



**PHILIPPINE TELEGRAPH AND TELEPHONE CORPORATION**  
(Company's Full Name)

**Spirit of Communications Centre,**  
**106 C. Palanca Jr. St., Legaspi Village, Makati City**  
(Company's Address)

**(632)698-2222 or (632)665-5823**  
(Telephone Number)

**June 30**  
(Fiscal Year Ending)  
(month & day)

**Form 17-Q**  
Form Type

\_\_\_\_\_  
Amended Designation (if applicable)

**March 31, 2006**  
Period Ended Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Secondary License Type and File No.)

**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
SEC FORM 17-Q**

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES  
REGULATION CODE AND SRC RULE 17(2)(b) THEREUNDER**

1. For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2006
2. Commission Identification Number 21817      3. BIR Tax Identification No. 470-000-530-631
4. Philippine Telegraph and Telephone Corp. (PT&T)  
Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter:
5. Metro Manila, Philippines      6.  (SEC Use Only)  
Province, Country or other jurisdiction of      Industry Classification Code:  
incorporation or organization
7. Spirit of Communication Centre Building,  
106 Carlos Palanca Jr. St., Legaspi Village, Makati City      1229  
Address of principal office      Postal Code
8. (632)698-2222 or (632)665-5823  
Registrant's telephone number, including area code  
N/A
9. Former name, former address, and former fiscal year, if changed since last report.
9. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the Code, or 4 and 8 of the RSA

<u>Title of Each Class</u>	<u>Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding</u>
Common stock	Php1.00 par value 799,998,728 shares

11. Are any or all of these securities listed on a Philippine Stock Exchange?  
Yes []      No []

If yes, state the name of such Stock Exchange and the class/es of securities listed therein:

PSE      Common stock

12. Indicate by check mark whether the registrant:  
(a) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the Code and SRC Rule 17 thereunder or Sections 11 of the RSA and RSA Rule 11(a)-1 thereunder, and Sections 26 and 141 of the Corporation Code of the Philippines, during the preceding twelve (12) months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports):

Yes [  ]      No [ ]

- (b) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.  
Yes [ ]      No [  ]

**PHILIPPINE TELEGRAPH AND TELEPHONE CORP. (PT&T)**  
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## PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

### Item 1: Financial Statements.

The financial statements are filed as part of this SEC Form 17-Q.

#### BALANCE SHEETS

(In PhP thousands)

	March 31, 2006 (Interim - Unaudited)	June 30, 2005 UNAUDITED	VARIANCE	%
<b>ASSETS</b>				
<b>Current Assets</b>				
Cash	1,712	1,934	(222)	-11%
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for D/A	384,535	345,705	38,830	11%
Inventories and supplies	283,859	304,158	(20,299)	-7%
<b>Total Current Assets</b>	<b>670,106</b>	<b>651,797</b>	<b>18,309</b>	<b>3%</b>
<b>Noncurrent Assets</b>				
Amounts owed by related parties	254,143	243,471	10,672	4%
Property and equipment at cost	7,718,469	8,257,453	(538,984)	-7%
Investments in shares of stock	1,751	1,751	-	0%
Deposits and other assets	240,813	232,114	8,699	4%
<b>Total Noncurrent Assets</b>	<b>8,215,175</b>	<b>8,734,789</b>	<b>(519,614)</b>	<b>-6%</b>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>8,885,281</b>	<b>9,386,586</b>	<b>(501,305)</b>	<b>-5%</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>				
<b>Current Liabilities</b>				
Notes payable	27,670	21,664	6,006	28%
Trade and other payables	1,629,420	1,514,749	114,671	8%
Current portion of long-term debt	36,250	39,163	(2,913)	-7%
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>	<b>1,693,340</b>	<b>1,575,576</b>	<b>117,764</b>	<b>7%</b>
<b>Noncurrent Liabilities</b>				
Amounts owed to related parties	95,707	95,766	(59)	0%
Deposits and other noncurrent liabilities	52,706	53,191	(485)	-1%
<b>Total Noncurrent Liabilities</b>	<b>148,413</b>	<b>148,957</b>	<b>(544)</b>	<b>0%</b>
<b>Stockholders' Equity</b>				
Capital Stock	2,054,254	2,054,254	-	0%
Deposits for future stock subscriptions	8,737,893	8,737,893	-	0%
Revaluation increment in property	2,095,641	2,095,641	-	0%
Share in revaluation increment in property and equipment of an associate	34,197	34,197	-	0%
Deficit	(5,878,457)	(5,259,933)	(618,524)	12%
<b>Total Stockholders' Equity</b>	<b>7,043,528</b>	<b>7,662,052</b>	<b>(618,524)</b>	<b>-8%</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>	<b>8,885,281</b>	<b>9,386,586</b>	<b>(501,305)</b>	<b>-5%</b>

**STATEMENTS OF INCOME & RETAINED EARNINGS(DEFICIT)**  
(In Php thousands, Except Loss Per Share)

	For the Nine(9) Months Ended		For the Three(3) Months	
	March 31, 2006	March 31, 2005	January to March 2006	January to March 2005
<b>OPERATING REVENUES</b>	<b>312,523</b>	<b>368,366</b>	<b>95,766</b>	<b>114,052</b>
<b>COSTS AND EXPENSES</b>				
Operations	281,004	331,532	88,531	103,912
Provisions for doubtful accounts	28,149	32,883	9,332	10,087
<b>EBITDA</b>	<b>3,370</b>	<b>3,951</b>	<b>(2,096)</b>	<b>53</b>
Depreciation and amortization	576,580	611,674	187,994	204,098
<b>LOSS FROM OPERATIONS</b>	<b>573,210</b>	<b>607,722</b>	<b>190,090</b>	<b>204,045</b>
<b>OTHER CHARGES- Net</b>				
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	(3,283)	(112,882)	47,500	(99,972)
Interest	124,893	190,846	-	67,535
Others	1,316	8,239	-	2,453
	<b>122,926</b>	<b>86,202</b>	<b>47,500</b>	<b>(29,984)</b>
<b>LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX</b>	<b>696,136</b>	<b>693,924</b>	<b>237,590</b>	<b>174,061</b>
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAX	-	-	-	-
<b>NET LOSS</b>	<b>696,136</b>	<b>693,924</b>	<b>237,590</b>	<b>174,061</b>
DEFICIT, Beg.	5,182,321	7,520,087	5,182,321	7,520,087
<b>DEFICIT, End</b>	<b>5,878,456</b>	<b>8,214,010</b>	<b>5,419,911</b>	<b>7,694,148</b>
<b>Loss Per Share</b>				
The loss per share amounts were computed as follows:				
Net Loss	696,136	693,924	237,590	174,061
Add: Cumulative dividends on preferred shares	4,500	4,500	1,500	1,500
	<b>700,636</b>	<b>698,424</b>	<b>239,090</b>	<b>175,561</b>
<b>Divided by:</b>				
Weighted average number of common shares issued and outstanding	1,254,999	1,254,999	1,254,999	1,254,999
<b>LOSS PER SHARE</b>				
<b>Basic</b>	<b>0.56</b>	<b>0.56</b>	<b>0.19</b>	<b>0.14</b>

