

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
For the District of Delaware

In re

Honorable Kevin J. Carey

Chapter 11

New Century Mortgage Corporation	07-10419
New Century Mortgage Ventures, LLC	07-10429
NC Capital Corporation	07-10420
NC Residual III Corporation	07-10424
New Century R.E.O. Corp.	07-10426
New Century R.E.O. II Corp.	07-10427
New Century R.E.O. III Corp.	07-10428
NC Deltex, LLC	07-10430
NCoral, L.P.	07-10431
NC Asset Holding, L.P.	07-10423
Home123 Corporation	07-10421
New Century TRS Holdings, Inc.	07-10416
NC Residual IV Corporation	07-10425
New Century Credit Corporation	07-10422
New Century Financial Corporation	07-10417
New Century Warehouse Corporation	07-11043

Debtors.

**JOINT CHAPTER 11 PLAN OF LIQUIDATION OF THE DEBTORS AND THE
OFFICIAL COMMITTEE OF UNSECURED CREDITORS DATED AS OF
FEBRUARY 2, 2008**

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
ARTICLE 1. DEFINITIONS.....	1
A. Defined Terms	1
B. Other Terms.....	18
C. Time Periods.....	18
D. Exhibits.....	18
ARTICLE 2. CLASSIFICATION OF CLAIMS AND INTERESTS.....	19
A. Summary	19
B. Classification	21
ARTICLE 3. TREATMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE CLAIMS AND PRIORITY TAX CLAIMS.....	24
A. Administrative Claims.....	24
B. Priority Tax Claims	26
ARTICLE 4. TREATMENT OF CLASSIFIED CLAIMS AND INTERESTS	27
A. Priority Claims Against All Debtors (Classes HC1, HC5, HC8, HC11, OP1, OP4, OP7, OP10, and AL1)	27
B. Secured Claims Against All Debtors (Classes HC2, HC6, HC9, HC12, OP2, OP5, OP8, OP11, and AL2)	27
C. Class HC3: Unsecured Claims Against NCFC	28
D. Class 4: NCFC Interests	31
E. Class HC7: Other Unsecured Claims against TRS Holdings.....	32
F. Class HC10: Unsecured Claims Against NC Credit.....	33
G. Class HC13: Other Unsecured Claims against NC Residual IV.....	33
H. Class OP3: Unsecured Claims Against NCMC.	34
I. Class OP6: Unsecured Claims Against NC Capital.....	35
J. Class OP9: Unsecured Claims Against Home123	36
K. Class OP12: Other Unsecured Claims Against NC Asset Holding, NC Deltex, NC REO, NC REO II, NC REO III, NC Residual III, NCM Ventures, and NCoral.....	37
L. Class AL3: Other Unsecured Claims Against Access Lending	38
ARTICLE 5. ACCEPTANCE OR REJECTION OF THIS PLAN.....	38
A. Impaired Classes of Claims Entitled to Vote	38
B. Classes Deemed to Accept this Plan	39
C. Classes Deemed to Reject this Plan	40
D. Nonconsensual Confirmation.....	40
E. Removal of Debtors.....	41

TABLE OF CONTENTS

(continued)

	Page
ARTICLE 6. THE MULTI-DEBTOR CLAIM PROTOCOL FOR TREATMENT OF CLAIMS AGAINST MULTIPLE DEBTORS	41
A. Allowed Unsecured Claims for Which More than One Holding Company Debtor Is Jointly Liable	41
B. Allowed Unsecured Claims for Which More than One Operating Debtor Is Jointly Liable	41
C. Separate Application to Debtor Groups	42
D. Inapplicable to Claims Against Access Lending	42
E. Inapplicable to Intercompany Claims	42
ARTICLE 7. THE INTERCOMPANY PROTOCOL FOR TREATMENT OF INTERCOMPANY CLAIMS	42
A. Claims of Holding Company Debtors Against Other Holding Company Debtors	42
B. Claims of Operating Debtors Against Other Operating Debtors	43
C. Claims of Holding Company Debtors Against Operating Debtors	43
D. Claims of Operating Debtors Against Holding Company Debtors	43
ARTICLE 8. MEANS OF IMPLEMENTING THIS PLAN	43
A. Implementation of Joint Plan	43
B. Corporate Action	43
C. Dissolution of Debtors	44
D. Dissolution of the Committee	44
E. Vesting of Assets in Liquidating Trust; Assumption of Plan Obligations	45
F. Liquidating Trust	46
G. Plan Advisory Committee	55
H. Liability, Indemnification	57
I. Retention of Professionals	58
J. Access Lending	60
K. Preservation of All Causes of Action	62
L. Successors	62
ARTICLE 9. DISTRIBUTIONS UNDER THIS PLAN	63
A. Timing of Distributions	63
B. Reserves	64
C. Distribution Calculations	68
D. Payment in Full of Unsecured Claims	70

TABLE OF CONTENTS
(continued)

	Page
E. Manner of Distribution	73
F. De Minimis Distributions	74
G. Delivery of Distributions	74
H. Undeliverable Distributions	74
I. Setoffs and Recoupments	75
J. Distributions in Satisfaction; Allocation	75
K. Cancellation of Notes and Instruments	75
L. No Interest on Claims	76
M. Withholding Taxes	76
N. Reports	77
ARTICLE 10. PROVISIONS FOR CLAIMS ADMINISTRATION AND DISPUTED CLAIMS	77
A. Reservation of Rights to Object to Claims	77
B. Objections to Claims	77
C. Service of Objections	78
D. Determination of Claims	78
E. No Distributions Pending Allowance	79
F. Claim Estimation	79
G. Allowance of Claims Subject to Section 502 of the Bankruptcy Code	79
ARTICLE 11. EXECUTORY CONTRACTS AND UNEXPIRED LEASES	80
A. Assumption of Certain Contracts and Leases and Cure Payments	80
B. Rejection of Remaining Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases	80
C. Rejection Damages Bar Date	81
D. Insurance Policies	81
ARTICLE 12. EFFECT OF CONFIRMATION AND INJUNCTION	82
A. Injunction	82
B. Term of Injunctions	83
C. Exculpation	83
D. Binding Effect of Plan	84
E. No Effect on Objections to Fee Applications	85
ARTICLE 13. CONDITIONS PRECEDENT	85
A. Conditions Precedent to Effective Date	85
B. Revocation, Withdrawal, or Non-Consummation of Plan	86

TABLE OF CONTENTS
(continued)

	Page
ARTICLE 14. ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.....	86
A. Retention of Jurisdiction	86
B. Payment of Statutory Fees.....	89
C. General Authority	90
D. Headings	90
E. Final Order	90
F. Amendments and Modifications	90
G. Payment Date	90
H. Withholding and Reporting Requirements.....	90
I. No Waiver	91
J. Tax Exemption	91
K. Securities Exemption.....	91
L. Non-Severability	92
M. Revocation.....	92
N. Plan Controls Disclosure Statement.....	92
O. Governing Law	92
P. Notices	92
Q. Filing of Additional Documents.....	93
R. Direction to a Party.....	93
S. Successors and Assigns	93
T. Final Decree	94
ARTICLE 15. CONFIRMATION REQUEST.....	94
ARTICLE 16. BANKRUPTCY RULE 9019 REQUEST.....	94

INTRODUCTION

New Century Financial Corporation, New Century TRS Holdings, Inc., New Century Mortgage Corporation, NC Capital Corporation, Home123 Corporation, New Century Credit Corporation, NC Asset Holding, L.P., NC Residual III Corporation, NC Residual IV Corporation, New Century R.E.O. Corporation, New Century R.E.O. II Corporation, New Century R.E.O. III Corporation, New Century Mortgage Ventures, LLC, NC Deltex, LLC, NCoral, L.P., and New Century Warehouse Corporation, debtors and debtors in possession in the above-captioned chapter 11 cases and the Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors appointed in the above-captioned chapter 11 cases as co-proponents propose this Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Liquidation pursuant to the provisions of the Bankruptcy Code.

ARTICLE 1.

DEFINITIONS

A. Defined Terms.

Unless otherwise provided in this Plan, all terms used herein shall have the meanings assigned to such terms in the Bankruptcy Code or the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure. For the purposes of this Plan, the following terms (which appear in this Plan in capitalized forms) shall have the meanings set forth below, and such meanings shall be equally applicable to the singular and to the plural form of the terms defined, unless the context requires otherwise.

“510(b) Claims” means, collectively, Series A 510(b) Claims, Series B 510(b) Claims, and Common Stock 510(b) Claims.

“Access Lending” means New Century Warehouse Corporation, a California corporation and a Debtor.

“Access Lending Bar Date” means, with respect to Access Lending, (i) December 14, 2007 and (ii) such other date(s) fixed by order(s) of the Bankruptcy Court, by which all Persons, including governmental units, asserting a Claim against Access Lending must have filed a Proof of Claim against Access Lending or be forever barred from asserting such Claim.

“Access Lending Causes of Action” means all Causes of Action, including Avoidance Actions, of Access Lending, which Causes of Action are not included within the Liquidating Trust Assets.

“Access Lending Interest” means an Interest in Access Lending, all of which are owned by TRS Holdings.

“Access Lending Net Distributable Assets” means the amount as calculated pursuant to Article 8.J.6 of this Plan.

“ACH” means an automated clearing house transfer from a domestic bank.

“Adequate Protection Proceeds” means any funds allocated by a Final Order to be distributed to the estate of NCMC from either of two escrow accounts established pursuant to the Order Granting Adequate Protection Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code Sections 105(a), 361, 362 and 363(b)(1) and Establishing Preliminary Procedures for Resolving Certain Claims dated June 29, 2007 [Docket No. 1729] and held by Hahn & Hessen LLP, as escrow agent.

“Administrative Claim” means any Claim for payment of costs or expenses of administration specified in sections 503(b) and 507(a)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code including, without limitation: (a) Professional Fee Claims, (b) any post-petition taxes subject to administrative treatment, and (c) fees and charges assessed against the Debtors or the Estates pursuant to Section 1930 of title 28 of the United States Code.

“Administrative Claim Request” means a request for payment of an Administrative Claim (excluding Professional Fee Claims) that is to be filed with the Bankruptcy Court and served on counsel for the Plan Proponents, if on or before the Effective Date, or on the Liquidating Trustee, if after the Effective Date, and in any event by no later than the Administrative Claim Request Deadline.

“Administrative Claim Request Deadline” means the date set as the deadline for filing Administrative Claim Requests for Administrative Claims (excluding Professional Fee Claims) that are not subject to the Bar Date Orders, which shall be thirty (30) days after the Effective Date unless otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court.

“Administrative Fund” means the reserve established for the Trust Operating Expenses and expenses incurred in connection with the pursuit of the Causes of Action in accordance with Article 9.B.1 herein, which reserve may be augmented by the Liquidating Trustee in consultation with the Plan Advisory Committee.

“Allowed Claim” or **“Allowed Interest”** means, respectively, a Claim or Interest: (i) that has been Scheduled and (a) is not Scheduled as disputed, contingent, or unliquidated and (b) as to which no Proof of Claim has been filed; (ii) as to which a timely Proof of Claim has been filed as of the relevant Bar Date and no objection thereto, or application to equitably subordinate or otherwise limit recovery, has been made; (iii) as to which a timely Administrative Claim Request has been filed as of the Administrative Claim Request Deadline and no objection thereto, or application to equitably subordinate or otherwise limit recovery, has been made, or (iv) that has been allowed by a Final Order; provided, however, that prior to the deadline imposed by this Plan to file objections to a given Claim, no Claim shall be treated as Allowed to the extent that it is filed by the holder of such Claim (x) in an amount greater than the amount listed for such Claim by the Debtors in their Schedules or (y) asserting a priority higher than the priority listed for such Claim by the Debtors in their Schedules.

“Allowed [Class Designation, A/P/S, Administrative, Priority Tax, Priority, Secured, Unsecured, Other Unsecured, 510(b), or Capital Trust] Claim” means an Allowed Claim of the specified Class or a Allowed Claim that is an A/P/S Claim, Administrative Claim, Priority Tax Claim, Priority Claim, Secured Claim, Unsecured Claim, Other Unsecured Claim, 510(b) Claim, or Capital Trust Claim.

“Allowed [Debtor Group] Unsecured Claims” means Unsecured Claims that are allowed against Debtors in the specified Debtor Group.

“April Debtors Bar Date” means with respect to all Debtors other than Access Lending (i) August 31, 2007 and (ii) such other date(s) fixed by order(s) of the Bankruptcy Court, by which all Persons, including governmental units, asserting a Claim against any Debtor(s) other

than Access Lending must have filed a Proof of Claim against such Debtor(s) or be forever barred from asserting such Claim.

“A/P/S Claim” means any Claim that is an Administrative Claim, Priority Claim, Priority Tax Claim, or Secured Claim.

“A/P/S Claims Reserve” means the reserve established, in accordance with Article 9.B.2 of this Plan, to pay (i) all Allowed A/P/S Claims to the extent such Claims are not paid on the Effective Date and (ii) any Disputed A/P/S/ Claim to the extent such Claim becomes an Allowed A/P/S Claim.

“Assets” means the assets of each of the Debtors, of any nature whatsoever, including, without limitation, all property of the Estates under and pursuant to section 541 of the Bankruptcy Code, Cash, Causes of Action, rights, interests and property, real and personal, tangible and intangible, including all files, book and records of the Estates.

“Assumption Objection Deadline” means the date seven (7) days prior to the Confirmation Hearing.

“Assumption Schedule” means the schedule of Executory Contracts (not previously assumed in the Chapter 11 Cases) to be assumed by the Debtors as of the Effective Date pursuant to this Plan, together with the amount of cure payments, if any, to be paid by the Liquidating Trustee in accordance with section 365(b)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code.

“Avoidance Actions” means all Claims and Causes of Action arising under sections 522, 544, 545, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, or 553(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.

“Ballot” means the form or forms distributed to each Holder of an Allowed Claim in an impaired Class entitled to vote on this Plan on which the Holder indicates acceptance or rejection of this Plan or any election for treatment of such Claim under this Plan.

“Ballot Date” means the date set by the Bankruptcy Court by which all Ballots must be received.

“Bankruptcy Code” means the Bankruptcy Reform Act of 1978, as amended and codified in Title 11 of the United States Code, as in effect on the date hereof.

“Bankruptcy Court” means the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware and any other court that exercises jurisdiction over the Chapter 11 Cases.

“Bankruptcy Rules” means the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure applicable to the Chapter 11 Cases and the Local Rules of the Bankruptcy Court, each as in effect from time to time.

“Bar Dates” means, collectively, the Access Lending Bar Date and the April Debtors Bar Date.

“Bar Date Orders” means (i) the “Order Establishing Bar Dates for Filing Proofs of Claim and Approving Form, Manner and Sufficiency Thereof” [Docket No. 1721] and (ii) the “Order Establishing Bar Dates for Filing Proofs of Claim in the Chapter 11 Case of New Century Warehouse Corporation and Approving Form, Manner and Sufficiency Thereof” dated October 23, 2007 [Docket No. 3404].

“Business Day” means any day except a Saturday, Sunday or a “legal holiday,” as such term is defined in Bankruptcy Rule 9006(a).

“Capital Trust Claim” means a Claim against NCFC arising from NCFC’s obligations under the Capital Trust Indentures.

“Capital Trust Indenture” means, collectively, (i) that certain Junior Subordinated Indenture between NCFC and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as trustee, dated as of September 13, 2006 and (ii) that certain Junior Subordinated Indenture between NCFC and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as trustee, dated as of November 16, 2006.

“Cash” means cash or cash equivalents in certified or immediately available funds, including but not limited to bank deposits, checks, and similar items.

“Causes of Action” means all claims, causes of action, third-party claims, counterclaims and crossclaims (including but not limited to any Causes of Action described in the Disclosure Statement) of the Debtors and/or their Estates that may be pending on the Effective Date or instituted after the Effective Date against any Person based in law, equity, or otherwise, including, without limitation, under the Bankruptcy Code, whether direct, indirect, derivative, or

otherwise, and whether asserted or unasserted as of the date of entry of the Confirmation Order, including Avoidance Actions; provided, however, that any affirmative defense or crossclaim asserted with respect to a Claim shall not be deemed a Cause of Action to the extent that it seeks to disallow or reduce or is offset against such Claim.

“Chapter 11 Cases” means the 16 above-captioned chapter 11 cases of the Debtors pending in the Bankruptcy Court and jointly administered with one another under Case No. 07-10416 (KJC).

“Claim” means “claim,” as such term is defined in Section 101(5) of the Bankruptcy Code and, except as otherwise provided in the context, means a Claim against the Debtors or the Estates.

“Class” means a group of Claims or Interests as established under Article 2 of this Plan pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1122.

“Committee” means the Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors appointed by the U.S. Trustee in the Chapter 11 Cases.

“Common Stock 510(b) Claim” means any Claim (i) arising from rescission of a purchase or sale of Common Stock Interests, Option Interests, or Warrant Interests, for damages arising from the purchase or sale of such securities, or for reimbursement or contribution allowed under section 502 of the Bankruptcy Code on account of such Claims and (ii) which, if asserted against NCFC, would be of the same respective priority as Common Stock Interests, Option Interests, or Warrant Interests pursuant to section 510(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.

“Common Stock Interests” means the common stock of NCFC issued and outstanding immediately before the Effective Date.

“Confirmation Date” means the date on which the Confirmation Order is entered on the docket in the Chapter 11 Cases by the Bankruptcy Court.

“Confirmation Hearing” means the hearing pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 3020(b) at which the Bankruptcy Court considers confirmation of this Plan, as such hearing may be continued from time to time.

“Confirmation Order” means the order of the Bankruptcy Court confirming this Plan pursuant to Section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code.

“Cramdown Plan” means this Plan if confirmed by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.

“Creditor” means “creditor,” as such term is defined in section 101(10) of the Bankruptcy Code.

“De Minimis Distribution” means a distribution to be made in accordance with the terms of this Plan that is \$50.00 or less.

“Debtor Group” means, individually or collectively, the Holding Company Debtors, the Operating Debtors, or Access Lending.

“Debtors” means, collectively, the following entities in existence on the Petition Date: Access Lending; Home123; NC Asset Holding; NC Capital; NC Credit; NC Deltex; NC Residual III; NC Residual IV; NCFC; NCMC; NCoral; NCM Ventures, LLC; NC R.E.O.; NC R.E.O. II; NC R.E.O. III; and TRS Holdings.

“Determined Distribution Amount” means the amount assigned to each Allowed Unsecured Claim, as set forth in Article 4 of this Plan and subject to the Multi-Debtor Protocol and Intercompany Claim Protocol, for purposes of determining distributions to be made to Holders of Allowed Unsecured Claims in accordance with the terms of this Plan.

“Disallowed Claim” means a Claim or any portion thereof that (i) has been disallowed by Final Order, (ii) is Scheduled as zero or as contingent, disputed, or unliquidated and as to which no Proof of Claim or Administrative Claim Request has been timely filed or deemed timely filed with the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to either the Bankruptcy Code or any Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court or otherwise deemed timely filed under applicable law or this Plan, (iii) is not Scheduled and as to which no Proof of Claim or Administrative Claim Request has been timely filed or deemed timely filed with the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to either the Bankruptcy Code or any order of the Bankruptcy Court or otherwise deemed timely filed under

applicable law or this Plan, (iv) has been withdrawn by agreement of the Debtors and the Holder thereof, or (v) has been withdrawn by the Holder thereof.

“Disclosure Statement” means the disclosure statement that relates to this Plan, as approved by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to section 1125 of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rule 3017, as such disclosure statement may be amended, modified, or supplemented from time to time.

“Disputed Claim” means a Claim or any portion thereof that is neither an Allowed Claim nor a Disallowed Claim, including without limitation all Claims that (i) have not been Scheduled by the Debtors or have been Scheduled as unknown, contingent, unliquidated, disputed, or at zero, (ii) are the subject of a Proof of Claim that differs in nature, amount, or priority from the Schedules, or (iii) are the subject of an objection filed with the Bankruptcy Court, which has not been withdrawn or overruled by a Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court; provided however, that a Claim shall not be a Disputed Claim to the extent it becomes an Allowed Claim or a Disallowed Claim.

“Disputed [Class Designation, A/P/S, Administrative, Priority Tax, Priority, Secured, Unsecured, Other Unsecured, or 510(b)] Claim” means a Disputed Claim of the specified Class or a Disputed Claim that is an A/P/S Claim, Administrative Claim, Priority Tax Claim, Priority Claim, Secured Claim, Unsecured Claim, Other Unsecured Claim, or 510(b) Claim.

“Effective Date” means the Business Day on which this Plan becomes effective pursuant to Article 13.A of this Plan; provided however, that if any stay or injunction against enforcement or execution of the Confirmation Order is issued prior to the date that would otherwise be the Effective Date, the Effective Date shall be the first Business Day after all such stays or injunctions are no longer in effect.

“EPD/Breach Claim” means a Claim arising under an agreement between one or more of the Debtors and a loan buyer or securitization party for (i) breach of a representation or warranty under such agreement made by one or more of the Debtors or (ii) a right under such an

agreement to resell a loan to one or more of the Debtors based on a payment default by the borrower on such loan.

“EPD/Breach Claim Protocol” means the protocol, attached as Exhibit B hereto, by which the amount of damages for EPD/Breach Claims are calculated.

“Estates” means the estates created by the commencement of the Chapter 11 Cases pursuant to section 541 of the Bankruptcy Code.

“Executory Contract” means any executory contract or unexpired lease subject to section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code, between any Debtor and any other Person.

“Examiner” means Michael J. Missal, acting in his capacity as the examiner appointed in the Chapter 11 Cases by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to section 1104(c) of the Bankruptcy Code, or such other Person, acting in such capacity, as the Bankruptcy Court may hereafter appoint.

“Exculpated Party” means any of the Debtors, the Liquidating Trustee, the Estates, the Liquidating Trust, Reorganized Access Lending, the Committee, the Plan Advisory Committee, and their respective officers, directors, employees, members, attorneys, crisis managers, financial advisors, and professionals.

“Fee Application” means an application filed with the Bankruptcy Court in accordance with the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rules for compensation of a Professional Fee Claim.

“Fee Auditor” means Warren H. Smith & Associates, P.C., acting in its capacity as the fee auditor appointed in the Chapter 11 Cases pursuant to an order of the Bankruptcy Court dated October 10, 2007 [Docket No. 3260], or such other Person, acting in such capacity, as the Bankruptcy Court may hereafter appoint.

