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7	Thiorneys for Devior				
8	IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT				
9	FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA				
10					
11	In re:	Chapter 11			
12	ONSITE TEMP HOUSING	Case No.: 2:16-bk-10790-PS			
13	CORPORATION,	DEBTOR'S AMENDED DISCLOSURE			
14	Debtor.	STATEMENT IN SUPPORT OF DEBTOR'S			
15		AMENDED PLAN OF REORGANIZATION DATED SEPTEMBER 21, 2017			
16		DATED SETTEMBER 21, 2017			
17					
18	ARTICLE I				
19	INTRODUCTION				
	1.1 Plan Proponent				
20	This Amended Disclosure Statement in Support of Debtor's Amended Plan of				
21	Reorganization dated September 21, 2017 ("Disclosure Statement") is submitted by Onsite				
22	Temp Housing Corporation ("Debtor"), the debtor and debtor in possession in the above-				
23					
24	captioned Chapter 11 case. The Debtor is the Proponent of the Amended Plan of				
25	Reorganization dated September 21, 2017 (the "Plan") a copy of which is attached hereto as				
26	Exhibit A . The Plan sets forth the means by which the Debtor will reorganize pursuant to				
27	Title 11 of the United States Code (the "Bankruptcy Code").				
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	1.2 EXHIBITS		
2		The	following Exhibits are attached to this Disclosure Statement and are
3	incorp	orated	l herein by reference. The Debtor reserves the right to amend and update the
5	Exhibits prior to Confirmation.		
6		A.	Plan
7		B.	Definitions
8		C.	Value of Trailers
9		D.	Liquidation Analysis
10		E.	Claims per Notes
11		F.	Summary of Treatment
12		G.	Revenue Projections
13		Н.	Corporate Documents
14		I.	Resume of Timothy Shaffer
15		J.	Executory Contracts and Leases
16		K.	Plan Payments
17 18		L.	Plan Payments with 1111(b) Election
19		M.	Tax Consequences
20	1.3 <u>Definitions</u>		
21		The	capitalized terms used in this Disclosure Statement have the same meaning as
22	those defined in Exhibit B to this Disclosure Statement or in the Bankruptcy Code, Rules		
23	or as otherwise defined in this Disclosure Statement.		
24	1.4 Purpose of the Plan and Disclosure Statement		
25		A Cl	napter 11 bankruptcy case such as this one culminates with the Bankruptcy
26	Court's approval of a plan of reorganization. A plan describes how a debtor will reorganize		
27	the structure of the reorganization and how and when creditors and interest holders will		
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receive payment. In this case, the Debtor proposes to pay administrative creditors on the Petition Date, to pay priority and secured claims over time and to pay general unsecured creditors ten percent (10%) of their Allowed Claims. The Plan will be funded by the continued operations of the company and the payment of \$300,000 by the Plan Funder in exchange for 100 percent (100%) of the Debtor's stock. The current equity interests in the Debtor will be canceled and the company will emerge from bankruptcy as the Reorganized Debtor. Readers are specifically directed to Article VII of this Disclosure Statement that describes how the Plan will be implemented.

Creditors are classified according to, among other things, the nature of their Claims, i.e., whether they are secured or unsecured. Only Creditors and Interest Holders holding Allowed Claims will be eligible to receive distributions under the Plan. Creditors with Allowed Claims will be paid in order of priority in accordance with Section 507(a) of the Bankruptcy Code.

Plan approval by the Bankruptcy Court, called Confirmation, creates a binding contract between the Debtor and its Creditors and Interest Holders on the "Effective Date" as defined in the Plan. The Plan is the controlling document. Under the Plan, Classes 1 and 2 are Unimpaired; that is, the Claimant will receive the full amount of its Claims on the Effective Date of the Plan. They will not be solicited for voting and will not be entitled to vote on the Plan. Classes 3 through 50 are Impaired in that they will not receive the full amount of their Allowed Claims on the Effective Date, and unless deemed to reject the Plan, these classes will be solicited for voting and will be entitled to vote on the Plan.

As the Plan proponent, the Debtor must provide Creditors and Interest Holders with a disclosure statement that is approved by the Bankruptcy Court. The primary purpose of this Disclosure Statement is to provide adequate information to those Creditors voting on the Plan so that they may make a reasonably informed decision with respect to exercising their

right to accept or reject the Plan. This Disclosure Statement is intended for the sole use of Creditors and other parties in interest.

You should consult your personal counsel or tax advisor on any questions or concerns respecting tax, securities, or other legal consequences of the Plan.

1.5 **Classes Entitled to Vote and Deadline**

As indicated above, only Impaired classes will be solicited for voting on the Plan. Ballots will be sent to all Creditors and Interest Holders entitled to vote on the Plan. A deadline for returning ballots will be established by the Bankruptcy Court. Any Claim or Interest to which an objection has been or will be made is not an Allowed Claim and will receive a distribution only after resolution of the objection by the Bankruptcy Court which may be made after the Plan is confirmed.

1.6 **Representations Limited**

The information in this Disclosure Statement is derived from the Debtor's books and records and is accurate to the best of the Debtor's belief and knowledge. You should not rely on any other representations or inducements proffered to you to secure your acceptance in arriving at your decision in voting on the Plan. Any Person making representations or inducements concerning acceptance or rejection of the Plan should be reported to counsel for the Debtor and to the United States Trustee who may be reached at (602) 682-2600. Further, some of the information contained in the Disclosure Statement may consist of estimations of liquidation values and distributions. The Debtor does not undertake to certify or warrant the accuracy of the information contained in this Disclosure Statement and actual results could differ materially from the projections contained herein.

The Bankruptcy Court has not verified the accuracy of the information contained herein. The Bankruptcy Court's approval of the Disclosure Statement does not imply that the Bankruptcy Court endorses or approves the Plan, but only that the Disclosure Statement

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contains adequate information for Creditors and Interest Holders to make an informed decision to approve or reject the Plan.

ARTICLE II STRUCTURE OF THE DEBTOR, ASSETS, AND LIABILITIES

2.1. The History of the Debtor and its Operations

The Debtor is an Arizona corporation taxed under Subchapter S of Chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code, often commonly referred to as a "closely held corporation." The Debtor was formed in October 2012 and its shareholders are Donald Kaebisch (75 percent of the shares of stock) and Brad Blaicher (25 percent of the shares of stock). The Debtor specializes in providing temporary housing in the form of Trailers, to individuals temporarily displaced from their homes. Approximately eighty percent (80%) of the Debtor's revenue is derived from the rental of the Trailers to large companies in the insurance, construction, mining, and natural disaster related industries. The remaining twenty percent (20%) of the Debtor's business is derived from the temporary rental of Trailers for music concerts or other short term venues. This diversification allows the Debtor to have a maximum number of Trailers leased at any given time.

2.2 The Debtor's Assets

The Debtor's primary assets consist of its fleet of 105 Trailers of varying size and configuration. The Trailers and their estimated value are listed on the spreadsheet attached hereto as **Exhibit** C. The value of the Trailers is derived from listings on the website maintained by the National Association Dealers Association ("NADA"), an accepted guide to values for travel trailers such as those owned by the Debtor. Debtor believes the appropriate value of the Trailers is the wholesale value listed by NADA. Where a listing was not available, the value is based on the Debtor's opinion of value.

In general, the Trailer Leases provide for payment in arrears and consequently, at any given time the Debtor has significant account receivables. As of the date of this Disclosure Statement receivables are approximately \$90,830. Cash on hand as of the date of the Disclosure Statement is approximately \$100,000, not including deposits placed by lessees of Trailers. Additional assets include three trucks none of which have any equity and a leased 2015 GMC Tahoe. The Debtor also has business inventory and equipment valued at approximately \$90,000 and described in greater detail in the Liquidation Analysis attached as Exhibit D.

2.3 **Liabilities**

Debtor's liabilities include taxes owed to: (1) the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") in the amount of \$206,716 of which \$171,760 is secured by all of Debtor's assets; (2) the Arizona Department of Revenue ("ADOR") in the amount of \$23,138; and (3) the Arizona Department of Economic Security in the amount of \$1,722.

