CALIFORNIA AVENUE, SECOND FLOOR

4550 (

COOPER, ROSENLIEB & KIMBALL,

KLEIN, DENATALE, GOLDNER

T. SCOTT BELDEN, CSB NO. 184387
JACOB L. EATON, CSB NO. 244834
KLEIN, DENATALE, GOLDNER,
COOPER, ROSENLIEB & KIMBALL, LLP
4550 California Avenue, Second Floor
Bakersfield, California 93309
Telephone: (661) 395-1000
Facsimile: (661) 326-0418
E-Mail: sbelden@kleinlaw.com; jeaton@kleinlaw.com
Attorneys for Debtor

## UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA, FRESNO DIVISION

In re:
STOCKDALE TOWER 1, LLC,
Debtor.

Case No. 11-62167-B-11

Chapter 11

DC No. KDG-11

Date:

March 7, 2012

Time:

3:00 p.m.

Place:

**Bankruptcy Court** 

1300 18<sup>th</sup> Street, First Floor

Bakersfield, California

Judge:

W. Richard Lee

#### STOCKDALE TOWER 1, LLC'S DISCLOSURE STATEMENT <u>DATED FEBRUARY 6, 2012</u>

#### I. Introduction

This is the Disclosure Statement (the "Disclosure Statement") in the Chapter 11 case of STOCKDALE TOWER 1, LLC ("Debtor"). Debtor filed a Voluntary Petition under Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code on November 7, 2011. This Disclosure Statement contains information about Debtor and the terms of repayment of claims against Debtor and Property of the Estate. Your rights may be affected. You should read the Disclosure Statement carefully and discuss them with your attorney. If you do not have an attorney, you may wish to consult one.

36R8761

28

93309 CALIFORNIA SAKERSFIELD, 1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

Debtor filed a Plan of Reorganization Dated February 6, 2012 on February 6, 2012 ("the Plan"). This Disclosure Statement refers to the Plan often and should be read in conjunction with the Plan. The Plan is incorporated herein by reference. The proposed treatment and distributions to creditors holding claims are discussed Plan at pages 2 through 8. Debtor will seek approval of this Disclosure Statement as containing adequate information under 11 USC § 1125. After approval of the Disclosure Statement as containing adequate information, Debtor will seek confirmation of the Plan.

#### A. Purpose of This Document

This Disclosure Statement:

- Describes the Debtor and significant events during the bankruptcy case.
- Describes the classification and treatment claims or equity interests of the type you hold as provided for in the Plan (i.e., what you will receive on your claim or equity interest if the plan is confirmed),
- Explains how Debtor will execute the terms of the Plan,
- Explains how claims will be handed and paid,
- Explains who can vote on or object to the Plan,
- Explains what factors the Bankruptcy Court (the "Court") will consider when deciding whether to confirm the Plan,
- Explains why Debtor believes the Plan is feasible, and how the treatment of your claim or equity interest under the Plan compares to what you would receive on your claim or equity interest in liquidation, and
- Explains the effect of confirmation of the Plan.

The Plan will establish your rights with respect to your claim against Debtor if confirmed. The disclosures contained in this Disclosure Statement are provided to the holders of claims for the purpose of providing adequate information to claimants so that claimants can arrive at an informed decision in exercising their right to accept or reject the Plan.

Your vote to accept or reject the Plan is important. The Plan can be confirmed by the Court if it is accepted by the holders of claims in each class of claims voting on the Plan. Furthermore, the Court can confirm the Plan if it finds that the Plan accords fair and equitable

36R7749

treatment to the class rejecting it if the requisite acceptances are not obtained. Debtor will seek confirmation of the Plan whether the Plan is accepted by all classes of creditors or not.

EVERY ATTEMPT HAS BEEN MADE TO PROVIDE ACCURATE
INFORMATION IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT. HOWEVER, THE
INFORMATION HAS NOT BEEN SUBJECT OF A CERTIFIED AUDIT. NO
REPRESENTATIONS ARE AUTHORIZED BY DEBTOR EXCEPT AS SET FORTH IN
THE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT. THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THE
DISCLOSURE STATEMENT COMES FROM DEBTOR AND ITS ATTORNEYS.
HOWEVER, TAMMY FLEMING, MANAGER OF DEBTOR, AND TERRY MORELAND,
ONE OF THE MEMBERS IN DEBTOR, ARE THE PRIMARY SOURCES OF
INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND REPRESENT
THE BEST SOURCE OF INFORMATION CONCERNING DEBTOR AND ITS ASSETS
AND LIABILITIES.