“Final Decree” means the decree contemplated under Bankruptcy Rule 3022.

“Final Order” means an order or judgment of the Bankruptcy Court, or other court of competent jurisdiction, entered on the docket of the Chapter 11 Cases, that has not been reversed, rescinded, stayed, modified or amended, that is in full force and effect, and with respect to which: (a) the time to appeal, seek review or rehearing, or petition for certiorari has expired and

no timely filed appeal or petition for review, rehearing, remand or certiorari is pending; (b) any right to appeal, seek review or rehearing, or petition for certiorari has been waived in writing; or (c) any appeal taken or petition for certiorari filed has been resolved by the highest court to which the order or judgment was appealed or from which review, rehearing or certiorari was sought. Notwithstanding, and in lieu of the foregoing, insofar as the Confirmation Order confirming this Plan is concerned, Final Order means only such order or judgment which has been entered on the docket and as to which no stay is in effect.

“Holder” means the owner or holder of any Claim or Interest.

“Holding Company Debtor Claims Reserve” means the reserve established, in accordance with Article 9.B.3 of this Plan, to pay any Disputed Unsecured Claim against a Holding Company Debtor to the extent such Claim becomes an Allowed Unsecured Claim against a Holding Company Debtor.

“Holding Company Debtor Net Distributable Assets” means the amount as calculated pursuant to Article 9.C.2 of this Plan.

“Holding Company Debtor Portion of Litigation Proceeds” means 27.5% of the Litigation Proceeds.

“Holding Company Debtors” means, collectively, NCFC, NC Credit, NC Residual IV, and TRS Holdings.

“Home 123” means Home123 Corporation, a California corporation and a Debtor.

“Indenture Trustee” means Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., in its capacity as trustee of the Capital Trust Indentures.

“Indenture Trustee Expenses” means the reasonable compensation and expenses of the Indenture Trustee, including the fees and expenses of its counsel, agents and advisers.

“Intercompany Claim” means a Claim held by a Debtor against another Debtor.

“Intercompany Claim Protocol” means the protocol, set forth in Article 7 of this Plan, pursuant to which each Intercompany Claim is assigned a Determined Distribution Amount,

notwithstanding the treatment of the Class in which a particular Intercompany Claim is classified.

“Interest” means, with respect to any Debtor, any “equity interest,” as such term is defined in Bankruptcy Code § 101(16). Interests shall also include, without limitation, all stock, partnership, membership interest, warrants, options, or other rights to purchase or acquire any shares of stock in the Debtors.

“IRC” means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

“IRS” means the Internal Revenue Service.

“Joint Administrative Expense” means (i) an Allowed Administrative Claim (including, without limitation, Professional Fee Claims) or portion thereof or (ii) an expense of administering the Debtors’ Estates, or portion thereof, incurred in the ordinary course prior to the Effective Date and paid by the Debtors on or before the Effective Date in the ordinary course in either case for which, as determined by the Liquidating Trustee and approved by the Plan Advisory Committee, (a) liability cannot be allocated to a particular Debtor or Debtors and (b) Debtors in more than one Debtor Group are liable.

“Joint Administrative Expense Share” means the share (expressed in terms of percentage) of a Joint Administrative Expense allocated to each of Access Lending, the Holding Company Debtors, and the Operating Debtors as set forth in Exhibit C to this Plan, which share varies depending on the Debtor Groups to which the Liquidating Trustee, in its discretion, has allocated liability for such Joint Administrative Expense.

“Lien” means any lien, mortgage, charge, security interest, pledge or other encumbrance against or interest in property to secure payment or performance of a claim, debt, or litigation.

“Liquidating Trust” means the liquidating trust into which all of the Assets of the Debtors, other than the Assets of Access Lending, will be transferred upon the Effective Date.

“Liquidating Trust Agreement” means the formative trust agreement for the Liquidating Trust, to be filed by the Plan Proponents with the Bankruptcy Court at least ten (10) days prior to the deadline to vote to accept or reject this Plan.

“Liquidating Trust Assets” means the Assets of the Debtors, including Access Lending Interests but excluding the Assets of Access Lending, contributed to the Liquidating Trust.

“Liquidating Trustee” means the Person appointed to act as trustee of the Liquidating Trust in accordance with the terms of this Plan, the Confirmation Order, and the Liquidating Trust Agreement, or any successor appointed in accordance with the terms of this Plan and the Liquidating Trust Agreement

“Litigation Proceeds” means the net proceeds of all Causes of Action (other than Access Lending Causes of Action) whether from judgment, settlement, or claim on insurance, as calculated pursuant to Article 9.C.1 of this Plan.

“Multi-Debtor Claim Protocol” means the protocol, set forth in Article 6 of this Plan, pursuant to which a Creditor’s Determined Distribution Amount is assigned where such Creditor holds Allowed Unsecured Claims for which more than one Debtor is jointly liable.

“NC Asset Holding” means NC Asset Holding, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership and a Debtor.

“NC Capital” means New Century Capital Services, Inc., a California corporation and a Debtor.

“NC Capital EDP/Breach Claimant Portion of Litigation Proceeds” means 45% of the Litigation Proceeds.

“NC Credit” means New Century Credit Corporation, a California corporation and a Debtor.

“NC Deltex” means NC Deltex, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company and a Debtor.

“NC REO” means New Century R.E.O. Corp., a California corporation and a Debtor.

“NC REO II” means New Century R.E.O. II Corp., a California corporation and a Debtor.

“NC REO III” means New Century R.E.O. III Corp., a California corporation and a Debtor.

“NC Residual III” means NC Residual III Corporation, a Delaware corporation and a Debtor.

“NC Residual IV” means NC Residual IV Corporation, a Delaware corporation and a Debtor.

“NCFC” means New Century Financial Corporation, a Maryland corporation and a Debtor.

“NCFC Interest” means an Interest in NCFC, including Stock Interests, Option Interests, and Warrant Interests.

“NCFC Interest Holder” means a Holder of an NCFC Interest.

“NCM Ventures” means New Century Mortgage Ventures, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company and a Debtor.

“NCMC” means New Century Mortgage Corporation, a California corporation and a Debtor.

“NCoral” means NCoral, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership and a Debtor.

“Operating Debtor Claims Reserve” means the reserve established, in accordance with Article 9.B.4 of this Plan, to pay any Disputed Unsecured Claim against an Operating Debtor to the extent such Claim becomes an Allowed Unsecured Claim against an Operating Debtor.

“Operating Debtor Net Distributable Assets” means the amount as calculated pursuant to Article 9.C.3 of this Plan.

“Operating Debtor Portion of the Litigation Proceeds” means 27.5% of the Litigation Proceeds.

“Operating Debtor Unsecured Claims” means all Unsecured Claims against Operating Debtors.

“Operating Debtors” means, collectively, Home 123, NC Asset Holding, NC Capital, NC Deltex, NC REO, NC REO II, NC REO III, NC Residual III, NCM Ventures, NCMC, and NCoral.

“Option Interest” means unexercised options to purchase Common Stock Interests.

“Other Unsecured Claim” means any Unsecured Claim other than Special Deficiency Claims and EPD/Breach Claims.

“Person” means any individual, corporation, limited liability company, general partnership, limited partnership, limited liability partnership, association, joint stock company, joint venture, estate, trust, unincorporated organization, government, or any political subdivision thereof or other entity.

“Petition Date” means, (i) with respect to all Debtors other than Access Lending, April 2, 2007, the date on which all of the Debtors other than Access Lending commenced the Chapter 11 Cases, and (ii) with respect to Access Lending, August 3, 2007, the date on which Access Lending commenced its Chapter 11 Case.

“Plan” means this Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Liquidation (either in its present form or as it may be amended or modified from time to time), any exhibits hereto, and any documents incorporated herein by reference.

“Plan Administrator” means the Liquidating Trustee, acting in its capacity as the chief executive officer and sole director of Reorganized Access Lending and as the Person responsible for liquidating and winding down the Estate of Access Lending as set forth in Article 8.J of this Plan.

“Plan Advisory Committee” means the post-confirmation committee formed on the Effective Date and selected by the Committee and identified by the Plan Proponents in a pleading filed with the Bankruptcy Court no less than ten (10) days prior to the Confirmation Hearing.

“Plan Proponents” means, collectively, the Debtors and the Committee.

“Priority Claim” means a Claim entitled to priority pursuant to section 507(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, other than an Administrative Claim or a Priority Tax Claim.

“Priority Tax Claim” means a Claim entitled to priority under Section 507(a)(8) of the Bankruptcy Code.

“Professional” means the Examiner, the Fee Auditor, or any Person employed by the Debtors, the Committee, and/or the Examiner pursuant to a Final Order in accordance with sections 327 and/or 1103 of the Bankruptcy Code and to be compensated for services rendered prior to the Effective Date pursuant to sections 327, 328, 329, 330, and/or 331 of the Bankruptcy Code. This definition excludes professionals that may be selected and employed by the Liquidating Trust, the Liquidating Trustee, or the Plan Advisory Committee on and after the Effective Date with respect to services rendered by such professionals on and after the Effective Date.

“Professional Fee Claim” means all fees and expenses claimed by Professionals retained by the Debtors, the Committee, and/or the Examiner that have not been approved on a final basis by a Final Order as of the Effective Date. This definition excludes professional fees and expenses incurred by any professionals that may be selected and employed by the Liquidating Trust, the Liquidating Trustee, or the Plan Advisory Committee on and after the Effective Date.

“Proof of Claim” means a proof of claim filed in the Chapter 11 Cases pursuant to section 501 of the Bankruptcy Code and/or pursuant to any order of the Bankruptcy Court, together with supporting documents.

“Pro Rata” means proportionate, so that, for example, the ratio of the consideration distributed on account of the Determined Distribution Amount of an Allowed Claim to the amount of the Determined Distribution Amount of the Allowed Claim is the same as the ratio of the consideration distributed on account of all Determined Distribution Amounts of Allowed Claims in such Class of Claims to the amount of all Determined Distribution Amounts of Allowed Claims in that Class.

“Protected Party” means any of the Debtors, the Liquidating Trustee, the Estates, the Liquidating Trust, Reorganized Access Lending, and the Plan Advisory Committee.

“Reorganized Access Lending” means Access Lending on and after the Effective Date.

“Scheduled” means, with respect to any Claim, such Claim is listed on the Schedules.

“Schedules” means the Schedules of Assets and Liabilities and the Statement of Financial Affairs filed by the Debtors with the Bankruptcy Court, pursuant to section 521(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, Bankruptcy Rule 1007(b), and the Official Bankruptcy Forms, as may be amended from time to time.

“Secured Claim” means a Claim that is secured by a valid and unavoidable lien on property in which the Estates have an interest, or that is subject to recoupment or setoff under section 553 of the Bankruptcy Code to the extent of the value of the Holder’s interest in the Estates’ interest in such property, or to the extent of the amount subject to recoupment or setoff, as applicable, as determined by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to sections 506(a), 553, and/or 1129(b)(2)(A)(i)(II), as applicable.

“Senior Class HC3b Claim” means a Class HC3b Claim that arises from an obligation of NCFC that comes within the definition of “Senior Debt” in either of the Capital Trust Indentures.

“Series A 510(b) Claim” means any Claim (i) arising from rescission of a purchase or sale of Series A Preferred Stock Interests, for damages arising from the purchase or sale of such a security, or for reimbursement or contribution allowed under section 502 of the Bankruptcy Code on account of such Claims and (ii) which, if asserted against NCFC, would be of junior priority to Series A Preferred Stock Interests and of senior priority to Series B Preferred Stock Interests pursuant to section 510(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.

“Series A Preferred Stock Interests” means the 9.125% Series A Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock of NCFC issued and outstanding immediately before the Effective Date.

“Series B 510(b) Claim” means any Claim (i) arising from rescission of a purchase or sale of Series B Preferred Stock Interests, for damages arising from the purchase or sale of such a security, or for reimbursement or contribution allowed under section 502 of the Bankruptcy Code on account of such Claims and (ii) which, if asserted against NCFC, would be of junior priority

to Series B Preferred Stock Interests and of senior priority to Common Stock Interests pursuant to section 510(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.

“Series B Preferred Stock Interests” means the 9.75% Series B Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock of NCFC issued and outstanding immediately before the Effective Date.

“Special Deficiency Claim” means any Claim arising under a master repurchase agreement governing the sale and repurchase of mortgage loans by the Debtors to and from DB Structured Products, Inc., provided for in that certain Settlement Agreement with DB Structured Products, Inc. dated as of August 8, 2007 and approved in the "Order Approving Settlement Agreement with DB Structured Products, Inc. Pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 9019 and Sections 105(a), 361, 363, 502 and 542 of the Bankruptcy Code" entered on August 21, 2007 [Docket No. 2369], and any other settlement agreement entered into by any of the Debtors and approved by Final Order that provides that it gives rise to a Claim that is to be treated as a Special Deficiency Claim under this Plan.

“Stock Interests” means Common Stock Interests, Series A Preferred Stock Interests, and Series B Preferred Stock Interests.

“Subordination Statement” means the pleading that a Holder of a Class HC3b Claim must file with the Bankruptcy Court no later than thirty (30) days after the Effective Date in order to assert that such Holder holds a Senior Class HC3b Claim, which pleading must describe with specificity the legal and factual basis for establishing that such Holder holds a Senior Class HC3b Claim and, therefore, is entitled to the benefits of subordination as set forth in the Capital Trust Indentures.

“TRS Holdings” means New Century TRS Holdings, Inc, a Delaware corporation and a Debtor”

“Trust Operating Expenses” means the expenses incurred by the Liquidating Trust in connection with carrying out the obligations of the Liquidating Trust pursuant to the terms of this

Plan or the Liquidating Trust Agreement, in each case with the exception of any expenses incurred in connection with the Causes of Action.

“Unsecured Claim” means any Claim against any Debtor that is not an Administrative Claim, a Priority Claim, a Priority Tax Claim, a Secured Claim or a 510(b) Claim, provided that Unsecured Claims shall include, without limitation, any Claim secured by an interest in property of the Estate to the extent the amount of such Claim exceeds the value, as determined by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to sections 506(a), 553, and/or 1129(b)(2)(A)(i)(II) of the Bankruptcy Code, of the Holder’s interest in the Estate’s interest in property of the Estate securing such Claim.

“U.S. Trustee” means the Office of the United States Trustee.

“Warrant Interests” means unexercised warrants to purchase Common Stock Interests.

B. Other Terms. The words “herein,” “hereof,” “hereto,” “hereunder” and others of similar import refer to this Plan as a whole and not to any particular article, section or clause contained in this Plan. A reference to an “Article” refers to an Article of this Plan. A term used herein that is not defined herein shall have the meaning ascribed to that term, if any, in or by the Bankruptcy Code. The rules of construction set forth in section 102 of the Bankruptcy Code shall apply in construing this Plan.

C. Time Periods. In computing any period of time prescribed or allowed by this Plan, the provisions of Bankruptcy Rule 9006(a) shall apply. If any act under this Plan is required to be made or performed on a date that is not a Business Day, then the performance of such act may be completed on the next succeeding Business Day, but shall be deemed to have been completed as of the required date.

D. Exhibits. All Exhibits to this Plan are incorporated by reference into and are made a part of this Plan as if set forth in full herein.

ARTICLE 2.

CLASSIFICATION OF CLAIMS AND INTERESTS

A. Summary. The categories of Claims and Interests listed below classify Claims (except for Administrative Claims and Priority Tax Claims) and Interests for all purposes, including voting, confirmation and distribution pursuant to this Plan.

CLASS	DESCRIPTION	STATUS
[unclassified]	Administrative and Priority Tax Claims against all Debtors.	Unimpaired - not entitled to vote
Claims Against Holding Company Debtors		
Class HC1	Class HC1 consists of Priority Claims against NCFC.	Unimpaired - not entitled to vote
Class HC2	Class HC2 consists of Secured Claims against NCFC.	Unimpaired - not entitled to vote
Class HC3a	Class HC3a consists of Special Deficiency Claims against NCFC.	Impaired - entitled to vote
Class HC3b	Class HC3b consists of Other Unsecured Claims against NCFC.	Impaired - entitled to vote
Class HC4a	Class HC4a consists of Series A Preferred Stock Interests.	Deemed to reject - not entitled to vote
Class HC4b	Class HC4b consists of Series A 510(b) Claims.	Deemed to reject - not entitled to vote
Class HC4c	Class HC4c consists of Series B Preferred Stock Interests.	Deemed to reject - not entitled to vote
Class HC4d	Class HC4d consists of Series B 510(b) Claims.	Deemed to reject - not entitled to vote
Class HC4e	Class HC4e consists of Common Stock Interests, Option Interests, Warrant Interests, and Common Stock 510(b) Claims.	Deemed to reject - not entitled to vote
Class HC5	Class HC5 consists of Priority Claims against TRS Holdings.	Unimpaired - not entitled to vote
Class HC6	Class HC6 consists of Secured Claims against TRS Holdings.	Unimpaired - not entitled to vote
Class HC7	Class HC7 consists of Other Unsecured Claims against TRS Holdings.	Impaired - entitled to vote
Class HC8	Class HC8 consists of Priority Claims against	Unimpaired - not entitled

CLASS	DESCRIPTION	STATUS
	NC Credit.	to vote
Class HC9	Class HC9 consists of Secured Claims against NC Credit.	Unimpaired - not entitled to vote
Class HC10a	Class HC10a consists of Special Deficiency Claims against NC Credit.	Impaired - entitled to vote
Class HC10b	Class HC10b consists of Other Unsecured Claims against NC Credit.	Impaired - entitled to vote
Class HC11	Class HC11 consists of Priority Claims against NC Residual IV.	Unimpaired - not entitled to vote
Class HC12	Class HC12 consists of Secured Claims against NC Residual IV.	Unimpaired - not entitled to vote
Class HC13	Class HC13 consists of Other Unsecured Claims against NC Residual IV.	Impaired - entitled to vote
Claims Against Operating Debtors		
Class OP1	Class OP1 consists of Priority Claims against NCMC.	Unimpaired - not entitled to vote
Class OP2	Class OP2 consists of Secured Claims against NCMC.	Unimpaired - not entitled to vote
Class OP3a	Class OP3a consists of Special Deficiency Claims against NCMC.	Impaired - entitled to vote
Class OP3b	Class OP3b consists of EPD/Breach Claims against NCMC.	Impaired - entitled to vote
Class OP3c	Class OP3c consists of Other Unsecured Claims against NCMC.	Impaired - entitled to vote
Class OP4	Class OP4 consists of Priority Claims against NC Capital.	Unimpaired - not entitled to vote
Class OP5	Class OP5 consists of Secured Claims against NC Capital.	Unimpaired - not entitled to vote
Class OP6a	Class OP6a consists of Special Deficiency Claims against NC Capital.	Impaired - entitled to vote
Class OP6b	Class OP6b consists of EPD/Breach Claims against NC Capital.	Impaired - entitled to vote
Class OP6c	Class OP6c consists of Other Unsecured Claims against NC Capital.	Impaired - entitled to vote
Class OP7	Class OP7 consists of Priority Claims against Home123.	Unimpaired - not entitled to vote

CLASS	DESCRIPTION	STATUS
Class OP8	Class OP8 consists of Secured Claims against Home123.	Unimpaired - not entitled to vote
Class OP9a	Class OP9a consists of Special Deficiency Claims against Home123.	Impaired - entitled to vote
Class OP9b	Class OP9b consists of Other Unsecured Claims against Home123	Impaired - entitled to vote
Class OP10	Class OP10 consists of Priority Claims against NC Asset Holding, NC Deltex, NC REO, NC REO II, NC REO III, NC Residual III, NCM Ventures, and NCoral.	Unimpaired - not entitled to vote
Class OP11	Class OP11 consists of Secured Claims against NC Asset Holding, NC Deltex, NC REO, NC REO II, NC REO III, NC Residual III, NCM Ventures, and NCoral.	Unimpaired - not entitled to vote
Class OP12	Class OP12 consists of Other Unsecured Claims against NC Asset Holding, NC Deltex, NC REO, NC REO II, NC REO III, NC Residual III, NCM Ventures, and NCoral.	Impaired - entitled to vote
Claims Against Access Lending		
Class AL1	Class AL1 consists of Priority Claims against Access Lending.	Unimpaired - not entitled to vote
Class AL2	Class AL2 consists of Secured Claims against Access Lending.	Unimpaired - not entitled to vote
Class AL3	Class AL3 consists of Other Unsecured Claims against Access Lending.	Impaired - entitled to vote

B. Classification. The Claims against the Debtors shall be classified as specified below (other than Administrative Claims and Priority Tax Claims, which shall be treated in accordance with Article 3 below). Consistent with section 1122 of the Bankruptcy Code, a Claim or Interest is classified by the Plan in a particular Class only to the extent the Claim or Interest is within the description of the Class, and a Claim or Interest is classified in a different Class to the extent it is within the description of that different Class. This Plan does not effect a substantive consolidation of the Debtors. The classification of Claims pursuant to this Plan is as follows:

1. *Class HC1.* Class HC1 consists of Priority Claims against NCFC.
2. *Class HC2.* Class HC2 consists of Secured Claims against NCFC.
3. *Classes HC3a-b.* Class HC3 consists of Unsecured Claims against NCFC,
and shall be further classified in separate Classes as follows:
 - (a) Class HC3a consists of Special Deficiency Claims against NCFC.
 - (b) Class HC3b consists of Other Unsecured Claims against NCFC.
4. *Class HC4.* *Class HC4 consists of NCFC Interests and 510(b) Claims against NCFC, and shall be further classified in separate Classes as follows:*
 - (a) Class HC4a consists of Series A Preferred Stock Interests.
 - (b) Class HC4b consists of Series A 510(b) Claims.
 - (c) Class HC4c consists of Series B Preferred Stock Interests.
 - (d) Class HC4d consists of Series B 510(b) Claims.
 - (e) Class HC4e consists of Common Stock Interests. Option Interests, Warrant Interests, and Common Stock 510(b) Claims.
5. *Class HC5.* Class HC5 consists of Priority Claims against TRS Holdings.
6. *Class HC6.* Class HC6 consists of Secured Claims against TRS Holdings.
7. *Class HC7.* Class HC7 consists of Other Unsecured Claims against TRS Holdings.
8. *Class HC8.* Class HC8 consists of Priority Claims against NC Credit.
9. *Class HC9.* Class HC9 consists of Secured Claims against NC Credit.
10. *Classes HC10a-b.* Class HC10 consists of Unsecured Claims against NC Credit, and shall be further classified in separate Classes as follows:
 - (a) Class HC10a consists of Special Deficiency Claims against NC Credit.
 - (b) Class HC10b consists of Other Unsecured Claims against NC Credit.

