	Case 12-19649-lbr Doc 243	Entered 04/05/13	3 18:26:19	Page 1 of 60
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7 8	UNITED S	TATES BANKR	RUPTCY CC	OURT
9	FOR 1	THE DISTRICT	OF NEVAD	A
10	In re:		K-S-12-19649 apter 11	-LBR
11	SIERRA NEGRA RANCH, LLC,			
12	Debtor.		te: April 9,	
13			me: 1:30 p.m	
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	Case 12-196	649-lbr Doc 243 Entered 04/05/13 18:26:19 Page 2 of 60	
1		TABLE OF CONTENTS	
2	I. INTRODU	CTION	1
3	II. GENERAI	L OVERVIEW	2
4	А.	Debtor's Goals when the Chapter 11 Case Was Initiated	2
5		ATION REGARDING THE PLAN AND THIS DISCLOSURE	3
6	IV. SUMMAI	RY OF THE PLAN TREATMENT OF CREDITORS	12
7	A.	Non-Classified Claims.	
8	B.	Classified Claims.	
9		1. Class 1 – Global Secured Claim.	15
10		2. Class 2 - Other Secured Claims.	17
11		4. Class 4 - General Unsecured Claims.	. 18
		5. Class 5 - Equity Securities.	. 18
12 13		L INFORMATION ABOUT DEBTOR'S BUSINESS, RESTRUCTURING , AND THE FILING OF THE CHAPTER 11 CASE	18
14	А.	Debtor's as Landowner and Manager: \$30 Million Investment in Arizona	18
15 16		 Debtor's Initial Capitalization Debtor's Subsequent Shareholders' Rights Offering The Extension of the Offering Effect of the Offering on Existing Equity 	19 20
17	B.	Debtor's Acquisition of the Real Property	
18	C.	Debtor's Leasehold Interests	
19		 The O&E Farm Lease Option to Acquire Rights in Arizona Land Leases 	24
20	D	3. Sierra Negra Farms Leases	25
21	D.	The Arbitration Award and Events Leading to the Commencement of the Chapter 11 Case	25
22	E.	ACC Filings Call into Question the Validity and Enforceability of the Infrastructure Agreement.	27
23		1. The ACC's Generic Investigation into Global Activities	27
24		 AWC Alleges that GWR's ICFAs Violate Arizona Law. New World Properties, Inc. Petitions the ACC for Declaratory 	
25		 Relief City of Maricopa Files Request for Leave to Intervene 	28 28
26	_	5. Debtor's Files Request for Leave to Intervene.	29
27	F.	Significant Events During the Chapter 11 Case.	. 30
28	VI. ADDITIC	ONAL PLAN PROVISIONS	32
20	103788-002/182208	i i	

	Case 12-196	49-lbr Doc 243 Entered 04/05/13 18:26:19 Page 3 of 60	
1	А.	Means for Implementation of the Plan	32
2		1. Revesting of assets	32
3		 Obligations Due Under the Plan. Articles of organization, by-laws, operating agreement. 	
		4. Effectuation of transactions.	33
4		 Notice of effectiveness No governance action required 	
5		7. Filing with the Nevada Secretary of State.	34
6	П	8. Proposed post-Effective Date management of Reorganized Debtor	
7	В.	Executory Contracts And Unexpired Leases.	35
		 Executory contracts Approval of assumption or rejection 	35
8		3. Cure of defaults	36
9		4. Objection to cure amounts.	36
		 Confirmation order Infrastructure Agreement 	
10		 Post-Petition date contacts and leases 	37
11		8. Bar date	37
	C.	Manner Of Distribution Of Property Under The Plan.	37
12	D.	Conditions To Confirmation Of The Plan.	38
13		1. Conditions to confirmation.	
14		 Conditions to effectiveness. Waiver of conditions. 	
15	VII. LIMITAT	TIONS AND RISK FACTORS	
16	А.	Debtor Has No Duty to Update	39
17	В.	Projections and Other Forward-Looking Statements Are Not Assured and Actual Results Will Vary.	
18	C.	No Admissions Made	
19	D.	No Waiver of Right to Object or Right to Recover Transfers and Estate Assets.	39
20	E.	Bankruptcy Law Risks and Considerations.	
21		1. Confirmation of the Plan is Not Assured	40
22		2. The Projected Value of Estate Assets In the Event of Liquidation Might Not be Realized.	
22		 Changes to Applicable Tax Laws Could Have a Material Adverse Effect on Debtor's Financial Condition. 	
24	F.	Risks Related to Debtor's Business Operations	
24		1. Effect of the Chapter 11 Case.	
26		2. The volatility and disruption of the capital and credit markets and adverse changes in the global economy have negatively affected Debtar	11
27		 Debtor. Changes to applicable property tax laws could have a material adverse effect on Debtor's financial condition. 	
28			
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	Case 12-19	649-lbr Doc 243 Entered 04/05/13 18:26:19 Page 4 of 60	
1	VIII. POST-I	EFFECTIVE DATE OPERATIONS	42
2	А.	Vesting of Assets.	42
	B.	Preservation of Avoidance Actions and Litigation Claims	42
3	C.	Discharge	
4	D.	Injunction.	
5	E.	Exculpation.	
6	F.	Post-Confirmation Reporting And Quarterly Fees To The UST.	45
7	IX. CERTAI	N FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES	45
8	X. CONFIRM	MATION OF THE PLAN	46
_	А.	Confirmation of the Plan	46
9	В.	Objections to Confirmation of the Plan.	46
10	C.	The Best Interest Test and Feasibility of the Plan.	47
11		1. Best Interest of Creditors.	
12		 Feasibility Confirmation of the Plan Without Acceptance by All Impaired 	50
		Classes: the "Cramdown" Alternative.	
13		 Accepting Impaired Class. Voting Procedures. 	52 52
14	XI. ALTERN	JATIVES TO THE PLAN	53
15	А.	Alternative Plans of Reorganization.	53
16	XIII. RECON	MMENDATION AND CONCLUSION	55
17			
18			
19			
20			
21			
22			
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26			
27			
28			
	103788-002/182208	iii 88_4.doc	

	Case 12-19649-lbr Doc 243 Entered 04/05/13 18:26:19 Page 5 of 60
1	APPENDIX
2	EXHIBIT "1": PLAN OF REORGANIZATION
3	EXHIBIT "2": INFRASTRUCTURE AGREEMENT
4	EXHIBIT "3": MARICOPA INTERVENTION
5	EXHIBIT "4": SNR INTERVENTION
6	EXHIBIT "5": LIQUIDATION ANALYSIS
7	EXHIBIT "6": FINANCIAL PROJECTIONS
8	
9	
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I. INTRODUCTION

On August 21, 2012 (the "<u>Petition Date</u>"), Sierra Negra Ranch LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, debtor and debtor-in-possession ("<u>Debtor</u>"), filed a petition for relief (the "<u>Petition</u>") under Title 11, Chapter 11 of the United States Code (the "<u>Bankruptcy Code</u>") with the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Nevada (the "<u>Bankruptcy Court</u>") commencing the above-captioned Chapter 11 case (the "<u>Chapter 11 Case</u>").

Debtor has prepared this *First Amended Disclosure Statement* (the "<u>Disclosure</u> <u>Statement</u>") in connection with the solicitation of votes on *Debtor's First Amended Plan of Reorganization* (the "<u>Plan</u>") filed on April 5, 2013, proposed by Debtor to treat the Claims of Creditors in the Chapter 11 Case. All capitalized, undefined terms shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Plan.

The Exhibits to this Disclosure Statement included in the Appendix are incorporated into, and are a part of, this Disclosure Statement. The Plan is attached hereto as **Exhibit "1."** Any interested party desiring further information should contact:

15	Gordon Silver
16	
	3960 Howard Hughes Parkway, 9th Floor
17	Las Vegas, Nevada 89169
	Telephone: (702) 796-5555
18	Email: cclark@gordonsilver.com

Interested parties may also obtain further information from the Bankruptcy Court at the
following website: http://www.nvb.uscourts.gov. Each Holder of a Claim entitled to vote on the
Plan should read this Disclosure Statement, the Exhibits hereto including the Plan, and the
instructions accompanying the Ballots in their entirety before voting on the Plan. These
documents contain important information concerning the classification of Claims and Equity
Interests for voting purposes and the tabulation of votes.

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II. GENERAL OVERVIEW

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A.

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Debtor's Goals when the Chapter 11 Case Was Initiated.

Debtor is a limited liability company organized in November 2004 to purchase an aggregate of approximately 2,757.5 acres of undeveloped land in the Tonopah area of incorporated Maricopa County, west of Phoenix, Arizona (the "<u>Real Property</u>"). Debtor raised \$29,900,000 from its investors/members and closed escrow on the purchase of the Real Property during the first quarter of 2005 for a cash price of approximately \$21,700,000 paid from the proceeds contributed by Debtor's investors/members.

As a condition precedent to the entitlement approval process for a multi-use development, Maricopa County required that Debtor complete and have approved an integrated sewer and water plan for the Real Property (known as a "<u>MAG 208 Plan</u>"). To satisfy this county condition and development process necessity, Debtor entered into an agreement (the "<u>Infrastructure Agreement</u>") with Global Water Resources, Inc., as successor-in-interest to Global Water Resources, LLC ("<u>Global</u>"), which provided for the development and facilitation of the MAG 208 Plan to assure that all portions of the Real Property had sufficient access to sewer and water utility services.

Since the time of the acquisition of the Real Property, Debtor has proceeded with predevelopment activities, invested approximately \$9,000,000 in additional funds in the Real Property, Debtor, among other activities, has procured the entitlements related to the Real Property and, pursuant to the Infrastructure Agreement, Global had received, as of the Petition Date, from Debtor in excess of \$5,000,000, as well as a conveyance of 26 acres of the Real Property.

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Due to various disputes between Debtor and Global with respect to the Infrastructure Agreement, the parties engaged in protracted Arbitration Proceedings, which resulted in the entry of the Arbitration Award in favor of Global in April 2012. The Arbitration Award was subsequently confirmed by the entry of the Judgment, which was later recorded to secure the Lien on the Real Property. The Debtor did not appeal the Judgment and does not contest it,

Case 12-19649-lbr Doc 243 Entered 04/05/13 18:26:19 Page 8 of 60

1	except to the extent it is entitled to a setoffs as provided for in the Arbitration Award and
2	Judgment.
3	Debtor was unable to satisfy the Judgment immediately after its entry, and Global noticed
4	an execution sale under the Judgment. Thus, notwithstanding Debtor's cash flowing operations
5	and its ability to fund its operating expenses, Debtor sought Chapter 11 protection in order to
6	preserve the value of the Real Property, which has an appraised value of \$20,950,000 as of
7	February 7, 2013, for all of Debtor's creditors and equity. With this in mind, when Debtor filed
8	Chapter 11 in August 2012, it had the following goals:
9 10	i. To protect its existing investment in the Real Property by continuing the pre- development activities and maintaining the current entitlements on the Real Property; and
11 12	ii. To maximize the return to its Creditors through a restructuring of its debts and the solicitation of capital infusions to permit Debtor to proceed with its pre- development activities to optimize the value of the Real Property for its eventual sale/development.
13 14	At the outset, Debtor had anticipated the fulfillment of such goals through negotiations
14	with Global and a consensual restructuring of the Judgment. However, to date, a resolution of
15 16	this Chapter 11 Case through consensual arrangements has not been achieved.
10	As such, Debtor filed its Plan, which contemplates, as more fully set forth herein, full
18	payment of all Allowed Claims, including the Global Secured Claim, over a period of time from
10	the revenue generated by the farming leases on the Real Property combined with a potential sale
20	of a portion of the Real Property, along with capital raised through the Offering, all as more fully
21	discussed herein.
22	III. <u>INFORMATION REGARDING THE PLAN AND THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT</u>
23	1. What is Chapter 11?
24	Chapter 11 is the principal business reorganization chapter of the Bankruptcy Code.
25	Under Chapter 11, a debtor is authorized to reorganize its business for the benefit of itself, its
26	creditors, and equity interest holders. The commencement of a Chapter 11 case creates an estate
27	that is comprised of all of the legal and equitable interests of the debtor as of the filing date. The
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Bankruptcy Code provides that the debtor may continue to operate its business and remain in
 possession of its property as a "debtor-in-possession."

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2.

What is the objective of a Chapter 11 bankruptcy case?

The objective of a Chapter 11 bankruptcy case is the confirmation (i.e. approval by the bankruptcy court) of a plan of reorganization.

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3. What is a plan of reorganization?

A plan describes in detail (and in language appropriate for a legal contract) the means for
satisfying claims against, and equity interests in, a debtor.

9

4. What happens after a plan is filed?

After a plan has been filed, the holders of such claims and equity interests that are
impaired (as defined in Section 1124 of the Bankruptcy Code) and receiving some cash and/or
property on account of such claims or equity interests are permitted to vote to accept or reject the
plan.

14

5. What is a disclosure statement and its purpose?

Before a debtor or other plan proponent can solicit acceptances of a plan, Section 1125 of
the Bankruptcy Code requires the debtor or other plan proponent to prepare a disclosure
statement containing adequate information of a kind, and in sufficient detail, to enable those
parties entitled to vote on the plan to make an informed voting decision about whether to accept
or reject the plan.

The purpose of this Disclosure Statement is to provide sufficient information about Debtor and the Plan to enable Holders of Impaired Claims to make an informed voting decision about whether to accept or reject the Plan. Holders of other Claims will be deemed to have accepted or rejected the Plan, as the case may be, without the need for them to vote.

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6. What will happen after the Bankruptcy Court approves this Disclosure Statement?

This Disclosure Statement will be used to solicit acceptances of the Plan only after the Bankruptcy Court has found that this Disclosure Statement provides adequate information in accordance with Section 1125 of the Bankruptcy Code and has entered an order approving this

Case 12-19649-lbr Doc 243 Entered 04/05/13 18:26:19 Page 10 of 60

Disclosure Statement. Approval by the Bankruptcy Court is not an opinion or ruling on the 1 2 merits of the Plan or final approval of this Disclosure Statement and it does not mean that the 3 Plan has been or will be approved by the Bankruptcy Court.

4

7.

Who may vote to accept or reject a plan?

5 Generally, holders of allowed claims or equity interests that are "impaired" under a plan of reorganization and who are receiving some cash or property on account of such claims or 6 7 equity interests are permitted to vote on the plan. A claim is defined by the Bankruptcy Code and the Plan to include a right to payment from a debtor. An equity security is defined by the 8 9 Bankruptcy Code and the Plan to include an ownership interest in the debtor. In order to vote, a 10 creditor or an equity security holder must have an Allowed Claim or an Allowed Equity Security. The solicitation of votes on the Plan will be sought only from Holders of Allowed Claims and 11 12 Allowed Equity Securities whose Claims or Equity Securities are Impaired and who will receive 13 property or rights under the Plan. As explained further below, to be entitled to vote, a Person must be a Holder of a Claim that is both an "Allowed Claim" and "Impaired." 14

15

8. Do I have an Allowed Claim?

16 You have an Allowed Claim if: (i) you or your representative timely files a proof of 17 Claim and no objection has been filed to your Claim within the time period set for the filing of such objections; (ii) you or your representative timely files a proof of Claim and an objection is 18 19 filed to your Claim upon which the Bankruptcy Court has ruled and allowed your Claim; (iii) 20 your Claim is listed by Debtor in its Schedules or any amendments thereto (which are on file 21 with the Bankruptcy Court as a public record) as liquidated in amount and undisputed and no 22 objection has been filed to your Claim; or (iv) your Claim is listed by Debtor in its Schedules as 23 liquidated in amount and undisputed and an objection was filed to your Claim upon which the 24 Bankruptcy Court has ruled to allow your Claim. Under the Plan, the deadline for filing 25 objections to Claims is 90 days following the Effective Date. If your Claim is not an Allowed 26 Claim, it is a Disputed Claim and you will not be entitled to vote on the Plan unless the 27 Bankruptcy Court temporarily or provisionally allows your Claim for voting purposes pursuant 28 to Bankruptcy Rule 3018. If you are uncertain as to the status of your Claim or if you have a 5

Case 12-19649-lbr Doc 243 Entered 04/05/13 18:26:19 Page 11 of 60

dispute with Debtor, you should check the Bankruptcy Court record carefully, including the
 Schedules of Debtor, and seek appropriate legal advice. Neither Debtor nor its professionals can
 advise you about such matters.

