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3	900 Veterans Boulevard, Suite 600	
4	Telephone: (650) 261-6280	
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6	Santa Clara Square, LLC	
7		RUPTCY COURT
8	8 NORTHERN DISTRICT	OF CALIFORNIA
9	9 SAN JOSE DIV	/ISION
10		
11		Case No. 09-61196
12	SANTA CLARA SQUARE, LLC,	Chapter 11
13	Debtor.	
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DEBTOR'S DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IN SUPPORT OF CHAPTER 11 PLAN OF REORGANIZATION

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Debtor in Possession Santa Clara Square, LLC ("Debtor") submits the following Disclosure Statement ("Disclosure Statement") with respect to its Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization ("Plan").

#### I. PURPOSE OF DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

This Disclosure Statement contains information which may bear upon your decision to accept or to reject the Plan. The information presented in this Disclosure Statement is provided to enable the parties in interest to make a reasonably informed decision as to whether to vote for or against the Plan.

All of Debtor's statements and representations in this Disclosure Statement, including those relating to the financial, business, and accounting data are those of the Debtor and are not those of the professionals who represent the Debtor. The financial information in this Disclosure Statement concerning the Debtor is compiled from Debtor's books and records and is unaudited. The Debtor is unable to warrant or represent that information contained herein is without error, although all reasonable efforts under the circumstances have been made to be accurate.

This Disclosure Statement has been prepared by Debtor's representatives and counsel pursuant to Section 1125 of the Bankruptcy Code in connection with the solicitation of votes on the Plan which is provided to you with this Disclosure Statement. The purpose of this Disclosure Statement is to provide to Debtor's creditors, who are entitled to vote on the Plan, adequate information to make an informed judgment about whether to accept or reject the Plan.

The Disclosure Statement describes the relevant background and history of Debtor and significant events both before and after the commencement of the Chapter 11 case. The Disclosure Statement also describes the terms and provisions of the Plan of Reorganization, including the treatment of the various classes of creditors, according to the types of claims held by each creditor, and the manner in which the Debtor will be able to provide such treatment.

# II. VOTING REQUIREMENTS

A creditor whose legal rights are impaired under the Plan and who has filed or is deemed to have filed a proof of claim is entitled to vote to accept or to reject the Plan, unless an objection to

such creditor's claim has been filed with the Court. A claim which is the subject of a pending objection is not entitled to vote on the Plan unless the holder of the claim successfully moves the Court to temporarily allow the claim for voting purposes or unless the Court allows some portion of the claim. If the Debtor or other party in interest files an objection to your claim, you must move the Court to allow your claim for voting or your vote will not be counted.

In order for the Plan to be confirmed by the Court, two-thirds (2/3) in dollar amount and more than one-half (½) in number of the allowed claims in an impaired class which vote must accept the Plan. Voting percentages will be based upon the number of ballots actually cast.

After carefully reviewing the Disclosure Statement and the Plan, please indicate your vote to accept or to reject the Plan on the enclosed ballot and return it to Debtor's counsel no later than the date and time specified in the Order Approving Disclosure Statement, which is served herewith. The ballot should be returned to the following address:

COHEN AND JACOBSON Attn: Lawrence A. Jacobson 900 Veterans Boulevard, Suite 600 Redwood City, CA 94063

Your ballot will not be counted unless <u>received</u> by the deadline. Your ballot will not be counted if it is not signed. Your ballot will not count unless you indicate whether you accept or reject the Plan.

In tabulating acceptances and rejections, Debtor will use the lesser of (a) the dollar amount you state on your ballot, (b) the dollar amount of your claim as shown on the official claims register, or, if you did not file a proof of claim, (c) the undisputed amount of your claim on Debtor's schedules, unless you move the Bankruptcy Court to allow your claim for voting purposes in a different amount. The claims register reflects the amount you included on a proof of claim if you filed a proof of claim. You may review the official claims register and Debtor's schedules at the office of the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court, Third Floor, 280 South First Street, San Jose, California 95113, or by using the PACER electronic docketing system (charges may apply for use of PACER).

#### III. BACKGROUND

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## A. Preliminary Information

#### 1. Debtor's Name:

The Debtor is Santa Clara Square, LLC.

#### 2. Form of Debtor:

Debtor is a California limited liability company that was created on July 29, 2003. The members of Debtor are E& H SC Family Limited Partnership (51%), Santa Clara QVN, LLC (18%), Hung Nguy (8%), Albert Wang (6%), Chia Van Dang (5%), Jenny Nguy (5%), Minh Nguy (5%), and Linh My Nguy (2%).

