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UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS
EASTERN DIVISION

IN RE:)	
)	
7 BAY CORP.)	Chapter 11
)	Case No. 15-14885-FJB
Debtor)	
)	

DEBTOR’S DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IN SUPPORT OF DEBTOR’S PLAN OF REORGANIZATION

I. INTRODUCTION

This Disclosure Statement has been prepared by the above Debtor and Debtor-in-Possession, 7 Bay Corp, and its counsel (“Debtor”)

On December 17, 2015, the above Debtor filed a voluntary petition seeking relief under Chapter 11. The United States Bankruptcy Court has not passed upon the accuracy or content of any of the representations contained herein. Each creditor or party-in-interest is urged to make a determination based upon the Plan of Reorganization proffered by the Debtor dated June 14, 2016 (the “Plan”), to which this Disclosure Statement pertains, based upon his/her/its own particular interests. A copy of the Plan is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

The Date of this Disclosure Statement is June 14, 2016.

The Debtor is filing a Plan of Reorganization with this Court along with this Disclosure Statement (hereinafter the "Plan" and "Disclosure"). Various definitions indicated in the Plan are specifically incorporated by reference herein.

Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. sec. 1125, the Debtor must provide all known creditors with a Disclosure Statement, which has been approved by the Court, after notice and a hearing. The within Disclosure Statement should be reviewed carefully by each and every party in rendering a determination whether to accept or reject the Plan. The Debtor and Proponent recommend that you vote to accept the Plan. Each creditor should, however, review the Plan and this Disclosure Statement and all of its exhibits carefully, in their entirety, and determine whether or not to accept or reject the Plan based upon that creditor's independent judgment and evaluation. The description of the Plan in this Disclosure Statement is in summary form and is qualified by reference to the actual terms and conditions of the Plan, which should be reviewed carefully before making a decision to accept or reject the Plan.

The purpose of this Disclosure Statement is to provide creditors, note holders and stockholders adequate information regarding the prior history and current affairs of the Debtor and certain information about the Debtor so as to enable them to make a reasoned judgment as to whether or not to vote for the Plan of Reorganization.

NO REPRESENTATIONS CONCERNING THE DEBTOR, PARTICULARLY CONCERNING THE VALUE OF ITS PROPERTY, ARE AUTHORIZED BY THE DEBTOR OTHER THAN AS SET FORTH IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT. ANY REPRESENTATION MADE TO SECURE ACCEPTANCE OF THE PLAN WHICH IS OTHER THAN AS CONTAINED IN THE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT SHOULD NOT BE RELIED UPON BY ANY CREDITOR.

INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN AND THE EXHIBITS ANNEXED HERETO HAVE NOT BEEN SUBJECT TO A CERTIFIED AUDIT. NOTHING CONTAINED HEREIN SHALL CONSTITUTE AN ADMISSION OF ANY FACT OR LIABILITY BY ANY PARTY, OR BE ADMISSIBLE IN ANY PROCEEDING INVOLVING THE DEBTOR OR ANY OTHER PARTY. THE RECORDS KEPT BY THE DEBTOR ARE NOT WARRANTED OR REPRESENTED TO BE WITHOUT ANY INACCURACY OR OMISSION. HOWEVER, EVERY EFFORT HAS BEEN MADE TO BE ACCURATE AND COMPLETE.

The Debtor believes that the Plan will maximize the return to creditors on their Claims. **ACCORDINGLY, THE DEBTOR URGES ALL CREDITORS TO VOTE IN FAVOR OF THE PLAN.**

INFORMATION ABOUT THE REORGANIZATION PROCESS

1.1 Purpose Of Disclosure Statement

This Disclosure Statement includes background information about the Debtor and also identifies the classes into which creditors have been placed by the Plan. The Disclosure Statement describes the proposed treatment of each of those classes if the Plan is confirmed. In addition, this Disclosure Statement contains information concerning the Debtor's future prospects in the event of confirmation or, in the alternative, the prospects if confirmation is denied or the proposed Plan does not become effective.

Upon approval by the Bankruptcy Court, this Disclosure Statement and the Exhibits described will have been found to contain, in accordance with the provisions of the Bankruptcy Code, adequate information of a kind and in sufficient detail that would enable a reasonable, hypothetical investor typical of a holder of impaired claims or interests to make an informed judgment about the Plan. Approval of this Disclosure Statement by the Bankruptcy Court, however, does not constitute a recommendation by the Bankruptcy Court either for or against the Plan.

