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3	2999 North 44th Street Suite 330								
4	Phoenix, AZ 85018 602-235-9510								
5	Attorney for Debtor								
6	UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT								
7	FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA								
8	In re:	Chapter 11							
9	BOSS REAL ESTATE HOLDINGS, LLC,	Case No. 17-bk-03716-BMW							
10 11	Debtor.	DISCLOSURE STATEMENT							
11		FOR CHAPTER 11 PLAN OF REORGANIZATION							
13									
14	NO REPRESENTATIONS CONCERNING THE DEBTOR OR THE PLAN ARE AUTHORIZ- ED BY THE DEBTOR OTHER THAN THOSE STATED HEREIN. YOU SHOULD NOT RELY ON ANY REPRESENTATIONS OR INDUCEMENTS CONCERNING THE PLAN OTHER THAN THOSE CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT.								
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17 18 19	AN ACCOUNTANT HAS NOT REVIEWED THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT OR ITS EXHIBITS. THE DEBTOR CANNOT WARRANT OR REPRESENT THAT THE INFORMATION IS WITHOUT ANY ERROR. HOWEVER, THE INFORMATION IS ACCURATE TO THE BEST OF THE DEBTOR'S KNOWLEDGE AND								
	BELIEF. ARTICLE I								
20									
21 22	INTRODUCTION TO THE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND VOTING								
22	<u>1.1 Purpose of the Disclosure Statement.</u>								
24	This Disclosure Statement for Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization ("Disclosure								
25	Statement") is submitted by the Debtor and Debtor-in-Possession (the "Debtor") pursuant to 11								
26	U.S.C. § 1125. Its purpose is to provide creditors with the information necessary to enable them								
27	to arrive at an informed decision for voting on the Debtor's Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization								
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(the "Plan"), which is on file at the Bankruptcy Court. (A copy of the Plan is attached to this Disclosure Statement as Exhibit "1"). As a creditor, your acceptance of the Plan is important. Acceptance of the Plan by a class of creditors requires a vote by at least two-thirds in claim amount and more than fifty percent in number of the allowed claims in the class that actually cast votes. Failure to vote on the Plan does not count as either an acceptance or rejection of the Plan.

1.2 Definitions.

Unless a word is otherwise defined in this Disclosure Statement, it has the meaning given to it by the U.S. Bankruptcy Code and the U.S. Bankruptcy Court Rules, or in the Definition section in the Plan.

1.3 Authorized Representations.

This Disclosure Statement is the only document authorized by the Bankruptcy Court to be used for the solicitation of votes on the Plan.

<u>1.4 Voting Procedures.</u>

To be entitled to vote, a creditor must have an allowed claim that is impaired under the Plan. The Bankruptcy Code defines whether a claim is impaired in 11 U.S.C. § 1124. Summarily, a claim is impaired if the Plan modifies the legal, equitable or contractual rights of the claimant, or if the Plan does not cure and reinstate the legal rights of the claimant upon default. A creditor in a class that will not, under any circumstances, receive any distributions under the Plan, is not entitled to vote because the class of which it is a member is deemed to have rejected the Plan. If a creditor holds more than one claim in one class, all of the claims in such class will be aggregated and the creditor will be entitled to one vote in the amount of all aggregated claims in that class.

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All creditors or parties-in-interest entitled to vote on the Plan may cast its votes for or against the Plan by completing, dating, and signing the ballot which accompanies this Disclosure Statement.

In order for the ballot to be considered, the original ballot must be mailed to the Bankruptcy Court and the copies of the ballot must be sent to the attorneys for the Plan proponents. The Court has issued an Order requiring that all votes for the acceptance or rejection of the Plan be received by the close of business on ______. The ballots should be sent as follows: the original to the Clerk, U.S. Bankruptcy Court, 230 North First Avenue, Suite 101, Phoenix, Arizona 85003 and a copy to Ronald Ellett at Ellett Law Offices located at 2999 North 44th Street, Suite 330, Phoenix, Arizona 85018.

