Ca	se 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/0 Main Document I	4/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Page 1 of 161
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	SCOTT H. YUN (STATE BAR NO. 185190) H. ALEXANDER FISCH (STATE BAR NO. 22 STUTMAN, TREISTER & GLATT PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION 1901 Avenue of the Stars, 12th Floor Los Angeles, CA 90067 Telephone: (310) 228-5600 Telecopy: (310) 228-5788 Email: syun@stutman.com; afisch@stutman JEFFREY C. KRAUSE (STATE BAR NO. 9405 GIBSON, DUNN & CRUTCHER LLP 333 South Grand Avenue Los Angeles, CA 90071 Telephone: (213) 229-7000 Telecopy: (213) 229-7520 Email: jkrause@gibsondunn.com REORGANIZATION COUNSEL FOR	1.com
10	DEBTORS AND DEBTORS IN POSSESSION	
12	CENTRAL DISTRI	ANKRUPTCY COURT CT OF CALIFORNIA NA DIVISION
13	In re)	Case No. 8:11-bk-24720-SC
14	PACIFIC MONARCH RESORTS, INC.,	Chapter 11
15	a California corporation,	Jointly Administered with Case Nos.
16 17	Jointly Administered Debtors) and Debtors in Possession.)	8:11-bk-24724-SC; 8:11-bk-24725-SC; 8:11-bk-24727-SC; 8:11-bk-24729-SC; 8:11-bk-24731-SC
18		AMENDED DISCLOSURE STATEMENT
19) Affects:	DESCRIBING THE DEBTORS' AMENDED JOINT CHAPTER 11 PLAN OF REORGANIZATION DATED
20	Pacific Monarch Resorts, Inc. Only) Vacation Interval Realty, Inc. Only)	SEPTEMBER 4, 2012
21	Vacation Marketing Group, Inc. Only MGV Cabo, LLC Only	Disclosure Statement Hearing
22	Desarrollo Cabo Azul, S. de R.L. de C.V.	Date: September 20, 2012 Time: 10:00 a.m.
23	Operadora MGVM S. de R.L. de C.V. Only ALL DEBTORS	Place: Courtroom 5C 411 West Fourth Street
24		Santa Ana, CA 92701
25		Confirmation Hearing
26))	[To be Scheduled]
27		
28	The Bankruptcy Court has not yet approved 11 U.S.C. § 1125. Therefore, it is not to b	<u>VTICE</u> this Amended Disclosure Statement pursuant to be relied upon or used in connection with the ny chapter 11 plan filed in these cases.

Ca	se 8:11	I-bk-24	720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 2 of 161
1			TABLE OF CONTENTS
2			Page(s)
3	I.	INTRO	ODUCTION
4		A.	Summary of Classification and Treatment
5			1. PMR
6			2. MGV Cabo
7			3. DCA
8			4. Operadora
9		В.	Summary of Voting On The Plan
10	II.	GENE	ERAL BACKGROUND
11		A.	The Debtors and the Debtors' Business Operations7
12		B.	Events Leading to Chapter 11
13		C.	The Debtors' Restructuring and Marketing Efforts
14	III.	SIGNI	IFICANT EVENTS DURING CHAPTER 11 CASES 12
15		A.	First Day Motions and Use of Cash Collateral12
16		В.	The Sales of DPM Acquired Assets and the RFA Acquired Assets
17		C.	Related Transactions
18		D.	Other Significant Events
19			1. Claims Bar Date
20			2. Schedules, Statement of Financial Affairs and Other Compliance Issues 17
21			3. Retention of Professionals by the Debtors
22			4. Formation of the Committee and Committee's Counsel
23			5. CB&T Issues
24		E.	The Debtors' Remaining Assets After the Sales to DPM and RFA PMR LoanCo Close
25	IV.	SUMN	MARY OF THE PLAN
26		A.	General Overview of the Plan
27		B.	Substantive Consolidation of PMR, VIR and VMG
28		-	

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 3 of 161

1	C.		•	f Classification Of Treatment Of Claims And Interests Under The
2		1.		assified Claims
3		1.	a.	Administrative Claims
4			u.	i. Treatment
5				ii. Deadlines
6				
7			b.	Priority Tax Claims
8		2.	Class	sification and Treatment of Claims27
9			a.	Classes Of Claims And Interests
10			b.	PMR
.1				i. PMR Class 1 (CB&T Office Building Secured Claim) 27
2				ii. PMR Class 2 (PMR Secured Tax Claims)
3				iii. PMR Class 3 (PMR Other Secured Claims)
4				iv. PMR Class 4 (PMR Non-Tax Priority Claims) 29
15				v. PMR Class 5 (PMR Convenience Claims)
.6				vi. PMR Class 6 (PMR General Unsecured Claims)
17				vii. PMR Class 7 (PMR Subordinated Claims)
.8				viii. PMR Class 8 (PMR Interests)
.9			с.	MGV Cabo
20				 MGV Cabo Class 1 (MGV Cabo Secured Tax Claims)
21				ii. MGV Cabo Class 2 (MGV Cabo Other Secured Claims) 31
22				
23				iii. MGV Class 3 (MGV Cabo Priority Non-Tax Claims)
24 25				iv. MGV Cabo Class 4 (MGV Cabo General Unsecured Claims)
25 26				v. MGV Cabo Class 5 (MGV Cabo Interests)
27			d.	DCA
28				i. DCA Class 1 (DCA Secured Tax Claims)
-0				

Ca	se 8:11-bk-24720-SC	Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 4 of 161
Ca 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	D. Executor E. Implement 1. C 2. A 3. C 4. V 5. T 6. Pr	Main DocumentPage 4 of 161ii.DCA Class 2 (DCA Other Secured Claims)
	F. Liquidati 1. A 2. R 3. F 4. T G. Distributi 1. C	on Trust
28	2. So	etoff and Recoupment

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 5 of 161 1 3. 2 4. 3 5. 4 6. 5 7. 6 8. 7 9. 8 10. 9 11. 10 12. 11 13. 12 H. 13 1. 14 2. 15 3. 16 17 4. 18 5. 19 6. 20 7. 21 8. Reserve Amounts for Disputed Administrative, Priority, and Secured 22 Claims 50 I. 23 24 1. 25 2. 26 3. 27 J. 28

Ca	se 8:11	I-bk-24	720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 6 of 161
1			1. Final Principal Distributions on Liquidation Trust Interests
2			2. Distribution of Postpetition Interest
3	V.	LITIG	ATION AND CLAIMS OBJECTIONS
4		A.	Preservation of Causes of Action
5		B.	No Waiver
6		C.	Objections to and Resolution of Disputed Claims
7	VI.	OTHE	R PLAN PROVISIONS
8 9		A.	Discharge of the Debtors
9		B.	Exculpation and Release of Debtors, Committee, and Professionals
10		C.	Injunction Enjoining Holders of Claims
12		D.	Injunctions or Stays
13		E.	Exemption from Stamp, Transfer, and Other Taxes
14		F.	No Admissions
15		G.	Severability of Plan Provisions
16		H.	Governing Law
17		I.	Successors and Assigns
18		J.	Nonconsensual Confirmation
19		K.	Revocation of the Plan
20		L.	Amendment
21		M.	Saturday, Sunday, or Legal Holiday
22		N.	Post-Effective Date Status Reports
23		0.	Post-Effective Date Notice
24 25		P.	Retention of Jurisdiction
25 26		Q.	Entry of a Final Decree
20	VII.	CERT	AIN FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES
28		A.	Introduction

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 7 of 161 1 Β. 2 C. 3 1. 4 2 5 3. Tax Treatment of the Liquidation Trust and Holders of Beneficial Interests Therein 67 6 7 4. 8 VIII. 9 A. 10 1. 11 a. 12 What Is an Impaired Claim. 72 b. 13 c. 14 Votes Necessary to Confirm the Plan......73 d. 15 Votes Necessary for a Class to Accept the Plan......73 e. 16 2. 17 Β. 18 Hearing On Confirmation Of The Plan......73 1. 19 C. Feasibility and Risk Factors......75 20D. 21 E. 22 23 F. 24 G. 25 IX. ALTERNATIVES TO CONFIRMATION AND CONSUMMATION OF THE PLAN OF 26 X. 27 28

INTRODUCTION

Pacific Monarch Resorts, Inc. ("<u>PMR</u>"), and its subsidiaries that are debtors and
debtors in possession in the above-captioned jointly administered chapter 11 cases (the "<u>Debtors</u>")
filed voluntary petitions under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code¹ on October 24, 2011. The
Debtors are distributing this Disclosure Statement to solicit acceptances of the "Debtors' Amended
Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization Dated September 4, 2012" (the "<u>Plan</u>") filed with the
Bankruptcy Court, a copy of which is attached hereto as <u>Exhibit "A"</u>.

9 The Debtors' principal operating assets have already been sold pursuant to Bankruptcy Code 10 section 363 during the pendency of the Cases. The objectives of the Plan are to (1) effect the 11 substantive consolidation of PMR, VIR, and VMG, (2) merge the Mexican Entities (as defined 12 below) into DCA, while providing for payment in full of all Claims against the Mexican Entities, 13 other than RFA's Claim against DCA, (3) complete the transition services required under the 14 completed sale to DPM; and (4) transfer the Causes of Action, and other remaining Assets of PMR 15 to the Liquidation Trust established for PMR, which shall liquidate the Causes Action and all other 16 Trust Assets, and distribute the proceeds thereof to Holders of Allowed Claims. The Plan divides 17 Creditors and Interest Holders of the Debtors into Classes based on their legal rights and interests. 18 All Holders of Allowed Claims against DCA and the Mexican Entities, other than RFA, will be paid 19 in full. Holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims against PMR, VIR and VMG, which will be 20 substantively consolidated with PMR, will be entitled to Pro Rata distributions from the Liquidation 21 Trust. The Holders of Allowed Convenience Class Claims against PMR, VIR and VMG, will 22 receive a cash payment equal to 20% of their Allowed Claims. From and after the Transition 23 Completion Date, the Reorganized PMR Equity will be owned by New Equity Holder, who is not an 24 affiliate or insider of any of the Debtors, and the equity in Reorganized DCA will be owned by

25 26

1

Unless otherwise defined herein, all capitalized terms shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Plan, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit "A".

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 9 of 161

Reorganized PMR. Based on this transition, the current Interest Holders of the Debtors will not
 receive or retain anything on account of their Interests.

3 The Debtors have prepared the Disclosure Statement pursuant to Bankruptcy Code 4 section 1125 in connection with their solicitation of votes on the Plan. The purpose of the 5 Disclosure Statement is to provide information of a kind and in sufficient detail to enable the 6 Holders of Claims in Impaired Classes to make an informed judgment whether to accept or reject the 7 Plan and to inform Holders of unclassified Claims, classified Claims, and Equity Interests of their 8 treatment under the Plan. Neither the Debtors nor the Court have authorized the communication of 9 any information about the Plan other than the information contained in the Disclosure Statement and 10 the related materials transmitted herewith or filed with the Bankruptcy Court.

11 On September [__], 2012 at 10:00 a.m., after notice and a hearing (the "Disclosure 12 Statement Hearing"), the Bankruptcy Court approved the Disclosure Statement as containing 13 "adequate information" of a kind and in sufficient detail to enable a hypothetical, reasonable investor 14 typical of holders of claims or equity interests to make informed judgments about the Plan. A copy 15 of the Bankruptcy Court's order approving the Disclosure Statement (the "Disclosure Statement 16 Order") is annexed hereto as **Exhibit "B"**. Approval of the Disclosure Statement by the Bankruptcy 17 Court does not indicate that the Bankruptcy Court either has passed on the merits of the Plan or 18 recommends acceptance or rejection of the Plan.

19 For the convenience of all parties, the terms of the Plan are summarized in the 20 Disclosure Statement. Although the Debtors believe that the Disclosure Statement accurately 21 describes the Plan, all summaries of the Plan contained in the Disclosure Statement are qualified by 22 the Plan itself, the exhibits thereto, and the documents described therein, which control in the event 23 of any inconsistency with or incompleteness in the summaries provided in the Disclosure Statement. 24 Accordingly, the Debtors urge each recipient to review carefully the contents of the Disclosure 25 Statement, the Plan, and the other documents that accompany or are referred to in the Disclosure 26 Statement or the Plan before making a decision to accept or reject the Plan.

Attached as exhibits to this Disclosure Statement are (1) the Plan (<u>Exhibit "A"</u>);
(2) the Disclosure Statement Order (<u>Exhibit "B"</u>); (3) projections under the Plan for payments to

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 10 of 161

Holders of Allowed Claims (**Exhibit "C"**); and (4) a liquidation analysis (**Exhibit "D"**). Unless 1 2 otherwise specified herein, this Disclosure Statement is based upon information available to the 3 Debtors as of the date of the Disclosure Statement, and does not reflect events that may occur sub-4 sequent to that date, which may have a material impact on the information contained in the 5 Disclosure Statement. The Debtors will not make any effort to supplement or amend the Disclosure Statement to reflect changes beyond that date. THE DEBTORS DO NOT REPRESENT OR 6 7 WARRANT THAT THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IS COMPLETE OR THAT THE **INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS FREE FROM ANY INACCURACY OR** 8 9 **OMISSION.**

ALTHOUGH THE DEBTORS' PROFESSIONAL ADVISORS HAVE ASSISTED 10 11 IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BASED UPON THE 12 FACTUAL INFORMATION AND ASSUMPTIONS FOR THE FINANCIAL, BUSINESS, AND ACCOUNTING DATA PROVIDED BY THE DEBTORS, THE DEBTORS' PROFESSIONALS 13 14 HAVE NOT INDEPENDENTLY VERIFIED THE INFORMATION SET FORTH IN THIS 15 DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND MAKE NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES AS 16 TO SUCH INFORMATION. NOR DO SUCH PROFESSIONALS REPRESENT OR WARRANT 17 THAT THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IS COMPLETE OR IS FREE FROM ANY INACCURACY OR OMISSION. 18

19 ANY INFORMATION, REPRESENTATION, OR INDUCEMENT MADE TO SECURE OR OBTAIN ACCEPTANCES OR REJECTIONS OF THE PLAN THAT ARE OTHER 20 21 THAN, OR ARE INCONSISTENT WITH, THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS 22 DISCLOSURE STATEMENT SHOULD NOT BE RELIED UPON BY ANY PERSON IN 23 ARRIVING AT A DECISION TO VOTE FOR OR AGAINST THE PLAN. ANY SUCH 24 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, REPRESENTATIONS, AND INDUCEMENTS SHOULD BE 25 IMMEDIATELY REPORTED TO THE ATTENTION OF THE DEBTORS AND THE 26 BANKRUPTCY COURT.

27

Ca	se 8:11-bk-2472	20-SC	Doc 643 Main Doc		/04/12 Page		ered 09/04/12 161	18:51:44	Desc
1			C	AUTION	ARY ST	ATE	MENT		
2	т	Fo the ext	ent any inf	ormation i	ncluded	in this	s Disclosure Sta	atement con	tains forward
3	looking stateme	ents within	n the meani	ng of the S	Securitie	es Act	of 1933, as am	ended, and t	the Securities
4	Exchange Act o	of 1934, as	s amended,	such forw	ard look	ting in	formation is ba	used on info	rmation
5	available when	such state	ements were	e made an	d is subj	ect to	risks and uncer	tainties that	could cause
6	actual results to	differ ma	aterially fro	m those ex	xpressed	in the	statements.		
7	т	THIS DIS	CLOSURE	E STATEN	/IENT H	AS N	OT BEEN APP	PROVED O	R
8	DISAPPROVEI	D BY TH	E SECURI	TIES AN	D EXCH	IANG	E COMMISSI	ON NOR H	AS THE
9	COMMISSION	PASSEE	D UPON TH	HE ACCU	RACY (OR TH	HE ADEQUAC	Y OF THE	
10	STATEMENTS	STATEMENTS CONTAINED HEREIN.							
11	A. Summary of Classification and Treatment.								
12	т	The following is a summary of the classification of all Claims and Interests under the							
13	Plan and the pro	Plan and the proposed treatment of each such class under the Plan. This summary is qualified in its							
14	entirety by refer	rence to m	nore detaile	d provisio	ons set fo	orth in	the Plan, the te	rms of whic	ch are
15	controlling.								
16		1. PN	AR.						
17									
18	<u>Class</u>	Descrip	tion				Impairment	Entitleme	ent to Vote
19 20	PMR Class 1	PMR C Claim	B&T Offic	e Building	s Secured	ł	Unimpaired	No	
21	PMR Class 2	PMR Se	ecured Tax	Claims			Impaired	Yes	
22	PMR Class 3	PMR O	ther Secure	d Claims			Impaired	Yes	
23	PMR Class 4	PMR Pr	riority Non-	-Tax Clair	ns		Impaired	Yes	
24	PMR Class 5	PMR C	onvenience	Claims			Impaired	Yes	
25	PMR Class 6	PMR G	eneral Unse	ecured Cla	aims		Impaired	Yes	
26	PMR Class 7	PMR Su	ubordinated	l Claims			Impaired	Yes	
27	PMR Class 8	PMR E	quity Intere	ests			Impaired	Yes	
28									

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 12 of 161

2. MGV Cabo.

2 3	Class	Description	Impairment	Entitlement to Vote
4	MGV Cabo Class 1	MGV Cabo Secured Tax Claims	Unimpaired	No
5	MGV Cabo Class 2	MGV Cabo Other Secured Claims	Impaired	Yes
7	MGV Cabo Class 3	MGV Cabo Priority Non-Tax Claims	Impaired	Yes
8	MGV Cabo Class 4	MGV General Unsecured Claims	Impaired	Yes
10	MGV Cabo Class 5	MGV Cabo Equity Interests	Impaired	Yes
11 12		3. DCA.		
13	<u>Class</u>	Description	<u>Impairment</u>	Entitlement to Vote
14	DCA Class 1	DCA Secured Tax Claims	Unimpaired	No
15	DCA Class 2	DCA Other Secured Claims	Impaired	Yes
16	DCA Class 3	DCA Priority Non-Tax Claims	Impaired	Yes
17	DCA Class 4	DCA General Unsecured Claims	Impaired	Yes
18	DCA Class 5	DCA Equity Interests	Impaired	Yes
19 20		4. Operadora.		
21	<u>Class</u>	Description	<u>Impairment</u>	Entitlement to Vote
22 23	Operadora Class 1	Operadora Secured Tax Claims	Unimpaired	No
24	Operadora Class 2	Operadora Other Secured Claims	Impaired	Yes
25 26	Operadora Class 3	Operadora Priority Non-Tax Claims	Impaired	Yes
27	Operadora Class 4	Operadora General Unsecured Claims	Impaired	Yes
28				

Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Desc Main Document Page 13 of 161

1 2	<u>Class</u>	Description	Impairment	Entitlement to Vote
3	Operadora Class 5	Operadora Equity Interests	Impaired	Yes

5

4

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

15

В. Summary of Voting On The Plan.

The Court may confirm the Plan if at least one noninsider impaired class of claims has accepted and certain statutory requirements are met as to both nonconsenting members within a consenting class and as to dissenting classes. A Class of Claims has accepted the Plan when more than one-half in number and at least two-thirds in amount of the Allowed Claims actually voting, vote in favor of the Plan. A Class of Interests has accepted the Plan when at least two-thirds in amount of the allowed interests of such class actually voting have accepted it. It is important to remember that even if the requisite number of votes to confirm the Plan are obtained, the Plan will not bind the parties unless and until the Court makes an independent determination that confirmation is appropriate. That is the subject of any upcoming confirmation hearing (the "Confirmation 14 Hearing").

The Debtors believe that PMR Classes 2 through 7, MGV Cabo Classes 2 through 4, 16 and DCA Classes 2 through 4, and Operadora Classes 2 through 4 are impaired, and, therefore 17 entitled to vote. PMR Class 1, MGV Cabo Class 1, DCA Class 1, and Operadora Class 1 are 18 unimpaired and, therefore, do not vote. The following Classes of Interests shall receive nothing 19 under the Plan and, therefore, are deemed to have rejected the Plan: PMR Class 8, DCA Class 5, and 20 MGV Cabo Class 5. A party that disputes the Debtors' characterization of its claim or interest as 21 unimpaired may request a finding of impairment from the Court in order to obtain the right to vote. 22

If you have any questions about the procedure for voting, or if you did not receive a Ballot, received a damaged Ballot, or have lost your Ballot, or if you would like additional copies of this Disclosure Statement, please send a written request to Stutman, Treister & Glatt Professional Corporation, 1901 Avenue of the Stars, 12th Floor, Los Angeles, California, 90067, Facsimile No. (310) 228-5788, Attention: Joanne B. Stern, Paralegal.

28

23

24

25

26

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 14 of 161

The Court has scheduled the Confirmation Hearing on the date and at the place
specified in the Confirmation Hearing Notice accompanying this Disclosure Statement. The Court
has directed that objections, if any, to confirmation of the Plan be served and filed on or before the
date specified, and in the manner described in the Confirmation Hearing Notice. The Confirmation
Hearing may be continued from time to time by the Court without further notice except for the
announcement of the continuation date made at the Confirmation Hearing or at any subsequent
continued Confirmation Hearing.

8 After carefully reviewing this Disclosure Statement and the Plan, including the
9 exhibits, each holder of an impaired claim should vote on the enclosed ballot and return it in
10 the envelope provided.

11 TO BE COUNTED, YOUR BALLOT MUST BE COMPLETELY FILLED IN, 12 SIGNED, AND TRANSMITTED IN THE MANNER SPECIFIED IN THE BALLOT SO THAT IT IS RECEIVED BY THE BALLOT TABULATOR BY THE VOTING DEADLINE 13 SPECIFIED IN THE BALLOT. PLEASE FOLLOW CAREFULLY ALL INSTRUCTIONS 14 15 CONTAINED IN THE BALLOT. ANY BALLOTS RECEIVED WHICH DO NOT INDICATE EITHER AN ACCEPTANCE OR REJECTION OF THE PLAN OR WHICH 16 17 INDICATE BOTH AN ACCEPTANCE AND REJECTION OF THE PLAN WILL NOT BE COUNTED. 18

THE DEBTORS BELIEVE THAT THE PLAN PROVIDES THE BEST
 FEASIBLE RECOVERY TO THE CREDITORS OF THE BANKRUPTCY ESTATES, AND
 THAT ACCEPTANCE OF THE PLAN IS IN THE BEST INTERESTS OF SUCH
 CREDITORS. THE DEBTORS RECOMMEND THAT THE CREDITORS VOTE TO
 ACCEPT THE PLAN.

II.

GENERAL BACKGROUND

A. The Debtors and the Debtors' Business Operations.
 Prior to the Petition Date, the Debtors operated a "time-share" business. The Debtors
 were founded in 1987 and sold vacation ownership interests at nine resorts located in California,

24

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 15 of 161

1 Nevada, Utah and San Jose del Cabo, Mexico. The Debtors generated revenue primarily from the 2 sale and financing of "vacation ownership points" (the "Points") in a timeshare program commonly 3 known and marketed as "Monarch Grand Vacations" ("MGV"). The Debtors began operations as a 4 deeded-interest timeshare regime but changed to a points-based platform in April 1999. Since that 5 transition, substantially all sales had been of MGV Points.

6 7

8

9

11

12

MGV was a multi-location vacation timeshare program that established a uniform plan for the development, ownership, use and enjoyment of specified resort accommodations for the benefit of its members (the "<u>Vacation Accommodations</u>"). MGV was a nonprofit mutual benefit corporation whose members are timeshare owners, and it was administered by a board of directors 10 elected by MGV members. MGV is not a debtor in the Cases. Each purchaser of Points, and PMR with respect to Points it owned and sold to DPM, is considered an "Owner" and has the right, as an Owner, to use and to occupy Vacation Accommodations and the appurtenant common areas and 13 amenities at all MGV-affiliated resorts (the "Underlying Resorts"), subject to the terms and 14 conditions of the MGV governing instruments.

15 The Points are the symbolic units of measurement of the rights of the Owner to enjoy 16 the use rights to the Vacation Accommodations and are credited to each Owner at the beginning of 17 each twenty-four (24) month "Use Term." The Points entitle the Owner to the use of the Vacation 18 Accommodations at any of the "Underlying Resorts" consistent with the number of Points purchased 19 and available to support a specific reservation request. The number of Points required for a specific 20 reservation is governed by the type of Vacation Accommodation, location within an Underlying 21 Resort, time of the year, and day of the week. Reservation and use rights are governed by the MGV 22 Rules and Regulations. MGV timeshare members can purchase additional Points to accommodate 23 changing vacation needs. Unused Points expire at the end of each such Use Term.

24 Prior to the sale of its operating assets to DPM, PMR held the exclusive right to 25 dedicate Vacation Accommodations to MGV and to sell "Vacation Ownership Plans" that permitted 26 the use of such Vacation Accommodations to members of the general public pursuant to a 27 "Development Agreement" dated December 15, 1998 between PMR and MGV. Vacation 28 Ownership Plans may or may not be coupled with an interest in real property.

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 16 of 161

Each time PMR transferred unencumbered legal title of Vacation Accommodations to
 MGV, MGV concurrently delivered "Vacation Ownership Points Certificates" (the "<u>Certificates</u>") to
 PMR, evidencing the number of Points represented by the Vacation Accommodations(s) transferred
 to MGV. PMR had the exclusive right to market and sell the Certificates.

Legal ownership and/or use rights relating to Vacation Accommodations dedicated to the MGV program are held by MGV in trust for the use and benefit of the Owners in good standing. MGV may not sell, pledge, or otherwise encumber the Vacation Accommodations or, in any other way, diminish the rightful use rights and expectations of the Owners.

10 The Debtors sold Points to individuals principally domiciled in the United States. 11 The Debtors typically financed sales to new Owners after requiring a minimum of 10% down 12 payment. The balance of the purchase price, if not paid in full in cash, was paid to the Debtors by a 13 promissory note (the "Note"), which was secured by the Points purchased. Sales of additional Points 14 to existing Owners, generally referred to as "Upgrades," were also be financed by the Debtors, and 15 existing Owners with FICO scores below 700 were required to produce an additional down payment 16 of at least 10% of the additional Points. The additional down payment requirement was waived for 17 Owners with FICO scores above 700.

18 When the Debtors sold Points, they historically financed the Owner's purchase of 19 those points in the manner described above. To fund operations, the Debtors obtained a credit 20 facility (the "RFA Hypothecation Facility"), for which RFA was the lender, and a second facility 21 (the "BB&T Hypothecation Facility") from BB&T, pursuant to which the Debtors borrowed money 22 and pledge Owner Notes as collateral. In addition, RFA was the lender for an acquisition and 23 development loan (the "A&D Loan"), the proceeds of which were used primarily to fund the 24 acquisition and construction of the Vacation Accommodations located in Los Cabos, Mexico. The 25 aggregate outstanding obligations owing to RFA as of the Petition Date totaled approximately 26 \$266.9 million, consisting of approximately \$221.7 million under the RFA Hypothecation Facility

27 28

5

6

7

8

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 17 of 161

and \$45.2 million under the A&D Loan. The outstanding obligations owed to BB&T under the
 BB&T Hypothecation Facility as of the Petition Date totaled approximately \$13 million.²

3 As of the Petition Date, MGV owned Vacation Accommodations within the following 4 Underlying Resorts: Palm Canyon Resort (Palm Springs), Riviera Oaks Resort & Racquet Club 5 (Ramona), Riviera Beach & Spa Resort – Phases I and II (Dana Point), Riviera Shores Beach (Dana 6 Point), Cedar Breaks Lodge (Brian Head), Tahoe Seasons Resort (South Lake Tahoe), Desert Isle of 7 Palm Springs (Palm Springs), the Cancun Resort (Las Vegas), and the Cabo Azul Resort (Los 8 Cabos, Mexico). Future Vacation Accommodations are currently in the pre-development stage in 9 Kona, Hawaii and Las Vegas, Nevada. Additionally, the Cabo Azul Resort has construction in 10 progress on two buildings.

11

B.

Events Leading to Chapter 11.

12 The Debtors, like many of their competitors in the timeshare industry, have been 13 adversely affected by the current economic downturn. As the economy soured, the Debtors' sales of 14 Points to consumers suffered. In addition, more Owners began to default on their Notes owed to 15 PMR. The reduction in sales of new Points and the increase in defaults by the Owners on their 16 Notes reduced the availability under the RFA Hypothecation Facility and the BB&T Hypothecation 17 Facility and caused the Debtors to breach various covenants under the loan documents with RFA, 18 BB&T and other creditors. The Debtors' efforts at refinancing or finding new sources of funding 19 were hampered by the fact that several of the traditional lenders in the industry, including GMAC 20 and Textron Financial, were exiting the timeshare market.

Without the ability to refinance or obtain new sources of funding, the Debtors entered

21222324

25 26 into a forbearance agreement with RFA's predecessor in interest on March 18, 2009, which was

extended from time to time through various amendments. The Debtors were also able to enter into

forbearance agreements, loan maturity extensions or other arrangements with BB&T, CB&T and

other creditors to permit stabilization of operations and to explore their strategic options.

565941v1

The collateral securing the BB&T Hypothecation Facility is owned by a wholly owned subsidiary, PMR 2007-A, and has not been sold. The equity in that subsidiary will be vested in the Liquidation Trust under the Plan.

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 18 of 161

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

C.

The Debtors' Restructuring and Marketing Efforts.

In order to assist them in exploring their strategic options, including a potential capital infusion, stand-alone restructuring, asset divestitures and/or a sale, the Debtors retained Houlihan Lokey Capital, Inc. ("<u>Houlihan Lokey</u>") as their investment bankers in December, 2009. Following the analysis and presentation of strategic alternatives to RFA's predecessor in interest and BB&T, and with the support of these creditors, Houlihan Lokey launched an extensive marketing campaign and contacted 103 interested parties, including strategic buyers, financial buyers and capital providers. The parties contacted by Houlihan Lokey constituted virtually the entire known universe of players in the timeshare industry. Houlihan Lokey, with the assistance of management, also explored and studied a possible stand-alone restructuring of the business.

Of the parties contacted, 36 signed confidentiality agreements and received
confidential information packets from Houlihan Lokey. Parties that submitted acceptable
preliminary indications of interest were provided additional due diligence including a management
presentation and on-site tours.

Based on the results of the pre-petition marketing efforts by Houlihan Lokey, the 15 Debtors concluded that the best way to maximize recovery for their creditors would be to sell, 16 subject to overbids, their operating assets (the "DPM Acquired Assets") to DPM Acquisition, LLC 17 ("<u>DPM</u>"), an affiliate of Diamond Resorts Corporation ("<u>Diamond</u>"), for \$49,250,000 in cash, plus 18 assumption of certain liabilities, and, in a separate transaction, sell certain assets, consisting of the 19 Notes (the "RFA Notes") and certain other RFA Notes-related collateral that PMR and certain of the 20 Debtors have pledged to RFA to secure their obligations to RFA under RFA Hypothecation Facility 21 and the A&D Loan (the "RFA Acquired Assets"), to RFA PMR LoanCo, LLC ("RFA PMR 22 LoanCo"), an affiliate of RFA, for a credit bid of \$130,000,000. Prior to the Petition Date, DPM 23 executed an asset purchase agreement, subject to the Court's approval, to acquire the operating 24 assets, and RFA and RFA PMR LoanCo executed a separate asset purchase agreement, subject to the 25 Court's approval, to acquire the RFA Acquired Assets, subject to overbids. 26

The sale of the DPM Acquired Assets and the sale of the RFA Acquired Assets were interconnected in that RFA conditioned the purchase of the RFA Acquired Assets on DPM and RFA

¹ 2

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 19 of 161

1 PMR LoanCo entering into a servicing agreement, defaulted inventory repurchase agreement and 2 related agreements (collectively, the "Servicing Agreements") pursuant to which Diamond or DPM 3 proposes to service the RFA Notes that RFA PMR LoanCo proposed to acquire from the Debtors. 4 RFA had also agreed to release its liens on the operating assets that DPM proposed to acquire on, 5 among other things, the condition that DPM or any successful bidder enters into the Servicing 6 Agreements acceptable to RFA. Moreover, RFA consented to the limited consensual use of cash 7 collateral in order to give the Debtors sufficient time to consummate the sale of the DPM Acquired 8 Assets and the sale of the RFA Acquired Assets.

Although the Debtors conducted an extensive pre-bankruptcy marketing campaign
with the assistance of Houlihan Lokey, in order to maximize recovery to their creditors, the Debtors
negotiated with RFA the terms of the post-petition sale procedures, which were designed to establish
a fair, open and competitive postpetition bidding process. Houlihan Lokey re-contacted potential
interested parties, including parties who previously expressed interest in acquiring assets of the
Debtors.

III.

SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING CHAPTER 11 CASES

In connection with the administration of the Cases, a number of significant events
have occurred as part of the effort to liquidate assets and to restructure the Debtors.

A.

15

16

19

20

21

22

First Day Motions and Use of Cash Collateral.

On the Petition Date, the Debtors filed several "first-day" motions to minimize any disruption to the Debtors' business operations that might result from the filing of the Cases. On October 26, 2011, the Court held an emergency hearing regarding these "first-day" motions and the following orders were entered on the following dates:

- 23 24 25 26 27
- 28

Ca	se 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18: Main Document Page 20 of 161	51:44 Desc
1	Title of Order	Date Entered
2	Order Authorizing the Joint Administration of Related Chapter 11 Cases	10/26/2011
3		10/20/2011
4	Order (1) Authorizing The Debtors To Pay Prepetition Wages, Salaries, And Employee Benefits; (2) Authorizing The Debtors To	
5	Continue The Maintenance Of Employee Benefit Programs In The Ordinary Course; And (3) Directing All Banks To Honor Prepetition	
6	Checks For Payment Of Prepetition Employee Obligations Pursuant To 11 U.S.C. §§ 105(a) And 507(a)	10/26/2011
7 8	Order Limiting Notice and Permitting Service on Insured Depository Institutions by First Class Mail	10/26/2011
9	Order: (i) Deeming Utilities Adequately Assured of Future	
10	Performance; and (ii) Establishing Procedures for Determining Requests for Additional Assurance Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code	
11	Section 366	10/26/2011
12	Order Extending the Deadline to File Schedules (" <u>Schedules Order</u> ")	10/26/2011
13	Order Authorizing the Debtors to (1) Honor Prepetition Deposits and Down Payments and (2) Maintain Certain Reward Programs to	
14	Customers Order (1) Authorizing the Debtors to Use Cash Collateral and	10/26/2011
15	Provide Adequate Protection to Resort Finance America, LLC	
16	Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. sections 361 and 363 (" <u>Interim Cash Collateral</u> <u>Order</u> ")	10/27/2011
17	Order Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. sections 105 and 363 Authorizing (a)	
18	Continued Maintenance of Certain Existing Bank Accounts; and (B) Continued Use of Existing Cash Management System (" <u>Cash</u>	
19	Management Order")	10/27/2011
20	The Interim Cash Collateral Order authorized the Debtors to use	the cash collateral of
21	RFA, their senior secured lender, on an interim basis. The Court held a final he	aring regarding the
22	Debtors' use of cash collateral at 10 a.m. on December 15, 2011, and on Decem	ber 21, 2011, the
23	Court entered the Final Order Authorizing the Debtors to Use Cash Collateral of	and Provide
24	Adequate Protection to Resort Finance America, LLC Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§	361 and 363 (the
25	"Final Cash Collateral Order"). The Final Cash Collateral Order authorized the	Debtors to use
26	RFA's cash collateral, subject to a budget and the terms of the order, through Jar	nuary 25, 2012. The
27		
28		

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 21 of 161

Final Cash Collateral Order further provided that the Debtors and RFA may stipulate to extend the
 use of cash collateral without the need for a hearing.

From time to time, the Debtors and RFA entered into stipulations to extend the use of cash collateral, which were all approved by the Court. The extensions of the use of cash collateral were necessary in order to provide funding for the Debtors' operations pending the closing of the sale of the DPM Acquired Assets to DPM. The final stipulation provided for the use of RFA's cash collateral through the earlier of the closing of the sale of DPM Acquired Assets or May 22, 2012. As described in further detail below, the sale of DPM Acquired Assets and the RFA Acquired Assets both closed on May 21, 2012.

10

B.

The Sales of DPM Acquired Assets and the RFA Acquired Assets.

11 Also on the Petition Date, the Debtors filed the *Emergency Motion for Order* 12 Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code Sections 105, 363, and 365: (a) Authorizing the Debtors to Conduct 13 Auction for Sale of Certain Assets; (b) Establishing and Approving Sale Procedures; (c) Scheduling 14 Bid Deadline and Auction and Sale Hearing; (d) Approving Manner of Notice Pursuant to 15 Bankruptcy Rule 2002; and (e) Authorizing the Sale of Certain Assets to the Successful Bidder (the 16 "DPM Sale Procedures Motion"). The DPM Sale Procedures Motion sought, among other things, 17 approval of certain procedures in connection with the Debtors' proposed sale of assets to DPM or a 18 successful overbidder. Additionally, the Debtors filed the *Motion for Order Pursuant to Bankruptcy* 19 Code Sections 105, 363 and 365: (A) Authorizing Debtors to Conduct Auction for Sale of Certain 20 Assets to Resort Finance America, LLC and RFA PMR LoanCo, LLC or to the Successful Bidder; 21 (B) Establishing and Approving Sale Procedures; (C) Scheduling Bid Deadline, Auction, And Sale 22 Hearing; (D) Approving Manner of Notice Pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 2002; and (E) Authorizing 23 the Sale of the Debtors' Assets to the Successful Bidder (the "RFA Sale Procedures Motion" and together with the DPM Sale Procedures Motion, the "Sale Procedures Motions"). The RFA Sale 24 25 Procedures Motion seeks, among other things, approval of certain procedures in connection with the 26 Debtors proposed sale of assets to RFA and RFA PMR LoanCo, or a successful overbidder.

A hearing regarding the Sale Procedures Motions was originally set for November 16,
28 2011 but was continued to December 5, 2011. At the continued hearing, the Court approved both

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 22 of 161

1 Sale Procedures Motions and established the following dates: (a) January 6, 2012 at 11:00 a.m. as 2 the bid deadline for both the DPM Acquired Assets and the RFA Acquired Assets; and (b) 3 January 12, 2012 at 2:30 p.m. as the hearing date to approve the sales (the "Sale Hearing"). 4 No other bids were received for either the DPM Acquired Assets or the RFA 5 Acquired Assets by the bid deadline, and at the Sale Hearing, the Court approved the sale of DPM 6 Acquired Assets to DPM and the RFA Acquired Assets to RFA PMR LoanCo. The closing of both 7 sales was anticipated to occur on or before February 27, 2012. From time to time, the Debtors 8 entered into amendments with both DPM and RFA to extend the outside date for Closing. The sales 9 of both the DPM Acquired Assets and the RFA Acquired Assets closed on May 21, 2012.

10

C. Related Transactions.

11During the pre-petition marketing stage, the Debtors explored and considered several12different variants of asset sales and divestitures proposed by the interested parties. During that pre-13petition exploratory stage, Diamond negotiated with several third parties to enter into various14agreements with those third parties that DPM believed were necessary to fully utilize and operate the15assets that it sought to buy from the Debtors. As a result of these efforts, in addition to acquiring the16DPM Acquired Assets from the Debtors, DPM proposed to enter into the following separate17transactions.

18 First, DPM and certain of its affiliates proposed to enter into separate transactions 19 with Mark Post (the CEO and 49% shareholder of PMR) and certain service companies (the "Service <u>Companies</u>") that he owns (the "<u>Service Company Transactions</u>")³. The closing of the Service 20 21 Company Transaction was tied to the closing of the Debtors' sale of the DPM Acquired Assets to 22 DPM. The Service Companies were neither Debtors nor obligors on the obligations of Debtors. The 23 Service Companies provided accounting, billing, asset recovery, maintenance, communications and 24 reservation services for the Underlying Resorts and/or PMR pursuant to various contracts between 25 the Service Companies, the VPOAs and/or PMR (the <u>"Service Contracts</u>"). DPM believed that Mark

26

27

³ Copies of the documents evidencing the proposed Service Company Transactions were attached as exhibits to the asset purchase agreement between the Debtors and DPM, which were filed with the Court on the Petition Date and served on the appropriate parties.

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 23 of 161

Post's expertise in the timeshare industry and the Service Contracts were essential for the ongoing
 business operations that it sought to acquire from the Debtors and the future growth opportunities for
 the business.

