



IT IS HEREBY ADJUDGED and DECREED that the below described is SO ORDERED.

Dated: May 09, 2013.

TONY M. DAVIS

**UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY JUDGE
FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
AUSTIN DIVISION**

IN RE:	§	
UPH HOLDINGS, INC.	§	CASE NO. 13-10570
PAC-WEST TELECOMM, INC.	§	CASE NO. 13-10571
TEX-LINK COMMUNICATIONS, INC.	§	CASE NO. 13-10572
UNIPOINT HOLDINGS, INC.	§	CASE NO. 13-10573
UNIPOINT ENHANCED SERVICES, INC.	§	CASE NO. 13-10574
	§	
UNIPOINT SERVICES, INC.	§	CASE NO. 13-10575
NWIRE, LLC	§	CASE NO. 13-10576
PEERING PARTNERS COMMUNICATIONS, LLC	§	CASE NO. 13-10577

DEBTORS. § CHAPTER 11

EIN: 45-1144038; 68-0383568; 74-2729541; 20-3399903; 74-3023729; 38-3659257; 37-1441383; 27-2200110; 27-4254637

**6500 RIVER PL. BLVD., BLDG. 2, # 200 § JOINTLY ADMINISTERED UNDER
AUSTIN, TEXAS 78730 § CASE NO. 13-10570-TMD**

SECOND AMENDED FINAL ORDER FOR USE OF CASH COLLATERAL

This matter arose upon the Motion of UPH Holdings, Inc., (“UPH”), Pac-West Telecomm Inc., (“Pac-West”), Tex-Link Communications, Inc. (“Tex-Link”), UniPoint Holdings, Inc. (“UniPoint Holdings”), UniPoint Enhanced Services, Inc. (“UniPoint Enhanced”), UniPoint Services, Inc., (“UniPoint”), nWire, LLC (“nWire”), and Peering Partners

Communications, LLC (“Peering Partners”), the debtors and debtors-in-possession herein (collectively, the “Debtors”), for an Order Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 363 for (I) Authority to Use Cash Collateral in the Ordinary Course, (II) Provide Adequate Protection, and (III) for Preliminary and Final Hearings (the “Cash Collateral Motion”) which was filed on March 28, 2013. An emergency hearing was held on April 1, 2013 (the “Interim Hearing”) and a final hearing was held on April 15, 2013 (the “Final Hearing”). Upon review of the Cash Collateral Motion and all relevant pleadings filed with this Court, the relief requested therein and the evidence and representations adduced at the Interim and Final Hearing, this Court makes the following findings of fact and conclusions of law:

1. The Debtors filed petitions for relief under Chapter 11 of Title 11, United States Code (the “Bankruptcy Code”) on March 28, 2013 (the “Petition Date”), and are presently operating as debtors-in-possession pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 1107 and 1108. On April 8, 2013, the Office of the United States Trustee for Region 7 appointed an official committee of unsecured creditors (the “Committee”).

2. The Debtors do not have sufficient cash or other assets, which are not subject to the Lender’s asserted liens and/or security interests, with which to continue to operate their businesses in Chapter 11. The Debtors therefore require immediate authority to use Cash Collateral (as hereinafter defined) to continue their business operations without interruption toward the objective of emerging from Chapter 11. The Debtors’ use of Cash Collateral to the extent and on the terms and conditions set forth herein is necessary to avoid immediate and irreparable harm to their estates.

3. The Court has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 157(b)(2) and (M) and 1334(a) and (b). The Debtors served notice of the Cash Collateral Motion and the entry

of the Interim Order, and electronic notice of the Final Hearing, by electronic mail, facsimile, mail, ECF noticing, or overnight delivery on the Lender and its counsel, all other known secured creditors, the United States Trustee, each of the Debtors' twenty (20) largest unsecured creditors, and all other parties-in-interest identified on the Certificate of Service filed with the Court. Notice of the Motion, the Interim Hearing, the entry of the Interim Order and of this Final Order were adequate and appropriate under the circumstances of these cases.

4. The Debtors and Hercules Technology II, L.P. ("Lender") entered into a Loan and Security Agreement and Term Note on April 12, 2011, pursuant to which Lender loaned the Debtors the original principal sum of \$8,000,000.00 (the "Loan Agreement"). The Loan Agreement was modified by a First Amendment effective as of August 31, 2012 (the "First Amendment") and a Second Amendment effective as of November 30, 2012 (the "Second Amendment"). The Second Amendment facilitated certain covenant changes and provided additional borrowing to enable UPH's acquisition of Pac-West and its subsidiaries. Concurrently with the Second Amendment, the Debtors borrowed an additional principal amount of \$3,594,175.68 from the Lender, repayment of which is evidenced by a Secured Term Promissory Note of even date (which, together with the Loan Agreement, the First Amendment, the Second Amendment, and all other documents and agreements executed in connection therewith and/or in contemplation thereof, are collectively referred to herein as the "Prepetition Loan Documents").