Your ballot will not be counted if the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court or the proponent's counsel receives it after such deadline. You may not change your vote after it is cast, unless the Bankruptcy Court permits you to do so after notice and a hearing to determine whether sufficient cause exists to permit the change.

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<u>1.5 Confirmation of the Plan.</u>

In order for the Plan to be effective, it has to be confirmed. Confirmation of the Plan means that the Court has approved the Plan. For the Plan to be confirmed, votes by each impaired class representing at last two-thirds in amount of the allowed claims voting in each class and greater than one-half in number of individual creditors for such class (of those casting votes) must be submitted in favor of acceptance of the proponent's Plan. If the requisite acceptances are not obtained from one or more impaired classes, the Court may nonetheless confirm the proponent's Plan pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 1129(b). If one impaired class accepts the Plan and the Court finds that the Debtor's Plan provides, among other things, fair, and equitable

treatment of the classes rejecting the Plan and that creditors receive as much or more under the Plan than they would receive in a Chapter 7 liquidation (discussed more fully below), the Court may confirm the Plan. When confirmed by the Bankruptcy Court, this Plan will bind all holders of claims or equity interest in the Debtor, whether or not they are entitled to vote, or did vote, on the Plan, and whether or not they received or retained any distributions of property under the Plan.

ARTICLE II

INFORMATION ABOUT THE DEBTORS

2.1 Pre-Bankruptcy Filing Factual Background.

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On or around March 14, 2016 the Debtor entered into a Promissory Note for \$5,100,000.00 and Deed of Trust with AZ 3-16 Fund LLC and Asset-Backed Partners, LP ("AZ 3-16") that provided for monthly payments of \$46,625.00. The Deed of Trust was secured against the Debtor's commercial building located at 2816 South Country Club Drive and 2828 South Country Club Drive, Mesa, Arizona 85210 ("Real Property"). At this building the Debtor operates a car wash, a lube shop, and a small convenient store. The Debtor also rents space to tenants, including a barber shop and a window tinting shop. The Debtor's cash flow proved to be insufficient to make its payments on the first mortgage and Deed of Trust owed to AZ 3-16.

On April 16, 2016 the Debtor gave a second lien position to Bank 34 and a Deed of Trust for \$550,000.00 was recorded. The Debtor received no money in exchange for this transfer. While affiliates of the Debtor had received a loan from Bank 34 on or about March 18, 2016, <u>none</u> of those proceeds were ever paid to the Debtor. At the time of the transfer, the Debtor did not have sufficient cash flow or cash reserves to pay the first mortgage to AZ 3-16 and to pay any monies to Bank 34 on the \$550,000.00 Deed of Trust. It is worth noting that there was neither a Note nor a Guarantee issued by the Debtor to Bank 34. Instead, Bank 34 simply recorded a Deed of Trust without an accompanying Note or Guarantee.

By December of 2016 the Debtor was seriously delinquent on its payments to AZ 3-16 and property taxes on the Real Property. Further, the Debtor had made no payments to Bank 34 since the time it received its second Deed of Trust. Payments to unsecured creditors were also becoming delinquent.

On February 3, 2017 Bank 34 filed a Complaint an Application for Appointment of Receiver and Application for Order to Show Cause why a receiver should not be appointed with the Arizona Superior Court, Maricopa County. The Court held a hearing on the Order to Show Cause on February 24, 2017. At the Return Hearing, Bank 34's counsel withdrew its request for the Appointment of a Receiver and asked for leave to file an Amended Complaint "if appropriate." Bank 34 never filed an Amended Complaint and the case was dismissed on April 25, 2017.

In the meantime, AZ 3-16 filed a Complaint and Application for Appointment of Receiver on March 23, 2017. A Return Hearing on the Order to Show Cause was set for April 11, 2017. The Debtor instituted the bankruptcy proceeding on April 10, 2017 by filing a voluntary petition under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code (the "Code") with the Bankruptcy Court for the District of Arizona. The Debtor continues in possession of its assets and management of its property as a Debtor-in-possession pursuant to §§ 1107(a) and 1108.

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2.2 Post-Bankruptcy Filing Events.

