

**IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA
WILMINGTON DIVISION**

In Re:
HENRY L. ANDERSON, JR.
Debtor

Case No.:
10-00809-8-RDD
Chapter 11

DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 1125(b) of the Bankruptcy Code (“Code”), the Debtor hereby submits the following information:

THE DEBTOR’S PLAN SEEKS A DISCHARGE UPON THE DATE OF CONFIRMATION OF THE PLAN OF ALL CLAIMS AND LIENS WHICH EXISTED PRIOR TO CONFIRMATION OF THE PLAN, EXCEPT FOR LIENS, PAYMENTS, AND DISTRIBUTIONS EXPRESSLY PROVIDED FOR IN THE PLAN. THE BASIS FOR THIS DISCHARGE IS MORE FULLY SET FORTH IN SECTION XV OF THE PLAN.

I. INTRODUCTION

A. Purpose of This Document

The purpose of this Disclosure Statement (“Disclosure Statement”) is to provide each holder of a claim against the Debtor with adequate information about the Debtor and the Debtor’s Plan of Reorganization so that each holder of a claim may make an informed decision about whether to accept or reject the Plan. Attached hereto as **Exhibits “A”** and **“B”** are summaries of the Debtor’s assets and liabilities. A Liquidation Analysis is attached as **Exhibit “C.”**

Your rights may be affected. You should read the Plan and this Disclosure Statement carefully and discuss them with your attorney. If you do not have an attorney, you may wish to consult one.

This Disclosure Statement describes:

- The Debtor and significant events during the bankruptcy case;
- Who can vote on or object to the Plan;
- What factors the Bankruptcy Court (the “Court”) will consider when deciding whether to confirm the Plan;
- Why the Debtor believes the Plan is feasible, and how the treatment of your claim or equity interest under the Plan compares to what you would receive on your claim or equity interest in liquidation; and
- The effect of confirmation of the Plan.

The Plan describes:

- How the Plan proposes to treat claims or equity interests of the type you hold (*i.e.*, what you will receive on your claim or equity interest if the plan is confirmed); and
- The classification of claims and interests and the treatment of the classes of claims and interests, including a description of whether each class is impaired or unimpaired.

Be sure to read the Plan as well as the Disclosure Statement. It is the Plan itself that will, if confirmed, establish your rights.

B. Deadlines for Voting and Objecting; Date of Plan Confirmation Hearing

The Court has not yet confirmed the Plan. This section describes the procedures pursuant to which the Plan will or will not be confirmed.

1. Time and Place of the Hearing to Confirm the Plan

The hearing at which the Court will determine whether to confirm the Plan will be scheduled by the Court and you will receive an Order setting forth the date, time, and place.

2. Deadline For Objecting to the Adequacy of Disclosure and Confirmation of the Plan

Objections to this Disclosure Statement or to the confirmation of the Plan must be filed with the Court and served upon the Debtor's attorney.

3. Identity of Person to Contact for More Information

If you want additional information about the Plan, you should contact the Debtor's attorney at the address shown at the end of this Disclosure Statement.

II. CLASSIFICATION AND TREATMENT OF CLASSES OF CLAIMS AND INTERESTS

The Debtor's Plan ("Plan"), which accompanies this Disclosure Statement, is incorporated herein by reference. Section III of the Plan describes the classification of claims and interests and the treatment of the classes of claims and interests, including a description of whether each class is impaired or unimpaired. Exhibit B hereto also describes whether or not each class of claims and interests is impaired or unimpaired.

THE PLAN CONTEMPLATES A REORGANIZATION OF THE DEBTOR'S ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, AND A CONTINUATION OF MR. ANDERSON'S LAW FIRM, THE ANDERSON LAW GROUP. IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLAN, THE DEBTOR INTENDS TO SATISFY CERTAIN CREDITOR CLAIMS FROM INCOME EARNED THROUGH HIS

CONTINUED OPERATION OF THE ANDERSON LAW GROUP AND THE SALE OF CERTAIN REAL PROPERTY.

The particular method for payment of each creditor is outlined in Section III of the Plan. The total of general unsecured claims and deficiency claims has not been determined as of the filing date of this plan. The last day for creditors to file claims is June 21, 2010, and August 2, 2010, for governmental entities.

The Debtor's liabilities will be paid according to the priorities of the Bankruptcy Code and the Orders of this Court. The specific amounts and terms of payment will be made according to the treatment of each respective creditor.

A. The Purpose of the Plan of Reorganization

As required by the Code, the Plan places claims and equity interests in various classes and describes the treatment that each class will receive. The Plan also states whether each class of claims or equity interests is impaired or unimpaired. If the Plan is confirmed, your recovery will be limited to the amount provided by the Plan.

B. Administrative Expenses and Tax Claims

The following types of claims are addressed in the Plan:

1. Administrative Costs

Administrative costs are costs or expenses of administering the Debtor's chapter 11 case which are allowed under § 507(a)(2) of the Code. Administrative expenses may also include the value of any goods sold to the Debtor in the ordinary course of business and received within 20 days before the date of the bankruptcy petition.

2. Priority Tax Claims

Priority tax claims are unsecured income, employment, and other taxes described by § 507(a)(8) of the Code. Unless the holder of such a § 507(a)(8) priority tax claim agrees otherwise, it must receive the present value of such claim, in regular installments paid over a period not exceeding 5 years.

C. Classes of Claims

The following classes are also addressed in the Plan. The Plan describes the proposed treatment that they will receive under the Plan:

1. Classes of Secured Claims

Allowed Secured Claims are claims secured by property of the Debtor's bankruptcy estate (or that are subject to setoff) to the extent allowed as secured claims under § 506 of the Code. If the value of the collateral or setoffs securing the creditor's claim is less than the amount of the creditor's allowed claim, the deficiency will be classified as a general unsecured claim. The specific classes are described in Section III of the Plan.

2. *Classes of Priority Unsecured Claims*

Certain priority claims that are referred to in §§ 507(a)(1), (4), (5), (6), and (7) of the Code are required to be placed in classes. The Code requires that each holder of such a claim receive cash on the effective date of the Plan equal to the allowed amount of such claim. However, a class of holders of such claims may vote to accept different treatment.

3. *Class of General Unsecured Claims*

General unsecured claims are not secured by property of the estate and are not entitled to priority under § 507(a) of the Code.

III. HISTORY AND BUSINESS STRUCTURE

The Debtor filed a Chapter 11 petition on February 3, 2010. The Debtor is an individual residing in Wrightsville Beach, North Carolina. Mr. Anderson is the sole owner of the Anderson Law Group. Mr. Anderson focuses his practice in the area of personal injury law for which he works primarily on a contingent fee basis. Mr. Anderson had invested the majority of his wealth in the real estate market. The Debtor's bankruptcy resulted from a number of factors, including a slow-down in his law practice, several major health issues, and the downturn in the real estate market. Since the filing of his Petition, the Debtor has undergone several major surgeries and months of physical rehabilitation.