#### 3. Debtor's Business:

Debtor is in the business of investing in commercial real property. More particularly, Debtor is in the business of purchasing, leasing, renovating and selling commercial real property. Debtor currently owns certain commercial real property commonly known as 3610 - 3700 El Camino Real, Santa Clara, California (the "Property"). Debtor's income is derived from the leasing of the commercial units, but the maximum potential value of the Property may be as a development project for residential and additional commercial improvements.

#### 4. Related Entities:

Debtor does not have any parent, subsidiary, or other related entities.

#### 5. Other Sources of Income:

The Debtor has no other sources of income other than from the rental of the commercial property. Debtor's members have advanced funds to the Debtor. Those funds remain on deposit in the DIP Account.

#### 6. Date of Chapter 11 Petition:

This case was commenced on December 21, 2009.

#### 7. Events That Caused the Filing:

The Property has a current value of approximately \$19,000,000 (based upon recent offers for

purchase of the Property). The secured claim is approximately \$14,500,000, and therefore there is significant equity in the Property to be protected. Prior to the commencement of the bankruptcy case, the secured lender, East West Bank as the assignee of the FDIC receivership of United Commercial Bank ("East West Bank") recorded and published a Notice of Default and a Notice of Trustee's Sale, with the sale set to occur on December 22, 2009. Debtor attempted to negotiate a resolution of the issues with East West Bank and to obtain a postponement of the foreclosure sale but was unable to do so.

Prior to the filing of the bankruptcy case Debtor had obtained an offer for purchase, with the purchaser offering the purchase price of \$19,000,000 for the purchase of the Property.

Contingencies were scheduled to be removed on December 21, 2009, with escrow to close on December 27, 2009. However, on November 16, 2009, the Bank caused a Notice of Trustee's sale to be recorded, with the sale set for December 22, 2009. During this period Debtor understands that the note and rights under the Deed of Trust were transferred from the FDIC, as the receiver for United Commercial Bank, to East West Bank. The sale would have resulted in payment of all claims, including that of the Bank, but East West Bank refused to continue the foreclosure sale to allow the voluntary sale to consummate. Accordingly, Debtor was forced to file the bankruptcy case to reorganize its financial affairs, and to prevent foreclosure of the property, thereby protecting the significant equity.

## **B.** Status of Bankruptcy Case

Debtor has operated as Debtor-in-Possession since the commencement of the case. For cash collateral purposes the Debtor and the secured creditor have treated the rents and related income as cash collateral, and have entered into various stipulations for payment of necessary expenses. As set forth below, Debtor contends that a significant portion of the cash in the Debtor in Possession Account is not subject to any liens, in particular those funds which were advanced to the Debtor by certain shareholders (as opposed to funds received from rental income). The Debtor is compliant in its reporting and other administrative requirements, and the 341 Meeting of Creditors has been

concluded.

This is a single asset real estate case, and as such Debtor is timely filing its Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization on or before March 21, 2010. Debtor estimates that the hearing on this Disclosure Statement will take place in May, 2010, and the confirmation hearing will occur in June or July, 2010.

# C. Description of the Property

Debtor's primary asset consists of certain commercial real property, which is described in more detail as follows.

#### 1. General Information

Debtor currently owns certain commercial real property in Santa Clara, California. The commercial property consists of 138,915 square feet of leasable space located on 12.59 acres of land (the "Property"). The Property was acquired in 2004 for a purchase price of \$16,988,000. Debtor currently estimates the Property value to be at least \$19,000,000, with that amount based, in part, upon the proposed purchase of the Property. As stated above, the size, location, and design of the Property is such that the maximum potential for the Property would be achieved with the development of residential and commercial units.

#### 2. Liens

There exists an undisputed secured claim held by the Santa Clara County Tax Collector. This lien in the amount of \$399,465.23 pertains to property taxes owing for the Property.

The Property was initially purchased with financing provided by Far East Bank. In September, 2005, United Commercial Bank refinanced the loan with a principal amount of \$13,500,000. Debtor and UCB entered into various modification agreements in January, 2007; December, 2007; July, 2008; and December, 2008.