5. Concurrently with the Second Amendment, UPH entered into five Secured Subordinated Promissory Notes totaling \$600,000 with PacWest Acquisition Company, LLC (n/k/a Pac-West) (\$475,000), JMH Partnership, L.P. (\$30,000), Flanary Holdings, L.P. (\$30,000), SRS Partners (\$30,000), and Gary D. Egger (\$35,000), (collectively, the "Sub-

Debt”). The Sub-Debt, in turn, is subject to a Subordination Agreement between the holders of the Sub-Debt and the Lender (the “Subordination Agreement”). Pursuant to the Subordination Agreement, the Sub-Debt is prohibited from, among other things, demanding or receiving any payment or exercising any remedy. (§3). In addition, the Sub-Debt holders appointed the Lender as attorney-in-fact for certain things. (§6). Because the Sub-Debt pertains only to UPH, a non-operating holding company, the Debtors believe the Sub-Debt is not secured by assets or proceeds of assets that are “Cash Collateral.”

6. The Debtors acknowledge, stipulate and agree that pursuant to Prepetition Loan Documents: (i) as of the Petition Date, the Debtors are indebted to the Lender in the aggregate principal amount of not less than \$10,531,673.68, plus accrued and unpaid interest, attorneys’ fees, costs and expenses (collectively, the “Prepetition Indebtedness”), all as provided in the Prepetition Loan Documents; (ii) the Prepetition Indebtedness is due without any claim, defense, counterclaim or offset of any kind; and (iii) the Prepetition Indebtedness is secured by a valid, binding, perfected, enforceable, and non-avoidable blanket first priority security interest and lien on (the “Prepetition Liens”) all of the Debtors’ property and assets, including the proceeds, products, rents and profits therefrom, all as more particularly described in the Prepetition Loan Documents (collectively, the “Prepetition Collateral”) subject only to any prior liens described in or otherwise permitted by the Prepetition Loan Documents.

7. In light of the foregoing and pursuant to the Bankruptcy Code, the Debtors are required to provide the Lender with adequate protection for the Debtors’ use of the Prepetition Collateral and any decline in value thereof (including, without limitation, the decline resulting from such use). The adequate protection and other treatment proposed to be provided by the Debtors to the Lender as set forth in this Final Order will minimize disputes and litigation over

collateral values, use of Cash Collateral and the need to segregate the Prepetition Collateral and the proceeds thereof from property acquired by the Debtors' estate after the Petition Date.

8. Based on the record before the Court, the terms and conditions for the Debtors' use of Cash Collateral have been negotiated in good faith and at arm's-length between the Debtors and Lender, and the terms of the adequate protection arrangements are fair and reasonable under the circumstances, reflect each of the Debtors' exercise of prudent business judgment consistent with its fiduciary duties, and are supported by reasonably equivalent value and fair consideration.

9. The proposed form of this Final Order submitted by the Debtors complies with the Local Bankruptcy Rules for the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Western District of Texas, except as described in the Motion and the disclosures of counsel at the Interim and Final Hearings.

10. This Court concludes that good cause has been shown for the entry of this Final Order and that entry of this Final Order is in the best interests of the Debtors and their respective estates and creditors.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the following terms shall apply:

1. Automatic Stay and Use of Cash Collateral

A. Cash Collateral. "Cash Collateral" shall have the meaning set forth in 11 U.S.C. §363(a) and the term "Proceeds" shall have meaning set forth in UCC Section 9-306.

B. Authorization. Subject to this Order and no defaults occurring hereunder, the Debtors are hereby authorized pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 363(c)(2) to use the Lender's Cash Collateral to meet their ordinary cash needs for the payment of actual expenses necessary to: (a) maintain and preserve their assets, and (b) continue operation of their businesses, including paying payroll and payroll taxes, rent, utilities, amounts owed to vendors and other suppliers of postpetition goods and services, and insurance, but solely in the amounts set forth and in accordance with the timeframes detailed in the Budget attached hereto as Exhibit "A" (the "Budget"). Except as herein provided, the automatic

stay of 11 U.S.C. § 362(a) shall continue in effect and until further modified or terminated by the Court.

C. Prohibited Transactions. The Debtors shall not, without Lender's prior written consent: (a) enter into transactions for the sale out of the ordinary course of business of any property in which Lender claims a security interest or lien; (b) obtain credit under 11 U.S.C. § 364(c) or (d); (c) grant any liens or priorities on a parity with or senior to Lender's liens or priorities; or (d) enter into any settlement of receivables or claims.