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY**  
(In PhP thousands)

	Preferred Stock	Common Stock	Deposits for Future Stock Subscriptions	Revaluation Increment in Property	Share in Revaluation Increment in Property & Equipmt. of Associates	Deficit	Total
Balance as of June 30, 2005	75,000	1,979,254	4,250,369	2,095,641	34,197	(8,375,199)	59,262
Net loss for the month						(158,619)	(158,619)
Balance as of July 31, 2005	75,000	1,979,254	4,250,369	2,095,641	34,197	(8,533,818)	(99,357)
Net loss for the month						(84,482)	(84,482)
Balance as of August 31, 2005	75,000	1,979,254	4,250,369	2,095,641	34,197	(8,618,300)	(183,839)
Net loss for the month						(108,427)	(108,427)
Balance as of September 30, 2005	75,000	1,979,254	4,250,369	2,095,641	34,197	(8,726,728)	(292,267)
Net loss for the month						(55,774)	(55,774)
Balance as of October 31, 2005	75,000	1,979,254	4,250,369	2,095,641	34,197	(8,782,502)	(348,041)
Net loss for the month						8,130	8,130
Long-term debt converted into equity			4,487,524			3,192,878	7,680,402
Balance as of November 30, 2005	75,000	1,979,254	8,737,893	2,095,641	34,197	(5,581,494)	7,340,491
Net loss for the month						(60,535)	(60,535)
Balance as of December 31, 2005	75,000	1,979,254	8,737,893	2,095,641	34,197	(5,642,029)	7,279,956
Net loss for the month						(111,153)	(111,153)
Balance as of January 31, 2006	75,000	1,979,254	8,737,893	2,095,641	34,197	(5,753,181)	7,168,803
Net loss for the month						(60,100)	(60,100)
Balance as of February 28, 2006	75,000	1,979,254	8,737,893	2,095,641	34,197	(5,813,281)	7,108,704
Net loss for the month						(65,175)	(65,175)
Balance as of March 31, 2006	75,000	1,979,254	8,737,893	2,095,641	34,197	(5,878,456)	7,043,528

	Preferred Stock	Common Stock	Deposits for Future Stock Subscriptions	Revaluation Increment in Property	Share in Revaluation Increment in Property & Equipmt. of Associates	Deficit	Total
Balance as of June 30, 2004	75,000	1,979,254	4,250,369	2,290,170	34,197	(7,520,087)	1,108,903
Net loss for the month						(68,640)	(68,640)
Balance as of July 31, 2004	75,000	1,979,254	4,250,369	2,290,170	34,197	(7,588,727)	1,040,263
Net loss for the month						(105,368)	(105,368)
Balance as of August 31, 2004	75,000	1,979,254	4,250,369	2,290,170	34,197	(7,694,095)	934,895
Net loss for the month						(97,834)	(97,834)
Balance as of September 30, 2004	75,000	1,979,254	4,250,369	2,290,170	34,197	(7,791,929)	837,061
Net loss for the month						(95,891)	(95,891)
Balance as of October 31, 2004	75,000	1,979,254	4,250,369	2,290,170	34,197	(7,887,820)	741,170
Net loss for the month						(74,162)	(74,162)
Balance as of November 30, 2004	75,000	1,979,254	4,250,369	2,290,170	34,197	(7,961,982)	667,008
Net loss for the month						(103,789)	(103,789)
Balance as of December 31, 2004	75,000	1,979,254	4,250,369	2,290,170	34,197	(8,065,771)	563,219
Net loss for the month						8,790	8,790
Balance as of January 31, 2005	75,000	1,979,254	4,250,369	2,290,170	34,197	(8,056,981)	572,009
Net loss for the month						(61,347)	(61,347)
Balance as of February 28, 2005	75,000	1,979,254	4,250,369	2,290,170	34,197	(8,118,328)	510,662
Net loss for the month						(95,682)	(95,682)
Balance as of March 31, 2005	75,000	1,979,254	4,250,369	2,290,170	34,197	(8,214,010)	414,980

**AS OF MARCH 31, 2006 and 2005**  
**(In PhP thousands)**

	<b>2006</b>	<b>2005</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
<b>NET (LOSS)</b>	<b>(696,136)</b>	<b>(693,924)</b>
<b>Adjustments to reconcile net income(loss) to net cash provided by</b>		
<b>(used in) operating activities:</b>		
Depreciation and Amortization	576,580	611,674
Other Interest Charges	122,926	86,202
<b>EBITDA</b>	<b>3,370</b>	<b>3,952</b>
<b>Changes in operating assets and liabilities:</b>		
<b>Decrease (increase) in current asset</b>		
Accounts Receivable	(38,830)	(39,465)
Inventories and Supplies	20,299	13,076
Deposits and Other Assets	(8,699)	(15,093)
Other Current Assets	(3,066)	(606)
	<b>(30,296)</b>	<b>(42,088)</b>
<b>Increase(decrease) in current liabilities</b>		
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	114,226	123,162
Deposits and other liabilities	(486)	1,186
Current Portion of LTD	(2,913)	(2,473)
Due from (to) Affiliates	(24,840)	(22,122)
Other Current Liabilities	(21,688)	(31,347)
	<b>64,299</b>	<b>68,406</b>
<b>NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>37,373</b>	<b>30,270</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Additions to Property , Plant and Equipment & Others	(37,595)	(30,421)
	<b>(37,595)</b>	<b>(30,421)</b>
<b>NET INCREASE(DECREASE) IN CASH</b>	<b>(222)</b>	<b>(150)</b>
<b>CASH BALANCE , BEGINNING</b>	<b>1,934</b>	<b>1,885</b>
<b>CASH BALANCE , ENDING</b>	<b>1,712</b>	<b>1,735</b>

**AGING SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE - TRADE**  
**AS OF MARCH 31, 2006**  
(In PhP thousands)

<b>SERVICES</b>	<b>CURRENT TO 30 DAYS</b>	<b>31 TO 60 DAYS</b>	<b>61 TO 90 DAYS</b>	<b>OVER 91 DAYS</b>	<b>TOTAL</b>
BROADBAND	1,749	389	83	5,117	7,339
LEC	1,259	2,087	868	16,328	20,543
BCON	165	398	207	2,711	3,481
RDN	333	252	261	3,462	4,306
INTERCONNECT	4,239	4,438	5,404	385,757	399,838
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>7,746</b>	<b>7,565</b>	<b>6,822</b>	<b>413,375</b>	<b>435,508</b>
LESS: PROVISIONS					69,712
<b>NET REVENUE RECEIVABLES</b>					<b>365,795</b>
ADD: OTHER RECEIVABLES, NET					18,740
<b>NET RECEIVABLES</b>					<b>384,535</b>



**PHILIPPINE TELEGRAPH AND TELEPHONE CORPORATION**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(UNAUDITED)**

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**1. General**

Incorporation:

The Philippine Telegraph & Telephone Company (PT&T), is a diversified telecommunications entity catering to the corporate, small/medium business and residential segments across the nation. It was incorporated on November 14, 1962 and operates under the jurisdiction of National Telecommunications Commission (NTC)

Legislative Franchise:

On June 20, 1964, the Company was granted a national legislative franchise, Republic Act (R.A.) No. 4161 for telecommunications activities. An amendment to the franchise was made in 1967 under RA 5048 granting the Company, among others, equal privileges against any competing franchisee. Additional disclosures on the details of the legislative franchise is incorporated in SEC Form 17-A previously submitted.