The Debtors believed that DPM's offer, which was the best offer they received for
their assets, was reflective of the fact that DPM was able to successfully negotiate a separate deal
with Mark Post relating to the Service Companies, which enhanced the value of the combined assets
of the Debtors and the Service Companies. Although the Debtors believed that any competing offer
would be enhanced by having a separate deal with the Service Companies, the Sale Procedures
negotiated with DPM did not require that overbidders enter into a separate transaction with Mark
Post or the Service Companies.

<u>Second</u>, although the DPM Transaction did not propose to acquire from the Debtors
the Notes that PMR had already pledged to RFA, in related transactions an affiliate of DPM offered
to, and did become, the servicer and collector to the RFA affiliate that acquired the RFA Notes
through the sale approved under Bankruptcy Code section 363. That Diamond affiliate also entered
into an agreement to service the BB&T Notes, which are owned by a non-Debtor subsidiary: Pacific
Monarch Resorts 2007-A ("PMR 2007-A"). These servicing agreements are referred to herein as the
"Notes Transactions".

The Service Company Transactions and the Notes Transactions closed around the
same time as the sale of the DPM Acquired Assets on or about May 21, 2012.

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

D. Other Significant Events.

1. Claims Bar Date.

The Court conducted a chapter 11 status conference on December 8, 2011 at 10:00 a.m. At the chapter 11 status conference, the Court established February 17, 2012 as the deadline for filing proofs of claim or proofs of interest against the Debtors' bankruptcy estates. As of September 2012, approximately one hundred and three (103) proofs of claims were filed for a total amount of \$294,144,496.53. Of that amount, \$266,909,529 constitute RFA's claim. After accounting for the credit bid of \$130,000,000 for the RFA Acquired Assets and the payment of \$45,226,101 from the sale of DPM Acquired Assets, RFA's claim should be reduced to an unsecured deficiency claim of

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 24 of 161

approximately \$91,683,428. There are also other claims that should be disallowed because they
 were cured or the underlying liability has been paid as part of the Closing. In addition, the Debtors
 dispute some of the filed proofs of Claim.

4 5

6

7

8

9

10

11

2. Schedules, Statement of Financial Affairs and Other Compliance Issues.

The Debtors are in compliance with all of their duties under Sections 521, 1106, and 1107 of the Bankruptcy Code and all applicable guidelines of the U.S. Trustee. The Debtors have timely filed all monthly operating reports, and attended creditors' meetings convened by the U.S. Trustee under Bankruptcy Code section 341(a) on January 19, 2012. The Debtors have filed their schedules and statement of financial affairs. The Debtors have maintained their prepetition cash management system, and have diligently transferred excess cash as they accumulates in Mexican bank accounts to United States accounts maintained at U.S. Trustee "approved depositories" that comply with Bankruptcy Code section 345(b).

13

12

3. Retention of Professionals by the Debtors.

The Debtors engaged Stutman, Treister & Glatt Professional Corporation ("ST&G")
as their bankruptcy counsel. An order authorizing ST&G's employment was entered on January 3,
2012. The Debtors engaged Houlihan Lokey as their investment banker. An order approving
Houlihan Lokey's application to be employed, and authorizing Houlihan Lokey to be compensated
under Bankruptcy Code section 328(a), was entered on January 9, 2012.

The Debtors filed an application seeking authority to employ their special timeshare
counsel, Raymond J. Gaskill, on December 30, 2011, and supplemented that application on
January 24, 2012. No objection to Mr. Gaskill's application was timely filed, and on February 14,
2012, the Court entered an order approving his employment application.

The Debtors filed an application seeking authority to employ and compensate their special Mexican tax and regulatory law counsel, Baker & McKenzie Abogados, S.C. ("<u>Baker</u>"), on January 11, 2012, and supplemented that application on January 24, 2012. No objection to Baker's application was timely filed. The Court entered an order approving Baker's application on February 3, 2012.

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 25 of 161

1 The Debtors filed an application seeking authority to employ Greenberg Whitcombe 2 Takeuchi, LLP ("GWT") on January 26, 2012, and an application to employ White & Case LLP 3 ("<u>W&C</u>") as special tax counsel on January 30, 2012. The deadlines to object to the employment of 4 GWT and W&C passed without objection, and the Court entered orders to authorize the employment 5 of W&C and GWT.

6

The Debtors have also requested authority to employ CB Richard Ellis ("CBRE") as a 7 real estate broker to market and sell their headquarters building located at 23091 Mill Creek Drive, 8 Laguna Hills, California (the "Laguna Hills Property"), and Lesley, Thomas, Schwarz & Postma, 9 Inc. ("LTSP") as auditors, and to compensate each under Bankruptcy Code section 328(a). An order 10 authorizing the employment and compensation of CBRE was entered on January 24, 2012. 11 Following a hearing on February 9, 2012 at 10:00 a.m., the Court entered an order approving LTSP's 12 application on February 13, 2012.

13 Because Mr. Krause, one of the members of ST&G responsible for representing the 14 Debtors, left ST&G and became a partner of Gibson Dunn & Crutcher LLP ("GDC") effective 15 May 24, 2012, the Debtors filed an application to employ GDC to act as the joint reorganization 16 counsel for the Debtors, effective as of that date. The Committee initially filed a limited objection to 17 GDC's employment application but that objection was resolved by a stipulation providing assurances 18 that GDC and ST&G will work together to minimize any duplication. The order authorizing the 19 Debtors to employ GDC was entered on July 31, 2012 [Docket No. 588].

20 Additionally, the Court approved certain procedures for interim compensation of 21 professionals employed under Bankruptcy Code section 330 on January 3, 2012.

22

4. Formation of the Committee and Committee's Counsel.

23 On December 20, 2011, the U.S. Trustee formed the Committee by appointing 24 Casablanca Express, Travelclick, Inc. and Tahoe Seasons Resort Time Interval/Owners Association 25 to serve on the Committee. On January 23, 2012, the Committee filed an application to employ 26 Brinkman Portillo Ronk, PC ("BPR") as its counsel, but the U.S. Trustee filed an objection on 27 January 17, 2012. A hearing on the application to employ BPR was scheduled for February 23, 2012 28 at 10:00 a.m., but pursuant to a stipulation entered into by the Committee and the U.S. Trustee, it

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 26 of 161

appears that the U.S. Trustee's objection has been resolved. The Court approved the Committee's
 employment of BPR by order dated February 22, 2012.

3 Since the formation of the Committee, its counsel has informally requested 4 documents and other information from the Debtors. The Debtors and their counsel have fully 5 complied with all of the Committee's requests for information. Most recently, in July 2012, the 6 Committee's counsel sent counsel for the Debtors an informal document request. On July 19, 2012, 7 counsel for the Committee and counsel for the Debtors engaged in a telephonic meet and confer 8 discussion to address the Committee's requests. The Debtors have produced many of the documents 9 requested, and anticipate producing more documents responsive to the Committee's requests as soon 10 as practicable. In addition, on January 18, 2012, the Debtors and their advisors participated in a 11 conference call with the Committee and its counsel to discuss various issues, including the 12 Committee's questions about RFA's liens and the sales of assets to DPM or RFA. The Committee 13 has not requested any further conference.

14 Pursuant to the Final Cash Collateral Order, the Committee had until February 3, 15 2012 to (i) "investigate . . . and challenge . . . the validity, enforceability, priority, perfection or 16 amount of" RFA's prepetition debt or liens on its collateral, or (ii) "assert any" "other claims, causes 17 of action and/or defenses against RFA including, without limitation, claims for lender liability or 18 pursuant to Bankruptcy Code sections 105, 510, 544, 547, 548, 549 or 550." Final Cash Collateral 19 Order, p. 23. The Committee and RFA entered into a stipulation on February 3, 2012 to extend the 20 deadline for the Committee to make any such challenges to February 7, 2012 at 5:00 p.m., which the 21 Court approved. RFA further extended the deadline to February 8, 2012 at 5:00 p.m. The 22 Committee did not file or assert any challenge against RFA's claims or liens by the deadline.

23

5. CB&T Issues.

CB&T holds the CB&T Office Building Secured Claim (i) in the amount of
\$4,175,152.96 in principal, plus accrued and accruing interest, late charges, attorneys' fees, costs and
other charges (the "Laguna Hills Loans"), secured by the Debtors' corporate headquarters building
located at 23091 Mill Creek Drive, Laguna Hills, CA 92653 (the "Laguna Hills Property"); and
(ii) in the amount of \$3,180,768.68 in principal, plus accrued and accruing interest, late charges,

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Page 27 of 161 Main Document

1 attorneys' fees, costs, and other charges, secured by certain furniture and equipment used at the Cabo 2 Azul Resort (the "Cabo FF&E"). These loans are not cross collateralized.

3 CB&T filed a declaration in opposition to the Debtors' cash collateral motion, and 4 oppositions to the Sale Procedures Motions. In response to these filings, the Debtors and CB&T 5 engaged in negotiations to resolve CB&T's objections to the Sales Procedures Motions and its 6 demand for adequate protection. Those discussions resulted in two stipulations which were to 7 resolve all major disputes between the parties.

One stipulation resolved CB&T's demand for adequate protection (the "Adequate 9 Protection Stipulation"). The Adequate Protection Stipulation provided, among other things, that the 10 Debtors are to engage a broker to sell the Laguna Hills Property, with the proceeds to be paid to 11 CB&T, net of reasonable closing costs and a broker's commission, up to the amount owing to CB&T 12 on the CB&T Office Building Secured Claim. The Debtors also stipulated to an order terminating the automatic stay as to CB&T's rights under the Laguna Hills Loans, with certain conditions and 13 14 stays on CB&T's ability to enforcing such rights. The Court approved the Adequate Protection 15 Stipulation by order dated January 18, 2012.

16 The second stipulation provided for the allowance of CB&T's claims against the 17 Debtors, secured by the Laguna Hills Property and Cabo FF&E (the "Allowed Claims Stipulation"). 18 The Committee objected to the Allowed Claims Stipulation, and the Court required additional 19 briefing from all parties at the initial hearing on approval of the Allowed Claims Stipulation. At a 20 hearing on March 15, 2012, the Court denied approval of the Allowed Claims Stipulation, without 21 prejudice. The Debtors subsequently filed a motion for reconsideration of the Court's March 15 22 ruling. On April 30, 2012, the Court approved the Allowed Claims Stipulation. The order 23 approving the Allowed Claims Stipulation was later amended by stipulation between the Debtors, 24 CB&T, and the Committee.

8

25

26

27

28

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 28 of 161

1
า
2

3

4

5

E.

The Debtors' Remaining Assets After the Sales to DPM and RFA PMR LoanCo Close.

Following the closing of the sales of RFA Acquired Assets and the DPM Acquired Assets close on May 21, 2012, the Debtors anticipate that the following Assets will remain in the Estates on the Effective Date:

6 7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

a. Cash after the payment of Administrative Claims, Professional Fee Claims, and other wind down costs in the amount set forth in Exhibit "C" hereto.

b. PMR's 100% equity interest in PMR Insurance Company ("<u>PMRIC</u>"), a non-debtor affiliate. The Debtors believe that once PMRIC is wound down, which could take approximately one-year, there could be a refund of approximately \$450,000.

c. PMR's 100% equity interest in "PMR 2007-A"⁴. PMR Corp 1 and PMR 2007-A are non-debtor affiliates created for the purpose obtaining funding from the BB&T Hypothecation Facility. The Cases and the Plan do not alter, modify or amend the BB&T Hypothecation Facility in any way, and the Debtors believe that BB&T will probably be paid in full from the collections on the Owner Notes pledged to Wells Fargo, N.A., as the indenture trustee for the BB&T Hypothecation Facility. The face amount of the Owner Notes pledged to the BB&T Hypothecation Facility is approximately \$23 million, and BB&T is owed approximately \$11 million. However, approximately \$14 million in face value of the Notes pledged to the BB&T Hypothecation Facility are in default status. Based on the default curve and the projected time to pay off BB&T, the Debtors believe that BB&T Hypothecation Facility will be paid in full only if these notes are collected in the ordinary course over the next six to seven years. The liquidation value of PMR's equity interest in PMR 2007-A, which will be transferred to the Liquidation Trust, would likely be \$0.00. However, once the BB&T Hypothecation Facility is paid in full, which could take

 <sup>27
 28
 4</sup> Currently, another non-debtor affiliate, PMR Corporation 1 ("<u>PMR Corp 1</u>"), is an intermediate subsidiary that owns PMR 2007-A. The Plan provides for PMR Corp 1 to dissolve and transfers direct 100% interest in PMR 2007-A to the Liquidation Trust.

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 29 of 161

approximately six or more years, any future collections from the Owner Notes and the defaulted Points will go to the Liquidation Trust.

d. Refund for HARPTA real estate tax paid to the State of Hawaii for the sale of the Kona property to DPM in the approximate amount of \$250,000.

e. Causes of Action. The Debtors have not valued the Causes of Action.

IV.

SUMMARY OF THE PLAN

A.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

General Overview of the Plan.

9 The Debtors' principal operating assets have already been sold pursuant to Bankruptcy Code 10 section 363 during the pendency of the Cases. The objectives of the Plan are to accomplish the 11 following without triggering additional tax liabilities that would reduce the distributions to creditors: 12 (1) effect the substantive consolidation of PMR, VIR, and VMG, (2) merge the Mexican Entities (as defined below) into DCA, while providing for payment in full of all Claims against the Mexican 13 14 Entities, other than RFA's Claim against DCA, (3) complete the transition services required under 15 the completed sale to DPM; (4) provide the funds to allow the Liquidation Trust to make an initial 16 distribution of \$1,000,000, less the Initial PMR Cash on Hand, to the Holders of Allowed Priority 17 Claims, Convenience Class Claims (PMR Class 5), and General Unsecured Claims (PMR Class 6); 18 and (5) transfer the Causes of Action, if any, and other remaining Assets of PMR to the Liquidation 19 Trust established for PMR, which shall liquidate the Causes Action and all other Trust Assets, and 20 distribute the proceeds thereof to Holders of Allowed Claims. The Plan divides Creditors and 21 Interest Holders of the Debtors into Classes based on their legal rights and interests. All Holders of 22 Allowed Claims against DCA and the Mexican Entities, other than RFA, will be paid in full. The 23 Holders of Allowed Priority Claims will be paid in full. The Holders of Allowed Convenience Class 24 Claims against PMR, VIR and VMG, will receive a cash payment equal to 20% of their Allowed 25 Claims. Holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims against PMR, VIR and VMG, which will be 26 substantively consolidated with PMR, will be entitled to the residual portion of \$1,000,000 after 27 payments to Holders of Priority Claims and Convenience and Pro Rata distributions from the 28 Liquidation Trust, but RFA has agreed that the Initial PMR Cash on Hand can be funded from the

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 30 of 161

1 portion of the initial distribution that would otherwise be distributed to RFA, so the retention of the 2 Initial PMR Cash on Hand will not diminish the distribution to any other Holder of an Allowed 3 Claim. From and after the Transition Completion Date, the Reorganized PMR Equity will be owned 4 by New Equity Holder, who is not an affiliate or insider of any of the Debtors, and the equity in 5 Reorganized DCA will be owned by Reorganized PMR. Based on this transition, the current Interest 6 Holders of the Debtors will not receive or retain anything on account of their Interests.

8

7

B. Substantive Consolidation of PMR, VIR and VMG.

The Plan provides that PMR, VIR and VMG are to be substantively consolidated. 9 Substantive consolidation has a number of important effects. First, the assets and liabilities of each 10 of PMR, VIR and VMG will be deemed to be the assets and liabilities of all of those Debtors. 11 Second, any guarantee by PMR, VIR and VMG of the obligations of each other existing prior to the 12 Effective Date (regardless whether such guaranty is secured, unsecured, liquidated, unliquidated, 13 contingent, or disputed) will be deemed eliminated so that any Claim against any one of them and 14 any guaranty of such Claim executed by PMR, VIR and VMG will be deemed to be a single 15 obligation of those consolidated Debtors. Third, any joint liability (including but not limited to joint 16 and several liability) of PMR, VIR and VMG will be deemed to be a single obligation of those 17 consolidated Debtors. As a result, a creditor that holds duplicative Claims against more than one of 18 the Debtor that will be substantively consolidated based on their joint liability will hold only one 19 such Allowed Claim, and any duplicative Claim against any the other Debtor based on its joint 20 liability will be disallowed. Fourth, each and every proof of Claim Filed or to be Filed in the Cases 21 of PMR, VIR and VMG will be deemed Filed against those consolidated Debtors and will be 22 deemed a single Claim against and obligation of those consolidated Debtors. Finally, PMR, VIR and 23 VMG's intercompany Claims (which are Claims of one Debtor against another Debtor) will be eliminated, and Interests will be treated as provided in the Plan. 24

25 The Debtors believe that this treatment is justified for several reasons. First, PMR, 26 VIR and VMG operated their business in an integrated fashion. VIR and VMG did not run stand-27 alone businesses that can be severed from PMR. PMR was the primary operating entity. VIR was

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 31 of 161

the entity that held the real estate broker's license, and VMG at one time housed the marketing arm
 of PMR.

3 Second, PMR, VIR and VMG reported their financial results on a consolidated basis 4 and did not issue separate financial statements for each corporation. In fact, as a result of the way 5 PMR, VIR and VMG operated on a consolidated basis even before the Petition Date, they filed joint 6 consolidated bankruptcy schedules and statement of financial affairs. As a result, no Creditors could 7 have relied on the separate credit of one of those Debtors. Third, no creditor has filed a Claim against VIR and VMG, and VIR and VMG do not 8 9 have any valuable Assets. Accordingly, substantively consolidating VIR and VMG into PMR will 10 not prejudice nor benefit the creditors of either PMR or VIR and VMG. 11 For these reasons and others, the Debtors believe that consolidation of PMR, VIR and 12 VMG is the appropriate manner in which to treat Claims under the Plan. 13 C. Summary Of Classification Of Treatment Of Claims And Interests Under The Plan. 14 15 THE DESCRIPTION OF THE PLAN SET FORTH BELOW IS ONLY A 16 SUMMARY OF SOME OF THE MORE MATERIAL PROVISIONS OF THE PLAN AND IS 17 QUALIFIED IN ITS ENTIRETY BY REFERENCE TO THE MORE DETAILED PROVISIONS SET FORTH IN THE PLAN, THE TERMS OF WHICH ARE CONTROLLING OVER THE 18 19 SUMMARY SET FORTH BELOW. The Plan is attached hereto as Exhibit "A" and is made a part of this Disclosure Statement. 20 21 The following discussion summarizes the classification and treatment of claims and 22 interests under the Plan. 23 1. **Unclassified Claims.** 24 Certain types of Claims are not placed into voting Classes; instead they are 25 unclassified. They are not considered impaired and they do not vote on the Plan because they are 26 automatically entitled to specific treatment provided for them in the Code. As such, the Debtors 27 have <u>not</u> placed the following Claims in a Class. The treatment of these Claims is provided below. 28

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

1

Administrative Claims.

a.

i. Treatment.

Administrative claims are generally comprised of the actual and necessary costs and expenses of preserving the Estate and operating the business of the Debtors after the Petition Date. The Bankruptcy Code requires that allowed administrative expenses be paid on the Effective Date unless the party holding the administrative expense agrees otherwise.

The Debtors are presently aware of two types of Administrative Claims. The first type consists of debt incurred by the Debtors in the ordinary course of business (other than tax claims) since the Petition Date, including trade debt and operating expenses. Holders of these types of Administrative Claims will not be required to file any requests for payment of such claims. Such Administrative Claims shall be assumed and paid by the Debtors pursuant to the terms and conditions of a particular transaction giving rise to such Administrative Claim, without any further action by the holders of such claim.

The second type of Administrative Claim consists of Professional Fee Claims, which 14 are for fees and expenses as allowed by Order of the Bankruptcy Court for professionals employed 15 by the Debtors or the Committee. Since the Petition Date, the Debtors have paid, on an interim 16 basis, Professional Fee Claims to professionals and other entities pursuant to various Court orders, 17 and as stated above, after the Effective Date, professionals will file final fee applications that seek 18 approval of such payments of Professional Fee Claims. The Debtors estimate that the unpaid 19 Professional Fee Claims, net of payments already made pursuant to interim fee procedures and pre-20petition retainers held by certain professionals, will be approximately \$2.8 million. The Debtors 21 anticipate that they will have more than sufficient funds on hand to pay Allowed Professional Fee 22 Claims in these Cases. 23

24

ii. Deadlines.

Each Holder of a Professional Fee Claim seeking an award by the Court of compensation for services rendered or reimbursement of expenses incurred through and including the Effective Date shall: (a) file such Holder's interim (if applicable) and final applications for allowances of compensation for services rendered and reimbursement of expenses incurred through

² 3

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 33 of 161

the Effective Date by no later than the forty-fifth (45th) day after the Effective Date or such other 1 2 date as may be fixed by the Court; and (b) if granted such an award by the Court, be paid from the 3 Administrative Claims Reserve in full satisfaction, discharge, exchange, and release of such Claim, 4 Cash in such amounts as are allowed by the Court on the date such Professional Fee Claim becomes 5 an Allowed Claim, or as soon thereafter as is practicable. All objections to the allowance of Professional Fee Claims through the Effective Date must be filed and served by no later than the 6 sixty-fifth (65th) day after the Effective Date, or such other date as may be fixed by Order of the 7 8 Court.

9 As to other Administrative Claims that do not require Bankruptcy Court approval to
10 become Allowed Claims, Creditors shall submit such Claims to the Debtor no later than sixty (60)
11 days after the Confirmation Date or by such other bar date as the Bankruptcy Court may set.
12 Holders of claims for the provision of goods and services postpetition to the Debtor need not file
13 proofs of claim for Administrative Claims.

Any such Claim not filed or submitted as explained above within these deadlines
shall be forever barred, and any Creditor who is required to file a request for payment of such Claim
and who does not file such request by the applicable bar date shall be forever barred from asserting
such Claim against the Estate or its property.

18

b. Priority Tax Claims.

Priority Tax Claims are comprised of claims of federal, state and local governmental
units for taxes, interest and penalties for certain periods specified in section 507(a) of the Bankruptcy
Code.

Except to the extent that a Holder of an Allowed Priority Tax Claim agrees to less favorable treatment, each Holder of an Allowed Priority Tax Claim shall receive in full satisfaction, discharge, exchange, and release thereof, Cash from the Priority/Convenience Claims Reserve in an aggregate amount equal to such Allowed Priority Tax Claim on the later of: (i) the Effective Date; and (ii) the fifteenth (15th) Business Day after such Priority Tax Claim becomes an Allowed Priority Tax Claim, or, in either case, as soon thereafter as is practicable.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

1

2.

Classification and Treatment of Claims.

a. Classes Of Claims And Interests.

The following is a designation of the classes of claims and interests under the Plan. A claim or interest is classified in a particular class only to the extent that the claim or interest qualifies within the description of that class and is classified in a different class to the extent that any remainder of the claim or interest qualifies within the description of such different class. A claim or interest is in a particular class only to the extent that the claim or interest is an Allowed Claim or Allowed Interest in that class and has not been paid, released, or otherwise satisfied before the Effective Date.

b. PMR.

i.

PMR Class 1 (CB&T Office Building Secured Claim).

Impairment and Voting. Class 1 is composed of the Claim of CB&T secured by the
 Laguna Hills Property. Class 1 is unimpaired by the Plan. CB&T, the sole Holder of a PMR Class 1
 Claim, is deemed to accept the Plan with respect to such Claim.

Treatment. Except to the extent that the Holder of an Allowed Claim in PMR Class 15 1 agrees to less favorable treatment, the Allowed PMR Class 1 Claim shall be satisfied, discharged, 16 exchanged, and released by the performance of the Debtors' duties under the Stipulation for 17 Adequate Protection (Real Property), which was approved by the Court by an order entered January 18 18, 2012, including the Debtors' obligation to pay proceeds of the sale of the Office Building, net 19 only of reasonable closing costs, broker's commissions negotiated on an arm's length basis and 20 payable to independent third parties, and secured real property taxes prorated through the closing 21 date, up to the total aggregate sum of the Allowed PMR CB&T Office Building Secured Claim. To 22 the extent that the Effective Date occurs before a sale of the Office Building has closed, the 23 Liquidation Trustee shall assume all duties of the Debtors. 24

25

ii. PMR Class 2 (PMR Secured Tax Claims).

Impairment and Voting. The Holders of a PMR Class 2 Claim, if any, are Impaired
 under the Plan. Each Holder of a PMR Class 2 Claim is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan
 with respect to such Claim.

²

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 35 of 161

1 Treatment. Each Holder of an Allowed PMR Class 2 Claim shall (i) retain its Lien 2 securing such Claim, (ii) continue to accrue interest at the applicable statutory rate as required by 3 Bankruptcy Code § 511, and (iii) be paid regular quarterly installments of interest only each quarter 4 after the Effective Date for up to five (5) years after the Petition Date, with 100% of the unpaid 5 principal of such Allowed Claim to be paid in full in Cash on the fifth anniversary of the Petition 6 Date; provided, however, each Allowed PMR Class 2 Claim shall be paid in full in Cash from the net 7 sales proceeds of the Collateral securing that Allowed PMR Class 2 Claim, upon the closing of any 8 sale of such Collateral.

9

iii. PMR Class 3 (PMR Other Secured Claims).

Impairment and Voting. Class 3 is composed of Secured Claims that are not
already classified in other Classes. Currently, the Debtors do not believe that there are any other
secured claims, but to the extent that they exist, they would be in PMR Class 3. PMR Class 3
Claims are impaired by the Plan. Each Holder of a PMR Class 3 Claim is entitled to vote to accept
or reject the Plan with respect to such Claim.

15 **Treatment.** Except to the extent that the Holder of an Allowed Claim in PMR Class 16 3 agrees to less favorable treatment, each Allowed PMR Class 3 Claim shall be satisfied, discharged, 17 exchanged, and released by, at the option of the Liquidation Trustee: (i) payment to the Holder of 18 the amount of the Allowed PMR Class 3 Claim in Cash in full from the Secured Claims Reserve of 19 the Liquidation Trust; (ii) payment to the Holder of the sale or disposition proceeds of the Collateral 20 securing such Allowed Claim to the extent of the value of the Collateral securing such Allowed 21 Claim; (iii) surrender to the Holder of the Collateral securing such Allowed Claim; or (iv) such 22 treatment that leaves unaltered the legal, equitable, and contractual rights to which the Holder is 23 entitled with respect to such Allowed Claim. In the event that an Allowed Claim in PMR Class 3 is 24 treated under clause (i) or (ii) above, the Liens securing such Allowed Claim shall be deemed 25 released and extinguished without further Order of the Court. The Liquidation Trustee shall notify 26 the Holder of an Allowed PMR Class 3 Claim of the election made by the Liquidation Trustee under this section by the later of: (x) the Effective Date; and (y) the fifteenth (15th) Business Day after 27 28 such Claim becomes an Allowed PMR Class 3 Claim, or, in either case, as soon thereafter as is

565941v1

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 36 of 161

practicable, and the Liquidation Trustee shall perform such election within thirty (30) days thereafter.

3 iv. PMR Class 4 (PMR Non-Tax Priority Claims). 4 **Impairment and Voting.** PMR Class 4 Claims are impaired by the Plan. Each 5 Holder of a PMR Class 4 Claim is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan with respect to such Claim. 6 7 **Treatment.** Except to the extent that a Holder of an Allowed Claim in PMR Class 4 8 agrees to less favorable treatment, each Holder of an Allowed PMR Class 4 Claim shall receive from 9 the Priority/Convenience Claims Reserve of the Liquidation Trust in full satisfaction, discharge, exchange, and release of such Claim, Cash in an aggregate amount equal to such Allowed PMR 10 Class 4 Claim on the later of: (i) the Effective Date; and (ii) the fifteenth (15th) Business Day after 11 12 such PMR Class 4 Claim becomes an Allowed Claim, or, in either case, as soon thereafter as is 13 practicable. 14 PMR Class 5 (PMR Convenience Claims). v. 15 **Impairment and Voting.** PMR Class 5 Claims are impaired by the Plan. Each 16 Holder of an Allowed Claim in PMR Class 5 is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan with 17 respect to such Claim. 18 Treatment. Each Holder of an Allowed Claim in PMR Class 5 shall receive from the 19 Priority/Convenience Claims Reserve of the Liquidation Trust in full satisfaction, discharge, 20 exchange, and release of such Claim, Cash in an amount equal to 20% multiplied by the lesser of (a) \$2,000 or (b) the amount of such Allowed PMR Class 5 Claim on the later of: (i) the Effective Date; 21 and (ii) the fifteenth (15th) Business Day after such Class 5 Claim becomes an Allowed Claim, or, in 22 23 either case, as soon thereafter as is practicable. 24 vi. PMR Class 6 (PMR General Unsecured Claims). 25 **Impairment and Voting.** PMR Class 6 Claims are impaired by the Plan. Each 26 Holder of a PMR Class 6 Claim is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan with respect to such 27 Claim. 28

29

1

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 37 of 161

1	Treatment. Each Holder of an Allowed PMR Class 6 Claim shall receive a	
2	Liquidation Trust Interest in the allowed amount of such Allowed PMR Class 6 Claim on the later	
3	of: (a) the Effective Date; and (b) the fifteenth (15th) Business Day after such PMR Class 6 Claim	
4	becomes an Allowed PMR Class 6 Claim, or, in either case, as soon thereafter as is practicable. The	
5	Holder of a Liquidation Trust Interest shall receive from the Liquidation Trust, (a) Its share of the	
6	Initial Class 6 Distribution, as described below, and (b) a Pro Rata Share of the Liquidation Trust	
7	Net Proceeds as provided in Article V.C. of the Plan, after the Initial Class 6 Distribution. Each	
8	Holder of an Allowed PMR Class 6 Claim shall receive its Pro Rata share of the Initial Class 6	
9	Distribution, provided, that the distribution to RFA of its Pro Rata share of the Initial PMR Class 6	
10	Distribution shall be reduced by the amount of Cash (not to exceed \$520,000) required to fund the	
11	Initial PMR Cash on Hand. For avoidance of doubt, RFA shall receive an Initial Class 6	
12	Distribution, subject only to any reduction required to fund the Initial PMR Cash on Hand. The	
13	foregoing Liquidation Trust Interest and the Initial Class 6 Distribution shall be in full and complete	
14	satisfaction, discharge, exchange, and release of its Allowed PMR Class 6 Claim.	
15	vii. PMR Class 7 (PMR Subordinated Claims).	
16	Impairment and Voting. PMR Class 7 Claims are impaired by the Plan. Each	
17	Holder of an Allowed Claim in PMR Class 7 is deemed to reject the Plan with respect to such Claim.	
18	Treatment. Holders of Allowed PMR Class 7 Claims shall receive nothing under the	
19	Plan.	
20	viii. PMR Class 8 (PMR Interests).	
21	Impairment and Voting. PMR Class 8 Interests are impaired by the Plan. Each	
22	Holder of a PMR Class 8 Interest is deemed to reject the Plan with respect to such Interest.	
23	Treatment. Holders of PMR Class 8 Interests shall receive no Distributions under	
24	the Plan on account of such Interests. The Reorganized PMR Equity shall be transferred to or issued	
25	to the New Equity Holder in exchange for the \$50,000 cash payment to the Liquidation Trust.	
26		
27		
28		

8

9

11

12

13

14

15

MGV Cabo. c.

MGV Cabo Class 1 (MGV Cabo Secured Tax Claims). i.

Impairment and Voting. The Debtors do not believe that there are any MGV Cabo Class 1 Claims. MGV Cabo Class 1 is not impaired under the Plan. Any Holder of a MGV Cabo Class 1 Claim is deemed to accept the Plan.

Treatment. Except to the extent that the Holder of an Allowed Claim in MGV Cabo Class 1 agrees to less favorable treatment, each Allowed MGV Cabo Class 1 Claim shall be satisfied, discharged, exchanged, and released by a payment of Cash equal to such Allowed MGV Cabo Class 1 Claim, including any interest, fees and costs permitted under Bankruptcy Code §§ 506 & 1124, on the Effective Date. 10

ii. MGV Cabo Class 2 (MGV Cabo Other Secured Claims). **Impairment and Voting.** The Debtors do not believe that there are any MGV Cabo Class 2 Claims. To the extent that there are, MGV Class 2 Claims are impaired by the Plan. Each Holder of a MGV Cabo Class 2 Claim is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan with respect to such Claim.

Treatment. Except to the extent that the Holder of an Allowed Claim in MGV Cabo 16 Class 2 agrees to less favorable treatment, each Allowed MGV Cabo Class 2 Claim shall be 17 satisfied, discharged, exchanged, and released by, at the option of the Liquidation Trustee: 18 (i) payment to the Holder of the amount of the Allowed MGV Cabo Class 2 Claim in Cash in full 19 from the Secured Claims Reserve of the MGV Cabo Liquidation Trust; (ii) payment to the Holder of 20 the sale or disposition proceeds of the Collateral securing such Allowed Claim to the extent of the 21 value of the Collateral securing such Allowed Claim; (iii) surrender to the Holder of the Collateral 22 securing such Allowed Claim; or (iv) such treatment that leaves unaltered the legal, equitable, and 23 contractual rights to which the Holder is entitled with respect to such Allowed Claim. In the event 24 that an Allowed Claim in MGV Cabo Class 2 is treated under clause (i) or (ii) above, the Liens 25 securing such Allowed Claim shall be deemed released and extinguished without further Order of 26 the Court. The Liquidation Trustee shall notify the Holder of an Allowed MGV Cabo Class 2 Claim 27 of the election made by the Liquidation Trustee under this section by the later of: (x) the Effective 28

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 39 of 161

Date; and (y) the fifteenth (15th) Business Day after such Claim becomes an Allowed MGV Cabo
 Class 2 Claim, or, in either case, as soon thereafter as is practicable, and the Liquidation Trustee
 shall perform such election within thirty (30) days thereafter.

4 iii. MGV Class 3 (MGV Cabo Priority Non-Tax Claims).
 5 Impairment and Voting. MGV Cabo Class 3 Claims are impaired by the Plan.
 6 Each Holder of a MGV Cabo Class 3 Claim is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan with
 7 respect to such Claim.

8 Treatment. Except to the extent that a Holder of an Allowed Claim in MGV Cabo
9 Class 3 agrees to less favorable treatment, each Holder of an Allowed MGV Cabo Class 3 Claim
10 shall receive in full satisfaction, discharge, exchange, and release of such Claim, Cash from the
11 Priority/Convenience Claims Reserve in an aggregate amount equal to such Allowed MGV Cabo
12 Class 3 Claim on the later of: (i) the Effective Date; and (ii) the fifteenth (15th) Business Day after
13 such MGV Cabo Class 3 Claim becomes an Allowed Claim, or, in either case, as soon thereafter as
14 is practicable.

15

16

17

18

19

iv. MGV Cabo Class 4 (MGV Cabo General Unsecured Claims).

Impairment and Voting.MGV Cabo Class 4 Claims are impaired by the Plan.Each Holder of a MGV Cabo Class 4 Claim is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan with
respect to such Claim.

Treatment. Except to the extent that a Holder of an Allowed Claim in MGV Cabo
Class 4 agrees to less favorable treatment, each Holder of an Allowed MGV Cabo Class 4 Claim
shall receive in full satisfaction, discharge, exchange, and release of such Claim, Cash from the
Liquidation Trust in an aggregate amount equal to such Allowed MGV Cabo Class 4 Claim on the
later of: (i) the Effective Date; and (ii) the fifteenth (15th) Business Day after such MGV Cabo Class
4 Claim becomes an Allowed Claim, or, in either case, as soon thereafter as is practicable.

- 27
- 28

Ca	se 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 40 of 161
1	v. MGV Cabo Class 5 (MGV Cabo Interests).
2	Impairment and Voting. MGV Cabo Class 5 Interests are impaired by the Plan.
3	Each Holder of a MGV Cabo Class 5 Interest is deemed to reject the Plan with respect to such
4	Interest.
5	Treatment. The Class 5 Interests in MGV Cabo shall be canceled and MGV Cabo
6	shall be merged into DCA with DCA being the surviving Mexican entity.
7	d. DCA.
8	i. DCA Class 1 (DCA Secured Tax Claims).
9	Impairment and Voting. The Debtors do not believe that there are any DCA Class 1
10	Claims. DCA Class 1 is not impaired under the Plan. Any Holder of a DCA Class 1 Claim is
11	deemed to accept the Plan.
12	Treatment. Except to the extent that the Holder of an Allowed Claim in DCA
13	Class 1 agrees to less favorable treatment, each Allowed DCA Class 1 Claim shall be satisfied,
14	discharged, exchanged, and released by a payment of DCA Cash equal to such Allowed DCA
15	Class 1 Claim, including any interest, fees and costs permitted under Bankruptcy Code §§ 506 &
16	1124, on the Effective Date.
17	ii. DCA Class 2 (DCA Other Secured Claims).
18	Impairment and Voting. The Debtors do not believe that there are any DCA Class 2
19	Claims. To the extent that there are, DCA Class 2 Claims are impaired by the Plan. Each Holder of
20	a DCA Class 2 Claim is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan with respect to such Claim.
21	Treatment. Except to the extent that the Holder of an Allowed Claim in DCA Class
22	2 agrees to less favorable treatment, each Allowed DCA Class 2 Claim shall be satisfied, discharged,
23	exchanged, and released by: (i) payment to the Holder of the amount of the Allowed DCA Class 2
24	Claim in Cash in full from the DCA Cash; (ii) payment to the Holder of the sale or disposition
25	proceeds of the Collateral securing such Allowed Claim to the extent of the value of the Collateral
26	securing such Allowed Claim; (iii) surrender to the Holder of the Collateral securing such Allowed
27	Claim; or (iv) such treatment that leaves unaltered the legal, equitable, and contractual rights to
28	which the Holder is entitled with respect to such Allowed Claim. In the event that an Allowed

Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Desc Main Document Page 41 of 161

1 Claim in DCA Class 2 is treated under clause (i) or (ii) above, the Liens securing such Allowed 2 Claim shall be deemed released and extinguished without further Order of the Court. The 3 Liquidation Trustee shall notify the Holder of an Allowed DCA Class 2 Claim of the election made by the Liquidation Trustee under this section by the later of: (x) the Effective Date; and (y) the 4 5 fifteenth (15th) Business Day after such Claim becomes an Allowed DCA Class 2 Claim, or, in either case, as soon thereafter as is practicable, and the Liquidation Trustee shall perform such election 6 7 within thirty (30) days thereafter.

8

9

10

11

iii. DCA Class 3 (DCA Priority Non-Tax Claims).

Impairment and Voting. The Debtors do not believe there are any DCA Class 3 Allowed Claims. DCA Class 3 Claims are impaired by the Plan. Each Holder of a DCA Class 3 Claim is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan with respect to such Claim.

12 **Treatment.** Except to the extent that a Holder of an Allowed Claim in DCA Class 3 agrees to less favorable treatment, each Holder of an Allowed DCA Class 3 Claim shall receive in 13 14 full satisfaction, discharge, exchange, and release of such Claim, DCA Cash in an aggregate amount 15 equal to such Allowed DCA Class 3 Claim on the later of: (i) the Effective Date; and (ii) the fifteenth (15th) Business Day after such DCA Class 3 Claim becomes an Allowed Claim, or, in either 16 17 case, as soon thereafter as is practicable.

18

19

21

iv. DCA Class 4 (DCA General Unsecured Claims).

Impairment and Voting. DCA Class 4 Claims are impaired by the Plan. Each 20 Holder of a DCA Class 4 Claim is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan with respect to such Claim.

22 Treatment. Except to the extent that a Holder of an Allowed Claim in DCA Class 4 23 agrees to less favorable treatment, each Holder of an Allowed DCA Class 4 Claim except RFA shall 24 receive, in full satisfaction, discharge, exchange, and release of such Claim, DCA Cash in an 25 aggregate amount equal to such Allowed DCA Class 4 Claim on the later of: (i) the Effective Date; 26 and (ii) the fifteenth (15th) Business Day after such DCA Class 4 Claim becomes an Allowed Claim, 27 or, in either case, as soon thereafter as is practicable. RFA has agreed to subordinate its Allowed 28 DCA Class 4 Claim to all other Allowed DCA Class 4 Claims and to the funding of the Initial PMR

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 42 of 161

Cash on Hand, and shall not receive any distribution on account of its DCA Class 4 Claim unless
 and until all other Allowed DCA Class 4 Claims have been paid in full and the Initial PMR Cash on
 Hand is fully funded. RFA shall receive any remaining DCA Cash after all Allowed DCA Class 4
 Claims are paid in full and after the Initial PMR Cash on Hand has been fully funded.

v. DCA Class 5 (DCA Interests).