#### B. Deadlines for Voting and Objecting; Date of Plan Confirmation Hearing

The Court has not yet confirmed the Plan. Following the hearing on adequacy of the information contained in the Disclosure Statement, Debtor will provide a separate notice of the confirmation hearing that will include the procedures pursuant to which the Plan will or will not be confirmed including deadlines for voting and objecting to confirmation. If you want additional information about the Disclosure Statement and Plan, you should contact Jacob L. Eaton, Esq., 4550 California Avenue, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, Bakersfield, California 93309.

#### II. Background

#### A. Description and History of the Debtor

Debtor is a two-member, California Limited Liability Company doing business as Stockdale Tower 1, LLC in Bakersfield, California. Debtor's two members are Terry Moreland and Peggy Moreland. Mr. and Mrs. Moreland's daughter, Tammy Fleming, is the manger of Debtor. Debtor was formed on July 24, 2004. Stockdale Tower, LLC, an affiliate of Debtor transferred title in a 12-story office building located at 5060 California Avenue, Bakersfield, California commonly known as the Stockdale Tower ("the Tower") to Debtor in 2004. Debtor

has operated the Tower since that time. The Tower is 59% occupied at the present time. Debtor's business is managing the Tower.

#### B. Description of Debtor's Principals and Insiders

As indicated above, Debtor is a two-member, Limited Liability Company. Mr. and Mrs. Moreland are the members and their daughter, Tammy Fleming, is Debtor's manager.

**Terry Moreland:** Terry Moreland is a Member of Debtor and owns 50% of the membership interest in Debtor. Mr. Moreland is married to Peggy Moreland. Mr. Moreland participates in the day to day operations of Debtor's business. Mr. Moreland's duties include working with lenders, review and over sight of leases, tenant improvements and other construction related issues.

Mr. Moreland graduated from East Bakersfield High School in 1962 and earned a Bachelor of Science Degree and post-graduate teaching credential from the University of Nevada, Reno. Mr. Moreland earned a Juris Doctor Degree from the California Pacific School of Law. Mr. Moreland began a family construction business in 1972 and formed the Moreland Corporation in 1977. The Moreland Corporation has developed office buildings, shopping centers, medical facilities and residential neighborhoods in the Western and Southwestern United States under Mr. Moreland's direction, including the Tower. The Moreland Corporation completes many of the tenant improvements required in the Tower. Additionally, Mr. Moreland and his family have built orphanages and schools in El Salvador, Brazil, Mexico, and India.

Mr. Moreland will be involved in the operation of Debtor's business during the pendency of the case. The Plan does not contemplate Mr. Moreland receiving compensation from Debtor during the term of the Plan.

**Peggy Moreland:** Peggy Moreland is a Member of Debtor and owns 50% of the membership interest in Debtor. Mrs. Moreland is married to Terry Moreland. Mrs. Moreland is not involved in the operation of Debtor's businesses.

///

///

## KLEIN, DENATALE, GOLDNER, COOPER, ROSENLIEB & KIMBALL, LLP 4550 CALLIFORNIA AVENUE, SECOND FLOOR BAKERSFIELD, CALIFORNIA 93309

#### Tammy Fleming:

Mrs. Fleming has been the manager of Debtor since September 2011. Mrs. Fleming graduated from Bakersfield Adventist Academy in 1988. Mrs. Fleming earned a Bachelor of Science Degree from Pacific Union College in 1993. Mrs. Fleming handles the day to day operations of the Debtor and will be involved in the operation of Debtor's businesses during the pendency of its case. Mrs. Fleming receives a salary of \$3,500.00 per month as manager of Debtor.

Mr. and Mrs. Moreland own several other LLCs that Mrs. Fleming manages that are otherwise unrelated to Debtor and the Tower.

#### C. Background of Events Leading to the Chapter 11 Filing

The Tower was transferred to Debtor by Stockdale Tower, LLC as described above in order for Debtor to obtain financing from UBS Real Estate Investments Inc. ("UBS") in August 2004. UBS assigned the deed of trust, assignment of leases and rents, security agreement and fixture filing ("Loan Documents") to LaSalle Bank National Association, in its capacity as trustee for the registered holders of LB-UBS Commercial Mortgage Trust 2004-C6, Commercial Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates, Series 2004-C6 on or about December 13, 2004. Bank of America, N.A., A National Banking Association, Successor by Merger to LaSalle Bank National Association, in its capacity as trustee for the registered holders of LB-UBS Commercial Mortgage Trust 2004-C6, Commercial Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates, Series 2004-C6 assigned the Loan Documents to LBUBS 2006-C6 Stockdale Office Limited Partnership ("LBUBS") on or about June 1, 2010. LBUBS is managed by LNR Partners California Manager, Inc. ("LNR").

