SMITH & SMITH GERALD K. SMITH AND JOHN C. SMITH LAW OFFICES, PLLC ATTORNEYS AT LAW 6720 E. Camino Principal, Suite 203 1 Tucson, AZ 85715 Tel: (520) 722-1605 Fax: (520) 722-9096 2 Gerald K. Smith, State Bar No. 001428 Email: gerald@smithandsmithpllc.com John C. Smith, State Bar No. 023008 3 Email: john@smithandsmithpllc.com Grant L. Cartwright, State Bar No. 030780 4 Email: grant@smithandsmithpllc.com Cody D. Vandewerker, State Bar No. 033385 Email: cody@smithandsmithpllc.com 5 Attorneys for Debtors UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT 6 7 **DISTRICT OF ARIZONA** 8 Chapter 11 Proceedings In re: 9 PRECISE CORPORATE STAGING, Case No. 2:16-bk-14281-PS Case No. 2:16-bk-14283-PS LLC, 10 Case No. 2:16-bk-14284-PS 11 DEDICATED STAGING, LLC, (Jointly Administered) 12 DAVMAR INVESTMENTS, LLC, ■ 13 14 Debtors. 15 This filing applies to: ■ All Debtors 16 ☐ Precise Corporate Staging, LLC 17 18 19 20 21 CHAPTER 11 DEBTORS' DISCLOSURE STATEMENT FOR PLAN OF **LIQUIDATION DATED APRIL 19, 2017** 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

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EXHIBITS

EXHIBIT A Plan of Liquidation

EXHIBIT B Disclosure Statement Order

Case 2:16-bk-14281-PS Doc 175 Filed 04/19/17 Entered 04/19/17 17:31:44 Desc Main Document Page 4 of 44 Precise Corporate Staging, L.L.C. ("**Precise Staging**"), Dedicated Staging, L.L.C. ("**Dedicated Staging**"), and DavMar Investments, LLC ("**DavMar**" and collectively, the "**Debtors**"), hereby submit the following Chapter 11 Debtors' Disclosure Statement For Plan of Liquidation Dated April 19, 2017 (the "**Disclosure Statement**") in connection with the Chapter 11 Debtors' Plan of Liquidation dated April 19, 2017 (the "**Plan**").

I. Introduction

A. Executive Summary

The Debtors collectively own and manage an audio/visual staging business that coordinates and provides lighting, audio, and visual for conferences, concerts, and similar events in Arizona and across the United States. The Debtors engaged Smith & Smith, PLLC as chapter 11 counsel to facilitate a liquidation or reorganization. Towards this end, the Debtors submit the Plan of Liquidation, a copy of which is attached to this Disclosure Statement as **Exhibit A**. In brief, the Debtors propose that their assets be liquidated in an orderly fashion in two primary steps. Video West, Inc. ("Video West") will purchase all of the Debtors' assets for \$1,500,000, subject to Western State Bank's ("WSB") right to credit bid. The Debtors will also market and sell the real property located at 1530 W. 10th Place Tempe, AZ 85281 (the "Property").

B. General Information

The Debtors hereby submit this Disclosure Statement to holders of Claims against and Interests in the Debtors for the purpose of soliciting acceptance of the Plan.

The Debtors believe this Disclosure Statement contains the material, important, and necessary information for creditors to arrive at an informed decision in exercising their right to vote for acceptance or rejection of the Plan.

Most words or phrases in this Disclosure Statement have their usual and customary meanings. Certain capitalized terms have the same meaning as defined in the Plan. If not otherwise defined, certain terms in this Disclosure Statement have the meaning provided in the Bankruptcy Code or Bankruptcy Rules.

Unless otherwise noted, those portions of the Plan and this Disclosure Statement providing factual information concerning the Debtors, including assets and liabilities, have been prepared from information submitted by the Debtors and professionals retained by the Debtors. Debtors' counsel, and other professionals employed by the Debtors, have used all relevant, non-privileged information in the possession of the Debtors in preparing this Disclosure Statement and Plan.

The financial information contained in this Disclosure Statement has not been subjected to an audit by an independent certified public accountant. For that reason, the Debtors are not able to warrant or represent that the information contained in this Disclosure Statement is without any inaccuracy. To the extent practicable, the information has been prepared from the Debtors' financial books and records and effort has been made to ensure that all such information is accurate.

The Disclosure Statement and the Plan will classify all creditors into Classes. The treatment of each class of creditors will be set forth in this Disclosure Statement and in the

Plan. You should carefully examine the treatment of the Class to which your claim will be assigned.

This Disclosure Statement requires approval by the Bankruptcy Court after notice and a hearing pursuant to Section 1125(b). Once approved, the Disclosure Statement will be distributed with the proposed Plan. Approval of the Disclosure Statement by the Bankruptcy Court does not constitute either certification or approval of the Debtors' Plan by the Bankruptcy Court or that the Disclosure Statement is without any inaccuracy. Creditors may vote on the Plan once the Disclosure Statement is approved by the Bankruptcy Court. An approved Disclosure Statement and Ballot will be mailed to holders of claims and interests. The Disclosure Statement Order, attached to this Disclosure Statement as **Exhibit B**, provides in detail the deadlines, procedures, and instructions for voting to accept or reject the Plan of Reorganization, and to object to confirmation.

Finally, no representations concerning the Debtors or the Plan are authorized other than as set forth in this Disclosure Statement.

C. Classification of Claims and Interests

The following table designates the Classes of Claims and Interests in the Debtors, and specifies the Classes that are impaired by the Plan and entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan. A detailed description of the Classes of Claims and Interests is provided in Section VI below.

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Class	Designation	Impairment	Entitled to Vote
1	Western State Bank (WSB)	Yes	Yes
2	JPMorgan Chase	Yes	Yes
3	Toyota Motor Credit Corporation	Yes	Yes
4	Western Equipment Finance	Yes	Yes
5	Maricopa County Treasurer	Yes	Yes
6	General Unsecured Claimants	Yes	Yes
7	Ownership Interest	Yes	No

D. Voting

As a creditor, your vote is important. All holders of Claims are encouraged to vote. All creditors entitled to vote must cast their vote by completing, dating, and signing the ballot mailed to them with the Disclosure Statement once it is approved. The ballot will contain instructions concerning the deadline for submitting the ballot and the address where the ballot should be mailed.

The Court will confirm the Plan if the requirements of Section 1129 are met. The Court must determine whether the Plan has been accepted by each impaired class entitled to vote. Impaired classes entitled to vote are those classes of claims and interests whose legal, equitable or contractual rights are altered, as defined by Section 1124. In determining acceptance, only those votes submitted by a creditor with a claim listed as undisputed, non-contingent, and liquidated, or who has timely filed a proof of claim or proof of interest, will be counted.

Pursuant to Section 1126(c), for a class of claims to accept the Plan, there must be acceptance by holders of: (a) at least two-thirds of the dollar amount of the Allowed Claims of such class that actually vote on the Plan; and (b) more than one-half in number of the Allowed Claims of such class that actually vote on the Plan. An impaired class of

interests is deemed to have accepted the Plan if the Plan has been accepted by at least twothirds in amount of the allowed interests who vote on the Plan. Failure to vote does not constitute either an acceptance or a rejection of the Plan.

