section 12.2 of the Plan, (a) the Confirmation Order will be vacated, (b) FairPoint and all holders of Claims and interests, including any Equity Interests, will be restored to the *status quo ante* as of the day immediately preceding the Confirmation Date as though the Confirmation Date never occurred and (c) FairPoint's obligations with respect to Claims and Equity Interests will remain unchanged and nothing contained herein will constitute or be deemed a waiver or release of any Claims or Equity Interests by or against FairPoint or any other Person or to prejudice in any manner the rights of FairPoint or any Person in any further proceedings involving FairPoint.

K. EFFECT OF CONFIRMATION

1. Binding Effect

Subject to the occurrence of the Effective Date, on and after the Confirmation Date, the provisions of the Plan will bind any holder of a Claim against, or Equity Interest in, FairPoint and such holder's respective successors and assigns, whether or not the Claim or Equity Interest of such holder is Impaired under the Plan, whether or not such holder has accepted the Plan and whether or not such holder is entitled to a Distribution under the Plan.

2. Discharge of Claims and Termination of Old FairPoint Equity Interests

Except as provided in the Plan, the rights afforded in and the payments and Distributions to be made under the Plan will terminate all Old FairPoint Equity Interests and will discharge all existing Liabilities and Claims of any kind, nature or description whatsoever against or in FairPoint or any of its assets or properties to the fullest extent permitted by section 1141 of the Bankruptcy Code. Except as provided in the Plan, on the Effective Date, all existing Claims against FairPoint and Old FairPoint Equity Interests will be, and will be deemed to be, released, terminated, extinguished and discharged, and all holders of such Claims and Old FairPoint Equity Interests will be precluded and enjoined from asserting against Reorganized FairPoint, their successors and assigns and any of their respective assets or properties, any other or further Claim or Old FairPoint Equity Interests based upon any act or omission, transaction or other activity of any kind or nature that occurred prior to the Effective Date, whether or not such

holder has filed a proof of Claim or proof of interest and whether or not the facts or legal bases therefore were known or existed prior to the Effective Date.

3. Discharge of Debtors

On the Effective Date, in consideration of the Distributions to be made under the Plan and except as otherwise expressly provided in the Plan, each holder (as well as any trustees and agents on behalf of each holder) of a Claim or Old FairPoint Equity Interest and any Affiliate of such holder will be deemed to have forever waived, released and discharged FairPoint, to the fullest extent permitted by section 1141 of the Bankruptcy Code, of and from any and all Claims, Old FairPoint Equity Interests, rights and Liabilities that arose prior to the Effective Date. Upon the Effective Date, all such Persons will be forever precluded and enjoined, pursuant to section 524 of the Bankruptcy Code, from prosecuting or asserting any such discharged Claim against, or terminated Old FairPoint Equity Interest in, FairPoint.

4. Reservation of Causes of Action/Reservation of Rights

Except with respect to the Released Parties, nothing contained in the Plan will be deemed to be a waiver or the relinquishment of any Causes of Action that FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint, as applicable, may have or may choose to assert against any Person.

L. EXCULPATION; RELEASE; INJUNCTION AND RELATED PROVISIONS

1. Exculpation

For purposes of the Plan, Released Parties will include (a) the current or former directors, officers, employees, Affiliates, agents, accountants, financial advisors, investment bankers, restructuring advisors, attorneys and representatives, and other professionals of or to FairPoint and the Debtors-in-Possession who served or were employed in such capacities after the Petition Date, and each of their respective agents and representatives (b) the Prepetition Credit Agreement Agent, (c) Prepetition Credit Agreement Lenders, (d) the Consenting Lenders, (e) the Lender Steering Committee, (f) the DIP Agent, (g) the DIP Lenders, (h) Bank of America, in its capacity as Disbursing Agent, (i) the members of the Ad Hoc Committee of Senior Noteholders, and (j) for each of (b) through (i), their respective officers, directors, employees, Affiliates, agents, partners, members, representatives, employees, financial advisors, investment bankers, restructuring advisors, attorneys and other professionals; provided, however, if no Distributions are made on account of Class 7 FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims in accordance with Section 5.7.2(b) of the Plan, then clause 1.109(i) of the Plan will be deemed to be deleted from this definition and the members of the Ad Hoc Committee of Senior Noteholders (and their respective officers, directors, employees, Affiliates, agents, partners, members, representatives, employees, financial advisors, investment bankers, restructuring advisors, attorneys and other professionals) will not be included within this definition of Released Parties.

None of FairPoint, the Debtors-in-Possession, the Reorganized Debtors, and the other Released Parties will have or incur any liability for any Claim, Cause of Action or other assertion of Liability for any act taken or omitted to be taken in connection with,

relating to or arising out of the Chapter 11 Cases, the formulation, dissemination, implementation, approval, confirmation, consummation or administration of the Plan, property to be distributed under the Plan or any other act or omission in connection with, relating to or arising out of the Chapter 11 Cases, the Plan, the Disclosure Statement or any contract, instrument, document or other agreement related thereto; *provided*, *however*, that the foregoing will not affect the Liability of any Person resulting from any such act or omission to the extent such act or omission is determined by a Final Order to have constituted willful misconduct, fraud, gross negligence, criminal conduct, breach of fiduciary duty (to the extent applicable) and *ultra vires* acts. This exculpation will be in addition to, and not in limitation of, all other releases, indemnities, discharges and any other applicable law or rules protecting such Persons from liability. Furthermore, this exculpation is not intended to violate any requirement of the New York Rules of Professional Conduct.

2. Releases

Effective as of the date the Plan is confirmed, but subject to the occurrence of the Effective Date, and in consideration of the services of the Released Parties, to the fullest extent permissible under applicable law, as such law may be extended or interpreted subsequent to the Effective Date, FairPoint, their respective Estates, Reorganized FairPoint and each Person who, directly or indirectly, has held, holds, or may hold Claims or Old FairPoint Equity Interest will release, waive and discharge unconditionally and forever each of the Released Parties from any and all Claims, Causes of Action and Liabilities whatsoever (including those arising under the Bankruptcy Code), whether known or unknown, foreseen or unforeseen, existing or hereinafter arising in law, equity, or otherwise, based in whole or in part on any act, omission, transaction, event or other occurrence: (a) taking place before the Petition Date in connection with or relating to FairPoint; and (b) in connection with, related to, or arising out of FairPoint's Chapter 11 Cases, the pursuit of confirmation of the Plan, the consummation thereof, the administration thereof or the property to be distributed thereunder; provided, that the foregoing will not operate as a waiver of or release from any Causes of Action resulting from the willful misconduct, fraud, gross negligence, criminal conduct, breach of fiduciary duty (to the extent applicable) and ultra vires acts of any Released Party; provided further, that solely with respect to any Person (other than FairPoint, their respective Estates, or Reorganized FairPoint) who does not vote to accept the Plan or who is not deemed to have accepted the Plan, the release by such Person of any of the Released Parties will be solely to the extent that such Released Party would have a pre-Effective Date indemnification claim against FairPoint; provided further, that (i) the foregoing releases will not apply to obligations arising under the Plan, and (ii) the foregoing releases will not be construed to prohibit a party in interest from seeking to enforce the terms of the Plan. Furthermore, the foregoing releases are not intended to violate any requirement of the New York Rules of **Professional Conduct.**

For the avoidance of doubt, Section 14.2 of the Plan shall not limit the implementation of a Regulatory Settlement or, as to the business and activities of FairPoint as conducted on and after the Effective Date of the Plan, the application and enforcement of applicable law in the respective states for which there is a Regulatory Settlement

(consistent with the provisions of the Regulatory Settlements) with respect to the regulation of FairPoint by any governmental unit of the respective states including, if applicable, the MPUC, VPSB and/or the NHPUC.

The Creditors Committee has advised FairPoint that it believes, based upon its preliminary investigations, that claims exist under applicable laws against persons who are Released Parties with respect to the Merger and the payment of dividends to shareholders. Under applicable law, however, non-debtor releases are appropriate when, among other things: (i) the estate has received substantial consideration, (ii) the released claims would indirectly impact the reorganization by giving rise to claims of indemnification or contribution, (iii) the plan otherwise provides for the full payment of the released claims, or (iv) the affected creditors consent. *See, e.g., In re Metromedia Fiber Network, Inc.*, 416 F.3d 136 (2d Cir. 2005). In this case, it is FairPoint's belief that the foregoing releases are appropriate under applicable law. The Bankruptcy Court will determine the issue of whether the releases are appropriate at the Confirmation Hearing.

3. Avoidance Actions/Objections

Other than any releases granted herein, by the Confirmation Order or by Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court, as applicable, from and after the Effective Date, Reorganized FairPoint will have the right to prosecute any and all avoidance or equitable subordination actions, recovery Causes of Action and objections to Claims under sections 105, 502, 510, 542 through 551, and 553 of the Bankruptcy Code that belong to FairPoint or a Debtor-in-Possession.

4. Injunction or Stay

From and after the Effective Date, all Persons will be permanently enjoined from commencing or continuing in any manner against FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint, their successors and assigns, and their assets and properties, as the case may be, any suit, action or other proceeding, on account of or respecting any Claim, Liability, Cause of Action, interest or remedy released or to be released pursuant to the Plan or the order confirming the Plan.

Except as otherwise expressly provided for in the Plan, from and after the Effective Date, all Persons will be precluded from asserting against FairPoint, the Debtors-in-Possession, FairPoint's Estates, Reorganized FairPoint, the Released Parties, and their respective assets and properties, any other Claims or Equity Interests in connection with, relating to or arising out of any documents, instruments, or any act or omission, transaction or other activity of any kind or nature relating to FairPoint that occurred before the Effective Date.

The rights afforded in the Plan and the treatment of all Claims and Equity Interests therein will be in exchange for and in complete satisfaction of all Claims and Equity Interests of any nature whatsoever, including, without limitation, any interest accrued on Claims from and after the Petition Date, against FairPoint or any of their respective assets, properties or Estates. On the Effective Date, all such Claims against, and Equity Interests in FairPoint will be fully released and discharged.

For the avoidance of doubt, Section 14.4 of the Plan shall not limit the implementation of a Regulatory Settlement or, as to the business and activities of FairPoint as conducted on and after the Effective Date of the Plan, the application and enforcement of applicable law in the respective states for which there is a Regulatory Settlement (consistent with the provisions of the Regulatory Settlements) with respect to the regulation of FairPoint by any governmental unit of the respective states including, if applicable, the MPUC, VPSB and/or the NHPUC.

5. United States Government Claims

Nothing in the Confirmation Order or the Plan shall effect a release of any claim by the United States Government or any of its agencies, including without limitation any claim arising under the Internal Revenue Code, the environmental laws or any criminal laws of the United States against FairPoint, nor shall anything in the Confirmation Order or the Plan enjoin the United States from bringing any claim, suit, action or other proceeding against FairPoint for any liability whatsoever, including without limitation any claim, suit or action arising under the Internal Revenue Code, the environmental laws or any criminal laws of the United States, nor shall anything in the Confirmation Order or the Plan exculpate any party from any liability to the United States Government or any of its agencies, including any liabilities arising under the Internal Revenue Code, the environmental laws or any criminal laws of the United States against FairPoint. This paragraph, however, shall in no way affect or limit the discharge granted to FairPoint under sections 524 and 1141 of the Bankruptcy Code.

M. RETENTION OF JURISDICTION

The Bankruptcy Court will have exclusive jurisdiction of all matters in connection with, arising out of, or related to the Chapter 11 Cases and the Plan pursuant to, and for the purposes of, sections 105(a) and 1142 of the Bankruptcy Code, including, without limitation, to:

- (i) hear and determine pending applications for the assumption or rejection of executory contracts or unexpired leases and the allowance of Cure amounts and Claims resulting therefrom;
- (ii) determine any and all adversary proceedings, applications and contested matters;
- (iii) hear and determine all applications for compensation and reimbursement of expenses under sections 330, 331 and 503(b) of the Bankruptcy Code;
- (iv) hear and determine any timely objections to, or requests for estimation of Disputed Administrative Expense Claims and Disputed Claims, in whole or in part;
- (v) enter and implement such orders as may be appropriate in the event the Confirmation Order is for any reason stayed, revoked, modified or vacated;
- (vi) issue such orders in aid of execution of the Plan, to the extent authorized by section 1142 of the Bankruptcy Code;

- (vii) consider any amendments to or modifications of the Plan or to cure any defect or omission, or reconcile any inconsistency, in any order of the Bankruptcy Court, including, without limitation, the Confirmation Order;
- (viii) hear and determine disputes or issues arising in connection with the interpretation, implementation or enforcement of the Plan, the Confirmation Order, any transactions or payments contemplated hereby or thereby, any agreement, instrument, or other document governing or relating to any of the foregoing or any settlement approved by the Bankruptcy Court; *provided, however*, that any dispute arising under or in connection with the New Term Loan and the New Revolver will be determined in accordance with the governing law designated by the applicable documents;
- (ix) hear and determine matters concerning state, local and federal taxes in accordance with sections 346, 505 and 1146 of the Bankruptcy Code (including, without limitation, any request by FairPoint), prior to the Effective Date or request by Reorganized FairPoint after the Effective Date for an expedited determination of tax issues under section 505(b) of the Bankruptcy Code;
- (x) hear and determine all disputes involving the existence, scope and nature of the discharges granted under the Plan, the Confirmation Order or the Bankruptcy Code;
- (xi) issue injunctions and effect any other actions that may be necessary or appropriate to restrain interference by any Person with the consummation, implementation or enforcement of the Plan, the Confirmation Order or any other order of the Bankruptcy Court;
- (xii) determine such other matters and for such other purposes as may be provided in the Confirmation Order;
- (xiii) hear and determine any rights, Claims or Causes of Action held by or accruing to FairPoint pursuant to the Bankruptcy Code or pursuant to any federal or state statute or legal theory;
- (xiv) recover all assets of FairPoint and property of FairPoint's Estates, wherever located:
 - (xv) enter a final decree closing the Chapter 11 Cases; and
 - (xvi) hear any other matter not inconsistent with the Bankruptcy Code.

N. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Section XVI of the Plan provides for certain additional provisions including, but not limited to, effectuating documents and further transactions, withholding and reporting requirements, corporate action, modification of the Plan, revocation or withdrawal of the Plan, the Plan Supplement, payment of statutory fees, exemption from transfer taxes and expedited tax determination.

VII. CERTAIN FACTORS TO BE CONSIDERED

HOLDERS OF ALLOWED CLAIMS IN THE VOTING CLASSES SHOULD READ AND CONSIDER CAREFULLY THE FACTORS SET FORTH BELOW, AS WELL AS THE OTHER INFORMATION SET FORTH IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT (AND THE DOCUMENTS DELIVERED TOGETHER HEREWITH AND/OR REFERRED TO HEREIN), PRIOR TO VOTING TO ACCEPT OR REJECT THE PLAN. THESE RISK FACTORS SHOULD NOT, HOWEVER, BE REGARDED AS CONSTITUTING THE ONLY RISKS INVOLVED IN CONNECTION WITH THE PLAN AND ITS IMPLEMENTATION.

A. GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS

The formulation of a reorganization plan is the principal purpose of a chapter 11 case. The Plan sets forth the means for satisfying the various Claims against FairPoint. Reorganization of FairPoint under the proposed Plan also avoids the potentially adverse impact of a liquidation on employees of FairPoint and on many of its customers, suppliers and trade vendors.

B. CERTAIN BANKRUPTCY CONSIDERATIONS

1. Parties-in-Interest May Object to FairPoint's Classification of Claims

Section 1122 of the Bankruptcy Code provides that a plan may place a Claim in a particular class only if such Claim is substantially similar to the other Claims in such class. FairPoint believes that the classification of Claims under the Plan complies with the requirements set forth in the Bankruptcy Code because FairPoint created nine Classes of Claims, each encompassing Claims that are substantially similar to the other Claims in each such class. Nevertheless, there can be no assurance the Bankruptcy Court will reach the same conclusion.

2. Failure to Satisfy Vote Requirement

If votes are received in number and amount sufficient to enable the Bankruptcy Court to confirm the Plan, FairPoint intends to seek, as promptly as practicable thereafter, confirmation of the Plan. In the event that sufficient votes are not received, FairPoint may seek to accomplish an alternative chapter 11 plan of reorganization. There can be no assurance that the terms of any such alternative chapter 11 plan of reorganization would be similar or as favorable to the holders of Allowed Claims as those proposed in the Plan.

3. Risk of Non-Confirmation of Plan; Feasibility

Even if all Impaired Classes of Claims accept or are deemed to have accepted the Plan, or, with respect to a Class that rejects or is deemed to reject the Plan, the requirements for "cramdown" are met, the Bankruptcy Court, which can exercise substantial discretion, may determine that the Plan does not meet the requirements for confirmation under section 1129(a) and (b) of the Bankruptcy Code. *See Section X.C.* ("Confirmation of the Plan—Requirements for Confirmation of the Plan"). Section 1129(a) of the Bankruptcy Code requires, among other things, a demonstration that the confirmation of the Plan will not be followed by liquidation or

need for further financial reorganization of FairPoint and that the value of distributions to creditors who vote to reject the Plan not be less than the value of distributions such creditors would receive if FairPoint were liquidated under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. See Section X.C.1 ("Confirmation of the Plan—Requirements for Confirmation of the Plan—Requirements of Section 1129(a) of Bankruptcy Code"). Although FairPoint believes that the Plan will meet the requirements for confirmation, there can be no assurance that the Bankruptcy Court will reach the same conclusion.

4. Non-Consensual Confirmation

If any Impaired Class of Claims rejects the Plan by the requisite statutory voting thresholds provided in sections 1126(c) or 1126(d) of the Bankruptcy Code, as applicable, FairPoint may (i) seek confirmation of the Plan from the Bankruptcy Court by employing the "cramdown" procedures set forth in section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code and/or (ii) modify the Plan in accordance with Section 16.4 thereof. In order to confirm the Plan under section 1129(b), the Bankruptcy Court must determine that, in addition to satisfying all other requirements for confirmation, the Plan "does not discriminate unfairly" and is "fair and equitable" with respect to each impaired Class that has not accepted the Plan. See Section X.C.5 ("Confirmation of the Plan—Requirements for Confirmation of the Plan—Requirements of Section 1129(b) of Bankruptcy Code").

If the Bankruptcy Court determines that the Plan violates section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code in any manner, including, but not limited to, the cramdown requirements under section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, FairPoint reserves the right to amend the Plan in such manner so as to satisfy the requirements of section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code. Such amendments may include, but are not limited to, the alteration or elimination of Distributions to various Classes.

5. FairPoint May Object to the Amount of a Claim

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, FairPoint reserves the right to object to the amount of any Claim under the Plan. The estimates set forth in this Disclosure Statement cannot be relied on by any holder of a Claim where such Claim is subject to an objection. Any holder of a Claim that is subject to an objection thus may not receive its expected share of the estimated distributions described in this Disclosure Statement.

6. Risk of Not Receiving Regulatory Approvals

Reorganized FairPoint may require regulatory approvals from the FCC and from the state regulatory authorities in certain of the states in which it operates relating to the Plan. FairPoint has initiated discussions with the various regulatory authorities to obtain such regulatory approvals concurrently with its efforts to obtain approval of the Plan, which regulatory approvals could result in a postponement of the Effective Date. FairPoint will use reasonable efforts to obtain necessary regulatory approvals as quickly as possible. However, FairPoint has no control over the timeliness of its receipt of such regulatory approvals and can offer no assurance as to such timing, or as to whether it will, in fact, receive regulatory approvals. To the extent FairPoint does not obtain approval from the state regulatory authorities with respect to the

transactions contemplated in the Plan, it reserves the right to seek a ruling from the Bankruptcy Court to the effect that the state regulations requiring such regulatory approvals are pre-empted by the Bankruptcy Code. See Section V.F.1 ("Overview of Chapter 11 Cases—Other Material Information—PUC Negotiations").

7. Contingencies Not to Affect Votes of Impaired Classes to Accept or Reject the Plan

The distributions available to holders of Allowed Claims under the Plan can be affected by a variety of contingencies, including, without limitation, whether the Bankruptcy Court orders certain Allowed Claims to be subordinated to other Allowed Claims. The occurrence of any and all such contingencies, which could affect distributions available to holders of Allowed Claims under the Plan, will not affect the validity of the vote taken by the Impaired Classes to accept or reject the Plan or require any sort of revote by the Impaired Classes.

8. Risk of Liquidation

If the Plan is not confirmed and consummated, there can be no assurance that FairPoint's Chapter 11 Cases will continue rather than be converted to a liquidation, or that any alternative plan of reorganization would be on terms as favorable to holders of Claims as the terms of the Plan. If a liquidation or protracted reorganization were to occur, the distributions to holders of Allowed Claims under the Plan would be drastically reduced. FairPoint believes that, in a liquidation under chapter 7, before holders of Allowed Claims received any distributions, additional administrative expenses of a chapter 7 trustee and such trustee's attorneys, accountants and other professionals would cause a substantial diminution in the value of its Estate. In addition, certain additional Claims would arise by reason of the liquidation under chapter 7 and from the rejection of unexpired leases and other executory contracts in connection with the possible cessation of certain of FairPoint's operations.

FairPoint has prepared, with its advisors' assistance, the liquidation analysis as set forth on *Exhibit C* hereto (the "<u>Liquidation Analysis</u>"), which is premised on a hypothetical liquidation in a chapter 7 case. In the analysis, FairPoint has taken into account the nature, status and underlying value of its assets, the ultimate realizable value of its assets, and the extent to which such assets are subject to liens and security interests. Based on this analysis, it is likely that a liquidation of the operations of FairPoint would produce less value for distribution to creditors than that recoverable in each instance under the Plan.

C. FACTORS THAT MAY AFFECT THE VALUE OF DISTRIBUTIONS UNDER THE PLAN

1. Risks Associated with FairPoint's Business Operations

An additional discussion of the risks associated with FairPoint's business operations is set forth in FairPoint Communications' Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 5, 2009, as supplemented by FairPoint Communications' Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the quarterly periods ended (i) March 31, 2009, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 5, 2009, as amended on May 8, 2009, (ii) June 30, 2009, filed with the Securities and Exchange

Commission on August 5, 2009 and (iii) September 30, 2009, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 20, 2009. *See Section VII* ("Certain Factors to be Considered"). Such risks include, without limitation:

- the potential adverse impact of the Chapter 11 Cases on FairPoint's business, including its ability to maintain contracts, trade credit and other customer and vendor relationships;
- the restrictions imposed by agreements governing FairPoint's indebtedness;
- FairPoint's dependence on the delivery of voice and data services over access lines for its revenues;
- FairPoint's continued loss of voice access lines;
- the competitiveness of the communications industry;
- the geographic concentration of FairPoint's business in Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont;
- FairPoint's dependence on third party providers for critical services;
- systems functionality issues that FairPoint has faced since the Cutover;
- the effects of regulation on FairPoint's business by the FCC and state regulatory authorities, including the effects of regulation imposed by federal and state regulators as a result of the Merger;
- the effect of rapid and significant changes in technology on FairPoint's business; and
- FairPoint's dependence on key members of its senior management team.

2. Lack of Trading Market for Reorganized FairPoint Communications

There is no existing trading market for the New Common Stock, nor is it known whether or when one would develop. Further, there can be no assurance as to the degree of price volatility in any such market. While the Plan is premised upon an agreed upon assumed reorganization value of FairPoint of \$15 per share of the New Common Stock (including any issuance of securities pursuant to the Long Term Incentive Plan and/or New Warrants), such valuation is not an estimate of the price at which the New Common Stock may trade in the market. FairPoint has never attempted to make any such estimate in connection with the development of the Plan. No assurance can be given as to the market prices that will prevail following the Effective Date.

3. Dividend Policies for Reorganized FairPoint Communications

Reorganized FairPoint Communications does not anticipate paying any dividends on the New Common Stock in the foreseeable future. In addition, covenants in the New Revolver and the New Term Loan will restrict the ability of Reorganized FairPoint Communications to pay

dividends. Certain institutional investors may only invest in dividend-paying equity securities or may operate under other restrictions which may prohibit or limit their ability to invest in the New Common Stock.

D. INHERENT UNCERTAINTY OF THE REORGANIZED COMPANY'S FINANCIAL PROJECTIONS

The Projections forecast Reorganized FairPoint's operations through the period ending December 31, 2013. The Projections are based on numerous assumptions that are an integral part of the Projections, including confirmation and consummation of the Plan in accordance with its terms, the anticipated future performance of Reorganized FairPoint, industry performance, general business and economic conditions, competition, adequate financing and other matters, many of which will be beyond the control of FairPoint, and some or all of which may not materialize. In addition, unanticipated events and circumstances occurring subsequent to the date that this Disclosure Statement is approved by the Bankruptcy Court may affect the actual financial results of Reorganized FairPoint's operations. These variations may be material and may adversely affect the value of the New Common Stock and the ability of Reorganized FairPoint to pay the obligations owing to certain holders of Claims entitled to Distributions under the Plan. Because the actual results achieved throughout the periods covered by the Projections may vary from the projected results, the Projections should not be relied upon as a guarantee, representation or other assurance of the actual results that will occur.

E. DISCLOSURE STATEMENT DISCLAIMER

1. Information Contained Herein is for Soliciting Votes

The information contained in this Disclosure Statement is for the purposes of soliciting acceptances of the Plan and may not be relied upon for any other purposes.

2. Disclosure Statement Was Not Approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission or any State Regulatory Authority

Although a copy of this Disclosure Statement was served on the Securities and Exchange Commission, and the Securities and Exchange Commission was given an opportunity to object to the adequacy of this Disclosure Statement before the Bankruptcy Court approved it, this Disclosure Statement was not filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state regulatory authority has passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this Disclosure Statement, or the exhibits or the statements contained herein, and any representation to the contrary is unlawful.

3. Disclosure Statement May Contain Forward Looking Statements

This Disclosure Statement may contain "forward looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, as amended. Such statements consist of any statement other than a recitation of historical fact and can be identified by the use of forward looking terminology such as "may," "expect," "anticipate," "estimate" or "continue" or the negative thereof or other variations thereon or comparable terminology. The reader is cautioned that all forward looking statements are necessarily speculative and there are certain risks and

uncertainties that could cause actual events or results to differ materially from those referred to in such forward looking statements. The Liquidation Analysis attached hereto as *Exhibit C*, distribution projections and other information contained herein and attached hereto are estimates only, and the timing and amount of actual distributions to holders of Allowed Claims may be affected by many factors that cannot be predicted. Therefore, any analyses, estimates or recovery projections may or may not turn out to be accurate.

4. No Legal or Tax Advice is Provided to You by this Disclosure Statement

This Disclosure Statement is not legal advice to you. The contents of this Disclosure Statement should not be construed as legal, business or tax advice. Each holder of a Claim should consult his or her own legal counsel and accountant with regard to any legal, tax and other matters concerning his or her Claim. This Disclosure Statement may not be relied upon for any purpose other than to determine how to vote on the Plan or object to confirmation of the Plan.

5. No Admissions Made

The information and statements contained in this Disclosure Statement will neither (a) constitute an admission of any fact or liability by any entity (including, without limitation, FairPoint) nor (b) be deemed evidence of the tax or other legal effects of the Plan on FairPoint, holders of Allowed Claims or any other parties in interest.

6. Failure to Identify Litigation Claims or Projected Objections

No reliance should be placed on the fact that a particular litigation Claim or projected objection to a particular Claim is, or is not, identified in this Disclosure Statement. FairPoint may seek to investigate Claims and file and prosecute objections to Claims.

7. No Waiver of Right to Object or Right to Recover Transfers and Assets

The vote by a holder of an Allowed Claim for or against the Plan does not constitute a waiver or release of any Claims or rights of FairPoint to object to that holder's Allowed Claim, or to bring causes of action to recover any preferential, fraudulent or other voidable transfer of assets, regardless of whether any Claims or causes of action of FairPoint or its estates are specifically or generally identified herein.

8. Information Was Provided by FairPoint and Was Relied upon by FairPoint's Advisors

Counsel to and other advisors retained by FairPoint have relied upon information provided by FairPoint in connection with the preparation of this Disclosure Statement. Although counsel to and other advisors retained by FairPoint have performed certain limited due diligence in connection with the preparation of this Disclosure Statement, they have not verified independently the information contained herein.

9. Potential Exists for Inaccuracies, and FairPoint Has No Duty to Update

FairPoint makes the statements contained in this Disclosure Statement as of the date hereof, unless otherwise specified herein, and the delivery of this Disclosure Statement after that date does not imply that there has not been a change in the information set forth herein since that date. While FairPoint has used its reasonable business judgment to ensure the accuracy of all of the information provided in this Disclosure Statement and in the Plan, FairPoint nonetheless cannot, and does not, confirm the current accuracy of all statements appearing in this Disclosure Statement. Further, although FairPoint may subsequently update the information in this Disclosure Statement, FairPoint has no affirmative duty to do so unless ordered to do so by the Bankruptcy Court.

10. No Representations Outside the Disclosure Statement are Authorized

No representations concerning or relating to FairPoint, the Chapter 11 Cases or the Plan are authorized by the Bankruptcy Court or the Bankruptcy Code, other than as set forth in this Disclosure Statement. In deciding whether to vote to accept or reject the Plan, you should not rely upon any representations or inducements made to secure your acceptance or rejection of the Plan that are other than as contained in, or included with, this Disclosure Statement. You should promptly report unauthorized representations or inducements to the counsel to FairPoint, the counsel to the Creditors' Committee and/or the United States Trustee for the Southern District of New York.

F. CERTAIN TAX CONSIDERATIONS

A summary of certain U.S. federal income tax considerations relevant to the Plan is provided below in *Section XII* ("Certain Federal Income Tax Considerations").

VIII. RESALE OF SECURITIES RECEIVED UNDER THE PLAN

Under section 1145(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, the issuance of securities to be distributed under the Plan and the subsequent resale of such securities by entities which are not "underwriters" (as defined in section 1145(b) of the Bankruptcy Code) are not subject to the registration requirements of section 5 of the Securities Act. Thus, the securities issued under the Plan may be freely transferred by most recipients following Distribution under the Plan, and all resales and subsequent transactions in such securities are exempt from registration under federal and state securities laws, unless the holder is an "underwriter" with respect to such securities.

Section 1145(b) of the Bankruptcy Code provides, in pertinent part:

- (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection and except with respect to ordinary trading transactions of an entity that is not an issuer, an entity is an underwriter under section 2(11) of the Securities Act, if such entity—
- (A) purchases a claim against, interest in, or claim for an administrative expense in the case concerning, the debtor, if such purchase is with a view to distribution of any security received or to be received in exchange for such a claim or interest;

- (B) offers to sell securities offered or sold under the plan for the holders of such securities;
- (C) offers to buy securities offered or sold under the plan from the holders of such securities, if such offer to buy is—
 - (i) with a view to distribution of such securities; and
- (ii) under an agreement made in connection with the plan, with the consummation of the plan, or with the offer or sale of securities under the plan; or
- (D) is an issuer, as used in such section 2(11), with respect to such securities.
- (2) An entity is not an underwriter under Section 2(11) of the Securities Act or under paragraph (1) of this subsection with respect to an agreement that provides only for—
- (A) (i) the matching or combining of fractional interests in securities offered or sold under the plan into whole interests, or;
- (ii) (the purchase or sale of such fractional interests from or to entities receiving such fractional interests under the plan; or
- (B) the purchase or sale for such entities of such fractional or whole interests as are necessary to adjust for any remaining fractional interests after such matching.
- (3) An entity other than an entity of the kind specified in paragraph (1) of this subsection is not an underwriter under section 2(11) of the Securities Act with respect to any securities offered or sold to such entity in the manner specified in subsection (a)(1) of this section.

To the extent that persons deemed to be "underwriters" receive securities pursuant to the Plan, resales by such entities would not be exempted by section 1145 of the Bankruptcy Code from registration under the Securities Act or other applicable law. However, entities deemed to be "underwriters" may be able to sell such securities without registration subject to the provisions of Rule 144 promulgated under the Securities Act, which permits the public sale of securities received pursuant to the Plan by persons who would be deemed to be "underwriters" pursuant to section 1145 of the Bankruptcy Code, subject to the availability to the public of current information regarding the issuer and to volume limitations and certain other conditions.

On the Effective Date, Reorganized FairPoint Communications will enter into the Registration Rights Agreement with each holder of greater than 10%, on a fully diluted basis, of the New Common Stock. Each Holder of Registrable Securities will be entitled to request an aggregate of two demand registrations; *provided*, that no such rights will be demanded prior to the expiration of the date which is one hundred eighty (180) days following the Effective Date. Moreover, if any Holder of Registrable Securities becomes the holder of less than 7.5% of the New Common Stock, such holder's rights under the Registration Rights Agreement will

terminate. A form of the Registration Rights Agreement, including a form of shelf registration agreement if necessary, will be included in the Plan Supplement.

Whether or not any particular entity would be deemed to be an "underwriter" with respect to any security issued under the Plan would depend upon various facts and circumstances applicable to that entity. BECAUSE OF THE COMPLEX, SUBJECTIVE NATURE OF THE QUESTION OF WHETHER A PARTICULAR HOLDER MAY BE AN UNDERWRITER, FAIRPOINT MAKES NO REPRESENTATIONS CONCERNING THE ABILITY OF ANY ENTITY TO DISPOSE OF THE SECURITIES TO BE DISTRIBUTED UNDER THE PLAN. FAIRPOINT RECOMMENDS THAT RECIPIENTS OF SECURITIES UNDER THE PLAN CONSULT WITH THEIR OWN LEGAL COUNSEL CONCERNING THE LIMITATIONS ON THEIR ABILITY TO DISPOSE OF SUCH SECURITIES.

IX. VOTING REQUIREMENTS

On March 11, 2010, the Bankruptcy Court entered the Disclosure Statement Approval Order that, among other things, approved this Disclosure Statement, set voting procedures and scheduled the Confirmation Hearing. A copy of the Disclosure Statement Approval Order and the Notice of the Confirmation Hearing are enclosed with this Disclosure Statement as part of the Solicitation Package. The Disclosure Statement Approval Order sets forth in detail, among other things, procedures governing voting deadlines and objection deadlines. The Disclosure Statement Approval Order, the Notice of the Confirmation Hearing and the instructions attached to the Ballot should be read in connection with this section of this Disclosure Statement.

If you have any questions about the procedure for voting your Claim or the packet of materials you received, please contact:

BMC Group, Inc. 444 North Nash Street El Segundo, CA 90245 Telephone: 1-888-909-0100

Email: fairpoint@bmcgroup.com

If you wish to obtain an additional copy of the Plan, this Disclosure Statement or any exhibits to such documents, at your own expense, unless otherwise specifically required by Bankruptcy Rule 3017(d), please contact BMC Group, Inc. by regular mail at 444 North Nash Street, El Segundo, CA 90245, by telephone at 1-888-909-0100 or by electronic mail at fairpoint@bmcgroup.com.

The Bankruptcy Court may confirm the Plan only if it determines that the Plan complies with the technical requirements of chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code and that the disclosures of FairPoint concerning the Plan have been adequate and have included information concerning all Distributions made or promised by FairPoint in connection with the Plan and the Chapter 11 Cases. In addition, the Bankruptcy Court must determine that the Plan has been proposed in good faith and not by any means forbidden by law.

In particular, in order to confirm the Plan, the Bankruptcy Code requires the Bankruptcy Court to find, among other things, that the Plan: (i) has been accepted by the requisite votes of all Impaired Classes unless approval will be sought under section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code in respect of one or more dissenting Classes, which may be the case under the Plan; (ii) is "feasible," which means that there is a reasonable probability that confirmation of the Plan will not be followed by liquidation or the need for further financial reorganization; and (iii) is in the "best interests" of all holders of Claims or Equity Interests, which means that such holders will receive at least as much under the Plan as they would receive in a liquidation under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. FairPoint believes that the Plan satisfies all of these conditions.

A. VOTING DEADLINE

This Disclosure Statement and the appropriate Ballot(s) are being distributed to all holders of Claims who are entitled to vote on the Plan. There is a separate Ballot designated for each impaired voting Class in order to facilitate vote tabulation; however, all Ballots are substantially similar in form and substance (except that, as noted below, the Ballots sent to holders of Unsecured Claims will permit them to elect certain treatment of their Claims), and the term "Ballot" is used without intended reference to the Ballot of any specific Class of Claims.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT APPROVAL ORDER, IN ORDER TO BE CONSIDERED FOR PURPOSES OF ACCEPTING OR REJECTING THE PLAN, ALL BALLOTS MUST BE RECEIVED BY THE VOTING AGENT NO LATER THAN 4:00 P..M. (NEW YORK TIME) ON APRIL 28, 2010, THE VOTING DEADLINE. ONLY THOSE BALLOTS ACTUALLY RECEIVED BY THE VOTING DEADLINE WILL BE COUNTED AS EITHER ACCEPTING OR REJECTING THE PLAN.

B. HOLDERS OF CLAIMS ENTITLED TO VOTE

Under section 1124 of the Bankruptcy Code, a class of claims or interests is deemed to be "impaired" under a plan unless (1) the plan leaves unaltered the legal, equitable and contractual rights to which such claim or interest entitles the holder thereof or (2) notwithstanding any legal right to an accelerated payment of such claim or interest, the plan (a) cures all existing defaults (other than defaults resulting from the occurrence of events of bankruptcy), (b) reinstates the maturity of such claim or interest as it existed before the default, (c) compensates the holder of such claim or interest for any damages resulting from such holder's reasonable reliance on such legal right to an accelerated payment and (d) does not otherwise alter the legal, equitable or contractual rights to which such claim or interest entitles the holder of such claim or interest.

In general, a holder of a Claim or Equity Interest may vote to accept or reject a plan if (1) the claim or interest is "allowed," which means generally that it is not disputed, contingent or unliquidated and (2) the claim or interest is impaired by a plan. If the holder of an Impaired Claim or Equity Interest will not receive any distribution under the Plan in respect of such claim or interest, the Bankruptcy Code deems such holder to have rejected the Plan and provides that the holder of such Claim or Equity Interest is not entitled to vote. If the Claim or Equity Interest is not Impaired, the Bankruptcy Code conclusively presumes that the holder of such Claim or Equity Interest has accepted the Plan and provides that the holder is not entitled to vote.

The holder of a Claim against FairPoint that is "impaired" under the Plan is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan if (1) the Plan provides a distribution in respect of such Claim and (2) (a) the Claim has been scheduled by FairPoint (and such Claim is not scheduled as disputed, contingent or unliquidated) or (b) the holder had timely filed a proof of Claim pursuant to sections 502(a) and 1126(a) of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rules 3003 and 3018. Any Claim against FairPoint objected to by FairPoint on or prior to April 18, 2010, will not be counted for any purpose in determining whether the requirements of section 1126(c) of the Bankruptcy Code have been met, unless, and to the extent that, a claimant, whose Claim has been objected to, files, on or before the 10th day after the later of (i) service of the Confirmation Hearing Notice and (ii) service of notice of an objection or request for estimation, if any, as to such claim, a motion for temporary allowance for voting purposes under Bankruptcy Rule 3018, and the Bankruptcy Court grants such motion for temporary allowance before April 28, 2010.

Pursuant to the Bar Date Order, holders of Equity Interests (which interests are based exclusively on the ownership of common or preferred stock in FairPoint, or warrants, options, or rights to purchase, sell, or subscribe to a security interest in FairPoint) were excused from filing proofs of interest on or before the Bar Date; provided, however, that holders of Equity Interests who wished to assert a Claim against FairPoint that arises out of or relates to the ownership or purchase of an Equity Interest, including Claims arising out of or relating to the sale, issuance or distribution of the Equity Interest, were required to file a proof of Claim on or before the Bar Date, unless another exception set forth in the Bar Date Order applied.

A vote on the Plan may be disregarded if the Bankruptcy Court determines, pursuant to section 1126(e) of the Bankruptcy Code, that it was not solicited or procured in good faith or in accordance with the provisions of the Bankruptcy Code. The Disclosure Statement Approval Order also sets forth assumptions and procedures for tabulating Ballots that are not completed fully or correctly.

Each of Classes 4 and 7 is Impaired under the Plan and the holders of Allowed Claims in such Classes are entitled to vote on the Plan. In accordance with section 1126(g) of the Bankruptcy Code, each of Classes 9 and 11 is conclusively deemed to have rejected the Plan and are not entitled to vote. Each of Classes 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 8 and 10 is Unimpaired under the Plan and holders of Claims in each such Class are conclusively presumed to have accepted the Plan pursuant to section 1126(f) of the Bankruptcy Code.

C. VOTE REQUIRED FOR ACCEPTANCE OF CLASS

As a condition to confirmation, the Bankruptcy Code requires that each Class of Impaired Claims and Equity Interests vote to accept the Plan, except under certain circumstances. *See Section IX.B* ("Voting Requirements—Holders of Claims Entitled to Vote"). Section 1126(c) of the Bankruptcy Code defines acceptance of a plan by a class of impaired claims as acceptance by holders of at least two-thirds in dollar amount and more than one-half in number of claims in that class, but, for that purpose, counts only those who actually vote to accept or reject the plan. Thus, a class of claims will have voted to accept the plan only if two-thirds in dollar amount and a majority in number actually voting cast their Ballots in favor of acceptance. Holders of Claims who fail to vote are not counted as either accepting or rejecting a plan.

Section 1126(d) of the Bankruptcy Code defines acceptance of a plan by a class of impaired equity interests as acceptance by holders of at least two-thirds in amount of interests in that class, but for that purpose, counts only those who <u>actually vote</u> to accept or reject the plan. Thus a class of Impaired Equity interests will have voted to accept the plan if two-thirds of the interests actually voted are voted in favor of acceptance. Holders of Equity Interests who fail to vote are not counted as either accepting or rejecting the Plan.

D. VOTING PROCEDURES

1. Ballots

All votes to accept or reject the Plan with respect to any Class of Claims must be cast by properly submitting the duly completed and executed form of Ballot designated for such Class. Holders of Impaired Claims voting on the Plan should complete and sign the Ballot in accordance with the instructions thereon, being sure to check the appropriate box entitled "Accept the Plan" or "Reject the Plan."

ANY BALLOT RECEIVED THAT DOES NOT INDICATE EITHER AN ACCEPTANCE OR REJECTION OF THE PLAN OR THAT INDICATES BOTH ACCEPTANCE AND REJECTION OF THE PLAN SHALL BE AN INVALID BALLOT AND SHALL NOT BE COUNTED FOR PURPOSES OF DETERMINING ACCEPTANCE OR REJECTION OF THE PLAN.

ANY BALLOT RECEIVED THAT IS NOT SIGNED OR THAT CONTAINS INSUFFICIENT INFORMATION TO PERMIT THE IDENTIFICATION OF THE CLAIMANT SHALL BE AN INVALID BALLOT AND SHALL NOT BE COUNTED FOR PURPOSES OF DETERMINING ACCEPTANCE OR REJECTION OF THE PLAN.

Ballots must be delivered to the Voting Agent, at:

If by regular mail:

BMC Group, Inc.

Attn: FairPoint Communications, Inc. Ballot Processing

PO Box 3020

Chanhassen, MN 55317-3020

If by messenger or overnight delivery:

BMC Group, Inc.

Attn: FairPoint Communications, Inc. Ballot Processing

18750 Lake Drive East

Chanhassen, MN 55317

its address set forth above, and received by the Voting Deadline. **THE METHOD OF SUCH DELIVERY IS AT THE ELECTION AND RISK OF THE HOLDER**. If such delivery is by mail, it is recommended that holders use an air courier with a guaranteed next day delivery or registered mail, properly insured, with return receipt requested. In all cases, sufficient time should be allowed to assure timely delivery.

In accordance with Rule 3018(c) of the Bankruptcy Rules, the Ballots are based on Official Form No. 14, but have been modified to meet the particular needs of these cases. PLEASE CAREFULLY FOLLOW THE DIRECTIONS CONTAINED ON EACH ENCLOSED BALLOT.

In most cases, each Ballot enclosed with this Disclosure Statement has been encoded with the amount of the Allowed Claim for voting purposes (if the Claim is a Disputed Claim, this amount may not be the amount ultimately Allowed for purposes of Distribution), and the Class to which the Claim has been attributed.

2. Withdrawal or Change of Votes on Plan

A Ballot may be withdrawn by delivering a written notice of withdrawal to the Voting Agent, so that the Voting Agent <u>receives</u> such notice prior to the Voting Deadline. Thereafter, withdrawal may be effected only with the approval of the Bankruptcy Court.

In order to be valid, a notice of withdrawal must (i) specify the name of the holder who submitted the votes on the Plan to be withdrawn, (ii) contain the description of the Claims to which it relates and (iii) be signed by the holder in the same manner as on the Ballot. FairPoint expressly reserves the absolute right to contest the validity of any such withdrawals of votes on the Plan.

Any holder who has submitted to the Voting Agent prior to the Voting Deadline a properly completed Ballot may change such vote by submitting to the Voting Agent prior to the Voting Deadline a subsequent properly completed Ballot for acceptance or rejection of the Plan. In the case where more than one timely, properly completed Ballot is received with respect to the same Claim, the Ballot that bears the latest date will be counted for purposes of determining whether sufficient acceptances required to confirm the Plan have been received.

3. Voting Multiple Claims

Separate forms of Ballots are provided for voting the various Classes of Claims. Ballot forms may be copied if necessary. Any person who holds Claims in more than one Class is required to vote separately with respect to each Claim. Any person holding multiple Claims within a Class should use a single Ballot to vote such Claims. Please sign and return in accordance with the instructions in this Section D, your Ballot(s). Only Ballots with original signatures will be accepted (Ballots with copied signatures will not be accepted).

X. CONFIRMATION OF THE PLAN

A. CONFIRMATION HEARING

The Bankruptcy Code requires the Bankruptcy Court, after notice, to hold a confirmation hearing with respect to the Plan. At the Confirmation Hearing, the Bankruptcy Court will confirm the Plan only if all of the requirements of section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code described below are met.

The Confirmation Hearing has been scheduled to commence on May 11, 2010 at 10:00 a.m. (New York time) before the Honorable Burton R. Lifland, United States Bankruptcy Judge, in Room 623 of the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York, One Bowling Green, New York, New York 10004. The Confirmation Hearing may be adjourned from time to time by the Bankruptcy Court without further notice, except for an announcement of the adjourned date made at the Confirmation Hearing.

B. DEADLINE TO OBJECT TO CONFIRMATION

Any objection to the confirmation of the Plan must be made in writing, specify in detail (i) the name and address of the objector, (ii) all grounds for the objection and (iii) the amount of the Claim or number and class of shares of stock of FairPoint held by the objector. Any such objection must be filed with the Bankruptcy Court, with a copy to Judge Lifland's chambers, and served so that it is received by the Bankruptcy Court, chambers, and the following parties on or before April 28, 2010 at 4:00 p.m. (New York time): Paul, Hastings, Janofsky & Walker LLP, attorneys for FairPoint, 75 East 55th Street, New York, NY 10022, Attn: Luc A. Despins, Esq. and James T. Grogan, Esq.; (b) FairPoint, c/o FairPoint Communications, Inc., 521 East Morehead Street, Suite 500, Charlotte, NC 28202, Attn: Susan L. Sowell, Esq., Vice President and Assistant General Counsel; (c) Andrews Kurth LLP, 450 Lexington Avenue, New York, NY 10017, Attn: Jonathan Levine and Paul N. Silverstein, attorneys to the official committee of unsecured creditors; (d) the United States Attorney for the Southern District of New York, 86 Chambers Street, New York, NY 10007, Attn: Preet Bharara, Esq.; (e) the Internal Revenue Service, 290 Broadway, New York, NY 10007, Attn: District and Regional Directors; (f) the Securities and Exchange Commission, 233 Broadway, New York, NY 10279 (g) the Federal Communications Commission, 445 12th Street, SW, Washington, DC 20554; (h) Cohen, Weiss and Simon LLP, 330 West 42nd Street, 25th Floor, New York, NY. 10036-6976, Attn: David R. Hock; and (i) Kaye Scholer LLP, 425 Park Avenue, New York NY 10022, Attn: Margot B. Schonholtz, Esq. and Nicholas Cremona, Esq., attorneys to Bank of America, N.A. as administrative agent for FairPoint's prepetition secured lenders.

C. REQUIREMENTS FOR CONFIRMATION OF THE PLAN

Among the requirements for confirmation of the Plan are that the Plan (i) is accepted by all Impaired Classes of Claims and Equity Interests or, if rejected by an impaired Class, that the Plan "does not discriminate unfairly" and is "fair and equitable" as to such class, (ii) is feasible and (iii) is in the "best interests" of creditors and stockholders that are impaired under the Plan.

1. Requirements of Section 1129(a) of Bankruptcy Code

(a) General Requirements

At the Confirmation Hearing, the Bankruptcy Court will determine whether the following confirmation requirements specified in section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code have been satisfied:

- (1) The Plan complies with the applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code.
- (2) FairPoint has complied with the applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code.

- (3) The Plan has been proposed in good faith and not by any means proscribed by law.
- (4) Any payment made or promised by FairPoint or by a Person issuing securities or acquiring property under the Plan for services or for costs and expenses in, or in connection with, the Chapter 11 Cases, or in connection with the Plan and incident to the Chapter 11 Cases, has been disclosed to the Bankruptcy Court, and any such payment made before confirmation of the Plan is reasonable, or if such payment is to be fixed after confirmation of the Plan, such payment is subject to the approval of the Bankruptcy Court as reasonable.
- (5) FairPoint has disclosed the identity and affiliations of any individual proposed to serve, after confirmation of the Plan, as a director or officer of FairPoint, an affiliate of FairPoint participating in a Plan with FairPoint or a successor to FairPoint under the Plan, and the appointment to, or continuance in, such office of such individual is consistent with the interests of creditors and equity holders and with public policy, and FairPoint has disclosed the identity of any insider that will be employed or retained by FairPoint and the nature of any compensation for such insider.
- (6) Any governmental regulatory commission with jurisdictions, after confirmation of the Plan, over the rates of the debtor has approved any rate change provided for in the Plan, or such rate change is expressly conditioned on such approval.
- (7) With respect to each Class of Claims or Equity Interests, each holder of an Impaired Claim or Impaired Equity Interest either has accepted the Plan or will receive or retain under the Plan on account of such holder's Claim or Equity Interest, property of a value, as of the Effective Date, that is not less than the amount such holder would receive or retain if FairPoint was liquidated on the Effective Date under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. See Section X.C.1.b ("Confirmation of the Plan—Requirements for Confirmation of the Plan—Requirements of Section 1129(a) of Bankruptcy Code—Best Interests Test").
- (8) Except to the extent the Plan meets the requirements of section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code (discussed below), each Class of Claims or Equity Interests has either accepted the Plan or is not impaired under the Plan.
- (9) Except to the extent that the holder of a particular Claim has agreed to a different treatment of such Claim, the Plan provides that Administrative Expense Claims and Other Priority Claims other than Priority Tax Claims will be paid in full on the Effective Date and that priority tax claims will receive on account of such claims deferred cash payments, over a period not exceeding five years after the Petition Date, of a value, as of the Effective Date, equal to the Allowed amount of such Claims.
- (10) At least one Class of Impaired Claims has accepted the Plan, determined without including any acceptance of the Plan by any insider holding a Claim in such Class.
- (11) Confirmation of the Plan is not likely to be followed by the liquidation or the need for further financial reorganization of FairPoint or any successor to FairPoint under the Plan, unless such liquidation or reorganization is proposed in the Plan. See Section X.C.3 ("Confirmation of the Plan—Requirements for Confirmation of the Plan—Feasibility").

(12) The Plan provides for the continuation after the Effective Date of payment of all "retiree benefits" (as defined in section 1114 of the Bankruptcy Code), at the level established pursuant to subsection 1114(e)(1)(B) or 1114(g) of the Bankruptcy Code at any time prior to confirmation of the Plan, for the duration of the period FairPoint has obligated it to provide such benefits, if any.

(b) **Best Interests Test**

As described above, the Bankruptcy Code requires that each holder of an Impaired Claim or Equity Interest either (i) accepts the Plan or (ii) receives or retains under the Plan property of a value, as of the Effective Date, that is not less than the value such holder would receive or retain if FairPoint were liquidated under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code on the Effective Date.