IV. TREATMENT OF EXECUTORY CONTRACTS AND UNEXPIRED LEASES

Except as specified herein or in the Plan, all contracts which exist between the Debtor and any individual or entity, whether such contract be in writing or oral, which have not heretofore been rejected or heretofore been approved by Orders of the Court are hereby specifically rejected; provided, however, that this provision is not intended to reject and does not reject any agreement for the renewal or the extension of any loan or funds, presently binding and in effect between the Debtor and any secured creditor. The Debtor hereby assumes all leases currently in effect, in which the Debtor is the lessor, except as may be otherwise specifically stated herein or in the Plan.

V. MEANS OF IMPLEMENTATION AND EXECUTION OF PLAN

A. The Debtor proposes to make payments under the Plan from funds on hand, net proceeds from the sale of assets, and any funds derived from the Debtor's income, including income from rental property.

B. Sale Free and Clear of Liens. All real and personal property owned by the Debtor that will be sold pursuant to this Plan will be sold free and clear of all liens, encumbrances, claims, interests, or other obligations. In order to expedite the sale process, provide clear title to the properties sold, and satisfy certain anticipated requirements of title insurance companies providing title insurance to purchasers, simultaneous with the entry of the Order Confirming Plan, the Court will enter a free and clear order, which shall provide that all sales will be free and clear of all liens, interests, and other claims or interests. All real or personal property sold by the Debtor shall be sold pursuant to the free and clear order to be entered. No further motions related to the sales of property shall be required; provided however, the Debtor may file such motions and seek such orders to the extent needed to provide reasonable comfort or accommodation to the purchaser(s) or to specify the method of distribution of the sales proceeds.

C. Distribution of Sales Proceeds. Upon the sale of the real or personal property proposed to be sold by this Plan, the liens secured by such property shall attach to the net proceeds of sale remaining after payment of costs of sale and all reasonable and ordinary closing costs, (including but not limited to ad valorem taxes, commissions, and any other costs permitted under Section 506(c) of the Code), and shall be paid to lienholders in accordance with the priorities of such liens, and then to other creditors in accordance with the priorities of the Code. In the event the net proceeds of sale are insufficient to satisfy all claims within a class, such proceeds to be distributed to such class will be distributed pro rata. The Debtor may elect to file additional motions with the Court setting forth the proposed distribution of any excess sales proceeds prior to distribution to creditors.

D. Preservation of Right to Credit Bid. All secured creditors shall retain the rights granted to them under § 363(k) to purchase their collateral via a credit bid upon the same or better terms of the proposed purchaser. In the event of a private sale which shall not satisfy the claim of the secured creditor(s) in full, the Debtor shall provide the secured creditor with a copy of the purchase contract in the manner designated by such creditor and such creditor shall have until no later than one hour before the Debtor's deadline for accepting such contract to inform the Debtor in writing whether it wishes to purchase the property via a credit bid upon the same or better terms than that offered by the purchaser. In the event the creditor does not provide written notification to the Debtor that it will purchase the property by credit bid, the creditor shall be deemed to waive its right to credit bid. Each secured creditor shall be responsible for providing the Debtor with information concerning the method by which it wishes to be notified to potential purchase contracts for purposes of credit bidding (i.e. fax, electronic mail, or telephonic notification).

E. Deficiency Claims. Each secured creditor who is entitled to foreclose on its collateral under the terms of the Plan shall have 120 days after the Effective Date to complete the foreclosure of its collateral. Each such creditor shall have 150 days following the Effective Date to file a proof of claim for any deficiency or be forever barred from asserting any deficiency claim and such obligation shall be deemed paid in full. Such proof of claim shall include an itemization of the principal, interest, and other costs. Any such deficiency claim shall be treated in the unsecured creditor class. In the event the Debtor obtains his Final Decree prior to the determination of any deficiency claim, such secured creditor shall inform the Disbursing Agent of such deficiency claim within the same time period. In such event, a proof of claim form shall not be required, but the

secured creditor shall provide notice of such deficiency claim to the Disbursing Agent in a writing containing the same information required in a proof of claim.

F. Distributions under the Plan shall be made on the Distribution Date; provided however, that Court approved professionals may be paid as such fees and expenses are approved by the Court. Any distribution required to be made hereunder on a day other than a business day shall be made on the next succeeding business day.

G. De Minimis Distributions. No distribution of less than fifty dollars (\$50.00) shall be required to be made to any holder of an allowed unsecured claim. Instead, the Debtor shall have the option of retaining such funds to be distributed at the time of the final distribution in accordance with the Plan.

H. Unclaimed Property. If any distribution remains unclaimed for a period of 90 days after it has been delivered, or attempted to be delivered, such unclaimed property shall be forfeited by such holder of the claim and the Disbursing Agent shall not attempt to make any further distribution of such holder of the claim. Undistributed property shall be returned to the Debtor for distribution in accordance with the Plan.

I. Preservation of Avoided Transactions for the Benefit of the Estate. All transactions avoided or otherwise set aside pursuant to Sections 544, 547, 548, and/or 549, if any, shall be preserved for the benefit of the Estate pursuant to Section 551 and applicable case law. Funds received from such transactions shall be distributed to creditors according to the priorities of the Code. In the case of any lien that has been avoided which encumbered certain properties of the Debtor and has since been avoided, the lien shall remain on the public record and shall remain an encumbrance upon the real property. However, all distributions made towards such deed of trust shall be distributed not to the named beneficiary of such deed of trust, but shall instead be paid to the Disbursing Agent for distribution to creditors.

J. Timing of Distributions. Any distribution required to be made hereunder on a day other than a business day shall be made on the next succeeding business day.

K. All payments or distributions made by the Debtor shall be applied as indicated in the respective treatment for each creditor, or if no such application of payments is specified, then payments shall be applied first to outstanding interest and then to principal. In the event that a creditor is entitled to costs and/or attorneys fees post-petition under § 506(b) of the Code, such creditor must file an application in accordance with the Code and/or Bankruptcy Rules pertaining to approval of costs and/or attorney fees prior to such costs and/or attorneys fees becoming part of the creditor's allowed claim.

L. The Debtor will execute and deliver all documentation to the Bankruptcy Court and to all parties in interest who are entitled to receive the same as required by the terms of the Plan and the Bankruptcy Code.

M. The Debtor shall take such other action as necessary to satisfy the other terms and requirements of the Plan and the Bankruptcy Code.

N. Except as expressly stated in the Plan, or allowed by a Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court, no interest, penalty, or late charge shall be allowed on any claim subsequent to the Petition Date, unless otherwise required by the Code. No attorney's fees or expenses shall be paid with respect to any claim except as specified herein or as allowed by a Final Order of the Court.