 Impairment and Voting. DCA Class 5 Interests are impaired by the Plan. Each

 Holder of a DCA Class 5 Interest is deemed to reject the Plan with respect to such Interest.

8 Treatment. Holders of DCA Class 5 Interests shall receive no Distributions under
9 the Plan on account of such Interests. The Reorganized DCA Equity shall be transferred to or issued
10 to Reorganized PMR, the New Equity in which shall be transferred to or issued to the New Equity
11 Holder in exchange for the \$5,000 cash payment to the Liquidation Trust. The Holders of DCA
12 Class 5 Interests shall receive nothing on account of these Interests.

13 14

5

6

7

e. Operadora.

i. Operadora Class 1 (Operadora Secured Tax Claims).
 Impairment and Voting. The Debtors do not believe that there are any Operadora
 Class 1 Claims. Operadora Class 1 is not impaired under the Plan. Any Holder of an Operadora
 Class 1 Claim is deemed to accept the Plan.

18 Treatment. Except to the extent that the Holder of an Allowed Claim in Operadora
19 Class 1 agrees to less favorable treatment, each Allowed Operadora Class 1 Claim shall be satisfied,
20 discharged, exchanged, and released by a payment of Cash equal to such Allowed Operadora Class 1
21 Claim, including any interest, fees and costs permitted under Bankruptcy Code §§ 506 & 1124, on
22 the Effective Date.

23

24

25

26

ii. Operadora Class 2 (Operadora Other Secured Claims).

Impairment and Voting. The Debtors do not believe that there are any OperadoraClass 2 Claims. Operadora Class 2 Claims are impaired by the Plan. Each Holder of an OperadoraClass 2 Claim is entitled to accept or reject the Plan with respect to such Claim.

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 43 of 161

1 **Treatment.** Except to the extent that the Holder of an Allowed Claim in Operadora 2 Class 2 agrees to less favorable treatment, each Allowed Operadora Class 2 Claim shall be satisfied, 3 discharged, exchanged, and released by a payment of Cash equal to such Allowed Operadora Class 2 4 Claim, including any interest, fees and costs permitted under Bankruptcy Code §§ 506 & 1124, on 5 the Effective Date. 6 iii. **Operadora Class 3 (Operadora Priority Non-Tax Claims).** 7 **Impairment and Voting.** Operadora Class 3 Claims are impaired by the Plan. Each 8 Holder of an Operadora Class 3 Claim is entitled to accept or reject the Plan with respect to such 9 Claim. 10 Treatment. Except to the extent that a Holder of an Allowed Claim in Operadora 11 Class 3 agrees to less favorable treatment, each Holder of an Allowed Operadora Class 3 Claim shall 12 receive, in full satisfaction, discharge, exchange, and release of such Claim, a payment of Cash on 13 the Effective Date equal to the Allowed amount of such Allowed Operadora Class 3 Claim. 14 **Operadora Class 4 (Operadora General Unsecured** iv. Claims). 15 **Impairment and Voting.** Operadora Class 4 Claims are impaired by the Plan. Each 16 Holder of a Operadora Class 4 Claim is entitled to accept or reject the Plan with respect to such 17 Claim. 18 **Treatment.** Except to the extent that a Holder of an Allowed Claim in Operadora 19 Class 4 agrees to less favorable treatment, each Holder of an Allowed Operadora Class 4 Claim shall 20 receive, in full satisfaction, discharge, exchange, and release of such Claim, a payment of Cash on 21 the Effective Date equal to the Allowed amount of such Allowed Operadora Class 4 Claim. 22 **Operadora Class 5 (Operadora Interests).** 23 v. **Impairment and Voting.** Operadora Class 5 Interests are impaired by the Plan. 24 DCA is the sole Holder of an Operadora Class 5 Interest, and it is entitled to accept or reject the Plan 25 with respect to such Interest. 26 **Treatment.** DCA's Class 5 Interest in Operadora shall be canceled and Operadora 27 shall be merged into DCA with DCA being the surviving Mexican entity. 28

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 44 of 161

D.

Executory Contracts And Unexpired Leases.

Subject to certain limitations, the Debtors have the right, subject to Bankruptcy Court
approval, to assume or reject any executory contract or unexpired lease entered into prior to the
Petition Date. Generally, damages resulting to the other party from a rejection are treated as an
Unsecured Claim arising prior to the Petition Date and included in the appropriate class to the extent
such claim is allowed by the Bankruptcy Court.

7 Effective upon the Effective Date, the Debtors will assume all executory contracts
8 and unexpired leases that exist, between the Debtors and any other Person, which have not
9 previously been assumed, assumed and assigned, or rejected, except the Debtors do not assume those
10 executory contracts and unexpired leases which are listed in Exhibit "2" to the Plan. The Debtors
11 believe that there are no defaults under any of the executory contracts or unexpired leases to be
12 assumed and, therefore, no cure payments are required under Bankruptcy Code section 365.

The Debtors shall reject the executory contracts and unexpired leases listed on
Exhibit "2" to the Plan hereto and all Executory Contracts and unexpired leases previously rejected
by order of the Bankruptcy Court.

All Allowed Claims arising from the rejection of executory contracts or unexpired 16 leases, whether under the Plan or by separate proceeding, shall be treated as General Unsecured 17 Claims against the consolidated Debtors. If the rejection of an executory contract or unexpired lease 18 by the Plan results in damages to the counterparty to such contract or lease, then a Claim for 19 damages or any other amounts related in any way to such contract or lease shall be forever barred 20 and shall not be enforceable against the Debtors, the Estates, or their property, unless a proof of 21 claim is filed with the Court and served on the Liquidation Trustee within thirty (30) days after the 22 Effective Date. The rejection claim bar date for leases and executory contracts rejected before the 23 Effective Date, outside of the Plan, shall be, as applicable: (a) the date(s) set forth in the applicable 24 Order(s) approving or authorizing rejection of such lease or contract; or (b) the Claims Bar Date. 25

26

E. Implementation Of The Plan.

Conditions to Plan Effectiveness. The Plan will not be consummated or
 become binding unless and until the Effective Date occurs. The Effective Date will be the first

¹ 2

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 45 of 161

Business Day, as determined by the Debtors in their discretion, on which the following conditions
 have been satisfied or waived:

- 3 (a) the Confirmation Order, in form and substance acceptable to the Debtors, has 4 been entered and is not stayed; 5 (b) at least fourteen (14) days have passed since the Confirmation Date; 6 (c) the Liquidation Trust Agreement has been executed by all parties thereto; and 7 (d) the Debtors shall have received all authorizations, consents, rulings, opinions, 8 or other documents that are determined by the Debtors to be necessary to implement the Plan. 9 The Debtors' rights under the "mootness doctrine" shall be unaffected by any 10 provision hereof. The failure to satisfy any condition may be asserted by the Debtors regardless of 11 the circumstances giving rise to the failure of such condition to be satisfied including any act, action, 12 failure to act, or inaction by the Debtors. If the Debtors fail to assert the non-satisfaction of any such 13 condition, such failure shall not be deemed a waiver of any other rights. 14 2. Actions on the Effective Date. To the extent not previously completed, on the 15 Effective Date, the following shall occur in implementation of the Plan: 16 (a) PMR, VIR, and VMG, and their Estates, shall be substantively consolidated into the
 - (a) FINR, VIR, and VIRB, and their Estates, shall be substantively consolidated into the single Estate of PMR for all purposes, including voting on the Plan, classification of Claims and Interests, and Distributions;
 - (b) the Liquidation Trustee and the Clerk of the Court shall take all steps necessary to close the Cases of VIR and VMG;
 - (c) all actions, documents, and agreements necessary to implement the Plan shall be effected or executed;
 - (d) the Liquidation Trust Agreement shall become effective;
 - (e) the Committee shall terminate and disband and the members of the Committee shall
 be released and discharged of and from all further authority, duties, responsibilities,
 and obligations related to and arising from their service as Committee members; and
- 27 28

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

1	(f)	the Ne	ew Equity Holder shall pay \$5,000 to the Liquidation Trustee in exchange for
2		which	on the Transition Completion Date, the Reorganized PMR Equity shall be
3		issued	to the New Equity Holder.
4		3.	Corporate Action. Upon the Effective Date, all transactions and applicable
5	matters provid	led for	under the Plan shall be deemed to be authorized and approved by the Debtors
6	without any re	quiren	nent of further action by the Debtors, their shareholders, their members, or their
7	directors.		
8	4.	Vesti	ng and Transfer of Assets. On the Effective Date, the Assets of the Estates
9	will be vested	or tran	sferred as follows:
10		(a)	all equity Interests in PMR 2007-A and PMRIC shall be deemed transferred to
11	the Liquidatio	n Trust	t free and clear of liens, claims, and encumbrances;
12		(b)	except as otherwise provided under the Plan, all Assets and Causes of Action
13	of the Debtors	, other	than the PMR Retained Assets and DCA Retained Assets, shall be transferred
14	to the Liquida	tion Tr	ust free and clear of liens, claims, and encumbrances;
15		(c)	DCA shall retain ownership of the DCA Retained Assets and PMR shall retain
16	ownership of t	he PM	R Retained Assets, including without limitation the equity Interests in
17	Reorganized I	DCA;	
18		(d)	DCA and Operadora will use the DCA Cash to pay all Allowed Claims
19	against Reorg	ganized	DCA, other than the Claim of RFA, including all Allowed Claims assumed by
20	Reorganized	DCA a	as the result of the mergers described in 5.4(g), of the Plan, in full in Cash or
21	transfer to the	e Liqui	dation trust sufficient Cash to pay all such Allowed Claims in full in Cash not
22	later than the	Effect	ive Date;
23		(e)	After making the distributions pursuant to 5.4(d) of the Plan, DCA shall
24	transfer to PN	/IR for	the sole purpose of funding the Initial PMR Cash on Hand any remaining DCA
25	Cash, except	\$5,000), which shall be a DCA Retained Asset;
26		(f)	In the event that any excess DCA Cash remains after the Initial PMR Cash on
27	Hand is funde	ed in fu	Ill, any such excess DCA Cash shall be distributed to RFA on account of RFA's
28	DCA Class 4	Claim	; and

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 47 of 161

(g) Operadora, PMR Cabo, CCA and MGV Cabo shall be merged into
 Reorganized DCA on the Effective Date, with Reorganized DCA being the surviving entity.

3 To the extent required to implement the transfers of the Assets from the Debtors and 4 the Estates to the Liquidation Trust as provided for herein, all Persons including Governmental 5 Authorities shall cooperate with the Debtors, the Estates, and the Liquidation Trustee to assist in the 6 implementation of such transfers. On the Effective Date, and as provided in the Plan and sections 7 1123, 1141, and 1146(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, the Debtors and their Estates are authorized as 8 provided in the Plan to transfer, grant, assign, convey, set over, and deliver to the Liquidation 9 Trustee, for the benefit of the Liquidation Trust, all of the Debtors' and the Estates' right, title, and 10 interest in and to the Assets to be transferred free and clear of all liens, Claims, encumbrances, or 11 interests of any kind in such property, except as otherwise expressly provided for in the Plan. As of 12 the Effective Date, the Trust Assets shall be free and clear of all liens, Claims, and interests of 13 Holders of Claims and Interests, except as otherwise provided in the Plan.

5. 14 **Transition Services.** On and after the Effective Date, Reorganized PMR will 15 retain the PMR Retained Assets and will continue to perform its obligations under the Transition 16 Services Agreement. On and after the Effective Date and prior to the Transition Completion Date, 17 Mackinac Partners, LLC shall manage Reorganized PMR and Reorganized DCA. Promptly after the 18 Transition Completion Date, the New Equity Holder shall have the right to replace management of 19 Reorganized PMR and Reorganized DCA. Prior to the Transition Completion Date Reorganized 20 PMR and Reorganized DCA shall not engage in any new transactions. When Reorganized PMR has 21 completed the Transition Services it shall provide written notice to the Liquidation Trustee that such 22 Transition Services have been completed. Such notice shall be delivered not later than June 30, 23 2013. On the Transition Completion Date the Reorganized PMR Equity shall be promptly issued to 24 or transferred to the New Equity Holder. From and after the Transition Completion Date 25 Reorganized PMR and Reorganized DCA shall have the right to engage in future development and 26 acquisition as they deem appropriate. The New Equity Holder has informed the Debtors that the 27 New Equity Holder intends to cause the Reorganized Debtors to enter into a management agreement 28 with the New Equity Holder's affiliate, under which contract the Reorganized Debtors may make an

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 48 of 161

advance payment, not to exceed \$520,000, to the affiliate in exchange for an irrevocable
 commitment to provide management services for not less than 5 years. This payment will be funded
 from the Initial PMR Cash on Hand.

4

6

7

8

9

10

11

6. Provisions Relating to Federal Income Tax Compliance. Transfers to the Liquidation Trust shall be treated for all purposes of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, as transfers to Creditors to the extent Creditors are Beneficiaries. For example, such treatment shall apply for purposes of Internal Revenue Code sections 61(a)(12), 483, 1001, 1012, and 1274. Any such transfer shall be treated for federal income tax purposes as a deemed transfer to the Beneficiary-Creditors followed by a deemed transfer by the Beneficiary-Creditors to the Liquidation Trust. The Beneficiaries shall be treated for federal income tax purposes as the grantors and deemed owners of the Liquidation Trust.

12

F.

Liquidation Trust.

13 1. Authorization of Liquidation Trustee. On the Effective Date, the Debtors, 14 on behalf of the Estates, and the Liquidation Trustee shall be authorized to, and shall, take all such 15 actions as required to transfer the Assets from the Debtors and the Estates to the Liquidation Trust to 16 the extent provided in the Plan. From and after the Effective Date, the Liquidation Trustee shall be 17 authorized to, and shall take all such actions as required to implement the Liquidation Trust 18 Agreement and the provisions of the Plan, including administering the Causes of Action. The 19 Confirmation Order shall provide the Liquidation Trustee with express authority to convey, transfer, 20 and assign any and all of the Trust Assets and to take all actions necessary to effectuate same and to 21 employ such professionals as the Liquidation Trustee deems appropriate, including without 22 limitation professionals previously employed by the Debtors and/or the Committee. Mackinac 23 Partners, LLC shall assist the Liquidation Trustee in the transition and in the analysis of and 24 objections to Claims.

25

26

27

28

2. Representative of the Consolidated Estates. The Liquidation Trustee shall be, and hereby is, appointed as the representative of the respective Estates pursuant to sections 1123(a)(5), (a)(7), and (b)(3)(B) of the Bankruptcy Code and as such shall be vested with the authority and power (subject to the Liquidation Trust Agreement) to: (a) administer, hold, and

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 49 of 161

liquidate the Trust Assets of each Liquidation Trust; (b) administer, investigate, prosecute, settle, 1 2 and abandon all Causes of Action in the name of, and for the benefit of, the Estates, subject to the 3 limitations set forth in the Plan; and (c) make Distributions provided for in the Plan, including on 4 account of Allowed Claims and Liquidation Trust Interests. As the representative of the Estates, the 5 Liquidation Trustee shall succeed to all of the rights and powers of the Debtors and the Estates with 6 respect to all Causes of Action, and the Liquidation Trustee shall be substituted and shall replace the 7 Debtors, the Estates, and the Committee, as applicable, as the party in interest in all litigation 8 pending as of the Effective Date. As of the Effective Date, subject to the Liquidation Trust 9 Agreement, the Liquidation Trustee, on behalf of the Liquidation Trust, shall be authorized to 10 exercise and perform the rights, powers, and duties held by the Debtors' Estates with respect to the 11 Causes of Action, including, without limitation, the authority under Bankruptcy Code section 12 1123(b)(3) to provide for the settlement, adjustment, retention, and enforcement of claims and 13 interests of the Estates, without the consent or approval of any third party, and without any further 14 order of the Court, except as otherwise provided in the Plan or Confirmation Order. SUBJECT TO 15 THE LIQUIDATION TRUST AGREEMENT, THE LIQUIDATION TRUSTEE WILL 16 MAKE THE DECISION OF WHETHER OR NOT TO PURSUE ANY CAUSES OF 17 ACTION. THIS DECISION WILL BE BASED UPON REVIEW OF THE MERITS OF THE 18 VARIOUS CLAIMS AS WELL AS THE COSTS REQUIRED TO PROSECUTE SUCH 19 CLAIMS IN LIGHT OF THE RESOURCES AVAILABLE. SUBJECT TO THE 20 LIQUIDATION TRUST AGREEMENT, THE LIQUIDATION TRUSTEE MAY SEEK TO 21 **RETAIN COUNSEL ON A CONTINGENCY BASIS TO PROSECUTE SOME OR ALL OF** 22 SUCH CLAIMS, MAY SEEK TO FINANCE ANY COSTS RELATING TO THE 23 **PROSECUTION OF SUCH LITIGATION, OR MAY DECIDE NOT TO PURSUE SUCH** 24 CLAIMS AT ALL.

25

26

27

3. Funding of Post Effective Date Trust Expenses. All Post Effective Date Trust Expenses shall be expenses of the Liquidation Trust, and the Liquidation Trustee shall disburse funds from each Liquidation Trust for the purpose of paying such expenses.

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 50 of 161

4. Termination of Liquidation Trust. The Liquidation Trust will terminate as
 soon as practicable, but in no event later than the fifth (5th) anniversary of the Effective Date plus
 one (1) month; provided, however, that, the Court, upon motion by the Liquidation Trustee, may
 extend the term of the Liquidation Trust one or more times for a finite period if such extension(s) are
 warranted by the facts and based upon a finding that such extension(s) are necessary to prosecute the
 Causes of Actions or to liquidate and distribute all of the Trust Assets.

G.

7

8

9

10

Distributions Generally.

1.Cash Distributions. The sources of all Distributions and payments under thePlan are and will be Cash. Cash Distributions made pursuant to the Plan shall be in United Statesfunds, by check drawn on a domestic bank, or, by wire transfer from a domestic bank.

11 2. Setoff and Recoupment. NOTWITHSTANDING ANYTHING TO THE 12 CONTRARY IN THE PLAN, THE LIQUIDATION TRUSTEE MAY SET OFF, RECOUP, OR WITHHOLD AGAINST THE DISTRIBUTIONS TO BE MADE ON ACCOUNT OF 13 14 ANY ALLOWED CLAIM, OR LIQUIDATION TRUST INTEREST, ANY CLAIMS THAT 15 THE DEBTORS, THE ESTATES, OR THE LIQUIDATION TRUSTEE MAY HAVE 16 AGAINST THE HOLDER OF THE ALLOWED CLAIM, OR LIQUIDATION TRUST 17 INTEREST. THE DEBTORS, THE ESTATES, THE LIQUIDATION TRUST, AND THE 18 LIQUIDATION TRUSTEE WILL NOT WAIVE OR RELEASE ANY CLAIM AGAINST 19 THOSE HOLDERS BY FAILING TO EFFECT SUCH A SETOFF OR RECOUPMENT, BY ALLOWING ANY CLAIM AGAINST THE DEBTORS OR THE ESTATES, OR BY 20 21 MAKING A DISTRIBUTION ON ACCOUNT OF AN ALLOWED CLAIM, OR 22 LIQUIDATION TRUST INTEREST.

23

24

25

26

3. No *De Minimis* Distributions. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Plan, no Distribution of less than \$50.00 will be made to any Holder of an Allowed Claim, Liquidation Trust Interest on account thereof. No consideration will be provided in lieu of the *de minimis* Distributions that are not made under this section.

4. Fractional Cents. When any payment of a fraction of a cent would otherwise
be called for, the actual payment shall reflect a rounding of such fraction to the nearest whole cent

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 51 of 161

1	(rounding down in the case of less than \$0.005 and rounding up in the case of \$0.005 or more);
2	provided, however, that, in no event, shall a Distribution of less than \$50.00 be made to any Holder
3	of an Allowed Claim, Liquidation Trust Interest.
4	5. No Distributions With Respect to Disputed Claims and Interests.
5	Notwithstanding any other Plan provision: (a) Distributions to Holders of Claims will be made, and
6	Liquidation Trust Interests will be issued, only after, and only to the extent that, such Holders hold
7	Allowed Claims; and (b) unless otherwise agreed by the Liquidation Trustee, if any portion of a
8	Claim is a Disputed Claim, the entire Claim shall be treated as a Disputed Claim and no Distribution
9	or issuance of Liquidation Trust Interests to the Holder of such Claim shall be made on account of
10	such Claim unless and until no portion of the Claim is a Disputed Claim.
11	6. Undeliverable or Unclaimed Distributions.
12	(a) Distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims (except Administrative Claims)
13	and Liquidation Trust Interests will be made by mail as follows:
14	(i) Distributions will be sent to the address, if any, set forth on a filed
15	proof of claim as amended by any written notice of address change
16	that is received by the Liquidation Trustee no later than ten (10)
17	Business Days before the date of any Distribution; or
18	(ii) If no such address is available, Distributions will be sent to the
19	address set forth on the Bankruptcy Schedules.
20	(b) Distributions to Holders of Allowed Administrative Claims shall be made by
21	mail to the address set forth in such Holder's request for payment, fee application, or transactional
22	documents, as applicable.
23	(c) If no address is available on a proof of claim, the Bankruptcy Schedules,
24	request for payment, fee application, or transactional documents, as applicable, the Distribution will
25	be deemed to be undeliverable. If a Distribution is returned to the Liquidation Trustee as an
26	undeliverable Distribution or is deemed to be an undeliverable Distribution, the Liquidation Trustee
27	will make no further Distributions to the Holder to which such undeliverable Distribution was made
28	unless and until the Liquidation Trustee is timely notified in writing of that Person's current address.

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 52 of 161

1 Until they become deliverable, the Liquidation Trustee shall deposit undeliverable Distributions 2 (whether returned or not made) into the Undeliverable Distributions Reserve of the Liquidation Trust 3 for the benefit of the Persons entitled to such Distributions. Holders of Claims or Liquidation Trust 4 Interests subject to undeliverable Distributions will not be entitled to any interest on account of the 5 undeliverable Distributions.

6

(d) Any Person or entity that is otherwise entitled to an undeliverable Distribution 7 and that does not, within one (1) year after a Distribution is deemed undeliverable or returned as 8 undeliverable, provide the Liquidation Trustee with a written notice asserting its claim to or interest 9 in that undeliverable Distribution and setting forth a current, deliverable address will be deemed to 10 waive any claim to or interest in that undeliverable Distribution and will be forever barred from 11 receiving that undeliverable Distribution or asserting any claim against the Debtors, the Estates, the 12 Liquidation Trust, the Liquidation Trustee, or their property. Any undeliverable Distributions that 13 are not claimed timely under this section will be withdrawn from the Undeliverable Distribution 14 Reserve and treated as Trust Assets of the Liquidation Trust. Nothing in the Plan requires the 15 Debtors or the Liquidation Trustee to attempt to locate any Person holding an Allowed Claim, a 16 Liquidation Trust Interest and whose distribution is undeliverable.

17 7. Negotiation of Checks. Checks issued in respect of Allowed Claims or 18 Liquidation Trust Interests shall be null and void if not negotiated within ninety (90) days after the 19 date of issuance thereof. Requests for reissuance of any check shall be made to the Liquidation 20 Trustee by the Holder of the Allowed Claim, or Liquidation Trust Interest to whom such check 21 originally was issued must be made on or before ninety (90) days after the expiration of the ninety 22 (90) day period following the date of issuance of such check. Thereafter, the amount represented by 23 such voided check shall irrevocably revert to the Liquidation Trust and any Claim in respect of such 24 voided check shall be discharged and forever barred from assertion against the Liquidation Trustee, 25 the Debtors, the Estates, the Liquidation Trust, and their property.

26 8. **Record Date.** The record date for purposes of Distributions under this Plan 27 shall be the date the Court enters the Disclosure Statement Order. The Debtors and the Liquidation 28 Trustee will rely on the register of proofs of claim filed in the Cases except to the extent a notice of

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 53 of 161

transfer of a Claim or Interest has been filed with the Court prior to the record date pursuant to
 Bankruptcy Rule 3001.

3 9. Postpetition Interest. Except as otherwise provided by Final Court Order or 4 in the Plan, Postpetition Interest will only be paid on account of Allowed General Unsecured Claims 5 through Liquidation Trust Interests and only to the extent that the Liquidation Trust has Cash 6 remaining after payment of all Allowed General Unsecured Claims in full, which shall be distributed 7 to Holders of Liquidation Trust Interests in such Liquidation Trust so that each such Holder receives 8 a Pro Rata Share of the surplus Cash; provided, however, that no Holder of a Liquidation Trust 9 Interest shall receive more than the amount of Postpetition Interest due on account of such Holder's 10 Allowed General Unsecured Claim.

11

10. Sequence of Payments.

(a) The Liquidation Trust shall use \$1,000,000 of its Cash on hand on the
Effective Date to fund the following items: (i) payment of all Allowed Priority Claims against PMR
in full in Cash; (ii) payment of the 20% distribution to all Holders of Allowed PMR Class 5 Claims
(Convenience Class Claims), and (iii) the Initial PMR Class 6 Distribution to be made pursuant to
section 3.18(b).

17 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan, no payments shall be made 18 by the Liquidation Trust on account of Liquidation Trust Interests, other than the Initial Class 6 19 Distribution, until: (i) all Allowed Administrative Claims, Allowed Priority Claims, Allowed 20 Convenience Claims, Allowed Unsecured Claims against DCA, including any Allowed Claims for 21 which DCA is liable as the result of the mergers with the Mexican Entities, have been paid in full by 22 the Reorganized Debtors before they transfer any residual Cash to the Liquidation Trust, 23 (ii) Allowed Secured Claims that are liabilities of the Liquidation Trust have been paid in full, (iii) 24 all then outstanding and projected Post Effective Date Trust Expenses of the Liquidation Trust have 25 been paid in full or are fully funded in the Operating Reserve of the Liquidation Trust; (iv) if 26 applicable, Cash to pay all Disputed Administrative Claims has been deposited into the 27 Administrative Claims Reserve of the Liquidation Trust; (v) if applicable, Cash to pay all Disputed 28 Secured Claims has been deposited into the Secured Claims Reserve of the Liquidation Trust; and

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 54 of 161

1 (vi) if applicable, Cash to pay all Disputed Priority Claims and Disputed Convenience Claims has 2 been deposited into the Priority/Convenience Claims Reserve of the Liquidation Trust.

3 (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan, no payments of Postpetition 4 Interest shall be made by the Liquidation Trust until all Liquidation Trust Interests have been paid in 5 full, excluding Postpetition Interest.

6 11. Withholding and Reporting Requirements. In connection with the 7 Distributions under the Plan, the Liquidation Trustee shall comply with all applicable withholding 8 and reporting requirements imposed by any federal, state, or local taxing authority, and all 9 Distributions shall be subject to any such withholding or reporting requirements. All such amounts 10 withheld and paid to the appropriate Governmental Authority shall be treated as distributed to such 11 Holders. Notwithstanding the above, each Holder of an Allowed Claim, or Liquidation Trust 12 Interest, is to receive a Distribution shall have the sole and exclusive responsibility for the 13 satisfaction and payment of any Tax obligations imposed by any Governmental Authority, including 14 income, withholding, and other Tax obligations, on account of such Distribution. The Liquidation 15 Trustee has the right, but not the obligation, to not make a Distribution until such Holder has made 16 arrangements satisfactory to the Liquidation Trustee for payment of any such Tax obligations. The 17 Liquidation Trustee may require, as a condition to receipt of a Distribution, that the Holder of an 18 Allowed Claim, or Liquidation Trust Interest, Interest provide a completed Form W-8, W-9, and/or 19 other Tax information deemed necessary in the sole discretion of the Liquidation Trustee, provided 20 that if the Liquidation Trustee makes such a request and the Holder fails to comply before the date 21 that is one-hundred eighty (180) days after the request is made, the amount of such Distribution shall 22 irrevocably revert to the Liquidation Trust and any Claim in respect of such Distribution shall be 23 discharged and forever barred from assertion against the Liquidation Trustee, the Debtors, the 24 Estates, the Liquidation Trust, and their respective property.

25

26

27

12. Claims Register. The register of Claims maintained by the Debtors shall be based on Allowed Claims as of the Record Date. Any transfer of a Claim, whether occurring prior to or after the Record Date, shall not affect or alter the classification and treatment of such Claim under

the Plan and any such transferred Claim shall be subject to classification and treatment under the Plan as if such Claim was held by the transferor who held such Claim on the Record Date.

- **13.** Maximum Amount of Distributions. In no event shall a Holder of an
 Allowed Claim be entitled to receive in the aggregate on account of such Allowed Claim from the
 Liquidation Trust whether directly or on account of Liquidation Trust Interests more than the total
 amount of such Allowed Claim plus, to the extent provided in the Plan, Postpetition Interest on such
 amount.
 - H. Reserves.

1

2

8

9 1. Administrative Claims Reserve. Distributions to Holders of Allowed 10 Administrative Claims on account of such Claims shall be made by the Reorganized Debtors from 11 the Administrative Claims Reserve of the Liquidation Trust. On or as soon as practicable after the 12 Effective Date, (a) the Debtors will pay all Allowed Administrative Claims, and (b) the Administrative Claims Reserve for the Liquidation Trust shall be established and funded with Cash 13 14 from the Liquidation Trust to pay any Disputed Administrative Claims. The Liquidation Trustee 15 shall continue to fund the Administrative Claims Reserve of the Liquidation Trust as needed from 16 Trust Assets. Subject to the Plan, any Cash remaining in the Administrative Claims Reserve after all 17 Administrative Claims against the Liquidation Trust have been resolved by Final Order and all 18 Allowed Administrative Claims against the Liquidation Trust fully paid shall be released from the 19 Administrative Claims Reserve and used as Trust Assets in accordance with the Plan.

20 2. **Disputed Interim Dividends Reserve.** Prior to making an Interim 21 Distribution from the Liquidation Trust, the Liquidation Trustee shall establish a Disputed Interim 22 Dividends Reserve into which the Interim Dividends on account of Disputed General Unsecured 23 Claims shall be deposited and withdrawn as provided in the Plan. Subject to the Plan, any Cash 24 remaining in the Disputed Interim Dividends Reserve after all General Unsecured Claims have been 25 resolved by Final Order and all Liquidation Trust Interests in the Liquidation Trust fully paid 26 (without including Postpetition Interest) shall be released from the Disputed Interim Dividends 27 Reserve and used as Trust Assets in accordance with the Plan.

28

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 56 of 161

1 3. Priority/Convenience Claims Reserve. Distributions to Holders of Allowed 2 Priority Claims and Allowed Convenience Claims on account of such Claims shall be made by the 3 Liquidation Trust from the Priority/Convenience Claims Reserve. On or as soon as practicable after 4 the Effective Date, the Priority/Convenience Claims Reserve shall be established by the Liquidation 5 Trustee and funded by Cash to pay any Disputed Priority Claims and Disputed Convenience Claims. 6 The Liquidation Trustee shall continue to fund the Priority/Convenience Claims Reserve as needed 7 from Trust Assets. Subject to the Plan, any Cash remaining in the Priority/Convenience Claims 8 Reserve after all Priority Claims and Convenience Claims have been resolved by Final Order and all 9 Allowed Priority Claims and Allowed Convenience Claims fully paid shall be released from the 10 Priority/Convenience Claims Reserve and used as Trust Assets in accordance with the Plan.

11 4. **Operating Reserve.** Payments of all Post Effective Date Operating Expenses 12 shall be made from the Operating Reserve of the Liquidation Trust. On or as soon as practicable 13 after the Effective Date, the Operating Reserve shall be established by the Liquidation Trustee and 14 funded by Cash to pay for all projected Post Effective Date Operating Expenses of the Liquidation 15 Trust. The Liquidation Trustee shall continue to fund the Operating Reserve as needed from Trust 16 Assets. Any Cash remaining in the Operating Reserve that the Liquidation Trustee believes is not 17 necessary to fund Post Effective Date Operating Expenses of the Liquidation Trust shall be released 18 from the Operating Reserve and used as Trust Assets in accordance with the Plan.

19 5. Secured Claims Reserve. Distributions to Holders of Allowed Secured 20 Claims shall be made from the Secured Claims Reserve of the Liquidation Trust. On or as soon as 21 practicable after the period by which the Liquidation Trustee must make an election as to the 22 treatment of any Secured Claim, the Secured Claims Reserve shall be established by the Liquidation 23 Trustee and funded with Cash to pay for all Secured Claims, including any Disputed Secured 24 Claims. The Liquidation Trustee shall continue to fund the Secured Claims Reserve as needed from 25 Trust Assets of the Liquidation Trust. Subject to the Plan, any Cash remaining in the Secured 26 Claims Reserve after all Secured Claims have been resolved by Final Order and all such Allowed 27 Secured Claims fully paid shall be released from the Secured Claims Reserve and used as Trust 28 Assets in accordance with the Plan.

6. 1 Undeliverable Distributions Reserve. On or as soon as practicable after the 2 Effective Date, the Liquidation Trustee shall establish an Undeliverable Distributions Reserve for 3 the Liquidation Trust into which Undeliverable Distributions shall be deposited and withdrawn as 4 provided in the Plan.

5

7. Reduced or Disallowed Administrative, Priority, or Secured Claims. To 6 the extent that a Disputed Claim (other than a General Unsecured Claim) for which Cash has been 7 deposited into a Reserve is not allowed or becomes an Allowed Claim in an amount less than the 8 amount retained in a Reserve with respect to such Claim, the amount that was retained in the 9 Reserve on account of such Claim, or the excess of the amount that was retained on account of such 10 Claim over the amount actually distributed on account of such Claim, shall be released from the 11 Reserve and used as Trust Assets in accordance with the Plan.

12

8. **Reserve Amounts for Disputed Administrative, Priority, and Secured**

13 **Claims.** For purposes of establishing reserves for Disputed Administrative Claims, Disputed Priority Claims, and Disputed Secured Claims, the amount of such Claim shall be the stated 14 15 liquidated "face amount" of such Claim, unless such Claim is estimated by Order of the Court. If such Disputed Claim does not set forth a stated liquidated "face amount", then the "face amount" of 16 17 such Claim shall be estimated by the Court, and such estimated amount: (a) shall be used in 18 calculating reserves for such Claim; and (b) shall set the maximum allowed amount of such Claim 19 for purposes of Distributions on account thereof. Nothing in this section shall preclude any Holder 20 of a Disputed Claim on notice to the Liquidation Trustee or the Liquidation Trustee from seeking an 21 order of the Court in respect of or relating to the amount retained with respect to such Holder's 22 Disputed Claim.

23

24

I.

Distributions On And Reserves For Liquidation Trust Interests.

1. **Interim Distributions.**

25 The Liquidation Trust shall use \$1,000,000 of its Cash on hand on the (a) 26 Effective Date to fund the following items: (i) payment of all Allowed Priority Claims against PMR 27 in full in Cash; (ii) payment of the 20% distribution to all Holders of Allowed PMR Class 5 Claims 28 (Convenience Class Claims), (iii) a Pro Rata distribution of the net remaining balance after (i) and

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 58 of 161

(ii) to the Holders of Allowed Class 6 Claims, in the manner described in Section 3.18(b) of the
 Plan. Each Holder of an Allowed PMR Class 6 Claim shall receive its Pro Rata share of the Initial
 Class 6 Distribution, provided, that the distribution to RFA of its Pro Rata share of the Initial PMR
 Class 6 Distribution shall be reduced by the amount of Cash (not to exceed \$520,000) required to
 fund the Initial PMR Cash on Hand. For avoidance of doubt, RFA shall receive an Initial Class 6
 Distribution, subject only to any reduction required to fund the Initial PMR Cash on Hand.

(b) As soon as practicable after the satisfaction in full of, or the establishment of Reserves as determined under the Plan, Administrative Claims, Priority Claims, and Secured Claims, the Liquidation Trustee is authorized to cause the Liquidation Trust to make an Interim Distribution on account of Liquidation Trust Interests.

11 (c) The Liquidation Trustee may, but is not required to, cause a Liquidation Trust 12 to make Interim Distributions of Available Cash to Holders of Liquidation Trust Interests no more 13 often than quarterly of each year, provided that each such Interim Distribution in the aggregate 14 (including Interim Distributions deposited into the Interim Dividends Reserve for such Liquidation 15 Trust) is not less than \$1,000,000 of such Liquidation Trust's Available Cash. Notwithstanding the 16 foregoing: (i) the Liquidation Trustee may determine, in his, her, or its sole discretion to cause a 17 Liquidation Trust to make an Interim Distribution that is less than \$1,000,000 in the aggregate of such Liquidation Trust's Available Cash; and (ii) the Liquidation Trustee must cause a Liquidation 18 19 Trust to make an Interim Distribution if such Liquidation Trust has more than \$1,000,000 of Available Cash. 20

Calculations For Interim Distributions. In calculating Interim Distributions,
 the Liquidation Trustee shall treat Disputed General Unsecured Claims as if they would be allowed
 in the least of the following amounts: (a) the filed amount of such Claim if such Claim states a fixed
 liquidated amount; (b) the amount determined by the Court for purposes of fixing the amount to be
 retained for such Claim; and (c) such other amount as may be agreed upon by the Holder of such
 Claim and the Liquidation Trustee. Nothing in this section shall preclude any Holder of a Disputed
 General Unsecured Claim or the Liquidation Trustee from seeking, on notice to the Liquidation

Trustee, an order of the Court in respect of or relating to the amount retained with respect to such
 holder's Disputed Claim.

3

4

5

6

7

Deposits Into Interim Dividend Reserves.

(a) At the time of making Interim Distributions, the Liquidation Trustee shall
 deposit into the Disputed Interim Dividends Reserve the Interim Dividends that would have been
 paid on account of Disputed General Unsecured Claims had they been allowed at the time of the
 Interim Distribution.

(b) On the date of the first Distribution that is at least forty-five (45) days after the
date that a Disputed General Unsecured Claim on account of which Interim Dividends have been
deposited into an Interim Dividends Reserve becomes an Allowed Claim, the Liquidation Trustee
shall cause the Liquidation Trust to remit to the holder of such Allowed Claim from the Interim
Dividends Reserve Cash equal to the lesser of: (i) the amounts that would have been distributed on
account of such Allowed Claim in any prior Interim Distribution(s); and (ii) the amounts retained
with respect to such Claim in the Interim Dividends Reserve.

15

J.

Final Distributions.

3.

16 1. **Final Principal Distributions on Liquidation Trust Interests.** After: (a) all 17 Claims have been resolved; (b) all Allowed Claims except General Unsecured Claims have been 18 paid; (c) all Allowed General Unsecured Claims have been issued Liquidation Trust Interests; (d) all 19 material Trust Assets have been converted to Cash; and (e) the Operating Reserve for the 20 Liquidation Trust has been adequately funded, the Liquidation Trustee shall distribute all 21 Liquidation Trust Net Proceeds to holders of Liquidation Trust Interests in such Liquidation Trust 22 pursuant to the provisions of the Plan and up to the amount of the Liquidation Trust Interests of such 23 holders, without including Postpetition Interest, and taking into account any Interim Dividends that have been distributed on account of such Liquidation Trust Interests.

- 24 25 26 27
- 28

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 60 of 161

2. Distribution of Postpetition Interest. After the Liquidation Trust has paid all amounts due on the Liquidation Trust Interests in such Liquidation Trust pursuant to the Plan, the Liquidation Trustee shall cause such Liquidation Trust to pay any postpetition interest to holders of Liquidation Trust Interests to the extent provided in the Plan.

LITIGATION AND CLAIMS OBJECTIONS

Preservation of Causes of Action.