Listed with Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE):

PT&T is listed with PSE for the trading of the common shares but requested voluntary suspension of trading effective December 13, 2004.

**2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

Basis of Preparation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the Philippines and under the historical cost convention, except for property and equipment as of June 30, 1998 which are carried at revalued amounts.

Adoption of New and Revised Accounting Standards

The Company adopted the following new and revised accounting standards, which are based on revised IAS and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). The new and revised accounting standards became effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2005. The Accounting Standards Council (ASC) has renamed the standards that it issues to correspond better to the issuances of IASB. PAS correspond to adopted IAS, while PFRS correspond to adopted IFRS. Previously, standards issued by the ASC were designated as SFAS.

- PAS 19/IAS 19, *Employees Benefits*, requires the use of the projected unit credit method in measuring retirement benefit expense and a change in the manner of computing benefit expense relating to past service cost and actuarial gains and losses. It also requires a company to determine the present value of defined benefit obligations and the fair value of any plan assets with sufficient regularity.
- PAS 21/IAS 21, *The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates*, eliminates option to capitalize foreign exchange adjustments even under severe currency devaluation. It introduces the concept of functional currency and presentation currency; requires companies to determine their functional currency based on certain criteria, and to measure their results and financial position based on such functional currency. It also provides a simplifies translation method (i.e., current rate method) for foreign operations, as well as translation of financial statements from functional currency into any presentation currency.

- PAS 32/IAS 32, *Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation*, covers the disclosure and presentation of all financial instruments. The standard requires more comprehensive disclosures about an entity's financial instruments, whether recognized or unrecognized in the financial statements. New disclosure requirements include terms and conditions of financial instruments used by the entity, types of risks, associated with both recognized and unrecognized financial instruments (market risk, foreign exchange risk, price risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow risk), fair value information of both recognized and unrecognized financial assets and financial liabilities, and the entity's financial risk management policies and objectives. The standard also requires financial instruments to be classified as debt or equity in accordance with their substance and not their legal form.
- PAS 39/IAS 39, *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*, establishes the accounting and reporting standards for the recognition and measurement of the company's financial assets and financial liabilities. It requires a financial asset or a financial liability to be recognized initially at cost including related transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, an entity should measure financial assets at their fair values, except for loans and receivables and held-to-maturity investments, which are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost, except for liabilities designated as fair value through profit and loss and derivatives, which are subsequently measured at fair value.

PAS 39 also establishes the accounting and reporting standards requiring that every derivative instrument (including certain derivatives embedded in other contracts) be recorded in the balance sheets as either an asset or liability measured at its fair value. It requires that changes in the derivative's fair value be recognized currently in the statements of income unless specific hedges allow a derivative's gains and losses to offset related results on the hedged item in the statements of income, or deferred in the stockholders' equity as "Cumulative translation adjustment." It requires that an entity must formally document, designate and assess the effectiveness of transactions that receive hedge accounting treatment.

Derivatives that are not designated and do not qualify as hedges are adjusted to fair value through income.

- PAS 40/IAS 40, *Investment Property*, establishes the accounting and reporting standards for investment property. Investment property is defined as property (land or a building or both) held (by the owner or by the lessee under a finance lease) to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both, rather than for: (a) use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes; or (b) sale in the ordinary course of business. Under this standard, an entity is permitted to choose either the fair value model or cost model in the subsequent measurement of a qualifying investment property. Fair value model requires an investment property to be measured at fair value with fair value changes recognized directly in the statements of income. Cost model requires an investment property to be measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Transfers are made to investment property when, and only when, there is a change in use, evidenced by the end of owner-occupation, commencement of an operating lease to another party or by the end of construction or development. Transfers are made from investment property when, and only when, there is a change in use, evidenced by commencement of owner-occupation or commencement of development with a view to sell.

## Revenue Recognition

Operating revenues consist of value of all services provided and are accounted for on the accrual basis. These are as follows:

### Local Exchange Carrier (LEC)

LEC offers basic telephone services and long distance (incoming and outgoing domestic and international calls). Revenues derived from these services consist of a fixed monthly contribution rate plus long distance charges based on a charge per minute of usage and installation charges and other one-time fees associated with customer service

#### *Fixed Monthly Contribution*

Fixed monthly contribution are monthly recurring revenue based on a fixed monthly rate recognized on accrual basis, based on contracted rates as the service is provided to the customers.

#### *International Long Distance Revenues*

International long distance consist of inbound call revenues from foreign telecom carrier and outbound call revenues terminating in foreign territories and other access charges by other telecom carriers terminating to the local exchange network. Revenues are recognized based on minutes processed and contracted fees as received.

#### *Domestic Long Distance Revenues*

Domestic long distance revenues consist of charges for calls made by fixed line customers outside of the local services areas but within the Philippines, net of interconnect settlement and access charges received from other telecom carriers for calls received through the network and/or terminating to our customers.

### Business Convergence (BCON)

PT&T has categorized its Business Convergence (BCON) into broadband service and the traditional bandwidth services, including local area network extension, and enhanced local and long distance voice services.

#### *Broadband Services:*

Broadband/Internet Based Services includes frame relay, asynchronous transfer mode (ATM), Internet Protocol-Virtual Private Network (IP-VPN), Digital Subscriber Lines (DSL) and wireless Gigabit Ethernet (GE) technologies. These are designed to provide full high capacity connectivity solutions to specific wholesale market niche and the more expansive industry retail sector.

Broadband/Internet revenues are recognized based on contracted rates as the service is provided to the customers. Installation charges and other one-time fees associated with the installation are charged to capital expenditures.

#### *Traditional Bandwidth Services:*

Traditional Bandwidth Services include high speed point-to-point domestic and international digital leased lines that are dedicated, on-line and protocol-transparent, communication links to facilitate service either voice, fax, data or video transmission. Revenues are recognized based on contracted rates as the service is provided to the customers.

### Retail Distribution Network (RDN)

RDN is one of the Company's strategic business units (SBU) providing variety of services ranging from internet based services to traditional products such as vodex, payphone, faxgram, telegraph and others. Revenues are recognized as the related services is rendered to customers.

## Cash

Cash includes cash on hand and in banks.

## Receivables and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Receivables are recognized and carried at billable amounts less allowance for doubtful accounts. An allowance for doubtful accounts is maintained at a level considered adequate to provide for potential uncollectible receivables. The level of this allowance is evaluated by management on the basis of factors that affect the collectibility of the accounts. A review of the age and status of receivables, designed to identify accounts to be provided with allowance, is made by the Company on a continuous basis.

- Customers

Substantially full allowance is provided for receivables from permanently and temporarily disconnected subscribers. Permanent and temporary disconnections are made after a series of collection steps following nonpayment by subscribers. Such permanent and temporary disconnections generally occur within ninety days from due date. Additional provisions are made for other accounts specifically identified by the Company to be doubtful of collection.

- Traffic Settlement Receivables - net

Provisions are made for accounts specifically identified by the Company to be doubtful of collection.