The Plan may be confirmed under Section 1129(b) even if each class of creditors does not accept the Plan, so long as one impaired class of creditors accepts the Plan. Only the votes of creditors or interested parties whose ballots are timely received will be counted in determining acceptance of the Plan. Ballots must be received by counsel for the Chapter 11 Debtors no later than 5:00 p.m., Arizona time, on _______, 2017 at the following address:

Gerald K. Smith and John C. Smith Law Offices, PLLC 6720 E. Camino Principal, Suite 203
Tucson, AZ 85715

E. Confirmation Hearing

In accordance with Section 1128 and Bankruptcy Rule 3017(c), a hearing will be held before the Honorable Paul Sala, United States Bankruptcy Court, 230 N. First Ave. #101, Phoenix, AZ 85003, at a time and date to be set by this Court and noticed out to all interested parties, to consider whether the requirements for confirmation have been met and whether the Plan has received the requisite acceptance, or whether the Plan can be confirmed pursuant to Section 1129(b). At the Confirmation Hearing, the Debtors will request confirmation of the Plan, as it may be modified.

II. Overview of the Debtors

Debtors are limited liability companies in good standing organized under the laws of the State of Arizona. Dedicated Staging and Precise Staging were formed in 2000.

DavMar was formed in 2005. Mr. David Stern is the manager and president of Dedicated Staging and Precise Corporate Staging and the members of Precise Corporate Staging and Dedicated Staging are David Stern and Marla Stern. The members of DavMar are David and Marla Stern.

The primary business of Precise Staging and Dedicated Staging is the logistics, coordination, and provision of audio, lighting, and visual services for concerts, corporate events and similar occasions. A second revenue stream for the Debtors is subleasing of their equipment to private parties. The Debtors operate from the Property owned by DavMar. Dedicated Staging owns the personal property the Debtors use in their business, which consists primarily of audio, lighting, and visual equipment. Precise Staging is the entity that interacts with clients and services their needs.

The principals of the Debtors, David and Marla Stern, have been the operators of the Debtors since their formation. David Stern maintains client relationships and connections with industry representatives and is the Debtors' sole salesperson. Marla Stern is the bookkeeper of the Debtors and manages the logistics of Debtors, including accounts payable/receivable, payroll, and HR issues. Further, Ms. Stern handles all of the details relating to subleases, purchasing supplies, and trucking and shipping for events.

III. Events Precipitating the Chapter 11 Petition

Debtors filed their bankruptcy petitions in response to defaults on indebtedness with WSB. Following the 2009 recession, in 2013, the Debtors refinanced two existing

¹ Loan No. 5250528 was extended to Debtors on April 30, 2013 in the principal amount of \$830,700. Loan No. 6109435003 was extended on April 30, 2013 in the principal amount of \$3,015,200. Loan No. 5250809 was extended to Debtors on October 7, 2015 in the principal amount of \$980,000.00,

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loans with WSB, and a third loan in 2015.¹ Each loan is secured against the personal property of the Debtors and each loan contains cross-collateralization and cross-default provisions. The Sterns also personally guaranteed these loans. WSB filed UCC-1 Financing Statements in the Arizona Secretary of State's Office. The total amount loaned by WSB is \$4,825,900 based on a valuation of the fair market value of equipment of the Debtors at \$8,600,819. *See* [DE 139-2, at 8].

Through 2013 and 2014, Mr. Stern encountered health problems and was unable to work for part of those years, causing a decrease in business. As a result, in June 2016, the Debtors failed to make a debt service payment and failed to satisfy one loan on its maturity date.

On December 1, 2016, WSB filed suit in Maricopa County Superior Court CV2016-017587 naming as defendants Dedicated Staging, Precise Corporate Staging, DavMar Investments, David Stern and Marla Stern. The complaint requested the appointment of a receiver, foreclosure of security interest, replevin, and alleged breach of contract and breach of guaranty. The Maricopa County Superior Court granted provisional remedies to WSB in the form of pre-judgment garnishment on the bank accounts of David Stern and Marla Stern.

Once negotiations relating to a possible forbearance agreement proved fruitless, the Debtors filed for relief under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code.

IV. Significant Events During the Chapter 11

On December 20, 2016, Debtors filed three voluntary petitions commencing Case Nos. 2:16-bk-14281-PS (Precise Corporate Staging), 2:16-bk-14284-PS (DavMar Investments), and 2:16-bk-14283-PS (Dedicated Staging). On December 21, 2016, the Court entered an order directing joint administration, transfer of assignment of cases to one judge, and use of a consolidated caption. [2:16-bk-14281-PS DE 13]. The Debtors also filed various first day motions. [See 2:16-bk-14281-PS DE 15, 17, 18]. The Debtors filed their schedules and statement of financial affairs on January 17, 2017 [2:16-bk-14281-PS DE 64, 65], [2:16-bk-14284-PS DE 17, 18], [2:16-bk-14283-PS DE 18, 19]. The Section 341 meeting of creditors was held on January 24, 2017, and Debtors were examined by WSB and JP Morgan Chase ("Chase").

Precise Staging, Dedicated Staging and WSB agreed to a stipulated cash collateral order, which the Court entered on March 22, 2017. [2:16-bk-14281-PS DE 147]. DavMar entered into a cash collateral stipulation with DavMar's mortgage lender, Chase, on March 6, 2017. [2:16-bk-14281-PS DE 134].

The Debtors currently have pending an adversary complaint and a motion requesting that the Court enjoin action against the guarantors during the pendency of the Debtors' cases. [2:16-bk-14281-PS DE 83], [2:17-ap-00120-PS DE 1]. Also still pending is WSB's motion for relief from the automatic stay, which it filed on February 6, 2017. [2:16-bk-14281-PS DE 97-98], and Chase's motion for relief from the automatic stay [2:16-bk-14281-PS DE 168].

Debtors have filed operating reports for January, February, and March 2017.

V. Description of Assets

A. Real Property

DavMar owns the Property located in Maricopa County, Arizona commonly known as 1530 W. 10th Place, Tempe, AZ 85281. The Property is legally described as follows:

Lots 7 and 8, Jack-Pack Industrial Park, according to Book 174 of Maps, page 17 records of Maricopa County Arizona; EXCEPT the West 2 feet of said Lot 7; and Except the East 185 feet of said Lot 8.

The Property is approximately 34,000 square feet and contains the building where the Debtors primarily operate from and where the Debtors' equipment is stored. DavMar has granted Chase a first and second priority Deed of Trust in the Property, which provide that Chase is entitled to any rents, issues, profits, and income derived from the Property. The first Deed of Trust secures a promissory note executed by DavMar in September 2010 in the original principal amount of \$2,000,000. As of the Petition Date, there remained \$1,668,364.43 of principal outstanding, \$1,317.73 of unpaid accrued interest, and \$1,500.00 of late charges relating to the first Deed of Trust. Also on September 10, 2010, DavMar executed a second promissory note secured by the Deeds of Trust in the original principal amount of \$900,000.00. As of the Petition Date, there was \$625.141.33 of principal outstanding, \$ 971.28 of unpaid accrued interest, and a \$250 late charge relating to the second Deed of Trust.

