<u>Toshiba Announces Consolidated and Non-Consolidated Results</u> for the First Half of the Fiscal Year to March 2005

TOKYO--Toshiba Corporation today announced its consolidated and non-consolidated results for the first half (April-September) of fiscal year (FY) 2004.

Overview of Consolidated and Non-consolidated Results for First Half of FY 2004

The Japanese economy continued to move toward recovery in the first half of FY2004, despite continuing concerns about unemployment, as consumer spending edged upward and export and capital expenditure increased. Overseas, the US economy continued to expand, as did China and other Asian economies, while Europe saw slow recovery. In these circumstances, Toshiba's consolidated and non-consolidated business result for the first half of FY2004 were as follow:

Consolidated Results

Consolidated sales were 2,781.8 billion yen (US\$25,061 million), an increase of 173.5 billion yen from the same period of the previous year.

Consolidated operating income (loss) improved by 62.7 billion yen from the same period a year ago to 50.7 billion yen (US\$457 million). Electronic Devices saw operating income rise and Digital Products, Social Infrastructure and Home Appliances reported improved operating income (loss) from the same period a year ago.

Income (loss) before income taxes, minority interest and equity in earnings of affiliates rose by 39.1 billion yen from the year-earlier period to 21.5 billion yen (US\$193 million). Net income (loss) advanced by 40.6 billion yen from the same period of the previous year to 8.4 billion yen (US\$75 million).

Non-consolidated Results

Non-consolidated sales declined by 127.6 billion yen from the same period of the previous year to 1,332.0 billion yen (US\$12,000 million). This figure reflects the impact of businesses transferred from the parent company to group companies. If those businesses were included, non-consolidated net sales would increase by 9%. Recurring profit (loss) improved by 29.2 billion yen from the year-earlier period to 15.2 billion yen (US\$137 million). Net income (loss) was 2.3 billion yen (US\$20 million), an increase by 4.8 billion

yen from a year earlier period.

FY2004 First Half Consolidated Results by Industry Segment

(billion yen)

	Net S	Sales	Operating	Income
			(los	s)
		Change (%)		Change
Digital Products	1,064.9	11%	-12.8	+15.4
Electronic Devices	683.7	9%	67.4	+40.8
Social Infrastructure	765.3	5%	-8.7	+6.4
Home Appliances	330.0	5%	0	+4.7
Others	180.0	-29%	4.1	-5.1
Elimination	-242.1	-	0.7	-
Total	2,781.8	7%	50.7	+62.7

Digital Products: Increased Sales and Improved Operating Income (loss)

Sales of cellular phones business increased from the same period a year ago on the introduction of high-end multifunctional models and models with high design values. Sales of digital media business increased, because Toshiba-consolidated joint venture with Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. in optical-disk drives started its operation. Sales of personal computer business rose on higher overseas sales, mainly in North America and Europe. Sales in the business equipment business increased on higher demand for POS systems and digital multi-function peripherals.

Electronic Devices: Increased Sales and Increased Operating Income

Semiconductor business sales increased from the same period a year ago, on buoyant demand of system LSIs and discrete devices for digital consumer products, and healthy demand for NAND flash memory. A sales decline in display devices and components business reflected reorganizations of the cathode-ray-tube business and the rechargeable lithium-ion battery business. The LCD display business improved on increased sales of displays for small mobile PC applications and for cellular phones in overseas markets.

Social Infrastructure: Increased Sales and Improved Operating Income (loss)

Sales of Industrial and Power Systems & Services business were bolstered by increased orders for power generation plants that made up for the transfer of the industrial electric and automation systems business to a joint venture. Sales of Social Network & Infrastructure Systems business eased on lower sales of major radio wave systems and terrestrial digital broadcasting systems. Sales increased in the elevator, IT solutions and medical systems businesses.

Home Appliances: Increased Sales and Improved Operating Income (loss)
Sales advanced on increased sales of white goods, particularly home laundry appliances

and air-conditioners.

Others: Sales and operating incomes of Others decreased.

Sales decreased since Shibaura Mechatronics Corporation and others became affiliates accounted for by the equity method.

Projections for FY2004

Economic conditions in Japan in the second half of FY2004 are expected to continue on an upward trend. Projections indicate growth in exports and a firming up of corporate capital expenditure in the domestic market. However, growth in consumer spending is expected to be subdued by risk factors that include soaring crude oil prices. Overseas, economic slowdown is anticipated. Rising oil prices and a policy of credit restraint will make themselves felt in the US, while there may be a reaction to overheating investment in China. Adjustment of electronic devices inventory is also concern. Overall, prospects for the economy remain uncertain.

Consolidated and non-consolidated projections for FY2004 are shown below, revising in part the forecasts that Toshiba issued on April 27, 2004.

1. Consolidated forecast

FY2004 (Apr. 1, 2004 through Mar. 31, 2005) (billion yen)

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	Net Sales	Operating	Income(Loss)	Net Income
		Income	Before Income	(Loss)
		(Loss)	Taxes, Minority Interest and Equity	
			in Earnings of	
			Affiliates	
Revised Forecast (A)	5,870.0	190.0	130.0	50.0
Forecast as of April 27	5,800.0	190.0	110.0	30.0
2004 (B)				
(A) - (B)	70.0	-	20.0	20.0
FY2003	5,579.5	174.6	145.0	28.8

2. Non-consolidated forecast

FY2004 (Apr. 1, 2004 through Mar. 31, 2005) (billion yen)

	Net Sales	Recurring	Net Income
		Profit (Loss)	(Loss)
Revised Forecast (A)	2,890.0	60.0	20.0
Forecast as of April 27	2,870.0	55.0	20.0
2004 (B)			
(A) - (B)	20.0	5.0	-
FY2003	3,013.1	53.1	19.6

FY2004 Forecast by Industry Segment

Forecasts for consolidated net sales and operating income (loss) for FY2004 are shown below.

(Unit: billion yen)

	Net S	Sales	Operating Income (Loss)		
Segment	FY2004 Forecast	Change from FY2003	FY2004 Forecast	Change from FY2003	
Digital Products	2,230.0	11%	10.0	+33.8	
Electronic Devices	1,340.0	4%	105.0	-12.0	
Social Infrastructure	1,790.0	4%	60.0	+1.4	
Home Appliances	660.0	4%	5.0	+1.5	
Others	370.0	-22%	10.0	-8.8	
Elimination	-520.0	-	0.0	-0.5	
Total	5,870.0	5%	190.0	+15.4	

Digital Products: Sales are expected to be higher than for the previous year, largely owing to the operation of the joint venture with Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. in optical-disk drives. Operating income (loss) is expected to improve as a result of the ongoing renovation of PC business.