East West Bank has succeeded to UCB's interests in the loan with Debtor, and East West Bank holds a secured claim scheduled as a disputed claim in the amount of \$14,500,000, which claim is secured by a Deed of Trust. Debtor has not made post-petition payments to the secured

creditor as a result of its current decreased cash flow, and because the significant equity cushion provides adequate protection to the bank. However, the terms of the Plan, discussed below, provide for treatment of the bank's claim, including the commencement of adequate protection payments.

#### 3. Occupancy

The Property is currently occupied by three tenants: Kohl's Department Stores, YUM! Brands (Taco Bell), and Bharat Bazaar. The monthly rental income is \$54,559.51.

The Property is being managed by the Debtor in Possession.

# D. Detailed Disclosure Regarding Prior Marketing and Sale Efforts, and the Origination of the Dispute With the Secured Creditor

Debtor has been engaged in efforts to sell the Property from 2007 through the petition date, and has continued these efforts post-petition. Upon acquiring the Property, Debtor researched and evaluated the potential development of the Property, and remains interested in the possibility of developing the Property if it obtains appropriate financing. In furtherance of these evaluations, Debtor has been involved in seeking entitlements either for its own benefit, and/or for enhancement of value in the event of the sale of the Property.

Debtor obtained three pre-petition offers for purchase. However, for various reasons, including those described below none of these transactions closed. Each of the purchases would have resulted in full payment of all claims in this case, as well as the return of a substantial surplus to Debtor.

An initial offer for purchase was signed in December, 2007, with Urban Dynamic. Contingencies were removed, and the deposit released, however Urban Dynamic failed to close the transaction, and the sale was not completed. Urban Dynamic subsequently filed suit against Debtor, seeking return of its deposit, and recorded a lis pendens. Debtor engaged counsel and disputed any claim to return of the deposit. Urban Dynamic subsequently rescinded the lis pendens, and has filed a proof of claim based upon the claim regarding the deposit. Debtor will file an Objection to Claim, and is evaluating counter-claims against Urban Dynamic.

After the first potential sale failed to close, the initial offer for sale of the Property was modified, with the modified offer involving Urban Dynamic and an equity partner. This Sale also failed to consummate. Shortly after the modified sale failed to close, Debtor obtained another offer for purchase which also failed to close.

In October, 2009, Debtor obtained a new offer for purchase of the Property. This offer for purchase was scheduled to remove contingencies on December 21, 2009, and close on December 27, 2009. However, the bank refused to continue the foreclosure sale, thereby precluding the final sale from closing.

At various times during the negotiations for the sale of the Property, the Bank interacted with prospective purchasers regarding a sale of the note in a manner which frustrated the sale process.

The actions of the Bank in these respects will be the subject of review by counsel and prosecution of such litigation as is appropriate.

Debtor has engaged special counsel, namely the firm of Rossi, Hamerslough, Reischl, and Chuck, to evaluate the claim against East West Bank for interference with the prior sale transactions and other wrongful acts and omissions in the administration of the loan. Debtor has filed an Application for Appointment of Special Counsel which is currently pending. The firm of Rossi, Hamerslough, Reischl, and Chuck specialize in real property transactions and litigation, and therefore will be of assistance in evaluating and litigating the claims against United Commercial Bank and East West Bank.

It is also noteworthy that one of the account representatives at UCB involved with the Debtor's account is an officer named Emily Ong. Debtor is informed and believes that prior to UCB being placed in receivership Ms. Ong obtained employment with East West Bank. As an employee at East West Bank, Ms. Ong acted as the account representative with respect to Debtor's account after East West Bank succeeded to UCB's interest in the loan. Thus, Ms. Ong was responsible for Debtor's account both at UCB and East West Bank, and Debtor is informed and believes that Ms. Ong continues to remain the decision maker with regard to Debtor's account. Debtor is informed

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and believes that Ms. Ong ratified and continued the conduct on behalf of East West Bank.

#### Ε. Current Offers and Related Business Opportunities Related to the Property

During the post-petition period Debtor has continued to market and explore the sale and other opportunities related to the Property. During this period Debtor has received multiple offers for the purchase of the Property and related proposals. Several of these proposals have significant potential, and Debtor is evaluating the purchase proposals, joint venture proposals, and related proposals. Debtor has also engaged special counsel to assist with the evaluation of these proposals, namely the firm of Rossi, Hamerslough, Reischl, and Chuck (described above).

Debtor does not include the details of the proposals herein because (1) several prospective purchasers require confidentiality during negotiations; and (2) Debtor believes that disclosure of the terms of the various proposals would negatively impact negotiations with other prospective purchasers and/or joint venturers. Debtor does disclose that the offers which it is considering will result in payment of all claims which are provided for in the Plan, with a surplus or retention of assets by the Debtor.