D. Accounting and Information. The Debtors shall provide weekly accountings to the Lender and the Committee setting forth the actual cash receipts and disbursements made by the Debtors under this Final Order. In addition, the Debtors shall provide Lender and the Committee all other reports required by the Prepetition Loan Documents and any other reports reasonably requested by Lender and the Committee, as well as copies of the Debtors' monthly United States Trustee operating reports. The Debtors also shall permit Lender and any of its agents reasonable and free access to their books and records and place of business during normal business hours to verify the existence, condition and location of all Prepetition Collateral and Postpetition Collateral (as hereinafter defined) and to audit the Debtors' cash receipts and disbursements. Such access shall be provided within four (4) days of Lender's request to Debtors' counsel and the Committee.

2. Cash Collections and Deposits

All collections on and proceeds of the Prepetition Collateral and Postpetition Collateral (as hereinafter defined) shall be deposited in the manner and in the accounts provided for in the Prepetition Loan Documents (the "Accounts").

3. Continued Operations

A. Budget. Tested weekly but on a cumulative basis, receipts may not vary by more than ten percent (10%) downward from the projected receipts in the Budget over the same period. Tested every other week, total expenditures for the prior two weeks may not deviate more than ten percent (10%) upward from the projected total expenditures in the Budget for that same

B. Prepetition Debt. Nothing herein permits the Debtors to pay indebtedness or transfer property to vendors, contractors, customers, or other persons (other than Lender) whose debt may have been incurred before the Petition Date. All parties reserve all rights and claims with respect to such indebtedness and property. The Debtors shall not, without prior order of the Court upon notice to Lender and the Committee, enter into any agreement to permit reclamation of goods, or return any inventory to any creditors for application against prepetition indebtedness (under Section 546 of the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise), or consent to any creditor taking any setoff or recoupment against

any of its prepetition indebtedness based upon any such return, pursuant to Section 553(b)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise.

4. Professional Fees and Administrative Expenses

A. No Authorization. No Cash Collateral may be used by the Debtors or any other person or entity (including, without limitation, any Committee) to object to or contest in any manner, raise any defenses to, the validity, extent, perfection, priority or enforceability of the Prepetition Indebtedness or any liens or security interests with respect thereto or any other rights or interests of the Lender or to assert any claims or causes of action against the Lender, provided however, this prohibition does not apply to the investigation of such claims.

B. Fee Applications. Nothing in this Order (i) shall excuse any person from complying with the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rules, and the Bankruptcy Local Rules of this Court and the guidelines of the United States Trustee with respect to applications for professional compensation and reimbursement of expenses, or (ii) shall be deemed to authorize or approve the receipt or payment of any retainer, advance fee, or compensation to any professional employed by the Debtors. The Debtors shall not pay any fees or expenses to any attorney, accountant, consultant, advisor, broker, manager, or other professional governed by 11 U.S.C. §§ 328 through 331 except upon further order of this Court (which shall include an order governing the interim compensation of professionals that includes notice to the Lender prior to any payment of professionals) after notice and opportunity for hearing to Lender, the U.S. Trustee, any Committee, and other parties-in-interest as required by the Bankruptcy Code or Bankruptcy Rules.

C. Matters Reserved. This Order does not authorize the Debtors' use of funds or retention by any professional of funds which Lender may claim to be Prepetition Collateral delivered prepetition to any professional firm or deposited prepetition into any professional firm's deposit account or trust account, and the Court makes no determination of the rights to possession thereof and/or liens thereon.

5. Grant of Liens and Adequate Protection

A. Postpetition Collateral. "Postpetition Collateral" shall mean any and all of the Debtors' interest in property and assets of any kind or nature, whether real or personal, tangible or intangible, wherever located or and by whomever held, which first arises, is purchased or acquired, or exists after the Petition Date and Proceeds therefrom. Postpetition Collateral excludes all avoidance actions enumerated in Chapter 5 of the Bankruptcy Code and proceeds thereof.

B. Grant of Lien as Adequate Protection. As adequate protection in accordance with Section 363(e) of the Bankruptcy Code, the Lender is hereby granted a valid, binding, enforceable and properly perfected additional and replacement security interest and lien (the "Adequate Protection Liens") on all currently owned or hereafter acquired property and assets of the Debtors of any kind or nature, whether real or personal, tangible or intangible, wherever located, now owned or hereafter acquired or