Retention of Professionals

The Debtor retained Ellett Law Offices, P.C., to act as its bankruptcy counsel. The Court signed an Order approving the retention on April 18, 2017.

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Appointment of Unsecured Creditors Committee

On May 16, 2017 the United States Trustee's office filed a statement concerning its inability to appoint a committee of unsecured creditors.

Claims Bar Date

The Court has set November 10, 2017 as the last day to file Proof of Claims.

2.3 Financial Information About the Debtor.

The Debtor's assets and liabilities are fully disclosed in the Debtor's Schedules and Statement of Financial Affairs and the amendments thereto. During the course of this bankruptcy case, the Debtor will file all Monthly Operating Reports required by the Office of the U.S. Trustee and by the Bankruptcy Code and Rules, and it has paid all quarterly fees due. The Debtor does not intend to incur any non-ordinary course of business or financial affairs post-petition debt.

ARTICLE III

DESCRIPTION OF THE REORGANIZATION PLAN AND CLASSIFICATION AND TREATMENT OF CLAIMS

As required by § 1112 of the Bankruptcy Code, creditors are divided into classes, each of which includes creditors who are similarly situated with the other creditors in the class. The classes provided for by the Plan and their treatment under the Plan is as follows:

Administrative claims will be paid in full on the effective date unless the holder of the claim agrees to a different treatment. It is estimated the total attorney's fees for this case, up through confirmation, will be between \$55,000.00 and \$75,000.00.

Classified Claims - Under the Plan, Allowed Secured Claims, Allowed Unsecured Claims, and any Interest in Debtors or any Interest or Claim held by the Debtor's Equity Holder constitute classified claims which are treated under the Plan as follows:

<u>Class 1</u>: This Class shall consist of the AZ 3-16 Fund, LLC and Asset-Backed Lending Partners, LP ("AZ 3-16"). AZ 3-16 holds a first priority lien and security interest in the Debtor's Real Property, including, but not limited to, the Debtor's rights to receive payments, income, receipts, issues, deposits, profits, accounts, and general intangibles in the principal amount of approximately \$5,100,000.00, with accruing interest. The Debtor will pay this claim pursuant to the terms of the attached *Stipulation Between the Debtor and AZ 3-16 Lenders Regarding (I) Plan Treatment; (II) Modification of the Automatic Stay; and (III) For Related Relief* ("Stipulation"). AZ 3-16 will receive payments pursuant to the Stipulation. AZ 3-16 will retain its lien rights as provided in the attached Stipulation. Class 1 is impaired and is entitled to vote.

Class 2: This Class shall consist of the Unsecured Claim of Bank 34. Bank 34's claim will be avoided. The Debtor will file an adversary complaint seeking to avoid Bank 34's claim pursuant to A.R.S. § 1004(A)(2) and 11 U.S.C. § 544(A)(1)(b). The claim of Bank 34 will be avoided and Bank 34 will not receive any payment for its lien. This Class is not impaired and is not entitled to vote.

<u>Class 3</u>: This Class shall consist of the Secured Claim of Raul Tellez Leon. Mr. Leon holds a secured claim in the Debtor's 2001 Volkswagen Jetta in the amount of \$2,500.00. The Debtor shall pay this claim in full in equal monthly installments of \$56.45. The Debtor shall pay Raul Tellez Leon the full payoff amount for the vehicle at 4% per annum in 48 equal monthly payments commencing on the Effective Date. Class 3 is impaired and is entitled to vote.

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<u>Class 4</u>: This Class shall consist of the Secured Claim of Ray Garcia. Mr. Garcia holds a secured claim in the Debtors' 2016 Chevy Trailblazer in the amount of \$4,000.00. The Debtor shall pay this claim in full in equal monthly installments of \$90.32. The Debtor shall pay Raul Tellez Leon the full payoff amount for the vehicle at 4% per annum in 48 equal monthly payments commencing on the Effective Date. Class 4 is impaired and is entitled to vote.