11. *Class HC11.* Class HC11 consists of Priority Claims against NC Residual IV.

12. *Class HC12.* Class HC12 consists of Secured Claims against NC Residual IV.

13. *Class HC13.* Class HC13 consists of Other Unsecured Claims against NC Residual IV.

14. *Class OP1.* Class OP1 consists of Priority Claims against NCMC.

15. *Class OP2.* Class OP2 consists of Secured Claims against NCMC.

16. *Classes OP3a-c.* Class OP3 consists of Unsecured Claims against NCMC, and shall be further classified in separate Classes as follows:

(a) Class OP3a consists of Special Deficiency Claims against NCMC.

(b) Class OP3b consists of EPD/Breach Claims against NCMC.

(c) Class OP3c consists of Other Unsecured Claims against NCMC.

17. *Class OP4.* Class OP4 consists of Priority Claims against NC Capital.

18. *Class OP5.* Class OP5 consists of Secured Claims against NC Capital.

19. *Classes OP6a-c.* Class OP6 consists of Unsecured Claims against NC Capital, and shall be further classified in separate Classes as follows:

(a) Class OP6a consists of Special Deficiency Claims against NC Capital.

(b) Class OP6b consists of EPD/Breach Claims against NC Capital.

(c) Class OP6c consists of Other Unsecured Claims against NC Capital.

20. *Class OP7.* Class OP7 consists of Priority Claims against Home123.

21. *Class OP8.* Class OP8 consists of Secured Claims against Home123.

22. *Classes OP9a-b.* Class OP9 consists of Unsecured Claims against Home123, and shall be further classified in separate Classes as follows:

(a) Class OP9a consists of Special Deficiency Claims against Home123.

(b) Class OP9b consists of Other Unsecured Claims against Home123.

23. *Class OP10.* Class OP10 consists of Priority Claims against NC Asset Holding, NC Deltex, NC REO, NC REO II, NC REO III, NC Residual III, NCM Ventures, and NC Coral.

24. *Class OP11.* Class OP11 consists of Secured Claims against NC Asset Holding, NC Deltex, NC REO, NC REO II, NC REO III, NC Residual III, NCM Ventures, and NC Coral.

25. *Class OP12.* Class OP12 consists of Other Unsecured Claims against NC Asset Holding, NC Deltex, NC REO, NC REO II, NC REO III, NC Residual III, NCM Ventures, and NC Coral.

26. *Class AL1.* Class AL1 consists of Priority Claims against Access Lending.

27. *Class AL2.* Class AL2 consists of Secured Claims against Access Lending.

28. *Class AL3.* Class AL3 consists of Other General Claims against Access Lending.

ARTICLE 3.

TREATMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE CLAIMS AND PRIORITY TAX CLAIMS

As provided in Section 1123(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, Administrative Claims and Priority Tax Claims shall not be classified for the purposes of voting or receiving distributions under this Plan. Rather, all such Claims shall be treated separately as unclassified Claims on the terms set forth in this Article 3.

A. Administrative Claims.

1. **Non-Professional Fee Administrative Claims.** Each Holder of an Administrative Claim (other than Professional Fee Claims) must file an Administrative

Claim Request requesting payment of such Administrative Claim with the Bankruptcy Court by no later than thirty (30) days after the Effective Date; provided, however, that any such Administrative Claim Request need not be filed with a hearing date. Nothing herein extends a Bar Date established in the Bar Date Orders. The Liquidating Trustee shall pay each Holder of an Allowed Administrative Claim (excluding Professional Fee Claims) the full amount of such Allowed Administrative Claim, without interest, in Cash, as soon as practicable after the Effective Date or within thirty (30) days after such Administrative Claim becomes an Allowed Claim. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, (i) a Holder of an Allowed Administrative Claim (excluding Holders of Professional Fee Claims) may be paid on such other date or dates and upon such other terms as may be agreed upon by such Holder and the Liquidating Trustee and (ii) the Debtors (if prior to or on the Effective Date) and the Liquidating Trustee (if after the Effective Date) may pay in the ordinary course of business any expenses of administering the Debtors' estates incurred in the ordinary course of business. Without limiting the foregoing, all outstanding fees payable to the U.S. Trustee under 28 U.S.C. § 1930 that have not been paid as of the Effective Date shall be paid by the Liquidating Trustee no later than thirty (30) days after the Effective Date or when due in the ordinary course.

2. **Professional Fee Claims.** The Liquidating Trustee shall pay Professionals who are entitled to reimbursement or allowance of fees and expenses from the Estates pursuant to sections 503(b)(2) - (b)(6) of the Bankruptcy Code, in Cash, in the amount awarded to such Professionals by Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court, as soon as practicable after the later of the Effective Date and the date upon which any order awarding fees and expenses becomes a Final Order, in accordance with the terms of any order entered by the Bankruptcy Court governing the payment of fees and expenses during the course of the Chapter 11 Cases, and after application of any retainer received by such Professionals.

Any final application for allowance of a Professional Fee Claim for services rendered and costs incurred through the Effective Date must be filed with the Bankruptcy Court and served on counsel for the Debtors and the Liquidating Trust at the addresses listed in Article 14 of this Plan and on the Fee Auditor and the U.S. Trustee so that it is received no later than forty-five (45) days after the Effective Date, or such Professional Fee Claim shall be forever barred and shall not be enforceable against the Debtors, their Estates, the Liquidating Trust, and their successors, their assigns, or their Assets. Allowed Professional Fee Claims must be paid in full or reserved for in Cash to pay Professional Fee Claims pending allowance by the Bankruptcy Court prior to any payment to Holders of Allowed Unsecured Claims.

B. Priority Tax Claims. The Liquidating Trustee shall pay, at the Liquidating Trustee's discretion, each Holder of an Allowed Priority Tax Claim either (i) in full in Cash as soon as practicable after the Effective Date or within thirty (30) days after such Priority Tax Claim becomes an Allowed Claim or (ii) over a period ending not later than five (5) years after the Petition Date, with deferred Cash payments in equal amounts on a quarterly basis in an aggregate amount equal to any such Allowed Priority Tax Claim, together with interest thereon (if and so required) at the legal rate required for such Claim in chapter 11 cases. All Allowed Priority Tax Claims which are not due and payable on or before the Effective Date shall be paid in the ordinary course of business in accordance with the terms thereof. The Liquidating Trustee may prepay any Allowed Priority Tax Claim at any time after the Effective Date without any penalty or charge. Holders of Allowed Priority Tax Claims will not be entitled to receive any payment on account of any penalty arising with respect to, or in connection with such Claims. Any Claim for any such penalty, or demand for any such penalty, will be deemed disallowed by confirmation of this Plan.

ARTICLE 4.

TREATMENT OF CLASSIFIED CLAIMS AND INTERESTS

As required by the Bankruptcy Code, this Plan places Claims and Interests into various Classes according to their right to priority and other relative rights. This Plan specifies whether each Class of Claims or Interests is impaired or unimpaired, and this Plan sets forth the treatment each Class will receive.

A. Priority Claims Against All Debtors (Classes HC1, HC5, HC8, HC11, OP1, OP4, OP7, OP10, and AL1). Each of Classes HC1, HC5, HC8, HC11, OP1, OP4, OP7, OP10, and AL1, which are unimpaired, consists of all Allowed Priority Claims against a particular Debtor. Unless the Holder of an Allowed Priority Claim and the Debtor such Claim is against (if prior to or on the Effective Date) or the Liquidating Trust (if after the Effective Date) agree to a different treatment, the Liquidating Trustee shall pay each such Holder of an Allowed Priority Claim, in full, in Cash, without interest, as soon as practicable after the Effective Date.

B. Secured Claims Against All Debtors (Classes HC2, HC6, HC9, HC12, OP2, OP5, OP8, OP11, and AL2). Each of Classes HC2, HC6, HC9, HC10, OP2, OP5, OP8, OP11, and AL2, which are unimpaired, consists of all Allowed Secured Claims against a particular Debtor. At the sole option of the Liquidating Trustee, (i) Allowed Secured Claims will be unaltered and, subject to the requirements of Section 1124(2) of the Bankruptcy Code, on the Effective Date, the legal, equitable, and contractual rights of the Holders of Allowed Secured Claims shall be reinstated in full, or (ii) each Holder of an Allowed Secured Claim shall receive, in full satisfaction, settlement, and release of, and in exchange for, the Holder's Allowed Secured Claim (a) Cash in the amount of the Allowed Secured Claim on the later of the initial distribution date under this Plan and the date such Claim becomes an Allowed Claim, or as soon thereafter as practicable, (b) the property of the estate which constitutes collateral for such Allowed Secured Claim on the later of the initial distribution date under this Plan and the date such Claim becomes an Allowed Claim, or as soon thereafter as practicable, or (c) such other treatment as may be

agreed by the Debtor such Claim is against (if prior to or on the Effective Date) or the Liquidating Trust (if after the Effective Date) and such Holder.

C. Class HC3: Unsecured Claims Against NCFC.

1. **Class HC3a: Special Deficiency Claims against NCFC.** Class HC3a, which is impaired, consists of all Allowed Special Deficiency Claims against NCFC. Each Holder of an Allowed Class HC3a Claim shall receive its Pro Rata share of the Holding Company Debtor Portion of the Litigation Proceeds, based on its the Determined Distribution Amount of such Claim divided by the sum of the Determined Distribution Amounts of all Allowed Class HC3, HC7, HC10, and HC13 Claims. The Determined Distribution Amount for each Allowed Class HC3a Claim shall be 100% of the allowed amount of such Claim subject to the Multi-Debtor Claim Protocol.

2. **Class HC3b: Other Unsecured Claims against NCFC.** Class HC3b, which is impaired, consists of all Allowed Other Unsecured Claims against NCFC. Subject to Article 4.C.3 and Article 9.G of this Plan, each Holder of an Allowed Class HC3b Claim shall receive (i) its Pro Rata share of the Holding Company Debtor Portion of the Litigation Proceeds, based on the Determined Distribution Amount of such Claim divided by the sum of the Determined Distribution Amounts of all Allowed Class HC3, HC7, HC10, and HC13 Claims, and (ii) its Pro Rata share of the Holding Company Debtor Net Distributable Assets, based on the Determined Distribution Amount of such Claim divided by the sum of the Determined Distribution Amounts of all Allowed Class HC3b, HC7, HC10b, and HC13 Claims. The Determined Distribution Amount for each Allowed Class HC3b Claim shall be 100% of the allowed amount of such Claim subject to (i) the Multi-Debtor Claim Protocol, (ii) the Intercompany Claim Protocol, and (iii) with respect to Holders of Capital Trust Claims, to Article 4.C.3 of this Plan.

3. **Senior Claim Procedure.**

(a) In order for any Holder of a Class HC3b Claim to assert that it holds a Senior Class HC3b Claim and, therefore, is entitled to the benefits of

subordination as set forth in the Capital Trust Indentures, such Holder must file with the Bankruptcy Court and serve on the Debtors, the Holders of the Capital Trust Claims, the Liquidating Trustee, and the Indenture Trustee a Subordination Statement no later than thirty (30) days after the Effective Date.

(b) If any Holder of a Class HC3b Claim files a Subordination Statement, any distributions that would otherwise be made on account of Allowed Capital Trust Claims shall be turned over to a reserve to be held by the Liquidating Trustee in a separate interest bearing account and to be distributed in accordance with this Article 4.C.3. No distributions shall be made from this reserve until, with respect to each Subordination Statement, (i) the Bankruptcy Court has made a determination as to whether and to what extent the Holder of a Class HC3b Claim that filed the Subordination Statement holds a Senior Class HC3b Claim or (ii) the Holders of Allowed Capital Trust Claims and the Holder of a Class HC3b Claim that filed the Subordination Statement reach and obtain approval of a settlement as set forth in Article 4.C.3.d hereof. If no Holder of a Class HC3b Claim timely files and serves a Subordination Statement or, with respect to each timely filed Subordination Statement either (i) the Bankruptcy Court determines that the Holder of a Class HC3b Claim that filed Subordination Statement does not hold a Senior Class HC3b Claim or (ii) such Holder withdraws its Subordination Statement pursuant to settlement (or otherwise), distributions shall be made to Holders of Allowed Capital Trust Claims along with other Holders of Allowed Class HC3b Claims in accordance with this Plan's treatment of Allowed Class HC3b Claims, but subject to the Indenture Trustee's charging lien for payment of its Indenture Trustee Expenses.

(c) If the Bankruptcy Court finds that any Holder of a Class HC3b Claim holds a Senior Class HC3b Claim, and such finding becomes a final non-appealable order, then (i) Holders of Allowed Capital Trust Claims shall receive

no distribution from the reserve on account of their Allowed Capital Trust Claims unless and until all Holders of Senior Class HC3b Claims are paid in full on account of their Senior Class HC3b Claims and (ii) Holders of Senior Class HC3b Claims shall receive Pro Rata distributions from the amounts held in reserve until they are paid in full. If a Debtor(s) other than NCFC is jointly liable with NCFC for the amount of a Senior Class HC3b Claim and the Holder of a Senior Class HC3b Claim holds an Allowed Unsecured Claim(s) against such Debtor(s) in respect of such liability, any distribution that the Holder receives on account of such Claims shall be included in determining whether the Holder's Senior Class HC3b Claim has been paid in full. If a Senior Class HC3b Claim has been paid in full, any distributions from the reserve that would have been paid on account of such Claim shall be paid Pro Rata to Holders of Senior Class HC3b Claims, if any, that remain unpaid. If all Holders of Senior Class HC3b Claims (if any) have been paid in full on account of their Senior Class HC3b Claims, (i) any additional amounts distributed to Holders of Allowed Class HC3b Claims shall be distributed to Holders of Allowed Capital Trust Claims on account of their Capital Trust Claims in accordance with this Plan's treatment of Allowed Class HC3b Claims, but subject to the Indenture Trustee's charging lien for payment of its Indenture Trustee Expenses, and (ii) Holders of Allowed Capital Trust Claims shall be subrogated to the distributions that the Holders of Senior Class HC3b Claims would have received on account of their Allowed Unsecured Claims against the Debtors if such Holder's Senior Class HC3b Claims had not been paid in full.

(d) Alternatively, if the Holders of Allowed Capital Trust Claims and the Holder(s) of Class HC3b Claims (if any) that file Subordination Statements reach a settlement of the disputes raised in the Subordination Statements, the Holders of Allowed Capital Trust Claims (or the Indenture Trustee) shall file with

the Bankruptcy Court and serve on the Debtors and the Liquidating Trustee a notice of settlement that is executed by the Holders of Allowed Capital Trust Claims and the settling Holder(s) of Class HC3b Claims that filed Subordination Statements. Such settlement notice shall list the proposed Class HC3b Claim amounts (if any) for each of the signatories. If no written objection to the notice is filed within 10 calendar days after the notice is served, the Bankruptcy Court shall approve and allow the Class HC3b Claims in the amounts proposed in the notice, provided that such settlement shall not operate to increase the amount of the Class HC3b Claims unless it correspondingly reduces the amount of the Allowed Capital Trust Claims.

D. Class 4: NCFC Interests.

1. **Class HC4a: Series A Preferred Stock Interests.** Class HC4a, which is impaired, consists of all Series A Preferred Stock Interests. Holders of Interests in Class HC4a shall receive no distribution or dividend on account of such Interests. Subject to the provisions of Article 9.K herein, the entry of the Confirmation Order shall act as an order approving and effecting the cancellation of all shares of Series A Preferred Stock Interests (and all securities convertible or exercisable for or evidencing any other right in or with respect to Series A Preferred Stock Interests) outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Date without any conversion thereof or distribution with respect thereto.

2. **Class HC4b: Series A 510(b) Claims.** Class HC4b, which is impaired, consists of all Series A 510(b) Claims. Holders of Claims in Class HC4b shall receive no distribution on account of such Claims under this Plan.

3. **Class HC4c: Series B Preferred Stock Interests.** Class HC4c, which is impaired, consists of all Series B Preferred Stock Interests. Holders of Interests in Class HC4c shall receive no distribution or dividend on account of such Interests. Subject to the provisions of Article 9.K herein, the entry of the Confirmation Order shall act as an order approving and effecting the cancellation of all shares of Series B Preferred Stock

Interests (and all securities convertible or exercisable for or evidencing any other right in or with respect to Series B Preferred Stock Interests) outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Date without any conversion thereof or distribution with respect thereto.

4. **Class HC4d: Series B 510(b) Claims.** Class HC4d, which is impaired, consists of all Series B 510(b) Claims. Holders of Claims in Class HC4d shall receive no distribution on account of such Claims under this Plan.

5. **Class HC4e: Common Stock Interests, Option Interests, Warrant Interests, and Common Stock 510(b) Claims.** Class HC4e, which is impaired, consists of all Common Stock Interests, all Option Interests, all Warrant Interests, and all Common Stock 510(b) Claims. Holders of Interests or Claims in Class HC4e shall receive no distribution or dividend on account of such Interests or Claims. Subject to the provisions of Article 9.K herein, the entry of the Confirmation Order shall act as an order approving and effecting the cancellation of all shares of Common Stock Interests (and all securities convertible or exercisable for or evidencing any other right in or with respect to Common Stock Interests) outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Date without any conversion thereof or distribution with respect thereto.

E. **Class HC7: Other Unsecured Claims against TRS Holdings.** Class HC7, which is impaired, consists of all Allowed Other Unsecured Claims against TRS Holdings. Each Holder of an Allowed Class HC7 Claim shall receive (i) its Pro Rata share of the Holding Company Debtor Portion of the Litigation Proceeds, based on the Determined Distribution Amount of such Claim divided by the sum of the Determined Distribution Amounts of all Allowed Class HC3, HC7, HC10, and HC13 Claims, and (ii) its Pro Rata share of the Holding Company Debtor Net Distributable Assets, based on the Determined Distribution Amount of such Claim divided by the sum of the Determined Distribution Amounts of all Allowed Class HC3b, HC7, HC10b, and HC13 Claims. The Determined Distribution Amount for each Allowed Class HC7 Claim shall be 100% of the allowed amount of such Claim subject to (i) the Multi-Debtor Claim Protocol and (ii) the Intercompany Claim Protocol.

F. Class HC10: Unsecured Claims Against NC Credit.

1. **Class HC10a: Special Deficiency Claims against NC Credit.** Class HC10a, which is impaired, consists of all Allowed Special Deficiency Claims against NC Credit. Each Holder of an Allowed Class HC10a Claim shall receive its Pro Rata share of the Holding Company Debtor Portion of the Litigation Proceeds, based on the Determined Distribution Amount of such Claim divided by the sum of the Determined Distribution Amounts of all Allowed Class HC3, HC7, HC10, and HC13 Claims. The Determined Distribution Amount for each Allowed Class HC10a Claim shall be 100% of the allowed amount of such Claim subject to the Multi-Debtor Claim Protocol.

2. **Class HC10b: Other Unsecured Claims against NC Credit.** Class HC10b, which is impaired, consists of all Allowed Other Unsecured Claims against NC Credit. Each Holder of an Allowed Class HC10b Claim shall receive (i) its Pro Rata share of the Holding Company Debtor Portion of the Litigation Proceeds, based on the Determined Distribution Amount of such Claim divided by the sum of the Determined Distribution Amounts of all Allowed Class HC3, HC7, HC10, and HC13 Claims, and (ii) its Pro Rata share of the Holding Company Debtor Net Distributable Assets, based on the Determined Distribution Amount of such Claim divided by the sum of the Determined Distribution Amounts of all Allowed Class HC3b, HC7, HC10b, and HC13 Claims. The Determined Distribution Amount for each Allowed Class HC10b Claim shall be 100% of the allowed amount of such Claim subject to (i) the Multi-Debtor Claim Protocol and (ii) the Intercompany Claim Protocol.

G. Class HC13: Other Unsecured Claims against NC Residual IV. Class HC13, which is impaired, consists of all Allowed Other Unsecured Claims against NC Residual IV. Each Holder of an Allowed Class HC13 Claim shall receive (i) its Pro Rata share of the Holding Company Debtor Portion of the Litigation Proceeds, based on the Determined Distribution Amount of such Claim divided by the sum of the Determined Distribution Amounts of all Allowed Class HC3, HC7, HC10, and HC13 Claims, and (ii) its Pro Rata share of the Holding

Company Debtor Net Distributable Assets, based on the Determined Distribution Amount of such Claim divided by the sum of the Determined Distribution Amounts of all Allowed Class HC3b, HC7, HC10b, and HC13 Claims. The Determined Distribution Amount for each Allowed Class HC13 Claim shall be 100% of the allowed amount of such Claim subject to (i) the Multi-Debtor Claim Protocol and (ii) the Intercompany Claim Protocol.

H. Class OP3: Unsecured Claims Against NCMC.

1. **Class OP3a: Special Deficiency Claims against NCMC.** Class OP3a, which is impaired, consists of all Allowed Special Deficiency Claims against NCMC. Each Holder of an Allowed Class OP3a Claim shall receive its Pro Rata share of the Operating Debtor Portion of the Litigation Proceeds, based on the Determined Distribution Amount of such Claim divided by the sum of the Determined Distribution Amounts of all Allowed Operating Debtor Unsecured Claims other than Class OP6b Claims. The Determined Distribution Amount for each Allowed Class OP3a Claim shall be 100% of the allowed amount of such Claim subject to the Multi-Debtor Claim Protocol.

2. **Class OP3b: EPD/Breach Claims against NCMC.** Class OP3b, which is impaired, consists of all Allowed EPD Breach Claims against NCMC. Each Holder of an Allowed Class OP3b Claim shall receive (i) its Pro Rata share of the Operating Debtor Portion of the Litigation Proceeds, based on the Determined Distribution Amount of such Claim divided by the sum of the Determined Distribution Amounts of all Allowed Operating Debtor Unsecured Claims other than Class OP6b Claims, and (ii) its Pro Rata share of the Operating Debtor Net Distributable Assets, based on the Determined Distribution Amount of such Claim divided by the sum of the Determined Distribution Amounts of all Allowed Operating Debtor Unsecured Claims other than Class OP3a, OP6a, and OP9a Claims. The Determined Distribution Amount of each Allowed Class OP3b Claim shall be 100% of the damage amount determined for such Claim in accordance with the EPD/Breach Claim Protocol.