4

9. Is my Claim or Equity Security Impaired?

5 Impaired Claims and Equity Securities include those whose legal, equitable, or contractual rights are altered by the Plan, even if the alteration is beneficial to the Creditor or 6 7 Equity Security Holder, or if the full amount of the Allowed Claims will not be paid under the Plan. Holders of Claims and Equity Securities which are not Impaired under the Plan will be 8 deemed to have accepted the Plan pursuant to Section 1126(f) of the Bankruptcy Code, and 9 10 Debtor need not solicit acceptance of the Plan by Holders of such Unimpaired Claims and Equity Securities. Holders of Claims and Equity Securities which are to receive nothing under the Plan 11 will be deemed to have voted to reject the Plan. Consequently, only Impaired Holders of Claims 12 13 in Classes 1 and 4 are entitled to vote on the Plan.

14

10. How generally is a plan approved?

In order for a plan to be confirmed, it must be accepted by at least one impaired class of claims, excluding the votes of any Insiders within that class. A class of claims is deemed to have accepted the plan if and when allowed votes representing at least two-thirds in amount and a majority in number of the claims of the class actually voting cast votes in favor of the plan.

19

11. What is the general construct of Debtor's Plan?

20 The primary objective of the reorganization and restructuring under the Plan is to 21 maximize returns to those Creditors entitled to recoveries from the estate. Debtor desires to achieve this objective through a restructuring of the Arbitration Award and the infusion of 22 23 working capital funds, which will result in full repayment of all Allowed Administrative Claims, 24 Allowed Secured Claims, Allowed Priority Claims, and Allowed General Unsecured Claims, 25 with present equity retaining their interest in Debtor. With specific regard to the Infrastructure Agreement, Debtor elects to leave such agreement untreated under the terms of the Plan to 26 27 permit the contract to "ride through" this Chapter 11 Case unaffected. The Arbitration Award

Case 12-19649-lbr Doc 243 Entered 04/05/13 18:26:19 Page 12 of 60

arising from the Infrastructure Agreement shall be paid in full pursuant to Section 4.1 of the Plan addressing the treatment of the Global Secured Claim.

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What is the "ride through" concept and how does it affect the Infrastructure *12*. Agreement?

Pursuant to the long standing "ride-through" doctrine, executory contracts that are neither affirmatively assumed nor rejected by the debtor pass through bankruptcy proceedings unaffected. See In re Hernandez, 287 B.R. 795, 799-800 (Bankr. D. Ariz. 2002). At its discretion, a Chapter 11 debtor may elect to not treat an executory contract under a plan of reorganization, and thereby effectuate a ride-through of that contract. See id. at 800. As a contract that "rides through" does so without invoking Section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code, such contract is not entitled to the benefits afforded by Section 365 such as the right to cure arrearages within a reasonable period of time. See id. at 800-01.

In the present case, Debtor has determined it to be in the best interests of its Creditors, 13 holders of its Equity Securities and the Estate to neither affirmatively assume nor reject the 14 Infrastructure Agreement, and thereby, permit the Infrastructure Agreement to pass through this 15 Chapter 11 Case unaffected. As more fully set forth below, questions have been raised before 16 the applicable regulatory authorities in Arizona concerning the validity and enforceability of infrastructure agreements similar in nature and content to the Infrastructure Agreement. 18

Specifically, as set forth in more detail in Section V(E) herein, as far back as 2006, the 19 ACC (as defined herein) opened the Generic Docket (as defined herein), an investigatory docket 20 to evaluate the regulatory impacts from the use of non-traditional financing arrangements by 21 water utilities and their affiliates, which specifically targeted the activities of Global's 22 predecessor. To date, the questions raised by the ACC in the Generic Docket regarding the 23 general validity and enforceability of ICFAs (as defined herein) generally have not been 24 resolved. Also in 2006, AWC (as defined herein) filed a formal complaint against Global's 25 predecessor and its affiliates alleging violations of Arizona law arising out of conduct and 26 obligations required under ICFAs. Though certain of the parties' disputes were resolved through

Case 12-19649-lbr Doc 243 Entered 04/05/13 18:26:19 Page 13 of 60

the course of those proceedings, the merits of any of the serious allegations raised by AWC
 remain unaddressed.

More recently, on March 1, 2013, NWP (as defined herein) filed a petition for declaratory relief requesting that the ACC issue a declaratory order addressing the legality of the certain conduct and actions required under the ICFA governing its relationship with Global. Since that filing, on March 29, 2013, the City of Maricopa, Arizona filed an application to intervene in the NWP proceeding on the basis that the outcome of such proceeding could have a material effect on the City of Maricopa and its residents.

9 Consequently, such uncertainty related to the validity and enforceability of ICFAs 10 generally, upon learning of the Maricopa Intervention following the NWP Petition, Debtor also 11 filed an application to intervene in the proceeding commenced by NWP. Due to the express requirement under the terms of the Infrastructure Agreement, as set forth herein in more detail, 12 13 which would require Global to refund payments tendered by Debtor under the Infrastructure Agreement, as well as release of the Lien on the Real Property, in the context of a voided 14 15 Infrastructure Agreement, Debtor similarly believes its interests could be dramatically affected 16 by an ACC declaratory order that determines ICFAs to be invalid and unenforceable.

17 Foremost, as set forth in the Infrastructure Agreement, to the extent that a decision by the ACC "materially alters the substances of the transaction" between SNR and Global, and thereby 18 19 precludes Global from fulfilling its obligations or materially increases the costs to SNR under 20 this Agreement, the Infrastructure Agreement may be voided. See Infrastructure Agreement, at 21 pp. 15-16. As a result, pursuant to the terms and conditions therein, not only would Global be 22 required to refund payments made under the Infrastructure Agreement, Debtor would no longer 23 be liable to Global for the amounts set forth in the Arbitration Award. Moreover, Debtor would 24 be required to identify and contract with an alternate service provider as Global would not be 25 allowed to proceed under the Infrastructure Agreement.

Additionally, to the extent that the Infrastructure Agreement is voided or amended as a result of an ACC determination, Global will be required at the request of SNR to "record any and all release documents related to this Agreement and any lien related to this Agreement with the 103788-002/1822088_4.doc

Case 12-19649-lbr Doc 243 Entered 04/05/13 18:26:19 Page 14 of 60

Country Recorder . . . and [Global] shall waive any and all other claims against the Land or
 [SNR] . . ." See id. at p. 16. As such, Global would be required to release the Lien against the
 Real Property.

As such, Debtor shall not invoke the provisions of Section 365, and therefore, not be required to cure any default under the Infrastructure Agreement. The pre-petition default under the Infrastructure Agreement shall be addressed by virtue of Debtor's proposed treatment of the Global Secured Claim. Meanwhile, Debtor shall remain obligated under the terms of the Infrastructure Agreement for the duration of the contract provided the Infrastructure Agreement remains in force and effect.

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13. Is this Court required to compel assumption or rejection of the Infrastructure Agreement?

By virtue of the permissive authority vested in a bankruptcy court under Section 365(d)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code, the Court is not required to compel action by the Debtor. See id. at 803-04. Rather, based on the equitable determination of a bankruptcy court, the court may deny a Section 365(d)(2) request for relief and permit a debtor's proposed inaction related to an executory contract. See id. at 804-06 (citing Theatre Holding Corp. v. Mauro, 681 F.2d 102 (2d Cir. 1982).

Accordingly, Debtor seeks to cause the Infrastructure Agreement to "ride through"
 confirmation of the Plan.

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14. Will Reorganized Debtor be able to meet the financial terms of the Plan?

As set forth in Debtor's Financial Projections, attached hereto as **Exhibit "3"** (the "<u>Projections</u>"), and discussed in <u>Section X.C</u> below, Debtor believes that its projected revenues are sufficient to satisfy all of its obligations under the Plan.

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15. Which Creditors get to vote on the Plan?

Impaired Classes of Claims in Class 1 (Allowed Global Secured Claim) and Class 4 (Allowed General Unsecured Claims) are entitled to vote. Debtor is soliciting votes from Holders of these Claims.

1 2 Unimpaired Classes of Claims and Equity Securities in Class 2 (Other Secured Claims), Class 3 (Priority Unsecured Claims), and Class 5 (Equity Securities) will *not* vote on the Plan.

A VOTE FOR ACCEPTANCE OF THE PLAN BY HOLDERS OF CLAIMS WHO
ARE ENTITLED TO VOTE IS MOST IMPORTANT. DEBTOR BELIEVES THAT THE
TREATMENT OF HOLDERS OF IMPAIRED CLAIMS UNDER THE PLAN IS THE
BEST ALTERNATIVE FOR EACH OF THEM, AND DEBTOR RECOMMENDS THAT
THE HOLDERS OF THOSE ALLOWED CLAIMS VOTE IN FAVOR OF THE PLAN.

8 EACH HOLDER OF AN IMPAIRED CLAIM WHO IS ENTITLED TO VOTE
9 SHOULD CAREFULLY REVIEW THE PLAN, THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT,
10 AND THE EXHIBITS TO BOTH DOCUMENTS IN THEIR ENTIRETY BEFORE
11 CASTING A BALLOT.

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16. What happens after the voting is completed?

After the appropriate Persons have voted to accept or reject the Plan, there will be a Confirmation Hearing to determine whether the Plan should be confirmed by the Bankruptcy Court. At the Confirmation Hearing, the Bankruptcy Court will consider whether the Plan satisfies the requirements of the Bankruptcy Code. The Bankruptcy Court will also receive and consider a Ballot summary, which will present a tally of the votes cast by those Classes of Creditors entitled to vote on the Plan.

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17. What is the effect of plan confirmation?

20 Confirmation of a plan of reorganization by the bankruptcy court makes the plan binding 21 upon the debtor, any issuer of securities under the plan, any person acquiring property under the 22 plan, and any creditor of the debtor, regardless of whether such creditor: (i) is impaired under, or 23 has accepted, the plan; or (ii) receives or retains any property under the plan. Subject to certain 24 limited exceptions, and other than as provided in the plan itself or the confirmation order, the 25 confirmation order discharges the debtor from any debt that arose prior to the date of 26 confirmation of the plan and substitutes the obligations specified under the confirmed plan.

18. Has the Securities Exchange Commission reviewed and approved this Disclosure Statement?

Case 12-19649-lbr Doc 243 Entered 04/05/13 18:26:19 Page 16 of 60

- This Disclosure Statement has been prepared in accordance with Section 1125 of the
 Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rule 3016(b) and not necessarily in accordance with federal
 or state securities laws or other non-bankruptcy laws.
- This Disclosure Statement has not been approved or disapproved by the United States
 Securities and Exchange Commission (the "<u>SEC</u>"), nor has the SEC passed upon the accuracy or
 adequacy of the statements contained herein. The Debtor is neither a public company nor does it
 have publicly-registered debt.
 - 19. Can I rely upon the statements and financial information contained in this Disclosure Statement?

10DEBTOR MAKES THE STATEMENTS AND PROVIDES THE FINANCIAL10INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN AS OF THE DATE HEREOF, UNLESS11OTHERWISE SPECIFIED. PERSONS REVIEWING THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT12SHOULD NOT INFER THAT THE FACTS SET FORTH HEREIN HAVE NOT CHANGED13SINCE THE DATE HEREOF.

14 THE MANAGEMENT OF DEBTOR HAS REVIEWED THE FINANCIAL 15 INFORMATION PROVIDED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT. ALTHOUGH 16 DEBTOR HAS ENDEAVORED TO ENSURE THE ACCURACY OF THIS FINANCIAL 17 FINANCIAL INFORMATION, THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN, OR 18 INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE INTO, THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT HAS NOT 19 BEEN AUDITED.

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20. Can I rely upon the Disclosure Statement for other purposes?

THE INFORMATION IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IS INCLUDED HEREIN FOR PURPOSES OF SOLICITING ACCEPTANCES OF THE PLAN AND MAY NOT BE RELIED UPON FOR ANY PURPOSE OTHER THAN TO DETERMINE HOW TO VOTE ON THE PLAN. THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT THEREFORE DOES NOT CONSTITUTE, AND MAY NOT BE CONSTRUED AS, AN ADMISSION OF FACT OR LIABILITY, A STIPULATION OR A WAIVER IN ANY PROCEEDING OTHER THAN THE SOLICITATION OF ACCEPTANCES OF THE PLAN AND CONFIRMATION OF THE

Case 12-19649-lbr Doc 243 Entered 04/05/13 18:26:19 Page 17 of 60

PLAN. FOR ALL PURPOSES OTHER THAN THE SOLICITATION OF ACCEPTANCES
 OF THE PLAN, THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT SHOULD BE CONSTRUED AS A
 STATEMENT MADE IN SETTLEMENT NEGOTIATIONS RELATED TO CONTESTED
 MATTERS, ADVERSARY PROCEEDINGS, AND OTHER PENDING OR THREATENED
 LITIGATION OR ACTIONS.

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21. Should I consult with my own financial and legal advisors?

7 This Disclosure Statement does not constitute legal, business, financial, or tax advice.
8 All Persons desiring such advice or any other advice should consult with their own advisors.

22. I have heard statements from the media regarding the Plan. Can I rely on these statements?

Debtor has not authorized any representations about the Plan, itself, or the value of its property other than those set forth in this Disclosure Statement. Holders of Claims proceed at their own risk to the extent they rely on any information, representations, or inducements made or given to obtain their approval of the Plan that differ from, or are inconsistent with, the information contained herein and in the Plan.

23. What if there is an inconsistency between this Disclosure Statement and the Plan?

This Disclosure Statement summarizes certain provisions of the Plan and certain other documents and financial information that are incorporated by reference herein (collectively, the "Incorporated Documents"). The summaries contained herein are qualified in their entirety by reference to the incorporated documents. In the event of any inconsistency or discrepancy between a description in this Disclosure Statement and the actual content of any of the Incorporated Documents, the Incorporated Documents shall govern for all purposes.

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IV. <u>SUMMARY OF THE PLAN TREATMENT OF CREDITORS¹</u>

Section 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code provides that a plan of reorganization shall classify the claims of a debtor's creditors and equity interest holders. In compliance therewith, the Plan

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¹ The following summary of the Plan treatment of Creditors is qualified in its entirety by reference to the Plan itself. For a more detailed description of the Plan, see Article VI hereof and the Plan.

Case 12-19649-lbr Doc 243 Entered 04/05/13 18:26:19 Page 18 of 60

divides Claims into various Classes and sets forth the treatment for each Class. Debtor is also 1 2 allowed under Section 1122 of the Bankruptcy Code to place more than one Claim into a particular Class only if such Claim is substantially similar to other Claims in such Class. Debtor 3 believes that the Plan has classified all Claims in compliance with the provisions of Section 1122 4 5 of the Bankruptcy Code, but it is possible that a Holder of a Claim will challenge the Plan's classifications and that the Bankruptcy Court will find that different classifications are required 6 7 in order for the Plan to be confirmed. In such event, Debtor reserves the right, to the extent permitted by the Bankruptcy Code, to make reasonable modifications of the classifications under 8 9 the Plan to permit confirmation and to use the Plan acceptances received in this solicitation for 10 the purpose of obtaining the approval of the reconstituted Class or Classes of which the accepting Holders are ultimately deemed members. 11

12 The following summary of the Plan is qualified in its entirety by reference to the detailed13 explanations in this Disclosure Statement and the Plan itself.