The first step in meeting this test is to determine the dollar amount that would be generated from the liquidation of FairPoint's assets and properties in the context of a chapter 7 liquidation case. The gross amount of Cash available would be the sum of the proceeds from the disposition of FairPoint's assets and the Cash held by FairPoint at the time of the commencement of the chapter 7 case. The next step is to reduce that total by the amount of any Claims secured by such assets, the costs and expenses of the liquidation and such additional Administrative Expense Claims and Other Priority Claims that may result from the termination of FairPoint's business and the use of chapter 7 for the purposes of liquidation. Any remaining net cash would be allocated to creditors and shareholders in strict priority in accordance with section 726 of the Bankruptcy Code (see discussion below). Finally, taking into account the time necessary to accomplish the liquidation, the present value of such allocations may be compared to the value of the property that is proposed to be distributed under the Plan on the Effective Date.

FairPoint's costs of liquidation under chapter 7 would include the fees payable to a chapter 7 trustee in bankruptcy, as well as those that might be payable to attorneys and other professionals that such a trustee may engage, plus any unpaid expenses incurred by FairPoint during the Chapter 11 Cases and allowed in the chapter 7 case, such as compensation for attorneys, financial advisors, appraisers, accountants and other professionals, and costs and expenses of members of any statutory committee of unsecured creditors appointed by the United States Trustee pursuant to section 1102 of the Bankruptcy Code and any other committee so appointed. Moreover, in a chapter 7 liquidation, additional claims would arise by reason of the breach or rejection of obligations incurred, and executory contracts or leases entered into, by FairPoint both prior to, and during the pendency of, the Chapter 11 Cases.

The foregoing types of Claims, costs, expenses, fees and such other Claims that may arise in a liquidation case would be paid in full from the liquidation proceeds before the balance of those proceeds would be made available to pay pre-chapter 11 priority and unsecured claims. Under the absolute priority rule, no junior creditor would receive any distribution until all senior creditors are paid in full, with interest, and no equity holder receives any distribution until all creditors are paid in full, with interest. FairPoint believes that in a chapter 7 case, holders of Claims and Equity Interests in Classes 9 and 11 would receive no distributions of property. Accordingly, the Plan satisfies the rule of absolute priority.

After consideration of the effects that a chapter 7 liquidation would have on the ultimate proceeds available for distribution to creditors in a chapter 11 case, including (i) the increased costs and expenses of a liquidation under chapter 7 arising from fees payable to a trustee in bankruptcy and professional advisors to such trustee, (ii) the erosion in value of assets in a chapter 7 case in the context of the expeditious liquidation required under chapter 7 and the "forced sale" atmosphere that would prevail and (iii) substantial increases in claims which would be satisfied on a priority basis, FairPoint has determined that confirmation of the Plan will provide each creditor and equity holder with a recovery that is not less than it would receive pursuant to a liquidation of FairPoint under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code.

Moreover, FairPoint believes that the value of any distributions from the liquidation proceeds to each Class of Allowed Claims in a chapter 7 case would be the same or less than the value of distributions under the Plan because such distributions in a chapter 7 case may not occur for a substantial period of time. In this regard, it is possible that distribution of the proceeds of the liquidation could be delayed for a year or more after the completion of such liquidation in order to resolve the Claims and prepare for distributions. In the event litigation were necessary to resolve Claims asserted in the chapter 7 case, the delay could be further prolonged and Administrative Expense Claims further increased.

The Liquidation Analysis (as defined herein) attached as *Exhibit C* to this Disclosure Statement is an estimate of the proceeds that may be generated as a result of a hypothetical chapter 7 liquidation of the assets of FairPoint. The analysis is based upon a number of significant assumptions which are described. The Liquidation Analysis does not purport to be a valuation of FairPoint's assets and is not necessarily indicative of the values that may be realized in an actual liquidation.

(c) Liquidation Analysis

The Liquidation Analysis and assumptions are set forth in *Exhibit C* to this Disclosure Statement.

2. Acceptance by Impaired Classes

Each of Classes 4 and 7 is impaired under the Plan and the holders of Allowed Claims in such Classes are entitled to vote on the Plan. In accordance with section 1126(g) of the Bankruptcy Code, each of Classes 9 and 11 is conclusively deemed to have rejected the Plan; and FairPoint intends to seek nonconsensual confirmation of the Plan under section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code with respect to these Classes. See Section X.C.5 ("Confirmation of the Plan—Requirements for Confirmation of the Plan—Requirements of Section 1129(b) of Bankruptcy Code"). In addition, FairPoint reserves the right to seek nonconsensual confirmation of the Plan (without further notice) with respect to any Class of Claims that is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan if such Class rejects the Plan.

3. Feasibility

FairPoint believes that it will be able to perform its obligations under the Plan. In connection with confirmation of the Plan, the Bankruptcy Court will have to determine that the Plan is feasible pursuant to section 1129(a)(11) of the Bankruptcy Code, which means that the

confirmation of the Plan is not likely to be followed by the liquidation or the need for further financial reorganization of FairPoint, unless such liquidation is proposed in the Plan.

To support its belief in the Plan's feasibility, FairPoint, with the assistance of Rothschild, have prepared the Projections for Reorganized FairPoint for fiscal years 2010 through 2013, as set forth in *Exhibit B* attached to this Disclosure Statement.

THE PROJECTIONS WERE NOT PREPARED WITH A VIEW TOWARD COMPLIANCE WITH THE GUIDELINES ESTABLISHED BY THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS OR THE RULES AND REGULATIONS OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION. FURTHERMORE, THE PROJECTIONS HAVE NOT BEEN AUDITED BY ROTHSCHILD. WHILE PRESENTED WITH NUMERICAL SPECIFICITY, THE PROJECTIONS ARE BASED UPON A VARIETY OF ASSUMPTIONS, SOME OF WHICH HAVE NOT BEEN ACHIEVED TO DATE AND WHICH MAY NOT BE REALIZED IN THE FUTURE, AND ARE SUBJECT TO SIGNIFICANT BUSINESS, ECONOMIC AND COMPETITIVE UNCERTAINTIES AND CONTINGENCIES. CONSEQUENTLY, THE PROJECTIONS SHOULD NOT BE REGARDED AS A REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY BY FAIRPOINT, OR ANY OTHER PERSON, THAT THE PROJECTIONS WILL BE REALIZED. ACTUAL RESULTS MAY VARY MATERIALLY FROM THOSE PRESENTED IN THE PROJECTIONS.

4. Requirements of Section 1129(b) of Bankruptcy Code

The Bankruptcy Court may confirm the Plan over the rejection or deemed rejection of the Plan by a class of claims or equity interests if the Plan "does not discriminate unfairly" and is "fair and equitable" with respect to such class.

- <u>No Unfair Discrimination</u>. This test applies to classes of claims or equity interests that are of equal priority and are receiving different treatment under a plan of reorganization. The test does not require that the treatment be the same or equivalent, but that such treatment be "fair."
- <u>Fair and Equitable Test</u>. This test applies to classes of different priority (e.g., unsecured versus secured) and includes the general requirement that no class of claims receive more than 100% of the allowed amount of the claims in such class. As to the dissenting class, the test sets different standards, depending on the type of claims or interests in such class:
- <u>Secured Claims</u>. Each holder of an impaired secured claim either (i) retains its Liens on the property (or if sold, on the proceeds thereof) to the extent of the allowed amount of its secured claim and receives deferred cash payments having a value, as of the effective date of the plan, of at least the allowed amount of such claim or (ii) receives the "indubitable equivalent" of its allowed secured claim.
- <u>Unsecured Claims</u>. Either (i) each holder of an impaired unsecured claim receives or retains under the plan property of a value equal to the amount of its

allowed unsecured claim or (ii) the holders of claims and interests that are junior to the claims of the dissenting class will not receive or retain any property under the plan of reorganization.

• Equity Interests. Either (i) each equity interest holder will receive or retain under the plan of reorganization property of a value equal to the greater of (a) the fixed liquidation preference or redemption price, if any, of such stock and (b) the value of the stock or (ii) the holders of interests that are junior to the equity interests of the dissenting class will not receive or retain any property under the plan of reorganization.

FairPoint believes the Plan will satisfy both the "no unfair discrimination" requirement and the "fair and equitable" requirement, notwithstanding that each of Classes 9 and 11 are deemed to reject the Plan, because as to such Classes, there is no class of equal priority receiving more favorable treatment and no class that is junior to such a dissenting class will receive or retain any property on account of the claims or equity interests in such class.

XI. ALTERNATIVES TO CONFIRMATION AND CONSUMMATION OF THE PLAN

A. LIQUIDATION UNDER CHAPTER 7

If no plan can be confirmed, the Chapter 11 Cases may be converted to cases under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code, pursuant to which a trustee would be appointed to liquidate the assets of FairPoint for distribution in accordance with the priorities established by the Bankruptcy Code. A discussion of the effects that a chapter 7 liquidation would have on the recovery of holders of claims and equity interests and Liquidation Analysis are set forth in Exhibit C. FairPoint believes that liquidation under chapter 7 would result in smaller distributions being made to creditors than those provided for in the Plan because of the (i) increased cost and expenses of liquidation under chapter 7 arising from fees payable to the chapter 7 trustee and the attorneys and other professional advisors to such trustee, (ii) additional expenses and claims, some of which would be entitled to priority, which would be generated during the liquidation, and from the rejection of unexpired leases and executory contracts in connection with the cessation of the operations of FairPoint, (iii) the erosion of the value of FairPoint's assets in the context of an expedited liquidation required under chapter 7 and the "fire sale" atmosphere that would prevail, (iv) the adverse effects on the salability of portions of the business that could result from the possible departure of key employees and the loss of customers and vendors, (v) the cost and expense attributable to the time value of money resulting from what is likely to be a more protracted proceeding and (vi) the application of the rule of absolute priority to distributions in a chapter 7 liquidation.

FairPoint believes that in a chapter 7 case, holders of Claims and Equity Interests in Classes 9 and 11 would receive no distributions of property. Accordingly, the Plan satisfies the rule of absolute priority.

B. ALTERNATIVE PLAN OF REORGANIZATION OR LIQUIDATION

If the Plan is not confirmed, FairPoint (or if FairPoint's exclusive period in which to file a plan of reorganization has expired, any other party in interest) could attempt to formulate a different chapter 11 plan of reorganization. Such a plan of reorganization might involve either a reorganization and continuation of FairPoint's business or an orderly liquidation of its assets under chapter 11. With respect to an alternative plan, FairPoint has explored various alternatives in connection with the formulation and development of the Plan. FairPoint believes that the Plan, as described herein, enables creditors and equity holders to realize the most value under the circumstances. In a liquidation under chapter 11, FairPoint's assets would be sold in an orderly fashion over a more extended period of time than in a liquidation under chapter 7, possibly resulting in somewhat greater (but indeterminate) recoveries than would be obtained in chapter 7. Further, if a trustee were not appointed, because such appointment is not required in a chapter 11 case, the expenses for professional fees would most likely be lower than those incurred in a chapter 7 case. Although preferable to a chapter 7 liquidation, FairPoint believes that any alternative liquidation under chapter 11 is a much less attractive alternative to creditors and equity holders than the Plan because of the greater return provided by the Plan.

XII. CERTAIN FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

A. INTRODUCTION

The following discussion is a summary of certain U.S. federal income tax consequences of the consummation of the Plan to FairPoint and to certain U.S. Holders and Non-U.S. Holders (each as defined herein) of Claims, specifically only the Class 4 and Class 7 Claims. The following summary does not address the U.S. federal income tax consequences to holders of Claims who are unimpaired or otherwise entitled to payment in full in Cash under the Plan. This summary is based on the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "IRC"), the U.S. Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder, judicial authorities, published administrative positions of the U.S. Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") and other applicable authorities, all as in effect on the date of this Disclosure Statement and all of which are subject to change or differing interpretations, possibly with retroactive effect. Due to the lack of definitive judicial and administrative authority in a number of areas, substantial uncertainty may exist with respect to some of the tax consequences described below. No opinion of counsel has been obtained and FairPoint does not intend to seek a ruling from the IRS as to any of the tax consequences of the Plan discussed below. The discussion below is not binding upon the IRS or the courts. No assurance can be given that the IRS would not assert, or that a court would not sustain, a different position than any position discussed herein.

For purposes of this discussion, the term "<u>U.S. Holder</u>" means a holder of a Claim, the New Term Loan, New Common Stock or New Warrants that is, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, (i) an individual citizen or resident of the United States, (ii) a corporation, or entity treated as a corporation, organized in or under the laws of the United States or any state thereof or the District of Columbia, (iii) a trust if (a) a court within the United States is able to exercise primary supervision over the administration of the trust and one or more U.S. persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust or (b) such trust has made a valid

election to be treated as a U.S. person for U.S. federal income tax purposes or (iv) an estate, the income of which is includible in gross income for U.S. federal income tax purposes regardless of its source.

For purposes of this discussion, a "Non-U.S. Holder" means a holder of a Claim, the New Term Loan, New Common Stock or New Warrants that is, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, (i) a nonresident alien individual, (ii) a non-U.S. corporation or (iii) a non-U.S. estate or non-U.S. trust. This summary does not address all aspects of U.S. federal income taxes that may be relevant to Non-U.S. Holders in light of their personal circumstances, and does not deal with federal taxes other than the federal income tax or with non-U.S., state, local or other tax considerations. Special rules, not discussed here, may apply to certain Non-U.S. Holders, including U.S. expatriates, controlled foreign corporations, passive foreign investment companies and corporations that accumulate earnings to avoid U.S. federal income tax. Such Non-U.S. Holders should consult their own tax advisors to determine the U.S. federal, state, local and other tax consequences that may be relevant to them. In the case of a holder that is classified as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes, the tax treatment of a partner generally will depend upon the status of the partner and the activities of the partnership. If you are a partner of a partnership that is a holder of a Claim, the New Term Loan, New Common Stock or New Warrants, then you should consult your own tax advisors.

This discussion does not purport to address all aspects of U.S. federal income taxation that may be relevant to FairPoint or to certain holders in light of their individual circumstances. This discussion does not address tax issues with respect to such holders subject to special treatment under the U.S. federal income tax laws (including, for example, banks, governmental authorities or agencies, pass-through entities, dealers and traders in securities, insurance companies, financial institutions, tax-exempt organizations, small business investment companies and regulated investment companies and those holding, or who will hold, Claims, the New Term Loan, New Common Stock or New Warrants, as part of a hedge, straddle, conversion or constructive sale transaction). No aspect of state, local, estate, gift or non-U.S. taxation is addressed. The following discussion assumes that each holder of a Claim or the New Common Stock, New Term Loan and New Warrants, as applicable, holds such instrument as a "capital asset" within the meaning of Section 1221 of the IRC.

ACCORDINGLY, THE FOLLOWING SUMMARY OF CERTAIN U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES IS FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY AND IS NOT A SUBSTITUTE FOR CAREFUL TAX PLANNING AND ADVICE BASED UPON THE INDIVIDUAL CIRCUMSTANCES PERTAINING TO A HOLDER OF A CLAIM. ALL HOLDERS OF CLAIMS ARE URGED TO CONSULT THEIR OWN TAX ADVISORS FOR THE FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL AND NON-U.S. TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN.

INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE CIRCULAR 230 DISCLOSURE: TO ENSURE COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS IMPOSED BY THE IRS, ANY TAX ADVICE CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT (INCLUDING ANY ATTACHMENTS) IS NOT INTENDED OR WRITTEN TO BE USED, AND CANNOT BE USED, BY ANY TAXPAYER FOR THE PURPOSE OF AVOIDING TAX RELATED PENALTIES UNDER THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE. TAX ADVICE CONTAINED

IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT (INCLUDING ANY ATTACHMENTS) IS WRITTEN IN CONNECTION WITH THE PROMOTION OR MARKETING OF THE TRANSACTIONS OR MATTERS ADDRESSED BY THE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT. EACH TAXPAYER SHOULD SEEK ADVICE BASED ON THE TAXPAYER'S PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES FROM AN INDEPENDENT TAX ADVISOR.

B. CERTAIN U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN TO FAIRPOINT

1. Cancellation of Debt and Reduction of Tax Attributes

In general, absent an exception, a debtor will realize and recognize cancellation of debt income ("COD Income") upon satisfaction of its outstanding indebtedness for total consideration less than the amount of such indebtedness. The amount of COD Income, in general, is the excess of (a) the adjusted issue price of the indebtedness satisfied, over (b) the sum of (x) the amount of Cash paid, (y) the issue price of any new indebtedness of the taxpayer issued and (z) the fair market value of any new consideration (including New Common Stock and New Warrants) given in satisfaction of such indebtedness at the time of the exchange.

A debtor will not, however, be required to include any amount of COD Income in gross income if the debtor is under the jurisdiction of a court in a case under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code and the discharge of debt occurs pursuant to that proceeding. Instead, as a consequence of such exclusion, a debtor must reduce its tax attributes by the amount of COD Income that it excluded from gross income pursuant to Section 108 of the IRC. In general, tax attributes will be reduced in the following order: (a) net operating losses ("NOLs"); (b) most tax credits; (c) capital loss carryovers; (d) tax basis in assets (but not below the amount of liabilities to which the debtor remains subject); (e) passive activity loss and credit carryovers; and (f) foreign tax credits. A debtor with COD Income may elect first to reduce the basis of its depreciable assets pursuant to Section 108(b)(5) of the IRC, though it has not been determined whether FairPoint would make this election. In the context of a consolidated group of corporations, the tax rules provide for a complex ordering mechanism in determining how the tax attributes of one member can be reduced by the COD Income of another member.

Because the Plan provides that holders of certain Claims will receive a share of the New Common Stock, New Warrants and/or the New Term Loan, the amount of COD Income, and accordingly the amount of tax attributes required to be reduced, will depend on the fair market values of the New Common Stock and the New Warrants on the Effective Date, and the issue price of the New Term Loan. This value cannot be known with certainty until after the Effective Date. Following this reduction, FairPoint expects that, subject to the limitations discussed herein and subject to whether FairPoint decides to reduce first the basis in its depreciable assets, its NOL carryforwards may be eliminated upon emergence from chapter 11, but FairPoint will have other significant tax attributes remaining. Further, FairPoint expects that substantial NOL carryforwards will remain at the level of certain of FairPoint Communications' subsidiaries. However, such NOL carryforwards will be subject to litigation under IRC Section 382, as described below.

2. Limitation of NOL Carryforwards and Other Tax Attributes

FairPoint anticipates that Reorganized FairPoint will have significant tax attributes at emergence. The exact amount of such tax attributes that will be available to Reorganized FairPoint at emergence is based on a number of factors and is not possible to calculate at this time. Some of the factors that will impact the amount of available tax attributes include: (a) the amount of tax losses incurred by FairPoint in 2009; (b) the fair market value of the New Common Stock, New Warrants, and the issue price of the New Term Loan; and (c) the amount of COD Income incurred by FairPoint in connection with consummation of the Plan. Following consummation of the Plan, FairPoint anticipates that certain built-in gains of FairPoint (*i.e.*, the excess of the fair market value of assets over the tax basis of such assets), if recognized within a five-year period following consummation, may increase the amount subject to the annual limitation under Section 382 of the IRC as a result of an "ownership change" of FairPoint by reason of the transactions pursuant to the Plan.

Under Section 382 of the IRC, if a corporation undergoes an "ownership change," the amount of its NOLs existing at the time of the ownership change ("<u>Pre-Change Losses</u>") that may be utilized to offset future taxable income generally is subject to an annual limitation. As discussed in greater detail herein, FairPoint anticipates that the issuance of the New Common Stock pursuant to the Plan will result in an "ownership change" of FairPoint for these purposes, and that FairPoint's use of its Pre-Change Losses will be subject to limitation unless an exception to the general rules of Section 382 of the IRC applies.

(i) General Section 382 Annual Limitation

This discussion refers to the limitation determined under Section 382 of the IRC in the case of an "ownership change" as the "Section 382 Limitation." In general, the annual Section 382 Limitation on the use of Pre-Change Losses in any "post-change year" is equal to the product of (a) the fair market value of the stock of the corporation immediately before the "ownership change" (with certain adjustments) multiplied by (b) the "long-term tax-exempt rate" in effect for the month in which the "ownership change" occurs (approximately 4.16% for the month of December 2009). However, as discussed below, FairPoint expects to elect a special rule available under a chapter 11 case to value the stock of FairPoint Communications immediately after the effectiveness of the Plan. The Section 382 Limitation may be increased to the extent that FairPoint recognizes certain built-in gains in its assets during the five-year period following the ownership change, or FairPoint is treated as recognizing built-in gains pursuant to the safe harbors provided in IRS Notice 2003-65. Section 383 of the IRC applies a similar limitation to capital loss carryforwards and tax credits. Any unused limitation may be carried forward, thereby increasing the annual limitation in the subsequent taxable year. As discussed below, however, special rules may be elected in the case of a corporation which experiences an ownership change as the result of a bankruptcy proceeding.

The issuance under the Plan of the New Common Stock, along with the cancellation of existing Equity Interests through the Plan, is expected to cause an ownership change with respect to FairPoint on the Effective Date. As a result, unless an exception applies, Section 382 of the IRC will apply to limit FairPoint's use of any remaining Pre-Change Losses after the Effective

Date. This limitation is independent of, and in addition to, the reduction of tax attributes described in the preceding section resulting from the exclusion of COD Income.

(ii) Special Bankruptcy Exceptions

An exception to the foregoing annual limitation rules generally applies when so-called "qualified creditors" of a debtor company in chapter 11 receive, in respect of their Claims, at least 50% of the vote and value of the stock of the reorganized debtor (or a controlling corporation if also in chapter 11) pursuant to a confirmed chapter 11 plan (the "382(1)(5) Exception"). Under the 382(1)(5) Exception, a debtor's Pre-Change Losses are not limited on an annual basis but, instead, the debtor's NOLs are required to be reduced by the amount of any interest deductions claimed during any taxable year ending during the three-year period preceding the taxable year that includes the effective date of the plan of reorganization, and during the part of the taxable year prior to and including the effective date of the plan of reorganization, in respect of all debt converted into stock in the reorganization. If the 382(1)(5) Exception applies and the debtor undergoes another ownership change within two years after consummation, then the debtor's Pre-Change Losses would be eliminated in their entirety.

Where the 382(1)(5) Exception is not applicable (either because the debtor does not qualify for it or the debtor otherwise elects not to utilize the 382(1)(5) Exception), a second special rule will generally apply (the "382(1)(6) Exception"). When the 382(1)(6) Exception applies, a debtor corporation that undergoes an ownership change generally is permitted to determine the fair market value of its stock after taking into account the increase in value resulting from any surrender or cancellation of creditors' claims in the bankruptcy. This differs from the ordinary rule that requires the fair market value of a debtor corporation that undergoes an ownership change to be determined immediately before the events giving rise to the change. The 382(1)(6) Exception also differs from the 382(1)(5) Exception in that the debtor corporation is not required to reduce its NOLs by interest deductions in the manner described above, and the debtor may undergo a change of ownership within two years without causing the complete elimination of its Pre-Change Losses.

Due to the limitations imposed by the 382(1)(5) Exception, the uncertainty regarding whether prepetition trading in Claims of FairPoint Communications would allow FairPoint to qualify for it, and the fact that NOL carryforwards would still be subject to reduction to the extent of COD Income, FairPoint does not plan to utilize the 382(1)(5) Exception. However, FairPoint does expect to utilize the 382(1)(6) Exception. Nevertheless, Reorganized FairPoint's use of its Pre-Change Losses after the Effective Date will be subject to the Section 382 Limitation and, therefore, adversely affected by the "ownership change" (within the meaning of Section 382 of the IRC) that will occur upon the Effective Date pursuant to the Plan.

3. Alternative Minimum Tax

In general, an alternative minimum tax ("<u>AMT</u>") is imposed on a corporation's alternative minimum taxable income ("<u>AMTI</u>") at a 20% rate to the extent such tax exceeds the corporation's regular federal income tax for the year. AMTI is generally equal to regular taxable income with certain adjustments. For purposes of computing AMTI, certain tax deductions and other beneficial allowances are modified or eliminated. For example, only 90% of a

corporation's AMTI may be offset by available alternative tax NOL carryforwards. Additionally, under Section 56(g)(4)(G) of the IRC, an ownership change (as discussed above) that occurs with respect to a corporation having a net unrealized built-in loss in its assets will cause, for AMT purposes, the adjusted basis of each asset of the corporation immediately after the ownership change to be equal to its proportionate share (determined on the basis of respective fair market values) of the fair market value of the assets of the corporation, as determined under Section 382(h) of the IRC, immediately before the ownership change. FairPoint believes it will not have a net unrealized built-in loss in its assets immediately after the ownership change, and therefore may not be impacted by these AMT rules with respect to built-in losses. However, it is uncertain at this time whether other tax items of FairPoint will subject FairPoint to the AMT rules

C. CERTAIN U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN TO U.S. HOLDERS OF ALLOWED CLAIMS

1. Consequences to U.S. Holders of Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims

The following discussion assumes that the obligation underlying each Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claim is properly treated as debt (rather than equity) of FairPoint. Pursuant to the Plan, each holder of an Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claim will receive such holder's *pro rata* share (taking into account the election described in this Disclosure Statement) of the New Term Loan and the New Common Stock (as further described in this Disclosure Statement above) and possibly some amount in Cash.

Whether a U.S. Holder of an Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claim recognizes gain or loss as a result of the exchange of its Claim for the New Term Loan, the New Common Stock, Cash or all three depends on whether (a) the exchange qualifies as a tax-free recapitalization, which in turn depends on whether the debt underlying the Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claim surrendered and the New Term Loan (with respect to receipt of the New Term Loan) are treated as a "security" for the reorganization provisions of the IRC, (b) the U.S. Holder has previously included in income any accrued but unpaid interest with respect to the Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claim, (c) the U.S. Holder has claimed a bad debt deduction or worthless security deduction with respect to such Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claim and (d) the U.S. Holder uses the accrual or cash method of accounting for tax purposes.

(i) Treatment of a Debt Instrument as a Security

Whether a debt instrument constitutes a "security" for U.S. federal income tax purposes is determined based on all the relevant facts and circumstances, but most authorities have held that the length of the term of a debt instrument is an important factor in determining whether such instrument is a security for U.S. federal income tax purposes. These authorities have indicated that a term of less than five years is evidence that the instrument is not a security, whereas a term of ten years or more is evidence that it is a security. There are numerous other factors that could be taken into account in determining whether a debt instrument is a security, including the security for payment, the creditworthiness of the obligor, the subordination or lack thereof to other creditors, the right to vote or otherwise participate in the management of the

obligor, convertibility of the instrument into an equity interest of the obligor, whether payments of interest are fixed, variable or contingent, and whether such payments are made on a current basis or accrued. Each U.S. Holder of an Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claim should consult with its own tax advisor to determine whether or not the debt underlying such Prepetition Credit Agreement Claim is a security for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

(ii) Treatment of a U.S. Holder of a Senior Secured Claim if the Exchange of its Claim is Treated as a Reorganization

If a debt instrument constituting a surrendered Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claim and the New Term Loan are each treated as a "security" for U.S. federal income tax purposes, the exchange of a U.S. Holder's Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claim for the New Term Loan should be treated as a recapitalization, and therefore a reorganization, under the IRC. If a debt instrument constituting a surrendered Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claim is treated as a security for U.S. federal income tax purposes, the exchange of a U.S. Holder's Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claim for the New Common Stock should be treated as a recapitalization, and therefore a reorganization, under the IRC. A U.S. Holder of a surrendered Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claim will recognize gain, but not loss, on the exchange. Specifically, the U.S. Holder will recognize (a) capital gain, subject to the "market discount" rules discussed below, to the extent of the lesser of (i) the amount of gain realized from the exchange or (ii) the amount of "other property" (i.e., property that is not a "security" for U.S. federal income tax purposes, such as Cash, and "securities" to the extent that the principal amount of securities received exceeds the principal amount of securities surrendered) received, and (b) ordinary interest income to the extent that the New Term Loan and/or New Common Stock are treated as received in satisfaction of accrued but untaxed interest on the debt instrument underlying the Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claim. See Section XII.C.1.v ("Certain Federal Income Tax Considerations—Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Plan to U.S. Holders of Allowed Claims—Consequences to U.S. Holders of Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims—Accrued Interest"). In such case, a U.S. Holder's tax basis in its New Term Loan and New Common Stock should be equal to the tax basis of the obligation constituting the Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claim surrendered therefor (increased by the amount of any gain recognized and decreased by the fair market value of "other property" received). In addition, a U.S. Holder's holding period for its New Term Loan and New Common Stock should include the holding period for the obligation constituting the surrendered Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claim; provided that the tax basis of any New Term Loan or New Common Stock treated as received in satisfaction of accrued but untaxed interest should equal the amount of such accrued but untaxed interest, and the holding period for any such New Term Loan and New Common Stock should not include the holding period of the debt instrument constituting the surrendered Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claim. However, it is not FairPoint's current intention to treat the exchange of Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims as a tax-deferred reorganization.

(iii) Treatment of a U.S. Holder of an Allowed Senior Secured Claim If the Exchange of its Claim is not Treated as a Reorganization

If a debt instrument constituting a surrendered Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claim is not treated as a "security" for U.S. federal income tax purposes, a U.S. Holder of such a

Claim should be treated as exchanging its Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claim for the New Term Loan and/or for the New Common Stock and any Cash received in a fully taxable exchange. A U.S. Holder of an Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claim who is subject to this treatment should recognize gain or loss equal to the difference between (i) the issue price of the New Term Loan and the fair market value of the New Common Stock, in each case that is not allocable to accrued but untaxed interest and any Cash received, and (ii) the U.S. Holder's adjusted tax basis in the obligation constituting the surrendered Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claim. Such gain or loss should be capital gain or loss, subject to the "market discount" rules discussed below, and should be long term capital gain or loss if the instruments constituting the surrendered Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claim were held for more than one year. To the extent that a portion of the New Term Loan and/or New Common Stock or Cash is allocable to accrued but untaxed interest, the U.S. Holder may recognize ordinary interest income. See Section XII.C.1.v ("Certain Federal Income Tax Considerations— Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Plan to U.S. Holders of Allowed Claims—Consequences to U.S. Holders of Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims—Accrued Interest"). A U.S. Holder's tax basis in the New Term Loan received on the Effective Date should equal its issue price and a U.S. Holder's tax basis in the New Common Stock should equal its fair market value. A U.S. Holder's holding period for the New Term Loan and New Common Stock received on the Effective Date should begin on the day following the Effective Date.

(iv) Issue Price of a Debt Instrument

The determination of "issue price" for purposes of this analysis will depend, in part, on whether the debt instruments issued to a U.S. Holder or the property surrendered under the Plan are traded on an "established securities market" at any time during the 60-day period ending 30 days after the Effective Date. In general, a debt instrument (or the stock or securities exchanged therefor) will be treated as traded on an established market if (a) it is listed on (i) a qualifying national securities exchange, (ii) certain qualifying interdealer quotation systems or (iii) certain qualifying non-U.S. securities exchanges; (b) it appears on a system of general circulation that provides a reasonable basis to determine fair market value; or (c) in certain situations the price quotations are readily available from dealers, brokers or traders. The issue price of a debt instrument that is traded on an established market (or that is issued for stock or securities so traded) would be the fair market value of such debt instrument (or such stock or securities so traded) on the issue date as determined by such trading. The issue price of a debt instrument that is neither so traded nor issued for stock or securities so traded would be its stated principal amount (provided that the interest rate on the debt instrument exceeds the applicable federal rate published by the IRS).

(v) Accrued Interest

To the extent that any amount received by a U.S. Holder of a surrendered Allowed Claim under the Plan is attributable to accrued but unpaid interest and such amount has not previously been included in the U.S. Holder's gross income, such amount should be taxable to the U.S. Holder as ordinary interest income. Conversely, a U.S. Holder of a surrendered Allowed Claim may be able to recognize a deductible loss (or, possibly, a write-off against a reserve for worthless debts) to the extent that any accrued interest on the debt instruments constituting such

Claim was previously included in the U.S. Holder's gross income but was not paid in full by FairPoint. Such loss may be ordinary, but the tax law is unclear on this point.

The extent to which the consideration received by a U.S. Holder of a surrendered Allowed Claim will be attributable to accrued interest on the debts constituting the surrendered Allowed Claim is unclear. Certain U.S. Treasury Regulations generally treat a payment under a debt instrument first as a payment of accrued and untaxed interest and then as a payment of principal. Application of this rule to a final payment on a debt instrument being discharged at a discount in bankruptcy is unclear. Pursuant to the Plan, distributions in respect of Allowed Claims will be allocated first to the principal amount of such Claims (as determined for U.S. federal income tax purposes) and then, to the extent the consideration exceeds the principal amount of the Claims, to any portion of such Claims for accrued but unpaid interest. However, the provisions of the Plan are not binding on the IRS nor a court with respect to the appropriate tax treatment for creditors.

(vi) Market Discount

Under the "market discount" provisions of Sections 1276 through 1278 of the IRC, some or all of any gain realized by a U.S. Holder exchanging the debt instruments constituting its Allowed Claim may be treated as ordinary income (instead of capital gain), to the extent of the amount of "market discount" on the debt constituting the surrendered Allowed Claim.

In general, a debt instrument is considered to have been acquired with "market discount" if its U.S. Holder's adjusted tax basis in the debt instrument is less than (i) the sum of all remaining payments to be made on the debt instrument, excluding "qualified stated interest" or, (ii) in the case of a debt instrument issued with "original issue discount," its adjusted issue price, by at least a de minimis amount (equal to 0.25% of the sum of all remaining payments to be made on the debt instrument, excluding qualified stated interest, multiplied by the number of remaining whole years to maturity).

Any gain recognized by a U.S. Holder on the taxable disposition (determined as described above) of debts that it acquired with market discount should be treated as ordinary income to the extent of the market discount that accrued thereon while such debts were considered to be held by the U.S. Holder (unless the U.S. Holder elected to include market discount in income as it accrued). To the extent that the surrendered debts that had been acquired with market discount are exchanged in a tax-free or other reorganization transaction for other property (as may occur here), any market discount that accrued on such debts but was not recognized by the U.S. Holder may be required to be carried over to the property received therefor and any gain recognized on the subsequent sale, exchange, redemption or other disposition of such property may be treated as ordinary income to the extent of the accrued but unrecognized market discount with respect to the exchanged debt instrument.

2. Consequences to U.S. Holders of Unsecured Claims

The following discussion assumes that (i) the obligation underlying each Allowed Unsecured Claim is properly treated as debt (rather than equity) of FairPoint and (ii) the holders of Unsecured Claims vote to approve the Plan. Pursuant to the Plan, each holder of an

Unsecured Claim will receive such holder's *pro rata* share of the New Common Stock and New Warrants (as further described in this Disclosure Statement above).

Whether a U.S. Holder of an Allowed Unsecured Claim recognizes gain or loss as a result of the exchange of its Claim for New Common Stock or New Warrants depends on whether (a) the exchange qualifies as a tax-free recapitalization, which in turn depends on whether the debt underlying the Allowed Unsecured Claim surrendered is treated as a "security" for the reorganization provisions of the IRC, see Section XII.C.1.i ("Certain Federal Income Tax Considerations—Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Plan to U.S. Holders of Allowed Claims—Consequences to U.S. Holders of Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims—Treatment of a Debt Instrument as a Security"), (b) the U.S. Holder has previously included in income any accrued but unpaid interest with respect to the Allowed Unsecured Claim, (c) the U.S. Holder has claimed a bad debt deduction or worthless security deduction with respect to such Allowed Unsecured Claim and (d) the U.S. Holder uses the accrual or cash method of accounting for tax purposes.

(i) Treatment of a U.S. Holder of an Allowed Unsecured Claim if the Exchange of its Claim is Treated as a Reorganization

If a debt instrument constituting a surrendered Allowed Unsecured Claim is treated as a "security" for U.S. federal income tax purposes, the exchange of a U.S. Holder's Allowed Unsecured Claim for the New Common Stock and New Warrants should be treated as a recapitalization, and therefore a reorganization, under the IRC. A U.S. Holder of a surrendered Allowed Unsecured Claim will recognize gain, but not loss, on the exchange. Specifically, the U.S. Holder will recognize (a) capital gain, subject to the market discount rules discussed below, to the extent of the lesser of (i) the amount of gain realized from the exchange or (ii) the amount of "other property" (i.e., property that is not a "security" for U.S. federal income tax purposes and "securities" to the extent that the principal amount of securities received exceeds the principal amount of securities surrendered) received, and (b) ordinary interest income to the extent that the New Common Stock and New Warrants are treated as received in satisfaction of accrued but untaxed interest on the debt instrument underlying the Allowed Unsecured Claim. See Section XII.C.1.v ("Certain Federal Income Tax Considerations—Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Plan to U.S. Holders of Allowed Claims—Consequences to U.S. Holders of Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims—Accrued Interest"). In such case, a U.S. Holder's tax basis in its New Common Stock and New Warrants should be equal to the tax basis of the obligation constituting the Allowed Unsecured Claim surrendered therefor (increased by the amount of any gain recognized and decreased by the fair market value of "other property" received), and a U.S. Holder's holding period for its New Common Stock and New Warrants should include the holding period for the obligation constituting the surrendered Allowed Unsecured Claim; provided that the tax basis of any New Common Stock and New Warrants treated as received in satisfaction of accrued but untaxed interest should equal the amount of such accrued but untaxed interest, and the holding period for any such New Common Stock and New Warrants should not include the holding period of the debt instrument constituting the surrendered Allowed Unsecured Claim.

(ii) Treatment of a U.S. Holder of an Allowed Unsecured Claim if the Exchange of its Claim is Not Treated as a Reorganization

If a debt instrument constituting a surrendered Allowed Unsecured Claim is not treated as a "security" for U.S. federal income tax purposes, a U.S. Holder of such a Claim should be treated as exchanging its Allowed Unsecured Claim for the New Common Stock and New Warrants in a fully taxable exchange. A U.S. Holder of an Allowed Unsecured Claim who is subject to this treatment should recognize gain or loss equal to the difference between (i) the fair market value of the New Common Stock and New Warrants received in the exchange that are not allocable to accrued but untaxed interest, see Section XII.C.1.iv ("Certain Federal Income Tax Considerations—Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Plan to U.S. Holders of Allowed Claims—Consequences to U.S. Holders of Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims—Issue Price of a Debt Instrument"), and (ii) the U.S. Holder's adjusted tax basis in the obligation constituting the surrendered Allowed Unsecured Claim. Such gain or loss should be capital gain, subject to the "market discount" rules discussed above, and should be long-term capital gain or loss if the debts constituting the surrendered Allowed Unsecured Claim were held for more than one year. To the extent that a portion of the New Common Stock or New Warrants is allocable to accrued but untaxed interest, the U.S. Holder may recognize ordinary interest income. See Section XII.C.1.v ("Certain Federal Income Tax Considerations— Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Plan to U.S. Holders of Allowed Claims—Consequences to U.S. Holders of Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims—Accrued Interest"). A U.S. Holder's tax basis in the New Common Stock and New Warrants should equal their fair market value. A U.S. Holder's holding period for the New Common Stock and New Warrants received on the Effective Date should begin on the day following the Effective Date.

3. Consequences to U.S. Holders of Holding New Common Stock

(i) Dividends on New Common Stock

Any distributions made on the New Common Stock will constitute dividends for U.S. federal income tax purposes to the extent of the current or accumulated earnings and profits of Reorganized FairPoint Communications as determined under U.S. federal income tax principles. To the extent that a U.S. Holder receives distributions that would otherwise constitute dividends for U.S. federal income tax purposes but that exceed such current and accumulated earnings and profits, such distributions will be treated first as a non-taxable return of capital reducing the U.S. Holder's basis in its shares. Any such distributions in excess of the U.S. Holder's basis in its shares (determined on a share-by-share basis) generally will be treated as capital gain. Subject to certain exceptions, dividends received by non corporate U.S. Holders prior to 2011 will be taxed under current law at a maximum rate of 15%, provided that certain holding period requirements and other requirements are met. Under current law, any such dividends received after 2010 will be taxed at the rate applicable to ordinary income.

Dividends paid to U.S. Holders that are corporations generally will be eligible for the dividends-received deduction so long as there are sufficient earnings and profits. However, the dividends received deduction is only available if certain holding period requirements are satisfied. The length of time that a shareholder has held its stock is reduced for any period during which the shareholder's risk of loss with respect to the stock is diminished by reason of the existence of certain options, contracts to sell, short sales or similar transactions. In addition, to the extent that a corporation incurs indebtedness that is directly attributable to an investment

in the stock on which the dividend is paid, all or a portion of the dividends received deduction may be disallowed.

The benefit of the dividends-received deduction to a corporate shareholder may be effectively reduced or eliminated by operation of the "extraordinary dividend" provisions of Section 1059 of the IRC, which may require the corporate recipient to reduce its adjusted tax basis in its shares by the amount excluded from income as a result of the dividends-received deduction. The excess of the excluded amount over adjusted tax basis may be treated as gain. A dividend may be treated as "extraordinary" if (1) it equals or exceeds 10% of the holder's adjusted tax basis in the stock (reduced for this purpose by the non-taxed portion of any prior extraordinary dividend), treating all dividends having ex-dividend dates within an 85-day period as one dividend, or (2) it exceeds 20% of the holder's adjusted tax basis in the stock, treating all dividends having ex dividend dates within a 365-day period as one dividend.

(ii) Sale, Redemption or Repurchase of New Common Stock

Unless a non-recognition provision applies, subject to the market discount rules discussed above, U.S. Holders generally will recognize capital gain or loss upon the sale, redemption or other taxable disposition of the New Common Stock.

4. Consequences to U.S. Holders of Holding the New Term Loan

(i) Interest on the New Term Loan Interest paid on the New Term Loan will be taxable to a U.S. Holder as ordinary interest income.

(ii) Sale or Retirement of the New Term Loan

Upon the sale, exchange or retirement of a New Term Loan, a U.S. Holder will recognize taxable gain or loss equal to the difference between the amount realized on the sale, exchange, or retirement and the U.S. Holder's adjusted tax basis in the New Term Loan. For these purposes, the amount realized does not include any amount attributable to accrued interest. Amounts attributable to accrued interest are treated as interest. See Section XII.C.1.v ("Certain Federal Income Tax Considerations—Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Plan to U.S. Holders of Allowed Claims—Consequences to U.S. Holders of Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims—Accrued Interest"). As it is unlikely that the New Term Loan will be issued with market discount, gain or loss realized on the sale, exchange or retirement of a New Term Loan will generally be long-term capital gain or loss if at the time of sale, exchange or retirement such New Term Loan has been held for more than one year. However, see i, with respect to surrendered claims that were acquired with market discount and that are exchanged in a tax-free transaction.

5. Consequences to U.S. Holders of Exercising New Warrants

A recipient of New Warrants generally should not recognize taxable gain or loss upon the exercise of such New Warrants. The tax basis in the New Common Stock received upon exercise of the New Warrants should equal the sum of the U.S. Holder's tax basis in the New Warrants and the amount paid for such New Common Stock. The holding period in any New

Common Stock received upon the exercise of the New Warrants should commence the day following its acquisition.

D. CERTAIN U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN TO NON-U.S. HOLDERS OF ALLOWED CLAIMS

1. Consequences to Non-U.S. Holders of the Exchange

Any gain or interest income realized by a Non-U.S. Holder on the exchange of its Claim generally will be exempt from U.S. federal income or withholding tax, provided that:

- such Non-U.S. Holder does not own, actually or constructively, 10 percent or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of the voting stock of FairPoint Communications, is not a controlled foreign corporation related, directly or indirectly, to FairPoint Communications through stock ownership, and is not a bank receiving interest described in Section 881(c)(3)(A) of the IRC;
- the statement requirement set forth in Section 871(h) or Section 881(c) of the IRC has been fulfilled with respect to the beneficial owner, as discussed below;
- such Non-U.S. Holder is not an individual who is present in the United States for 183 days or more in the taxable year of disposition or who is subject to special rules applicable to former citizens and residents of the United States; and
- such gain or interest income is not effectively connected with the conduct by such Non-U.S. Holder of a trade or business in the United States.

The statement requirement referred to in the preceding paragraph will generally be fulfilled if the beneficial owner of the property or Cash received on the exchange certifies on IRS Form W-8BEN (or such successor form as the IRS designates) under penalties of perjury that it is not a U.S. person and provides its name and address. The Non-U.S. Holder must provide the form to FairPoint or its paying agent, or in the case of a note held through a securities clearing organization, bank or other financial institution holding customers' securities in the ordinary course of its trade or business, to such organization, bank or other financial institution, which must in turn provide to FairPoint or its paying agent a statement that it has received the form and furnish a copy thereof; provided, that a non-U.S. financial institution will fulfill this requirement by filing IRS Form W-8IMY if it has entered into an agreement with the IRS to be treated as a qualified intermediary. These forms must be periodically updated.

If a Non-U.S. Holder is engaged in a trade or business in the United States, and if any gain or interest income realized on the exchange of its claim is effectively connected with the conduct of such trade or business, the Non-U.S. Holder, although exempt from the withholding tax discussed in the preceding paragraphs, will generally be subject to regular U.S. federal income tax on such gain or interest income in the same manner as if it were a U.S. Holder. In lieu of the certificate described in the preceding paragraph, such a Non-U.S. Holder will be required to provide a properly executed IRS Form W-8ECI (or such successor form as the IRS designates), in the manner described above, in order to claim an exemption from withholding

tax. In addition, if such a Non-U.S. Holder is a corporation, it may be subject to a branch profits tax equal to 30% (or such lower rate provided by an applicable treaty) of its effectively connected earnings and profits for the taxable year, subject to certain adjustments.

2. Consequences to Non-U.S. Holders of Holding the New Term Loan, New Common Stock and/or New Warrants

This summary assumes that no item of income or gain in respect of the New Term Loan, New Common Stock and New Warrants at any time will be effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business conducted by the Non-U.S. Holder.

(i) Dividends on New Common Stock

Dividends paid to a Non-U.S. Holder (to the extent paid out of our current or accumulated earnings and profits, as determined for U.S. federal income tax purposes) generally will be subject to withholding of U.S. federal income tax at a 30% rate or such lower rate as may be specified by an applicable income tax treaty.

To claim the benefit of a tax treaty a Non-U.S. Holder must provide a properly executed IRS Form W-8BEN (or such successor form as the IRS designates), in the manner described above, prior to the payment of the dividends. A Non-U.S. Holder that is eligible for a reduced rate of U.S. withholding tax pursuant to an income tax treaty may obtain a refund from the IRS of any excess amounts withheld by filing timely an appropriate claim for refund with the IRS.

(ii) Interest on the New Term Loan

Generally any interest paid to a Non-U.S. Holder of the New Term Loan will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax if the interest qualifies as "portfolio interest." Interest on the New Term Loan generally will qualify as portfolio interest if:

- such Non-U.S. Holder does not own, actually or constructively, 10 percent or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of the voting stock of Reorganized FairPoint Communications, is not a controlled foreign corporation related, directly or indirectly, to Reorganized FairPoint Communications through stock ownership, and is not a bank receiving interest described in Section 881(c)(3)(A) of the IRC; and
- the statement requirement set forth in Section 871(h) or Section 881(c) of the IRC has been fulfilled with respect to the beneficial owner, as discussed above.

The gross amount of payments to a Non-U.S. Holder of interest that does not qualify for the portfolio interest exemption will be subject to U.S. withholding tax at the rate of 30%, unless a U.S. income tax treaty applies to reduce or eliminate such withholding tax. To claim the benefit of a tax treaty a Non-U.S. Holder must provide a properly executed IRS Form W-8BEN (or such successor form as the IRS designates), in the manner described above, prior to the payment of interest. A Non-U.S. Holder who is claiming the benefits of a treaty may be required in certain instances to obtain a U.S. taxpayer identification number and to provide certain

documentary evidence issued by non-U.S. governmental authorities to prove residence in the non-U.S. country.

(iii) Gain on Disposition of New Term Loan, New Common Stock and/or New Warrants

A Non-U.S. Holder generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax with respect to any gain realized on the sale or other taxable disposition of New Term Loan (other than in respect of accrued but unpaid interest that has not previously been included in such Non-U.S. Holder's gross income, which will instead be treated as interest in the manner described above), New Common Stock or New Warrants, unless:

- such Non-U.S. Holder is an individual who is present in the United States for 183 days or more in the taxable year of disposition or who is subject to special rules applicable to former citizens and residents of the United States; or
- in the case of a disposition of New Common Stock or New Warrants, Reorganized FairPoint Communications is or has been during a specified testing period a "U.S. real property holding corporation" for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

Reorganized FairPoint Communications does not anticipate becoming a "U.S. real property holding corporation" for U.S. federal income tax purposes, but no assurances can be given in this regard.

E. WITHHOLDING AND REPORTING

FairPoint will withhold all amounts required by law to be withheld from payments of interest and dividends. FairPoint will comply with all applicable reporting requirements of the IRC. In general, information reporting requirements may apply to distributions or payments made to a holder of a Claim. The IRS may make the information returns reporting such interest and dividends and withholding available to the tax authorities in the country in which a Non-U.S. Holder is resident. Additionally, backup withholding of taxes, currently at a rate of 28%, will apply to such payments if a U.S. Holder fails to provide an accurate taxpayer identification number or otherwise fails to comply with the applicable requirements of the backup withholding rules. Any amounts withheld under the withholding rules will be allowed as a credit against such holder's U.S. federal income tax liability and may entitle such holder to a refund from the IRS, provided that the required information is provided to the IRS.

In addition, from an information reporting perspective, U.S. Treasury Regulations generally require disclosure by a taxpayer on its U.S. federal income tax return of certain types of transactions in which the taxpayer participated, including, among other types of transactions, certain transactions that result in the taxpayer's claiming a loss in excess of specified thresholds. Holders are urged to consult their tax advisors regarding these regulations and whether the transactions contemplated by the Plan would be subject to these regulations and require disclosure on the holders' tax returns.

THE FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN ARE COMPLEX. THE FOREGOING SUMMARY DOES NOT DISCUSS ALL ASPECTS OF FEDERAL INCOME TAXATION THAT MAY BE RELEVANT TO A PARTICULAR HOLDER IN LIGHT OF SUCH HOLDER'S CIRCUMSTANCES AND INCOME TAX SITUATION. ALL HOLDERS OF CLAIMS AND EQUITY INTERESTS SHOULD CONSULT WITH THEIR TAX ADVISORS AS TO THE PARTICULAR TAX CONSEQUENCES TO THEM OF THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED BY THE PLAN, INCLUDING THE APPLICABILITY AND EFFECT OF ANY STATE, LOCAL OR NON-U.S. TAX LAWS, AND OF ANY CHANGE IN APPLICABLE TAX LAWS.

XIII. CONCLUSION

FairPoint believes that confirmation and implementation of the Plan is preferable to any of the alternatives described above because it will provide the greatest recoveries to holders of Claims. Any alternative to confirmation of the Plan, such as liquidation or attempts to confirm another plan of reorganization, would involve significant delays, uncertainty, and substantial additional administrative costs. Moreover, as described above, FairPoint believes that its creditors will receive greater and earlier recoveries under the Plan than those that could be achieved in a liquidation. FOR THESE REASONS, FAIRPOINT URGES ALL HOLDERS OF IMPAIRED CLAIMS ENTITLED TO VOTE ON THE PLAN TO ACCEPT AND TO EVIDENCE SUCH ACCEPTANCE BY RETURNING THEIR BALLOTS SO THAT THEY WILL BE RECEIVED WITHIN THE TIME STATED IN THE NOTICE OF CONFIRMATION HEARING AND DISCLOSURE STATEMENT APPROVAL ORDER SERVED WITH THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT.

Dated: New York, New York

March 10, 2010

Respectfully submitted,

FAIRPOINT COMMUNICATIONS, INC.