O. Confirmation of this plan shall constitute a finding that the Debtor does not waive, release, or discharge, but rather retains and reserves any and all pre-petition claims and any and all post-petition claims that it could or might assert against any party or entity arising under or otherwise related to any state or federal statute, state or federal common law, and any and all violations arising out of rights or claims provided for by Title 11 of the United States Code, by the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, or by the Local Rules of this Court, including all rights to assert and pursue any and all avoidance actions, preference actions, and any other actions pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§545, 546, 547, 548, and 550, except to the extent such avoidance actions, preference actions, or other actions were assigned to a creditor(s) as part of the Debtor's Plan. Further, the Debtor retains all rights to assert and pursue all claims under 11 U.S.C. §542, including without limitation actions to seek turnover of estate assets, actions to recover accounts receivable, and/or actions to invalidate setoffs.

P. Administrative claims unpaid on the Effective Date will be paid from funds on hand or as the parties otherwise agree.

Q. All objections to claims, fee applications, and adversary proceedings will be filed with the Court within 60 days after the Effective Date; provided however, that the Debtor retains the right to object or otherwise pursue any claims against secured creditors relating to the payoff and/or satisfaction of their secured claims.

R. Procedure for Deficiency Claims. Any creditor asserting a deficiency claim shall file a proof of claim within the time period specified in the treatment for such creditor or within sixty (60) days after the Effective Date whichever is longer, or be forever barred from asserting any deficiency claim and such obligation shall be deemed paid in full. In the event the Debtor obtains its Final Decree prior to the deadline for filing such deficiency claim, such creditor shall inform the Disbursing Agent of such deficiency claim within the same time period. In such event, a proof of claim form shall not be required, but the creditor shall provide notice of such deficiency claim to the Disbursing Agent in a writing containing the amount of such claim and an itemization of such claim.

S. Claims Paid by Third Parties. To the extent a claim holder receives payment in full or in part on account of such claim from a party that is not the Debtor, such creditor shall, within two (2) weeks therefore, inform the Debtor of such payment, and such creditor's claim shall be reduced accordingly for purposes of distribution under the Plan.

T. Exemption from Transfer Taxes. Pursuant to § 1146(c) of the Bankruptcy Code, the issuance, transfer, or exchange of notes or equity securities under the Plan, the creation of any

mortgage, or other security interest, the making or assignment of any lease or sublease, or the making or delivery of any instrument of transfer under, in furtherance of, or in connection with the Plan, including without limitation, deeds, or bills of sale or assignments of personal property executed in connection with any of the transactions contemplated under the Plan, will not be subject to any stamp, real estate transfer, mortgage recording, sales, use, or other similar tax. Each of the relevant state or local governmental officials or agents will forego the collection of any such tax or governmental assessment and accept for filing and recordation any of the foregoing instruments or other documents without the payment of any such tax or governmental assessment consistent with the applicable provisions of the Plan.

U. Procedure for Payment of Professional Fees. Current Court approved professionals shall not be subject to the fee application process for services rendered post-confirmation in furtherance of implementation of the confirmed Plan.

**VI. ACCEPTANCE OR REJECTION OF PLAN;
EFFECT OF REJECTION BY AN IMPAIRED CLASS**

A. Each Impaired Class Entitled to Vote Separately. Each impaired class of claims shall be entitled to have the holders of claims therein vote separately as a class to accept or reject the Plan.

B. Acceptance by a Class of Creditors. Consistent with §1126(c) of the Bankruptcy Code, and except as provided in §1126(e) of the Bankruptcy Code, a class of claims shall have accepted the Plan if the Plan is accepted by holders of at least two-thirds (2/3) in dollar amount and more than one-half (1/2) in number of the allowed claims of that class that have timely and properly voted to accept or reject the Plan.

C. Claimants Entitled to Vote. Holders of impaired claims shall be entitled to vote if:

(1) Such claim has been filed against the Debtor in a liquidated amount or has been listed on the Debtor's schedules other than as contingent, unliquidated or disputed, and as to which no proof of claim has been filed. The claim shall be allowed solely for the purpose of voting on the Plan in the amount in which such claim has been filed or listed on the Debtor's schedules;

(2) Such claim has been filed against the Debtor or listed on the Debtor's schedules and is the subject of an existing objection filed by the Debtor, and is temporarily allowed for voting purposes by order of the Court in accordance with Bankruptcy Rule 3018;

(3) Such claim has been filed in an undetermined amount, in which case the creditor shall not be entitled to vote unless the Debtor and the holder of the claim agree on an amount for voting purposes or the Court enters an order setting the amount of the claim that the creditor may ballot.

(4) Any entity holding two or more duplicate claims shall be entitled to vote only

one claim.

D. Confirmation Hearing. The Court will set a hearing on the confirmation of the Plan to determine whether the Plan has been accepted by the requisite number of creditors and whether the other requirements for confirmation of the Plan have been satisfied.

E. Acceptances Necessary to Confirm the Plan. At the hearing of confirmation of the Plan, the Court shall determine, among other things, whether the Plan has been accepted by each impaired class. Under §1126 of the Bankruptcy Code, an impaired class of Creditors is deemed to accept the Plan if at least two-thirds (2/3) in amount and more than one-half (1/2) in number vote to accept the Plan. Further, unless there is unanimous acceptance of the Plan by an impaired class, the Court must also determine that class members will receive property with a value, as of the Effective Date of the Plan, that is not less than the amount that such class member would receive or retain if the Debtor was liquidated as of the Effective Date of the Plan under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code.

F. Confirmation of Plan Without Necessary Acceptances. The Bankruptcy Code provides that the Plan may be confirmed even if it is not accepted by all impaired Classes. In order to be confirmed without the requisite number of acceptances of each impaired class, the Court must find that at least one impaired class has accepted the Plan without regard to the acceptances of insiders, and the Plan does not discriminate unfairly against, and is otherwise fair and equitable, to such impaired class. In the event that any class votes against the plan, the Debtor requests and moves the Court under the provisions of the Plan entitled "Cramdown," for confirmation pursuant to the "cramdown" provisions of §1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code. In connection therewith, the Debtor shall be allowed to modify the proposed treatment of the allowed claims in any class that votes against the Plan consistent with §1129(b)(2)(A).

VII. "CRAMDOWN" FOR IMPAIRED CREDITORS NOT ACCEPTING THE PLAN

In respect to any class of creditors impaired but not accepting the Plan by the requisite majority in number or two-thirds in amount, the proponent of this Plan requests the Court to find that the Plan does not discriminate unfairly and is fair and equitable in respect to each class of claims or interests that are impaired under the Plan and that the Court confirm the Plan without such acceptances by the said impaired classes. The Debtor will also request that the Court establish a value for any assets, the value of which is in dispute between the Debtor and any secured creditor, at a valuation hearing under Section 506 of the Bankruptcy Code, to be scheduled at the same time as the hearing on confirmation of the Plan.

VIII. DISCLAIMER

All parties are advised and encouraged to read this Disclosure Statement and the Plan in their entirety before voting to accept or reject the Plan or before voting on any other matter as provided for herein.

Statements made in this Disclosure Statement are qualified in their entirety by reference to the Plan itself, the Disclosure Statement, and all exhibits annexed thereto. The statements contained in this Disclosure Statement are made only as of the date hereof. No assurances exist that the statements contained herein will be correct any time hereafter.