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A. <u>Non-Classified Claims.</u>

Pursuant to Section 1123(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, Allowed Administrative Claims
and Priority Tax Claims are not designated as Classes under the Plan. In general, these Claims
consist of the fees and costs of professionals employed on behalf of the Estate. The Holders of
such unclassified Claims are not entitled to vote on the Plan.

Each Holder of an Allowed Administrative Claim shall be paid in full and final
satisfaction of such Claim by Reorganized Debtor (or otherwise satisfied in accordance with its
terms), upon the latest of: (i) the Effective Date of the Plan or as soon thereafter as practicable;
(ii) such date as may be fixed by the Bankruptcy Court; (iii) the first Business Day following the
fourteenth (14th) day after such Claim is Allowed or as soon thereafter as practicable; (iv) the
date such Claim becomes due by its terms; and (v) such date as is agreed to by the Holder of
such Claim and Debtor or Reorganized Debtor.

The amount of Administrative Claims incurred, but unpaid as of the Confirmation Hearing is estimated to be \$126,569.50. This is comprised of: (i) estimated fees and costs of approximately \$100,000 incurred by Debtor's bankruptcy counsel, the law firm of Gordon 13

Case 12-19649-lbr Doc 243 Entered 04/05/13 18:26:19 Page 19 of 60

Silver, less their retainer of \$33,430.50; (ii) estimated fees and costs of \$10,000 incurred by
 Debtor's interest rate expert; and (iii) estimated fees and costs of \$50,000 incurred by Debtor's
 other professionals duly retained in the course of this Chapter 11 Case.

- Each Holder of an Allowed Priority Tax Claim, if any, will, in full and final satisfaction
 of such Claim, be paid in full (or be treated in compliance with Section 1129(a)(9)(C) of the
 Bankruptcy Code) by Reorganized Debtor on the later of: (i) the Effective Date of the Plan or as
 soon thereafter as practicable; (ii) such date as may be fixed by the Bankruptcy Court; (iii) the
 first Business Day following the fourteenth (14th) day after the date on which an order allowing
 such Claim becomes a Final Order; or (iv) such date as is agreed to by the Holder of such Claim
 and Debtor or Reorganized Debtor. Debtor does not anticipate any unpaid Priority Tax Claims.
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B. <u>Classified Claims.</u>

The Distributions under the Plan to each Class are summarized in the following table:

13	Class	Description	Treatment	Estimated Claims Amount ²
14	Class 1:	Global Secured Claim	Impaired. Solicitation required.	\$4,621,128.38 ³
15		Claim	Solicitation required.	
16	Class 2:	Other Secured Claims	Unimpaired. No solicitation required.	\$0.00
17	Class 3:	Priority	Unimpaired.	\$0.00
18		Unsecured Claims	No solicitation required.	
19	Class 4:	General Unsecured Claims	Impaired. Solicitation required.	Est. \$210,000
20	Class 5:	Equity Securities	Unimpaired.	N/A
21		1	No solicitation required.	
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 ² These <u>estimated</u> amounts were compiled by combining the undisputed, liquidated, and noncontingent Claims included on Debtor's bankruptcy schedules, as amended, the proofs of Claim on file on or about, November 16, 2012. As such, these estimates may change as additional Claims are allowed or Debtor obtains the disallowance of certain Claims.

³ On October 31, 2012, Global filed its proof of claim against Debtor, claim number 2 in Debtor's claims register, asserting a secured claim in the amount of \$4,621,128.38. Debtor reserves its right to object to the amount of the asserted Global Secured Claim, and as such, this estimated amount is not an admission by the Debtor that is this the Allowed Claim amount of the Global Secured Claim.

1. <u>Class 1 – Global Secured Claim.</u>

Class 1 consists of the Global Secured Claim, which is calculated as follows: The outstanding principal amount of \$2,802,156.00, plus attorneys' fees and costs in the amount of \$179,747.24 incurred prior to the Petition Date, and accrued and unpaid interest incurred prior to the Petition Date in accordance with the Arbitration Award and applicable law as determined by a Final Order of the Court, plus: (i) any accrued and unpaid interest from the Petition Date up to the Effective Date at the rate of 4.25%; and (ii) reasonable attorney's fees, costs, and expenses incurred by Global post-petition and prior to the Effective Date, solely to the extent that such fees, costs, and expenses are approved by entry of a Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court.

Additionally, on the Effective Date, the Arbitration Award shall remain in full force and effect, save and except that: (i) without any further action by Debtor, Reorganized Debtor, or Global, the Arbitration Award shall be deemed to have been amended as follows:

(a) <u>Principal Balance</u>. To the extent of the Allowed Global Secured Claim, the principal balance of the Arbitration Award, inclusive of attorneys' fees and costs and interest accrued pursuant to the Arbitration Award as of the Petition Date, less the Damages and Credit Setoff together with (i) interest at the Global Restated Interest Rate from the Petition Date through the Effective Date and (ii) fees and costs from the Petition Date allowed by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to Section506(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, shall be the Allowed Global Secured Claim.

(b) <u>Lien</u>. From and after the Confirmation Date, the Holder of the Allowed Global Secured Claim shall retain its Lien in the Real Property consistent with the Recorded Judgment until the Allowed Global Secured Claim is paid in full.

(c) <u>Post-Effective Date Interest</u>. Interest shall accrue on the Allowed Global Secured Claim at the Global Restated Interest Rate.

(d) <u>Monthly Payments</u>.

(i) Beginning on the fourteenth (14^{th}) Business Day of the first full calendar month following the Effective Date, and on the fourteenth (14^{th}) Business Day of each subsequent month up to and including the twenty-fourth (24^{th}) full month after the Effective Date, Reorganized Debtor shall distribute to Global interest-only payments on the Allowed Global Secured Claim at the Global Restated Interest Rate.

(ii) Beginning on the fourteenth (14th) Business Day of the twenty-fifth (25th) month following the Effective Date and on the fourteenth (14th) Business Day of each subsequent month up to and through the Payoff Date Reorganized Debtor shall distribute to Global

	Case 12-19649-lbr Doc 243 Entered 04/05/13 18:26:19 Page 21 of 60
1 2	monthly principal and interest payments on the outstanding balance of the Allowed Global Secured Claim amortized over a period of thirty (30) years at the Global Restated Interest Rate.
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4	(e) <u>Payoff Date</u> . Debtor shall pay the unpaid balance of the Allowed Global Secured Claim, being the principal balance less the gross amount of all payments
5	on the Allowed Global Secured Claim, on the fifth (5 th) anniversary of the Effective Date unless sooner paid, or such later date as agreed to in writing by Debtor or Reorganized
6	Debtor, as applicable, and Global.
7	(f) <u>Setoff</u> . In the event that Reorganized Debtor obtains an arbitration
8	award or judgment against Global for damages arising under the Infrastructure Agreement prior to the payoff in full of the Allowed Global Secured Claim, in addition
9	to, and without prejudice to, all other rights, including that of recovery by Reorganized Debtor against Global for such damages, Reorganized Debtor shall be entitled to set off
10	the award or judgment against the balance due on the Allowed Global Secured Claim.
11	(g) <u>Refinancing</u> . Prior to the Payoff Date, Reorganized Debtor shall have the absolute right to refinance the Allowed Global Secured Claim; provided,
12	however, that the proceeds of such refinancing loan are sufficient to pay, and are utilized to pay, all sums then due and owing under the Allowed Global Secured Claim at the time
13	of closing of such refinancing, unless Global otherwise agrees.
14	(h) <u>Sale of the Real Property</u> .
15	(i) <u>Single Sale. Prior to the Payoff Date</u> , Reorganized Debtor shall have the absolute right to sell the Real Property in one sale
16	transaction free and clear of Global's Lien; provided, however, that the proceeds of such sale are sufficient at the time of closing of such sale to
17	pay, and are utilized to pay, all sums then due and owing under the Allowed Global Secured Claim, unless Global otherwise agrees.
18	(ii) <u>Parcel Sales and Releases</u> . Prior to the Payoff Date,
19	Reorganized Debtor shall have the absolute right to obtain a release of one or more Parcels free and clear of the Lien of the Recorded Judgment subject to the following conditions:
20	subject to the following conditions:
21	(A) Global shall have received from Reorganized Debtor written notice of the request of the release at least thirty (30) days
22	before the close of the transaction relating to such sale.
23	(B) Reorganized Debtor shall pay the Release Price to Global in cash or immediately available funds on or before the
24	closing of the release transaction.
25	(iii) <u>EDU Credit.</u> Subject to the terms and conditions herein, on the closing of a sale transaction, Debtor shall receive EDU Credit, which
26	amount is to be offset by the Release Price or otherwise applied to the Allowed Global Secured Claim, in the sole discretion of Reorganized
27	Debtor.
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	Case 12-19649-lbr Doc 243 Entered 04/05/13 18:26:19 Page 22 of 60
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	 (iv) <u>Cooperation</u>. Subject to the terms and conditions herein, the Reorganized Debtor and Global shall use their commercially reasonable best efforts to cooperate and to consummate each such proposed Parcel sale, including any reasonable requests for information or execution of applicable documents, including releases and reconveyances from the Lien of the Recorded Judgment that are needed to effectuate such a Parcel sale. (i) <u>Court Jurisdiction</u>. In the event of a dispute regarding the operation or satisfaction of any terms regarding a Parcel sale, the parties shall be required to meet and confer in a good faith attempt to resolve any such disputes; if the parties are unable to resolve such disputes, the Bankruptcy Court shall retain jurisdiction to determine the satisfaction of the conditions in this subsection governing Parcel sales and each of the Reorganized Debtor and Global hereby consents to an order shortening time
8 9	for the adjudication such issues.
10	The Creditor in Class 1 is Impaired under the Plan, and thus the Holder of the Class 1 Claim is entitled to vote on the Plan.
11	2. <u>Class 2 - Other Secured Claims.</u>
12	Each Allowed Other Secured Claim, ⁴ if any, shall, in full and final satisfaction of such
13	Claim, be paid in full in Cash or otherwise left Unimpaired by Debtor or Reorganized Debtor, as
14	the case may be, upon the latest of: (i) the Effective Date or as soon thereafter as practicable; (ii)
15	such date as may be fixed by the Bankruptcy Court; (iii) the fourteenth Business Day after such
16	Claim is Allowed; and (iv) such date as agreed upon by the Holder of such Claim and Debtor,
17	and after the Effective Date, Reorganized Debtor.
18	Creditors in Class 2 are Unimpaired under the Plan, and therefore, the Holders of Claims
19 20	in Class 2 are not entitled to vote on the Plan.
20 21	3. <u>Class 3 - Priority Unsecured Claims.</u>
21	Priority Unsecured Claims, ⁵ if any, shall, in full and final satisfaction of such Claims, be
22	paid in full in Cash on the latest of: (i) the Effective Date, or as soon thereafter as is practical; (ii)
23 24	such date as may be fixed by the Bankruptcy Court, or as soon thereafter as is practicable; (iii)
24	
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27	⁴ " <u>Other Secured Claim</u> " is defined in the Plan as "[a]ny Secured Claim, other than the Global Secured Claim."
28	⁵ " <u>Priority Unsecured Claims</u> " is defined in the Plan as "[a]ny and all Claims accorded priority in right of payment under Section 507(c) of the Bankruptcy Code."
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the fourteenth Business Day after such Claim is Allowed, or as soon thereafter as is practicable; 2 or (iv) such date as the Holder of such Claim and Reorganized Debtor has agreed or shall agree.

3 Creditors in Class 3 are Unimpaired under the Plan, and therefore, the Holders of Class 3 Claims are not entitled to vote on the Plan. 4

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4. **Class 4 - General Unsecured Claims.**

A General Unsecured Claim is a Claim, including a Claim arising under Section 502(g) 6 of the Bankruptcy Code that is not secured by a charge against or interest in property in which 7 the Estate has an interest and is not an unclassified Claim, Administrative Claim, or Priority 8 Unsecured Claim. 9

10 Except to the extent that a Creditor with an Allowed General Unsecured Claim agrees to less favorable treatment, each Creditor with an Allowed General Unsecured Claim, shall, in full 11 and final satisfaction of such Claim, be paid in full in Cash, plus post-Effective Date interest at 12 the Unsecured Interest Rate, on the latest of: (i) the ninetieth Business Day after the Effective 13 Date, as soon thereafter as is practical; (ii) such date as may be fixed by the Bankruptcy Court, or 14 15 as soon thereafter as is practicable; (iii) the fourteenth Business Day after such Claim is Allowed, or as soon thereafter as is practicable; or (iv) such date as the Holder of such Claim and 16 17 Reorganized Debtor have agreed or shall agree.

Class 4 is Impaired under the Plan. The Holders of Class 4 Claims are entitled to vote on 18 the Plan. 19

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5. **<u>Class 5 - Equity Securities.</u>**

On the Effective Date, the Holders of Equity Securities of Debtor shall retain all of their 21 legal interests. The Holders of the Class 5 Equity Securities are Unimpaired, and are therefore 22 23 deemed to have accepted the Plan and are not entitled to vote on the Plan.

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V. **GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT DEBTOR'S BUSINESS, RESTRUCTURING** EFFORTS, AND THE FILING OF THE CHAPTER 11 CASE

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Debtor's as Landowner and Manager: \$30 Million Investment in Arizona. A.

27 Debtor is a limited liability company organized in November 2004 to purchase an aggregate of approximately 2,757.5 acres of undeveloped land (26 acres of which were 28 18 103788-002/1822088_4.doc

Case 12-19649-lbr Doc 243 Entered 04/05/13 18:26:19 Page 24 of 60

subsequently conveyed) in the Tonopah area of incorporated Maricopa County, west of Phoenix, 1 2 Arizona. Debtor's membership interests are held by SNR Management, which also serves as Debtor's manager, holding a 40% interest and various other accredited investors who 3 collectively hold the remaining 60% interest.⁶ 4

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1.

Debtor's Initial Capitalization.

At its inception, Debtor's capitalization was comprised of: (i) 299 shares of a class of 6 7 equity securities titled "Preferred Shares," in respect of which capital contribution were made to Debtor at a price of \$100,000 per Preferred Share, for an aggregate of \$29,900,000; and (ii) 199-8 9 1/3 shares of another class of equity securities entitled "Common Shares," all of which were 10 issued to SNR Management.

11 As shall be set forth below in more detail, the initial capital raised by Debtor was used to acquire the Real Property, and to pay for Debtor's pre-development activities, a substantial 12 13 portion of which was remitted directly to Global pursuant to the Infrastructure Agreement.

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Debtor's Subsequent Shareholders' Rights Offering. 2.

15 Pursuant to the Amended and Restated Private Placement Memorandum dated June 1, 2012 ("Placement Memo"), Debtor initiated a Shareholders' Rights Offering (the "Offering") of 16 17 \$5,807,500 of Series A Preferred Shares of Limited-Liability Company Interest (the "Series A <u>Preferred Shares</u>") principally: (i) for the purpose of payment of the Arbitration Award granted 18 19 to Global; (ii) to make payments to extend the date by which the conditions to the Real 20 Property's development entitlements must be satisfied; and (iii) with the balance to be used by 21 Debtor for working capital purposes and reserves.

22

The Offering was being made directly by Debtor for up to 101 Series A Preferred Shares at a price of \$57,500 per Share, or an aggregate of \$5,807,500. Through the date of the 23 24 Placement Memo, an aggregate of 9.34 Series A Preferred Shares had been issued by Debtor for 25 an aggregate of \$537,262.63 of gross proceeds of the Offering. As of the Petition Date, an aggregate of \$1,170,584.57 of gross proceeds of the Offering had been tendered subject to the 26

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⁶ For a complete list of equity security holders in Debtor, see Debtor's List of Equity Security Holders, as amended [ECF Nos. 12 & 18].