## Inventories and Supplies

Inventories and supplies are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value less allowance for inventory losses. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out method. Net realizable value is the current replacement cost.

## Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are carried at revalued amounts as determined on June 30, 1998 by an independent firm of appraisers.

The net appraisal increment resulting from the revaluation was credited to the Revaluation Increment in Property account shown under stockholders' equity in the balance sheets. The amount of the revaluation increment absorbed through depreciation is being transferred to the Deficit account in the balance sheets.

The initial cost of property and equipment comprises its purchase price, including import duties and nonrefundable purchase taxes and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Cost also includes interest, foreign exchange differentials and other financing charges on borrowed funds used to finance the acquisition of property and equipment to the extent incurred during the period of installation, provided the carrying amount of the related fixed asset does not exceed the lower of the replacement cost and the amount recoverable from the use or sale of the asset. Expenditures incurred after the property and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance costs, are normally charged to income in the period the costs are incurred. In situations where it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditures have resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of an item of property and equipment beyond its originally assessed standard of performance, the expenditures are capitalized as an additional cost of property and equipment.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Leasehold improvements are amortized over their estimated useful lives or the term of the related lease, whichever is shorter. The average estimated useful lives of property and equipment are as follows:

Category	Number of Years
Land improvements	30
Buildings and improvements	30
Telecommunications equipment:	
Central office equipment	15-18
Cable and wire facilities	15
Vehicles, furniture and other work Equipment	5

The useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed periodically to ensure that the periods and method of depreciation are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits from items of property and equipment.

When assets are sold or retired, their cost, accumulated depreciation and amortization and any impairment in value are eliminated from the accounts and any gain or loss resulting from their disposal is charged to current operations.

Projects under construction are transferred to the related property account when the construction or installation and related activities necessary to prepare the property for its intended use are complete and the property is ready for service.

Additional continuing disclosures on the Company's property and equipment are disclosed in SEC Form 17-A previously submitted.

#### Impairment of Assets

Starting July 1, 2002, the carrying values of property and equipment and other noncurrent assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists and where the carrying values exceed the estimated recoverable amount, the assets or cash-generating units are written down to their recoverable amount. The recoverable amount of the assets is the greater of net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For an asset that does not generate largely independent cash inflows, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Impairment losses, if any, are charged against the revaluation increment for revalued assets and in the statements of income for assets carried at cost.

#### Investments

The Company's investment in its associate, Philippine Wireless, Inc. (PWI, 20% owned), is accounted for under the equity method. PWI is an entity in which the Company has significant influence and which is neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture of the Company. The investment in PWI is carried in the balance sheets at cost plus post-acquisition changes in the Company's share in the net assets of PWI, less any impairment in value.

Other investments are carried at cost less allowance for any substantial and presumably permanent decline in their market value.

#### Income Taxes

Deferred income tax is provided using the liability method. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognized for (a) the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial reporting bases of assets and liabilities and their related tax bases and (b) the carryforward benefits of the minimum corporate income tax (MCIT) and net operating loss carryover (NOLCO). Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured using the tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which (a)

those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled and (b) MCIT and NOLCO are expected to be applied. A valuation allowance is provided for the portion of deferred income tax assets which is not expected to be realized in the future.

#### Retirement Costs

Retirement costs are determined on an actuarial basis using the projected unit credit method which reflects services rendered by employees to the date of valuation and incorporates assumptions concerning employees' projected salaries. Retirement costs include current service cost plus amortization of past service cost, experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions over the expected average remaining working lives of covered employees.

#### Borrowing Costs

Interest and other related financing charges on borrowed funds used to finance the acquisition of property and equipment to the extent incurred during the period of installation are capitalized as part of the cost of the property. The capitalization of those borrowing costs as part of the cost of the property (a) commences when the expenditures and borrowing costs are being incurred during the installation and related activities necessary to prepare the property for its intended use are in progress and (b) ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the property for its intended use are complete. Other borrowing costs are recognized as expense in the period in which they are incurred.

#### Foreign Currency Transactions

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in Philippine peso based on the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction. Foreign currency-denominated assets and liabilities are translated into Philippine peso using the closing exchange rate prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange gains or losses arising from foreign currency transactions are credited or charged to current operations, except those considered as borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset which are capitalized as part of the cost of the related assets to the extent of their recoverable values.

#### Earnings Per Share (EPS)

Basic EPS is computed by dividing the net income or loss for the year attributable to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares issued during the year including fully paid but unissued shares as of the end of the year.

#### Related Party Transactions

The Company, in its regular conduct of business, has engaged in transactions with affiliates, principally consisting of various telecommunication services.

#### Debt Restructuring

The Company's management has been authorized by its Board of Directors to entertain potential funders/investors, including those recommended by the creditors, for the Company's major project which also involve strengthening of its financial condition. Preliminary data and information are being supplied to those who have executed confidentiality agreements so that they can conduct their initial evaluation.

The Company has likewise been informed by certain creditors that they have been approached by interested parties. However, the Company is not privy to matters being discussed among them although further developments which may be relevant to all creditors are being awaited.

The holding of the regular annual stockholders' meeting is still held in abeyance pending submission to the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE) of the Company's audited financial statements for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2004 and 2005. As explained to the SEC

under the Company's request for temporary exemptive relief, certain matters have yet to be resolved in order to satisfy the requirements of its external auditor, SGV & Co.

#### Tax Liabilities

The Company had applied for compromise settlement of the Corporation's tax liabilities of about PhP434 million. In its letter dated 30 March 2005, the company had offered a payment plan to the BIR.

### **3. Other Matters**

#### **Key Performance Indicators**

The Company assessed its performance based on the following key performance indicators:

	<u>MARCH 2006</u>	<u>MARCH 2005</u>	<u>% CHANGE</u>
REVENUES (in PhP thousands)	312,523	368,366	(0.15)
EBITDA Margin (1)	1%	1%	-
EBIT Margin (2)	(1.83)	(1.65)	
Cash flow provided by operating activities (in PhP thousands)	37,373	30,270	0.23
Debt to equity ratio (3)	0.26	0.23	

- (1) EBITDA is defined as Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation, Amortization and Other Income/Charges. EBITDA is computed by deducting costs and expenses (excluding Depreciation and Amortization) from net operating revenues. EBITDA Margin is calculated by dividing EBITDA over net operating revenues.
- (2) EBIT is defined as Earnings Before Interest, Taxes and Other Income/Charges. EBIT is computed by deducting costs and expenses from net operating revenues. EBIT margin is calculated by dividing EBIT over net operating margin.
- (3) Debt to equity ratio is computed by dividing total debt to total equity.

#### **Seasonality or cyclicity of interim operations**

The revenues of the Company that are received seasonally, cyclically or occasionally within financial year, if any were not anticipated or deferred as of an interim date, hence, such revenues are recognized when they occur.

#### **The nature and amount of items affecting assets, liabilities, equity, net income, or cash flows that are unusual because of their nature, size, or incidents**

The Company has no items considered unusual because of their nature, size, or incidents that will affect assets, liabilities, equity, net income or cash flows for the period except as already disclosed in Financial Position section of this report.