Though Debtors have not conducted an appraisal of the Property since the JPMorgan Chase promissory notes were executed, the Debtors believe that there is value above the current encumbrances relative to the Property.

Dedicated Staging and Precise Staging do not own real property. Both entities are tenants of DavMar which collects rents from them, and in turn, pays Chase. Dedicated Staging and Precise Staging have made one rental payment to DavMar, which in turn made a mortgage payment to Chase, during the pendency of this Bankruptcy Case.

B. Personal Property

All personal property owned by the Debtors is described in detail in their Schedules.

- 1. Cash in Bank Accounts: Debtors have three debtor-in-possession bank accounts with BNC National Bank. As of April 19, 2017, Debtors had a combined total of \$28,987.67.
- 2. Liquidated Debts: As of March 31, 2017, Debtors are owed \$213,038.16 as accounts receivable from operation of its business.
- 3. Lighting Audio and Visual Equipment: Debtors' own approximately 33,000 pieces of lighting, audio, and visual equipment. While the Debtors do not know the exact value of the equipment at this time, Video West has made an offer to purchase the equipment for \$1.5 million, and the scheduled estimated book value of the collateral is \$610,376.50. Western Equipment Finance has a lien on certain equipment identified as grandma 2 full size 16 universe lighting control console, 2 flight case for grandma, 2 full including wheels, 1 network processing unit 19 in rack mount. Western Equipment Finance filed a claim in the amount of \$53,088.22.
- 4. Office equipment, furniture, fixtures, equipment, and automobile:
 The total estimated value of Debtors' equipment, furniture, and fixtures is not known at

this time, but is likely *de minimis*. The Debtors own a 2013 Lexus subject to a secured claim of Toyota Motor Credit Corporation; in Toyota Motor Credit Corporation's proof of claim it scheduled the value of the vehicle as \$30,150.00 and its secured claim as \$18,013.26.

5. Other personal property: The Debtors also own intangibles including its trade names, websites, and goodwill.

VI. Summary of the Plan

THE FOLLOWING IS ONLY A SUMMARY OF THE PLAN OF REORGANIZATION. IN THE EVENT OF ANY INCONSISTENCY, THE EXPRESS TERMS OF THE PLAN ITSELF SHALL GOVERN.

A. Overview

The goal of the Plan is to pay creditors to the fullest extent possible through the liquidation of the assets of the Debtors. The Debtors will conduct a sale of their lighting, audio, and visual equipment pursuant to Section 363 and have identified a stalking horse bidder in Video West. If the sale of the equipment concludes with Video West purchasing the equipment, WSB will receive the proceeds from the sale of the equipment. The Debtors will sell the Property through the employment of a commercial real estate broker. The proceeds from the sale of the Property will be distributed to the Creditors of the Debtors in accordance with the priority scheme under the Bankruptcy Code.

B. <u>Classification and Treatment of Claims and Interests</u>

All claims and interests, except administrative expense and priority tax claims, are placed into classes as set forth below. A claim or interest is placed in a particular class,

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only to the extent that the claim or interest falls within the description of that class, and is classified in all other classes to the extent that any portion of the claim or interest falls within the description of such other class.

A claim or interest is placed into a particular class for all purposes, including voting on this Plan, confirmation, and receiving distributions pursuant to this Plan, only to the extent that such claim or interest is an Allowed Claim in that class, and such claim has not been paid, released, or otherwise settled prior to the Effective Date. The establishment of particular Classes or categories of Unclassified Priority Claims does not mean or imply that there are any Allowed Claims that fall into each such Class or category, and the Plan Trustee, as the successor to the Debtors, may later contend there are no such Allowed Claims in any given Class or category.

Although the following is not a substitute for a careful reading of the Plan, it is a general discussion of the treatment of Allowed Claims and Interests under the Plan. Through the Plan, the Debtors intend to allow for payments to allowed prepetition claims based on the value received for the liquidation of Debtors' assets.

1. Unclassified Claims

Pursuant to Section 1123(a)(1), Administrative Expenses pursuant to Section 507(a)(2) and Priority Tax Claims pursuant to Section 507(a)(8) are not classified under the Plan. These Claims are not considered impaired and holders of such Claims do not vote on the Plan. They may, however, object if, in their view, their treatment under the Plan does not comply with that required by the Code.

Administrative Expenses

Administrative Expenses are costs or expenses of administering the Chapter 11 case that are allowed under Section 507(a)(2). The holders of Administrative Expenses shall receive cash on account and in the amount of such Administrative Expenses. At the option of the Debtors, payment of Administrative Expenses shall be made in cash: (a) on the Effective Date; or (b) when due in accordance with the terms of any agreement between the Debtors and the holder of the administrative claim. Professionals employed at the expense of the Estate and entities who may be entitled to reimbursement or the allowance of fees and expenses from the Estate pursuant to Section 503(b)(2)-(6) shall receive cash in the amount awarded to such professionals and entities at such times and only in accordance with a Final Order entered pursuant to Sections 330 or 503(b)(2)-(6). Any Administrative Expenses unpaid on the Effective Date will accrue interest at a rate of 5% until paid in full.

Any application for payment of an Administrative Expense shall be filed within 60 days of the Effective Date (the "Administrative Expenses Bar Date"), or shall be forever barred.

The anticipated Administrative Expenses on the Effective Date include the Debtors' counsel's outstanding fees in the approximate amount of \$131,245.00 and costs in the approximate amount \$2,487.50. The anticipated Administrative Expenses are an estimate and the Debtors reserve all rights to submit additional Administrative Expenses to the Court for approval for, among other reasons, work that will be done between the filing of the Plan and Disclosure Statement and the Confirmation Hearing. Post-confirmation, the

Plan Trustee and its counsel will continue to incur fees, and it is anticipated an accountant will be employed and will incur fees related to tax accounting.

Notwithstanding any provision in the Plan to the contrary, all fees and charges assessed against the Estate pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1930 shall be paid on or before the Effective Date.

Priority Tax Claims

As provided by Section 1129(a)(9)(C), priority tax claims under Section 507(a)(8) shall be paid in accordance with the negotiations of the parties, in cash with interest at the statutory rate from the Petition Date. After the Debtors have liquidated their assets, both real and personal, Debtors will pay all claimants holding a priority tax claim from any surplus. Following a sale of the Property, the Debtors shall tender payment to any holder of a priority tax claim within 60 days of closing.

The Maricopa County Treasurer has filed a Proof of Claim for real property taxes in the amount of \$85,431.97 [2:16-bk-14284-PS Claim 3], but does not assert its claim is entitled to priority. The Maricopa County Treasurer has a valid tax lien perfected pursuant to A.R.S. § 42-17153. In the Maricopa County Treasurer's Claim, it states that it is not entitled to priority. Any real property taxes determined to be owed will be paid in accordance with the priority tax claim treatment described above.