Debtor continues to receive offers and proposals, and will continue to evaluate each proposal to determine which opportunity is in the best interests of creditors and the Debtor.

#### IV. **DEBTOR'S CREDITORS AT PRESENT**

#### Α. **Administrative Claims (Class A)**

Debtor anticipates that there will be three Class A administrative claims. Debtor estimates that the claim of Cohen and Jacobson, LLP, as counsel for Debtor, will be approximately \$50,000; that the claim of Rossi, Hamerslough, Reischl, and Chuck as special counsel will be approximately \$15,000 (and perhaps higher if litigation with the bank is commenced); and the claim of Bicker & Associates as accountants for Debtor will be approximately \$5,000.

#### В. **Priority Claims (Class B)**

Debtor is presently unaware of any priority claims.

1	C. Lien Claimants (Class C)
2	1. Claim of Santa Clara County Tax Collector (Class C-1)
3	Class C-1 consists of the Claim of the Santa Clara County Tax Collector in the amount of
4	\$399,465.23.
5	2. Claim of East West Bank (Class C-2)
6	The C-2 Claim consists of the secured claim of East West Bank in the amount of
7	\$14,500,000.
8	D. Claims of Unsecured Creditors (Class D)
9	The Class D claims consist of claims of Unsecured Creditors
10	1. Unsecured Claims Based Upon Shareholder Loans (Class D-1)
11	The Class D-1 claims consist of the unsecured claims of Emily Chen, Albert Wang, and
12	Hung Nguy based upon their advance of the Shareholder Loan Funds.
13	2. General Unsecured Claims (Class D-2)
14	The Class D-2 claims consist of general unsecured claims.
15	E. Claims of Members (Class E)
16	The Class E claims consist of the equity interests of members, namely E& H SC Family
17	Limited Partnership (51%), Santa Clara QVN, LLC (18%), Hung Nguy (8%), Albert Wang (6%),
18	Chia Van Dang (5%), Jenny Nguy (5%), Minh Nguy (5%), and Linh My Nguy (2%).
19	V. THE ESTATE'S ASSETS AT PRESENT
20	A. Summary of Assets Available to Pay Priority and Unsecured Claims
21	Debtor's assets are as follows:
22	Debtor's assets are as follows.
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24	ASSET NAME OF LIENHOLDERS Value
25	Bank Balances None \$437,509.64
26	

DEBTOR'S DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IN SUPPORT OF CHAPTER 11 PLAN OF REORGANIZATION

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1	ASSET	NAME OF LIENHOLDERS	Value
2	Real Property	Santa Clara County Tax	\$19,000,000.00
3		Collector and	
4		East West Bank	
5	Rental Income	None	\$3,275,970.60 1
6	Cause of Action Against EWB	None	Unknown <sup>2</sup>
7	Total		\$22,713,480.24
8			
9	In the opinion of Debtor's management, the value of the Debtor's assets, if sold on a		
10	liquidation basis by a tru	ustee in a Chapter 7 case, would b	be the following:

ASSET NAME OF Value

ASSET	NAME OF LIENHOLDERS	Value
Bank Balances	None	\$437,509.64
Real Property	Santa Clara County Tax Collector and East West Bank	\$14,500,000.00 3
Rental Income	None	\$0.00 4

DEBTOR'S DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IN SUPPORT OF CHAPTER 11 PLAN OF REORGANIZATION

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This figure is derived from calculating the rental income of \$54,559.51 for the 60 month term of the Plan.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The claims against the bank have as of yet undetermined value. Debtor's damages will be established through discovery, forensic accounting, and trial of the claims at issue

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Reflects distress forced sale valuation. This value is lower because in a liquidation analysis the property would either be sold at a depressed value, or the secured creditor would foreclose on the Property. Thus, the figure attributed in the liquidation analysis is the amount of the bank's claim. Further, in this scenario neither the creditors nor the Debtor would benefit from the various outstanding business proposals.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> In a liquidation analysis there would be no rental income from the Property.