(on behalf of itself and the other Debtors and Debtors-in-Possession)

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UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

X	
In re:	Chapter 11
FAIRPOINT COMMUNICATIONS, INC., et al.,:	Case No. 09-16335 (BRL)
Debtors. :	(Jointly Administered)
: 	

DEBTORS' SECOND AMENDED JOINT PLAN OF REORGANIZATION UNDER CHAPTER 11 OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE

Dated: New York, New York

March 10, 2010

		Page
SECTION I	DEFINITIONS	1
1.1	"Ad Hoc Committee of Senior Noteholders"	1
1.2	"Adequate Protection Claims"	1
1.3	"Administrative Expense Claim"	1
1.4	"Affiliate"	
1.5	"Allowed"	1
1.6	"Amended Bylaws"	2
1.7	"Amended Certificate of Incorporation"	2
1.8	"Avoidance Actions"	2
1.9	"Ballot"	2
1.10	"Bankruptcy Code"	2
1.11	"Bankruptcy Court"	2
1.12	"Bankruptcy Rules"	2
1.13	"Bar Date"	2
1.14	"Benefit Plans"	2
1.15	"Business Day"	3
1.16	"Cash"	3
1.17	"Cash Equivalent"	3
1.18	"Cash Payment"	3
1.19	"Causes of Action"	3
1.20	"Chapter 11 Cases"	4
1.21	"Claim"	4
1.22	"Class"	4
1.23	"Collateral"	4
1.24	"Confirmation Date"	4
1.25	"Confirmation Hearing"	4
1.26	"Confirmation Order"	4
1.27	"Consenting Lenders"	4
1.28	"Contingent Claim"	4
1 29	"Convenience Claim"	4

(continued)

1.30	"Creditors' Committee"	. 5
1.31	"Cure"	. 5
1.32	"Debtors-in-Possession"	. 5
1.33	"DIP Agent"	. 5
1.34	"DIP Facility"	. 5
1.35	"DIP Lenders"	. 5
1.36	"DIP Order"	. 5
1.37	"Disallowed"	. 5
1.38	"Disbursing Agent"	. 5
1.39	"Disclosure Statement"	. 5
1.40	"Disclosure Statement Approval Date"	. 6
1.41	"Disclosure Statement Approval Order"	. 6
1.42	"Disputed"	. 6
1.43	"Distribution"	. 6
1.44	"Distribution Date"	. 6
1.45	"Distribution Record Date"	. 6
1.46	"DTC"	. 6
1.47	"Effective Date"	. 6
1.48	"Equity Interest"	. 6
1.49	"Estate"	. 6
1.50	"Executive Agreements"	. 6
1.51	"FairPoint"	. 7
1.52	"FairPoint Communications"	. 7
1.53	"FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims"	. 7
1.54	"Final Distribution Date"	. 7
1.55	"Final Order"	. 8
1.56	"Holders of Registrable Securities"	. 8
1.57	"Impaired"	. 8
1.58	"Indemnified Persons"	. 8
1.59	"Indenture Dated March 31, 2008"	. 8

(continued)

1.60	"Indenture Dated July 29, 2009"	. 8
1.61	"Indenture Trustee"	. 8
1.62	"Indentures"	. 8
1.63	"Independent Director"	. 8
1.64	"Initial Objection"	. 8
1.65	"Insurance Policy"	. 8
1.66	"Insured Claim"	. 9
1.67	"Insurer"	. 9
1.68	"Intercompany Claims"	. 9
1.69	"Labor MOU"	. 9
1.70	"Legacy Subsidiary"	. 9
1.71	"Legacy Subsidiary Unsecured Claim"	. 9
1.72	"Lender Steering Committee"	. 9
1.73	"Liabilities"	. 9
1.74	"Lien"	. 9
1.75	"Local Bankruptcy Rules"	. 9
1.76	"Long Term Incentive Plan"	10
1.77	"Morgan Stanley Swap Agreement"	10
1.78	"MPUC"	10
1.79	"MPUC Regulatory Settlement"	10
1.80	"New Board"	10
1.81	"New Common Stock"	10
1.82	"New Organizational Documents"	10
1.83	"New Revolver"	10
1.84	"New Term Loan"	10
1.85	"New Warrants"	10
1.86	"NHPUC"	10
1.87	"NHPUC Regulatory Settlement"	11
1.88	"NNE Subsidiary"	11
1.89	"NNE Subsidiary Unsecured Claim"	11

(continued)

1.90	"Objection Deadline"	. 11
1.91	"Old FairPoint Equity Interests"	. 11
1.92	"Other Priority Claim"	. 11
1.93	"Other Secured Claim"	. 11
1.94	"Person"	. 11
1.95	"Petition Date"	. 11
1.96	"Plan"	. 11
1.97	"Plan Supplement"	. 11
1.98	"Plan Support Agreement"	. 11
1.99	"Prepetition Credit Agreement"	. 12
1.100	"Prepetition Credit Agreement Agent"	. 12
1.101	"Prepetition Credit Agreement Claim"	. 12
1.102	"Prepetition Credit Agreement Lender"	. 12
1.103	"Priority Tax Claim"	. 12
1.104	"Professional Fees"	. 12
1.105	"Ratable Proportion"	. 12
1.106	"Registration Rights Agreement"	. 12
1.107	"Regulatory Settlements"	. 12
1.108	"Reinstated" or "Reinstatement"	. 13
1.109	"Released Parties"	. 13
1.110	"Reorganized FairPoint"	. 13
1.111	"Reorganized FairPoint Communications"	. 13
1.112	"Reserve"	. 13
1.113	"Schedules"	. 14
1.114	"Section 345 Securities"	. 14
1.115	"Secured Claim"	. 14
	"Secured Tax Claim"	
	"Securities Act"	
1.118	"Security"	. 14
1.119	"Senior Notes"	14

(continued)

		Page
1.120	"Senior Notes Claims"	14
1.121	"Subordinated Securities Claim"	14
1.122	"Subsequent Distribution Date"	14
	"Subsidiary Equity Interests"	
1.124	"Success Bonuses"	
1.125	"Swap Agreements"	15
1.126	"Tax Claim"	15
1.127	"U.S. Trustee"	15
1.128	"Unclassified Claim"	15
1.129	"Unimpaired"	15
1.130	"Unliquidated Claim"	15
1.131	"Unsecured Claim"	15
1.132	"VDPS"	15
1.133	"VDPS Regulatory Settlement"	15
1.134	"Voting Agent"	15
1.135	"Wachovia Swap Agreement"	15
SECTION II	INTERPRETATION OF PLAN	16
2.1	Application of Definitions; Rules of Construction; Computation of Time	16
2.2	Relief Sought by Filing the Plan	16
SECTION III	PAYMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE CLAIMS, PRIORITY TAX CLAIMS AND OTHER UNCLASSIFIED CLAIMS.	16
3.1	Administrative Expense Claims	16
3.2	Adequate Protection Claims	17
3.3	Priority Tax Claims	17
3.4	Professional Compensation and Reimbursement Claims	17
3.5	Intercompany Claims	18
SECTION IV	CLASSIFICATION OF CLAIMS AND EQUITY INTERESTS	18
SECTION V	TREATMENT OF CLAIMS AND EQUITY INTERESTS UNDER THE PLAN	19
5.1	Other Priority Claims (Class 1)	19
5.2	Secured Tax Claims (Class 2)	19

(continued)

	5.3	Other Secured Claims (Class 3)	20
	5.4	Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims (Class 4)	20
	5.5	Legacy Subsidiary Unsecured Claims (Class 5)	21
	5.6	NNE Subsidiary Unsecured Claims (Class 6)	21
	5.7	FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims (Class 7)	22
	5.8	Convenience Claims (Class 8)	23
	5.9	Subordinated Securities Claims (Class 9)	23
	5.10	Subsidiary Equity Interests (Class 10)	23
	5.11	Old FairPoint Equity Interests (Class 11).	23
	5.12	Limitations on Amounts to Be Distributed to Holders of Allowed Insured Claims.	24
	5.13	Special Provision Regarding Unimpaired Claims.	24
SECTI	ION VI	PROVISIONS REGARDING NEW COMMON STOCK AND NEW WARRANTS DISTRIBUTED PURSUANT TO THE PLAN	24
	6.1	New Common Stock.	24
	6.2	New Warrants	25
	6.3	Securities Law Matters	25
SECTI	ION VI	I IMPAIRED AND UNIMPAIRED CLASSES OF CLAIMS AND EQUITY INTERESTS UNDER THE PLAN; ACCEPTANCE OR REJECTION OF THE PLAN	26
	7.1	Voting of Claims	26
	7.2	Acceptance by Unimpaired Classes	
	7.3	Elimination of Vacant Classes	27
	7.4	Nonconsensual Confirmation	27
	7.5	Revocation of the Plan	27
SECTI	ION VI	II MEANS OF IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PLAN	27
	8.1	Regulatory Settlements	27
	8.2	Transactions on the Effective Date	28
	8.3	Reorganization of FairPoint; Continuation of Businesses	28
	8.4	Reorganized FairPoint's Obligations Under the Plan	29
	8.5	New Organizational Documents	30

(continued)

	8.6	New Board	. 30
	8.7	Officers of Reorganized FairPoint	. 32
	8.8	Operations of FairPoint Between Confirmation and the Effective Date	. 32
	8.9	Revesting of Assets	. 32
	8.10	Dissolution of the Creditors' Committee	. 33
	8.11	Effectuating Documents; Further Transactions	. 33
	8.12	Preservation of Certain Causes of Action; Defenses	. 33
	8.13	Cancellation of Existing Securities	. 33
	8.14	Long Term Incentive Plan	. 34
	8.15	Success Bonuses	. 34
	8.16	Indemnification; Directors & Officers Insurance	. 34
SECT	ION IX	DISTRIBUTIONS UNDER THE PLAN	. 35
	9.1	Distributions on Allowed Claims	. 35
	9.2	Date of Distributions	. 35
	9.3	Disbursing Agent	. 35
	9.4	Rights and Powers of Disbursing Agent	. 35
	9.5	Fees and Expenses of Disbursing Agent	. 35
	9.6	Delivery of Distributions	. 36
	9.7	Unclaimed Distributions	. 37
	9.8	Distribution Record Date	. 37
	9.9	Manner of Payment	. 37
	9.10	Time Bar to Cash Payments by Check	. 37
	9.11	No Fractional Distributions	. 37
	9.12	Fractional Cents	. 38
	9.13	Setoffs and Recoupment	. 38
	9.14	Allocation of Plan Distributions Between Principal and Interest	. 38
	9.15	Distributions After Effective Date	. 38
	9.16	Interest on Claims	. 38
	9.17	No Distribution in Excess of Allowed Amount of Claim	. 39
	9.18	Ordinary Course Post-Petition Liabilities	. 39

(continued)

		Page
9.19	Payment of Taxes on Distributions Received Pursuant to the Plan	39
9.20	Estimation of Claims	39
9.21	Claims Reserves	39
SECTION X	DISPUTED CLAIMS AND EQUITY INTERESTS UNDER THE PLAN	40
10.1	Objections	40
10.2	Adjustment to Certain Claims Without a Filed Objection	41
10.3	No Distributions Pending Allowance	41
10.4	Distributions After Allowance	41
10.5	Resolution of Administrative Expense Claims and Claims	41
10.6	Disallowance of Certain Claims	41
10.7	Indenture Trustee as Claim Holder	42
10.8	Offer of Judgment	42
10.9	Amendments to Claims	42
10.10	Claims Paid and Payable by Third Parties	42
SECTION XI	EXECUTORY CONTRACTS AND UNEXPIRED LEASES UNDER THE PLAN	
11.1	Assumption or Rejection of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases	42
11.2	Inclusiveness	43
11.3	Provisions Related to Cure Payments and Rejection Damages	43
11.4	Indemnification Obligations	45
11.5	Insurance Policies	45
11.6	Benefit Plans	45
11.7	Retiree Benefits	45
11.8	Amended Collective Bargaining Agreements	46
SECTION XI	I CONDITIONS PRECEDENT TO THE EFFECTIVE DATE	46
12.1	Conditions Precedent to Effectiveness	46
12.2	Waiver of Conditions	47
12.3	Satisfaction of Conditions	47
SECTION XI	II EFFECT OF CONFIRMATION	47
13.1	Binding Effect	47

(continued)

		Page
13.2	Discharge of Claims and Termination of Old FairPoint Equity Interests.	47
13.3	Discharge of Debtors	48
13.4	Reservation of Causes of Action/Reservation of Rights	48
SECTION XI	V EXCULPATION, RELEASE, INJUNCTION AND RELATED PROVISIONS	48
14.1	Exculpation	48
14.2	Releases	49
14.3	Avoidance Actions/Objections	49
14.4	Injunction or Stay	50
14.5	United States Government Claims	50
SECTION XV	RETENTION OF JURISDICTION	51
SECTION XV	VI MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS	52
16.1	Effectuating Documents and Further Transactions	52
16.2	Withholding and Reporting Requirements	52
16.3	Corporate Action	53
16.4	Modification of Plan	53
16.5	Revocation or Withdrawal of the Plan	53
16.6	Plan Supplement	54
16.7	Payment of Statutory Fees	54
16.8	Exemption from Transfer Taxes	54
16.9	Expedited Tax Determination	54
16.10	Exhibits/Schedules	54
16.11	Substantial Consummation	54
16.12	Severability of Plan Provisions	55
16.13	Governing Law	55
16.14	Conflicts	55
16.15	Reservation of Rights	55
16.16	Post Confirmation Reporting	55
16.17	Notices	56

SECOND AMENDED JOINT PLAN OF REORGANIZATION OF FAIRPOINT COMMUNICATIONS, INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES UNDER CHAPTER 11 OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE

FairPoint Communications, Inc. and its direct and indirect subsidiaries, as debtors¹ and Debtors-in-Possession, hereby respectfully propose the following Second Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization pursuant to the provisions of chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code:

SECTION I DEFINITIONS

As used in the Plan, the following terms shall have the respective meanings specified below and be equally applicable to the singular and plural of terms defined:

- 1.1 "<u>Ad Hoc Committee of Senior Noteholders</u>" means the ad hoc committee of the holders of the Senior Notes represented in the Chapter 11 Cases by Stroock & Stroock & Lavan LLP.
- 1.2 "<u>Adequate Protection Claims</u>" means rights to adequate protection arising under the DIP Order.
- 1.3 "Administrative Expense Claim" means any right to payment constituting a cost or expense of administration of the Chapter 11 Cases Allowed under sections 330, 503(b), 507(a)(2) and 507(b) of the Bankruptcy Code (other than Adequate Protection Claims), including, without limitation, (a) any actual and necessary costs and expenses of preserving FairPoint's Estates, (b) any actual and necessary costs and expenses of operating FairPoint's businesses, (c) indebtedness or obligations incurred or assumed by the Debtors-in-Possession during the Chapter 11 Cases, (d) Claims, pursuant to section 503(b)(9) of the Bankruptcy Code, for the value of goods received by FairPoint in the twenty (20) days immediately prior to the Petition Date and sold to FairPoint in the ordinary course of FairPoint's businesses, and (e) any Professional Fees, whether Allowed before or after the Effective Date. Any fees or charges assessed against the Estates of FairPoint under section 1930 of chapter 123 of title 28 of the United States Code are excluded from the definition of Administrative Expense Claim and shall be paid in accordance with Section 16.7 of this Plan.
- 1.4 "<u>Affiliate</u>" has the meaning set forth in section 101(2) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 1.5 "Allowed" means, with reference to any Claim against FairPoint (including any Administrative Expense Claim), (a) any Claim that has been listed by FairPoint in the Schedules (as such Schedules may be amended by FairPoint from time to time in accordance with Bankruptcy Rule 1009) as liquidated in amount and not Disputed or contingent, and for which no contrary proof of Claim has been filed, (b) any timely filed proof of Claim as to which no objection to the allowance thereof, or action to equitably subordinate or otherwise limit

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¹ All of the debtors are identified on Exhibit A of this Plan.

recovery with respect thereto, has been interposed within the applicable period of limitation fixed by the Plan, the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules or a Final Order, or as to which an objection has been interposed and such Claim has been allowed in whole or in part by a Final Order, (c) any Claim expressly allowed by a Final Order or under the Plan, or (d) any Claim that is compromised, settled or otherwise resolved pursuant to a Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court or the authority granted Reorganized FairPoint under Section 10.5 of this Plan; *provided*, *however*, that Claims temporarily allowed solely for the purpose of voting to accept or reject the Plan pursuant to an order of the Bankruptcy Court shall not be considered Allowed Claims. Unless otherwise specified in the Plan or by order of the Bankruptcy Court, (i) an Allowed Administrative Expense Claim or an Allowed Claim shall not, for any purpose under the Plan, include interest on such Claim from and after the Petition Date, and (ii) an Allowed Claim shall not include any Claim subject to disallowance in accordance with section 502(d) of the Bankruptcy Code.

- 1.6 "<u>Amended Bylaws</u>" means the ninth amended and restated bylaws of Reorganized FairPoint Communications, which shall be substantially in the form contained in the Plan Supplement.
- 1.7 "Amended Certificate of Incorporation" means the second amended and restated certificate of incorporation of Reorganized FairPoint Communications, which shall comply with section 1123(a)(6) of the Bankruptcy Code and be substantially in the form contained in the Plan Supplement.
- 1.8 "Avoidance Actions" means any and all avoidance and recovery actions under sections 502(d), 510, 542, 543, 544, 545, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551 and 553 of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 1.9 "<u>Ballot</u>" means the form or forms distributed to each holder of an Impaired Claim that is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan on which is to be indicated an acceptance or rejection of the Plan.
- 1.10 "<u>Bankruptcy Code</u>" means title 11 of the United States Code, as amended from time to time, as applicable to the Chapter 11 Cases.
- 1.11 "<u>Bankruptcy Court</u>" means the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York having jurisdiction over the Chapter 11 Cases.
- 1.12 "<u>Bankruptcy Rules</u>" means the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure as promulgated by the United States Supreme Court under section 2075 of title 28 of the United States Code and the Local Bankruptcy Rules, as amended from time to time.
- 1.13 "<u>Bar Date</u>" means, except as otherwise provided in section 502(b)(9) of the Bankruptcy Code, the date established by the Bankruptcy Court as the deadline for filing and serving upon FairPoint proofs of Claims.
- 1.14 "<u>Benefit Plans</u>" means all employee benefit plans, policies and programs sponsored by FairPoint, including, without limitation, all incentive and bonus arrangements, medical and health insurance, life insurance, dental insurance, disability benefits and coverage,

leave of absence, savings plans, retirement pension plans (including, without limitation, the FairPoint Communications Northern New England Pension Plan for Management Employees and the FairPoint Communications Northern New England Pension Plan for Represented Employees) and retiree benefits (as such term is defined in section 1114 of the Bankruptcy Code).

- 1.15 "<u>Business Day</u>" means any day other than a Saturday, Sunday, or a "legal holiday" set forth in Bankruptcy Rule 9006(a).
 - 1.16 "Cash" means legal tender of the United States of America.
 - 1.17 "Cash Equivalent" means:
- (a) U.S. dollars and foreign currency received or exchanged into U.S. dollars within one hundred eighty (180) days;
- (b) securities issued or directly and fully guaranteed or insured by the United States government or any agency or instrumentality thereof (provided that the full faith and credit of the United States is pledged in support thereof);
 - (c) certificates of deposit and eurodollar time deposits;
- (d) repurchase obligations for underlying securities of the types described in clauses (b) and (c) above entered into with any financial institution;
- (e) commercial paper issued by a corporation rated at least "A-2" or higher from Moody's Investors Service, Inc. or Standard & Poor's Rating Services;
- (f) securities issued and fully guaranteed by any state, commonwealth or territory of the United States of America, or by any political subdivision or taxing authority thereof, rated at least "A" by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. or Standard & Poor's Rating Services;
- (g) money market funds at least ninety-five percent (95%) of the assets of which constitute Cash Equivalents of the kinds described in clauses (a) through (f) of this definition; or
 - (h) or Section 345 Securities.
- 1.18 "<u>Cash Payment</u>" has the meaning given such term in Section 5.4.2(c) hereof.
- 1.19 "Causes of Action" means any and all actions, causes of action, suits, controversies, rights, litigation, arbitration, proceeding, hearing, inquiry, audit, examination, investigation, complaint or charge, whether known or unknown, reduced to judgment or not reduced to judgment, liquidated or unliquidated, contingent or non-contingent, matured or unmatured, disputed or undisputed, secured or unsecured, assertable directly or derivatively, existing or hereafter arising, in law, equity or otherwise, based in whole or in part upon any act

or omission or other event occurring prior to the Petition Date or during the course of the Chapter 11 Cases of FairPoint (including to the Effective Date), including, without limitation, the Avoidance Actions.

- 1.20 "<u>Chapter 11 Cases</u>" means the cases commenced under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code by FairPoint before the Bankruptcy Court, as referenced by lead Case No. 09-16335 (BRL). <u>Exhibit A</u> sets forth a table of all of the FairPoint entities' names and case numbers.
- 1.21 "<u>Claim</u>" means a claim, as defined in section 101(5) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 1.22 "<u>Class</u>" means a category of Claims or Equity Interests set forth in Section IV of this Plan.
- 1.23 "Collateral" means any property or interest in property of the Estates of FairPoint subject to a Lien, charge or other encumbrance to secure the payment or performance of a Claim, which Lien, charge or other encumbrance is not subject to avoidance or otherwise invalid under the Bankruptcy Code or applicable state law.
- 1.24 "<u>Confirmation Date</u>" means the date on which the clerk of the Bankruptcy Court enters the Confirmation Order on the docket with respect to the Chapter 11 Cases.
- 1.25 "<u>Confirmation Hearing</u>" means the hearing conducted by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to section 1128(a) of the Bankruptcy Code to consider confirmation of the Plan with respect to the Chapter 11 Cases, as such hearing may be adjourned or continued from time to time.
- 1.26 "<u>Confirmation Order</u>" means the order of the Bankruptcy Court confirming the Plan.
- 1.27 "<u>Consenting Lenders</u>" means, collectively, the Prepetition Credit Agreement Lenders that are party to the Plan Support Agreement.
- 1.28 "Contingent Claim" means any Claim, the liability for which attaches or is dependent upon the occurrence or happening of, or is triggered by, an event, which event has not yet occurred, happened or been triggered as of the date on which such Claim is sought to be estimated or an objection to such Claim is filed, whether or not such event is within the actual or presumed contemplation of the holder of such Claim and whether or not a relationship between the holder of such Claim and FairPoint now or hereafter exists or previously existed.
- 1.29 "Convenience Claim" means any (a) FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claim in an amount equal to ten thousand dollars (\$10,000.00) or less, and/or (b) Disputed FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claim that becomes an Allowed Unsecured Claim of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000.00) or less with the consent of and in the amount agreed to by FairPoint.

- 1.30 "<u>Creditors' Committee</u>" means the official committee of unsecured creditors appointed in the Chapter 11 Cases pursuant to section 1102(a) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 1.31 "<u>Cure</u>" means the Distribution of Cash, or such other property as may be agreed upon by the parties and/or ordered by the Bankruptcy Court, with respect to the assumption of an executory contract or unexpired lease, pursuant to section 365(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, in an amount equal to all accrued, due and unpaid monetary obligations, without interest, or such other amount as may be agreed upon by the parties or ordered by the Bankruptcy Court, under such executory contract or unexpired lease.
- 1.32 "<u>Debtors-in-Possession</u>" means FairPoint in its capacity as debtors-in-possession in the Chapter 11 Cases under sections 1107(a) and 1108 of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 1.33 "<u>DIP Agent</u>" means Bank of America, N.A., in its capacity as administrative agent under the DIP Facility, including any successor thereto appointed pursuant to Section 10.10 of the DIP Facility.
- 1.34 "<u>DIP Facility</u>" means that certain Debtor-in-Possession Credit Agreement, dated as of October 27, 2009 (as modified, amended, restated and/or supplemented from time to time prior to the date hereof), among FairPoint Communications and FairPoint Logistics, Inc., as borrowers, the DIP Lenders, and the DIP Agent, which provides for a revolving facility in an aggregate principal amount of up to seventy-five million dollars (\$75,000,000.00), of which up to thirty million dollars (\$30,000,000.00) is available for the issuance of letters of credit to third parties for the account of FairPoint.
- 1.35 "<u>DIP Lenders</u>" means the financial institutions party to the DIP Facility, as lenders.
- 1.36 "<u>DIP Order</u>" means the order entered on March 11, 2010, authorizing and approving the DIP Facility.
- 1.37 "<u>Disallowed</u>" means, with reference to any Claim, (a) a Claim, or any portion thereof, that has been disallowed by a Final Order, (b) a Claim, or any portion thereof, that is expressly disallowed under the Plan, or (c) unless scheduled by a Debtor-in-Possession as a fixed, liquidated, non-contingent and undisputed Claim, a Claim as to which a proof of Claim bar date has been established by the Bankruptcy Code, Bankruptcy Rules or Final Order but no proof of Claim has been timely filed or deemed timely filed with the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to either the Bankruptcy Code or any Final Order.
- 1.38 "<u>Disbursing Agent</u>" means (a) Reorganized FairPoint Communications, pursuant to Section 9.3 hereof, (b) the Prepetition Credit Agreement Agent, pursuant to Section 9.6.2(a) hereof, or (c) the Indenture Trustee, pursuant to Section 9.6.3 hereof.
- 1.39 "<u>Disclosure Statement</u>" means that certain second amended disclosure statement relating to the Plan, including, without limitation, all exhibits and Schedules thereto, as the same may be further amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time, as approved by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to section 1125 of the Bankruptcy Code.

- 1.40 "<u>Disclosure Statement Approval Date</u>" means the date on which the clerk of the Bankruptcy Court enters the Disclosure Statement Approval Order on the docket of the Bankruptcy Court with respect to the Chapter 11 Cases approving the adequacy of the Disclosure Statement under section 1125 of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 1.41 "<u>Disclosure Statement Approval Order</u>" means the Order approving, among other things, the adequacy of the Disclosure Statement pursuant to section 1125 of the Bankruptcy Code, entered by the Bankruptcy Court on March 11, 2010.
- 1.42 "<u>Disputed</u>" means, with reference to any Claim, a Claim, or any portion thereof, that is neither an Allowed Claim nor a Disallowed Claim.
- 1.43 "<u>Distribution</u>" means the distribution to be made in accordance with the Plan of, as the case may be: (a) Cash, (b) New Common Stock, (c) interests in the New Term Loan, (d) New Warrants and/or (e) any other distributions to holders of Claims under the terms and provisions of the Plan.
- 1.44 "<u>Distribution Date</u>" means the earliest of the following dates that occurs after any Claim is Allowed: (a) the Effective Date, or as soon thereafter as is reasonably practicable, (b) a Subsequent Distribution Date, or (c) a Final Distribution Date.
- 1.45 "<u>Distribution Record Date</u>" means the date that is twenty (20) days before the first day of the Confirmation Hearing, as originally scheduled by the Bankruptcy Court in the Disclosure Statement Approval Order.
 - 1.46 "<u>DTC</u>" means The Depository Trust Company.
- 1.47 "Effective Date" means, with respect to each entity listed on Exhibit A, a Business Day selected by FairPoint, on or after the Confirmation Date, on which the conditions precedent to the effectiveness of the Plan specified in Section 12.1 of this Plan shall have been satisfied or waived as provided in Section 12.2 of this Plan; *provided that*, each Effective Date shall occur on the same Business Day unless the Lender Steering Committee consents otherwise with respect to a particular entity listed on Exhibit A (which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed).
- 1.48 "<u>Equity Interest</u>" means, as of the Petition Date, any capital stock or other ownership interest in FairPoint, whether or not transferable, and any option, call, warrant or right to purchase, sell or subscribe for an ownership interest or other equity security in FairPoint, including, but not limited to, (a) the Old FairPoint Equity Interests and (b) the Subsidiary Equity Interests.
- 1.49 "<u>Estate</u>" means the estate of any entity included within the definition of "FairPoint" in the Chapter 11 Cases that was created pursuant to section 541 of the Bankruptcy Code upon the commencement of the Chapter 11 Cases.
- 1.50 "<u>Executive Agreements</u>" means, collectively, the employment agreements between FairPoint Communications and David L. Hauser, Peter G. Nixon, Alfred C.

Giammarino, Shirley J. Linn, Jeffrey Allen and Susan L. Sowell, respectively, as in effect on October 25, 2009.

- "FairPoint" means, collectively, FairPoint Communications, Inc., BE 1.51 Mobile Communications, Incorporated, Bentleyville Communications Corporation, Berkshire Cable Corp., Berkshire Cellular, Inc., Berkshire Net, Inc., Berkshire New York Access, Inc., Berkshire Telephone Corporation, Big Sandy Telecom, Inc., Bluestem Telephone Company, C & E Communications, Ltd., Chautauqua & Erie Communications, Inc., Chautauqua and Erie Telephone Corporation, China Telephone Company, Chouteau Telephone Company, Columbine Telecom Company, Comerco, Inc., Commtel Communications Inc., Community Service Telephone Co., C-R Communications, Inc., C-R Long Distance, Inc., C-R Telephone Company, El Paso Long Distance Company, Ellensburg Telephone Company, EllTel Long Distance Corp., Enhanced Communications of Northern New England Inc., ExOp of Missouri, Inc., FairPoint Broadband, Inc., FairPoint Carrier Services, Inc., FairPoint Communications Missouri, Inc., FairPoint Communications Solutions Corp. -- New York, FairPoint Communications Solutions Corp. - Virginia, FairPoint Logistics, Inc., FairPoint Vermont, Inc., Fremont Broadband, LLC, Fremont Telcom Co., Fretel Communications, LLC, Germantown Long Distance Company, GIT-CELL, Inc., GITCO Sales, Inc., GTC Communications, Inc., GTC Finance Corporation, GTC, Inc., Maine Telephone Company, Marianna and Scenery Hill Telephone Company, Marianna Tel, Inc., MJD Services Corp., MJD Ventures, Inc., Northern New England Telephone Operations LLC, Northland Telephone Company of Maine, Inc., Odin Telephone Exchange, Inc., Orwell Communications, Inc., Peoples Mutual Long Distance Company, Peoples Mutual Services Company, Peoples Mutual Telephone Company, Quality One Technologies, Inc., Ravenswood Communications, Inc., Sidney Telephone Company, ST Computer Resources, Inc., S T Enterprises, Ltd., ST Long Distance, Inc., St. Joe Communications, Inc., Standish Telephone Company, Sunflower Telephone Company, Inc., Taconic Technology Corp., Taconic TelCom Corp., Taconic Telephone Corp., Telephone Operating Company of Vermont LLC, Telephone Service Company, The Columbus Grove Telephone Company, The El Paso Telephone Company, The Germantown Independent Telephone Company, The Orwell Telephone Company, UI Communications, Inc., UI Long Distance, Inc., UI Telecom, Inc., Unite Communications Systems, Inc., Utilities, Inc., Yates City Telephone Company, and YCOM Networks, Inc.
 - 1.52 "FairPoint Communications" means FairPoint Communications, Inc.
- 1.53 "<u>FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims</u>" means any Unsecured Claims against FairPoint Communications, including, but not limited to, Senior Notes Claims.
- 1.54 "<u>Final Distribution Date</u>" means a date after (a) the deadline for FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint to interpose objections to Claims has passed, (b) all such objections have been resolved by signed agreement with FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint and/or a Final Order, as may be applicable, and (c) all Claims that are Contingent Claims or Unliquidated Claims have been estimated but, in any event, the Final Distribution Date shall be no later than thirty (30) days after such estimation has concluded, or such later date as the Bankruptcy Court may establish, upon request by Reorganized FairPoint, for cause shown.

- 1.55 "Final Order" means an order or judgment of the Bankruptcy Court that has been entered on the docket maintained by the clerk of such court and has not been reversed, vacated or stayed and as to which (a) the time to appeal, petition for *certiorari* or move for a new trial, reargument or rehearing has expired and no appeal, petition for *certiorari* or other proceedings for a new trial, reargument or rehearing shall then be pending or, (b) if an appeal, writ of *certiorari*, new trial, reargument or rehearing thereof has been sought, (i) such order or judgment shall have been affirmed by the highest court to which such order was appealed, *certiorari* shall have been denied or a new trial, reargument or rehearing shall have been denied or resulted in no modification of such order and (ii) the time to take any further appeal, petition for *certiorari*, or move for a new trial, reargument or rehearing shall have expired; *provided*, *however*, that the possibility that a motion under section 502(j) of the Bankruptcy Code, Rule 59 or Rule 60 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, or any analogous rule under the Bankruptcy Rules or the Local Bankruptcy Rules, may be (but has not been) filed relating to such order shall not prevent such order from being a Final Order.
- 1.56 "<u>Holders of Registrable Securities</u>" has the meaning given such term in Section 6.3.2 hereof.
- 1.57 "<u>Impaired</u>" means "impaired" within the meaning of section 1124 of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 1.58 "<u>Indemnified Persons</u>" has the meaning given such term in Section 8.16 hereof.
- 1.59 "<u>Indenture Dated March 31, 2008</u>" means that certain Indenture, dated as of March 31, 2008, as amended, between Northern New England Spinco Inc. (a subsidiary of Verizon Communications Inc.) and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee.
- 1.60 "<u>Indenture Dated July 29, 2009</u>" means that certain Indenture, dated as of July 29, 2009, between FairPoint Communications and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee.
- 1.61 "<u>Indenture Trustee</u>" means the applicable indenture trustee for the Senior Notes.
- 1.62 "<u>Indentures</u>" means, collectively, the Indenture Dated March 31, 2008, and the Indenture Dated July 29, 2009.
- 1.63 "<u>Independent Director</u>" means a director who satisfies the independence requirements under Rule 303A.02 of the Listed Company Manual of the New York Stock Exchange, Inc.
- 1.64 "<u>Initial Objection</u>" has the meaning given such term in Section 10.1 hereof.
- 1.65 "<u>Insurance Policy</u>" means any policy of insurance under which FairPoint could have asserted or did assert, or may in the future assert, a right to coverage for any Claim, together with any other contracts which pertain or relate to such policy (including, by way of

example and not limitation, any insurance settlement agreements or coverage-in-place agreements).

- 1.66 "<u>Insured Claim</u>" means that portion of any Claim arising from an incident or occurrence that occurred prior to the Effective Date: (a) as to which any Insurer is obligated pursuant to the terms, conditions, limitations, and exclusions of its Insurance Policy, to pay any cost, expense, judgment, settlement, or contractual obligation with respect to FairPoint, or (b) that any Insurer otherwise agrees to pay as part of a settlement or compromise of a claim made under the applicable Insurance Policy.
 - 1.67 "Insurer" means any Person that issued an Insurance Policy.
- 1.68 "<u>Intercompany Claims</u>" means any Claim against any entity included within the definition of "FairPoint" held by any other entity included within the definition of "FairPoint".
- 1.69 "<u>Labor MOU</u>" means that certain 2010 Memorandum of Understanding, dated February 1, 2010, by and between Northern New England Telephone Operations LLC and Telephone Operating Company of Vermont LLC, the two companies doing business as FairPoint Communications, and International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, AFL-CIO Locals 2320, 2326, and 2327 and Communications Workers of America, AFL-CIO, attached hereto as <u>Exhibit</u> B.
- 1.70 "<u>Legacy Subsidiary</u>" means any direct or indirect subsidiary of FairPoint Communications that is not an NNE Subsidiary.
- 1.71 "<u>Legacy Subsidiary Unsecured Claim</u>" means any Unsecured Claim against any Legacy Subsidiary.
- 1.72 "<u>Lender Steering Committee</u>" means collectively, Bank of America, N.A., Angelo Gordon & Co., Paulson & Co., Inc., Lehman Brothers Holdings, Inc., CoBank, ACB and Wachovia Bank, N.A.
- 1.73 "<u>Liabilities</u>" mean any and all costs, expenses, damages, losses, penalties, fines, judgments, claims, obligations, demands, injuries, settlements, awards, fines, taxes, fees, indebtedness or other liabilities of any nature, whether known or unknown, foreseen or unforeseen, existing or hereinafter arising, liquidated or unliquidated, matured or not matured, contingent or direct, whether arising at common law, in equity, or under any statute, based in whole or in part on any act or omission or other occurrence arising or taking place prior to the Effective Date.
- 1.74 "<u>Lien</u>" has the meaning given such term in section 101(37) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 1.75 "<u>Local Bankruptcy Rules</u>" means the local bankruptcy rules for the Southern District of New York, as amended from time to time.

- 1.76 "Long Term Incentive Plan" means that certain management incentive plan for senior management and selected employees of FairPoint, providing incentive compensation in the form of stock options and restricted stock awards for the number of shares of New Common Stock set forth in Section 6.1.1(b). The Plan Supplement shall contain the terms of the Long Term Incentive Plan.
- 1.77 "Morgan Stanley Swap Agreement" means that certain ISDA Master Agreement, dated as of February 1, 2005, between FairPoint Communications and Morgan Stanley Capital Services Inc., including any confirmations issued thereunder and any and all supplements thereto.
 - 1.78 "MPUC" means the Maine Public Utilities Commission.
- 1.79 "MPUC Regulatory Settlement" means the settlements and compromises by and among FairPoint, the Representative of the MPUC and the Maine Office of the Public Advocate as set forth on the regulatory settlement attached hereto as Exhibit D.
- 1.80 "New Board" means the board of directors of Reorganized FairPoint Communications. Subject to Section 8.6.2, the proposed members of the New Board shall be identified in the Plan Supplement.
- 1.81 "New Common Stock" means the shares of common stock of Reorganized FairPoint Communications authorized to be issued pursuant to Section 6.1.1 of this Plan.
- 1.82 "New Organizational Documents" means the Amended Bylaws and Amended Certificate of Incorporation, collectively.
- 1.83 "New Revolver" means that certain post-consummation revolving credit exit facility, which shall assume all borrowings and extensions of credit under the DIP Facility on the Effective Date. The terms of the New Revolver shall be contained in the Plan Supplement.
- 1.84 "New Term Loan" means that certain post-consummation one billion dollar (\$1,000,000,000.00) senior secured term loan agreement to be entered into on the Effective Date, which shall be guaranteed by those subsidiaries of FairPoint Communications that have guaranteed repayment of the DIP Facility. The New Term Loan shall be part of the Distribution under the Plan to the holders of Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims. The terms of the New Term Loan shall be contained in the Plan Supplement.
- 1.85 "New Warrants" means those certain warrants to purchase up to seven million one hundred sixty four thousand eight hundred four (7,164,804) shares of the New Common Stock issued pursuant to Section 6.2 of this Plan, which warrants shall have the material terms set forth on Exhibit C hereto and be in substantially the form set forth in the Plan Supplement.
 - 1.86 "NHPUC" means New Hampshire Public Utilities Commission.

- 1.87 "NHPUC Regulatory Settlement" means the settlements and compromises by and between FairPoint and staff advocates of the NHPUC (i) with respect to, among other things, service quality requirements, broadband commitments, expenditure commitments, financial commitments and management commitments and (ii) as set forth in further detail on the regulatory settlement attached hereto as Exhibit E.
- 1.88 "NNE Subsidiary" means, individually each of and collectively all of, FairPoint Logistics, Inc., Northern New England Telephone Operations LLC, Telephone Operating Company of Vermont LLC, and Enhanced Communications of Northern New England Inc.
- 1.89 "NNE Subsidiary Unsecured Claim" means any Unsecured Claim against the NNE Subsidiaries.
- 1.90 "Objection Deadline" has the meaning given such term in Section 10.1 hereof.
- 1.91 "<u>Old FairPoint Equity Interests</u>" means any instrument evidencing an ownership interest in FairPoint Communications, whether or not transferable, and all options, warrants or rights, contractual or otherwise, to acquire any such interests.
- 1.92 "Other Priority Claim" means a Claim entitled to priority in payment as specified in section 507(a)(4), (5), (6) or (7) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 1.93 "Other Secured Claim" means any Secured Claim other than a Prepetition Credit Agreement Claim.
- 1.94 "<u>Person</u>" means any individual, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, cooperative, trust, unincorporated organization, association, joint venture, or any government or agency or political subdivision thereof, or any other form of legal entity.
- 1.95 "<u>Petition Date</u>" means October 26, 2009, the date on which FairPoint commenced its Chapter 11 Cases.
- 1.96 "<u>Plan</u>" means this second amended joint plan of reorganization, including, without limitation, the Plan Supplement and the exhibits and schedules hereto and thereto, as the same may be further amended or modified from time to time in accordance with the provisions of the Bankruptcy Code and the terms hereof.
- 1.97 "<u>Plan Supplement</u>" means the supplement or supplements to the Plan containing certain documents relevant to the implementation of the Plan specified in Section 16.6 of this Plan.
- 1.98 "<u>Plan Support Agreement</u>" means that certain Plan Support Agreement, dated as of October 25, 2009, among FairPoint and the Consenting Lenders, as the same may be amended, modified or supplemented from time to time.

- 1.99 "Prepetition Credit Agreement" means that certain Credit Agreement, dated as of March 31, 2008, and amended as of January 21, 2009, among FairPoint Communications and Northern New England Spinco Inc., as borrowers, the Lender Steering Committee and the other lenders party thereto, the Prepetition Credit Agreement Agent, and certain other parties thereto, and all amendments, supplements, ancillary agreements (including, but not limited to, any and all notes, letters of credit, pledges, collateral agreements, intercreditor agreements, Swap Agreements and hedging agreements), side letters, financing statements, and other documents related thereto.
- 1.100 "Prepetition Credit Agreement Agent" means Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent and collateral agent (replacing Lehman Commercial Paper Inc. in both roles pursuant to the January 21, 2009 amendment to the Prepetition Credit Agreement) under the Prepetition Credit Agreement, and any successor administrative agent or collateral agent thereunder.
- 1.101 "Prepetition Credit Agreement Claim" means any Claim held by the Prepetition Credit Agreement Lenders and/or the Prepetition Credit Agreement Agent, and all other Claims against FairPoint arising under the Prepetition Credit Agreement in an amount equal to principal, plus interest (accrued through the Effective Date), and all other amounts due thereunder. Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims are Allowed Claims pursuant to the Plan, and shall be satisfied pursuant to the Plan without offset, defense, counterclaim, reduction or credit of any kind whatsoever.
- 1.102 "<u>Prepetition Credit Agreement Lender</u>" means each Person that is party to the Prepetition Credit Agreement, other than each applicable entity included in the definition of "FairPoint".
- 1.103 "<u>Priority Tax Claim</u>" means any Claim of a governmental unit of the kind entitled to priority in payment as specified in sections 502(i) and 507(a)(8) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 1.104 "<u>Professional Fees</u>" means any Claim of a professional retained in the Chapter 11 Cases, pursuant to sections 327, 328 and 1103 of the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise, for compensation or reimbursement of costs and expenses relating to services incurred prior to and including the Effective Date, when and to the extent any such Claim is Allowed by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to sections 330, 331, 503(b) or 1103 of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 1.105 "<u>Ratable Proportion</u>" means, with reference to any Distribution on account of any Allowed Claim in any Class, the ratio (expressed as a percentage) that the amount of such Allowed Claim bears to the aggregate amount of Allowed Claims of the same Class, plus all Disputed Claims in such Class.
- 1.106 "<u>Registration Rights Agreement</u>" has the meaning given such term in Section 6.3.2 hereof.
- 1.107 "<u>Regulatory Settlements</u>" means, collectively, the MPUC Regulatory Settlement, NHPUC Regulatory Settlement and the VDPS Regulatory Settlement; *provided*, *however*, that if the MPUC Regulatory Settlement, NHPUC Regulatory Settlement or the VDPS

Regulatory Settlement does not become final or is withdrawn in accordance with its terms, such Regulatory Settlement will be deemed removed from this definition of Regulatory Settlements.

- 1.108 "Reinstated" or "Reinstatement" means (a) leaving unaltered the legal, equitable and contractual rights to which a Claim or Subsidiary Equity Interest entitles the holder of such Claim or Subsidiary Equity Interest, or (b) notwithstanding any contractual provision or applicable law that entitles the holder of such Claim or Subsidiary Equity Interest to demand or receive accelerated payment of such Claim or Subsidiary Equity Interest after the occurrence of a default, (i) curing any such default that occurred before or after the Petition Date, other than a default of a kind specified in section 365(b)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code; (ii) reinstating the maturity of such Claim or Subsidiary Equity Interest as such maturity existed before such default; (iii) compensating the holder of such Claim or Subsidiary Equity Interest for any damages incurred as a result of any reasonable reliance by such holder on such contractual provision or applicable law; (iv) if such Claim or such Subsidiary Equity Interest arises from any failure to perform a nonmonetary obligation, other than a default arising from failure to operate a nonresidential real property lease subject to section 365(b)(1)(A) of the Bankruptcy Code, compensating the holder of such Claim or such Subsidiary Equity Interest (other than FairPoint or a current or former insider of FairPoint) for any actual pecuniary loss incurred by such holder as a result of such failure; and (v) not otherwise altering the legal, equitable, or contractual rights to which such Claim or Subsidiary Equity Interest entitles the holder of such Claim or Subsidiary Equity Interest.
- 1.109 "Released Parties" means (a) the current or former directors, officers, employees, Affiliates, agents, accountants, financial advisors, investment bankers, restructuring advisors, attorneys and representatives, and other professionals of or to FairPoint and the Debtors-in-Possession who served or were employed in such capacities after the Petition Date, and each of their respective agents and representatives, (b) the Prepetition Credit Agreement Agent, (c) Prepetition Credit Agreement Lenders, (d) the Consenting Lenders, (e) the Lender Steering Committee, (f) the DIP Agent, (g) the DIP Lenders, (h) Bank of America, in its capacity as Disbursing Agent, (i) the members of the Ad Hoc Committee of Senior Noteholders, and (j) for each of (b) through (i), their respective officers, directors, employees, Affiliates, agents, partners, members, representatives, employees, financial advisors, investment bankers, restructuring advisors, attorneys and other professionals; *provided*, *however*, if no Distributions are made on account of Class 7 FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims in accordance with Section 5.7.2(b) of the Plan, then clause 1.109(i) shall be deemed to be deleted from this definition and the members of the Ad Hoc Committee of Senior Noteholders (and their respective officers, directors, employees, Affiliates, agents, partners, members, representatives, employees, financial advisors, investment bankers, restructuring advisors, attorneys and other professionals) shall not be included within this definition of Released Parties.
 - 1.110 "Reorganized FairPoint" means FairPoint on and after the Effective Date.
- 1.111 "<u>Reorganized FairPoint Communications</u>" means FairPoint Communications on and after the Effective Date.
 - 1.112 "Reserve" has the meaning given such term in Section 9.21.

- 1.113 "Schedules" means, collectively, the schedules of assets and liabilities, schedules of executory contracts and unexpired leases and statements of financial affairs filed by FairPoint under section 521 of the Bankruptcy Code, Bankruptcy Rule 1007 and the official bankruptcy forms in the Chapter 11 Cases, as the same may have been amended or supplemented through the Confirmation Date pursuant to Bankruptcy Rules 1007 and 1009. For the avoidance of doubt, Schedules do not include any schedules or exhibits to this Plan or the Plan Supplement.
- 1.114 "<u>Section 345 Securities</u>" means securities or instruments of any type permitted under Section 345 of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 1.115 "Secured Claim" means any Claim (a) reflected in the Schedules or upon a proof of Claim as a Secured Claim, which is secured by a Lien on Collateral, as determined in accordance with section 506(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, (b) a Prepetition Credit Agreement Claim, or (c) that is subject to a valid right of setoff pursuant to section 553 of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 1.116 "Secured Tax Claim" means any Secured Claim that, absent its secured status, would be entitled to priority in right of payment under sections 502(i) and 507(a)(8) of the Bankruptcy Code (determined irrespective of any time limitations therein and including any related Secured Claim for penalties).
- 1.117 "Securities Act" means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.
- 1.118 "Security" has the meaning given such term in section 101(49) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 1.119 "Senior Notes" means, collectively, the 13 1/8 % Senior Notes due April 1, 2018 issued by FairPoint Communication under the Indenture Dated March 31, 2008, and the 13 1/8 % Senior Notes due April 2, 2018 issued by FairPoint Communications under the Indenture Dated July 29, 2009.
- 1.120 "<u>Senior Notes Claims</u>" means Claims arising under the Indentures. Senior Notes Claims are Allowed Claims under the Plan, and shall be satisfied pursuant to the Plan without offset, defense, counterclaim, reduction or credit of any kind whatsoever.
- 1.121 "Subordinated Securities Claim" means any Claim against FairPoint arising from rescission of a purchase or sale of a Security of FairPoint or an Affiliate of FairPoint, for damages arising from the purchase or sale of such security, or for reimbursement or contribution allowed under section 502 of the Bankruptcy Code on account of such a Claim.
- 1.122 "<u>Subsequent Distribution Date</u>" means the twentieth day after the end of each calendar quarter after the occurrence of the Effective Date.
- 1.123 "Subsidiary Equity Interests" means any instrument evidencing an ownership interest in FairPoint (other than FairPoint Communications), whether or not transferable, and all options, warrants or rights, contractual or otherwise, to acquire any such

interests, all as of the Effective Date. Each Subsidiary Equity Interest shall be deemed Allowed under the Plan.

- 1.124 "Success Bonuses" means cash bonuses payable as incentive compensation upon the Effective Date, determined in accordance with certain performance measures and subject to upward or downward adjustments to reflect when the Effective Date is achieved. The Plan Supplement shall contain additional information about the Success Bonuses.
- 1.125 "Swap Agreements" means the Morgan Stanley Swap Agreement and the Wachovia Swap Agreement.
- 1.126 "<u>Tax Claim</u>" means any Claim that is a Secured Tax Claim or a Priority Tax Claim.
- 1.127 "<u>U.S. Trustee</u>" means the United States Trustee appointed under section 591, title 28, United States Code to serve in the Southern District of New York.
- 1.128 "<u>Unclassified Claim</u>" means any Claim that is an Administrative Expense Claim or a Priority Tax Claim.
- 1.129 "<u>Unimpaired</u>" means, with respect to a Claim or Equity Interest, that such Claim or Equity Interest is not Impaired as a result of being either (a) Reinstated or (b) paid in full in Cash under this Plan.
- 1.130 "<u>Unliquidated Claim</u>" means any Claim, the amount of Liability for which has not been fixed, whether pursuant to agreement, applicable law or otherwise, as of the date on which such Claim is asserted or sought to be estimated.
- 1.131 "<u>Unsecured Claim</u>" means any Claim against FairPoint other than an Administrative Expense Claim, Priority Tax Claim, Other Priority Claim, Secured Tax Claim, Other Secured Claim, Prepetition Credit Agreement Claim, Subordinated Securities Claim or Intercompany Claim.
 - 1.132 "VDPS" means the Vermont Department of Public Service.
- 1.133 "<u>VDPS Regulatory Settlement</u>" means the settlements and compromises by and between FairPoint and VDPS (i) with respect to, among other things, service quality requirements, broadband commitments, capital investment commitments, financial commitments and management commitments and (ii) as set forth in further detail on the regulatory settlement attached hereto as <u>Exhibit F</u>.
 - 1.134 "Voting Agent" means BMC Group, Inc.
- 1.135 "Wachovia Swap Agreement" means that certain ISDA Master Agreement, dated as of December 12, 2000, as amended and restated as of February 1, 2008, between FairPoint Communications and Wachovia Bank, N.A., including any confirmations issued thereunder and any and all supplements thereto.