Multiple Creditors hold security interests in the Trailers. Exhibit E identifies each Creditor, the amount of debt the Debtor believes is owed to each Creditor, and the Trailer(s) the Debtor believes secures the debt. [NOTE: As of the date of this Disclosure Statement, the Debtor is seeking discovery from the Creditors as to the payments that have been made to these Creditors and thus, the amounts owed may be adjusted.] The aggregate amount of debt secured by the Trailers is believed to be approximately \$1,200,000.00. In addition, the Debtor owes approximately \$46,767.00 secured by the trucks.

Debtor's unsecured non-priority debt is approximately \$612,000.00 not including Deficiency Claims. The Allowed Secured Claims secured by the Trailers is significantly less than the Allowed Claims, accordingly the Debtor anticipates the Secured Creditors will have significant Deficiency Claims. These claims are estimated at approximately

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\$2,442,000.00. Exhibit E. Claimants may make the 1111(b) Election in which case, the Deficiency Claims will decrease significantly. (See Section 6.4.7 below).

FACTORS LEADING TO DEBTOR'S BANKRUPTCY AND OTHER PRE-**PETITION EVENTS**

As it grew, the Debtor had an immediate need to acquire additional travel trailers. To further this objective, the Debtor entered into secured lending agreements with multiple lenders, most individuals or closely held entities. While the actual lenders varied, the brokers for each of these agreements were James Riley and Scott Gould. To acquire one or more trailers, the Debtor executed a security agreement and promissory note with the lender and the lender would provide the Debtor with funds to purchase the collateral. In most cases, the Debtor used the funds to purchase the trailer or trailers referenced in the Security Agreement and a lien was recorded on the title to the trailer. In some cases, the Debtor never purchased the trailer and in other cases the Debtor acquired the trailer but the lien was never recorded on the title. Between 2012 and the Petition Date, the Debtor's trailer fleet grew from two Trailers to one hundred and six Trailers on the Petition Date.

In addition to a growing trailer fleet, prior to the Petition Date Debtor hired several employees and leased a property at 2140 W Williams Drive in Phoenix to conduct its business. The Debtor finished 2014 with approximately \$1.4 million in gross revenue. In late 2014, business began to decline as the result of the Debtor's loss of a large insurance customer and a simultaneous decline in income. To alleviate its obligations, the Debtor was able to negotiate interest only payments with Scott Gould and James Riley for the majority of its secured lenders. Despite increased cash flow in 2015, the Debtor continued to struggle to meet its obligations as they came due and took on additional debt to fund operations. At this time, the Debtor hired an investment banking consulting company to develop a business plan and analyze options to raise capital. Debtor hoped it would be able to raise sufficient

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capital to refinance the existing creditors and provide additional capital to expand operations. Unfortunately efforts were unsuccessful.

The secured lender group, spearheaded by James Riley and Scott Gould, met with the Debtor in January of 2016 in an effort to discuss a game plan for refinancing. Despite its best efforts, the Debtor was ultimately unable to refinance the debt. In March of 2016, Mr. Gould and Mr. Riley along with the other secured lenders and their respective entities, sued the Debtor and its principals in Maricopa County Superior Court Case No. CV2016-004772 (the "State Court Litigation"). In the State Court Litigation, the plaintiffs have asserted claims for fraudulent transfers, breach of the Trust Fund Doctrine, conversion and breach of fiduciary duty against Mr. Blaicher and Mr. Kaebisch, principals of the Debtor.

On March 26, 2016, as part of mediation in the State Court Litigation, the Debtor and Mr. Gould and Mr. Riley stipulated that the debt owed was \$1,700,000.00 plus outstanding attorney's fees. While the parties agreed on the amount, Mr. Gould and Mr. Riley demanded payment within six days. The Debtor and its principals were unable to meet this unrealistic deadline and negotiations were unproductive after this time.

In August of 2016, despite a stay of any replevin actions in the State Court Litigation, Mr. Riley caused eight trailers in Indio, California to be repossessed. After obtaining the eight trailers, Mr. Riley proceeded to repossess over twenty trailers while the trailers were leased to people attending a festival in Nevada. To prevent further repossessions, the Debtor filed for Chapter 11 bankruptcy protection on September 20, 2016. Parties to the State Court Litigation have agreed to a stay of litigation against the other defendants.

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ARTICLE IV SIGNIFICANT BANKRUPTCY EVENTS

4.1 First Day Motions and Estate Professionals

On September 21, 2016, the Debtor sought approval of Campbell & Coombs, P.C. as its attorneys. [Dkt. #4]. The employment was approved by the Court on September 27, 2016. [Dkt. #21]. The Debtor retained an expert witness, Ted Burr, on November 10, 2016. [Dkt. #62]. The Court approved the retention of Mr. Burr on November 15, 2016. [Dkt. #68]. The Debtor employed its pre-petition accountants, Khan, Slayter & Kistler CPA, LLC on November 11, 2016 and sought approval of the CPA's employment *nunc pro tunc* to the Petition Date. [Dkt. #64]. The Court approved the employment of Khan Slayter & Kistler on November 18, 2016. [Dkt. #71].

On September 21, 2016, the Debtor sought Court authorization to pay wages and salaries to its employees in the amount of \$5,790.46. [Dkt. #8]. After a hearing held on September 28, 2016, the Court approved the motion and the employees were paid shortly thereafter. [Dkt. #33]. Approximately one year after the Petition Date, the Debtor retained Dickinson Wright PLLC ("DW") to replace Campbell & Coombs, P.C. The Debtor also replaced its accountants with Mukai, Greenlee & Company, P.C. ("Mukai"). The approval of DW as the Debtor's counsel and the withdrawal of Campbell & Coombs, P.C. were approved by the Court on August 23, 2017. The employment of Mukai was approved by the Court on September 8, 2017.

4.2 <u>Cash Collateral</u>

On the Petition Date, Can Capital Asset Servicing, Inc. ("Can Capital") held a lien in the amount of \$44,625.60 secured by Debtor's accounts, chattel paper, deposit accounts, personal property, assets and fixtures, general intangibles, instruments, equipment, inventory and proceeds thereof pursuant to its consensual loan agreement with the Debtor and as reflected in Proof of Claim No. 5. On January 18, 2017, the Debtor filed the

Stipulation for Use of Cash Collateral and Award of Adequate Protection ("Can Capital Stipulation") which authorizes the Debtor to use cash collateral as set forth in the budget attached thereto and provides for payment of \$5,566.00 per month to Can Capital. [Dkt. #138]. The Can Capital Stipulation was approved by the Court pursuant to the Court Order dated February 16, 2017. Doc. No. 168. The Debtor believes this debt will be paid in full prior to Confirmation.

4.3 Adequate Protection

On September 28, 2016, JRS Funding, LLC, James Riley, Joseph Zerbib, Diane Zerbib, Michael Zerbib, Michelle Zerbib, David Riley, Daron Johnson, Richard T. Lommen as Trustee of the Richard T. Lommen Jr. 2004 Revocable Trust, Scott A. Gould, Gould Investments, LLC, LLindell, LLC, Katherine McClerkin, 3 Dog Lending, LLC, RK Lending, LLC and Empire J. Investments, LLC (collectively the "JRS Group") filed the Motion for Sequestration of Cash Collateral (the "Cash Collateral Motion"). Doc. No. 25. On October 27, 2016, the JRS Group and the Debtor filed a Stipulation for Adequate Protection Payments (the "Adequate Protection Stipulation"). Doc. No. 50. Through the Adequate Protection Stipulation, the Debtor agreed to make monthly payments of \$25,000 as adequate protection for the JRS Group interest in the travel trailers owned by the Debtor. On December 15, 2016, the Court entered its Order for Adequate Protection Payments (the "Adequate Protection Order"). [Dkt. #90].