Case 12-19649-lbr Doc 243 Entered 04/05/13 18:26:19 Page 25 of 60

successful conclusion of the Offering, which Debtor had intended to maintain open until
 December 31, 2012.

3 Other than with respect to the 9.34 Series A Preferred Shares subscribed for and issued prior to the Placement Memo, Debtor could not accept subscriptions for Series A Preferred 4 5 Shares until it had sufficient available proceeds from the Offering, together with all other sources of capital, to fully pay the Arbitration Award (the "Disbursement Condition"). At that time, 6 Debtor had the right to, at any time and from time to time, accept subscriptions for Series A 7 8 Preferred Shares, on one or more occasions, and need not thereafter receive subscriptions for all 9 of the Preferred Shares offered thereby. Until the Disbursement Condition had been satisfied, 10 subscription funds for Series A Preferred Shares (other than in respect of the already issued 11 Series A Preferred Shares) were held in trust segregated into a separate account. Such funds 12 remain in trust by Debtor.

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3. <u>The Extension of the Offering.</u>

As set forth herein, the terms of Debtor's Plan contemplate payment in full of all Claims 14 15 against the Estate over a period of time from the revenue generated by the farming leases on the 16 Real Property, as discussed more fully herein, combined with a potential sale of a portion of the 17 Real Property, along with capital raised through the Offering. Debtor has determined it most appropriate, in advance of any confirmation proceedings, to issue an extension of the date of the 18 19 Offering to accelerate its effort to raise additional capital, and in connection therewith, Debtor 20 has drafted the proposed Extension of Offering of Securities (the "Extension"), which extends 21 the Offering's previous expiration of December 31, 2012 to December 31, 2013. In connection 22 therewith, Debtor has filed a motion seeking an order of this Court that authorizes the form of 23 solicitation of the Offering and its Extension, which motion is scheduled for hearing on April 3, 2013. See ECF No. 224. 24

Among other disclosures related to Debtor's status as a debtor-in-possession, as well as the status of this Chapter 11 Case, and the purpose for the Extension of the Offering, the Extension also expressly states that the Offering may only be consummated through and as a part of Debtor's duly confirmed Plan. Pursuant to the terms of the Offering, the subscription funds 103788-002/1822088_4.doc

tendered to Debtor, as a result of the Extension, shall be held in trust segregated into a separate 1 2 account subject to terms and conditions of the Offering and the Extension.

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4. Effect of the Offering on Existing Equity.

Pursuant to the Offering, the currently outstanding Preferred Shares will be reclassified 4 5 and title "Series B Preferred Shares" and Debtor will issue up to an additional 101 share of a new series of preferred equity securities of Debtor to be titled "Series B Preferred Shares" in respect 6 of capital contributions of \$57,500 per Series A Preferred Share, for an aggregate of \$5,807,500. 7 Giving effect to the issuance of all of the Series B Preferred Shares offered under the Offering, 8 9 Debtor will have outstanding an aggregate of up to 666-2/3 Shares, 101 of which will be the 10 Series A Preferred Shares, 299 of which are the previously-outstanding Series B Preferred Shares, which were simply titled Preferred Shares prior to the Offering, and 266-2/3 of which 11 will be Common Shares. Pursuant to the terms of the Offering, to the extent that distributions 12 13 were to be available, holders of Series A Preferred Shares generally shall be entitled on a priority basis to receive distributions ahead of those holders of Series B Preferred Shares. 14

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B. **Debtor's Acquisition of the Real Property.**

Debtor closed escrow on the purchase of the Real Property during the first quarter of 16 2005 for approximately \$21,717,000. Currently, the Real Property has an appraised value of 17 \$20,950,000 as of February 7, 2013.⁷ Since the time of its acquisition of the Real Property, 18 19 Debtor has invested approximately \$9,000,000 in additional funds in the Real Property, which 20 monies were required for Debtor to proceed with its pre-development activities, including, but 21 not limited to, approximately \$6,000,000 to Global to provide the water and sewer utility that eventually will serve the Real Property and additional funds for procurement of the entitlements 22 23 related to the Real Property.

24

Pursuant to Debtor's strategic plan to add value to the Real Property for its eventual sale 25 and/or development by a third-party developer, Debtor has secured approval of two separate Development Master Plans (jointly, the Property's "<u>DMP</u>") on the Property: (1) Silver Springs 26

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⁷ Peter J. Martori of Martori & Company, LLC, Debtor's retained appraiser has provided Debtor with an appraisal, which estimates the value of the Real Property as of February 7, 2013 at \$20,950,000.

Case 12-19649-lbr Doc 243 Entered 04/05/13 18:26:19 Page 27 of 60

1	Ranch, which is planned to be a 2,203-acre mixed active adult and conventional single family
2	residence golf course community, with 3.0 dwelling units approved per acre and approximately
2	115.5 acres to be used for commercial purpose, and (2) Silver Water Ranch, which is planned to
4	be a 528.5-acre single family residence community with 3.1 dwelling units approved per acre
5	and approximately 47.9 acres to be used for commercial purposes.
6	As a condition precedent to the DMP approval process, Maricopa County required that
7	Debtor complete and have approved an integrated sewer and water plan for the Real Property
8	(known as a "MAG 208 Plan"). To satisfy this county condition and development process
9	necessity, Debtor entered into the Infrastructure Agreement with Global, which provided for the
10	development and facilitation of the MAG 208 Plan to assure that all portions of the Real Property
11	had sufficient access to sewer and water utility services.
12	Specifically, pursuant to the terms of the Infrastructure Agreement, a copy of which is
13	attached hereto as Exhibit "2," Global agreed to perform the following tasks:
14	Coordinator ^[8] shall facilitate, arrange and/or coordinate with WUGT ^[9] and HUC ¹⁰
15	to provide Utility Services to Landowner, \ldots [.] In return for the payments by Landowner[¹¹] herein, and subject to the terms herein, Coordinator, through WUGT
16	and HUC, shall construct any and all water, reclaimed water, and wastewater treatment plant, delivery facilities and lines required by the development plan
17	Coordinator shall achieve substantial completion of the WTP and $WRF[^{12}]$ within 18 months of the issuance of the Start Work Notice (" <u>SWN</u> ") described in subsection 4.1
18	below including any and all Off-Site Facilities. ^[13] Coordinator shall and hereby does financially guarantee to Landowner that WUGT and HUC shall have sufficient
19	financial resources to construct the appropriate water, reclaimed water, and
20	⁸ The term Coordinator, as used in the Infrastructure Agreement, refers to Global.
21	⁹ As defined in the Infrastructure Agreement, WUGT refers to Water Utility of Greater Tonopah. Pursuant Paragraph B of the Recitals of the Infrastructure Agreement, Global represented that it was "in the process of
22	acquiring West Maricopa Combine, Inc. " <u>WMC</u> " the holding company for five regulated water utilities including [WUGT]." <u>See</u> Infrastructure Agreement, Ex. 4 at p. 1.
23	¹⁰ As defined in the Infrastructure Agreement, HUC refers to Hassayampa Utility Company, Inc., a wastewater utility formed by Global to serve Debtor's Property and other properties in the area. See id. at p. 2.
24	¹¹ The terms Landowner, as used in the Infrastructure Agreement, refers to Debtor and its successors or assigns. <u>See</u>
25	<u>id.</u> at p. 1.
26	¹² As defined in the Infrastructure Agreement, WTP and WRF refer, respectively, to the Water Treatment Plant and Water Reclamation Facility. <u>See id.</u> at p. 5.
27 28	¹³ As defined in the Infrastructure Agreement, the term Off-Site Facilities refer to any and all water, wastewater, and reclaimed water plant, production, treatment, storage, pumping, and delivery facilities constructed on Coordinator's, WUGT's, and HUC's properties. <u>See id.</u> at p. 3.
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	Case 12-19649-lbr Doc 243 Entered 04/05/13 18:26:19 Page 28 of 60
1	wastewater facilities to provide water, reclaimed water and wastewater services to
2	the Land for approximately $8,622 \text{ EDUs}[^{14}]$.
3	See Infrastructure Agreement § 1, Ex. 4.
4	In exchange for the provision of the services contemplated under the Infrastructure
5	Agreement, Global is entitled to receive the following consideration:
6	Landowner, or its assigns in title and/or successors in title, shall pay Coordinator as an acquisition, interest and financing fee as full and final compensation to the
7	Coordinator in consideration for its services and performance of its covenants and
8	agreements contained in this Agreement, at the times specified in this Agreement the total sum of \$5,500.00 per EDU in the developments
9	See id. With an anticipated 8,266 EDUs within Silver Springs Ranch and Silver Water Ranch,
10	Global is positioned to earn approximately \$47,421,000 in fees under the Infrastructure
11	Agreement for the construction of off-site water and wastewater facilities to serve Silver Springs
12	Ranch and Silver Water Ranch.
13	The terms of the Infrastructure Agreement contemplate that Global will receive partial
14	payments of the foregoing total amount over a course of years based on the fulfillment of certain
15	conditions precedent. See id. § 4.1. Consequently, as of the Petition Date, Debtor had tendered
16	to Global an estimated \$5,819,850. The remaining amount, exclusive of the principal amount set
17	forth in the Arbitration Award, shall be earned by Global over a period of potentially decades
18	upon the fulfillment of further conditions precedent by the ultimate builders/developers of the
19	Real Property, who will assume the obligations of Debtor under the Infrastructure Agreement
20	upon a sale of the Real Property. ¹⁵
21	In addition to the foregoing monetary obligations of Debtor under the Infrastructure
22	Agreement, Sections 3.5 and 3.6 of the Infrastructure Agreement further obligated Debtor to
23	deed, free and clear of all liens and encumbrances a minimum of 23 acres of land for the WRF
24	¹⁴ The terms EDU is intended to refer to Equivalent Dwelling Unit, which, in general terms, is the unit of measure
25 26	by which the charge for services is calculated and imposed upon improved property served by sewer and water utility providers.
26	¹⁵ Section 4.1 of the Infrastructure Agreement, in pertinent part, reads: "Coordinator understands that Landowner intends to sell the Land to other parties who will be the ultimate builders/developers of the Land. Coordinator
27 28	understands that the balance of the Landowner Payment [as defined therein] shall not be due until Landowner sells the Land to another party" See Infrastructure Agreement § 4.1.
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Case 12-19649-lbr Doc 243 Entered 04/05/13 18:26:19 Page 29 of 60

and the WTP. See id. §§ 3.5-3.6. In total, pursuant to the terms of the Infrastructure Agreement,
 Debtor conveyed 26 acres of land to Global.

3

C.

Debtor's Leasehold Interests.

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1. <u>The O&E Farm Lease</u>

5 Debtor and O&E Farms, an Arizona general partnership ("O&E"), entered into the Fee Simple Farm Lease dated January 1, 2012 (the "<u>O&E Farm Lease</u>") for the lease of real property 6 7 more specifically described on Exhibit A to the O&E Farm Lease, except specifically excluding any and all lands included in the sublease agreement attached as Exhibit B to the O&E Farm 8 Lease (the "O&E Leased Premises") for the purpose of grazing livestock, growing crops, and 9 10 farming and ranching activities related thereto. Pursuant to the O&E Farm Lease, O&E shall make gross lease payments, before payment of consulting and brokerage fees or expenses of the 11 Property, of \$449,680 in 2012 and \$205,744 per annum for each of 2013 through and including 12 2017. 13

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2. Option to Acquire Rights in Arizona Land Leases

15 Diamond A Products, Inc., an Arizona corporation ("Optionor"), as the successor by 16 merger to Colorado River Farms, Inc., an Arizona corporation, through that certain Purchase and 17 Sale Agreement dated April 7, 2003, as amended by First Amendment dated May 5, 2003 and Second Amendment to Agreement dated December 16, 2003 (collectively, the "CRF Purchase 18 19 Agreement"), granted Debtor's predecessor, Phoenix I-10, LLC, a Missouri limited liability 20 company ("Phoenix I-10"), the option to purchase (the "Option") all of Optionor's right, title and 21 interest in and to State of Arizona Agricultural Lease Nos. 01-490-00 and 01-490-01 (the "Arizona Land Leases"), which provide a leasehold interest in approximately 900 acres of land 22 23 (the "Adjacent State Leasehold Property") owned by the State of Arizona and located adjacent to part of the unleased portion of the Real Property. 24

Pursuant to that certain Purchase and Sale Agreement dated May 27, 2004 between
Phoenix I-10 and Debtor, as amended from time to time (as amended, the "<u>SNR Purchase</u>
<u>Agreement</u>"), as well as that certain Assignment of Option in State Lease dated January 7, 2005
between Phoenix I-10 and Debtor (the "<u>Option Assignment</u>"), and the Assignment of <u>24</u>

Case 12-19649-lbr Doc 243 Entered 04/05/13 18:26:19 Page 30 of 60

Memorandum of Option to Acquire Rights in State Land Agricultural Lease between Phoenix I-10 and Debtor, recorded January 2, 2004 at Document Number 04-0002346 in the Official Records for Maricopa County, Arizona (the "<u>Assignment of Memorandum of Option</u>"), Debtor acquired Phoenix I-10's right, title and interest in the Option. Prior to the Petition Date, Debtor had initiated the process of exercising the Option to acquire its right, title and interest in the Arizona Land Leases, and currently awaits confirmation of the transaction.

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3. <u>Sierra Negra Farms Leases</u>

Having commenced the process to acquire the rights in the Arizona Land Leases, Debtor 8 entered into that certain Lease Agreement dated July 1, 2012 ("Sierra Negra Lease") with Sierra 9 Negra Farms, an Arizona general partnership("Sierra Negra Farms"), and that certain Sublease 10 Agreement dated January 1, 2013 (the "Sierra Negra Sublease," and collectively with the O&E 11 12 Farm Lease and the Sierra Negra Lease, the "Farm Leases") also with Sierra Negra Farms, thereby, subject to the successful acquisition of the rights in the Arizona Land Leases, leasing 13 approximately 253 acres of its unleased Real Property, together with the Adjacent State 14 15 Leasehold Property, in connection with which: (i) during the initial five-year term, Sierra Negra Farms will pay for the costs of the demised land, including all underlying rent due to the State of 16 Arizona in respect of the Adjacent State Leasehold Property; and (ii) during the following five-17 year term, Debtor shall receive rent for the demised land giving rise to approximately \$132,000 18 19 per annum of net revenues to Debtor, after payment of all expenses (including payment of rent to 20 the State of Arizona and of all consulting fees and commissions relating to this transaction).

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D. <u>The Arbitration Award and Events Leading to the Commencement of the Chapter</u> <u>11 Case.</u>

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Disputes between Global and Debtor with respect to the Infrastructure Agreement required the parties to engage in arbitration proceedings (the "<u>Arbitration Proceedings</u>"), wherein Debtor alleged several breaches of the Infrastructure Agreement by Global, and Global sought payment by Debtor of certain sums required to be paid under the Infrastructure Agreement.

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the Arbitration Award dated April 20, 2012 certain sums required to be paid under the

At the conclusion of the Arbitration Proceedings, Debtor was ordered to pay pursuant to

Case 12-19649-lbr Doc 243 Entered 04/05/13 18:26:19 Page 31 of 60

Infrastructure Agreement and attorneys' fees and costs incurred in connection with the 2 Arbitration Proceedings, with interest thereon at the rate of 15% per annum, which sum was approximately \$4,619,784.48 as of the Petition Date.

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Additionally, pursuant to the Arbitration Award, Global was found to have breached the Infrastructure Agreement in violating the Most Favored Nations Clause. Thus, in addition to an award of credit in the amount of \$460,000, in respect of the 26-acre parcel of land deeded from Debtor to Global, Debtor also possesses a claim for damages against Global for the competitive disadvantage SNR has suffered as a result of Global's unfair and inequitable business dealings.