SECTION II INTERPRETATION OF PLAN

- 2.1 Application of Definitions; Rules of Construction; Computation of Time. Wherever from the context it appears appropriate, each term stated in either the singular or the plural shall include both the singular and the plural, and pronouns stated in the masculine, feminine or neuter gender shall include the masculine, feminine and neuter gender. For purposes of the Plan, (a) any reference in the Plan to a contract, instrument, release, indenture, or other agreement or document being in a particular form or on particular terms and conditions means that such document shall be substantially in such form or substantially on such terms and conditions, (b) any reference in the Plan to an existing document or exhibit filed or to be filed means such document or exhibit as it may have been or may be amended, modified, or supplemented and (c) unless otherwise specified, all references in the Plan to Sections, Articles, Schedules, and Exhibits are references to Sections, Articles, Schedules and Exhibits of or to the Plan. The words "herein", "hereof", "hereto", "hereunder" and other words of similar meaning refer to the Plan as a whole and not to any particular section, subsection or clause contained in the Plan. A capitalized term used herein that is not defined herein shall have the meaning assigned to that term in the Bankruptcy Code or in the Exhibits hereto. The rules of construction contained in section 102 of the Bankruptcy Code shall apply to the construction of the Plan. The headings in the Plan are for convenience of reference only and shall not limit or otherwise affect the provisions of the Plan. Unless otherwise indicated herein, all references to dollars means United States dollars. In computing any period of time prescribed or allowed by the Plan, unless otherwise expressly provided, the provisions of Bankruptcy Rule 9006(a) shall apply.
- 2.2 <u>Relief Sought by Filing the Plan</u>. The filing of the Plan constitutes, among other things, a motion by FairPoint pursuant to Bankruptcy Rules 9019 to approve the settlement and comprise set forth in Section 8.1 of the Plan.

SECTION III PAYMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE CLAIMS, PRIORITY TAX CLAIMS AND OTHER UNCLASSIFIED CLAIMS

3.1 Administrative Expense Claims.

Except to the extent that any Person entitled to payment of any Allowed Administrative Expense Claim agrees to a less favorable treatment, each holder of an Allowed Administrative Expense Claim shall receive Cash in an amount equal to such Allowed Administrative Expense Claim on the later of the Effective Date and the date such Administrative Expense Claim becomes an Allowed Administrative Expense Claim, or as soon thereafter as is reasonably practicable; *provided, however*, that Allowed Administrative Expense Claims representing Liabilities incurred in the ordinary course of business by the Debtors-in-Possession shall be paid in full and performed by the Debtors-in-Possession or Reorganized FairPoint, as the case may be, in the ordinary course of business in accordance with the terms and subject to the conditions of any agreements governing, instruments evidencing or other documents relating to such transactions; *provided, further*, that, except as provided in Section 3.4 of this Plan, if any Administrative Expense Claim, including an ordinary course expense, is not billed or a request for payment is not made within sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, claims

for payment of such Administrative Expense Claims shall be barred.

3.2 Adequate Protection Claims.

The Adequate Protection Claims of the holders of Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims shall be deemed satisfied in full by payments (if any) due and made pursuant to the DIP Order.

3.3 Priority Tax Claims.

Unless otherwise agreed to by the holder of an Allowed Priority Tax Claim and FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint, as applicable, each holder of an Allowed Priority Tax Claim shall receive at the option of FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint, as applicable, (a) on the Effective Date, or as soon thereafter as is reasonably practicable, Cash in an amount equal to such Allowed Priority Tax Claim, or (b) commencing on the Effective Date, or as soon thereafter as is reasonably practicable, and continuing over a period not exceeding five (5) years from and after the Petition Date, equal semi-annual Cash payments in an aggregate amount equal to such Allowed Priority Tax Claim, together with interest for the period after the Effective Date at the rate determined under applicable non-bankruptcy law as of the calendar month in which the Plan is confirmed, subject to the option of FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint, as applicable, to prepay the entire amount of the Allowed Priority Tax Claim. All Allowed Priority Tax Claims that are not due and payable on or before the Effective Date shall be paid in the ordinary course of business as such obligations become due.

3.4 <u>Professional Compensation and Reimbursement Claims.</u>

All Persons seeking awards by the Bankruptcy Court of compensation for services rendered or reimbursement of expenses incurred through and including the Confirmation Date under section 330, 331, 503(b)(2), 503(b)(3), 503(b)(4) or 503(b)(5) of the Bankruptcy Code shall (a) file, on or before the date that is forty five (45) days after the Effective Date, their respective applications for final allowances of compensation for services rendered and reimbursement of expenses incurred and (b) be paid in full, in Cash, in such amounts as are Allowed by the Bankruptcy Court in accordance with the order relating to or allowing any such Administrative Expense Claim. Reorganized FairPoint is authorized to pay reasonable compensation for professional services rendered and reimbursement of expenses incurred after the Effective Date in the ordinary course and without the need for Bankruptcy Court approval.

For purposes of the Plan, and in consideration of the services of the members of the Ad Hoc Committee of Senior Noteholders, FairPoint will reimburse the members of the Ad Hoc Committee of Senior Noteholders for the reasonable fees and expenses of their professionals, Stroock & Stroock & Lavan LLP and Moelis & Company, during the Chapter 11 Cases and up to the Effective Date (without the need to file a proof of Claim or fee application), subject to an aggregate cap of three million five hundred thousand dollars (\$3,500,000.00), or such higher number as shall be approved by the Lender Steering Committee, which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed; *provided, however*, if no Distributions are made on account of Class 7 FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims in accordance with Section 5.7.2(b) of the Plan, then the members of the Ad Hoc Committee of Senior Noteholders shall not

receive any reimbursement for professionals' fees and expenses.

For purposes of the Plan, and in consideration of the services of the Prepetition Credit Agreement Agent and each Consenting Lender holding greater than ten percent (10%) of the aggregate Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims on the date such Person became a Consenting Lender, FairPoint will reimburse such Persons for their reasonable out-of-pocket fees and expenses (including reasonable fees and expenses of counsel) to the extent that such fees and expenses are incurred in connection with the Plan Support Agreement, the Plan, the Chapter 11 Cases, and the transactions related thereto (without the need to file a proof of Claim or fee application).

Except as otherwise paid or payable pursuant to the order granting FairPoint's Motion Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code Sections 105(a) and 363(b) For Authorization to Reimburse Certain Regulatory Agency Expenses [Docket No. 685], and subject in all respects to the terms of Section 4.3 of the NHPUC Regulatory Settlement and Section 4.3 of the VDPS Regulatory Settlement, on the Effective Date FairPoint shall reimburse the reasonable out-of-pocket expenses and costs of the State of New Hampshire, the VDPS and the Vermont Public Service Board in connection with the Chapter 11 Cases.

As long as the Regulatory Settlement remains in effect in Maine, and subject in all respects to Section 4.4 of the MPUC Regulatory Settlement, on the Effective Date FairPoint shall reimburse the reasonable out-of-pocket expenses and costs of the MPUC and the Maine Public Advocate in connection with the Chapter 11 Cases.

3.5 Intercompany Claims.

At the election of FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint, as applicable, or any Person holding such Claim, and in consultation with the Lender Steering Committee, Intercompany Claims shall be (a) released, waived and discharged as of the Effective Date, (b) contributed to the capital of the obligor corporation, (c) dividended or (d) remain Unimpaired.

SECTION IV CLASSIFICATION OF CLAIMS AND EQUITY INTERESTS

The following table (a) designates the Classes of Claims against, and Equity Interests in, FairPoint, (b) specifies the Classes of Claims and Equity Interests that are Impaired by the Plan and therefore are deemed to reject the Plan or are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan in accordance with section 1126 of the Bankruptcy Code, and (c) specifies the Classes of Claims and Equity Interests that are Unimpaired by the Plan and therefore are deemed to accept the Plan in accordance with section 1126 of the Bankruptcy Code.

Class	Designation	Impairment	Entitled to Vote
1	Other Priority Claims	Unimpaired	No (deemed to accept)
2	Secured Tax Claims	Unimpaired	No (deemed to accept)

Class	Designation	Impairment	Entitled to Vote
3	Other Secured Claims	Unimpaired	No (deemed to accept)
4	Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims	Impaired	Yes
5	Legacy Subsidiary Unsecured Claims	Unimpaired	No (deemed to accept)
6	NNE Subsidiary Unsecured Claims	Unimpaired	No (deemed to accept)
7	FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims	Impaired	Yes
8	Convenience Claims	Unimpaired	No (deemed to accept)
9	Subordinated Securities Claims	Impaired	No (deemed to reject)
10	Subsidiary Equity Interests	Unimpaired	No (deemed to accept)
11	Old FairPoint Equity Interests	Impaired	No (deemed to reject)

SECTION V TREATMENT OF CLAIMS AND EQUITY INTERESTS UNDER THE PLAN

5.1 Other Priority Claims (Class 1).

5.1.1 Impairment and Voting.

Class 1 is Unimpaired by the Plan. Each holder of an Allowed Other Priority Claim is conclusively presumed to have accepted the Plan and is not entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

5.1.2 Distributions.

Unless otherwise agreed to by the holder of an Allowed Other Priority Claim and FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint, as applicable, on the applicable Distribution Date, each holder of an Allowed Other Priority Claim shall receive Cash in an amount equal to such Allowed Other Priority Claim.

5.2 Secured Tax Claims (Class 2).

5.2.1 Impairment and Voting.

Class 2 is Unimpaired by the Plan. Each holder of an Allowed Secured Tax Claim is conclusively presumed to have accepted the Plan and is not entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

5.2.2 Distributions.

Unless otherwise agreed to by the holder of an Allowed Secured Tax Claim and FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint, as applicable, on the applicable Distribution Date, each holder of an Allowed Secured Tax Claim shall receive, at the option of FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint, as applicable, (a) Cash in an amount equal to such Allowed Secured Tax Claim or,

(b) commencing on the applicable Distribution Date, and continuing over a period not exceeding five (5) years from and after the Petition Date, equal semi-annual Cash payments in an aggregate amount equal to such Allowed Secured Tax Claim, together with interest for the period after the Effective Date at the rate determined under applicable non-bankruptcy law as of the calendar month in which the Plan is confirmed, subject to the option of FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint, as applicable, to prepay the entire amount of the Allowed Secured Tax Claim.

5.3 Other Secured Claims (Class 3).

5.3.1 Impairment and Voting.

Class 3 is Unimpaired by the Plan. Each holder of an Allowed Other Secured Claim is conclusively presumed to have accepted the Plan and is not entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

5.3.2 Distributions.

- (a) Unless otherwise agreed to by the holder of an Allowed Other Secured Claim and FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint, as applicable, at the option of FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint, as applicable, (i) on the Distribution Date or as soon thereafter as is reasonably practicable, each Allowed Other Secured Claim shall be Reinstated and rendered Unimpaired in accordance with section 1124(2) of the Bankruptcy Code, (ii) each holder of an Allowed Other Secured Claim shall receive Cash in an amount equal to such Allowed Other Secured Claim, on the Distribution Date, or as soon thereafter as is reasonably practicable, or (iii) each holder of an Allowed Other Secured Claim shall receive the Collateral securing its Allowed Other Secured Claim, in full and complete satisfaction of such Allowed Other Secured Claim on the Distribution Date, or as soon thereafter as is reasonably practicable.
 - 5.4 Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims (Class 4).

5.4.1 Impairment and Voting.

Class 4 is Impaired by the Plan. Each holder of an Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claim is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

5.4.2 Distributions.

Each holder of an Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claim shall receive the following, in full and complete satisfaction of such holder's Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claim:

- (a) on the Effective Date, such holder's Ratable Proportion of the New Term Loan;
- (b) on the Effective Date, such holder's Ratable Proportion of forty-seven million two hundred forty-one thousand four hundred thirty-six (47,241,436) shares of the New Common Stock; *provided, however*, that if the Class of FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims do not receive a Distribution under the Plan as provided in Section 5.7.2(b) of this Plan, each holder of an Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claim shall receive its Ratable Proportion of fifty-

eight million, four hundred eighty-four thousand five hundred eighty-seven (58,484,587) shares of the New Common Stock, subject to dilution from the securities to be issued under the Long Term Incentive Plan:

- on the Effective Date, such holder's Ratable Proportion of Cash (the "Cash (c) Payment") in an amount equal to all Cash and Cash Equivalents of Reorganized FairPoint on the Effective Date in excess of forty million dollars (\$40,000,000.00) minus (1) Cash used to pay or reserved to pay Allowed Unsecured Claims, (2) Cash used to pay or reserved to pay Allowed Administrative Expense Claims, (3) Cash used to pay or reserved to pay Allowed Priority Tax Claims, (4) Cash used to pay or reserved to pay Allowed Other Priority Claims, (5) Cash used to pay or reserved to pay Allowed Secured Tax Claims, (6) Cash used to pay or reserved to pay Allowed Other Secured Claims, (7) subject to Section 3.4 of this Plan, Cash used to pay or reserved to pay the members of the Ad Hoc Committee of Senior Noteholders, the Prepetition Credit Agreement Agent, and each Consenting Lender holding greater than ten percent (10%) of the aggregate Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims on the date such Person became a Consenting Lender for their professionals' fees and expenses, (8) Cash used to pay or reserved to pay obligations pursuant to the Regulatory Settlements, (9) Cash used to pay or reserved to pay Success Bonuses, and (10) Cash used to pay or reserved to pay Cure for executory contracts and unexpired leases that are assumed pursuant to the Plan; provided, however, that if the aggregate amount of Tax Claims against FairPoint Communications exceeds six million dollars (\$6,000,000), such excess amount (or any portion thereof) shall be subtracted from the Cash Payment only if the Lender Steering Committee consents, after consultation with FairPoint, to the payment of such excess amount (or portion thereof) on the Effective Date; and
- (d) on the applicable Distribution Date, if any, such holder's Ratable Proportion of Cash Distributions out of the Reserves that are no longer required to be reserved for the benefit of anyone other than holders of Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims.
 - 5.5 <u>Legacy Subsidiary Unsecured Claims (Class 5).</u>
 - 5.5.1 <u>Impairment and Voting</u>.

Class 5 is Unimpaired by the Plan. Each holder of an Allowed Legacy Subsidiary Unsecured Claim is conclusively presumed to have accepted the Plan and is not entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

5.5.2 <u>Distributions</u>.

On the Distribution Date, each holder of an Allowed Legacy Subsidiary Unsecured Claim shall be paid an amount in Cash equal to one hundred percent (100%) of such holder's Allowed Legacy Subsidiary Unsecured Claim, in full and complete satisfaction of such holder's Claim.

- 5.6 NNE Subsidiary Unsecured Claims (Class 6).
- 5.6.1 Impairment and Voting.

Class 6 is Unimpaired by the Plan. Each holder of an Allowed NNE Subsidiary Unsecured Claim is conclusively presumed to have accepted the Plan and is not entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

5.6.2 Distributions.

On the Distribution Date, each holder of an Allowed NNE Subsidiary Unsecured Claim shall be paid an amount in Cash equal to one hundred percent (100%) of such holder's Allowed NNE Subsidiary Unsecured Claim, in full and complete satisfaction of such holder's Claim.

5.7 <u>FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims (Class 7).</u>

5.7.1 <u>Impairment and Voting</u>.

Class 7 is Impaired by the Plan. Each holder of an Allowed FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claim is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

5.7.2 Distributions.

On the Distribution Date, each holder of an Allowed FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claim shall receive the following, in full and complete satisfaction of such FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claim:

- (a) if the Class of holders of FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims votes to accept the Plan, each holder of an Allowed FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claim shall receive its Ratable Proportion of (i) four million two hundred three thousand three hundred fifty-two (4,203,352) shares of the New Common Stock and (ii) the New Warrants, in the case of each of clauses (i) and (ii), subject to dilution from the securities to be issued under the Long Term Incentive Plan; or
- if (1) the Class of FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims votes to reject the (b) Plan, (2) the members of the Ad Hoc Committee of Senior Noteholders or its counsel objects to the Plan, (3) the members of the Creditors' Committee or its counsel object to the Plan or the Disclosure Statement as they relate to the treatment of Allowed FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims or the Distributions to the holders of such Claims under the Plan (provided, that this clause (3) shall not be construed to preclude any such Persons from seeking to share with the holders of other Allowed Claims the proceeds, if any, of: (i) any cause of action brought on behalf of (or by) FairPoint against Verizon Communications Inc. and/or its affiliates arising from the agreement and plan of merger dated January 15, 2007 and the related transactions; and (ii) any cause of action brought on behalf of (or by) FairPoint against CapGemini U.S. LLC and/or its affiliates arising out of or related to the: (a) Master Services Agreement dated as of January 15, 2007, (b) Master Purchasing Agreement effective as of March 29, 2007, and/or (c) Information Technology Services Agreement effective as of January 30, 2009), or (4) the Indenture Trustee or its counsel objects to the Plan, then holders of FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims shall not receive any Distributions under the Plan on account of their Claims.

5.8 Convenience Claims (Class 8).

5.8.1 <u>Impairment and Voting</u>.

Class 8 is Unimpaired by the Plan. Each holder of an Allowed Convenience Claim is conclusively presumed to have accepted the Plan and is not entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

5.8.2 Distributions.

On the Distribution Date, each holder of an Allowed Convenience Claim shall be paid an amount in Cash equal to one hundred percent (100%) of such holder's Allowed Convenience Claim in full and complete satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for such holder's Claim.

5.9 Subordinated Securities Claims (Class 9).

5.9.1 Impairment and Voting.

Class 9 is Impaired by the Plan. Each holder of a Subordinated Securities Claim is deemed to reject the Plan and is not entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

5.9.2 Distributions.

Each holder of an Allowed Subordinated Securities Claim will not receive or retain any interest or property under the Plan on account of such Allowed Subordinated Securities Claim. The treatment of Subordinated Securities Claims under the Plan is in accordance with and gives effect to the provisions of section 510(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.

5.10 Subsidiary Equity Interests (Class 10).

5.10.1 Impairment and Voting.

Class 10 is Unimpaired by the Plan. Each holder of a Subsidiary Equity Interest is conclusively presumed to have accepted the Plan and is not entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

5.10.2 <u>Distributions</u>.

On the Effective Date, the Subsidiary Equity Interests shall be Reinstated and rendered Unimpaired in accordance with section 1124 of the Bankruptcy Code.

5.11 Old FairPoint Equity Interests (Class 11).

5.11.1 Impairment and Voting.

Class 11 is Impaired by the Plan. Each holder of an Old FairPoint Equity Interest is deemed to reject the Plan and is not entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

5.11.2 Distributions.

On the Effective Date, the Old FairPoint Equity Interests shall be cancelled and the holders of the Old FairPoint Equity Interests shall not be entitled to, and shall not receive or retain, any property or interest in property on account of such Old FairPoint Equity Interests under the Plan.

5.12 <u>Limitations on Amounts to Be Distributed to Holders of Allowed Insured</u> Claims.

Distributions under the Plan to each holder of an Allowed Insured Claim shall be in accordance with the treatment provided under the Plan for the Class in which such Allowed Insured Claim is classified, but solely to the extent that such Allowed Insured Claim is within FairPoint's self-insured retention. Amounts in excess of the applicable self-insured retention amount shall be recoverable only from the available Insurer and FairPoint shall be discharged to the extent of any such excess. Nothing in this Section 5.12 shall constitute a waiver of any Causes of Action or Liabilities that any Person may hold against any other Person, including, without limitation, FairPoint's Insurers.

5.13 Special Provision Regarding Unimpaired Claims.

Except as otherwise explicitly provided in this Plan, nothing herein shall be deemed to be a waiver or relinquishment of any rights, counterclaims or defenses that any of FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint, as applicable, may have, whether at law or in equity, with respect to any Unimpaired Claim.

SECTION VI PROVISIONS REGARDING NEW COMMON STOCK AND NEW WARRANTS DISTRIBUTED PURSUANT TO THE PLAN

- 6.1 New Common Stock.
- 6.1.1 <u>Authorization</u>.
- (a) The Amended Certificate of Incorporation of Reorganized FairPoint Communications shall authorize the issuance of seventy-five million (75,000,000) shares of New Common Stock.
- (b) The seventy-five million (75,000,000) shares of New Common Stock that are authorized on the Effective Date shall be issued or reserved as follows:
- (i) in the event that the Class of FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims accepts the Plan, (1) fifty-one million four hundred forty-four thousand seven hundred eighty-eight (51,444,788) shares of New Common Stock, in the aggregate, will be distributed to holders of Allowed Claims under Section 5.4 and Section 5.7 of the Plan and (2) seven million one hundred sixty-four thousand eight hundred four (7,164,804) shares of the New Common Stock will be reserved in connection with the New Warrants;

- (ii) in the event that the Class of FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims does not receive a Distribution under the Plan on account of its claims, fifty-eight million four hundred eighty-four thousand five hundred eighty-seven (58,484,587) shares of New Common Stock, in the aggregate, will be distributed to holders of Allowed Claims under Section 5.4 of the Plan;
- (iii) in the event that the Class of FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims accepts the Plan, six million two hundred sixty-nine thousand two hundred six (6,269,206) shares of New Common Stock will be issued or reserved in connection with the Long Term Incentive Plan; and
- (iv) in the event that the Class of FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims does not receive a Distribution under the Plan on account of its claims, six million three hundred ninety-four thousand two hundred eleven (6,394,211) shares of New Common Stock will be issued or reserved in connection with the Long Term Incentive Plan.
- (c) On the Effective Date, in the event the Class of FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims reject the Plan, holders of Allowed Class 4 Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims shall receive, and Reorganized FairPoint Communications shall issue, an aggregate of fifty-eight million four hundred eighty-four thousand five hundred eighty-seven (58,484,587) shares of New Common Stock in accordance with Section V hereof. All such shares shall be deemed fully paid and non-assessable.
- (d) On the Effective Date, in the event the Class of FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims accepts the Plan, holders of Allowed Class 4 Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims and holders of Allowed Class 7 FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims shall receive, and Reorganized FairPoint Communications shall issue, an aggregate of fifty-one million four hundred forty-four thousand seven hundred eighty-eight (51,444,788) shares of New Common Stock in accordance with Section V hereof. All such shares shall be deemed fully paid and non-assessable.

6.1.2 Par Value.

The New Common Stock shall have a par value of \$0.01 per share.

6.2 New Warrants.

As provided in and subject to the conditions set forth in this Plan, including Section 5.7.2, Reorganized FairPoint Communications shall issue to each holder of an Allowed Class 7 FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claim, its Ratable Proportion of New Warrants.

6.3 Securities Law Matters.

6.3.1 Exemption from Securities Laws.

Except as otherwise provided herein, and to the maximum extent provided by section 1145 of the Bankruptcy Code and applicable non-bankruptcy law, the issuance under the Plan of the New Common Stock and the New Warrants pursuant to this Plan and any subsequent

sales, resales, transfers, or other distributions of such New Common Stock or New Warrants shall be exempt from registration under the Securities Act, any other federal or state securities law registration requirements, and all rules and regulations promulgated thereunder. Any such Securities issued to an "affiliate" of Reorganized FairPoint within the meaning of the Securities Act or any Person Reorganized FairPoint reasonably determines to be an "underwriter", and which does not agree to resell such securities only in "ordinary trading transactions," within the meaning of section 1145(b)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code shall be subject to such transfer restrictions and bear such legends as shall be appropriate to ensure compliance with the Securities Act.

6.3.2 Registration Rights Agreement.

On the Effective Date, Reorganized FairPoint Communications will enter into a registration rights agreement (the "Registration Rights Agreement") with each holder of greater than ten percent (10%), on a fully diluted basis, of the New Common Stock on the Effective Date (a "Holder of Registrable Securities"). The Holders of Registrable Securities shall be entitled to request an aggregate of two demand registrations; provided, that no such registration shall be demanded prior to the expiration of the date which is one hundred eighty (180) days following the Effective Date; provided further, that in no event shall Reorganized FairPoint Communications be obligated to effect more than two (2) demand registrations pursuant to all requests for demand registration. A form of the Registration Rights Agreement, including a form of shelf registration statement if necessary, will be included in the Plan Supplement.

6.3.3 <u>Securities Exchange Listing.</u>

Reorganized FairPoint Communications will use its reasonable best efforts to obtain a listing for the New Common Stock on one of the following national securities exchanges: (a) the New York Stock Exchange, Inc., (b) the Nasdaq Global Stock Market, or (c) any other comparable exchange.

SECTION VII IMPAIRED AND UNIMPAIRED CLASSES OF CLAIMS AND EQUITY INTERESTS UNDER THE PLAN; ACCEPTANCE OR REJECTION OF THE PLAN

7.1 Voting of Claims.

7.1.1 Each holder of an Allowed Claim or the holder of a Claim that has been temporarily allowed for voting purposes only under Bankruptcy Rule 3018(a), in an Impaired Class of Claims that is entitled to vote on the Plan pursuant to Section IV and Section V of this Plan, shall be entitled to vote separately to accept or reject the Plan, as provided in such order as is entered by the Bankruptcy Court establishing procedures with respect to the solicitation and tabulation of votes to accept or reject the Plan, or any other applicable order of the Bankruptcy Court. Any Unimpaired Class of Claims and the Subsidiary Equity Interests shall be deemed to have accepted the Plan. Any Class of Claims and the Old FairPoint Equity Interests that will not receive or retain any property on account of such Claims or Equity Interests under the Plan shall be deemed to have rejected the Plan.

7.1.2 Each of Classes 4 and 7 is Impaired under the Plan and the holders of Allowed Claims in such Classes are entitled to vote on the Plan. In accordance with section 1126(g) of the Bankruptcy Code, each of the Classes 9 and 11 is conclusively deemed to have rejected the Plan.

7.2 Acceptance by Unimpaired Classes.

Each of Classes 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 8 and 10 is Unimpaired under the Plan and each such Class is conclusively presumed to have accepted the Plan pursuant to section 1126(f) of the Bankruptcy Code.

7.3 Elimination of Vacant Classes.

Any Class of Claims that is not occupied as of the date of the commencement of the Confirmation Hearing by an Allowed Claim or a Claim temporarily allowed under Bankruptcy Rule 3018 shall be deemed deleted from the Plan for purposes of voting on or rejection of the Plan, and for purposes of determining acceptance or rejection of the Plan by such Class under section 1129(a)(8) of the Bankruptcy Code.

7.4 Nonconsensual Confirmation.

If any Impaired Class of Claims entitled to vote shall not accept the Plan by the requisite statutory majority provided in section 1126(c) of the Bankruptcy Code, FairPoint reserves the right to amend the Plan in accordance with Section 16.4 of this Plan or undertake to have the Bankruptcy Court confirm the Plan under section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code or both. With respect to Impaired Classes of Claims that are deemed to reject the Plan, FairPoint shall request that the Bankruptcy Court confirm the Plan pursuant to section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.

7.5 Revocation of the Plan.

Subject to Section 16.5 hereof, the Debtors-in-Possession may revoke and withdraw the Plan in its entirety at any time prior to entry of the Confirmation Order. If the Plan is so revoked or withdrawn, then it shall be deemed null and void.

SECTION VIII MEANS OF IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PLAN

8.1 Regulatory Settlements. As provided herein, pursuant to section 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rule 9019, and in consideration for the settlements and compromises set forth in the Regulatory Settlements, upon the Effective Date, the provisions of the Plan shall constitute a good-faith compromise and settlement of all Claims and controversies resolved pursuant to the Regulatory Settlements. The entry of the Confirmation Order shall constitute the Bankruptcy Court's finding and determination that the Regulatory Settlements reflected in the Plan are (i) in the best interest of FairPoint and its Estates, (ii) fair, equitable and reasonable, (iii) made in good faith and (iv) approved by the Bankruptcy Court. Subject to obtaining the approval of the settlements reflected in the Plan by the Bankruptcy Court, on the

Effective Date, Reorganized FairPoint will take all actions necessary or reasonably required to effectuate such settlements and such settlements shall be binding on Reorganized FairPoint.

8.2 Transactions on the Effective Date.

- (a) On the Effective Date, the following shall be deemed to have occurred simultaneously:
- (i) the Amended Certificate of Incorporation shall be filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware, and the New Organizational Documents shall become effective and binding upon Reorganized FairPoint Communications;
 - (ii) the Old FairPoint Equity Interests shall be extinguished;
- (iii) Reorganized FairPoint Communications shall distribute the Cash Payment, New Common Stock and the New Warrants, if any, and shall enter into the New Term Loan;
- (iv) the capital structure of Reorganized FairPoint Communications as set forth in Sections V and VI shall be in effect; and
 - (v) the New Board shall be installed without any further action.
- (b) On the Effective Date, the closing of the New Revolver shall be deemed to occur immediately after the New Board is in place and the events set forth in Section 8.2(a) have occurred.

8.3 Reorganization of FairPoint; Continuation of Businesses.

On and after the Effective Date, Reorganized FairPoint shall continue to engage in its respective businesses. Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, FairPoint shall continue to exist after the Effective Date as a separate corporation, limited liability company, partnership or other legal entity, as the case may be, with all the powers of a corporation, limited liability company, partnership or other legal entity, as the case may be, pursuant to the applicable law in the jurisdiction in which each applicable entity included in the definition of "FairPoint" is incorporated or organized and pursuant to the respective certificate of incorporation and bylaws (or other organizational documents) in effect prior to the Effective Date, except with respect to the New Organizational Documents (or other organizational documents) that are amended by the Plan, the Plan Supplement or otherwise, and to the extent such documents are amended, such documents are deemed to be pursuant to the Plan and require no further action or approval. Notwithstanding the foregoing, but subject to the provisions of any applicable Regulatory Settlement, on or as of the Effective Date, or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter, and without the need for any further action, Reorganized FairPoint may: (a) cause any or all of Reorganized FairPoint to be merged into one or more of Reorganized FairPoint, dissolved or otherwise consolidated, (b) cause the transfer of assets between or among Reorganized FairPoint, or (c) engage in any other transaction in furtherance of the Plan.

- 8.4 Reorganized FairPoint's Obligations Under the Plan.
- 8.4.1 From and after the Effective Date, as set forth herein, Reorganized FairPoint shall perform the corresponding obligations under the Plan of its predecessor or predecessor-in-interest. The Plan will be administered and actions will be taken in the name of FairPoint and Reorganized FairPoint through, in accordance with the terms hereof, Reorganized FairPoint.
- 8.4.2 From and after the Effective Date, Reorganized FairPoint shall, among other things:
- (a) administer the Plan and take all steps and execute all instruments and documents necessary to effectuate the Plan;
- (b) pursue (including, without limitation, prosecuting, enforcing, objecting, litigating, reconciling, settling, abandoning and resolving) all of FairPoint's retained Causes of Action, defenses and counterclaims;
- (c) reconcile Claims and resolve Disputed Claims, and administer the Claims allowance and disallowance processes as set forth in the Plan, including, without limitation, objecting, prosecuting, litigating, reconciling, settling and resolving Claims and Disputed Claims in accordance with the Plan:
- (d) make decisions regarding the retention, engagement, payment and replacement of professionals, employees and consultants;
- (e) administer the Distributions under the Plan, including (i) making Distributions in accordance with the terms of the Plan and (ii) establishing and maintaining the various Reserves;
- (f) exercise such other powers as necessary or prudent to carry out the provisions of the Plan;
 - (g) invest any Cash pending Distribution;
 - (h) file appropriate tax returns; and
 - (i) take such other actions as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate this Plan.
- 8.4.3 Except as otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court, any reasonable fees and expenses incurred by Reorganized FairPoint (including, without limitation, taxes and reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses) on or after the Effective Date shall be paid in Cash by Reorganized FairPoint in the ordinary course of its respective businesses.

8.5 New Organizational Documents.

The New Organizational Documents shall be filed as part of the Plan Supplement and shall contain such provisions as are necessary to satisfy the provisions of the Plan and, to the extent required, to prohibit the issuance of nonvoting equity securities (other than any warrants and/or options) as required by section 1123(a)(6) of the Bankruptcy Code, subject to further amendment of the New Organizational Documents, after the Effective Date, as permitted by applicable law. Except as otherwise provided herein, the New Organizational Documents shall contain such indemnification provisions applicable to the officers, directors and employees of Reorganized FairPoint Communications and such other Persons as may, in the discretion of the New Board, be appropriate and permitted under applicable law.

8.6 New Board.

8.6.1 General.

- (a) On the Effective Date, each member of the existing board of directors of FairPoint Communications shall be deemed to have resigned.
- (b) On the Effective Date, the property, business and affairs of Reorganized FairPoint Communications and the other Reorganized FairPoint entities shall become the general responsibility of the New Board. Simple majority rule shall govern all actions of the New Board. A list setting forth the identities of the members of the New Board, to the extent available, shall be filed as part of the Plan Supplement or otherwise shall be identified in a submission to the Bankruptcy Court on or prior to the Effective Date.

8.6.2 Initial Number of Directors; Initial Composition.

- (a) Reorganized FairPoint Communications shall have a New Board, which shall initially consist of nine directors.
 - (b) The initial composition of the New Board shall be determined as follows:
- (i) if the holders of the FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims vote to accept the Plan, then (A) one member of the New Board shall be the chief executive officer of Reorganized FairPoint Communications, (B) seven members of the New Board shall be nominated by the Lender Steering Committee and (C) one member of the New Board shall be nominated by the steering committee of the Ad Hoc Committee of Senior Noteholders (in consultation with the Creditors' Committee and the other members of the Ad Hoc Committee of Senior Noteholders); *provided*, *however*, that in the event that a member of the New Board has not been nominated pursuant to Section 8.6.2(b)(i)(C) of this Plan by the Plan Supplement filing deadline, then the Persons described therein shall lose their right to nominate a member of the New Board and the Lender Steering Committee shall have the right to nominate an additional member of the New Board; *provided*, *further*, that if the Lender Steering Committee determines not to nominate an additional member of the New Board shall be reduced to eight and seven of such members of the New Board shall be nominated by the Lender Steering Committee; or

(ii) if the holders of the FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims reject the Plan, then (A) one member of the New Board shall be the chief executive officer of Reorganized FairPoint Communications, (B) any person previously nominated pursuant to Section 8.6.2(b)(i)(C) of this Plan shall not be considered for nomination or election to the New Board, and (C) eight members of the New Board shall be nominated by the Lender Steering Committee; *provided*, *however*, that if the Lender Steering Committee determines not to nominate an additional member of the New Board to replace the individual previously nominated pursuant to Section 8.6.2(b)(i)(C) of this Plan then the number of directors on the New Board shall be reduced to eight and seven of such members of the New Board shall be nominated by the Lender Steering Committee;

provided, that, in the event of either (i) or (ii) above, (1) the Lender Steering Committee shall consider residents of northern New England among the candidates considered for nomination to the New Board and (2) at least one of the members of the New Board nominated by the Lender Steering Committee shall be a resident of northern New England.

8.6.3 Reduction in Number of Directors.

- (a) The Lender Steering Committee shall have the option to reduce the number of members of the New Board they are entitled to nominate pursuant to Section 8.6.2(b)(i) or (b)(ii) above from seven or eight, respectively, to five.
- (b) In the event the Lender Steering Committee decides to reduce the number of members of the New Board they are entitled to nominate to five:
- (i) if the holders of the FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims vote to accept the Plan, then the number of directors serving on the New Board shall be reduced from nine to seven and: (A) one member of the New Board shall be the chief executive officer of Reorganized FairPoint Communications, (B) five members of the New Board shall be nominated by the Lender Steering Committee, and (C) one member of the New Board shall be nominated by the steering committee of the Ad Hoc Committee of Senior Noteholders (in consultation with the Creditors' Committee and the other members of the Ad Hoc Committee of Senior Noteholders); *provided*, *however*, that in the event that a member of the New Board has not been nominated pursuant to Section 8.6.2(b)(i)(C) of this Plan by the Plan Supplement filing deadline, then the Persons described therein shall lose their right to nominate a member of the New Board and the Lender Steering Committee shall have the right to nominate an additional member of the New Board; *provided*, further, that if the Lender Steering Committee determines not to nominate an additional member of the New Board shall be reduced to six; or
- (ii) if the holders of FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims vote to reject the Plan, then the number of directors serving on the New Board shall be reduced from nine to six and: (A) one member of the New Board shall be the chief executive officer of Reorganized FairPoint Communications, (B) any person previously nominated pursuant to Section 8.6.2(b)(i)(C) of this Plan shall not be considered for nomination or election to the New Board, and (C) five members of the New Board shall be nominated by the Lender Steering Committee; *provided*, *however*, that if the Lender Steering Committee determines not to

nominate an additional member of the New Board to replace the individual previously nominated pursuant to Section 8.6.2(b)(i)(C) of this Plan then the number of directors on the New Board shall be reduced to five and four of such members of the New Board shall be nominated by the Lender Steering Committee.

8.6.4 Qualifications of Directors.

A supermajority of the directors initially serving on the New Board (whether pursuant to Section 8.6.2 or 8.6.3 above) shall be Independent Directors.

8.6.5 Term of Office.

The New Board will be classified into three classes with approximately one-third of the directors sitting in each such class, unless otherwise determined by the Lender Steering Committee in consultation with FairPoint. In addition, unless otherwise determined by the Lender Steering Committee in consultation with FairPoint, (i) initially one of the classes will have a one year term, one of the classes will have a two year term and one of the classes will have a three year term, and (ii) the members of each class, other than the initial members of the New Board serving in the two classes that will initially have less than a three year term, will be elected for three year terms. The initial member of the New Board nominated by the steering committee of the Ad Hoc Committee of Senior Noteholders shall be classified in the class of directors standing for election on or after the third anniversary of the Effective Date.

8.7 <u>Officers of Reorganized FairPoint</u>.

8.7.1 Generally.

The executive officers of FairPoint immediately prior to the Effective Date will serve as the initial officers of Reorganized FairPoint on and after the Effective Date. Such officers will serve in accordance with applicable non-bankruptcy law, any employment agreement with Reorganized FairPoint and, as appropriate, the New Organizational Documents or its existing articles of incorporation and bylaws.

8.7.2 Assumption of Executive Agreements.

On the Confirmation Date, and subject to the occurrence of the Effective Date, FairPoint shall be deemed to have assumed the Executive Agreements.

8.8 Operations of FairPoint Between Confirmation and the Effective Date.

FairPoint shall continue to operate as Debtors-in-Possession during the period from the Confirmation Date through and until the Effective Date.

8.9 Revesting of Assets.

Pursuant to section 1141(b) and (c) of the Bankruptcy Code, except as otherwise provided in the Plan, the property of the Estate and FairPoint shall revest in Reorganized FairPoint on the Effective Date of the Plan. From and after the Effective Date, Reorganized

FairPoint may operate its respective businesses and may use, acquire and dispose of property free of any restrictions imposed under the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules and the Bankruptcy Court. As of the Effective Date, all property of FairPoint and Reorganized FairPoint shall be free and clear of all Claims, Liens and interests, except as specifically provided in the Plan or in the Confirmation Order. Without limiting the foregoing, Reorganized FairPoint may, without application to or approval by the Bankruptcy Court, pay any reasonable fees and expenses (including, without limitation, reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses) that Reorganized FairPoint may incur after the Effective Date.

8.10 Dissolution of the Creditors' Committee.

On the Effective Date, except as provided in this Section 8.10, the Creditors' Committee shall be dissolved and the members thereof shall be released and discharged of and from all further authority, duties, responsibilities and obligations related to, arising from or in connection with the Chapter 11 Cases, and the retention or employment of the Creditors' Committee's attorneys, accountants and other agents, if any, shall terminate, except for purposes of filing and prosecuting applications for final allowances of compensation for professional services rendered and reimbursement of expenses incurred in connection therewith.

8.11 Effectuating Documents; Further Transactions.

The chairman of the board of directors, the president, the chief executive officer, the chief financial officer, the executive vice president and general counsel, the controller or any other appropriate officer of FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint, as the case may be, shall be, and hereby are, authorized to execute, deliver, file, and record such contracts, instruments, releases, indentures, certificates, and other agreements or documents, and take such other actions as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate and further evidence the terms and conditions of the Plan. The secretary or assistant secretary of FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint shall be authorized to certify or attest to any of the foregoing, if necessary.

8.12 Preservation of Certain Causes of Action; Defenses.

Except as otherwise provided in this Plan, in accordance with section 1123(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, Reorganized FairPoint, as successors-in-interest to FairPoint and its Estates, shall retain and may enforce FairPoint's Causes of Action that are property of FairPoint and its Estates (including Avoidance Actions), and Reorganized FairPoint shall retain and enforce all defenses and counterclaims to all Claims asserted against FairPoint and its Estates, including, but not limited to, setoff, recoupment and any rights under section 502(d) of the Bankruptcy Code. Reorganized FairPoint may pursue such Causes of Action, counterclaims and defenses, as appropriate, in accordance with its best interests, as determined by Reorganized FairPoint.

8.13 Cancellation of Existing Securities.

On the Effective Date, except as otherwise provided for herein, (a) all securities, equity interests, notes, bonds, indentures and other instruments or documents evidencing or creating any indebtedness, or obligation of FairPoint, including without limitation, the Prepetition Credit Agreement, the Senior Notes and the Old FairPoint Equity Interests (except

such equity interests, notes or other instruments evidencing indebtedness or obligations of FairPoint that are Reinstated under the Plan, including, without limitation, the Subsidiary Equity Interests) shall be as against FairPoint and its successors cancelled and extinguished, and (b) the obligations of FairPoint under any agreements, indentures, or certificates of designation governing any securities, equity interests, notes, bonds, indentures and other instruments or documents evidencing or creating any indebtedness, or obligation of FairPoint, including, without limitation, the Prepetition Credit Agreement, the Senior Notes and the Old FairPoint Equity Interests (except such equity interests, notes or other instruments evidencing indebtedness or obligations of FairPoint that are Reinstated under the Plan, including, without limitation, the Subsidiary Equity Interests), as the case may be, shall be fully released, terminated, extinguished and discharged; provided, however, that the provisions of the Prepetition Credit Agreement governing the relationship between the Prepetition Credit Agreement Agent and the Prepetition Credit Agreement Lenders, including but not limited to those provisions relating to the rights of the Prepetition Credit Agreement Agent to expense reimbursement, indemnification and other similar amounts, shall not be affected by and shall survive the Plan, entry of the Confirmation Order and the occurrence of the Effective Date.

8.14 <u>Long Term Incentive Plan</u>.

On the Effective Date, Reorganized FairPoint shall be deemed to have adopted the Long Term Incentive Plan without any further action by FairPoint, Reorganized FairPoint's shareholders or the New Board.

8.15 Success Bonuses.

On the Effective Date, Reorganized FairPoint shall be deemed to have adopted and authorized the Success Bonuses without any further action by FairPoint, Reorganized FairPoint, Reorganized FairPoint's shareholders or the New Board.

8.16 Indemnification; Directors & Officers Insurance.

Reorganized FairPoint shall assume all existing indemnification obligations of FairPoint in favor of the directors of FairPoint who held such position on June 1, 2009 and thereafter, and the officers of FairPoint listed on Exhibit G hereto (collectively, the "Indemnified Persons"), and the directors, officers and employees of Reorganized FairPoint on and following the Effective Date (whether such indemnification obligations are in FairPoint's charter, bylaws, contracts or otherwise); provided that Reorganized FairPoint's indemnification obligation to and for the benefit of the Indemnified Persons shall be limited in the aggregate to twenty million dollars (\$20,000,000.00) with respect to any Claim asserted against such Indemnified Person that arose prior to the Effective Date. In addition, following the Effective Date, Reorganized FairPoint shall purchase director and officer liability insurance for the directors and officers of Reorganized FairPoint on a going-forward basis (in the form and substance satisfactory to the New Board). Nothing herein shall be deemed to affect any applicable insurance coverage.

SECTION IX DISTRIBUTIONS UNDER THE PLAN

9.1 Distributions on Allowed Claims.

Distributions with respect to holders of Allowed Claims shall only be made on a Distribution Date. All Allowed Claims held by a single creditor against a single entity within the definition of "FairPoint" shall be aggregated and treated as a single Claim against such entity. At the written request of Reorganized FairPoint or the Disbursing Agent, any creditor holding multiple Allowed Claims shall provide to Reorganized FairPoint or the Disbursing Agent, as the case may be, a single address to which any Distributions shall be sent.

9.2 Date of Distributions.

In the event that any payment or act under the Plan is required to be made or performed on a date that is not a Business Day, then the making of such payment or the performance of such act may be completed on the next succeeding Business Day, but shall be deemed to have been completed as of the required date.

9.3 <u>Disbursing Agent.</u>

Except as otherwise provided in Sections 9.6.2(a) and 9.6.3 of the Plan, all Distributions under the Plan shall be made by Reorganized FairPoint Communications as Disbursing Agent or such other Person designated by Reorganized FairPoint Communications as a Disbursing Agent. No Disbursing Agent shall be required to give any bond or surety or other security for the performance of its duties.

9.4 Rights and Powers of Disbursing Agent.

The Disbursing Agent shall be empowered to (a) effect all actions and execute all agreements, instruments and other documents necessary to perform its duties under the Plan, (b) make all Distributions contemplated hereby, (c) employ professionals to represent it with respect to its responsibilities and (d) exercise such other powers as may be vested in the Disbursing Agent by order of the Bankruptcy Court, pursuant to the Plan or as deemed by the Disbursing Agent to be necessary and proper to implement the provisions hereof. In furtherance of the rights and powers of the Disbursing Agent, the Disbursing Agent shall have no duty or obligation to make Distributions to any holder of an Allowed Claim unless and until such holder executes and delivers, in a form acceptable to the Disbursing Agent, any documents applicable to such Distributions.

9.5 Fees and Expenses of Disbursing Agent.

Except as otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court, the amount of any reasonable fees and expenses incurred by the Disbursing Agent from and after the Effective Date, including reasonable fees and expenses of counsel, shall be paid in Cash by Reorganized FairPoint without further order of the Bankruptcy Court within twenty (20) days of receipt of an invoice by Reorganized FairPoint. In the event that Reorganized FairPoint objects to the payment of such invoice for post-Effective Date fees and expenses, in whole or in part, and the

parties cannot resolve such objection after good faith negotiation, the Bankruptcy Court shall retain jurisdiction to make a determination as to the extent to which the invoice shall be paid by Reorganized FairPoint.

9.6 <u>Delivery of Distributions</u>.

9.6.1 Distributions to Last Known Address.

Subject to Bankruptcy Rule 9010, all Distributions to any holder of an Allowed Claim or Allowed Administrative Expense Claim shall be made at the address of such holder as set forth on the Schedules filed with the Bankruptcy Court or on the books and records of FairPoint or its agents, as applicable, unless FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint have been notified in writing of a change of address by the filing of a proof of Claim by such holder that contains an address for such holder different than the address of such holder as set forth on the Schedules. Nothing in this Plan shall require Reorganized FairPoint to attempt to locate any holder of an Allowed Claim.

9.6.2 <u>Distributions to Prepetition Credit Agreement Agent.</u>

- (a) The Prepetition Credit Agreement Agent shall be the Disbursing Agent for the holders of all Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims. Accordingly, Distributions for the benefit of the holders of Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims shall be made to the Prepetition Credit Agreement Agent. The Prepetition Credit Agreement Agent shall, in turn, promptly administer the Distributions to the holders of Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims, in accordance with the Plan and the Prepetition Credit Agreement. The issuance and Distribution of the New Common Stock and Cash Payment to the Prepetition Credit Agreement Agent, and the issuance and execution and delivery of the New Term Loan shall be deemed a Distribution to the respective holders of Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims. Upon delivery of the Distributions required under the Plan as provided in this paragraph, Reorganized FairPoint shall be released of all Liability with respect to the delivery of such Distributions.
- (b) The Prepetition Credit Agreement Agent shall be exculpated by all Persons from any and all Claims, Causes of Action, and other assertions of liability arising out of the discharge of the powers and duties conferred upon it as Disbursing Agent under this Plan or any order of the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to or in furtherance of this Plan. No holder of a Claim or an Equity Interest or other party in interest shall have or pursue any Claim or Cause of Action against the Prepetition Credit Agreement Agent for making payments in accordance with the Plan or for implementing provisions of the Plan in its capacity as Disbursing Agent.

9.6.3 <u>Distributions to Indenture Trustee</u>.

The Indenture Trustee shall be the Disbursing Agent for the holders of all Senior Notes Claims. Accordingly, Distributions for the benefit of the holders of Allowed Senior Notes Claims shall be made to the Indenture Trustee. The Indenture Trustee shall, in turn, promptly administer the Distributions to the holders of such Allowed Senior Notes Claims, in accordance with the Plan and the applicable Indentures. The Indenture Trustee, in its capacity as Disbursing Agent, may transfer any such Distributions through the facilities of DTC or another third-party distribution agent. The issuance and Distribution of the New Common Stock and the New

Warrants to the Indenture Trustee shall be deemed a Distribution to the respective holders of Allowed Senior Notes Claims. Upon delivery of the Distributions required under the Plan as provided in this paragraph, Reorganized FairPoint shall be released of all liability with respect to the delivery of such Distributions.

9.7 Unclaimed Distributions.

All Distributions under the Plan that are unclaimed for a period of one (1) year after Distribution thereof shall be deemed unclaimed property under section 347(b) of the Bankruptcy Code and revested in Reorganized FairPoint and any entitlement of any holder of any Claims to such Distributions shall be extinguished, discharged and forever barred.

9.8 Distribution Record Date.

The Claims register shall be closed on the Distribution Record Date, and any subsequent transfer of any Claim shall be prohibited. FairPoint and Reorganized FairPoint shall have no obligation to recognize any transfer of any such Claims occurring after the close of business on such date.

9.9 Manner of Payment.

At the option of the Disbursing Agent, any Cash payment to be made hereunder may be made by a check or wire transfer or as otherwise required or provided in applicable agreements; *provided*, *however*, that the Cash payment to the Prepetition Credit Agreement Agent in accordance with Section 9.6.2(a) of this Plan shall be made by wire transfer and the Cash Payment made to holders of Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims in accordance with Section 5.4.2(c) of this Plan shall be made by wire transfer.

9.10 Time Bar to Cash Payments by Check.

Checks issued by, or on behalf of, FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint on account of Allowed Claims shall be null and void if not negotiated within ninety (90) days after the date of issuance thereof. Requests for reissuance of any check shall be made in writing directly to Reorganized FairPoint by the holder of the Allowed Claim with respect to which such check originally was issued on or before the later of the first anniversary of (a) the Effective Date and (b) the date on which the Claim at issue became an Allowed Claim. After such dates, all Claims in respect of void checks shall be extinguished, discharged and forever barred, and the proceeds of such checks shall revest in and become the property of Reorganized FairPoint.

9.11 No Fractional Distributions.

No fractional shares of New Common Stock or New Warrants for fractional shares of New Common Stock shall be distributed and no Cash shall be distributed in lieu of such fractional shares or New Warrants for fractional shares. When any Distribution pursuant to the Plan on account of an Allowed Claim would otherwise result in the issuance of fractional shares of New Common Stock or New Warrants for fractional shares, the actual Distribution of such fractional shares shall be rounded as follows: (a) fractions of one-half (½) or greater shall be rounded to the next higher whole number and (b) fractions of less than one-half (½) shall be

rounded to the next lower whole number, with no further payment therefor. The total number of authorized shares of New Common Stock (including shares of New Common Stock issuable upon the exercise of New Warrants) to be distributed to holders of Allowed Claims shall be adjusted as necessary to account for the foregoing rounding.

9.12 Fractional Cents.

Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan to the contrary, no payment of fractional cents shall be made pursuant to the Plan. Whenever any payment of a fraction of a cent under the Plan would otherwise be required, the actual Distribution made shall reflect a rounding of such fraction to the nearest whole penny (up or down) with half cents or more being rounded up and fractions less than half of a cent being rounded down.

9.13 Setoffs and Recoupment.

FairPoint may, but shall not be required to, setoff against or recoup from any Claim and the payments to be made pursuant to the Plan in respect of such Claim, any Causes of Action of any nature whatsoever that FairPoint may have against the applicable claimant, but neither the failure to do so nor the allowance of any Claim hereunder shall constitute a waiver or release by FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint of any such Causes of Action they may have against such claimant.

9.14 Allocation of Plan Distributions Between Principal and Interest.

To the extent that any Allowed Claim entitled to a Distribution under the Plan consists of indebtedness and other amounts (such as accrued but unpaid interest thereon), such Distribution shall be allocated first to the principal amount of the Claim (as determined for federal income tax purposes) and then, to the extent the consideration exceeds the principal amount of the Claim, to such other amounts.

9.15 Distributions After Effective Date.

Distributions made after the Effective Date shall be deemed to have been made on the Effective Date.

9.16 Interest on Claims.

Except as specifically provided for in the Plan, the Confirmation Order or applicable law, interest shall not accrue on Claims, and no holders of a Claim shall be entitled to interest accruing on or after the Petition Date on any Claim. Interest shall not accrue or be paid on any Disputed Claim in respect of the period from the Petition Date to the date a final Distribution is made thereon if and after such Disputed Claim becomes an Allowed Claim. Except as expressly provided herein, no Prepetition Claim shall be Allowed to the extent that it is for postpetition interest or other similar charges.