8 (a) As of the Effective Date, the Liquidation Trustee shall retain all rights on 9 behalf of the Liquidation Trust, the Debtors, and the Estates to commence, pursue, and settle, as 10 appropriate, any and all Causes of Action (including Avoidance Actions), whether arising before or 11 after the Petition Date, in any court or other tribunal, including, without limitation, an adversary 12 proceeding filed in the Cases. The failure to explicitly list any Causes of Action and other potential 13 or existing claims of the Debtors or Estates is not intended to limit the rights of the Liquidation 14 Trust, through the Liquidation Trustee, to pursue any Causes of Action and claims not so identified. 15 The Debtors shall file a non-exhaustive list of Causes of Action at least ten (10) Business Days 16 before the Confirmation Hearing; provided, however, that notwithstanding any otherwise applicable 17 principle of law or equity, including any principles of judicial estoppel, res judicata, collateral 18 estoppel, issue preclusion, or any similar doctrine, the failure to list, disclose, describe, identify, 19 analyze, or refer to any Cause of Action, or potential Cause of Action, in the Plan, the Disclosure 20 Statement, or any other document filed with the Court shall in no manner waive, eliminate, modify, 21 release, or alter the Debtors', Estates', or the Liquidation Trustee's right to commence, prosecute, 22 defend against, settle, and realize upon any Cause of Action that the Debtors or the Estates have or 23 may have as of the Confirmation Date. Subject to the limitations expressly set forth in the 24 Liquidation Trust Agreement, the Liquidation Trustee may commence, prosecute, defend against, 25 recover on account of, and settle all Causes of Action in the Liquidation Trustee's sole discretion in 26 accordance with what is in the best interests, and for the benefit, of the Liquidation Trust and their 27 Beneficiaries.

28

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

A.

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 61 of 161

1 (b) Unless a Cause of Action against a Person is expressly waived, relinquished, 2 released, compromised, or settled by Final Order, the Debtors expressly reserve such Causes of 3 Action for later adjudication (including, without limitation, Causes of Action of which the Debtors 4 may presently be unaware, or which may arise or exist by reason of additional facts or circumstances 5 unknown to the Debtors at this time, or facts or circumstances which may change or be different 6 from those which the Debtors now believe to exist) and, therefore, no preclusion doctrine, including 7 the doctrines of *res judicata*, collateral estoppel, issue preclusion, claim preclusion, waiver, estoppel 8 (judicial, equitable, or otherwise), or laches shall apply to Causes of Action upon, or after, the 9 Confirmation Date or consummation of the Plan based on the Disclosure Statement, the Plan, or the 10 Confirmation Order, except where such Causes of Action have been expressly released by Final 11 Order.

12 B. No Waiver. Neither the failure to list a Claim in the Schedules filed by the 13 Debtors, the failure of any Person to object to any Claim for purposes of voting, the failure of any 14 Person to object to a Claim prior to the Confirmation Date or the Effective Date, the failure of any 15 Person to assert a Cause of Action prior to confirmation of the Plan or the Effective Date, the 16 absence of a proof of Claim having been filed with respect to a Claim, nor any action or inaction of 17 any Person with respect to a Claim, or Cause of Action other than a legally effective express waiver 18 or release shall be deemed a waiver or release of the right of the Debtors, the Estates, the Liquidation 19 Trustee, or their successors or representatives, before or after solicitation of votes on the Plan or 20 before or after the Confirmation Date or the Effective Date to: (a) object to or examine such Claim, 21 in whole or in part; or (b) retain and either assign or exclusively assert, pursue, prosecute, utilize, or 22 otherwise act on or enforce any Cause of Action. Any Person with respect to which the Debtors 23 have incurred an obligation (whether on account of services, purchase or sale of property, or 24 otherwise), or which has received services from the Debtors or a transfer of money or property of the 25 Debtors, or who has transacted business with the Debtors, or leased equipment or property from or to 26 the Debtors should assume that such obligation, transfer, or transaction may be reviewed by the 27 Liquidation Trustee, on behalf of the Liquidation Trust and the Estate subsequent to the Effective 28 Date and may, if appropriate, be the subject of an action after the Effective Date, whether or not

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 62 of 161

1 (i) such Person has filed a proof of Claim against the Debtors; (ii) such Person's proof of Claim has 2 been objected to by the Debtors, the Liquidation Trustee, or any other Person; (iii) such Person's 3 Claim was included in the Bankruptcy Schedules; or (iv) such Person's scheduled Claims have been 4 objected to by the Debtors or the Liquidation Trustee, or any other Person, or has been identified as 5 disputed, contingent, or unliquidated.

6

C. **Objections to and Resolution of Disputed Claims.** On and after the 7 Effective Date, the Liquidation Trustee shall have the right to make and file objections to Claims and 8 to prosecute, settle, and/or withdraw such objections. The Liquidation Trustee shall have the 9 authority to compromise, settle, withdraw, or otherwise resolve any objections for any Claim with 10 approval of the Court. The Liquidation Trustee shall file and serve all objections to Claims (other 11 than Administrative Claims) upon the Holder of the Claim as to which the objection is made no later 12 than one-hundred eighty (180) days after the later of (a) the Effective Date or (b) the date on which a 13 proof of Claim is filed with the Court (the "Claims Objection Deadline"). The Liquidation Trustee 14 may extend the Claims Objection Deadline for a single one-hundred twenty (120) day period by 15 filing a notice of the extended deadline with the Court; provided, however, that nothing herein shall 16 modify the statute of limitations for any affirmative Cause of Action that the Liquidation Trustee 17 may assert against any third party. Thereafter, the deadline may be further extended only by an 18 Order of the Court.

19 20

21

VI.

OTHER PLAN PROVISIONS

A. **Discharge of the Debtors.**

22 The Confirmation Order will discharge all Claims. No Holder of a Claim may 23 receive any payment from, or seek recourse against, any assets that are to be distributed under the 24 Plan other than assets required to be distributed to that Holder pursuant to the Plan. As of the 25 Confirmation Date, all Persons are enjoined from asserting against any property that is to be 26 distributed under the Plan any Claims, rights, causes of action, liabilities, or Interests related thereto 27 based upon any act, omission, transaction, or other activity that occurred before the Confirmation 28 Date except as expressly provided in the Plan or the Confirmation Order. As of the Effective Date,

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 63 of 161

notes and any other evidence of Claims will represent only the right to receive the Distributions
 contemplated under the Plan.

3

B.

Exculpation and Release of Debtors, Committee, and Professionals.

4 Except to the extent arising from willful misconduct or gross negligence, any and all 5 Claims, liabilities, causes of action, rights, damages, costs, and obligations held by any party against 6 the Debtors, the Committee, and their respective attorneys, accountants, agents, and other 7 Professionals, and their officers, directors, and employees, whether known or unknown, matured or 8 contingent, liquidated or unliquidated, existing, arising, or accruing, whether or not yet due in any 9 manner related to the administration of the Cases or the formulation, negotiation, prosecution, or 10 implementation of the Plan, shall be deemed fully waived, barred, released, and discharged in all 11 respects, except as to rights, obligations, duties, claims, and responsibilities preserved, created, or 12 established by the terms of the Plan. Pursuant to section 1125(e) of the Bankruptcy Code, the 13 Debtors and the Committee and their present and former members, officers, directors, employees, 14 agents, advisors, representatives, successors or assigns, and any Professionals (acting in such 15 capacity) employed by any of the foregoing entities will neither have nor incur any liability to any 16 Person for their role in soliciting acceptances or rejections of the Plan.

17

26

27

28

C. Injunction Enjoining Holders of Claims.

18 The Plan is the sole means for resolving, paying, or otherwise dealing with Claims 19 and Interests. To that end, except as expressly provided herein, at all times on and after the Effective 20 Date, all Persons who have been, are, or may be Holders of Claims against or Interests in the 21 Debtors arising before the Effective Date, shall be permanently enjoined from taking any of the 22 following actions on account of any such Claims or Interests, against the Debtors, the Estates, DPM, 23 RFA, RFA PMR LoanCo, LLC, or their property (other than actions brought to enforce any rights or 24 obligations under the Plan and any adversary proceedings pending in the Cases as of the Effective 25 Date):

(a) commencing, conducting, or continuing in any manner, directly or indirectly, any suit, action, or other proceeding of any kind against the Debtors, the Estates, the Liquidation Trust, or the Liquidation Trustee, their successors, or their respective property

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 64 of 161

or assets (including, without limitation, all suits, actions, and proceedings that are pending as of the Effective Date;

(b) enforcing, levying, attaching, executing, collecting, or otherwise recovering
by any manner or means whether directly or indirectly any judgment, award, decree, or
Order against the Debtors, the Estates, the Liquidation Trust, or the Liquidation Trustee,
their successors, or their respective property or assets;

(c) creating, perfecting, or otherwise enforcing in any manner, directly or
 indirectly, any Lien, against the Debtors, the Estates, the Liquidation Trust, or the
 Liquidation Trustee, their successors, or their respective property or assets; and

(d) proceeding in any place whatsoever against the Debtors, the Estates, the
 Liquidation Trust, or the Liquidation Trustee, their successors, or their respective property
 or assets, in any manner that does not conform to or comply with the provisions of the Plan.

13

D.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

Injunctions or Stays.

Unless otherwise provided by Court Order, all injunctions or stays arising under or
entered during the Cases under section 105 or section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code, or otherwise, and
in existence on the Confirmation Date, shall remain in full force and effect until the Effective Date.

17 ||

E. Exemption from Stamp, Transfer, and Other Taxes.

Pursuant to section 1146(c) of the Bankruptcy Code, the issuance, transfer, or
exchange of assets under the Plan by the Debtors, the creation of any mortgage, deed of trust, or
other security interest, the making or assignment of any lease or sublease, or the making or delivery
of any deed or instrument of transfer under, in furtherance of, or in connection with the Plan shall
not be subject to any stamp, real estate transfer, mortgage recording, or other similar Tax.

23

F. No Admissions.

Except as specifically provided in the Plan, nothing contained in the Plan shall be deemed or construed in any way as an admission by the Debtors or the Estates with respect to any matter set forth in the Plan, including the amount or allowability of any Claim, or the value of any property of the Estates. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Plan, if the Plan is not confirmed or the Effective Date does not occur, the Plan will be null and void, and nothing contained

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 65 of 161

in the Plan will: (a) be deemed to be an admission by the Debtors or the Estates with respect to any
 matter discussed in the Plan, including liability on any Claim or the propriety of any Claim's
 classification; (b) constitute a waiver, acknowledgement, or release of any Claims, Interests, or any
 claims held by the Debtors or the Estates; or (c) prejudice in any manner the rights of the Debtors or
 the Estates in any further proceedings.

6

G. Severability of Plan Provisions.

7 If, before entry of the Confirmation Order, the Court holds that any Plan term or 8 provision is invalid, void, or unenforceable, the Court may alter or interpret that term or provision so 9 that it is valid and enforceable to the maximum extent possible consistent with the original purpose 10 of that term or provision. That term or provision will then be applicable as altered or interpreted. 11 Notwithstanding any such holding, alteration, or interpretation, the Plan's remaining terms and 12 provisions will remain in full force and effect and will in no way be affected, impaired, or 13 invalidated. The Confirmation Order will constitute a judicial determination providing that each 14 Plan term and provision, as it may have been altered or interpreted in accordance with this section, is 15 valid and enforceable under its terms.

16

H. Governing Law.

The rights and obligations arising under the Plan and any agreements, contracts,
documents, or instruments executed in connection with the Plan will be governed by, and construed
and enforced in accordance with, California law without giving effect to California law's conflict of
law principles, unless a rule of law or procedure is supplied by: (a) federal law (including the
Bankruptcy Code and the Bankruptcy Rules); or (b) an express choice-of-law provision in any
document provided for, or executed under or in connection with, the Plan.

23

I.

J.

Successors and Assigns.

The rights, benefits, and obligations of any Person referred to in the Plan will be
binding on, and will inure to the benefit of, any heir, executor, administrator, personal representative,
successor, or assign of that Person.

27

28

Nonconsensual Confirmation.

In the event that any of the Classes entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan fails to

Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Desc Main Document Page 66 of 161

1 accept the Plan in accordance with Bankruptcy Code section 1129(a)(8): (a) the Debtors reserve the 2 right to modify the Plan in accordance with Bankruptcy Code section 1127; and (b) with respect to 3 any Classes of Claims that do not accept the Plan or are deemed not to accept the Plan, the Debtors 4 seek confirmation under section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.

5

6

7

8

9

Revocation of the Plan.

The Debtors reserve the right to revoke or withdraw the Plan before the Confirmation Date.

L. Amendment.

K.

In accordance with section 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code, the Debtors reserve the 10 right to alter, amend, or modify the Plan or any Plan exhibit or schedule, including amending or modifying it to satisfy the requirements of the Bankruptcy Code.

12

11

M. Saturday, Sunday, or Legal Holiday.

13 If any payment or act under the Plan should be made or performed on a day that is not 14 a Business Day, then the payment or act may be completed on the next succeeding day that is a 15 Business Day, in which event the payment or act will be deemed to have been completed on the 16 required day.

17

N. **Post-Effective Date Status Reports.**

18 The Liquidation Trustee shall file status reports regarding the status of 19 implementation of the Plan and the review, prosecution, and resolution of Causes of Action, 20 respectively, every one-hundred twenty (120) days following the entry of the Confirmation Order 21 through entry of a final decree closing the Cases, or as otherwise ordered by the Court.

22

О. **Post-Effective Date Notice.**

23 From and after the Effective Date, any Person who desires notice of any pleading or 24 document filed in the Cases, or of any hearing in the Court, or of any matter as to which the 25 Bankruptcy Code requires notice to be provided, shall file a request for post-Confirmation Date 26 notice and shall serve the request on counsel for the Debtors and the Committee, the Liquidation 27 Trustee, and counsel for the Liquidation Trustee; provided, however, that the U.S. Trustee and the 28 Liquidation Trustee shall be deemed to have requested post-Confirmation Date notice.

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 67 of 161

1

P.

Retention of Jurisdiction.

The Court will retain and have exclusive jurisdiction over any matter arising under
the Bankruptcy Code, arising in or related to the Cases or the Plan, or that relates to the following:

4 (a) the resolution of any matters related to the assumption, assumption and
5 assignment, or rejection of any executory contract or unexpired lease to which a Debtor is a party or
6 with respect to which a Debtor may be liable, and to hear, determine, and, if necessary, liquidate,
7 any Claims arising therefrom;

8 (b) the entry of such Orders as may be necessary or appropriate to implement or
9 consummate the provisions of the Plan and all contracts, instruments, releases, and other agreements
10 or documents created in connection with the Plan;

(c) the determination of any and all motions, adversary proceedings, applications,
and contested or litigated matters that may be pending before the Court on the Effective Date or that,
pursuant to the Plan, may be instituted by the Liquidation Trustee after the Effective Date;

14 (d) ensuring that Distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims and Liquidation
15 Trust Interests are accomplished as provided in the Plan;

(e) hearing and determining any objections to Administrative Claims or proofs of
Claim, both before and after the Confirmation Date, including any objections to the classification of
any Claim and to allow, disallow, determine, liquidate, classify, estimate, or establish the priority or
secured or unsecured status of any Claim, in whole or in part;

20 (f) the entry and implementation of such Orders as may be appropriate in the
21 event that the Confirmation Order is, for any reason, stayed, revoked, modified, reversed, or vacated;

(g) the issuance of such orders in aid of execution of the Plan, to the extent
authorized by section 1142 of the Bankruptcy Code;

(h) consideration of any modifications of the Plan, to cure any defect or omission,
or reconcile any inconsistency in any Order of the Court, including the Confirmation Order;

(i) hearing and determining all applications for awards of compensation for
services rendered and reimbursement of expenses incurred prior to the Effective Date;

28

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 68 of 161

1	(j) hearing and determining disputes arising in connection with, or relating to, the
2	Plan or the Liquidation Trust Agreement or the interpretation, implementation, or enforcement of the
3	Plan and/or the Liquidation Trust Agreement, or the extent of any Person's obligations incurred in
4	connection with or released or exculpated under the Plan or the Liquidation Trust Agreement;
5	(k) the recovery of all Assets of the Debtors and property of the Estates, wherever
6	located;
7	(1) the issuance of injunctions or other Orders as may be necessary or appropriate
8	to restrain interference by any Person with consummation, implementation, or enforcement of the
9	Plan or the Liquidation Trust Agreement;
10	(m) the determination of any other matters that may arise in connection with, or
11	are related to, the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, the Confirmation Order, the Liquidation Trust
12	Agreement or any contract, instrument, release, or other agreement or document created in
13	connection with the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, including, without limitation, the Liquidation
14	Trust Agreement;
15	(n) hearing and determining matters concerning state, local, and federal Taxes in
16	accordance with sections 346, 505, and 1146 of the Bankruptcy Code;
17	(o) hearing any other matter or for any purpose specified in the Confirmation
18	Order that is not inconsistent with the Bankruptcy Code;
19	(p) entry of a final decree closing the Cases;
20	(q) hearing and determining, to the fullest extent authorized by applicable law,
21	any issue or dispute directly or indirectly arising from or related to the Liquidation Trust, the Trust
22	Assets, the Liquidation Trust Agreement, or the Liquidation Trustee;
23	(r) hearing and determining any other matter deemed relevant to the
24	consummation of the Plan or the administration of the Cases; and
25	(s) interpreting and enforcing Orders entered by the Court; provided that if the
26	Court abstains from exercising jurisdiction, or is without jurisdiction, over any matter, this section
27	will not affect, control, prohibit, or limit the exercise of jurisdiction by any other court, or the
28	tribunal that has jurisdiction over that matter.

Q. Entry of a Final Decree.

Promptly following the liquidation or other disposition of all Trust Assets, including
the Causes of Action, and distribution of all Trust Assets pursuant to the Plan and Liquidation Trust
Agreement, the Liquidation Trustee will file a motion with the Court to obtain entry of a final decree
closing the Cases. Upon the entry of the final decree, the Liquidation Trustee shall be authorized in
the Liquidation Trustee's discretion to discard or destroy any and all pre-Effective Date books and
records of the Debtors and to terminate the Liquidation Trust.

8

9

10

1

VII.

CERTAIN FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

A. Introduction.

11 The following discussion summarizes certain federal income tax consequences of the 12 implementation of the Plan to the Holders of Claims. The following summary does not address the 13 federal income tax consequences to Holders of Claims that are not Impaired by the Plan, or to 14 Interest Holders. The following summary is based on the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as 15 amended (the "Code"), Treasury regulations promulgated and proposed thereunder, judicial 16 decisions and published administrative rules and pronouncements of the Internal Revenue Service 17 ("<u>IRS</u>") as in effect on the date hereof. Changes in such rules or new interpretations thereof may 18 have retroactive effect and could significantly affect the federal income tax consequences described 19 below. Further, any discussion of the Liquidation Trust and the powers, obligations and/or actions 20 of the Liquidation Trustee that may be set forth below is subject to the applicable provisions of the 21 Plan and the Liquidation Trust Agreement; if and to the extent that there is any inconsistency 22 between such discussion on the one hand and the Plan and the Liquidation Trust Agreement on the 23 other hand, the terms of the latter documents shall control. Creditors should read the Plan and the 24 Liquidation Trust Agreement in their entirety.

The federal income tax consequences of the Plan are complex and are subject to significant uncertainties. The Debtors have not requested a ruling from the IRS or an opinion of counsel with respect to any of the tax aspects of the Plan. Thus, no assurance can be given as to the interpretation that the IRS or a reviewing court might adopt. In addition, this summary does not

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 70 of 161

address foreign, state or local tax consequences of the Plan, nor does it purport to address the federal
 income tax consequences of the Plan to special classes of taxpayers (such as foreign taxpayers,
 broker-dealers, banks, mutual funds, insurance companies, financial institutions, small business
 investment companies, regulated investment companies, tax-exempt organizations, investors in pass through entities, Holders that hold Claims as part of a hedge, straddle or conversion, Holders who
 acquired their Claims as compensation, and Holders who do not hold their Claims as capital assets).

ACCORDINGLY, THE FOLLOWING SUMMARY OF CERTAIN FEDERAL
INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES IS FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY AND IS NOT
A SUBSTITUTE FOR CAREFUL TAX PLANNING AND ADVICE BASED UPON THE
INDIVIDUAL CIRCUMSTANCES PERTAINING TO A HOLDER OF A CLAIM OR
INTEREST. ALL HOLDERS OF CLAIMS OR INTERESTS ARE URGED TO CONSULT
THEIR OWN TAX ADVISORS FOR THE FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL AND OTHER TAX
CONSEQUENCES APPLICABLE UNDER THE PLAN.

14 IRS CIRCULAR 230 NOTICE: TO ENSURE COMPLIANCE WITH
15 REQUIREMENTS IMPOSED BY THE IRS, PLEASE BE ADVISED THAT ANY WRITTEN
16 U.S. TAX ADVICE CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT (INCLUDING
17 ANY ATTACHMENT) IS NOT INTENDED OR WRITTEN TO BE USED, AND CANNOT
18 BE USED, FOR THE PURPOSE OF (1) AVOIDING PENALTIES UNDER THE INTERNAL
19 REVENUE CODE OR (2) PROMOTING, MARKETING OR RECOMMENDING TO
20 ANOTHER PARTY ANY TRANSACTION OR MATTER ADDRESSED HEREIN.

21

22

23

24

B. Consequences to the Debtors.

The Debtors incurred a net tax losses as the result of the sale to DPM and net income on the sale to RFA. The Debtors' total losses from the DPM sale exceeded their income from the RFA sale. Those losses will offset the COD income.

As discussed below, under the Plan, the Debtors will be treated for U.S. federal
income tax purposes as transferring the Assets directly to the Holders of Allowed General Unsecured
Claims, who will then be treated as transferring such assets to the Liquidation Trust. Accordingly,
the Debtors' transfer of Assets will result in the Debtors recognizing additional income, based on the

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 71 of 161

fact the value of such assets on the Effective Date and will be greater than the adjusted tax basis of
 such assets on the Effective Date. This income will be less than the losses the Debtors had from the
 sales during the chapter 11 cases.

4 The transfer of the equity in PMR 2007-A to the Liquidation Trust will generate 5 taxable income to PMR equal to the difference between the fair market value of the assets owned by 6 PMR-2007A, which are primarily notes receivable, and the tax basis in such assets. The tax basis in 7 the notes receivable is relatively low because the original sales of points were reported on an 8 installment basis. As the notes are collected or if they are sold the Debtors would recognize income 9 to the extent the amount collected exceeds the low basis. The Debtors have losses during 2012 as 10 the result of the sale to DPM, which will offset the gain on the deemed transfer of the notes owned 11 by PMR 2007-A. Therefore, the net taxes payable will be minimized by triggering this gain during 12 2012. The deemed transfer of the notes to the Liquidation Trust will increase the basis of the notes 13 in the hands of PMR-2007-A. As the notes are collected in the future, PMR 2007-A should have 14 little or no taxable income. The net result of recognizing the gain during 2012 when the Debtors 15 also have losses is to reduce the Debtors' total tax obligations, thereby increasing the net assets 16 available for other creditors.

17 In addition to the income generated from the transfer of the assets to the Liquidation 18 Trust, implementation of the Plan may result in substantial cancellation of debt income ("COD") 19 effective December 31, 2012. Certain provisions of the Code provide for the exclusion of COD 20 from income if the taxpayer is insolvent or a debtor in a bankruptcy case. The COD that will be 21 generated from the implementation of the Plan, will be applied to reduce or eliminate the Debtors' 22 loss carry-forwards arising from the sales during the cases. This future elimination of the losses 23 incurred during 2012 is one of the reasons it is important to recognize the gain from the PMR 2007-24 A notes during 2012, while the losses are still available to shelter this taxable income.

25

26

С.

Consequences to Holder of General Unsecured Claims.

1. Recognition of Gain or Loss Generally.

27 Pursuant to the Plan, on the Effective Date, each Holder of General Unsecured Claim
28 against PMR will receive an allocated Liquidation Trust Interest which is a beneficial interest in the

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 72 of 161

1 Liquidation Trust, entitling the Beneficiaries to distributions from the Liquidation Trust as provided 2 for in the Plan and in the Liquidation Trust Agreement. Except to the extent that the holder of any 3 such Allowed PMR Class 6 Claim agrees to a different treatment, said Persons will receive on 4 account of its Allowed PMR Class 6 Claim and a beneficial interest in the Liquidation Trust Interest, 5 in full and complete satisfaction thereof. Each Beneficiary of the Liquidation Trust will be entitled 6 to receive one or more Pro Rata Distributions of the Net Liquidation Trust Proceeds based upon the 7 amount of the respective Holder's Allowed PMR Class 6 Claim. In general, each holder of an 8 Allowed PMR Class 6 Claim will recognize gain or loss in an amount equal to the difference 9 between (i) the sum of the amount of any Cash and the fair market value of any other property that 10 such holder receives in satisfaction of its Claim (other than in respect of any Claim for accrued but 11 unpaid interest, and excluding any portion required to be treated as imputed interest due to the post-12 Effective Date Distribution of such consideration upon the resolution of Disputed Claims), and 13 (ii) such holder's adjusted tax basis in its Claim (other than any Claim for accrued but unpaid 14 interest).

15 As discussed below, the Liquidation Trust has been structured to qualify as a "grantor 16 trust" for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Accordingly, each holder of an Allowed Claim 17 receiving a beneficial interest in the Liquidation Trust will be treated for U.S. federal income tax 18 purposes as directly receiving and as a direct owner of its allocable percentage of the Trust Assets. 19 As set forth in the Liquidation Trust Agreement, as soon as practicable after the Effective Date, and 20 thereafter as may be required, the Liquidation Trustee will (if reasonably deemed necessary or 21 desirable by the Liquidation Trustee) make or have caused to be made a good faith valuation of the 22 Trust Assets, and all parties, including the recipients of Beneficial Interests and Subordinated Trust 23 Interests must consistently use such valuation for all federal income tax purposes.

Due to the possibility that each Beneficiary may receive more than one Distribution subsequent to the Effective Date (due to the subsequent disallowance of certain Disputed Claims or unclaimed Distributions), the imputed interest provisions of the Code may apply to treat a portion of such later Distributions to such holders as imputed interest. In addition, it is possible that any loss realized by any Beneficiary may be deferred until all subsequent Distributions relating to Disputed

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 73 of 161

1 Claims are determinable, and that a portion of any gain realized may be deferred under the 2 "installment method" of reporting. Each Beneficiary is urged to consult its own tax advisors 3 regarding the possibility for deferral, and the potential ability to elect out of the installment method 4 of reporting any gain realized in respect of its Claim.

After the Effective Date, any amount a holder receives as a Distribution from the Liquidation Trust in respect of its beneficial interest therein (other than as a result of the subsequent disallowance of Disputed Claims) should not be included for federal income tax purposes in the holder's amount realized in respect of its Allowed Claim, but should be separately treated as a distribution received in respect of such holder's beneficial (ownership) interest in the Liquidation 10 Trust.

11 Where a holder recognizes gain or loss in respect of its Claim, the character of such 12 gain or loss as long-term or short-term capital gain or loss or as ordinary income or loss will be 13 determined by a number of factors, including the tax status of the holder, whether the Claim 14 constitutes a capital asset in the hands of the holder and how long it has been so held, whether the 15 holder had acquired the Claim at a market discount, and whether and to what extent the holder had 16 previously claimed a bad debt deduction. A holder that purchased its Claim from a prior holder at a 17 market discount may be subject to the market discount rules of the Code. Under those rules, 18 assuming that the holder has made no election to amortize the market discount into income on a 19 current basis with respect to any market discount instrument, any gain recognized on the exchange of 20 such Claim (subject to a *de minimis* rule) generally would be characterized as ordinary income to the 21 extent of the accrued market discount on such Claim as of the date of the exchange.

22 In general, a holder's tax basis in any beneficial interest received (and undivided 23 interest in Trust Assets deemed owned) will equal the fair market value of its proportionate share of 24 the Trust Assets on the Effective Date. The holding period for such assets generally will begin the 25 day following the Effective Date.

26

5

6

7

8

9

2. **Distributions in Payment of Accrued But Unpaid Interest.**

27 Distributions to any Holder of an Allowed Claim will be allocated first to the original 28 principal portion of such Claim as determined for federal income tax purposes, and then, to the

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 74 of 161

extent the consideration exceeds such amount, to the portion of such Claim representing accrued but
 unpaid interest. However, there is no assurance that the IRS would respect such allocation for
 federal income tax purposes.

To the extent a holder of debt receives an amount of Cash or property in satisfaction
of interest accrued during its holding period, such holder generally recognizes taxable interest
income in such amount (if not previously included in the holder's gross income). Conversely, a
holder generally recognizes a deductible loss to the extent any accrued interest claimed was
previously included in its gross income and is not paid in full. Each holder is urged to consult its tax
advisor regarding the allocation of consideration and the deductibility of unpaid interest for U.S.
federal income tax purposes.

11 12

3. Tax Treatment of the Liquidation Trust and Holders of Beneficial Interests Therein.

13 On the Effective Date, the Liquidation Trust will be established for the benefit of the 14 Beneficiaries. The Liquidation Trust is intended to qualify as a liquidation trust for federal income 15 tax purposes. In general, such a trust is not a separate taxable entity but rather is treated for federal 16 income tax purposes as a "grantor" trust (*i.e.*, a pass-through entity). However, merely establishing a 17 trust as a liquidation trust does not ensure that it will be treated as a grantor trust for U.S. federal 18 income tax purposes. The IRS, in Revenue Procedure 94-45, 1994-2 C.B. 684, set forth the general 19 criteria for obtaining an IRS ruling as to the grantor trust status of a Liquidation Trust under a 20 chapter 11 plan. The Liquidation Trust has been structured with the intention of complying with 21 such general criteria. Pursuant to the Plan, and in conformity with Revenue Procedure 94-45, all 22 parties (including the Debtors, the Liquidation Trustee, and the Beneficiaries of the Liquidation 23 Trust) are required for federal income tax purposes to treat the Liquidation Trust as a grantor trust of 24 which the Persons receiving interests therein are the owners and grantors. The following discussion 25 assumes that the Liquidation Trust will be so respected for U.S. federal income tax purposes. 26 However, no ruling has been requested from the IRS and no opinion of counsel has been requested 27 concerning the tax status of the Liquidation Trust as a grantor trust. Accordingly, there can be no 28 assurance that the IRS would not take a contrary position. If the IRS were to challenge successfully

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 75 of 161

such classification, the federal income tax consequences to the Liquidation Trust and the
 Beneficiaries could vary from those discussed herein.

3 For all U.S. federal income tax purposes, all parties (including the Debtors, the 4 Liquidation Trustee, and the Beneficiaries) must treat the transfer of the Trust Assets to the 5 Liquidation Trust, in accordance with the terms of the Plan and the Liquidation Trust Agreement, as 6 a transfer of such Trust Assets directly to the Beneficiaries, followed by such Beneficiaries' transfer 7 of the Trust Assets to the Liquidation Trust. Consistent therewith, all parties must treat the 8 Liquidation Trust as a grantor trust of which the Beneficiaries are the owners and grantors. Thus, 9 such Beneficiaries will be treated as the direct owners of their respective undivided interests in the 10 Trust Assets for all U.S. federal income tax purposes. Each such Person will have a tax basis in its 11 proportionate share of the Trust Assets deemed owned equal to the fair market value thereof on the 12 Effective Date. As set forth in the Liquidation Trust Agreement, as soon as practicable after the 13 Effective Date, and thereafter as may be required, the Liquidation Trustee will (if reasonably deemed 14 necessary or desirable by the Liquidation Trustee) make or have caused to be made a good faith 15 valuation of the Trust Assets, and all parties, including the Beneficiaries, must consistently use such 16 valuation for all federal income tax purposes.

17 The Debtors believe that the foregoing income tax treatment will result in the recognition of large losses by most Holders of Allowed PMR Class 6 Claims when the Liquidation 18 19 Trust is created and receives the Trust Assets. The value of the assets to be transferred to the 20 Liquidation Trust has not yet been finally determined, but it will be substantially less than the 21 aggregate face amount of the Claims. As a result, the Debtors believe that each Holder of an 22 Allowed PMR Class 6 Claim is likely to realize a loss in an amount equal to that of such Holder's tax 23 basis, minus the value of the assets transferred to the Liquidation Trust. If a Beneficiary's tax basis 24 in its Allowed PMR Class 6 Claim is less than it Pro Rata share of the value of the assets transferred 25 to the Liquidation Trust, that Beneficiary may actually have taxable income equal to the value minus its tax basis. 26

Accordingly, except as discussed below (in connection with pending Disputed
Claims), each recipient of a Liquidation Trust Interest will be required to report on its U.S. federal

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 76 of 161

income tax return its allocable share of any income, gain, loss, deduction, or credit recognized or
 incurred by the Liquidation Trust, in accordance with its relative beneficial interest. The character
 of items of income, deduction, and credit to any holder and the ability of such holder to benefit from
 any deduction or losses may depend on the particular situation of such holder.

5 The U.S. federal income tax reporting obligations of a holder is not dependent upon 6 the Liquidation Trust distributing any Cash or other proceeds. Therefore, a holder may incur a 7 federal income tax liability with respect to its allocable share of the income of the Liquidation Trust 8 regardless of the fact that holder has not received any prior or concurrent Distribution. Other than in 9 respect of Cash retained on account of Disputed Claims and subsequently distributed, the 10 Liquidation Trust' Distribution of Cash to Beneficiaries generally will not be taxable to said 11 Beneficiaries because they already are regarded for federal income tax purposes as owning the 12 underlying Trust Assets.

Subject to the Liquidation Trust Agreement, absent definitive guidance from the IRS
or a court of competent jurisdiction to the contrary (including the issuance of applicable Treasury
Regulations, the receipt by the Liquidation Trustee of a private letter ruling if the Liquidation
Trustee so requests one, or the receipt of an adverse determination by the IRS upon audit if not
contested by the Liquidation Trustee), the Liquidation Trustee will:

(i) treat all Trust Assets allocable to, or retained on account of, Disputed
Claims, as a discrete trust for federal income tax purposes, consisting of separate and independent
shares to be established in respect of each Disputed Claim, in accordance with the trust provisions of
the Code (sections 641 *et seq.* of the Code);

(ii) treat as taxable income or loss of this separate trust with respect to any
given taxable year the portion of the taxable income or loss of the Liquidation Trust that would have
been allocated to the holders of such Disputed Claims had such Claims been Allowed on the
Effective Date (but only for the portion of the taxable year with respect to which such Claims are
unresolved);

(iii) treat as a distribution from this separate trust any increased amounts
distributed by the Liquidation Trust as a result of any Disputed Claim resolved earlier in the taxable

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 77 of 161

year, to the extent such distribution relates to taxable income or loss of this separate trust determined
 in accordance with the provisions hereof, and

3 (iv) to the extent permitted by applicable law, report consistently for state
4 and local income tax purposes.

In addition, pursuant to the Liquidation Trust Agreement, all Beneficiaries are
required to report consistently with such treatment. Accordingly, subject to issuance of definitive
guidance, the Liquidation Trustee will report on the basis that any amounts earned by this separate
trust and any taxable income of the Liquidation Trust allocable to it are subject to a separate entity
level tax, except to the extent such earnings are distributed during the same taxable year. Any
amounts earned by or attributable to the separate trust and distributed to a Beneficiary during the
same taxable year will be includible in such Beneficiary's gross income.

12

4. Withholding.

13 All Distributions to Holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims are subject to any 14 applicable tax withholding, including employment tax withholding. Under federal income tax law, 15 interest, dividends, and other reportable payments may, under certain circumstances, be subject to 16 "backup withholding" at the then applicable withholding rate (currently 28%). Backup withholding 17 generally applies if the holder (a) fails to furnish its social security number or other taxpayer 18 identification number ("TIN"), (b) furnishes an incorrect TIN, (c) fails properly to report interest or 19 dividends, or (d) under certain circumstances, fails to provide a certified statement, signed under 20 penalty of perjury, that the TIN provided is its correct number and that it is not subject to backup 21 withholding. Backup withholding is not an additional tax but merely an advance payment, which 22 may be refunded to the extent it results in an overpayment of tax. Certain persons are exempt from 23 backup withholding, including, in certain circumstances, corporations and financial institutions. 24 THE FOREGOING SUMMARY HAS BEEN PROVIDED FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES 25 ONLY. ALL HOLDERS OF CLAIMS ARE URGED TO CONSULT THEIR OWN TAX 26 ADVISORS CONCERNING THE FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL AND OTHER TAX 27 CONSEQUENCES APPLICABLE UNDER THE PLAN.

Ca	se 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 78 of 161
1	VIII.
2	VOTING AND PLAN CONFIRMATION STANDARDS
3	A. Voting On The Plan.
4	After carefully reviewing the Plan and this Disclosure Statement, including the
5	Exhibits hereto, each holder of a Claim in PMR Classes 2 through 6, MGV Cabo Class 2 through 4,
6	DCA Classes 2 through 4, and Operadora Class 2 through 4 should mark its vote on the enclosed
7	ballot (" <u>Ballot</u> ") and timely return it in the envelope provided.
8	TO BE COUNTED, YOUR BALLOT MUST BE COMPLETELY FILLED IN,
9	SIGNED AND TRANSMITTED IN THE MANNER SPECIFIED IN THE BALLOT SO
10	THAT IT IS <u>RECEIVED</u> BY JOANNE STERN, STUTMAN, TREISTER & GLATT
11	PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION, 1901 AVENUE OF THE STARS, SUITE 1200,
12	LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA 90067 <u>ON OR BEFORE</u> THE VOTING DEADLINE OF
13	, 2012 AS SPECIFIED IN THE BALLOT.
14	1. Classes Entitled To Vote.
15	Whether a holder of a Claim is entitled to vote on the Plan depends on (a) the Class in
16	which the Claim is classified and (b) whether that Class is "impaired" under the Plan within the
17	meaning of Bankruptcy Code section 1124. Holders of Allowed Claims in PMR Classes 2 through
18	6, MGV Cabo Classes 2 through 4, DCA Classes 2 through 4, and Operadora Classes 2 through 4
19	are entitled to vote on the Plan because those Classes are impaired under the Plan within the
20	meaning of Bankruptcy Code section 1124. PMR Class 1, MGV Cabo Class 1, DCA Class 1, and
21	Operadora Class 1 are unimpaired and, therefore, do not vote. They are deemed to have accepted the
22	Plan. Finally, Holders of Allowed Equity Interests and Allowed Claims in PMR Class 7
23	(Subordinated Claims) are deemed to have rejected the Plan because they will receive no distribution
24	under the Plan.
25	a. What Is an Allowed Claim/Interest.

As noted above, a creditor must first have <u>an allowed Claim</u> to have the right to vote. Generally, any proof of claim will be allowed, unless a party in interest brings a motion objecting to the claim. When an objection to a Claim is filed, the creditor holding the Claim cannot vote unless

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 79 of 161

the Court, after notice and hearing, either overrules the objection or allows the Claim for voting
 purposes.

A creditor may have an allowed claim or interest even if a proof of claim or interest
was not timely filed, if (1) it is scheduled on the Debtor's schedules and such claim is not scheduled
as disputed, contingent, or unliquidated, and (2) no party in interest has objected to the Claim.

6

b. What Is an Impaired Claim.

As noted above, an allowed claim only has the right to vote if it is in a class that is
impaired under the Plan. A class is impaired if the Plan alters the legal, equitable, or contractual
rights of the members of that class. For example, a class comprised of general unsecured claims is
impaired if the Plan fails to pay the members of that class 100% of what they are owed, including
post-petition interest.

In these Cases, PMR Classes 2 through 6, MGV Cabo Classes 2 through 5, DCA
Classes 2 through 5, and Operadora Classes 2 through 4 are impaired and are therefore entitled to
vote to accept or reject the Plan. Parties who dispute the Debtor's characterization of their claim or
interest as being impaired or unimpaired may file an objection to the Plan contending that the Debtor
has incorrectly characterized the Class.

17

c. Who is <u>Not</u> Entitled to Vote.

18 The following three types of Claims are not entitled to vote: (1) Claims that have 19 been disallowed; (2) Claims entitled to priority pursuant to Code sections 507(a)(1), (a)(2), and 20 (a)(8); (3) Claims in Classes that are not impaired (PMR Class 1, DCA Class 1, MGV Cabo Class 1, 21 and Operadora Class 1); and (4) Subordinated Claims against PMR (Class 7) and Interests in PMR 22 Class 8, MGV Cabo Class 5, DCA Class 5, and Operadora Class 5, which are deemed to have 23 rejected the Plan. Claims entitled to priority pursuant to Code sections 507(a)(1), (a)(2), and (a)(7)24 are not entitled to vote because such claims are not placed in classes and they are required to receive 25 certain treatment specified by the Code. EVEN IF YOUR CLAIM IS OF THE TYPE DESCRIBED ABOVE, YOU MAY STILL HAVE A RIGHT TO OBJECT TO THE CONFIRMATION OF THE 26 27 PLAN.

