

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

-----X
In re : Chapter 11 Case No.
: :
GENERAL MOTORS CORP., *et al.*, : 09-____ (____)
: :
Debtors. : (Jointly Administered)
: :
-----X

NOTICE OF FINAL
ORDER ESTABLISHING NOTIFICATION
PROCEDURES AND APPROVING RESTRICTIONS ON
CERTAIN TRANSFERS OF INTERESTS IN THE DEBTORS' ESTATES

TO ALL PERSONS OR ENTITIES WITH EQUITY INTERESTS IN THE DEBTORS¹:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that on June 1, 2009 (the "Commencement Date"), General Motors Corporation ("GM") and certain of its subsidiaries and affiliates, as debtors and debtors in possession (collectively, the "Debtors") commenced a case under chapter 11 of title 11 of the United States Code (the "Bankruptcy Code"). Section 362(a) of the Bankruptcy Code operates as a stay of any act to obtain possession of property of the Debtors' estates or of property from the Debtors' estates or to exercise control over property of the Debtors' estates.

PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that on _____, the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York (the "Bankruptcy Court"), having jurisdiction over this chapter 11 case, upon motion of the Debtors (the "Motion"), entered an interim order (i) finding that the Debtors' net operating loss carryforwards ("NOLs") and certain other tax attributes, including their foreign tax credit and other excess credit carryforwards (together with the NOLs, the "Tax Attributes") are property of the Debtors' estates and are protected by section 362(a) of the Bankruptcy Code; (ii) finding that trading in GM common stock (the "GM Stock") could severely limit the Debtors' ability to use the Tax Attributes for purposes of title 26 of the United States Code (the "Tax Code"); and (iii) approving the procedures set forth below to preserve the Tax Attributes pursuant to sections 105(a) and 362(a) of the Bankruptcy Code (the "Final Order"). **ANY ACQUISITION IN VIOLATION OF THE RESTRICTIONS SET FORTH BELOW SHALL BE NULL AND VOID AB INITIO AS AN ACT IN VIOLATION OF THE AUTOMATIC STAY UNDER SECTIONS 105(A) AND 362 OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE.**

PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that the following procedures and restrictions have been approved by the Bankruptcy Court and shall apply to holding and trading in GM Stock:

¹ All capitalized terms not expressly defined herein shall have the meaning ascribed to them in the Motion.

- (1) Notice of Substantial GM Stock Ownership. Any person or Entity (as such term is defined in section 382 of the Code, including persons acting pursuant to a formal or informal understanding among themselves to make a coordinated acquisition) that beneficially owns, at any time on or after the Motion Date, GM Stock in an amount sufficient to qualify such person or Entity as a Substantial Equityholder (as hereinafter defined) shall file with the Court, and serve upon the Debtors, the attorneys for the Debtors, and the attorneys for any statutory committee of unsecured creditors appointed in these cases (the “Creditors’ Committee”), a Notice of Substantial Stock Ownership (a “Substantial Ownership Notice”), in the form annexed hereto as Exhibit E, which describes specifically and in detail the GM Stock ownership of such person or Entity, on or before the date that is the later of: (a) ten (10) days after the entry of the Interim Order or the Final Order, as applicable, and (b) ten (10) days after that person or Entity qualifies as a Substantial Equityholder. At the holder’s election, the Substantial Ownership Notice to be filed with the Court (but not such notice served upon the Debtors, the attorneys for the Debtors and the attorneys for the Creditors’ Committee) may be redacted to exclude such holder’s taxpayer identification number and the number of shares of GM Stock that such holder beneficially owns.

- (2) Acquisition of GM Stock or Options. At least fifteen (15) business days prior to the proposed date of any transfer of equity securities (including Options, as hereinafter defined, to acquire such securities) that would result in an increase in the amount of GM Stock beneficially owned by any person or Entity that currently is or subsequently becomes a Substantial Equityholder or that would result in a person or Entity becoming a Substantial Equityholder (a “Proposed Equity Acquisition Transaction”), such person, Entity or Substantial Equityholder (a “Proposed Equity Transferee”) shall file with the Court, and serve upon the Debtors, the attorneys for the Debtors, and the attorneys for the Creditors’ Committee, a Notice of Intent to Purchase, Acquire, or Otherwise Accumulate GM Stock (an “Equity Acquisition Notice”), in the form annexed hereto as Exhibit F, which describes specifically and in detail the proposed transaction in which GM Stock is to be acquired. At the holder’s election, the Equity Acquisition Notice that is filed with the Court (but not such notice served upon the Debtors, the attorneys for the Debtors and the attorneys for the Creditors’ Committee) may be redacted to exclude such holder’s taxpayer identification number and the number of shares of GM Stock that such holder beneficially owns and proposes to purchase or otherwise acquire.