1.2 Voting Procedure

All creditors entitled to vote on the Plan may cast their votes for or against the Plan by completing, dating, signing and causing the Ballot Form accompanying this Disclosure Statement to be returned to the following address or via facsimile:

**McAuliffe & Associates, P.C.
430 Lexington Street
Newton, MA 02466
Fax: 617-558-6882**

Ballots must be received **on or before 4:30 P.M. (EST) on _____, 2016** to be counted in the voting. Ballots received after this time will not be counted in the voting unless the Bankruptcy Court so orders.

As prescribed by the Bankruptcy Code and the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, Claims asserted against, and equity interests in, the Debtor are placed into “classes”. The Plan designates eight separate Classes of Claims and Interests. The classification of Claims and Interests and the treatment of each Class is discussed in detail in Debtor’s Plan of Reorganization.

The Debtor believes that the Plan provides the best possible recoveries to the claimants and that acceptance of the Plan is in the best interest of every class of claimants. Accordingly, the Debtor recommends a vote for “ACCEPTANCE” of the Plan.

1.3 Ballots

Accompanying this Disclosure Statement are appropriate Ballots for acceptance or rejection of the Plan. Each party in interest entitled to vote on the Plan will receive a Ballot (for each class of claim or interest to which it belongs). Because some parties may be in more than one class for voting purposes, in some instances more than one Ballot has been included with the Disclosure Statement.

Members of Classes Two, Three, Four, Five, Six, and Eight are impaired and are voting Classes. Each member of a voting Class will be asked to vote for acceptance or rejection of the Plan. A party who holds claims in more than one Class should complete a Ballot for each Class with respect to the applicable portion of its claim included in each Class.

Any completed ballot received that does not indicate either an acceptance or rejection of the Plan or that indicates both an acceptance and a rejection of the Plan will be counted as accepting the Plan.

1.4 The Confirmation Hearing

The Bankruptcy Court has scheduled a hearing on confirmation of the Plan to commence on _____, 2016 at _____.m., or as soon thereafter as the parties can be heard. The Confirmation Hearing will be held before the Honorable Frank J. Bailey, United States Bankruptcy Judge, at John W. McCormack Post Office & Courthouse, 5 Post Office Square, Boston, Massachusetts. At the hearing, the Bankruptcy Court will consider whether the Plan satisfies the various requirements of the Bankruptcy Code, including whether it is feasible and whether it is in the best interests of holders of claims and interests. The Bankruptcy Court will also receive and consider a Report of Plan Voting prepared by the Debtor and summarizing the votes for acceptance or rejection of the Plan by the parties entitled to vote.

1.5 Acceptances Necessary To Confirm Plan

At the Confirmation Hearing, the Bankruptcy Court must determine, among other things, whether each impaired Class has accepted the Plan. Under Section 1126 of the Bankruptcy Code, an impaired Class is deemed to have accepted the Plan if at least 2/3 in amount and more than 1/2 in number of the Allowed Claims of Class members who have voted to accept or reject the Plan have voted for acceptance of the Plan. Further, unless there is acceptance of the Plan by all members of an impaired Class, the Bankruptcy Court must also determine that under the Plan, Class members will receive property of a value, as of the Effective Date of the Plan, that is not less than the amount that such Class members would receive or retain if the Debtor was liquidated under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code on the Effective Date of the Plan.

1.6 Confirmation of The Plan Without The Necessary Acceptances.

The Plan may be confirmed even if it is not accepted by one or all of the impaired Classes if the Bankruptcy Court finds that the Plan does not discriminate unfairly against and is fair and equitable as to such Class or Classes. This provision is set forth in Section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code and requires that, among other things, the claimants must either receive the full value of their claims or, if they receive less, no Class with junior liquidation priority may receive anything. This is known as the “absolute priority rule.”

The Debtor may, at its option, choose to rely on Section 1129(b) to seek confirmation of the Plan if it is not accepted by all impaired Classes of Creditors. The Debtor may make any such modifications or amendments to the Plan, and any such modifications or amendments shall be filed with the Court and served on all parties in interest entitled to receive notice of the Confirmation Hearing, at least one (1) day prior to such hearing. In the event that the Debtor determines to modify or amend the plan to effectuate a “cramdown” the filing and service of the modifications and amendments, if any, in accordance with this paragraph shall be deemed to be adequate notice of the Debtor’s intention to seek “cramdown” and no other notice will be required. In the event that the Debtor determines to seek “cramdown” without modifying or amending the Plan, the Debtor shall not be required to file or serve any notice in connection therewith. All holders of Claims and Interest are hereby advised that the Debtor may seek “cramdown” of the Plan in its current form over the rejecting votes of any impaired Class at the Confirmation Hearing without further notice.