9.17 No Distribution in Excess of Allowed Amount of Claim.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, no holder of an Allowed Claim shall receive in respect of such Claim any Distribution in excess of the Allowed amount of such Claim.

9.18 Ordinary Course Post-Petition Liabilities.

Subject to Section 3.1 hereof and except as otherwise specifically provided for in the Plan, holders of Claims against FairPoint (other than Claims for Professional Fees) based on Liabilities incurred after the Petition Date in the ordinary course of FairPoint's businesses shall not be required to file any request for payment of such Claims with the Bankruptcy Court. Such Claims shall be assumed and paid by Reorganized FairPoint in the ordinary course of business of Reorganized FairPoint, in accordance with the terms and subject to the conditions of any agreements governing, instruments evidencing or other documents relating to the transaction underlying such Claims, without any further action by the holders of such Claims.

9.19 Payment of Taxes on Distributions Received Pursuant to the Plan.

All Persons that receive Distributions under the Plan shall be responsible for reporting and paying, as applicable, taxes on account of such Distributions.

9.20 Estimation of Claims.

FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint, as applicable, may at any time request that the Bankruptcy Court estimate any Contingent Claim, Unliquidated Claim or Disputed Claim pursuant to section 502(c) of the Bankruptcy Code regardless of whether FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint, as applicable, previously objected to such Claim or whether the Bankruptcy Court has ruled on any such objection, and the Bankruptcy Court shall retain jurisdiction to estimate any Claim at any time during litigation concerning any objection to any Claim, including, without limitation, during the pendency of any appeal relating to any such objection. In the event that the Bankruptcy Court estimates any Contingent Claim, Unliquidated Claim or Disputed Claim, the amount so estimated shall constitute either the Allowed amount of such Claim or a maximum limitation on such Claim, as determined by the Bankruptcy Court. If the estimated amount constitutes a maximum limitation on the amount of such Claim, FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint, as applicable, may pursue supplementary proceedings to object to the allowance of such Claim. All of the aforementioned objection, estimation and resolution procedures are intended to be cumulative and not exclusive of one another. Claims may be estimated and subsequently compromised, settled, withdrawn or resolved by any mechanism approved by the Bankruptcy Court.

9.21 Claims Reserves.

On the Effective Date, and after making all Distributions required to be made on the Effective Date under the Plan, Reorganized FairPoint Communications shall establish and maintain a separate reserve (each, a "Reserve") for each Class of Claims and Unclassified Claims, which Reserve shall be administered by Reorganized FairPoint Communications; provided, however, that nothing herein shall be deemed to require a Reserve with respect to Tax

Claims against FairPoint Communications. For the avoidance of doubt, a Reserve shall be established for all amounts referred to as "reserved" in clauses (1) through (10) in Section 5.4.2(c) of this Plan other than clauses (3) and (5) of Section 5.4.2(c) of this Plan. To the extent that Reserves are established and maintained for the benefit of any holder of a Disputed Claim, such Reserves shall include an amount of New Common Stock, New Warrants and/or Cash, as the case may be, equal to the Distributions that would have been made to the holder of such Disputed Claim if it were an Allowed Claim in an amount equal to the lesser of (i) the amount of the Disputed Claim, (ii) the amount in which the Disputed Claim shall be estimated by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to section 502 of the Bankruptcy Code for purposes of allowance, which amount, unless otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court, shall constitute and represent the maximum amount in which such Claim ultimately may become an Allowed Claim, or (iii) such other amount as may be agreed upon by the holder of such Disputed Claim and Reorganized FairPoint.

All New Common Stock, New Warrants and Cash, as applicable, allocable to a Class of Claims or Unclassified Claims hereunder shall be distributed by Reorganized FairPoint to the relevant Reserve on the Effective Date. Cash held in Reserve shall only be invested in Section 345 Securities. Each Reserve shall be closed and extinguished by Reorganized FairPoint Communications upon its determination that all Distributions of New Common Stock, New Warrants and Cash required to be made under the Plan (other than those Distributions required to be made to holders of Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims pursuant to Section 5.4.2(d)) have been made in accordance with the terms of the Plan. Upon closure of a Reserve, all New Common Stock and New Warrants then held in such Reserve shall be subject to re-Distribution to the applicable Class, as appropriate, and all Cash shall be distributed pursuant to Section 5.4.2(d), all in accordance with the provisions of Section V of the Plan.

SECTION X DISPUTED CLAIMS AND EQUITY INTERESTS UNDER THE PLAN

10.1 Objections.

As of and following the Effective Date, objections to, and requests for estimation of, Administrative Expense Claims and Claims against FairPoint may be interposed and prosecuted only by Reorganized FairPoint. Such objections and requests for estimation shall be served on the respective claimant and filed with the Bankruptcy Court on or before the latest of: (a) one hundred eighty days (180) after the Effective Date or (b) such later date as may be fixed by the Bankruptcy Court (the "Objection Deadline"); provided, however, that with respect to Claims that, as of the Objection Deadline, are subject to a pending claim objection, contested matter, or adversary proceeding (an "Initial Objection") wherein Reorganized FairPoint's objection to such claim is ultimately denied, the Objection Deadline shall be extended to the later of sixty (60) days from the date on which (i) the Bankruptcy Court enters an order denying such Initial Objection or (ii) any appellate court enters a Final Order reversing or vacating an order of the Bankruptcy Court granting such Initial Objection; provided further, that with respect to Claims that (A) are filed (whether as an amended Claim, new Claim, or otherwise) after the Effective Date and (B) that are not otherwise subject to adjustment, expunction or disallowance pursuant to Sections 10.2, 10.3, 10.5, 10.6 and 10.7 of this Plan, the Objection Deadline shall be

one hundred eighty (180) days after the date on which such Claim was filed. Nothing herein shall affect FairPoint's or Reorganized FairPoint's ability to amend the Schedules in accordance with the Bankruptcy Code and the Bankruptcy Rules.

10.2 Adjustment to Certain Claims Without a Filed Objection.

Any Claim that has been settled, paid and satisfied, or amended and superseded, may be adjusted or expunged on the Claims register by Reorganized FairPoint without a claims objection having to be filed and without any further notice to or action, order, or approval of the Bankruptcy Court. In addition, all Claims filed on account of an employee benefit shall be deemed satisfied and expunged from the Claims register as of the Effective Date to the extent Reorganized FairPoint elects to honor such employee benefit, without any further notice to or action, order or approval of the Bankruptcy Court.

10.3 No Distributions Pending Allowance.

Notwithstanding any other provision hereof, if any portion of a Claim or Administrative Expense Claim is Disputed, no payment or Distribution provided hereunder shall be made on account of such Claim or Administrative Expense Claim unless and until such Disputed Claim or Disputed Administrative Expense Claim becomes Allowed.

10.4 Distributions After Allowance.

To the extent that a Disputed Claim or Disputed Administrative Expense Claim ultimately becomes an Allowed Claim or Allowed Administrative Expense Claim, Distributions (if any) shall be made to the holder of such Allowed Claim or Allowed Administrative Expense Claim in accordance with the provisions of the Plan.

10.5 Resolution of Administrative Expense Claims and Claims.

As of and following the Effective Date, Reorganized FairPoint shall have the authority to compromise, settle, otherwise resolve or withdraw any objections to Administrative Expense Claims and Claims against FairPoint and to compromise, settle or otherwise resolve any Disputed Administrative Expense Claims and Disputed Claims against FairPoint without approval of the Bankruptcy Court.

10.6 <u>Disallowance of Certain Claims</u>.

Any Claims held by Persons from which property is recoverable under section 542, 543, 550, or 553 of the Bankruptcy Code or by a Person that is a transferee of a transfer avoidable under section 522(f), 522(h), 544, 545, 547, 548, 549 or 724(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, shall be deemed disallowed pursuant to section 502(d) of the Bankruptcy Code, and such Persons may not receive any Distributions on account of their Claims until such time as such Causes of Action against such Persons have been settled or a Final Order with respect thereto has been entered and all sums due, if any, to FairPoint by such Person have been turned over or paid to Reorganized FairPoint.

10.7 Indenture Trustee as Claim Holder.

Consistent with Bankruptcy Rule 3003(c), Reorganized FairPoint shall recognize proofs of Claims timely filed by the Indenture Trustee in respect of any Claims under the Indentures. Accordingly, any Claim arising under the Indentures, proof of which is filed by the registered or beneficial holder of Senior Notes, shall be disallowed as duplicative of the Claim of the applicable Indenture Trustee, without any further action of the Bankruptcy Court.

10.8 Offer of Judgment.

Reorganized FairPoint is authorized to serve upon a holder of a Claim an offer to allow judgment to be taken on account of such Claim, and, pursuant to Bankruptcy Rules 7068 and 9014, Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 68 shall apply to such offer of judgment. To the extent the holder of a Claim must pay the costs incurred by Reorganized FairPoint after the making of such offer, Reorganized FairPoint is entitled to set off such amounts against the amount of any Distribution to be paid to such holder without any further notice to or action, order, or approval of the Bankruptcy Court.

10.9 Amendments to Claims.

On or after the Effective Date, a Claim may not be filed or amended without the prior authorization of the Bankruptcy Court or Reorganized FairPoint and any such new or amended Claim filed without prior authorization shall be deemed disallowed in full and expunged without any further action.

10.10 Claims Paid and Payable by Third Parties.

A Claim shall be disallowed without a Claims objection having to be filed and without any further notice to or action, order or approval of the Bankruptcy Court, to the extent that the holder of such Claim receives payment in full on account of such Claim from a party that is not FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint. No Distributions under the Plan shall be made on account of an Allowed Claim that is payable pursuant to one of FairPoint's Insurance Policies until the holder of such Allowed Claim has exhausted all remedies with respect to such Insurance Policy. To the extent that one or more of FairPoint's Insurers agrees to satisfy in full a Claim (if and to the extent adjudicated by a court of competent jurisdiction), then immediately upon such insurers' agreement, such Claim may be expunged from the Claims register without a Claims objection having to be filed and without any further notice to or action, order or approval of the Bankruptcy Court.

SECTION XI EXECUTORY CONTRACTS AND UNEXPIRED LEASES UNDER THE PLAN

- 11.1 Assumption or Rejection of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases.
- 11.1.1 General.

Pursuant to sections 365(a) and 1123(b)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code, all executory contracts and unexpired leases that exist between FairPoint and any Person shall be deemed assumed by FairPoint as of the Effective Date, except for any executory contract or unexpired lease (a) that has been assumed or rejected pursuant to an order of the Bankruptcy Court entered prior to the Effective Date, (b) as to which a motion for approval of the assumption or rejection of such executory contract or unexpired lease has been filed and served prior to the Effective Date, or (c) that is specifically designated as a contract or lease to be rejected on Schedules 11.1(A) (executory contracts) or 11.1(B) (unexpired leases), which schedules shall be contained in the Plan Supplement; provided, however, that FairPoint reserves the right, on or prior to the Effective Date, to amend Schedules 11.1(A) and 11.1(B) to delete any executory contract or unexpired lease therefrom or add any executory contract or unexpired lease thereto, in which event such executory contract(s) or unexpired lease(s) shall be deemed to be either assumed or rejected, respectively, as provided in such amended schedules, as of the Effective Date. FairPoint shall provide notice of any amendments to Schedules 11.1(A) and/or 11.1(B) to the parties to the executory contracts and unexpired leases affected thereby. The listing of a document on Schedules 11.1(A) or 11.1(B) shall not constitute an admission by FairPoint that such document is an executory contract or an unexpired lease or that FairPoint has any liability thereunder. For the purpose of the Plan, the various regulatory consent orders to which FairPoint was a party with the MPUC, the VDPS and the NHPUC on the Petition Date shall not be deemed to be executory contracts governed by Section XI of the Plan.

11.2 Inclusiveness.

Unless otherwise specified on Schedules 11.1(A) or 11.1(B) of the Plan Supplement, each executory contract and unexpired lease listed or to be listed therein shall include any and all modifications, amendments, supplements, restatements or other agreements made directly or indirectly by any agreement, instrument or other document that in any manner affects such executory contract or unexpired lease and all executory contracts or unexpired leases appurtenant to the premises thereof, including all easements, licenses, permits, rights, privileges, immunities, options, rights of first refusal, powers, uses, usufructs, reciprocal easement agreements, vaults, tunnel or bridge agreements or franchises and any other interests in real estate or rights in rem related to the premises thereof, in each case, without regard to whether such agreement, instrument or other document is listed on Schedules 11.1(A) or 11.1(B) of the Plan Supplement.

11.3 Provisions Related to Cure Payments and Rejection Damages.

11.3.1 <u>Approval of Assumption and Rejection of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases.</u>

The Confirmation Order shall constitute an order of the Bankruptcy Court approving the assumptions or rejections described in this Section 11.3 pursuant to sections 365 and 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code as of the Effective Date. Any counterparty to an executory contract or unexpired lease that fails to object timely to the proposed assumption or rejection of such executory contract or unexpired lease, including objecting to the Cure amount designated by FairPoint as payable in connection with an assumption, will be deemed to have consented to such assumption or rejection and agreed to the specified Cure amount.

(a) <u>Claims on Account of the Rejection of Executory Contracts or Unexpired Leases.</u>

All proofs of Claims arising from the rejection of executory contracts or unexpired leases pursuant to the Plan must be filed with the Bankruptcy Court and served upon FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint, as applicable, no later than thirty (30) days after the later of (a) notice of entry of an order approving the rejection of such executory contract or unexpired lease, (b) notice of entry of the Confirmation Order and (c) notice of an amendment to the schedule of rejected contracts.

Any Person that is required to file a proof of Claim arising from the rejection of an executory contract or an unexpired lease that fails to timely do so shall be forever barred, estopped and enjoined from asserting such Claim, and such Claim shall not be enforceable, against FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint or the Estate and their respective properties, and FairPoint and Reorganized FairPoint and the Estates and their respective properties shall be forever discharged from any and all Liability with respect to such Claim unless otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court or as otherwise provided herein. All such Claims shall, as of the Effective Date, be subject to permanent injunction.

(b) <u>Procedures for Counterparties to Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases</u> Assumed Pursuant to the Plan.

(i) (A) Any monetary defaults under each executory contract and unexpired lease to be assumed pursuant to the Plan shall be satisfied, pursuant to section 365(b)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, by payment of the default amount in Cash on the Effective Date or as soon thereafter as is practicable. At least twenty (20) days prior to the Confirmation Hearing, FairPoint shall provide notices of proposed assumption and proposed Cure amounts to be sent to applicable third parties, the Lender Steering Committee and the Creditors' Committee. In the event that FairPoint does not propose a Cure amount to be sent to the applicable third party, the Cure amount for such third party's executory contract or unexpired lease shall be deemed to be zero dollars (\$0.00). Any objection by a counterparty to an executory contract or unexpired lease to a proposed assumption or related Cure amount must be filed, served and actually received by FairPoint at least ten (10) days prior to the Confirmation Hearing. Any counterparty to an executory contract and unexpired lease that fails to object timely to the proposed assumption or Cure amount will be deemed to have assented to such matters.

(B) In the event of a dispute regarding (1) the amount of any payments to cure such a default, (2) the ability of Reorganized FairPoint or any assignee to provide "adequate assurance of future performance" (within the meaning of section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code) under the contract or lease to be assumed or (3) any other matter pertaining to assumption, the Cure payments required by section 365(b)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code shall be made following the entry of a Final Order or orders resolving the dispute and approving the assumption, unless otherwise agreed between FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint, as the case may be, and the counter party to such executory contract or unexpired lease. If any objection to Cure is sustained by the Bankruptcy Court, FairPoint, in its sole option, may elect to reject such executory contract or unexpired lease in lieu of assuming it.

(ii) Notwithstanding Section 11.3.1(b)(i) above, to the extent (A) FairPoint is a party to any contract, lease or other agreement providing for the purchase, by a third party, of access to FairPoint's facilities or services, (B) any such agreement constitutes an executory contract or unexpired lease and (C) such agreement (1) has not been assumed or rejected pursuant to a Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court, (2) is not subject to a pending motion for reconsideration or appeal of an order authorizing the assumption or rejection of such executory contract or unexpired lease, (3) is not subject to a motion to assume or reject such executory contract or unexpired lease filed on or prior to the Effective Date, or (4) is not identified for rejection on Schedules 11.1(A) or 11.1(B) of the Plan Supplement, then such agreement will be assumed as of the Effective Date by FairPoint, in accordance with the provisions and requirements of sections 365 of the Bankruptcy Code. No Cure shall be paid and no other form of refund or billing credit shall be given in connection with the assumption of such an agreement.

11.4 Indemnification Obligations.

Except as specifically set forth in Section 8.16 hereof, as of the Effective Date, FairPoint and Reorganized FairPoint shall have no continuing indemnification obligations under any of its executory contracts.

11.5 Insurance Policies.

Unless specifically rejected by order of the Bankruptcy Court, all of FairPoint's Insurance Policies which are executory, if any, and any agreements, documents or instruments relating thereto, shall be assumed under the Plan. Nothing contained in this Section 11.5 shall constitute or be deemed a waiver of any Cause of Action that FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint, as applicable, may hold against any Person, including, without limitation, the Insurer, under any of FairPoint's Insurance Policies.

11.6 Benefit Plans.

Notwithstanding anything contained in the Plan to the contrary, unless rejected by order of the Bankruptcy Court, Reorganized FairPoint shall continue to honor, in the ordinary course of business, the Benefit Plans of FairPoint entered into before or after the Petition Date and not since terminated.

11.7 Retiree Benefits.

On and after the Effective Date, pursuant to section 1129(a)(13) of the Bankruptcy Code, Reorganized FairPoint shall continue to pay all retiree benefits of FairPoint (within the meaning of and subject to section 1114 of the Bankruptcy Code) for the duration of the period for which the FairPoint entities had obligated themselves to provide such benefits and subject to the right of Reorganized FairPoint to modify or terminate such retiree benefits in accordance with the terms thereof.

11.8 <u>Amended Collective Bargaining Agreements</u>.

On the Effective Date, the collective bargaining agreements by and between Northern New England Telephone Operations LLC and Telephone Operating Company of Vermont LLC (the two companies doing business as FairPoint Communications) and International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, AFL-CIO Locals 2320, 2326, and 2327 and Communications Workers of America, AFL-CIO shall be deemed automatically assumed, as amended by the Labor MOU.

SECTION XII CONDITIONS PRECEDENT TO THE EFFECTIVE DATE

12.1 Conditions Precedent to Effectiveness.

The Effective Date shall not occur, and the Plan shall not become effective with respect to a particular entity listed on Exhibit A, unless and until the following conditions are satisfied in full or waived in accordance with Section 12.2 of this Plan:

- (a) the terms of the Plan, the Disclosure Statement and the Plan Supplement shall be reasonably satisfactory to the Lender Steering Committee;
- (b) the Bankruptcy Court shall have entered the Confirmation Order which shall have become a Final Order;
- (c) the treatment of inter-company claims and the assumption of post-reorganization operating contracts shall be reasonably satisfactory to the Lender Steering Committee;
- (d) the conditions precedent to the effectiveness of the New Revolver shall have been satisfied or waived by the parties thereto and Reorganized FairPoint shall have access to funding under the New Revolver;
- (e) the conditions precedent to the effectiveness of the New Term Loan shall have been satisfied or waived by the parties thereto;
- (f) all actions and all agreements, instruments or other documents necessary to implement the terms and provisions of the Plan are effected or executed and delivered, as applicable and shall be reasonably acceptable to the Lender Steering Committee;
- (g) all authorizations, consents and regulatory approvals, rulings, letters, no-action letters, opinions or documents, if any, that are necessary to implement the Plan or that are required by the applicable FairPoint entity or applicable law, regulation or order, in connection with the consummation of the Plan shall have been obtained and not revoked (including any approvals required by the Regulatory Settlements);
 - (h) the Labor MOU shall have been ratified by the applicable union membership; and
- (i) applicable regulatory approvals from the Federal Communications Commission and from state regulatory authorities in certain states in which the applicable FairPoint entity

operates, including the approval of the change of control applications and the related Regulatory Settlements, shall have been obtained or the applicable FairPoint entity shall have obtained a ruling from the Bankruptcy Court to the effect that the state regulations requiring such regulatory approvals are pre-empted by the Bankruptcy Code.

12.2 Waiver of Conditions.

Each of the conditions precedent in Section 12.1 hereof may be waived, in whole or in part, by FairPoint, except with respect to the conditions precedent set forth in Sections 12.1 (a), (b), (c), (e), (f), (g), (h) and (i) which shall require the consent of the Lender Steering Committee (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed). Any such waivers may be effected at any time, without notice, without leave or order of the Bankruptcy Court and without any formal action on the part of the Bankruptcy Court.

12.3 Satisfaction of Conditions.

Except as expressly provided or permitted in the Plan, any actions required to be taken on the Effective Date shall take place and shall be deemed to have occurred simultaneously, and no such action shall be deemed to have occurred prior to the taking of any other such action. In the event that one or more of the conditions specified in Section 12.1 hereof shall have not occurred or otherwise been waived pursuant to Section 12.2 hereof, (a) the Confirmation Order shall be vacated, (b) FairPoint and all holders of Claims and interests, including any Equity Interests, shall be restored to the *status quo ante* as of the day immediately preceding the Confirmation Date as though the Confirmation Date never occurred and (c) FairPoint's obligations with respect to Claims and Equity Interests shall remain unchanged and nothing contained herein shall constitute or be deemed a waiver or release of any Claims or Equity Interests by or against FairPoint or any other Person or to prejudice in any manner the rights of FairPoint or any Person in any further proceedings involving FairPoint.

SECTION XIII EFFECT OF CONFIRMATION

13.1 Binding Effect.

Subject to the occurrence of the Effective Date, on and after the Confirmation Date, the provisions of the Plan shall bind any holder of a Claim against, or Equity Interest in, FairPoint and such holder's respective successors and assigns, whether or not the Claim or Equity Interest of such holder is Impaired under the Plan, whether or not such holder has accepted the Plan and whether or not such holder is entitled to a Distribution under the Plan.

13.2 Discharge of Claims and Termination of Old FairPoint Equity Interests.

Except as provided in the Plan, the rights afforded in and the payments and Distributions to be made under the Plan shall terminate all Old FairPoint Equity Interests and shall discharge all existing Liabilities and Claims of any kind, nature or description whatsoever against or in FairPoint or any of its assets or properties to the fullest extent permitted by section 1141 of the Bankruptcy Code. Except as provided in the Plan, on the Effective Date, all existing Claims against FairPoint and Old FairPoint Equity Interests shall be, and shall be deemed to be,

released, terminated, extinguished and discharged, and all holders of such Claims and Old FairPoint Equity Interests shall be precluded and enjoined from asserting against Reorganized FairPoint, their successors and assigns and any of their respective assets or properties, any other or further Claim or Old FairPoint Equity Interests based upon any act or omission, transaction or other activity of any kind or nature that occurred prior to the Effective Date, whether or not such holder has filed a proof of Claim or proof of interest and whether or not the facts or legal bases therefore were known or existed prior to the Effective Date.

13.3 Discharge of Debtors.

On the Effective Date, in consideration of the Distributions to be made under the Plan and except as otherwise expressly provided in the Plan, each holder (as well as any trustees and agents on behalf of each holder) of a Claim or Old FairPoint Equity Interest and any Affiliate of such holder shall be deemed to have forever waived, released and discharged FairPoint, to the fullest extent permitted by section 1141 of the Bankruptcy Code, of and from any and all Claims, Old FairPoint Equity Interests, rights and Liabilities that arose prior to the Effective Date. Upon the Effective Date, all such Persons shall be forever precluded and enjoined, pursuant to section 524 of the Bankruptcy Code, from prosecuting or asserting any such discharged Claim against, or terminated Old FairPoint Equity Interest in, FairPoint.

13.4 Reservation of Causes of Action/Reservation of Rights.

Except with respect to the Released Parties, nothing contained in the Plan shall be deemed to be a waiver or the relinquishment of any Causes of Action that FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint, as applicable, may have or may choose to assert against any Person.

SECTION XIV EXCULPATION, RELEASE, INJUNCTION AND RELATED PROVISIONS

14.1 **Exculpation.**

None of FairPoint, the Debtors-in-Possession, the Reorganized Debtors, and the other Released Parties shall have or incur any liability for any Claim, Cause of Action or other assertion of Liability for any act taken or omitted to be taken in connection with, relating to or arising out of the Chapter 11 Cases, the formulation, dissemination, implementation, approval, confirmation, consummation or administration of the Plan, property to be distributed under the Plan or any other act or omission in connection with, relating to or arising out of the Chapter 11 Cases, the Plan, the Disclosure Statement or any contract, instrument, document or other agreement related thereto; provided, however, that the foregoing shall not affect the Liability of any Person resulting from any such act or omission to the extent such act or omission is determined by a Final Order to have constituted willful misconduct, fraud, gross negligence, criminal conduct, breach of fiduciary duty (to the extent applicable) and ultra vires acts. This exculpation shall be in addition to, and not in limitation of, all other releases, indemnities, discharges and any other applicable law or rules protecting such Persons from liability. Furthermore, this

exculpation is not intended to violate any requirement of the New York Rules of Professional Conduct.

14.2 **Releases.**

Effective as of the date the Plan is confirmed, but subject to the occurrence of the Effective Date, and in consideration of the services of the Released Parties, to the fullest extent permissible under applicable law, as such law may be extended or interpreted subsequent to the Effective Date, FairPoint, their respective Estates, Reorganized FairPoint and each Person who, directly or indirectly, has held, holds, or may hold Claims or Old FairPoint Equity Interest shall release, waive and discharge unconditionally and forever each of the Released Parties from any and all Claims, Causes of Action and Liabilities whatsoever (including those arising under the Bankruptcy Code), whether known or unknown, foreseen or unforeseen, existing or hereinafter arising in law, equity, or otherwise, based in whole or in part on any act, omission, transaction, event or other occurrence: (a) taking place before the Petition Date in connection with or relating to FairPoint; and (b) in connection with, related to, or arising out of FairPoint's Chapter 11 Cases, the pursuit of confirmation of the Plan, the consummation thereof, the administration thereof or the property to be distributed thereunder; provided, that the foregoing shall not operate as a waiver of or release from any Causes of Action resulting from the willful misconduct, fraud, gross negligence, criminal conduct, breach of fiduciary duty (to the extent applicable) and ultra vires acts of any Released Party; provided further, that solely with respect to any Person (other than FairPoint, their respective Estates, or Reorganized FairPoint) who does not vote to accept the Plan or who is not deemed to have accepted the Plan, the release by such Person of any of the Released Parties shall be solely to the extent that such Released Party would have a pre-Effective Date indemnification claim against FairPoint; provided further, that (i) the foregoing releases will not apply to obligations arising under the Plan, and (ii) the foregoing releases will not be construed to prohibit a party in interest from seeking to enforce the terms of the Plan. Furthermore, the foregoing releases are not intended to violate any requirement of the New York Rules of **Professional Conduct.**

For the avoidance of doubt, this Section 14.2 shall not limit the implementation of a Regulatory Settlement or, as to the business and activities of FairPoint as conducted on and after the Effective Date of the Plan, the application and enforcement of applicable law in the respective states for which there is a Regulatory Settlement (consistent with the provisions of the Regulatory Settlements) with respect to the regulation of FairPoint by any governmental unit of the respective states including, if applicable, the MPUC, VPSB and/or the NHPUC.

14.3 <u>Avoidance Actions/Objections.</u>

Other than any releases granted herein, by the Confirmation Order or by Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court, as applicable, from and after the Effective Date, Reorganized FairPoint shall have the right to prosecute any and all avoidance or equitable subordination actions, recovery Causes of Action and objections to Claims under sections 105, 502, 510, 542 through 551, and 553 of the Bankruptcy Code that belong to FairPoint or a Debtor-in-Possession.

14.4 **Injunction or Stay.**

From and after the Effective Date, all Persons shall be permanently enjoined from commencing or continuing in any manner against FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint, their successors and assigns, and their assets and properties, as the case may be, any suit, action or other proceeding, on account of or respecting any Claim, Liability, Cause of Action, interest or remedy released or to be released pursuant to the Plan or the order confirming the Plan.

Except as otherwise expressly provided for in the Plan, from and after the Effective Date, all Persons shall be precluded from asserting against FairPoint, the Debtors-in-Possession, FairPoint's Estates, Reorganized FairPoint, the Released Parties, and their respective assets and properties, any other Claims or Equity Interests in connection with, relating to or arising out of any documents, instruments, or any act or omission, transaction or other activity of any kind or nature relating to FairPoint that occurred before the Effective Date.

The rights afforded in the Plan and the treatment of all Claims and Equity Interests therein shall be in exchange for and in complete satisfaction of all Claims and Equity Interests of any nature whatsoever, including, without limitation, any interest accrued on Claims from and after the Petition Date, against FairPoint or any of their respective assets, properties or Estates. On the Effective Date, all such Claims against, and Equity Interests in, FairPoint shall be fully released and discharged.

For the avoidance of doubt, this Section 14.4 shall not limit the implementation of a Regulatory Settlement or, as to the business and activities of FairPoint as conducted on and after the Effective Date of the Plan, the application and enforcement of applicable law in the respective states for which there is a Regulatory Settlement (consistent with the provisions of the Regulatory Settlements) with respect to the regulation of FairPoint by any governmental unit of the respective states including, if applicable, the MPUC, VPSB and/or the NHPUC.

14.5 <u>United States Government Claims.</u>

Nothing in the Confirmation Order or the Plan shall effect a release of any claim by the United States Government or any of its agencies, including without limitation any claim arising under the Internal Revenue Code, the environmental laws or any criminal laws of the United States against FairPoint, nor shall anything in the Confirmation Order or the Plan enjoin the United States from bringing any claim, suit, action or other proceeding against FairPoint for any liability whatsoever, including without limitation any claim, suit or action arising under the Internal Revenue Code, the environmental laws or any criminal laws of the United States, nor shall anything in the Confirmation Order or the Plan exculpate any party from any liability to the United States Government or any of its agencies, including any liabilities arising under the Internal Revenue Code, the environmental laws or any criminal laws of the United States against FairPoint. This paragraph, however, shall in no way affect or limit the discharge granted to FairPoint under sections 524 and 1141 of the Bankruptcy Code.

SECTION XV RETENTION OF JURISDICTION

The Bankruptcy Court shall have exclusive jurisdiction of all matters in connection with, arising out of or related to the Chapter 11 Cases and the Plan pursuant to, and for the purposes of, sections 105(a) and 1142 of the Bankruptcy Code, including, without limitation, to:

- (a) hear and determine pending applications for the assumption or rejection of executory contracts or unexpired leases and the allowance of Cure amounts and Claims resulting therefrom;
 - (b) determine any and all adversary proceedings, applications and contested matters;
- (c) hear and determine all applications for compensation and reimbursement of expenses under sections 330, 331 and 503(b) of the Bankruptcy Code;
- (d) hear and determine any timely objections to, or requests for estimation of Disputed Administrative Expense Claims and Disputed Claims, in whole or in part;
- (e) enter and implement such orders as may be appropriate in the event the Confirmation Order is for any reason stayed, revoked, modified or vacated;
- (f) issue such orders in aid of execution of the Plan, to the extent authorized by section 1142 of the Bankruptcy Code;
- (g) consider any amendments to or modifications of the Plan or to cure any defect or omission, or reconcile any inconsistency, in any order of the Bankruptcy Court, including, without limitation, the Confirmation Order;
- (h) hear and determine disputes or issues arising in connection with the interpretation, implementation or enforcement of the Plan, the Confirmation Order, any transactions or payments contemplated hereby or thereby, any agreement, instrument, or other document governing or relating to any of the foregoing or any settlement approved by the Bankruptcy Court; *provided*, *however*, that any dispute arising under or in connection with the New Term Loan and the New Revolver shall be determined in accordance with the governing law designated by the applicable documents;
- (i) hear and determine matters concerning state, local and federal taxes in accordance with sections 346, 505 and 1146 of the Bankruptcy Code (including, without limitation, any request by FairPoint), prior to the Effective Date or request by Reorganized FairPoint after the Effective Date for an expedited determination of tax issues under section 505(b) of the Bankruptcy Code;
- (j) hear and determine all disputes involving the existence, scope and nature of the discharges granted under the Plan, the Confirmation Order or the Bankruptcy Code;

- (k) issue injunctions and effect any other actions that may be necessary or appropriate to restrain interference by any Person with the consummation, implementation or enforcement of the Plan, the Confirmation Order or any other order of the Bankruptcy Court;
- (l) determine such other matters and for such other purposes as may be provided in the Confirmation Order:
- (m) hear and determine any rights, Claims or Causes of Action held by or accruing to FairPoint pursuant to the Bankruptcy Code or pursuant to any federal or state statute or legal theory;
- (n) recover all assets of FairPoint and property of FairPoint's Estates, wherever located;
 - (o) enter a final decree closing the Chapter 11 Cases; and
 - (p) hear any other matter not inconsistent with the Bankruptcy Code.

SECTION XVI MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

16.1 <u>Effectuating Documents and Further Transactions.</u>

On or before the Effective Date, and without the need for any further order or authority, FairPoint shall file with the Bankruptcy Court or execute, as appropriate, such agreements and other documents as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate and further evidence the terms and conditions of the Plan. Reorganized FairPoint is authorized to execute, deliver, file, or record such contracts, instruments, releases, indentures and other agreements or documents and take such actions as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate and further evidence the terms and conditions of the Plan and any securities issued pursuant to the Plan.

16.2 Withholding and Reporting Requirements.

In connection with the Plan and all instruments issued in connection therewith and distributed with respect thereto, any party issuing any instrument or making any Distribution under the Plan shall comply with all applicable withholding and reporting requirements imposed by any federal, state or local taxing authority, and all Distributions under the Plan shall be subject to any such withholding or reporting requirements. Notwithstanding the above, each holder of an Allowed Claim that is to receive a Distribution under the Plan shall have the sole and exclusive responsibility for the satisfaction and payment of any tax obligations imposed on such holder by any governmental unit, including income, withholding and other tax obligations, on account of such Distribution. Any party issuing any instrument or making any Distribution under the Plan has the right, but not the obligation, to refrain from making a Distribution until such holder has made arrangements satisfactory to such issuing or disbursing party for payment of any such tax obligations.

16.3 <u>Corporate Action</u>.

On the Effective Date, all matters provided for under the Plan that would otherwise require approval of the managers or directors of one or more of FairPoint's entities or Reorganized FairPoint, as the case may be, shall be in effect from and after the Effective Date pursuant to the applicable general business law of the states in which FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint is incorporated or organized, without any requirement of further action by the managers or directors of FairPoint or Reorganized FairPoint. On the Effective Date, or as soon thereafter as is reasonably practicable, Reorganized FairPoint shall, if required, file its amended articles of organization or certificates of incorporation, as the case may be, with the Secretary of State of the state in which each such Person is (or shall be) organized, in accordance with the applicable general business law of each such jurisdiction.

16.4 Modification of Plan.

Alterations, amendments or modifications of or to the Plan may be proposed in writing by FairPoint at any time prior to the Confirmation Date; *provided*, that the Plan, as altered, amended or modified, satisfies the conditions of sections 1122 and 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code and FairPoint has complied with section 1125 of the Bankruptcy Code. The Plan may be altered, amended or modified at any time after the Confirmation Date and before substantial consummation; *provided*, that the Plan, as altered, amended or modified, satisfies the requirements of sections 1122 and 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code, and the Bankruptcy Court, after notice and a hearing, confirms the Plan, as altered, amended or modified, under section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code and the circumstances warrant such alterations, amendments or modifications. A holder of a Claim that has accepted the Plan prior to any alteration, amendment or modification will be deemed to have accepted the Plan, as altered, amended or modified, if the proposed alteration, amendment or modification does not materially and adversely change the treatment of the holders of the Claims and subject to the consent of the Lender Steering Committee to any alteration, amendment or modification, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld.

Prior to the Effective Date, FairPoint may make appropriate technical adjustments and modifications to the Plan without further order or approval of the Bankruptcy Court, provided that such technical adjustments and modifications do not materially change the treatment of holders of Claims or Equity Interests.

16.5 Revocation or Withdrawal of the Plan.

FairPoint reserves the right to revoke or withdraw the Plan prior to the Confirmation Date. Subject to the foregoing sentence, if FairPoint revokes or withdraws the Plan prior to the Confirmation Date, then the Plan shall be deemed null and void. In such event, nothing contained herein shall constitute or be deemed a waiver or release of any Claims or Equity Interests by or against FairPoint or any other Person or to prejudice in any manner the rights of FairPoint or any Person in any further proceedings involving FairPoint.

16.6 Plan Supplement.

The Plan Supplement and the documents contained therein shall be filed with the Bankruptcy Court no later than five (5) Business Days before the deadline for voting to accept or reject the Plan; *provided*, that the documents included therein may thereafter be amended and supplemented, prior to execution, so long as such amendment or supplement does not materially and adversely change the treatment of holders of Claims and subject to the consent of the Lender Steering Committee to any amendment or supplement, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld. The Plan Supplement and the documents contained therein are incorporated into and made a part of the Plan as if set forth in full herein.

16.7 Payment of Statutory Fees.

On or before the Effective Date, all fees payable under section 1930 of chapter 123 of title 28 of the United States Code shall be paid in Cash. Following the Effective Date, all such fees shall be paid by the applicable entity included in the definition of "Reorganized FairPoint" until the earlier of the conversion or dismissal of the applicable Chapter 11 Case under section 1112 of the Bankruptcy Code, or the closing of the applicable Chapter 11 Case pursuant to section 350(a) of the Bankruptcy Code.

16.8 Exemption from Transfer Taxes.

Pursuant to section 1146(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, the issuance, transfer or exchange of notes or equity securities under or in connection with the Plan, the creation of any mortgage, deed of trust or other security interest, the making or assignment of any lease or sublease or the making or delivery of any deed or other instrument of transfer under, in furtherance of, or in connection with the Plan, including, without limitation, the issuance of the New Common Stock, any merger agreements or agreements of consolidation, deeds, bills of sale or assignments executed in connection with any of the transactions contemplated under the Plan shall not be subject to any stamp, real estate transfer, mortgage recording or other similar tax.

16.9 Expedited Tax Determination.

FairPoint and Reorganized FairPoint is authorized to request an expedited determination of taxes under section 505(b) of the Bankruptcy Code for any or all returns filed for, or on behalf of, FairPoint for any and all taxable periods (or portions thereof) ending after the Petition Date through and including the Effective Date.

16.10 Exhibits/Schedules.

All exhibits and schedules to the Plan, including the Plan Supplement, are incorporated into and are a part of the Plan as if set forth in full herein.

16.11 Substantial Consummation.

On the Effective Date, the Plan shall be deemed to be substantially consummated under sections 1101 and 1127(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.

16.12 <u>Severability of Plan Provisions</u>.

In the event that, prior to the Confirmation Date, any term or provision of the Plan is held by the Bankruptcy Court to be invalid, void or unenforceable, the Bankruptcy Court shall, at the request of FairPoint, have the power to alter and interpret such term or provision to make it valid or enforceable to the maximum extent practicable, consistent with the original purpose of the term or provision held to be invalid, void or unenforceable, and such term or provision shall then be applicable as altered or interpreted. Notwithstanding any such holding, alteration or interpretation, the remainder of the terms and provisions of the Plan shall remain in full force and effect and shall in no way be affected, impaired or invalidated by such holding, alteration or interpretation. The Confirmation Order shall constitute a judicial determination and shall provide that each term and provision of the Plan, as it may have been altered or interpreted in accordance with the foregoing, is valid and enforceable in accordance with its terms.

16.13 Governing Law.

Except to the extent that the Bankruptcy Code or other federal law is applicable, or to the extent an exhibit to the Plan or Plan Supplement provides otherwise (in which case the governing law specified therein shall be applicable to such exhibit), the rights, duties, and obligations arising under the Plan shall be governed by, and construed and enforced in accordance with, the laws of the State of New York without giving effect to its principles of conflict of law.

16.14 Conflicts.

Except as set forth in this Plan, to the extent that any provision of the Disclosure Statement conflicts with or is in any way inconsistent with any provision of the Plan, the Plan shall govern and control.

16.15 Reservation of Rights.

If the Plan is not confirmed by a Final Order, or if the Plan is confirmed and does not become effective, the rights of all parties in interest in the Chapter 11 Cases are and will be reserved in full. Any concessions or settlements reflected herein, if any, are made for purposes of the Plan only, and if the Plan does not become effective, no party in interest in the Chapter 11 Cases shall be bound or deemed prejudiced by any such concession or settlement.

16.16 Post Confirmation Reporting.

Following confirmation of the Plan, Reorganized FairPoint shall file reports of its activities and financial affairs with the Bankruptcy Court, on a quarterly basis, within thirty (30) days after the conclusion of each such period; *provided*, that Reorganized FairPoint's obligation to file such reports with the Bankruptcy Court shall terminate automatically upon the closing of the Chapter 11 Cases. Any such reports shall be prepared substantially consistent with (both in terms of content and format) the applicable Bankruptcy Court and U.S. Trustee guidelines on such matters.

16.17 Notices.

All notices, requests and demands to or upon FairPoint must be in writing (including by facsimile transmission) to be effective and, unless otherwise expressly provided under the Plan, will be deemed to have been duly given or made when actually delivered or, in the case of notice by facsimile transmission, when received during the normal business hours of FairPoint Communications (otherwise any such notice shall be deemed to have been received on the next Business Day) and telephonically confirmed, addressed as follows:

FAIRPOINT COMMUNICATIONS, INC.

521 E. Morehead Street, Ste. 500

Charlotte, NC 28202

Telephone: (704) 344-8150 Facsimile: (704) 344-1594

Attn: Susan L. Sowell, Esq., Vice President and

Assistant General Counsel

with a copy to:

On behalf of FairPoint

PAUL, HASTINGS, JANOFSKY & WALKER LLP

75 East 55th Street

New York, New York 10022 Telephone: (212) 318-6000 Facsimile: (212) 319-4090 Attn: Luc A. Despins, Esq. Attn: James T. Grogan, Esq.

with a copy to:

On behalf of the Administrative Agent for FairPoint's prepetition secured lenders:

KAYE SCHOLER LLP

425 Park Avenue

New York, New York 10022-3598

Telephone: (212) 836-8000 Facsimile: (212) 836-8689

Attn: Margot B. Schonholtz, Esq. Attn: Nicholas J. Cremona, Esq.

[Signature Page Follows]

Dated: March 10, 2010

Respectfully submitted,

FairPoint Communications, Inc.

(on behalf of itself and the other Debtors and Debtors-in-Possession)

By: /s/ Shirley J. Linn, Esq.

Name: Shirley J. Linn, Esq.

Title: Executive Vice President and General Counsel

Exhibit A

Name of FairPoint Entities and Case Numbers

DEBTOR NAME	CASE NUMBER
C & E COMMUNICATIONS, LTD.	09-16333-BRL
BERKSHIRE NEW YORK ACCESS, INC.	09-16334-BRL
FAIRPOINT COMMUNICATIONS, INC.	09-16335-BRL
BE MOBILE COMMUNICATIONS, INCORPORATED	09-16336-BRL
BENTLEYVILLE COMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION	09-16337-BRL
BERKSHIRE CABLE CORP.	09-16338-BRL
BERKSHIRE CELLULAR, INC.	09-16339-BRL
BERKSHIRE NET, INC.	09-16340-BRL
BERKSHIRE TELEPHONE CORPORATION	09-16341-BRL
BIG SANDY TELECOM, INC.	09-16342-BRL
BLUESTEM TELEPHONE COMPANY	09-16343-BRL
COLUMBINE TELECOM COMPANY	09-16344-BRL
COMERCO, INC.	09-16345-BRL
COMMITTEL COMMUNICATIONS INC.	09-16346-BRL
COMMUNITY SERVICE TELEPHONE CO. EL PASO LONG DISTANCE COMPANY	09-16347-BRL 09-16348-BRL
ENHANCED COMMUNICATIONS OF NORTHERN NEW ENGLAND INC.	09-16349-BRL
EXOP OF MISSOURI, INC.	09-16350-BRL
FAIRPOINT BROADBAND, INC.	09-16350-BRL
FAIRPOINT CARRIER SERVICES, INC.	09-16352-BRL
FAIRPOINT COMMUNICATIONS MISSOURI, INC.	09-16353-BRL
FAIRPOINT COMMUNICATIONS SOLUTIONS CORP. – NEW YORK	09-16354-BRL
FAIRPOINT COMMUNICATIONS SOLUTIONS CORP. – VIRGINIA	09-16355-BRL
FAIRPOINT LOGISTICS, INC.	09-16356-BRL
FAIRPOINT VERMONT, INC.	09-16357-BRL
FREMONT BROADBAND, LLC	09-16358-BRL
FREMONT TELCOM CO.	09-16359-BRL
GTC COMMUNICATIONS, INC.	09-16360-BRL
YCOM NETWORKS, INC.	09-16361-BRL
UNITE COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS, INC.	09-16362-BRL
THE EL PASO TELEPHONE COMPANY	09-16363-BRL
ODIN TELEPHONE EXCHANGE, INC.	09-16364-BRL
NORTHERN NEW ENGLAND TELEPHONE OPERATIONS LLC	09-16365-BRL
MJD SERVICES CORP.	09-16366-BRL
GTC FINANCE CORPORATION	09-16367-BRL
GTC, INC.	09-16368-BRL
PEOPLES MUTUAL LONG DISTANCE COMPANY	09-16369-BRL
PEOPLES MUTUAL SERVICES COMPANY PEOPLES MUTUAL TELEPHONE COMPANY	09-16370-BRL 09-16371-BRL
RAVENSWOOD COMMUNICATIONS, INC.	09-16371-BRL 09-16372-BRL
YATES CITY TELEPHONE COMPANY	09-16373-BRL
CHOUTEAU TELEPHONE COMPANY	09-16374-BRL
CHAUTAUQUA AND ERIE TELEPHONE CORPORATION	09-16375-BRL
CHINA TELEPHONE COMPANY	09-16376-BRL
GITCO SALES, INC.	09-16377-BRL
GIT-CELL, INC.	09-16378-BRL
GERMANTOWN LONG DISTANCE COMPANY	09-16379-BRL
FRETEL COMMUNICATIONS, LLC	09-16380-BRL
ELLTEL LONG DISTANCE CORP.	09-16381-BRL
ELLENSBURG TELEPHONE COMPANY	09-16382-BRL
C-R TELEPHONE COMPANY	09-16384-BRL
C-R LONG DISTANCE, INC.	09-16386-BRL
C-R COMMUNICATIONS, INC.	09-16387-BRL
MAINE TELEPHONE COMPANY	09-16388-BRL
SUNFLOWER TELEPHONE COMPANY, INC.	09-16389-BRL
MARIANNA AND SCENERY HILL TELEPHONE COMPANY	09-16391-BRL
MARIANNA TEL, INC.	09-16392-BRL 09-16394-BRL
STANDISH TELEPHONE COMPANY	
ST LONG DISTANCE, INC. ST ENTERPRISES, LTD.	09-16395-BRL 09-16397-BRL
ST COMPUTER RESOURCES, INC.	09-16397-BRL 09-16398-BRL
SIDNEY TELEPHONE COMPANY	09-16399-BRL
UTILITIES, INC.	09-16399-BRL 09-16400-BRL
TELEPHONE SERVICE COMPANY	09-16401-BRL
MJD VENTURES, INC.	09-16402-BRL
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NORTHLAND TELEPHONE COMPANY OF MAINE, INC.	09-16404-BRL
THE ORWELL TELEPHONE COMPANY	09-16405-BRL
QUALITY ONE TECHNOLOGIES, INC.	09-16406-BRL
TACONIC TECHNOLOGY CORP.	09-16407-BRL
TACONIC TELCOM CORP.	09-16408-BRL
TACONIC TELEPHONE CORP.	09-16409-BRL
TELEPHONE OPERATING COMPANY OF VERMONT LLC	09-16410-BRL
ORWELL COMMUNICATIONS, INC.	09-16411-BRL
THE COLUMBUS GROVE TELEPHONE COMPANY	09-16412-BRL
THE GERMANTOWN INDEPENDENT TELEPHONE COMPANY	09-16413-BRL
UI COMMUNICATIONS, INC.	09-16414-BRL
UI LONG DISTANCE, INC.	09-16415-BRL
UI TELECOM, INC.	09-16416-BRL
ST. JOE COMMUNICATIONS, INC.	09-16423-BRL
CHAUTAUQUA & ERIE COMMUNICATIONS, INC.	09-16424-BRL

Exhibit B

Labor MOU

TABLE OF CONTENTS

P	a	σ	e
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1.	WAGES	. 1
II.	COST OF LIVING ADJUSTMENT (EXHIBIT G3)	1
III.	CORPORATE PROFIT SHARING (CPS) PLAN	2
IV.	401(K) PLAN	5
V.	JOINT COMMITTEE FOR OPERATIONAL SAVINGS	5
VI.	DURATION	7
VII.	CONDITIONS	7
VIII	PENSION LUMP SUM CASHOUT	ç

2010 MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING BETWEEN

NORTHERN NEW ENGLAND TELEPHONE OPERATIONS LLC

AND

TELEPHONE OPERATING COMPANY OF VERMONT LLC, THE TWO COMPANIES D/B/A

FAIRPOINT COMMUNICATIONS

AND

INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD OF ELECTRICAL WORKERS, AFL-CIO LOCALS 2320, 2326, and 2327

AND

COMMUNICATIONS WORKERS OF AMERICA, AFL-CIO

This Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") is agreed to by and between the above-named Companies (herein the "Company" or "Companies," as context requires) and the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers Locals 2320, 2326, and 2327 and Communications Workers of America AFL-CIO (hereinafter the "Union") with respect to the following changes in the existing collective bargaining agreements. Unless noted specifically in this MOU, all other provisions of the existing agreements remain in force.

I. WAGES

The schedule of wage increases for the term of this Agreement shall be amended as follows:

Effective Date	Percentage Increase	Applied to:
Sunday, 8/7/11	3%	all steps of the basic wage schedules
Sunday, 8/5/12	3%	all steps of the basic wage schedules
Sunday, 8/4/13	3%	all steps of the basic wage schedules

II. COST OF LIVING ADJUSTMENT (EXHIBIT G3)

Section 1 of Exhibit G3 shall be amended as follows:

Effective August 7, 2011 and August 5, 2012 and August 4, 2013, adjustments will be made in basic weekly rates in each wage schedule in accordance with the following:

- (a) the amount of the August 7, 2011 adjustment shall be: (i) one-half of the increase above four percent (4.0%) in the "CPI-W" (1982-84 = 100) for May 2011 over May 2009, applied to (ii) the scheduled rates in effect in each wage schedule on August 8, 2010, (iii) rounded to the nearest 50 cents.
- (b) the amount of the August 5, 2012 adjustment shall be: (i) one-half of the increase above two percent (2.0%) in the "CPI-W" (1982-84 = 100) for May 2012 over May 2011, applied to (ii) the scheduled rates in effect in each wage schedule on August 7, 2011, (iii) rounded to the nearest 50 cents.

(c) the amount of the August 4, 2013 adjustment shall be: (i) one-half of the increase above two percent (2.0%) in the "CPI-W" (1982-84 = 100) for May 2013 over May 2012, applied to (ii) the scheduled rates in effect in each wage schedule on August 5, 2012, (iii) rounded to the nearest 50 cents.

III. CORPORATE PROFIT SHARING (CPS) PLAN

The Corporate Profit Sharing Plan provision shall be deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

- **Section 1.** Plain Purpose. The Corporate Profit Sharing Plan ("CPS") is designed to encourage and reward employees for their contribution to Company profits.
- Plan Years. The CPS will provide awards for results in calendar years 2010, 2011, 2012, and 2013 with awards payable in 2011, 2012, 2013, and 2014. If earned, CPS Plan Distributions will be made for the full calendar year 2010, payable in 2011, despite the fact that the amendments to the CPS Plan by this MOU may not become effective until a date after January 1, 2010.