The information contained in this Disclosure Statement is included herein for purposes of soliciting acceptances of the Plan and may not be relied upon for any purpose other than to determine how to vote on the Plan. No representations concerning the Debtor are authorized by the Debtor other than as set forth in this Disclosure Statement. Any other representations or inducements made to solicit your acceptance that are not contained in this Disclosure Statement should not be relied upon by you in arriving at your decision to accept or reject the Plan.

With respect to adversary proceedings, contested matters, other actions or threatened actions, this Disclosure Statement shall not constitute or be construed as an admission of any fact or liability, stipulation, or waiver; rather, this Disclosure Statement shall constitute statements made in connection with settlement negotiations.

This Disclosure Statement shall not be admissible in any non-bankruptcy proceeding involving the Debtor or any other party. Furthermore, this Disclosure Statement shall not be construed to be conclusive advice on the legal effects, including, but not limited to the tax effects, of the Debtor's Plan of Reorganization. You should consult your legal or tax advisor on any questions or concerns regarding the tax or other legal consequences of the Plan.

The information contained herein is not the subject of a certified audit and formal appraisals. The Debtor's records are dependent upon internal accounting methods. As a result, valuations and liabilities are estimated. Although substantial efforts have been made to be complete and accurate, the Debtor is unable to warrant or represent the full and complete accuracy of the information contained herein.

IX. PAYMENTS UNDER PLAN ARE IN FULL AND FINAL SATISFACTION OF DEBT

Except as otherwise provided in Section 1141 of the Bankruptcy Code, or the Plan, the payments and distributions made pursuant to the Plan will be in full and final satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge, as against the Debtor, of any and all claims against, and interests in, the Debtor, as defined in the Bankruptcy Code, including, without limitation, any Claim or Equity Interest accrued or incurred on or before the Confirmation Date, whether or not (i) a proof of claim or interest is filed or deemed filed under Section 501 of the Bankruptcy Code, (ii) such Claim or Equity Interest is allowed under Section 501 of the Bankruptcy Code, or (iii) the holder of such Claim or Equity Interest has accepted the Plan.

X. POTENTIAL MATERIAL FEDERAL TAX CONSEQUENCES

The Debtor is an individual cash basis, calendar year taxpayer who files joint returns with his wife, Frances Anderson.

The bankruptcy estate of the Debtor is a separate taxpaying entity which was created upon the filing by the Debtor of a Chapter 11 petition. The bankruptcy estate generally succeeds to an individual taxpayer's tax attributes as of the end of the taxable year preceding the year of filing. If the Debtor elects a short taxable year, the bankruptcy estate will succeed to the Debtor's tax attributes as of the end of the short taxable year. In addition, if the short taxable year is elected, any tax due for such period will be a claim against the bankruptcy estate with priority over the claims of unsecured creditors, and any refund attributable to such period will be an asset of the estate subject to the claims of the creditors. Regardless of whether the short-year election is made, the Debtor will be taxed on all income earned before the filing of the Chapter 11 petition, and the bankruptcy estate will be taxed on all subsequent income through the conclusion of the case. The Debtor must make any short-year election no later than the 15th day after the fourth full month after the date of filing.

The bankruptcy estate generally is taxed as if it were an individual, except that it may choose either a calendar or a fiscal year. The Debtor will succeed to any remaining tax attributes upon the termination of the bankruptcy estate.

Certain of the Debtor's debts will be discharged for less than their full face amount under the Plan. As a result, the bankruptcy estate will recognize cancellation of indebtedness income in an amount equal to the discharged debt. This income will be excluded from the bankruptcy estate's taxable income under Section 108(a)(1)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code. To the extent there is any property remaining at the close of the year of the discharge, the bankruptcy estate will be required to reduce basis in such property (but not below zero), which will reduce or eliminate the depreciation deductions and/or basis offsets which otherwise would have been available to the Debtor in the future. To the extent the amount discharged exceeds basis in property, the bankruptcy estate will be required to reduce Debtor's other tax attributes, if any – e.g., any carried over passive activity losses and net operating losses, which would otherwise have been deductible by the Debtor against future passive income or upon a complete disposition of the property or trade or business from which the suspended losses.

Payments to be made under the Plan will produce the following income tax effects:

- Administrative expenses paid by the Debtor will be deductible by the Debtor.
- Payment of the principal portion of secured claims generally will not be deductible by the Debtor, as it has already been included in the basis of the assets securing the debt or applied towards payment of previously deducted expenses.
- Payment of interest attributable to secured claims will be deductible by the Debtor when paid.
- Payment of unsecured claims will be deductible when paid by the Debtor to the extent the payment thereof would produce a deduction outside of Chapter 11.

Any tax reported on the bankruptcy estate's income tax return(s) will be a claim against the

bankruptcy estate with priority over the claims of unsecured creditors, and any refund attributable to such period will be an asset of the estate subject to the claims of the creditors.

For federal income tax purposes, loan creditors who receive principal payments under the Plan generally will recognize capital gain or loss in an amount equal to the difference between the amount of the principal payments and their bases in their claim. (A creditor may have a basis in its claim which is different from the face amount of the indebtedness as a result of charge-offs, or because it acquired its claim for something other than the face amount from the original lender.) Any interest payments received by creditors under the Plan will generate ordinary income to such creditors, to the extent such amounts have not already been accrued.

A loan creditor whose debt is significantly modified will be treated as having received a new debt instrument in exchange for the old one. This will be treated as a sale or exchange of the old debt for a new instrument with a value determined under IRS rules. This may result in the recognition of capital gain or loss by the creditor in an amount equal to the difference between the value of the new instrument and the creditor's basis in the claim.

Other creditors of the Debtor who receive payments under the Plan will recognize federal taxable income in a manner consistent with their methods of accounting for receipts of this nature.

Expenses incurred by creditors in connection with the Plan, such as legal, accounting and administrative costs, should be deductible by the creditors in accordance with their methods of accounting.

To the extent creditors are subject to North Carolina income tax, their treatment for state tax purposes will generally follow the federal treatment discussed above. The income tax treatment of creditors in states other than North Carolina is beyond the scope of this disclosure statement.

CIRCULAR 230 NOTICE: To comply with requirements imposed by the United States Treasury Department and/or IRS, any information regarding any U.S. federal tax matters contained in this communication (including any attachments) is not intended or written to be used, and cannot be used, as advice for the purpose of (i) avoiding penalties under the Internal Revenue Code or (ii) promoting, marketing or recommending to another party any transaction or matter addressed herein. A formal and thorough written tax opinion would first be required for any tax advice contained in this communication to be used to avoid tax related penalties. Please consult your own tax professional.