<u>Class 5</u>: This Class shall consist of the claim of the Maricopa County Treasurer. The Maricopa County Treasurer hold claims for personal and real property taxes for the years of 2015 – 2017 in the amount of \$102,848.77. The Maricopa County Treasurer shall retain all of its rights. The automatic stay shall be lifted upon confirmation. The Debtor will make the required payments directly to the Maricopa County Treasurer outside of the Plan. Class 5 is not impaired and is not entitled to vote.

<u>Class 6</u>: This Class shall consist of all Allowed General Unsecured Claims. Class 6 claims will be paid in full in equal payments over the next three years, but shall not be paid penalties or post-petition interest.

ARTICLE IV

ADDITIONAL PLAN PROVISIONS

In addition to the provisions outlined in Article III above, there may be additional provisions and details contained in the Reorganization Plan which should be reviewed before voting. A copy of the Plan is attached to this Disclosure Statement as Exhibit 1. This Article outlines some of the additional provisions of the Plan.

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<u>4.1 Effect of Confirmation</u>

Any pre-confirmation obligations of the Debtor dealt with in this Plan shall be considered New Obligations of the Debtor, and these New Obligations shall not be considered in

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default unless and until the Debtor defaults on the New Obligations pursuant to the terms of the Plan. The New Obligations provided for in the Plan shall be in the place of, and completely substitute for, any pre-Confirmation obligations of the Debtor and, once the Plan is confirmed, the only obligations of the Debtor shall be such New Obligations as provided for under the Plan.

4.2 Revesting

Except as provided for in the Plan or in the Confirmation Order, on the Effective Date the Debtor shall be vested with all of the property of the estate free and clear of all claims, liens, charges and other interests of creditors arising prior to the filing date.

<u>4.3 Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases</u>

Upon confirmation of the Plan, all executory contracts of the Debtor will be rejected pursuant to the provisions of §§ 365 and 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code, except for those assumed pursuant to Bankruptcy Court approval. This Plan provision does not alter in any way orders of the Bankruptcy Court approving the assumption of executory contracts and leases. All such orders are reaffirmed without modification and incorporated fully in the Plan so that the Plan is in compliance with those orders.

4.4 Modification of The Plan

In addition to its modification rights under Section 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code, the Debtor may amend or modify this Plan at any time prior to Confirmation without leave of the Court. The Debtor may propose amendments and/or modifications of this Plan at any time subsequent to Confirmation with leave of the Court and upon notice to Creditors. After Confirmation of the Plan, the Debtor may, with approval of the Court, as long as it does not materially or adversely affect the interests of Creditors, remedy any defect or omission or reconcile any inconsistencies of the Plan, or in the Confirmation Order, if any may be necessary to carry out the purposes and intent of this Plan.

4.5 Default

If Debtor is unable to perform the terms and conditions of this Plan, then it will be in default. Any creditor may seek to enforce the Plan. Before doing so, however, a creditor must first provide at least twenty (20) days-notice to Debtor specifying the nature of the alleged default and providing Debtor a twenty (20) day period to cure such default. Any such notice shall be in writing and sent to Debtor at its address with a copy to: Ronald J. Ellett, 2999 North 44th Street, Suite 330 Phoenix, Arizona 85018.

4.6 Retention of Jurisdiction.

Notwithstanding confirmation of this Plan, the Bankruptcy Court shall retain its jurisdiction of this bankruptcy to the full extent allowed by law, including for the following purposes:

1. Determination of claims and interests upon objection to such claims by the Debtor or by any other party in interest.

2. Determination of requests for payment of claims entitled to priority under §507(a)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code, including compensation of parties entitled thereto.

3. Resolution of controversies and disputes regarding the interpretation or enforcement of the terms of the Plan.

4. Implementation of the provisions of the Plan and entry of orders in aid of confirmation

of the Plan, including, without limitation, appropriate orders to protect the Debtor.

5. Entry of a Final Decree closing the case.

6. Entry of a discharge pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §141(d)(5).

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ARTICLE V

FEASIBILITY OF THE PLAN AND FINANCIAL PROJECTIONS

The Debtor believes that the proposed Plan is feasible and is unlikely to be followed by the liquidation or need for further financial reorganization of the Debtor except as proposed in the Plan.