Ca	se 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 80 of 161
1	d. Votes Necessary to Confirm the Plan.
2	There are more than one impaired Class in the Plan. In order for the Plan to be
3	confirmed, at least one of the impaired Class must vote to accept the Plan.
4	e. Votes Necessary for a Class to Accept the Plan.
5	A Class of Claims is considered to have accepted the Plan when more than one-half
6	(1/2) in number and at least two-thirds (2/3) in dollar amount of the Claims which actually voted,
7	voted in favor of the Plan.
8	2. How To Vote.
9	Procedures for voting are specified in the Disclosure Statement Order (Exhibit "B"
10	hereto) and the Confirmation Hearing Notice distributed with the Disclosure Statement in your
11	solicitation package. The deadline for voting on the Plan is, 2012. Your ballot must
12	be received by, 2012 or it will not be counted.
13	B. Confirmation Of The Plan.
14	Any interested party desiring further information about the Plan should contact
15	Joanne Stern, Paralegal, at (310) 228-5600.
16	1. Hearing On Confirmation Of The Plan.
17	1. Incaring On Commination Of The Han.
17	The Bankruptcy Court has set a hearing on, 2012, atm., in the
18	
	The Bankruptcy Court has set a hearing on, 2012, atm., in the
18	The Bankruptcy Court has set a hearing on, 2012, atm., in the Courtroom of the Honorable Scott C. Clarkson, United States Bankruptcy Judge, Courtroom 5C, 411
18 19	The Bankruptcy Court has set a hearing on, 2012, atm., in the Courtroom of the Honorable Scott C. Clarkson, United States Bankruptcy Judge, Courtroom 5C, 411 West Fourth Street, Santa Ana, CA 92701, to determine whether the requirements for Confirmation
18 19 20	The Bankruptcy Court has set a hearing on, 2012, atm., in the Courtroom of the Honorable Scott C. Clarkson, United States Bankruptcy Judge, Courtroom 5C, 411 West Fourth Street, Santa Ana, CA 92701, to determine whether the requirements for Confirmation of the Plan, including those set forth in section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code, have been satisfied
 18 19 20 21 	The Bankruptcy Court has set a hearing on, 2012, atm., in the Courtroom of the Honorable Scott C. Clarkson, United States Bankruptcy Judge, Courtroom 5C, 411 West Fourth Street, Santa Ana, CA 92701, to determine whether the requirements for Confirmation of the Plan, including those set forth in section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code, have been satisfied with respect to the Debtor. Your attention is directed to the Disclosure Statement Order (Exhibit
 18 19 20 21 22 	The Bankruptcy Court has set a hearing on, 2012, atm., in the Courtroom of the Honorable Scott C. Clarkson, United States Bankruptcy Judge, Courtroom 5C, 411 West Fourth Street, Santa Ana, CA 92701, to determine whether the requirements for Confirmation of the Plan, including those set forth in section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code, have been satisfied with respect to the Debtor. Your attention is directed to the Disclosure Statement Order (Exhibit '' B '' hereto) and the Confirmation Hearing Notice distributed with the Disclosure Statement in your
 18 19 20 21 22 23 	The Bankruptcy Court has set a hearing on, 2012, atm., in the Courtroom of the Honorable Scott C. Clarkson, United States Bankruptcy Judge, Courtroom 5C, 411 West Fourth Street, Santa Ana, CA 92701, to determine whether the requirements for Confirmation of the Plan, including those set forth in section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code, have been satisfied with respect to the Debtor. Your attention is directed to the Disclosure Statement Order (Exhibit " B " hereto) and the Confirmation Hearing Notice distributed with the Disclosure Statement in your solicitation package. Objections to Confirmation of the Plan must be served upon counsel to the
 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 	The Bankruptcy Court has set a hearing on, 2012, atm., in the Courtroom of the Honorable Scott C. Clarkson, United States Bankruptcy Judge, Courtroom 5C, 411 West Fourth Street, Santa Ana, CA 92701, to determine whether the requirements for Confirmation of the Plan, including those set forth in section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code, have been satisfied with respect to the Debtor. Your attention is directed to the Disclosure Statement Order (Exhibit '' B '' hereto) and the Confirmation Hearing Notice distributed with the Disclosure Statement in your solicitation package. Objections to Confirmation of the Plan must be served upon counsel to the Debtor by, 2012.
 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	The Bankruptcy Court has set a hearing on, 2012, atm., in the Courtroom of the Honorable Scott C. Clarkson, United States Bankruptcy Judge, Courtroom 5C, 411 West Fourth Street, Santa Ana, CA 92701, to determine whether the requirements for Confirmation of the Plan, including those set forth in section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code, have been satisfied with respect to the Debtor. Your attention is directed to the Disclosure Statement Order (Exhibit " B " hereto) and the Confirmation Hearing Notice distributed with the Disclosure Statement in your solicitation package. Objections to Confirmation of the Plan must be served upon counsel to the Debtor by, 2012. Section 1128(a) of the Bankruptcy Code requires the Bankruptcy Court, after notice, to

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 81 of 161

1 Bankruptcy Code provides that any party in interest may object to confirmation of the Plan. Objections 2 must be made in writing, specifying in detail the name and address of the person or entity objecting, the 3 grounds for the objection, and the nature and amount of the claim or equity interest held by the objector, 4 and otherwise complying with the requirements of the Bankruptcy Rules and Local Bankruptcy Rules. 5 Objections must be filed with the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court, together with proof of service, and 6 served upon the parties so designated in the notice in the manner set forth therein, on or before the time 7 and date designated in the notice as being the last date for serving and filing objections to confirmation of the Plan. UNLESS AN OBJECTION TO CONFIRMATION IS TIMELY SERVED AND 8 9 FILED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE NOTICE, IT WILL NOT BE CONSIDERED BY THE 10 **BANKRUPTCY COURT.** 11 At the confirmation hearing, the Bankruptcy Court will determine, among other things, 12 whether the following confirmation requirements specified in section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code 13 have been satisfied: 14 1. The Plan complies with the applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code. 2. 15 The Debtors have complied with the applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy 16 Code. 17 3. The Plan has been proposed in good faith and not by any means proscribed by 18 law. 19 4. Any payment made or promised by the Debtors for services or for costs and 20 expenses in, or in connection with, the Case, or in connection with the Plan and incident to the Case, 21 has been disclosed to the Bankruptcy Court, and any such payment made before the confirmation of 22 the Plan is reasonable or, if such payment is to be fixed after the confirmation of the Plan, such 23 payment is subject to the approval of the Bankruptcy Court as reasonable. 24 5. Each holder of an impaired claim either has accepted the Plan or will receive 25 or retain under the Plan on account of such holder's claims, property of a value, as of the distribution 26 date, that is not less than the amount that such entity would receive or retain if the Debtor was 27 liquidated on such date under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. See "Best Interests Test," infra. 28

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 82 of 161

1	6. Each class of claims has either accepted the Plan or is not impaired under the
2	Plan. As to equity interests that are deemed to reject the Plan, see "Classification," infra.
3	7. Except to the extent that the holder of a particular Claim has agreed to a
4	different treatment of such claim, the Plan provides that Allowed Administrative Claims and
5	Allowed Priority Tax Claims will be paid in full on the Effective Date of the Plan.
6	8. At least one class of claims has accepted the Plan, determined without
7	including any acceptance of the Plan by any insider holding a claim in such class.
8	9. Confirmation of the Plan is not likely to be followed by the need for further
9	financial reorganization or liquidation of the Debtors under the Plan, unless such reorganization or
10	liquidation is proposed in the Plan. See "Feasibility and Risk Factors," infra.
11	10. All fees payable under section 1930 of title 28 as determined by the Court at
12	the confirmation hearing have been paid or the Plan provides for payment of all such fees on the
13	Effective Date.
14	11. The Plan provides for the continuation after the Effective Date of payment of
15	all retiree benefits, as such term is defined in section 1114 of the Bankruptcy Code, at the level
16	established pursuant to subsection 1114(e)(1)(B) or 1114(g) of the Bankruptcy Code.
17	The Debtors believe that, upon acceptance of the Plan by the class of claims entitled to
18	vote, the Plan will satisfy all of the applicable statutory requirements of chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy
19	Code, that the Debtors have complied or will have complied with all of the requirements of chapter 11,
20	and that the Plan is being proposed and will be submitted to the Bankruptcy Court in good faith.
21	C. Feasibility and Risk Factors.
22	The Bankruptcy Code requires that a plan proponent demonstrate that the
23	consummation of a plan is not likely to be followed by liquidation or the need for further financial
24	reorganization of a debtor, unless that liquidation is proposed in a plan. The feasibility test
25	essentially requires the proponent demonstrate that it has sufficient ability to make the payments
26	required under a plan.
27	The Bankruptcy Code requires that, in order for the Plan to be confirmed by the
28	Court, it must be demonstrated that consummation of the Plan is not likely to be followed by the

Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Desc Main Document Page 83 of 161

1 liquidation or the need for further financial reorganization of the Debtors. For purposes of 2 determining whether the Plan meets this requirement, the Debtors have analyzed their ability to meet 3 their obligations under the Plan. As the Plan contemplates a liquidation of or transfer of 4 substantially all of the Assets of the Estates to the Liquidation Trust, the Debtors believe that the 5 feasibility requirement is easily met in these Cases.

6 7

8

9

11

12

The Debtors believe that they will have more than sufficient Cash on hand on the Effective Date to pay all the payments due on the Effective Date. In addition, the Debtors have prepared a set of projections showing their anticipated proceeds from the liquidation of the remaining assets and expenditures, a true and correct copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit** 10 "C" and incorporated herein by this reference. These projections show that if the Debtors liquidate the remaining Assets in the projected time frame, the Debtors will have sufficient funds to meet all the payment obligations due under the Plan. The Debtors believe that, based upon the assumptions made, such available funds will be adequate to fund the Plan. 13

14

D.

Best Interests Of Creditors Test.

15 Confirmation requires, among other things, that each holder of a Claim in an impaired 16 Class and each holder of an Interest either: (i) accepts the Plan; or (ii) receives or retains under the 17 Plan property of a value, as of the Effective Date, that is not less than the value such holder would 18 receive or retain if the Debtor was liquidated under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. This 19 requirement is commonly referred to as the "Best Interests Test".

20 To determine if the Plan is in the best interest of the one impaired Class in the Plan, 21 the present value of the distributions from the proceeds of the liquidation of the Debtors' Assets and 22 properties, after subtracting the amounts attributable to the foregoing claims, is then compared with 23 the value of the property offered to each such class under the Plan.

24 Similar to a chapter 7 liquidation, the Plan provides for the orderly liquidation of the 25 Debtors' remaining noncash assets such as the Tax Refunds, and for the distribution of the proceeds 26 in accordance with the priority scheme established by the Bankruptcy Code and applicable law.

27 If these Cases were converted to a chapter 7 liquidation, the primary difference would 28 be that a trustee would be appointed by the Bankruptcy Court. That trustee would liquidate the

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 84 of 161

remaining assets of the Debtors' Estates and distribute the proceeds in accordance with the priorities
 established under the Bankruptcy Code.

3 The Debtors believe the distributions to creditors would be less in a chapter 7 than 4 they will be under the Plan for three primary reasons: (1) the portfolio of notes owned by PMR 5 2007-A is likely to generate greater total proceeds if collected in due course than if this portfolio is 6 liquidated immediately; (2) an immediate liquidation of assets is likely to generate additional taxes 7 in both the United States and Mexico that would constitute administrative priority claims, payment 8 of which would dilute the distributions to unsecured creditors; and (3) if the PMR 2007-A portfolio 9 were not liquidated in 2012, but were liquidated without first creating the stepped up basis that will 10 be generated through confirmation, additional taxes could be payable, at least in California, which 11 has eliminated tax loss carry forwards. The liquidation of assets by a chapter 7 trustee or by secured 12 lenders enforcing their rights, could generate very substantial taxes, which would reduce or eliminate 13 any distribution to creditors.

14 Under the Plan the Initial PMR Cash on Hand does remain in Reorganized PMR. 15 While this money might be available to a chapter 7 trustee, there are three reasons that the retention 16 of this money by the Reorganized Debtors will not reduce the distribution to General Unsecured 17 Creditors in chapter 11 below what they would receive in chapter 7. First, the additional value 18 generated from the notes owned by PMR 2007-A will likely exceed the Initial PMR Cash on Hand. 19 Second, the aggregate taxes that would be generated by proceeding with an immediate liquidation 20 would likely exceed the Initial PMR Cash on Hand for several reasons, including, without limitation, 21 the loss of the benefits under the Plan of the step up in basis of the notes owned by PMR 2007-A 22 during 2012 when no taxes will have to be paid on the income recognized from the transfer to the 23 Liquidation Trust, because the Debtors have offsetting losses. And third, RFA has agreed to fund 24 the Initial PMR Cash on Hand from RFA's share of the DCA Cash and the Initial Class 6 25 Distribution, through the mechanism set forth in Section 3.18 of the Plan. This agreement by RFA 26 means that the Initial PMR Cash on Hand will not reduce the distributions received by any other 27 creditor.

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 85 of 161

1 Moreover, all administrative expenses of the chapter 7 case, including the trustee's 2 fees (which can be as high as 3% of the total amount collected and disbursed) would have to be paid 3 in full before payment of the unpaid administrative expenses from the prior chapter 11 Cases. 4 Unpaid chapter 11 administrative expenses would, in turn, be paid in full before any distribution 5 could be made to unsecured creditors. It is unusual for distributions to be made within one year of 6 the appointment of a chapter 7 trustee in a case involving substantial assets or claims. In addition, 7 the chapter 7 trustee would not have the expertise and familiarity with the Debtors' prior business 8 operations, or any other potential claim objections to assist in the litigation that will occur during the 9 claims objection process.

Thus, in a chapter 7 liquidation, it is likely the total net after tax liquidation proceeds
would be less than the proceeds under the Plan. In addition, the administrative expenses associated
with the chapter 7 case would very likely exceed the expenses that the Debtors project will be
incurred in the implementation of the Plan, and the distributions likely would be delayed longer than
the distributions that will be made under the Plan.

15 The determination of the hypothetical proceeds from the sale of assets in a chapter 7 16 liquidation is an uncertain process involving numerous assumptions. Accordingly, there can be no 17 assurance that the assumptions employed by the Debtors in determining the liquidation value of their 18 assets will result in an accurate estimation of such liquidation values. While the Debtors believe that 19 the assumptions utilized in the liquidation analysis are reasonable, the validity of such assumptions 20 may be affected by the occurrence of events and the existence of conditions not now contemplated or 21 by other factors, many of which would be beyond the control of the Court, the Debtors, and the 22 chapter 7 trustee. Specifically, the classification and dollar amounts of the estimated Allowed 23 Claims in the Liquidation Analysis are subject to significant modification. The actual liquidation value of the Debtors would likely vary from that presented herein. 24

The Debtors have attached hereto as <u>Exhibit "D"</u> and incorporated herein by this reference a liquidation analysis, which sets forth the Debtors' best estimate of what a chapter 7 trustee might generate from a disposition of the Debtors' remaining assets in an immediate

28

Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Page 86 of 161 Main Document

liquidation process.⁵ The Debtors believe that such a process would not likely be completed much 1 2 before the end of 2013, and that a "fire sale" of all of the Debtors' assets would result in a substantial 3 reduction in the gross proceeds received from selling these assets. The potential liquidation value is 4 set forth in **Exhibit "D**". While the orderly disposition of assets over the next several years 5 pursuant to the Plan will delay distribution, the net recovery to creditors will be substantially 6 increased through this process, when compared with an immediate liquidation of the assets currently 7 owned by the Debtors in chapter 7 cases. Therefore, the Debtors believe that the Plan satisfies the 8 requirements of the "best interests" test and provides creditors at least as much present value as they 9 would receive in a chapter 7 liquidation.

10

11

E. **Classification.**

In accordance with Bankruptcy Code section 1122, the Plan provides for the 12 classification of four (4) classes of claims and one class of interests. Section 1122(a) permits a plan 13 to place a claim or an interest in a particular class only if the claim or interest is substantially similar 14 to the other claims or interests in that class. The Debtors believe that the classification of Claims 15 and Interests under the Plan is appropriate and consistent with applicable law.

16 Since the equity interests under the Plan neither receive nor retain anything under the 17 Plan, they are deemed to reject the Plan. The Bankruptcy Court may nevertheless confirm the Plan if 18 all other requirements of section 1129(a) of the Bankruptcy Code are satisfied, and if the Bankruptcy 19 Court determines that the Plan "does not discriminate unfairly" and is "fair and equitable" with respect thereto.

20 21

22

23

24

F. No Unfair Discrimination.

A plan of reorganization "does not discriminate unfairly" if: (a) the legal rights of a non-accepting Class are treated in a manner that is consistent with the treatment of other Classes whose legal rights are intertwined with those of the non-accepting Class; and (b) no Class receives

²⁶ 5 The Debtors have not projected what might be generated from the Causes of Action. Under the Plan, the Causes of Action are vested in the Liquidation Trust and will be pursued by an 27 independent trustee. The Causes of Action should generate the same proceeds in the hands of the Liquidation Trustee that would be generated by a chapter 7 trustee. 28

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 87 of 161

1 payments in excess of that which it is legally entitled to receive for its Claims. The Debtors believe 2 that under the Plan, (i) all classes of impaired Claims are treated in a manner that is consistent with 3 the treatment of other classes of Claims with which their legal rights are intertwined, if any, and 4 (ii) no class of Claims will receive payments or property with an aggregate value greater than the 5 aggregate value of the Allowed Claims in such class. The Plan provides for payment in full of 6 Allowed General Unsecured Claims against DCA and its subsidiaries, because these entities have 7 sufficient assets to pay these Allowed Claims (other than RFA's Allowed DCA Class 4 Claims) and 8 these Allowed Claims are structurally senior to PMR Class 6 Claims. The "discrimination" in favor 9 of these Allowed Unsecured Claims is driven by differences in their legal rights and, therefore, is 10 not "unfair." Accordingly, the Debtors believe the Plan does not discriminate unfairly as to any 11 impaired class.

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

G.

Fair And Equitable Test.

The Bankruptcy Code establishes different "fair and equitable" tests for holders of secured Claims and holders of unsecured Claims, as follows:

(a) Secured Claims. Either (i) each holder of an impaired secured Claim either (x) retains the liens securing its secured Claim and receives on account of its Allowed Secured Claim deferred Cash payments having a present value equal to the amount of its Allowed Secured Claim, or (y) realizes the "indubitable equivalent" of its Allowed Secured Claim; or (ii) the property securing the Claim is sold free and clear of liens, with such liens to attach to the proceeds, and the liens against such proceeds are treated in accordance with clause (i) of this subparagraph (a).

(b) Unsecured Claims. Either (i) each holder of an impaired unsecured
Claim receives or retains under the Plan property of a value equal to the amount of its
Allowed Claim, or (ii) the holders of Claims and Interests that are junior to the Claims of the non-accepting Class do not receive any property under the Plan on account of such Claims and Equity Interests.

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 88 of 161

IN THE EVENT OF REJECTION OF THE PLAN BY ONE OR MORE
 IMPAIRED CLASSES, THE DEBTORS RESERVE THE RIGHT TO REQUEST THE
 COURT CONFIRM THE PLAN IN ACCORDANCE WITH BANKRUPTCY CODE
 SECTION 1129(b).

IX.

ALTERNATIVES TO CONFIRMATION AND

CONSUMMATION OF THE PLAN OF LIQUIDATION

The Debtors believe that the Plan affords holders of allowed claims the potential for a 8 9 fair realization of the value of the Debtor's assets that is more than would be realized under a 10 chapter 7 liquidation. As discussed above, if no plan can be confirmed, the Debtors' Cases may be 11 converted to a case under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code, under which a trustee would be 12 appointed to liquidate the Debtor's assets for distribution to creditors in accordance with the 13 priorities established by the Bankruptcy Code. A discussion of the effects that a chapter 7 14 liquidation would have on the recovery by holders of claims and interests is set forth above. THE 15 DEBTORS BELIEVE THAT CONFIRMATION OF THE PLAN IS PREFERABLE BECAUSE IT 16 IS EXPECTED TO PROVIDE GREATER RECOVERIES AND INVOLVE LESS DELAY AND LOWER ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS. ACCORDINGLY, THE DEBTORS URGE ALL 17 CREDITORS TO VOTE TO ACCEPT THE PLAN BY SO INDICATING ON THEIR BALLOTS 18 19 AND RETURNING THEM AS SPECIFIED IN THE NOTICE. X. 20 **RECOMMENDATION AND CONCLUSION** 21

The Debtors believe that confirmation and implementation of the Plan is preferable to any feasible alternatives, because the Plan will provide greater recoveries for the holders of Allowed Claims. Accordingly, the Debtor urges all creditors to vote to accept the Plan by so indicating on their Ballots and returning them as specified in this Disclosure Statement and on the Ballots.

27 28

22

23

24

25

26

5

6

Cas 	e 8:11-bk-24720-SC	Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 89 of 161
1	Date: September 4, 20	D12 PACIFIC MONARCH RESORTS, INC.
2		
3		By:
4		Its:
5		VACATION INTERVAL REALTY, INC.
6		Man 12m
7		By: Its:
8		VACATION MADIZETRIC CROUP DIC
9		VACATION MARKETING GROUP, INC.
10		han 13
11		By: Its:
12		MGV CABO, LLC
13		
14		By:
15		Its:
16		DESARROLLO CABO AZUL, S. de R.L. de C.V.
17		
18		By:
19		Its:
20		OPERADORA MGVM S. de R.L. de C.V.
21		
22		By: Its:
23		Its:
24		
25		
26		
27		
28	-	

Ca	se 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Do Main Document Page 90 of 161	esc
1	SUBMITTED BY:	
2		
3	<u>/s/ H. Alexander Fisch</u> SCOTT H. YUN, and H. ALEXANDER FISCH, Members of STUTMAN, TREISTER & GLATT PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION	
4	H. ALEXANDER FISCH, Members of STUTMAN TREISTER & GLATT	
5	PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION	
6	and	
7	JEFFREY C. KRAUSE GIBSON, DUNN & CRUTCHER LLP	
8	Reorganization Counsel for the Debtors	
9	and Debtors in Possession	
10		
11		
12		
13		
14		
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		
26		
27		
28		
	92	

Ca	se 8:11-bk-24720-SC	Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Main Document Page 91 of 161	Desc
1		EXHIBIT A	
2		<u>EAHIDIT A</u>	
3			
4			
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			
11			
12			
13			
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			
21			
22			
23			
24 25			
25 26			
20			
28			
-			
	1		0.4

Case	8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04 Main Document Pa	/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc age 92 of 161					
1	SCOTT H. YUN (STATE BAR NO. 185190)						
2	H. ALEXANDER FISCH (STATE BAR NO. 223211) STUTMAN, TREISTER & GLATT						
3	PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION 1901 Avenue of the Stars, 12th Floor						
4	Los Angeles, CA 90067						
5	[Telebop]: (510) 220 5700						
6	Email: syun@stutman.com; afisch@stutn						
7	JEFFREY C. KRAUSE (STATE BAR NO. 94 GIBSON, DUNN & CRUTCHER LLP	.053)					
8	333 South Grand Avenue Los Angeles, CA 90071						
9	Telephone: (213) 229-7000 Telecopy: (213) 229-7520						
10	Email: jkrause@ gibsondunn.com						
11	REORGANIZATION COUNSEL FOR DEBTORS AND DEBTORS IN POSSESSIO	N					
12							
13	CENTRAL DISTR	SANKRUPTCY COURT ICT OF CALIFORNIA					
14		NA DIVISION					
15 16	In re)	Case No. 8:11-bk-24720-SC					
10	PACIFIC MONARCH RESORTS, INC.,) a California corporation,)	Chapter 11					
18	Jointly Administered Debtors)	Jointly Administered with Case Nos. 8:11-bk-24724-SC; 8:11-bk-24725-SC;					
19	and Debtors in Possession.) 8:11-bk-24727-SC; 8:11-bk-24729-SC;					
20		8:11-bk-24731-SC					
21	Affects:) Pacific Monarch Resorts, Inc. Only)	DEBTORS' AMENDED JOINT CHAPTER 11 PLAN OF REORGANIZATION DATED					
22	 □ Vacation Interval Realty, Inc. Only □ Vacation Marketing Group, Inc. Only)) SEPTEMBER 4, 2012					
23	 ☐ MGV Cabo, LLC Only 〕 Desarrollo Cabo Azul, S. de R.L.)) [No Hearing Set]					
24	de C.V. Only) Operadora MGVM S. de R.L. de C.V.)						
25	Only)						
26	ALL DEBTORS)						
27							
28							
	565943v1	Exhibit A - Page 85					

Case	8:11-bł	<-24720-SC	Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Main Document Page 93 of 161	Desc
1			TABLE OF CONTENTS	
2				PAGE
3	I.	PLAN OBJE	CTIVES AND OVERVIEW	1
4		Section 1.1	General Objectives	1
5	II.	DEFINITION	NS AND RULES OF INTERPRETATION	1
6		Section 2.1	Definitions	1
7		Section 2.2	Rules of Interpretation.	17
8	III.	CLASSIFIC	ATION AND TREATMENT OF CLAIMS AND INTERESTS .	
9		A. Class	ification of Claims	
10		Section 3.1	Classifications Generally.	
11		Section 3.2	PMR	
12		Section 3.3	MGV Cabo	
13		Section 3.4	DCA	
14		Section 3.5	Operadora	
15		B. Allow	vance and Treatment of Unclassified Claims.	
16		Section 3.6	Administrative Claims and Priority Tax Claims	
17		Section 3.7	Administrative Claims.	
18		Section 3.8	Administrative Claim Bar Date.	
19		Section 3.9	Administrative Claim Objection Deadline	
20		Section 3.10	U.S. Trustee Fees.	
21		Section 3.11	Professional Fee Claims	
22		Section 3.12	Priority Tax Claims	
23		C. Treat	ment of Classified Claims.	
24		1.	PMR	
25		Section 3.13	PMR Class 1 (CB&T Office Building Secured Claim)	
26		Section 3.14	PMR Class 2 (PMR Secured Tax Claims).	
27		Section 3.15	PMR Class 3 (PMR Other Secured Claims).	
28		Section 3.16	PMR Class 4 (PMR Priority Non-Tax Claims).	
			i	

Case	8:11-bk-2	24720-SC	Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 94 of 161	
1	s	Section 3.17	PMR Class 5 (PMR Convenience Claims).	25
2	s	Section 3.18	PMR Class 6 (PMR General Unsecured Claims).	25
3	s	Section 3.19	PMR Class 7 (PMR Subordinated Claims)	26
4	S	Section 3.20	PMR Class 8 (PMR Interests)	26
5		2.	MGV Cabo	27
6	S	Section 3.21	MGV Cabo Class 1 (MGV Cabo Secured Tax Claims).	27
7	S	Section 3.22	MGV Cabo Class 2 (MGV Cabo Other Secured Claims).	27
8	S	Section 3.23	MGV Class 3 (MGV Cabo Priority Non-Tax Claims).	28
9	S	Section 3.24	MGV Cabo Class 4 (MGV Cabo General Unsecured Claims)	28
10	S	Section 3.25	MGV Cabo Class 5 (MGV Cabo Interests).	29
11		3.	DCA	29
12	S	Section 3.26	DCA Class 1 (DCA Secured Tax Claims).	29
13	S	Section 3.27	DCA Class 2 (DCA Other Secured Claims).	29
14	S	Section 3.28	DCA Class 3 (DCA Priority Non-Tax Claims).	30
15	S	Section 3.29	DCA Class 4 (DCA General Unsecured Claims).	30
16	S	Section 3.30	DCA Class 5 (DCA Interests)	31
17		4.	Operadora	31
18	S	Section 3.31	Operadora Class 1 (Operadora Secured Tax Claims)	31
19	S	Section 3.32	Operadora Class 2 (Operadora Other Secured Claims).	32
20	S	Section 3.33	Operadora Class 3 (Operadora Priority Non-Tax Claims).	32
21	S	Section 3.34	Operadora Class 4 (Operadora General Unsecured Claims).	32
22	S	Section 3.35	Operadora Class 5 (Operadora Interests)	33
23	IV. E	EXECUTOR	Y CONTRACTS AND UNEXPIRED LEASES	33
24	S	ection 4.1	Rejection.	33
25	S	ection 4.2	Assumption.	33
26	S	ection 4.3	Rejection Claims.	33
27	V. P	PLAN IMPL	EMENTATION	34
28	A	A. Imple	mentation Provisions.	34
	ii Exhibit A - Page 87			

Case	8:11-bk-24720-SC	Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 95 of 161	
1	Section 5.1	Conditions to Plan Effectiveness.	34
2	Section 5.2	Actions on the Effective Date	34
3	Section 5.3	Corporate Action	35
4	Section 5.4	Vesting and Transfer of Assets	35
5	Section 5.5	Transition Services	36
6	Section 5.6	Management of Reorganized PMR And Reorganized DCA	37
7	Section 5.7	Provisions Relating to Federal Income Tax Compliance.	37
8	B. Liquic	lation Trust	37
9	Section 5.8	Authorization of Liquidation Trustee.	37
10	Section 5.9	Representative of the Consolidated Estates	38
11	Section 5.10	Funding of Post Effective Date Trust Expenses.	39
12	Section 5.11	Termination of Liquidation Trust.	39
13	C. Distri	outions Generally	39
14	Section 5.12	Cash Distributions	39
15	Section 5.13	Setoff and Recoupment	39
16	Section 5.14	No De Minimis Distributions.	40
17	Section 5.15	Fractional Cents.	40
18	Section 5.16	No Distributions With Respect to Disputed Claims and Interests	40
19	Section 5.17	Undeliverable or Unclaimed Distributions.	40
20	Section 5.18	Negotiation of Checks	42
21	Section 5.19	Record Date.	42
22	Section 5.20	Postpetition Interest.	42
23	Section 5.21	Sequence of Payments.	43
24	Section 5.22	Withholding and Reporting Requirements.	43
25	Section 5.23	Claims Register	44
26	Section 5.24	Maximum Amount of Distributions	44
27	D. Reserv	ves	44
28	Section 5.25	Administrative Claims Reserve.	44
		iii	

Case	8:11-b	k-24720-SC	Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 96 of 161	
1		Section 5.26	Disputed Interim Dividends Reserve.	45
2		Section 5.27	Priority/Convenience Claims Reserve.	45
3		Section 5.28	Operating Reserve	45
4		Section 5.29	Secured Claims Reserve.	46
5		Section 5.30	Undeliverable Distributions Reserve.	46
6		Section 5.31	Reduced or Disallowed Administrative, Priority, or Secured Claims	46
7		Section 5.32	Reserve Amounts for Disputed Administrative, Priority, and Secured	
8			Claims.	47
9		E. Distri	butions On And Reserves For Liquidation Trust Interests.	47
10		Section 5.33	Interim Distributions	47
11		Section 5.34	Calculations For Interim Distributions.	48
12		Section 5.35	Deposits Into Interim Dividend Reserves.	48
13		F. Final	Distributions.	48
14		Section 5.36	Final Principal Distributions on Liquidation Trust Interests.	48
15		Section 5.37	Distribution of Postpetition Interest.	49
16	VI.	LITIGATION	NAND CLAIMS OBJECTIONS	49
17		Section 6.1	Preservation of Causes of Action	49
18		Section 6.2	No Waiver	50
19		Section 6.3	Objections to and Resolution of Disputed Claims	51
20	VII.	OTHER PLA	N PROVISIONS	52
21		Section 7.1	Discharge of the Debtors.	52
22		Section 7.2	Exculpation and Release of Debtors, Committee, and Professionals	52
23		Section 7.3	Injunction Enjoining Holders of Claims.	53
24		Section 7.4	Injunctions or Stays	53
25		Section 7.5	Exemption from Stamp, Transfer, and Other Taxes	54
26		Section 7.6	No Admissions	54
27		Section 7.7	Severability of Plan Provisions	54
28		Section 7.8	Governing Law.	55
			iv	

Case	8:11-bk	-24720-SC	Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Main Document Page 97 of 161	Desc
1		Section 7.9	Successors and Assigns	55
2		Section 7.10	Nonconsensual Confirmation	55
3		Section 7.11	Revocation of the Plan.	55
4		Section 7.12	Amendment	55
5		Section 7.13	Saturday, Sunday, or Legal Holiday	55
6		Section 7.14	Post-Effective Date Status Reports	55
7		Section 7.15	Post-Effective Date Notice.	
8		Section 7.16	Retention of Jurisdiction.	
9		Section 7.17	Entry of a Final Decree	
10	VIII.	RECOMMEN	NDATIONS AND CONCLUSION	
11		Section 8.1	Recommendation of the Debtors.	58
12				
13				
14				
15				
16				
17				
18				
19				
20				
21				
22				
23				
24				
25				
26				
27				
28				
	565943v	1	v Exhibit A - P	'age 90

PLAN OBJECTIVES AND OVERVIEW

3

1

2

Section 1.1 General Objectives.

An overview of the Plan is set forth in the disclosure statement regarding the Plan (the 4 5 "Disclosure Statement"). Parties should review the Plan and Disclosure Statement carefully. The objectives of the $Plan^1$ are to (1) effect the substantive consolidation of PMR, VIR, and 6 7 VMG, (2) merge the Mexican Entities (as defined below) into DCA, while providing for 8 payment in full of all Claims against the Mexican Entities, other than RFA's Claim against DCA, 9 (3) complete the transition services required under the completed sale to DPM; and (4) transfer 10 the Causes of Action, and other remaining Assets of PMR to the Liquidation Trust established 11 for PMR, which shall liquidate the Causes Action and all other Trust Assets, and distribute the 12 proceeds thereof to Holders of Allowed Claims. The Plan divides Creditors and Interest 13 Holders of the Debtors into Classes based on their legal rights and interests. All Holders of Allowed Claims against DCA and the Mexican Entities, other than RFA, will be paid in full. 14 15 Holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims against PMR, VIR and VMG, which will be 16 substantively consolidated with PMR, will be entitled to Pro Rata distributions from the 17 The Holders of Allowed Convenience Class Claims against PMR, VIR and Liquidation Trust. 18 VMG, will receive a cash payment equal to 20% of their Allowed Claims. From and after the 19 Transition Completion Date, the Reorganized PMR Equity will be owned by New Equity Holder, 20 who is not an affiliate or insider of any of the Debtors, and the equity in Reorganized DCA will 21 be owned by Reorganized PMR. Based on this transition, the current Interest Holders of the 22 Debtors will not receive or retain anything on account of their Interests.

23

24

DEFINITIONS AND RULES OF INTERPRETATION

II.

25 Section 2.1 Definitions. The following terms (which appear in the Plan as
26 capitalized terms), when used in the Plan, have the meanings set forth below:

- "Administrative Claim" means a claim for administrative costs or expenses that is
- 28

27

Capitalized terms have the meanings set forth in section 2.1 and as set forth in other sections.

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Doc 643 Page 99 of 161 Main Document

1 allowable under Bankruptcy Code section 503(b) or for U.S. Trustee Fees. These costs or 2 expenses include: (a) actual, necessary costs and expenses of preserving the Estates after the Petition Date; (b) Ordinary Course Administrative Claims; (c) Professional Fee Claims; and 3 (d) Administrative Tax Claims. 4

5 "Administrative Claim Bar Date" means, with respect to Administrative Claims relating to or arising out of the Second Covered Period, the date that is twenty (20) days after the 6 7 Effective Date, or, if such date is not a Business Day, the next Business Day thereafter, or such 8 other date as may be set by the Court in the Confirmation Order; provided, however, that the 9 Administrative Claim Bar Date for Professional Fee Claims is the date set forth in section 3.8.

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

"Administrative Claim Objection Deadline" means the deadline set forth in section 3.9. "Administrative Claims Reserve" means, with respect to each Liquidation Trust, a Cash Reserve that shall be maintained by each Liquidation Trust in the estimated amount necessary to pay in full all Administrative Claims that are liabilities of such Liquidation Trust and are outstanding as of the Effective Date, including Professional Fee Claims and Ordinary Course Administrative Claims. Before the Effective Date, the Debtors, with the consent of the Committee, or by Order of the Court, shall determine the estimated amount necessary to fund each Administrative Claims Reserve and, after the Effective Date, the Liquidation Trustee shall determine any supplemental amounts needed to fund the Administrative Claims Reserve for each Liquidation Trust.

20 "Administrative Tax Claim" means a Claim other than an Allowed Secured Claim that 21 a Governmental Authority asserts against the Debtors for Taxes or related interest or penalties, 22 which Claim is entitled to priority and allowable under Bankruptcy Code section 503(b).

23

"Allowed Administrative Claim" means an Administrative Claim that is: (a) an 24 Ordinary Course Administrative Claim with respect to which the Debtors have no objection; 25 (b) allowed as set forth in section III.B; or (c) allowed by a Final Order.

26 "Allowed Claim" or "Allowed Interest" means a Claim or Interest, other than an 27 Administrative Claim, to the extent that: (a) either: (1) a proof of claim or proof of interest was 28 timely filed before the Claims Bar Date or pursuant to an Order of the Court; or (2) a proof of

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 100 of 161

claim or proof of interest is deemed timely filed either under Bankruptcy Rule 3003(b)(1)-(2) or
 by a Final Order; and (b) either: (1) the Claim or Interest is not a Disputed Claim or a Disputed
 Interest; or (2) the Claim or Interest is allowed by a Final Order. Any Claim or portion of a
 Claim that is satisfied or released during the Cases is not an Allowed Claim.

5

6

"Allowed '**' Class '**' Claim" means an Allowed Claim against the specified Debtors classified in the specified Class.

7 "Assets" means all assets of each Debtor's Estate, including "property of the estate" under
8 section 541 of the Bankruptcy Code.

9 "Available Cash" means, with respect to the Liquidation Trust: (a) all Cash of the 10 Liquidation Trust, including Cash realized from the sale or other disposition of Trust Assets, 11 recoveries from Causes of Action or from any other source, and the interest earned on its funds, 12 including on any Reserves; less (b) the amount of Cash estimated and reserved by such 13 Liquidation Trust to: (y) pay all the unpaid Allowed Claims; (y) fund and maintain all Reserves, 14 including adequate funds to pay projected Post Effective Date Trust Expenses and any other 15 costs to carry out the provisions of the Plan and the Liquidation Trust Agreement with respect to 16 such Liquidation Trust on and after the Effective Date.

"Avoidance Action" means an adversary proceeding, lawsuit, or other proceeding with
respect to Causes of Action arising under, relating to, or similar to Bankruptcy Code sections
502(d), 506, 510, 542, 543, 544, 545, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, or 553, or any fraudulent
conveyance, fraudulent transfer, or preference laws, or any Cause of Action arising under, or
relating to, any similar state law or federal law that constitutes property of the Debtors' Estates
under Bankruptcy Code section 541, whether or not an action is initiated on or before the
Effective Date.

"Ballot" means the Ballot for accepting or rejecting the Plan.

"Bankruptcy Code" means title 11 of the United States Code, as applicable in the Cases.
 "Bankruptcy Rules" mean the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, as applicable in
 the Cases.

28

24

"Bankruptcy Schedules" means the Schedules of Assets and Liabilities and Statements

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Doc 643 Main Document Page 101 of 161

of Financial Affairs filed by the Debtors in the Cases.

defined in Bankruptcy Rule 9006(a)).

"BB&T" means Branch Banking & Trust Company.

3 "Beneficiaries" means, with respect to the Liquidation Trust and in accordance with Treasury Regulation section 301.7701-4(d), the beneficiaries of the Liquidation Trust that are the 4 5 Holders of Liquidation Trust Interests and Subordinated Liquidation Trust Interests. "Business Day" means any day other than a Saturday, Sunday, or a legal holiday (as 6

7

8

1

2

"Cases" means the chapter 11 cases of the Debtors.

9 "**Cash**" means cash or cash equivalents including bank deposits, checks, or other similar 10 items.

11 "Causes of Action" means any and all claims, demands, rights, actions, causes of action, and suits of the Debtors or the Estates, of any kind or character whatsoever, known or unknown, 12 13 suspected or unsuspected, whether arising before, on, or after the Petition Date, in contract or in 14 tort, at law or in equity, or under any other theory of law, that the Debtors or the Estates have or 15 assert or may have or assert against third parties, whether or not brought as of the Effective Date, 16 and which have not been settled or otherwise resolved by Final Order as of the Effective Date, 17 including: (a) rights of setoff, counterclaim, or recoupment; (b) claims on contracts or for 18 breaches of duties imposed by law; (c) the right to object to Claims or Interests; (d) such claims 19 and defenses as fraud, mistake, duress, and usury; (e) Avoidance Actions; (f) claims for Tax 20 refunds; (g) claims to recover outstanding accounts receivable; (h) such claims and defenses as 21 alter ego; and (i) any other claims which may be asserted against third parties.