Section 3. Eligibility.

- (a) Eligible Employees. Full-time and part-time regular and temporary employees who are on the payroll for at least 90 days during an applicable Plan year will be eligible to receive a CPS Distribution to the extent earned and payable. Employees who resign or are discharged for cause prior to December 31 of the Plan year forfeit their eligibility to receive a CPS Distribution.
- (b) Proration for Partial Years. For an employee who is employed more than 90 days, but less than 12 months, of the Plan year, the employee's CPS Distribution will be prorated by twelfths to correspond to the number of months of participation during the Plan Year. For purposes of proration, a month will be taken into account if the employee is actively participating on the first day of the calendar month.
- (c) Proration for Part-Time Employees. CPS Distribution for each eligible part-time employee will be prorated as a percent of the normal workweek for a full-time employee in the same title.
- **Section 4.** Time Worked and Leaves of Absence. The following will count as time on the payroll for CPS Distributions:
 - (a) Absence attributable to approved sickness or accident disability up to accrued FMLA leave.
 - (b) Departmental leave (up to 30 days).
 - (c) Time that an employee is eligible to receive pay for Military Leave.

- (d) Up to 30 days for Anticipated Disability Leave and Child Care leave combined.
- (e) Up to 30 days for any other approved leave.

An employee shall not lose eligibility if, on December 31 of the applicable Plan Year, the employee is absent for one of the reasons stated in (a) through (e) above.

Section 5. Separations. An employee who is otherwise eligible for a CPS Distribution will not lose eligibility due to the following separations (so long as the employee has a period of at least 90 days of active participation during the Plan Year):

- (a) Retirement
- (b) Separation due to force surplus
- (c) Transfer (or a quit/hire, with a break not exceeding 30 days) to another company that participates in this Plan or to an affiliated company with a collectively bargained corporate profit sharing plan that is substantially similar to this Plan, and the employee is on the payroll of such company on December 31 of the same year
- (d) Death of the employee
- (e) Promotion to management, and the employee is on the payroll of the company in which he or she is employed as a manager on December 31 of the same year

An employee who is separated from the active payroll for the above reasons will receive a CPS distribution that shall be prorated as described in Section 3.

Section 6. <u>CPS Distribution Calculations.</u>

(a) Standard Award. The CPS Distribution shall be as follows:

CEO STI MEASURES	CEO STI PERFORMANCE	PERFORMANCE PERCENTAGE
MAXIMUM	150%	4.0%
	140%	3.4%
	130%	2.8%
	120%	2.2%
	110%	1.6%
PLAN	100%	1.0%
THRESHOLD	50%	0.5%
BELOW THRESHOLD	0%	0.0%

(b) Performance Percentage. The actual CPS Distribution per eligible employee will be calculated by multiplying the eligible employee's annual earnings by a "Performance Percentage" for the Plan Year. The "Performance Percentage" shall be based on the CEO STI Performance percentage that is applicable to the

short-term annual cash incentive award (the "STI" award) payable for that performance year to the Chief Executive Officer(s) of FairPoint Communications (the "CEO"). Awards will be interpolated on the scale above. For example, if the CEO STI Performance is equal to 105%, the performance would by ½ of the spread between 100% and 110%. Applying ½ to the corresponding spread between 1% and 1.6% in Performance Percentage would result in a payout of 1.3%.

- (c) Exceptions. No exceptions will apply, except in the circumstance where the Board of Directors approves payment under the management plan to all management plan participants at a level that otherwise was not earned. In such circumstances, eligible employees under the Union CPS plan will be treated similarly.
- Section 7. <u>Information Requests.</u> The Company agrees to provide to the Union upon request publicly disclosed information about the STI compensation of the CEO. The Company will also provide to the Union a summary of the total CPS distribution payments which eligible employees received under the plan. This information will be provided as soon as practical following the end of the Plan Year.
- Section 8. Payment of CPS Distributions. CPS Distributions, when earned, will be paid by separate payroll remittance (EFT or check) not later than March 15th of the year immediately following the Plan Year. For eligible employees who are no longer employed at the time of payment, the Company will be deemed to have satisfied its obligation to pay the CPS award if it sends payment to the eligible recipient's last known address. Each such payment shall be subject to the applicable federal withholding rate for non-recurring payments (currently, a 28% flat rate), and other applicable payroll taxes.

Section 9. <u>Benefit-Bearing Treatment of CPS Distribution.</u>

When paid, a CPS distribution will be treated as eligible benefit-bearing pay solely for the following purposes:

- (a) The CPS distribution will be taken into account for purposes of the supplemental monthly Pension calculation under the qualified plan.
- (b) The CPS distribution shall be treated as eligible benefit-bearing pay which may be contributed to the qualified Savings and Security Plan according to the same contribution percentage (if any) as is in effect for regular wages at the time the CPS distribution is paid (and the same terms and conditions for pre-tax or after-tax treatment, and for qualifying for applicable Company matching contributions).
- (c) To the extent that an employee is eligible for the one-times-pay death benefit under the qualified pension plan (subject to applicable caps on such death benefit), the last CPS distribution paid to an employee prior to an employee's death shall be taken into account (to the extent it does not cause the death benefit to exceed the applicable cap).
- (d) The last CPS distribution paid to an employee prior to an employee's death shall be taken into account under the terms of the group term life insurance plan for active employees.
- (e) The CPS distribution may be taken into account for union dues to the extent determined appropriate by the union representing the employee.

CPS distributions will not be included in calculations for any other purposes.

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Section 10.

Grievances and Arbitration. The employee's employing company shall have the discretion to administer this Plan according to its terms. The employing company's interpretations and determinations under this Plan shall be final and binding. The employee's union representative may present grievances relating to matters covered by the Plan but neither the Plan nor its administration shall be subject to arbitration, except that the limited issue of an employee's eligibility to participate in a specific distribution under the Plan shall be arbitrable. Any "make-whole" arbitration award (which reinstates an employee with full back pay) shall include any applicable CPS distribution for the Plan Year in which the employee had been separated from employment if the employee was otherwise eligible and did not otherwise receive a distribution for the applicable Plan Year.

IV. 401(K) PLAN

- 1. The FairPoint Communications Northern New England Savings and Security Plan for Associates (the "401(k) Plan") will be amended to provide for Company matching contribution in Company stock with no restrictions instead of cash, as soon as practicable.
- 2. Participants in the 401(k) will be allowed to save the maximum amount allowed in the plan under IRS and DOL rules, as interpreted and applied by the Company Benefits Committee.

V. JOINT COMMITTEE FOR OPERATIONAL SAVINGS

- 1. The parties mutually agree to pursue all ideas to reduce cost, improve revenue, and increase productivity, with a goal of achieving \$25 million in annual ongoing savings as provided in #4 below.
- 2. All ideas and agreements will be costed and projected savings (including net cost reductions, revenue improvements and/or productivity increases) will be determined by Company cost accountants or some other mutually agreed upon methodology subject to the approval of the Joint Leadership Committee.
- 3. A Joint Leadership Committee will be established to oversee the development of ideas and implementation plans for achieving the savings objectives, and also track the implementation of the ideas and subsequent agreements to ensure the implementation and follow-through within the timeframes outlined below.
 - a. The Joint Leadership Committee of Union and Company leaders will meet within 30 days of this Agreement to organize, charter, monitor, approve recommendations, and resolve disputes.
 - b. During the 60 days subsequent to the initial Joint Leadership Committee meeting, the Joint Leadership Committee members will participate in training sessions designed and conducted by the independent third party referred to in section 3.f, below. As appropriate, members of the joint labor-management task forces referred to in section 5, below, will also participate in training sessions during this initial 60 day period.
 - c. The Joint Leadership Committee will meet at least 1 day per month to carry out its duties.
 - d. All Joint Leadership Committee meetings will be thoroughly documented and the minutes and flip chart records will be recorded and preserved. Summary minutes of the proceedings of the Joint Leadership Committee, upon approval by the Joint Leadership Committee, will be disseminated across FairPoint and its unions.
 - e. If Joint Leadership Committee approved initiatives require changes in the collective bargaining agreements in order to implement improvements, the Joint Leadership Committee will recommend relevant changes to the respective bargaining committees for the Unions and the Company, who will then agree on final language and approve the changes through Letters of Agreement in a timely manner.

- f. Joint Leadership Committee will be trained, facilitated and advised by an independent third party approved by both parties.
- 4. The parties will identify savings and develop implementation plans to achieve the annual ongoing savings within the following timeframes:
 - a. An initial \$5,000,000 within 60 days of the completed training of the Joint Leadership
 - b. An additional \$5,000,000 within 120 days of the completed training of the Joint Leadership Committee.
 - c. An additional \$5,000,000 within 180 days of the completed training of the Joint Leadership Committee.
 - d. An additional \$5,000,000 within 365 days of the completed training of the Joint Leadership Committee.
 - e. An additional \$5,000,000 within a year and a half of the completed training of the Joint Leadership Committee.
 - f. Failure to meet target time frames will be addressed by the Joint Leadership Committee for purposes of dealing with the causes of the failure. If the Joint Leadership Committee cannot solve the causes of the delays, then the third party facilitator will conduct an assessment of the causes and provide the Joint Leadership Committee with the assessment and a set of recommendations about how best to resolve the differences and to meet the targets set forth in this agreement.
 - g. Cost reduction and revenue enhancement initiatives identified by the Company and disclosed at the first meeting of the Joint Leadership Committee will not be considered in calculating the achievement of the targets set forth in paragraphs 1 and 4 of this Article.V..
 - 5. The work of developing ideas for improving operating performance and reducing costs to achieve the target savings will be done by joint labor management task forces comprised of union representatives, employees, and relevant-to-the-task-at-hand management from a cross-section of functions and levels in the organization.
 - a. The number of joint task forces will be determined by the Joint Leadership Committee based on the range of subjects, processes, and areas targeted for improvement and savings. The organization and scheduling of the task forces will be subject to meeting the needs of the business and requires the mutual agreement of the parties.
 - b. Membership for each task force will consist of 6 to 10 members, including labor and management.
 - At least 50 percent of the members of each task force will be labor representatives or bargaining unit members.
 - d. Members of the task forces will be selected by the respective parties in consultation with each other and the independent, third party facilitator, but the unions will select the members from labor and management will select its members. At least one labor member on each task force will be a union official.
 - e. The Joint Leadership Committee will charter each task force with:
 - 1. Scope of work;
 - 2. Performance objective;
 - 3. Timetable;
 - 4. Parameters:
 - f. Task force members will be paid according to normal contractual terms and scheduled accordingly;
 - g. All reasonable ideas will be thoroughly analyzed and explored.
 - h. All task force meetings and the analyses of each of the task forces will be thoroughly documented and the minutes, data, flip chart records will be recorded and preserved. Each task force will be provided with a resource to document the proceedings. Summary minutes of the

- proceedings of each task force upon approval by the Joint Leadership Committee will be disseminated across FairPoint and its unions.
- i. Each task force will develop recommendations and propose implementation plans which will be submitted to the Joint Leadership Team for approval within the timeframes outlined within this agreement
- j. Each task force will be facilitated and advised by an independent, third party mutually agreed upon by both parties.
- 6. The joint operating performance savings process will continue operating for the life of the existing Collective Bargaining Agreements, even after exceeding the targets set in this Agreement with the objectives of further improving operating performance, improving the competitiveness of the Company, and creating a collaborative, high engagement culture within the Company.

VI. DURATION

Subject to the changes reflected in this MOU, the parties' Collective Bargaining Agreements, including all MOUs, MOAs and Letters of Agreement attached to or related to such agreements, executed by and between the Unions and the Company (or its predecessors) (collectively, the "Collective Bargaining Agreement") shall remain in full force and effect, until 11:59 p.m. on August 2, 2014. Any provision of the Collective Bargaining Agreement with an expiration date of 11:59 p.m. on August 3, 2013 shall now expire at 11:59 p.m. on August 2, 2014, and any action required to be performed each year pursuant to the Collective Bargaining Agreement shall be performed until 11:59 p.m. on August 2, 2014.

VII. CONDITIONS

- 1. Upon the Effective Date, the Company unconditionally waives any right to seek relief in any form pursuant to Section 1113 of the Bankruptcy Code and acknowledges that this agreement provides those necessary modifications in employee benefits and protections that are necessary to permit reorganization of the the Company. The Company will actively oppose any motion filed by any other party seeking relief in any form pursuant to Section 1113.
- 2. Following membership ratification, this MOU will be submitted for review and approval to the Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York (the "Bankruptcy Court") in which the Company's Chapter 11 case (09-16335) is currently pending. This MOU will become effective, final and binding upon the Company and the Unions, upon the date that the Order granting such Bankruptcy Court approval becomes final (the "Effective Date"). Once it becomes effective, this MOU will continue in full force and effect subject to the duration clause of the Agreements as modified by Article VI. of this MOU. If this MOU does not become effective and binding in accordance with this paragraph, then this MOU will be null and void and neither this MOU, nor any discussions concerning this MOU will be cited or referred to in any judicial, bankruptcy, administrative or arbitration proceeding.
- 3. Any Plan of Reorganization proposed or supported by the Company shall provide for assumption by the Company of this MOU. The Unions shall support exclusively the Company's efforts to confirm a plan of reorganization with all vested parties, including the Public Utility Commissions in Maine, New Hampshire, and Vermont, so long as the terms thereof are not inconsistent with this MOU or the Collective Bargaining Agreements, as herein revised.
- 4. The parties hereto each reserve all rights with respect to the proper jurisdiction(s) to resolve disputes, if any, arising under or related to this MOU.
- 5. Upon the Effective Date, the Company and the Union immediately release each other from any and all claims, as that term is defined in Section 101(5) of the Bankruptcy Code, arising prior to the Effective Date, and shall take all necessary steps to withdraw, discontinue, or dismiss or cause the withdrawal, discontinuance or dismissal of any civil charges, complaints, suits or proceedings now pending at any stage, in state or federal court, or any administrative or regulatory body, State or Federal, which have arisen

prior to the Effective Date. Nothing in this paragraph 5 shall be deemed to waive any grievances and/or arbitrations filed prior to the signing of this MOU which are pending pursuant to the existing Collective Bargaining Agreement

VIII. PENSION LUMP SUM CASHOUT.

The provisions for lump sum payout of the pension plan shall be amended as follows:

- 1. An associate who separates from service during the periods November 1, 2004 to August 2, 2008, and January 1, 2009 to December 31, 2011, and January 1, 2013 to August 2, 2014, and only during those periods, with eligibility for a vested pension or a service pension, shall be eligible to receive his or her vested or service pension under the Pension Plan as a total lump-sum cashout. The terms of the cashout programs during the periods November 1, 2004 to August 2, 2008, and January 1, 2009 to December 31, 2011, and January 1, 2013 to August 2, 2014 shall be the same as the terms of the cashout program set forth in the 2000 MOU, except that
- (a) The cashout programs shall provide for payment of a lump-sum cashout on a commencement date elected by the associate that occurs on or after the date the associate's written request is received by the Pension Plan administrator and that is either:
- i. the day following the associate's separation from service, or
- ii. the first day of any month following separation from service.
- (b) The calculation of a lump-sum cashout for an eligible associate who separates from service on or before August 2, 2014, shall be based on the largest of the amounts determined by the factors set forth in the Pension Plan on April 1, 2008, for the cashout trials in the 2000 MOU, in addition to any legally-mandated interest rate and mortality table set forth in section 417(e) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (c) If the 30-year Treasury Bond rate ceases to be published before August 2, 2014 the parties will establish a joint committee which will review the historic relationship between the interest rates on 30-year Treasury Bonds and the interest rates on AAA Corporate Bonds and will agree on a factor which when applied to historic AAA Corporate Bond rates produces an interest rate equal to the historic 30-year Treasury Bond rate. This rate will be made available as another calculation standard for lump-sum cashouts under the Pension Plan following the last publication date for the 30-year Treasury Bond rate. For this purpose, "historic" rates shall be equal to the average rates over the 3-year period that ends six months before the last date on which the U.S. Treasury Department publishes the 30-year Treasury Bond rate. (Example: If historic 30-year Treasury Bond rates equal 6% and historic AAA Corporate Bond rates equal 8%, then the factor would be 75%. The new standard for calculating a lump sum would be 0.75 times the AAA Corporate Bond rate in effect on the lump sum commencement date.)
- (d) An associate who separates from service on or after October 1, 2003, and on or before November 30, 2003, and who elects to receive his vested or service pension as a total lump-sum cashout shall receive a lump sum equal to the greater of (i) the lump-sum cashout determined based on the PBGC or GATT basis (whichever is more favorable) applied to determine lump sums paid under the Pension Plan to associates separating from service during the third quarter of 2003 or (ii) the lump-sum cashout determined under the terms of the Pension Plan in effect on the associate's commencement date.
- (e) In the event of a surplus declaration during a period when the lump sum cash out is suspended, the suspension will be lifted for a 60-day period.
- 2. If an associate dies during employment on or after January 1, 2012, and on or before December 31, 2012, and after becoming vested under the Pension Plan, the associate's beneficiary for the pre-retirement death benefit under the Pension Plan shall be eligible to receive payment of the death benefit as a total lump-sum cashout. In addition, the pre-retirement death benefit paid to such beneficiary

shall equal the larger of (a) the lump-sum cashout that would have been paid to the associate if he or she had separated from service on the date of death and elected to receive payment on the beneficiary's commencement date (or, if the beneficiary is a spouse who elects an annuity, the actuarial equivalent of that lump sum in the form of a single life annuity), or (b) the pre-retirement death benefit otherwise payable to such beneficiary under the Pension Plan.

- If an associate separates from service during employment on or after January 1, 2012, and on or before December 31, 2012 and after becoming vested under the Pension Plan, due to his or her exhaustion of 52 weeks of sickness disability benefits and is eligible for a vested pension or a service pension under the Pension Plan, the associate shall be eligible to receive his or her vested pension or service pension (but not a disability pension) as a total lump-sum cashout.
 - 4. For a cashout-eligible associate who has separated from service before death:
- If death occurs while the associate has in effect a valid election (with spousal consent) to receive a lump-sum cashout from the Pension Plan and before the commencement date specified in such election, the associate's beneficiary for the pre-retirement death benefit under the Pension Plan shall receive a death benefit equal to the larger of (i) the lump-sum cashout that would have been paid to the associate if he or she had survived until the elected commencement date, or (ii) the pre-retirement death benefit otherwise payable to such beneficiary under the Pension Plan.
- If death occurs (i) before the associate makes a valid election to commence payment of his or her vested or service pension (in any form) under the Pension Plan or (ii) while the associate has in effect a valid election to receive payment of his or her vested or service pension in a form of payment other than a lump-sum cashout and before the commencement date specified in such election, the associate's beneficiary for the pre-retirement death benefit under the Pension Plan shall receive a death benefit equal to the larger of (I) the lump-sum cashout that would have been paid to the associate if he or she had elected to receive payment on the beneficiary's commencement date (or, if the beneficiary is a spouse who elects an annuity, the actuarial equivalent of that lump sum in the form of a single life annuity), or (II) the preretirement death benefit otherwise payable to such beneficiary under the Pension Plan.

Tentatively Agreed to this 1st day of February, 2010.

FOR THE IBEW	FOR THE COMPANY
/s/ Pete McLaughlin	/s/ Gary Garvey
Pete McLaughlin	Gary Garvey
Chairperson,	Senior Vice President, Human Resources
System Council T-9	
Business Manager – Local 2327	
/s/ Glenn Brackett	
Glenn Brackett	FOR THE CWA
Business Manager – Local 2320	
•	/s/ David Palmer
/s/ Mike Spillane	David Palmer
Mike Spillane	CWA International Representative
Business Manager – Local 2326	•
	/s/ Don Trementozzi
	Don Trementozzi
	President – CWA Local 1400

Exhibit C

New Warrants Term Sheet

Term Sheet Regarding Reorganized FairPoint Warrants to be issued <u>Under the Plan of Reorganization</u>

Issuer	Reorganized FairPoint Communications, Inc. (the "Company" or "Reorganized FairPoint").
Initial Holders	Holders of all unsecured claims.
Warrants	The Warrants will entitle the holders thereof to acquire up to seven million one hundred sixty four thousand eight hundred four (7,164,804) shares of New Common Stock, subject to dilution by the Long Term Incentive Plan and subsequent issuances of capital stock.
	The New Board shall authorize and reserve for issuance at all times an aggregate number of shares of New Common Stock equal to the aggregate number of Warrants.
Exercise Price per Warrant	Exercisable at a strike price equal to (a) (i) \$2.3 billion minus (ii) the outstanding debt of Reorganized FairPoint at the Effective Date plus (iii) the Cash and Cash Equivalents of Reorganized FairPoint at the Effective Date, divided by (b) fifty two million five hundred forty one eight hundred ninety eight (52,541,898) shares of the New Common Stock. The strike price shall be subject to further adjustment in accordance with the anti-dilution provisions described below.
Expiration	The seventh anniversary of the Effective Date (the "Expiration Date").
Exercise Date	Exercisable at any time, in whole or in part, prior to the Expiration Date.
Voting Rights	None, until exercised.
Dividends	None, until exercised.
	No restrictions on dividends or distributions by Reorganized FairPoint.
Anti-Dilution Provisions	The Exercise Price and the number of shares of New Common Stock issuable upon exercise of Warrants shall be subject to customary anti-dilution adjustment for stock distributions, stock splits, combinations or similar recapitalization transactions.
Reorganization Event	Upon a Reorganization Event (defined below) that is consummated prior to the Expiration Date, each Warrant will be exercisable into the right to receive the kind and amount of consideration to which such holder would have been entitled as a result of such Reorganization Event had the Warrant been exercised immediately prior thereto.
	A "Reorganization Event" shall mean any transaction (or series of transactions) in which Reorganized FairPoint enters into a transaction in exchange for their Warrants constituting (i) a

	consolidation or merger in which its New Common Stock is exchanged for securities of another entity, (ii) a reclassification of its New Common Stock into securities other than New Common Stock or (iii) any statutory exchange of the outstanding shares of New Common Stock for securities of another entity.
Transferability	The Warrants will not be subject to any contractual restrictions on transfer other than such as are necessary to ensure compliance with U.S. federal and state securities laws.
Treatment Under Section 1145	The Warrants and New Common Stock issuable upon exercise will be offered and sold pursuant to Section 1145 of the Bankruptcy Code.

Exhibit D

MPUC Regulatory Settlement

Post Filing Regulatory Settlement - Maine

This Regulatory Settlement (the "Regulatory Settlement") represents the understandings reached among the representative of the Maine Public Utilities Commission (the "Commission") as the representative is described in the order of the United States Bankruptcy Court, Southern District of New York (the " Bankruptcy Court") entered on January 20, 2010 (the "Order") and subject to the terms of such Order (the "Representative"), the Maine Office of the Public Advocate (the "OPA") (the Representative and the OPA being referred to jointly herein as the "Regulatory Parties"), and FairPoint Communications, Inc. and Northern New England Telephone Operations LLC, d/b/a FairPoint Communications-NNE ("FairPoint"), together with the Regulatory Parties (the "Parties") in connection with the mediation ordered by the Bankruptcy Court, and which shall also apply in any change of control proceeding related to FairPoint's emergence from Chapter 11. This Regulatory Settlement is subject to and gualified by the Order. Without limiting the effect of that Order, the Representative only has authority to recommend matters for approval by the Commission, after notice and a hearing before the Commission in accordance with Maine law. Whenever this Regulatory Settlement states or indicates that the Representative agrees with and/or will recommend a particular proposal, or words to that effect or of similar import, such terms will not imply any greater authority in the Representative and all such terms shall mean only that the Representative will recommend a term or condition for approval and no such agreement and/or recommendation shall bind (a) the Commission or (b) the advisory staff of the Commission.

1. Process Issues:

- 1.1. The Regulatory Parties will request that the Commission approve the terms set forth in this Regulatory Settlement with FairPoint, as discussed more fully below. FairPoint and the Regulatory Parties (collectively, "the Parties") agree that the Regulatory Settlement will be implemented through FairPoint's Chapter 11 Reorganization Plan (the "Plan") and through appropriate proceedings before the Commission, including, without limitation, any change of control proceeding. FairPoint acknowledges that a change of control proceeding will be filed with the Commission in conjunction with the application to approve this Regulatory Settlement. The Plan shall not alter or modify the terms of the Regulatory Settlement. The Parties agree further that the terms set forth in this Regulatory Settlement shall be the only terms sought by the Parties with respect to one another with respect to the Plan and its confirmation and any change of control or other appropriate proceeding and that such terms shall be binding on the Parties (subject to the reservations of rights set forth in Section 1.5), only once the terms of this Regulatory Settlement are approved by the Commission and upon the Effective Date of the Plan (as therein defined).
- The Regulatory Parties shall recommend that all regulatory approvals that will be requested 1.2. of the Commission in connection with the Plan will be processed by the Commission contemporaneously with the Bankruptcy Court's consideration of the Plan and will be granted by the Commission substantially contemporaneous with (or in advance of) the Bankruptcy Court's confirmation of the Plan or such later date as may be agreed to by FairPoint and the Regulatory Parties. The Parties shall request and recommend that such approvals incorporate the terms of this Regulatory Settlement and not include additional substantive new conditions, other than the condition that the Commission's approval may be rescinded, after notice and opportunity to be heard, if the Bankruptcy Court's confirmation order alters any of the terms of the Regulatory Settlement, Subject to the right of the Parties under Section 1.4, the Parties shall not request that the Bankruptcy Court incorporate any provisions in the confirmation order that alter or modify the Regulatory Settlement, except upon the express written consent of all of the Parties, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld. The requested approval will include approval for the change of control contemplated by the Plan which will occur on the Effective Date of the Plan.
- 1.3. The Regulatory Parties will file a proposed procedural schedule for Commission approval. This procedural schedule shall recommend that any change of control and Regulatory

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Settlement approval proceeding be concluded and be ripe for a Commission decision no later than 90 days from the date an application seeking approval of such change of control and Regulatory Settlement is filed, and such procedural schedule shall include the provision of notice of the proceedings in accordance with the rules of the Commission.

- 1.4. The terms of this Regulatory Settlement may be voided, at the option of any Party, if the Commission has not issued a final order approving the Regulatory Settlement and the change of control within 120 calendar days from the date an application is filed, said approval being as described in Section 1.2. FairPoint and the Regulatory Parties shall use reasonable efforts to cooperate in the proceedings before the Commission, including in the preparation and timely filing of all required documents, exhibits, testimony and other supporting evidence, provided that neither the OPA nor the Representative shall be required to prepare or present testimony, exhibits or other evidence, the Parties acknowledging that the OPA and the Representative may meet any obligations under this subparagraph by filing a brief or report with the Commission recommending approval of the Regulatory Settlement and the change of control provided for in the Plan, which brief or report shall be included in the record of the proceedings.
- I.5. Before filing the application, FairPoint will submit a request, which the Regulatory Parties will support, that the Commission waive Section 745 (Voluntary Dismissal) of its Rules of Practice and Procedure and order that FairPoint or the Regulatory Parties may withdraw from any proceeding seeking Commission approval of this Regulatory Settlement or change of control without prejudice and without the need for a Commission order allowing withdrawal if Commission approval has not been obtained within the time frame provided for in Section 1.4. If the request is filed by February 12, 2010 and is not granted by the Commission on or before February 25, 2010, FairPoint in its sole discretion may terminate this Regulatory Settlement.

The Commission, through its Bankruptcy Counsel's signing of this Regulatory Settlement, FairPoint and the Regulatory Parties expressly agree that (i) FairPoint's commencing or participating in any proceeding before the Commission will not be used in any way as an argument against FairPoint in any proceeding before the Bankruptcy Court in which FairPoint would seek a ruling from the Bankruptcy Court that any such Commission approval or Commission proceeding is pre-empted by the Bankruptcy Code, and that (ii) the Regulatory Parties and/or the Commission participating in any proceeding before the Bankruptcy Court, including seeking approval of this Regulatory Settlement or approval of the Plan, will not be used in any way as an argument against the Staff and/or the Commission in any subsequent proceeding before the Bankruptcy Court or that the Regulatory Parties and/or the Commission submitted to the Bankruptcy Court's jurisdiction and that any action by the Regulatory Parties and/or the Commission is pre-empted by the Bankruptcy Code.

- 1.6. The Regulatory Parties will recommend, if requested by FairPoint, that any matters before the Commission to which FairPoint is a party and that are the subject of the terms and conditions of this Regulatory Settlement be temporarily suspended or adjourned pending the Commission's consideration of the approval of the Regulatory Settlement and the change of control provided for under the Plan.
- 2. Issues Related to the Merger Conditions. FairPoint will comply with the Commission's February 1, 2008 Order issued in Docket Nos. 2007-67 and 2005-155 and all stipulations and amended stipulations approved thereby and/or incorporated therein (collectively the "2008 Merger Order"), except as the terms and conditions of the Merger Order are expressly modified by this Regulatory Settlement, provided, however, that with respect to reimbursement claims of third parties arising under the Merger Order, the Regulatory Parties will recommend that this Regulatory Settlement shall not affect the status of such claims under applicable bankruptcy law. For the avoidance of doubt, nothing in this Regulatory Settlement is intended to preclude FairPoint from seeking an order from the Commission amending or modifying the Merger Order in a proceeding other than the

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proceeding to approve this Regulatory Settlement and its accompanying change of control proceeding.

2.1 The Commission and FairPoint agree to prepare and submit, and Bank of America, NA, as agent for the senior lenders (the "Agent") shall consent to, a joint consent order to the Bankruptcy Court which provides for implementation of the Service Quality Index ("SQI") rebates for the 2008-2009 SQI year, effective for bills issued on or after March 1, 2010 over a twelve (12) month period. However, if the Commission does not grant the approvals as described in, and in accordance with the process set forth in, Section 1 and if the Bankruptcy Court then, after notice and hearing (the "Injunction Hearing"), subsequently enters an injunction against implementation of and/or provides for reversal or rescission of the rebates for the 2008-2009 SQI year, then any rebates actually implemented by FairPoint pursuant to this provision shall be credited by FairPoint, dollar for dollar, against any subsequent SQI payments that are required to be paid by FairPoint, starting with the first invoices issued after the date of entry of the injunction by the Bankruptcy Court even if an appeal is taken by the Commission or any other party.

At the Injunction Hearing, the Commission and FairPoint may raise any legal or factual arguments in favor of, or in opposition to, such an injunction; provided, however, that the Commission will not raise the argument at the Injunction Hearing that the injunction should not issue because the claim, if any, represented by the rebates is otherwise payable at a specified percentage distribution provided under the Plan. Nothing herein shall be construed as an admission by FairPoint, the Commission or the Agent as to the status of the rebates as a matter of applicable law or as a waiver of any claims or defenses. All appellate rights of FairPoint and the Commission are preserved, including as to any injunction entered as a result of the Injunction Hearing. The Commission shall not, in any proceeding relating to the obligations of FairPoint under the Merger Order, argue that FairPoint's payment of the SQI penalties which became due after the Petition Date constitutes an admission by FairPoint that any of its obligations arising out of the 2008 Merger Order which became due after the Petition Date are entitled to be treated as an administrative expense.

The Parties agree that in effectuating any required SQI rebates in the form of bill credits to subscribers, for the 2008-2009 SQI Year and any subsequent SQI years, the only legend that must be provided in connection with such credits shall be a separate line item on the customer's bill or invoice next to the amount credited stating "Service Quality Rebate." Other than the change in the legend described in the preceding sentence, and subject to the possible offset(s) described above, rebates for the 2009-2010 SQI year and any SQI rebates for subsequent periods shall be implemented in strict accordance with the Merger Order, the AFOR Order¹ and all relevant rules and orders of the Commission existing as of the date of this Regulatory Settlement. The Parties agree however that after the Effective Date, FairPoint may apply to the Commission for a waiver of or modification to such obligations.

- 2.2. Except as set forth below, FairPoint will meet the initial 83% broadband build out commitment scheduled for April 1, 2010 by December 31, 2010. This broadband buildout commitment and the broadband buildout commitments in Section 2.4 and otherwise referred to herein may be met by installation of DSL or any other broadband technology which provides a minimum upload speed of 512 kilobits and download speed of 1.5 megabits per second.
- 2.3. The Regulatory Parties shall recommend that the Commission consider price de-averaging notwithstanding the bar on such consideration during the five-year stay out period and will recommend that the Commission approve de-averaging, provided, however, that FairPoint agrees that (a) de-averaging will commence on January 1, 2011 if FairPoint is not in default under the Regulatory Settlement; and (b) during the two year period after any Commission

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¹ The "AFOR Order" means and refers to the 1995 AFOR Order in Docket No. 1994-123

approval of de-averaging becomes effective, FairPoint shall not implement prices for broadband services in Maine that exceed 120% of the prices of FairPoint Telecom Group in Maine (Telecom Group) for equivalent services in FairPoint "classic" or "legacy" service areas. The Regulatory Parties understand and will advocate approval of this provision on the understanding that if FairPoint changes any of Telecom Group's prices during the term of this provision, there will be a corresponding change in the cap imposed by this provision. None of the Regulatory Parties will seek any form of price cap for broadband related services other than the provision set forth in this subparagraph.

- 2.4. FairPoint agrees that during the 5-year period beginning upon closing, FairPoint shall spend not less than the amount required to attain and shall achieve the broadband buildout requirements of 83% by December 31, 2010; 85% by July 31, 2012; and 87% by March 31, 2013. If FairPoint fails to achieve 83% by December 31, 2010, 85% by July 31, 2012 or 87% by March 31, 2013, it shall be required to achieve 90% by no later than March 31, 2014 in accordance with, and subject to, the applicable terms of the Merger Order. FairPoint further agrees that by March 31, 2013 it will achieve 82% for lines in UNE Zone 3. If FairPoint achieves the broadband build out requirements of up to 87%, as set forth in Section 2.4, on July 1, 2013 FairPoint will contribute \$100,000 to Connect ME. Until FairPoint achieves all of the requirements of this paragraph, FairPoint shall file quarterly reports with the Commission regarding its broadband buildout activities containing the type of information required of Verizon under Section 3 of the Amended Stipulation of August 8, 2007 in Docket No. 2005-155. FairPoint shall inform the Commission in writing of its determination that all of the requirements in this paragraph have been met. Nothing herein shall prejudice the Commission with respect to a challenge to such determination and the Commission may, in its discretion, conduct proceedings to determine if, in fact, such requirements have been met.
- 2.5. FairPoint will have the option to resell terrestrial (non-satellite) based service providers' broadband service offerings to fulfill its broadband build out and/or service requirements as contained in the 2008 Merger Order, as herein modified, for the broadband buildout requirements beyond 85% provided that (a) the build out and/or services meet or exceed all requirements of the 2008 Merger Order as herein modified; (b) the resold services are purchased through and serviced by FairPoint; and (c) the Commission Staff, on delegated authority, approves the service provider(s) selected by FairPoint. The Commission Staff's approval process shall require that, upon written submission by FairPoint of the identity of the provider(s) the precise build out obligations and services to be provided by such provider and information regarding the capabilities and qualifications of the provider(s), (1) approval may not be unreasonably withheld by the Commission Staff, and (2) if the selection by FairPoint of a service provider(s) is not denied by Commission Staff within 30 calendar days of the date of the written submission by FairPoint, the selection by FairPoint shall automatically be approved.
- 3. The Representative will recommend that the Commission find that the financial conditions set forth in the Merger Order have been replaced by the terms of this Regulatory Settlement, satisfied, or have been otherwise rendered moot due to the deleveraging achieved through the Chapter 11 process. The Regulatory Parties will recommend that the Commission not impose affirmative or negative financial covenants in addition to those imposed in any loan or credit agreements or related documents executed by FairPoint in connection with the Plan, provided that such agreements are supplied to the Commission upon execution, as well as any subsequent amendments to such agreements or related documents. The Representative will recommend that such financial covenants not be considered separate financial covenants enforceable as such by the Commission, provided, however, that nothing herein shall limit the Commission's ability to investigate, at any time, the financial condition of FairPoint and to take action with respect thereto in accordance with Maine law and the rules and procedures of the Commission. FairPoint will inform the Commission, subject to a protective order reasonably acceptable to FairPoint to be entered in the change of control proceeding, of any substantive defaults under such loan or credit agreements, which defaults have

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not been cured within any cure period provided under such agreements or waived by the applicable lender.

4. Miscellaneous Matters

- 4.1. FairPoint agrees to continue its search for a Chief Information Officer with a goal of having a Chief Information Officer in place by June 30, 2010.
- 4.2. The Plan shall provide for the appointment of a new Board of Directors for reorganized FairPoint consisting of a supermajority of newly appointed independent directors. The Plan shall further provide that the new Board of Directors will appoint a "regulatory sub-committee" (the "Regulatory Sub-Committee") which shall be charged with monitoring compliance with the 2008 Merger Order, as modified by this Regulatory Settlement, and all other regulatory matters involving the States of Vermont, New Hampshire and Maine. Either the Lead Director or the Independent Chair of the Board of Directors, at FairPoint's option, shall be available to voluntarily speak or meet with the Regulatory Parties at their reasonable request as appropriate and lawful.
- 4.3. Subject to the confidentiality provisions of the Bankruptcy Court's mediation order and, with respect to any financial advisors hired by the OPA or the Representative, if any, a confidentiality agreement deemed suitable by the Parties, FairPoint has provided the Regulatory Parties, their counsel and their financial advisors who have signed a confidentiality agreement with the Company's four-year business plan and supporting material that has been provided to major constituencies and parties-in-interest to the bankruptcy proceeding. The business plan and related proforma financials reflect operations over a four year planning period. The OPA's obligation to recommend the Regulatory Settlement is subject to the OPA's and the OPA's advisors' review of such information and their reasonable determination that such information supports the assumptions underlying the Regulatory Settlement, which review by the OPA shall be completed within thirty (45) days of the date hereof.
- 4.4. Upon the Effective Date of the Plan, FairPoint shall reimburse the Commission and the Maine Office of the Public Advocate for all of its actual reasonable out-of-pocket expenses and costs in connection with FairPoint's chapter 11 case, including without limitation, the reasonable fees and expenses of all professionals, including legal and financial advisors retained by the Regulatory Parties in connection with the chapter 11 cases or any proceeding before the Commission to approve the Regulatory Settlement and change in control provided under the Plan, plus any other direct costs reimbursable by FairPoint under applicable Maine law.
- 4.5. At least one board member of the revised FairPoint board will reside in a northern New England state.
- 4.6. FairPoint shall not agree to or accept any term in a proposed settlement with the Staff of the New Hampshire Public Utilities Commission, the New Hampshire Office of Consumer Advocate, or the Vermont Department of Public Service pertaining to the Plan or, if applicable, to any related approval for a change in control without offering the same term to the Regulatory Parties and/or in connection with the Regulatory Settlement, a change in control, or the approval of either by the Commission. FairPoint only shall be required to offer such term(s) to the Regulatory Parties in the event that such term(s) represent a material difference in the benefits of this Regulatory Settlement, on one hand, and the Regulatory Settlement effectuated in the jurisdiction of New Hampshire or Vermont (as the case may be), on the other hand, considering each such Regulatory Settlement in the aggregate. If FairPoint enters into a voluntary amendment to the Vermont or New Hampshire Regulatory Settlements, FairPoint will within one (1) business day provide a copy of the signed amendment to the Regulatory Parties.

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- 4.7. Any management bonuses shall be based on a combination of EBITDAR (EBITDA plus restructuring costs) and service metrics and the weighting for each of these categories shall be computed and clearly stated for the incentive and bonus plans for each individual and for the company in total. Once established, FairPoint shall disclose such service metrics to the OPA and the Commission.
- 4.8. Subject to the terms set forth herein, the signatories agree to support this Regulatory Settlement and not to take any action in any forum or jurisdiction that would contradict or diverge from the terms set forth in this Regulatory Settlement for so long as this Regulatory Settlement is in force, unless the Regulatory Settlement is voided under Section 1.4 hereof or if any Party withdraws under Section 1.5.

This Regulatory Settlement has been duly executed as of this 9th day of February 2010.

FAIRPOINT COMMUNICATIONS, INC. NORTHERN NEW ENGLAND TELEPHONE OPERATIONS LLC

By /s/ Peter G. Nixon
Peter G. Nixon
President

/s/ Amy Spelke

Amy Spelke, Representative of the Maine Public Utilities Commission

/s/ Robert S. Keach

Robert S. Keach, on behalf of the Maine Public Utilities Commission and only with respect to the reservation of rights set forth in Section 1.5, as specified in such Section 1.5

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MAINE OFFICE OF THE PUBLIC ADVOCATE

By /s/ Richard Davies
Name: Richard Davies
Title: Public Advocate

FEB. 10, 2010

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Exhibit E

NHPUC Regulatory Settlement

Post Filing Regulatory Settlement - New Hampshire

1. Process Issues

- 1.1. The Staff Advocates of the New Hampshire Public Utilities Commission designated pursuant to RSA 363:32 (the "Staff Advocates") and FairPoint Communications, Inc. (together with its subsidiary Northern New England Telephone Operations LLC d/b/a FairPoint Communications - NNE, "FairPoint") (collectively, FairPoint and the Staff Advocates are "the Parties") will request that the New Hampshire Public Utilities Commission (the "Commission") approve this settlement with FairPoint, as discussed more fully below (the "Regulatory Settlement"). The Parties agree that the Regulatory Settlement will be implemented either under (i) FairPoint's Chapter 11 Reorganization Plan to be filed on February 8, 2010, as it may be subsequently amended (the "Plan") or (ii) a Bankruptcy Court approved settlement which is approved in connection with the Plan and which is incorporated into the order confirming such Plan ((i) or (ii) being referred to as the "Plan"), which will be filed by February 8, 2010, or such later date as may be necessary in FairPoint's good faith judgment, with the United States Bankruptcy Court, Southern District of New York (the "Bankruptcy Court"). The Parties agree further that the obligations set forth in this Regulatory Settlement shall be the only obligations sought by the Parties with respect to one another with respect to any change of control proceeding or with respect to the Plan, and that such obligations shall be binding on the Parties only once the terms of this Regulatory Settlement are approved by the Commission and upon the Effective Date of the Plan.
- 1.2. The Parties will request that the Commission issue all regulatory approvals that will be requested in connection with the Reorganization Plan, and that those approvals be granted by the Commission contemporaneously with (or in advance of) the Bankruptcy Court's Confirmation of the Reorganization Plan or such later date as may be agreed to by FairPoint and the Staff Advocates. Such approvals shall incorporate the terms of this Regulatory Settlement and will not include additional substantive new conditions. The requested approval will include, if applicable, approval for the change of control contemplated by the Plan, which change in control will occur upon the Effective Date of the Plan. In the event any material supplement or amendment to the Plan (an "Amendment") is filed with the Bankruptcy Court, then such Amendment shall be filed within one (1) business day thereafter electronically with the Commission with the necessary paper copies to be filed with the Commission within two (2) business days thereafter.
- 1.3. In furtherance of Commission approval of this Regulatory Settlement and any change in control, the Staff Advocates will file, within three (3) days of FairPoint's filing with the Commission of a complete application, a proposed procedural schedule for Commission consideration of this Regulatory Settlement and (if applicable) the request for approval of change of control. This procedural schedule shall propose that any transfer of control proceeding be concluded and be ripe for a Commission decision no later than 90 days from the date a complete application seeking approval of such transfer of control and this Regulatory Settlement is filed. The Staff Advocates shall provide a copy of the proposed

- procedural schedule to FairPoint in advance of filing and shall consult with FairPoint with respect to the final proposed procedural schedule.
- 1.4. Unless otherwise agreed to by the Parties, the terms of this Regulatory Settlement may be voided if the Commission has not issued a final order approving this Regulatory Settlement and, if applicable, the change of control within 120 calendar days from the date a complete application to change control is filed. The Parties shall use reasonable efforts to cooperate in the approval proceeding before the Commission, including in the preparation and timely filing of all required documents, exhibits, testimony and other supporting evidence. If the Commission has approved the Regulatory Settlement and change in control, subject to the Plan being subsequently confirmed, neither party may void the terms of the Regulatory Settlement or any approval of the change in control.
- 1.5. FairPoint or the Staff Advocates may withdraw from any proceeding seeking Commission approval of this Regulatory Settlement or change of control without prejudice if Commission approval has not been obtained within the time frame provided for in Section 1.4. The Parties agree that (i) FairPoint's commencing or participating in any proceeding before the Commission will not be used in any way as an argument against FairPoint in any proceeding before the Bankruptcy Court in which FairPoint would seek a ruling from the Bankruptcy Court that any such Commission approval or Commission proceeding is pre-empted by the Bankruptcy Code, and that (ii) the Staff Advocates and/or the Commission participating in any proceeding before the Bankruptcy Court, including seeking approval of this Regulatory Settlement or approval of the Plan, will not be used in any way as an argument against the Staff Advocates and/or the Commission in any other proceeding before the Bankruptcy Court, including that the Staff Advocates and/or the Commission submitted to the Bankruptcy Court's jurisdiction and/or that any action by the Staff Advocates and/or the Commission is pre-empted by the Bankruptcy Code. In the event of a withdrawal by FairPoint or the Staff Advocates from this Regulatory Settlement or any Commission proceeding seeking approval of this Regulatory Settlement, the Staff Advocates reserve the right to oppose the relief sought by FairPoint in any such Bankruptcy Court proceeding and FairPoint reserves the right to oppose the Commission's jurisdiction with respect to approval of this Regulatory Settlement or (if applicable) any change in control.
- 1.6. Because the settlement with FairPoint will be implemented through the Plan of Reorganization and the Commission's change of control order, the Parties will recommend that all pending dockets related to FairPoint be continued until either (i) a Party exercises its right to withdraw from the Regulatory Settlement or change in control proceedings in accordance with Paragraph 1.5 prior to Commission approval, or (ii) the Effective Date of the Plan.
- 2. Issues Related to New Hampshire Merger Conditions. FairPoint will meet the broadband build out requirements, the capital investment requirements, and the SQI service quality program requirements of the 2008 Order and the 2008 Settlement Agreement (as the order and agreement are defined in footnote 1), with the following modifications as set forth below:
 - 2.1. SQI Penalties for the 2009 year will be deferred until December 31, 2010. For the avoidance of doubt, the Parties agree that FairPoint has accrued \$6,000,000 in SQI Plan penalties for

FairPoint's fiscal year ended December 31, 2009. If FairPoint meets the service quality objectives for each performance area specified in Attachment 1 and as averaged over 12 calendar months ending on December 31, 2010, then SQI Plan penalties for 2009 will be waived. If FairPoint meets the service objectives for some but not all of these performance areas as specified above, 2009 SQI Plan penalties will be reduced by 20 percent for each performance area specified in Attachment 1 for which FairPoint achieves the service objective averaged over 12 calendar months ending on December 31, 2010.

- 2.2. FairPoint shall adhere to all SQI metrics during the 2010 year and all subsequent years, and FairPoint shall pay any SQI penalties which may become due and payable related to FairPoint's failure to meet such metrics during 2010 and all subsequent years.
- 2.3. The FairPoint Quality of Service Commitment in Exhibit 3 attached to the 2008 Settlement Agreement¹ will be amended as follows: (a) reference to DSL will be removed from Section 3.2; and (b) Section 4 will be clarified so that the New Hampshire penalty structure will be calculated as it is in Maine, using the percentage "not met" formulation. For purposes of clarity, identical service quality performance in New Hampshire and Maine will accrue equivalent penalties for each corresponding period. Notwithstanding anything in this Section 3.3 to the contrary, the Parties agree that FairPoint's total annual financial exposure to Service Quality penalties as set forth within the 2008 Settlement Agreement shall not exceed \$12.5 million per year. At the end of the five (5) year basic exchange retail rate stay-out period (as set forth within Section 8.1 of the 2008 Settlement Agreement), FairPoint shall be entitled to petition the Commission for a reduction in Service Quality penalties and revisions to the Service Quality standards.
- 2.4. FairPoint's pricing obligations relating to stand-alone DSL services will terminate on April 1, 2011, but FairPoint will continue to provide stand-alone DSL service and FairPoint will continue to adhere to Verizon's "for life" service offerings made as of March 31, 2008.
- 2.5.1. Broadband build out commitments scheduled for April 1, 2010, will be retargeted for December 31, 2010. FairPoint hereby confirms its commitment to spending on broadband build out a total of at least \$56.4 million, and estimates an additional \$10.5 million is necessary to achieve 95% availability.
- 2.5.2 FairPoint will adhere to the broadband coverage percentages and the minimum capital commitment (\$285.4 million) resulting from the 2008 Order, provided that all capital expenditures for New Hampshire, measured in accordance with United States Generally Accepted Accounting Principles and consistent with capital expenditures reflected in FairPoint's audited financial statements, are counted towards the minimum capital commitment of \$285.4 million to be spent by March 31, 2013.
- 2.5.3 FairPoint may count, and therefore reduce, its other expenditure commitment of \$65M ("OEC") by (1) amounts of up to \$10.5 million to the extent such amounts exceed \$56.4 million to achieve 95% broadband availability and are actually expended; and (2) \$4.5 million of capital expenditures already expended in excess of amounts estimated to develop the next

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¹ See Settlement Agreement filed with the Commission January 23, 2008 (the "2008 Settlement Agreement"), incorporated by reference and approved by Order Approving Settlement Agreement With Conditions, Order No. 24,823, dated February 25, 2008, as subsequently amended (the "2008 Order").

generation network. For the avoidance of doubt, and subject to verification through a reconciliation of FairPoint's NH 2009 capital expenditures to the consolidated capital expenditures in its 2009 audited financial statements, aggregate capital expenditures of \$157.6 million have been spent by FairPoint through December 31, 2009, against the minimum capital commitment of \$285.4 million.

- 2.5.4. \$10 million of the OEC shall be reallocated to and spent on recurring maintenance capital expenditures on or before March 31, 2013, resulting in a dollar for dollar reduction to the OEC and an increase in the minimum capital commitment to \$295.4 million.
- 2.5.5 FairPoint shall have from April 1, 2010 to March 31, 2015 to meet the remaining balance of the OEC (e.g. \$40 million if the full \$10.5 million referred to in Paragraph 2.5.3 is spent), which shall be spent on "network enhancing activities" identified in Attachment 2, which include but are not limited to the physical extension of network facilities or coverage, changes to existing network facilities to improve quality of service (e.g., increase redundancy, reduce latency), and any network enhancements related to the development and launch of new products and services. All capital expenditures associated with such network enhancing activities shall count toward the remaining balance of the OEC set forth in the provisions of Section 2 hereof. In addition, for those network enhancing activities set forth in Attachment 2 to this Regulatory Settlement involving Video or IPTV deployment, FairPoint may count toward the remaining balance of the OEC all capital expenditures incurred plus operating costs, consistent with FASB Statement No. 51, for customer premise equipment, installation labor at customer premises, and IT development solely incurred in connection with a video product.
- 2.6 FairPoint will have the option to resell terrestrial (non-satellite) based service providers' broadband service offerings in order to fulfill FairPoint's broadband build out and/or service requirements with respect to the last eight percent (8%) of FairPoint's broadband availability requirements as contained within the 2008 Settlement Agreement, provided that the services meet or exceed all requirements of the 2008 Order, and the resold services are purchased through and serviced by FairPoint.
- 2.7 If broadband milestone penalties are due and owing in excess of \$500,000, the penalties shall be retained by FairPoint and, subject to the approval of the Commission for a particular project(s), FairPoint shall, within three years of the date of the penalty, invest or expend those penalty amounts in FairPoint's network, such to be in addition to any otherwise required capital expenditures; provided, however, that the first \$500,000 of such penalties (in the aggregate, and not annually) shall be paid to the New Hampshire Telecommunications Planning and Development Fund in accordance with paragraph 3.9 of the 2008 Settlement Agreement and the 2008 Order.

3. Financial Conditions

3.1 The Financial Conditions set forth in Section 2 of the 2008 Settlement Agreement have been replaced by the terms of this Regulatory Settlement, satisfied, or have been otherwise rendered moot due to the deleveraging achieved through the Chapter 11 process.