3. **Class OP3c: Other Unsecured Claims against NCMC.** Class OP3c, which is impaired, consists of all Allowed Other Unsecured Claims against NCMC. Each Holder of an Allowed Class OP3c Claim shall receive (i) its Pro Rata share of the Operating Debtor Portion of the Litigation Proceeds, based on the Determined Distribution Amount of such Claim divided by the sum of the Determined Distribution Amounts of All Allowed Operating Debtor Unsecured Claims other than Class OP6b Claims, and (ii) its Pro Rata share of the Operating Debtor Net Distributable Assets, based on the Determined Distribution Amount of such Claim divided by the sum of the Determined Distribution Amounts of all Allowed Operating Debtor Unsecured Claims other than Class OP3a, OP6a, and OP9a Claims. The Determined Distribution Amount for each Allowed Class OP3c Claim shall be 100% of the allowed amount of such Claim subject to (i) the Multi-Debtor Claim Protocol and (ii) the Intercompany Claim Protocol.

I. Class OP6: Unsecured Claims Against NC Capital.

1. **Class OP6a: Special Deficiency Claims against NC Capital.** Class OP6a, which is impaired, consists of all Allowed Special Deficiency Claims against NC Capital. Each Holder of an Allowed Class OP6a Claim shall receive its Pro Rata share of the Operating Debtor Portion of the Litigation Proceeds, based on the Determined Distribution Amount of such Claim divided by the sum of the Determined Distribution Amounts of all Allowed Operating Debtor Unsecured Claims other than Class OP6b Claims. The Determined Distribution Amount for each Allowed Class OP6a Claim shall be 100% of the allowed amount of such Claim subject to the Multi-Debtor Claim Protocol.

2. **Class OP6b: EPD/Breach Claims against NC Capital.** Class OP6b, which is impaired, consists of all Allowed EPD Breach Claims against NC Capital. Each Holder of an Allowed Class OP6b Claim shall receive (i) its Pro Rata share of the NC Capital EPD/Breach Claimant Portion of the Litigation Proceeds, based on the Determined Distribution Amount of such Claim divided by the sum of the Determined

Distribution Amounts of all Allowed Class OP6b Claims, and (ii) its Pro Rata share of the Operating Debtor Net Distributable Assets, based on the Determined Distribution Amount of such Claim divided by the sum of the Determined Distribution Amounts of all Allowed Operating Debtor Unsecured Claims other than Class OP3a, OP6a, and OP9a Claims. The Determined Distribution Amount of each Allowed Class OP6b Claim shall be 100% of the damage amount determined for such Claim in accordance with the EPD/Breach Claim Protocol for purposes of receiving a Pro Rata share of the NC Capital EPD/Breach Claimant Portion of the Litigation Proceeds and shall be 50% of the damage amount determined for such Claim in accordance with the EPD/Breach Claim Protocol for purposes of receiving a distribution of its Pro Rata share of the Operating Debtor Net Distributable Assets.

3. **Class OP6c: Other Unsecured Claims against NC Capital.** Class OP6c, which is impaired, consists of all Allowed Other Unsecured Claims against NC Capital. Each Holder of an Allowed Class OP6c Claim shall receive (i) its Pro Rata share of the Operating Debtor Portion of the Litigation Proceeds, based on the Determined Distribution Amount of such Claim divided by the sum of the Determined Distribution Amounts of all Allowed Operating Debtor Unsecured Claims other than Class OP6b Claims, and (ii) its Pro Rata share of the Operating Debtor Net Distributable Assets, based on the Determined Distribution Amount of such Claim divided by the sum of the Determined Distribution Amounts of all Allowed Operating Debtor Unsecured Claims other than Class OP3a, OP6a, and OP9a Claims. The Determined Distribution Amount for each Allowed Class OP6c Claim shall be 100% of the allowed amount of such Claim subject to (i) the Multi-Debtor Claim Protocol and (ii) the Intercompany Claim Protocol.

J. Class OP9: Unsecured Claims Against Home123.

1. **Class OP9a: Special Deficiency Claims against Home123.** Class OP9a, which is impaired, consists of all Allowed Special Deficiency Claims against Home123. Each Holder of an Allowed Class OP9a Claim shall receive its Pro Rata share of the

Operating Debtor Portion of the Litigation Proceeds, based on the Determined Distribution Amount of such Claim divided by the sum of the Determined Distribution Amounts of all Allowed Operating Debtor Unsecured Claims other than Class OP6b Claims. The Determined Distribution Amount for each Allowed Class OP9a Claim shall be 100% of the allowed amount of such Claim subject to the Multi-Debtor Claim Protocol.

2. **Class OP9b: Other Unsecured Claims against Home123.** Class OP9b, which is impaired, consists of all Allowed Other Unsecured Claims against Home123. Each Holder of an Allowed Class OP9b Claim shall receive (i) its Pro Rata share of the Operating Debtor Portion of the Litigation Proceeds, based on the Determined Distribution Amount of such Claim divided by the sum of the Determined Distribution Amounts of all Allowed Operating Debtor Unsecured Claims other than Class OP6b Claims, and (ii) its Pro Rata share of the Operating Debtor Net Distributable Assets, based on the Determined Distribution Amount of such Claim divided by the sum of the Determined Distribution Amounts of all Allowed Operating Debtor Unsecured Claims other than Class OP3a, OP6a, and OP9a Claims. The Determined Distribution Amount for each Allowed Class OP9b Claim shall be 25% of the allowed amount of such Claim subject to (i) the Multi-Debtor Claim Protocol and (ii) the Intercompany Claim Protocol.

K. Class OP12: Other Unsecured Claims Against NC Asset Holding, NC Deltex, NC REO, NC REO II, NC REO III, NC Residual III, NCM Ventures, and NCoral. Class OP12, which is impaired, consists of all Allowed Other Unsecured Claims against NC Asset Holding, NC Deltex, NC REO, NC REO II, NC REO III, NC Residual III, NCM Ventures, and NCoral. Each Holder of an Allowed Class OP12 Claim shall receive (i) its Pro Rata share of the Operating Debtor Portion of the Litigation Proceeds, based on the Determined Distribution Amount of such Claim divided by the sum of the Determined Distribution Amounts of all Allowed Operating Debtor Unsecured Claims other than Class OP6b Claims, and (ii) its Pro Rata share of the Operating Debtor Net Distributable Assets, based on the Determined Distribution

Amount of such Claim divided by the sum of the Determined Distribution Amounts of all Allowed Operating Debtor Unsecured Claims other than Class OP3a, OP6a, and OP9a Claims. The Determined Distribution Amount for each Allowed Class OP12 Claim shall be 25% of the allowed amount of such Claim subject to (i) the Multi-Debtor Claim Protocol and (ii) the Intercompany Claim Protocol.

L. Class AL3: Other Unsecured Claims Against Access Lending. Class AL3, which is impaired, consists of all Allowed Other Unsecured Claims against Access Lending. Each Holder of an Allowed Class AL3 Claim shall receive its Pro Rata share of the Access Lending Net Distributable Assets, based on Allowed Class AL3 Claims. The Multi-Debtor Protocol and the Intercompany Claim Protocol do not apply to Class AL3 Claims.

ARTICLE 5.

ACCEPTANCE OR REJECTION OF THIS PLAN

A. Impaired Classes of Claims Entitled to Vote. Except as otherwise provided in order(s) of the Bankruptcy Court pertaining to solicitation of votes on this Plan, the Classes set forth in the following table are impaired and shall be entitled to vote to accept or reject this Plan:

Class	Description
Class HC3a	Special Deficiency Claims against NCFC
Class HC3b	Other Unsecured Claims Against NCFC
Class HC7	Other Unsecured Claims Against TRS Holdings
Class HC10a	Special Deficiency Claims against NC Credit
Class HC10b	Other Unsecured Claims against NC Credit
Class HC13	Other Unsecured Claims against NC Residual IV
Class OP3a	Special Deficiency Claims against NCMC
Class OP3b	EPD/Breach Claims against NCMC
Class OP3c	Other Unsecured Claims against NCMC
Class OP6a	Special Deficiency Claims against NC Capital
Class OP6b	EPD/Breach Claims against NC Capital
Class OP6c	Other Unsecured Claims against NC Capital

Class	Description
Class OP9a	Special Deficiency Claims against Home123
Class OP9b	Other Unsecured Claims against Home123
Class OP12	Other Unsecured Claims against NC Asset Holding, NC Deltex, NC REO, NC REO II, NC REO III, NC Residual III, NCM Ventures, and NCoral
Class AL3	Other Unsecured Claims against Access Lending

Each of Classes HC3a, HC3b, HC10a, HC10b, OP3a, OP3b, OP3c, OP6a, OP6b, OP6c, OP9a, and OP9b, shall be considered a separate Class for purposes of voting to accept or reject this Plan. If and to the extent any Class identified as being unimpaired is impaired (whether as a result of the terms of this Plan or any modification or amendment thereto), such Class shall be entitled to vote to accept or reject this Plan.

B. Classes Deemed to Accept this Plan. The Classes set forth in the following table are unimpaired and shall be deemed to accept this Plan:

Class	Description
Class HC1	Priority Claims against NCFC
Class HC2	Secured Claims against NCFC
Class HC5	Priority Claims against TRS Holdings
Class HC6	Secured Claims against TRS Holdings
Class HC8	Priority Claims against NC Credit
Class HC9	Secured Claims against NC Credit
Class HC11	Priority Claims against NC Residual IV
Class HC12	Secured Claims against NC Residual IV
Class OP1	Priority Claims against NCMC
Class OP2	Secured Claims against NCMC
Class OP4	Priority Claims against NC Capital
Class OP5	Secured Claims against NC Capital
Class OP7	Priority Claims against Home123
Class OP8	Secured Claims against Home123
Class OP10	Priority Claims against NC Asset Holding, NC Deltex,

Class	Description
	NC REO, NC REO II, NC REO III, NC Residual III, NCM Ventures, and NCoral
Class OP11	Secured Claims against NC Asset Holding, NC Deltex, NC REO, NC REO II, NC REO III, NC Residual III, NCM Ventures, and NCoral
Class AL1	Priority Claims against Access Lending
Class AL2	Secured Claims against Access Lending

Pursuant to sections 1126(f) of the Bankruptcy Code, Classes HC1, HC2, HC5, HC6, HC8, HC9, HC11, HC12, OP1, OP2, OP4, OP5, OP7, OP8, OP10, OP11, AL1, and AL2 are conclusively presumed to have accepted this Plan, and the votes of Holders of Claims in such Classes therefore will not be solicited.

C. Classes Deemed to Reject this Plan. Holders of Claims in the Classes set forth in the following table are not entitled to receive or retain any property under this Plan on account of such Claims and Interests:

Class	Description
Class HC4a	Series A Preferred Stock Interests
Class HC4b	Series A 510(b) Claims
Class HC4c	Series B Preferred Stock Interests
Class HC4d	Series B 510(b) Claims
Class HC4e	Common Stock Interests and Common Stock 510(b) Claims

Pursuant to section 1126(g) of the Bankruptcy Code, Classes HC4a, HC4b, HC4c, HC4d, and HC4e are impaired and are conclusively presumed to have rejected this Plan, and the votes of Holders of Claims and Interests in such Classes therefore will not be solicited.

D. Nonconsensual Confirmation. As set forth in Article 15 hereof, if any impaired Class fails to accept this Plan, the Plan Proponents intend to request that the Bankruptcy Court confirm this Plan as a Cramdown Plan pursuant to section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code with respect to that Class.

E. Removal of Debtors. If this Plan cannot be confirmed with respect to one or more Debtors, the Plan Proponents may remove such Debtor(s) from this Plan. In such event, the Classes pertaining to such Debtor(s) will be removed from this Plan, and the Plan will omit any treatment of the assets and liabilities of such Debtor(s). The removal of any Debtor from this Plan will not affect this Plan with respect to any other Debtor.

ARTICLE 6.

THE MULTI-DEBTOR CLAIM PROTOCOL FOR TREATMENT OF CLAIMS AGAINST MULTIPLE DEBTORS

A. Allowed Unsecured Claims for Which More than One Holding Company Debtor Is Jointly Liable. Where a Creditor holds Allowed Holding Company Debtor Unsecured Claims for which more than one Holding Company Debtor is jointly liable, such Creditor shall be (i) assigned a Determined Distribution Amount on account of one of its Allowed Holding Company Debtor Unsecured Claims in the amount of the highest Determined Distribution Amount provided for in the Classes in which the Creditor's Allowed Holding Company Debtor Unsecured Claims are classified and (ii) assigned a Determined Distribution Amount of 0% of the amount of all of its other Allowed Holding Company Debtor Unsecured Claims; provided however, that where a Creditor holds Allowed Holding Company Debtor Unsecured Claims, other than Allowed Class HC3a Claims and Allowed Class HC10a Claims, for which both NCFC and NC Credit are jointly liable, such Creditor shall be (i) assigned a Determined Distribution Amount on account of its Allowed Unsecured Claim against NCFC of 130% of the amount of such Allowed Unsecured Claim and (ii) assigned a Determined Distribution Amount of 0% of the amount of all of its other Allowed Holding Company Debtor Unsecured Claims.

B. Allowed Unsecured Claims for Which More than One Operating Debtor Is Jointly Liable. Where a Creditor holds Allowed Operating Debtor Unsecured Claims for which more than one Operating Debtor is jointly liable, such Creditor shall be (i) assigned a Determined Distribution Amount on account of one its Allowed Operating Debtor Unsecured

Claims in the amount of the highest Determined Distribution Amount provided for in the Classes in which the Creditor's Allowed Operating Debtor Unsecured Claims are classified and (ii) assigned a Determined Distribution Amount of 0% of the amount of all of its other Allowed Operating Debtor Unsecured Claims; provided however, that where a Creditor holds Allowed Operating Debtor Unsecured Claims, other than Allowed Class OP3a Claims, Allowed OP6a Claims, and Allowed Class OP9a Claims, for which each of NCMC, NC Capital, and Home123 are jointly liable, such Creditor shall be (i) assigned a Determined Distribution Amount on account of its Allowed Unsecured Claim against NCMC of 130% of the amount of such Allowed Unsecured Claim and (ii) assigned a Determined Distribution Amount of 0% of the amount of all of its other Allowed Operating Debtor Unsecured Claims.

C. Separate Application to Debtor Groups. The adjustment of Determined Distribution Amounts of a particular Creditor's Allowed Unsecured Claims against Debtors in one Debtor Group pursuant to Articles 6.A and 6.B of this Plan does not affect the Determined Distribution Amounts of such Creditor's Allowed Unsecured Claims, if any, against Debtors in another Debtor Group.

D. Inapplicable to Claims Against Access Lending. The Multi-Debtor Claim Protocol does not apply to Claims against Access Lending.

E. Inapplicable to Intercompany Claims. The Multi-Debtor Claim Protocol does not apply to Intercompany Claims.

ARTICLE 7.

THE INTERCOMPANY PROTOCOL FOR TREATMENT OF INTERCOMPANY CLAIMS

A. Claims of Holding Company Debtors Against Other Holding Company Debtors. The Determined Distribution Amount for each Allowed Claim held by a Holding Company Debtor against another Holding Company Debtor shall be 0% of the allowed amount of such Claim and, therefore, no distribution will be made under this Plan on account of such Claim.

B. Claims of Operating Debtors Against Other Operating Debtors. The Determined Distribution Amount for each Allowed Claim held by an Operating Debtor against another Operating Debtor shall be 0% of the allowed amount of such Claim and, therefore, no distribution will be made under this Plan on account of such Claim.

C. Claims of Holding Company Debtors Against Operating Debtors. The Determined Distribution Amount for each Allowed Claim held by a Holding Company Debtor against an Operating Debtor shall be 50% of the allowed amount of such Claim; provided, however, that any recovery on an Allowed Claim held by a Holding Company Debtor against an Operating Debtor shall be limited to the amount that would be distributed on account of such Claim if the Determined Distribution Amounts for Allowed Claims in Classes OP6b, OP9b, and OP12 were 100% of the allowed amount of Claims in those Classes.

D. Claims of Operating Debtors Against Holding Company Debtors. The Determined Distribution Amount for each Allowed Claim held by an Operating Debtor against a Holding Company Debtor shall be 100% of the allowed amount of such Claim.

ARTICLE 8.

MEANS OF IMPLEMENTING THIS PLAN

A. Implementation of Joint Plan. The Plan Proponents propose that the Plan be implemented and consummated through the means contemplated by sections 1123(a)(5)(B), (D), (E), (F) and (G) and 1123(b)(2), (b)(3) and (b)(4) of the Bankruptcy Code on and after the Effective Date.

B. Corporate Action. On the Effective Date, the matters under this Plan involving or requiring corporate action of the Debtors or their subsidiaries, including, but not limited to, actions requiring a vote or other approval of the board of directors or shareholders and execution of all documentation incident to this Plan, shall be deemed to have been authorized by the Confirmation Order and to have occurred and be in effect from and after the Effective Date without any further action by the Bankruptcy Court or the officers or directors of the Debtors or

their subsidiaries. The officers and directors of the Debtors shall cease to serve immediately after the Effective Date.

C. Dissolution of Debtors. Immediately after the Effective Date, (i) the Liquidating Trustee shall be authorized to take, in his sole and absolute discretion, all actions reasonably necessary to dissolve the Debtors and their subsidiaries under applicable laws, including without limitation under the laws of the jurisdictions in which they may be organized or registered, and to pay all reasonable costs and expenses in connection with such dissolutions, including the costs of preparing or filing any necessary paperwork or documentation; provided, however, that the Liquidating Trustee shall not be compelled to dissolve any of the Debtors or their subsidiaries if to do so would unduly burden the Liquidating Trust; and (ii) no assets shall revert in the Debtors (other than Access Lending). The Liquidating Trustee shall have no liability for using his discretion to dissolve or not dissolve any of the Debtors or their subsidiaries. Whether or not dissolved, immediately after the Effective Date, the Debtors shall have no authorization to implement the provisions of this Plan, unless specifically provided for in the Plan.

D. Dissolution of the Committee. On the Effective Date, the Committee shall dissolve automatically, whereupon its members, Professionals and agents shall be released from any further duties and responsibilities in the Chapter 11 Cases and under the Bankruptcy Code, except that such parties shall continue to be bound by any obligations arising under confidentiality agreements, joint interest agreements, and protective orders entered during the Chapter 11 Cases which shall remain in full force and effect according to their terms and such parties shall continue to have a right to be heard with respect to any and all (i) applications for Professional Fee Claims; (ii) requests for compensation and reimbursement of expenses pursuant to section 503(b) of the Bankruptcy Code for making a substantial contribution in any of the Chapter 11 Cases; and (iii) any motions or other actions seeking enforcement or implementation of the provisions of this Plan or the Confirmation Order.

E. Vesting of Assets in Liquidating Trust; Assumption of Plan Obligations.

1. *Distribution to Liquidating Trust.* On the Effective Date, the Debtors other than Access Lending shall distribute and shall be deemed for all purposes to have distributed all Assets of the Debtors, including Access Lending Interests but excluding the Assets of Access Lending, for the benefit of the Holders of Holding Company Debtor Unsecured Claims and for the benefit of the Holders of Operating Debtor Unsecured Claims, whether or not such Claims are Allowed Claims as of the Effective Date, to the Liquidating Trust. Upon the transfer of the Liquidating Trust Assets, the Debtors shall have no further interest in or with respect to the Liquidating Trust Assets or the Liquidating Trust.

2. *Transfer of Assets.* On the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trust Assets, as described in paragraph (E)(1) above, will be conveyed directly by the Debtors other than Access Lending to the Liquidating Trust on behalf of the beneficiaries thereof.

3. *Assumption of Plan Obligations.* On the Effective Date, all of the Debtors' rights and obligations with respect to each A/P/S Claim (other than A/P/S Claims against Access Lending) and all other rights and obligations of the Debtors (other than Access Lending) under this Plan shall be assigned to and assumed by the Liquidating Trust.

4. *Treatment of Transfer of Assets.* For federal income tax purposes, all parties (including, without limitation, the Debtors, the Liquidating Trustee, the Holders of Holding Company Debtor Unsecured Claims and the Holders of Operating Debtor Unsecured Claims) shall treat the transfer of the Liquidating Trust Assets to the Liquidating Trust, in accordance with the terms of this Plan, as a transfer to the Holders of the Unsecured Claims that have a beneficial interest in the Liquidating Trust, with the Holders of Unsecured Claims against the Holding Company Debtors and Holders of Unsecured Claims against the Operating Debtors receiving an undivided interest in the Liquidating Trust Assets attributable to their respective Debtor Groups, followed by a

transfer of the Liquidating Trust Assets by such Holders to the Liquidating Trust, and the beneficiaries of the Liquidating Trust shall be treated as the grantors and owners of such beneficiaries' respective portion of the Liquidating Trust.

F. Liquidating Trust.

1. *Formation of Liquidating Trust.* On or prior to the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trust shall be formed. The Holders of Holding Company Debtor Unsecured Claims and the Holders of Operating Debtor Unsecured Claims shall be the sole beneficiaries of the Liquidating Trust. Holders of Unsecured Claims against Access Lending shall not be beneficiaries of the Liquidating Trust.

2. *Liquidating Trust Agreement.* The Liquidating Trust Agreement shall contain provisions customary to trust agreements utilized in comparable circumstances, including, but not limited to, any and all provisions necessary to govern the rights, powers, obligations and appointment and removal of the Liquidating Trustee and to ensure the treatment of the Liquidating Trust as a liquidating trust for federal income tax purposes. In the event a provision of this Plan or the Confirmation Order conflicts with a provision of the Liquidating Trust Agreement, the provision of the Liquidation Trust Agreement shall control.

3. *Appointment of the Liquidating Trustee.*

(a) No later than ten (10) days prior to the deadline to vote to accept or reject this Plan, the Plan Proponents will file the Liquidating Trust Agreement with the Bankruptcy Court, which Liquidating Trust Agreement shall identify the Liquidating Trustee. The Liquidating Trustee shall be appointed by the Bankruptcy Court in the Confirmation Order and shall commence serving as the Liquidating Trustee on the Effective Date; provided, however, that the party appointed as Liquidating Trustee shall be permitted to act in accordance with the terms of the Liquidating Trust Agreement from the Confirmation Date (or such earlier date as authorized by the Committee) through the Effective Date and shall

be entitled to seek compensation in accordance with the terms of the Liquidating Trust Agreement and this Plan.