Debtor defaulted on its loan payment to LBUBS when several tenants of the Tower vacated their office space in the Tower. LBUBS through LNR commenced foreclosure proceedings and Debtor entered into negotiations with LNR to accept \$18,000,000 as payment in full for the value of the Tower and the debt owed to LBUBS. LNR agreed to continue the trustee's sale to November 8, 2011, and to accept \$18,000,000 in full satisfaction of its debt. Debtor paid \$900,000.00 of the \$18,000,000 and Debtor was in escrow to sell the Tower on or

Company, made information public that cause Debtor's investor to cancel its agreement with Debtor preventing Debtor from performing under the agreement between LNR and Debtor and giving rise to Debtor's claim against LNR and its agents for inference with economic advantage. Debtor was forced to file its Chapter 11 case in order to stop the trustee's sale by LBUBS set for November 8, 2011.	before November 8, 2011. However, LNR, through its foreclosure agent, First American Title
giving rise to Debtor's claim against LNR and its agents for inference with economic advantage. Debtor was forced to file its Chapter 11 case in order to stop the trustee's sale by	Company, made information public that cause Debtor's investor to cancel its agreement with
advantage. Debtor was forced to file its Chapter 11 case in order to stop the trustee's sale by	Debtor preventing Debtor from performing under the agreement between LNR and Debtor and
•	giving rise to Debtor's claim against LNR and its agents for inference with economic
LBUBS set for November 8, 2011.	advantage. Debtor was forced to file its Chapter 11 case in order to stop the trustee's sale by
	LBUBS set for November 8, 2011.

#### D. Significant Events in Chapter 11 Case

Debtor has performed or has been involved in the following significant events since filing its Voluntary Petition:

#### 1. Continued Operation of the Business.

Debtor has operated as debtor in possession since it filed for relief under Chapter 11 and no trustee has been sought or appointed. Since the commencement of its case, Debtor has continued to work with its real estate brokers to increase the occupancy of the Tower.

#### 2. Employment of Professionals

Debtor filed an application for authorization to employ Klein, DeNatale, Goldner, Cooper, Rosenlieb & Kimball, LLP as its attorneys on November 21, 2011. The Court entered an order authorizing the employment of Klein, DeNatale on November 30, 2011. Klein, DeNatale's services have assisted Debtor in its reorganization efforts, increasing Debtor's ability to repay its creditors.

Debtor filed an application for authorization to employ CB Richard Ellis ("CBRE") as its real estate brokers on December 6, 2011. The Court entered an order authorizing the employment of CBRE on December 14, 2011. CBRE has continued to work with prospective tenants and to increase the occupancy of the Tower.

Debtor filed an application for authorization to employ Shinault Baker as its accountants on December 20, 2011. The Court entered an order authorizing the employment of Shinault Baker on January 3, 2012. Shinault Baker is preparing the operating reports for Debtor and will prepare the tax returns when they become due.

Debtor filed an application for authorization to employ Foley, Bezek, Behle & Curtis, LLP as its Special Counsel on January 31, 2012. The Court has not entered an order authorizing the employment of Foley, Bezek, Behle & Curtis as of the time of the filing of the Disclosure Statement. Foley, Bezek, Behle, & Curtis will assist Debtor with workout/restructure negotiations and litigation regarding claims between LNR, LBUBS and Debtor.

#### 3. Motion for Order Authorizing Use of Cash Collateral.

Debtor filed an *Emergency Motion Authorizing Debtor to Use Cash Collateral in the Ordinary Course of Business* on November 11, 2011. After receiving interim authorization for use of cash collateral, the Court continued the hearing. At the final hearing the Court entered an order authorizing the continued use of cash collateral through March 31, 2012.

#### 4. Motion to Approve Lease Transaction.

Debtor filed a Motion for Order Approving Lease Transaction and Approving Brokerage Fee on December 19, 2011. The motion sought approval of a lease agreement and four addendums to the lease agreement entered into between Debtor and Chevron USA, Inc. ("Chevron") concerning Chevron's lease of four floors in the Tower and requesting authorization to pay a brokerage fee to CBRE. The Court entered an order approving the lease transaction and continued the hearing on the approval of the brokerage fee to February 16, 2012.

#### E. Projected Recovery of Avoidable Transfers

Randy and Janell Molina ("Molina") filed a complaint for reformation of instrument in the Kern County Superior Court against Debtor, Stockdale Tower, LLC, and Terry Moreland ("Complaint") seeking to record a deed of trust against the Tower. The continuation of prosecution of the Complaint is stayed. However, if Molina were to obtain relief from stay to continue pursuit of the Complaint and prevailed, any recordation or reformation of a deed of trust against the Tower would be an avoidable fraudulent transfer because the underlying debt which is claimed by Molina is not owed by Debtor. Debtor does not believe any preference

payments or other avoidable transfers were made. Therefore, Debtor does not intend to pursue the recovery of any avoidable transfers.

#### F. Claims Objections

Debtor reserves the right to object to claims. Therefore, even if your claim is allowed for voting purposes, you may not be entitled to a distribution if an objection to your claim is later upheld. The procedures for resolving disputed claims are set forth in Article IV of the Plan at pages 10 and 11.