arising and all proceeds, products, rents and profits thereof, including, without limitation, all cash (including all Cash Collateral, wherever held), goods, leaseholds, accounts, accounts receivable, inventory, cash-in-advance deposits, real estate, machinery, equipment, vehicles, patents, trademarks, trade names, licenses, causes of action (excluding the Debtors' actions (and proceeds thereof) for preferences, fraudulent conveyances, and other avoidance power claims under §§ 542, 544, 545, 547, 548, 549 [other than recoveries pursuant to § 549 only related to the Prepetition Collateral], 550, 552(b) and 553 of the Bankruptcy Code (the "Chapter 5 Carve-Out"), rights to payment including tax refund claims, insurance proceeds and tort claims and the proceeds, products, rents and profits of all of the foregoing (collectively, the "Adequate Protection Collateral"). Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this paragraph, the Adequate Protection Liens shall not extend to a lease of premises located at 624 S. Grand Avenue, Los Angeles, California 90017, which premises are owned by Hines REIT One Wilshire, L.P. ("Lease"), provided such Lease was not subject to a leasehold mortgage in favor of the Lender as of the Petition Date and the terms of the Lease would prohibit the imposition of such lien, but provided further that the Adequate Protection Liens shall extend to the Debtors' rights under section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code with respect to such Lease and the proceeds from any assumption or assignment of the Lease. In addition, nothing in this Final Order shall grant Lender or any other third party any rights of occupancy in the Hines leasehold premises other than as provided by Section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code. Hines expressly reserves all of its rights, claims and defenses in connection with any proposed assumption, assumption and assignment, or rejection of the Lease.

C. Adequate Protection Obligations. The Adequate Protection Liens shall secure an amount of Prepetition Indebtedness equal to the aggregate diminution, if any, subsequent to the Petition Date, in the value of the Lender's interest in the Prepetition Collateral, whether by depreciation, use, sale, loss, decline in market price or otherwise including such diminution as may arise from the use of Prepetition Collateral (including Cash Collateral) in accordance with this Final Order (the "Adequate Protection Obligations").

D. Priority of Adequate Protection Liens. Except as expressly set forth in this Order, the Adequate Protection Liens shall not be subordinated to, or made *pari passu* with, any other lien under Section 364(d) of the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise. The Adequate Protection Collateral and Adequate Protection Liens shall not be subject to any claim or charge arising out of or based on, directly or indirectly, Section 506(c) of the Bankruptcy Code (whether asserted or assessed by, through or on behalf of either of the Debtors). Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, the Lender's lien on Postpetition Collateral and the Adequate Protection Liens shall be subordinate to the Carve-Out Expenses (defined below) and to any valid claims for setoff or recoupment of the Debtors' deposits in the possession of AT&T Corp., SNET Diversified Group Inc. d/b/a/AT&T Diversified Group a/k/a AT&T DG, Southwestern Bell Telephone Company d/b/a AT&T Texas, Pacific Bell Telephone Company d/b/a AT&T California, Nevada Bell Telephone Company d/b/a AT&T Nevada.

E. No Cross-Collateralization. Nothing in this Order shall be deemed to grant to Lender a lien on Postpetition Collateral for the purpose of securing indebtedness to Lender which first arose before the Petition Date, except the Debtors' Adequate Protection Obligations.

F. Perfection of Security Interests. The replacement lien and security interest granted to Lender herein on the Postpetition Collateral are automatically deemed perfected upon the entry of this Order without necessity of Lender taking possession, filing financing statements or other documents, or performing any other acts of perfection under state or federal law. This Final Order shall be deemed sufficient and conclusive evidence of the security interests and liens granted hereunder and perfection thereof.

G. No Surcharge. (a) Nothing contained in this Order shall be deemed or construed as consent by the Lender to any lien, charge, assessment or claim against the Prepetition Collateral or Postpetition Collateral under § 506(c) of the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise, and (b) no expense of administration of these cases or any superseding cases shall be charged against the Prepetition Collateral or Postpetition Collateral pursuant to § 506(c) of the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise.

H. Carve-Out Expenses. In the event that there are insufficient assets of the estate to pay all amounts due under the Prepetition Loan Documents and allowed administrative expenses in full, the Lender's lien on Postpetition Collateral (whether based on the Prepetition Liens or Adequate Protection Liens) is subordinated to the following carve-out expenses (the "Carve-Out Expenses"):

- i. Fees payable to the United States Trustee pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1930(a); and
- ii. Allowed fees and out-of-pocket expenses payable to professionals retained by the Debtors' bankruptcy estates pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 327, 328, 330 or 331 (net of any pre-filing retainers held by such professionals as of the Petition Date), excluding any transaction or success fee owed to any court approved investment banker or broker, (x)(i) up to the amounts set forth in the Budget, and (ii) prior to an Event of Default hereunder (the "Pre-Default Carve-Out"), and (y) the aggregate amount of \$100,000 for allowed fees and out-of-pocket expenses after an Event of Default (the "Post-Default Carve-Out"). For the avoidance of doubt, in the event of a sale of some, all or substantially all of the Debtors' assets or a sale of the Debtors' stock, any investment banker's or broker's transaction and/or success fee owed to such investment banker or broker shall be deemed a cost of sale to be deducted from the proceeds of such sale. The Debtors, the Committee and Lender reserve their right to object to the amount of any transaction and/or success fee.