XI. PROVISIONS FOR VOTING ON A PLAN

A. Creditors Allowed to Vote and Deadline. Creditors holding allowed claims are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Debtor's Plan of Reorganization. The Court has fixed a date by which ballots upon the proposed Plan must be filed with counsel for the Debtor as an agent of the Court. Even though a creditor may not choose to vote, or may vote against the Plan, the creditor will be bound by the terms and treatment set forth in the Plan if the Plan is accepted by the requisite

majorities in each class of creditors and/or is confirmed by the Court. Creditors who fail to vote will not be counted in determining acceptance or rejection of the Plan. Allowance of a claim or interest for voting purposes does not necessarily mean that the claim will be allowed or disallowed for purposes of distribution under the terms of the Plan. Any claim to which an objection has been or will be made will be allowed for distribution only after determination by the Court. Such determination of allowed status may be made before or after the Plan is confirmed.

B. Voting Provisions. In order for the Plan to be accepted by the class of creditors holding general unsecured claims, creditors that hold at least two-thirds (2/3) in dollar amount and more than one-half (1/2) in the total number of allowed claims of creditors voting on the Plan must accept the Plan. Under certain limited circumstances more fully described in 11 U.S.C. Section 1129(b), the Court may confirm the Plan by a “cramdown” notwithstanding the rejection thereof by more than one-third (1/3) in amount or one-half (1/2) in number of the creditors voting on the Plan. The Debtor intends to seek confirmation under 11 U.S.C. Section 1129(b) in the event any class of creditors rejects the Plan.

C. Representations Limited. No representation concerning the Debtor, particularly regarding future business operations or the value of the Debtor’s assets, has been authorized by the Debtor except as set forth in this statement. You should not rely on any other representations or inducements offered to you to secure your acceptance or decide how to vote on the Plan. Any person making representations or inducements concerning acceptance or rejection of the Plan should be reported to counsel for the Debtor.

While every effort has been made to provide the most accurate information available, the Debtor is unable to warrant or represent that all information is without inaccuracy. No known inaccuracies are set forth herein. Further, much of the information contained herein consists of projections of future performance. While every effort has been made to ensure that the assumptions are valid and that the projections are as accurate as can be made under the circumstances, the Debtor has not undertaken to certify or warrant the absolute accuracy of the projections.

No formal appraisals have been undertaken of the Debtor’s property for the purpose of preparing this Disclosure Statement. The property values which were assigned and summarized below are the Debtor-in-Possession’s best estimate of the values of the property as of the time of the filing of this Disclosure Statement. However, the Debtor has sought the opinions of persons experienced in valuing property in arriving at its estimates of values. These values may differ from values placed on the property at the time of the filing of the petition for relief and the subsequent schedules.

XII. ACCEPTANCE AND CONFIRMATION

The Bankruptcy Code requires that the Bankruptcy Court, after notice, hold a hearing to consider confirmation of the Plan. The confirmation hearing will be scheduled at a time and place to be determined by the Bankruptcy Court. The confirmation hearing may be adjourned from time to time by the Bankruptcy Court without further notice except for an announcement made at the confirmation hearing.

At the confirmation hearing, the Bankruptcy Court will determine whether the requirements of Section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code have been satisfied, in which event the Bankruptcy Court will enter an order confirming the Plan. These requirements include determinations by the Bankruptcy Court that (i) the Plan has classified Claims in a permissible manner; (ii) the Plan is in the "best interests" of all Creditors; (iii) the Plan is feasible; (iv) the Plan has been accepted by the requisite number and amount of Creditors in each Class entitled to vote on the Plan, or that the Plan may be confirmed without such acceptances; (v) the Plan and its proponent comply with various technical requirements of the Bankruptcy Code; (vi) the Debtor has proposed the Plan in good faith; (vii) any payments made or promised in connection with the Plan are subject to the approval of the Bankruptcy Court as reasonable; and (viii) the Plan provides specified recoveries for certain priority claims. The Debtor believes that all of these conditions have been or will be met prior to the Confirmation hearing.

A. **Classification of Claims.** The Bankruptcy Code requires that a plan place each creditor's claim in a class with "substantially similar" claims. The Debtor believes that the Plan's classification of claims complies with the requirements of the Bankruptcy Code and applicable case law.

B. **The Best Interests Test.** Notwithstanding acceptance of the Plan in accordance with Section 1126 of the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Court must find, whether or not any party in interest objects to Confirmation, that the Plan is in the best interests of the Creditors. Bankruptcy courts have generally defined "best interests" as the Bankruptcy Code's requirement that, under any plan of reorganization, each member of an impaired class of creditors must receive or retain, on account of its claim, property of a value, as of the effective date of the plan, that is not less than the amount such creditor would receive or retain if the Debtor were liquidated under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. The Debtor believes that the Plan is in the best interests of all Creditors.

To determine what the Creditors would receive if the Debtor were liquidated under chapter 7, the dollar amount that would be generated from the liquidation of the Debtor's assets in a chapter 7 liquidation case needs to be considered. The amount that would be available for the satisfaction of Claims would consist of the Debtor's interest in the net proceeds resulting from the disposition of the Estate's assets, augmented by the Debtor's interest in the cash on hand. The Estate's interest would be further reduced by the amount of any Secured Claims, the costs and expenses of the liquidation, and such additional Administrative Claims and Priority Claims that may result from the termination of the Debtor's business. These calculations are set forth in a liquidation analysis attached to this Disclosure Statement.

The costs of liquidation under chapter 7 would become Administrative Claims with the highest priority against the proceeds of liquidation. Such costs would include the fees payable to a chapter 7 trustee, as well as those which might be payable to attorneys, financial advisors, appraisers, accountants and other professionals that such a trustee may engage to assist in the liquidation.

After satisfying Administrative Claims arising in the course of the chapter 7 liquidation, the proceeds of the liquidation would then be payable to satisfy any unpaid expenses incurred during the

time the Case was pending under chapter 11, including compensation for the Debtor, attorneys, financial advisors, appraisers, accountants and other professionals retained by the Debtor.

For the reasons discussed above, the Debtor has concluded that the Plan provides Creditors with a recovery that has a present value at least equal to the present value of the distribution that such Person would receive if the Estate were liquidated under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code.

BECAUSE THE LIQUIDATION ANALYSIS AND ANY PROJECTIONS WHICH MAY BE PROVIDED BY THE DEBTOR ARE BASED UPON A NUMBER OF ASSUMPTIONS AND ARE INHERENTLY SUBJECT TO SIGNIFICANT UNCERTAINTIES THAT ARE BEYOND THE DEBTOR'S CONTROL, THERE CAN BE NO ASSURANCE THAT THE LIQUIDATION VALUES WOULD, IN FACT, BE REALIZED IN THE EVENT OF A LIQUIDATION UNDER CHAPTER 7 OR THAT THE FINANCIAL PROJECTIONS WILL BE REALIZED. ACTUAL RESULTS MAY BE HIGHER OR LOWER THAN THOSE SHOWN IN THE EXHIBITS, POSSIBLY BY MATERIAL AMOUNTS.