Electronic Devices: Operating income is expected to decrease mainly due to price erosion of NAND flash memory.

Social Infrastructure: Sales and operating income are expected to increase primarily as a result of higher sales of thermal power plants overseas.

Home Appliances: Operating income is expected to increase mainly owing to improvement of the air conditioner business.

Others: Sales and operating income are expected to decrease mainly as Shibaura Mechatronics Corporation became an affiliate accounted for by the equity method.

Dividend Payment for FY ending March, 2005

The Company will pay 2 yen per share for interim dividend. The year end dividend payment is not yet decided.

Financial Position – Cash Flows for FY2004

Total assets increased by 74.3 billion yen from the end of the previous year to 4,536.5 billion yen (US\$40,869 million).

Shareholders' equity increased by 19.1 billion yen from the end of the previous year to 774.1 billion yen (US\$6,973 million). The equity ratio improved by 0.2% from the end of the previous year to 17.1%. Total debt increased by 5.4 billion yen from the end of the previous year to 1,204.9 billion yen (US\$10,855 million). As a result, the debt to equity ratio was 156%, an improvement of 3% from the end of the previous year. Free cash flow decreased by 0.3 billion yen from the year-earlier period to 18.5 billion yen.

Toshiba will further reinforce cash flow management and continue to achieve positive results.

Trend of cash flow index

	FY2002	FY2002	FY2003	FY2003	FY2004
	first half		first half		first half
Equity ratio (%)	12.6	10.9	10.5	16.9	17.1
Equity ratio based on market	23.2	19.2	29.9	34.0	28.7
value (%)					
Debt redemption years (year)	11.7	6.4	6.5	4.4	4.8
Interest coverage ratio	4.8	8.5	9.1	11.6	12.3

Formulae:

Equity ratio: shareholders' equity/total assets

Equity ratio based on market value: market value of shareholders' equity*/total assets

* Market value of shareholders' equity is calculated as the (closing stock value at the end of a fiscal period) x (number of shares authorized at the end of a fiscal period without treasury stock)

Debt redemption years: total debt, average value at the beginning and the end of a fiscal period / net cash provided by operating activities

Interest coverage ratio: net cash provided by operating activities / interest payment

Disclaimer: The business result report contains forward-looking statements concerning Toshiba's future plans, strategies and performance. These statements are based on management's assumptions and beliefs in light of economic, financial and competitive data currently available. Further more, they are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties. Toshiba therefore wishes to caution readers that actual results may differ materially from our expectations. Major risk factors that may have a material influence on results are indicated on page 8, though the list is not necessarily exhaustive.

This announcement is an English translation of the original Japanese announcement. Toshiba is not responsible for the accuracy of this translation.

Note: For convenience only, all dollar figures used in reporting fiscal year 2004 first half results are valued at 111 yen to the dollar throughout this statement.

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Annex

Business group status

As of the end of September 2004, Toshiba Group, comprising 317 consolidated subsidiaries and 67 affiliates accounted for by the equity method, operates principally in the Digital Products, Electronic Devices, Social Infrastructure and Home Appliances business domains.

65 consolidated subsidiaries are involved in Digital Products, 42 in Electronic Devices, 112 in Social Infrastructure, 50 in Home Appliances and 48 in Others. The number of consolidated subsidiaries is two less than at the end of March 2004.

Management Policy

Basic Management Policy

The Company's management vision stresses the provision of products and services attuned to people's aspirations and beneficial to society. The Company endeavors to anticipate the future, integrate everyone's capabilities and act with agility and flexibility to achieve profitable growth.

In order to achieve sustainable growth and development of the Company, it is essential to vigorously engage in socially beneficial activities and earn the trust of society, as well as to provide excellent products and make profits. The Company considers corporate social responsibility (CSR) to be one of the essential management policies, and accordingly, does its utmost to enhance CSR activities based on its basic commitments.

Basic Policy on Profit Distribution

The Company's policy on distribution of profits is to maintain stable dividend payments, the specific dividend for each period being decided in light of operating results of the period and future periods. The Company intends to effectively utilize retained earnings for capital investment, financial investment and loans, and R&D expenditures for further business expansion.

Medium- to Long-term Business Strategies and Target Performance Indicators

The Company defines three core business domains: Digital Products, Electronic Devices and Social Infrastructure. In Digital Products and Electronic Devices, which are high growth areas, the Company aims to be among the leaders in each field. In Social Infrastructure, the Company intends to reinforce operational stability, to expand international business, especially in Asia, and to cultivate new businesses so that Social Infrastructure businesses become a source of stable profits.

In Digital Products, in addition to improving profitability of the PC business as soon as possible, the Company will promote proactive collaboration with Electronic Devices to reinforce its audio-visual business and establish it as a major source of profits. The

Company intends to attain this goal by taking full advantage of its core technologies in video, storage and semiconductors. The Company will introduce distinctive products with unique attributes, including TVs equipped with next-generation flat screen surface-conduction electron-emitter display (SED) panels and high-density, high-definition DVD (HD DVD) products. Also, the Company will strengthen sales and after-sales service by exploiting the Internet.

In Electronic Devices, the Company will continue to allocate substantial management resources to sharpen its competitive advantages and will enhance collaboration with Digital Products.

In Social Infrastructure, the Company will strengthen businesses in China and Southeast Asia where high demand for social infrastructure facilities is anticipated and will also reinforce after-sales service and maintenance businesses.

In Home Appliances, the Company will respond swiftly to evolving market conditions by deploying a consistent marketing system from product planning and manufacturing through to sales, while reinforcing the international operations.

The Company intends to increase sales and profits by executing these measures. The Company's targets for fiscal year 2006 are consolidated net sales of \(\frac{\frac{\text{\frac{4}}}}{6.2}\) trillion and operating income of \(\frac{\text{\frac{2}}}{280}\) billion. The plans call for a debt/equity ratio (ratio of interest-bearing debt to shareholders' equity) of 100% and ROE (return on equity) of 10% or higher at the end of fiscal year 2006.

Issues to be Addressed

In order to compete successfully in the market and achieve sustainable growth, the Company has formulated a strategic product map by identifying technologies and products that drive growth. Based on this strategic product map, the Company has already introduced the new AV PC "Qosmio", which has been well received, and will continue to introduce distinctive products with unique attribute.

For technologies and products that are related to several business units, corporate management will take the initiative and vigorously support business units so as to accelerate commercialization.

The Company promotes "Time to Market No. 1" activities to accelerate changes by reviewing all business processes from the viewpoints of time, costs and efficiency. Also, the Company promotes the "MI initiative" with the objective of improving operational efficiency and enhancing customer satisfaction and management quality. The Company will strive to implement the strategic plans in line with the MI initiative by setting specific quantitative targets using statistical techniques.