9 Specifically, the Arbitration Award states that "[a]ny claims of SNR . . . for prospective 10 competitive disadvantage in the future arising from the breach, or for inequitable pricing are not yet 'ripe' for consideration and such claims can be made, if and when, SNR . . . do[es] suffer 11 12 competitive disadvantage due to 339th Ave. having more favorable timing or proven damages on the EDU pricing." Based on calculations which account for the disadvantage experienced by 13 Debtor, Debtor estimates that its damages that result from Global's violation of the Most 14 15 Favored Nation Clause *exceed* \$7,000,000.

On or about June 25, 2012, the Superior Court of Arizona in and for Maricopa County 16 (the "AZ Superior Court") entered its Order Confirming Arbitration Award and Judgment 17 Against Respondent Sierra Negra Ranch, LLC (the "Judgment"), thereby confirming the 18 19 Arbitration Award and entering judgment against Debtor in the amount set forth in the 20 Arbitration Award, as noted above. Subsequently, the Judgment was recorded on July 11, 2012 21 by the County Recorder of Maricopa County, as book entry 2012-0606668 and now exists as a lien (the "Lien") on the Property. Further, on or about July 18, 2012, the AZ Superior Court 22 23 entered its Writ of General Execution (the "Writ of Execution"), thereby commanding the Maricopa County Sheriff to seize and sell the Property to satisfy the Judgment. Accordingly, on 24 25 or about July 26, 2012, the Maricopa County Sheriff issued its Notice of Sale of Real Estate on *Execution* (the "Sale Notice"), thereby noticing Debtor of the sale of the Property scheduled for 26 August 23, 2012 (the "Property Sale"). 27

E. <u>ACC Filings Call into Question the Validity and Enforceability of the Infrastructure</u> <u>Agreement.¹⁰</u>

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1. The ACC's Generic Investigation into Global Activities.

As set forth at length in *Debtor's Pre-Confirmation Brief* [ECF No. 231] (the "<u>Debtor's</u> <u>Pre-Confirmation Brief</u>") filed on March 5, 2013, based on the unresolved issued presented in the generic investigation into Global Activities by the Staff of the Utilities Division of the Arizona Corporation Commission (the "<u>ACC</u>"),¹⁷ which opened an investigatory docket entitled *In the Matter of the Commission's Generic Evaluation of the Regulatory Impacts from the Use of Non-Traditional Financing Arrangements by Water Utilities and their Affiliates* as Docket W-00000C-06-0149 (the "<u>Generic Docket</u>"), Debtor has reasonable cause for concern as to the validity and enforceability of the Infrastructure Agreement and both the obligation and authorization of Global to perform thereunder as well as its financial wherewithal and stability. Participants in the Generic Docket have filed written comments and attended workshops

organized and conducted by ACC Utilities Division Staff. Yet, to date there has been no action
 by the ACC in the Generic Docket to address the critical questions regarding the general validity
 and enforceability of Infrastructure, Coordination, Finance, and Option Agreements (generally,
 the "ICFAs"). See generally ACC Docket W-00000C-06-0149.

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AWC Alleges that GWR's ICFAs Violate Arizona Law.

As also set forth in the Debtor's Pre-Confirmation Brief, on March 29, 2006, Arizona
 Water Company ("<u>AWC</u>")¹⁸ filed a formal complaint (the "<u>AWC Complaint</u>"),¹⁹ against Global
 ¹⁶ The information provided herein regarding the ACC filings, which call in question the validity and enforceability

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The information provided herein regarding the ACC filings, which call in question the validity and enforceability of the Infrastructure Agreement has been summarized. More detailed information may be located in Debtor's Pre Confirmation Brief (as defined herein).

 ¹⁷ The Arizona Corporation Commission is a constitutionally created agency with authority to promulgate orders, rules, and regulations regarding the methodology of establishing the bates charged by public service corporations pursuant to Article XV of the Arizona Constitution and A.R.S. Title 40.

 ¹⁸ AWC is an Arizona public service corporation engaged in providing water service to customers in eight counties in Arizona. According to AWC's Annual Report for the year ending December 31, 2011, AWC provides water utility service to over 84,700 customers in Arizona through 22 water systems. Based on information and belief, AWC has a good reputation as a water provider in Arizona and the company has been providing potable water service to customers in Arizona for more than 50 years.

 ¹⁹ ACC Docket Nos. W-01445A-06-0200; SW-20445A-06-0200; W-20446A-06-0200; SW-03576A-06-0200; and SW-03575A-06-0200 (consolidated).

Water Resources, LLC ("<u>GWR LLC</u>"), GWR Inc., Global Water Management, LLC ("<u>GWM</u>"),
 and various water and wastewater affiliates of Global, alleging violations of Arizona law arising
 out of conduct and obligations required under ICFAs.

Though certain of the parties' disputes were resolved through the course of the proceedings, the merits of any of the serious allegations raised in the AWC Complaint were not addressed. Thus, to date, the ACC has issued no decision which evaluates or adjudicates the validity or the enforceability of the ICFAs.

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3. <u>New World Properties, Inc. Petitions the ACC for Declaratory Relief.</u>

As further set forth in Debtor's Pre-Confirmation Brief, on March 1, 2013, New World 9 10 Properties, Inc. ("NWP), on behalf of Trust No. 8559, filed with the ACC the Petition for 11 Declaratory Relief (the "<u>NWP Petition</u>"), thereby requesting that the ACC issue a declaratory 12 order addressing the legality of the certain conduct and actions required under the Infrastructure 13 Coordination, Finance and Option Agreement dated July 11, 2006 (the "Trust 8559 ICFA") between First American Title Insurance Company, a California corporation as trustee under 14 15 Trust No. 8559 ("Trust 8559") and GWR Inc., as successor in interest to GWR LLC and GWR Inc.'s wholly-owned affiliates Water Utility of Greater Tonopah, Inc. ("WUGT") and 16 Hassayampa Utility Company, Inc. ("HUC"). 17

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4. <u>City of Maricopa Files Request for Leave to Intervene.</u>

Since the filing of the NWP Petition, on March 29, 2013, the City of Maricopa, Arizona 19 20 filed its Application for Leave to Intervene ("Maricopa Intervention") in the proceeding 21 commenced by NWP by way of the NWP Petition. As set forth in the Maricopa Intervention, a copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit "3,"** the City of Maricopa seeks to intervene on the 22 23 basis that "the interests of the City of Maricopa and its residents could be directly and substantially impacted by [an ACC] declaratory order addressing and answering the questions set 24 25 forth in the [NWP] Petition." See Ex. 3, at p. 5. The City of Maricopa points to the fact that "[q]uestions of a similar nature were raised several years ago for the [ACC]'s consideration in a 26 27 Complaint filed by [AWC] . . . [but] the [ACC] did not substantively address any of AWC's 28 allegations at that time, nor resolve any of the issues raised thereby." See id. Thus, the City of 28

Case 12-19649-lbr Doc 243 Entered 04/05/13 18:26:19 Page 34 of 60

Maricopa "believes [an intervention necessary as] there is no other person or entity who can
 adequately or more appropriately represent the interests of the City of Maricopa and its residents
 than the City of Maricopa itself." <u>See id.</u>, at p. 6.

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5. <u>Debtor's Files Request for Leave to Intervene.</u>

5 As a result of the uncertainty related to the validity and enforceability of ICFAs 6 generally, upon learning of the Maricopa Intervention following the NWP Petition, Debtor also 7 filed its *Application for Leave to Intervene* ("<u>SNR Intervention</u>"), a copy of which is attached 8 hereto as **Exhibit "4,"** in the NWP proceeding. Similar to the basis set forth in the Maricopa 9 Intervention, Debtor has intervened on the basis that its interests could be dramatically affected 10 by an ACC declaratory order that determines ICFAs to be invalid and unenforceable.

11 Foremost, as set forth in the Infrastructure Agreement, to the extent that a decision by the 12 ACC "materially alters the substances of the transaction" between SNR and Global, and thereby 13 precludes Global from fulfilling its obligations or materially increases the costs to SNR under this Agreement, the Infrastructure Agreement may be voided. See Infrastructure Agreement, at 14 15 pp. 15-16. As a result, pursuant to the terms and conditions therein, not only would Global be 16 required to refund payments made under the Infrastructure Agreement, Debtor would no longer 17 be liable to Global for the amounts set forth in the Arbitration Award. Moreover, Debtor would be required to identify and contract with an alternate service provider as Global would not be 18 19 allowed to proceed under the Infrastructure Agreement.

Additionally, to the extent that the Infrastructure Agreement is voided or amended as a result of an ACC determination, Global will be required at the request of SNR to "record any and all release documents related to this Agreement and any lien related to this Agreement with the Country Recorder . . . and [Global] shall waive any and all other claims against the Land or [SNR] . . ." <u>See id.</u> at p. 16. As such, Global would be required to release the Lien against the Real Property.

26 Thus, as Debtor believes itself to be in the best position to represent its interests, Debtor27 filed the SNR Intervention to protect the same.

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Case 12-19649-lbr Doc 243 Entered 04/05/13 18:26:19 Page 35 of 60

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F.

Significant Events During the Chapter 11 Case.

On August 21, 2012, Debtor filed its Chapter 11 Case. On September 4, 2012, Debtor filed its *Schedules and Statement of Financial Affairs* [ECF No. 12].²⁰

On September 13, 2012, Debtor filed its *Application for Order Authorizing Employment of Gordon Silver as Attorneys for Debtor* [ECF No. 19] ("<u>GS Employment Application</u>"),²¹
which application was granted by entry of the order on October 23, 2012 [ECF No. 69].

7 Also on September 13, 2012, Debtor filed its Application for Order Authorizing Debtor to Pay Management Fee [ECF No. 22] (the "Management Fees Motion"). On October 3, 2012, 8 Global Water Resources, Inc. ("Global") filed its Objection to Debtor's Motion for Order 9 10 Authorizing Debtor to Pay Management Fee [ECF No. 35] (the "Management Fees Objection"). Subsequently, Debtor filed its Reply to Objection to Debtor's Motion for Order Authorizing 11 Debtor to Pay Management Fee [ECF No. 50] (the "Management Fees Reply"). 12 Notwithstanding the Management Fees Objection, this Court granted the Management Fees 13 Motion by entry of the Order Re: Motion for Order Authorizing Debtor to Pay Management Fee 14 15 [ECF No. 67] (the "Management Fees Order").

Since the Petition Date, Debtor has identified a number of other professionals whose
employment is necessary for the administration of this Chapter 11 Case. Accordingly, Debtor
has filed the following applications for the employment of professionals:

- 19a. Application to Employ Fair Anderson & Langerman as Accountants for Debtor20Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 327(a) and 328(a) [ECF No. 38] (the "FAL21Employment Application"), which was approved in open court on November 7,222012;
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b. Application to Employ Withey Morris PLC as Special Real Estate, Zoning, and Land Use Counsel for Debtor Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 327 (e) and 328(a) [ECF

 ²⁰ On September 11, 2012, Debtor filed its *Amended List of Equity Holders* [ECF No. 18]. Additionally, on September 20, 2012, Debtor filed its *Amended Schedule F* [ECF No. 27]. In addition, on October 4, 2012, Debtor filed its further *Amended Schedule F* [ECF No. 36].

 ^{27 &}lt;sup>21</sup> On September 24, 2012, Debtor filed its *Errata to Application for Order Approving Employment of Gordon Silver* as Attorneys for Debtor [ECF No. 30] (the "<u>GS Employment Errata</u>") and the Supplemental Declaration of Gerald
 28 *M. Gordon* in support of the GS Employment Application [ECF No. 31].

	Case 12-19649-lbr Doc 243 Entered 04/05/13 18:26:19 Page 36 of 60
1	No. 40] (the "Withey Morris Employment Application"), which was approved in
2	open court on November 7, 2012;
3	c. Application for Order Approving the Retention of Kenneth B. Funsten of FamCo
4	Advisory Services as Debtor's Interest Rate and Feasibility Expert [ECF No. 79
5	("Funsten Employment Application"), which was approved in open court on
6	November 7, 2012; ²²
7	d. Application to Employ Sklar Williams PLLC as Special Securities Counsel [ECF
8	No. 53] (the "Sklar Williams Employment Application"); and
9	e. Motion for Order Authorizing Debtor to Employ and Compensate Certain
10	Professionals in the Ordinary Course of Business [ECF No. 55] (the "Ordinary
11	Course Professionals Motion"). The Ordinary Course Professionals Motion and
12	the Sklar Williams Employment Application are scheduled for hearing on
13	November 19, 2012.
14	On October 9, 2012, Global filed its Motion to Dismiss Bankruptcy Case [ECF No. 45]
15	(the " <u>Motion to Dismiss</u> ").
16	Additionally, on November 15, 2012, Debtor filed its Motion to Assume Option to
17	Purchase Leasehold Interests in Arizona Land Leases and Authority to Use Property of the
18	Estate Outside the Ordinary Course of Business [ECF No. 89] ("Option Assumption Motion"),
19	thereby seeking authority to assume the Option and, in turn, permit Debtor to purchase the
20	leasehold interests in the Arizona Land Leases, which motion was granted by entry of this
21	Court's order on December 26, 2012 [ECF No. 137].
22	On December 21, 2012, Global filed the Motion to Set a Date by Which the Debtor Must
23	Either Reject, or Assume and Cure its Executory Contract with Global Water Resources, Inc.
24	[ECF No. 134] (the "Motion to Compel Assumption").
25	On November 19, Debtor filed its Debtor's Plan of Reorganization [ECF No] and
26	Disclosure Statement to Accompany Debtor's Plan of Reorganization [ECF No. 100] (the "Initial
27	²² Debtor anticipates the imminent entry of the orders approving the FAL Employment Application, the Withey Morris Employment Application, and the Funsten Employment Application.
28	Morris Employment Application, and the Funsten Employment Application.

Case 12-19649-lbr Doc 243 Entered 04/05/13 18:26:19 Page 37 of 60

Disclosure Statement"), and in connection therewith, Debtor filed its Motion for Order 1 2 Approving the (I) Adequacy of Disclosure Statement to Accompany Debtor's Plan of 3 Reorganization, (II) Form, Scope, and Nature of Solicitation, Balloting, Tabulation, and Notices with Respect to the Plan of Reorganization and (III) Related Confirmation Procedures, 4 5 Deadlines and Notices [ECF No. 105] (the "Disclosure Statement Motion") on November 20, 2012. The initial hearing on the Disclosure Statement Motion occurred on February 8, 2013, at 6 7 which time, this Court also heard the Motion to Compel Assumption and the Motion to Dismiss for the first time. 8

9 Based on the determination of the Court at the time of the hearing on February 8, 2013, 10 the hearings of the Disclosure Statement Motion, the Motion to Compel Assumption and the Motion to Dismiss have all been continued to April 9, 2013. 11

12 Finally, since the filing of its Petition, Debtor: (1) is current on all of its post-petition operating expenses and taxation obligations; (2) has fulfilled its reporting duties by filings its 13 Monthly Operating Reports for the period of August 2012 through February 2013; and (3) is in 14 15 compliance with all of its reporting requirements under the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rules. See ECF Nos. 28, 66, 104, 125-28, 181, 219 & 240. 16

VI. ADDITIONAL PLAN PROVISIONS

18 In addition to the terms of the Plan described in Section IV above, the Plan contains the 19 following provisions. The description contained herein is qualified in its entirety by reference to 20 the remainder of this Disclosure Statement and the Plan itself.

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Means for Implementation of the Plan.

22 23 A.