1	ASSET	NAME OF	Value
2		LIENHOLDERS	
3	Cause of Action Against EWB	None	\$0.00 5
4	Total		\$14,937,509.64
5	В.	Avoidance Actions	
6	Debtor	reserves the right to file any	potential avoidance or recovery actions pursuant to 11
7	USC §§ 541, 5	44, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551	or 553. Debtor's recovery in such action will be paid to
8	creditors accor	ding to their priorities. Asid	e from the claims against East West Bank, Debtor does

# C. Exempt Assets

The Debtor is a limited liability company which has no exempt property.

necessary in the dispute regarding the Proof of Claim filed by Urban Dynamic.

not presently anticipate any other litigations. However, it is possible that litigation may be

#### VI. PLAN

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#### A. Effective Date:

The Effective Date is the day after the last date on which an appeal from this Court's order confirming Plan would be timely or, if an appeal is filed, the day after the appeal becomes final.

#### **B.** Treatment of Unclassified Claims:

Debtor will pay in full, in cash, any claims of governmental units entitled to priority under Bankruptcy Code Section 507(a)(8) which are less than \$5,000. Any claims of governmental units entitled to priority under Bankruptcy Code Section 507(a)(8) which are more than \$5,000 shall be paid in twenty four equal monthly installments, together with interest at the rate of six percent (6%) per annum.

# C. Treatment of Unimpaired Claims

Classes A, B, and E are unimpaired. Class A and B claims will be paid in full on the

DEBTOR'S DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IN SUPPORT OF CHAPTER 11 PLAN OF REORGANIZATION

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> This value is attributed a value of zero given the uncertainty that a liquidating trustee would pursue the claims

Effective Date, in cash from the Shareholder Loan Funds, unless other treatment is agreed upon. If a claim is disputed, Debtor will set aside and reserve sufficient funds to satisfy the claim if subsequently allowed. In the event that all claims are paid in full, Class E members, currently comprised of eight members of Debtor, shall retain their interests without impairment.

## **D.** Treatment of Priority Claims:

There are no current priority claims.

#### E. Treatment the Class C-1 Claim:

The Plan provides for payment of the Class C-1 Claim upon the sale of any property subject to a lien for property taxes, from Litigation Proceeds, and/or from the refinance of the Property.

## F. Treatment of the Class C-2 Claim

Initially, Debtor the Class C-2 Claim of East West Bank will be satisfied, in whole or in part, from the offset or payment due on account of the Interference Claims. In the event that Debtor successfully pursues its Interference Claims against the Class C-2 Claimant, the damages awarded to Debtor will offset the claim, or part of it, such that the Class C-2 Claim will be barred or reduced to the extent of the offset.

The Plan will provide for interim treatment of the Class C-2 Claim pending resolution of the Interference Claims. The Plan provides for the payment of the Class C-2 Claim from the sale of the Property. The Property is valued at \$19,000,000, and therefore the sale of the Property will satisfy the entire Class C-2 Claim. In connection with the sale of the Property Debtor is authorized, but not required, to pursue entitlements for the development of the Property in order to maximize the value of the Property.

Due to the significant equity cushion in the Property, the Class C-2 Claimant will not receive interim adequate protection payments so long as the Property is sold within one year of the Effective Date. If the Property is not sold within one year of the Effective Date, Debtor will make interest only adequate protection payments to the Class C-2 Claimant for the duration of the term of the plan (i.e., from one year after the Effective Date through the balance of the five year term, or

such longer period as may apply if the term is extended as provided in the Plan). If this Court makes an order in other proceedings within this case requiring adequate protection payments, Debtor shall make such payments from Net Profits, from Shareholder Loan Funds, or from other sources approved by the Court, and the Plan will be deemed amended accordingly. The interest payments will be based upon the prime rate utilized by the Class C-2 Claimant for similar loans plus 1.5% ("Class C-2 Interest Rate"). The current prime rate is 3.25%, and therefore the current interest rate as of the date of the filing of this Disclosure Statement would be 4.75%. Based upon the principal balance of \$14,500,000, the interest payments would be \$57,395 per month.

The Plan provides that the Debtor may to elect to retain the Property and pay the Class C-2 Claim by obtaining financing through a refinance of the Property.

Alternatively, or additionally, the Class C-2 Claim, or part of it, may also be paid from Net Profits from the continued rental of the Property.

Alternatively or additionally, Debtor may elect to develop the Property and pay claims by the sale and/or rental of developed residential and commercial units. If Debtor chooses to develop the Property it is required to file with the Court a Statement of Election within one year of the Effective Date ("Development Election"). However, if the Debtor does seek to pursue development of the Property, which will likely require Debtor to obtain financing through a new loan, equity partner, joint venture, or other arrangement, Debtor must obtain an Order of this court authorizing any such agreement.