4. Miscellaneous Matters

- 4.1. FairPoint agrees to continue its search for a Chief Information Officer with a goal of having a Chief Information Officer in place by June 30, 2010.
- 4.2. The Plan shall provide for the appointment of a new Board of Directors for reorganized FairPoint consisting of a supermajority of newly appointed independent directors. The Plan shall further provide that the new Board of Directors will appoint a "regulatory subcommittee" (the "Regulatory Sub-Committee") which shall be charged with monitoring compliance with the 2008 Order, as modified by this Regulatory Settlement, and all other regulatory matters involving the States of Vermont, New Hampshire and Maine. Either the Lead Director or the Independent Chair of the Board of Directors, at the Company's option, shall be available to voluntarily speak or meet with the Staff or the Commission where appropriate and lawful.
- 4.3. Subject to Bankruptcy Court approval, during and solely in furtherance of the process of negotiating the terms of this Regulatory Settlement and any proceedings to obtain approval thereof, and no less frequently than monthly through and ending on the ninety-first (91st) day after the Effective Date of the Plan, FairPoint shall reimburse the State of New Hampshire for all of its actual reasonable out-of-pocket expenses and costs in connection with FairPoint's chapter 11 case and post-petition regulatory proceedings, including without limitation, the reasonable fees and expenses of all professionals, including legal and financial advisors retained by the State in connection with the chapter 11 cases, plus any other direct costs reimbursable by FairPoint under applicable New Hampshire law. In addition, the State's prepetition out-of-pocket costs, fees, and expenses, up to \$50,000, shall be deemed allowed under the terms of the Plan and, as part of this Regulatory Settlement, shall be paid in full on the Effective Date of the Plan. For the purpose of clarity, any request made within the time set forth herein shall be deemed timely notwithstanding that Bankruptcy Court approval may require additional time.
- 4.4. At least one member of the revised FairPoint Board of Directors will reside in a northern New England state. In addition, FairPoint will maintain a state president who shall provide a senior regulatory presence in New Hampshire able to reasonably respond to various future FairPoint based Commission dockets or regulatory issues relating to telecommunications..
- 4.5. FairPoint shall not agree to or accept any term in a proposed settlement with the Maine Public Utilities Commission, the Maine Office of Public Advocate, the Vermont Department of Public Service or the Vermont Public Service Board pertaining to the Plan or, if applicable, to any related approval for a change in control without offering the same term to the Staff Advocates and/or the Commission in connection with the Regulatory Settlement, a change in control, or the approval of either by the Commission. FairPoint only shall be required to offer such term(s) to the Staff Advocates or the Commission in the event that such term(s) represent a material difference in the benefits of this Regulatory Settlement, on one hand, and the regulatory settlement effectuated in the jurisdiction of Vermont or Maine (as the case may be), on the other hand, considering each such Regulatory Settlement in the aggregate.

- 4.6. Any management bonuses shall be based on a combination of EBITDAR (EBITDA plus restructuring costs) and service quality metrics goals, and the weighting for each of these categories shall be computed and clearly stated for the incentive and bonus plans for each individual and for the company in total. It is the Staff Advocates' expectation that compliance with service quality metrics shall be afforded significant consideration in the weighting of those categories.
- 4.7. The Parties agree to support this Regulatory Settlement and the application for a change of control and not take any action in any case or proceeding involving FairPoint that would breach or violate the terms set forth in this Regulatory Settlement for so long as this Regulatory Settlement is in force.
- 4.8. For a period of two (2) years following the Effective Date of the Plan, FairPoint shall not pay any dividends during any period of time while FairPoint is in breach of any of the material terms of this Regulatory Settlement, but such dividend restriction shall apply only for so long as FairPoint has not cured any such material breach(es). For the avoidance of doubt and for example purposes only, in the event FairPoint fails to achieve the material requirements of the SQI Plan metrics or broadband availability requirements as set forth in this Regulatory Settlement and FairPoint pays any penalty related to such failure when due, FairPoint shall be deemed to be in compliance with this Regulatory Settlement.
- 4.9. As of the date hereof, FairPoint represents that it intends for the "New Term Loan Agreement" and the "New Revolving Facility" (collectively with all related loan documents, the "New Credit Agreements") to contain substantially the same material terms and conditions as contained in the Plan Support Agreement on file with the Bankruptcy Court as of October 26, 2009. Copies of the New Credit Agreements will be filed with the Bankruptcy Court as part of the Plan Supplement and the Commission pursuant to Section 1.2 hereof. The New Credit Agreements will provide that Northern New England Telephone Operations LLC (or its successors or assigns, if any) shall not guarantee or otherwise be liable for, nor shall any of its assets be mortgaged or pledged (excluding only the membership interests of Telephone Operating Company of Vermont LLC) to secure, the obligations of FairPoint thereunder.

This Regulatory Settlement has been duly executed as of this 5th day of February 2010.

FAIRPOINT COMMUNICATIONS, INC. & NORTHERN NEW ENGLAND TELEPHONE OPERATIONS LLC

By: /s/ Peter G. Nixon

Name: Peter G. Nixon

Title: President

NEW HAMPSHIRE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
STAFF ADVOCATES

By: /s/ Kathryn M. Bailey

for Name: F. Anne Ross, Esq.

Title: General Counsel & Staff Advocate

Attachment 1: Key Service Quality Metrics Measured in 2010 for Purposes of Waiving 2009 SQI Penalties

SQI Metric	2010 Benchmark
% Installation Appointments Met	90%
% Installation Service Orders Met within 30 days	95%
Customer Trouble Reports Rate per 100 lines-Network	1.12
% OOS Troubles Cleared in 24 hours (excluding Sunday)	87%
% Repair Commitments Met	89%

Attachment 2

Authorized Network Enhancing Activities

Expansion of fiber to the premises network
Fiber deployment and expansion of capacity
Softswitch deployment
New products and services for:
Video/IPTV
VoIP
Carrier Ethernet Services

Other investments presented to the Staff and approved by the Commission as appropriate

Memorandum of Understanding between FairPoint and the New Hampshire Office of the Consumer Advocate

This Agreement is entered into by and between FairPoint Communications, Inc. (together with its subsidiary Northern New England Telephone Operations LLC d/b/a FairPoint Communications - NNE, "FairPoint") and the New Hampshire Office of the Consumer Advocate ("OCA").

WHEREAS, on February 5, 2010, the Staff Advocates of the New Hampshire Public Utilities Commission designated pursuant to RSA 363:32 (the "Staff Advocates") and FairPoint entered into a Regulatory Settlement that will be filed with the New Hampshire Public Utilities Commission (the "Commission").

WHEREAS, pursuant to RSA 363:28, the OCA has the right to appear, and take positions on behalf of residential ratepayers, before the Commission.

WHEREAS, the OCA has reviewed the Regulatory Settlement.

WHEREAS, in consideration of the commitments made by FairPoint in the Regulatory Settlement, the New Hampshire Office of the Consumer Advocate will not oppose the Regulatory Settlement and will not advocate that third parties oppose the Regulatory Settlement or the relief requested from the Commission pursuant to the terms of the Settlement.

This Agreement has been duly executed as of this 5th day of February 2010.

FAIRPOINT COMMUNICATIONS, INC. & NORTHERN NEW ENGLAND TELEPHONE OPERATIONS LLC

By: /s/ Peter G. Nixon

Name: Peter G. Nixon

Title: President

NEW HAMPSHIRE OFFICE OF THE CONSUMER ADVOCATE

By: /s/ Meredith A. Hatfield

Name: Meredith A. Hatfield, Esq.

Title: Consumer Advocate

Exhibit F

VDPS Regulatory Settlement

Post Filing Regulatory Settlement - Vermont

1. Process Issues:

- 1.1. The Department of Public Service ("DPS") will use reasonably practicable efforts to request that the Public Service Board (the "Board") approve this settlement with FairPoint Communications, Inc. and its subsidiary, Telephone Operating Company of Vermont LLC (collectively, "FairPoint"), as discussed more fully below (the "Regulatory Settlement"). FairPoint and DPS (together, "the Parties") agree that the Regulatory Settlement will be implemented either through (i) FairPoint's Chapter 11 Reorganization Plan or (ii) a Bankruptcy Court approved settlement which is approved by and as part of the Reorganization Plan confirmation process and pursuant to the order confirming such plan ((i) or (ii) being referred to as the "Plan"), which will be filed by February 8, 2010, or such later date as may be necessary in FairPoint's good faith judgment, with the United States Bankruptcy Court, Southern District of New York (the "Bankruptcy Court"). Subject to Section 1.2, the Parties agree further that the obligations set forth in this Regulatory Settlement shall be the only obligations sought by the Parties with respect to one another with respect to any change of control proceeding and that such obligations shall be binding on the Parties only once the terms of this Regulatory Settlement are approved by the Board and upon the Effective date of the Plan.
- 1.2. All regulatory approvals by the Board that will be requested in connection with the Reorganization Plan will be granted, if at all, by the Board contemporaneously with (or in advance of) the Bankruptcy Court's Confirmation of the Reorganization Plan or such later date as may be agreed to by the Parties. Such approvals, if granted, shall incorporate the terms of this Regulatory Settlement and will not include additional substantive new conditions (subject to the last two sentences of this Section 1.2). The requested approval will include, if applicable, approval for the change of control contemplated by the Plan and which will occur upon the Effective Date of the Plan. In connection with such approvals, FairPoint agrees to file testimony with the Board as to its service quality remediation efforts. The Parties reserve the right to

- address before the Board matters relating to FairPoint's testimony regarding service quality remediation, including whether plans for further remediation are appropriate.
- 1.3. In furtherance of Board approval of this Regulatory Settlement, the Parties will file a proposed procedural schedule for Board approval. This procedural schedule shall propose that any transfer of control proceeding be concluded and be ripe for a Board decision no later than 90 days from the date an application seeking approval of such transfer of control is filed.
- 1.4. The terms of this Regulatory Settlement shall be voidable if the Board has not issued a final order approving, if applicable, the change of control within 120 calendar days from the date an application to change control is filed unless otherwise agreed to by the Parties. The Parties shall use reasonably practicable efforts to cooperate in the approval proceeding before the Board, including in the preparation and timely filing of all required documents, exhibits, testimony and other supporting evidence. In the event any material supplement or amendment to the Plan (an "Amendment") is filed with the Bankruptcy Court, then such Amendment shall be simultaneously filed within one (1) business day thereafter electronically with the Board, with the necessary paper copies to be filed with the Board within two (2) business days thereafter.
- 1.5. Either of the Parties may withdraw from any proceeding seeking Board approval of this Regulatory Settlement or change of control without prejudice if Board approval has not been obtained within the time frame provided for in Section 1.4. The Parties expressly agree that (i) FairPoint's commencing or participating in any proceeding before the Board will not be used in any way as an argument against FairPoint in any subsequent proceeding before the Bankruptcy Court in which FairPoint would seek a ruling from the Bankruptcy Court that any such Board approval or Board proceeding is pre-empted by the Bankruptcy Code, and that (ii) DPS participation in any proceeding before the Bankruptcy Court, including seeking approval of this Regulatory Settlement or approval of the Plan, will not be used in any way as an argument against DPS or the State of Vermont in any subsequent proceeding before the Bankruptcy Court or that DPS submitted to the Bankruptcy Court's jurisdiction and that any action by DPS, the Board or the State of Vermont is pre-empted by the Bankruptcy Code. In the event of a withdrawal by FairPoint or the DPS from this Regulatory Settlement or any Board proceeding seeking approval of this Regulatory Settlement, the DPS reserves its right to oppose the relief sought by FairPoint in any such Bankruptcy Court proceeding and FairPoint reserves the right to

oppose the Board's jurisdiction with respect to approval of this Regulatory Settlement or a change in control.

- 1.6. Because the settlement with FairPoint will be implemented through the Plan of Reorganization and the Board's change of control order, the Parties will recommend that all pending dockets related to FairPoint be continued until either (i) a party exercises its right to withdraw from the Regulatory Settlement or change in control proceeding in accordance with Section 1.5 prior to Board approval, or (ii) the Effective Date of the Plan; provided however that all post-petition payments due under the PAP shall be brought up to date, and going forward, made on a timely basis.
- 2. Issues Related to Vermont Merger Conditions. FairPoint will meet the broadband build out requirements, the capital investment requirements, and the SQRP service quality program requirements of the 2008 Merger Order and/or the 2008 Settlement Agreement (as each term is defined in footnote 1¹), with the following modifications as set forth below:
 - 2.1. SQRP penalties for the 2008 and 2009 year will be deferred until December 31, 2010. If FairPoint meets the service objectives for each performance area included in Attachment 1, averaged over 12 calendar months ending on December 31, 2010, then SQRP penalties for the 2008 and 2009 years will be waived. If FairPoint fails to meet the baseline for the performance areas included in Attachment 1 hereto, the 2008 and 2009 SQRP penalties will be affected as follows: for each performance area for which FairPoint achieves the service objective averaged over 12 calendar months ending on December 31, 2010, the 2008 and 2009 penalties will be reduced by 10%. FairPoint shall adhere to all SQRP performance areas during the 2010 year and shall pay any SQRP penalties which may become due and payable related to FairPoint's failure to meet performance areas during 2010.
 - 2.2. The DPS will request that the Board allow it to withdraw its petition and recommend to the Board that the revocation or modification of the CPG in Vermont, Docket 7540, be withdrawn and closed; provided, however, that Reorganized FairPoint shall comply with the terms of this

¹ "2008 Merger Order" means and refers to the February 15, 2008 ORDER RE: MODIFIED PROPOSAL IN Docket number 7270. "2008 Settlement Agreement" means and refers to that certain Stipulation Among FairPoint, Verizon New England Inc. and the DPS, dated January 8, 2008.

Regulatory Settlement and shall otherwise comply with all applicable Vermont state laws and regulations.

- 2.3. The broadband milestone penalties contained in the 2008 Merger Order, if any, will not be enforced prior to June 30, 2011, provided that (a) FairPoint files with the Board, DPS and/or any other appropriate regulatory body: (i) a broadband permitting and construction plan by May 1, 2010; and (ii) all necessary permit applications prior to October 1, 2010; and (b) undertakes all commercially practicable efforts to implement the plan. The broadband permitting and construction plan shall at a minimum identify tower sites and set a schedule for permitting and construction. The broadband permitting and construction plan shall also identify planned broadband service areas not dependent on tower construction. FairPoint shall share search ring and structure requirements upon request with tower owners and developers and solicit bona fide offers to provide suitable tower collocations or development on commercially reasonable terms within the timeframe required to meet its requirements under this Regulatory Settlement. For every 30-day delay, or portion thereof, in the issuance of tower permits timely filed by October 1, 2010, with a complete application and pursued with commercially reasonable efforts by FairPoint or a tower developer under contract with FairPoint, but not issued prior to January 1, 2011, FairPoint will be allowed a 30-day delay in build out of that site.
- 2.4. For those exchanges in which FairPoint had committed to make broadband available to 100% of the access lines pursuant to the 2008 Merger Order, FairPoint will build out to 95% of those lines within the timeframe indicated in Section 2.3 above; and, with respect to the remaining 5% of lines within those exchanges, FairPoint will deploy broadband to any requesting customer using an extended service interval of 90 days from the date of receipt of an order from that customer, provided such order is made no sooner than June 30, 2011. Should FairPoint fail to meet the 90 day extended service interval for any such customer, FairPoint shall waive one month of service charges for each 30 days (or fraction thereof) beyond the 90 day interval. FairPoint agrees to use commercially reasonable efforts to notify customers in the affected exchanges not served by the 95% coverage requirement of such service availability, including providing written notice by June 30, 2011, to those customers. Such notice shall include information about how to request broadband service from FairPoint and explain the extended service interval. FairPoint shall file with the DPS by June 30, 2011, an

electronic listing of FairPoint customer addresses in Vermont which do not yet have FairPoint broadband service available within a normal service interval.

- 2.5. FairPoint will request that a docket be opened by the Board to authorize FairPoint to invest Federal High Cost Universal Service funds (estimated to be \$7,000,000 in 2009) for three consecutive years to upgrade local loop plant and infrastructure (including facilities between central offices and remote terminals) through projects which may reasonably be expected to improve network reliability and service quality. FairPoint may expend these funds in those exchanges which have been identified for 100% broadband availability and, to the extent permitted under the FCC rules, invest in network infrastructure which would also support build-out of the remaining 5% broadband availability. FairPoint will review its request with the DPS prior to filing it with the Board to seek input and support, which will not unreasonably be withheld. Twelve months subsequent to Board approval of such a request made pursuant to this section or June 30, 2011, whichever is later, the extended service interval described in Section 2.4 above shall no longer be applicable and FairPoint shall provide broadband within a normal service interval to any customer within the exchanges in which it has committed that it will make broadband available to 100% of the access lines pursuant to the 2008 Merger Order.
- 2.6. FairPoint will have the option to resell terrestrial (non-satellite) based service providers' broadband service offerings in order to fulfill FairPoint's broadband build out and/or service requirements as contained within the 2008 Merger Order², provided that the services meet or exceed all requirements of the 2008 Merger Order, as modified herein, and the resold services are purchased through and serviced by FairPoint.
- 2.7. Nothing in this Regulatory Settlement shall prevent FairPoint from proposing to the DPS or the Board modifications to the broadband build out commitment provided for herein that meet the objectives of the 2008 Merger Order broadband commitments, as modified herein, while reducing FairPoint's expenditures. The DPS shall consider such proposals and nothing in this Regulatory Settlement shall prevent the DPS from making any recommendation regarding whether or not, in its sole but reasonable discretion, permitting such modifications promote the general good of the State of Vermont.

² See February 15, 2008 ORDER RE: MODIFIED PROPOSAL IN Docket Number 7270.

- 2.8. If broadband milestone penalties are due and owing, then they shall be deposited into an escrow account, with FairPoint and the DPS each receiving copies of the monthly statements from the escrow agent, and shall be used to reimburse FairPoint for costs incurred by FairPoint for additional network projects completed within 18 months of the date of the penalty. Such additional network projects shall be subject to the approval of the DPS without regard to their revenue-generating potential for FairPoint and shall consist of increases in broadband speeds, the closure of additional gaps in broadband availability, or some combination thereof.
- 3. The financial conditions set forth below from the 2008 Merger Order have been replaced by the terms of this Regulatory Settlement, satisfied, or otherwise rendered moot due to the deleveraging achieved through the Chapter 11 process:
 - 3.1.Requirement to pay the higher of \$45,000,000 annually, or 90% of annual Free Cash Flow toward permanent reduction of the Term Loans.
 - 3.2.Requirement for FairPoint to reduce debt by \$150 million by December 31, 2012, based on Leverage Ratio.
 - 3.3.Limitation on payment of dividends based on Leverage and Interest Coverage Ratios.
 - 3.4. Requirement to repay outstanding borrowings ahead of dividends based on Leverage and Interest Coverage Ratios.

4. Miscellaneous Matters

- 4.1. FairPoint agrees to continue its search for a Chief Information Officer with a goal of having a Chief Information Officer in place by June 30, 2010.
- 4.2. The Plan shall provide for the appointment of a new Board of Directors for reorganized FairPoint consisting of a supermajority of newly appointed independent directors. The Plan shall further provide that the new Board of Directors will appoint a "regulatory sub-committee" (the "Regulatory Sub-Committee") which shall be charged with monitoring compliance with the 2008 Merger Order, as modified by this Regulatory Settlement, and all other regulatory matters involving the States of Vermont, New Hampshire and Maine. Either the Lead Director or the Independent Chair of the Board of Directors, at the Company's option, shall be available to voluntarily speak or meet with the DPS at a mutually convenient time.

- 4.3. Subject to Bankruptcy Court approval, during and solely in furtherance of the process of negotiating the terms of this Regulatory Settlement and any proceedings to obtain approval thereof, and no less frequently than monthly through and ending on the ninety-first (91st) day after the Effective Date of the Plan, FairPoint shall reimburse the DPS and the Board for all of its actual reasonable post-petition out-of-pocket expenses and costs in connection with FairPoint's chapter 11 case, including without limitation, the reasonable fees and expenses of all professionals, including legal and financial advisors retained by the DPS and the Board in connection with the chapter 11 cases, plus any other direct costs reimbursable by FairPoint. In addition, the DPS and Board's pre-petition out-of-pocket costs, fees and expenses up to \$144,000.00, shall be deemed allowed under the terms of the Plan, and, as part of this Regulatory Settlement, shall be paid in full on the Effective Date of the Plan.
- 4.4. At least one board member of the revised FairPoint board will reside in a northern New England state. In addition, FairPoint will maintain a state president who shall provide a senior regulatory presence in Vermont able to reasonably respond to various future FairPoint based dockets or regulatory issues relating to telecommunications.
- 4.5. FairPoint shall not agree to or accept any term in a proposed settlement with the Maine Public Utilities Commission, the Maine Office of Public Advocate, the New Hampshire Consumer Advocate or the New Hampshire Public Utilities Commission pertaining to the Plan or, if applicable, to any related approval for a change in control without offering the same term to the DPS and/or Board in connection with the Regulatory Settlement, a change in control, or the approval of either by the Board. FairPoint only shall be required to offer such term(s) to the DPS or the Board in the event that such term(s) represent a material difference in the benefits of this Regulatory Settlement, on one hand, and the regulatory settlement effectuated in the jurisdiction of New Hampshire or Maine (as the case may be), on the other hand, considering each such Regulatory Settlement in the aggregate.
- 4.6. Any management bonuses shall be based on a combination of EBITDAR (EBITDA plus restructuring costs) and service metrics goals and the weighting for each of these categories shall be computed and clearly stated for the incentive and bonus plans for each individual and for the company in total.
- 4.7. For a period of two (2) years following the Effective Date of the Plan, FairPoint shall not pay dividends during any period of time while FairPoint is in material breach of this Regulatory Settlement, but such dividend restriction shall apply only for so long as FairPoint has not cured

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said material breach. For the avoidance of doubt and for example purposes only, in the event FairPoint fails to achieve the material requirements of the SQRP metrics or broadband availability requirements as set forth in this Regulatory Settlement and FairPoint pays any penalty related to such failure when due, FairPoint shall be deemed to be in compliance with this Regulatory Settlement.

- 4.8. The signatories agree to support this Regulatory Settlement and the application for a change in control and not take any action in any case or proceeding involving FairPoint that would breach or violate the terms set forth in this Regulatory Settlement for so long as this Regulatory Settlement is in force or until the regulatory approvals set forth in Section 1.2 are received.
- 4.9. It is a condition precedent to the Regulatory Settlement that the DPS shall receive and find acceptable, in its sole but reasonable discretion, the business plan including financial information, projections and planning assumptions demonstrating Reorganized FairPoint's ability to meet its obligations under this Regulatory Settlement and its feasibility to operate as a going concern over the long term in a manner consistent with Vermont utility regulation. The DPS must exercise its rights under this section within 60 days of the date of the final execution of the Regulatory Settlement.

This Regulatory Settlement has been duly executed as of this 5th day of February 2010.

FAIRPOINT COMMUNICATIONS, INC. & Telephone Operating Company of Vermont LLC

By: /s/ Peter G. Nixon

Name: Peter G. Nixon.

Title: President

Vermont Department of Public Service

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By:	/s/ David O'Brien

Name: David O'Brien

Title: Commissioner

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Attachment 1

- 1. Network Trouble Report Rate
- 2. % Residence Troubles Not Cleared in 24 Hours
- 3. % Business Troubles Not Cleared in 24 Hours
- 4. % Calls Not Answered in 20 Seconds, Residence
- 5. % Calls Not Answered in 20 Seconds, Business
- 6. Repair Centers Busy Rate
- 7. Repair Centers % Calls Not Answered in 20 Seconds
- 8. % Installation Appointments Not Met Company Reasons
- 9. Installation Orders Held Residence & Business Miss Install Rate
- 10. Installation Orders Held Residence & Business Average Delay Days

Exhibit G

Officer List

Officer List

Alfred C. Giammarino

Brian M. Lippold

D. Brett Ellis

David L. Hauser

Gary C. Garvey

James K. Weigert

Jeffrey W. Allen

Lisa R. Hood

Peter G. Nixon

Rose B. Cummings

Shirley J. Linn

Susan L. Sowell

Thomas E. Griffin

Vicky L. Weatherwax

Exhibit B Projections

PROJECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FAIRPOINT COMMUNICATIONS, INC.

This section provides summary information concerning projections for the calendar years 2010 through 2013 (the "<u>Projections</u>"). In connection with the planning and development of the Plan, the Projections were prepared by FairPoint to present the anticipated impact of the Plan. The Projections assume that the Plan will be implemented in accordance with its stated terms. FairPoint is unaware of any circumstances as of the date of the Disclosure Statement that would require the re-forecasting of the Projections due to a material change in FairPoint's prospects. Capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein have the meanings ascribed to such terms in either the Disclosure Statement or the Plan.

The Projections were not prepared with a view toward compliance with the guidelines established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants or the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Projections are based on a number of assumptions made by management with respect to the future performance of Reorganized FairPoint's operations. Although management has prepared the Projections in good faith and believes the assumptions to be reasonable, it is important to note that FairPoint can provide no assurance that such assumptions will be realized. As described in detail in the Disclosure Statement, a variety of risk factors could affect Reorganized FairPoint's future financial position and results of operations and must be considered.

The Projections should be read in conjunction with the assumptions, qualifications and explanations set forth in the Disclosure Statement and the Plan in their entirety, and the historical consolidated financial statements (including the notes thereto) and other financial information set forth in FairPoint Communications' Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008, FairPoint Communications' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2009 and any other recent FairPoint Communications report to the Securities and Exchange Commission. These filings are available by visiting the Securities and Exchange Commission's website at www.sec.gov or FairPoint's website at www.fairpoint.com.

Key Assumptions

A. General

- 1. *Methodology*: The Projections incorporate management's assumptions and initiatives, including the impact of new products and services, projected customer trends and cost savings initiatives.
- 2. *Plan Consummation*: The operating assumptions assume that the Plan will be confirmed and consummated on June 30, 2010. Although FairPoint would seek to cause the Effective Date to occur as soon as practicable, there can be no assurance as to when, or whether, the Effective Date will actually occur.
- 3. *General Market Conditions*: The Projections take into account the current market environment in which FairPoint operates and assume a general improvement in macroeconomic trends beginning in 2010.

4. *Presentation*: The Projections have been prepared by management and have not been reviewed or audited by an outside accounting firm. No assumption has been made with respect to fresh start accounting.

B. Projected Consolidated Statement Of Operations

1. *Total Revenue*: Projected revenues are the aggregation of revenues from FairPoint's primary lines of business—local and long distance voice, network access and data services. a. Local and Long Distance Voice: Local and long distance voice revenues are driven by residential retail, business retail and wholesale customers. Revenue projections are derived by multiplying forecasted voice subscribers by an average revenue per unit ("ARPU"). Consistent with industry trends, FairPoint assumes that it will continue to lose local and long distance voice customers to wireless substitution, wireline competition from competitive local exchange carriers and cable operators, and as dial-up customers replace their service with DSL technology which does not require a second line. FairPoint assumes that the trend for voice ARPUs will remain relatively flat or slightly decline throughout the projection period. b. *Network Access*: Network access revenues are comprised of interstate switched and special access, intrastate switched and special access and universal service fund receipts. Both interstate and intrastate switched access revenues are assumed to continue to decline, consistent with industry trends, as switched access minutes of use traveling across the network decline and rates per minute decrease. Special access revenues, comprised mostly of special circuits like DS3s and OCNs, are projected to increase substantially throughout the projection period. Following the acquisition and integration of the NNE Operations, FairPoint believes there is considerable opportunity for growth in special circuit revenues as the business market—the primary purchaser of special circuits—was largely underserved by Verizon. To capitalize on this opportunity, FairPoint is investing in a next generation network upon which FairPoint will offer a new suite of internet protocol services to the business market. Accordingly, FairPoint has added a substantial sales force in the three state territory to service this customer base, whereas Verizon maintained virtually no direct sales personnel in the region. Finally, universal service fund receipts have become a smaller portion of the overall revenue base following the acquisition from Verizon. Since Verizon is a regional bell operating company, the NNE Operations received relatively little USF funding, which did not change following their acquisition by FairPoint. c. Data Services: Broadband service is a key element of FairPoint's long-term growth strategy. FairPoint's pre-merger legacy operations boast one of the highest broadband availability and product penetration rates among independent local exchange carriers in the country. The NNE Operations were significantly underserved prior to their acquisition by FairPoint. As part of FairPoint's acquisition business plan, FairPoint planned to invest in a next generation data network to expand broadband availability throughout Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont. The core portion of this network is now complete and FairPoint is ramping up sales and marketing efforts to begin adding subscribers. The forecast assumes considerable growth in data

- subscribers and flat ARPUs over the forecast period, with a general goal to reach current "legacy" FairPoint penetration levels by 2013.
- 2. Total Expenses (excluding Depreciation and Amortization): Expenses include cost of goods sold and operating expenses.
 - a. Cost of Goods Sold ("COGS"): FairPoint considers all wholly-variable, third-party costs to provide service across its product lines as COGS. COGS primarily includes access charges paid to other telcos and long distance carriers for voice traffic and third-party ISP service costs for data customers. Because the majority of FairPoint's revenues come through voice services and most calls travel on-network, the gross margin on revenues is relatively high. COGS are assumed to increase over the projection period, primarily as a result of the anticipated launch of new products that have lower gross margins.
 - Operating Expenses: FairPoint considers all other costs to be operating b. expenses. Roughly one half of operating expenses are employee related. Other major operating expense categories include operating taxes, contracted services, network and IT operations, marketing expenses, bad debt expense, building related expense for leases and maintenance, motor vehicle expense, billing expense and other. The forecast assumes a considerable drop in operating expense from 2010 to 2011. All integration and Cutover related costs are expected to be eliminated by 2010. In addition, 2010 includes significant expenses related to FairPoint's restructuring activities. Finally, 2010 includes the initial benefit of certain cost savings initiatives expected to occur throughout 2010, with a full year's benefit being realized beginning in 2011. The Projections then assume flat to slightly increasing operating expenses for the remainder of the projection period consistent with modest inflation, offset by continued cost controls and expected productivity enhancements.
- 3. Depreciation and Amortization: Depreciation and amortization is comprised primarily of depreciation expense for property, plant and equipment and the amortization of certain intangible assets generated as a result of the acquisition of the NNE Operations from Verizon. Depreciation and amortization is forecast consistent with current accounting policies and expected useful lives.
- 4. *Interest Income*: Interest income reflects the interest earned on the projected cash balance throughout the projection period.
- 5. *Dividend Income*: FairPoint has investments, including those in which it is a minority owner, which pay dividends. Future dividends were forecast based upon recent historical trends.
- 6. *Other Non-operating Income/(Expense)*: Prior to the assumed Effective Date in 2010, other non-operating income/(expense) consists primarily of the

- amortization of debt issuance discount associated with the current capital structure.
- 7. *Gain/(Loss) on Debt*: For 2010, the gain/(loss) on debt includes gains on current interest rate swap agreements, projected through the assumed Effective Date, and a preliminary estimate on the gain on extinguishment of debt due to the reorganization, which is subject to revision.
- 8. *Stock Based Compensation*: No assumption for stock based compensation has been made.
- 9. *Interest Expense*: Interest expense is based upon projected debt levels and applicable interest rates, as outlined in *Section III* ("*Prepetition Obligations and Capital Structure*") of the Disclosure Statement.
- 10. *Income Tax Expense/(Benefit)*: The Projections reflect the book income tax impact of the preliminary estimate for the gain on cancellation of debt due to the reorganization in 2010 and the expectation of minimal pre-tax book income in 2011 and beyond. Due to various temporary book-tax differences, and because FairPoint's net operating loss carry-forward asset is expected to decrease substantially due to the reorganization, cash taxes are expected to exceed book taxes beginning in 2011.

C. Projected Consolidated Balance Sheet

- 1. *Cash*: The cash balance projection is forecast using the cash flow statement.
- 2. Accounts Receivable: Accounts receivable is assumed to remain relatively flat over the forecast period. Collections are expected to improve from current levels, as 2009 activities have been impacted by the recent systems conversion following the acquisition of the NNE Operations from Verizon.
- 3. Other Current Assets: Other current assets include materials and supplies, the current portion of deferred income taxes and other current assets. In total, FairPoint does not expect significant fluctuations in these line items.
- 4. *Net Property, Plant and Equipment*: Net PP&E is forecast using capital expenditures and depreciation from the income statement and cash flow statement. Near-term depreciation is expected to exceed capital expenditures, as a large portion of the 2008 capital expenditures, which related to the development of new systems for the NNE Operations, is depreciated over a much shorter life than traditional telephone network assets.
- 5. Intangible Assets and Other: Intangible assets are primarily the result of goodwill and other intangible assets created as a result of the acquisition of the NNE Operations from Verizon. Goodwill is not amortized, while other intangibles are amortized based upon their expected useful lives. Other assets include prepaid pension assets, debt issuance costs associated with the current debt facility, which

- is eliminated upon the assumed Effective Date in 2010, and other. The line item is forecast to decline as intangible assets are amortized, offset partially by increased pension asset balances.
- 6. Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities: Includes trade payables, payrolls and other accrued liabilities. Following the reorganization, management forecasts that accounts payable will return to more ordinary levels and remain relatively flat, consistent with the forecast for expenses in 2011 and beyond.
- 7. Other Current Liabilities: Accrued liabilities include the current portion of long-term debt, accrued interest, current interest rate swap agreements and other accrued liabilities. The current portion of long-term debt, interest rate swap agreements, accrued interest and a significant portion of other accrued liabilities are assumed to be reduced significantly or eliminated as a result of the reorganization. Following the reorganization, other current liabilities are expected to increase gradually as a larger portion of the New Term Loan and the New Revolver are classified as current over time.
- 8. *Post-Reorganization Debt*: Reflects post-reorganization debt based upon the proposed Plan.
- 9. Other Long-Term Liabilities: Includes accrued pension obligations, employee benefit obligations, deferred income taxes and other long-term liabilities. Management anticipates that accrued pension obligations and employee benefit obligations will continue to rise as the actuarially determined expense exceeds cash funding amounts. In addition, the reorganization is expected to generate considerable deferred tax liabilities that will decline over time as cash taxes exceed book taxes.
- 10. *Shareholders' Equity*: Shareholders' equity changes each year by the amount of net income. No dividends to common stockholders are projected in the plan.

D. Projected Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

1. Operating Cash Flow: Operating cash flow is forecast starting with net income and adjusted for certain non-cash items included in income as well as for working capital changes. The most significant non-cash adjustment is related to the one-time gain resulting from the cancellation of debt related to the restructuring activities described above. Working capital changes are expected to be positive due to certain pension and post-employment benefit expenses which reduce income each period, but are non-cash and therefore create a positive working capital adjustment in the Cash Flow Statement. FairPoint has collective bargaining agreements which entitle union workers to receive post-employment (retiree) health benefits. Such expenses are recognized over the expected working life of the participant, while cash payments are not required until employees retire and begin to incur such costs.

- 2. *Investing Cash Flow*: Capital expenditures is the only meaningful item included in investing cash flows. Capital expenditures are comprised primarily of continued broadband spending, maintenance and improvements on the existing network infrastructure and information technology investments.
- 3. Financing Cash Flow: The New Term Loan and the New Revolver include certain excess cash flow sweep provisions. Repayments of long-term debt are forecast in accordance with the terms of the New Term Loan and the New Revolver and capital lease obligations are forecast based upon current lease agreements.

Projected Consolidated Statement of Operations (Unaud	ited)			
(\$ in 000s)	2010E	2011E	2012E	2013E
Revenues	\$1,161,722	\$1,210,770	\$1,234,961	\$1,234,714
Total Expenses (excluding D&A)	(859,071)	(797,119)	(798,929)	(797,425)
EBITDA from operations	\$302,651	\$413,651	\$436,032	\$437,289
% margin	26%	34%	35%	35%
Depreciation & Amortization	(342,049)	(352,202)	(361,727)	(370,349)
EBIT	(\$39,399)	\$61,449	\$74,305	\$66,941
Non-operating income / (expense)				
Interest Income	896	2,034	3,141	4,258
Dividend Income	800	800	800	800
Other Non-operating Inc/Exp	(3,960)	(163)	(163)	(163)
Gain(Loss) on debt (a)	671,305	-	-	-
Stock Based Compensation		-	-	-
Total non-operating income / (expense)	669,041	2,670	3,778	4,895
Interest expense	(104,515)	(65,296)	(67,262)	(61,979)
Pre-tax income/(loss)	525,127	(1,177)	10,821	9,856
Income tax expense/(benefit)	210,051	(471)	4,328	3,942
Net Income (loss)	315,076	(706)	6,492	5,914
Memo: EBITDAR (b)	346,128	413,651	436,032	437,289

Note: Projections do not include any fresh start accounting adjustments

(a) Represents the preliminary estimated gain on the extinguishment of debt due to the reorganization, subject to revision

(b) EBITDA from operations excluding all cutover related costs and also excludes restructuring fees, severance and other one-time adjustments

\$ in 000s)	2010E	2011E	2012E	2013E
Cash flows from operating activities				
Net income/(loss)	\$315,076	(\$706)	\$6,492	\$5,914
Depreciation and amortization	342,049	352,202	361,727	370,349
Amortization of debt issuance costs	2,753	163	163	163
Gain on interest rate swaps	(18,787)	-	-	-
_T Deferred income tax net	209,050	(4,908)	(8,488)	(28,795)
COD Income	(652,518)	-	-	-
Decrease / (Increase) in Accounts receivable	2,548	(4,926)	(3,267)	2,555
ncrease / (Decrease) in Accounts payable	11,148	9,455	(2,327)	(2,147)
ncrease / (Decrease) in Accured interest payable	71,417	-	-	-
ncrease / (Decrease) in Other accrued liabilities	6,000	-	-	-
ncrease / (Decrease) in Capgemini payable	(457)	(147)	(194)	-
ncrease / (Decrease) in Pension + employee benefits	28,433	18,633	24,400	26,300
Total Operating cash flow	316,712	369,766	378,508	374,339
Cash flows from investing activities				
Capex	(199,711)	(186,711)	(168,711)	(150,711)
Total Investing cash flow	(199,711)	(186,711)	(168,711)	(150,711)
Cash flows from financing activities				
Cash flow sweep	(11,175)	(62,136)	(86,079)	(51,282)
Repayments of long-term debt	(5,000)	(10,000)	(30,000)	(100,000)
Repayment of capital lease obligations	(1,800)	(1,800)	(1,800)	(1,800)
Total Financing cash flow	(17,975)	(73,936)	(117,879)	(153,082)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	36,125	135,151	244,270	336,189
Change in cash and cash equivalents	99,026	109,120	91,918	70,546
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	135,151	244,270	336,189	406,734

Projected Consolidated Balance Sheet (Unaudited)	·			
(\$ in 000s)	2010E	2011E	2012E	2013E
Assets				
Current Assets:				
Cash	\$135,151	\$244,270	\$336,189	\$406,734
Accounts Receivable	182,667	187,593	190,860	188,305
Other Current Assets	149,905	149,905	149,905	149,905
Total Current Assets	467,723	581,769	676,954	744,944
Noncurrent Assets:				
Net PP&E	1,830,165	1,687,245	1,516,801	1,319,735
Intangible Assets & Other	837,924	817,089	795,854	774,218
Total Noncurrent Assets	2,668,089	2,504,334	2,312,655	2,093,953
Total Assets	\$3,135,812	\$3,086,103	\$2,989,608	\$2,838,898
Liabilities & Shareholders' Equity				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$83,633	\$92,940	\$90,420	\$88,273
Other Current Liabilities	116,686	136,686	206,686	280,404
Total Current Liabilities	200,318	229,626	297,105	368,677
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Post-Reorganization Debt	975,588	883,452	697,374	471,091
Other Long-Term Liabilities	699,815	713,640	729,252	727,339
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,675,403	1,597,092	1,426,626	1,198,430
Total Liabilities	\$1,875,721	\$1,826,718	\$1,723,731	\$1,567,107
Shareholders' Equity	1,260,091	1,259,385	1,265,877	1,271,791
Total Liabilities & Shareholders' Equity	\$3,135,812	\$3,086,103	\$2,989,608	\$2,838,898

			Pro Forma
(\$ in 000s)	Estimated 6/30/2010 Cap Structure	Adjustments	Cap Structure of Reorganized Debtors
Cash	\$51,041	(11,041)	40,000
Revolver	150,905	(150,905)	-
Term loan A	496,626	(496,626)	-
Term loan B	1,342,909	(1,342,909)	-
New senior secured credit facility	-	1,000,000	1,000,000
Net obligations under Interest Rate Agreements	98,777	(98,777)	-
Total Credit Agreement Secured Debt	2,089,217	(1,089,217)	1,000,000
Capitalized Lease Obligations	6,968	(150)	6,818
Total Secured Debt	2,096,185	(1,089,367)	1,006,818
Senior notes	98,676	(98,676)	-
Exchange notes	475,961	(475,961)	
Total Debt	2,670,822	(1,664,004)	1,006,818

Exhibit CLiquidation Analysis

Exhibit C FairPoint Communications, Inc. et al. Liquidation Analysis / Best Interests Test

Introduction

Pursuant to section 1129(a)(7) of the Bankruptcy Code, often called the "best interests test", holders of allowed claims must either (a) accept the plan of reorganization, or (b) receive or retain under the plan property of a value, as of the plan's assumed effective date, that is not less than the value such non-accepting holders would receive or retain if the debtors were to be liquidated under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code on such date. The Debtors believe that the Plan meets the "best interest of creditors" test as set forth in section 1129(a)(7) of the Bankruptcy Code. All capitalized terms not defined in this Liquidation Analysis have the meanings ascribed to them in the Plan and Disclosure Statement.

The Debtors believe that holders of Allowed Claims in each Impaired Class will receive at least as much under the Plan as they would if the Debtors were liquidated under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. The Liquidation Analysis reflects the estimated cash proceeds, net of liquidation-related costs, which would be realized if the Debtors were to be liquidated in accordance with Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code.

Underlying the Liquidation Analysis are numerous estimates and assumptions regarding liquidation proceeds that, although developed and considered reasonable by the Debtors' management and its advisors, are inherently subject to significant business, economic, regulatory, and competitive uncertainties and contingencies beyond the control of the Debtors, their management and their advisors. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that the values reflected in the Liquidation Analysis would be realized if the Debtors were, in fact, to undergo such a liquidation, and actual results could materially differ from the results herein. The underlying financial information in the Liquidation Analysis was not compiled or examined by any independent accountants. No independent appraisals were conducted in preparing the Liquidation Analysis.

The Liquidation Analysis was prepared by management of the Debtors and their advisors. Unless otherwise stated, the Liquidation Analysis is based on FairPoint Communication Inc.'s consolidated balance sheet as of September 30, 2009 except for cash balances and where otherwise noted. Current cash balances are included in the Liquidation Analysis, which is predicated on the assumption that the court appointed Chapter 7 trustee (the "Chapter 7 Trustee") would promptly commence a Chapter 7 liquidation.

It is assumed that the liquidation of the Debtors would continue for a period of six months under the direction of the Chapter 7 Trustee, during which time all of the Debtors' major assets (consisting mostly of the equity in the Legacy and NNE Subsidiaries (each as defined in the Plan)) would be sold or conveyed to their respective lien holders, and the cash proceeds, net of liquidation related costs, would then be distributed to the creditors in accordance with section 726 of the Bankruptcy Code. This six-month assumption is primarily based on severe anticipated time pressure to sell and stabilize the business before critical resources dissipate along with finite cash available to the Chapter 7 Trustee. These critical resources include, but are not limited to, continued supply and credit support from vendors, retention of key employees, and maintaining customers. There is the potential that the sale of the business extends to a nine-month or a twelve-month sale process during which time the business deteriorates to the point where the going concern value is discounted even further by potential acquirers, which would further reduce recoveries for all creditors. Therefore, the results of this Liquidation Analysis can be considered optimistic.

The Liquidation Analysis assumes distressed sales on a going-concern basis for these businesses. Net proceeds from the sale of these businesses would be available for distribution to creditors of the estate. There can be no assurance that the actual value realized in a sale of these operations would yield the balances assumed in the Liquidation Analysis.

For purposes of the Liquidation Analysis, Debtor entities have been assigned to two categories, guarantor entities and non-guarantor entities. Guarantor entities include the borrower under the Prepetition Credit Agreement and the Debtors that guaranteed those loans (the "guarantor entities"). Non-guarantor entities include Debtors that pledged no assets or common stock of the entity that was pledged under the Prepetition Credit Agreement (the "non-guarantor entities"). The non-guarantor entities are further segmented into the Northern New England Operating Entity and the Legacy Operating Entity.

The Liquidation Analysis assumes that liquidation proceeds would be distributed in accordance with Bankruptcy Code section 726. If the Debtors were liquidated pursuant to Chapter 7 proceedings, the amount of liquidation value available to creditors would be reduced, first, by the costs of the liquidation, which includes the fees and expenses of the Chapter 7 Trustee appointed to manage the liquidation, the fees and expenses of other professionals retained by the Chapter 7 Trustee to assist with the liquidation, and other asset disposition expenses; second, by claims associated with the DIP Facility, including letters of credit that are expected to be drawn if a conversion to a Chapter 7 liquidation occurred plus Claims under the carve-out for unpaid professional fees (the "Carve-Out"), collectively "DIP Collateralized Obligations"; third, by the Chapter 11 Administrative Expense Claims, including administrative trade claims and Chapter 11 professional fees in excess of the Carve-Out; fourth, by the Claims of creditors of the non-guarantor entities assuming that there are sufficient asset values at each of these entities; fifth, any remaining residual value at the non-guarantor entities would be available to the secured creditors of the guarantor entities to the extent of the value of their collateral except as described herein; sixth, the assets of the guarantor entities would be reduced first by any administrative and priority claims at that specific entity, the remaining proceeds would be available to the general unsecured creditors pari passu with the deficiency secured claims.

The Liquidation Analysis necessarily contains an estimate of Claims that ultimately will become Allowed Claims. Estimates for various Classes of Claims are based solely upon the Debtors' review of their books and records and assume payment of certain prepetition Claims pursuant to orders entered at the beginning of these Chapter 11 cases. No order or finding has been entered by the Bankruptcy Court estimating or otherwise fixing the amount of Claims at the projected levels set forth in this Liquidation Analysis. In preparing the Liquidation Analysis, the Debtors have projected amounts of Claims that are consistent with the estimated Claims reflected in the Plan with certain modifications. The Liquidation Analysis does not contain potential damage Claims with respect to executory contracts that may be rejected and thus does not include dilution for those Claims, which would otherwise further dilute recovery to creditors.

Regulatory Concerns for Chapter 7 Liquidation

The nature of FairPoint's business and its unique position as a regulated utility providing essential services to the residents of the jurisdictions in which it operates should be considered within the context of a Chapter 7 liquidation of FairPoint. Given the status of the FairPoint incumbent local exchange carriers as (i) essential providers of wireline telecommunications services and (ii) telecommunications carriers of last resort in multiple jurisdictions, it is highly unlikely that regulatory authorities would allow these carriers to cease operations and liquidate the utility assets in a piecemeal fashion. Instead, the Bankruptcy Court would likely

find that the liquidation value of FairPoint would be an evaluation premised upon a sale (or sales) of operating telecommunications carrier operations as a whole, by carrier or by groupings of exchanges.

It is assumed that in the event of a failed reorganization and a conversion to liquidation under Chapter 7, a Chapter 7 Trustee would be appointed who would continue to operate the telecommunications utility business pending liquidation. With likely limited access to financing, available cash would be applied to fund immediate operations and pay administrative expenses in the bankruptcy proceedings. The reduction or cessation of investment in network improvements and broadband expansion, and the liquidation process generally, would heighten the regulatory scrutiny of the liquidating business.

General Approach and Results of the Liquidation Analysis

The Debtors have 80 legal entities that operate local exchange carriers in rural parts of the United States consisting of the Legacy and Northern New England businesses. To maximize total liquidation value, the Liquidation Analysis assumes that the Debtors' operating assets are sold as a going concern that would be effectuated through distressed sales of the Legacy and NNE Subsidiaries.

The estimated proceeds of a hypothetical Chapter 7 liquidation for all assets of the 80 Debtor entities were calculated based on assumptions provided herein and applied to estimated Claims values for these entities to determine recovery estimates among creditor Classes. In addition, these recovery estimates among creditor Classes were compared to estimated recoveries under the Plan.

As will be demonstrated herein, all Impaired creditor classes are estimated to receive less in the Liquidation Analysis than under the Plan. The DIP Collateralized Obligations are anticipated to receive 100% recovery under both the Plan and the Liquidation Analysis. Consistent with the Plan , all creditors of the Legacy Subsidiaries are anticipated to receive a 100% recovery on their pre-petition Claims as are all creditors of the NNE Subsidiaries.

In general, it is assumed that a conversion to a Chapter 7 liquidation would result in immediate actions by a Chapter 7 Trustee to sell the enterprise as a going concern. The Chapter 7 Trustee will be under pressure to find an immediate buyer before the business deteriorates due to loss of critical resources as customers delay payments for services and /or find alternative solutions, key employees resign, important vendors no longer cooperate and other business pressures would emerge with a conversion to a Chapter 7 liquidation.

Given that the businesses would be sold pursuant to a forced sale for cash, management and its advisors believe the appropriate method for calculating a liquidation value is by applying a depressed EBITDAR multiple for the Legacy and NNE Subsidiaries. The adjusted EBITDAR¹ for the Company is calculated by using actual annualized nine months year-to-date EBITDAR as of September 30, 2009 ("actual EBITDAR"). However, actual EBITDAR has been reduced by 25% to reflect a rapid deterioration in the business during the six-month sale period. The 25% EBITDAR reduction is deemed to be reasonable when considering the year over year decrease in EBITDAR that FairPoint experienced as it was moving towards a Chapter 11 filing. Any sale under a Chapter 7 liquidation will need to be executed with the utmost haste, as the operating entities will be facing significant business pressures. The inability to raise liquidity for working capital needs, a significant loss of customers, and the loss of key employees are all issues that will work to depress the value of the business to potential acquirers. A limited buyer pool, significant regulatory hurdles (discussed above), a

3

¹ Adjusted EBITDAR excludes all cutover related costs (TSA, CapGemini, bubble workforce, overtime, contractors, etc.) and also excludes restructuring fees, severance, and other one-time adjustments.

continuation of a poor economic environment that is not conducive to selling a business in a liquidation scenario, and the operational challenges associated with operating a business under Chapter 7 proceedings, lead management and its advisors to believe that any potential buyer will value the business based upon current earnings, which are expected to decline in a Chapter 7 liquidation. In view of these issues, coupled with the speed at which a transaction must be executed, it is further anticipated that any potential acquirer will demand a discount to current transaction multiples. The enterprise valuation under the Plan assumes a precedent transaction EBITDAR multiple range of 4.5x to 5.0x; however, due to the circumstances surrounding a Chapter 7 liquidation, it is assumed that any acquirer will discount current transaction multiples by at least 33% to 40%. This decrease is based on the experiences of FairPoint's advisors and assumes that financial buyers will likely not be interested in acquiring these assets in a Chapter 7 situation given the significant regulatory complications. Therefore, it is assumed in the Liquidation Analysis that a sale of the Debtors' business in a Chapter 7 liquidation would be based on an EBITDAR multiple of 3.0x. Sale multiples may ultimately be different between the Legacy and NNE Subsidiaries; however, the 3.0x multiple was used in the valuation of both entity groups for simplicity.

Additional analyses of the discounts to earnings and reductions to EBITDAR multiples were performed to provide more perspective on these variables. At a 25% drop in earnings, the going concern business would have to sell at a 7.0x multiple for secured creditors to receive the same recoveries in the Liquidation Analysis as received under the Plan. By eliminating the 25% earnings drop, the business would have to sell at a 5.3x multiple for this to occur. In general, the Chapter 7 Trustee would have to achieve the same growth in earnings as projected in the Plan without buyers discounting the EBITDAR multiple. This is highly unlikely for many reasons, but most importantly the Chapter 7 Trustee would likely have to make the same capital investments that are contemplated in the Plan. The possibility of this is considered to be remote given that the Plan assumes revenue growth in data and special access services through the continued build out of FairPoint's next generation network known as VantagePoint and the rollout of a new IP suite of business services. This growth is predicated on capital expenditures of \$200 million in 2010 and continuing high levels of capital expenditures in 2011 and beyond.