ARTICLE VI

LIQUIDATION ANALYSIS

The following is a Liquidation Analysis indicating what the Debtor believes creditors would receive in the event of liquidation. The figures for "market value" and "liquidation value" are the Debtor's best estimate on what these assets are worth on a market or liquidation basis. The other assets of the Debtor are listed below:

	Asset	Scheduled	Liquidation	Secured Claims	Net Value After
		Value	Value		Subtraction of
					Secured Claims
	Real Property located at 2828	\$2,850,000.00	Same as	\$5,100,000.00 (AZ 3-	\$0.00
	South Country Club Drive, Mesa, Arizona 85210 and 2816 South Country Club Drive, Mesa, Arizona 85210		scheduled	16's UCC Lien and First Deed of Trust)	
				\$102,848.77 (Maricopa County Treasurer Property taxes on real	
				and personal property for 2015 – estimated	
				2017)	
				\$550,000.00 (second lien held by Bank 34 -	
				avoiding pursuant to A.R.S. § 1004(A)(2)	
				and 11 U.S.C. § 544(A)(1)(b))	
	Cash	\$75.00	Same as scheduled	AZ 3-16 UCC Lien	\$0.00
			xi		
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SunTrust Bank Account	\$10,700.96	Same as scheduled	AZ 3-16 UCC Lien	\$0.00	
Inventory and Supplies	\$236.09	Same as scheduled	AZ 3-16 UCC Lien	\$0.00	
Inventory	\$451.09	Same as scheduled	AZ 3-16 UCC Lien	\$0.00	
Office Furniture	\$0.00	Same as scheduled	AZ 3-16 UCC Lien	\$0.00	
2016 Chevrolet Trailblazer	\$2,500.00	Current Kelly Blue Book	Secured Lien Ray Garcia's	\$0.00	
2011 Volkswagen Jetta	\$1,500.00	Current Kelly Blue Book	Secured Lien of Raul Tellez Leon	\$0.00	
Used Car Wash Equipment	\$3,500.00	Same as scheduled	AZ 3-16 UCC Lien	\$0.00	
Used Lube Equipment	\$2,500.00	Same as scheduled	AZ 3-16 UCC Lien	\$0.00	
Interest in Fraudulent Conveyance Action	Unknown	\$0.00	None	\$0.00	
ADT Security System	\$2,000.00	Same as scheduled	AZ 3-16 UCC Lien	\$0.00	
Total Non-Exempt Equity				\$0.00	
Less Chapter 7 Trustee's Fees				\$0.00	
Total to Unsecured Creditor Under Chapter 7				\$0.00	
Amount to be Paid to Unsecured Creditors Under Plan – all Allowed Unsecured Claims will be paid in full (estimated)					

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Creditors should note that on a liquidation basis, full market value for assets cannot be obtained. Further, there are costs associated with a liquidation of assets that must be paid out of any sale proceeds. The liquidation analysis does not contain an estimation of any tax liability which could be associated with the liquidation.

The Debtor will file an adversary to avoid the transfer of its interest in its Real Property to 22 23 Bank 34. While the Debtor anticipates successfully avoiding Bank 34's lien against its Real 24 Property, it does not expect to obtain any value by avoiding the pre-petition transfer because AZ 25 3-16's UCC Lien and Deed of Trust encumber all of the Debtor's assets, leaving no net equity. 26 The Debtor does not hold any claims that are to be brought in non-bankruptcy litigation. 27

This analysis is provided for informational purposes only, given that the Debtor's Plan does not contemplate liquidation in this fashion.

ARTICLE VII

IMPLEMENTATION AND FUNDING OF DEBTOR'S PLAN

The Plan will be funded by the business operations of the Debtor, rents collected by the Debtor, and contributions totaling \$35,000.00 from Mr. Michael Harris. Mr. Harris's contributions will be made on or before the effective date. If the Debtor deems advisable, they may obtain a further Order from the Court that may be recorded in order to implement the terms of the Plan. Plan will be funded by contributions from the Debtor.