In the Company's main business area, highly advanced technology is required. At the same time, the Company is facing fierce global competition. Therefore, appropriate risk management is indispensable. Major risk factors related to the Company are described below. The Company recognizes these risks and makes every effort to manage them and to minimize any impact.

- Changes in political and economic conditions in Japan and abroad; unexpected regulatory changes;
 - Major disasters, including earthquakes and typhoons
- Rapid changes in the supply/demand situations in major markets and intensified price competition;
- Significant capital expenditure for production facilities and rapid changes in the market:
- Success or failure of alliances or joint ventures promoted in collaboration with other companies;
 - Success or failure of new businesses or R&D investment.
- Changes in financial markets, including fluctuations in interest rates and exchange rates.

Basic Policy on Corporate Governance and Implementation of MeasuresBasic Policy on Corporate Governance

The Company's fundamental principles and goals for corporate governance are enhancement of management efficiency and transparency and maximization of the Company's value.

Following the introduction of the executive officer system in 1998 and the in-house company system in 1999, the Company established the Nominating Committee and the Compensation Committee in June 2000. In June 2001 the Company appointed three outside directors and shortened terms of office of directors to one year. These moves preceded the revision of the Commercial Code of Japan. In June 2003 the Company adopted the company-with-committees system to reinforce the supervisory function of management, increase transparency, improve management flexibility, and enhance risk management and compliance with laws and regulations.

The Nominating Committee is responsible for preparing proposals on the appointment and dismissal of directors and the Compensation Committee decides compensation of individual directors and executive officers. The Nominating Committee has additional responsibilities unique to the Company: preparation of proposals on the appointment and dismissal of the president & CEO and of committee members.

Regarding management supervision and auditing, the Company has a system in which executive officers and others are required to report to the Board of Directors and/or the Auditing Committee on matters that have significant influence on management and financial performance. Also, the Corporate Audit Division responsible for internal auditing, which reports directly to the president, works in cooperation with the Auditing Committee.

Regarding compliance, The Toshiba Group Standards of Conduct define a clear common set of values and a code of conduct for all officers and employees of The Company Group. Also, the Risk-Compliance Committee has been established to ensure compliance with laws and regulations. The Risk-Compliance Committee is also

responsible for drawing up corporate policies and measures concerning risk management.

Regarding the audit fee, the Company is implementing internal controls to prevent any unjustifiable decisions. For example, revision of the audit fee to be paid to an audit firm requires prior consultation with the Auditing Committee and adherence to prescribed decision-making procedures.

Implementation of Measures concerning Corporate Governance

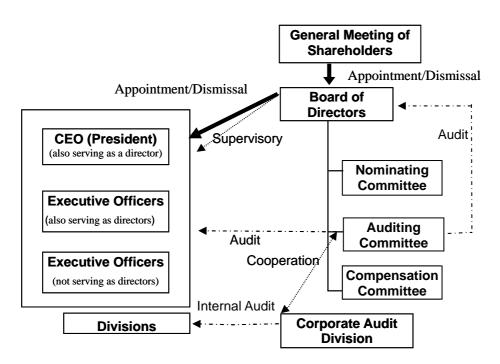
(1) Structures concerning corporate decision-making, execution and supervision and other corporate governance systems

Since June 2003 the Company has adopted the company-with-committees system. Of 14 directors, seven are non-executive officers comprising four outside directors, the chairman of the Board of Directors and two full-time members (internal directors) of the Auditing Committee.

The Nominating Committee consists of one internal director and two outside directors, the Auditing Committee consists of two full-time members (internal directors) and three outside directors, and the Compensation Committee consists of two internal directors and three outside directors. The Nominating Committee and the Compensation Committee are chaired by outside directors.

The Auditing Committee has five staff to support the three outside directors who are members of the Auditing Committee. The secretariat of the Board of Directors provides a briefing on the agenda to the four outside directors prior to the holding of a meeting of the Board of Directors.

The diagram below shows the Company's structure for execution of operations, supervision and internal control.



At the Company, the Board of Directors is responsible for supervision of directors and executive officers, the Auditing Committee is responsible for auditing of directors and executive officers, and the Corporate Audit Division is responsible for internal auditing.

The Company requests advice from lawyers, accountants and other third parties as necessary whenever any doubt arises in operations.

(2) Overview of the personal, capital or business relationships or any other interest existing between the Company and its outside directors

Not applicable.

(3) Implementation of measures to enhance corporate governance in the last fiscal year and adoption of the company-with-committees system

Since adoption of the company-with-committees system in June 2003, the Company convened the Nominating Committee twice, the Auditing Committee 11 times and the Compensation Committee twice to make decisions on statutory items and for reporting purposes.

Disclaimer:

The business result report contains forward-looking statements concerning Toshiba's future plans, strategies and performance. These statements are based on management's assumptions and beliefs in light of economic, financial and competitive data currently available. Further more, they are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties. Toshiba therefore wishes to caution readers that actual results may differ materially from our expectations. Major risk factors that may have a material influence on results are indicated on page 8, though the list is not necessarily exhaustive.

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Toshiba Corporation and its Subsidiaries

Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the First Half of Fiscal Year 2004(April 1, 2004 to September 30, 2004)

Outline

(¥ in millions, US\$ in thousands, except for earnings per share)

	1st Half FY2004(A)	1st Half FY2003(B)	(A)-(B)	(A)/(B)	FY2003	1st Half FY2004
Net sales	¥2,781,801	¥2,608,316	¥173,485	107%	¥5,579,506	\$25,061,270
Operating income (loss)	50,681	(11,999)	62,680	_	174,586	456,586
Income (loss) before income taxes, minority interest and equity in earnings of affiliates	21,476	(17,601)	39,077	_	145,041	193,477
Net income (loss)	8,379	(32,175)	40,554		28,825	75,486
Basic earnings per share	¥2.60	¥(10.00)	¥12.60		¥8.96	\$0.02

- 1) Consolidated Financial Statements are based on generally accepted accounting principles in the U.S.
- 2) The company has 317 consolidated subsidiaries.
- 3) The U.S.dollar is valued at \forall 111 throughout this statement for convenience only.