#### G. Current and Historical Financial Conditions

The identity and value of the estate's assets are listed in Exhibit "A."

Debtor earned gross rents of \$2,798,807.00 and \$2,355,710.00 in 2010 and 2011 respectively. Chevron is in the process of completing tenant improvements and will start taking occupancy of a portion of the Tower in February 2012. Debtor anticipates that Chevron will be moved in completely by April 2012. Debtor has filed monthly operating reports for the months of November and December 2011 that indicate Debtor's operational income and expenses since the commencement of the case. Those reports are available on the Court's docket or from Debtor's attorneys upon request.

Chevron received a rent credit on account of tenant improvements that were paid by Chevron as provided in the agreement between Chevron and Debtor. Therefore, although Chevron has started to occupy the Tower, no rent payments will be paid to Debtor until May 2013 because of Chevron's rent credit.

A copy of Debtor's Projected Operating Budget for the next 36 months is attached as Exhibit "B" ("the Budget"). The Budget includes projected regarding Debtor's income, operating expenses, and plan payments. A summary of the Budget is found in the Plan at page 8. The accounting method used to produce the information contained in the Disclosure Statement and Plan and Exhibits is the cash method of accounting. Debtor's fiscal year is January 1 through December 31.

Any tax implications of the Plan will flow through to Debtor's members because Debtor is a limited liability company.

## KLEIN, DENATALE, GOLDNER, COOPER, ROSENLIEB & KIMBALL, LLP 4550 CALIFORNIA AVENUE, SECOND FLOOR BAKERSFIELD, CALIFORNIA 93309

#### III. Classification and Treatment of Claims and Equity Interests

As required by the Code, the Plan places claims and equity interests in various classes and describes the treatment each class will receive. The Plan also states whether each class of claims or equity interests is impaired or unimpaired. If the Plan is confirmed, your recovery will be limited to the amount provided by the Plan. Creditors should refer to the Plan at pages 2 through 8 for a discussion of the classification and treatment of claims and equity interests. The classification and treatment of claims and equity interests discussed in the Plan is incorporated herein by reference.

Certain types of claims are automatically entitled to specific treatment under the Code. They are not considered impaired, and holders of such claims do not vote on the Plan. They may, however, object if, in their view, their treatment under the Plan does not comply with that required by the Code.

#### IV. Means for Executing the Plan

Creditors should refer to the Plan at pages 8 through 10 for a discussion of the means by which Debtor intends to execute the Plan. The Debtor's Means for Executing the Plan discussed in the Plan is incorporated herein by reference.

#### V. Claims Handling and Payments to Creditors under the Plan

Creditors should refer to the Plan at pages 10 through 12 for a discussion of the Claims Handling and Payments to Creditors under the Plan. The Claims Handling and Payments to Creditors under the Plan discussed in the Plan is incorporated herein by reference.

#### VI. Confirmation Requirements and Procedures

To be confirmable, the Plan must meet the requirements listed in 11 USC §§ 1129(a) or (b). These include the requirements that: the Plan must be proposed in good faith; at least one impaired class of claims must accept the plan, without counting votes of insiders; the Plan must distribute to each creditor and equity interest holder at least as much as the creditor or equity interest holder would receive in a Chapter 7 liquidation case, unless the creditor or equity interest holder votes to accept the Plan; and the Plan must be feasible. These requirements are

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

not the only requirements listed in 11 USC § 1129, and they are not the only requirements for confirmation.

#### A. Who May Vote or Object?

Any party in interest may object to the confirmation of the Plan if the party believes that the requirements for confirmation are not met.

Many parties in interest, however, are not entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan. A creditor or equity interest holder has a right to vote for or against the Plan only if that creditor or equity interest holder has a claim or equity interest that is both (1) allowed or allowed for voting purposes and (2) impaired.

In this case, Debtor believes that Classes One, Two, Three, Four, and Five are impaired and that holders of claims in those classes are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan. Debtor believes that Classes Six, Seven and Eight are unimpaired and that holders of claims in each of these classes do not have the right to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

#### 1. What Is an Allowed Claim or an Allowed Equity Interest?

Only a creditor or equity interest holder with an allowed claim or an allowed equity interest has the right to vote on the Plan. Generally, a claim or equity interest is allowed if either (1) Debtor has scheduled the claim on Debtor's schedules, unless the claim has been scheduled as disputed, contingent, or unliquidated, or (2) the creditor has filed a proof of claim or equity interest, unless an objection has been filed to such proof of claim or equity interest. When a claim or equity interest is not allowed, the creditor or equity interest holder holding the claim or equity interest cannot vote unless the Court, after notice and hearing, either overrules the objection or allows the claim or equity interest for voting purposes pursuant to Rule 3018(a) of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.