ARTICLE VIII

TAX CONSEQUENCES

The Debtor has not obtained a tax opinion as to the tax consequences of the Plan as to any claim, interest, or creditor. However, payment of indebtedness and discharge of debt may have significant tax consequences for creditors. The creditors are advised to see its tax advisor for information concerning the tax consequences of the Plan.

BECAUSE THE DEBTOR EXPRESSES NO TAX OPINION AND GIVES NO TAX ADVICE, IN NO EVENT WILL THE DEBTOR OR ITS PROFESSIONAL ADVISOR BE LIABLE IF THE TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN ARE NOT AS ANTICIPATED. CREDITORS MUST LOOK SOLELY TO, AND RELY SOLELY ON, THEIR OWN ADVISORS AS TO THE TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN.

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NON-ALLOWANCE OF PENALTIES AND FINES

No distribution shall be made under this Plan on account of, and no allowed claim, whether secured, unsecured, priority, or administrative, shall include any fine, penalty, exemplary or punitive damages, late charges or other monetary charge relating to or arising from any default or breach by Debtor, and any claim on account thereof shall be deemed disallowed whether or not an objection to it is filed.

ARTICLE X

VOTING PROCEDURE

The Plan divides the claims of creditors and of interest-holders into separate classes. All classes of claimants are encouraged to vote; however, only the vote of holders of claims that are impaired by the Plan will have a significant impact upon the confirmation process. Generally, this includes creditors who, under the Plan, will receive less than payment in full of its claims on the Effective Date of the Plan.

All creditors entitled to vote on the Plan must cast its vote by completing, dating and signing the ballot which has been mailed to them together with the Disclosure Statement. The ballot contains instructions concerning the deadline for submitting the ballot and to what address the ballot should be mailed.

This Disclosure Statement has been approved by the Bankruptcy Court in accordance with § 1125 of the Bankruptcy Code, and is provided to each person whose claim or interest has been scheduled by the Debtor, or who have filed a proof of claim or interest with respect to the Debtor or its property, each known equity interest holder and other parties-in-interest known to the Debtor. The Disclosure Statement is intended to assist creditors in evaluating the Plan and in determining whether to accept the Plan. In determining acceptances of the Plan, votes of creditors will only be counted if submitted by a creditor whose claim is duly scheduled by the Debtor as undisputed, non-contingent and liquidated, or who has timely filed with the Court a proof of claim or proof of interest.

The Bankruptcy Court will schedule a hearing to determine whether the requirements for confirmation under the Bankruptcy Code have been met and whether the Plan has been accepted by each impaired class and by the requisite number of creditors in such class. Under § 1126 of the Code, an impaired class is deemed to have accepted the Plan upon a favorable vote of at least two-thirds (2/3) in dollar amount and more than one-half (1/2) in number of the allowed claims of class members voting on the Plan. Further, unless there is unanimous acceptance of the Plan by an impaired class, the Court must also determine that class members will receive at least as much as they would if the Debtor were liquidated under Chapter 7 of the Code.

Even if each class of creditors does not accept the Plan, the Plan can be confirmed under \$1129(b) of the Code, so long as one impaired class of creditors accepts the Plan. The failure of each class to accept the Plan could very well result in a conversion of this case to a Chapter 7 or dismissal of the Chapter 11, and the secured creditors repossessing its collateral and disposing of it in a commercially reasonable manner with no obligation to unsecured creditors.

ARTICLE XI

MODIFICATION OF PLAN

In addition to its modification rights under §1127 of the Bankruptcy Code, the Debtor may amend or modify its Plan at any time prior to Confirmation without leave of the Court. The Debtor or the Reorganized Debtors may propose amendments and/or modifications of its Plan at any time subsequent to Confirmation with leave of the Court and upon notice to Creditors. After

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Confirmation of the Plan, the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtors may, with approve of the Court, as long as it does not materially or adversely affect the interests of Creditors, remedy any defect or omission or reconcile any inconsistencies of the Plan, or the Confirmation Order, if any may be necessary to carry out the purposes and intent of its Plan.