Comparative Consolidated Statements of Operations

1. First Half ended September 30

(¥ in millions, US\$ in thousands)

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	1st Half	1st Half	(A)-(B)	(A)/(B)	FY2003	1st Half	
	FY2004(A)	FY2003(B)	(11) (13)		112003	FY2004	
Sales and other income							
Net sales	¥2,781,801	¥2,608,316	¥173,485	107%	¥5,579,506	\$25,061,270	
Interest	1,882	1,523	359	124%	3,196	16,955	
Dividends	2,088	3,061	(973)	68%	7,274	18,811	
Other income	26,337	47,432	(21,095)	56%	88,394	237,270	
Costs and expenses							
Cost of sales	2,043,280	1,918,769	124,511	106%	4,075,336	18,407,927	
Selling, general and administrative	687,840	701,546	(13,706)	98%	1,329,584	6,196,757	
Interest	10,114	10,485	(371)	96%	20,832	91,117	
Other	49,398	47,133	2,265	105%	107,577	445,028	
Income(loss) before income taxes, minority interest and equity in earnings of affiliates	21,476	(17,601)	39,077	_	145,041	193,477	
Income taxes	9,757	9,831	(74)	99%	102,237	87,901	
Minority interest in income (loss) of consolidated subsidiaries	3,416	(1,872)	5,288	_	4,708	30,775	
Equity in earnings of affiliates	76	(6,615)	6,691	_	(9,271)	685	
Net income(loss)	¥8,379	¥(32,175)	¥40,554	-	¥28,825	\$75,486	

Note: Comprehensive income for the first half of FY2004 was ¥28,919 million, and loss for the first harf of FY2003 was ¥33,628 million, respectively.

Comprehensive income for FY2003 was ¥193,706 million.

2. Second Quarter ended September 30 (Unaudited)

(¥ in millions, US\$ in thousands)

	Three months ended September 30						
	2004(A)	2003(B)	(A)-(B)	(A)/(B)	2004		
Sales and other income							
Net sales	¥1,533,892	¥1,491,090	¥42,802	103%	\$13,818,847		
Interest	1,101	752	349	146%	9,919		
Dividends	87	542	(455)	16%	784		
Other income	14,478	40,731	(26,253)	36%	130,432		
Costs and expenses							
Cost of sales	1,141,226	1,099,037	42,189	104%	10,281,315		
Selling, general and administrative	356,128	362,742	(6,614)	98%	3,208,360		
Interest	5,101	5,128	(27)	99%	45,955		
Other	25,884	32,899	(7,015)	79%	233,190		
Income(loss) before income taxes, minority interest and equity in earnings of affiliates	21,219	33,309	(12,090)	64%	191,162		
Income taxes	4,645	24,740	(20,095)	19%	41,847		
Minority interest in income (loss) of consolidated subsidiaries	408	(682)	1,090	_	3,676		
Equity in earnings of affiliates	(8)	(4,579)	4,571	_	(71)		
Net income(loss)	¥16,158	¥4,672	¥11,486	346%	\$145,568		

Note: Comprehensive income for the second quarter of FY2004 was Y23,630 million, and loss for the second quarter of FY2003 was Y18,907 million, respectively.

Comparative Consolidated Balance Sheets

	FY2004 FY2003		,	FY2004
		As of Mar.31,2004	(A)-(B)	As of Sept.30,2004
	(A)	(B)	(11) (D)	As of Sept.30,2004
Assets	(11)	(D)		
Current assets	¥2,400,185	¥2,352,419	¥47,766	\$21,623,288
Cash and cash equivalents	323,269	319,277	3,992	2,912,333
Notes and accounts receivable, trade	959,813	1,036,158	(76,345)	8,646,964
Finance receivables, net	16,911	17,271	(360)	152,351
Inventories	700,255	629,044	71,211	6,308,604
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	399,937	350,669	49,268	3,603,036
Long-term receivables	19,585	21,808	(2,223)	176,441
Long-term finance receivables, net	31,065	29,887	1,178	279,865
Investments	385,837	389,292	(3,455)	3,476,009
Property, plant and equipment	1,142,441	1,118,245	24,196	10,292,261
Other assets	557,400	550,549	6,851	5,021,622
Total assets	¥4,536,513	¥4,462,200	¥74,313	\$40,869,486
Liabilities and shareholders' equity				
Current liabilities	¥2,208,476	¥2,199,628	¥8,848	\$19,896,180
Short-term borrowings and current portion of long-term debt	457,341	497,532	(40,191)	4,120,189
Notes and accounts payable, trade	892,982	877,421	15,561	8,044,883
Other current liabilities	858,153	824,675	33,478	7,731,108
Accrued pension and severance costs	596,501	601,566	(5,065)	5,373,883
Long-term debt and other liabilities	818,268	770,217	48,051	7,371,784
Minority interest in consolidated subsidiaries	139,211	135,799	3,412	1,254,153
Shareholders' equity	774,057	754,990	19,067	6,973,486
Common stock	274,926	274,926	0	2,476,811
Additional paid-in capital	285,736	285,736	0	2,574,198
Retained earnings	479,956	481,227	(1,271)	4,323,928
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(265,354)	(285,894)	20,540	(2,390,577)
Treasury stock	(1,207)	(1,005)	(202)	(10,874)
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	¥4,536,513	¥4,462,200	¥74,313	\$40,869,486
Breakdown of accumulated other comprehensive in Unrealized gains on securities Foreign currency translation adjustments Minimum pension liability adjustment Unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instrument	¥25,723 (63,179) (227,286)	¥26,825 (79,290) (234,283) 854	¥(1,102) 16,111 6,997 (1,466)	\$231,739 (569,180) (2,047,622) (5,514)
Total debt	¥1,204,931	¥1,199,456	¥5,475	\$10,855,234

Comparative Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

	1 a4 TT - 16	ì	n millions, USS	1
	1st Half	1st Half	(A) (B)	1st Half
	FY2004	FY2003	(A)-(B)	FY2004
	(A)	(B)		
Cash flows from operating activities				
Net income (loss)	¥8,379	¥(32,175)	¥40,554	\$75,486
Depreciation and amortization	113,221	117,768	(4,547)	1,020,009
Equity in income of affiliates	2,758	10,568	(7,810)	24,847
Decrease in notes and accounts receivable, trade	88,702	213,144	(124,442)	799,117
Increase in inventories	(63,171)	(93,144)	29,973	(569,108)
Increase(decrease) in notes and accounts payable, trade	6,926	(67,510)	74,436	62,396
Others	(32,204)	(22,177)	(10,027)	(290,125)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities	116,232	158,649	(42,417)	1,047,136
Net cash provided by operating activities	124,611	126,474	(1,863)	1,122,622
Cash flows from investing activities				
Proceeds from sale of property and securities	31,351	49,133	(17,782)	282,441
Acquisition of property and equipment	(127,171)	(104,565)	(22,606)	(1,145,685)
Purchase of securities	(4,660)	(41,530)	36,870	(41,982)
Decrease in investments in affiliates	2,155	9,995	(7,840)	19,414
Others	(7,755)	(20,716)	12,961	(69,866)
Net cash used in investing activities	(106,080)	(107,683)	1,603	(955,676)
Cash flows from financing activities				
Proceeds from long-term debt	188,481	139,843	48,638	1,698,027
Repayment of long-term debt	(82,786)	(125,781)	42,995	(745,820)
Decrease in short-term borrowings	(111,870)	(52,797)	(59,073)	(1,007,838)
Dividends paid	(10,377)	(10,876)	499	(93,486)
Others	(4,849)	(428)	(4,421)	(43,685)
Net cash used in financing activities	(21,401)	(50,039)	28,638	(192,802)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	6,862	(4,751)	11,613	61,820
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	3,992	(35,999)	39,991	35,964
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	319,277	327,098	(7,821)	2,876,369
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	¥323,269	¥291,099	¥32,170	\$2,912,333