C. **Feasibility of the Plan.** Section 1129(a)(11) of the Bankruptcy Code requires a judicial determination that confirmation of the Plan will not likely be followed by liquidation or the need for further financial reorganization of the Debtor or any other successor to the Debtor under the Plan, unless such liquidation or reorganization is proposed in the Plan. The Debtor believes that the Debtor will be able to meet its obligations under the Plan.

D. **Confirmation.** The Plan may be confirmed if the holders of impaired Classes of Claims accept the Plan. Classes of Claims that are not impaired are deemed to have accepted the Plan. A Class is impaired if the legal, equitable, or contractual rights attaching to the Claims or interests of that Class are modified other than by curing defaults and reinstating maturities or by full payment in cash.

The Bankruptcy Code defines acceptance of a plan by a class of claims as acceptance by the holders of two-thirds in dollar amount and a majority in number of allowed claims in that class. This calculation includes only those holders of claims who actually vote to accept or reject the Plan. Votes on the Plan are being solicited only from holders of Allowed Claims in impaired Classes who are expected to receive distributions.

In the event that an impaired Class does not accept the Plan, the Bankruptcy Court may nevertheless confirm the Plan at the Debtor's request if (i) all other requirements of Section 1129(a) of the Bankruptcy Code are satisfied, and (ii) as to each impaired Class that has not accepted the Plan, the Bankruptcy Court determines that the Plan "does not discriminate unfairly" and is "fair and equitable" with respect to such non-accepting Class. **THE DEBTOR BELIEVES THAT THE PLAN IS IN THE BEST INTERESTS OF ALL CREDITORS AND STRONGLY RECOMMENDS THAT ALL PARTIES ENTITLED TO VOTE CAST THEIR BALLOTS IN FAVOR OF ACCEPTING THE PLAN.** Nevertheless, the Debtor has requested that the Bankruptcy Court confirm the Plan over the rejection of any non-accepting Class in the event all other elements of Section 1129(a) of the Bankruptcy Code are satisfied.

A plan “does not discriminate unfairly” if the legal rights of a non-accepting class are treated in a manner that is consistent with the treatment of other classes whose legal rights are intertwined with those of the non-accepting class, and no class receives payments in excess of that which it is legally entitled to receive. The Debtor believes that, under the Plan, all holders of impaired Claims are treated in a manner that is consistent with the treatment of other holders of Claims with which any of their legal rights are intertwined. Accordingly, the Debtor believes the Plan does not discriminate unfairly as to any impaired class of Claims.

The condition that a plan be “fair and equitable” generally requires that an impaired class that has not accepted the plan must receive certain specified recoveries, as set forth in Section 1129(b)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code. The Debtor believes that the Plan meets the thresholds specified in this section of the Bankruptcy Code.

XIII. EFFECT OF CONFIRMATION

A. Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, the confirmation of the Plan vests all of the property of the estate in the Debtor.

B. Injunction. As of the Confirmation Date, except as otherwise provided in the Plan or the Confirmation Order, all persons that have held, currently hold, or may hold a claim, equity interest, or other debt or liability that is treated pursuant to the terms of the Plan or that is otherwise enjoined pursuant to Section 1141 of the Code, are enjoined from taking any of the following actions on account of any such claims, equity interests, debtors or liabilities, other than actions brought to enforce obligations under the Plan: (i) commencing or continuing in any manner any action or other proceeding; (ii) enforcing, attaching, collecting, or recovering in any manner any judgment, award, decree or order; (iii) creating, perfecting, or enforcing any lien or encumbrance; (iv) asserting a setoff or right of recoupment of any kind against any debt, liability, or obligation; and/or (v) commencing or continuing, in any manner or in any place, any action that does not comply with or is inconsistent with the provisions of the Plan or the Confirmation order. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Plan does not release or waive any claims it may have against any party in interest.

XIV. SIMILAR TREATMENT FOR EACH CLAIM WITHIN A CLASS

The claims stated in the Plan, by modification, Court Order, or other legally appropriate manner, may be modified throughout the course of payment under the Plan. The Debtor, upon full payment as called for under the notes and deeds of trust, shall be entitled to have the note marked paid and satisfied and the deed of trust canceled as a matter of record, by the Trustee, or by appropriate application to this Bankruptcy Court, and upon a showing that the full amount of the monthly payments were made by the Debtor.

XV. PROVISIONS GOVERNING DISTRIBUTIONS

A. Delivery of Distributions in General. Distributions to holders of allowed claims shall be made: (i) at the addresses set forth in the proofs of claim filed by such holders; (ii) at the

addresses set forth in any written notices of address change submitted to the Court or Attorney for the Debtor after the date on which any related proof of claim was filed; or, if the information described in clauses (i) or (ii) is not available, (iii) at the addresses reflected in the Debtor's schedules of liabilities.

B. Distribution Dates. It is the intent of the Plan that the distribution shall occur as early as practicable following the Effective Date.

XVI. RECOMMENDATION AND CONCLUSION

THE DEBTOR BELIEVES THAT THE PLAN PROVIDES THE GREATEST RECOVERY TO CREDITORS AND IS IN THE BEST INTEREST OF CREDITORS, THEREFORE, THE DEBTOR RECOMMENDS THAT ALL CREDITORS VOTE TO ACCEPT THE PLAN.

XVII. OTHER SOURCES OF INFORMATION AVAILABLE TO CREDITORS AND PARTIES IN INTEREST

Additional motions, affidavits, orders or other documentation which might be of interest to any holder of a claim against the Debtor in this proceeding are shown on the docket sheet maintained by the Clerk's office. Copies of the docket sheet and actual items can be obtained from the office of the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court:

Stephanie Edmondson, Clerk
U.S. Bankruptcy Court
1760-A Parkwood Boulevard
Wilson, NC 27893
(252) 237-0248

XVIII. DISCHARGE

Upon completion of payments, the Debtor and the Estate will be discharged from all Claims and Liens and Liens expressly provided for in the Plan. The discharge will be fully effective against all Creditors regardless of whether they have voted to accept or reject the Plan and regardless of whether the Plan is confirmed by consent or by resort to the provisions of § 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code. However, even though no discharge shall be entered until all payments are completed, the Debtor will seek to have the case closed upon substantial consummation under § 1101(2). Further, the Debtor will seek to have the case automatically re-opened pursuant to § 350(b) without the payment of a fee, upon the filing and service on all Creditors and the Bankruptcy Administrator, of a Notice of Completion of Plan Payments and Request for Entry of Discharge, allowing all parties twenty (20) days to file a response.

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Respectfully submitted, this the 3rd day of June, 2010.

s/Trawick H. Stubbs, Jr.
TRAWICK H. STUBBS, JR.
N.C. State Bar #4221

s/Amy M. Currin
AMY MARVINE CURRIN
N.C. State Bar # 26031

STUBBS & PERDUE, P.A.
P.O. Box 1654
New Bern, NC 28563-1654
(252) 633-2700
Attorneys for Debtor

s/Henry L. Anderson, Jr.
HENRY L. ANDERSON, JR.