- (3) Disposition of GM Stock or Options. At least fifteen (15) business days prior to the proposed date of any transfer or other disposition of equity securities (including Options to acquire such securities) that would result in a decrease in the amount of GM Stock beneficially owned by a Substantial Equityholder or that would result in a person or Entity ceasing

to be a Substantial Equityholder (a “Proposed Equity Disposition Transaction,” and together with a Proposed Equity Acquisition Transaction, a “Proposed Equity Transaction”), such person, Entity, or Substantial Equityholder (a “Proposed Equity Transferor”) shall file with the Court, and serve upon the Debtors, the attorneys for the Debtors, and the attorneys for the Creditors’ Committee, a Notice of Intent to Sell, Trade, or Otherwise Transfer GM Stock (an “Equity Disposition Notice,” and together with an Equity Acquisition Notice, an “Equity Trading Notice”), in the form annexed hereto as Exhibit G, which describes specifically and in detail the proposed transaction in which GM Stock would be transferred. At the holder’s election, the Equity Disposition Notice that is filed with the Court (but not such notice served upon the Debtors, the attorneys for the Debtors and the attorneys for the Creditors’ Committee) may be redacted to exclude such holder’s taxpayer identification number and the number of shares of GM Stock that such holder beneficially owns and proposes to sell or otherwise transfer.

- (4) Objection Procedures. The Debtors and the Creditors’ Committee shall have ten (10) business days after the filing of an Equity Trading Notice (the “Equity Objection Deadline”) to file with the Court and serve on a Proposed Equity Transferee or a Proposed Equity Transferor, as the case may be, an objection to any proposed transfer of equity securities (including Options to acquire such securities) described in such Equity Trading Notice on the grounds that such transfer may adversely affect the Debtors’ ability to utilize the Tax Attributes (an “Equity Objection”) as a result of an ownership change under section 382 or section 383 of the Tax Code.
- (i) If the Debtors or the Creditors’ Committee file an Equity Objection by the Equity Objection Deadline, then the Proposed Equity Transaction shall not be effective unless approved by a final and nonappealable order of this Court.
- (ii) If the Debtors or the Creditors’ Committee do not file an Equity Objection by the Equity Objection Deadline, or if the Debtors and the Creditors’ Committee provide written authorization to the Proposed Equity Transferee or the Proposed Equity Transferor, as the case may be, approving the Proposed Equity Transaction, prior to the Equity Objection Deadline, then such Proposed Equity Transaction may proceed solely as specifically described in the Equity Trading Notice. Any further Proposed Equity Transaction must be the subject of additional notices as set forth herein with an additional fifteen (15) business day waiting period.
- (5) Unauthorized Transactions in GM Stock or Options. Effective as of the date of the filing of this Motion and until further order of the Court to the contrary, any acquisition, disposition or other transfer of equity securities

(including Options to acquire such securities) of the Debtors in violation of the procedures set forth herein shall be null and void *ab initio* as an act in violation of the automatic stay under sections 105(a) and 362 of the Bankruptcy Code.

- (6) Definitions. For purposes of this Motion and the Order, the following terms have the following meanings:
- (i) Substantial Equityholder. A “Substantial Equityholder” is any person or Entity that beneficially owns at least 27,000,000 shares of GM’s common stock (“GM Common Stock”) (representing approximately 4.5% of all issued and outstanding shares of GM’s common stock).
 - (ii) Beneficial Ownership. “Beneficial ownership” (or any variation thereof of GM Stock and Options to acquire GM Stock) shall be determined in accordance with applicable rules under section 382 of the Tax Code, the U.S. Department of Treasury regulations (“Treasury Regulations”) promulgated thereunder and rulings issued by the Internal Revenue Service, and, thus, to the extent provided in those rules, from time to time shall include, without limitation, (A) direct and indirect ownership (*e.g.*, a holding company would be considered to beneficially own all stock owned or acquired by its subsidiaries), (B) ownership by a holder’s family members and any group of persons acting pursuant to a formal or informal understanding to make a coordinated acquisition of stock, and (C) in certain cases, the ownership of an Option to acquire GM Stock.
 - (iii) Option. An “Option” to acquire stock includes any contingent purchase, warrant, convertible debt, put, stock subject to risk of forfeiture, contract to acquire stock, or similar interest regardless of whether it is contingent or otherwise not currently exercisable; and
 - (iv) GM Stock. “GM Stock” shall mean GM Common Stock. For the avoidance of doubt, by operation of the definition of beneficial ownership, an owner of an Option to acquire GM Stock may be treated as the owner of such GM Stock.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE PROCEDURES SET FORTH IN THIS NOTICE WILL CONSTITUTE A VIOLATION OF THE AUTOMATIC STAY PRESCRIBED BY SECTION 362 OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE.

ANY PROHIBITED ACQUISITION, DISPOSITION OR OTHER TRANSFER OF GM STOCK IN VIOLATION OF THE FINAL ORDER WILL BE NULL AND VOID *AB INITIO* AND MAY LEAD TO CONTEMPT, COMPENSATORY

DAMAGES, PUNITIVE DAMAGES, OR SANCTIONS BEING IMPOSED BY THE BANKRUPTCY COURT.

THE DEBTORS MAY WAIVE, IN WRITING, ANY AND ALL RESTRICTIONS, STAYS, AND NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES CONTAINED IN THE FINAL ORDER, PROVIDED THAT PENDING AND AFTER THE 363 TRANSACTION, THE DEBTORS SHALL NOT GRANT ANY WAIVER WITHOUT THE WRITTEN CONSENT OF NEW GM, WHICH CONSENT SHALL NOT BE UNREASONABLY WITHHELD.

PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that any person or entity desirous of acquiring an interest restricted by the Final Order may request relief for cause at any time and the Debtors may oppose such relief.

PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that the requirements set forth in this Notice are in addition to the requirements of Bankruptcy Rule 3001(e) and applicable securities, corporate, and other laws, and do not excuse compliance therewith.

Dated: New York, New York
June____, 2009

United States Bankruptcy Judge