22

"CB&T" means California Bank & Trust.

23

"CB&T Office Building Secured Claim" means CB&T's claims against PMR arising 24 under or relating to (a) that certain Promissory Note dated March 24, 1999, in the original 25 principal amount of \$2,100,000, and (b) that certain Promissory Note dated September 26, 2007, 26 in the original principal amount of \$4,173,329, both of which are secured by the Office Building, 27 and all amendments and related documents thereto.

28

"CCA" means Constructora Cabo Azul, S. de R.L. de C.V., a non-debtor subsidiary of

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 102 of 161

1	DCA.
2	"Claim" means a claim as defined in Bankruptcy Code section 101(5) against one or
3	more of the Debtors.
4	"Claims Bar Date" means the last date for filing proofs of Claim against the Estates
5	pursuant to the Court's Order entered on December 9, 2011.
6	"Claims Objection Deadline" means the deadline for the Liquidation Trustee to file
7	objections to Claims other than Administrative Claims as set forth in section 6.3.
8	"Class" means a group of Claims or Interests as classified in Article III.
9	"Collateral" means any property or interest in property of the Estates subject to a Lien
10	that is not subject to avoidance under the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise invalid under the
11	Bankruptcy Code or applicable federal, state, or international law.
12	"Committee" means the Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors appointed in the
13	Cases by the U.S. Trustee.
14	"Confirmation Date" means the date on which the Court enters the Confirmation Order
15	on its docket.
16	"Confirmation Hearing Date" means the first date on which the Court holds the hearing
17	to consider the confirmation of the Plan pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1128(a).
18	"Confirmation Order" means the Order of the Court confirming the Plan under
19	Bankruptcy Code section 1129.
20	"Convenience Claim" means any Allowed General Unsecured Claim against PMR that
21	is (a) allowed in the amount of two-thousand dollars (\$2,000) or less or (b) allowed in an amount
22	greater than two-thousand dollars (\$2,000) but which is reduced to two-thousand dollars (\$2,000)
23	(x) by an irrevocable written election by the Holder of such Claim made on a timely delivered
24	Ballot or (y) pursuant to a settlement agreement between the Debtor subject to such claim and
25	the Holder of such Claim entered into after the Voting Deadline, but before the Effective Date;
26	provided, however, that any such Claim that was allowed in excess of two-thousand dollars
27	(\$2,000) may not be subdivided into multiple Claims of two-thousand dollars (\$2,000) or less for
28	purposes of receiving treatment as a Convenience Claim.

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 103 of 161

	Main Document Page 103 of 181
1	"Court" means the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Central District of California,
2	or any other court that exercises jurisdiction over the Cases.
3	"Creditor" means the Holder of a Claim against any of the Debtors.
4	"DCA" means Desarrollo Cabo Azul, S. de R.L. de C.V., the debtor and debtor in
5	possession in Case No. 8:11-bk-24729-SC.
6	"DCA Cash" means any Cash that is the property of or held by DCA and its subsidiaries.
7	"DCA Equity" means all outstanding equity securities issued by DCA.
8	"DCAONE" means DCAONE, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of PMR, which owns 1%
9	of the equity Interests in DCA and Operadora.
10	"DCA Retained Assets" means the Retained Right, \$5,000 in Cash, and the intangible
11	rights set forth in Exhibit "1" hereto.
12	"Debtors" means DCA, MGV Cabo, Operadora, PMR, VIR, and VMG, as debtors and
13	debtors in possession in the Cases.
14	"Disclosure Statement" means the disclosure statement relating to the Plan, including,
15	without limitation, all exhibits and schedules thereto, as approved by the Court pursuant to
16	Bankruptcy Code section 1125.
17	"Disclosure Statement Order" means the Order entered by the Court approving the
18	Disclosure Statement.
19	"Disputed Claim" means any Claim: (a) as to which a proof of claim has been filed and
20	the dollar amount of such Claim is not specified in a fixed liquidated amount; (b) before the
21	Claims Objection Deadline for such Claim, as to which a proof of claim has been filed and the
22	dollar amount of such Claim is specified in a fixed liquidated amount, the extent to which the
23	stated amount of such Claim exceeds the amount of such Claim listed in the Bankruptcy
24	Schedules as not being disputed, contingent, or unliquidated or is listed in the Bankruptcy
25	Schedules with a different priority than reflected in the proof of claim; (c) before the Claims
26	Objection Deadline for such Claim, as to which a proof of claim has been filed and such Claim is
27	not included in the Bankruptcy Schedules; (d) before the Claims Objection Deadline for such
28	Claim, as to which a proof of claim is filed or is deemed filed under Bankruptcy Rule 3003(b)(1)

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 104 of 161

1 and is listed in the Bankruptcy Schedules as contingent, disputed, or unliquidated; (e) before the 2 Claims Objection Deadline for such Claims, as to which a proof of claim was required to be filed 3 and was not timely filed; and (f) as to which an objection has been filed or is deemed to have been filed and such objection has neither been overruled nor been denied by a Final Order and 4 5 has not been withdrawn; or (g) with respect to an Administrative Claim, as to which an objection: 6 (1) has been timely filed (or the deadline for objection to such Administrative Claim has not 7 expired), and (2) has neither been overruled nor been denied by a Final Order and has not been 8 withdrawn; provided, however, that in each case, a Claim shall not be deemed to be a Disputed 9 Claim to the extent that the Liquidation Trustee otherwise agrees to the allowance of any such 10 Claim and such Claim is deemed allowed under the Bankruptcy Code or by Final Order, as 11 applicable.

12 "Disputed Interim Dividends Reserve" means, with respect to each Liquidation Trust,
13 the Reserve to be established by the Liquidation Trustee for each Liquidation Trust for Interim
14 Dividends made by such Liquidation Trust with respect to Disputed General Unsecured Claims.

"Distribution" means any transfer under the Plan or Liquidation Trust Agreement of
Cash or other property to Holders of Allowed Claims, Liquidation Trust Interests, or
Subordinated Liquidation Trust Interests.

18 "DPM Transaction Approval Order" means the Order Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code
19 Sections 105, 363 and 365 Authorizing the Debtors to Sell Certain Assets to DPM Acquisition,
20 LLC or to the Successful Overbidder, entered January 13, 2012.

21 "DPM Transaction" means the sale and other transactions set forth in the Asset
22 Purchase Agreement between DPM Acquisition, LLC and the Debtors, which was approved
23 under the DPM Transaction Approval Order.

24 "DPM Transaction Closing" means the Closing of the DPM Transaction as defined in
25 the DPM Transaction Documents.

26 "DPM Transaction Documents" means the agreements, schedules, DPM Transaction
27 Approval Order, and other documents setting forth and governing the DPM Transaction.

28

"DPM Transaction Proceeds" means all consideration, including Cash, notes, securities,

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Page 105 of 161 Main Document

and/or contract or other rights and claims, received or to be received by one or more of the 2 Debtors as a result of the DPM Transaction.

- 3 "Effective Date" means the date the Plan becomes effective, as set forth in section 5.1. "Encumbered Accounts" means the "Lockbox Account" and "Other Deposit Accounts" 4 5 as defined in the Final Order Authorizing the Debtors to Use Cash Collateral and Provide Adequate Protection to Resort Finance America, LLC Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 361 and 363 6 7 [Docket No. 140], entered by the Court on December 1, 2011.
- 8 "Estates" means the estates of the Debtors created in the Cases under Bankruptcy Code 9 section 541.

10 "Final Order" means an Order of the Court or any other court of competent jurisdiction 11 as to which the time to appeal, petition for certiorari, or move for reargument or rehearing has 12 expired and as to which no appeal, petition for certiorari, or other proceedings for reargument or 13 rehearing shall then be pending or as to which any right to appeal, petition for certiorari, reargue, 14 or rehear shall have been waived in writing in form and substance satisfactory to the Debtors (on 15 or prior to the Effective Date) or the Liquidation Trustee (after the Effective Date), or, in the 16 event that an appeal, writ of certiorari, or reargument or rehearing thereof has been sought, such 17 Order of the Court or other court of competent jurisdiction shall have been determined by the 18 highest court to which such order was appealed, or certiorari, reargument, or rehearing shall have 19 been denied and the time to take any further appeal, petition for certiorari, or move for 20 reargument or rehearing shall have expired; provided, however, that the possibility that a motion 21 under Rule 59 or Rule 60 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, or any analogous rule under 22 the Bankruptcy Rules or applicable law, may be filed with respect to such Order shall not cause 23 such Order not to be a Final Order.

24

1

"First Administrative Claim Bar Date" means the deadline, if any, established by the 25 Court for the filing of requests for payment of Administrative Claims arising in or during the 26 First Covered Period.

27 "First Administrative Claim Bar Date Order" means the Order, if any, of the Court 28 establishing the First Administrative Claim Bar Date.

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 106 of 161

- "First Covered Period" means the period from and including the Petition Date to and
 including the date that the Court enters the Order approving the Disclosure Statement, or such
 other date determined by the Court in the First Administrative Claim Bar Date Order, if any.
- 4 "General Unsecured Claim" means any Claim that is not an Administrative Claim, a
 5 Priority Claim, a Secured Claim, or a Subordinated Claim.
- Governmental Authority" means any federal, state, or local government or other
 political subdivision, department or agency thereof, including, without limitation, any Person
 exercising executive, legislative, judicial, regulatory, or administrative governmental powers or
 functions.
- 10 "Holder" means the holder of a Claim against or Interest in the Debtors or, after the
 11 Effective Date, the holder of a Liquidation Trust Interest or Subordinated Liquidation Trust
 12 Interest.
- 13 "Impaired" means, when used with reference to a Claim or Interest, a Claim or Interest
 14 that is impaired within the meaning of section 1124 of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 15 "Initial PMR Cash On Hand" means \$519,000, or such other amount as jointly
 16 determined by PMR and RFA, reflecting the amount of Cash to be retained by Reorganized PMR
 17 on the Effective Date to enable it to perform its obligations under the Plan, after the Effective
 18 Date payments and distribution of Cash to the Liquidation Trust on the Effective Date.
- "Initial PMR Class 6 Distribution" means the distribution that will be made by the
 Liquidation Trust on the Effective Date or as soon thereafter as is practicable, in an amount equal
 to \$1,000,000 minus the sum of (a) all Allowed Priority Claims against PMR, and (b) the amount
 needed to fund the distribution to Holders of Allowed PMR Class 5 Claims (i.e. 20% of all
 Allowed Convenience Class Claims).
- 24 "Interest" means the interest of any Person who holds an equity security in a Debtor.
 25 "Interim Dividends" means payments made by a Liquidation Trust with respect to
 26 Liquidation Trust Interests and Disputed General Unsecured Claims as provided in sections 5.32
 27 to 5.34.
- 28

"Lien" means any mortgage, pledge, lien, encumbrance, charge, security interest, or other

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 107 of 161

charge against or interest in property to secure payment of a debt or performance of an
 obligation.

3 "Liquidation Trust" means the Liquidation Trust created pursuant to the Plan and the
4 Liquidation Trust Agreement. The Liquidation Trust is to be organized and established as a
5 trust for the benefit of the Beneficiaries, and each is intended to qualify as a Liquidation Trust
6 within the meaning of Treasury Regulation section 301.7701-4(d).

7

8

9

10

"Liquidation Trust Agreement" means the Liquidation Trust Agreement, by and between PMR and the Liquidation Trustee to be entered into pursuant to the Plan and the Confirmation Order, substantially in the form appended as an exhibit to the Disclosure Statement.

"Liquidation Trustee" means the trustee of the Liquidation Trust, who has the powers
and responsibilities set forth in the Plan, Confirmation Order, and Liquidation Trust Agreement,
or any successor trustee appointed pursuant to the Liquidation Trust Agreement.

14 "Liquidation Trustee Disclosures" means written disclosures to be filed with the Court
15 at least ten (10) Business Days prior to the Confirmation Hearing Date disclosing the identity of
16 the Liquidation Trustee, his, her, or its credentials, any and all relevant affiliations, connections,
17 and actual or potential conflicts of interest, and the engagement agreement setting forth the terms
18 of his, her, or its retention.

19 "Liquidation Trust Interest" means, with respect to each Liquidation Trust, a
20 non-certificated beneficial interest in that Liquidation Trust entitling the Holder thereof to
21 Distributions from such Liquidation Trust as provided in the Plan, Confirmation Order, and
22 Liquidation Trust Agreement, which Liquidation Trust Interest shall not be transferable.

"Liquidation Trust Net Proceeds" means as reasonably determined by the Liquidation
Trustee, all Cash including any interest thereon remaining in such Liquidation Trust after:
(a) payment in full of: (i) all Allowed Administrative Claims; (ii) all Allowed Priority Claims;
(iii) all Allowed Secured Claims; (iv) all Allowed Convenience Claims; and (v) all outstanding
and due Post Effective Date Trust Expenses; and (b) the maintenance of the Operating Reserve
sufficient for all projected Post Effective Date Trust Expenses of the Liquidation Trust until the

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 108 of 161

1	later of the closing of the Cases under Bankruptcy Code section 350 or the termination of such
2	Liquidation Trust.
3	"Mexican Entities" means DCA, MGV Cabo, Operadora, PMR Cabo and CCA.
4	"MVG Cabo" means MGV Cabo, LLC, the debtor and debtor in possession in Case
5	No. 8-11-bk-24727-SC.
6	"New Equity Holder" means Rafael Castro or his designee.
7	"Office Building" means the real property and improvements owned by PMR located at
8	23091 Mill Creek Drive, Laguna Hills, CA 92653.
9	"Operadora" means Operadora MGVM S. de R.L. de C.V., the debtor and debtor in
10	possession in Case No. 8:11-bk-24731-SC.
11	"Operating Reserve" means, with respect to the Liquidation Trust, the reserve of Cash
12	made by the Liquidation Trust as reasonably determined by the Liquidation Trustee for the
13	payment of all actual and projected Post Effective Date Trust Expenses of the Liquidation Trust.
14	"Order" means any writ, judgment, decree, injunction, or order of any Governmental
15	Authority (whether preliminary or final).
16	"Ordinary Course Administrative Claim" means a Claim for an administrative cost or
17	expense that is allowable under Bankruptcy Code section 503(b) that is incurred in the ordinary
18	course of the Debtors' operations or the Cases, or for which payment is authorized by a Final
19	Order of the Court.
20	"Other Deposit Accounts" means those accounts maintained at Mexican banks in the
21	name of any Debtor that are not subject to an account control agreements; specifically: Account
22	Nos. ##-#####-3268 and ##-#####-0454 at Banco Santander, S.A. in the name of DCA; Account
23	Nos. ##-#####-7955, ##-#####-2870, ##-#####-0620, ##-#####-3387, ##-#####-8133 at Banco
24	Santander, S.A. in the name of MGV Cabo; and Account Nos. ##-#####-4032 and
25	##-#####-7312 at Banco Santander, Account Nos. ##-#####-5881 and ##-#####-5565 at
26	Scotiabank Incerlat, S.A., and Account Nos. ##-###2812 and ##-###2324 at BBVA Bancomer,
27	S.A., in the name of Operadora.
28	"Other Secured Claims" means any Secured Claim except the CB&T Office Building

Exhibit A - Page 101

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 109 of 161

1	Secured Claim, and Secured Tax Claims.
2	"Penalty Claim" means a Claim for any fine, penalty, or forfeiture, or for multiple,
3	exemplary, or punitive damages, arising before the Petition Date, to the extent that such fine,
4	penalty, forfeiture, or damages are not compensation for actual pecuniary loss suffered by the
5	Holder of such Claim as set forth in Bankruptcy Code section 726(a)(4).
6	"Person" means an individual, a partnership, a corporation, a limited liability company,
7	an association, a joint stock company, a trust, a joint venture, an unincorporated organization,
8	any other business entity, or a Governmental Authority.
9	"Petition Date" means October 24, 2011, the date on which the Debtors filed their
10	voluntary petitions commencing the Cases.
11	"Plan" means this plan of reorganization under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code,
12	including, without limitation, all exhibits, supplements, appendices, and schedules thereto.
13	"PMR" means Pacific Monarch Resorts, Inc., the debtor and debtor in possession in Case
14	No. 8:11-bk-24720-SC.
15	"PMR Cabo" means PMR Cabo, S. de R.L. de C.V., a non-debtor subsidiary of PMR,
16	which shall be merged into DCA under the Plan.
17	"PMR Retained Assets" means the following assets, which shall be vested in
18	Reorganized PMR and shall be used to enable Reorganized PMR to perform its duties and
19	obligations under the Transition Services Agreement and the Plan: (a) the equity Interests in
20	(i) Reorganized DCA and (ii) DCAONE, (b) the right to use the assets sold to DPM to perform
21	the Transition Services, under the Transition Services Agreement, possession of which shall be
22	delivered to DPM or its designees on or before the Transition Completion Date, and (c) the
23	Initial PMR Cash On Hand.
24	"Post Effective Date Trust Expenses" means all voluntary and involuntary costs,
25	expenses, charges, obligations, or liabilities of any kind or nature, whether unmatured,
26	contingent, or unliquidated incurred by the Liquidation Trust or the Liquidation Trustee after the
27	Effective Date related to the implementation of the Plan or the Liquidation Trust Agreement by
28	the Liquidation Trust, including, but not limited to: (a) the expenses of the Liquidation Trustee in

12

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 110 of 161

1	connection with the Liquidation Trust in administering and implementing the Plan, including any
2	taxes incurred by the Liquidation Trust or on the Trust Assets of the Liquidation Trust and
3	accrued on or after the Effective Date; (b) all U.S. Trustee Fees for which the Liquidation Trust
4	is liable which are due on or after the Effective Date; (c) the expenses of the Liquidation Trustee
5	and the Liquidation Trust in making the Distributions from the Liquidation Trust as required by
6	the Plan or the Liquidation Trust Agreement, including paying Taxes, filing Tax returns, and
7	paying professionals' fees with respect to such Distributions; (d) the expenses incurred by the
8	Liquidation Trust and the Liquidation Trustee relating to the Liquidation Trust; (e) the expenses
9	of independent contractors and professionals (including, without limitation, attorneys, advisors,
10	accountants, brokers, consultants, experts, professionals, and other Persons) providing services to
11	the Liquidation Trustee relating to the Liquidation Trust; and (f) the expenses related to the
12	Liquidation Trust's indemnity obligations, the purchase of errors and omissions insurance, and/or
13	other forms of indemnification.
14	"Postpetition" means the time after the Petition Date.
15	"Postpetition Interest" means interest accrued on any Allowed General Unsecured
15 16	" Postpetition Interest " means interest accrued on any Allowed General Unsecured Claim from the Petition Date until the date of payment at the federal judgment rate as set forth in
16	Claim from the Petition Date until the date of payment at the federal judgment rate as set forth in
16 17	Claim from the Petition Date until the date of payment at the federal judgment rate as set forth in 28 U.S.C. § 1961(a), in effect as of the Petition Date or the contract rate, if applicable.
16 17 18	Claim from the Petition Date until the date of payment at the federal judgment rate as set forth in 28 U.S.C. § 1961(a), in effect as of the Petition Date or the contract rate, if applicable. "Priority/Convenience Claims Reserve" means the Reserve to be established by the
16 17 18 19	Claim from the Petition Date until the date of payment at the federal judgment rate as set forth in 28 U.S.C. § 1961(a), in effect as of the Petition Date or the contract rate, if applicable. "Priority/Convenience Claims Reserve" means the Reserve to be established by the Liquidation Trustee for Distributions on Priority Claims and Convenience Claims that are or
16 17 18 19 20	Claim from the Petition Date until the date of payment at the federal judgment rate as set forth in 28 U.S.C. § 1961(a), in effect as of the Petition Date or the contract rate, if applicable. "Priority/Convenience Claims Reserve" means the Reserve to be established by the Liquidation Trustee for Distributions on Priority Claims and Convenience Claims that are or might become Allowed Claims.
16 17 18 19 20 21	Claim from the Petition Date until the date of payment at the federal judgment rate as set forth in 28 U.S.C. § 1961(a), in effect as of the Petition Date or the contract rate, if applicable. " Priority/Convenience Claims Reserve " means the Reserve to be established by the Liquidation Trustee for Distributions on Priority Claims and Convenience Claims that are or might become Allowed Claims. " Priority Claims " means Priority Non-Tax Claims and Priority Tax Claims.
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 	Claim from the Petition Date until the date of payment at the federal judgment rate as set forth in 28 U.S.C. § 1961(a), in effect as of the Petition Date or the contract rate, if applicable. " Priority/Convenience Claims Reserve " means the Reserve to be established by the Liquidation Trustee for Distributions on Priority Claims and Convenience Claims that are or might become Allowed Claims. " Priority Claims " means Priority Non-Tax Claims and Priority Tax Claims. " Priority Non-Tax Claim " means a Claim, other than an Administrative Claim or
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 	Claim from the Petition Date until the date of payment at the federal judgment rate as set forth in 28 U.S.C. § 1961(a), in effect as of the Petition Date or the contract rate, if applicable. "Priority/Convenience Claims Reserve" means the Reserve to be established by the Liquidation Trustee for Distributions on Priority Claims and Convenience Claims that are or might become Allowed Claims. "Priority Claims" means Priority Non-Tax Claims and Priority Tax Claims. "Priority Non-Tax Claim" means a Claim, other than an Administrative Claim or Priority Tax Claim, entitled to priority under Bankruptcy Code section 507(a).
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 	Claim from the Petition Date until the date of payment at the federal judgment rate as set forth in 28 U.S.C. § 1961(a), in effect as of the Petition Date or the contract rate, if applicable. " Priority/Convenience Claims Reserve " means the Reserve to be established by the Liquidation Trustee for Distributions on Priority Claims and Convenience Claims that are or might become Allowed Claims. " Priority Claims " means Priority Non-Tax Claims and Priority Tax Claims. " Priority Non-Tax Claim " means a Claim, other than an Administrative Claim or Priority Tax Claim, entitled to priority under Bankruptcy Code section 507(a). " Priority Tax Claim " means a Claim entitled to priority under Bankruptcy Code
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	Claim from the Petition Date until the date of payment at the federal judgment rate as set forth in 28 U.S.C. § 1961(a), in effect as of the Petition Date or the contract rate, if applicable. " Priority/Convenience Claims Reserve " means the Reserve to be established by the Liquidation Trustee for Distributions on Priority Claims and Convenience Claims that are or might become Allowed Claims. " Priority Claims " means Priority Non-Tax Claims and Priority Tax Claims. " Priority Non-Tax Claim " means a Claim, other than an Administrative Claim or Priority Tax Claim, entitled to priority under Bankruptcy Code section 507(a). " Priority Tax Claim " means a Claim entitled to priority under Bankruptcy Code section 502(i) or 507(a)(8).
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	Claim from the Petition Date until the date of payment at the federal judgment rate as set forth in 28 U.S.C. § 1961(a), in effect as of the Petition Date or the contract rate, if applicable. " Priority/Convenience Claims Reserve " means the Reserve to be established by the Liquidation Trustee for Distributions on Priority Claims and Convenience Claims that are or might become Allowed Claims. " Priority Claims " means Priority Non-Tax Claims and Priority Tax Claims. " Priority Non-Tax Claim " means a Claim, other than an Administrative Claim or Priority Tax Claim, entitled to priority under Bankruptcy Code section 507(a). " Priority Tax Claim " means a Claim entitled to priority under Bankruptcy Code section 502(i) or 507(a)(8). " Professional Fee Claim " means: (a) a claim under Bankruptcy Code section 327, 328,

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 111 of 161

for compensation for professional services rendered or under Bankruptcy Code section
 503(b)(3)(D) for expenses incurred before the Effective Date in making a substantial
 contribution in the Cases.

"Professionals" means those Persons: (a) retained pursuant to an Order of the Court in
accordance with section 327, 1103, or 1106 of the Bankruptcy Code and to be compensated for
services rendered prior to the Effective Date pursuant to section 327, 328, 329, 330, or 331 of the
Bankruptcy Code; or (b) for which compensation and reimbursement has been allowed by the
Court pursuant to sections 330 and 503(b)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code.

9 "Pro Rata" means, for the purpose of Distributions on account of Liquidation Trust 10 Interests and Subordinated Liquidation Trust Interests, and for each Liquidation Trust, a 11 proportionate share such that the ratio of (a) the amount of consideration distributed on account 12 of a Liquidation Trust Interest or Subordinated Liquidation Trust Interest in a Liquidation Trust 13 to (b) the amount of such Liquidation Trust Interest or Subordinated Liquidation Trust Interest is 14 the same as the ratio of (y) the amount of consideration to be distributed on account of all 15 Liquidation Trust Interests or Subordinated Liquidation Trust Interests in such Liquidation Trust 16 to (z) the amount of all Liquidation Trust Interests or Subordinated Liquidation Trust Interests in 17 such Liquidation Trust. The Pro Rata Share ratio is illustrated for Liquidation Trust Interests in 18 an exemplar Liquidation Trust as follows:

19 20

(a)

.

21

22

"Reorganized Debtors" means Reorganized PMR and Reorganized DCA.
"Reorganized DCA" means DCA from and after the Effective Date, which shall be
revested with the DCA Retained Assets, and the equity Interests in which shall be owned by
Reorganized PMR.
"Reorganized PMR" means PMR from the Effective Date, which shall assume its

=

(x)

Trust

27 obligations under the Transition Services Agreement.

Amount of consideration

distributed to Holder of a

Liquidation Trust Interest

in such Liquidation Trust

28

"Reorganized PMR Equity" means the equity Interests in Reorganized PMR on and

Total consideration available for

Trust Interests in such Liquidation

distribution to Holders of Liquidation

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 112 of 161

1 after the Transition Completion Date. Prior to the Effective Date the Debtors shall determine 2 whether the Reorganized PMR Equity will be the existing Equity Interests in PMR, which would 3 be voluntarily transferred by the existing Holders to the New Equity Holder, without 4 representation or warranty and without any payment to the existing Interest Holders, or newly 5 issued equity Interests. "Reserves" means the Administrative Claims Reserve, the Priority/Convenience Claims 6 7 Reserve, the Disputed Interim Dividends Reserve, the Operating Reserve, the Secured Claims 8 Reserve, and the Undeliverable Distributions Reserve to be established for the Liquidation Trust. 9 "Retained Right" means any right of reacquisition owned by DCA with respect to 10 property held by or in trust for the Cabo Azul Vacation Plan Owners Association. 11 "RFA" means Resort Finance America, LLC. 12 "Second Covered Period" means the period from and including the day following the 13 last date of the First Covered Period, if any, through and including the Effective Date. If prior 14 to the Confirmation Hearing Date the Court has not entered the First Administrative Claim Bar 15 Date Order, then the Second Covered Period shall mean the period from and including the 16 Petition Date through and including the Effective Date. 17 "Secured Claim" means a Claim that is secured by a valid and unavoidable Lien against 18 property in which any of the Estates has an interest or that is subject to setoff under Bankruptcy 19 Code section 553. A Claim is a Secured Claim only to the extent of the value of the 20 claimholder's interest in the Collateral securing the Claim or to the extent of the amount subject 21 to setoff, whichever is applicable, and as determined under Bankruptcy Code section 506(a). 22 "Secured Claims Reserve" means, with respect to each Liquidation Trust, the Reserve to 23 be established by each Liquidation Trust for Cash Distributions on Other Secured Claims that are 24 or might become Allowed Claims. 25 "Secured Tax Claim" means a Claim of a Governmental Authority that is secured by a valid and unavoidable Lien against property in which any of the Estates has an interest or that is 26 27 subject to setoff under Bankruptcy Code section 553. A Claim is a Secured Tax Claim only to

28

15

the extent of the value of the claimholder's interest in the Collateral securing the Claim or to the

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 113 of 161

extent of the amount subject to setoff, whichever is applicable, and as determined under
 Bankruptcy Code section 506(a).

3

4

"Subordinated Claim" means any Allowed Claim that is subordinated to General Unsecured Claims pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 510.

5 "Tax" or "Taxes" means any federal, state, local, or foreign income, gross receipts, license, payroll, employment, excise, severance, stamp, occupation, premium, windfall profits, 6 7 environmental (including taxes under Internal Revenue Code section 59A), customs duties, 8 capital stock, franchise, profits, withholding, social security (or similar), unemployment, 9 disability, real property, personal property, sales, use, transfer, registration, value added, 10 alternative or add-on minimum, estimated, or other tax of any kind whatsoever, including any 11 interest, penalty, or addition thereto, whether disputed or not and including any obligations to 12 indemnify or otherwise assume or succeed to the tax liability of any other Person.

13 "Transition Completion Date" means the date that Reorganized PMR gives the notice
14 described in Section 5.5, below, to the Liquidation Trustee that the Transition Services have been
15 completed.

16 "Transition Services Agreement" means that certain agreement by and between PMR
17 and DPM, under which the Debtors have agreed to provide certain services to assist in
18 transitioning the Debtors' operations to DPM or its nominee in connection with the DPM
19 Transaction.

20 "Trust Assets" means: (a) all Causes of Action belonging to any of the Debtors 21 immediately before the Effective Date, all of which shall be deemed to be transferred or assigned 22 to the Liquidation Trust on the Effective Date of the Plan; (b) all Cash on hand on the Effective 23 Date except the cash included in the PMR Retained Assets and the DCA Retained Assets; (c) the 24 \$5,000 payment received from the New Equity Holder for the Reorganized PMR Equity; (d) the 25 Interests in PMRIC, and PMR Resorts 2007, and (e) all other Assets that are not PMR Retained 26 Assets or DCA Retained Assets, including, without limitation, all rights to receive refunds or the 27 return of deposits.

28

"Unclassified Claim" means any Claim which is not assigned to a Class under the Plan.

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 114 of 161

1	"Undeliverable Distributions Reserve" means, with respect to each Liquidation Trust,			
2	the Reserve established by the Liquidation Trustee for each Liquidation Trust for the purpose of			
3	holding undeliverable Distributions as provided in section 5.16.			
4	"Unencumbered Accounts" means all bank accounts other than the Encumbered			
5	Accounts. Specifically, the following bank accounts are Unencumbered Accounts: Account			
6	Nos. ######0086 and ######5301 at Wells Fargo.			
7	"U.S. Trustee" means the Office of the United States Trustee for the Central District of			
8	California.			
9	"U.S. Trustee Fees" means all fees and charges assessed against the Estate by the U.S.			
10	Trustee and due pursuant to section 1930 of title 28 of the United States Code.			
11	"VIR" means Vacation Interval Realty, Inc., the debtor and debtor in possession in Case			
12	No. 8:11-bk-24725-SC.			
13	"VMG" means Vacation Marketing Group, Inc., the debtor and debtor in possession in			
14	Case No. 8:11-bk-24724-SC.			
15	"Voting Deadline" means the applicable deadline set by Court Order for timely			
16	submitting a Ballot in connection with confirmation of the Plan.			
17	"Wells Unencumbered Account" means the certain depository accounts in the name of			
18	PMR maintained at Wells Fargo, N.A. as account nos. ######0086 and ######5301.			
19	Section 2.2 Rules of Interpretation.			
20	(a) The rules of construction in Bankruptcy Code section 102 apply to the Plan.			
21	(b) Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, Bankruptcy Rule 9006(a) applies when			
22	determining any time period under the Plan.			
23	(c) A term that is used in the Plan and that is not defined in the Plan has the meaning			
24	attributed to that term, if any, in the Bankruptcy Code or the Bankruptcy Rules.			
25	(d) The definition given to any term or provision in the Plan supersedes and controls			
26	over any different meaning that may be given to that term or provision in the			
27	Disclosure Statement. In the event of any conflict or inconsistency between the			
28	Plan and the Disclosure Statement, the Plan shall control. In the event of any			
	17			

Case	8:11-bk-2472	0-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 115 of 161
1		conflict or inconsistency between the Plan and the Confirmation Order, the
2		Confirmation Order shall control.
3	(e)	Whenever it is appropriate from the context, each term, whether stated in the
4		singular or the plural, includes both the singular and the plural.
5	(f)	Any reference to a document or instrument being in a particular form or on
6		particular terms means that the document or instrument will be substantially in
7		that form or on those terms or as amended. Any reference to an existing
8		document means the document as it has been, or may be, amended, modified, or
9		supplemented.
10	(g)	Unless otherwise indicated, the phrase "under the Plan" and similar words or
11		phrases refer to the Plan in its entirety rather than to only a portion of the Plan.
12	(h)	Unless otherwise specified, all references to articles, sections, and Exhibits are
13		references to articles and sections of, and Exhibits to the Plan.
14	(i)	Captions and headings in the Plan are used only as convenient references and do
15		not affect the meaning of the Plan.
16		III.
17	CL	ASSIFICATION AND TREATMENT OF CLAIMS AND INTERESTS
18	A. Class	ification of Claims.
19	Secti	on 3.1 Classifications Generally. The Plan classifies Claims and Interests,
20	except for A	lministrative Claims and Priority Tax Claims, which are not classified, for all
21	purposes, inc	luding voting on, confirmation of, and Distributions under the Plan. A Claim or
22	Interest is cla	ssified in a particular Class only to the extent that the Claim or Interest falls within
23	the Class des	cription. To the extent that part of the Claim or Interest falls within a different
24	Class descrip	tion, that portion of the Claim or Interest is classified in that different Class. The
25	treatment in	he Plan is in full and complete satisfaction of the legal, contractual, and equitable
26	rights that ea	ch Person holding an Allowed Claim or an Allowed Interest may have in or against
27	the Debtors of	or their property. This treatment supersedes and replaces any agreements or rights
28	those entities	have in or against the Debtors or their property. All Distributions under the Plan

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 116 of 161

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

will be tendered to the Person holding the Allowed Claim or Allowed Interest as set forth in the
 Plan and Liquidation Trust Agreement. EXCEPT AS SPECIFICALLY SET FORTH IN THIS
 PLAN, NO DISTRIBUTIONS WILL BE MADE AND NO RIGHTS WILL BE RETAINED
 ON ACCOUNT OF ANY CLAIM OR INTEREST THAT IS NOT AN ALLOWED CLAIM OR
 ALLOWED INTEREST. The following sections 3.2 through 3.7 summarize the Classes of
 Claims and Interests under the Plan.

- Section 3.2 PMR. Description Impairment Entitlement to Vote Class PMR Class 1 No PMR CB&T Office Building Secured Unimpaired Claim PMR Class 2 PMR Secured Tax Claims Impaired Yes PMR Class 3 PMR Other Secured Claims Impaired Yes PMR Class 4 PMR Priority Non-Tax Claims Impaired Yes PMR Class 5 **PMR** Convenience Claims Impaired Yes PMR General Unsecured Claims Impaired PMR Class 6 Yes PMR Class 7 PMR Subordinated Claims Impaired Yes PMR Class 8 PMR Equity Interests Impaired Yes
 - 565943v1 19 E

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 117 of 161

<u>Class</u>	Description	<u>Impairment</u>	Entitlement to V
MGV Cabo Class 1	MGV Cabo Secured Tax Claims	Unimpaired	No
MGV Cabo Class 2	MGV Cabo Other Secured Claims	Impaired	Yes
MGV Cabo Class 3	MGV Cabo Priority Non-Tax Claims	Impaired	Yes
MGV Cabo Class 4	MGV General Unsecured Claims	Impaired	Yes
MGV Cabo Class 5	MGV Cabo Equity Interests	Impaired	Yes
Section	3.4 DCA.		
Class	Description	Impairment	Entitlement to Ve
DCA Class 1	DCA Secured Tax Claims	Unimpaired	No
DCA Class 2	DCA Other Secured Claims	Impaired	Yes
DCA Class 3	DCA Priority Non-Tax Claims	Impaired	Yes
DCA Class 4	DCA General Unsecured Claims	Impaired	Yes
DCA Class 5	DCA Equity Interests	Impaired	Yes
Section	3.5 Operadora.		
Class	Description	Impairment	Entitlement to Ve
Operadora	Operadora Secured Tax Claims	Unimpaired	No
Class 1		Impaired	Yes
	Operadora Other Secured Claims		
Class 1 Operadora	Operadora Other Secured Claims Operadora Priority Non-Tax Claims	Impaired	Yes

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 118 of 161

	Operadora Class 5	Operadora Equity Interests	Impaired	Yes
--	----------------------	----------------------------	----------	-----

3

1

2

B. Allowance and Treatment of Unclassified Claims.

Section 3.6 Administrative Claims and Priority Tax Claims. Administrative
Claims and Priority Tax Claims are not placed into Classes that are entitled to vote to accept or
reject the Plan; instead, such Claims are unclassified. Such Claims are not considered impaired
and they do not vote on the Plan because they are entitled to specific treatment under the
Bankruptcy Code. Accordingly, the Debtors have not placed these Claims in Classes. The
treatment for these Claims is provided in sections 3.7 through 3.12, below.

Section 3.7 10 Administrative Claims. Except to the extent that the Holder of an 11 Allowed Administrative Claim agrees to less favorable treatment or unless otherwise ordered by 12 the Court, each Holder of an Allowed Administrative Claim shall receive in full satisfaction, 13 discharge, exchange, and release thereof, Cash from the Administrative Claims Reserve in an aggregate amount equal to the amount of such Allowed Administrative Claim on the later of: (a) 14 15 the Effective Date; and (b) the fifteenth (15th) Business Day after such Administrative Claim becomes an Allowed Administrative Claim, or, in either case, as soon thereafter as is practicable; 16 17 provided, however, that Ordinary Course Administrative Claims shall be paid in Cash in full 18 after the Effective Date from the Administrative Claims Reserve in accordance with the terms 19 and conditions of the particular transactions, any applicable agreements, or as otherwise 20 authorized by the Court.

Section 3.8 Administrative Claim Bar Date. All requests for payment of an 21 22 Administrative Claim that arose during the Second Covered Period, except for U.S. Trustee Fees, 23 Professional Fee Claims, and Ordinary Course Administrative Claims, shall be filed with the Court no later than the Administrative Claim Bar Date or be forever barred. Within five (5) 24 25 business days after the Effective Date, the Liquidation Trustee shall serve notice of the Effective Date, the Administrative Claim Bar Date, and the Administrative Claim Objection Deadline on 26 27 all creditors and parties in interest. Nothing in the Plan shall constitute a waiver of any grounds 28 for objecting to Administrative Claims arising during the First Covered Period, if any, subject to

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 119 of 161

the First Administrative Claim Bar Date Order, if any, or any other Order requiring the filing of
 requests for the payment of Administrative Claims.