I. Postpetition Payments. In exchange for the Lender waiving payments of interest at the default rate under the Prepetition Loan Documents, the Debtors shall make payments to Lender of amounts due under the Prepetition Loan Documents in the amounts and at the times set forth in the Budget (the “Postpetition Payments”). Nothing contained herein shall be deemed or construed as a waiver by the Lender of the right to accrue, subject to allowance under Section 506(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, any fees, costs and charges, including interest at the default rate set forth in the Prepetition Loan Documents, or the Debtors’ and the Committee’s right to oppose the accrual and/or allowance of such claims. Lender’s prepetition ACH payment arrangement with the Debtors is authorized to continue postpetition in accordance with the Budget. If (i) the Prepetition Indebtedness is ultimately found to be unsecured, (ii) the Prepetition Liens are avoided pursuant to a final order of this Court under Sections 544, 547, 548, 552, and/or 553 of the Bankruptcy Code, applicable non-bankruptcy law, or otherwise, and/or (iii) the Prepetition Indebtedness is subordinated to or rendered *pari passu* with general unsecured creditors, or otherwise disallowed pursuant to a final Order of this Court, all or a portion of the Postpetition Payments (as applicable under the circumstances) may, upon entry of a final order after notice and an opportunity for hearing, be subject to recharacterization or such other remedy as may be appropriate.

J. Grant of Super-Priority Administrative Claim. The Adequate Protection Obligations shall constitute a claim under Section 507(a)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code and, to the extent the Adequate Protection Liens are inadequate to repay the Adequate Protection Obligations in full, such Section 507(a)(2) claim shall have priority in these Chapter 11 cases and superseding Chapter 7 cases in accordance with the provisions of Section 507(b) of the Bankruptcy Code over all administrative expenses of the kind specified in Section 507(a)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code, provided that with respect to the Chapter 5 Carve-Out, Lender’s Section 507(b) claim shall be deemed to be a Section 507(a)(2) claim and share *pari passu* with any other holders of allowed Section 507(a)(2) claims. Except for the Carve-Out Expenses (which shall be senior to Lender’s superpriority claim) and the Chapter 5 Carve-Out (as provided under this Paragraph (5)J), no costs or administrative expenses which have been or may be incurred in the Debtors’ Chapter 11 cases, in any conversion of the Debtors’ Chapter 11 cases pursuant to Section 1112 of the Bankruptcy Code, or in any other proceeding related thereto, and no priority claims, including, without limitation, any other superpriority claims, are or will be prior to or on a parity with the superpriority claim granted to Lender under this Paragraph (5)J.

6. Event of Default

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, the following shall constitute an event of default hereunder (each, an “Event of Default”):

- A. non-compliance by the Debtors with any of the terms or provisions of this Final Order, that is not otherwise timely cured;
- B. any, stay, reversal, vacatur, rescission or other modification of the terms of this Final Order not consented to by the Lender in its sole and absolute discretion;

C. entry of an order by this Court or any other Court having jurisdiction over these Chapter 11 cases approving any postpetition financing senior to or on a parity with Lender's liens and security interests and not consented to by the Lender in its sole and absolute discretion;

D. entry of an order by this Court dismissing any of the Debtors' Chapter 11 cases or converting any of the Debtors' Chapter 11 cases to a case under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code, in each case, not consented to by the Lender in its sole and absolute discretion;

E. the appointment of a trustee or the appointment of an examiner with enlarged powers in any of the Debtors' Chapter 11 cases not consented to by the Lender in its sole and absolute discretion;

F. the lifting of the automatic stay to permit the exercise of secured creditor remedies with respect to any property of the Debtors having a value in excess of \$50,000 individually or in the aggregate for a single stay relief award if not consented to by the Lender in its sole and absolute discretion;

G. any liens of the Lender with respect to the Prepetition Collateral, the Postpetition Collateral or Adequate Protection Collateral or pursuant to this Order shall cease to be valid, binding and perfected first priority liens and to the extent provided in this Order;

H. any claim shall be afforded a priority higher than any Adequate Protection Obligation;

I. if the Debtors do not reasonably cooperate in the disclosure of information reasonably requested by or on behalf of the Lender;

J. if the Debtors enter an agreement without the Lender's consent to sell a material portion of their assets (outside the ordinary course of business) for a purchase price that does not indefeasibly pay the Lender in full in cash;

K. if the Bankruptcy Court does not enter an order on or before August 7, 2013 approving a sale under Section 363 of the Bankruptcy Code, whether or not under a plan, which provides for the sale of substantially all of the Debtors' assets and the payment of the net proceeds of sale to Lender on account of the Lender's claims; or

L. the resignation or termination of Tamarack Associates, Inc. and/or John Palmer as operational and financial advisors to the Debtors.