ARTICLE XII

CLOSING THE CASE

If the Court does not close this case on its own motion, the Debtor will move the Court to close this case once the Plan is deemed substantially consummated. Until substantial consummation, the Debtor will be responsible for filing pre- and post-confirmation reports required by the United States Trustee and paying the quarterly post-confirmation fees of the United States Trustee, in cash, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1930. Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §1129(a)(12), all fees payable under Section 1930 of Title 28, as determined by the Court at the hearing on confirmation of the Plan, will be paid, in cash, on the Effective Date.

ARTICLE XIII

DISCLAIMER

Court approval of this Disclosure Statement and the accompanying Plan of Reorganization, including exhibits, is not a certification of the accuracy of the contents thereof. Furthermore, Court approval of these documents does not constitute the Court's opinion as to whether the Plan should be approved and disapproved.

ARTICLE XIV

RISKS

The risk of the Plan lies essentially with the Debtor's ability to make the Plan payments.

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ARTICLE XV

RECOMMENDATION OF THE DEBTORS-IN-POSSESSION

The Debtor recommends that all creditors entitled to vote for the Plan do so. The alternatives to confirmation of the Plan would be either conversion of this case to a case under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code or its dismissal.

Conversion will result in the appointment of a Chapter 7 trustee and, most likely, the hiring of an attorney by the trustee. Expenses incurred in administering the Chapter 7 case will take priority in the right to payment over allowed, administrative expenses incurred in the Chapter 11 case. Both Chapter 7 and Chapter 11 administrative expenses take priority over the payment of unsecured claims without priority. In other words, conversion would likely decrease the net amount available to pay currently existing creditors. Further, a Chapter 7 proceeding would not provide the Debtor with the means to pay its Priority claims over time.

In addition, conversion could substantially delay any distribution to creditors beyond the time period for distribution defined in the Plan. A Chapter 7 trustee is not limited to specific deadlines for closing a case and distributing assets to creditors. It is not unusual for distributions in Chapter 7 cases to be delayed for years. Moreover, the return on the assets of the Estate a trustee is likely to obtain through a standard Chapter 7 liquidation could be less than the return the Plan will generate.

Dismissal of this case would leave all creditors holding unsecured claims in the position of having to institute legal proceedings to collect the debts. Outside the context of a bankruptcy case, the first creditor to collect may collect all non-exempt property, leaving nothing to be paid to remaining creditors. In addition, dismissal of this case would open the door for the Debtor to file a new bankruptcy case, which could further delay or reduce funds available to pay creditors. For all these reasons, the Debtor urge you to vote to accept the Plan and to return your ballot in time to be counted.

NO REPRESENTATIONS CONCERNING THE DEBTOR OR THE PLAN ARE AUTHORIZED OTHER THAN THOSE STATED HEREIN. YOU SHOULD NOT RELY ON ANY REPRESENTATIONS OR INDUCEMENTS CONCERNING THE PLAN OTHER THAN THOSE CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT.

THE BANKRUPTCY COURT'S APPROVAL OF THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT DOES NOT CONSTITUTE A CERTIFICATION OR RULING BY THE COURT REGARDING THE COMPLETENESS OR ACCURACY OF ANY STATEMENTS CONTAINED HEREIN.

AN ACCOUNTANT HAS NOT REVIEWED THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT OR ITS EXHIBITS. THE DEBTORS CANNOT WARRANT OR REPRESENT THAT THE INFORMATION IS WITHOUT ANY ERROR. HOWEVER, THE INFORMATION IS ACCURATE TO THE BEST OF THEIR KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF.

This Disclosure Statement is not the Plan. This Disclosure Statement, together with the Plan (Exhibit 1), should be read in its entirety before you vote on the Plan. The Plan is summarized in this Disclosure Statement, but the Plan is controlling.

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED this 31st day of August, 2017.

ELLETT LAW OFFICES, P.C.

<u>Isl Ronald J. Ellett</u> Ronald J. Ellett ELLETT LAW OFFICES, P.C. 2999 North 44th Street Suite 330 Phoenix, Arizona 85018 Attorney for Debtor

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