- 3 Section 3.9 Administrative Claim Objection Deadline. All objections to the allowance of Administrative Claims subject to section 3.8 must be filed by parties in interest no 4 5 later than sixty (60) days after the Administrative Claim Bar Date (the "Administrative Claim 6 Objection Deadline"). The Administrative Claim Objection Deadline may be extended for a 7 one-time sixty (60) day period by the Liquidation Trustee by filing a notice of the extended 8 Administrative Claim Objection Deadline with the Court, and giving notice of such extension to 9 all creditors and parties in interest. Thereafter, the Administrative Claim Objection Deadline 10 may be further extended only by an Order of the Court. If no objection to such Administrative 11 Claim is filed on or before the Administrative Claim Objection Deadline, such Administrative 12 Claim shall be deemed an Allowed Administrative Claim as of that date.
- Section 3.10 U.S. Trustee Fees. U.S. Trustee Fees shall be paid before the Effective
 Date by the Debtors obligated for such fees, and after the Effective Date by the Liquidation Trust,
 in each case, when due in accordance with applicable law. The Debtors shall continue to file
 reports to show the calculation of such fees for the Estates until the Effective Date; after the
 Effective Date, the Liquidation Trustee shall file such consolidated reports until the Cases are
 closed under Bankruptcy Code section 350.
- 19 Section 3.11 Professional Fee Claims. Each Holder of a Professional Fee Claim 20 seeking an award by the Court of compensation for services rendered or reimbursement of 21 expenses incurred through and including the Effective Date shall: (a) file such Holder's interim 22 (if applicable) and final applications for allowances of compensation for services rendered and 23 reimbursement of expenses incurred through the Effective Date by no later than the forty-fifth 24 (45th) day after the Effective Date or such other date as may be fixed by the Court; and (b) if 25 granted such an award by the Court, be paid from the Administrative Claims Reserve in full 26 satisfaction, discharge, exchange, and release of such Claim, Cash in such amounts as are 27 allowed by the Court on the date such Professional Fee Claim becomes an Allowed Claim, or as 28 soon thereafter as is practicable. All objections to the allowance of Professional Fee Claims

22

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 120 of 161

1 through the Effective Date must be filed and served by no later than the sixty-fifth (65th) day 2 after the Effective Date, or such other date as may be fixed by Order of the Court. 3 Section 3.12 Priority Tax Claims. Except to the extent that a Holder of an Allowed 4 Priority Tax Claim agrees to less favorable treatment, each Holder of an Allowed Priority Tax 5 Claim shall receive in full satisfaction, discharge, exchange, and release thereof, Cash from the 6 Priority/Convenience Claims Reserve in an aggregate amount equal to such Allowed Priority 7 Tax Claim on the later of: (i) the Effective Date; and (ii) the fifteenth (15th) Business Day after 8 such Priority Tax Claim becomes an Allowed Priority Tax Claim, or, in either case, as soon 9 thereafter as is practicable. 10 C. **Treatment of Classified Claims.** 11 1. **PMR** 12 Section 3.13 PMR Class 1 (CB&T Office Building Secured Claim). 13 **Impairment and Voting.** PMR Class 1 Claims are unimpaired by the a. 14 Plan. Each Holder of a PMR Class 1 Claim is deemed to accept the Plan with respect to such 15 Claim. 16 b. Except to the extent that the Holder of an Allowed Claim in Treatment. 17 PMR Class 1 agrees to less favorable treatment, the Allowed PMR Class 1 Claim shall be 18 satisfied, discharged, exchanged, and released by the performance of the Debtors' duties under 19 the Stipulation for Adequate Protection (Real Property), which was approved by the Court by an 20 order entered January 18, 2012, including the Debtors' obligation to pay proceeds of the sale of 21 the Office Building, net only of reasonable closing costs, broker's commissions negotiated on an 22 arm's length basis and payable to independent third parties, and secured real property taxes 23 prorated through the closing date, up to the total aggregate sum of the Allowed PMR CB&T 24 Office Building Secured Claim. To the extent that the Effective Date occurs before a sale of the 25 Office Building has closed, the Liquidation Trustee shall assume all duties of the Debtors. 26 Section 3.14 PMR Class 2 (PMR Secured Tax Claims). 27 Impairment and Voting. PMR Class 2 is impaired under the Plan. a. 28 Each Holder of a PMR Class 2 Claim is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan with respect

23

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 121 of 161

to such Claim.

1

2 b. Treatment. Each Holder of an Allowed PMR Class 2 Claim shall 3 (i) retain its Lien securing such Claim, (ii) continue to accrue interest at the applicable statutory 4 rate as required by Bankruptcy Code § 511, and (iii) be paid regular quarterly installments of 5 interest only each quarter after the Effective Date for up to five (5) years after the Petition Date, with 100% of the unpaid principal of such Allowed Claim to be paid in full in Cash on the fifth 6 7 anniversary of the Petition Date; provided, however, if the Collateral is sold free and clear of 8 liens each Allowed PMR Class 2 Claim shall be paid in full in Cash from the net sales proceeds 9 of the Collateral securing that Allowed PMR Class 2 Claim, upon the closing of any sale of such 10 Collateral and if the Collateral is sold subject to the existing Lien securing Class 2 the extension 11 provided for herein shall be eliminated and the Holder shall have the right to enforce its Lien by 12 all means permitted under state law.

13

Section 3.15 PMR Class 3 (PMR Other Secured Claims).

a. Impairment and Voting. The Debtors do not believe that there are any
PMR Class 3 Claims. PMR Class 3 Claims are impaired by the Plan. Each Holder of a PMR
Class 3 Claim is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan with respect to such Claim.

17 b. **Treatment.** Except to the extent that the Holder of an Allowed Claim in 18 PMR Class 3 agrees to less favorable treatment, each Allowed PMR Class 3 Claim shall be 19 satisfied, discharged, exchanged, and released by, at the option of the Liquidation Trustee: (i) 20 payment to the Holder of the amount of the Allowed PMR Class 3 Claim in Cash in full from the 21 Secured Claims Reserve of the Liquidation Trust; (ii) payment to the Holder of the sale or 22 disposition proceeds of the Collateral securing such Allowed Claim to the extent of the value of 23 the Collateral securing such Allowed Claim; (iii) surrender to the Holder of the Collateral 24 securing such Allowed Claim; or (iv) such treatment that leaves unaltered the legal, equitable, 25 and contractual rights to which the Holder is entitled with respect to such Allowed Claim. In 26 the event that an Allowed Claim in PMR Class 3 is treated under clause (i) or (ii) above, the 27 Liens securing such Allowed Claim shall be deemed released and extinguished without further 28 Order of the Court. The Liquidation Trustee shall notify the Holder of an Allowed PMR Class

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 122 of 161

3 Claim of the election made by the Liquidation Trustee under this section by the later of: (x) the
 Effective Date; and (y) the fifteenth (15th) Business Day after such Claim becomes an Allowed
 PMR Class 3 Claim, or, in either case, as soon thereafter as is practicable, and the Liquidation
 Trustee shall perform such election within thirty (30) days thereafter.

5

Section 3.16 PMR Class 4 (PMR Priority Non-Tax Claims).

a. Impairment and Voting. PMR Class 4 Claims are impaired by the Plan.
Each Holder of a PMR Class 4 Claim is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan with respect
to such Claim.

9 b. Treatment. Except to the extent that a Holder of an Allowed Claim in 10 PMR Class 4 agrees to less favorable treatment, each Holder of an Allowed PMR Class 4 Claim 11 shall receive in full satisfaction, discharge, exchange, and release of such Claim, Cash from the 12 Priority/Convenience Claims Reserve of the Liquidation Trust in an aggregate amount equal to 13 such Allowed PMR Class 4 Claim on the later of: (i) the Effective Date; and (ii) the fifteenth 14 (15th) Business Day after such PMR Class 4 Claim becomes an Allowed Claim, or, in either case, 15 as soon thereafter as is practicable.

16

Section 3.17 PMR Class 5 (PMR Convenience Claims).

a. Impairment and Voting. PMR Class 5 Claims are impaired by the Plan.
Each Holder of an Allowed Claim in PMR Class 5 is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan
with respect to such Claim.

20 b. Treatment. Each Holder of an Allowed Claim in PMR Class 5 shall 21 receive in full satisfaction, discharge, exchange, and release of such Claim, Cash from the 22 Priority/Convenience Claims Reserve of the Liquidation Trust in an amount equal to 20% 23 multiplied by the lesser of (a) \$2,000 or (b) the amount of such Allowed PMR Class 5 Claim on 24 the later of: (i) the Effective Date; and (ii) the fifteenth (15th) Business Day after such Class 5 25 Claim becomes an Allowed Claim, or, in either case, as soon thereafter as is practicable. 26 Section 3.18 PMR Class 6 (PMR General Unsecured Claims). 27 a. **Impairment and Voting.** PMR Class 6 Claims are impaired by the Plan.

Each Holder of a PMR Class 6 Claim is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan with respect

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 123 of 161

to such Claim.

1

2 Each Holder of an Allowed PMR Class 6 Claim shall b. Treatment. 3 receive a Liquidation Trust Interest in the allowed amount of such Allowed PMR Class 6 Claim on the later of: (a) the Effective Date; and (b) the fifteenth (15th) Business Day after such PMR 4 5 Class 6 Claim becomes an Allowed PMR Class 6 Claim, or, in either case, as soon thereafter as 6 The Holder of a Liquidation Trust Interest shall receive from the Liquidation is practicable. 7 Trust, (a) Its share of the Initial Class 6 Distribution, as described below, and (b) a Pro Rata 8 Share of the Liquidation Trust Net Proceeds as provided in Article V.C., below, after the Initial 9 Class 6 Distribution. Each Holder of an Allowed PMR Class 6 Claim shall receive its Pro Rata 10 share of the Initial Class 6 Distribution, provided, that the distribution to RFA of its Pro Rata 11 share of the Initial PMR Class 6 Distribution shall be reduced by the amount of Cash (not to 12 exceed \$520,000) required to fund the Initial PMR Cash on Hand. For avoidance of doubt, 13 RFA shall receive an Initial Class 6 Distribution, subject only to any reduction required to fund 14 the Initial PMR Cash on Hand. The foregoing Liquidation Trust Interest and the Initial Class 6 15 Distribution shall be in full and complete satisfaction, discharge, exchange, and release of its 16 Allowed PMR Class 6 Claim. 17 Section 3.19 PMR Class 7 (PMR Subordinated Claims). 18 PMR Class 7 Claims are impaired by the Plan. **Impairment and Voting.** a. 19 Each Holder of an Allowed Claim in PMR Class 7 is deemed to reject the Plan with respect to 20 such Claim. 21 b. Holders of Allowed PMR Class 7 Claims shall receive Treatment. 22 nothing under the Plan. 23 Section 3.20 PMR Class 8 (PMR Interests). 24 **Impairment and Voting.** PMR Class 8 Interests are impaired by the a. 25 Each Holder of a PMR Class 8 Interest is deemed to reject the Plan with respect to such Plan. 26 Interest. 27 Holders of PMR Class 8 Interests shall receive no b. Treatment. 28 26 Exhibit A - Page 116 565943v1

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 124 of 161

1 Distributions under the Plan on account of such Interests. The Reorganized PMR Equity shall 2 be owned by the New Equity Holder in exchange for the \$5,000 cash payment to the Liquidation 3 Trust described in section 5.2(f), below. 4 2. **MGV** Cabo 5 Section 3.21 MGV Cabo Class 1 (MGV Cabo Secured Tax Claims). 6 **Impairment and Voting.** The Debtors do not believe that there are any a. 7 MGV Cabo Class 1 Claims. MGV Cabo Class 1 is not impaired under the Plan. Any Holder 8 of a MGV Cabo Class 1 Claim is deemed to accept the Plan. 9 10 b. **Treatment.** Except to the extent that the Holder of an Allowed Claim in 11 MGV Cabo Class 1 agrees to less favorable treatment, each Allowed MGV Cabo Class 1 Claim 12 shall be satisfied, discharged, exchanged, and released by a payment of Cash equal to such 13 Allowed MGV Cabo Class 1 Claim, including any interest, fees and costs permitted under 14 Bankruptcy Code §§ 506 & 1124, on the Effective Date. 15 Section 3.22 MGV Cabo Class 2 (MGV Cabo Other Secured Claims). 16 **Impairment and Voting.** The Debtors do not believe that there are any a. 17 MGV Cabo Class 2 Claims. To the extent that there are, MGV Class 2 Claims are impaired by 18 the Plan. Each Holder of a MGV Cabo Class 2 Claim is entitled to vote to accept or reject the 19 Plan with respect to such Claim. 20 b. **Treatment.** Except to the extent that the Holder of an Allowed Claim in 21 MGV Cabo Class 2 agrees to less favorable treatment, each Allowed MGV Cabo Class 2 Claim 22 shall be satisfied, discharged, exchanged, and released by, at the option of the Liquidation 23 Trustee: (i) payment to the Holder of the amount of the Allowed MGV Cabo Class 2 Claim in 24 Cash in full from the Secured Claims Reserve of the MGV Cabo Liquidation Trust; (ii) payment 25 to the Holder of the sale or disposition proceeds of the Collateral securing such Allowed Claim 26 to the extent of the value of the Collateral securing such Allowed Claim; (iii) surrender to the 27 Holder of the Collateral securing such Allowed Claim; or (iv) such treatment that leaves 28 unaltered the legal, equitable, and contractual rights to which the Holder is entitled with respect

27

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 125 of 161

1 In the event that an Allowed Claim in MGV Cabo Class 2 is treated to such Allowed Claim. 2 under clause (i) or (ii) above, the Liens securing such Allowed Claim shall be deemed released 3 and extinguished without further Order of the Court. The Liquidation Trustee shall notify the Holder of an Allowed MGV Cabo Class 2 Claim of the election made by the Liquidation Trustee 4 5 under this section by the later of: (x) the Effective Date; and (y) the fifteenth (15th) Business Day after such Claim becomes an Allowed MGV Cabo Class 2 Claim, or, in either case, as soon 6 7 thereafter as is practicable, and the Liquidation Trustee shall perform such election within 8 thirty (30) days thereafter.

9

Section 3.23 MGV Class 3 (MGV Cabo Priority Non-Tax Claims).

a. Impairment and Voting. MGV Cabo Class 3 Claims are impaired by
the Plan. Each Holder of a MGV Cabo Class 3 Claim is entitled to vote to accept or reject the
Plan with respect to such Claim.

b. Treatment. Except to the extent that a Holder of an Allowed Claim in
MGV Cabo Class 3 agrees to less favorable treatment, each Holder of an Allowed MGV Cabo
Class 3 Claim shall receive in full satisfaction, discharge, exchange, and release of such Claim,
Cash from the Priority/Convenience Claims Reserve in an aggregate amount equal to such
Allowed MGV Cabo Class 3 Claim on the later of: (i) the Effective Date; and (ii) the fifteenth
(15th) Business Day after such MGV Cabo Class 3 Claim becomes an Allowed Claim, or, in
either case, as soon thereafter as is practicable.

20

Section 3.24 MGV Cabo Class 4 (MGV Cabo General Unsecured Claims).

a. Impairment and Voting. MGV Cabo Class 4 Claims are impaired by
the Plan. Each Holder of a MGV Cabo Class 4 Claim is entitled to vote to accept or reject the
Plan with respect to such Claim.

b. Treatment. Except to the extent that a Holder of an Allowed Claim in
MGV Cabo Class 4 agrees to less favorable treatment, each Holder of an Allowed MGV Cabo
Class 4 Claim shall receive in full satisfaction, discharge, exchange, and release of such Claim,
Cash from the Liquidation Trust in an aggregate amount equal to such Allowed MGV Cabo
Class 4 Claim on the later of: (i) the Effective Date; and (ii) the fifteenth (15th) Business Day

1 after such MGV Cabo Class 4 Claim becomes an Allowed Claim, or, in either case, as soon 2 thereafter as is practicable. 3 Section 3.25 MGV Cabo Class 5 (MGV Cabo Interests). Impairment and Voting. MGV Cabo Class 5 Interests are impaired by 4 a. 5 the Plan. Each Holder of a MGV Cabo Class 5 Interest is deemed to reject the Plan with respect to such Interest. 6 7 b. Treatment. MGV Cabo Class 5 Interests shall be canceled and MGV 8 Cabo shall be merged into DCA with DCA of being the surviving Mexican entity. 9 3. DCA 10 Section 3.26 DCA Class 1 (DCA Secured Tax Claims). 11 Impairment and Voting. The Debtors do not believe that there are any a. 12 DCA Class 1 Claims. DCA Class 1 is not impaired under the Plan. Any Holder of a DCA 13 Class 1 Claim is deemed to accept the Plan. 14 b. **Treatment.** Except to the extent that the Holder of an Allowed Claim in 15 DCA Class 1 agrees to less favorable treatment, each Allowed DCA Class 1 Claim shall be 16 satisfied, discharged, exchanged, and released by a payment of DCA Cash equal to such Allowed 17 DCA Class 1 Claim, including any interest, fees and costs permitted under Bankruptcy Code 18 §§ 506 & 1124, on the Effective Date. 19 Section 3.27 DCA Class 2 (DCA Other Secured Claims). 20 **Impairment and Voting.** The Debtors do not believe that there are any a. 21 DCA Class 2 Claims. To the extent that there are, DCA Class 2 Claims are impaired by the 22 Plan. Each Holder of a DCA Class 2 Claim is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan with 23 respect to such Claim. 24 b. **Treatment.** Except to the extent that the Holder of an Allowed Claim in 25 DCA Class 2 agrees to less favorable treatment, each Allowed DCA Class 2 Claim shall be 26 satisfied, discharged, exchanged, and released by: (i) payment to the Holder of the amount of the 27 Allowed DCA Class 2 Claim in Cash in full from the DCA Cash; (ii) payment to the Holder of 28 the sale or disposition proceeds of the Collateral securing such Allowed Claim to the extent of

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 127 of 161

1 the value of the Collateral securing such Allowed Claim; (iii) surrender to the Holder of the 2 Collateral securing such Allowed Claim; or (iv) such treatment that leaves unaltered the legal, 3 equitable, and contractual rights to which the Holder is entitled with respect to such Allowed In the event that an Allowed Claim in DCA Class 2 is treated under clause (i) or (ii) 4 Claim. 5 above, the Liens securing such Allowed Claim shall be deemed released and extinguished without further Order of the Court. The Liquidation Trustee shall notify the Holder of an 6 7 Allowed DCA Class 2 Claim of the election made by the Liquidation Trustee under this section 8 by the later of: (x) the Effective Date; and (y) the fifteenth (15th) Business Day after such Claim 9 becomes an Allowed DCA Class 2 Claim, or, in either case, as soon thereafter as is practicable, 10 and the Liquidation Trustee shall perform such election within thirty (30) days thereafter.

11

Section 3.28 DCA Class 3 (DCA Priority Non-Tax Claims).

a. Impairment and Voting. The Debtors do not believe there are any
 DCA Class 3 Allowed Claims. DCA Class 3 Claims are impaired by the Plan. Each Holder
 of a DCA Class 3 Claim is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan with respect to such Claim.

b. Treatment. Except to the extent that a Holder of an Allowed Claim in
DCA Class 3 agrees to less favorable treatment, each Holder of an Allowed DCA Class 3 Claim
shall receive in full satisfaction, discharge, exchange, and release of such Claim, DCA Cash in
an aggregate amount equal to such Allowed DCA Class 3 Claim on the later of: (i) the Effective
Date; and (ii) the fifteenth (15th) Business Day after such DCA Class 3 Claim becomes an
Allowed Claim, or, in either case, as soon thereafter as is practicable.

21

Section 3.29 DCA Class 4 (DCA General Unsecured Claims).

a. Impairment and Voting. DCA Class 4 Claims are impaired by the Plan.
Each Holder of a DCA Class 4 Claim is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan with respect
to such Claim.

b. Treatment. Except to the extent that a Holder of an Allowed Claim in
DCA Class 4 agrees to less favorable treatment, each Holder of an Allowed DCA Class 4 Claim
except RFA shall receive, in full satisfaction, discharge, exchange, and release of such Claim,
DCA Cash in an aggregate amount equal to such Allowed DCA Class 4 Claim on the later of:

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 128 of 161

1 (i) the Effective Date; and (ii) the fifteenth (15th) Business Day after such DCA Class 4 Claim 2 becomes an Allowed Claim, or, in either case, as soon thereafter as is practicable. RFA has 3 agreed to subordinate its Allowed DCA Class 4 Claim to all other Allowed DCA Class 4 Claims and to the funding of the Initial PMR Cash on Hand, and shall not receive any distribution on 4 5 account of its DCA Class 4 Claim unless and until all other Allowed DCA Class 4 Claims have been paid in full and the Initial PMR Cash on Hand is fully funded. RFA shall receive any 6 7 remaining DCA Cash after all Allowed DCA Class 4 Claims are paid in full and after the Initial 8 PMR Cash on Hand has been fully funded.

9

Section 3.30 DCA Class 5 (DCA Interests).

a. Impairment and Voting. DCA Class 5 Interests are impaired by the
Plan. Each Holder of a DCA Class 5 Interest is deemed to reject the Plan with respect to such
Interest.

b. Treatment. DCA Class 5 Interests shall be owned by Reorganized PMR
and DCAONE (a wholly owned subsidiary of Reorganized PMR) as of the Effective Date, but
the Reorganized PMR Equity shall be owned by the New Equity Holder and, therefore, the
existing equity Interest Holders in PMR shall receive no Distribution under the Plan on account
of such Interests. The equity Interest in the Reorganized DCA will be owned by Reorganized
PMR on and after the Effective Date.

19

20

Operadora

4.

Section 3.31 Operadora Class 1 (Operadora Secured Tax Claims).

a. Impairment and Voting. The Debtors do not believe that there are any
 Operadora Class 1 Claims. Operadora Class 1 is not impaired under the Plan. Any Holder of
 an Operadora Class 1 Claim is deemed to accept the Plan.

b. Treatment. Except to the extent that the Holder of an Allowed Claim in
Operadora Class 1 agrees to less favorable treatment, each Allowed Operadora Class 1 Claim
shall be satisfied, discharged, exchanged, and released by a payment of Cash equal to such
Allowed Operadora Class 1 Claim, including any interest, fees and costs permitted under
Bankruptcy Code §§ 506 & 1124, on the Effective Date.

1	Section 3.32 Operadora Class 2 (Operadora Other Secured Claims).
2	a. Impairment and Voting. The Debtors do not believe that there are any
3	Operadora Class 2 Claims. Operadora Class 2 Claims are impaired by the Plan. Each Holder
4	of a Operadora Class 2 Claim entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan with respect to such
5	Claim.
6	b. Treatment. Except to the extent that the Holder of an Allowed Claim in
7	Operadora Class 2 agrees to less favorable treatment, each Allowed Operadora Class 2 Claim
8	shall be satisfied, discharged, exchanged, and released by a payment of Cash equal to such
9	Allowed Operadora Class 2 Claim, including any interest, fees and costs permitted under
10	Bankruptcy Code §§ 506 & 1124, on the Effective Date.
11	Section 3.33 Operadora Class 3 (Operadora Priority Non-Tax Claims).
12	a. Impairment and Voting. Operadora Class 3 Claims are impaired by the
13	Plan. Each Holder of an Operadora Class 3 Claim is entitled to accept or reject the Plan with
14	respect to such Claim.
15	b. Treatment. Except to the extent that a Holder of an Allowed Claim in
16	Operadora Class 3 agrees to less favorable treatment, each Holder of an Allowed Operadora
17	Class 3 Claim shall receive, in full satisfaction, discharge, exchange, and release of such Claim, a
18	payment of Cash on the Effective Date equal to the Allowed amount of such Allowed Operadora
19	Class 3 Claim.
20	Section 3.34 Operadora Class 4 (Operadora General Unsecured Claims).
21	a. Impairment and Voting. Operadora Class 4 Claims are impaired by the
22	Plan. Each Holder of a Operadora Class 4 Claim entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan
23	with respect to such Claim.
24	b. Treatment. Except to the extent that a Holder of an Allowed Claim in
25	Operadora Class 4 agrees to less favorable treatment, each Holder of an Allowed Operadora
26	Class 4 Claim shall receive, in full satisfaction, discharge, exchange, and release of such Claim, a
27	payment of Cash on the Effective Date equal to the Allowed amount of such Allowed Operadora
28	Class 4 Claim.
	22

Case	8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 130 of 161
1	Section 3.35 Operadora Class 5 (Operadora Interests).
2	a. Impairment and Voting. Operadora Class 5 Interests are impaired by
3	the Plan. DCA is the sole Holder of an Operadora Class 5 Interest has accepted the Plan with
4	respect to such Interest.
5	b. Treatment. All Class 5 Interests in Operadora shall be canceled and
6	Operadora shall be merged into DCA with DCA of being the surviving Mexican entity.
7	IV.
8	EXECUTORY CONTRACTS AND UNEXPIRED LEASES
9	Section 4.1 Rejection. Effective upon the Effective Date, the Debtors hereby reject
10	the executory contracts and unexpired leases listed on Exhibit "2" hereto and all Executory
11	Contracts and unexpired leases previously rejected by order of the Bankruptcy Court.
12	Section 4.2 Assumption. Effective upon the Effective Date, the Debtors hereby
13	assume all executory contracts and unexpired leases that exist, between the Debtors and any
14	other Person, which have not previously been assumed, assumed and assigned, or rejected,
15	except the Debtors do not assume those executory contracts and unexpired leases which are
16	listed in Exhibit "2" hereto and rejected on the Effective Date.
17	Section 4.3 Rejection Claims. All Allowed Claims arising from the rejection of
18	executory contracts or unexpired leases, whether under the Plan or by separate proceeding, shall
19	be treated as General Unsecured Claims against the Debtor that is a party to that particular
20	executory contract or unexpired lease. If the rejection of an executory contract or unexpired
21	lease by the Plan results in damages to the counterparty to such contract or lease, then a Claim
22	for damages or any other amounts related in any way to such contract or lease shall be forever
23	barred and shall not be enforceable against the Debtors, the Estates, or their property, unless a
24	proof of claim is filed with the Court and served on the Liquidation Trustee within thirty (30)
25	days after the Effective Date. The rejection claim bar date for leases and executory contracts
26	rejected before the Effective Date, outside of the Plan, shall be, as applicable: (a) the date(s) set
27	forth in the applicable Order(s) approving or authorizing rejection of such lease or contract; or
28	(b) the Claims Bar Date.

Case	8:11-bk-2472	0-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 131 of 161		
1		V.		
2		PLAN IMPLEMENTATION		
3	A. Imple	ementation Provisions.		
4	Sectio	on 5.1 Conditions to Plan Effectiveness. The Plan will not be consummated or		
5	become bindi	ng unless and until the Effective Date occurs. The Effective Date will be the first		
6	Business Day	, as determined by the Debtors in their discretion, on which the following		
7	conditions ha	ve been satisfied or waived:		
8	(a)	the Confirmation Order, in form and substance acceptable to the Debtors, has		
9		been entered and is not stayed;		
10	(b)	at least fourteen (14) days have passed since the Confirmation Date;		
11	(c)	the Liquidation Trust Agreement has been executed by all parties thereto; and		
12	(d)	the Debtors shall have received all authorizations, consents, rulings, opinions, or		
13		other documents that are determined by the Debtors to be necessary to implement		
14	the Plan.			
15	The D	bebtors' rights under the "mootness doctrine" shall be unaffected by any provision		
16	hereof. The	failure to satisfy any condition may be asserted by the Debtors regardless of the		
17	circumstances	s giving rise to the failure of such condition to be satisfied including any act, action,		
18	failure to act,	or inaction by the Debtors. If the Debtors fail to assert the non-satisfaction of any		
19	such conditio	n, such failure shall not be deemed a waiver of any other rights.		
20	Sectio	5.2 Actions on the Effective Date. To the extent not previously completed,		
21	on the Effecti	ve Date, the following shall occur in implementation of the Plan:		
22	(a)	PMR, VIR, and VMG, and their Estates, shall be substantively consolidated into		
23		the single Estate of PMR for all purposes, including voting on the Plan,		
24		classification of Claims and Interests, and Distributions;		
25	(b)	the Liquidation Trustee and the Clerk of the Court shall take all steps necessary to		
26		close the Cases of VIR and VMG;		
27	(c)	all actions, documents, and agreements necessary to implement the Plan shall be		
28		effected or executed;		
	565943v1	34 Exhibit A - Page 124		

Case	8:11-bk-2472	0-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 132 of 161				
1	(d)	the Liquidation Trust Agreement shall become effective;				
2	(e) the Committee shall terminate and disband and the members of the Committee					
3		shall be released and discharged of and from all further authority, duties,				
4		responsibilities, and obligations related to and arising from their service as				
5		Committee members; and				
6	(f)	the New Equity Holder shall pay \$5,000 to the Liquidation Trustee in exchange				
7		for which on the Transition Completion Date, the Reorganized PMR Equity shall				
8		be issued to the New Equity Holder.				
9	Sectio	on 5.3 Corporate Action. Upon the Effective Date, all transactions and				
10	applicable ma	atters provided for under the Plan shall be deemed to be authorized and approved by				
11	the Debtors w	vithout any requirement of further action by the Debtors, their shareholders, their				
12	members, or	their directors.				
13	Section 5.4 Vesting and Transfer of Assets. On the Effective Date, the Assets of					
14	the Estates will be vested or transferred as follows:					
15	(a)	all equity Interests in PMR 2007-A and PMRIC shall be deemed transferred to the				
16		Liquidation Trust free and clear of liens, claims, and encumbrances;				
17	(b)	except as otherwise provided under the Plan, all Assets and Causes of Action of				
18		the Debtors, other than the PMR Retained Assets and DCA Retained Assets, shall				
19		be transferred to the Liquidation Trust free and clear of liens, claims, and				
20		encumbrances;				
21	(c)	DCA shall retain ownership of the DCA Retained Assets and PMR shall retain				
22		ownership of the PMR Retained Assets, including without limitation the equity				
23		Interests in Reorganized DCA;				
24	(d)	DCA and Operadora will use the DCA Cash to pay all Allowed Claims against				
25		Reorganized DCA, other than the Claim of RFA, including all Allowed Claims				
26		assumed by Reorganized DCA as the result of the mergers described in 5.4(g),				
27		below, in full in Cash;				
28	(e)	After making the distributions pursuant to 5.4(d), DCA shall transfer to PMR for				
	565943v1	35 Exhibit A - Page 125				

Case			Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44	Desc
	Main D	ocument Page	133 of 161	
1	the sole purpo	se of funding the Init	ial PMR Cash on Hand any remain	aining DCA

Cash, except \$5,000, which shall be a DCA Retained Asset;

3 (f) In the event that any excess DCA Cash remains after the Initial PMR Cash on 4 Hand is funded in full, any such excess DCA Cash shall be distributed to RFA on 5 account of RFA's DCA Class 4 Claim; and Operadora, PMR Cabo, CCA and MGV Cabo shall be merged into Reorganized 6 (g) 7 DCA on the Effective Date, with Reorganized DCA being the surviving entity. 8 To the extent required to implement the transfers of the Assets from the Debtors and the 9 Estates to the Liquidation Trust as provided for herein, all Persons including Governmental 10 Authorities shall cooperate with the Debtors, the Estates, and the Liquidation Trustee to assist in 11 the implementation of such transfers. On the Effective Date, and as provided in the Plan and 12 sections 1123, 1141, and 1146(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, the Debtors and their Estates are 13 authorized as provided in the Plan to transfer, grant, assign, convey, set over, and deliver to the 14 Liquidation Trustee, for the benefit of the Liquidation Trust, all of the Debtors' and the Estates' 15 right, title, and interest in and to the Assets to be transferred free and clear of all liens, Claims, 16 encumbrances, or interests of any kind in such property, except as otherwise expressly provided 17 for in the Plan. As of the Effective Date, the Trust Assets shall be free and clear of all liens, 18 Claims, and interests of Holders of Claims and Interests, except as otherwise provided in the

modify or override any provisions in or actions taken pursuant to any of the Orders entered by
the Bankruptcy Court authorizing the Debtors to use cash collateral or to sell assets to RFA or to
enter into the DPM Transaction.

Notwithstanding anything else contained in the Plan, nothing in the Plan will alter,

Section 5.5 Transition Services. On and after the Effective Date, Reorganized PMR
will retain the PMR Retained Assets and will continue to perform its obligations under the
Transition Services Agreement. Prior to the Transition Completion Date Reorganized PMR
and Reorganized DCA shall not engage in any new transactions. When Reorganized PMR has
completed the Transition Services it shall provide written notice to the Liquidation Trustee that
such Transition Services have been completed. Such notice shall be delivered not later than

2

19

Plan.

36

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 134 of 161

June 30, 2013. On the Transition Completion Date the Reorganized PMR Equity shall be
 promptly issued to or transferred to the New Equity Holder. From and after the Transition
 Completion Date Reorganized PMR and Reorganized DCA shall have the right to engage in
 future development and acquisition as they deem appropriate.

5 Section 5.6 Management of Reorganized PMR And Reorganized DCA. On and after the Effective Date and prior to the Transition Completion Date, Mackinac Partners, LLC 6 7 shall manage Reorganized PMR and Reorganized DCA. Promptly after the Transition 8 Completion Date, the New Equity Holder shall have the right to replace management of 9 Reorganized PMR and Reorganized DCA. The New Equity Holder has informed the Debtors 10 that the New Equity Holder intends to cause the Reorganized Debtors to enter into a 11 management agreement with the New Equity Holder's affiliate, under which contract the 12 Reorganized Debtors may make an advance payment, not to exceed \$520,000, to the affiliate in 13 exchange for an irrevocable commitment to provide management services for not less than 5 14 This payment will be funded from the Initial PMR Cash on Hand. vears.

15 Section 5.7 Provisions Relating to Federal Income Tax Compliance. Transfers to 16 the Liquidation Trust shall be treated for all purposes of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as 17 amended, as transfers to Creditors to the extent Creditors are Beneficiaries. For example, such 18 treatment shall apply for purposes of Internal Revenue Code sections 61(a)(12), 483, 1001, 1012, 19 and 1274. Any such transfer shall be treated for federal income tax purposes as a deemed 20 transfer to the Beneficiary-Creditors followed by a deemed transfer by the Beneficiary-Creditors 21 to the Liquidation Trust. The Beneficiaries shall be treated for federal income tax purposes as 22 the grantors and deemed owners of the Liquidation Trust.

23

B. Liquidation Trust.

Section 5.8 Authorization of Liquidation Trustee. On the Effective Date, the
Debtors, on behalf of the Estates, and the Liquidation Trustee shall be authorized to, and shall,
take all such actions as required to transfer the Assets from the Debtors and the Estates to the
Liquidation Trust to the extent provided in the Plan. From and after the Effective Date, the
Liquidation Trustee shall be authorized to, and shall take all such actions as required to

37

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 135 of 161

implement the Liquidation Trust Agreement and the provisions of the Plan, including
administering the Causes of Action. The Confirmation Order shall provide the Liquidation
Trustee with express authority to convey, transfer, and assign any and all of the Trust Assets and
to take all actions necessary to effectuate same and to employ such professionals as the
Liquidation Trustee deems appropriate, including without limitation professionals previously
employed by the Debtors and/or the Committee. Mackinac Partners, LLC shall assist the
Liquidation Trustee in the transition and in the analysis of and objections to Claims.

8 Section 5.9 **Representative of the Consolidated Estates.** The Liquidation Trustee 9 shall be, and hereby is, appointed as the representative of the respective Estates pursuant to 10 sections 1123(a)(5), (a)(7), and (b)(3)(B) of the Bankruptcy Code and as such shall be vested 11 with the authority and power (subject to the Liquidation Trust Agreement) to: (a) administer, 12 hold, and liquidate the Trust Assets of each Liquidation Trust; (b) administer, investigate, 13 prosecute, settle, and abandon all Causes of Action in the name of, and for the benefit of, the 14 Estates, subject to the limitations set forth in the Plan; and (c) make Distributions provided for in the Plan, including on account of Allowed Claims, and Liquidation Trust Interests. As the 15 16 representative of the Estates, the Liquidation Trustee shall succeed to all of the rights and powers 17 of the Debtors and the Estates with respect to all Causes of Action, and the Liquidation Trustee 18 shall be substituted and shall replace the Debtors, the Estates, and the Committee, as applicable, 19 as the party in interest in all litigation pending as of the Effective Date. As of the Effective 20 Date, subject to the Liquidation Trust Agreement, the Liquidation Trustee, on behalf of the 21 Liquidation Trust, shall be authorized to exercise and perform the rights, powers, and duties held 22 by the Debtors' Estates with respect to the Causes of Action, including, without limitation, the 23 authority under Bankruptcy Code section 1123(b)(3) to provide for the settlement, adjustment, 24 retention, and enforcement of claims and interests of the Estates, without the consent or approval 25 of any third party, and without any further order of the Court, except as otherwise provided in the 26 Plan or Confirmation Order. SUBJECT TO THE LIQUIDATION TRUST AGREEMENT, THE LIQUIDATION TRUSTEE WILL MAKE THE DECISION OF WHETHER OR 27 28 NOT TO PURSUE ANY CAUSES OF ACTION. THIS DECISION WILL BE BASED

38

1 UPON REVIEW OF THE MERITS OF THE VARIOUS CLAIMS AS WELL AS THE 2 COSTS REQUIRED TO PROSECUTE SUCH CLAIMS IN LIGHT OF THE 3 **RESOURCES AVAILABLE. SUBJECT TO THE LIQUIDATION TRUST** AGREEMENT, THE LIQUIDATION TRUSTEE MAY SEEK TO RETAIN COUNSEL 4 5 ON A CONTINGENCY BASIS TO PROSECUTE SOME OR ALL OF SUCH CLAIMS, MAY SEEK TO FINANCE ANY COSTS RELATING TO THE PROSECUTION OF 6 7 SUCH LITIGATION, OR MAY DECIDE NOT TO PURSUE SUCH CLAIMS AT ALL. 8 Section 5.10 Funding of Post Effective Date Trust Expenses. All Post Effective 9 Date Trust Expenses shall be expenses of the Liquidation Trust, and the Liquidation Trustee 10 shall disburse funds from the Liquidation Trust for the purpose of paying such expenses. 11 Section 5.11 Termination of Liquidation Trust. The Liquidation Trust will

terminate as soon as practicable, but in no event later than the fifth (5th) anniversary of the
Effective Date plus one (1) month; provided, however, that, the Court, upon motion by the
Liquidation Trustee, may extend the term of the Liquidation Trust one or more times for a finite
period if such extension(s) are warranted by the facts and based upon a finding that such
extension(s) are necessary to prosecute the Causes of Actions or to liquidate and distribute all of
the Trust Assets.

18 C. Distributions Generally.

19 Section 5.12 Cash Distributions. The sources of all Distributions and payments
20 under the Plan are and will be Cash. Cash Distributions made pursuant to the Plan shall be in
21 United States funds, by check drawn on a domestic bank, or, by wire transfer from a domestic
22 bank.

Section 5.13 Setoff and Recoupment. NOTWITHSTANDING ANYTHING TO
THE CONTRARY IN THE PLAN, THE LIQUIDATION TRUSTEE MAY SET OFF,
RECOUP, OR WITHHOLD AGAINST THE DISTRIBUTIONS TO BE MADE ON
ACCOUNT OF ANY ALLOWED CLAIM, OR LIQUIDATION TRUST INTEREST,
ANY CLAIMS THAT THE DEBTORS, THE ESTATES, OR THE LIQUIDATION
TRUSTEE MAY HAVE AGAINST THE HOLDER OF THE ALLOWED CLAIM, OR

LIQUIDATION TRUST INTEREST. THE DEBTORS, THE ESTATES, THE
 LIQUIDATION TRUST, AND THE LIQUIDATION TRUSTEE WILL NOT WAIVE OR
 RELEASE ANY CLAIM AGAINST THOSE HOLDERS BY FAILING TO EFFECT
 SUCH A SETOFF OR RECOUPMENT, BY ALLOWING ANY CLAIM AGAINST THE
 DEBTORS OR THE ESTATES, OR BY MAKING A DISTRIBUTION ON ACCOUNT
 OF AN ALLOWED CLAIM, OR LIQUIDATION TRUST INTEREST.

Section 5.14 No De Minimis Distributions. Notwithstanding anything to the
contrary in the Plan, no Distribution of less than \$50.00 will be made to any Holder of an
Allowed Claim, Liquidation Trust Interest, or Subordinated Liquidation Trust Interest on account
thereof. No consideration will be provided in lieu of the de minimis Distributions that are not
made under this section.

Section 5.15 Fractional Cents. When any payment of a fraction of a cent would
otherwise be called for, the actual payment shall reflect a rounding of such fraction to the nearest
whole cent (rounding down in the case of less than \$0.005 and rounding up in the case of \$0.005
or more); provided, however, that, in no event, shall a Distribution of less than \$50.00 be made
to any Holder of an Allowed Claim, Liquidation Trust Interest.

17 Section 5.16 No Distributions With Respect to Disputed Claims and Interests. 18 Notwithstanding any other Plan provision: (a) Distributions to Holders of Claims will be made, 19 and Liquidation Trust Interests will be issued, only after, and only to the extent that, such 20 Holders hold Allowed Claims; and (b) unless otherwise agreed by the Liquidation Trustee, if any 21 portion of a Claim is a Disputed Claim, the entire Claim shall be treated as a Disputed Claim and 22 no Distribution or issuance of Liquidation Trust Interests or Subordinated Liquidation Trust 23 Interests to the Holder of such Claim shall be made on account of such Claim unless and until no 24 portion of the Claim is a Disputed Claim.

25

Section 5.17 Undeliverable or Unclaimed Distributions.