1. **Revesting of assets.**

On and after the Effective Date, all of Debtor's assets shall vest in Reorganized Debtor 24 and Reorganized Debtor shall continue to exist as a separate entity in accordance with applicable law. Debtor's existing articles of organization, by-laws, and operating agreements (as amended, 26 supplemented, or modified) will continue in effect for Reorganized Debtor following the Effective Date, except to the extent that such documents are amended in conformance with the

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Case 12-19649-lbr Doc 243 Entered 04/05/13 18:26:19 Page 38 of 60

Plan or by proper corporate action after the Effective Date. As permitted by Section 1 2 1123(a)(5)(B), on the Effective Date, all of Debtor's Assets, including the Litigation Claims and right, title, and interest being assumed by Reorganized Debtor in the assumed Executory 3 Contracts shall vest in Reorganized Debtor. Thereafter, Reorganized Debtor may operate its 4 5 business and may use, acquire, and dispose of such property free and clear of any restrictions of the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules, and the Bankruptcy Court. Except as specifically 6 provided in the Plan or the Confirmation Order, as of the Effective Date, all property of 7 Reorganized Debtor shall be free and clear of all Claims and Interests. 8

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2. <u>Obligations Due Under the Plan.</u>

In order to satisfy the monetary obligations due under this Plan together with operational
 and working capital needs of the Reorganized Debtor, Reorganized Debtor shall use Sale
 Proceeds, proceeds from leases of the Real Property and the proceeds of the Offering. The
 Reorganized Debtor shall conclude the Offering not later than December 31, 2013 for the
 purpose of funding the Distributions contemplated to the Creditors herein and operational and
 working capital needs of the Reorganized Debtor.

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3. <u>Articles of organization, by-laws, operating agreement.</u>

The articles of organization, by-laws, and/or operating agreement, as applicable, of Debtor shall be amended as necessary to satisfy the provisions of the Plan and the Bankruptcy Code and shall include, among other things, pursuant to Section 1123(a)(6), a provision prohibiting the issuance of non-voting equity securities, but only to the extent required by Section 1123(a)(6).

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4. <u>Effectuation of transactions.</u>

On and after the Effective Date, the appropriate managers or members of Debtor are authorized to issue, execute, deliver, and consummate the transactions contemplated by or described in the Plan in the name of and on behalf of Debtor or Reorganized Debtor, as the case may be, without further notice to or order of the Bankruptcy Court, act or action under applicable law, regulation, order, rule, or any requirements of further action, vote, or other approval or authorization by any Person.

Case 12-19649-lbr Doc 243 Entered 04/05/13 18:26:19 Page 39 of 60

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5. <u>Notice of effectiveness.</u>

When all of the steps for effectiveness have been completed, Reorganized Debtor shall file with the Bankruptcy Court and serve upon all Creditors and all potential Holders of Administrative Claims known to Reorganized Debtor (whether or not disputed), a notice of the Effective Date of the Plan. The notice of the Effective Date of the Plan shall include notice of the Administrative Claim Bar Date.

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6. <u>No governance action required.</u>

As of the Effective Date: (i) the adoption, execution, delivery, and implementation or assignment of all contracts, leases, instruments, releases, and other agreements related to or contemplated by the Plan; and (ii) the other matters provided for under or in furtherance of the Plan involving corporate action to be taken by or required of Debtor shall be deemed to have occurred and be effective as provided herein, and shall be authorized and approved in all respects without further order of the Bankruptcy Court or any requirement of further action by the members or managers of Debtor.

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7. <u>Filing with the Nevada Secretary of State.</u>

To the extent applicable, in accordance with NRS 78.622, on or as soon as practical after
the Effective Date, a certified copy of the Plan and the Confirmation Order shall be filed with the
Nevada Secretary. Again, to the extent applicable, Debtor, from the Confirmation Date until the
Effective Date, is authorized and directed to take any action or carry out any proceeding
necessary to effectuate the Plan pursuant to NRS 78.622.

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8. <u>Proposed post-Effective Date management of Reorganized Debtor.</u>

From and after the Effective Date, Reorganized Debtor will continue to be managed by 22 23 Debtor's pre-petition manager, SNR Management, which management may subsequently be 24 modified to the extent provided by Reorganized Debtor's articles of organization, by-laws, and 25 operating agreement (as amended, supplemented, or modified). On and after the Effective Date, the appropriate managers or members of Reorganized Debtor are authorized to issue, execute, 26 27 deliver, and consummate the transactions contemplated by or described in the Plan in the name 28 of and on behalf of Reorganized Debtor without further notice to or order of the Bankruptcy 34 103788-002/1822088_4.doc

Court, act or action under applicable law, regulation, order, rule, or any requirements of further
 action, vote, or other approval or authorization by any Person.

The continuation of management post-confirmation is consistent with the interests of Creditors, Holders of Equity Securities, and public policy pursuant to Section 1129(a)(5) because the principals of SNR Management are intimately knowledgeable about Debtor's Real Property, and the Arizona real estate market and thus, are uniquely qualified to effectuate Debtor's Plan and thereby maximize the value for all Creditors of the Estate.

8 9 **B**.

1. <u>Executory contracts.</u>

Executory Contracts And Unexpired Leases.

10 Except for Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases specifically addressed in the Plan or set forth on the schedule of rejected Executed Contracts and Unexpired Leases attached as 11 12 Schedule 6.1 to the Plan (which may be supplemented and amended up to the date that the 13 Bankruptcy Court enters the Confirmation Order), all Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases that exist on the Confirmation Date shall be deemed assumed by Debtor on the Effective Date. 14 15 Debtor, up to the Effective Date, may modify the schedule of rejected executory contracts, with 16 notice to the non-debtor party to the contract affected by such modification. All executory 17 contracts and unexpired leases not identified on Schedule 6.1 shall be deemed assumed on the Effective Date. On the Effective Date, all pre-Effective Date defaults under the Infrastructure 18 19 Agreement shall be deemed to have been cured and on the Effective Date.

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2. <u>Approval of assumption or rejection.</u>

21 Entry of the Confirmation Order shall constitute as of the Effective Date: (i) approval, pursuant to Section 365(a), of the assumption by Reorganized Debtor of each Executory Contract 22 23 and Unexpired Lease to which Debtor is a party that is not listed on Schedule 6.1, not otherwise 24 provided for in the Plan, and neither assigned, assumed and assigned, nor rejected by separate 25 order of the Bankruptcy Court prior to the Effective Date; and (ii) rejection by Debtor of each Executory Contract and Unexpired Lease to which Debtor is a party that is listed on Schedule 26 Upon the Effective Date, each counter party to an assumed Executory Contract or 27 6.1. 28 Unexpired Lease listed shall be deemed to have consented to an assumption contemplated by 35 103788-002/1822088_4.doc

Case 12-19649-lbr Doc 243 Entered 04/05/13 18:26:19 Page 41 of 60

Section 365(c)(1)(B), to the extent such consent is necessary for such assumption. To the extent applicable, all Executory Contracts or Unexpired Leases of Reorganized Debtor assumed pursuant to Article 6 shall be deemed modified such that the transactions contemplated by the Plan shall not be a "change of control," regardless of how such term may be defined in the relevant Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease and any required consent under any such Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease shall be deemed satisfied by confirmation of the Plan.

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3. <u>Cure of defaults.</u>

Reorganized Debtor shall Cure any defaults respecting each Executory Contract or 8 9 Unexpired Lease assumed pursuant to Section 6.1 of the Plan upon the latest of: (i) the Effective 10 Date or as soon thereafter as practicable; (ii) such dates as may be fixed by the Bankruptcy Court or agreed upon by Debtor, and after the Effective Date, Reorganized Debtor; or (iii) the 11 12 fourteenth Business Day after the entry of a Final Order resolving any dispute regarding: (a) a Cure amount; (b) the ability of Reorganized Debtor to provide "adequate assurance of future 13 performance" under the Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease assumed pursuant to the Plan in 14 15 accordance with Section 365(b)(1); or (c) any matter pertaining to assumption, assignment, or 16 the Cure of a particular Executory Contract or an Unexpired Lease.

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4.

Objection to cure amounts.

Any party to an Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease who objects to the Cure amount 18 19 determined by Debtor to be due and owing must file and serve an objection on Debtor's counsel 20 no later than 30 days after the Effective Date. Failure to file and serve a timely objection shall be 21 deemed consent to the Cure amounts paid by Debtor in accordance with Section 6.3 of the Plan. 22 If there is a dispute regarding: (i) the amount of any Cure payment; (ii) the ability of 23 Reorganized Debtor to provide "adequate assurance of future performance" under the Executory 24 Contract or Unexpired Lease to be assumed or assigned; or (iii) any other matter pertaining to 25 assumption, the Cure payments required by Section 365(b)(1) will be made following the entry of a Final Order resolving the dispute and approving the assumption. 26

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5. <u>Confirmation order.</u>

The Confirmation Order will constitute an order of the Bankruptcy Court approving the assumptions described in this Article 6 pursuant to Section 365 as of the Effective Date. Notwithstanding the forgoing, if, as of the date the Bankruptcy Court enters the Confirmation Order, there is pending before the Bankruptcy Court a dispute concerning the cure amount or adequate assurance for any particular Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease, the assumption of such Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease shall be effective as of the date the Bankruptcy Court enters an order resolving any such dispute and authorizing assumption by Debtor.

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6. <u>Infrastructure Agreement.</u>

As provided for in Section 365(d)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code, Debtor neither intends to
assume nor reject the Infrastructure Agreement, but such Infrastructure Agreement shall be
deemed to "ride through" the Chapter 11 Case unaffected, with the Secured Global Claim being
treated pursuant to Section 4.1 of this Plan.

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7. <u>Post-Petition date contacts and leases.</u>

Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases entered into and other obligations incurred
after the Petition Date by Debtor shall be assumed by Debtor on the Effective Date. Each such
Executory Contract and Unexpired Lease shall be performed by Debtor or Reorganized Debtor,
as applicable, in the ordinary course of its business.

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8. <u>Bar date.</u>

All proofs of Claims with respect to Claims arising from the rejection of any executory
contract or unexpired lease shall be filed no later than 30 days after the Effective Date. Any
Claim not filed within such time shall be forever barred.

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C. <u>Manner Of Distribution Of Property Under The Plan.</u>

Reorganized Debtor shall be responsible for making the Distributions described in the
Plan. Except as otherwise provided in the Plan or the Confirmation Order, the Cash necessary
for Reorganized Debtor to make payments pursuant to the Plan may be obtained from existing
Cash balances and Debtor's operations.

Case 12-19649-lbr Doc 243 Entered 04/05/13 18:26:19 Page 43 of 60

1	Reorganized Debtor shall maintain a record of the names and addresses of all Holders of
2	Allowed General Unsecured Claims as of the Effective Date and all Holders as of the Record
3	Date of Equity Securities of Debtor for purposes of mailing Distributions to them. Reorganized
4	Debtor may rely on the name and address set forth in Debtor's Schedules and/or proofs of Claim
5	and the ledger and records regarding Holders of Equity Securities as of the Record Date as being
6	true and correct unless and until notified in writing.
7	D. <u>Conditions To Confirmation Of The Plan.</u>
8	1. <u>Conditions to confirmation.</u>
9	The Confirmation Order shall have been entered and be in form and substance reasonably
10	acceptable to Debtor.
11	2. <u>Conditions to effectiveness.</u>
12	The following are conditions precedent to occurrence of the Effective Date:
13	(1) The Confirmation Order shall be a Final Order, except that Debtor reserves the
14	right to cause the Effective Date to occur notwithstanding the pendency of an appeal of the
15	Confirmation Order, under circumstances that would moot such appeal;
16	(2) No request for revocation of the Confirmation Order under Section 1144 of the
17	Bankruptcy Code shall have been made, or, if made, shall remain pending, including any appeal;
18	and
19	(3) All documents necessary to implement the transactions contemplated by the Plan
20	shall be in form and substance reasonably acceptable to Debtor.
21	3. <u>Waiver of conditions.</u>
22	Debtor, in its sole discretion, may waive any and all of the other conditions set forth in
23	the Plan and specifically Sections 8.1 and 8.2 of the Plan without leave of or order of the
24	Bankruptcy Court and without any formal action.
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	103788-002/1822088_4.doc 38

VII. LIMITATIONS AND RISK FACTORS

In addition to risks discussed elsewhere in this Disclosure Statement, the Plan and the transactions contemplated by the Plan involve the following limitations and risks, which should be taken into consideration.

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Debtor Has No Duty to Update.

The statements in this Disclosure Statement are made by Debtor as of the date hereof, unless otherwise specified herein. The delivery of this Disclosure Statement after that date does not imply that there has been no change in the information set forth herein since that date. Debtor has no duty to update this Disclosure Statement unless ordered to do so by the Bankruptcy Court.

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Projections and Other Forward-Looking Statements Are Not Assured and Actual **Results Will Vary.**

Certain information in this Disclosure Statement is forward-looking, and contains 13 estimates and assumptions which might ultimately prove to be incorrect, and projections which 14 15 may differ materially from actual future results. Debtor believes that the projections of future performance upon which the treatments under the Plan are based are reasonable and fairly 16 17 represent the future performance of Debtor's business operations. However, there are uncertainties associated with all assumptions, projections, and estimates, and they should not be 18 19 considered assurances or guarantees of the amount of funds that will be distributed, the amount 20 of Claims in the various Classes that will be allowed, or the success or results of Reorganized 21 Debtor's business operations.

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C.

No Admissions Made.

23 Nothing contained herein shall constitute an admission of any fact or liability by Debtor 24 or any other party nor shall it be deemed evidence of the tax or other legal effects of the Plan on 25 Debtor or on Holders of Claims.

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D. No Waiver of Right to Object or Right to Recover Transfers and Estate Assets.

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Unless specifically provided in the Plan, a Creditor's vote for or against the Plan does not 28 constitute a waiver or release of any claims or rights of Debtor (or any other party in interest) to 39 103788-002/1822088_4.doc

object to that Creditor's Claim, or recover any preferential, fraudulent, or other voidable transfer
 or Estate assets, regardless of whether any claims of Debtor or its Estate are specifically or
 generally identified herein.

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E. <u>Bankruptcy Law Risks and Considerations.</u>

1. <u>Confirmation of the Plan is Not Assured.</u>

Although Debtor believes the Plan will satisfy all requirements for Confirmation, the
Bankruptcy Court might not reach that conclusion. Confirmation requires, among other things, a
finding by the Bankruptcy Court that it is not likely there will be a need for further financial
reorganization and that the value of distributions to dissenting members of impaired classes of
creditors would not be less than the value of distributions such creditors would receive if Debtor
were liquidated under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code.

Debtor believes that the future performance of the Real Property provides for the payment in full of the obligations provided for under the Plan. Although Debtor believes that the Plan will not be followed by a need for further financial reorganization and that dissenting members of Impaired Classes of Creditors will receive distributions at least as great as they would receive in a liquidation under Chapter 7, there can be no assurance that the Bankruptcy Court will conclude that these tests have been met.

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2. <u>The Projected Value of Estate Assets In the Event of Liquidation Might Not</u> <u>be Realized.</u>

In the Best Interests Analysis discussed herein, Debtor has projected the value of the Estate's assets that would be available for payment of expenses and Distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims, as set forth in the Plan in the event of liquidation of the Assets. Debtor has made certain assumptions in its Best Interests Analysis in arriving at a liquidation distribution, which should be read carefully.

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3. <u>Changes to Applicable Tax Laws Could Have a Material Adverse Effect on</u> <u>Debtor's Financial Condition.</u>

From time to time, federal, state and local legislators and other government officials have
 proposed and adopted changes in tax laws. With specific regard to federal tax laws, while
 Debtor is a tax-reporting entity for federal tax purposes, it is not possible to determine the 40

Case 12-19649-lbr Doc 243 Entered 04/05/13 18:26:19 Page 46 of 60

likelihood of changes in tax laws or in the administration of those laws. If adopted, changes to
 applicable tax laws could have a material adverse effect Debtor's business, financial condition,
 and results of operations.

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F. <u>Risks Related to Debtor's Business Operations.</u>

5 The following discussions of risks that relate to Debtor's business should be read as also
6 being applicable to the business of Reorganized Debtor on and after the Effective Date.