#### **Issuances, repurchases, and repayments of debt and equity securities**

The Company did not issue, repurchase and repay any debts and equity securities during the period under review.

#### **Material events subsequent to the end of the interim period that have not been reflected in the financial statements for the interim period**

There are no material events subsequent to the end of the interim period that has not been reflected in the financial statements for the interim period.

## **Item 2: Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial condition and Results of Operation**

*The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements and the related notes. PT&T's financial statements and the financial information discussed below have been prepared in accordance with Philippine generally accepted accounting principles, or Philippine GAAP.*

*The Company has selected and applied accounting policies so that financial statements will comply with all the requirements of Statement of Financial Accounting Standard and Interpretations. If there are no specific requirements, management has developed policies to ensure that the financial statements provide relevant and reliable information.*

*The Company maintains and adopted no change in accounting principle or practice, or in the method of applying any accounting principle or practice which affects relevance, reliability and comparability of the financial statements with those of prior periods.*

*The Company has no significant change in accounting estimates of the amount reported during the interim period of the financial year and in the other interim period or changes in estimates of amounts reported in prior financial years.*

*Since the last annual balance sheet date, the Company has no change in contingent liabilities and contingent assets during the interim financial period reported.*

*The Company is contingently liable for various claims arising in the ordinary conduct of business and certain tax assessments, which are being contested. Additional details of the disclosures are disclosed in the SEC Form 17-A and its attachments previously submitted.*

*During the interim period, there is no change in the Company's composition with regards to business combination, acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries and long-term investments and discontinuing operations, other than the explanations presented in Items 1&2 and Notes to Financial Statements.*

*The financial information appearing in this report and in the accompanying financial statements is stated in Philippine pesos. Translation into Philippine peso amounts into U.S. dollar in this report and in the accompanying financial statements were based on the exchange rate of P51.219 vis-à-vis U.S.\$1.00, the average exchange rate of the U.S. dollar at March 31, 2006.*



## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

(Amounts in PhP Thousands)

	<i>March 31, 2006</i>	<i>June 30, 2005</i>		
<i>Balance Sheet Data</i>	<i>(Unaudited)</i>	<i>(UNAUDITED)</i>	Change	%
Total Assets	8,885,281	9,386,586	(501,305)	-5%
Total Debts	1,841,753	1,724,533	117,220	7%
Total Equity	7,043,528	7,662,052	(618,524)	-8%
Property, Plant & Equipment	7,718,469	8,257,453	(538,984)	-7%
Current Assets	670,106	651,797	18,309	3%
Current Liabilities	1,693,340	1,575,576	117,764	7%
 <i>Financial Ratios</i>				
Debt to Equity Ratio	0.26	0.23		
Current Ratio	0.40	0.41		
 <i>Profit and Loss Data</i>				
	<i>March 31, 2006</i>	<i>March 31, 2005</i>		
	<i>(Unaudited)</i>	<i>(Unaudited)</i>	Change	%
Net Operating Revenues	312,523	368,366	(55,843)	-15%
Costs and Expenses	309,153	364,415	55,262	15%
EBITDA	3,370	3,951	(581)	-15%
Loss from Operations	573,210	607,722	34,512	6%
Net Loss	696,136	693,924	(2,212)	0%
 <i>Profitability Ratios</i>				
Operating Margin	-183%	-165%		
EBITDA Margin	1%	1%		
 <i>Cash Flow Statement</i>				
Net Cash from Operation	37,373	30,270	7,103	23%
Net Cash Flows from Investing-CAPEX	(37,595)	(30,421)	7,174	24%
Net Cash Flows	(222)	(150)	(72)	-48%
 <i>Other Data</i>				
Loss per Share	0.55	0.55		
Book Value per Share	5.61	6.11		
Peso/Dollar Exchange Rate	51.219	54.747		

## FINANCIAL CONDITION

### A.) Balance sheet

Cash of P1.712 as of March 31, 2006 decreased by P222K or 11% as compared to June 30, 2005 due to lower revenues for the period.

Accounts receivables – net of P384.535M as of March 31, 2006 increased by P38.830M or 11% as compared to June 30, 2005 due to non-collection of certain inter carrier accounts.

Inventories and supplies of P283.859M as of March 31, 2006 decreased by P20.299M or 7% as compared to June 30, 2005 due to issuances of supplies to operations and disposal of non-moving supplies.

Property and equipment at cost of P7,718.469M as of March 31, 2006 decreased by P538.984M or 7% as compared to June 30, 2005 mainly due to depreciation charges.

Notes payable of 27.670M increased by P6.006M or 28% as compared to June 30, 2005 of P21.664M due to additional short term borrowings.

Trade and other payables of P1,693.340M as of March 31, 2006 increased by P117.764M or 7% as compared to June 30, 2005 due to unpaid suppliers.

Current portion of long-term debt of P36.250M as of March 31, 2006 decreased by P2.913M or 7% as compared to June 30, 2005 due to improvement in the foreign exchange rate.

Total deficit of P5,878.457M as of March 31, 2006 decreased by P618.524M as compared to June 30, 2005 due to net loss for the period

In terms of financial ratios, debt-to-equity ratio is at .26x as of March 31, 2006 as compared to June 30, 2005 of .23x due to increase in trade payables.

Current ratio as of March 31, 2006 and June 30, 2005 is at 0.40x and 0.41x.

## **B.) Profit and Loss**

Net operating revenues of P312.523M as of March 31, 2006 decreased by P55.843M or 15% as compared to March 31, 2005 of P368.366M due to decrease in traditional revenues.

Costs and expenses of P309.153M as of March 31, 2006 decreased by P55.262M or 15% as compared to March 31, 2005 of P364.415M because of the continuous cost reduction program.

The Company's EBITDA (earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization) amounted to P3.370M as of March 31, 2006, lower by P581K as compared to March 31, 2005 of P3.951M because of the decrease in revenues.

The factors discussed above, decreased the loss from operations by P34.512M or 6% as of March 31, 2006 compared to the same period last year.

Net loss of P696.136M as of March 31, 2006 increased by P2.212M as compared to the same period last year.

## **C.) Cash Flow**

Net cash from operation of P37.373M as of March 31, 2006 increased by P7.103M as compared to March 31, 2005 of P30.421M due to additional borrowing.

Net cash flow from investing – CAPEX of P37.595M as of March 31, 2006 increased by P7.174M as compared to March 31, 2005 of P30.421M mainly to additional investment in broadband facility.

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

### I.) REVENUE

PT&T has organized its strategic units into three business segments: Local Exchange Carrier (LEC), Business Convergence(BCON) and Retail Distribution Network (RDN).

#### Overview:

The Company has achieved 85% performance of the total revenue for the nine(9) months period ended March 31, 2006 as compared to the same period last year. For the 3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter FY2006, the company has achieved 84% performance of the total revenue as compared to 3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter FY2005.