26 27 (a) Distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims (except Administrative Claims), and Liquidation Trust Interests will be made by mail as follows:

28

(i) Distributions will be sent to the address, if any, set forth on a filed proof of

Case	8:11-bk-24720-SC	Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 138 of 161
1		claim as amended by any written notice of address change that is received
2		by the Liquidation Trustee no later than ten (10) Business Days before the
3		date of any Distribution; or
4	(ii)	If no such address is available, Distributions will be sent to the address set
5		forth on the Bankruptcy Schedules.
6	(b) Distr	ributions to Holders of Allowed Administrative Claims shall be made by mail
7	to th	e address set forth in such Holder's request for payment, fee application, or
8	trans	actional documents, as applicable.
9	(c) If no	address is available on a proof of claim, the Bankruptcy Schedules, request
10	for p	ayment, fee application, or transactional documents, as applicable, the
11	Dist	ribution will be deemed to be undeliverable. If a Distribution is returned to
12	the I	Liquidation Trustee as an undeliverable Distribution or is deemed to be an
13	unde	liverable Distribution, the Liquidation Trustee will make no further
14	Dist	ributions to the Holder to which such undeliverable Distribution was made
15	unles	ss and until the Liquidation Trustee is timely notified in writing of that
16	Perso	on's current address. Subject to the following paragraph 5.18(d), until they
17	beco	me deliverable, the Liquidation Trustee shall deposit undeliverable
18	Distr	ributions (whether returned or not made) into the Undeliverable Distributions
19	Rese	erve of the Liquidation Trust for the benefit of the Persons entitled to such
20	Distr	ributions. Holders of Claims, or Liquidation Trust Interests subject to
21	unde	liverable Distributions will not be entitled to any interest on account of the
22	unde	liverable Distributions.
23	(d) Any	Person or entity that is otherwise entitled to an undeliverable Distribution
24	and t	that does not, within one (1) year after a Distribution is deemed undeliverable
25	or re	turned as undeliverable, provide the Liquidation Trustee with a written notice
26	asser	rting its claim to or interest in that undeliverable Distribution and setting forth
27	a cui	rrent, deliverable address will be deemed to waive any claim to or interest in
28	that	undeliverable Distribution and will be forever barred from receiving that
		41

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 139 of 161

undeliverable Distribution or asserting any claim against the Debtors, the Estates,
 the Liquidation Trust, the Liquidation Trustee, or their property. Any
 undeliverable Distributions that are not claimed timely under this section will be
 withdrawn from the Undeliverable Distribution Reserve and treated as Trust
 Assets. Nothing in the Plan requires the Debtors or the Liquidation Trustee to
 attempt to locate any Person holding an Allowed Claim, a Liquidation Trust
 Interest and whose distribution is undeliverable.

8 Section 5.18 Negotiation of Checks. Checks issued in respect of Allowed Claims or 9 Liquidation Trust Interests shall be null and void if not negotiated within ninety (90) days after the date of issuance thereof. Requests for reissuance of any check shall be made to the 10 11 Liquidation Trustee by the Holder of the Allowed Claim, or Liquidation Trust Interest to whom 12 such check originally was issued must be made on or before ninety (90) days after the expiration 13 of the ninety (90) day period following the date of issuance of such check. Thereafter, the 14 amount represented by such voided check shall irrevocably revert to the Liquidation Trust and 15 any Claim in respect of such voided check shall be discharged and forever barred from assertion 16 against the Liquidation Trustee, the Debtors, the Estates, the Liquidation Trust, and their 17 property.

Section 5.19 Record Date. The record date for purposes of Distributions under this
Plan shall be the date the Court enters the Disclosure Statement Order. The Debtors and the
Liquidation Trustee will rely on the register of proofs of claim filed in the Cases except to the
extent a notice of transfer of a Claim or Interest has been filed with the Court prior to the record
date pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 3001.

Section 5.20 Postpetition Interest. Except as otherwise provided by Final Court
Order or in the Plan, Postpetition Interest will only be paid on account of Allowed General
Unsecured Claims through Liquidation Trust Interests and only to the extent that the Liquidation
Trust has Cash remaining after payment of all Allowed General Unsecured Claims in full, which
shall be distributed to Holders of Liquidation Trust Interests in such Liquidation Trust so that
each such Holder receives a Pro Rata Share of the surplus Cash; provided, however, that no

42

Holder of a Liquidation Trust Interest shall receive more than the amount of Postpetition Interest
 due on account of such Holder's Allowed General Unsecured Claim.

Section 5.21 Sequence of Payments.

3

20

4 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan, no payments shall be made by 5 the Liquidation Trust on account of Liquidation Trust Interests, other than the Initial Class 6 Distribution, until: (i) all Allowed Administrative Claims, Allowed 6 7 Priority Claims, Convenience Claims, Allowed Unsecured Claims against PMR 8 and Allowed Secured Claims that are liabilities of the Liquidation Trust have been 9 paid in full, and all then outstanding and projected Post Effective Date Trust 10 Expenses of the Liquidation Trust have been paid in full or are fully funded in the 11 Operating Reserve of the Liquidation Trust; (ii) if applicable, Cash to pay all 12 Disputed Administrative Claims has been deposited into the Administrative 13 Claims Reserve of the Liquidation Trust; (iii) if applicable, Cash to pay all 14 Disputed Secured Claims has been deposited into the Secured Claims Reserve of 15 the Liquidation Trust; and (iv) if applicable, Cash to pay all Disputed Priority Claims and Disputed Convenience Claims has been deposited into the 16 17 Priority/Convenience Claims Reserve of the Liquidation Trust. 18 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan, no payments of Postpetition 19 Interest shall be made by the Liquidation Trust until all Liquidation Trust Interests

21 **Section 5.22** Withholding and Reporting Requirements. In connection with the 22 Distributions under the Plan, the Liquidation Trustee shall comply with all applicable 23 withholding and reporting requirements imposed by any federal, state, or local taxing authority, 24 and all Distributions shall be subject to any such withholding or reporting requirements. All 25 such amounts withheld and paid to the appropriate Governmental Authority shall be treated as 26 distributed to such Holders. Notwithstanding the above, each Holder of an Allowed Claim, or 27 Liquidation Trust Interest, is to receive a Distribution shall have the sole and exclusive 28 responsibility for the satisfaction and payment of any Tax obligations imposed by any

have been paid in full, excluding Postpetition Interest.

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 141 of 161

1 Governmental Authority, including income, withholding, and other Tax obligations, on account 2 of such Distribution. The Liquidation Trustee has the right, but not the obligation, to not make 3 a Distribution until such Holder has made arrangements satisfactory to the Liquidation Trustee 4 for payment of any such Tax obligations. The Liquidation Trustee may require, as a condition 5 to receipt of a Distribution, that the Holder of an Allowed Claim, or Liquidation Trust Interest, Interest provide a completed Form W-8, W-9, and/or other Tax information deemed necessary in 6 7 the sole discretion of the Liquidation Trustee, provided that if the Liquidation Trustee makes 8 such a request and the Holder fails to comply before the date that is one-hundred eighty (180) 9 days after the request is made, the amount of such Distribution shall irrevocably revert to the 10 Liquidation Trust and any Claim in respect of such Distribution shall be discharged and forever 11 barred from assertion against the Liquidation Trustee, the Debtors, the Estates, the Liquidation 12 Trust, and their respective property.

Section 5.23 Claims Register. The register of Claims maintained by the Debtors shall
be based on Allowed Claims as of the Record Date. Any transfer of a Claim, whether occurring
prior to or after the Record Date, shall not affect or alter the classification and treatment of such
Claim under the Plan and any such transferred Claim shall be subject to classification and
treatment under the Plan as if such Claim was held by the transferor who held such Claim on the
Record Date.

Section 5.24 Maximum Amount of Distributions. In no event shall a Holder of an
Allowed Claim be entitled to receive in the aggregate on account of such Allowed Claim from
the Liquidation Trust whether directly or on account of Liquidation Trust Interests more than the
total amount of such Allowed Claim plus, to the extent provided in the Plan, Postpetition Interest
on such amount.

24 D. Reserves.

Section 5.25 Administrative Claims Reserve. Distributions to Holders of Allowed
 Administrative Claims on account of such Claims shall be made from the Administrative Claims
 Reserve of the Liquidation Trust. On or as soon as practicable after the Effective Date, the
 Administrative Claims Reserve for the Liquidation Trust shall be established and funded with

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 142 of 161

Cash from the Liquidation Trust to pay for all Administrative Claims, including any Disputed
Administrative Claims, against the Liquidation Trust. The Liquidation Trustee shall continue to
fund the Administrative Claims Reserve of the Liquidation Trust as needed from Trust Assets.
Subject to section 5.21, any Cash remaining in the Administrative Claims Reserve after all
Administrative Claims against the Liquidation Trust have been resolved by Final Order and all
Allowed Administrative Claims against the Liquidation Trust fully paid shall be released from
the Administrative Claims Reserve and used as Trust Assets in accordance with the Plan.

8 Section 5.26 Disputed Interim Dividends Reserve. Prior to making an Interim 9 Distribution from the Liquidation Trust, the Liquidation Trustee shall establish a Disputed 10 Interim Dividends Reserve into which the Interim Dividends on account of Disputed General 11 Unsecured Claims shall be deposited and withdrawn as provided in section 5.16. Subject to 12 section 5.21, any Cash remaining in the Disputed Interim Dividends Reserve after all General 13 Unsecured Claims have been resolved by Final Order and all Liquidation Trust Interests in the 14 Liquidation Trust fully paid (without including Postpetition Interest) shall be released from the 15 Disputed Interim Dividends Reserve and used as Trust Assets in accordance with the Plan.

16 Section 5.27 Priority/Convenience Claims Reserve. Distributions to Holders of 17 Allowed Priority Claims and Allowed Convenience Claims on account of such Claims shall be 18 made from the Priority/Convenience Claims Reserve. On or as soon as practicable after the 19 Effective Date, the Priority/Convenience Claims Reserve shall be established by the Liquidation 20 Trustee and funded by Cash to pay for all Priority Claims and Convenience Claims, including 21 any Disputed Priority Claims and Disputed Convenience Claims. The Liquidation Trustee shall 22 continue to fund the Priority/Convenience Claims Reserve as needed from Trust Assets. 23 Subject to section 5.21, any Cash remaining in the Priority/Convenience Claims Reserve after all 24 Priority Claims and Convenience Claims have been resolved by Final Order and all Allowed 25 Priority Claims and Allowed Convenience Claims fully paid shall be released from the 26 Priority/Convenience Claims Reserve and used as Trust Assets in accordance with the Plan. 27 Section 5.28 Operating Reserve. Payments of all Post Effective Date Operating

28 Expenses shall be made from the Operating Reserve of the Liquidation Trust. On or as soon as

45

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 143 of 161

practicable after the Effective Date, the Operating Reserve shall be established by the
Liquidation Trustee and funded by Cash to pay for all projected Post Effective Date Operating
Expenses of the Liquidation Trust. The Liquidation Trustee shall continue to fund the
Operating Reserve as needed from Trust Assets. Any Cash remaining in the Operating Reserve
that the Liquidation Trustee believes is not necessary to fund Post Effective Date Operating
Expenses of the Liquidation Trust shall be released from the Operating Reserve and used as
Trust Assets in accordance with the Plan.

Section 5.29 Secured Claims Reserve. Distributions to Holders of Allowed Secured 8 9 Claims shall be made from the Secured Claims Reserve of the Liquidation Trust. On or as soon 10 as practicable after the period by which the Liquidation Trustee must make an election as to the 11 treatment of any Secured Claim, the Secured Claims Reserve shall be established by the 12 Liquidation Trustee and funded with Cash to pay for all Secured Claims, including any Disputed 13 Secured Claims. The Liquidation Trustee shall continue to fund the Secured Claims Reserve as 14 needed from Trust Assets. Subject to section 5.21, any Cash remaining in the Secured Claims 15 Reserve after all Secured Claims have been resolved by Final Order and all such Allowed Secured Claims fully paid shall be released from the Secured Claims Reserve and used as Trust 16 17 Assets in accordance with the Plan.

18 Section 5.30 Undeliverable Distributions Reserve. On or as soon as practicable
19 after the Effective Date, the Liquidation Trustee shall establish an Undeliverable Distributions
20 Reserve for the Liquidation Trust into which Undeliverable Distributions shall be deposited and
21 withdrawn as provided in section 5.17.

Section 5.31 Reduced or Disallowed Administrative, Priority, or Secured Claims. To the extent that a Disputed Claim (other than a General Unsecured Claim) for which Cash has been deposited into a Reserve is not allowed or becomes an Allowed Claim in an amount less than the amount retained in a Reserve with respect to such Claim, the amount that was retained in the Reserve on account of such Claim, or the excess of the amount that was retained on account of such Claim over the amount actually distributed on account of such Claim, shall be released from the Reserve and used as Trust Assets in accordance with the Plan.

46

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 144 of 161

1 Section 5.32 Reserve Amounts for Disputed Administrative, Priority, and Secured 2 Claims. For purposes of establishing reserves for Disputed Administrative Claims, Disputed 3 Priority Claims, and Disputed Secured Claims, the amount of such Claim shall be the stated liquidated "face amount" of such Claim, unless such Claim is estimated by Order of the Court. 4 5 If such Disputed Claim does not set forth a stated liquidated "face amount", then the "face 6 amount" of such Claim shall be estimated by the Court, and such estimated amount: (a) shall be 7 used in calculating reserves for such Claim; and (b) shall set the maximum allowed amount of 8 such Claim for purposes of Distributions on account thereof. Nothing in this section shall 9 preclude any Holder of a Disputed Claim on notice to the Liquidation Trustee or the Liquidation 10 Trustee from seeking an order of the Court in respect of or relating to the amount retained with 11 respect to such Holder's Disputed Claim. 12 E. **Distributions On And Reserves For Liquidation Trust Interests.**

Section 5.33 Interim Distributions.

(a) As soon as practicable after the satisfaction in full of, or the establishment of
Reserves pursuant to Article V.D., above, for, Administrative Claims, Priority
Claims, and Secured Claims, the Liquidation Trustee, subject to section 5.21, is
authorized to cause a Liquidation Trust to make an Interim Dividend on account
of Liquidation Trust Interests.

19 (b) The Liquidation Trustee may, but is not required to, cause a Liquidation Trust to 20 make Interim Dividends of Available Cash to Holders of Liquidation Trust 21 Interests no more often than quarterly of each year, provided that each such 22 Interim Dividends in the aggregate (including Interim Distributions deposited into 23 the Interim Dividends Reserve for such Liquidation Trust) is not less than 24 \$1,000,000 of such Liquidation Trust's Available Cash. Notwithstanding the 25 foregoing: (i) the Liquidation Trustee may determine, in his, her, or its sole 26 discretion to cause a Liquidation Trust to make an Interim Dividend that is less 27 than \$1,000,000 in the aggregate of such Liquidation Trust's Available Cash; and 28 (ii) the Liquidation Trustee must cause a Liquidation Trust to make an Interim

13

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 145 of 161

1	Dividend if such Liquidation Trust has more than \$1,000,000 of Available Cash
	Dividend if such Liquidation Trust has more than \$1,000,000 of Available Cash.
2	Section 5.34 Calculations For Interim Distributions. In calculating Interim
3	Distributions, the Liquidation Trustee shall treat Disputed General Unsecured Claims as if they
4	would be Allowed in the least of the following amounts: (a) the filed amount of such Claim if
5	such Claim states a fixed liquidated amount; (b) the amount determined by the Court for
6	purposes of fixing the amount to be retained for such Claim; and (c) such other amount as may
7	be agreed upon by the Holder of such Claim and the Liquidation Trustee. Nothing in this
8	section shall preclude any Holder of a Disputed General Unsecured Claim or the Liquidation
9	Trustee from seeking, on notice to the Liquidation Trustee, an order of the Court in respect of or
10	relating to the amount retained with respect to such holder's Disputed Claim.
11	Section 5.35 Deposits Into Interim Dividend Reserves.
12	(a) At the time of making Interim Distributions, the Liquidation Trustee shall deposit
13	into the Disputed Interim Dividends Reserve the Interim Dividends that would
14	have been paid on account of Disputed General Unsecured Claims had they been
15	allowed at the time of the Interim Distribution, calculated as set forth in section
16	5.35.
17	(b) On the date of the first Distribution that is at least forty-five (45) days after the
18	date that a Disputed General Unsecured Claim on account of which Interim
19	Dividends have been deposited into an Interim Dividends Reserve becomes an
20	Allowed Claim, the Liquidation Trustee shall cause the Liquidation Trust to remit
21	to the holder of such Allowed Claim from the Interim Dividends Reserve Cash
22	equal to the lesser of: (i) the amounts that would have been distributed on
23	account of such Allowed Claim in any prior Interim Distribution(s); and (ii) the
24	amounts retained with respect to such Claim in the Interim Dividends Reserve.
25	F. Final Distributions.
26	Section 5.36 Final Principal Distributions on Liquidation Trust Interests. After:
27	(a) all Claims have been resolved; (b) all Allowed Claims except General Unsecured Claims
28	have been paid; (c) all Allowed General Unsecured Claims have been issued Liquidation Trust

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 146 of 161

1	Interests; (d) all material Trust Assets have been converted to Cash; and (e) the Operating
2	Reserve for the Liquidation Trust has been adequately funded, the Liquidation Trustee shall
3	distribute all Liquidation Trust Net Proceeds to holders of Liquidation Trust Interests in such
4	Liquidation Trust pursuant to the provisions of the Plan and up to the amount of the Liquidation
5	Trust Interests of such holders, without including Postpetition Interest, and taking into account
6	any Interim Dividends that have been distributed on account of such Liquidation Trust Interests.
7	Section 5.37 Distribution of Postpetition Interest. After the Liquidation Trust has
8	paid all amounts due on the Liquidation Trust Interests, the Liquidation Trustee shall cause such
9	Liquidation Trust to pay any postpetition interest to holders of Liquidation Trust Interests to the
10	extent provided in the Plan. The Debtors do not believe that it is likely that there will be
11	sufficient Net Trust Proceeds to pay any such postpetition interest.
12	VI.
13	LITIGATION AND CLAIMS OBJECTIONS
14	Section 6.1 Preservation of Causes of Action.
15	(a) As of the Effective Date, the Liquidation Trustee shall retain all rights on behalf
16	of the Liquidation Trust, the Debtors, and the Estates to commence, pursue, and
17	settle, as appropriate, any and all Causes of Action (including Avoidance Actions),
18	whether arising before or after the Petition Date, in any court or other tribunal,
19	including, without limitation, an adversary proceeding filed in the Cases. The
20	failure to explicitly list any Causes of Action and other potential or existing
21	claims of the Debtors or Estates is not intended to limit the rights of the
22	Liquidation Trust, through the Liquidation Trustee, to pursue any Causes of
23	Action and claims not so identified. The Debtors shall file a non-exhaustive list
24	of Causes of Action at least ten (10) Business Days before the Confirmation
25	Hearing; provided, however, that notwithstanding any otherwise applicable
26	principle of law or equity, including any principles of judicial estoppel, res
27	judicata, collateral estoppel, issue preclusion, or any similar doctrine, the failure
28	
20	to list, disclose, describe, identify, analyze, or refer to any Cause of Action, or

49

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 147 of 161

1	potential Cause of Action, in the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, or any other
2	document filed with the Court shall in no manner waive, eliminate, modify,
3	release, or alter the Debtors', Estates', or the Liquidation Trustee's right to
4	commence, prosecute, defend against, settle, and realize upon any Cause of
5	Action that the Debtors or the Estates have or may have as of the Confirmation
6	Date. Subject to the limitations expressly set forth in the Liquidation Trust
7	Agreement, the Liquidation Trustee may commence, prosecute, defend against,
8	recover on account of, and settle all Causes of Action in the Liquidation Trustee's
9	sole discretion in accordance with what is in the best interests, and for the benefit,
10	of the Liquidation Trust and the Beneficiaries.

11 (b) Unless a Cause of Action against a Person is expressly waived, relinquished, 12 released, compromised, or settled by Final Order, the Debtors expressly reserve 13 such Causes of Action for later adjudication (including, without limitation, Causes 14 of Action of which the Debtors may presently be unaware, or which may arise or 15 exist by reason of additional facts or circumstances unknown to the Debtors at 16 this time, or facts or circumstances which may change or be different from those 17 which the Debtors now believe to exist) and, therefore, no preclusion doctrine, 18 including the doctrines of res judicata, collateral estoppel, issue preclusion, claim 19 preclusion, waiver, estoppel (judicial, equitable, or otherwise), or laches shall 20 apply to Causes of Action upon, or after, the Confirmation Date or consummation 21 of the Plan based on the Disclosure Statement, the Plan, or the Confirmation 22 Order, except where such Causes of Action have been expressly released by Final 23 Order.

Section 6.2 No Waiver. Neither the failure to list a Claim in the Schedules filed by
the Debtors, the failure of any Person to object to any Claim for purposes of voting, the failure of
any Person to object to a Claim prior to the Confirmation Date or the Effective Date, the failure
of any Person to assert a Cause of Action prior to confirmation of the Plan or the Effective Date,
the absence of a proof of Claim having been filed with respect to a Claim, nor any action or

50

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 148 of 161

1 inaction of any Person with respect to a Claim, or Cause of Action other than a legally effective 2 express waiver or release shall be deemed a waiver or release of the right of the Debtors, the 3 Estates, the Liquidation Trustee, or their successors or representatives, before or after solicitation of votes on the Plan or before or after the Confirmation Date or the Effective Date to: (a) object 4 5 to or examine such Claim, in whole or in part; or (b) retain and either assign or exclusively assert, pursue, prosecute, utilize, or otherwise act on or enforce any Cause of Action. Any Person with 6 7 respect to which the Debtors have incurred an obligation (whether on account of services, 8 purchase or sale of property, or otherwise), or which has received services from the Debtors or a 9 transfer of money or property of the Debtors, or who has transacted business with the Debtors, or 10 leased equipment or property from or to the Debtors should assume that such obligation, transfer, 11 or transaction may be reviewed by the Liquidation Trustee, on behalf of the Liquidation Trust 12 and the Estates subsequent to the Effective Date and may, if appropriate, be the subject of an 13 action after the Effective Date, whether or not (i) such Person has filed a proof of Claim against 14 the Debtors; (ii) such Person's proof of Claim has been objected to by the Liquidation Trustee, or 15 any other Person; (iii) such Person's Claim was included in the Bankruptcy Schedules; or 16 (iv) such Person's scheduled Claims have been objected to by the Debtors or the Liquidation 17 Trustee, or any other Person, or has been identified as disputed, contingent, or unliquidated.

18 Section 6.3 **Objections to and Resolution of Disputed Claims.** On and after the 19 Effective Date, the Liquidation Trustee shall have the right to make and file objections to Claims 20 and to prosecute, settle, and/or withdraw such objections. The Liquidation Trustee shall have 21 the authority to compromise, settle, withdraw, or otherwise resolve any objections for any Claim 22 with approval of the Court. The Liquidation Trustee shall file and serve all objections to 23 Claims (other than Administrative Claims which are subject to section 3.9) upon the Holder of 24 the Claim as to which the objection is made no later than one-hundred eighty (180) days after the 25 later of (a) the Effective Date or (b) the date on which a proof of Claim is filed with the Court 26 (the "Claims Objection Deadline"). The Liquidation Trustee may extend the Claims Objection 27 Deadline for a single one-hundred twenty (120) day period by filing a notice of the extended 28 deadline with the Court; provided, however, that nothing herein shall modify the statute of

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Doc 643 Page 149 of 161 Main Document

limitations for any affirmative Cause of Action that the Liquidation Trustee may assert against 2 any third party. Thereafter, the deadline may be further extended only by an Order of the 3 Court.

VII.

OTHER PLAN PROVISIONS

Section 7.1 **Discharge of the Debtors.** The Confirmation Order will discharge all 6 7 Claims. No Holder of a Claim may receive any payment from, or seek recourse against, any 8 assets that are to be distributed under the Plan other than assets required to be distributed to that 9 Holder pursuant to the Plan. As of the Confirmation Date, all Persons are enjoined from 10 asserting against any property that is to be distributed under the Plan any Claims, rights, causes 11 of action, liabilities, or Interests related thereto based upon any act, omission, transaction, or 12 other activity that occurred before the Confirmation Date except as expressly provided in the 13 Plan or the Confirmation Order. As of the Effective Date, notes and any other evidence of 14 Claims will represent only the right to receive the Distributions contemplated under the Plan.

15 Section 7.2 **Exculpation and Release of Debtors, Committee, and Professionals.** 16 Except to the extent arising from willful misconduct or gross negligence, any and all Claims, 17 liabilities, causes of action, rights, damages, costs, and obligations held by any party against the 18 Debtors, the Committee, and their respective attorneys, accountants, agents, and other 19 Professionals, and their officers, directors, and employees, whether known or unknown, matured 20 or contingent, liquidated or unliquidated, existing, arising, or accruing, whether or not yet due in 21 any manner related to the administration of the Cases or the formulation, negotiation, 22 prosecution, or implementation of the Plan, shall be deemed fully waived, barred, released, and 23 discharged in all respects, except as to rights, obligations, duties, claims, and responsibilities 24 expressly preserved, created, or established by the terms of the Plan. Pursuant to section 1125(e) 25 of the Bankruptcy Code, the Debtors and the Committee and their present and former members, 26 officers, directors, employees, agents, advisors, representatives, successors or assigns, and any 27 Professionals (acting in such capacity) employed by any of the foregoing entities will neither 28 have nor incur any liability to any Person for their role in soliciting acceptances or rejections of

1

4

5

52

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 150 of 161

the Plan.

1

2 Section 7.3 **Injunction Enjoining Holders of Claims.** The Plan is the sole means 3 for resolving, paying, or otherwise dealing with Claims and Interests. To that end, except as expressly provided herein, at all times on and after the Effective Date, all Persons who have been, 4 5 are, or may be Holders of Claims against or Interests in the Debtors arising before the Effective 6 Date, shall be permanently enjoined from taking any of the following actions on account of any 7 such Claims or Interests, against the Debtors, the Estates, DPM, RFA, RFA PMR LoanCo, LLC, 8 or their property (other than actions brought to enforce any rights or obligations under the Plan 9 and any adversary proceedings pending in the Cases as of the Effective Date): 10 (a) commencing, conducting, or continuing in any manner, directly or indirectly, any 11 suit, action, or other proceeding of any kind against the Debtors, the Estates, the

Liquidation Trust, or the Liquidation Trustee, their successors, or their respective
property or assets (including, without limitation, all suits, actions, and
proceedings that are pending as of the Effective Date;

- (b) enforcing, levying, attaching, executing, collecting, or otherwise recovering by
 any manner or means whether directly or indirectly any judgment, award, decree,
 or Order against the Debtors, the Estates, the Liquidation Trust, or the Liquidation
 Trustee, their successors, or their respective property or assets;
- (c) creating, perfecting, or otherwise enforcing in any manner, directly or indirectly,
 any Lien, against the Debtors, the Estates, the Liquidation Trust, or the
 Liquidation Trustee, their successors, or their respective property or assets; and
- (d) proceeding in any place whatsoever against the Debtors, the Estates, the
 Liquidation Trust, or the Liquidation Trustee, their successors, or their respective
 property or assets, in any manner that does not conform to or comply with the
 provisions of the Plan.

Section 7.4 Injunctions or Stays. Unless otherwise provided by Court Order, all
 injunctions or stays arising under or entered during the Cases under section 105 or section 362 of
 the Bankruptcy Code, or otherwise, and in existence on the Confirmation Date, shall remain in

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 151 of 161

full force and effect until the Effective Date.

1

Section 7.5 Exemption from Stamp, Transfer, and Other Taxes. Pursuant to
section 1146(c) of the Bankruptcy Code, the issuance, transfer, or exchange of assets under the
Plan by the Debtors, the creation of any mortgage, deed of trust, or other security interest, the
making or assignment of any lease or sublease, or the making or delivery of any deed or
instrument of transfer under, in furtherance of, or in connection with the Plan shall not be subject
to any stamp, real estate transfer, mortgage recording, or other similar Tax.

8 Section 7.6 **No Admissions.** Except as specifically provided in the Plan, nothing 9 contained in the Plan shall be deemed or construed in any way as an admission by the Debtors or 10 the Estates with respect to any matter set forth in the Plan, including the amount or allowability 11 of any Claim, or the value of any property of the Estates. Notwithstanding anything to the 12 contrary in the Plan, if the Plan is not confirmed or the Effective Date does not occur, the Plan 13 will be null and void, and nothing contained in the Plan will: (a) be deemed to be an admission 14 by the Debtors or the Estates with respect to any matter discussed in the Plan, including liability 15 on any Claim or the propriety of any Claim's classification; (b) constitute a waiver, 16 acknowledgement, or release of any Claims, Interests, or any claims held by the Debtors or the

Estates; or (c) prejudice in any manner the rights of the Debtors or the Estates in any further
proceedings.

19 Section 7.7 Severability of Plan Provisions. If, before entry of the Confirmation 20 Order, the Court holds that any Plan term or provision is invalid, void, or unenforceable, the 21 Court may alter or interpret that term or provision so that it is valid and enforceable to the 22 maximum extent possible consistent with the original purpose of that term or provision. That 23 term or provision will then be applicable as altered or interpreted. Notwithstanding any such 24 holding, alteration, or interpretation, the Plan's remaining terms and provisions will remain in 25 full force and effect and will in no way be affected, impaired, or invalidated. The Confirmation 26 Order will constitute a judicial determination providing that each Plan term and provision, as it 27 may have been altered or interpreted in accordance with this section, is valid and enforceable 28 under its terms.

54

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 152 of 161

Section 7.8 Governing Law. The rights and obligations arising under the Plan and
any agreements, contracts, documents, or instruments executed in connection with the Plan will
be governed by, and construed and enforced in accordance with, California law without giving
effect to California law's conflict of law principles, unless a rule of law or procedure is supplied
by: (a) federal law (including the Bankruptcy Code and the Bankruptcy Rules); or (b) an express
choice-of-law provision in any document provided for, or executed under or in connection with,
the Plan.

8 Section 7.9 Successors and Assigns. The rights, benefits, and obligations of any
9 Person referred to in the Plan will be binding on, and will inure to the benefit of, any heir,
10 executor, administrator, personal representative, successor, or assign of that Person.

Section 7.10 Nonconsensual Confirmation. In the event that any of the Classes
entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan fails to accept the Plan in accordance with Bankruptcy
Code section 1129(a)(8): (a) the Debtors reserve the right to modify the Plan in accordance with
Bankruptcy Code section 1127; and (b) with respect to any Classes of Claims that do not accept
the Plan or are deemed not to accept the Plan, the Debtors seek confirmation under section
1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.

Section 7.11 Revocation of the Plan. The Debtors reserve the right to revoke or
withdraw the Plan before the Confirmation Date.

Section 7.12 Amendment. In accordance with section 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code,
the Debtors reserve the right to alter, amend, or modify the Plan or any Plan exhibit or schedule,
including amending or modifying it to satisfy the requirements of the Bankruptcy Code.

Section 7.13 Saturday, Sunday, or Legal Holiday. If any payment or act under the
Plan should be made or performed on a day that is not a Business Day, then the payment or act
may be completed on the next succeeding day that is a Business Day, in which event the
payment or act will be deemed to have been completed on the required day.

Section 7.14 Post-Effective Date Status Reports. The Liquidation Trustee shall file
 status reports regarding the status of implementation of the Plan and the review, prosecution, and
 resolution of Causes of Action, respectively, every one-hundred twenty (120) days following the

Case 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 153 of 161

entry of the Confirmation Order through entry of a final decree closing the Cases, or as otherwise
 ordered by the Court.

Section 7.15 Post-Effective Date Notice. From and after the Effective Date, any
Person who desires notice of any pleading or document filed in the Cases, or of any hearing in
the Court, or of any matter as to which the Bankruptcy Code requires notice to be provided, shall
file a request for post-Confirmation Date notice and shall serve the request on counsel for the
Committee, the Liquidation Trustee, and counsel for the Liquidation Trustee; provided, however,
that the U.S. Trustee and the Liquidation Trustee shall be deemed to have requested
post-Confirmation Date notice.

Section 7.16 Retention of Jurisdiction. The Court will retain and have exclusive
jurisdiction over any matter arising under the Bankruptcy Code, arising in or related to the Cases
or the Plan, or that relates to the following:

13 (a) the resolution of any matters related to the assumption, assumption and 14 assignment, or rejection of any executory contract or unexpired lease to which a 15 Debtor is a party or with respect to which a Debtor may be liable, and to hear, 16 determine, and, if necessary, liquidate, any Claims arising therefrom; 17 (b) the entry of such Orders as may be necessary or appropriate to implement or 18 consummate the provisions of the Plan and all contracts, instruments, releases, 19 and other agreements or documents created in connection with the Plan; 20 (c) the determination of any and all motions, adversary proceedings, applications, and 21 contested or litigated matters that may be pending before the Court on the 22 Effective Date or that, pursuant to the Plan, may be instituted by the Liquidation 23 Trustee after the Effective Date; 24 (d) ensuring that Distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims, and Liquidation Trust 25 Interests are accomplished as provided in the Plan; 26 (e) hearing and determining any objections to Administrative Claims or proofs of 27 Claim, both before and after the Confirmation Date, including any objections to 28 the classification of any Claim and to allow, disallow, determine, liquidate,

Case	8:11-bk-24720	-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 154 of 161
1		classify, estimate, or establish the priority or secured or unsecured status of any
2		Claim, in whole or in part;
3	(f)	the entry and implementation of such Orders as may be appropriate in the event
4		that the Confirmation Order is, for any reason, stayed, revoked, modified,
5		reversed, or vacated;
6	(g)	the issuance of such orders in aid of execution of the Plan, to the extent authorized
7		by section 1142 of the Bankruptcy Code;
8	(h)	consideration of any modifications of the Plan, to cure any defect or omission, or
9		reconcile any inconsistency in any Order of the Court, including the Confirmation
10		Order;
11	(i)	hearing and determining all applications for awards of compensation for services
12		rendered and reimbursement of expenses incurred prior to the Effective Date;
13	(j)	hearing and determining disputes arising in connection with, or relating to, the
14		Plan or the Liquidation Trust Agreement or the interpretation, implementation, or
15		enforcement of the Plan and/or the Liquidation Trust Agreement, or the extent of
16		any Person's obligations incurred in connection with or released or exculpated
17		under the Plan or the Liquidation Trust Agreement;
18	(k)	the recovery of all Assets of the Debtors and property of the Estates, wherever
19		located;
20	(1)	the issuance of injunctions or other Orders as may be necessary or appropriate to
21		restrain interference by any Person with consummation, implementation, or
22		enforcement of the Plan or the Liquidation Trust Agreement;
23	(m)	the determination of any other matters that may arise in connection with, or are
24		related to, the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, the Confirmation Order, the
25		Liquidation Trust Agreement or any contract, instrument, release, or other
26		agreement or document created in connection with the Plan, the Disclosure
27		Statement, including, without limitation, the Liquidation Trust Agreement;
28	(n)	hearing and determining matters concerning state, local, and federal Taxes in
		57

Case	8:11-bk-24720-SC	Doc 643 Main Docu	Filed 09/04/12 ument Page	Entered 09/04 155 of 161	4/12 18:51:44	Desc
1	accordance with sections 346, 505, and 1146 of the Bankruptcy Code;					
2	(o) hearing any other matter or for any purpose specified in the Confirmation Order					
3	that is	s not inconsis	stent with the Ba	nkruptcy Code;		
4	(p) entry	of a final de	cree closing the	Cases;		
5	(q) hearin	ng and deterr	mining, to the ful	lest extent author	ized by applicabl	le law, any
6	issue	or dispute di	irectly or indirect	ly arising from or	related to the Li	quidation
7	Trust	, the Trust A	ssets, the Liquid	ation Trust Agree	ment, or the Liqu	uidation
8	Trust	ee;				
9	(r) hearin	ng and deterr	mining any other	matter deemed re	levant to the cor	summation
10	of the	e Plan or the	administration of	the Cases; and		
11	(s) interp	preting and en	nforcing Orders	entered by the Co	urt; provided that	t if the Court
12	abstai	ins from exer	rcising jurisdiction	on, or is without ju	irisdiction, over	any matter,
13	this se	ection will no	ot affect, control	prohibit, or limit	the exercise of j	urisdiction by
14	any o	ther court, or	r the tribunal that	has jurisdiction of	over that matter.	
15	Section 7.17	Entry of a	a Final Decree.	Promptly follow	ing the liquidation	on or other
16	disposition of all Tru	ust Assets, in	cluding the Caus	es of Action, and	distribution of a	ll Trust
17	Assets pursuant to the Plan and Liquidation Trust Agreement, the Liquidation Trustee will file a					
18	motion with the Court to obtain entry of a final decree closing the Cases. Upon the entry of the					
19	final decree, the Liqu	uidation Trus	stee shall be auth	orized in the Liqu	idation Trustee's	s discretion to
20	discard or destroy ar	iy and all pre	e-Effective Date	books and records	of the Debtors a	and to
21	terminate the Liquid	ation Trusts.				
22			VI	I.		
23		RECOM	MENDATION	S AND CONCLU	ISION	
24	Section 8.1	Recomme	endation of the I	Debtors. The De	btors believe the	at
25	confirmation and im	plementation	n of the Plan are	preferable to any o	other alternative	because, in
26	their view, the Plan	will provide	Holders of Allow	ved Claims and A	llowed Interests	with the
27	maximum recovery.	According	gly, the Debtors u	rge Creditors to v	ote to accept the	Plan.
28		[Rema	ainder of page in	entionally left bla	.nk]	
			58			
	565042-1		30	•	Exhibit A - Pag	oe 148

Case	e 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Desc Main Document Page 156 of 161			
1	Dated:	Septem ber 4	ł, 2012	PACIFIC MONARCH RESORTS, INC.
2				Chapter 11 Debtor and Debtor in Possession
3				By: Name:
4				Title:
5				
6	Dated:	Septem ber 4	, 2012	VACATION INTERVAL REALTY, INC. Chapter 11 Debtor and Debtor in Possession
7				By: 1 \
8				Name: Title:
9				
10 11	Dated:	Septem ber 4	, 2012	VACATION MARKETING GROUP, INC. Chapter 11 Debtor and Debtor in Possession
12				
13				By:Name:Title:
14				Thue.
15	Dated:	September 4	, 2012	MGV CABO, LLC
16				Chapter 11 Debtor and Debtor in Possession
17				By: I > Name:
18				Title:
19	Datal	Gantanilari	2012	
20	Dated:	September 4	, 2012	DESARROLLO CABO AZUL, S. de R.L. de C.V. (DCA)
21				Chapter 11 Debtor and Debtor in Possession
22				By:
23				Title:
24	This Pla	n respectfully	submitted by:	
25	<u>/s/ H. Al</u> H. Alexa	<i>exander Fisch</i> ander Fisch, a	<i>n</i> member of	
26	Stutman	, Treister & G vs for the Deb	latt Professional Corporat	tion
27	j			
28				
				59

Case	8:11-bk-24720-SC	Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Main Document Page 157 of 161	Desc
1		EXHIBIT "1"	
2		DCA Retained Assets	
3		[To Be Submitted Prior to the Confirmation Hearing]	
4			
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			
11			
12			
13			
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			
21			
22			
23			
24			
25			
26			
27			
28			
	565943v1	Exhibit A - Pa	ge 150

Case	8:11-bk-24720-SC D M	oc 643 Iain Docu	Filed C Iment)9/04/12 Page 1	Entered 09/04, 158 of 161	/12 18:51:44	Desc
1				EXHIBI	Г ''2''		
2	EXECUTORY C	CONTRA	CTS AI	ND UNEX	XPIRED LEASE	S TO BE REJI	ECTED
3	[] []	Го Be Suł	mitted	Prior to th	e Confirmation H	earing]	
4							
5							
6							
7							
8							
9							
10							
11							
12							
13							
14							
15							
16							
17							
18							
19 20							
20							
21							
22 23							
23 24							
24							
26							
20							
28							
-							
	565943v1					Exhibit A - Pag	ge 151

Ca 15	se 8:11-bk-24720-SC Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Main Document Page 159 of 161	Desc
1	EXHIBIT B	
2	[To be attached upon entry of order approving Disclosure Statement]	
3	[10 be attached upon entry of order approving Disclosure Statement]	
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		
11		
12		
13		
14		
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25 26		
20 27		
27		
20		
	Eyrkikit D. Do	~~ 150

Ca	se 8:11-bk-24720-SC	Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Main Document Page 160 of 161	Desc
1			
1 2		<u>EXHIBIT C</u>	
2		[To be filed with the Court separately]	
4			
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			
11			
12			
13			
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			
21			
22			
23			
24			
25			
26			
27			
28			
			1.50

Ca	se 8:11-bk-24720-SC	Doc 643 Filed 09/04/12 Entered 09/04/12 18:51:44 Main Document Page 161 of 161	Desc
1			
2		<u>EXHIBIT D</u>	
2		[To be filed with the Court separately]	
4			
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			
11			
12			
13			
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			
21			
22			
23			
24			
25			
26			
27			
28			
			~~ 1 <i>5 1</i>