Debtor currently anticipates that the development will involve a hybrid development of residential and commercial units. The Class C-2 Claimant will retain its existing lien rights during the term of the Plan, including during any development. In the event of a Development Election, the Debtor is required to make the payments specified below, and is further required to pay the entire balance of the Class C-2 Claim no later than the fifth anniversary of the Effective Date ("Development Term"). If the Debtor proceeds with the development of the Property, the Plan requires that the Debtor comply with the following terms:

- Debtor must make monthly interest only adequate protection payments to the Class C-2 Claimant at the Class C-2 Interest Rate for the duration of the term of the Plan. These interest payments will commence the month in which the Debtor makes the Development Election, or one year from the Effective Date, whichever is earlier.
- Upon completion of the development of the Property, Debtor must market the commercial and residential units for sale and/or rental.
- For those units which are leased following development, the Debtor's interest in Net Profits from the rental of those units shall be used to pay the Class C-2 Claim. The distribution of Net Profits from the new rentals will be paid on a semi-annual basis, with the first payment to be made within six (6) months after the development is complete.
- For those units which are sold after development, the Debtor will pay to the Class C-2 Claimant eighty percent (80%) of the Debtor's interest in the net proceeds from the sale of units, and will retain the remaining twenty percent (20%) in a segregated account ("Development Reserve") for the purpose of making improvements to other units and/or common areas in connection with the development.
- At the end of the Development Term, the remaining balance of the Class C-2 Claim shall be paid in full from the sale of the Property, the refinance of the Class C-2 Claim, or from new contributions from members or other third parties.

Alternatively, at any time during the term of the Plan, the Debtor may elect to refinance the Property, or obtain contribution from new members and/or third parties, and pay the Class C-2 Claim in full from the proceeds of the refinance or contribution.

#### G. Treatment of Class D-2 Claims

Class D-2 Claims will be paid no later than the end of the Term of the Plan from the surplus remaining from Litigation Proceeds, from Net Profits, from Shareholder Loan Funds, and from cash balances, after payment of other claims according to their priorities.

The Plan provides that the Class D-2 Claimants may also be paid from the remaining proceeds from the sale of the Property (after payment of costs of sale, taxes, secured claims, and related costs), or the refinance of the Property.

Debtor anticipates that Class D-2 Claims will be paid in full, with such claimants receiving a 100% dividend. However, if the means for providing payment to Class D-2 are not sufficient for a 100% dividend, the payment to Class D-2 Claimants will be made on a pro-rata basis from available assets. If Class D-2 Claims are not paid in full, the portion of the unpaid balance of each Class D-2 Claim will be discharged. In the event that any Class D-2 Claims are discharged, the Shareholder Loan Funds shall be deemed to be contributions of capital utilized to fund the payments required to be paid from such funds under this Plan, and the Class E members will receive nothing on account of their Class D-1 Shareholder Loans.

#### H. Treatment of Class D-1 Claims

The Plan provides that Class D-1 Claims, namely the shareholder loan claims, will be subordinated. Provided that claims in Classes A, B, C, and D-2 are paid in full, Class D-1 Claims will be repaid, with interest at the rate of 10%, from any remaining assets upon conclusion of the term of the Plan. If there are insufficient remaining assets to pay all class D-1 Claims in full, the claims shall be paid on a pro-rata basis.

#### I. Treatment of Class E Claims

The Plan provides that Class E members will provide, without charge to the Reorganized Debtor, and with a waiver of all fees and commissions to which a provider of such services would otherwise reasonably expect to receive, all the services required for the consummation of the Plan, exclusive of the daily management functions performed by Alpha Investments and Property Management, but otherwise including without limitation the leasing and management services for the Property; engaging professionals for the design and construction of the development; engaging contractors and subcontractors to perform the development; supervising the construction and completion of the development; the procurement of permits necessary for sales or leasing;

assistance in the prosecution of all litigations contemplated by this Plan, and the marketing and sale/rental of the developed units (other than providing or paying the fees and costs of sales or leasing agents) pursuant to the terms of this Plan. The obligations to be performed by the Class E members include all of the obligations to be performed by the Debtor under the terms of this Plan, and as otherwise required by the Bankruptcy Code, the Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, the Local Rules of the above entitled Court, the Guidelines of the Office of the United States Trustee. In the event that any party in interest considers that the Class E equity security holders have failed, or are failing, to provide such services, such party in interest may move the court for a determination that the Member(s) have failed to provide such services and for an order determining the appropriate disposition of the membership interests.