#### OPERATING REVENUES - Net

(In PhP Thousands)

	FOR THE NINE(9) MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31				FOR THE 3RD QUARTER MONTHS ENDED			
	2006	2005	VARIANCE	%	MARCH 31, '06	MARCH 31, '05	VARIANCE	%
LEC	163,034	204,691	(41,657)	-20%	46,291	64,244	(17,953)	-28%
BCON	135,492	145,120	(9,628)	-7%	45,020	45,698	(678)	-1%
RDN	13,997	18,555	(4,558)	-25%	4,455	4,110	345	8%
<b>REVENUES</b>	<b>312,523</b>	<b>368,366</b>	<b>(55,843)</b>	<b>-15%</b>	<b>95,766</b>	<b>114,052</b>	<b>(18,286)</b>	<b>-16%</b>

Contributing to the decrease in Revenues were the decrease in LEC SLI, lower international long distance usage, decline in Datacom circuit as well as ARPC (average revenue per circuit), decline in traditional messaging: PCO minutes, vorex NDD outbound revenue, prepaid card usage, telegram, and faxgram messages.

#### Results of Operation:

The following table shows the contribution of each business segment to the Company's operating revenue for the nine(9) months ended March 31, 2006 and 2005. The revenues consist of Local Exchange Carrier, Business Convergence and Retail Distribution Network representing 52%, 43% and 4% respectively of the total revenue.

#### OPERATING REVENUES - Net

(In PhP Thousands)

	FOR THE NINE(9) MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31			
	FY2006	% TO REVENUE	FY2005	% TO REVENUE
LEC	163,034	52%	204,691	56%
BCON	135,492	43%	145,120	39%
RDN	13,997	4%	18,555	5%
<b>TOTAL REVENUES</b>	<b>312,523</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>368,366</b>	<b>100%</b>

## A. LOCAL EXCHANGE CARRIER (LEC):

LEC offers basic telephone services, which includes the local calls, long distance (domestic and international) calls. Subscription can be made on a postpaid and prepaid basis. Revenues derived from these services consist of a fixed monthly recurring rate, which are billed for postpaid or paid in advance for prepaid subscribers. For postpaid subscribers, they are also billed for the long-distance calls and usages of dial-up internet. For prepaid subscribers, their long distance calls and internet usage is through their purchase of prepaid access card and loads for texting capability. LEC continues to be the main revenue provider of PT&T, contributing 52% of total revenues for nine(9) months ended March 31, 2006.

### Results of Operation:

For the nine(9) months ended March 31, 2006 of operation, LEC reached an 80% performance compared to the same period last year. Also, for the 3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter FY2006, LEC achieved a 72% performance compared to 3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter FY2005.

#### LEC REVENUE MIX (In PhP Thousands)

	FOR THE NINE(9) MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31				FOR THE 3RD QUARTER MONTHS ENDED			
	2006	2005	VARIANCE	%	MARCH 31, '06	MARCH 31, '05	VARIANCE	%
Basic telephone services	158,951	198,510	(39,559)	-20%	45,377	62,207	(16,830)	-27%
Paystation	4,083	6,181	(2,098)	-34%	913	2,037	(1,124)	-55%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>163,034</b>	<b>204,691</b>	<b>(41,657)</b>	<b>-20%</b>	<b>46,291</b>	<b>64,244</b>	<b>(17,953)</b>	<b>-28%</b>

### TELEPHONY

During the quarter revenue generation had been affected by a major service interruption in Laguna (except San Pedro) due to fire that occurred in the Calamba Exchange yard, that spread rapidly to our containerized exchange last March 19. Being tandem switch exchange of Laguna, access to/from the six (6) exchanges from Biñan up to Sta Cruz, were cut off. NETS was able to restore trunk access service except Calamba, within a week. Services to Calamba subscribers were restored within thirty (30) days from the date of the fire incident and had been served out of Cabuyao Exchange. Total asset loss was estimated to amount to Php. 75M.

As part of our regular programs we had pursued to arrest the effect of cellular and VOIP services which have caused the reduction of subscriber base, MRR and toll revenues. Continuing are the house-to-house campaign and telesales to generate subscribers. There is also churn management through improve response time in solving billing and technical complaints.

To put more value to landline service, "Groove Service package" was launched. Groove is the latest brand with a "call all u can" Laguna to Manila service. Under the new attractive package, a subscriber in Laguna can call "02" area NDD toll free and will be receiving incoming calls from the "02" area without charges on toll. This service is packaged with discounted CMTS and IDD rates, plus incentives for dial-up and DSL services. This is backed up by aggressive marketing and sales campaign to generate new lines subscription with higher ARPUs.

Further, in line with competition on VOIP services, a VOIP prepaid card was launched last December 2005. This will enable the user to place IDD calls at low rate.

## PAYSTATION

For paystation service, the continuous widespread use of cellphone and VOIP service are also affecting its revenue generation. To further pursue its revenue goal, the relocation of payphones to better earning sites is currently being made. The coin collection and maintenance works are being done by an outsource contractor.

## B. BUSINESS CONVERGENCE – (BCON)

PT&T has categorized its Broadband and Convergence (BCON) group to focus on delivering broadband services and converged services, integrating both traditional media and new media to suit the needs of the retail, wholesale and corporate market.

### Results of Operation:

For the nine(9) months ended March 31, 2006, BCON reached a 93% performance as compared to the same period last year. Also, for the 3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter FY2006, BCON has achieved a 99% performance as compared to that of 3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter FY2005 as shown on the table below.

#### BCON REVENUE MIX (In PhP Thousands)

	FOR THE NINE(9) MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31				FOR THE 3RD QUARTER MONTHS ENDED			
	2006	2005	VARIANCE	%	MARCH 31, '06	MARCH 31, '05	VARIANCE	%
Private Lines	82,644	89,014	(6,370)	-7%	27,436	28,059	(623)	-2%
Broadband	52,848	56,106	(3,258)	-6%	17,584	17,639	(55)	0%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>135,492</b>	<b>145,120</b>	<b>(9,628)</b>	<b>-7%</b>	<b>45,020</b>	<b>45,698</b>	<b>(678)</b>	<b>-1%</b>

## PRIVATE LINES

Drop in revenue and sales for traditional services can be attributed to disconnections and subscriber migration to other alternative services. Broadband is becoming more popular and customers prefer this new technology to the traditional service because of price difference and the flexibility of the service. Also, revenue is affected due to the application of rate reduction.

## BROADBAND

Activities for the broadband group included street level saturations on major nodes and account management of existing subscribers. Continuous direct mail campaign, print ad and leafleting were implemented to gain awareness. Sales force is focused mainly on the business market segment.

## C. RETAIL DISTRIBUTION NETWORK (RDN)

RDN is one the Company's strategic business units (SBU) that provides a variety of services ranging from internet based services to traditional products such as vovex, payphone, faxgram, telegraph and others.

### Results of Operation:

For the nine(9) months ended March 31, 2006, RDN achieved a 75% performance as compared to the same period last year. Also, for the 3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter FY2006, RDN has achieved a 108% performance as compared to that of 3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter FY2005 as shown on the table below.