(b) The Liquidating Trustee shall be deemed the Estates' representative (including, with respect to Reorganized Access Lending, in its capacity as Plan Administrator) in accordance with section 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code and shall have all powers, authority and responsibilities specified in this Plan and the Liquidating Trust Agreement, including, without limitation, the powers of a trustee under sections 704, 108 and 1106 of the Bankruptcy Code and Rule 2004 of the Bankruptcy Rules (including without limitation, commencing, prosecuting or settling Causes of Action, enforcing contracts, and asserting claims, defenses, offsets and privileges), to the extent not inconsistent with the status of the Liquidating Trust as a liquidating trust within the meaning of Treasury Regulations 301.7701-4(d) for federal income tax purposes.

(c) The Confirmation Order shall state that without the permission of the Bankruptcy Court, no judicial, administrative, arbitral, or other action or proceeding shall be commenced against the Liquidating Trustee in its official capacity, with respect to its status, duties, powers, acts, or omissions as Liquidating Trustee in any forum other than the Bankruptcy Court.

(d) The Liquidating Trustee shall at all times maintain a bond acceptable to the Plan Advisory Committee and approved by the Bankruptcy Court.

4. *Term and Compensation of the Liquidating Trustee.*

(a) The Liquidating Trustee shall initially be compensated as set forth in the Liquidating Trust Agreement (which compensation may be revised by the Liquidating Trust with the consent of the Plan Advisory Committee) and shall not be required to file a fee application to receive compensation. The Liquidating

Trustee's compensation shall, however, be subject to the review and, if appropriate, objection of the Plan Advisory Committee as set forth in the Liquidating Trust Agreement.

(b) The Liquidating Trustee may be removed or replaced at any time by the Plan Advisory Committee in accordance with the procedures in the Liquidating Trust Agreement. In the event of the death or incompetency (in the case of a Liquidating Trustee that is a natural person), dissolution (in the case of a Liquidating Trustee that is a corporation or other entity), bankruptcy, insolvency, resignation, or removal of the Liquidating Trustee, the Plan Advisory Committee shall have the authority to appoint a successor trustee as set forth in the Liquidating Trust Agreement.

5. *Liquidation of Liquidating Trust Assets; Responsibilities of Liquidating Trustee.*

(a) The Liquidating Trustee shall be vested with the rights, powers and benefits set forth in the Liquidating Trust Agreement. The Liquidating Trust shall be subject to the directions of the Plan Advisory Committee as set forth in the Liquidating Trust Agreement. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Plan or the Confirmation Order, any act by the Liquidating Trustee, including discretionary acts, will require the consent of or consultation with the Plan Advisory Committee in accordance with the terms of the Liquidating Trust Agreement. If there is any inconsistency or ambiguity in the Plan, Confirmation Order or the Liquidating Trust Agreement in respect of the Plan Advisory Committee's role in the Liquidating Trustee's authority to act, the provision of the Liquidating Trust Agreement shall control.

(b) The Liquidating Trustee, in its reasonable business judgment, and in an expeditious but orderly manner, shall liquidate and convert to cash the Liquidating Trust Assets, make timely distributions and not unduly prolong the

duration of the Liquidating Trust. The liquidation of the Liquidating Trust Assets may be accomplished either through the sale of Liquidating Trust Assets (in whole or in combination), including the sale of Causes of Action, or through prosecution or settlement of any Causes of Action, or otherwise.

(c) The Liquidating Trustee (including, with respect to Reorganized Access Lending, in its capacity as Plan Administrator) shall be expressly authorized to do the following:

(i) prosecute, collect, compromise and settle any Causes of Actions in accordance herewith and without further approval of or application to the Bankruptcy Court, except as otherwise provided herein.

(ii) file, prosecute, compromise and settle objections to Claims without further approval of or application to the Bankruptcy Court, except as otherwise provided herein

(iii) open and maintain bank accounts in the name of the Liquidating Trust, draw checks and drafts thereon on the sole signature of the Liquidating Trustee, and terminate such accounts as the Liquidating Trustee deems appropriate;

(iv) execute any documents, pleadings, and take any other actions related to, or in connection with, the liquidation of the Assets and the exercise of the Liquidation Trustee's powers granted herein, including, but not limited to the exercise of the Debtors' or the Committee's respective rights to conduct discovery and oral examination of any party under Rule 2004 of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure;

(v) hold legal title to any and all rights of the beneficiaries in or arising from the Assets, including but not limited to, the right to vote any claim or interest in an unrelated case under the Bankruptcy Code and receive any distribution thereon;

(vi) protect and enforce the rights to the Assets vested in the Liquidating Trustee by this Plan by any method deemed appropriate including, without limitation, by judicial proceedings or pursuant to any applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, moratorium or similar law and general principles of equity;

(vii) deliver distributions as may be authorized by this Plan;

(viii) file, if necessary, any and all tax returns with respect to the Liquidating Trust, pay taxes, if any, properly payable by the Liquidating Trust, and make distributions to the beneficiaries net of such taxes, and comply with the requirements of Article 4 hereof;

(ix) make all necessary filings in accordance with any applicable law, statute or regulation;

(x) determine and satisfy any and all liabilities created, incurred or assumed by the Liquidating Trust;

(xi) invest moneys received by the Liquidating Trust or otherwise held by the Liquidating Trust in accordance with Article 8.F.8 of this Plan;

(xii) in the event that the Liquidating Trustee determines that the beneficiaries or the Liquidating Trust may, will or have become subject to adverse tax consequences, take such actions that will, or are intended to, alleviate such adverse tax consequences;

(xiii) utilize the Liquidating Trust Assets to purchase or create and carry all appropriate insurance policies and pay all insurance premiums and costs necessary or advisable to insure the acts and omissions of the Liquidating Trustee, and the Plan Advisory Committee and its members; and

(xiv) prepare and report telephonically, and if requested by the Plan Advisory Committee, in writing or in person, a monthly report of the status of the process of winding down the Estates including Causes of Action.

(d) The Liquidating Trustee may request an expedited determination of taxes of the Liquidating Trust under section 505(b) of the Bankruptcy Code for all returns filed for, or on behalf of, the Liquidating Trust for all taxable periods through the dissolution of the Liquidating Trust.

6. *Valuation of Assets.* As soon as possible after the Effective Date (i) the Liquidating Trustee shall determine the fair market value, as of the Effective Date, of the Liquidating Trust Assets based on a good faith determination, and (ii) the Liquidating Trustee shall apprise the Holders of Holding Company Debtor Unsecured Claims and the Holders of Operating Debtor Unsecured Claims in writing of such valuation (and indicate in such writing each Holder's percentage ownership interest in the Liquidating Trust based on each such Holder's relative beneficial interest in the Liquidating Trust or portion thereof as of the Effective Date). The valuation shall be used consistently by all parties (including, without limitation, the Debtors, the Liquidating Trustee, Holders of Holding Company Debtor Unsecured Claims and Holders of Operating Debtor Unsecured Claims) for all federal income tax purposes.

7. *Payments by the Liquidating Trust.* The Liquidating Trust shall make distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims in accordance with Article 9 of this Plan.

8. *Investment Powers of the Liquidating Trustee and Permitted Cash Expenditures.* All funds held by the Liquidating Trustee shall be invested in Cash or short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of Cash as more particularly described in the Liquidating Trust Agreement; provided, however, that the right and power of the Liquidating Trustee to invest Liquidating Trust Assets, the proceeds thereof, or any income earned by the Liquidating Trust, shall be

limited to the right and power that a liquidating trust is permitted to exercise pursuant to the Treasury Regulations, or any modification in the IRS guidelines, whether set forth in IRS rulings, other IRS pronouncements or otherwise. The Liquidating Trustee may expend the cash of the Liquidating Trust (x) as reasonably necessary to meet contingent liabilities and to maintain the value of the respective assets of the Liquidating Trust during liquidation, (y) to pay the reasonable administrative expenses (including, but not limited to, any taxes imposed on the Liquidating Trust) and (z) to satisfy other respective liabilities incurred by the Liquidating Trust in accordance with this Plan or the Liquidating Trust Agreement.

9. *Reporting Duties.*

(a) Subject to definitive guidance from the IRS or a court of competent jurisdiction to the contrary (including the receipt by the Liquidating Trustee of a private letter ruling if the Liquidating Trustee so requests one, or the receipt of an adverse determination by the IRS upon audit if not contested by the Liquidating Trustee), the Liquidating Trustee shall file returns for the Liquidating Trust as a grantor trust pursuant to Treasury Regulations section 1.671-4(a). The Liquidating Trustee shall also send to each holder of a beneficial interest in the Liquidating Trust an annual statement setting forth the holder's share of items of income, gain, loss, deduction or credit and provide to all such holders information for reporting such items on their federal income tax returns, as appropriate. The Liquidating Trustee shall file (or cause to be filed) any other statements, returns or disclosures relating to the Liquidating Trust that are required by any governmental unit.

(b) Allocations of Liquidating Trust taxable income shall be determined by reference to the manner in which an amount of cash equal to such taxable income would be distributed (without regard to any restrictions on distributions described herein) if, immediately prior to such deemed distribution,

the Liquidating Trust had distributed all of its other assets (valued for this purpose at their tax book value) to the holders of the beneficial interests in the Liquidating Trust (treating any holder of a Disputed Claim, for this purpose, as a current holder of a beneficial interest in the Liquidating Trust entitled to distributions), taking into account all prior and concurrent distributions from the Liquidating Trust (including all distributions held in reserve pending the resolution of Disputed Claims). Similarly, taxable loss of the Liquidating Trust shall be allocated by reference to the manner in which an economic loss would be borne immediately after a liquidating distribution of the remaining Liquidating Trust Assets. For this purpose, the tax book value of the Liquidating Trust Assets shall equal their fair market value on the Effective Date or, if later, the date such assets were acquired by the Liquidating Trust, adjusted in either case in accordance with tax accounting principles prescribed by the IRC, the regulations and other applicable administrative and judicial authorities and pronouncements.

(c) The Liquidating Trustee shall file (or cause to be filed) any other statements, returns or disclosures relating to the Liquidating Trust that are required by any governmental unit.

10. *Registry of Beneficial Interests.* To evidence each holder's beneficial interests in the Liquidating Trust, the Liquidating Trustee shall maintain a registry of holders.

11. *Non-Transferable.* Upon issuance thereof, interests in the Liquidating Trust shall be non-transferable, except with respect to a transfer by will or under the laws of descent and distribution. Any such transfer, however, shall not be effective until and unless the Liquidating Trustee receives written notice of such transfer.

12. *Termination.* The Liquidating Trust shall terminate after its liquidation, administration and distribution of the Liquidating Trust Assets in accordance with this Plan and its full performance of all other duties and functions set forth herein or in its

Liquidating Trust Agreement. The Liquidating Trust shall terminate no later than the fifth (5th) anniversary of the Effective Date; provided, however, that, within a period of six (6) months prior to such termination date, the Bankruptcy Court, upon motion by a party in interest, may extend the term of the Liquidating Trust if it is necessary to facilitate or complete the liquidation of the Liquidating Trust Assets administered by the Liquidating Trust. Notwithstanding the foregoing, multiple extensions can be obtained so long as Bankruptcy Court approval is obtained within six (6) months prior to the expiration of each extended term; provided, however, that the aggregate of all such extensions shall not exceed three (3) years, unless the Liquidating Trustee receives a favorable ruling from the IRS that any further extension would not adversely affect the status of the Liquidating Trust as a liquidating trust within the meaning of Treasury Regulations 301.7701-4(d) for federal income tax purposes.

13. *Purpose of the Liquidating Trust.* The Liquidating Trust shall be established for the sole purpose of liquidating and distributing the Liquidating Trust Assets in accordance with Treasury Regulations section 301.7701-4(d), with no objective to continue or engage in the conduct of a trade or business. Subject to definitive guidance from the IRS, all parties shall treat the Liquidating Trust as a liquidating trust for all federal income tax purposes. The Liquidating Trust shall not be deemed to be the same legal entity as any of the Debtors, but only the assignee of the assets and liabilities of the Debtors and a representative of the Estates for delineated purposes within the meaning of section 1123(b)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code. Neither the Liquidating Trust nor any portion thereof, nor any reserve, account or fund established by this Plan shall be treated as a “disputed ownership fund” within the meaning of Treasury Regulation section 1.468B-9(b)(1).

G. Plan Advisory Committee.

1. *Appointment.* On the Effective Date, the Plan Advisory Committee shall be deemed appointed and shall adopt bylaws to govern the actions of the Plan Advisory Committee.

2. *Membership.* The Plan Advisory Committee shall consist of up to five (5) members of the Committee chosen from those members of the Committee that notify counsel to the Committee in writing no later than fifteen (15) days prior to the Confirmation Hearing of their intention to serve on the Plan Advisory Committee. In the event that less than five (5) of the members of the Committee notify counsel to the Committee of their intent to serve on the Plan Advisory Committee within fifteen (15) days prior to the Confirmation Hearing, then the Committee will choose from among the Holders of Unsecured Claims to fill any vacancy until five (5) members have been designated. Unless and until such vacancy is filled, the Plan Advisory Committee shall function with such reduced membership. In the event of the resignation of a member of the Plan Advisory Committee, the remaining members may, but need not, designate a successor from among the Holders of Unsecured Claims. Unless and until such vacancy is filled, the Plan Advisory Committee shall function with such reduced membership

3. *Fiduciary Duties.* The fiduciary duties that applied to the Committee prior to the Effective Date shall apply to the Plan Advisory Committee. The duties and powers of the Plan Advisory Committee shall terminate upon the termination of the Liquidating Trust.

4. *Rights and Duties.* The Plan Advisory Committee's role shall be to advise and approve the actions of the Liquidating Trustee as more particularly set forth in the Liquidating Trust Agreement. The Plan Advisory Committee shall have the rights and duties set forth in the Liquidating Trust Agreement, including without limitation:

- (a) to terminate the Liquidating Trustee with or without cause and upon such termination or upon the resignation, death, incapacity or removal of the

Liquidating Trustee, to appoint a successor Liquidating Trustee; provided, that the Plan Advisory Committee shall file with the Bankruptcy Court a notice appointing such successor trustee;

(b) to approve any release or indemnity in favor of any third party granted or agreed to by the Liquidating Trustee other than as set forth in the Plan;

(c) to authorize the Liquidating Trustee to commence or continue to prosecute any Cause of Action including, in the Liquidating Trustee's capacity as Plan Administrator, any Access Lending Cause of Action;

(d) to approve the settlement of any Cause of Action if the amount sought to be recovered by the Liquidating Trustee in the complaint or other document initiating or evidencing such Cause of Action exceeds \$100,000;

(e) to approve the allowance of any Disputed Claim if the final allowed amount of such Claim exceeds \$50,000;

(f) to approve the sale of any Assets by the Liquidating Trustee;

(g) with respect to each six month period, to approve any budget for the Administrative Fund prepared by the Liquidating Trustee in respect of the Trust Operating Expenses and in connection with Causes of Action and to approve any additional funding of the Administrative Fund;

(h) in addition to the mandatory distributions required under the Plan, to approve the making of interim distributions if such distributions are warranted and economical;

(i) to review and object to fees and expenses of professionals retained by the Liquidating Trust; and

(j) to approve of any investment of Cash or other Liquidating Trust Assets pending distributions to holders of the beneficial interests.

5. *No Compensation.* Except for the reimbursement of reasonable actual costs and expenses incurred in connection with their duties as members of the Plan

Advisory Committee, including reasonable attorneys fees subject to a cap to be established by the Plan Advisory Committee in its discretion, the members of the Plan Advisory Committee shall serve without compensation. Reasonable expenses, as set forth in this Article 8.G.5, incurred by members of the Plan Advisory Committee may be paid by the Liquidating Trust without need for approval of the Bankruptcy Court.

6. *Objection to Fees.* The Plan Advisory Committee shall have thirty (30) days, or such other period as determined by the Plan Advisory Committee and the Liquidating Trustee, from the delivery of a fee statement to object to the fees of any professional retained by either the Liquidating Trust or the Plan Advisory Committee by giving notice of any such objection to the professional seeking compensation or reimbursement. For an objection to be valid, it shall be in writing and set forth in detail the specific fees objected to and the basis for the objection. Any objection that remains unresolved fifteen (15) days after it is made shall be submitted to the Bankruptcy Court for resolution. The uncontested portion of each invoice shall be paid within forty (40) days after its delivery to the Plan Advisory Committee and the Liquidating Trustee.

H. Liability, Indemnification. Neither the Liquidating Trustee (including in its capacity as Plan Administrator), the Plan Advisory Committee, their respective members, designees or professionals, or any duly designated agent or representative of the Liquidating Trustee or the Plan Advisory Committee, nor their respective employees, shall be liable for the act or omission of any other member, designee, agent or representative of such Liquidating Trustee or Plan Advisory Committee, nor shall such Liquidating Trustee, or any member of the Plan Advisory Committee, be liable for any act or omission taken or omitted to be taken in its capacity as Liquidating Trustee, or as a member of the Plan Advisory Committee, respectively, other than for specific acts or omissions resulting from such Liquidating Trustee's or such member's willful misconduct, gross negligence or fraud. The Liquidating Trustee, or the Plan Advisory Committee may, in connection with the performance of its functions, and in its sole and absolute discretion, consult with its attorneys, accountants, financial advisors and agents, and

shall not be liable for any act taken, omitted to be taken, or suffered to be done in accordance with advice or opinions rendered by such persons, regardless of whether such advice or opinions are provided in writing. Notwithstanding such authority, neither the Liquidating Trustee (including in its capacity as Plan Administrator) or the Plan Advisory Committee shall be under any obligation to consult with its attorneys, accountants, financial advisors or agents, and their determination not to do so shall not result in the imposition of liability on the Liquidating Trustee or Plan Advisory Committee or their respective members and/or designees, unless such determination is based on willful misconduct, gross negligence, or fraud. The Liquidating Trust shall indemnify and hold harmless the Liquidating Trustee and Plan Advisory Committee and its members, designees and professionals, and all duly designated agents and representatives thereof (in their capacity as such), from and against and in respect of all liabilities, losses, damages, claims, costs and expenses (including, without limitation, reasonable attorneys' fees, disbursements, and related expenses) which such parties may incur or to which such parties may become subject in connection with any action, suit, proceeding or investigation brought by or threatened against such parties arising out of or due to their acts or omissions, or consequences of such acts or omissions, with respect to the implementation or administration of the Liquidating Trust or the Plan or the discharge of their duties hereunder; provided, however, that no such indemnification will be made to such persons for actions or omissions as a result of willful misconduct, gross negligence, or fraud.

I. Retention of Professionals.

1. Liquidating Trust Professionals.

(a) The Liquidating Trustee may retain professionals, including but not limited to, counsel, accountants, investment advisors, auditors and other agents on behalf of the Liquidating Trust as necessary or desirable to carry out the obligations of the Liquidating Trustee hereunder and under the Liquidating Trust Agreement. More specifically, the Liquidating Trustee may retain counsel in any matter related to its administration, including counsel that has acted as counsel for

the Debtors, the Committee, or any of the individual members of the Committee in the Chapter 11 Cases.

(b) Prior to the Effective Date, the Committee shall approve a budget for the six (6) month period beginning on the Effective Date, on a professional-by-professional basis, for professional fees for services to be rendered to the Liquidating Trust, which budget may be altered from time to time by the Plan Advisory Committee in accordance with the Liquidating Trust Agreement provided that any fees and expenses of professionals retained by the Liquidating Trust that have been incurred prior to the date of the modification of the budget shall constitute budgeted amounts. Except with respect to services rendered and expenses incurred in connection with Fee Applications pending on the Effective Date or filed after the Effective Date, the Professionals retained by the Debtors or the Committee shall only be entitled to compensation for services performed and expenses incurred after the Effective Date to the extent, if any, of the amount budgeted for each respective Professional. Following the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee may pay, without application to the Court or any other court of competent jurisdiction, such professionals retained by the Liquidating Trust in accordance with agreements that the Liquidating Trustee determines to be reasonable. The Plan Advisory Committee shall approve in advance the Liquidating Trustee's retention of professionals and their compensation arrangements.

2. *Plan Advisory Committee Professionals.* The Plan Advisory Committee shall have the right to retain counsel of its choice in the event of a dispute or conflict with the Liquidating Trustee or for other purposes set forth in the Liquidating Trust Agreement and the reasonable fees and expenses of such counsel shall be paid by the Liquidating Trustee.

J. Access Lending.

1. *Transfer of Access Lending Stock.* On the Effective Date, pursuant to Article 8.E of the Plan, TRS Holdings shall distribute the stock of Access Lending to the Liquidating Trust, which shall become the sole shareholder of Reorganized Access Lending.

2. *The Plan Administrator.* The Liquidating Trustee shall act as Plan Administrator with respect to Reorganized Access Lending and, in such capacity, shall have entered into a Plan Administrator employment agreement to be filed with the Bankruptcy Court at least ten (10) days prior to the Confirmation Hearing. The initial Plan Administrator, and each successor Plan Administrator, shall serve until the earlier of (i) the dissolution of Reorganized Access Lending or (ii) such Plan Administrator's resignation, death, incapacity, removal or termination. Upon the occurrence of the Effective Date, the articles of incorporation of Access Lending shall be amended to provide that Plan Administrator shall be the chief executive officer and sole director of Reorganized Access Lending. In such capacity, the Plan Administrator shall have all necessary and appropriate power to act for, on behalf of and in the name of Reorganized Access Lending, with the same power and effect as if each of his or her actions in furtherance of his or her duties as a responsible person and as a board-appointed officer and shareholder-appointed director of Reorganized Access Lending were explicitly authorized by the appropriate board of directors or shareholders.

3. *Resolution of Claims and Prosecution of Access Lending Causes of Action.* The Liquidating Trustee, as Plan Administrator, shall resolve all Disputed Claims against Access Lending as soon as practicable following the Effective Date and shall have the right to prosecute all Access Lending Causes of Action. The Liquidating Trustee, acting as Plan Administrator, shall pay all Allowed A/P/S Claims against Access Lending as soon as practicable after the later of (a) the Effective Date and (b) the date upon which any such Claim becomes an Allowed Claim. Upon resolution of all Disputed

Unsecured Claims against Access Lending and all Access Lending Causes of Action, the Liquidating Trustee, as Plan Administrator, shall pay all the Allowed Unsecured Claims against Access Lending from the Access Lending Net Distributable Assets in accordance with Article 8.J.6 of the Plan.