2. Classified Claims

Class 1 – Secured Claim of WSB

The Allowed Claim of WSB, secured by certain personal property, namely Debtors' lighting, audio, and visual equipment, shall remain secured after the Effective

Date in the same priority as it was on the Petition Date. The Allowed Class 1 Claim shall be secured to the extent of the funds received in a sale of the collateral. The scheduled estimated book value of the collateral is \$610,376.50. Video West has made an offer to purchase the equipment for \$1.5 million. According to the filed Proof of Claim by WSB, excluding late charges, the amount of the claim is "at least \$3,598,960," leaving an unsecured balance of the difference between the purchase price of the equipment and \$3,598,960, the amount of the claim.

WSB's collateral will be sold pursuant to Section 363 under the Plan. The holder of an Allowed Class 1 Claim may not elect to have its claim treated pursuant to Section 1111 because such property will be sold pursuant to Section 363 and the Plan. Within 60 days of the sale of WSB's collateral, the Debtors will release the proceeds to WSB. Any outstanding amounts owed by Debtors to WSB will be treated as a Class 5 general unsecured claim. Class 1 will retain its lien and payments will be made until the collateral securing the Claim is sold or the Claim is paid off.

- Class 1 is impaired.

Class 2 - JPMorgan Chase

The Allowed Claim of Chase, secured by the Property, shall remain secured after the Effective Date in the same priority as it was on the Petition Date. The Allowed Class 2 Claim shall be secured to the extent of the funds received in a sale of the collateral. The outstanding indebtedness owed to Chase is \$2,296,544.77. The scheduled net book value

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² WSB filed claims in each case based on the same debt. *Compare* [2:16-bk-14284-PS Claim 1], *with* [2:16-bk-14283-PS Claim 1], *yand with* [2:16-bk-14281-PS Claim 3]. Case 2:16-bk-14281-PS Doc 175 Filed 04/19/17 Entered 04/19/17 17:31:44 Desc

of the Property is \$3,150,318.01. Debtors estimate that there is equity above the total outstanding indebtedness owed to Chase.

The Property will be sold under the Plan. The holder of an Allowed Class 2 Claim will be paid interest on the principal balance of its allowed Secured Claim in the amount of 6%, which will start accruing on the Effective Date until the Property is sold under the Plan through the employment of a qualified real estate broker. The holder of an Allowed Class 2 Claim may not elect to have its claim treated pursuant to Section 1111 because such property will be sold pursuant to Section 363 and the Plan. Within 60 days of the sale of the Property, unless otherwise agreed by the parties, the Debtors will release the proceeds to Chase. Any surplus amount will be paid in accordance with the priority scheme under the Bankruptcy Code, first to administrative claims, then to any priority claims, and last to general unsecured claims. Class 2 will retain its lien and payments will be made until the Property securing the Claim is sold or the Claim is paid off.

- Class 2 is impaired.

Class 3 – Toyota Motor Credit Corporation

The Allowed Claim of Toyota Motor Credit Corporation, secured by Debtors' 2013 Lexus, shall remain secured after the Effective Date in the same priority as it was on the Petition Date. The Allowed Class 2 Claim shall be secured to the extent of the funds received in a sale of the collateral. Toyota Motor Credit Corporation scheduled its claim as \$18,013.26 and listed the value of the vehicle as \$30,150.00. The Debtors estimate that the vehicle is valued at approximately \$27,581 per Kelly Blue Book, assuming a private party sale, 36,000 miles, and vehicle is in good condition.

The vehicle will be sold under the Plan through an online auction service, *e.g.*, E-Bay. The holder of an Allowed Class 3 Claim will be paid interest on the principal balance of its allowed Secured Claim in the amount of 6%, which will start accruing on the Effective Date until Toyota Motor Credit Corporation's collateral is sold. The holder of an Allowed Class 3 Claim may not elect to have its claim treated pursuant Section 1111 because such property will be sold under the Plan. Within 60 days of the sale of Toyota Motor Credit Corporation's collateral, the Debtors will release the proceeds to Toyota Motor Credit Corporation. Any outstanding amounts owed by Debtors to Toyota Motor Credit Corporation will be treated as a Class 5 deficiency claim. Any surplus amount will first be paid to administrative claims, then to any priority claims, and last to general unsecured claims. Class 3 will retain its lien and payments will be made until the collateral securing the Claim is sold or the Claim is paid off.

- Class 3 is impaired.

Class 4 – Western Equipment Finance

The Allowed Claim of Western Equipment Finance against Dedicated Staging is secured by certain equipment, including equipment identified as grandma 2 full size 16 universe lighting control console, 2 flight case for grandma, 2 full including wheels, 1 network processing unit 19 in rack mount. The Allowed Class 3 Claim shall be secured to the extent of the funds received in a sale of the equipment as contemplated in the Section 363 sale in this Plan. Western Equipment Finance scheduled its claim as \$53,088.22, and during this case the Debtors have made payments to Western Equipment Finance in total of \$12,054.84. Western Equipment Finance also filed an unsecured claim against Precise

Staging. For purposes of the Plan, because Western Equipment Finance will be paid off through the sale of the equipment, and it is being considered a separate secured claim in Class 4.

Western Equipment Finances' collateral will be sold under the Plan. The holder of the Allowed Class 4 Claim will be paid interest on the principal balance of its allowed Secured Claim in the amount of 6%, which will start accruing on the Effective Date until Western Equipment Finance's equipment is sold. It is contemplated that the secured equipment will be sold at the sale at the Confirmation Hearing. The holder of an Allowed Class 4 Claim may not elect to have its claim treated pursuant Section 1111 because such property will be sold pursuant to Section 363 or the Plan. Within 60 days of the sale of Western Equipment Finance's collateral, the Debtors will release the proceeds to Western Equipment Finance. While the Debtors do not anticipate it, any outstanding amounts owed by Debtors to Western Equipment Finance will be treated as a Class 4 deficiency claim. Any surplus amount will first be paid to administrative claims, then to any priority claims, and last to general unsecured claims. Class 4 will retain its lien and payments will be made until the collateral securing the Claim is sold or the Claim is paid off.

- Class 4 is impaired.

Class 5 – Maricopa County Treasurer

Class 5 consists of all Allowed Claims of the Maricopa County Treasurer that are secured to the Property. The Maricopa County Treasurer has filed a secured proof of claim in the amount of \$85,431.97 based on statutory tax liens for 2015 and 2016. Allowed Class 5 claims shall be paid from the proceeds of the sale of the Property. Within

sixty (60) days of the sale of the Property, the Debtors will release the proceeds to the Maricopa County Treasurer in satisfaction of its claim. Class 5 will retain its lien and payment will be made until the Property is sold or the Claim is paid off.

- Class 5 is impaired.

Class 6 – General Unsecured Claims

Class 6 consists of all Allowed Claims that are not secured and do not have statutory priority, including any unsecured portion of an otherwise secured claim. The following is a table of the estimated unsecured claims and their amounts.

Creditor	Claim	Debtors' Estimate
	Amount	of Claim Amount
SRP (Precise - Claim 1)	\$912.73	\$912.73
American Express (Precise - Claim 2)	\$12,451.13	\$12,451.13
Scheduled Unsecured Claims (less	\$92,826.86	\$92,826.86
American Express, Claim 2, and claim of		
Toyota Motor Credit Company)		
Unsecured Balance of Class 1 Creditor	-	-
Unsecured Balance of Class 2 Creditor	-	-
Unsecured Balance of Class 3 Creditor	-	-
Unsecured Balance of Class 4 Creditor	-	-
Total:	\$106,190.72	\$106,190.72

Holders of Allowed Class 6 Claims shall be paid ratably together with Class 5 Claims from any surplus from the sale of the Property and the Debtors' vehicle.