Industry Segment Information

1. First Half ended September 30

	1st Half		1st Half				1st Half
				(A)- (B)	(A)/(B)	FY2003	
		FY2004(A)	FY2003(B)				FY2004
	Digital Products	¥1,064,869	956,793	108,076	111%	2,009,395	\$9,593,414
	-	(35%)	(33%)	(2%)		(33%)	
	Electronic Devices	683,731	627,467	56,264	109%	1,283,588	6,159,739
		(23%)	(22%)	(1%)		(21%)	
	Social Infrastructure	765,355	730,034	35,321	105%	1,714,136	6,895,090
	Social initiastructure	(25%)	(25%)	(-)		(28%)	
Not solos	Homo Applionees	329,983	313,467	16,516	105%	637,282	2,972,820
Net sales (Share of	Home Appliances	(11%)	(11%)	(-)		(10%)	
total	0.1	179,954	252,861	(72,907)	71%	472,744	1,621,207
sales)	Others	(6%)	(9%)	(-3%)		(8%)	
	m	3,023,892	2,880,622	143,270	105%	6,117,145	27,242,270
	Total	(100%)	(100%)			(100%)	
	Eliminations	(242,091)	(272,306)	30,215	_	(537,639)	(2,181,000)
	Consolidated	¥2,781,801	¥2,608,316	¥173,485	107%	¥5,579,506	\$25,061,270
	Digital Products	(12,838)	(28,149)	15,311	_	(23,810)	(115,658)
	Electronic Devices	67,421	26,595	40,826	254%	117,002	607,397
	Social Infrastructure	(8,681)	(15,131)	6,450	_	58,637	(78,207)
Operating	Home Appliances	(7)	(4,709)	4,702	_	3,474	(63)
income (loss)	Others	4,124	9,207	(5,083)	45%	18,845	37,153
	Total	50,019	(12,187)	62,206	_	174,148	450,622
	Eliminations	662	188	474	_	438	5,964
	Consolidated	¥50,681	¥(11,999)	¥62,680	_	¥174,586	\$456,586

2. Second Quarter ended September 30(Unaudited) (¥ in millions, US\$ in thousands)

		Tì	Three months ended September 30						
		2004(A)	2003(B)	(A)-(B)	(A)/(B)	2004			
	Digital Products	¥577,772	525,718	52,054	110%	\$5,205,153			
	Digital Hoddets	(35%)	(32%)	(3%)					
	Electronic Devices	353,697	340,466	13,231	104%	3,186,460			
	Electronic Devices	(21%)	(21%)	(-)					
	Social Infrastructure	461,347	464,290	(2,943)	99%	4,156,279			
	Social initiastracture	(28%)	(28%)	(-)					
Net sales	Home Appliances	174,064	157,597	16,467	110%	1,568,144			
(Share of	тоше турпшеев	(10%)	(10%)	(-)					
total	Others	94,985	141,541	(46,556)	67%	855,721			
sales)	Others	(6%)	(9%)	(-3%)					
	T. (.)	1,661,865	1,629,612	32,253	102%	14,971,757			
	Total	(100%)	(100%)						
	Eliminations	(127,973)	(138,522)	10,549	_	(1,152,910)			
!	Consolidated	¥1,533,892	¥1,491,090	¥42,802	103%	\$13,818,847			
	Digital Products	(2,240)	(10,803)	8,563	_	(20,180)			
	Electronic Devices	28,651	19,612	9,039	146%	258,117			
	Social Infrastructure	7,081	17,039	(9,958)	42%	63,793			
Operating	Home Appliances	2,712	(3,230)	5,942	_	24,432			
income (loss)	Others	229	6,996	(6,767)	3%	2,063			
	Total	36,433	29,614	6,819	123%	328,225			
	Eliminations	105	(303)	408	_	946			
!	Consolidated	¥36,538	¥29,311	¥7,227	125%	\$329,171			

¹⁾ Segment information is based on Japanese accounting standards.

²⁾ Segment sales totals include intersegment transactions.

Geographic Segment Information

(¥ in millions, US\$ in thousands)

	(‡ In millions, US\$						in modelines)
		1st Half	1st Half	(A)-(B)	(A)/(B)	FY2003	1st Half
		FY2004(A)	FY2003(B)	(12) (2)	(12)/(2)	112000	FY2004
	Japan	¥2,392,057	¥2,302,633	89,424	104%	¥4,935,879	\$21,550,063
	Japan	(63%)	(67%)	(-4%)		(67%)	
	Asia	697,787	558,342	139,445	125%	1,186,193	6,286,369
	Asia	(19%)	(16%)	(3%)		(16%)	
	North America	369,642	333,094	36,548	111%	686,883	3,330,108
	1 torur / interiou	(10%)	(10%)	(-)		(9%)	
Net sales	Europe	277,018	218,806	58,212	127%	504,404	2,495,658
(Share of	Lurope	(7%)	(6%)	(1%)		(7%)	
total	Others	30,843	30,322	521	102%	59,749	277,865
sales)	Others	(1%)	(1%)	(-)		(1%)	
	Total	3,767,347	3,443,197	324,150	109%	7,373,108	33,940,063
	Total	(100%)	(100%)			(100%)	
	Eliminations	(985,546)	(834,881)	(150,665)	_	(1,793,602)	(8,878,793)
	Consolidated	¥2,781,801	¥2,608,316	¥173,485	107%	¥5,579,506	\$25,061,270
	Japan	35,308	(12,345)	47,653		148,729	318,090
	Asia	10,321	3,478	6,843	297%	13,368	92,982
	North America	6,782	(270)	7,052		6,599	61,099
Operating	Europe	537	(2,793)	3,330	ı	3,875	4,838
income (loss)	Others	212	(462)	674		756	1,910
	Total	53,160	(12,392)	65,552		173,327	478,919
	Eliminations	(2,479)	393	(2,872)	_	1,259	(22,333)
	Consolidated	¥50,681	¥(11,999)	¥62,680	_	¥174,586	\$456,586

¹⁾ Segment information is based on Japanese accounting standards.