4. *Dissolution of Reorganized Access Lending.* After all the Allowed Claims against Access Lending have been paid, the Liquidating Trustee, acting as Plan Administrator, shall file a certificate of dissolution in the applicable state of incorporation for Reorganized Access Lending, and Reorganized Access Lending shall dissolve and cease to exist. Any remaining Assets of Reorganized Access Lending shall be distributed to the Liquidating Trust as sole shareholder in a liquidating distribution, and shall become Liquidating Trust Assets that may be distributed pursuant to the terms of this Plan.

5. *Access Lending Income; Returns.* Any income earned by the Assets of Reorganized Access Lending is attributable to Access Lending and not to the Liquidating Trust or its beneficiaries. The Liquidating Trustee, acting as Plan Administrator, shall make and file, if necessary, any and all tax returns for Reorganized Access Lending with respect to such taxable income, and shall pay taxes, if any, properly payable by Access Lending from Reorganized Access Lending's Assets. The Liquidating Trustee shall also file (or cause to be filed) any other statements, returns or disclosures relating to Reorganized Access Lending that are required by any governmental unit.

6. *Calculation of Access Lending Net Distributable Assets.* The Access Lending Net Distributable Assets shall be calculated by deducting from the gross amount available from the liquidation of Reorganized Access Lending's Assets and the prosecution of the Access Lending Causes of Action: (i) the amount of all Allowed A/P/S Claims allowed against Access Lending and paid by the Liquidating Trustee, (ii) the amount of all costs of administering the Estate of Access Lending, as determined by the Liquidating Trustee, incurred in the ordinary course prior to the Effective Date and paid by the Debtors on or before the Effective Date in the ordinary course, (iii) the Joint

Administrative Expense Share of Access Lending paid by the Debtors prior to or on the Effective Date or by the Liquidating Trustee after the Effective Date, (iv) any taxes paid by the Liquidating Trustee from Reorganized Access Lending's Assets pursuant to Article 8.J.5 of the Plan, (v) any costs incurred in connection with the prosecution of the Access Lending Causes of Action, and (vi) Reorganized Access Lending's proportionate share of the Trust Operating Expenses as determined by the Liquidating Trustee.

K. Preservation of All Causes of Action. Except as otherwise provided in the Plan or in any contract, instrument, release or agreement entered into in connection with the Plan, in accordance with section 1123(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, the Liquidating Trustee (including, with respect to Reorganized Access Lending, in its capacity as Plan Administrator) shall be vested with, retain, and may exclusively enforce and prosecute any claims or Causes of Action that the Debtors or the Estates may have against any Person or entity. The Liquidating Trustee (including, with respect to Reorganized Access Lending, in its capacity as Plan Administrator) may pursue such retained claims or Causes of Action in accordance with the best interests of the creditors, the Estates, or the Liquidating Trust.

L. Successors. The Liquidating Trust shall be the successor to the Debtors (other than Access Lending) for the purposes of sections 1123, 1129, and 1145 of the Bankruptcy Code and with respect to all pending Causes of Action and other litigation-related matters. The Liquidating Trust shall succeed to the attorney-client privilege of the Debtors (other than Access Lending) with respect to all Causes of Action (other than Access Lending Causes of Action) and other litigation-related matters, and the Liquidating Trustee may waive the attorney-client privilege with respect to any Cause of Action or other litigation-related matter, or portion thereof, in the Liquidating Trustee's discretion. Reorganized Access Lending shall be the successor to the Access Lending for the purposes of sections 1123, 1129, and 1145 of the Bankruptcy Code and with respect to all pending Access Lending Causes of Action and other litigation-related matters. Reorganized Access Lending shall succeed to the attorney-client privilege of Access Lending with respect to all Access Lending Causes of Action and other

litigation-related matters, and the Liquidating Trustee, in its capacity as Plan Administrator, may waive the attorney-client privilege with respect to any Access Lending Cause of Action or other litigation-related matter, or portion thereof, in the Liquidating Trustee's discretion.

ARTICLE 9.

DISTRIBUTIONS UNDER THIS PLAN

A. Timing of Distributions.

1. *Distributions on Account of Allowed A/P/S Claims.* The Liquidating Trustee shall pay any Allowed A/P/S Claim against Debtors other than Access Lending from the Liquidating Trust Assets, except as otherwise provided in this Plan, as soon as practicable after the later of (a) the Effective Date and (b) the date upon which any such Claim becomes an Allowed Claim.

2. *Interim Distributions on Account of Allowed Unsecured Claims.* Subject to approval of the Plan Advisory Committee as set forth in the Liquidating Trust Agreement and pursuant to the calculations set forth in Article 9.C of this Plan, (a) the Liquidating Trustee shall make an interim distribution at least annually of its net income and the net proceeds from the sale of Liquidating Trust Assets provided that any such distribution is not unduly burdensome to the Liquidating Trust, and (b) shall have the right to make more frequent interim distributions, to Holders of Allowed Holding Company Debtor Unsecured Claims and Holders of Allowed Operating Debtor Unsecured Claims if the Liquidating Trustee determines that such interim distributions are warranted, economical; provided, however, that any such distribution shall only be made if (i) the Administrative Fund and the A/P/S Claims Reserve are fully funded; (ii) with respect to interim distributions to Holders of Allowed Unsecured Claims against Holding Company Debtors, the Holding Company Debtor Claims Reserve is fully funded and will remain fully funded after such interim distributions are made; (iii) with respect to interim distributions to Holders of Allowed Unsecured Claims against Operating Debtors, the Operating Debtor Claims Reserve is fully funded and will remain fully

funded after such interim distributions are made; and (iv) the Liquidating Trustee retains amounts reasonably necessary to meet contingent liabilities, to maintain the value of the Liquidating Trust Assets during liquidation, and to satisfy other liabilities or expenses incurred by the Liquidating Trust in accordance with this Plan or the Liquidating Trust Agreement. This provision shall be interpreted to be consistent with Revenue Procedure 94-45 § 3.10.

3. *Final Distributions on Allowed Unsecured Claims.* Notwithstanding anything else in this Plan, upon the settlement and satisfaction of all A/P/S Claims, the settlement and satisfaction of all Claims against Access Lending, the dissolution of Reorganized Access Lending and the distribution in liquidation of all remaining Assets of Reorganized Access Lending to the Liquidating Trust, the completion of the prosecution and/or settlement of all objections to all other Claims and the Causes of Action, and the completion of the sale and/or liquidation of all Assets, the Liquidating Trustee shall distribute, as soon as practicable, all remaining Liquidating Trust Assets pursuant to the terms of this Plan using the calculations set forth in Article 9.C of this Plan.

B. Reserves.

1. *Administrative Fund.* On the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee shall establish the Administrative Fund. The initial amount of the Administrative Fund shall be based on the Liquidating Trustee's good faith estimate of the cost necessary to complete the Liquidating Trust's obligations under this Plan and the Liquidating Trust Agreement. The Liquidating Trust shall pay all costs and expenses related to carrying out its obligations under this Plan and the Liquidating Trust Agreement from the Administrative Fund and, in the Liquidating Trustee's discretion, and with approval of the Plan Advisory Committee, may add additional amounts to the Administrative Fund to prosecute the Causes of Action (other than Access Lending Causes of Action) or for administration and other miscellaneous needs of the Liquidating Trusts without further notice or motion in accordance with the terms of the Liquidating Trust Agreement.

2. *A/P/S Claims Reserve.* On the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee shall establish the A/P/S Claims Reserve for all A/P/S Claims that are Disputed A/P/S Claims or Allowed A/P/S Claims that are not paid on the Effective Date, provided, however, that none of the provisions in this Article 9.B.2 apply to A/P/S Claims against Access Lending. The amount reserved for each Disputed Administrative Claim and each Allowed Administrative Claim that is not paid on the Effective Date shall be based upon the Administrative Claim being in the lower of (i) the amount set forth in the Administrative Claim Request filed by the Holder of such Claim, or if no Administrative Claim Request has been Filed, the amount set forth for such Claim in the Debtors' books and records, and (ii) the estimated amount of such Claim for distribution purposes, as determined by the Bankruptcy Court as set forth in Article 10.F of this Plan; provided, however, that where a Creditor holds such Claims for which more than one Debtor is alleged to be jointly liable, the Liquidating Trustee shall contributed to the A/P/S Reserve on account of only one such Claim. The amount reserved for a Disputed Priority Tax Claim, Disputed Priority Claim, or Disputed Secured Claim or for an Allowed Priority Tax Claim, Allowed Priority Claim, or Allowed Secured Claim that is not paid on the Effective Date shall be based upon such Claim being in the lower of (i) the amount set forth in the Proof of Claim filed by the Holder of such Claim, or if no Proof of Claim has been Filed, the Scheduled amount set forth for such Claim if it is shown on the Schedules as being noncontingent, liquidated, and undisputed and (ii) the estimated amount of such Claim for distribution purposes, as determined by the Bankruptcy Court as set forth in Article 10.F of this Plan; provided, however, that where a Creditor holds such Claims for which more than one Debtor is alleged to be jointly liable, the Liquidating Trustee shall contributed to the A/P/S Reserve on account of only one such Claim. As soon as practicable after (and to the extent) that a Disputed A/P/S Claim becomes an Allowed A/P/S Claim, the Liquidating Trustee shall make a payment from the A/P/S Claims Reserve to the Holder of such Claim based on the Allowed amount of such Claim. After

(and to the extent) a Disputed A/P/S Claim or a Disallowed Claim is determined not to be an A/P/S Claim, the portion of the A/P/S Claims Reserve reserved for such Claim shall be released from the A/P/S Claims Reserve and shall be distributed pursuant to the terms of this Plan. Any amount remaining in the A/P/S Claims Reserve following the final disposition of all A/P/S Claims shall be released from the A/P/S Claims Reserve and shall be distributed pursuant to the terms of this Plan.

3. *Holding Company Debtor Claims Reserve.* On the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee shall establish the Holding Company Debtor Claims Reserve. With respect to any interim distribution made to Holders of Allowed Holding Company Debtor Unsecured Claims, the amount reserved for each Disputed Unsecured Claim against any Holding Company Debtor shall be the amount that would be distributed on account of such Claim if it was an Allowed Holding Company Debtor Unsecured Claim based upon the Claim being in the lower of (i) the amount set forth in Proof of Claim filed by the Holder of such Claim, or if no Proof of Claim has been filed, the Scheduled amount set forth for such Claim if it is shown on the Schedules as being noncontingent, liquidated, and undisputed and (ii) the estimated amount of such Claim for distribution purposes, as determined by the Bankruptcy Court as set forth in Article 10.F of this Plan. As soon as practicable after (and to the extent) that a Disputed Unsecured Claim against a Holding Company Debtor becomes an Allowed Unsecured Claim against such Holding Company Debtor, the Liquidating Trustee shall make a payment, subject to the Multi-Debtor Claim Protocol, from the Holding Company Debtor Claims Reserve to the Holder of such Claim based on the proportionate amount, if any, that the Liquidating Trust has paid on account of Allowed Claims belonging to the same Class as such Claim, and any remaining amount reserved on account of such Claim shall be released from the Holding Company Debtor Claims Reserve. After (and to the extent) a Disputed Unsecured Claim against a Holding Company Debtor becomes a Disallowed Claim, the portion of the Holding Company Debtor Claims Reserve reserved for such Claim shall be released from the

Holding Company Debtor Claims Reserve and shall be distributed pursuant to the terms of this Plan. Any amount remaining in the Holding Company Debtor Claims Reserve following the final disposition of all Disputed Unsecured Claims against Holding Company Debtors shall be released from the Holding Company Debtor Claims Reserve and shall be distributed pursuant to the terms of this Plan.

4. *Operating Debtor Claims Reserve.* On the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee shall establish the Operating Debtor Claims Reserve. With respect to any interim distribution made to Holders of Allowed Operating Debtor Unsecured Claims, the amount reserved for each Disputed Unsecured Claim against any Operating Debtor shall be the amount that would be distributed on account of such Claim if it was an Allowed Operating Debtor Unsecured Claim based upon the Claim being in the lower of (i) the amount set forth in Proof of Claim filed by the Holder of such Claim, or if no Proof of Claim has been filed, the Scheduled amount set forth for such Claim if it is shown on the Schedules as being noncontingent, liquidated, and undisputed and (ii) the estimated amount of such Claim for distribution purposes, as determined by the Bankruptcy Court as set forth in Article 10.F of this Plan. As soon as practicable after (and to the extent) that a Disputed Unsecured Claim against an Operating Debtor becomes an Allowed Unsecured Claim against such Operating Debtor, the Liquidating Trustee shall make a payment, subject to the Multi-Debtor Claim Protocol, from the Operating Debtor Claims Reserve to the Holder of such Claim based on the proportionate amount, if any, that the Liquidating Trust has paid on account of Allowed Claims belonging to the same Class as such Claim, and any remaining amount reserved on account of such Claim shall be released from the Operating Debtor Claims Reserve. After (and to the extent) a Disputed Unsecured Claim against an Operating Debtor becomes a Disallowed Claim, the portion of the Operating Debtor Claims Reserve reserved for such Claim shall be released from the Operating Debtor Claims Reserve and shall be distributed pursuant to the terms of this Plan. Any amount remaining in the Operating Debtor Claims Reserve following the

final disposition of all Disputed Unsecured Claims against Operating Debtors shall be released from the Operating Debtor Claims Reserve and shall be distributed pursuant to the terms of this Plan.

C. Distribution Calculations.

1. *Calculation of Litigation Proceeds.* The Litigation Proceeds shall be calculated by deducting all expenses related to any Causes of Action (other than Access Lending Causes of Action) including, but not limited to, fees and costs of attorneys, other professionals, and expert witnesses, and all expenses incurred in the pursuit of such Causes of Action, as determined by the Liquidating Trustee, from the proceeds of all Causes of Action (other than Access Lending Causes of Action) whether from judgment, settlement, or claim on insurance. The Holding Company Debtor Portion of Litigation Proceeds is 27.5% of the Litigation Proceeds. The Operating Debtor Portion of Litigation Proceeds is 27.5% of the Litigation Proceeds. The NC Capital EPD/Breach Claimant Portion of Litigation Proceeds is 45% of the Litigation Proceeds.

2. *Calculation of Holding Company Debtor Net Distributable Assets.* The Holding Company Debtor Net Distributable Assets shall be calculated by deducting from the gross amount (other than Litigation Proceeds) available from the liquidation of the Holding Company Debtors' Assets: (i) the amount of all Allowed A/P/S Claims allowed against or allocated by the Liquidating Trustee to the Holding Company Debtors and paid by the Liquidating Trustee, (ii) the amount of all costs of administering the Estates of the Holding Company Debtors, as determined by the Liquidating Trustee, incurred in the ordinary course prior to the Effective Date and paid by the Debtors on or before the Effective Date in the ordinary course, (iii) the Joint Administrative Expense Share of the Holding Company Debtors paid by the Debtors prior to or on the Effective Date or by the Liquidating Trustee after the Effective Date, and (iv) the Holding Company Debtors' proportionate share of the Trust Operating Expenses as determined by the Liquidating Trustee.

3. *Calculation of Operating Debtor Net Distributable Assets.* The Operating Debtor Net Distributable Assets shall be calculated by deducting from the gross amount available from the liquidation of the Operating Debtors' Assets, which gross amount shall include the Adequate Protection Proceeds but exclude the Litigation Proceeds: (i) the amount of all Allowed A/P/S Claims allowed against or allocated by the Liquidating Trustee to the Operating Debtors and paid by the Liquidating Trustee, (ii) the amount of all costs of administering the Estates of the Operating Debtors, as determined by the Liquidating Trustee, incurred in the ordinary course prior to the Effective Date and paid by the Debtors on or before the Effective Date, (iii) the Joint Administrative Expense Share of the Operating Debtors paid by the Debtors prior to or on the Effective Date or by the Liquidating Trustee after the Effective Date, and (iv) the Operating Debtors' proportionate share of the expenses of the Trust Operating Expenses as determined by the Liquidating Trustee.

4. *Calculation of Interim Distributions.* Subject to the terms of this Plan, including the Multi-Debtor Claim Protocol and the Intercompany Claim Protocol:

(a) the Liquidating Trustee may make an interim distribution to Holders of Allowed Unsecured Claims against Holding Company Debtors up to the amount of the Holding Company Debtor Net Distributable Assets (calculated as of the date of the interim distribution in accordance with Article 9.C.2 of this Plan) plus the Holding Company Debtor Portion of the Litigation Proceeds less the amount required (i) to be contributed in respect of such distribution to the Holding Company Debtor Claims Reserve pursuant to Article 9.B.3 of this Plan and (ii) to fully fund the Holding Company Debtors' proportionate share of the Administrative Fund and the A/P/S Claims Reserve; and

(b) the Liquidating Trustee may make an interim distribution to Holders of Allowed Unsecured Claims against Operating Debtors up to the amount of the Operating Net Distributable Assets (calculated as of the date of the

interim distribution in accordance with Article 9.C.3 of this Plan) plus the Operating Debtor Portion of the Litigation Proceeds less the amount required (i) to be contributed in respect of such distribution to the Operating Debtor Claims Reserve pursuant to Article 9.B.4 of this Plan and (ii) to fully fund the Operating Debtors' proportionate share of the Administrative Fund and the A/P/S Claims Reserve;.

D. Payment in Full of Unsecured Claims.

1. *Limitation on Distributions on Account of Allowed Unsecured Claims.* Notwithstanding the Determined Distribution Amounts assigned to Allowed Unsecured Claims pursuant to Articles 4, 6, and/or 7 of this Plan, any Allowed Unsecured Claim is paid in full under this Plan at such time as the Holder of such Allowed Unsecured Claim has been paid the allowed amount of such Allowed Unsecured Claim plus interest thereon (calculated as of the Petition Date at a rate to be determined by the Bankruptcy Court); provided, however, that where a Creditor holds Allowed Unsecured Claims for which more than one Debtor is jointly liable, such Creditor is not entitled to receive distributions under this Plan in excess of the amount of the Debtors' joint liability in respect of such Claims plus interest thereon (calculated as of the Petition Date at a rate to be determined by the Bankruptcy Court), and the Creditor's Allowed Unsecured Claims for which more than one Debtor is jointly liable shall be deemed paid in full at such time as the Creditor has been paid the allowed amount of one such Allowed Unsecured Claim plus interest thereon (calculated as of the Petition Date at a rate to be determined by the Bankruptcy Court).

2. *Payment of Interest on Allowed Unsecured Claims.* Notwithstanding the Determined Distribution Amounts assigned to Allowed Unsecured Claims pursuant to Articles 4, 6, and/or 7 of this Plan, (i) if, and only if, all Holders of Allowed Unsecured Claims against the Holding Company Debtors and all Holders of Allowed Unsecured Claims against Operating Debtors have been paid 100% of the amount of their Allowed

Claims, such Holders shall be entitled to receive interest (calculated as of the Petition Date at a rate to be determined by the Bankruptcy Court) on account of such Allowed Claims, from any remaining proceeds realized from the liquidation or other disposition of Assets of the Holding Company Debtors and the Operating Debtors and (ii) if, and only if, all Holders of Allowed Unsecured Claims against Access Lending have been paid 100% of the amount of their Allowed Claims, such Holders shall be entitled to receive interest (calculated as of the Petition Date at a rate to be determined by the Bankruptcy Court) on account of such Allowed Claims, from any remaining proceeds realized from the liquidation or other disposition of Assets of Access Lending; provided, however; that with respect to Allowed Unsecured Claims for which more than one Debtor is jointly liable, interest is payable on such Claims pursuant to the terms of this Article 9.D.2 based on the allowed amount of the joint liability fixed by such Claims.

3. *Payment in Full of Allowed Unsecured Claims for Which Debtors in More than One Debtor Group Are Jointly Liable.* To the extent a Holder of Allowed Unsecured Claims for which Debtors in more than one Debtor Group are jointly liable is paid 100% of the allowed amount of the joint liability fixed by such Claims through interim distributions, the Liquidating Trustee shall retain any further interim distributions that would be made on account of such Claims (giving effect, if applicable, to the Multi-Debtor Claim Protocol) as if only Debtors within a single Debtor Group were liable for such Claim until the Liquidating Trustee makes a final distribution under this Plan. Prior to making a final distribution under this Plan, the Liquidating Trustee shall determine, with respect to every Allowed Unsecured Claim for which Debtors in more than one Debtor Group are jointly liable that has been paid 100% of the allowed amount of the joint liability fixed by such Claim, the amount of distributions in respect of such Claim made on account of Debtors within each Debtor Group. The Liquidating Trustee shall reallocate the excess distributions, if any, that it has retained to be included in the

appropriate Debtor Group's Assets based on the relative distributions made to Claims in each Debtor Group on account of such joint liability.

4. *Payment in Full of All Allowed Holding Company Debtor Unsecured Claims.* If, in accordance with the terms of this Plan, all Holders of Allowed Holding Company Debtor Unsecured Claims have been paid 100% of the allowed amount of their Allowed Holding Company Debtor Unsecured Claims, any remaining amount of the Holding Company Debtor Net Distributable Assets or the Holding Company Debtor Portion of Litigation Proceeds shall be paid, in accordance with the terms of this Plan, including the Multi-Debtor Claim Protocol and the Intercompany Claim Protocol to Holders of Allowed Operating Debtor Unsecured Claims on account of such Claims. After all Holders of Allowed Operating Debtor Unsecured Claims and all Holders of Allowed Holding Company Debtor Unsecured Claims have been paid in full in accordance with Article 9.D.1 and 9.D.2 hereof, any remaining amount of the Holding Company Debtor Net Distributable Assets or the Holding Company Debtor Portion of Litigation Proceeds shall be paid to Holders of NCFC Interests in accordance with applicable liquidation preferences of NCFC Interests.

5. *Payment in Full of All Allowed Operating Debtor Unsecured Claims Other Than EPD/Breach Claims Against NC Capital.* If, in accordance with the terms of this Plan, all Holders of Allowed Operating Debtor Unsecured Claims other than Holders of Allowed Class OP6b Claims have been paid 100% of the allowed amount of their Allowed Operating Debtor Unsecured Claims, any remaining amount of the Operating Debtor Net Distributable Assets or the Operating Debtor Portion of Litigation Proceeds shall be paid, in accordance with the terms of this Plan, including the Multi-Debtor Claim Protocol and the Intercompany Claim Protocol first to Holders of Allowed Class OP6b Claims on account of such Claims until such Claims are paid 100% of their allowed amounts, and second to Holders of Allowed Holding Company Debtor Unsecured Claims on account of such Claims until such Claims are paid 100% of their allowed amounts.