- Class 6 is impaired.

Class 7 – Ownership Interests

This Class consists of all Allowed Interests in Debtors. No holder of an Allowed Interest will receive payment or retain their ownership interest in Debtors unless all other classes have been paid in full.

- Class 7 is impaired. Case 2:16-bk-14281-PS Doc 175 Filed 04/19/17 Entered 04/19/17 17:31:44 Des Main Document Page 23 of 44

VII. Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases

All executory contracts and unexpired leases shall be rejected.

However, any individual or entity that is a party to an executory contract or unexpired lease assumed pursuant to the Plan who objects to such assumption must file with the Court a written statement stating the basis for the objection. This statement must be filed and served within the deadline for objecting to the confirmation of the Plan, unless the Court has set an earlier time. Any individual or entity that fails to file timely and serve such a statement will be deemed to have waived any objection to the proposed assumption.

VIII. Means for Executing and Implementing the Plan

A. Means of Funding the Plan

The Debtors will conduct three sales to generate proceeds to fund the Plan. The Debtors will (1) sell the Debtors' lighting, audio, and visual equipment currently subject to WSB's lien pursuant to Section 363; (2) the Debtors will sell the Debtors' vehicle subject to Toyota Motor Credit Corporation's lien, and (3) Debtors will employ a broker to sell the Property subject to the liens of Chase and the Maricopa County Treasurer.

Video West, a third-party, will provide a "stalking horse" bid ensuring that there is a bidder for the Debtors' lighting, audio, and visual equipment. As a result, Video West will provide a floor price. Video West will provide an initial bid of \$1,500,000 for the Debtors' lighting, audio, and visual equipment. WSB will retain its right to credit-bid pursuant to Section 363(k). As discussed below, any interested party may contact by email Grant L. Cartwright (grant@smithandsmithpllc.com) or John C. Smith

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(john@smithandsmithpllc.com) for detailed information on the equipment for sale. The bidding procedures shall be:

- <u>Sale Hearing</u>: The Sale Hearing will be held at the same date and time as the Confirmation Hearing.
 - Qualified Bidder: To participate in the bidding process, to obtain access to the due diligence materials, and to have a bid considered by the Debtors, a potential bidder must deliver, unless otherwise set by the Court, within one (1) week following the date of the approval by the Bankruptcy Court of the Disclosure Statement to counsel for the Debtors: (1) an executed confidentiality agreement in form and substance acceptable to the Debtors and their counsel, and (2) preliminary written proof by the potential bidder of its financial capacity to close the proposed transaction satisfactory to the Debtors and their counsel, and (4) written evidence of firm commitment or other satisfactory evidence of any required debt or equity financing. Within three (3) business days after a potential bidder delivers the preliminary bid documents, Debtors' counsel shall determine and notify the potential bidder whether such potential bidder has submitted acceptable preliminary bid documents. The Debtors' counsel will work with potential bidders during the three (3) day period to attempt to correct or cure any deficiencies. Only Qualified Bidders may conduct a due diligence review. Video West shall be deemed a Qualified Bidder and its bid of \$1.5 million is a Qualified Bid.

WSB is a Qualified Bidder, and, if it chooses to credit bid, its credit bid is a Qualified Bid.

- Due Diligence: Following approval as a Qualified Bidder, unless otherwise set by the Court, a party shall have ten (10) days to conduct due diligence. The Debtors will provide a list of the equipment to the Qualified Bidder within one (1) day of a party becoming a Qualified Bidder. The Debtors will work with the Qualified Bidder to conduct a physical review of the equipment at the Property.
- Qualified Bid: The bid must (1) identify the bidder, (2) contain a signed Bid APA (as discussed below) substantially in the form of the Bid APA distributed to the Qualified Bidder and (i) be in form and substance satisfactory to the Debtors, (ii) clearly designate the intent to acquire the equipment, (iii) provide for a purchase price in accordance with the paragraph below, (iv) provide that the Qualified Bidder will forfeit the Sale Deposit, as liquidated damages if the Qualified Bidder defaults under the Bid APA, (v) identify an authorized officer or employee to appear and act on behalf of the Qualified Bidder at the Confirmation Hearing, and (vi) not be subject to any conditions precedent other than the Bankruptcy Court's confirmation of the Plan.
- <u>Bid Deadline</u>: Unless otherwise set by the Court, a potential bidder that seeks to bid shall deliver its bid with the required information (described below) by email to Grant L. Cartwright (grant@smithandsmithpllc.com),

John C. Smith (john@smithandsmithpllc.com), Smith & Smith, PLLC, 6720 E. Camino Principal Ste. 203, Tucson, AZ 85715, so as to actually be received on or before seven (7) days prior to the Confirmation Hearing at 5:00 p.m. prevailing Mountain Standard Time.

- Purchase Price: The bid must include an amount at least equal to \$1.5 million plus an overbid of \$50,000 (the "Overbid"), plus break-up fee to Video West of \$50,000 to cover Video West's reasonable out of pocket expenses (the "Break-Up Fee").
- Sale Deposit: The bid must include a deposit in the amount of \$100,000 in the form of a wire transfer to an account specified by the Debtors or a certified check. The Sale Deposit shall be held in escrow pending the Effective Date of the Plan. The full amount of the Sale Deposit shall be forfeited as liquidated damages if the Qualified Bidder is the successful purchaser and fails to close the transaction because of a breach or failure to perform on the part of the Successful Purchaser. The Sale Deposit shall, upon the Effective Date, be credited to the purchase price of the Successful Bidder. The Sale Deposit of any successful Qualified Bidder shall he returned to such unsuccessful Qualified Bidder within two (2) days of the Confirmation Hearing.
- <u>Bid APA</u>: The bid must include in the form of an executed asset purchase agreement (the "**Bid APA**") and offer to purchase the Debtors' equipment in full, as referenced above in paragraph (B)(3). Video West and the Debtors

will negotiate the APA prior to the Disclosure Statement Hearing. The Bid APA will be distributed to Qualified Bidders upon Debtors' counsel's determination that a bidder constitutes a Qualified Bidder.

- Irrevocable Bid: The bid must include a signed writing that the potential Qualified Bidder's offer is irrevocable until the selection of the successful bidder, and the offer shall remain irrevocable until the Effective Date.
- Auction: If more than one Qualified Bid is received, the Debtors shall
 conduct an auction for the sale of the equipment three (3) business days prior
 to the Sale Hearing at the Property.
 - Auction Procedures: The Auction will be conducted in accordance with the following procedures: (1) The Qualified Bidders shall appear in person through an authorized representative; (2) only Qualified Bidders, including Video West, shall be entitled to bid at the Auction; (3) bidding shall begin at the highest or otherwise best Qualified Bid, as determined and announced by the Debtors; (4) subsequent bids at the Auction shall be made in \$50,000 increments, or as otherwise agreed by all of the Bidders and the Debtors; (5) all bidding will be open and transparent to all parties permitted to attend the Auction; (6) the bidding may be transcribed by a certified court reporter to ensure an accurate recording of the auction; (7) each Qualified Bidder will be required to confirm on the date of the Auction that it has not colluded with any other person with respect to bidding or the sale; and (8) the Auction shall be governed by such other procedures as may be announced by the

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Debtors or counsel from time to time at the Auction; provided that they are not inconsistent with a Court order related to the Plan in these cases.