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1. <u>Effect of the Chapter 11 Case.</u>

8 If the Chapter 11 Case continues for a prolonged period of time, the proceedings could 9 adversely affect Debtor's business and operations. The longer the Chapter 11 Case continues, 10 the more likely it is that Debtor's tenants and agents could lose confidence in Debtor's ability to 11 successfully reorganize its business and will seek to establish alternative commercial 12 relationships. Consequently, Debtor might lose valuable tenants and/or contracts in the course of 13 the Chapter 11 Case.

So long as the Chapter 11 Case continues, Debtor's management will be required to spend a significant amount of time and effort dealing with Debtor's reorganization instead of focusing exclusively on business operations. Furthermore, so long as the Chapter 11 Case continues, Debtor will be required to incur substantial costs for professional fees and other expenses associated with the proceedings.

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2. <u>The volatility and disruption of the capital and credit markets and adverse</u> changes in the global economy have negatively affected Debtor.

Beginning in 2007 to 2008, the United States economy, as well as virtually the entire world economy, went into a severe recession. Arizona was no exception, with inordinately high foreclosure and unemployment rates. The result has been reduced real estate values and a surplus of undeveloped land, resulting in reduced land values throughout Arizona. While there have been governmental responses to these economic hardships and Arizona is beginning to recover from the recession, the extent and pace of its recovery is uncertain.

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3. <u>Changes to applicable property tax laws could have a material adverse effect</u> <u>on Debtor's financial condition.</u>

From time to time, state, and local legislators and other government officials have proposed and adopted changes in property and related tax laws, or in the administration of those laws affecting farm land and real property in the development stage. It is not possible to determine the likelihood of changes in tax laws or in the administration of those laws. If adopted, changes to applicable tax laws could have a material adverse effects on Debtor's business, financial condition, and results of operations. Any increase in taxes may impact Debtor's future profitability and sustainability.

VIII. <u>POST-EFFECTIVE DATE OPERATIONS</u>

11 A. <u>Vesting of Assets.</u>

12 Subject to the provisions of the Plan, pursuant to Section 5.1 of the Plan and as permitted 13 by Section 1123(a)(5)(B), the Assets shall be transferred to Reorganized Debtor on the Effective Date. As of the Effective Date, all such property shall be free and clear of all Liens, Claims, and 14 15 Equity Securities except as otherwise provided herein. On and after the Effective Date, Reorganized Debtor may operate its business and may use, acquire, and dispose of property and 16 17 compromise or settle any Claim without the supervision of or approval of the Bankruptcy Court and free and clear of any restrictions of the Bankruptcy Code or the Bankruptcy Rules, other than 18 19 restrictions expressly imposed by the Plan or the Confirmation Order.

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B. <u>Preservation of Avoidance Actions and Litigation Claims.</u>

In accordance with Section 1123(b)(3), and except as otherwise expressly provided in the
Plan, all Litigation Claims shall be assigned and transferred to Reorganized Debtor pursuant to
Section 5.1 of the Plan. Notwithstanding the foregoing, on and after the Effective Date, the
prosecution of the Litigation Claims lies in the sole and absolute discretion of Reorganized
Debtor.

There may also be other Litigation Claims which currently exist or may subsequently
 arise that are not set forth in this Disclosure Statement because the facts underlying such
 Litigation Claims are not currently known or sufficiently known by Debtor. The failure to list
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Case 12-19649-lbr Doc 243 Entered 04/05/13 18:26:19 Page 48 of 60

any such unknown Litigation Claim in the Disclosure Statement is not intended to limit the rights 1 2 of Debtor or Reorganized Debtor to pursue any unknown Litigation Claim to the extent the facts underlying such unknown Litigation Claim become more fully known in the future. 3 Furthermore, any potential net proceeds from Litigation Claims identified in the Disclosure 4 5 Statement or any notice filed with the Bankruptcy Court, or which may subsequently arise or otherwise be pursued, are speculative and uncertain. 6

7 Unless Litigation Claims against any individual or entity are expressly waived, relinquished, released, compromised, or settled by the Plan or any Final Order, Debtor expressly 8 9 reserves for its benefit, and the benefit of Reorganized Debtor, all Litigation Claims, including, 10 without limitation, all unknown Litigation Claims for later adjudication and therefore no preclusion doctrine (including, without limitation, the doctrines of res judicata, collateral 11 12 estoppel, issue preclusion, claim preclusion, estoppel (judicial, equitable, or otherwise), or laches) shall apply to such Litigation Claims after the confirmation or consummation of the Plan. 13 In addition, Debtor expressly reserves for its benefit, and the benefit of Reorganized Debtor, the 14 15 right to pursue or adopt any claims alleged in any lawsuit in which Debtor is a defendant or an interested party, against any individual or entity, including plaintiffs and co-defendants in such 16 lawsuits. 17

C. Discharge. 18

19 On the Effective Date, unless otherwise expressly provided in the Plan or the 20 Confirmation Order, Debtor shall be discharged from any and all Claims to the fullest 21 extent provided in the Bankruptcy Code, including Sections 524 and 1141. All consideration distributed under the Plan or the Confirmation Order shall be in exchange 22 23 for, and in complete satisfaction, settlement, discharge, and release of all Claims of any 24 kind or nature whatsoever against Debtor or any of its Assets or properties, and regardless 25 of whether any property shall have been distributed or retained pursuant to the Plan on account of such Claims. Except as otherwise expressly provided by the Plan or the 26 Confirmation Order, upon the Effective Date, Debtor shall be deemed discharged and 27 released under and to the fullest extent provided under Section 1141(d)(1)(A) from any and 28 43

all Claims of any kind or nature whatsoever, including, but not limited to, demands and 1 2 liabilities that arose before the Confirmation Date, and all debts of the kind specified in section 502(g), 502(h), or 502(i). 3

D. Injunction. 4

5 From and after the Effective Date, and except as provided in the Plan and the Confirmation Order, all entities that have held, currently hold, or may hold a Claim or an 6 Equity Security or other right of an Equity Security Holder that is terminated pursuant to 7 the terms of the Plan are permanently enjoined from taking any of the following actions on 8 account of any such Claims or terminated Equity Securities or rights: (i) commencing or 9 continuing in any manner any action or other proceeding against Reorganized Debtor or 10 its property; (ii) enforcing, attaching, collecting, or recovering in any manner any 11 judgment, award, decree, or order against Reorganized Debtor or its property; (iii) 12 creating, perfecting, or enforcing any Lien or encumbrance against Reorganized Debtor or 13 its property; (iv) asserting a setoff, right of subrogation, or recoupment of any kind against 14 15 any debt, liability, or obligation due to Reorganized Debtor or its property; and (v) commencing or continuing any action, in any manner or any place, that does not comply 16 with or is inconsistent with the provisions of the Plan or the Bankruptcy Code. 17

E. **Exculpation.** 18

19 From and after the Effective Date, neither Debtor, Reorganized Debtor, the 20 professionals employed on behalf of the Estate, nor any of their respective present or former members, directors, officers, managers, employees, advisors, attorneys, or agents, 21 shall have or incur any liability, including derivative claims, but excluding direct claims, to 22 any Holder of a Claim or Equity Security or any other party-in-interest, or any of their 23 respective agents, employees, representatives, financial advisors, attorneys, or Affiliates, or 24 25 any of their successors or assigns, for any act or omission in connection with, relating to, or arising out of (from the Petition Date forward), the Chapter 11 Case, Reorganized Debtor, 26 the pursuit of confirmation of the Plan, or the consummation of the Plan, except for gross 27 negligence and willful misconduct, and in all respects shall be entitled to reasonably rely 28 44

upon the advice of counsel with respect to their duties and responsibilities under the Plan or in the context of the Chapter 11 Case.

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F.

Post-Confirmation Reporting And Quarterly Fees To The UST.

Prior to the Effective Date, Debtor, and after the Effective Date, Reorganized Debtor, 4 5 shall pay all quarterly fees payable to the UST consistent with the sliding scale set forth in 28 U.S.C. § 1930(a)(6) and the applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy 6 Rules. These fees accrue throughout the pendency of the Chapter 11 Case, until entry of a final 7 decree. UST fees paid prior to confirmation of the Plan will be reported in operating reports 8 9 required by Sections 704(8), 1106(a)(1), and 1107(a), as well as the UST Guidelines. All UST 10 quarterly fees accrued prior to confirmation of the Plan will be paid on or before the Effective Date pursuant to Section 1129(a)(12). All UST fees accrued post-confirmation will be timely 11 paid on a calendar quarterly basis and reported on post-confirmation operating reports. Final 12 fees will be paid on or before the entry of a final decree in the Chapter 11 Case. 13

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IX. <u>CERTAIN FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES</u>

THE FOLLOWING SUMMARY DOES NOT CONSTITUTE EITHER A TAX OPINION OR TAX ADVICE TO ANY PERSON. NO REPRESENTATIONS REGARDING THE EFFECT OF IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PLAN ON INDIVIDUAL CREDITORS ARE MADE HEREIN OR OTHERWISE. RATHER, THE TAX DISCLOSURE IS PROVIDED FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY. ALL CREDITORS ARE URGED TO CONSULT THEIR RESPECTIVE TAX ADVISORS REGARDING THE TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN.

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strongly urged to consult their respective tax advisors regarding the federal, state, local, and foreign tax consequences which may result from the confirmation and consummation of the Plan. This Disclosure Statement shall not in any way be construed as making any representations regarding the particular tax consequences of the confirmation and consummation of the Plan to any Person. This Disclosure Statement is general in nature and is merely a summary discussion

Creditors, Equity Security Holders, and any Person affiliated with the foregoing are

Case 12-19649-lbr Doc 243 Entered 04/05/13 18:26:19 Page 51 of 60

of potential tax consequences and is based upon the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended 2 (the "IRC"), and pertinent regulations, rulings, court decisions, and treasury decisions, all of 3 which are potentially subject to material and/or retroactive changes. Under the IRC, there may be federal income tax consequences to Debtor, its Creditors, its Equity Security Holders, and/or 4 any Person affiliated therewith as a result of confirmation and consummation of the Plan.

Upon the confirmation and consummation of the Plan, the federal income tax 6 consequences to Creditors and their affiliates arising from the Plan will vary depending upon, 7 among other things, the type of consideration received by the Creditor in exchange for its Claim, 8 9 whether the Creditor reports income using the cash or accrual method of accounting, whether the 10 Creditor has taken a "bad debt" deduction with respect to its Claim, whether the Creditor received consideration in more than one tax year, and whether the Creditor is a resident of the 11 United States. If a Creditor's Claim is characterized as a loss resulting from a debt, then the 12 extent of the deduction will depend on whether the debt is deemed wholly worthless or partially 13 worthless, and whether the debt is construed to be a business or nonbusiness debt as determined 14 15 under the 26 U.S.C. § 166, and/or other applicable provisions of the Internal Revenue Code.

CREDITORS SHOULD CONSULT THEIR TAX ADVISOR REGARDING THE TAX 16 TREATMENT (INCLUDING FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL, AND FOREIGN TAX 17 CONSEQUENCES) OF THEIR RESPECTIVE ALLOWED CLAIMS. THIS DISCLOSURE IS 18 19 NOT A SUBSTITUTE FOR TAX PLANNING AND SPECIFIC ADVICE FOR PERSONS 20 AFFECTED BY THE PLAN.

Х. **CONFIRMATION OF THE PLAN**

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Confirmation of the Plan.

23 Pursuant to Section 1128(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Court will hold a 24 hearing regarding confirmation of the Plan at the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District 25 of Nevada, Southern Division, 300 Las Vegas Boulevard South, Las Vegas, NV 89101, 26 commencing on _____, 2013, commencing at _____.m. (Pacific). 27

- B. **Objections to Confirmation of the Plan.**
 - 103788-002/1822088_4.doc

Case 12-19649-lbr Doc 243 Entered 04/05/13 18:26:19 Page 52 of 60

1	Section 1128(b) provides that any party-in-interest may object to confirmation of a plan.
2	Any objections to confirmation of the Plan must be in writing, must state with specificity the
3	grounds for any such objections, and must be timely filed with the Bankruptcy Court and served
4	upon counsel for Debtor at the following address:
5	GORDON SILVER Attn: Candace C. Clark, Esq.
6	3960 Howard Hughes Parkway, 9th Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89169
7 8	(702) 796-5555 Telephone (702) 369-2666 Facsimile
9	Email: cclark@gordonsilver.com
10	For the Plan to be confirmed, the Plan must satisfy the requirements stated in Section
11	1129. In this regard, the Plan must satisfy, among other things, the following requirements.
12	C. <u>The Best Interest Test and Feasibility of the Plan.</u>
12	For the Plan to be confirmed, it must satisfy the requirements discussed below.
	1. <u>Best Interest of Creditors.</u>
14	Pursuant to Section 1129(a)(7), for the Plan to be confirmed, it must provide that
15	Creditors and Holders of Equity Securities will receive at least as much under the Plan as they
16	would receive in a liquidation of Debtor under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code (the "Best
17	Interest Test"). The Best Interest Test with respect to each impaired Class requires that each
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	Holder of an Allowed Claim or Equity Security of such Class either: (i) accepts the Plan; or (ii)
19	Holder of an Allowed Claim or Equity Security of such Class either: (i) accepts the Plan; or (ii) receives or retains under the Plan property of a value, as of the Effective Date, that is not less
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20 21	receives or retains under the Plan property of a value, as of the Effective Date, that is not less
20 21 22	receives or retains under the Plan property of a value, as of the Effective Date, that is not less than the value such Holder would receive or retain if Debtor was liquidated under Chapter 7 of
20 21	receives or retains under the Plan property of a value, as of the Effective Date, that is not less than the value such Holder would receive or retain if Debtor was liquidated under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. The Bankruptcy Court will determine whether the value received under
20 21 22	receives or retains under the Plan property of a value, as of the Effective Date, that is not less than the value such Holder would receive or retain if Debtor was liquidated under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. The Bankruptcy Court will determine whether the value received under the Plan by the Holders of Allowed Claims in each Class of Creditors or Equity Securities equals
20 21 22 23	receives or retains under the Plan property of a value, as of the Effective Date, that is not less than the value such Holder would receive or retain if Debtor was liquidated under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. The Bankruptcy Court will determine whether the value received under the Plan by the Holders of Allowed Claims in each Class of Creditors or Equity Securities equals or exceeds the value that would be allocated to such Holders in a liquidation under Chapter 7 of
 20 21 22 23 24 	receives or retains under the Plan property of a value, as of the Effective Date, that is not less than the value such Holder would receive or retain if Debtor was liquidated under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. The Bankruptcy Court will determine whether the value received under the Plan by the Holders of Allowed Claims in each Class of Creditors or Equity Securities equals or exceeds the value that would be allocated to such Holders in a liquidation under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. Debtor believes that the Plan meets the Best Interest Test and provides value which is not less than that which would be recovered by each such holder in a Chapter 7
 20 21 22 23 24 25 	receives or retains under the Plan property of a value, as of the Effective Date, that is not less than the value such Holder would receive or retain if Debtor was liquidated under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. The Bankruptcy Court will determine whether the value received under the Plan by the Holders of Allowed Claims in each Class of Creditors or Equity Securities equals or exceeds the value that would be allocated to such Holders in a liquidation under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. Debtor believes that the Plan meets the Best Interest Test and provides

103788-002/1822088_4.doc

Case 12-19649-lbr Doc 243 Entered 04/05/13 18:26:19 Page 53 of 60

Generally, to determine what Holders of Allowed Claims and Equity Securities in each 1 2 impaired Class would receive if Debtor were liquidated, the Bankruptcy Court must determine 3 what funds would be generated from the liquidation of Debtor's Assets and properties in the context of a Chapter 7 liquidation case, which for unsecured creditors would consist of the 4 5 proceeds resulting from the disposition of the Assets of Debtor, including the unencumbered Cash held by Debtor at the time of the commencement of the liquidation case. Such Cash 6 amounts would be reduced by the costs and expenses of the liquidation and by such additional 7 Administrative Claims and Priority Claims as may result from the termination of Debtor's 8 9 businesses and the use of Chapter 7 for the purpose of liquidation.