**RDN REVENUE MIX**  
(In Php Thousands)

	FOR THE NINE(9) MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31				FOR THE 3RD QUARTER MONTHS ENDED			
	2006	2005	VARIANCE	%	MARCH 31, '06	MARCH 31, '05	VARIANCE	%
Traditional revenues	7,807	9,877	(2,070)	-21%	2,547	1,379	1,168	85%
Retail E-Biz	6,190	8,678	(2,488)	-29%	1,908	2,731	(823)	-30%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>13,997</b>	<b>18,555</b>	<b>(4,558)</b>	<b>-25%</b>	<b>4,455</b>	<b>4,110</b>	<b>345</b>	<b>8%</b>

**E-Biz Services**

**Click and Call**

The 3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter of FY 2006 is a roller-coaster ride for Click & Call. It started at a peak in January when students returned from the long Christmas holiday which triggered dramatic rebounds in revenue, customer traffic and PC utilization.

However, revenue and customer traffic took a dive toward the second week of February. This was a result of successive suspension of classes due to socio-political protests held not only in NCR's University Belt but also in provincial business and social districts where the Click & Call branches are located.

Came March, Click & Call was on the upswing once more up as the outlets became a hub of activities as students scrambled to either complete their PC-based school requirements or to shake off the rigors of final examinations thru interactive activities such as gaming and online chatting. This came to a sudden halt when customer traffic started to dwindle toward the third week as school term for the year officially came to an end.

On the whole, despite the reduction in productive operating days for the quarter, the Click & Call performance for the quarter was definitely an improvement over the previous one.

One of the programs pursued to maximize revenue opportunities during the quarter was the stepped-up PC maintenance and reallocation activities. The thrust was to fill up the PC workstations in the high-yield branches with higher customer traffic and utilization rate. Posting the most dramatic growth during the quarter are Legarda, Isetann and Santiago. These are the three branches which benefited most in the re-allocation of PC units retrieved from closed branches namely Legaspi and Novaliches branches. Closure of Legaspi branch was initiated by the franchisee last February while Novaliches, which was closed on the first week of March, is actually one of four low-revenue generating branches tagged for closure in the business plan.

Online gaming continued to provide excitement in Click & Call operations. Niche-positioning of Click & Call as a top-of-mind hub for online game activities is further boosted when a leading online game publisher tapped Intramuros Click & Call to showcase to its prospective foreign investors the wide following for its online games. The branch earned the compliments of international online game experts for its ambiance and high-speed internet connection during the two consecutive days when the branch was commissioned exclusively for Mobius Online games free play.

This was immediately followed by the week long Pot of Gold Dota Tournament held in various branches in NCR. More online game publishers continue to negotiate with Click & Call for more free plays and tournaments amidst threats of monopolistic moves.

Marginal investments in sponsorship activities also proved worthwhile as the Click & Call-sponsored guild emerged champion in the Mobius Onslaught Gunbound Tournament. On top of the cash prize won by the guild members, Click & Call also earned cash reward as the sponsoring internet café. This has set off inspiration toward similar sponsorship activities which Click & Call sees as another opportunity for PC upgrade fund-generation. Prior to this, by promoting and being top internet café game-drawer for specific online games, Click & Call earned reward points with corresponding reward items such as hard disks, video and memory cards and other PC paraphernalia and accessories.

### Traditional Services

Meanwhile, with the alternative rerouting of the vodex toll network, long distance service has normalized during the quarter. This triggered the soft launch of the Call Saver card which allowed walk-in customers and resellers to call international at more accessible and affordable rates using the VOIP platform.

## II.) COSTS AND EXPENSES

For the nine(9) months ended March 31, 2006, the Company posted a P885.7M costs and expenses resulting to P90.3M or 9% lower than the same period last year of P976.0M. For the 3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter FY2006 the Company also posted a P285.8M costs and expenses resulting to P32.4M or 10% lower than the same period last year of P318.0M. These can be attributed to the Company's successful programs in trimming down cost and expenses during the period.

The following table shows the Company's comparative total costs and expenses for the nine(9) months ended March 31, 2006 and 2005 and 3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter FY2006 and FY2005:

### COSTS & EXPENSES (In PhP Thousands)

	FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31				FOR THE THIRD QUARTER ENDED			
	2006	2005	VARIANCE	%	March '06	March '05	VARIANCE	%
<b>1)Operating expenses</b>	<b>281,004</b>	<b>331,532</b>	<b>50,528</b>	<b>15%</b>	<b>88,531</b>	<b>103,911</b>	<b>15,380</b>	<b>15%</b>
Staff related expenses	106,226	146,556	40,330	28%	34,231	44,446	10,215	23%
Premises related expenses	81,187	87,718	6,531	7%	24,485	28,340	3,855	14%
Other operations related expenses	93,591	97,258	3,667	4%	29,814	31,125	1,311	4%
<b>2)Provisions for doubtful accounts</b>	<b>28,149</b>	<b>32,883</b>	<b>4,734</b>	<b>14%</b>	<b>9,332</b>	<b>10,087</b>	<b>755</b>	<b>7%</b>
<b>3)Depreciation &amp; amortization</b>	<b>576,580</b>	<b>611,674</b>	<b>35,094</b>	<b>6%</b>	<b>187,994</b>	<b>204,098</b>	<b>16,104</b>	<b>8%</b>
<b>GRAND TOTAL</b>	<b>885,732</b>	<b>976,089</b>	<b>90,357</b>	<b>9%</b>	<b>285,856</b>	<b>318,096</b>	<b>32,240</b>	<b>10%</b>

### 1.) Operating Expenses

For the nine(9) months period ended March 31, 2006, the Company posted an operating expenses of P281.0M resulting to 15% or P50.5M lower than the same period last year of P331.5M. For the 3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter FY2006, the Company also posted an operating expenses of P88.5M resulting to 15% or P15.3M lower than 3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter FY2005 of P103.9M. These can be attributed to the decrease in staff related, premises related expenses and operations related expenses as follows:

#### Staff Related Expenses

For the nine(9) months ended March 31, 2006, the Company's staff related expenses amounted to P106.2M as compared to the same period last year of 146.5M for a decrease of P40.3M or 28%. For the 3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter FY2006, staff related expenses amounted to P34.2M as compared to 3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter FY2005 of P44.4M for a decrease of P10.2M or 23%. The decrease in staff related expenses is mainly due to the continuous manpower rationalization.

### **Premises Related Expenses**

For the nine(9) months ended March 31, 2006, the Company's premises related expenses amounted to 81.1M as compared to the same period last year of P87.7M for a decrease of P6.5M or 7%. For the 3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter FY2006, premises related expenses amounted to P24.4M as compared to 3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter FY2005 of P28.3M for a decrease of P3.8M or 14%.

### **Other Operations Related Expenses**

For the nine(9) months ended March 31, 2006, the Company's other operations related expenses amounted to P93.5M as compared to the same period last year of P97.2M for a decrease of P3.6M or 4%. For the 3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter FY2006, operations related expenses amounted to P29.8M as compared to 3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter FY2005 of P31.1M for a decrease of P1.3M or 4%.

## **2.) Provisions for Doubtful Accounts**

For nine(9) months ended March 31, 2006, the Company's provisions for doubtful accounts amounted to P28.1M as compared to the same period last year of P32.8M for a decrease of P4.7M or 14%. For the 3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter FY2006, provision for doubtful accounts amounted to P9.3M as compared to 3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter FY2005 of P10.0M for a decrease of 755K or 7%.