Successful Bid: Upon the conclusion of the Auction (if the Auction is conducted), the Debtors, in the exercise of the Debtors' reasonable, goodfaith business judgment, shall identify the highest or otherwise best bid (the "Successful Bid"). The Qualified Bidder having submitted the Successful Bid will be deemed the "Successful Purchaser." The Successful Purchaser and the Debtors shall, prior to the Confirmation Hearing, complete and sign all agreements, contracts, instruments or other documents evidencing and containing the terms upon which the Successful Bid was made. The Debtors will present the results of the Auction to the Bankruptcy Court at the Confirmation Hearing, at which certain findings will be sought from the Court regarding the Auction, including, among other things, that (1) the Auction was conducted, and the Successful Purchaser was selected, in accordance with these Bid Procedures, (2) the Auction was fair in substance and procedure, (3) the Successful Bid was a Qualified Bid, and (4) consummation of the Sale contemplated by the Successful Bid is in the best interests of the bankruptcy estates. If an Auction is held, the Debtors shall be deemed to have accepted a Qualified Bid only when (1) such bid is declared the Successful Bid at the Auction or by the Court, and (2) definitive documentation has been executed in respect thereof. Such acceptance is

conditioned on approval by the Court of the Successful Bid and the entry of an Order approving such Successful Bid.

- Designation of Back-Up Bidder: Upon the conclusion of the Auction and the selection of the Successful Purchaser, the Debtors shall select the person submitting the next highest or otherwise best bid (the "Back-Up Bidder"). The bid of the Back-Up Bidder shall remain open until the day before the Confirmation Hearing. If for any reason the Successful Purchaser is unable or unwilling to consummate an approved Sale because of breach or failure to perform on the part of the Successful Purchaser, (1) it will forfeit its Sale Deposit to the Debtors as liquidated damages in lieu of any other damages with respect to such breach, and (2) the Back-Up Bidder shall be deemed to be the Successful Purchaser. The purchase price shall be the amount of such Back-Up Bidder's last bid.
- Break-Up Fee: At the closing of the Sale to the Successful Purchaser, if the Successful Purchaser is not Video West, the Debtors shall cause the closing agent to pay a Break-Up Fee of \$50,000 to Video West by wire transfer in immediately available funds to an account designated by Video West.
- Reservation of Rights to Modify Bid Procedures: The Debtors reserve the right to modify these Bid Procedures in any manner that will best promote the goals of the bidding process and may impose, at or prior to the Auction, additional customary terms and conditions on the Sale, including, without

limitation, extending the deadlines set forth in these Bid Procedures, and adjourning the Auction at the Auction. Such modification shall constitute a non-adverse modification of the Plan and be in compliance with the local rules of bankruptcy procedure and the judicial procedures of the Hon. Paul Sala.

Debtors will sell the vehicle subject to Toyota Motor Credit Corporation's lien via an auto auctioning company, such as E-Bay.

Debtors will employ a broker, promptly upon filing of the Disclosure Statement and Plan, who will market and sell the Property subject to the liens of Chase and the Maricopa County Treasurer. Should the Debtors receive an offer to purchase the Property prior to the Confirmation Hearing, the Debtors will present the offer and related documents at the Confirmation Hearing for approval with the Plan.

B. Causes of Action

Pursuant to Section 1123(b)(3), the Debtors shall retain all of Debtors' Causes of Action, including any avoidance causes of action relating to or in connection with payments made or transfers to insiders or affiliates of the Debtors and violations of the automatic stay. Further, the Debtors shall retain all rights to collect and distribute any recovery under a pre-petition judgment under which Debtors are the judgment creditors, or for which a judgment creditor's rights have been assigned to Debtors.

The Debtors are currently unaware of any causes of action of value to the Estate.

The Plan Trustee (as discussed below) shall become the authorized representative of the Estate, which shall retain all claims, rights or causes of actions, suits, and proceedings,

whether in law or in equity, whether known or unknown, that the Debtors or the Estate may hold against any person or entity. The Plan Trustee may pursue such retained Litigation Claims, as appropriate, in accordance with the best interests of creditors and the Debtors.

C. Management

On the Effective Date, John C. Smith, of the Law Offices of Gerald K. Smith & John C. Smith, shall serve as the Plan Trustee and continue to manage the Debtors and oversee the liquidation of the Debtors' assets in accordance with the terms of the Plan during the Plan Period. After the Confirmation Date, the Debtors will cease operations and begin the process of winding up their business. The Plan Trustee will operate free of bankruptcy restrictions and will be able to enter into and terminate contracts, purchase and sell assets, pay and incur debts, and proceed with other business operations, both within and outside the ordinary course, without Court authorization except as expressly required by the Plan or the Confirmation Order. The Plan Trustee will be paid in the ordinary course of business with ordinary hourly rates, billed on a monthly basis, and without Bankruptcy Court oversight.

D. Objections to Claims and Interests

At any time before the expiration of sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, the Plan Trustee or any other party in interest may object to any Claim that was not scheduled, or was scheduled as disputed, contingent, or unliquidated, that has not been allowed by a Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court. Any Claim that was not scheduled and for which no Proof of Claim was filed will be disallowed.

Except in regards to Administrative Expenses, objections to Claims and Interests shall be filed and served upon the holder of such Claim or Interest no later than the Claims Objection Bar Date.

There shall be no distribution to the holder of a Disputed Claim until the Objection to the Claim has been resolved by a Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court and the Claim has become an Allowed Claim. Payments and distributions on account of each Disputed Claim that is Allowed shall be made in accordance with the provisions of the Plan relating to the class of creditors to which the holder belongs.

E. <u>Tax Compliance</u>

The Debtors will comply with all tax withholding and reporting requirements, including with regard to all distributions and receipts pursuant to this Plan, as applicable. All holders of Allowed Claims and Interests shall have sole responsibility for any tax obligation imposed by any governmental unit pursuant to a distribution received under the Plan.

F. <u>Vesting</u>

Except as provided for in the Plan or Confirmation Order, on the Effective Date, the Debtors shall be vested with the remaining property or assets from the Estate, free and clear of all claims, liens, charges, and other interests of creditors arising prior to the filing date, except as provided by the Plan, to be liquidated in the ordinary course of business.

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IX. Distributions Under the Plan

A. Plan Trustee

The Plan provides for the appointment of a Plan Trustee to collect, administer and distribute in accordance with the terms of the Plan: (i) income and cash proceeds, (ii) any assets to be sold under a Purchase Agreement or the Plan, and (iii) facilitate the winding up of Debtors' business. The Plan Trustee shall be the successor to the Debtors. Whenever the Plan or a Purchase Agreement entered into by the Plan Trustee post-confirmation requires or permits notice to the Debtors after the Effective Date, such notice shall be effective only when given to the Plan Trustee and the Plan Trustee shall have the right to take all actions that the Debtors would have had the right to take.