10 In a Chapter 7 liquidation, Holders of Allowed Claims would receive distributions based on the liquidation of the non-exempt assets of Debtor. Such assets would include the same assets 11 12 being collected and liquidated under the Plan. However, the net proceeds from the collection of 13 property of the Estate available for distribution to Creditors would be reduced by any commission payable to the Chapter 7 trustee and the trustee's attorney's and accounting fees, as 14 15 well as the administrative costs of the Chapter 11 estate (such as the compensation for Chapter 11 professionals). The Estate has already absorbed much of the cost of realizing upon Debtor's 16 17 Assets. In a Chapter 7 case, the Chapter 7 trustee would be entitled to seek a sliding scale commission based upon the funds distributed by such trustee to creditors, even though Debtor 18 19 has already incurred some of the expenses associated with generating those funds. Accordingly, 20 there is a reasonable likelihood that Creditors would "pay again" for the funds accumulated by 21 Debtor because the Chapter 7 trustee would be entitled to receive a commission in some amount for all funds distributed from the Estate. 22

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It is further anticipated that a Chapter 7 liquidation would result in significant delay in the payment, if any, to Creditors. Among other things, a Chapter 7 case could trigger a new bar date 24 25 for filing Claims that would be more than 90 days following conversion of the Chapter 11 Case to Chapter 7. Hence, a Chapter 7 liquidation would not only delay distribution, but raises the 26 27 prospect of additional claims that were not asserted in the Chapter 11 Case. Moreover, Claims 28 that may arise in the Chapter 7 case or result from the Chapter 11 Case would be paid in full 48 103788-002/1822088_4.doc

Case 12-19649-lbr Doc 243 Entered 04/05/13 18:26:19 Page 54 of 60

from the Assets before the balance of the Assets would be made available to pay pre-Chapter 11 2 Allowed Priority Claims, Allowed General Unsecured Claims, and Equity Securities.

3 The distributions from the Assets would be paid Pro Rata according to the amount of the aggregate Claims held by each Creditor. Debtor believes that the most likely outcome under 4 Chapter 7 would be the application of the "absolute priority rule." Under that rule, no junior 5 Creditor may receive any distribution until all senior Creditors are paid in full, with interest, and 6 no Equity Security holder may receive any distribution until all Creditors are paid in full. 7

As set forth in the Liquidation Analysis²³ and accompanying notes annexed hereto as 8 Exhibit "5," Debtor has determined that confirmation of the Plan will provide each Holder of a 9 Claim in an Impaired Class²⁴ with no less of a recovery than he/she/it would receive if Debtor 10 were liquidated under Chapter 7. 11

In a Chapter 7 case, the Chapter 7 trustee must liquidate the Debtor's Assets and 12 distribute the proceeds thereof to Holders of Allowed Claims. However, the change in 13 management would hinder the Chapter 7 trustee's ability to maximize the sales price for the Real 14 15 Property by endangering and derailing the efforts to entitle the Real Property. If the Chapter 7 Trustee were to sell the Real Property it would have to be at a price no less than the Allowed 16 17 Global Secured Claim. If a sale could not be quickly effectuated at a price greater than the Allowed Global Secured Claim, Global would presumably seek relief from the automatic stay to 18 19 foreclose on the Real Property or the Chapter 7 trustee would abandon the collateral, which 20 would likely be followed by a foreclosure sale. Despite the fact that Global is significantly 21 oversecured, in the event that Global were to foreclose on its collateral, Global would either receive its collateral at the foreclosure sale or the Allowed Global Secured Claim from a third 22 party purchaser. As such, Global would likely receive full repayment of its Allowed Global 23 24 Secured Claim, which is equivalent to what Global will receive through effectuation of the Plan.

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²³ The Liquidation Analysis sets forth Debtor's best estimates as to value and recoveries in the event that the Chapter 27 11 Case is converted to a case under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code and Debtor's Assets are liquidated.

²⁴ The Impaired Classes are Class 1 (Global Secured Claim) and Class 4 (General Unsecured Claims).

Case 12-19649-lbr Doc 243 Entered 04/05/13 18:26:19 Page 55 of 60

In addition, under the Plan, the Infrastructure Agreement is assumed by the Reorganized Debtor. In the event of a Chapter 7, it is almost certain that the Chapter 7 Trustee would reject the Infrastructure Agreement, in which case Global would have an unsecured claim for rejection damages. There is no certainty that Global would recover its rejection damages because a predicate to such a recovery is the sale of the Real Property by the Chapter 7 trustee for an amount sufficient to cover sales costs, the Allowed Global Secured Claim and other costs of the Chapter 7 case and Administrative Claims of the Chapter 11 Case.

8 Thus, as evidenced by the Liquidation Analysis and the accompanying notes annexed 9 hereto as **Exhibit "5,"** the value provided under the Plan to the Holders of Claims in the 10 Impaired Classes is equal to or better than what they would receive under a Chapter 7 11 liquidation. *Specifically, as has been explained herein, if the Plan is confirmed, all Claims in* 12 *Classes 1 through 4 will be paid in full and the Holders of Class 5 Equity Securities will retain* 13 *all of their rights thereunder. Thus, Debtor strongly encourages all Impaired Classes to vote* 14 *in favor of confirmation of the Plan.*

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2. <u>Feasibility.</u>

The Bankruptcy Code requires that in order to confirm the Plan, the Bankruptcy Court
must find that Confirmation of the Plan is not likely to be followed by liquidation or the need for
further financial reorganization of Debtor (the "Feasibility Test"). For the Plan to meet the
Feasibility Test, the Bankruptcy Court must find by a preponderance of the evidence that Debtor
will possess the resources and working capital necessary to meet its obligations under the Plan.

As demonstrated by the previous discussion of Debtor's financial condition, the Equity Contribution combined with Debtor's operations provide sufficient cash flow for Debtor to meet its payment obligations under the Plan. Further, the value of Debtor's Assets significantly exceeds the Global Secured Claim,²⁵ thereby enabling Debtor to sell the Real Property or to obtain refinancing prior to the Payoff Date to repay in full the Class 1 Allowed Global Secured Claim consistent with the provisions of the Plan. Furthermore, as demonstrated by the

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²⁵ The Real Property is estimated to have a value of no less than \$20,950,000 as of February 7, 2013.

Case 12-19649-lbr Doc 243 Entered 04/05/13 18:26:19 Page 56 of 60

Projections attached hereto as Exhibit "6," Debtor will be able to satisfy its obligations under
 the Plan through the Payoff Date. Provided the foregoing, Debtor is confident that it can
 establish, and the Bankruptcy Court will find, that the Plan is feasible within the meaning of
 Section 1129(a)(11).

3. <u>Confirmation of the Plan Without Acceptance by All Impaired Classes: the</u> <u>"Cramdown" Alternative.</u>

Section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code provides that a plan of reorganization may be confirmed even if it has not been accepted by all impaired classes, as long as at least one impaired class of claims has accepted it. Consequently, the Bankruptcy Court may confirm the Plan at Debtor's request notwithstanding the Plan's rejection by Impaired Classes, as long as at least one Impaired Class has accepted the Plan and the Plan "does not discriminate unfairly" and is "fair and equitable" as to each Impaired Class that has not accepted it.

A plan will be deemed fair and equitable as to a class of secured claims that rejects the 13 plan if the plan provides: (i)(a) that the holders of claims in the rejecting class retain the lien 14 securing those claims, whether the property subject to those liens is retained by the debtor or 15 transferred to another entity, to the extent of the allowed amount of such claims, and (b) that 16 each holder of a claim in such class receives on account of that claim deferred cash payments 17 totaling at least the allowed amount of that claim of a value, as of the effective date of the plan, 18 at least equal to the value of the holder's interest in the estate's interest in such property; (ii) for 19 the sale, subject to Section 363(k) of the Bankruptcy Code, of any property that is subject to the 20 liens securing the claims included in the rejecting class, free and clear of the liens, with the liens 21 to attach to the proceeds of the sale, and the treatment of the liens on such proceeds as described 22 under clause (i) or (ii) of this paragraph; or (iii) for the realization by such holders of the 23 indubitable equivalent of such claims.

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A plan is fair and equitable as to a class of unsecured claims that rejects the plan if the plan provides: (i) for each holder of a claim included in the rejecting class to receive or retain on account of such claim property that has a value, as of the effective date of the plan, equal to the allowed amount of such claim; or (ii) that the holder of any claim or interest that is junior to the

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claims of such rejecting class will not receive or retain on account of such junior claim or interest
 any property at all.

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4. <u>Accepting Impaired Class.</u>

Since at least one Class of Claims is Impaired under the Plan, in order for the Plan to be
confirmed, the Plan must be accepted by at least one Impaired Class of Claims (not including the
votes of Insiders of Debtor). For an Impaired Class of Claims to accept the Plan, those
representing at least two-thirds in amount and a majority in number of the Allowed Claims voted
in that Class must be cast for acceptance of the Plan.

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5. <u>Voting Procedures.</u>

a. <u>Submission of Ballots.</u>

All Creditors entitled to vote will be sent a ballot, together with instructions for voting,
and a copy of this approved Disclosure Statement which includes a copy of the Plan. You should
read the ballot carefully and follow the instructions contained therein. Please use only the ballot
that was sent with this Disclosure Statement.

You should complete your ballot and return it to Debtor's Counsel as follows:

Gordon Silver Attn: Candace C. Clark, Esq. 3960 Howard Hughes Parkway, 9th Floor Las Vegas, NV 89169 Fax: (702) 369-2666 E-mail: cclark@gordonsilver.com

TO BE COUNTED, YOUR BALLOT MUST BE RECEIVED AT THE ADDRESS LISTED ABOVE BY 5:00 P.M., PREVAILING PACIFIC TIME, ON _____, 2013. b. Incomplete Ballots.

Unless otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court, ballots which are signed, dated and
 timely received, but on which a vote to accept or reject the Plan has not been indicated, will be
 counted as a vote for the Plan.

c. <u>Withdrawal of Ballots.</u>

You may not withdraw or change your ballot after it is cast unless the Bankruptcy Court permits you to do so after notice and a hearing to determine whether sufficient cause exists to

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permit the withdrawal or change.

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Questions and Lost or Damaged Ballots.

If you have questions concerning these voting procedures, if your ballot is damaged or lost, or if you believe you should have received a ballot but did not receive one, you may contact Debtor's counsel as listed above regarding submission of ballots.

XI. <u>ALTERNATIVES TO THE PLAN</u>

Debtor believes that the Plan provides Creditors the best and most complete form of recovery available. As a result, Debtor believes that the Plan serves the best interests of all Creditors and parties-in-interest in the Chapter 11 Case.

In formulating and developing the Plan, Debtor explored numerous alternatives. Debtor believes not only that the Plan fairly adjusts the rights of various Classes of Creditors and enables the Creditors to realize the greatest sum possible under the circumstances, but also that rejection of the Plan in favor of some theoretical alternative method of reconciling the Claims of the various Classes would require, at the very least, an extensive and time-consuming negotiation process and would not result in a better recovery for any Class.

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Alternative Plans of Reorganization.

Under the Bankruptcy Code, a debtor has an exclusive period of 120 days and an additional vote solicitation period of 60 days from the entry of the order for relief during which time, assuming that no trustee has been appointed by the Bankruptcy Court, only a debtor may propose a plan of reorganization. After the expiration of the initial 180-day period and any extensions thereof, the debtor or any other party-in-interest may propose a different plan, unless the Bankruptcy Court has extended the exclusivity periods. Debtor timely filed its Plan within the 120-day exclusivity period. To the extent necessary, Debtor will seek an extension of the plan acceptance exclusivity period to provide sufficient time for Debtor to obtain acceptance of its Plan.

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Chapter 7 case, in which a trustee would be elected or appointed to liquidate the assets of the

If a plan of reorganization cannot be confirmed, a Chapter 11 case may be converted to a

Case 12-19649-lbr Doc 243 Entered 04/05/13 18:26:19 Page 59 of 60

debtor for distribution to creditors in accordance with the priorities established by the 1 2 Bankruptcy Code. For a discussion of the effect that a Chapter 7 liquidation in the Chapter 11 3 Case would have on recovery by Creditors, see Section X.C and the Liquidation Analysis at Exhibit "5." 4

5 As previously stated, Debtor believes that liquidation under Chapter 7 would result in no better recovery by Debtor's creditors because of: (i) the risk that Debtor may cease or lose 6 business; (ii) additional administrative expenses involved in the appointment of a trustee for 7 Debtor and attorneys and other professionals to assist such trustee; and (iii) additional expenses 8 9 and Claims, some of which would be entitled to priority, which would be generated during the 10 liquidation and from the rejection of leases and other executory contracts in connection with a cessation of Debtor's operations. Accordingly, Debtor believes that Holders of Claims will not 11 12 receive a better distribution in a Chapter 7 liquidation than they will receive under the Plan.

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XII. PREFERENCE AND OTHER AVOIDANCE ACTIONS

- A bankruptcy trustee (or the debtor as a debtor-in-possession) may avoid as a preference 15 a transfer of property made by a debtor to a creditor on account of an antecedent debt while a 16 debtor was insolvent, where that creditor receives more than it would have received in a 17 liquidation of the entity under Chapter 7 had the payment not been made, if: (i) the payment was 18 made within 90 days before the date the bankruptcy case was commenced; or (ii) the creditor is 19 found to have been an "insider," as defined in the Bankruptcy Code, within one year before the 20 commencement of the bankruptcy case. A debtor is presumed to have been insolvent during the 90 days preceding the commencement of the case.
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A bankruptcy trustee (or the debtor as a debtor-in-possession) may avoid as a fraudulent

transfer a transfer of property made by a debtor within two years (and under applicable Nevada

law, four years) before the date the bankruptcy case was commenced if the debtor: (i) received

less than reasonably equivalent value in exchange for such transfer; and (ii) was insolvent on the

date of such transfer or became insolvent as a result of such transfer, such transfer left the debtor

	Case 12-19649-lbr Doc 243 Entered 04/05/13 18:26:19 Page 60 of 60
1	with an unreasonably small capital, or the debtor intended to incur debts that would be beyond
2	the debtor's ability to pay as such debts matured.
3	Although Debtor has not fully analyzed various potential preference or other avoidance
4	actions, it is possible that some pre-Petition transactions may be avoidable. Debtor thus hereby
5	expressly reserves its right to commence any appropriate actions pursuant to Chapter 5 of the
6	Bankruptcy Code.
7 8	XIII. <u>RECOMMENDATION AND CONCLUSION</u>
o 9	The Plan provides the best possible recovery for all parties-in-interest. Accordingly,
9 10	Debtor strongly recommends that all Creditors who are entitled to vote on the Plan should vote to
10	accept the Plan.
11	DATED this 5th day of April 2013.
12	SIERRA NEGRA RANCH LLC
13	A Nevada limited liability company,
15	/s/ Barry W. Becker
16	By: SNR Management, LLC By: Becker SNR, LLC
17	By: Barry W. Becker
18	Its: Manager
19	PREPARED AND SUBMITTED BY:
20	
21	Priz /a/ Candaga C. Clark
22	By: <u>/s/ Candace C. Clark</u> GERALD M. GORDON, ESQ. CANDACE C. CLARK ESO
23	CANDACE C. CLARK, ESQ. 3960 Howard Hughes Pkwy., 9th Floor Los Vogas, Neveda 80100
24	Las Vegas, Nevada 89109 Attorneys for Debtor
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