After all Holders of Allowed Operating Debtor Unsecured Claims and all Holders of Allowed Holding Company Debtor Unsecured Claims have been paid in full in accordance with Article 9.D.1 and 9.D.2 hereof, any remaining amount of the Operating Debtor Net Distributable Assets or the Operating Debtor Portion of Litigation Proceeds shall be paid to Holders of NCFC Interests in accordance with applicable liquidation preferences of NCFC Interests.

6. *Payment in Full of All Allowed EPD/Breach Claims Against NC Capital.*

If, in accordance with the terms of this Plan, including the Multi-Debtor Claim Protocol and the Intercompany Claim Protocol, all Holders of Allowed Class OP6b Claims have been paid 100% of the allowed amount of their Allowed Class OP6b Claims, any remaining amount of the NC Capital EPD/Breach Claimant Portion of Litigation Proceeds shall be paid, in accordance with the terms of this Plan, including the Multi-Debtor Claim Protocol and the Intercompany Claim Protocol, first to Holders of Allowed Operating Debtor Claims other than Allowed Class OP6b Claims on account of such Claims until such Claims are 100% of their allowed amounts, and second to Holders of Allowed Holding Company Debtor Unsecured Claims on account of such Claims until such Claims are paid 100% of their Allowed Amounts. After all Holders of Allowed Operating Debtor Unsecured Claims and all Holders of Allowed Holding Company Debtor Unsecured Claims have been paid in full in accordance with Article 9.D.1 and 9.D.2 hereof, any remaining amount of NC Capital EPD/Breach Claimant Portion of Litigation Proceeds shall be paid to Holders of NCFC Interests in accordance with applicable liquidation preferences of NCFC Interests.

E. Manner of Distribution. At the option of the Liquidating Trustee, any distributions under this Plan may be made either in Cash, by check drawn on a domestic bank, by wire transfer, or by ACH. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Plan to the contrary, no payment of fractional cents will be made under this Plan. Cash will be issued to Holders entitled

to receive a distribution of Cash in whole cents (rounded to the nearest whole cent when and as necessary).

F. De Minimis Distributions. All De Minimis Distributions will be held by the Liquidating Trust for the benefit of the Holders of Allowed Claims entitled to De Minimis Distributions. When the aggregate amount of De Minimis Distributions held by the Liquidating Trust for the benefit of a Creditor exceeds \$50.00, the Liquidating Trust will distribute such De Minimis Distributions to such Creditor. If, at the time that the final distribution under this Plan is to be made, the De Minimis Distributions held by the Liquidating Trust for the benefit of a Creditor total less than \$50.00, such funds shall not be distributed to such Creditor, but rather, shall vest in the Liquidating Trust and be distributed to other Holders of Allowed Claims in accordance with the terms of this Plan.

G. Delivery of Distributions. Except as otherwise provided in this Plan, distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims shall be made by the Debtors, if on the Effective Date, or the Liquidating Trustee, if after the Effective Date, (i) at the addresses set forth on the Proofs of Claim filed by such Holders (or at the last known addresses of such Holder if no motion requesting payment or Proof of Claim is filed or the Debtors or the Liquidating Trust have been notified in writing of a change of address), (ii) at the addresses set forth in any written notices of address changes delivered to the Liquidating Trustee after the date of any related Proof of Claim, or (iii) at the addresses reflected in the Schedules if no Proof of Claim has been filed and the Liquidating Trustee has not received a written notice of a change of address. The distributions to Holders of Capital Trust Claims shall be made to the Indenture Trustee, which, subject to the right of the Indenture Trustee to assert its charging lien against the distributions for payment of the Indenture Trustee Expenses, shall transmit the distributions to the Holders of Capital Trust Claims.

H. Undeliverable Distributions. If payment or distribution to the Holder of an Allowed Claim under this Plan is returned for lack of a current address for the Holder or otherwise, the Liquidating Trustee shall file with the Bankruptcy Court the name, if known, and

last known address of the Holder and the reason for its inability to make payment. If, after the passage of ninety (90) days, the payment or distribution still cannot be made, the payment or distribution and any further payment or distribution to the holder shall be distributed to the Holders of Allowed Claims in the appropriate Class or Classes, and the Allowed Claim shall be deemed satisfied to the same extent as if payment or distribution had been made to the holder of the Allowed Claim.

I. Setoffs and Recoupments. The Debtors, if on the Effective Date, or the Liquidating Trustee (including, with respect to Reorganized Access Lending, in its capacity as Plan Administrator), if after the Effective Date, may, pursuant to sections 502(h), 553, and 558 of the Bankruptcy Code or applicable non-bankruptcy law, but shall not be required to, set off against or recoup from any Claim on which payments are to be made pursuant to this Plan, any claims or Causes of Action of any nature whatsoever that the Debtors may have against the Holder of such Claim; provided, however, that neither the failure to effect such offset or recoupment nor the allowance of any Claim shall constitute a waiver or release by the Debtors, the Estates, or the Liquidating Trust of any right of setoff or recoupment that the Debtors or the Estates may have against the Holder of such Claim, nor of any other claim or Cause of Action.

J. Distributions in Satisfaction; Allocation. Except for the obligations expressly imposed by this Plan and the property and rights expressly retained under this Plan, if any, the distributions and rights that are provided in this Plan shall be in complete satisfaction and release of all Claims against, liabilities in, Liens on, obligations of and Interests in the Debtors and the Estates and the assets and properties of the Debtors and the Estates, whether known or unknown, arising or existing prior to the Effective Date. Distributions received in respect of Allowed Unsecured Claims will be allocated first to the principal amount of such Claims, with any excess allocated to unpaid accrued interest.

K. Cancellation of Notes and Instruments. As of the Effective Date, except as with respect to the stock of Access Lending, all notes, agreements and securities evidencing Claims and Interests and the rights thereunder of the holders thereof shall, with respect to the

Debtors, be canceled and deemed null and void and of no further force and effect, and the holders thereof shall have no rights against the Debtors, the Estates, or the Liquidating Trust, and such instruments shall evidence no such rights, except the right to receive the distributions provided for in this Plan. Additionally, the Capital Trust Indentures, and all related notes and documents, including without limitation, the two series of Junior Subordinated Notes due 2036, the Amended and Restated Trust Agreement, dated as of September 13, 2006, and the Amended and Restated Trust Agreement, dated as of November 16, 2006, and the two series of trust preferred securities and trust common securities, respectively, shall be deemed automatically canceled and discharged on the Effective Date, provided, however, that the Capital Trust Indentures, and related notes and documents shall continue in effect solely for the purposes of (i) allowing the Holders of Capital Trust Claims to receive their distributions, if any, hereunder, (ii) allowing the Indenture Trustee to make distributions on account of the Capital Trust Claims, and (iii) permitting the Indenture Trustee to assert its charging lien against such distributions for payment of the Indenture Trustee Expenses. The Capital Trust Indentures and related notes and documents shall terminate completely upon completion of all such distributions. The Liquidating Trust shall not be responsible for any of the fees, expenses or costs incurred in connection with the continuation or termination of the Capital Trust Indentures.

L. No Interest on Claims. Unless otherwise specifically provided for in this Plan and except as set forth in Article 9 hereof, the Confirmation Order, or a postpetition agreement in writing between the Debtors and a Holder of a Claim and approved by an order of the Bankruptcy Court, postpetition interest shall not accrue or be paid on any Claim, and no Holder of a Claim shall be entitled to interest accruing on or after the Petition Date on any Claim. In addition, and without limiting the foregoing, interest shall not accrue on or be paid on any Disputed Claim in respect of the period from the Effective Date to the date a final distribution is made when and if such Disputed Claim becomes an Allowed Claim.

M. Withholding Taxes. The Debtors, if on the Effective Date, and the Liquidating Trustee, if after the Effective Date, shall be entitled to deduct any federal, state or local

withholding taxes from any payments under this Plan. As a condition to making any distribution under this Plan, the Debtors, if on the Effective Date, and the Liquidating Trustee, if after the Effective Date, may require that the Holder of an Allowed Claim provide such Holder's taxpayer identification number and such other information and certification as may be deemed necessary for the Debtors, if on the Effective Date, and the Liquidating Trustee, if after the Effective Date, to comply with applicable tax reporting and withholding laws.

N. Reports. From the Effective Date, until a Final Decree is entered, the Liquidating Trustee shall submit quarterly reports to the U.S. Trustee within thirty (30) days of the end of each fiscal quarter setting forth all receipts and disbursements of the Liquidating Trust as required by the U.S. Trustee guidelines.

ARTICLE 10.

PROVISIONS FOR CLAIMS ADMINISTRATION AND DISPUTED CLAIMS

A. Reservation of Rights to Object to Claims. Unless a Claim is expressly described as an Allowed Claim pursuant to or under this Plan, or otherwise becomes an Allowed Claim prior to the Effective Date, upon the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee shall be deemed to have a reservation of any and all objections of the Estates to any and all Claims and motions or requests for the payment of Claims, whether administrative expense, priority, secured or unsecured, including without limitation any and all objections to the validity or amount of any and all alleged Administrative Claims, Priority Tax Claims, Priority Claims, Secured Claims, Unsecured Claims, 510(b) Claims, Interests, Liens and security interests, whether under the Bankruptcy Code, other applicable law or contract. The Debtors' or the Liquidating Trustee's failure to object to any Claim in the Chapter 11 Cases shall be without prejudice to the Liquidating Trustee's rights to contest or otherwise defend against such Claim in the Bankruptcy Court when and if such Claim is sought to be enforced by the Holder of such Claim.

B. Objections to Claims. Prior to the Effective Date, the Debtors shall be responsible for pursuing any objection to the allowance of any Claim. From and after the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee will retain responsibility for administering, disputing,

objecting to, compromising, or otherwise resolving and making distributions, if any, with respect to all Claims (including those Claims that are subject to objection by the Debtors as of the Effective Date), subject to any approvals of the Plan Advisory Committee as set forth in the Liquidating Trust Agreement. Unless otherwise provided in this Plan or by order of the Bankruptcy Court, any objections to Claims by the Liquidating Trustee will be filed and served not later than 180 days after the later of (i) the Effective Date or (ii) the date such Claim is filed, provided that the Liquidating Trustee may request (and the Bankruptcy Court may grant) an extension of such deadline by filing a motion with the Bankruptcy Court, based upon a reasonable exercise of the Liquidating Trustee's business judgment. A motion seeking to extend the deadline to object to any Claim shall not be deemed an amendment to this Plan.

C. Service of Objections. An objection to a Claim shall be deemed properly served on the Holder of such Claim if the Liquidating Trustee effects service by any of the following methods: (i) in accordance with Rule 4 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, as modified and made applicable by Bankruptcy Rule 7004; (ii) to the extent counsel for such Holder is unknown, by first class mail, postage prepaid, on the signatory on the Proof of Claim or Interest or other representative identified on the Proof of Claim or Interest or any attachment thereto; or (iii) by first class mail, postage prepaid, on any counsel that has appeared on the behalf of such Holder in the Chapter 11 Cases.

D. Determination of Claims. Except as otherwise agreed by the Debtors or the Liquidating Trustee, any Claim as to which a Proof of Claim or motion or request for payment was timely filed in the Chapter 11 Cases may be determined and (so long as such determination has not been stayed, reversed or amended and as to which determination (or any revision, modification or amendment thereof) the time to appeal or seek review or rehearing has expired and as to which no appeal or petition for review or rehearing was filed or, if filed, remains pending) liquidated pursuant to (i) an order of the Bankruptcy Court, (ii) applicable bankruptcy law, (iii) agreement of the parties, (iv) applicable non-bankruptcy law or (v) the lack of (a) an objection to such Claim, (b) an application to equitably subordinate such Claim and (c) an

application to otherwise limit recovery with respect to such Claim, filed by the Debtors or the Liquidating Trustee on or prior to any applicable deadline for filing such objection or application with respect to such Claim. Any such Claim so determined and liquidated shall be deemed to be an Allowed Claim for such liquidated amount and shall be satisfied in accordance with this Plan. Nothing contained in this Article 10 shall constitute or be deemed a waiver of any claim, right, or Causes of Action that the Debtors or the Liquidating Trustee may have against any Person in connection with or arising out of any Claim or Claims, including without limitation any rights under 28 U.S.C. § 157.

E. No Distributions Pending Allowance. No payments or distributions will be made with respect to all or any portion of a Disputed Claim unless and until all objections to such Disputed Claim have been settled or withdrawn or have been determined by a Final Order, and the Disputed Claim has become an Allowed Claim; provided, however, that in the event that only a portion of such Claim is an Allowed Claim, the Liquidating Trustee may make, in his or her discretion, a distribution pursuant to the Plan on account of the portion of such Claim that becomes an Allowed Claim.

F. Claim Estimation. In order to effectuate distributions pursuant to this Plan and avoid undue delay in the administration of the Chapter 11 Cases, the Debtors (if on or prior to the Effective Date) and the Liquidating Trust (if after the Effective Date), after notice and a hearing (which notice may be limited to the holder of such Disputed Claim), shall have the right to seek an order of the Bankruptcy Court, pursuant to section 502(c) of the Bankruptcy Code, estimating or limiting the amount of property that must be withheld from distribution on account of Disputed Claims; provided, however, that the Bankruptcy Court shall determine (i) whether such Claims are subject to estimation pursuant to section 502(c) of the Bankruptcy Code and (ii) the timing and procedures for such estimation proceedings, if any.

G. Allowance of Claims Subject to Section 502 of the Bankruptcy Code. Allowance of Claims shall be in all respects subject to the provisions of section 502 of the Bankruptcy Code, including without limitation subsections (b), (d), (e), (g), (h), and (i) thereof.

ARTICLE 11.

EXECUTORY CONTRACTS AND UNEXPIRED LEASES

A. Assumption of Certain Contracts and Leases and Cure Payments. Twenty (20) days prior to the Confirmation Hearing, the Plan Proponents shall file the Assumption Schedule, which shall be attached to this Plan as Exhibit A. Objections to any proposed cure payment must be filed and served no later than the Assumption Objection Deadline and shall be adjudicated, if necessary, at the Confirmation Hearing. Any non-debtor party or Person to an Executory Contract that has not filed an appropriate pleading with the Bankruptcy Court on or before the applicable Assumption Objection Deadline shall be deemed to have waived its right to dispute the cure amount. All unpaid cure payments under any Executory Contracts that are assumed or assumed and assigned under this Plan shall be made by the Liquidating Trustee as soon as practicable after the Effective Date but not later than thirty (30) days after the Effective Date, provided that, in the event that there is a dispute regarding the amount of any cure payments, the Liquidating Trustee shall make such cure payments as may be required by section 365(b)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code within ten (10) days following the entry of a Final Order resolving such dispute. The Plan Proponents reserve the right to remove any Executory Contract from the Assumption Schedule prior to the Effective Date.

B. Rejection of Remaining Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases. On the Confirmation Date, except for (i) any Executory Contract that was previously assumed or rejected by an order of the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code and (ii) any Executory Contract identified on the Assumption Schedule, each Executory Contract entered into by the Debtors prior to the Petition Date that has not previously expired or terminated pursuant to its own terms, shall be rejected pursuant to sections 365 and 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code, effective as of the Confirmation Date. The Confirmation Order shall constitute an order of the Bankruptcy Court approving such rejection pursuant to sections 365 and 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code as of the Confirmation Date.

C. Rejection Damages Bar Date. Except to the extent another Bar Date applies pursuant to an order of the Bankruptcy Court, any Proofs of Claim with respect to a Claim arising from the rejection of Executory Contracts under this Plan (including Claims under section 365(d)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code) must be filed with XRoads Case Management Services, P.O. Box 8901, Marina Del Rey, California 90295 (Telephone (888) 784-9571), and a copy served on counsel for the Plan Proponents and the Liquidating Trustee, within thirty (30) days after the Effective Date, or such Claim shall be forever barred and shall not be entitled to a distribution or be enforceable against the Debtors, their Estates, the Liquidating Trust, the Liquidating Trustee, their successors, their assigns, or their Assets. Any Claim arising from the rejection of an Executory Contract shall be treated as a Claim in Class HC3b (Other Unsecured Claims against NCFC), Class HC7 (Other Unsecured Claims against TRS Holdings), Class HC10b (Other Unsecured Claims against NC Credit), Class HC13 (Other Unsecured Claims against NC Residual IV), Class OP3c (Other Unsecured Claims against NCMC), Class OP6c (Other Unsecured Claims against NC Capital), Class OP9b (Other Unsecured Claims against Home123), Class OP12 (Other Unsecured Claims against NC Asset Holding, NC Deltex, NC REO, NC REO II, NC REO III, NC Residual III, NCM Ventures, and NCoral), or Class AL3 (Other Unsecured Claims against Access Lending), depending on which Debtor the Claim is asserted against. Nothing in this Plan extends or modifies any previously applicable Bar Date.

D. Insurance Policies. To the extent that any or all of the insurance policies set forth on Exhibit A to this Plan are considered to be Executory Contracts, then notwithstanding anything contained in this Plan to the contrary, this Plan shall constitute a motion to assume the insurance policies set forth on Exhibit A to this Plan and to assign them to the Liquidating Trust. Subject to the occurrence of the Effective Date, the entry of the Confirmation Order shall constitute approval of such assumption and assignment pursuant to section 365(a) of the Bankruptcy Code and a finding by the Bankruptcy Court that each such assumption is in the best interest of the Debtors, the Estates, and all parties in interest in the Chapter 11 Cases. Unless otherwise determined by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to a Final Order or agreed to by the

parties thereto prior to the Effective Date, no payments are required to cure any defaults of the Debtors existing as of the Confirmation Date with respect to each such insurance policy set forth on Exhibit A to this Plan. To the extent that the Bankruptcy Court determines otherwise with respect to any insurance policy, the Plan Proponents reserve the right to seek rejection of such insurance policy or other available relief. The Plan shall not affect contracts that have been assumed and assigned by order of the Bankruptcy Court prior to the Confirmation Date. For the avoidance of doubt, the certain insurance policies (including any insurance policies that are not Executory Contracts, insurance policies that may have expired prior to the Petition Date, insurance policies in existence on the Petition Date, and insurance policies entered into by the Debtors after the Petition Date) of the Debtors set forth on Exhibit A and all rights thereunder and rights under any other insurance policies under which the Debtors may be beneficiaries (including the rights to make, amend, prosecute, and benefit from claims) are retained and will be transferred to the Liquidating Trust pursuant to this Plan.

ARTICLE 12.

EFFECT OF CONFIRMATION AND INJUNCTION

A. Injunction. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this Plan, the documents executed pursuant to this Plan, or the Confirmation Order, on and after the Effective Date, all Persons and entities who have held, currently hold, or may hold Claims against or Interests in the Debtors or the Estates that arose prior to the Effective Date (including but not limited to States and other governmental units, and any State official, employee, or other entity acting in an individual or official capacity on behalf of any State or other governmental units) are permanently enjoined from: (i) commencing or continuing in any manner, directly or indirectly, any action or other proceeding against any Protected Party or any property of any Protected Party; (ii) enforcing, attaching, executing, collecting, or recovering in any manner, directly or indirectly, any judgment, award, decree, or order against any Protected Party or any property of any Protected Party; (iii) creating, perfecting, or enforcing, directly or indirectly, any lien or

encumbrance of any kind against any Protected Party or any property of any Protected Party; (iv) asserting or effecting, directly or indirectly, any setoff, right of subrogation, or recoupment of any kind against obligation due to any Protected Party or any property of any Protected Party; and (v) any act, in any manner, in any place whatsoever, that does not conform to, comply with, or is inconsistent with any provisions of this Plan. Any Person or entity injured by any willful violation of such injunction shall recover actual damages, including costs and attorneys' fees, and, in appropriate circumstances, may recover punitive damages from the willful violator. Nothing contained in this Article 12 shall prohibit the Holder of a Disputed Claim from litigating its right to seek to have such Disputed Claim declared an Allowed Claim and paid in accordance with the distribution provisions of this Plan, or enjoin or prohibit the interpretation or enforcement by the Holder of such Disputed Claim of any of the obligations of the Debtors, the Liquidating Trustee, or the Liquidating Trust under this Plan. The Confirmation Order also shall constitute an injunction enjoining any Person from enforcing or attempting to enforce any claim or cause of action against any Protected Party or any property of any Protected Party based on, arising from or related to any failure to pay, or make provision for payment of, any amount payable with respect to any Priority Tax Claim on which the payments due under Article 4 of this Plan have been made or are not yet due under Article 4 of this Plan.

B. Term of Injunctions. Unless otherwise provided herein or in the Confirmation Order, all injunctions or stays provided for in the Chapter 11 Cases by orders of the Bankruptcy Court, under sections 105 or 362 of the Bankruptcy Code, this Plan, or otherwise, and extant on the Confirmation Date, shall remain in full force and effect until the later of (i) entry of the Final Decree or (ii) the dissolution of the Liquidating Trust.

C. Exculpation. On and after the Effective Date, none of the Exculpated Parties shall have or incur any liability for, and each Exculpated Party is hereby released from, any claim, cause of action or liability to any other Exculpated Party, to any Holder of a Claim or

Interest, or to any other party in interest, for any act or omission that occurred during the Chapter 11 Cases or in connection with the preparation and filing of the Chapter 11 Cases, the formulation, negotiation, and/or pursuit of confirmation of this Plan, the consummation of this Plan, and/or the administration of this Plan and/or the property to be distributed under this Plan, except for claims, causes of action or liabilities arising from the gross negligence, willful misconduct or fraud of any Exculpated Party, in each case subject to determination of such by final order of a court of competent jurisdiction and provided that any Exculpated Party shall be entitled to reasonably rely upon the advice of counsel with respect to its duties and responsibilities (if any) under this Plan and such reasonable reliance shall form an absolute defense to any such claim, cause of action, or liability. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, each Exculpated Party shall be entitled to and granted the protections and benefits of section 1125(e) of the Bankruptcy Code. No provision of this Plan or the Disclosure Statement shall be deemed to act or release any claims, Causes of Action or liabilities that the Liquidating Trust or the Estates may have against any Person or entity for any act, omission, or failure to act that occurred prior to the Petition Date other than in connection with the preparation and filing of the Chapter 11 Cases, nor shall any provision of this Plan be deemed to act to release any Avoidance Actions.