²⁾ Segment sales totals include intersegment transactions.

Net Sales by Region

1. First Half ended September 30

(¥ in millions, US\$ in thousands)

		1st Half	1st Half	(A)-(B)	(A)/(B)	FY2003	1st Half
		FY2004(A)	FY2003(B)	(A)-(D)	(A)/(D)	112003	FY2004
Ionon	Japan		¥1,593,884	¥(90,819)	94%	¥3,399,903	\$13,541,126
Japan		(54%)	(61%)	(-7%)		(61%)	
0		1,278,736	1,014,432	264,304	126%	2,179,603	11,520,144
Overseas	Overseas		(39%)	(7%)		(39%)	
	Asia	490,127	390,617	99,510	125%	829,914	4,415,558
	Asia	(18%)	(15%)	(3%)		(15%)	
	North America	395,574	344,810	50,764	115%	710,108	3,563,730
	North America	(14%)	(13%)	(1%)		(13%)	
	Europa	274,167	222,633	51,534	123%	517,235	2,469,973
	Europe	(10%)	(9%)	(1%)		(9%)	
	Othora	118,868	56,372	62,496	211%	122,346	1,070,883
Others	Others	(4%)	(2%)	(2%)		(2%)	
Net Color		¥2,781,801	¥2,608,316	¥173,485	107%	¥5,579,506	\$25,061,270
Net Sales		(100%)	(100%)			(100%)	

2. Second Quarter ended September 30(Unaudited) (¥ in millions, US\$ in thousands)

		T	hree month	s ended Sep	tember 3	30
		2004(A)	2003(B)	(A)-(B)	(A)/(B)	2004
Ionan		¥809,237	¥896,720	¥(87,483)	90%	\$7,290,424
Japan		(53%)	(60%)	(-7%)		
Oversoos		724,655	594,370	130,285	122%	6,528,423
Overseas		(47%)	(40%)	(7%)		
	Asia	261,697	230,942	30,755	113%	2,357,631
	Asia	(17%)	(16%)	(1%)		
	North America	231,613	202,136	29,477	115%	2,086,603
	Norui America	(15%)	(14%)	(1%)		
	Europa	154,383	125,652	28,731	123%	1,390,838
	Europe	(10%)	(8%)	(2%)		
	Othors	76,962	35,640	41,322	216%	693,351
	Others	(5%)	(2%)	(3%)		
Net Sales		¥1,533,892	¥1,491,090	¥42,802	103%	\$13,818,847
inet Sales		(100%)	(100%)			

- 1) Segment information is based on Japanese accounting standards.
- 2) Net sales by region is determined based upon the locations of the customers.

Toshiba Corporation

Non-Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the First Half of Fiscal Year 2004(April 1,2004 to September 30,2004)

Outline

(¥ in millions, US\$ in thousands, except for items marked by asterisk)

	1st Half FY2004(A)	1st Half FY2003(B)	(A)-(B)	(A)/(B)	FY2003	1st Half FY2004
Net sales	¥1,332,034	¥1,459,616	¥(127,582)	91%	¥3,013,164	\$12,000,306
Recurring profit (loss)	15,227	(14,014)	29,241	-	53,190	137,180
Net income (loss) after taxes	2,272	(2,466)	4,738	_	19,683	20,468
Net income (loss) per share*	¥0.71	¥(0.77)	¥1.48		¥6.12	\$0.01
Dividend per share*	(Interim dividend)	(Interim dividend)			(Ordinary dividend)	
Dividend per snare.	¥2.00	¥0.00	¥2.00	-	¥3.00	\$0.02

Notes: The U.S.dollar is valued at ¥111 throughout this statement for convenience only.

Comparative Non-Consolidated Statement of Income And Retained Earnings

	1st Half	1st Half			millions, US	1st Half
	FY2004(A)	FY2003(B)	(A)-(B)	(A)/(B)	FY2003	FY2004
(Ordinary income)						
Operating income & expenses						
Net sales	¥1,332,034	¥1,459,616	¥(127,582)	91	¥3,013,164	\$12,000,306
Cost of sales	1,059,345	1,179,933	(120,588)	90	2,416,044	9,543,649
Selling, general & administrative expenses	251,199	308,735	(57,536)	81	556,814	2,263,054
Net operating income (expenses)	21,489	(29,052)	50,541	-	40,304	193,595
(Non-operating income & expenses)						
Non-operating income (a)	30,911	48,513	(17,602)	64	76,871	278,477
Non-operating expenses (b)	37,173	33,476	3,697	111	63,985	334,892
(a)-(b)	(6,262)	15,037	(21,299)	-	12,886	(56,414)
Recurring profit (loss)	15,227	(14,014)	29,241	-	53,190	137,180
(Extraordinary gains & losses)						
Extraordinary gains(c)	11,910	26,130	(14,220)	46	60,799	107,297
Extraordinary losses(d)	29,541	13,955	15,586	212	48,776	266,135
(c)-(d)	(17,630)	12,174	(29,804)	-	12,023	(158,829)
Income (loss) before taxes	(2,403)	(1,839)	(564)	-	65,214	(21,649)
Net income (loss) after taxes	2,272	(2,466)	4,738	-	19,683	20,468
Unappropriated retained earnings brought from the previous period	134,489	129,449	5,040	104	129,449	1,211,613
Increase due to merger	29	0	29	-	0	261
Losses on disposal of treasury stock	(2)	0	(2)	-	(50)	(18)
Unappropriated retained earnings for the period	¥136,790	¥126,982	¥9,808	108	¥149,082	\$1,232,342

Comparative Non-Consolidated Balance Sheets

	FY 2004 (A) As of Sept.30,2004	FY 2003 (B) As of Mar.31,2004	(A)-(B)	FY 2004 As of Sept.30,2004
<u>Assets</u>				
<u>Current assets</u>	¥1,026,158	¥1,068,962	¥(42,804)	\$9,244,667
<u>Fixed assets</u>	1,541,802	1,518,759	23,043	13,890,108
(Tangible fixed assets)	467,567	441,331	26,236	4,212,315
(Intangible fixed assets)	37,911	36,185	1,726	341,541
(Investments & others)	1,036,324	1,041,242	(4,918)	9,336,252
Total assets	2,567,961	2,587,721	(19,760)	23,134,784
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Current liabilities	1,030,322	1,089,727	(59,405)	9,282,180
Long-term liabilities	829,042	781,569	47,473	7,468,847
Total liabilities	1,859,365	1,871,297	(11,932)	16,751,036
<u>Capital</u>				
Capital stock	274,926	274,926	0	2,476,811
<u>Capital surplus</u>	262,650	262,650	0	2,366,216
Retained earnings	155,235	162,584	(7,349)	1,398,514
(Unappropriated retained earnings for the period)	136,790	149,082	(12,292)	1,232,342
Unrealized gains on revaluation, net of tax effect	16,990	17,267	(277)	153,063
Treasury stock	(1,207)	(1,005)	(202)	(10,874)
Total capital	708,596	716,424	(7,828)	6,383,748
Total liabilities & capital	¥2,567,961	¥2,587,721	¥(19,760)	\$23,134,784