#### Deadlines related to claims:

The deadline for filing a proof of claim for non-governmental agencies is March 20. 2012. The deadline for filing a proof of claim for governmental agencies is May 5, 2012. The deadline for filing objections to claims is 60 days after the Effective Date of the Plan.

1

## 4 5

6

7

## 8 9

## 10

11

4550 CALIFORNIA AVENUE, SECOND FLOOR 12 CALIFORNIA 13

14 BAKERSFIELD, 15

COOPER, ROSENLIEB & KIMBALL, LLP

KLEIN, DENATALE, GOLDNER,

17

16

18 19

20

21

22 23 24

25

26

27 28

#### 2. What Is an Impaired Claim or Impaired Equity Interest?

As noted above, the holder of an allowed claim or equity interest has the right to vote only if it is in a class that is impaired under the Plan. As provided in 11 USC § 1124, a class is considered impaired if the Plan alters the legal, equitable, or contractual rights of the members of that class.

#### 3. Who is Not Entitled to Vote?

The holders of the following five types of claims and equity interests are not entitled to vote:

- holders of claims and equity interests that have been disallowed by an order of the Court;
- holders of other claims or equity interests that are not "allowed claims" or "allowed equity interests" (as discussed above), unless they have been "allowed" for voting purposes.
- holders of claims or equity interests in unimpaired classes:
- holders of claims entitled to priority pursuant to 11 USC §§ 507(a)(2), (a)(3), and (a)(8);
- holders of claims or equity interests in classes that do not receive or retain any value under the Plan; and
- administrative expenses.

Even If You Are Not Entitled to Vote on the Plan, You Have a Right to Object to the Confirmation of the Plan.

#### 4. Who Can Vote in More Than One Class?

A creditor whose claim has been allowed in part as a secured claim and in part as an unsecured claim, or who otherwise hold claims in multiple classes, is entitled to accept or reject a Plan in each capacity, and should cast one ballot for each claim.

#### B. Votes Necessary to Confirm the Plan

The Court cannot confirm the Plan unless (1) at least one impaired class of creditors has accepted the Plan without counting the votes of any insiders within that class, and (2) all impaired classes have voted to accept the Plan, unless the Plan is eligible to be confirmed by "cram down" on non-accepting classes, as discussed later in Section B.2.

#### 1. Votes Necessary for a Class to Accept the Plan

A class of claims accepts the Plan if both of the following occur: (1) the holders of more than one-half (1/2) of the allowed claims in the class, who vote, cast their votes to accept the

Plan, and (2) the holders of at least two-thirds (2/3) in dollar amount of the allowed claims in the class, who vote, cast their votes to accept the Plan.

A class of equity interests accepts the Plan if the holders of at least two-thirds (2/3) in amount of the allowed equity interests in the class, who vote, cast their votes to accept the Plan.

#### 2. Treatment of Non-accepting Classes

Even if one or more impaired classes reject the Plan, the Court may nonetheless confirm the Plan if the non-accepting classes are treated in the manner prescribed by 11 USC § 1129(b). A plan that binds non-accepting classes is commonly referred to as a "cram down" plan. The Code allows the Plan to bind non-accepting classes of claims or equity interests if it meets all the requirements for consensual confirmation except the voting requirements of 11USC § 1129(a)(8), does not "discriminate unfairly," and is "fair and equitable" toward each impaired class that has not voted to accept the Plan.

To the extent any Class impaired under the Plan and entitled to vote does not accept the Plan by the requisite statutory majority provided in 11 USC § 1126(c) as discussed above in Section B.1., or is deemed to have rejected the Plan, Debtor will request confirmation of the Plan under 11 USC § 1129(b).

#### C. Liquidation Analysis

To confirm the Plan, the Court must find that all creditors and equity interest holders who do not accept the Plan will receive at least as much under the Plan as such claim and equity interest holders would receive in a Chapter 7 liquidation.

Debtor believes that creditors will receive a greater dividend in its Chapter 11 case than would be available in a Chapter 7 case. Currently the only assets of the estate are (1) the Tower, (2) a \$114,000.00 security deposit with PG&E, which would be subject to set off by PG&E for pre-petition amounts owed (3) \$814,661.00 in accounts receivable, most of which may not be collectable (4) \$32,350.00 in furnishings and gym equipment and (5) an impound account of \$90,061.00 with Wachovia. Debtor believes that a greater dividend will be paid to creditors through the Plan than would be received by creditors in a Chapter 7 case because the Plan provides that all allowed secured claims will be paid in full, with interest, after

confirmation of the Plan. The Plan further provides that all allowed unsecured claims would be paid in full over 5 years. However, if Debtor's case were converted to a case under Chapter 7, Debtor believes that LBUBS would be granted relief from the automatic stay and permitted to foreclose against its collateral because the amount of the LBUBS debt is the same as or exceeds the value of the Tower, which Debtor estimates is about \$17,100,000.00. A foreclosure by LBUBS would result in LBUBS receiving the Tower as opposed to payment of its claim in full. Furthermore, because most of the accounts receivable is believed by Debtor to be uncollectable, after payment of Chapter 11 and 7 administrative expenses, there may not be funds left to pay the allowed unsecured claims in full as provided under the Plan.