7. Remedies for Lender.

A. Upon three (3) business days written notice of an Event of Default, given in each instance to the United States Trustee, counsel for the Debtors and counsel for the Committee, the Lender may terminate the authorization of the Debtors to use Cash Collateral pursuant to this Final Order, whereupon such authorization shall cease

immediately. Notwithstanding anything in this Final Order to the contrary, all of the rights, remedies, benefits and protections provided to the Lender under this Final Order shall survive termination of the use of Cash Collateral.

B. Nothing contained herein shall preclude the Lender from filing an emergency motion to terminate the use of Cash Collateral, for relief from the automatic stay or seeking any other relief the Lender deems necessary and appropriate in its sole and absolute discretion in the event Lender reasonably concludes that it is not adequately protected. The Lender shall notify the Debtors, the U.S. Trustee and the Committee of such conclusion, and may set such motion for expedited hearing (subject to the Court's calendar) upon not less than four (4) business days' notice to the Debtors, the U.S. Trustee and the Committee.

8. Injunction.

Except as provided in this Order (or, following the occurrence of an Event of Default, pursuant to any order otherwise obtained by the Debtors, after notice and a hearing), the Debtors shall be enjoined and prohibited from at any time (i) using Cash Collateral and (ii) using Adequate Protection Collateral that is cash collateral within the meaning of Section 363(a) of the Bankruptcy Code.

9. Termination.

In addition to the other instances set forth herein for termination of the use of Cash Collateral, the Debtors' right to continued use of Cash Collateral shall terminate upon the later of the effective date of any confirmed chapter 11 Plan in these cases and 120 days from the date of entry of this Final Order, unless extended by a further order of this Court attaching an updated budget agreed upon by Lender.

10. Successors and Assigns.

The provisions of this Final Order supersede any contrary provision in the Interim Order and shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Debtors, their estates, Lender and their respective successors and assigns, including any trustee or representative of the Debtors' estates hereafter appointed or elected in these Chapter 11 cases or in any subsequent Chapter 7 cases.

11. Continuing Effect.

If all or any of the provisions of this Order are hereafter reversed, modified, vacated, or stayed by subsequent order of this Court or any other court or on appeal, such reversal, modification, vacation, or stay shall not affect (i) the validity or priority of any obligation owed to Lender by the Debtors incurred prior thereto, or (ii) the validity, enforceability, or priority of any lien or priority of Lender with respect to the Debtors' Adequate Protection Obligations. Any Adequate Protection Obligations of Debtors arising prior to the effective date of such stay, modification, or vacation, shall be governed by the original provisions of this Order.

12. Service of Pleadings.

The Debtors shall serve a copy of all pleadings or reports, including monthly operating reports, heretofore or hereafter filed with the Court concurrently with the filing by the Debtors, on the U.S. Trustee, the Committee, Lender, and their counsel.

13. Reservation of Rights.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the Interim Order or this Second Amended Final Order, the Committee and any party in interest (other than the Debtors who have stipulated to Lender's liens and claims as set forth in Paragraph 6 above), shall have until June 30, 2013 (the "Lien Challenge Deadline") to file an adversary proceeding to contest the extent, validity and priority of the Lender's Prepetition Liens. In the event such challenge is not filed with this Court on or before the Lien Challenge Deadline, (i) the acknowledgements, stipulations and admissions with respect to the Prepetition Liens and the amount of the Prepetition Indebtedness in this Final Order, including in Paragraph 6, shall automatically become final and irrevocably binding on the Debtors and their estates, the Committee, any Chapter 11 or Chapter 7 trustee, and all other parties in interest without further action by any party or the Court, and (ii) the Lender, its officers, agents, representatives and employees shall be deemed released from any

and all rights, claims, causes of action and liabilities arising from or relating to the Prepetition Loan Documents, the extension of credit or other financial accommodations relating thereto and this Order, including but not limited to challenging the extent, validity and priority of the Lender's Prepetition Liens and the amount of the Prepetition Indebtedness. Without the necessity of further action or order of this Court, the Committee is hereby granted standing to file and prosecute on behalf of the Debtors' estates a meritorious adversary proceeding against the Lender as contemplated in this paragraph.

This Order amends and supersedes all previous orders governing the use of Cash Collateral.