In reviewing the claims of the JRS Group and the supporting loan documents, the Debtor realized that the Adequate Protection Stipulation called for payments to the JRS Group well in excess of the actual decline in the value of its collateral. For the reasons articulated in the Motion to Revise Adequate Protection Payment ("Motion to Revise") the Debtor asked the Court to value the Trailers that are collateral for the JRS Group loans and to suspend the \$25,000 adequate protection payment to the JRS Group while the parties

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seek confirmation of their respective plans. [Dkt. #307]. The Debtor sought expedited consideration of the Motion to Revise and a hearing has been set for September 25, 2017.

4.4 <u>Trustee Motion and the Appointment of the Chief Restructuring Officer</u> ("CRO")

On December 22, 2016, the JRS Group¹, filed a *Motion to Appoint Chapter 11 Trustee* (the "Trustee Motion"). [Dkt. #95]. The Trustee Motion alleged, among other things, that cause existed to appoint a trustee as a result of the bad acts of the Debtor's management. The Debtor and the JRS Group resolved the Trustee Motion through the appointment of a Chief Restructuring Officer ("CRO"). [Dkt. #200]. The CRO Stipulation was approved and the employment of Timothy Shaffer was approved by the Court's Order dated June 12, 2017 (the "CRO Order"). [Dkt. #253]. Since that time, Mr. Shaffer has performed the managerial duties outlined in the CRO Order.

4.5 Disclosure Statement and Plan

On February 7, 2017, the Debtor filed its *Disclosure Statement* and accompanying Plan of Reorganization. [Dkt. #155]. On August 8, 2017, the Debtor filed its *First Amended Disclosure Statement* and accompanying *First Amended Plan of Reorganization*. [Dkt. #273]. This Disclosure Statement and Plan supersede the previously filed versions.

4.6 JRS Group Litigation

The JRS Group has aggressively litigated this bankruptcy case. On May 15, 2017, the JRS Group declared a default under the Adequate Protection Stipulation and moved for the turnover of its collateral. [Dkt. #233]. The Debtor cured the default immediately but JRS

¹ The members of the JRS Group changed between the Cash Collateral Motion and the Trustee Motion to JRS Funding, LLC, James Riley, Joseph Zerbib and Diane Zerbib, Michael Zerbib and Michelle Zerbib, David Riley, Richard T. Lommen as Trustee of the Richard T. Lommen Jr. 2004 Revocable Trust, Scott A. Gould, Gould Investments, LLC, LLindell, LLC, Katherine McClerkin, 3 Dog Lending, LLC, RK Lending, LLC and Empire J. Investments, LLC.

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27 28 Group refused to withdraw the motion. The Court held a hearing on May 31, 2017 and denied the relief sought by the JRS Group. [Dkt. #249].

The JRS Group asserts that Mr. Blaicher and Mr. Kaebisch seriously mismanaged the Debtor's company prepetition, transferred hundreds of thousands of dollars to and for their benefit in violation of their fiduciary duties to creditors and committed fraud and conversion. The Debtor disputes these allegations and believes that Mr. Kaebisch and Mr. Blaicher acted reasonably and within business norms and that they contribute considerable knowledge of the industry and practical knowledge regarding the business. The Debtor believes that continued employment of Mr. Kaebisch and Mr. Blaicher is in the best interests of creditors and of the estate.

4.7 **Preferences and Fraudulent Transfers**

The Debtor's review of potential preferential payments and fraudulent transfers is ongoing. The deadline to file any such actions is September 20, 2018. The Debtor will file any actions prior to the deadline.

From the inception of this case the JRS Group has continuously demanded that the Debtor pursue causes of action against its principals for monies received by them prior to the Petition Date and for their actions in managing the Debtor. The Debtor, through counsel, reviewed the allegations made by the JRS Group and made demand on its principals, Mr. Blaicher and Mr. Kaebisch and a related entity RPod Rentals.Com LLC ("RPod"). The insiders have responded to the demand and, through their respective attorneys, are negotiating resolution of the preferences with the CRO. Multiple letters have been exchanged addressing the potential liability of the insiders and are attached to the *Objection* to the Debtor's First Amended Disclosure Statement as Exhibits 2 and 3. [Dkt. #302].

The Debtor, through the CRO, is analyzing the allegations and will make a final determination as to whether to litigate against the insiders prior to the deadline of September

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20, 2018. At this stage, the Debtor does not believe that the allegations have substantial value to the estate and is hesitant to spend significant funds pursuing the insiders where recovery is unlikely.

4.8 **Claims Bar Date**

On November 4, 2016, the Court entered an Order setting January 6, 2017 as the last date to file proofs of claim. [Dkt. #57]. On November 10, 2016, the Notice of the Claims Bar Date was mailed to all creditors and parties in interest on the Debtor's Master Mailing Matrix. [Dkt. #59].

ARTICLE V **SUMMARY OF THE PLAN**

5.1 The Plan

The Plan provides for the payment of priority and secured claims in full over time and a ten percent (10%) distribution to general unsecured creditors. The Plan is funded by the Debtor's cash on hand, the collection of account receivables, a \$300,000 equity contribution, and the continued operations of the Reorganized Debtor.

5.2. **Summary of the Plan's Treatment of Creditors and Interest Holders**

A summary of the treatment of Creditors and Interest Holders under the Plan and an estimation of their Claims is outlined in **Exhibit F** attached to this Disclosure Statement.

[NOTE: Any description of the Plan in this Disclosure Statement is for informational purposes only and does not purport to change or supersede any of the language of the Plan. Each holder of a Claim or Interest is urged to read the Plan carefully with respect to the proposed treatment of their respective Claim or Interest, and, is encouraged to consult with such person's legal counsel. If the Plan is confirmed, it will be binding upon the Debtor, its Creditors, and Interest Holders. IN THE EVENT OF ANY INCONSISTENCY BETWEEN THE PLAN AND THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT, THE PLAN WILL CONTROL.

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ARTICLE VI **CLASSIFICATION OF CREDITORS**

6.1 No Classification of Administrative Claims and Priority Tax Claims

As provided in Section 1123(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, Administrative Claims and Priority Tax Claims shall not be classified for purposes of voting on or receiving distributions under the Plan. All those Claims shall be treated separately as unclassified Claims on the terms set forth herein.

6.2 Administrative Expenses

Allowed Administrative Claims will be paid in full satisfaction of the Claim, unless previously approved and paid: (a) cash payment in the allowed amount of the Claim on the Effective Date or as soon thereafter as possible or after the claim is allowed if subject to Court approval; (b) in the ordinary course of business as the Claim matures; or (c) upon other less favorable terms as may be agreed upon in writing by the holder of the Claim and the Plan Agent (described below), or as ordered by the Bankruptcy Court. Administrative Claims in this case are for Professional Fees owed to the Debtor's current and former counsel and accountants as well as other estate professionals whose employment has been approved by the Court. Debtor believes that by Confirmation, Professional Fees will total approximately \$300,000.

6.3 **Priority Tax Claims**

Except to the extent that a holder of an Allowed Priority Tax Claim agrees to a less favorable treatment or treatment is ordered by the Bankruptcy Court, in full and final satisfaction, each holder shall be treated in accordance with the terms set forth in Bankruptcy Code section 1129(a)(9)(C) over a period of five years from the Petition Date at the statutory rate of interest set forth in I.R.C. §§ 6621 and 6622 that is in effect during the month the Plan is Confirmed (currently 4.0% compounded daily).

Debtor believes the Claims in this Class consist of the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") in the amount of \$31,233; the Arizona Department of Revenue in the amount of \$19,462; and the Arizona Department of Economic Security in the amount of \$1,660.

The IRS and ADOR have filed claims for post-petition taxes, the Debtor believes that these claims have been satisfied. Any outstanding post-petition tax claims will be paid in full on the Effective Date or as agreed by the Plan Agent and the relevant taxing authority.

6.4 Classification and Treatment of Claims and Interests That Are Classified

For purposes of voting, distributions, and all confirmation matters, except as otherwise provided herein all Allowed Claims and Interests shall be classified and treated as follows.