HENRY L. ANDERSON, JR.
10-00809-8-RDD
Exhibit A to Disclosure Statement

REAL PROPERTY

<u>Description</u>	<u>Value of Asset</u>
232 Causeway Drive Debtor's Commercial Bldg (Law Office)	\$ 3,650,000.00
207 Water Street	\$ 750,000.00
812 Schloss Street 50% Interest Owned with Brother	\$ 700,000.00
816 Schloss Street	\$ 1,250,000.00
212 Water Street Debtor's Residence	\$ 3,600,000.00
100 Acres in Fayetteville, NC 50% Interest Owned with Brother	\$ 74,130.25
126 Shadow Lane (Tenants by the entireties)	\$ 3,600,000.00
1734 Main Street (Tenants by the entireties)	\$ 500,000.00
1732 Main Street (Tenants by the entireties)	\$ 3,600,000.00
750 Junction Road 50% Interest Owned with J. Carl Poindexter, Jr.	\$ 15,000.00
Total	\$ 17,739,130.25

PERSONAL PROPERTY

DIP Preferred Checking Account No. 2514	\$ 37,236.20
DIP Business ISO Checking Account No. 8342	\$ 240.16
DIP Business ISO Checking Account No. 8334	\$ 284.04
Household Goods & Furnishings	\$ 108,500.00
Rental HHGs- 816 Schloss St	\$ 22,500.00
Rental HHGs- 812 Schloss St	\$ 22,500.00
Rental HHGs- 207 Water St	\$ 22,500.00
HHGs - 126 Shadow Ln	\$ 149,287.50
Clothing	\$ 1,000.00
1 12-Gauge Shot Gun	\$ 100.00
2 Rifles	\$ 200.00
1 Browning 9mm	\$ 100.00
1 45-Caliber	\$ 250.00

Snow skis	\$	100.00
Scuba Diving Equipment	\$	100.00
Health Insurance Claim - BCBS (Estimate)	\$	30,000.00
Amount Due - Butler Daniel, Esq. A/R from Anderson, Daniel & Assoc. (Contingent Claims)		Unknown
2000 Lincoln LS	\$	2,350.00
1990 Nissan 300 ZX Twin-Turbo	\$	2,425.00
1985 Motorboat	\$	3,500.00
4 Kayaks	\$	200.00
Sailboat (50% Interest)	\$	5,000.00
Sunfish Sailboat	\$	100.00
Office equipment, furnishings, and supplies	\$	10,000.00
Tools of the Trade - Law Library	\$	1,000.00
Total	\$	419,472.90

Total All Property - Real and Personal \$ 18,158,603.15

HENRY L. ANDERSON, JR.

10-00809-8-RDD

Exhibit B to Disclosure Statement

CLASS	Name of Creditor	CLM#	AMOUNT	Impairment	Notes	Collateral
1	<u>Administrative Claims</u>			Impaired		
	Stubbs & Perdue, P.A.			To be determined by Court		
	Pamela K. Cosmo			To be determined by Court		
	Scott Ashcraft			To be determined by Court		
	Dennis R. Musser			To be determined by Court		
	Pamela L. Newton			To be determined by Court		
	Phillip W. Haigh, C.P.A.			To be determined by Court		
	Daniel Brawley, Esq.			To be determined by Court		
				To be determined by Court		
2	<u>Ad Valorem Taxes</u>			Unimpaired		
	New Hanover Co	6	\$ 13,247.02			
	New Hanover Co	6	\$ 8,622.96			
	New Hanover Co	6	\$ 7,857.32			
	New Hanover Co	6	\$ 5,888.04			
	New Hanover Co	6	\$ 22.81			
	New Hanover Co		\$233.69			
	Watauga Co	7	\$ 977.04			
	Watauga Co	7	\$ 4,671.06			
	Watauga Co	7	\$ 1,443.09			
	Town of Blowing Rock		\$ 1,224.95			
	Town of Blowing Rock		\$ 4,091.51			
	Town of Blowing Rock		\$ 867.65			
	Total:		\$ 49,147.14			
3 (secured)	<u>Tax Claims</u>			Unimpaired		
	Internal Revenue Service - Tax Lien	9	\$ 413,000.00			
	Internal Revenue Service - priority	9	\$ 933,559.85			
	N.C. Dept. of Revenue	10	\$ 249,406.65			
	Total:		\$ 1,595,966.50			

4	<u>BB&T</u> 1734 Main Street, Blowing Rock	11	\$ 465,816.53	Impaired	Andy only
5	<u>Crescent State Bank</u> 232 Causeway Drive (Commercial Bldg) 816 Schloss Street 812 Schloss Street	3 4 5	\$ 1,802,102.40 \$ 448,474.82 \$ 444,905.01	Impaired	Andy & Missy Andy & Missy Not Scheduled (Brother owes)
	Total:		\$ 2,695,482.23		
6	<u>First Bank</u> 207 Water Street - 1st 207 Water Street - 2nd	18 18	\$ 615,820.67 \$ 45,711.20	Impaired	Andy & Missy Andy & Missy
	Total:		\$ 661,531.87		
7	<u>GMAC Mortgage</u> 212 Water Street (Residence)	2	\$ 1,457,009.82	Impaired	Andy & Missy
8	<u>Wells Fargo/Wachovia</u> 212 Water Street (Residence) - 2nd 126 Shadow Lane (Wife's Residence) - 1st 126 Shadow Lane (Wife's Residence) - 2nd 1732 Main Street (Spec House)	15	\$ 643,831.27 \$ 1,613,090.88 \$ 472,643.80 \$ 1,548,749.92	Impaired	Andy & Missy Andy & Missy Andy & Missy Andy & Missy
	Total:		\$ 4,278,315.87		
9	<u>Commercial Rental Leases</u> LPL Financial Services Mercer Financial Group Mark D. Mitchell Telesis Ventures, Inc.			Umimpaired	
10	<u>Rejected Executory Contracts</u> CIT Technology Fin. Serv., Inc. IKON Financial Services Pitney Bowes AT&T Advertising Solutions DEX-Embarq Experian	20 13	\$ 16,944.26 \$ 15,108.17	Impaired	

White Directory
FindLaw
WestLaw
LexisNexis

14 \$ 223.53
Total: \$ 32,052.43

11

General Unsecured Claims

Impaired

Frances W. Anderson	\$	100,000.00
Frances W. Anderson	\$	51,039.00
AT&T Advertising Solutions	\$	5,841.33
Bank of America	1 \$	940.07
CIT Technology Fin. Serv., Inc.	\$	3,207.22
Creekside Electronics	\$	240.00
CX Corporation	\$	224.50
Deluxe for Business	\$	285.02
DEX - Embarq Yellow Pages	19 \$	15,257.51
di Santi, Anthony	\$	937.50
Experian	\$	499.45
FindLaw	\$	1,047.40
Hertz Corporation	\$	1,633.84
Hight, Steven & Linda		unknown
Intercoastal, Crouch & Collins	\$	39,750.00
IKON Financial Services	13, 17 \$	15,881.45
IRS	9 \$	237,121.35
Landfall Family Practice	\$	106.46
Law Journal Press	\$	240.00
LexisNexis	\$	740.50
Michelle's Cleaning Service	\$	1,750.00
N.C. Dept. of Revenue	10 \$	37,336.10
Orkin Pest Control	\$	173.67
Pitney Bowes	\$	702.42
Pitney Bowes Purchase Power	\$	499.45
Pleasant Ridge Nursery, Inc.	8 \$	10,522.48
Alan M. Silbert, M.D.	\$	325.00
Suburban Propane	\$	1,355.57
Thyssenkrupp Elevator Corp.	\$	539.83
Vanderbilt Comp. Assmt. Pgm.	\$	1,200.00