#### D. Feasibility

The Court must find that confirmation of the Plan is not likely to be followed by the liquidation, or the need for further financial reorganization, of Debtor or any successor to Debtor, unless such liquidation or reorganization is proposed in the Plan.

#### 1. Ability to Initially Fund Plan

Debtor believes that it will have enough cash on hand on the Effective Date to pay all the claims and expenses that are required to be paid on that date as indicated in the Budget.

## 2. Ability to Make Future Plan Payments and Operate Without Further Reorganization

Debtor must also show that it will have enough cash over the life of the Plan to make the required Plan payments. Debtor has provided projected financial information in the Budget attached as Exhibit "B." Debtor's financial projections show that the Debtor will have an estimated aggregate cash flow, after paying operating expenses, of \$648,221.00 during the first year of the Plan and an estimated aggregate cash flow, after paying operating expenses of \$1,268,012.00 per year thereafter, which is sufficient income to pay the annual Plan payments of \$648,000.00 during the first year and \$1,267,064.00 thereafter.

# KLEIN, DENATALE, GOLDNER, COOPER, ROSENLIEB & KIMBALL, LLP 4550 CALIFORNIA AVENUE, SECOND FLOOR BAKERSFIELD, CALIFORNIA 93309

#### VII. Effect of Confirmation of Plan

Creditors should refer to the Plan at pages 13 and 14 for a discussion of the effect of confirmation of the Plan. The Effect of Confirmation of Plan discussed in the Plan is incorporated herein by reference.

#### VIII. Amendments or Modifications to the Plan

Creditors should refer to the Plan at pages 14 and 15 for a discussion of Debtor's rights to amend or modify the Plan. The Amendments or Modifications to the Plan discussed in the Plan is incorporated herein by reference.

#### IX. Remedies upon Default

Creditors may request appropriate relief by filing a motion and setting it for hearing pursuant to Local Bankruptcy Rule 9014-1 if Debtor defaults under the Plan. This relief may consist of, without limitation, dismissal of the case, conversion of the case to Chapter 7, or relief from the automatic stay to pursue rights against collateral.

#### X. Risk Factors

Debtor believes that there is risk to creditors associated with the confirmation of the Plan. The primary risk to creditors is failure by Debtor to complete the payments required by the Plan and dismissal of the Chapter 11 case. Dismissal of the Chapter 11 would allow LBUBS to liquidate its collateral. Debtor believes that liquidation of collateral would result in payment of less than \$17,100,000.00 to LBUBS and less than 100% to the allowed unsecured claims. Debtor believes that the benefits associated with the Plan outweigh the risks associated with the Plan.

#### XI. Alternative to Plan

Dismissal of the case or conversion to Chapter 7 are alternatives available to Debtor if the Plan is not confirmed. Debtor believes that confirmation of the Plan is preferable to the dismissal of its case because dismissal of the case would result in foreclosure by LBUBS on their collateral, termination of the business operated by Debtor, and loss of employment for Debtor's employees and an uncertain future for the tenants of the Tower.

#### XII. Definitions

	The definitions contain in the Plan at	pages 18 through 20 are incorporated herein by
	1	herein shall have the meaning ascribed to the term
	by the Plan.	
	Date: February 6, 2012	STOCKDALE TOWER 1, LLC
	5	Jerry & Mareland
	5	Jeny L Mareland  By /s/ Terry L. Moreland  TERRY L. MORELAND, Member
	APPROVED:	
•	KLEIN, DeNATALE, GOLDNER, COOPER, ROSENLIEB & KIMBALL, LLP	
e:	COOLER, ROSENLIEB & RIVIBALL, LLP	
SECOND FLOOR	By Jacob L Eaton JACOB L EATON	
SECOND	Attorneys for Debtor	
		·
a, Goldner, EB & Kireall, IIA AVENUE, CALIFORNIA		
959		
KIEIN, DENARAIE, COOFER, ROSENLIES 4550 CALIFORNI BAKERSFIELD, C) 9 C 7		
COOPER 4550 BAKEF		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		
26		
27		
28	26D 7740	
	36R7749 15	

#### Case 11-62167 Doc 119 Page 16 of 20

B6B (Official Form 6B) (12/07)