6.4.1 Class 1 – Employee Wage Claims

Class 1 consists of the Allowed Claims of individuals not exceeding \$12,475 for each individual or corporation earned within 180 days of the Petition Date for wages, salaries or commissions, including vacation severance and sick leave pay. Class 1 Allowed Claims will be paid in full on the Effective Date or as soon thereafter as is reasonably possible. Class 1 is Unimpaired, is not entitled to vote on the Plan, and will not be solicited to vote on the Plan. The Debtor does not believe there are any claims in this Class 1.

6.4.2 Class 2 – Consumer Deposit Claims

Class 2 consists of Allowed Claims of individuals not exceeding \$2,775 per individual, arising from the deposit of money with the Debtor for the lease, or rental of property that was not provided. Class 2 will be paid in full on the Effective Date or as soon thereafter as reasonably possible. Class 2 is Unimpaired, is not entitled to vote on the Plan and will not be solicited to vote on the Plan. The Debtor does not believe there are any claims in this Class 2.

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6.4.3 Class 3 – IRS Secured Claim

Class 3 consists of the Allowed Secured Claim of the IRS in the amount of \$171,760.27. Class 3 will be paid over a period ending not later than 60 months from the Petition Date with interest at the statutory rate set forth in I.R.C. §§ 6621 and 6622 that is in effect during the month the Plan is Confirmed (currently 4.0% compounded daily). Payments will commence on the first day of the first month after the Effective Date. Class 3 is Unimpaired, is not entitled to vote on the Plan and will not be solicited to vote on the Plan.

In the event that the Debtor defaults on any payment due to the Internal Revenue Service as required under the confirmed Plan, and in the event that the Debtor fails to cure said default within thirty days after written notice of the default is mailed to the Debtor and the Debtor's attorney, the entire imposed liability together with any unpaid current liabilities, shall become due and payable immediately. The Internal Revenue Service may collect unpaid liabilities that become due as a result of the default, through the administrative collection provision or the judicial remedies as set forth in the Internal Revenue Code. The Internal Revenue Service shall not be required to seek a modification from the automatic stay to collect any tax liabilities from the property that has revested with the Debtor.

Class 4 -- Ally Financial (Ford F550 C27114)

Class 4 consists of the Allowed Secured Claim of Ally Financial in the approximate amount of \$40,693.64 secured by a 2015 Ford F550 with VIN ending C27114. Class 4 will be paid in equal monthly installments over 60 months at an interest rate of 5.99 percent (5.99%) per annum or such other rate as the Court may determine. Payments will commence on the first day of the first month after the Effective Date. Debtor may prepay this claim in full without penalty. Class 4 is Impaired under the Plan and is entitled to vote

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on the Plan.

6.4.5 <u>Class 5 -- Ally Financial (Ford F250 C13504)</u>

Class 5 consists of the Allowed Secured Claim of Ally Financial in the approximate amount of \$47,095.00 secured by a 2015 Ford F250 with VIN ending C13504. Class 5 will be paid in equal monthly installments over 60 months at an interest rate of 5.99 percent (5.99%) per annum or such other rate as the Court may determine. Payments will commence on the first day of the first month after the Effective Date. Debtor may prepay this claim in full without penalty. Class 5 is Impaired under the Plan and is entitled to vote on the Plan.

6.4.6 Class 6 -- Ally Financial (F550 A53092)

Class 6 consists of the Allowed Secured Claim of Ally Financial in the approximate amount of \$37,031.88 secured by a 2015 Ford F550 truck with VIN ending A53092. Class 6 will be paid in equal monthly installments over 60 months at an interest rate of 6.99 percent (6.99%) per annum or such other rate as the Court may determine. Payments will commence on the first day of the first month after the Effective Date. Debtor may prepay this claim in full without penalty. Class 6 is Impaired under the Plan and is entitled to vote on the Plan.

Classes 7 to 48 -- Creditors Secured by Trailers

Classes 7 to 48 consist of the Allowed Secured Claims of Creditors who hold a secured interest in one or more Trailers. Each Class is identified on Exhibit E by Creditor name, the Claim Amount for each Note, and the Trailers securing the note. The value of each Trailer is also identified. The amount of the Allowed Secured Claim will be the value of the Trailers, as determined by the Court, securing each Note. The difference between the Allowed Secured Claim and the Claim Amount will be an Allowed Deficiency Claim and will be treated in Class 48.

As indicated above, the precise amount of each Note has not been reconciled and the Debtor will amend Exhibit E prior to Confirmation to assert what it believes are the correct amounts. For purposes of this Disclosure Statement, the Claim Amounts set forth in Exhibit E reflect the amounts recorded in the Debtor's books and records. Debtor was unable to use the amounts set forth in the Proofs of Claim filed by JRS as the JRS proofs of claim are filed according to the lender's name and are not broken down by note. Debtor has been unable to compare the amounts it believes to be the outstanding secured debt with the amount claimed by JRS on a per note basis, however the Debtor believes that its principal amount due is substantially similar to the principal amount JRS asserts in the proofs of claims.

Debtor believes that JRS has significantly overstated the unpaid interest due on the claims. In addition, Debtor believes the adequate protection payments of \$25,000 per month that have been paid to JRS Group after the Petition Date have exceeded the amount that would be required to compensate the Creditors in the JRS Group for the decline in the value of their collateral. The adequate protection overpayment is not accounted for in Exhibit E and any excess must be applied to reduce the principal amount of the Allowed Secured Claim for each affected Creditor.

Each Allowed Secured Claimant will retain its interest in the Trailers securing its debt as identified on Exhibit E. The Allowed Secured Claim will be amortized over 84 months at an interest rate of 5.5 percent (5.5%) per annum or such other rate as determined by the Court. Each monthly payment will be made on the first day of the month, commencing on the first day of the first month after the Effective Date. In the event of a payment default on an Allowed Secured Claim in this Class, the Debtor shall have five (5) business days after Notice in which to cure. Debtor shall maintain insurance on the Trailers and provide proof of insurance to any Allowed Secured Claimant in this Class upon

reasonable request. Upon reasonable request, the Debtor shall permit any Allowed Secured Claimant in this class to inspect its collateral.

In the event an Allowed Secured Claimant in this Class makes the 1111(b) Election, the full amount of its Allowed Claim will be treated as an Allowed Secured Claim and will be paid in equal monthly installments over 180 months.

Debtor may prepay any of the Claims in this Class in full without penalty. Classes 7 through 48 are Impaired and are entitled to vote on the Plan.

6.4.9 Class 49--General Unsecured Creditors

Class 49 consists of the Allowed Claims of general Unsecured Creditors not otherwise classified and Deficiency Claims. Class Claimants in this Class will each be paid 10 percent (10%) of their Allowed Claim in equal monthly installments over 60 months without interest commencing on the first day of the first month after the Effective Date. Class 49 is Impaired and is entitled to vote on the Plan.

6.4.9 Class 50 - Equity Interests

Class 50 consists of the Interests in the Debtor. The Interests will be cancelled on the Effective Date and Interest Holders will receive no distribution under the Plan. Class 50 is Impaired and deemed to have rejected the Plan.

ARTICLE VII MEANS FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PLAN

Plan Funding 7.1

The Plan will be funded initially by the Debtor's cash on hand and the New Value Contribution in the amount of \$300,000 to be paid by the Plan Funder to the Reorganized Debtor on the Effective Date. The New Value Contribution will be used to pay Plan payments due on the Effective Date and to provide a capital reserve. After the Effective

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Date, the Plan will be funded by the continued operations of the Reorganized Debtor. The projections for revenue are set forth is **Exhibit G** to the Disclosure Statement.

7.2 **Continued Corporate Existence**

After the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtor may operate its business and use, acquire, and dispose of property without the supervision of the Bankruptcy Court, free of any restrictions of the Bankruptcy Code or the Bankruptcy Rules.

7**.3 Corporate Governance**

On the Effective Date, the Debtor's articles of organization and by-laws shall be amended and restated pursuant to the Amended Articles and the Amended By-laws, each as attached to Disclosure Statement as **Exhibit H** to reflect the transactions consummated by the Plan, including the issuance of 100 percent of the stock in the Reorganized Debtor to OAP. The initial Board of Directors of the Reorganized Debtor will be Brad Blaicher and Donn Kaebisch. Mr. Blaicher will serve as President and Secretary and Mr. Kaebisch will serve as Vice President.