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UPH Cash Flow Budget

	1	5-Apr-13	2	12-Apr-13	3	19-Apr-13	4	26-Apr-13	5	3-May-13	6	7
Week Ending	5-Apr-13	Actual	12-Apr-13	Actual	19-Apr-13	Actual	26-Apr-13	Actual	3-May-13	Actual	10-May-13	17-May-13
Cash In												
Point One Cash In	93,676	119,572	93,676	25,560	148,806	143,113	204,603	293,460	244,687	78,670	93,676	148,806
PacWest Cash In	371,636	723,955	159,148	198,015	295,863	298,399	374,827	319,342	439,046	145,380	159,148	295,863
Total Cash In	465,312	843,527	252,824	223,575	444,669	441,512	579,430	612,802	683,733	224,050	252,824	444,669
Cash Out												
Salaries & Taxes	0		201,164	118,414	25,781	49,477	6,185	450	192,427	148,769	23,183	182,535
Employee Benefits	40,237	57,720	0	52,481	0		0	1,809	0	57,512	30,628	0
Employee Expen Reimbursement	1,000		1,000		1,000	628	1,000	7,457	1,000	6,654	1,000	1,000
Commissions					1,827		1,827		1,827		1,827	1,827
Insurance			32,408	2,017			4,853					
Occupancy Costs	208,728	143,670	0	69,961	0		0		160,736	89,162	0	0
Utilities	0		0		0		23,751	456	0	0	0	0
Point One Carrier Costs	0	26,952	0	7,161	215,171	135,218	86,867	23,642	0	38,473	0	153,653
PacWest Carrier Costs	0		0	2,117	305,000	131,730	439,720	239,493	0	252,196	0	0
Postage, Office Expenses	1,500	64	1,500		1,500	67	1,500	63	1,500	356	1,500	1,500
Legal Expenses									2,000			
Equipment Leases & Repairs	0		2,000		2,000		4,400		2,000		2,000	10,000
Tax Payments	0		0		0	2,835	3,000		0		0	0
Misc. Expenses	1,650	7,743	1,650	18,715	1,650	8,088	1,650	740	2,650	524	2,650	2,650
Purchased Services	0		15,000		12,000		12,000		12,000		12,000	12,000
Total Operating Cash Out	253,115	236,149	254,722	270,866	565,929	328,043	586,752	274,110	376,140	593,646	74,788	365,165
Financing Expense												
Hercules Principal payment	0								139,583	139,583		
Hercules Interest payment	118,481	118,481							114,532	114,532		
Total Financing Expense	118,481	118,481	0	0	0	0	0	0	254,115	254,115	0	0
Bankruptcy Related Expenses												
Jackson Walker LLP												
Tamarack Associates, Inc.									33,800			
Investment Banker												25,000
US Trustee Fees												
Committee Professionals												
Total Bankruptcy Related Expense	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	33,800	0	0	25,000
Total Cash Out	371,597	354,630	254,722	270,866	565,929	328,043	586,752	274,110	664,055	847,761	74,788	390,165
Cash Beginning of Period	116,851	132,947	210,566	621,844	208,668	574,553	87,408	688,022	80,086	1,026,714	99,764	277,800
Cash In	465,312	843,527	252,824	223,575	444,669	441,512	579,430	612,802	683,733	224,050	252,824	444,669
Cash Out	371,597	354,630	254,722	270,866	565,929	328,043	586,752	274,110	664,055	847,761	74,788	390,165
Cash End of Period	210,566	621,844	208,668	574,553	87,408	688,022	80,086	1,026,714	99,764	403,003	277,800	332,303
Secured Debt -Beginning of Week	10,531,674	10,531,674	10,531,674		10,531,674		10,531,674		10,531,674		10,392,091	10,392,091
Accrued Legal Fees - paid from JW retainer									70,000			