Accounting Policy

- Method of valuation of securities
 Marketable securities are valued at the market value by the moving average method.
- 2 . Method of valuation of inventories Finished and semi-finished products are valued at original cost based on the specific identification method, or at lower-of -cost-or-market method based on the moving average method. Work-in-process is valued at original cost based on the specific identification method, or at lower-of -cost-or-market method based on the weighted average method. Raw materials are valued at original cost or lower-of-cost-or-market method, based on the moving average method.
- 3 . Method of depreciation for tangible fixed assets
 Method of depreciation for tangible fixed assets is the declining balance method. However, for
 buildings acquired on or after April 1, 1998(excluding appurtenant equipment), the straight-line
 method is applied. For example, the depreciable lives of buildings and structures are 3 to 50 years,
 and the lives of machines and equipments are 3 to 18 years.

Supplementary Data for First Half of FY2004

1. Outline

<u>Consolidated</u> (billion yen)

		FY2	2002	FY2	2003	FY2	2004
		First Half	Full Year	First Half	Full Year	First Half	Full Year
							Forecast
Ne	t sales	2,635.1	5,655.8	2,608.3	5,579.5	2,781.8	5,870.0
	YoY	105%	105%	99%	99%	107%	105%
	erating income (loss)	2.9	115.5	-12.0	174.6	50.7	190.0
taxe	ome (loss) before income s, minority interest and equity arnings of affiliates	-43.8	53.1	-17.6	145.0	21.5	130.0
Ne	t income (loss)	-26.4	18.5	-32.2	28.8	8.4	50.0
Bas	ic earnings per share (yen)	-8.20	5.75	-10.00	8.96	2.60	15.55
No.	of consolidated companies,						
incl	uding Toshiba Corporation	316	316	321	320	318	-
No.	of employees (thousand)	177	166	167	161	162	-
	Japan	131	127	126	120	120	_
	Overseas	46	39	41	41	42	-

Non-Consolidated (billion yen)

		FY2	2002	FY2	2003	FY2	2004
		First Half	Full Year	First Half	Full Year	First Half	Full Year
		T HSt Han	Tun Teur	T IISt Truit	Tun Teur	T IISt Truii	Forecast
Ne	t sales	1,554.9	3,408.2	1,459.6	3,013.1	1,332.0	2,890.0
	YoY	107%	107%	94%	88%	91%	96%
(Ex	rport sales)	(682.9)	(1,397.2)	(578.7)	(1,231.7)	(681.6)	-
	(Export ratio)	(44%)	(41%)	(40%)	(41%)	(51%)	-
Re	curring profit (loss)	-22.4	43.3	-14.0	53.1	15.2	60.0
Net income (loss)		47.1	83.3	-2.5	19.6	2.3	20.0
Ear	rnings per share (yen)	14.64	25.90	-0.77	6.12	0.71	6.22

2-1. Sales by Industry Segment

(billion yen)

		FY2	2002	FY2	2003	FY2	2004
		First Half	Full Year	First Half	Full Year	First Half	Full Year Forecast
Digital Products		996.6	,		-	·	2,230.0
	YoY	113%	110%	96%	97%	111%	111%
	Ratio	34%	33%	33%	33%	35%	35%
Electronic Devices		631.8	1,274.4	627.5	1,283.6	683.7	1,340.0
	YoY	118%	122%	99%	101%	109%	104%
	Ratio	21%	20%	22%	21%	23%	21%
Social Infrastructure		759.2	1,822.6	730.0	1,714.1	765.3	1,790.0
	YoY	93%	94%	96%	94%	105%	104%
	Ratio	26%	29%	25%	28%	25%	28%
Home Appliances		320.5	633.6	313.5	637.3	330.0	660.0
	YoY	95%	97%	98%	101%	105%	104%
	Ratio	11%	10%	11%	10%	11%	10%
Others		231.9	491.1	252.8	472.7	180.0	370.0
	YoY	98%	101%	109%	96%	71%	78%
	Ratio	8%	8%	9%	8%	6%	6%
Sub Total		2,940.0	6,294.7	2,880.6	6,117.1	3,023.9	6,390.0
Eliminations	Eliminations		-638.9	-272.3	-537.6	-242.1	-520.0
Total		2,635.1	5,655.8	2,608.3	5,579.5	2,781.8	5,870.0
	YoY	105%	105%	99%	99%	107%	105%

st The figures for FY2002 have been reclassified to conform with the current classification.

2-2. Operating Income(Loss) by Industry Segment

(billion yen)

	FYZ	FY2002		2003	FY2	2004
	First Half	Full Year	First Half	Full Year	First Half	Full Year
						Forecast
Digital Products	9.4	24.8	-28.2	-23.8	-12.8	10.0
Electronic Devices	5.8	31.9	26.6	117.0	67.4	105.0
Social Infrastructure	-21.0	39.2	-15.1	58.6	-8.7	60.0
Home Appliances	2.5	4.1	-4.7	3.5	0.0	5.0
Others	6.4	15.5	9.2	18.8	4.1	10.0
Sub Total	3.1	115.5	-12.2	174.1	50.0	190.0
Eliminations	-0.2	0.0	0.2	0.5	0.7	0.0
Total	2.9	115.5	-12.0	174.6	50.7	190.0

st The figures for FY2002 have been reclassified to conform with the current classification.

3. Sales by Geographic Segment

(billion yen)

	FY2	FY2002		2003	FY2004
	First Half	Full Year	First Half	Full Year	First Half
Japan	2,294.4	4,943.1	2,302.6	4,935.9	2,392.1
Asia	545.3	1,085.3	558.4	1,186.2	697.8
North America	424.1	804.7	333.1	686.9	369.6
Europe	225.3	491.8	218.8	504.4	277.0
Others	29.4	57.8	30.3	59.7	30.8
Eliminations	-883.4	-1,726.9	-834.9	-1,793.6	-985.5
Total	2,635.1	5,655.8	2,608.3	5,579.5	2,781.8

4. Overseas Sales by Region

(billion yen)