The Amended Articles and the Amended By-laws satisfy the provisions of the Plan and the Bankruptcy Code and shall include, among other things, pursuant to Bankruptcy Code § 1123(a)(6), a provision prohibiting the issuance of non-voting equity securities. After the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtor may amend and restate the Amended Articles and the Amended By-laws as permitted by applicable law.

7.4 Management

On the Effective Date, the new officers, and the new governing board of the Reorganized Debtor will be appointed. Each such officer and board member will serve from and after the Effective Date in accordance with the Amended Articles and Amended Bylaws, and other governance policies of the Reorganized Debtor, as the same may be amended from time to time.

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7.5 **Cancellation of Debtor's Equity Interests.**

On the Effective Date, all outstanding Interests in the Debtor shall be cancelled and extinguished and all certificates (if any) representing Interests in the Debtor shall become void without the need for further action.

7.6 **Appointment of Plan Agent**

The Plan Agent will be appointed to among other things act instead of and as the nominee of Claimants and receive payments from Debtor, the Estate, and the Reorganized Debtor, and make all payments and distributions contemplated by the Plan.

The Plan Agent will be Clotho Corporate Recovery, LLC under the direction of Timothy Shaffer, who has served since April 2017 as the Debtor's Chief Restructuring Officer. The Plan Agent will be deemed appointed on the Effective Date, without further motion, application, notice, hearing or other order of the Court. The Plan Agent will be compensated \$5,000 per month for the term of the Plan. Mr. Shaffer's resume is attached as **Exhibit I** to the Disclosure Statement.

The Plan Agent shall serve as the disbursing agent for payments required by the Plan. In addition, the duties of the Plan Agent shall include approving all capital expenditures and any ordinary course expenditures exceeding \$25,000, ensuring a proper capital reserve for maintenance, repair and replacement of Trailers, supervising Claims objections, and directing litigation of Causes of Action.

No action or claim may be asserted against the Plan Agent for any matter relating to or arising out of this Chapter 11 Case, the confirmation of the Plan, the consummation of the Plan, or the administration of the Plan or the property to be administered or distributed under the Plan, in any court without first obtaining approval of the Bankruptcy Court, and, in such event, any such action must be prosecuted before the Bankruptcy Court, which shall retain jurisdiction to adjudicate any such actions. The Plan Agent is acting solely as a fiduciary on

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behalf of the Estate in implementing this Plan. Neither the Plan Agent, nor any of its employees, shall have any personal liability for serving in the fiduciary capacity of the Plan Agent, except for willful misconduct or gross negligence.

7.7 **Effectuating Documents; Further Transactions**

Upon Confirmation, the Debtor is authorized to execute, deliver, file, or record such contracts, instruments, releases, indentures, and other agreements or documents and take such actions as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate and further evidence the terms and conditions of the Plan.

7.8 **Exemption from Transfer Taxes**

Pursuant to Section 1146(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, the creation or transfer of any mortgage, deed of trust or other security interest, the making or assignment of any lease or sublease, or the making or delivery of any deed or other instrument of transfer under, in furtherance of or in connection with the Plan, and executed in connection with the liquidation of assets shall not be subject to any stamp tax, real estate tax or similar tax.

7.9 **Exemption from Securities Laws**

The issuance of the Reorganized Debtor Interests, and all other instruments, certificates, and other documents required to be issued or distributed pursuant to the Plan, (a) shall be authorized under Bankruptcy Code § 1145 as of the Effective Date without further act of action, except as may be required by the Amended Articles and the Amended By-laws, and (b) shall be exempt pursuant to Bankruptcy Code § 1145 from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (and all rules and regulations promulgated thereunder), and under any state or local law (and all rules and regulations promulgated thereunder) requiring registration for offer or sale of a security or registration or licensing of an issuer of, underwriter of, or broker or dealer in, a security.

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ARTICLE VIII **EXECUTORY CONTRACTS AND UNEXPIRED LEASES**

Subject to the approval of the Bankruptcy Court, the Debtor has the power to assume or reject an unexpired lease or a contract that is deemed executory by the fact that performance is due by both parties to the contract. That is to say, the lease or contract can be accepted as written and the parties continue as if the bankruptcy never occurred. In such case the Debtor must cure any arrearages ("Cure") and give the counter party adequate assurance of performance. Conversely, the lease or contract can be rejected, in which case the Debtor is deemed to be in breach of the agreement, and practically speaking, the parties' obligations cease. The counter party may have a claim for damages as a consequence of the rejection.

In this case, the Debtor will assume as of the Effective Date the contracts identified on **Exhibit J** to the Disclosure Statement (the "Assumed Contracts"). Exhibit J identifies the Cure associated with each Assumed Contract. To the extent necessary, all Trailer Leases are expressly assumed.

All other executory contracts and unexpired leases not listed on Exhibit J shall be deemed rejected on Effective Date (the "Rejected Contracts") unless earlier rejected by Bankruptcy Court order. The Debtor reserves the right to amend Exhibit J at any time prior to the Effective Date (a) to delete any executory contract or unexpired lease and provide for its rejection, or (b) to add any executory contract of unexpired lease and provide for its assumption under the Plan. The Debtor will provide notice of any amendment to Exhibit J to the counter party or parties to those agreements affect by the amendment.

Each counter party to an Assumed or Rejected Contract shall have fourteen (14) prior to the Confirmation Hearing to file with the Bankruptcy Court and serve a written objection to its treatment and its Cure if applicable. Failure to timely object will be deemed consent to

the treatment and Cure. If a timely written objection is filed, the Debtor will request a hearing for the resolution of the counter party's objection.

Unless it has done so previously, each counter party to a Rejected Contract shall file on or before fourteen (14 days) after the Effective Date a proof of claim for any rejection damages. Failure to timely file such proof of claim will result in the establishment of the claim at zero dollars (-0-). The Reorganized Debtor reserves all rights to object to any proofs of claim.

On the Petition Date, the Debtor leased the real property located at 2140 W Williams Drive, Phoenix, Arizona. The Debtor vacated this property during the pendency of the case and the landlord has filed a proof of claim evidencing its claim against the estate. This lease is rejected.

ARTICLE IX CLAIMS, DISTRIBUTIONS, AND CLAIMS OBJECTIONS

9.1 <u>Deadline for Applications for Administrative Expenses</u>

Applications for Administrative Claims shall be filed no later than 30 days after the Effective Date. If Administrative Claims are not timely filed in accordance with the Plan, they will be forever barred and may not be asserted in any manner; provided, however, that no request for payment shall be required with respect to Administrative Claims that have been paid previously or with respect to Administrative Claims for expenses incurred in the ordinary course of business, unless a dispute exists as to those expenses, or unless the provisions of the Bankruptcy Code require approval or allowance by the Bankruptcy Court as a precondition to payments being made on that expense.

9.2 Objection to Claims

After the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtor in consultation with the Plan Agent shall have the exclusive right to file objections to Claims and the exclusive right to settle or

withdraw those objections with respect to any claims totaling \$100,000 or less. With respect to claims of larger amounts, the Reorganized Debtor shall seek approval of the Court upon notice to those creditors or parties entering a notice of appearance in the case. The holder of a Claim to which an objection has been filed will be required to file with the Bankruptcy Court a response setting forth its Claim with specificity. The Reorganized Debtor will request a hearing on any timely filed responses. Claims objections must be filed within 90 days after the Effective Date.

9.3 **Disallowance for Late Claims**

Any and all applications for Claims or proofs of Claim filed after the applicable Bar Date shall be deemed disallowed and expunged as of the Effective Date without any further notice.

9.4 **Plan Distributions**

Distributions to Creditors will be made in accordance with the Plan. No distributions will be made to any Claimant unless that Claimant has an Allowed Claim. In its discretion, the Reorganized Debtor, in consultation with the Plan Agent will establish a reserve sufficient to pay any unresolved claims in full if and when they are allowed. No interest shall accrue or be paid for any amounts reserved and ultimately paid.