The individuals and entities who presently hold their membership interests shall retain those interests, subject to performance of such obligations and subject to consent of the treatment which the Plan provides for Class D-1 Claims.

# J. Manner of Funding of Plan:

The manner of funding the plan is described above. In sum, Debtor will pay claims through a process of (a) continued rental of the Property and collection of rents from Tenants; (b) the sale of the Property; (c) funding pursuant to a refinance; (d) development of the property by obtaining an equity partner, joint venturer, or other financing, followed by the sale and/or rental of the commercial and residential units to be developed; and (e) disbursement of Litigation Proceeds.

Debtor will also use the Shareholder Loan Funds to pay claims in Classes A and B.

# K. Specific Terms Related to the Sale or Refinance of the Property

The Plan provides that Debtor is authorized to sell the Property at any time during the term of the Plan. In connection with the sale of the Property Debtor is also authorized to employ any qualified real estate broker to assist with the sale of the Property without further order of the Court. The real estate broker may receive a reasonable commission from the sale of the Property, so long as the commission conforms with the industry standard.

The Plan dictates that the sale of the Property requires Court approval following a motion noticed to all creditors. The sale, and payment of costs of sale as customary in the industry, shall be approved if the terms of sale are fair and reasonable. Class C-1 Claims and Class C-2 Claims will be paid directly from escrow from the net profits after costs of sale. Any surplus funds are to be returned for the Debtor for distribution pursuant to this Plan pursuant to the priorities set forth herein.

With respect to the refinance of the Property, Debtor is also authorized to refinance the Property at any time during the term of the Plan, provided that (a) the refinance generates funds sufficient to pay all outstanding claims; and (b) Debtor notifies East West Bank and the Office of the United States Trustee prior to consummating any refinance. Provided that the refinance will result in full payment of all claims, the refinance of the Property does not require court authority, and the refinance may be effectuated at any time during the term of the Plan without the necessity of further order of the Court. However, if the proposed refinance of the Property will not generate funds sufficient to pay all claims, then Court approval is required.

In the event that a Final Decree is issued and the case closed prior to the sale of the Property, no order reopening the case will be required in order for the Court to hear any motion related to the sale or refinance of the Property.

#### L. Term of the Plan:

The Term of the Plan is five years, and the term shall commence on the Effective Date. The Plan also provides that Debtor may extend the term of the Plan. At the conclusion of the five year term, if Debtor is current in its interest payments on the C-2 Claim of East West Bank, and is otherwise in compliance with the terms of this Plan, Debtor has the option to automatically extend the term of the Plan for two additional years. The Plan requires that Debtor make such an election in writing and file a Notice of Election to Extend Term of Plan with the Court. In the event that the term of the Plan is extended by Debtor's election, the term of the Plan will be seven years.

If the Debtor elects to extend the term of the Plan to seven years, after conclusion of the

seven year term, Debtor can seek a further extension of the term of the Plan. However, a request for a further extension requires a showing that the interest payments on the Class C-2 Claim are current and that there exists a legitimate business purpose for the extension. The business purpose may include, but is not limited to, the need to complete the development of the Property, efforts to sell or refinance the Property, or an increase in rental income such that Debtor is capable of commencing payments to creditors without the need for sale or refinance.

The time for payment of all claims provided for under the Plan shall be extended upon the extension of the term of the Plan.

#### VII. COMPARISON WITH CHAPTER 7

# A. Chapter 11 Reorganization and Chapter 7 Liquidation Alternatives

If Debtor's proposed Chapter 11 Plan is not confirmed, the potential alternatives would include proposal of a different plan, dismissal of the case, or conversion of the case to Chapter 7. If this case is converted to Chapter 7, a trustee will be appointed to liquidate and distribute the Debtor's assets.