		FY2	2002	FY2	2003	FY2004		
		First Half	Full Year	First Half	Full Year	First Half		
Asia		381.7	837.8	390.6	829.9	490.1		
	Ratio	34%	36%	38%	38%	38%		
Nor	th America	453.5	860.3	344.8	710.1	395.6		
	Ratio	41%	37%	34%	32%	31%		
Eur	ope	234.4	509.6	222.6	517.2	274.1		
	Ratio	21%	22%	22%	24%	22%		
Oth	ers	48.8	104.5	56.4	122.4	118.9		
	Ratio	4%	5%	6%	6%	9%		
Tota	al	1,118.4	2,312.2	1,014.4	2,179.6	1,278.7		
	% to Total Sales	42%	41%	39%	39%	46%		

5. Yen-US Dollar, Yen-Euro Exchange Rate (Average)

(Yen)

	FY2	FY2002		FY2003		FY2004	
	First Half	Full Year	First Half	Full Year	First Half	Second Half Forecast	
US Dollar	123	122	119	114	109	110	
Euro	117	118	128	130	133	135	

6. Capital Expenditures by Industry Segment

(billion yen)

		FY2	2002	FY2	2003	FY2	2004
			Full Year	First Half	Full Year	First Half	Full Year
		T II St TIUIT	Tun Teur	T IISt TIUIT	Tun Teur	T II St TIUII	Forecast
Digital Product	S	-	39.3	24.1	37.9	21.9	39.0
	YoY	-	91%	-	96%	-	103%
Electronic Devi	ices	-	86.8	100.5	195.5	134.0	215.0
	YoY	-	113%	-	225%	-	110%
Social Infrastru	cture	-	30.6	17.9	31.3	21.2	37.0
	YoY	-	79%	-	102%	-	118%
Home Appliance	ces	-	21.6	14.6	21.2	13.0	24.0
	YoY	-	95%	-	98%	-	113%
Others		-	11.9	6.5	10.1	6.8	15.0
	YoY	-	118%	1	85%	-	148%
Total		110.7	190.2	163.6	296.0	196.9	330.0
	YoY	85%	99%	148%	156%	120%	111%

^{*} Commitment basis

7. Depreciation

(billion yen)

		FY2002		FY2003		FY2004	
			Full Year	First Half	Full Year	First Half	Full Year
		1110011441	1 011 1 001	1110011001	1 011 1 001	11150 11011	Forecast
Depreciation		126.5	260.8	117.8	248.8	113.2	272.0
	YoY	75%	80%	93%	95%	96%	109%

8. R&D Expenditures

(billion yen)

		FY2	2002 FY:		2003	FY2004	
		First Half	Full Vear	First Half	Full Vear	First Half	Full Year
		That Hair	Tun Tear	THSt Hall	Tun Tear	Tilst Hall	Forecast
R&D Expendit	ures	166.2	331.5	167.9	336.7	171.3	358.0
	% to Sales	6.3%	5.9%	6.4%	6.0%	6.2%	6.1%
	YoY	104%	102%	101%	102%	102%	106%

 $[\]ensuremath{^{*}}$ The figures for FY2002 have been reclassified to conform with the current classification.

9.Personal Computer Sales ,Operating Income(Loss), Shipment

1) Sales and Operating Income(Loss)

(billion ven)

	(difficility)						
_		FY	702	FY03		FY04	
		First Half	Full Year	First Half	Full Year	First Half	Full Year
		T IISt TIAIT	Tun Tear	T IISt Tian	Tun Tear	T IISt TIAII	Forecast
Sales		360.0	740.0	335.6	695.7	367.9	753.0
	YoY	-	121%	93%	94%	110%	108%
Opera	ting Income(Loss)	-	ı	-27.9	-48.7	-7.2	0.0

2) Shipment

(thousand units)

	FY02	FY03	FY04
	1.102	1103	Forecast
Japan	1,000	1,100	1,300
YoY	111%	110%	118%
Overseas	2,950	3,400	4,200
YoY	126%	115%	124%
Total	3,950	4,500	5,500
YoY	122%	114%	122%

10.Semiconductor Sales, Operating Income(Loss), Capital Expenditures, Products Configuration and Production Level of Major Products

1) Sales, Operating Income(Loss), Capital Expenditures

(billion yen)

		FY	702	FY	703	FY	704
	First Half	Full Year	First Half	Full Year	First Half	Full Year	
		Trist Hair	Tuli Teal		Tuli Teal		Forecast
Sales		406.5	828.6	432.5	898.8	489.5	965.0
	YoY	108%	114%	106%	108%	113%	107%
Operat	ting Income(Loss)	18.4	65.4	44.0	118.4	64.5	100.0
Capita	l Expenditures	-	66.0	-	168.0	-	179.0
	YoY	-	132%	1	255%	1	107%

2) Products Configuration

(billion yen)

	FY02	FY03	FY04 Forecast
Discrete	218.7	219.1	234.5
System LSI	424.0	420.5	443.3
Memory	185.9	259.2	287.2
Total	828.6	898.8	965.0

3) NAND Flash Memory Production Level (Quarter Base)

(million units per month)

	Sept. '03	Mar. '04	June '04	Sept.'04	Dec.'04	Mar.'05
					Forecast	Forecast
64M	0.50	0.40	0.70	0.45	0.40	0.25
128M	3.10	3.00	3.10	3.00	3.45	2.95
256M	1.15	2.00	2.00	2.20	2.30	2.00
512M	1.10	1.70	1.50	1.70	2.45	3.20
1G	2.15	1.90	2.90	2.25	2.25	3.25
2G	0.50	1.00	1.47	1.90	2.10	3.30
4G	0.05	0.06	0.12	0.50	1.10	1.50
8G				0.02	0.05	0.15
512M Equivalent TTL	9.25	11.75	16.00	20.00	27.00	39.00

11.LCD Sales, Operating Income(Loss) and Capital Expenditures

(billion yen)

		FY	02	FY	703	FY	704
		First Half	Full Year	First Half	Full Year	First Half	Full Year
		riist Haii	ruii 1eai	Tilst Hall	Tun Tear	Thist Han	Forecast
Sale	es	113.5	235.0	142.4	285.6	156.4	310.0
	YoY	-	188%	125%	122%	110%	109%
Ope	rating Income(Loss)	-	-32.0	-7.6	-6.3	8.1	13.0
Cap	ital Expenditures	-	20.0	1	20.0	1	20.0
	YoY	-	57%	I	100%	I	100%

12. Industrial and Power System&Service Sales and Operating Income(Loss)

(billion yen)

		FY	702	FY	703	FY	704
		First Half	Full Year	First Half	Full Year	First Half	Full Year
		1 Hot Hun	1 011 1 001	T II St TIMI	1 011 1 001	T Hot Tun	Forecast
Sale	es	412.5	977.5	355.2	861.1	388.8	900.0
	YoY	95%	93%	86%	88%	109%	105%
Operating Income(Loss)		-5.6	29.2	-14.1	9.5	-12.6	25.0