John C. Smith shall be the Plan Trustee. The Plan Trustee will initially be appointed by the Court in the Confirmation Order. The Plan Trustee will act as the Estate's representative for all purposes, and will be responsible for (i) controlling and managing the consideration received from purchasers of assets, (ii) filing, prosecuting and settling claim objections, (iii) administering the disputed claim reserve, (iv) prosecuting and settling Estate causes of action, (vi) making distributions in accordance with the terms of the Plan, and (vii) winding up and closing the Estate.

The Plan Trustee's compensation will be approved by the Court under the Confirmation Order without the need for compliance post-confirmation under the applicable Sections of the Bankruptcy Code. The compensation will be from the sale of the Property, unless otherwise agreed by the Plan Trustee. At the Confirmation Hearing, the Plan Trustee will represent to the Court the estimate of fees for post-confirmation

work, and the amount will be worked into the Confirmation Order. John C. Smith has an hourly rate of \$350.00. Any successor Plan Trustee will be selected by the Plan Trustee, subject to approval by the Bankruptcy Court. The Plan Trustee will be authorized to employ legal and accounting professionals employed by the Debtors pre-confirmation, as well as such other professionals as may be approved by the Bankruptcy Court including, without limitation, employment of professionals on a contingent fee basis for the purpose of prosecuting causes of action transferred to the Trust, although this is not expected to occur. Such professionals will be compensated according to their standard terms separate and apart from the Debtors' compensation.

Nothing contained herein shall limit the right of the Plan Trustee to seek authority to surrender Collateral to any holder of a valid, enforceable, perfected Lien on that Collateral, and nothing shall limit the rights of any Secured Creditor to request either a vacation of any applicable injunction against the enforcement of its rights against Collateral in the possession of the Plan Trustee or object to the Plan Trustee's proposed use or sale of Collateral or the right of the Plan Trustee to oppose any such request. The provisions of Code Sections 361, 363 and 364 shall apply to the Plan Trustee's use or sale of Collateral hereunder.

The Plan Trustee will exercise independent business judgment with respect to the administration of the Estate. The Plan Trustee may settle claims held by the Estate or use or transfer any interests in assets owned by the Estate subject to obtaining a Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court authorizing the Plan Trustee to take such actions. Except as provided herein, any request for Bankruptcy Court authority to use or transfer Estate

property or settle any significant causes of action shall be governed by Section 363 (including Section 363(f) with respect to any sale free and clear of Liens and the right of each Creditor holding a valid and enforceable Lien to adequate protection of that Lien).

B. Manner of Payments

All distributions will be made in the form of cash payments and checks to entities holding Allowed Claims at the addresses listed on the Proof of Claim filed by such entity, as the address where payments are to be sent, unless other instructions are received in writing by the Plan Trustee.

C. No Distributions to Holders of Disputed Claims

No payments or distributions of any kind will be made on account of any claim listed as disputed, contingent, or unliquidated, until such claim becomes an Allowed Claim, and only to the extent such claim is Allowed. The Debtors anticipate objections to claims will be filed. If any Disputed Claim becomes an Allowed Claim after the Effective Date and after a distribution is made to other holders of Allowed Claims in its Class, such claim will receive payment within fourteen (14) days after the Disputed Claim becomes an Allowed Claim and the Order allowing the Claim is final.

D. Claims Bar Date and Administrative Expenses Bar Date

The Claims Bar Date shall be set for 60 days after the filing of the Plan and Disclosure Statement. Any Claim filed after the Claims Bar Date, or any claim for Administrative Expenses filed after the Administrative Expenses Bar Date, shall not be recognized and will be disallowed automatically without further objection from the

Debtors, unless such Claim is recognized pursuant to a filed and approved stipulation with the Debtors or by Order of the Court.

E. Post-Petition Interest, Fees, and Costs

Interest on and fees and expenses, if any, with respect to any Allowed Secured Claim, including but not limited to unpaid professional fees due the holders of such Claims, shall be paid only to the extent permitted by Section 506(b) from the proceeds of the Collateral securing such Claims. Allowance thereof shall be determined separately for each Class and each subclass. Any interest, fees and expenses paid during the pendency of these Cases to the holder of any Allowed Secured Claim that are not allowable pursuant to Section 506(b) of the Bankruptcy Code shall be credited against and shall reduce the principal amount of any such Allowed Secured Claim.

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, or in an order of the Bankruptcy Court, no holder of an Allowed Claim shall be entitled to the accrual of post-petition interest or the payment by the Debtors of post-petition interest or professional fees on account of such Claim for any purpose.

X. Effect of Plan on Claims

A. Effect of Confirmation

Except for continuing liens, claims, rights, and interests of the secured creditors against the Debtors, the Estate, and the Property as provided for in the Plan, or in the confirmation order, the confirmation of the Plan is a discharge, on the Effective Date, of any and all debts of the Debtors that arose at any time prior to confirmation, including, but not limited to, all principal and all interest accrued thereon, pursuant to Section 1141 of

the Bankruptcy Code. Such discharge shall be effective as to each claim, regardless of whether a proof of claim thereof was filed, whether the claim is an allowed claim or whether the holder thereof votes to accept the Plan.

Holders of claims against the Debtors may not receive any payment or distribution except as otherwise provided for in the Plan, and may not seek any recourse against Debtors or their assets except as provided for in the Plan. After the Confirmation Date, all holders of claims will be forever enjoined from taking any action against the Debtors or its property on account of such claim; including the commencement or continuation of any proceeding; enforcing any judgment or award; creating, perfecting, or enforcing any lien; or any other action inconsistent with the terms of the Plan.

The Plan Trustee will move the Court to close the case once the Plan has been substantially consummated. Until substantial consummation, the Plan Trustee will be responsible for filing pre- and post-confirmation reports required by the United States Trustee and paying the quarterly post-confirmation fees of the United States Trustee. Alternatively, the Court may enter a final decree closing the case on its own motion.

B. Plan Trustee's Authority to Compromise and Settle

Pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 9019(a), the Plan Trustee may compromise or settle any Claim or Interest, or any cause of action against the Debtors or brought by the Debtors upon notice and a hearing.

C. Right of Setoff

The Debtors may set off against any payment or distribution made pursuant to an Allowed Claim a claim of any kind that it may have against the holder of such an Allowed

Claim, but the Debtors will not be required to do so. The failure to utilize the right of setoff does not constitute a waiver or release of any claim Debtors have against a holder of an Allowed Claim.

XI. Liquidation Analysis

Pursuant to Section 1129(a)(7), the Plan must provide that creditors not accepting the Plan will receive at least as much under the Plan as they would receive in a liquidation of the Debtor under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. Because Debtors' plan liquidates all of their assets, Creditors receive what they would have had in a Chapter 7 in addition to the additional funds that have been earned by the Debtors through their continued operation during the immediate future in the pendency of their cases. Further, Creditors receive the added benefit of the Debtors having identified a stalking horse bidder for a purchase of WSB's collateral.