## B. Chapter 11 Distribution Scheme

In the event that Debtor's Chapter 11 Plan is confirmed, Debtor anticipates the following distribution to creditors (the analysis accounts for the full value of the assets being distributed by the end of the Plan):

Classes of Claims	Claim Amounts	Diminishing Balances of Estate Funds	% Dividend
Beginning Balance		\$22,713,480	
Class A	\$70,000	\$22,643,480	100%
Class C-1	\$399,465	\$22,244,015	100%
Class C-2	\$14,500,000	\$7,744,015	100%

Classes of Claims	Claim Amounts	Diminishing Balances of Estate Funds	% Dividend
Classes D <sup>6</sup>	\$381,252	\$7,362,763	100%
Residual Balance to Debtor		\$7,362,763	

# C. Chapter 7 Distribution Scheme

In the event that the case is converted to a Chapter 7 case, Debtor anticipates the following distribution:

Classes of	Claim	Diminishing Balances of Estate	% Dividend
Claims	Amounts	Funds	
Beginning Balance		\$14,937,510	
Class C-1	\$399,465	\$14,538,045	100%
Class C-2	\$14,500,000	\$38,045	100%
Expenses of Administration <sup>7</sup>	\$200,000	\$0	19%
Class D	\$381,252	\$0	0%

#### VIII. FEASIBILITY

The Plan is feasible based upon the value of the Property. Debtor estimates the value of the Property to be \$19,000,000, and based upon this valuation the assets of the estate exceed existing claims such that the Plan is undeniably feasible. Further, the estate holds approximately \$437,509 in cash, and the rental income generates \$54,599.51 in monthly income. Thus, the rental income will generate \$3,275,970.60 during the term of the Plan and will be available as funds with which

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The class D-1 claims aggregate the amount of \$290,000 and the Class D-2 claims aggregate the amount of \$91,252. The renegade claim of Urban Dynamic is not included in this figure, as the claim is baseless and Debtor will be filing an objection to claim disallowing such claim.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> This amount includes administrative claims for Debtor's counsel, as well as the Chapter 7 Trustee's fees, professional fees, and real estate broker fees.

to make certain of the payments required by this Plan.

Additionally, the alternate options of refinancing, obtaining equity contributions, and related options, will provide for new capital sufficient to pay all claims. These options will also provide for the development of the Property such that the income and sale of new residential and commercial units will generate income for payment of claims.

#### IX. PROPOSED MANAGEMENT AND SALARIES AFTER CONFIRMATION

Alpha Investments and Property Management will remain the property manager, with the assistance of the members as discussed above.

#### X. EXECUTORY CONTRACTS

The Plan provides for the assumption of the leases of the three current tenants of the Property, namely Kohl's Department Stores, YUM! Brands, and Bharat Bazaar. The property management contract with Alpha Investments & Property Management will also to be assumed. Any executory contracts which are not assumed pursuant to the terms of this Chapter 11 Plan are rejected.

## XI. LITIGATION

The Plan provides that Debtor is authorized to commence actions which it deems necessary without the necessity of Court approval, including but not limited to actions to the action against East West Bank, Urban Dynamic, or otherwise.

#### XII. OTHER

To the extent that rental income constitutes cash collateral subject to any lien of the Class C-2 Claimant, Debtor is authorized to utilize constitute cash collateral to make payments contemplated by the Plan and to pay monthly operating expenses. The monthly budget for operating expenses is the maximum of \$12,000 (which budget does not include interest payments or any taxes). Debtor is also authorized to pay post-petition property taxes as the come due from cash collateral.

In the event of any material failure of the Reorganized Debtor to perform the terms of this

1	Plan, any party in interest may ser	ve upon the Reorganized Debtor a Notice of Default demanding	
2	cure within sixty (60) days from date of service thereof. Unless otherwise provided in the Plan, if		
3	the Reorganized Debtor fails to timely cure the alleged default, any party in interest may pursue		
4	any remedy available under the Ba	ankruptcy Code or other applicable law, including conversion of	
5	the case to a Chapter 7 case.		
6	XIII. CONCLUSION		
7	Debtor urges that the Plan	will provide a means for payment to creditors, will likely result	
8	in the fullest potential dividend to creditors, and will permit the reorganized debtor to continue as		
9	an ongoing entity after completion	of the bankruptcy case.	
10	IX. CERTIFICATION		
11	The undersigned hereby co	ertifies that the information herein is true and correct, to the	
12	bestof my knowledge and belief, f	formed after reasonable inquiry.	
13	Dated: March 20, 2010	SANTA CLARA SQUARE, LLC	
14		By: /s/ Emily Chen	
15		Emily Chen Responsible Individual	
16			
17	Dated: March 20, 2010	COHEN AND JACOBSON, LLP	
18		By: /s/ Lawrence A. Jacobson	
19		Lawrence A. Jacobson	
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DEBTOR'S DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IN SUPPORT OF CHAPTER 11 PLAN OF REORGANIZATION

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