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UPH Cash Flow Budget

	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Week Ending	24-May-13	31-May-13	7-Jun-13	14-Jun-13	21-Jun-13	28-Jun-13	5-Jul-13	12-Jul-13	19-Jul-13	26-Jul-13	2-Aug-13
Cash In											
Point One Cash In	204,603	244,687	93,676	148,806	204,603	244,687	93,676	93,676	148,806	204,603	244,687
PacWest Cash In	374,827	439,046	159,148	295,863	374,827	439,046	159,148	159,148	295,863	374,827	439,046
Total Cash In	579,430	683,733	252,824	444,669	579,430	683,733	252,824	252,824	444,669	579,430	683,733
Cash Out											
Salaries & Taxes	6,185	182,535	6,185	164,909	6,185	164,909	6,185	154,082	6,185	0	160,266
Employee Benefits	0	0	29,427	0	0	0	27,025	0	0	0	0
Employee Expen Reimbursement	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Commissions	1,827	1,827	1,827	1,827	1,827	1,827	1,827	1,827	1,827	1,827	1,827
Insurance	25				25					4,853	
Occupancy Costs	0	0	154,202	0	0	0	154,202	0	0	0	154,202
Utilities	0	23,751	0	0	0	23,751	0	0	0	23,751	0
Point One Carrier Costs	138,863	1,282	0	68,450	147,374	77,974	0	57,721	158,104	77,784	0
PacWest Carrier Costs	305,000	174,780	0	0	0	305,000	174,780	0	0	305,000	166,080
Postage, Office Expenses	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	500	500	500	500	500
Legal Expenses			2,000					2,000			
Equipment Leases & Repairs	12,000	4,400	5,000	7,500	2,000	4,400	2,000	0	2,000	4,400	2,000
Tax Payments	0	3,000	0	0	0	3,000	0	0	0	3,000	0
Misc. Expenses	2,650	2,650	2,650	2,650	2,650	2,650	650	650	650	650	650
Purchased Services	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000
Total Operating Cash Out	481,050	408,725	215,791	259,836	174,561	598,011	380,168	229,780	182,265	434,766	498,525
Financing Expense											
Hercules Principal payment			139,583				139,583				139,583
Hercules Interest payment			116,911				123,326				127,437
Total Financing Expense	0	0	256,494	0	0	0	262,909	0	0	0	267,020
Bankruptcy Related Expenses											
Jackson Walker LLP							75,000				60,000
Tamarack Associates, Inc.			33,800				33,800				33,800
Investment Banker					25,000				20,000		
US Trustee Fees				13,000							
Committee Professionals			40,000				40,000				40,000
Total Bankruptcy Related Expense	0	0	73,800	13,000	25,000	0	148,800	0	20,000	0	133,800
Total Cash Out	481,050	408,725	546,085	272,836	199,561	598,011	791,878	229,780	202,265	434,766	899,345
Cash Beginning of Period	332,303	430,683	705,692	412,431	584,264	964,133	1,049,855	510,802	533,846	776,250	920,914
Cash In	579,430	683,733	252,824	444,669	579,430	683,733	252,824	252,824	444,669	579,430	683,733
Cash Out	481,050	408,725	546,085	272,836	199,561	598,011	791,878	229,780	202,265	434,766	899,345
Cash End of Period	430,683	705,692	412,431	584,264	964,133	1,049,855	510,802	533,846	776,250	920,914	705,302
Secured Debt -Beginning of Week	10,392,091	10,392,091	10,392,091	10,252,508	10,252,508	10,252,508	10,252,508	10,112,925	10,112,925	10,112,925	10,112,925
Accrued Legal Fees - paid from JW r			60,000								

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UPH Cash Flow Budget

	Budget	Actual		Total
Week Ending	to Date	to Date	Variance	Budget
Cash In				
Point One Cash In	785,447	660,375	(125,072)	2,954,438
PacWest Cash In	1,640,521	1,685,091	44,570	5,606,322
Total Cash In	2,425,968	2,345,466	(80,502)	8,560,760
Cash Out				
Salaries & Taxes	425,557	317,110	(108,447)	1,488,898
Employee Benefits	40,237	169,522	129,285	127,317
Employee Expen Reimbursement	5,000	14,739	9,739	18,000
Commissions	5,481	0	(5,481)	29,231
Insurance	37,261	2,017	(35,244)	42,164
Occupancy Costs	369,464	302,793	(66,671)	832,071
Utilities	23,751	456	(23,295)	95,006
Point One Carrier Costs	302,038	231,446	(70,591)	1,183,243
PacWest Carrier Costs	744,720	625,536	(119,184)	2,175,360
Postage, Office Expenses	7,500	550	(6,950)	22,000
Legal Expenses	2,000	0	(2,000)	6,000
Equipment Leases & Repairs	10,400	0	(10,400)	68,100
Tax Payments	3,000	2,835	(165)	12,000
Misc. Expenses	9,250	35,810	26,560	33,700
Purchased Services	51,000	0	(51,000)	147,000
Total Operating Cash Out	2,036,659	1,702,814	(333,845)	6,280,089
Financing Expense				
Hercules Principal payment	139,583	139,583	0	558,332
Hercules Interest payment	233,013	233,013	0	600,687
Total Financing Expense	372,596	372,596	0	1,159,019
Bankruptcy Related Expenses				
Jackson Walker LLP	0	0	0	135,000
Tamarack Associates, Inc.	33,800	0	(33,800)	135,200
Investment Banker	0	0	0	70,000
US Trustee Fees	0	0	0	13,000
Committee Professionals	0	0	0	120,000
Total Bankruptcy Related Expense	33,800	0	(33,800)	473,200
Total Cash Out	2,443,055	2,075,410	(367,645)	7,912,309
Cash Beginning of Period	116,851	132,947	16,096	116,851
Cash In	2,425,968	2,345,466	(80,502)	8,560,760
Cash Out	2,443,055	2,075,410	(367,645)	7,972,309
Cash End of Period	99,764	403,003	303,239	705,302
Secured Debt -Beginning of Week				
Accrued Legal Fees - paid from JW r				