XII. Risk Analysis

A. General

There is little risk associated with the Debtors' Plan. The success of the Plan turns on the effective marketing and sale of the assets of the Debtors. The risk related to the sale of WSB's collateral is low because the Debtors have identified a potential purchaser of said assets. The risk associated with the sale of the Property is slightly higher because (1) no prospective buyers have yet been located, (2) the value of the Property is subject to market conditions, and (3) the time it will take for the real estate broker employed under the Plan to sell the Property is unknown. The risk associated with selling the Debtors' vehicle is limited because (1) the robust used-vehicle market, and (2) the value of the

vehicle can be ascertained with some predictability due to trade publications such as Kelly Blue Book and NADA Guides.

The risks in the Plan are lesser than a standard chapter 11 reorganization. The success of Debtors' Plan does not turn on their continued operation of the business, but only on the successful marketing and sale of the Debtors' assets. Although the risk associated with Debtors' Plan is low, it is extremely doubtful that Debtors' proposed Plan will provide general unsecured creditors with full payment.

B. Alternatives to the Confirmation of the Plan

If the Plan is not confirmed, there are several possible alternatives. First is to convert the Case to Chapter 7, have a Chapter 7 Trustee appointed, and the Estate liquidated. The Debtors do not believe this is a suitable alternative. Considerable investigation, time, and effort have been put into evaluating the assets of Debtors and determining the best course of action. It would be time-intensive for a Chapter 7 Trustee to become familiar with the case, causing substantial delay and expense in the payment of creditors. The second alternative is to dismiss the case with prejudice, leaving creditors to resort to state law collection procedures.

XIII. Tax Consequences

Pursuant to Section 1125(a)(1), the Disclosure Statement is to provide a discussion of the possible material tax consequences of the Plan to the Debtors, any successor to the Debtors and a hypothetical investor typical of the holders of claims or interests in the case, such that would enable such investor to make an informed judgment about the Plan. The Debtors have not obtained a tax opinion and do not express any opinion as to the tax

consequences to the creditors or equity security holders. Interested parties are encouraged to obtain their own professional counsel to determine the tax consequences of the Plan. In particular, to the extent any creditor is not paid in full on its Allowed Claim, such creditor should consult with a tax advisor concerning the potential for any write off of such claim. It is generally anticipated that any discharge of debt will not have to be recognized as income for the Debtors for income tax purposes.

Because the Debtors do not express any tax advice, in no event will the Debtors, their counsel, or the professional advisors of the Debtors be liable for any tax consequences of the Plan. Creditors and Equity Interest Holders must look solely to and rely solely upon their own advisors as to the tax consequences of this Plan.

XIV. Confirmation Process

The Plan may be corrected or modified, prior or subsequent to Confirmation, or prior to consummation, after notice to interested parties and by Court order as provided by law. The Debtors further retain all rights to modify the Plan prior to Confirmation as permitted by Section 1127. The Plan may be amended or modified prior to Confirmation without leave of Court, so long as notice is provided to Creditors. After Confirmation and with approval of the Court and upon notice to creditors, the Plan Trustee may remedy any defect or omission, or may reconcile any inconsistencies in the Plan or Confirmation Order, so long as such modification does not materially alter or adversely affect the interests of Creditors, to the extent it may be necessary to carry out the purposes and intent of the Plan.

The Court will be asked to confirm the Plan as to any class of claims or interests that does not accept the Plan. In order to do so, the Court must find (1) that the Plan is fair and equitable to each class of claims or interests that is impaired and has not accepted the Plan and that the classification of claims is not discriminatory; and (2) that each claimant or interest holder receives, under the Plan, property of a value as of the Effective Date that is not less than what would be received or retained if the Property were liquidated pursuant to Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code.

The first requirement is satisfied with respect to any class that might not accept the Plan because the classification has not been designed in a discriminatory manner and any similar claims classified separately have been treated in this manner because they are either an administrative classification or arise from a substantially different economic basis. The second requirement is satisfied as demonstrated by the Liquidation Analysis provided.

If a class of secured claims does not accept the Plan, the Code provides that the fair and equitable requirement is satisfied if the class retains its lien and receives deferred cash payments of a present value equal to the value of the claimant's secured interest in the collateral. This requirement may be satisfied as to each class treated as a secured claim because the Plan provides for them to receive the value of their interest in their collateral together with interest.

If a class of unsecured claims does not accept the Plan, the fair and equitable rule requires that (1) each impaired unsecured creditor receives or retains, under the plan, property of a value equal to the amount of its allowed claim; or (2) the holders of claims

and interests that are junior to the claims of the dissenting class will not receive any property under the plan if claims in the dissenting class are not paid in full.

The Debtor recommends that the Plan and Disclosure Statement be approved as it is in the best interests of the Estate and all creditors. The alternatives to confirmation of the Plan include dismissal or conversion to Chapter 7 liquidation. Dismissal would result in creditors having to resort to other legal proceedings to collect debts, and Chapter 7 liquidation would delay distributions. For these reasons, the Debtors recommend all creditors accept the Plan and return ballots timely so that the votes can be counted.

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED this 19th day of April, 2017.

CHAPTER 11 DEBTORS

By /s/ David Stern David Stern

GERALD K. SMITH AND JOHN C. SMITH LAW OFFICES, PLLC

By /s/ John C. Smith John C. Smith 6720 E. Camino Principal, Suite 203 Tucson, AZ 85715

Telephone: (520) 722-1605 Facsimile: (520) 722-9096

Email: john@smithandsmithpllc.com Attorneys for Chapter 11 Debtors

1	COPY of the foregoing mailed or emailed*
2	on April 19, 2017, to:
3	Christopher J. Pattock*
4	Office of the United States Trustee 230 N. First Avenue, Suite 204
5	Phoenix, AZ 85003-1706 Christopher.J.Pattock@usdoj.gov
6	James L. Ugalde*
7	Elizabeth Fella*
8	Quarles & Brady LLP Renaissance One, Two N. Central Avenue
9	Phoenix, AZ 85004
	<u>James.ugalde@quarles.com</u> <u>Elizabeth.fella@quarles.com</u>
10	Attorneys for Western State Bank and
11	Western State Financial
12	Timothy Dietz*
13	RYAN RAPP & UNDERWOOD, PLC 3200 North Central Ave., Suite 1600
14	Phoenix, AZ 85012
15	TDietz@rrulaw.com Attorneys for Video West, Inc.
	Automeys for video west, inc.
16	Leonard J. McDonald*
17	Tiffany & Bosco, P.A. Seventh Floor Camelback Esplanade II
18	2525 E. Camelback Road
19	Phoenix, AZ 85016 lim@tblaw.com
	Attorneys for South Pacific Financial Corp.
20	Larry O. Folks*
21	Folks & O'Connor, PLLC
22	1850 North Central Ave., Suite 1140
23	Phoenix, AZ 85004 folks@folksoconnor.com
24	Attorneys for JP Morgan Chase Bank
25	All parties listed on the Master Mailing Matrix
	on file with the Court
26	s/ Liza D. Taylor
27	Liza D. Taylor
28	