## **3.) Depreciation and Amortization**

For the nine(9) months ended March 31, 2006, the Company's depreciation and amortization expenses amounted to P576.5M as compared to the same period last year of P611.6M for a decrease of P35.0M or 6%. On the 3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter FY2006, depreciation and amortization amounted to P187.9M as compared to 3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter FY2005 of P204.0M for a decrease of P16.1M or 8%.

## **III.) INTEREST AND OTHER CHARGES -NET**

### **OTHER CHARGES - Net** **(In PhP Thousands)**

	<b>FOR THE NINE(9) MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31</b>			
	<b>FY2006</b>	<b>FY2005</b>	<b>VARIANCE</b>	<b>%</b>
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	(3,283)	(112,882)	(109,599)	97%
Interest	124,893	190,846	65,953	35%
Others	1,316	8,239	6,923	84%
	<b>122,926</b>	<b>86,203</b>	<b>(36,723)</b>	<b>-43%</b>

The Company's interest and other charges amounted to P122.9M for the nine(9) months ended March 31, 2006, representing -43% or P36.7M lower than the same period last year of P86.2M. This includes the P3.2M gain on foreign currency adjustment for the current year as compared to P112.8M loss on foreign currency adjustment of the prior year. The decrease in exchange rate was P3.960 vis-à-vis US \$1 compared to P1.429 as of March 31, 2006 and 2005 respectively.

The interest expense for the nine(9) months ended March 31, 2006 amounted to P124.8M; representing 35% or P65.9M higher than the same period last year of P190.8M due to decrease of interest rate.

## **IV.) NET OPERATING LOSS**

As a result of the factors discussed above, the Company registered a net loss from operations of P573.2M for the nine(9) months ended March 31, 2006 as compared to the same period last year of P607.7M for a decrease of 6% or P34.5M.



## V.) EBITDA

### EBITDA

(In PhP Thousands)

	FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31				FOR THE 3RD QUARTER ENDED			
	2006	2005	VARIANCE	%	March '06	March '05	VARIANCE	%
<b>OPERATING REVENUES</b>	<b>312,523</b>	<b>368,366</b>	<b>(55,843)</b>	<b>-15%</b>	<b>95,766</b>	<b>114,052</b>	<b>(18,286)</b>	<b>-16%</b>
<b>OPERATING EXPENSES</b>								
Staff related expenses	106,226	146,556	40,330	28%	34,231	44,446	10,215	23%
Premises related expenses	81,187	87,718	6,531	7%	24,485	28,340	3,855	14%
Other operations related expenses	93,591	97,258	3,667	4%	29,814	31,125	1,311	4%
Provisions for doubtful accounts	28,149	32,883	4,734	14%	9,332	10,087	755	7%
	<b>309,153</b>	<b>364,415</b>	<b>55,262</b>	<b>15%</b>	<b>97,862</b>	<b>113,998</b>	<b>16,136</b>	<b>14%</b>
<b>EBITDA</b>	<b>3,370</b>	<b>3,951</b>	<b>(581)</b>		<b>(2,096)</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>(2,150)</b>	
<b>EBITDA MARGIN</b>	<b>1%</b>	<b>1%</b>	<b>0%</b>		<b>-2%</b>	<b>0%</b>	<b>-2%</b>	

The Company's Earnings Before Interest Expenses, Taxes and Depreciation & Amortization (EBITDA) for the nine(9) months ended March 31, 2006 amounted to P3.3M, versus the P3.9M of the same period last year. The lower EBITDA was due to lower revenue.

## VI.) CASH FLOWS

### A.) NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATIONS

For the nine(9) months ended March 31, 2006, the Company generated a cash flow from operations amounting to 37.373M.

### B.) NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING - CAPEX

The additions to Plant Property and Equipment (PPE) for the nine(9) months ended March 31, 2006 amounted to P37.595M. Major portion of these capital expenditures represents acquisition of the SDSL and Gigabit Ethernet access equipment for broadband.

### C.) NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING

The Company principally relied on internally generated cash flow from operations for its funding requirements during the period.

## VII.) OTHER EVENTS

### A.) *Any known trends, demands, commitments, events, or uncertainties that will have a material impact on the issuer's liquidity*

The Management has no knowledge of any known trends, demands, commitments, events, or uncertainties that will have a material impact on the company's liquidity except as those disclosed in Tax Liabilities and Financial Position and other sections of this report and in SEC Form 17-A previously submitted.

***B.) Any material commitments for capital expenditures, the general purpose of such commitments and the expected sources of funds for such expenditures***

The Management has no knowledge of any material commitments for capital expenditures, the general purpose of such commitments and the expected sources of the funds for such expenditures.

***C.) Any known trends, events or uncertainties that have had or that are reasonably expected to have a material favorable or unfavorable impact on net sales/revenues/income from continuing operations***

The Management has no knowledge of any known trends, events or uncertainties that have had or that are reasonably expected to have a material favorable or unfavorable impact on net sales/revenues/income from continuing operations except as those disclosed in Results of Operations section of this report and in SEC Form 17-A previously submitted.

***D.) Any significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from the issuer's continuing operations***

The Management has no knowledge of any significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from the Company's continuing operations.

***E.) Any seasonal aspects that had a material effect on the financial condition or results of operations***

The Management has no knowledge of any seasonal aspect, events or uncertainties that will have a material impact on the Company's financial position or operation except as those disclosed in Financial Position and Results of Operations and other sections of this report and in SEC Form 17-A previously submitted.

***F.) Whether or not the Company is having or anticipates having within the next 12 months any cash flow or liquidity problem***

As explained elsewhere in this report, the Company's liquidity position shall be improved if the proposed compromise settlement for tax liabilities, which is a significant portion of the current liabilities, is accepted by the BIR. The Company's management has likewise made certain recommendations to its lender-shareholders, who now comprise the majority ownership interest in the Company due to the concluded debt restructuring program, for the strengthening of the Company's stockholders equity.

***G.) Whether or not the Company is in default or breach of any note, loan, lease or other indebtedness of financing arrangement requiring it to make payments***

As mentioned elsewhere in this report, the Company's board of directors, with representation by the lender-shareholders, have approved the business plan for fiscal year 2006 which covers the financial plan for the said fiscal year, including financial arrangements with respect to operational expenses, capital expenditures, and debt servicing.

***H.) Whether or not a significant amount of the Company's trade payables have not been paid within the stated trade terms***

As explained above, the Company's business plan for fiscal year 2006 covers financial arrangements for trade payables, including old accounts whose payment terms have been stretched upon mutual agreement with the concerned suppliers.

## **PART I – OTHER INFORMATION**

Disclosure made under SEC Form 17-C:

This is in compliance with SEC Form 17-C of the Securities Regulation Code and SRC Rule 17.2 c regarding current reporting. Other than the explanations presented in Items 1 & 2, Management has no knowledge of any current events, known facts, or existing uncertainties that will reasonably affect the decision of investors to buy or sell securities or will have a material impact on the Company's financial position and operation.

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

### **PHILIPPINE TELEGRAPH AND TELEPHONE CORP.**

Issuer



Signature and Title: **ARTURO T. FALCO**  
Vice President – Group Comptroller

Date: May 22, 2006