9.5 **Delivery of Distributions**

All distributions to Allowed Claimants shall be made at the address of such holder (a) as set forth on the Schedules filed with the Court, or (b) on the books and records of the Debtor unless the Debtor has been notified in writing of a change of address, including, without limitation, by the filing of a proof of Claim by such holder that contains an address for such holder different than the address of such holder as set forth on the Schedules.

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Undeliverable and Unclaimed Distributions 9.6

In the event that any distribution is returned as undeliverable, the Plan Agent shall use commercially reasonable efforts to determine the current address of such Allowed Claimant, but he shall not be required to retain an outside investigator to determine the current address of an Allowed Claimant whose distribution is returned as undeliverable. In any event, any attempted distribution that remains unclaimed for a period of thirty (30) days after the last attempted delivery shall be deemed unclaimed property under section 347(b) of the Bankruptcy Code and revested in the Reorganized Debtor. The Plan Agent shall have no further obligation to make any distribution to such Allowed Claimant and such claim shall be extinguished and forever barred.

9.7 Withholding and Reporting Requirements

The Reorganized Debtor or the Plan Agent shall be authorized to collect such tax information from the Allowed Creditors (including social security numbers or other tax identification numbers) as required in their sole discretion to effectuate distributions under the Plan. To receive distributions, all Allowed Claimants shall be required to identify themselves to the Reorganized Debtor and provide tax information and the specifics of their holdings, to the extent the Plan Agent deems appropriate (including completing the appropriate Form W-8 or Form W-9, as applicable). The Plan Agent may refuse to make a distribution to any Allowed Claimant that fails to furnish such information in a timely fashion, until such information is delivered; provided, however, that, upon the receipt of such information, the Plan Agent shall make such distribution to which the Creditor is entitled, without interest; and provided further that, if the holder fails to comply with such a request within 30 days, such distribution shall be deemed an undeliverable distribution hereunder; and provided further that, if the Plan Agent fails to withhold in respect of amounts received or distributable with respect to any such holder and the Plan Agent or Reorganized Debtor is

later held liable for the amount of such withholding, such holder shall reimburse the Plan Agent or Reorganized Debtor for such liability. Notwithstanding the foregoing, each Allowed Claimant shall have the sole and exclusive responsibility for any taxes imposed by any governmental unit, including income, withholding and other taxes, on account of any distribution.

9.8 **Unclaimed Property**

Distributions that are not claimed by the expiration of 180 days from the date of such distribution shall be deemed to be unclaimed property and the Claims with respect to which those distributions are made shall be automatically canceled. After the expiration of that 180day period, the Claim of any Entity to those Distributions shall be discharged and forever barred. All unclaimed property shall then be revested in the Reorganized Debtor.

9.9 Time Bar to Cash Payments by Check

Checks issued by the Reorganized Debtor on account of Allowed Claims shall be null and void if not negotiated within ninety (90) days after the date of issuance thereof, and shall be treated as unclaimed property under the Plan.

9.10 **Amendment of Claims**

A Claim may be amended prior to the Effective Date only as agreed upon by the Plan Agent and the holder of the Claim or as otherwise permitted by the Bankruptcy Court and Bankruptcy Rules. After the Effective Date, a Claim may be amended to decrease, but not to increase, the amount thereof.

9.11 **Full and Final Satisfaction**

All payments and distributions under the Plan shall be in full and final satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of all Claims and Interests.

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ARTICLE X

CONDITIONS TO CONFIRMATION

The following are conditions precedent to the Effective Date:

- (a) The Confirmation Date has occurred;
- (b) The Confirmation Order has been entered and is a Final Order, except that the Debtor reserves the right to cause the Effective Date to occur notwithstanding the pendency of an appeal of the Confirmation Order, under circumstances that would moot such appeal;
- (c) No request for revocation of the Confirmation Order under Section 1144 of the Bankruptcy Code has been made, or, if made, remains pending.

ARTICLE XI RETENTION OF JURISDICTION

On and after the Effective Date, the Bankruptcy Court shall retain exclusive jurisdiction, to the fullest extent permissible under the law, over all matters arising out of and related to the Chapter 11 Case for, among other things, the following purposes:

- (a) To hear and determine all matters with respect to the rejection of executory contracts or unexpired leases and Claims resulting therefrom;
- (b) To hear and determine any motion, adversary proceeding, application, contested matter, or other litigated matter pending on or commenced after the Confirmation Date;
- (c) To hear and determine all matters with respect to the allowance, disallowance, liquidation, classification, priority or estimation of any Claim;
- (d) To ensure that distributions to holders of Allowed Claims or Allowed Interests are accomplished as provided in the Plan;

- To hear and determine all applications for compensation and reimbursement of (e) professionals;
- To hear and determine any application to modify the Plan in accordance with (f) Section 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code, to remedy any defect or omission or reconcile any inconsistency in the Plan, this Disclosure Statement or any order of the Bankruptcy Court, including the Confirmation Order, in such a manner as may be necessary to carry out the purposes and effects thereof;
- To hear and determine disputes arising in connection with the interpretation, (g) implementation or enforcement of the Plan, the Confirmation Order, any transactions or payments contemplated by the Plan or any agreement, instrument or other document governing or relating to any of the foregoing;
- To issue injunctions, enter and implement other orders and take such other (h) actions as may be necessary or appropriate to restrain interference by any Person with the consummation, implementation or enforcement of the Plan, the Confirmation Order or any other order of the Bankruptcy Court;
- To issue orders as may be necessary to construe, enforce, implement, execute, (i) and consummate the Plan;
- (j) To enter, implement, or enforce orders as may be appropriate in the event the Confirmation Order is for any reason stayed, reversed, revoked, modified or vacated;
- (k) To hear and determine matters concerning state, local and federal taxes in accordance with Sections 346, 505 and 1146 of the Bankruptcy Code (including the expedited determination of tax under Section 505(b) of the Bankruptcy Code);
- (1) To hear and determine any other matters related to the Plan and not inconsistent with the Bankruptcy Code;

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- To determine any other matters that may arise in connection with or are related (m) to the Plan, this Disclosure Statement, the Confirmation Order, any of the documents or any other contract, instrument, release or other agreement or document related to the Plan or this Disclosure Statement.
 - (n) To recover all Property of the Debtor's Estate, wherever located;
- To hear and determine all disputes involving the existence, nature or scope of (o) the Debtor's discharge, including any dispute relating to any liability arising out of the termination of employment or the termination of any employee or retiree benefit program, regardless of whether such termination occurred prior to or after the Effective Date;
- (p) To hear and determine any rights, Claims or Causes of Action held by or accruing to the Debtor and transferred to the Reorganized Debtor pursuant to the Bankruptcy Code or pursuant to any federal or state statute or legal theory;
- To enforce all orders, judgments, injunctions, releases, exculpations, (q) indemnifications and rulings entered in connection with the Debtor's Chapter 11 Case with respect to any Person;
- To hear and determine any disputes arising in connection with the (r) interpretation, implementation or enforcement of any post-petition agreements;
 - To hear any other matter not inconsistent with the Bankruptcy Code; and (s)
 - (t) To enter a final decree closing the Chapter 11 Case.

ARTICLE XII **CONFIRMATION OF PLAN**

Once the Disclosure Statement is approved and any required ballots are sent to any holders of Allowed Claims that may be entitled to vote on the Plan, the Bankruptcy Court will hold a Confirmation Hearing to determine whether the Plan may be confirmed. Any party in interest may object to Confirmation of the Plan.

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The Bankruptcy Court has scheduled the Confirmation Hearing for ________, 2016 at _____ Phoenix time before the Honorable Paul Sala, United States Bankruptcy Judge, in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Arizona, located at 230 N. First Ave, Phoenix, AZ 85003. The Confirmation Hearing may be adjourned from time to time by the Bankruptcy Court without further notice except for an announcement made at the Confirmation Hearing or any adjourned hearing.