It is assumed that the going-concern sale transactions would be effectuated as a sale of the ownership interests in the Debtors' various legal entities without regard to any tax liabilities or benefits resulting from the sale. Alternative structures for the transactions, including a direct sale of assets, would likely generate certain tax liabilities (such as sales tax) that would reduce the net proceeds available for distribution to the creditors. These tax liabilities could be significant and, therefore, excluding these potential liabilities is considered conservative to this analysis.

Liquidation proceeds are distributed to creditors the pursuant to the distribution priorities established under the Bankruptcy Code. In the case of this Liquidation Analysis, the Legacy and Northern New England operations are assumed to be sold as going concerns.

For the purposes of the Liquidation Analysis, it is assumed the Claims will be satisfied in the following order:

- 1. Chapter 7 Administrative Claims Chapter 7 Trustee Fees; Chapter 7 Professional Fees
- 2. Chapter 11 DIP Collateralized Obligations Letters of Credit issued pursuant to the DIP Facility; Chapter 11 Professional Fee Carve-Out
- 3. Chapter 11 Administrative and Priority Claims (Non-Guarantor Entities) Liabilities incurred in Chapter 11 at the operating entities and at the respective non-guarantor entities

- 4. Chapter 11 Non-Guarantor Pre-Petition Claims Pre-petition Claims at entities where the proceeds from the sale of the business exceeds the liabilities
- 5. Chapter 11 Secured Claims Prepetition Credit Agreement
- 6. Chapter 11 Administrative Claims (Guarantor Entities) Liabilities incurred in Chapter 11 at the parent company and guarantor entities
- 7. Chapter 11 General Unsecured Claims (Guarantor Entities) Senior Notes, trade payables at the parent, Prepetition Credit Agreement deficiency claims ².

The estimated recovery for each of these Claims in the Plan and the Liquidation Analysis is presented below.

Preliminary		Estimated	Reco	overy %
Claim Class	Allowed Claim		Plan*	Liquidation
Chapter 7 Administrative Claims	\$	11,308	N/A	100%
DIP Collateralized Obligations		21,200	100%	100%
Chapter 11 Administrative Claims (NNE)		15,776	100%	100%
Chapter 11 Non-Guarantor Pre-Petition Claims (NNE)		15,473	100%	100%
Chapter 11 Administrative Claims (Legacy)		2,413	100%	100%
Chapter 11 Non-Guarantor Pre-Petition Claims (Legacy)		12,540	100%	100%
Chapter 11 Guarantor Secured Claims		2,094,917	87.9%	39%
Chapter 11 Administrative Claims - (FCI & Guarantor Entities)		22,000	100%	100%
Chapter 11 General Unsecured Claims - (Guarantor Entities)		3,453	100%	8%
Chapter 11 General Unsecured Claims (FCI, exduding deficiency daims)		635,627	16.9%	3%
*Recoveries estimated under the Plan are estimated based on the mid-point valuation as described in Appendix D of the Disdosur Statement				

Based on the estimated recoveries in the Plan and Liquidation Analysis, it is management's and their advisors' opinion that the Plan of Reorganization satisfies the "Best Interests Test." Under the Plan, each creditor class will receive at least the same value or significantly more than they would if the business were to be subject to a Chapter 7 liquidation.

Notes to Liquidation Analysis

Note A – Assets Available for Distribution

In general, the operating entities of the Debtors are non-guarantor entities that are owned by guarantor non-operating entities. It is assumed that assets of the non-guarantor operating entities will be promptly sold as a going concern, and the tangible fixed assets in possession of the guarantor entities will be liquidated. Upon the closing of the transactions to sell the Legacy and NNE Subsidiaries, the sum of those proceeds would first be used to satisfy the Chapter 7 Administrative Claims and the DIP Collateralized Obligations, and then would be available for distribution to the creditors of each entity. It is assumed that the Legacy Subsidiaries

² In preparation of the Liquidation Analysis each individual guarantor entity's books and records were reviewed, and a separate liquidation analysis was performed for each of the guarantor entities. It was assumed that proceeds generated from the sale of the operating entities are used to satisfy the claims of the Prepetition Credit Agreement, and any deficiency claim is asserted at the guarantor entities. These deficiency Claims are assumed to be *pari passu* with all other unsecured creditors in these entities.

generate 35% of the total value available for distribution while the NNE Subsidiaries generate 65% of the total value. This estimated distribution of value is based upon relative EBITDAR generated by the Legacy and NNE Subsidiaries. The proceeds available for distribution after satisfying the Chapter 7 Administrative Claims and the DIP Collateralized Obligations are then distributed to the Legacy and NNE Subsidiaries based on the percent of EBITDAR generated by the respective entities.

The proceeds of the non-guarantor entities must first be used to satisfy all pre-petition and all post-petition creditors of the non-guarantor entities. As the equity values of the non-guarantor entities are upstreamed to the guarantor entities, those proceeds are first used to satisfy the Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims as secured Claims at these guarantor entities. In effect, the Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims hold the equity values of all non-guarantor entities as collateral and receive the remaining sale proceeds of the Legacy Subsidiaries and the NNE Subsidiaries after all of the creditors of those entities are paid. Moreover, there are insufficient proceeds to fully satisfy the Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims. Therefore, there are no Liquidation Analysis proceeds available to other creditors of the guarantor entities from the sale of the non-guarantor entities. However, the other assets of the guarantors and FairPoint Communications, Inc. are available for distribution to each entity's respective creditors. These assets primarily consist of cash, inventory, property, plant, and equipment. The Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims are secured by FairPoint Communications Inc's equity interests in its first-tier wholly owned subsidiaries and by the equity in subsidiaries of the guarantor entities; therefore, they will share in the distribution of these assets *pari passu* with general unsecured creditors.

A summary of the proceeds available for distribution from each of the operating entities is provided below:

		LEGACY	NORTHERN NEW ENGLAND
Estimated Adjusted EBITDAR		118,917	223,657
Discount Factor for Business Conditions		25%	25%
Estimated Transaction EBITDAR		89,188	167,743
Transaction Multiple		3.0x	3.0x
Estimated Assets Available for Distribution	A	267,564	503,229
		35%	65%

The proceeds available for distribution from the guarantor entities and the parent company will be generated through the liquidation of assets at each of the entities. A summary of the proceeds available for distribution by the guarantors and parent company is provided below, which is based on management's and its advisors' assumptions regarding liquidation factors.

Liquidation of Guarantor Entities

	Unaudited Balances Sept 30, 2009	Liquidation Factor	Est. Liquidation Value
Cash & Cash Equivalents*	97,127	100%	97,127
Accounts Receivable	3,724	70%	2,606
Inventory	22,917	50%	11,459
Prepaid Assets	33	5%	2
Property Plant and Equipment	12,859	20%	2,572
Other Assets	3,603	5%	180
Total	140,263		113,946

^{*}Cash & Cash Equivalents balances reflects the cash on hand at FairPoint Logistics Inc. as of 2/8/2010.

Liquidation of FairPoint Communications, Inc.

	Unaudited Balances	Liquidation	Est. Liquidation
	Sept 30, 2009	Factor	Value
Cash & Cash Equivalents*	30,100	100%	30,100
Accounts Receivable	187	70%	131
Inventory	-	50%	-
Prepaid Assets	5,577	5%	279
Property Plant and Equipment	188,678	20%	37,736
Other Assets	813,327	0.5%	4,067
Total	1,037,868		72,311

^{*}Cash & Cash Equivalents balances reflects the cash on hand at FairPoint Communications Inc. as of 2/8/2010

Note B – Trustee Fees of Chapter 7 Estates

Compensation for the Chapter 7 Trustee was calculated as 3% of estimated assets available for distribution, excluding cash on hand.

Note C – Chapter 7 Professional Fees

Chapter 7 Professional Fees & Costs include ongoing professional fees associated with winding down the business. These professional fees include transaction costs, audit and accounting fees, and legal support as outlined in the table below. The cost to operate the business during the sale process is assumed to be covered by cash flow from operations. Once the sale is complete, certain corporate and administrative functions would be required to oversee the distribution of proceeds, to maintain and close the accounting records and to prepare tax returns for the estates, among other things. A summary of the estimated professional fees in a Chapter 7 liquidation scenario are presented below.

Estimated Chapter 7 Professional Fees

	Monthly		Number of	Total	
	Profes	Professional Costs		Professional Fees	
Legal	\$	250	6	\$	1,500
Accounting & Management Support		150	6		900
M&A Monthly Advisory		100	6		600
M&A Trans Fees (1% of Transaction Value)		N/A	N/A		7,708
Other		100	6		600
	\$	600		\$	11,308

Note D – DIP Collateralized Obligations

Pursuant to the Debtors' authority to obtain post-petition financing, the Debtors have issued approximately \$13.7 million in letters of credit that will be given priority treatment under a Chapter 7 liquidation. In addition to the repayment of letters of credit, the DIP Facility allows a \$7.5 million "carve-out" for professional fees incurred during these Chapter 11 cases.

Note E – Chapter 11 Administrative Claims

Chapter 11 Administrative Claims consist of post-petition trade payables from the commencement of the Chapter 11 proceedings as well as various professional fees related to the Chapter 11 cases. Fees incurred by various professionals in conjunction with the Chapter 11 cases are treated as an administrative expense in a Chapter 7 liquidation. It is estimated that FairPoint will have two months of unpaid balances for professionals in these cases on the date of conversion to a Chapter 7. This amount is estimated to be \$8.7 million, of which \$7.5 million is provided for as a "Carve-Out" in the DIP Facility. The remaining \$1.2 million is reflected as a Claim.

Chapter 11 Adminstrative Claims

· · · · · ·	22,000	_	2,413	15,776	40,189
Chapter 11 Prof. Fees (above Carve-Out)	-	-	413	776	1,189
Trade Payables	22,000	-	2,000	15,000	39,000
	FCI	Guarantor	Legacy	NNE	Total

Note F - Non-Guarantor Entities - Pre-Petition Claims

It is assumed that the operating entities of FairPoint must satisfy their creditors prior to distributing cash to the parent company in consideration of Equity Interests. For the purposes of the Liquidation Analysis, it is assumed that any purchaser of the NNE Subsidiaries will assume both the pension obligations and post-retiree medical benefit obligations as part of the acquisition.

Note G – Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims

The Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims include the secured debt outstanding, accrued and unpaid interest, outstanding letters of credit, and outstanding interest rate swap liabilities at the Petition Date. The Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims are secured by FairPoint Communications Inc's equity interests in its first-tier wholly owned subsidiaries and by the equity in subsidiaries of the guarantor entities.

The Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims will first be satisfied by the proceeds attributable to the liquidation of the NNE Subsidiaries after all other claims of these entities are paid, as the equity in those entities are pledged as direct collateral to secure the Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims. As the Liquidation Analysis shows, there is a significant impairment of the Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims from the liquidation of the NNE Subsidiaries; therefore, the proceeds from the sale of the Legacy Subsidiaries will then be used to satisfy a portion of the deficiency Claim of the Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims. Once the proceeds from the sale of the pledge of collateral (equity interests operating subsidiaries) has been distributed in full to the holders of the Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims, the Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims will assert deficiency Claims first, at the guarantor entities that hold the operating subsidiaries, and next to entities that do not have operating subsidiaries.

If a guarantor entity has no operating subsidiaries, it is assumed that there is no equity with which to secure the Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims. Therefore, it is assumed that Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims will be treated *pari passu* with other unsecured creditors of those guarantor entities. Finally, any additional deficiency Claims from the Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims will be satisfied *pari passu* with the general unsecured creditors at FairPoint Communications.

Note H -Pre-Petition General Unsecured Claims

Pre-petition unsecured Claims primarily consist of Senior Notes issued by FairPoint Communications and various other trade payables and obligations. In the hypothetical Liquidation Analysis, the general unsecured Class is Impaired, and therefore pre-petition holders of equity interests are estimated to receive no recovery in the event of liquidation under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code.

FAIRPOINT COMMUNICATIONS, INC. Liquidation Analysis

Summary Results

		NNE	Legacy		FairPoint	
(\$ in 000's)	Notes	Operating Subsidiaries	Operating Subsidiaries	Guarantor Entities	Communications <u>Inc.</u>	TOTAL DEBTORS
		Assets and Distribu	ution of Value			
Estimated Assets Available for Distribution	A	\$503,229	\$267,564	\$113,946	\$72,311	\$957,050
Chapter 7 Administrative Claims						
Chapter 7 Trustee Fees	В	(15,096)	(7,678)	(505)	(1,266)	(24,545)
Chapter 7 Professional Fees & Liquidation Costs	C	(7,383)	(3,925)	<u> </u>		(11,308)
		(22,479)	(11,603)	(505)	(1,266)	(35,853)
DIP Collateralized Obligations	D					
Letter of Credit Facilities		(8,944)	(4,756)	-	-	(13,700)
Chapter 11 Professional Fee "Carve Out"		(4,897)	(2,603)	-	-	(7,500)
		(13,841)	(7,359)	-	-	(\$21,200)
Adjusted Assets Available for Distribution		466,909	248,602	113,441	71,045	899,997
Chapter 11 Administrative Claims (incl Prof Fees above Carve Out)	E	(15,776)	(2,413)	-	(22,000)	(40,189)
Assets Available for Distribution to Pre-petition Creditors		451,133	246,189	113,441	49,045	859,808
Prepetition Claims of Non-FCI and Non-Guarantor Entities	F	(15,473)	(12,540)	-	-	(28,013)
Estimated Assets Available for Further Distribution		435,660	233,649	113,441	49,045	831,795
Allocation of Assets						
Prepetition Credit Agreement Obligations		(435,660)	(233,649)	(113,167)	(33,042)	(815,518)
Prepetition General Unsecured Claims		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	(274)	(16,003)	(16,277)
		(435,660)	(233,649)	(113,441)	(49,045)	(831,795)
D. C.		Recovery Ar	<u>1alys1s</u>			********
Prepetition Credit Agreement Obligations Prepetition Credit Agreement Obligations Recovery	G	\$435,660	\$233,649	\$113,167	\$33,042	\$2,094,917 \$815,518
Prepetition Credit Agreement Obligations Recovery Prepetition Credit Agreement Obligations Recovery Percentage		9433,000	g233,049	\$11J,10/	ş.J.J,U42	39%
Prepetition General Unsecured Claims	Н	N/A	N/A	3,453	635,627	\$639,079
Prepetition General Unsecured Claims Recovery	11	11/11	1N/A	\$274	\$16,003	\$16,277
Prepetition General Unsecured Claims Recovery Percentage				8%	3%	,,

Exhibit D

Valuation Analysis

Valuation Analysis

1. Overview

Rothschild Inc. ("Rothschild") has performed an analysis of the estimated value of Reorganized FairPoint Communications, Inc. (the "Company" or "FairPoint") on a going-concern basis.

In preparing its analysis, Rothschild has, among other things: (i) reviewed certain recent publicly available financial results of the Debtors; (ii) reviewed certain internal financial and operating data of the Debtors, including the business projections prepared and provided by the Debtors' management and approved by the Board of Directors' on September 24, 2009 relating to their business and their prospects for the calendar years 2009 through 2013 (the "Projections"); (iii) discussed with certain senior executives the current operations and prospects of the Debtors, as well as key assumptions related to the Projections; (iv) prepared discounted cash flow analyses based on the Projections, utilizing various discount rates and terminal value multiples; (v) considered the multiples of certain publicly-traded companies in businesses reasonably comparable to the operating businesses of the Debtors; (vi) considered the multiple assigned to certain precedent change-in-control transactions for businesses similar to the Debtors; (vii) separately valued and accounted for the Seven-Year Warrants issued to FairPoint's general unsecured claims and the Ten-Year Management options, utilizing the standard Black-Scholes methodology; (viii) utilized specific tax assumptions and Net Operating Loss Carryforward ("NOL") analysis prepared by Management and the Company's outside accountants; (ix) assumed no value for the estimated pre-emergence NOLs based on the estimated Cancellation of Debt ("COD") income from the restructuring; and (x) conducted such other analyses as Rothschild deemed necessary under the circumstances. Rothschild also has considered a range of potential risk factors, including: (a) ability to execute and realize savings from planned operational initiatives; (b) Reorganized Debtors' capital structure; and (c) ability to meet projected revenue growth targets.

Rothschild assumed, without independent verification, the accuracy, completeness, and fairness of all of the financial and other information available to it from public sources or as provided to Rothschild by the Debtors or their representatives. Rothschild also assumed that the Projections have been reasonably prepared on a basis reflecting the Debtors' best estimates and judgment as to future operating and financial performance. Rothschild did not make any independent evaluation of the Debtors' assets, nor did Rothschild verify any of the information it reviewed. To the extent the valuation is dependent upon the Reorganized Debtors' achievement of the Projections, the valuation must be considered speculative. Rothschild does not make any representation or warranty as to the fairness of the terms of the Plan.

In addition to the foregoing, Rothschild relied upon the following assumptions with respect to the valuation of the Debtors:

- The Effective Date occurs on or about June 30, 2010 ("Effective Date").
- The valuation date is as of September 30, 2009 (the "Valuation Date").
- The Debtors are able to recapitalize with adequate liquidity as of the Effective Date.
- The Debtors successfully perform to the levels forecasted in the Projections.

- The pro forma debt levels of the Debtors at the Effective Date will be approximately \$1.0 billion.
- The Projections assume the Debtors' NOLs will be utilized to offset COD income resulting from the reorganization. Based on the tax analysis prepared by Management and the Company's outside accountants, FairPoint's NOLs are projected to be fully utilized to offset COD income at Emergence and future tax liabilities resulting from the write-down of assets.
- Treatment of NNE creditor pre petition claims has yet to be determined, which are to be on terms reasonably satisfactory to the Company and the Lender Steering Committee
- General financial and market conditions as of the Effective Date will not differ materially from those conditions prevailing as of the Valuation Date.
- Rothschild has not considered the impact of a prolonged bankruptcy case and has assumed operations will continue in the ordinary course consistent with the Projections.

In developing the valuation range, Rothschild used the following three methodologies:

a. Discounted Cash Flow analysis

The Discounted Cash Flow analysis ("DCF") is a forward looking valuation methodology that is used to calculate the intrinsic value of an asset or a business by calculating the present value of expected future cash flows and the value of the business past the projected horizon ("Terminal Value") and discounting them by the company's weighted average cost of capital ("WACC"), using mid-year convention. The Terminal Value is derived using an exit multiple of EBITDA based on a range selected to reflect the trading and precedent transaction ranges of peer companies. The WACC is a blended rate of return that captures the required returns of both debt and equity investors.

b. Trading Values analysis

The Trading Values analysis estimates the value of a company based on a relative comparison with other publicly traded companies with similar operating and financial characteristics. Under this methodology, the enterprise value for each selected public company was determined by examining the trading prices for the equity securities of such companies in the public markets and adding the aggregate amount of outstanding net debt for such company (at book value) and minority interest. Those enterprise values are commonly expressed as multiples of various measures of operating statistics, most commonly sales, EBITDA and EBITDA less CapEx. In addition, each of the selected public companies' operational performance, operating margins, profitability, leverage and business trends were examined.

c. Precedent Transactions analysis

The Precedent Transaction analysis is based on the enterprise value of companies involved in public merger and acquisition transactions that have operating and financial characteristics similar to FairPoint. Under this methodology, the enterprise value of such companies is determined by an analysis of the consideration paid and the debt assumed in the

transaction. As in a comparable company valuation analysis, those enterprise values are commonly expressed as multiples of various measures of operating statistics such as sales, EBITDA, and EBIT. The derived multiples were then applied to FairPoint's operating statistics to determine the enterprise value to a potential strategic buyer.

Unlike the Trading Values analysis, the enterprise valuation derived using this methodology reflects a "control premium" (i.e., a premium paid to purchase a majority or controlling position in the assets of a company). In addition, other factors not directly related to a company's business operations can affect a valuation based on precedent transactions, including: (a) circumstances surrounding a merger transaction that may introduce "diffusive quantitative results" into the analysis (e.g., a buyer may pay an additional premium for reasons that are not solely related to competitive bidding); (b) the market environment is not identical for transactions occurring at different periods of time (e.g. pre-Lehman failure versus post-Lehman financial markets); and (c) circumstances pertaining to the financial position of the company may have an impact on the resulting purchase prices (e.g., a company in financial distress may receive a lower price due to perceived weakness in its bargaining leverage).

As with Trading Values analysis, because no precedent merger or acquisition used in any analysis will be identical to the target transaction, valuation conclusions cannot be based solely on quantitative results. The reasons for and circumstances surrounding each acquisition transaction are specific to such transaction and there are inherent differences between the businesses, operations, and prospects of each target. Therefore, qualitative judgments must be made concerning the differences between the characteristics of these transactions and other factors, and issues that could affect the price an acquirer is willing to pay in an acquisition. The number of completed transactions for which public data is available also limits this analysis. Furthermore, the data available for all the precedent transactions may have discrepancies due to varying sources of information. As described above, the precedent transactions analysis explains other aspects of value besides the inherent value of a company.

As a result of such analyses, review, discussions, considerations, and assumptions, Rothschild estimates the total enterprise value ("TEV") at approximately \$1.8 billion to \$2.1 billion, with a midpoint of \$1.9 billion. Rothschild reduced such TEV estimates by the estimated pro forma net debt levels of Reorganized FairPoint (approximately \$1.0 billion) to estimate the implied reorganized equity value of Reorganized FairPoint. Rothschild estimates that Reorganized FairPoint's implied total reorganized equity value will range from \$0.8 million to \$1.1 billion. After deducting estimated value for the Seven-Year Warrants and the Ten-Year Options of approximately \$38 million to \$70 million, with a midpoint of \$53 million, Rothschild estimates the implied distributable reorganized equity valued will range from \$776 million to \$1,064 million, with a midpoint of \$920 million. Any variance on the ultimate General Unsecured Claims pool could have a material impact on recoveries achieved.

	Rothschi	ld valuation range	
Illustrative range of TEV	\$1,780	\$1,940	\$2,100
Less: Pro Forma Net Debt as of June 30, 2010 ¹	(967)	(967)	(967)
Implied equity value before warrants ¹	\$813	\$973	\$1,133
Less: Value of warrants ²	(\$38)	(\$53)	(\$70)
Equity value less warrants ¹	\$776	\$920	\$1,064
Implied TEV	\$1,780	\$1,940	\$2,100
2009E Adjusted Operating EBITDAR	\$362	\$362	\$362
Implied multiple	4.9x	5.4x	5.8x

- 1 Net debt includes cash/debt distribution to Legacy creditors' unsecured claims and no determination for treatment of NNE creditor claims
- 2 Includes the Ten-Year 3.5% management and board options and Seven-Year 12% warrants provided to the general unsecured creditors

These estimated ranges of values are based on a hypothetical value that reflects the estimated intrinsic value of Reorganized FairPoint derived through the application of various valuation methodologies. The implied reorganized equity value ascribed in this analysis does not purport to be an estimate of the post-reorganization market trading value. Any such trading value may be materially different from the implied reorganized equity value ranges associated with Rothschild's valuation analysis. Rothschild's estimate is based on economic, market, financial, and other conditions as they exist on, and on the information made available as of the Valuation Date. It should be understood that, although subsequent developments, before or after the Confirmation Hearing, may affect Rothschild's conclusions, Rothschild does not have any obligation to update, revise, or reaffirm its estimate.

The summary set forth above does not purport to be a complete description of the analyses performed by Rothschild. The preparation of an estimate involves various determinations as to the most appropriate and relevant methods of financial analysis and the application of these methods in the particular circumstances and, therefore, such an estimate is not readily susceptible to summary description. The value of an operating business is subject to uncertainties and contingencies that are difficult to predict and will fluctuate with changes in factors affecting the financial conditions and prospects of such a business and the state of the financial markets. As a result, the estimate of implied reorganized equity value set forth herein is not necessarily indicative of actual outcomes, which may be significantly more or less favorable than those set forth herein. In addition, estimates of implied reorganized equity value do not purport to be appraisals, nor do they necessarily reflect the values that might be realized if assets were sold. The estimates prepared by Rothschild assume that the Reorganized Debtors will continue as the owner and operator of their businesses and assets and that such assets are operated in accordance with the Debtors' Projections. Depending on the results of the Debtors' operations or changes in the financial markets, Rothschild's valuation analysis as of the Effective Date may differ from that disclosed herein.

In addition, the valuation of newly issued securities, such as any new common stock, is subject to additional uncertainties and contingencies, all of which are difficult to predict. Actual market prices of such securities at issuance will depend upon, among other things, prevailing interest rates, conditions in the financial markets, and other factors that generally influence the prices of securities. Actual market prices of such securities also may be affected by other factors not possible to predict. Accordingly, the implied reorganized equity value estimated by Rothschild does not necessarily reflect, and should not be construed as reflecting, values that will be attained in the public or private markets.

THE FOREGOING VALUATION IS BASED UPON A NUMBER OF ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS THAT ARE INHERENTLY SUBJECT TO SIGNIFICANT UNCERTAINTIES AND CONTINGENCIES BEYOND THE CONTROL OF THE DEBTORS OR THE REORGANIZED DEBTORS. ACCORDINGLY, THERE CAN BE NO ASSURANCE THAT THE RANGES REFLECTED IN THE VALUATION WOULD BE REALIZED IF THE PLAN WERE TO BECOME EFFECTIVE, AND ACTUAL RESULTS COULD VARY MATERIALLY FROM THOSE SHOWN HERE.

THE ESTIMATED CALCULATION OF ENTERPRISE VALUE IS HIGHLY DEPENDENT UPON ACHIEVING THE FUTURE FINANCIAL RESULTS AS SET FORTH IN THE DEBTORS' BUSINESS PROJECTIONS, AS WELL AS THE REALIZATION OF CERTAIN OTHER ASSUMPTIONS, NONE OF WHICH ARE GUARANTEED AND MANY OF WHICH ARE OUTSIDE OF THE DEBTORS' CONTROL, AS FURTHER DISCUSSED IN ARTICLE [X GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS AND RISK FACTORS TO BE CONSIDERED] OF THE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT.

THE CALCULATIONS OF VALUE SET FORTH HEREIN REPRESENT ESTIMATED REORGANIZATION VALUES AND DO NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT VALUES THAT COULD BE ATTAINABLE IN PUBLIC OR PRIVATE MARKETS. THE EQUITY VALUE STATED HEREIN DOES NOT PURPORT TO BE AN ESTIMATE OF THE POST-REORGANIZATION MARKET VALUE. SUCH VALUE, IF ANY, MAY BE MATERIALLY DIFFERENT FROM THE REORGANIZED EQUITY VALUE RANGES ASSOCIATED WITH THIS VALUATION ANALYSIS. NO RESPONSIBILITY IS TAKEN BY ROTHSCHILD FOR CHANGES IN MARKET CONDITIONS AND NO OBLIGATIONS ARE ASSUMED TO REVISE THIS CALCULATION OF REORGANIZED FAIRPOINT'S VALUE TO REFLECT EVENTS OR CONDITIONS THAT SUBSEQUENTLY OCCUR. THE CALCULATIONS OF VALUE DO NOT CONFORM TO THE UNIFORM STANDARDS OF PROFESSIONAL APPRAISAL PRACTICE OF THE APPRAISAL FOUNDATION.

Exhibit ENew Term Loan Financial Covenants

Schedule 1: New Term Loan Financial Covenants

Term Loan Financial Covenants

	LTM	2014 -												
\$000,000s	4Q10	1Q11	2Q11	3Q11	4Q11	1Q12	2Q12	3Q12	4Q12	1Q13	2Q13	3Q13	4Q13	2016
Total Debt / EBITDAR														
Covenant	4.25x	4.00x	4.00x	3.75x	3.75x	3.25x	3.25x	3.25x	3.25x	3.00x	3.00x	3.00x	3.00x	2.75x
Company Plan	2.74x	2.48x	2.32x	2.21x	2.13x	1.86x	1.83x	1.78x	1.73x	1.60x	1.56x	1.48x	1.41x	
% Cushion	55%	62%	73%	70%	76%	75%	78%	82%	88%	88%	92%	102%	113%	
Sr. Debt / EBITDAR														
Covenant	3.75x	3.50x	3.50x	3.25x	3.25x	2.75x	2.75x	2.75x	2.75x	2.50x	2.50x	2.50x	2.50x	2.25x
Company Plan	2.74x	2.48x	2.32x	2.21x	2.13x	1.86x	1.83x	1.78x	1.73x	1.60x	1.56x	1.48x	1.41x	
% Cushion	37%	41%	51%	47%	52%	48%	50%	54%	59%	57%	60%	69%	77%	
EBITDAR / Total Interes	st													
Covenant	3.75x	4.00x	4.00x	4.00x	4.00x	4.25x	4.25x	4.25x	4.25x	4.50x	4.50x	4.50x	4.50x	4.50x
Company Plan	5.51x	5.86x	6.30x	6.56x	6.69x	6.64x	6.70x	6.77x	6.91x	7.14x	7.24x	7.34x	7.53x	
% Cushion	32%	32%	36%	39%	40%	36%	37%	37%	38%	37%	38%	39%	40%	

Exhibit F

Disclosure Statement Order (without Exhibits)

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

Chapter 11

FAIRPOINT COMMUNICATIONS, INC., et al.,: Case No. 09-16335 (BRL)

Debtors. : (Jointly Administered)

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ORDER PURSUANT TO BANKRUPTCY CODE SECTIONS 105, 502, 1125, 1126 AND 1128, BANKRUPTCY RULES 2002, 3003, 3017, 3018 AND 3020, AND LOCAL RULES 3017-1, 3018-1, AND 3020-1 (I) APPROVING DEBTORS' AMENDED DISCLOSURE STATEMENT; (II) ESTABLISHING THE VOTING RECORD DATE; (III) APPROVING SOLICITATION PACKAGES AND DISTRIBUTION PROCEDURES; (IV) APPROVING FORMS OF BALLOTS AND ESTABLISHMENT OF PROCEDURES FOR VOTING ON AMENDED PLAN OF REORGANIZATION; (V) APPROVING FORMS OF NOTICES TO NON-VOTING CLASSES UNDER THE PLAN OF REORGANIZATION; (VI) ESTABLISHING VOTING DEADLINE TO ACCEPT OR REJECT PLAN; (VII) APPROVING PROCEDURES FOR VOTE TABULATIONS; AND (VIII) ESTABLISHING A CONFIRMATION HEARING AND NOTICE AND OBJECTION PROCEDURES THEREOF

Upon the motion, dated February 11, 2010 (the "Motion")¹, of FairPoint

Communications, Inc. ("FairPoint Communications") and its affiliated debtors, as debtors in possession (collectively, "FairPoint"), for an order (I) Approving Debtors' Amended Disclosure Statement; (II) Establishing Voting Record Date; (III) Approving Solicitation Packages And Distribution Procedures; (IV) Approving Forms Of Ballots And Establishing Procedures For Voting On Amended Plan Of Reorganization; (V) Approving Forms Of Notices To Non-Voting Classes Under Plan Of Reorganization; (VI) Establishing Voting Deadline To Accept Or Reject Plan; (VII) Approving Procedures For Vote Tabulations; And (VIII) Establishing a Confirmation Hearing Date And Notice And Objection Procedures Thereof, as more fully set forth in the Motion; and the Court having jurisdiction to consider the Motion and the relief requested therein

All capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Motion.

Bankruptcy Judges for the Southern District of New York of Any and All Proceedings Under
Title 11, dated July 10, 1984 (Ward, Acting C.J.); and consideration of the Motion and the relief
requested therein being a core proceeding pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 157(b); and venue being
proper before this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1408 and 1409; and due and proper notice of
the Motion having been provided under the particular circumstances, and it appearing that no
other or further notice need be provided; and a hearing having been held to consider the relief
requested in the Motion (the "Hearing"); and upon all of the proceedings had before the Court;
and this Court having determined that the legal and factual bases set forth in the Motion establish
just cause for the relief granted herein; and it appearing that the relief requested in the Motion is
in the best interests of FairPoint, its estates, and creditors; and upon all of the proceedings had
before this Court and after due deliberation and sufficient cause appearing therefor, it is hereby
FOUND AND DETERMINED THAT:

- 1. The Amended Disclosure Statement attached hereto as <u>Exhibit A</u> (as it may be further amended, the "<u>Disclosure Statement</u>") contains "adequate information" about FairPoint's amended plan of reorganization (as it may be further amended, the "<u>Plan</u>") within the meaning of section 1125 of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 2. Notice of the Disclosure Statement, the Motion, the Hearing, and the deadline for filing objections to the Disclosure Statement (the "<u>Disclosure Statement Notice</u>") was properly provided pursuant to the Disclosure Statement Notice and such notice was due and proper to all interested parties and no further notice is necessary.
- 3. The forms of the ballots attached hereto as Exhibits C-1, C-2, C-3 and C-4 are consistent with Official Form No. 14, address the particular needs of these chapter 11 cases, and

are appropriate for each class of claims or interests entitled to vote to accept of reject the Plan.

The voting instructions attached to each of the ballots contain adequate information to instruct all members of the Voting Classes how to vote.

- 4. Holders of Claims in Class 1 (Other Priority Claims), Class 2 (Secured Tax Claims), Class 3 (Other Secured Claims), Class 5 (Legacy Subsidiary Unsecured Claims), Class 8 (Convenience Claims), Class 6 (NNE Subsidiary Unsecured Claims), Class 9 (Subordinated Securities Claims), Class 10 (Subsidiary Equity Interests), and Class 11 (Old FairPoint Equity Interests) (the "Non-Voting Classes") are conclusively presumed to accept or reject the Plan. Accordingly, members of the Non-Voting Classes are not entitled to vote or receive a Ballot.
- 5. The period, as set forth below, during which FairPoint may solicit acceptances to the Plan is a reasonable period of time for entities entitled to vote on the Plan to make an informed decision whether to accept or reject the Plan.
- 6. The procedures for the solicitation and tabulation of votes to accept or reject the Plan (as more fully set forth in the Motion and below) provide for a fair and equitable voting process and are consistent with section 1126 of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 7. The notice procedures set forth below comply with Bankruptcy Rules 2002 and 3017(d), and provide due, proper, and adequate notice of approval of the Disclosure Statement, the Confirmation Hearing, and the procedures for filing objections or responses to the Plan.
- 8. The proposed timing for the Confirmation Hearing complies with the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules, and the Local Rules and will enable FairPoint to pursue confirmation of the Plan in a timely fashion.
- 9. FairPoint has the right to seek modifications or extensions of the matters governed by this Order.

- 10. The relief requested in the Motion is in the best interests of FairPoint, the estates, and all parties in interest.
- 11. The legal and factual bases set forth in the Motion and at the Hearing establish just cause for the relief granted herein.

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS ORDERED THAT:

- 1. The Motion is GRANTED.
- 2. Any and all objections to the Motion not otherwise settled or withdrawn are hereby overruled.
 - 3. The Disclosure Statement is approved.
 - 4. The forms of Ballots and Master Ballot to Voting Classes are approved.
- 5. For the purposes of determining creditors entitled to vote on the Plan, the Voting Record Date (the "Voting Record Date") is **March 18, 2010** with respect to holders of claims or interests in Class 4 (Allowed Prepetition Credit Agreement Claims) and Class 7 (FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims) (collectively, the "Voting Classes").
- 6. The Voting Record Date is the date for purposes of determining which creditors and equity interest holders in the Non-Voting Classes are entitled to receive an appropriate Notice of Non-Voting Status.
- 7. FairPoint will complete the mailing of Solicitation Packages by no later than **March 25, 2010** (the "Solicitation Date").
- 8. Solicitation Packages distributed to creditors in the Voting Classes will contain a copy of (i) the Disclosure Statement Order (excluding exhibits attached thereto); (ii) the appropriate form of Ballot to accept or reject the Plan with instructions and a return envelope;

- (iii) the Disclosure Statement and Plan; (iv) a notice of the Confirmation Hearing, (the "Confirmation Hearing Notice") and (v) such other material as the Court may direct.
- 9. Solicitation Packages distributed to holders of claims and interests in Non-Voting Classes will contain a copy of (i) the Confirmation Hearing Notice and (ii) the appropriate Notice of Non-Voting Status.
- Disclosure Statement Order (excluding exhibits attached thereto), the Confirmation Hearing Notice, the Disclosure Statement and Plan, and any other materials as the Court may direct to the following: (i) the U.S. Trustee; (ii) the attorneys for the Committee; (iii) all parties entitled to notice pursuant to this Court's Order, dated November 18, 2009, implementing notice and case management procedures (the "Case Management Order") [Docket No. 162]; (iv) the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"); (v) the District Director of the Internal Revenue Service for the Southern District of New York (the "District Director"); and (vi) all persons or entities listed in the schedules of executory contracts and unexpired leases filed by FairPoint on January 29, 2010 (the "Schedules"). FairPoint shall also make the Disclosure Statement, Plan and Confirmation Hearing Notice available in electronic format on-line at www.bmcgroup.com/fairpoint.
- 11. FairPoint is not required to distribute copies of the Plan or Disclosure Statement holders of claims and interests in Non-Voting Classes unless such a holder makes a specific written request for copies of such documents to FairPoint's voting agent, BMC Group Inc. (the "Voting Agent")² at BMC Group, Inc., Attn: FairPoint Communications, Inc. 444 N Nash St., El Segundo, CA 90245 before **April 28, 2010**.

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Pursuant to this Court's Order Authorizing BMC Group Inc. To Act as Official Claims Agent for Maintenance and Recordation of Claims [Docket No. 37], BMC is authorized to "assist with, among other things,

- 12. FairPoint is not required to send Solicitation Packages to creditors that have claims that have already been paid in full; *provided, however*, that if, and to the extent that, any such creditor would be entitled to receive a Solicitation Package for any reason other than by virtue of the fact that such claim had been paid by FairPoint, then such creditor will be sent a Solicitation Package in accordance with the procedures set forth above.
- 13. FairPoint is excused from mailing Solicitation Packages and any other material related to voting or confirmation of the Plan to those entities to which certain notices mailed during the course of these chapter 11 cases have been returned as undeliverable by the United States Postal Service, unless and until FairPoint is provided with accurate addresses for such entities before the Solicitation Date. FairPoint's failure to mail Solicitation Packages or any other materials related to voting or confirmation of the Plan to such entities will not constitute inadequate notice of the Confirmation Hearing or Voting Deadline, and shall not constitute a violation of Bankruptcy Rule 3017(d).
- 14. FairPoint is not required to distribute copies of the Plan or Disclosure Statement to any party who holds a claim that is either not allowed, not filed, not scheduled in an amount greater than \$0, or that is listed in the Schedules as contingent, unliquidated or disputed, unless such party files a motion for temporary allowance of a claim under Bankruptcy Rule 3018.
- 15. FairPoint is authorized to make nonsubstantive changes to the Disclosure Statement, the Plan, and related documents without further order of the Court, including ministerial changes to correct typographical and grammatical errors, and to make conforming changes among the Disclosure Statement, the Plan and any other materials in the Solicitation Packages prior to mailing.

solicitation and calculation of votes and distribution as required in furtherance of confirmation of plan(s) of reorganization " See Debtors' Application for an Order Authorizing BMC Group Inc. To Act as Official Claims

- 16. The Notice of Impaired Non-Voting Status is approved and shall be distributed to all known holders of claims and interests in the Impaired Non-Voting Classes.
- 17. The Notice of Unimpaired Non-Voting Status is approved and shall be distributed to all known holders of claims and interests in the Unimpaired Non-Voting Classes.
- 18. With respect to the Ballots that will be sent those members of Class 7 (FairPoint Communications Unsecured Claims) who are beneficial holders of public securities (the "Beneficial Holders"), FairPoint requests authority to send Ballots to nominees and registered holders of such claims, including, without limitation, brokers, banks, dealers, or other agents or nominees (each a "Voting Nominee," and collectively, the "Voting Nominees"). Each Voting Nominee shall be entitled to receive reasonably sufficient copies of Ballots and Solicitation Packages for distribution to the Beneficial Holders of the claims for whom such Voting Nominee holds such claims, and FairPoint will reimburse each Voting Nominee for its reasonable and customary costs and expenses associated with the distribution of copies of Ballots to the Beneficial Holders and tabulation of the Ballots.
- 19. Within five (5) business days after receiving the Solicitation Packages, Voting Nominees shall do the following:
 - (a) Forward the Solicitation Package to each Beneficial Holder entitled to vote on the Plan and include a return envelope provided by and addressed to the Voting Nominee, so that the Beneficial Holder may return the completed Ballot to the Voting Nominee. The Voting Nominee shall summarize the individual votes of its respective Beneficial Holders from their individual Ballots on the Master Ballot, and then return the Master Ballot to the Voting Agent. The Voting Nominee shall advise the Beneficial Holders to return their individual Ballots to the Voting Nominee by a date calculated by the Voting Nominee to allow it to prepare and return the Master Ballot to the Voting Agent so that the Master Ballot is actually received by the Voting Agent by the Voting Deadline; or

- (b) Distribute pre-validated Ballots pursuant to the following procedures: (i) the Voting Agent shall indicate on the Ballot the name and address of the Beneficial Holder, the amount of the claims held by the Beneficial Holder, and the appropriate account numbers through which the Beneficial Holder's holdings are derived; (ii) the Voting Nominee shall forward the Solicitation Package to each Beneficial Holder as of the Voting Record Date; (iii) the Beneficial Holder shall then return the individual Ballot directly to the Voting Agent in the return envelope to be provided in the Solicitation Package.
- 20. Voting Nominees shall be required to keep the original Ballots received from Beneficial Holders, or in the case pre-validated Ballots, a list of the Beneficial Holders to whom pre-validated Ballots were sent, for a period of at least one (1) year after the Voting Deadline.
- 21. To be counted as a vote to accept or reject the Plan, all Ballots must be properly executed, completed, and delivered (i) by first-class mail, in the return envelope provided with each Ballot, to BMC Group Inc., Attn: FairPoint Communications Ballot Processing, P.O. Box 3020, Chanhassen, MN 55317-3020 (ii) or by overnight courier, or by hand delivery to BMC Group Inc., Attn: FairPoint Communications Ballot Processing, 18750 Lake Drive East, Chanhassen, MN 55317 so as to be actually received by no later than **4:00 p.m.** (Eastern Time) on April 28, 2010 (the "Voting Deadline").
- 22. Solely for purposes of voting to accept or reject the Plan and not for the purpose of the allowance of, or distribution on account of, any claim, and without prejudice to the rights of FairPoint in any other context, each claim within a class of claims entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan is temporarily allowed in an amount equal to the amount of such claim as set forth in the Schedules, provided that:
 - (a) If a claim is deemed allowed under the Plan, such claim is allowed for voting purposes in the deemed allowed amount set forth in the Plan;
 - (b) If a claim for which a proof of claim has been timely filed is contingent, unliquidated, or disputed, and such claim has not been allowed, such claim will be temporarily allowed for voting purposes only, and not for purposes of allowance or distribution and accorded one vote and valued at an amount

- equal to one dollar (\$1.00) unless such claim is disputed as set forth in paragraph (g) below;
- (c) If a claim has been estimated or otherwise allowed for voting purposes by order of the Court, such claim is temporarily allowed in the amount so estimated or allowed by the Court for voting purposes only, and not for purposes of allowance or distribution;
- (d) If a proof of claim was timely filed in an amount that is liquidated, matured, and undisputed, such claim is temporarily allowed in the amount set forth on the proof of claim, unless such claim is disputed as set forth in subparagraph (g) below;
- (e) If a claim is listed in the schedules as contingent, unliquidated, or disputed and a proof of claim was not (i) filed by the applicable bar date for the filing of proofs of claims established by the Court or (ii) deemed timely filed by an order of the Court prior to the Voting Deadline FairPoint propose that such claim shall be disallowed for voting purposes and for purposes of allowance and distribution pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 3003(c);
- (f) If a claim is listed in the schedules or on a timely filed proof of claim as contingent, unliquidated, or disputed in part, such claim is temporarily allowed in the amount that is liquidated, matured, and undisputed for voting purposes only, and not for purposes of allowance or distribution; and
- (g) If FairPoint has served an objection or request for estimation as to a claim at least ten (10) days before the Voting Deadline, such claim is temporarily disallowed for voting purposes only and not for purposes of allowance or distribution, except as ordered by the Court before the Voting Deadline.
- 23. The following procedures shall apply for tabulating votes: (i) any Ballot that is otherwise properly completed, executed and timely returned to the Voting Agent but does not indicate an acceptance or rejection of the Plan, or that indicated both an acceptance and rejection of the Plan, shall be deemed a vote to accept the Plan; (ii) if no votes to accept or reject the Plan are received with respect to a particular class that is entitled to vote on the Plan, such class shall be deemed to have voted to accept the Plan; (iii) if a creditor casts more than one Ballot voting the same claim before the Voting Deadline, the last dated, validly executed Ballot received before the Voting Deadline shall be deemed to reflect the voter's intent and thus to supersede any

prior Ballots;¹ (iv) creditors must vote all of their claims within a particular class to either accept or reject the Plan, and may not split their votes within a particular class and thus a Ballot (or group of Ballots) within a particular class that partially accepts and partially rejects the Plan shall be deemed to have voted to accept the Plan; and (v) except as otherwise provided in the Motion, for purposes of determining numerosity and claim or interest amount requirements of sections 1126(c) and 1126(d) of the Bankruptcy Code have been satisfied, FairPoint will tabulate only those Ballots received by the Voting Deadline.

- 24. The following Ballots will not be counted or considered for any purpose in determining whether the Plan has been accepted or rejected: (i) any Ballot received after the Voting Deadline unless FairPoint, in writing, granted an extension of the Voting Deadline with respect to such Ballot; (ii) any Ballot that is illegible or contains insufficient information to permit the identification of the voter; (iii) any Ballot cast by a person or entity that does not hold a claim or interest in a class that is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan; (iv) any unsigned Ballot; and (v) any Ballot transmitted to the Voting Agent by facsimile or other electronic means.
- 25. If any creditor seeks to challenge the allowance of its claim for voting purposes in accordance with the above procedures, such creditor shall serve on FairPoint and the Committee, and file with the Court (with a copy to chambers), a motion for an order pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 3018(a) temporarily allowing such claim in a different amount for purposes of voting to accept or reject the Plan on or before the 10th day after the later of (i) service of the Confirmation Hearing Notice and (ii) service of notice of an objection or request for estimation, if any, as to such claim. FairPoint further proposes, in accordance with Bankruptcy Rule 3018,

Likewise, if a holder of a claim submits more than one Ballot to a Voting Nominee, (a) the latest dated Ballot received before the submission deadline imposed by the Voting Nominee shall be deemed to supersede any prior Ballots submitted by such holder; and (b) the Voting Nominee shall complete the Master Ballot accordingly.

that as to any creditor filing such a motion, such creditor's Ballot should not be counted unless temporarily allowed by an order entered by the Court prior to the Voting Deadline.

- 26. With respect to tabulation of Master Ballots and Ballots cast by Voting Nominees and Beneficial Holders, for purposes of voting, the amount that will be used to tabulate acceptance or rejection of the Plan will be the principal amount of the securities held as of the Voting Record Date (the "Record Amount"). The following additional rules will apply to the tabulation of Master Ballots and Ballots cast by Voting Nominees and Beneficial Holders:
 - (a) Votes cast by Beneficial Holders through a Voting Nominee will be applied against the positions held by such entities in the securities as of the Voting Record Date, as applicable, as evidenced by the record and depository listings. Votes submitted by a Voting Nominee, whether pursuant to a Master Ballot or prevalidated Ballots, will not be counted in excess of the Record Amount of such securities held by such Voting Nominee.
 - (b) To the extent that conflicting votes or "overvotes" are submitted by a Voting Nominee, whether pursuant to a Master Ballot or prevalidated Ballots, the Voting Agent will attempt and is authorized to reconcile discrepancies with the Voting Nominees.
 - (c) To the extent that overvotes on a Master Ballot or prevalidated Ballots are not reconcilable prior to the preparation of the vote certification, the Voting Agent will apply the votes to accept and to reject the Plan in the same proportion as the votes to accept and reject the Plan submitted on the Master Ballot or prevalidated Ballots that contained the overvote, but only to the extent of the Voting Nominee's position in the security.
 - (d) For purposes of tabulating votes, each Voting Nominee or Beneficial Holder will be deemed to have voted the principal amount relating to such security, although the Voting Agent may be asked and is authorized to adjust such principal amount to reflect the claim amount, including prepetition interest.
- 27. Notwithstanding Section 11.1 of the Plan, FairPoint shall make a conclusive determination as to the assumption or rejection of any and all executory contract(s) or agreements or unexpired lease(s) with the Vermont Utilities (as defined in their objection at Docket No. 723) before the Voting Deadline.

- The hearing on Confirmation of the Plan (the "Confirmation Hearing") will be held at **10:00 a.m.** (Eastern Time) on May 11, 2010; *provided, however*, that the Confirmation Hearing may be adjourned or continued from time to time by the Court or FairPoint without further notice other than adjournments announced in open Court or as indicated in any notice of agenda of matters scheduled for hearing filed by FairPoint with the Court.
- 29. The notice of (i) the time fixed for filing objections to confirmation of the Plan and (ii) the time, date, and place of the Confirmation Hearing, substantially in the form annexed hereto as Exhibit F, (the "Confirmation Hearing Notice") is approved.
- 30. Objections or responses to confirmation of the Plan, if any, must (a) be in writing; (b) conform to the Bankruptcy Rules and the Local Rules for the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York; (c) set forth the name and address of the objecting party and the amount and nature of the claim or interest of such party; and (d) state the basis for the objection, and the specific grounds therefor. All other parties in interest must file their objections and responses on a 3.5 inch floppy disk (preferably in Portable Disk Format (PDF), WordPerfect, or any other Windows-based word processing format) and deliver a hard copy to the chambers of the Honorable Burton R. Lifland. All objections and responses must be served, so as to be received no later than April 28, 2010 at 4:00 p.m. (Eastern Time), upon: (a) Paul, Hastings, Janofsky & Walker LLP, attorneys for FairPoint, 75 East 55th Street, New York, NY 10022, Attn: Luc A. Despins, Esq. and James T. Grogan, Esq.; (b) FairPoint, c/o FairPoint Communications, Inc., 521 East Morehead Street, Suite 500, Charlotte, NC 28202, Attn: Susan L. Sowell, Esq.; (c) the Office of the United States Trustee for Region 2, 33 Whitehall Street, 21st Floor, New York, NY 10004, Attn: Andrew D. Velez-Rivera, Esq. and Elisabetta Gasparini, Esq.; (d) Kaye Scholer LLP, 425 Park Avenue, New York NY 10022, Attn: Margot B.

Schonholtz, Esq. and Mark F. Liscio, Esq., attorneys to Bank of America, N.A. as administrative

agent for FairPoint's prepetition secured lenders; (e) Andrews Kurth LLP, 450 Lexington

Avenue, New York, NY 10017, Attn: Paul N. Silverstein, Esq. and Jonathan I. Levine, Esq.,

attorneys to the official committee of unsecured creditors; (f) Stroock & Stroock & Lavan LLP,

180 Maiden Lane, New York, NY 10038, Attn: Kristopher M. Hansen, Esq., attorneys to the ad

hoc committee of FairPoint's senior noteholders; and (g) Cohen, Weiss and Simon LLP, 330

West 42nd Street, 25th Floor, New York, NY. 10036-6976, Attn: David R. Hock.

31. Objections to confirmation of the Plan that are not timely filed, served, and

actually received in the manner set forth above shall not be considered and shall be deemed

overruled.

32. FairPoint is authorized to take all actions necessary to effectuate the relief granted

pursuant to this Order.

33. Notwithstanding the possible applicability of Bankruptcy Rules 6004(h), 7062,

9014 or otherwise, the terms and conditions of this Order shall be immediately effective and

enforceable upon its entry.

34. This Court shall retain jurisdiction to hear and determine all matters arising from

or related to this Order.

Dated: March 11, 2010

New York, New York

/s/Burton R. Lifland

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY JUDGE