Vanderbilt Medical Group		\$	90.00
Velocity Tech Group	12	\$	845.00
WestLaw		\$	10,146.96
White Directory Publishers		\$	7,858.90
Cynthia L. Wilhelm, Ph.D.	16	\$	76,742.67
Total:		\$	625,080.65

HENRY L. ANDERSON, JR.
10-00809-8-RDD
Exhibit C to Disclosure Statement
Liquidation Analysis

ASSETS	LIENHOLDER	AMOUNT OF LIEN	MARKET VALUE	EXEMPTION	EQUITY
232 Causeway Drive Debtor's Commercial Bldg (Law Office)	1st- Crescent Bank	\$ 1,802,102.40	\$ 3,650,000.00		\$ 1,847,897.60
212 Water Street Wrightsville Beach, NC	1st- GMAC 2nd- Wachovia	\$ 1,457,009.82 <u>\$ 643,831.27</u> \$ 2,100,841.09	\$ 3,600,000.00	\$ 37,500.00	\$ 1,461,658.91
100 acres in Fayetteville 50% Interest			\$ 74,130.25		\$ 74,130.25
750 Junction Rd, Durham vacant lot			\$ 15,000.00		\$ 15,000.00
207 Water Street	1st & 2nd- First Bank	\$ 661,531.87	\$ 750,000.00		\$ 88,468.13
816 Schloss	1st-Crescent Bank	\$ 448,474.82	\$ 1,250,000.00		\$ 801,525.18
812 Schloss Street 50% Interest	1st-Crescent Bank	\$ 444,905.01	\$ 700,000.00		\$ 255,094.99
LESS: IRS TAX LIEN					\$ (413,000.00)
TOTAL EQUITY IN REAL PROPERTY:					\$ 4,130,775.06

Assets owned as Tenants by the entireties:

126 Shadow Ln, Blowing Rock, NC Wife's Residence	1st-Wells Fargo 2nd- Wachovia	\$ 1,613,090.88 <u>\$ 472,643.80</u> \$ 448,065.31 \$ 2,533,799.99	\$ 3,600,000.00		exempt
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1734 Main Street, Blowing Rock, NC	1st- BB&T	\$ 465,816.53	\$ 500,000.00		exempt
Vacant lot					

1732 Main Street, Blowing Rock, NC	1st- Wachovia	\$ 1,548,749.92	\$ 3,600,000.00	\$ 2,051,250.08	
Spec House		<u>\$ 1,283,019.55</u>			
		\$ 2,831,769.47			exempt

Personal Property:

1 12-Gauge Shot Gun	\$	100.00		\$	100.00
2 Rifles	\$	200.00		\$	200.00
1 Browning 9mm	\$	100.00		\$	100.00
1 45-Caliber	\$	250.00		\$	250.00
Snow skis	\$	100.00		\$	100.00
Scuba Diving Equipment	\$	100.00		\$	100.00
Health Insurance Claim - BCBS (Estimate)	\$	30,000.00		\$	30,000.00
1990 Nissan 300 ZX Twin-Turbo	\$	2,425.00		\$	2,425.00
1985 Motorboat	\$	3,500.00		\$	3,500.00
4 Kayaks	\$	200.00		\$	200.00
Sailboat (50% Interest)	\$	5,000.00		\$	5,000.00
Household Goods & Furnishings	\$	108,500.00	\$ 3,150.00	\$	105,350.00
Rental HHGs- 816 Schloss St	\$	22,500.00		\$	22,500.00
Rental HHGs- 812 Schloss St	\$	22,500.00		\$	22,500.00
Rental HHGs- 207 Water St	\$	22,500.00		\$	22,500.00
HHGs - 126 Shadow Ln	\$	149,287.50		\$	149,287.50
Office equipment, furnishings, & supplies	\$	10,000.00		\$	10,000.00
Sunfish Sailboat	\$	100.00		\$	100.00
Total Personal Property with Equity	\$	377,362.50		\$	374,212.50

Other personal property without equity:

DIP Preferred Checking Account No. 2514	\$	37,236.20		\$	-
DIP Business ISO Checking Account No. 8342	\$	240.16			
DIP Business ISO Checking Account No. 8334	\$	284.04			
Clothing	\$	1,000.00	\$ 1,000.00	\$	-
Amount Due - Butler Daniel, Esq.				\$	-
A/R from Anderson, Daniel & Assoc.				\$	-
(Contingent Claims)		Unknown			
2000 Lincoln LS	\$	2,350.00	\$ 2,350.00	\$	-

Tools of the Trade - Law Library		\$	1,000.00	\$	1,000.00		
Total Personal Property without Equity		\$	42,870.24	\$	4,350.00	\$	-
TOTAL R & P PROPERTY WITH EQUITY						\$	4,504,987.56
Less							
<u>Real Estate Commission - Commerical</u>							
10% for Commercial Property	0.1	\$	3,650,000.00			\$	(365,000.00)
<u>Chapter 7 Auctioner Fees Real Property</u>							
10% of first \$25,000.00	0.1	\$	25,000.00			\$	(2,500.00)
4% of balance	0.04	\$	6,364,130.25			\$	(254,565.21)
<u>Trustee's Commission - Real Property</u>							
25% of first \$5,000	0.25	\$	5,000.00			\$	(1,250.00)
10% of next \$5,000 to \$50,000	0.1	\$	45,000.00			\$	(4,500.00)
3% of balance	0.03	\$	\$6,339,130.25			\$	(190,173.91)
<u>Chapter 7 Auctioner Fees for Personal Property</u>							
20% of first \$20,000	0.2	\$	20,000.00			\$	(4,000.00)
10% of next \$50,000	0.1	\$	50,000.00			\$	(500.00)
4% of balance	0.04	\$	304,212.50			\$	(12,168.50)
<u>Trustee's Commission- Personal Property</u>							
25% of first \$5,000	0.25	\$	5,000.00			\$	(1,250.00)
10% of next \$5,000 to \$50,000	0.1	\$	50,000.00			\$	(5,000.00)
3% of balance	0.03	\$	324,212.50			\$	(9,726.38)
Chapter 11 Administrative Claims (est.)						\$	(80,000.00)
Priority Claims						\$	(1,232,113.64)
Available for Unsecured Creditors						\$	2,342,239.93