12.1 Overview of Confirmation Standards

At the Confirmation Hearing, the Bankruptcy Court will determine whether the Plan meets the requirements of Section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code. The Debtor believes the Plan meets these requirements because:

- 1. The Plan complies with the applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code;
- 2. The Debtor has complied with the applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code;
- 3. The Plan has been proposed in good faith and not by any means forbidden by law;
- 4. Any payment made or promised under the Plan for services or for costs and expenses in, or in connection with, this Chapter 11 Case, or in connection with the Plan and incident to this Chapter 11 Case, has been approved by, or is subject to the approval of the Bankruptcy Court;
- 5. The Debtor has or will disclose the identity and affiliations of any individuals proposed to serve, after confirmation of the Plan, as a director or officer along with his or her compensation; that the appointment to, or continuance in, such office of such individual is consistent with the interests of Creditors and equity holders and with public policy;
- 6. With respect to each Class of Impaired Claims or Interests, each holder of a Claim or Interest in that Class has accepted the Plan or will receive as of the Effective Date

an amount that is not less than the holder would receive or retain if the Debtor was liquidated on that date under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. (See Article XIII below discussing the "Best Interests Test");

- 7. Each Class of Claims or Interests has either accepted the Plan or is not Impaired under the Plan, or the Plan can be confirmed without the approval of that Class;
- 8. Except to the extent that the holder of a particular Claim has agreed or will agree to a different treatment of his or her Claim, the Plan provides that Allowed Administrative Claims and Priority Claims will be paid in full on the Effective Date or within 30 days or as soon as reasonably practical and that Priority Tax Claims will be either paid in full on the Effective Date or will receive deferred Cash payments, over a period not exceeding five years after the Petition Date, of a value, as of the Effective Date, equal to the Allowed amount of those Claims;
- 9. If a Class of Claims is Impaired under the Plan, at least one Class of Impaired Claims has accepted the Plan, determined without including any acceptance of the Plan by any insider holding a Claim in that Class;

12.2 Acceptance of the Plan

The Bankruptcy Code generally requires that each Impaired Class accept the Plan. A Class is Impaired unless the plan: (a) leaves unaltered the legal, equitable, and contractual rights to which the Claim or equity interest entitles the holder of the Claim or equity interest; (b) cures any default and reinstates the original terms of the obligation; or (c) provides that, on the consummation date, the holder of the Claim or equity interest receives Cash equal to the Allowed amount of that Claim, or with respect to any equity interest, any fixed liquidation preference to which the holder of the equity interest is entitled to any fixed price at which the Debtor may redeem the security.

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13.1 **Vesting of Assets**

Upon the Effective Date, pursuant to Sections 1141(b) and (c) of the Bankruptcy Code, all Property of the Debtor and of the Estate shall vest in the Reorganized Debtor, free and clear of all Claims, Liens, encumbrances, charges, and other interests, except as otherwise expressly provided in the Plan. All Liens, Claims, encumbrances, charges, and other interests shall be deemed fully released and discharged as of the Effective Date, except as otherwise provided in the Plan. As of the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtor may operate the business and may use, acquire, and dispose of Property without supervision or approval by the Bankruptcy Court and free of any restrictions of the Bankruptcy Code or the Bankruptcy Rules and in all respects as if there was no pending cases under any chapter or provision of the Bankruptcy Code.

13.2 **Preservation of Causes of Action**

All Causes of Action shall vest in the Reorganized Debtor, as provided for in the Plan, and are specifically preserved. The Reorganized Debtor shall have standing to bring any and all Causes of Action including Avoidance Actions. Investigations of the Causes of Action are Accordingly, no Person may rely on the fact that the Plan and Disclosure ongoing. Statement do not identify a particular Person or Cause of Action. The JRS Group believes there are Causes of Action against Mr. Blaicher and Mr. Kaebisch and against recipients of payments within 90 days prior to the Petition Date as identified in the Schedules.

More specifically, any Cause of Action for which a lawsuit has been filed and is pending on the Effective Date is specifically preserved. Nothing contained in the Plan or the Confirmation Order shall be deemed to be a waiver or relinquishment of any rights or Causes of Action that the Reorganized Debtor may have or choose to assert under any provision of the Bankruptcy Code or any applicable non-bankruptcy law.

13.3 **Exculpation**

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Pursuant to the Plan, the Debtor, the CRO and all of their respective present and former partners, members, officers, directors, employees, advisors, attorneys and agents (collectively, the "Exculpated Parties") shall not have or incur any liability to any holder of a Claim or an Interest, or any other party in interest, or any of their respective agents, employees, representatives, financial advisors, attorneys or Affiliates, or any of their successors or assigns for any act or omission in connection with, relating to or arising out of this Chapter 11 Case, the preparation of and filing of the Case, any settlement related to this Chapter 11 Case, the negotiation and execution of a proposed Plan, the solicitation of acceptances of the Plan, the pursuit of confirmation of the Plan, the consummation of the Plan, or the administration of the Estate or of the Plan, or the Property to be distributed under the Plan, except only to the extent that liability is based on gross negligence or willful misconduct. Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing in the Plan shall be deemed to release the Exculpated Parties or exculpate the Exculpated Parties with respect to their respective obligation or covenants arising pursuant to the Plan or with respect to Causes of Action for pre-petition conduct.

13.4 **Discharge and Injunction.**

Except as otherwise specifically provided in the Plan or in the Confirmation Order, the rights afforded in the Plan and the payments and distributions to be made under the Plan shall discharge all existing debts and Claims, and shall terminate all interests of any kind, nature, or description whatsoever against the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor or any of their assets or properties to the fullest extent permitted by Section 1141 of the Bankruptcy Code. Except as otherwise specifically provided in the Plan or in the Confirmation Order, upon the Effective Date, all existing Claims against the Debtor shall be precluded and enjoined from asserting against the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, their respective successors or assignees, or any of their assets or properties, any other or further Claim or

Interest based on any act or omission, transaction, or other activity of any kind or nature that occurred before the Effective Date, whether or not the holder has filed a Proof of Claim and whether or not the facts or legal bases therefore were known or existed before the Effective Date.

Upon the Effective Date and in consideration of the distributions to be made under the Plan, except as otherwise provided in the Plan, each holder (as well as any representatives, trustees, or agents on behalf of each holder) of a Claim or Interest and any Affiliate of the holder shall be deemed to have forever waived, released, and discharged the Debtor, to the fullest extent permitted by Section 1141 of the Bankruptcy Code, of and from any and all Claims, Interests, rights, and liabilities that arose before the Effective Date. Upon the Effective Date, all those Persons shall be forever precluded and enjoined, pursuant to Section 524 of the Bankruptcy Code, from prosecuting or asserting any discharged Claim against or terminated Interest in the Debtor.

Except as otherwise expressly provided in the Plan, all persons or entities who have held, hold, or may hold Claims or Interests and all other parties in interest, along with their respective present or former employees, agents, officers, directors, principals, representatives, and Affiliates, are permanently enjoined, from and after the Effective Date, from: (i) commencing or continuing in any manner any action or other proceeding of any kind with respect to any such Claim or Interest; (ii) the enforcement, attachment, collection, or recovery by any manner or means of any judgment, award, decree, or order against the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor or Property of the Debtor; (iii) creating, perfecting, or enforcing any Lien or encumbrance of any kind against the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, or against the Property or interests in Property of the Debtor; or (iv) asserting any right of setoff, subrogation, or recoupment of any kind against any obligation due from the Debtor the Reorganized Debtor, or against the Property or interests in Property of the Debtor, with

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respect to any such Claim or Interest. This injunction shall extend to any successors or assignees of the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, and their respective Properties and interests in Properties.