D. Binding Effect of Plan. Except as otherwise provided in section 1141(d)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code, on and after the Confirmation Date, the provisions of this Plan shall bind any Holder of a Claim against, or Interest in, the Debtors, the Estates and their respective successors or assigns, whether or not the Claim or Interest of such Holder is impaired under the Plan, whether or not such Holder has accepted this Plan and whether or not the Holder has filed a Claim. The rights, benefits and obligations of any Person named or referred to in the Plan, whose actions may be required to effectuate the terms of the Plan, shall be binding on and shall inure to the benefit of any heir, executor, administrator, successor or assign of such Person (including, without limitation, any trustee appointed for the Debtors under chapters 7 or 11 of the Bankruptcy Code).

E. No Effect on Objections to Fee Applications. Nothing contained in this Article 12 shall affect the rights of parties in interest to object to Fee Applications or obviate the power of the Bankruptcy Court to issue orders with respect to Fee Applications.

ARTICLE 13.

CONDITIONS PRECEDENT

A. Conditions Precedent to Effective Date. This Plan shall not become effective unless and until each of the following conditions shall have been satisfied in full in accordance with the provisions specified below:

1. *Approval of Disclosure Statement.* The Bankruptcy Court shall have approved a disclosure statement to this Plan in form and substance acceptable to the Plan Proponents in their sole and absolute discretion.

2. *Approval of Plan Compromises.* The compromises and settlements contained in Articles 4, 6, and 7 of this Plan shall be approved without material modification by Final Order in accordance with Bankruptcy Rule 9019 and shall be binding and enforceable against all Holders of Claims and Interests under the terms of this Plan.

3. *Form of Confirmation Order.* The Confirmation Order shall be in form and substance acceptable to the Plan Proponents in their sole and absolute discretion

4. *Entry of Confirmation Order.* The Confirmation Order (i) shall have been entered by the Bankruptcy Court, (ii) shall not be subject to any stay of effectiveness, and (iii) shall have become a Final Order, the Confirmation Date shall have occurred, and no request for revocation of the Confirmation Order under section 1144 of the Bankruptcy Code shall have been made, or, if made, shall remain pending.

5. *Liquidating Trust.* The Liquidating Trust shall have been formed, and all formation documents for such entities shall have been properly executed and filed as required by this Plan and applicable law.

6. *Liquidating Trustee.* The appointment of the Liquidating Trustee shall have been confirmed by order of the Bankruptcy Court.

7. *Plan Administrator.* The appointment of the Plan Administrator shall have been confirmed by order of the Bankruptcy Court.

B. Revocation, Withdrawal, or Non-Consummation of Plan. If after the Confirmation Order is entered, each of the conditions to effectiveness has not been satisfied or duly waived on or by ninety (90) days after the Confirmation Date, then upon motion by the Plan Proponents, the Confirmation Order may be vacated by the Bankruptcy Court; provided however, that notwithstanding the filing of such a motion, the Confirmation Order shall not be vacated if each of the conditions to effectiveness is either satisfied or duly waived before the Bankruptcy Court enters an order granting the relief requested in such motion. As used in the preceding sentence, a condition to effectiveness may only be waived by a writing executed by the Plan Proponents. If the Confirmation Order is vacated pursuant to this Section, this Plan shall be null and void in all respects, and nothing contained in this Plan, the Disclosure Statement, nor any pleadings filed in connection with the approval thereof shall (i) constitute a waiver or release of any Claims against or Interests in the Debtors, (ii) prejudice in any manner the rights of the Holder of any Claim against or Interest in the Debtors (iii) prejudice in any manner the rights of the Plan Proponents in the Chapter 11 Cases, or (iv) constitute an admission of any fact or legal position or a waiver of any legal rights held by any party prior to the Confirmation Date.

ARTICLE 14.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

A. Retention of Jurisdiction. This Plan shall not in any way limit the Bankruptcy Court's post-confirmation jurisdiction as provided under the Bankruptcy Code. Pursuant to sections 105(a) and 1142 of the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Court shall retain and have exclusive jurisdiction (to the extent granted by applicable law, including any provisions permitting mandatory or discretionary withdrawal of such jurisdiction) over any matter (i) arising

under the Bankruptcy Code, (ii) arising in or related to the Chapter 11 Cases or the Plan, or (iii) that relates to the following:

1. to hear and determine motions for (i) the assumption or rejection or (ii) the assumption and assignment of Executory Contracts or unexpired leases and the allowance of Claims resulting therefrom;

2. to adjudicate any and all disputes over the ownership of a Claim or Interest;

3. to adjudicate any and all disputes arising from or relating to the distribution or retention of consideration under this Plan;

4. to hear and determine timely objections to Claims, whether filed before or after the Confirmation Date, including objections to the classification, estimation or establishment of priority or status of any Claim, and to allow or disallow any Claim, in whole or in part;

5. to determine the extent, validity, and/or priority of any Lien asserted against property of the Debtors or the Estates or property abandoned or transferred by the Debtors or the Estates;

6. to determine the amount, if any, of interest to be paid to Holders of Allowed Unsecured Claims if any Allowed Unsecured Claims are paid in full pursuant to the terms of this Plan;

7. to hear and determine matters related to the assets of the Estates, including liquidation of the Debtors' assets; provided that notwithstanding the foregoing, the Liquidating Trustee shall have no obligation to obtain the approval or authorization of the Bankruptcy Court or file a report to the Bankruptcy Court concerning the sale, transfer, assignment or disposition of assets; provided further, that the Liquidating Trustee may seek "comfort orders" or similar orders of the Bankruptcy Court approving the Liquidating Trustee's sale or disposition of such assets to facilitate such transactions;

8. to adjudicate disputes relating to any alleged subordination of the Capital Trust Claims;

9. to enter and implement such orders as may be appropriate in the event the Confirmation Order is for any reason stayed, revoked, modified or vacated;

10. to consider modifications of or amendments to this Plan, to cure any defect or omission or to reconcile any inconsistency in any order of the Bankruptcy Court, including without limitation, the Confirmation Order;

11. to issue orders in aid of execution, implementation, or consummation of this Plan;

12. to hear and determine disputes arising in connection with the interpretation, implementation, or enforcement of this Plan or the Confirmation Order including disputes arising under agreements, documents, or instruments executed in connection with this Plan;

13. to hear and determine all motions requesting allowance of an Administrative Claim;

14. to hear and determine all Fee Applications;

15. to determine requests for the payment of Claims entitled to priority under section 507(a)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code, including compensation and reimbursement of expenses and parties entitled thereto;

16. to hear and determine all controversies arising in connection with the implementation of this Plan;

17. to hear and determine all Causes of Action, Avoidance Actions, and other suits and adversary proceedings to recover assets of the Liquidating Trust, as successor-in-interest to any of the Debtors and property of the Estates, wherever located, and to adjudicate any and all other Causes of Action, Avoidance Actions, suits, adversary proceedings, motions, applications, and contested matters that may be commenced or maintained pursuant to the Chapter 11 Cases or this Plan, proceedings to adjudicate the

allowance of Disputed Claims, and all controversies and issues arising from or relating to any of the foregoing;

18. to hear and determine matters concerning state, local, and federal taxes in accordance with sections 346, 505, and 1146 of the Bankruptcy Code;

19. to resolve all conflicts and disputes between the Liquidating Trustee, the Liquidating Trust, the Plan Advisory Committee, and Holders of Claims or Interests;

20. to hear any matter not inconsistent with the Bankruptcy Code;

21. to hear and determine all disputes involving the existence, nature, or scope of the Debtors' discharge, including any dispute relating to any liability arising out of the termination of employment or the termination of any employee or retiree benefit program, regardless of whether such termination occurred prior to or after the Effective Date;

22. to consider matters regarding the Debtors' insurance policies, if any, including jurisdiction to reimpose the automatic stay or its applicable equivalent provided in this Plan;

23. to issue injunctions, provide declaratory relief, take such other legal or equitable actions, or issue such other orders as may be necessary or appropriate to restrain interference with this Plan, the Debtors, the Estates or their property, the Committee, the Liquidating Trust, the Liquidating Trustee, the Plan Advisory Committee, Professionals, or the Confirmation Order;

24. to enter a Final Decree closing the Chapter 11 Cases; and

25. to enforce all orders previously entered by the Bankruptcy Court.

B. Payment of Statutory Fees. All fees payable through the Effective Date pursuant to section 1930 of Title 28 of the United States Code shall be paid on or before the Effective Date. All fees payable after the Effective Date pursuant to section 1930 of Title 28 of the United States Code shall be paid by the Liquidating Trustee.

C. General Authority. The Debtors, if on or prior to the Effective Date, and the Liquidating Trust, if after the Effective Date, shall execute such documents, and take such other actions, as are necessary to effectuate the transactions provided for in this Plan.

D. Headings. The headings of the Articles, paragraphs, and sections of this Plan are inserted for convenience only and shall not affect the interpretation hereof.

E. Final Order. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this Plan, any requirement in this Plan for a Final Order may be waived by the Debtors and the Committee (if prior to the Effective Date) or the Liquidating Trustee (if after the Effective Date) upon written notice to the Bankruptcy Court. No such waiver shall prejudice the right of any party in interest to seek a stay pending appeal of any order that is not a Final Order.

F. Amendments and Modifications. The Plan Proponents may alter, amend, or modify this Plan under section 1127(a) of the Bankruptcy Code at any time prior to the Confirmation Hearing. After the Confirmation Date and prior to “substantial consummation” (as such term is defined in section 1102(2) of the Bankruptcy Code) of this Plan with respect to any Debtor, the Plan Proponents, the Plan Advisory Committee, or the proposed Liquidating Trustee, as appropriate, may institute proceedings in the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to section 1127(b) of the Bankruptcy Code to remedy any defect or omission or reconcile any inconsistencies in this Plan, the Disclosure Statement, or the Confirmation Order, and such matters as may be necessary to carry out the purposes and effects of this Plan, by the filing of a motion on notice to the Bankruptcy Rule 2002 services list only, and the solicitation of all Creditors and other parties in interest shall not be required.

G. Payment Date. Whenever any payment or distribution to be made under this Plan shall be due on a day other than a Business Day, such payment or distribution shall instead be made, without interest, on the immediately following Business Day.

H. Withholding and Reporting Requirements. In connection with this Plan and all instruments issued in connection therewith and distributions thereon, the Debtors (if prior to or on the Effective Date) or the Liquidating Trustee (if after the Effective Date) shall comply with

all withholding and reporting requirements imposed by any federal, state, local or foreign taxing authority, and all distributions hereunder shall be subject to any such withholding and reporting requirements.

I. No Waiver. The failure of the Debtors or any other Person to object to any Claim for purposes of voting shall not be deemed a waiver of the Debtors' or the Liquidating Trust's right to object to or examine such Claim, in whole or in part.

J. Tax Exemption. Pursuant to section 1146 of the Bankruptcy Code, the issuance, transfer or exchange of any security under this Plan, or the execution, delivery or recording of an instrument of transfer pursuant to, in implementation of or as contemplated by this Plan, including, without limitation, any transfers to or by the Debtors, if on the Effective Date, and the Liquidating Trustee, if after the Effective Date, of the Debtors' property in implementation of or as contemplated by this Plan (including, without limitation, any subsequent transfers of property by the Liquidating Trust) shall not be taxed under any state or local law imposing a stamp tax, transfer tax or similar tax or fee. Consistent with the foregoing, each recorder of deeds or similar official for any county, city or governmental unit in which any instrument hereunder is to be recorded shall, pursuant to the Confirmation Order, be ordered and directed to accept such instrument, without requiring the payment of any documentary stamp tax, deed stamps, stamp tax, transfer tax, intangible tax or similar tax.

K. Securities Exemption. Any rights issued under, pursuant to or in effecting this Plan, including the stock of Reorganized Access Lending, and the offering and issuance thereof by any party, including without limitation the Debtors or the Liquidating Trust, shall be exempt from section 5 of the Securities Act of 1933, if applicable, and from any state or federal securities laws requiring registration for offer or sale of a security or registration or licensing of an issuer of, underwriter of, or broker or dealer in, a security, and shall otherwise enjoy all exemptions available for distributions of securities under a plan of reorganization in accordance with all applicable law, including without limitation section 1145 of the Bankruptcy Code.

L. Non-Severability. Except as specifically provided herein, the terms of this Plan constitute interrelated compromises and are not severable, and no provision of those Articles may be stricken, altered, or invalidated.

M. Revocation. The Plan Proponents reserve the right to revoke and withdraw this Plan prior to the Confirmation Date. If the Plan Proponents revoke or withdraw this Plan, then this Plan shall be null and void and, in such event, nothing contained herein shall be deemed to constitute a waiver or release of any Claims by or against the Debtors, the Committee, or any other Person or to prejudice in any manner the rights of the Debtors, the Committee, or any Person in any further proceedings involving the Debtors, or be deemed an admission by the Debtors and/or the Committee, including with respect to the amount or allowability of any Claim or the value of any property of the Estates.

N. Plan Controls Disclosure Statement. In the event and to the extent that any provision of this Plan is inconsistent with any provision of the Disclosure Statement, the provisions of this Plan shall control and take precedence.

O. Governing Law. Except to the extent a rule of law or procedure is supplied by federal law (including the Bankruptcy Code and the Bankruptcy Rules) or unless specifically stated, the rights, duties, and obligations arising under this Plan, any agreements, documents, and instruments executed in connection with this Plan (except as otherwise set forth in those agreements, in which case the governing law of such agreements shall control) and, with respect to the Debtors incorporated in Delaware, corporate governance matters shall be governed by, and construed and enforced in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware, without giving effect to conflicts of law principles. Corporate governance matters relating to any Debtor not incorporated in Delaware shall be governed by the law of the state of incorporation of the applicable Debtor.

P. Notices. Any notices or requests of the Debtors or the Liquidating Trust by parties in interest under or in connection with the Plan shall be in writing and served either by (i) certified mail, return receipt requested, postage prepaid, (ii) hand delivery or (iii) reputable

overnight delivery service, all charges prepaid, and shall be deemed to have been given when received by the following parties:

If to the Debtors:

O'Melveny & Myers LLP
Attn: Suzzanne Uhland, Esq.
275 Battery Street
San Francisco, CA 94111

and

Richards, Layton & Finger, P.A.
Attn: Mark D. Collins, Esq.
One Rodney Square
Box 551
Wilmington, DE 19899

If to the Liquidating Trust or the Liquidating Trustee:

To the persons indicated in the notice provisions of the Confirmation Order.

Q. Filing of Additional Documents. On or before “substantial consummation” (as such term is defined in section 1102(2) of the Bankruptcy Code) of this Plan, the Plan Proponents may file with the Bankruptcy Court such agreements or other documents as may be necessary or appropriate and further evidence the terms and conditions of this Plan.

R. Direction to a Party. From and after the Effective Date, the Plan Proponents may apply to the Bankruptcy Court for entry of an order directing any Person to execute or deliver or to join in the execution or delivery of any instrument or document reasonably necessary or reasonably appropriate to effect a transfer of properties dealt with by this Plan, and to perform any other act (including satisfaction of any lien or security interest) that is reasonably necessary or reasonably appropriate for the consummation of this Plan.

S. Successors and Assigns. The rights, benefits, duties, and obligations of any Person named or referred to in this Plan, including all Creditors, shall be binding on, and shall inure to the benefit of, the successors and assigns of such Person.

T. Final Decree. Once any of the Estates has been fully administered, as referred to in Bankruptcy Rule 3022, the Liquidating Trust or another party, as the Bankruptcy Court shall designate in the Confirmation Order, shall file a motion with the Bankruptcy Court to obtain a Final Decree to close the Chapter 11 Case of the applicable Estate(s).

ARTICLE 15.

CONFIRMATION REQUEST

The Plan Proponents hereby request confirmation of this Plan as a Cramdown Plan with respect to any impaired Class that does not accept this Plan or is deemed to have rejected this Plan.

ARTICLE 16.

BANKRUPTCY RULE 9019 REQUEST

Pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 9019, the Plan Proponents hereby request approval of all compromises and settlement included in this Plan, including, without limitation, the compromises and settlements included in Articles 4, 6, and 7 of this Plan.

Dated: Irvine, California
February 2, 2008

Respectfully submitted,

NEW CENTURY FINANCIAL
CORPORATION, on behalf of the Debtors and
Debtors-in-Possession

/s/ Holly Etlin

By: Holly Etlin

Its: Chief Executive Officer, President and
Chief Restructuring Officer

OFFICIAL COMMITTEE OF UNSECURED
CREDITORS

/s/ Donald A. Workman

By: Donald A. Workman, Esq.
Counsel for Fidelity National Information
Services, Inc. (Co-chair)

EXHIBIT A TO THE PLAN

(TO BE FILED)

EXHIBIT B TO THE PLAN

EPD/ BREACH PROTOCOL¹

I. EPD/FPD Claims.

A. Methodology.

EPD and FPD Claims are Claims based on a provision in a loan purchase agreement that obligated a Debtor to repurchase a loan if the borrower defaulted on his or her first loan payment after the loan was sold (a First Payment Default or “FPD”) or defaulted on a payment due within a period of time (usually 30 or 60 days) after the loan was sold (an Early Payment Default or “EPD”). Loan purchase agreements varied as to whether the EPD/FPD provision was set forth as a standalone provision of the loan sale agreement or was styled as a representation or warranty. A Claim based on either is treated as an EPD/FPD Claim for purposes of the protocol.

Each Creditor that establishes a valid EPD or FPD under the applicable loan purchase agreement will receive a distribution in the Plan premised upon damages assessed based upon the borrower payment history and the unpaid principal balance (“UPB”) for the loan, in both cases measured as of August 31, 2007, according to the following grid:²

- Current: 0% of UPB
- 31 – 60 days delinquent: 15% of UPB
- 61 – 90 days delinquent: 20% of UPB

¹ Capitalized terms not defined herein shall have the meaning given to them in the Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Liquidation of the Debtors and the Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors Dated as of February 1, 2008.

² The applicable category that would lead to the highest calculation takes precedence. For example, if as of 8/31/07 a loan was 61 days delinquent and the borrower was in bankruptcy, the applicable percentage is 35% of UPB.

- 91 or more days delinquent: 30% of UPB
- Borrower in bankruptcy: 35% of UPB
- In foreclosure³: 40% of UPB
- Real estate owned (“REO”): 45% of UPB

If the Creditor sold the loan prior to August 31, 2007 and does not have the loan status as of August 31, 2007, the damage assessment will be measured as of the date of sale. If a loan has been foreclosed, the measurement will consider the property to be REO and the measurement will be based on the UPB at the time of foreclosure.

In order to establish the validity of the EPD/FPD Claim and to apply the grid, each EPD/FPD claimant must provide to the Debtors information set forth in questionnaire for loans on which it asserts an EPD/FPD claim. This information includes:

- The payment history for each loan for which an EPD or FPD is asserted in electronic format, including identification of the payment status as of August 31, 2007.
- Identification of the loan purchase agreement pursuant to which the loan was sold by a Debtor, including a copy of the relevant EPD/FPD payment provisions (note: the length of time for EPD and FPD claims varied among the master loan purchase agreements).

II. BREACH CLAIMS.

A. Methodology.

The damages resulting from breach Claims will be calculated based upon the simplifying assumptions that: (i) 1.5% of the loans in any pool will at some point be subject to a breach that would have caused the selling Debtor to have repurchased the loan, (ii) the “seasoning” of loans will be taken into account so that this 1.5% incidence is spread over the life of the pool based on the Debtors’ historic data concerning the timing of when breach claims are asserted, and (iii) damages resulting from breaches will be set at 30% of the UPB of the loan as of August 31, 2007. The following table sets forth the calculation methodology:

Year	Quarter	% Incidence	Damages
2007	1 Qtr	1.500%	0.450%
2006	4 Qtr	1.200%	0.360%
2006	3 Qtr	1.120%	0.336%
2006	2 Qtr	0.850%	0.255%
2006	1 Qtr	0.680%	0.204%
2005	4 Qtr	0.530%	0.159%
2005	3 Qtr	0.360%	0.108%
2005	2 Qtr	0.180%	0.054%
2005	1 Qtr	0.140%	0.042%
2004	4 Qtr	0.100%	0.030%
2004	3 Qtr	0.085%	0.026%
2004	2 Qtr	0.065%	0.020%
2004	1 Qtr	0.060%	0.018%
2003	4 Qtr	0.053%	0.016%
2003	3 Qtr	0.045%	0.014%
2003	2 Qtr	0.035%	0.011%
2003	1 Qtr	0.025%	0.008%
2002	4 Qtr	0.022%	0.007%
2002	3 Qtr	0.018%	0.005%
2002	2 Qtr	0.015%	0.005%
2002	1 Qtr	0.012%	0.004%

³ In foreclosure means that the period set in a notice of intent to foreclosure during which the borrower has the ability to bring the loan current has expired.

2001 and Earlier

0.006%

0.002%

Damages, for purposes of distributions under the Plan, will be measured by applying the percentage factor in the final column of this table against the August 31, 2007 UPB of the loans purchased from a Debtor; provided, however, that in no case will the damage calculation for any pool be less than \$5,000.

B. Interaction with EPD/FPD Claims.

EPD/FPD claims will take precedence over breach claims. Thus, to the extent that a creditor establishes a valid EPD or FPD claim for a loan, that loan's UPB as of August 31, 2007 will be subtracted from the pool of loans for which breaches are computed.

This methodology is designed to avoid the need to resolve disputes over individual breach claims that are presently being asserted and to establish a methodology for assessing unliquidated claims based upon breaches that come to the fore when borrowers default in the future. Accordingly, this statistical approach will be used both with respect to individual breach claims presently being asserted by creditors and to assess unliquidated breaches to be discovered in the future; both types of breaches are subsumed within the statistical analysis set forth above.

III. Information.

In order to receive a distribution under the Plan, each Holder of an EPD/Breach Claim must supply information to the Debtors that enables the Debtors to calculate the damages that result from this protocol and to ensure that multiple creditors are not asserting overlapping

claims. That information will be set forth in a questionnaire that the Debtors will submit to each Creditor that has asserted an EPD/Breach Claim.

EXHIBIT C TO THE PLAN

(TO BE FILED)