I	n re STOCKDALE TOWER 1, L		Cas	se No. <u>11-</u> 6	S2167-B-11
		Debtor			
an wit ow: pet: Un- If tl	Except as directed below, list all person "x" in the appropriate position in the col h the case name, case number, and the n in the property by placing an "H," "W," "ition is filed, state the amount of any exe Do not list interests in executory contrexpired Leases.  The property is being held for the debtor be property is being held for a minor child.	al property of the debtor of whatever kind umn labeled "None." If additional space is umber of the category. If the debtor is may J," or "C" in the column labeled "Husband amptions claimed only in Schedule C - Progracts and unexpired leases on this scheduly someone else, state that person's name ald, simply state the child's initials and the in." Do not disclose the child's name. See,	If the debtor has no pro- needed in any category ried, state whether husl d, Wife, Joint, or Comm- perty Claimed as Exem- ule. List them in Sche and address under "Desi- name and address of the	operty in one of the control of the	rate sheet properly identified h, or the marital community ebtor is an individual or a join cutory Contracts and occation of Property."
	Type of Property	N O Description and Loc E	ation of Property	Husband, Wife, Joint, or Community	Current Value of Debtor's Interest in Property, without Deducting any Secured Claim or Exemption
1.	Cash on hand	X			
2.	Checking, savings or other financial accounts, certificates of deposit, or shares in banks, savings and loan, thrift, building and loan, and homestead associations, or credit unions, brokerage houses, or cooperatives.	x			
3.	Security deposits with public utilities, telephone companies, landlords, and others.	Security Deposit with PG&E		•	114,000.00
4.	Household goods and furnishings, including audio, video, and computer equipment.	X			
5.	Books, pictures and other art objects, antiques, stamp, coin, record, tape, compact disc, and other collections or collectibles.	X			
6.	Wearing apparel.	x			
7.	Furs and jewelry.	X			
8.	Firearms and sports, photographic, and other hobby equipment.	х			
9.	Interests in insurance policies.  Name insurance company of each policy and itemize surrender or refund value of each.	X			
10.	Annuities. Itemize and name each issuer.	X			
			(Total o	Sub-Total of this page)	> 114,000.00
3	continuation sheets attached to the So	hedule of Personal Property	Exhibit	A	<u>-</u>
Softwa	re Copyright (c) 1996-2011 - CCH INCORPORATED -	www.bestcase.com	Page	16	Best Case Bankruptcy

#### Case 11-62167 Doc 119 Page 17 of 20

B6B (Official Form 6B) (12/07) - Cont.

In re	STOCKDALE TOWER 1, LLC	Case	No	11-62167-B-11
		······································		

Debtor

#### SCHEDULE B - PERSONAL PROPERTY - AMENDED

	Type of Property	N O N E	Description and Location of Property	Husband, Wife, Joint, or Community	Current Value of Debtor's Interest in Property without Deducting any Secured Claim or Exemption
11.	Interests in an education IRA as defined in 26 U.S.C. § 530(b)(1) or under a qualified State tuition plan as defined in 26 U.S.C. § 529(b)(1). Give particulars. (File separately the record(s) of any such interest(s). 11 U.S.C. § 521(c).)	х			
12.	Interests in IRA, ERISA, Keogh, or other pension or profit sharing plans. Give particulars.	x			
13.	Stock and interests in incorporated and unincorporated businesses. Itemize.	X			
14.	Interests in partnerships or joint ventures. Itemize.	x			
15.	Government and corporate bonds and other negotiable and nonnegotiable instruments.	X			
16.	Accounts receivable.	Accou	nts receivable	•	634,405.00
		ADDEI Stockd	) lale Communications - Note receivable	-	180,256.00
17.	Alimony, maintenance, support, and property settlements to which the debtor is or may be entitled. Give particulars.	X			
18.	Other liquidated debts owed to debtor including tax refunds. Give particulars.	X	`		
19.	Equitable or future interests, life estates, and rights or powers exercisable for the benefit of the debtor other than those listed in Schedule A - Real Property.	X			
	Contingent and noncontingent interests in estate of a decedent, death benefit plan, life insurance policy, or trust.	X			
			T)	Sub-Total of this page)	> 814,661.00
	1 of 3 continuation sheets att	ached	Exhibit	A	
	re Copyright (c) 1996-2011 - CCH INCORPORATED - w	ww.bestcase.co	<del>-</del>	in	Best Case Bankruptcy

#### Case 11-62167 Doc 119 Page 18 of 20

Case 11-62167 Doc 100 Page 5 of 6

B6B (Official Form 6B) (12/07) - Cont.