13.5 **Setoff and Recoupment**

The Reorganized Debtor may, but shall not be required to, set off or recoup against any Claim and any distribution to be made on account of that Claim, any and all claims, rights, and Causes of Action of any nature that the Reorganized Debtor may have against the holder of that Claim pursuant to the Bankruptcy Code or applicable non-bankruptcy law; provided, however, that neither the failure to effect a set off or recoupment nor the allowance of any Claim under the Plan shall constitute a waiver, abandonment, or release by the Reorganized Debtor of any of those claims, rights, and Causes of Action that the Reorganized Debtor may have against the holder of the Claim. To the extent the Reorganized Debtor fails to setoff or recoup against a holder and seek to collect a claim from that holder after a distribution to the holder pursuant to the Plan, the Reorganized Debtor shall be entitled to full recovery on its claim against that holder of a Claim.

13.6 **Corporate Authority**

The Confirmation Order shall constitute full and complete corporate authority for the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, and the Plan Agent to take all other actions that may be necessary, useful or appropriate to consummate the Plan without any further corporate or judicial authority.

ARTICLE XIV LIQUIDATION ANALYSIS AND BEST INTEREST OF CREDITORS TEST

As a condition to confirmation, Bankruptcy Code § 1129(a)(7) requires that each creditor either accept the Plan or receive from the Debtor's estate as much under the Plan as each creditor would receive in a Chapter 7 liquidation of the Debtor. This is referred to as

the "Best Interest of Creditors' Test." None of the Trailers have equity. The remaining assets identified in the Debtor's Liquidation Analysis attached as Exhibit D have little value and their liquidation would produce an insufficient amount to even pay administrative claims. The Plan provides for a ten percent (10%) return to Allowed Unsecured Creditors and thus is more than they would receive in the event of liquidation. Consequently the Best Interest of Creditors' Test has been satisfied.

ARTICLE XV **FEASIBILITY**

The Bankruptcy Code requires that to confirm the Plan, the Bankruptcy Court must find that confirmation of the Plan is not likely to be followed by a further liquidation or need for further financial reorganization of the Debtor (the "Feasibility Test"). For the Plan to meet the Feasibility Test, the Bankruptcy Court must find that the Reorganized Debtor will possess the resources necessary to meet its obligations under the Plan. The Debtor believes that the structure set forth in the Plan is a feasible framework to maximize the recovery for all Allowed Claimants. Exhibit K describes the Plan payments over the term of the Plan. It demonstrates that as a result of the proposed reorganization, the Reorganized Debtor will be able to meet its obligations under the Plan and is therefore feasible. Exhibit L describes the Plan payment over the term of the Plan if the Allowed Secured Creditors secured by the Trailers make the 1111(b) Election. The Plan is also feasible under that scenario.

ARTICLE XVI ALTERNATIVES AND RISK FACTORS

There are certain risks factors to take into consideration. One risk is that the Reorganized Debtor will not meet its projections and will not be able to make the payments provided for under the Plan. The Debtor does not believe this risk is significant as the projections are conservative and are consistent with the Debtor's past performance.

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The JRS Group has proposed its *Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization* (the "JRS Plan") supported by *The JRS Group's Disclosure Statement*, Doc. Nos. 299 and 300. The JRS Plan is not a viable option for Creditors and Interest Holders for the following reasons. First, as proposed, the JRS Plan does not meet the elements of 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a). First, the JRS Plan does not comply with 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(9)(A) because it does not propose to pay administrative claims on the Effective Date and administrative claimants have not agreed to this treatment.

Second, the JRS Plan separately classified claims that are substantially similar to one another. General unsecured claimants are placed in a class separate from the deficiency claims of secured claimants with security interests in the travel trailers. Deficiency claimants are permitted to exercise a "Conversion Election" and trade their unsecured claim for equity in the reorganized debtor. However, general unsecured claimants are not permitted to exercise this Conversion Election.

Third, the JRS Plan as proposed is not feasible because it does not include any projections and does not explain how the reorganized debtor will make the payments required under the JRS Plan. Moreover, while the JRS Plan allows creditors secured by the travel trailers to retain their liens to the extent of the secured claims, it does not propose any payments on the secured claims. Even if the JRS Plan were confirmable, the JRS Plan does not provide for any infusion of money into the reorganized debtor other than a potential payment of \$100,000 from Mr. Kaebisch and Mr. Blaicher, who cannot be forced to contribute anything. Without funds to pay Effective Date expenses and to fund operations, the Debtor will be unable to consummate any plan of reorganization.

In the event the Plan fails, this case will be converted to a Chapter 7 where a trustee would be appointed to immediately liquidate all assets of the Debtor. As with litigation, the

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Debtor has no ability to predict or guarantee any outcome. However, in the Debtor's reasoned business judgment, the Debtor's Plan provides the best alternative for creditors.

ARTICLE XVII TAX CONSEQUENCES

The tax consequences of the Plan are described in Exhibit M.

ARTICLE XVIII MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

18.2 Binding Effect of the Plan

The provisions of this Plan shall bind the Debtor, Creditors, and Interest Holders, and shall bind any Person asserting a Claim against the Debtor or an Interest in the Debtor, whether or not the Claim or Interest arose before or after the Petition Date or the Effective Date, whether or not the Claim or Interest is impaired, and whether or not the Person has accepted the Plan.

18.3 Appeals

In the event of an appeal of the Confirmation Order or any other kind of review or challenge to the Confirmation Order, and provided that no stay of the effectiveness of the Confirmation Order has been entered, the Bankruptcy Court will retain jurisdiction to implement and enforce the Confirmation Order and the Plan according to their terms, including, but not limited to, jurisdiction to enter such orders regarding the Plan or the performance thereof to implement the Plan.

18.4 Modification and Amendment of Exhibits, Schedules, and Appendices

The Debtor may modify or amend the terms of any document or agreement that is an Exhibit, schedule or appendix to the Plan without the need for re-solicitation of votes with respect to the Plan; provided, however, that the modification or amendment does not materially adversely affect the rights of any Person provided in the Plan, and provided

further however, that prior notice of the modification or amendment shall be served in accordance with the Bankruptcy rules or any order of the Bankruptcy Court.

18.5 Governing Law

Except to the extent the Bankruptcy Code or Bankruptcy Rules are applicable, the rights and obligations arising under the Plan shall be governed by and construed and enforced in accordance with the laws of the State of Arizona.

18.6 **Headings**

The headings of the Articles, Sections and Subsections of the Plan are inserted for convenience only and shall not limit the interpretation of the Plan.

18.7 Amendment

The Debtor may propose amendments to or modifications of the Plan at any time prior to confirmation of the Plan without the leave of the Bankruptcy Court or as permitted by the Bankruptcy Code or Bankruptcy Rules. After confirmation of the Plan, the Debtor may amend or modify the Plan, with the approval of the Bankruptcy Court, so long as it does not materially or adversely affect the interests of Creditors or other parties in interest as set forth herein, to remedy any defect or omission or to reconcile any inconsistencies in the Plan or in the Confirmation Order, in a manner as may be necessary to carry out the purposes and intent of the Plan.

18.8 Withdrawal of Plan

The Plan may be withdrawn prior to the entry of the Confirmation Order at the sole discretion of the Debtor.

17.9 Effect of Confirmation Order

The Confirmation Order will include a provision that the Confirmation Order shall be immediately effective and enforceable upon its entry and shall not be subject to any stay under Bankruptcy Rule 3020(e) or otherwise.

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1	18.10 Quarterly Fees				
2	The quarterly fees required by 28 U.S.C. § 1930(a)(6) will be paid by the Reorganized				
3	Debtor, and reports will be filed with, the Office of the United States Trustee until				
4 application is made for entry of a final decree. Application for a final decree c					
5	when the Plan has been fully administered, which for purposes of the Plan shall mean when				
7	the Plan has been substantially consummated, as that term is defined in § 1101(2) of the				
8	Bankruptcy Code.				
9	ARTICLE IX				
10	CONCLUSION				
11	THE DEBTOR STRONGLY URGES SUPPORT FOR THE DEBTOR'S PLAN OF				
12	REORGANIZATION.				
13	DATED 41: 21-4 1 - CG4 1 2017				
14	DATED this 21st day of September, 2017.				
15	ONSITE TEMP HOUSING, LLC				
16	By: /s/ Timothy Shaffer				
17	Chief Restructuring Officer				
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19	PHOENIX 76466-1 395307v1				
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