	In re	STOCKDALE TOWER 1	i. LLC
--	-------	-------------------	--------

Case No. <u>11-62167-B-11</u>

Debtor

### SCHEDULE B - PERSONAL PROPERTY - AMENDED

			(Continuation Sheet)			
	Type of Property	(	N D Description and Location	n of Property	Husband, Wife, Joint, or Community	Current Value of Debtor's Interest in Property, without Deducting any Secured Claim or Exemption
21	Other contingent and unliquidated claims of every nature, including tax refunds, counterclaims of the debtor, and rights to setoff claims. Give estimated value of each.		Potential recovery against former about \$25,000.00	tenant valued at	-	Unknown
22	Patents, copyrights, and other intellectual property. Give particulars.	)				
23	Licenses, franchises, and other general intangibles. Give particulars.	>				
24.	Customer lists or other compilations containing personally identifiable information (as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(41A)) provided to the debtor by individuals in connection with obtaining a product or service from the debtor primarily for personal, family, or household purposes.	×				
25.	Automobiles, trucks, trailers, and other vehicles and accessories.	X				
26.	Boats, motors, and accessories.	Х				
27.	Aircraft and accessories.	х				
28.	Office equipment, furnishings, and		Furnishings including the following	ı:	•	2,200.00
	supplies.		(8) Lobby chairs @ \$100 each (4) Lobby tables @ \$150 each (4) Lobby mirrors @ \$200 each			_,
29.	Machinery, fixtures, equipment, and supplies used in business.	X				
30.	Inventory.	X				
31.	Animals.	X				
32.	Crops - growing or harvested. Give particulars.	X				
33.	Farming equipment and implements.	X				
34.	Farm supplies, chemicals, and feed.	X				
				(Total of	Sub-Total > this page)	> 2,200.00
	2 of 3 continuation sheets at Schedule of Personal Property	tach		hibisA		
oftwa	re Copyright (c) 1996-2011 - CCH INCORPORATED -	ww.l	bestcase.com <sup>ଆ</sup> ୟ	ge18	· .	Best Case Bankruptcy

#### Case 11-62167 Doc 119 Page 19 of 20

Case 11-62167 Doc 100 Page 6 of 6

B6B (Official Form 6B) (12/07) - Cont.

In re	STOCKDALE TOWER 1, LLC		Case No	11-62167-B-11	
-		Debtor			

## SCHEDULE B - PERSONAL PROPERTY - AMENDED (Continuation Sheet)

	Type of Property	N O Description and Location E	of Property Husband, Wife, Joint, or Community	Current Value of Debtor's Interest in Property, without Deducting any Secured Claim or Exemption
35.		Gym Equipment including the follow	ving: -	30,150.00
	not already listed. Itemize.	(2) Eliptical Machines @ \$500 each		
		(12) Weight Lifting Stations/Machine value	es \$25,000 total	
		(2) Sets of Free Weights @ \$1,750 e	ach	
		(1) Bench Press @ \$250		
		(1) Incline Bench @ \$350		
		(1) Sit Up Bench @ \$300		
		(2) Stationary Bikes @ \$250 each		
		ADDED Wachovia Bank-impound account	-	90,061.00

Sub-Total >

120,211.00

(Total of this page)
Total >

1,051,072.00

Sheet 3 of 3 continuation sheets attached to the Schedule of Personal Property

Page\_

(Report also on Summary of Schedules)

#### Case 11-62167 Doc 119 Page 20 of 20

### **Stockdale Tower 1, LLC Projected Operating Budget**

	Yea	r One	Years	s Two and Three
Beginning Balance INCOME	-     \$	2,462,621.00	\$	3,470,621.00
INCOME	$\dashv$	2,402,021.00	Ą	3,470,621.00
EXPENSES				
Telephone	\$	2,400.00	\$	2,400.00
Water	\$	12,000.00	\$	12,000.00
Cleaning supplies	\$	12,000.00	\$	12,000.00
City of Bakersfield	\$	28,000.00	\$	30,000.00
Gas	\$	15,000.00	\$	15,000.00
Electrical	\$	500,000.00	\$	570,000.00
HVAC	\$	36,000.00	\$	36,000.00
Payroll	\$	300,000.00	\$	360,000.00
TI/commission/ti reserves	\$	420,000.00	\$	420,000.00
EDD Payroll	\$	13,000.00	\$	14,400.00
IRS Payroll	\$	50,000.00	\$	52,800.00
Repairs and Maint/Capital Improvements	\$	35,000.00	\$	120,000.00
Professional Services	\$	255,000.00	\$	255,000.00
Insurance	\$	25,000.00	\$	25,000.00
Property Taxes	\$	75,000.00	\$	158,000.00
Management fee Year 2 and 3			\$	120,000.00
Total Operating Expenses	\$	1,778,400.00	\$	2,202,600.00
PLAN PAYMENTS	_			
LNR Partners - Class 2	\$	684,000.00	\$	1,187,064.00
Reddy - Class 3	\$	-	\$	25,000.00
Unsecured creditors - Class 5	\$	-	\$	55,000.00
Total Plan Payments	\$	684,000.00	\$	1,267,064.00
Net income	\$	221.00	\$	957.00