Nothing contained in the foregoing paragraph shall limit the ability of the Debtor to modify the Plan at or before the Confirmation Hearing, subject to Bankruptcy Court approval, without further notice.

II. THE DEBTOR

The Debtor owns the remaining development rights for 9 units in a fully permitted waterfront condominium parcel of real property located on 7 Bay Street in Hull, MA. The original project consisted of 11 units, of which 2 have been sold to third parties. The Debtor was formed in 2006 by Steven Buckley, (the principal and owner of the 100% of the shares) to

develop the Real Property. Mr. Buckley commenced the permitting process on this Project in 1998 prior to forming the Debtor Corporation. After receiving the permits in 2006, Mr. Buckley formed the Debtor and purchased the land. Thereafter, he spent approximately 6 years obtaining the construction financing necessary to complete the buildout of the flood resistant foundation, weathertight “shell and cap” of the building, complete the interior systems (electrical & plumbing, etc), frame interior units to the studs and board as well as common areas and outside landscaping

III. PROBLEMS LEADING TO CHAPTER 11 FILING

In March 2013, Debtor obtained a \$2,600,000 construction loan from United Bank in addition to a \$375,000 revolving line of credit. As part of these loans, United Bank obtained additional collateral to secure its obligations on real property owned by Mr. Buckley at 10 Malta Street, Hull, MA and 51 Manomet Street, Hull, Massachusetts.

A. Geisser Lawsuit

In mid-2013, a dispute arose between the general contractor of the project, Pentagon Construction (also owned 100% by Steven Buckley) and Dennis P. Geisser & Sons d/b/a Atlas Systems of New England (“Geisser”) with respect to the work being completed by Geisser on the Debtor’s property. Geisser was contracted to install the foundation and piers. The Debtor filed a civil action against Geisser in Plymouth Superior Court (PLCV2013-00860) and Geisser filed a mechanic’s lien against the Debtor’s property and initiated its own lawsuit against the Debtor and Pentagon (PLCV2013-1018). Both of these civil actions have been consolidated. In order to sell Unit #1 of the project, Mr. Buckley purchased a bond in May 2015 in order to provide payment in the event Geisser prevailed on a judgment. On May 5, 2016 Debtor filed a stipulation of settlement with Geisser, which resolves the claims of Geisser, the Debtor and Pentagon¹. This Settlement Agreement was approved by the Bankruptcy Court on May 27, 2016. The Debtor will receive \$20,000 from the settlement when the funds are paid over by US Surety Insurance.

¹ Pentagon is a building and construction contractor wholly owned by the Debtor’s principal as discussed, *infra*.

B. National Lumber

On or about October 10, 2014, Debtor granted a lien to National Lumber in the approximate amount of \$243,041.22. The basis of this lien was a Credit Agreement between Pentagon Construction, Inc. and National Lumber. The purpose of this mortgage was “ ...to secure the full payment and satisfaction of all current and future obligations owed to National by an entity known as Pentagon Construction, Inc...” (Plymouth County Registry of Deeds; Book 44842, Page 180) for sums due for Nationals sale and delivery of lumber and building materials on credit or account to Pentagon, dated from December 2009.

C. Avidia Bank

Further, on or about March 2015, Debtor granted a mortgage to Avidia Bank in the amount of \$250,000². The basis of this mortgage was a Revolving Demand Note between Pentagon Construction, the Debtor and Avidia evidenced by a Note between the Debtor, Pentagon and Avidia. The Debtor, Pentagon and Steven Buckley, principal of both the Debtor and Pentagon executed Unlimited Guarantees of the Revolving Demand Note. All the funds borrowed from Avidia were directly deposited to an account under the name of Pentagon Construction and primarily for the benefit of Pentagon and its business which is the general contractor for the Debtor’s project. A portion of these funds were used to construct the interior of the units and common areas.

D. Sale of Unit #1

In May 2015, Debtor completed Unit #1 as well as the model Unit #3. Debtor sold Unit#1 for \$585,000, and from the sale proceeds United Bank received \$450,000 towards its loan. Based on Debtor’s communications with the loan officer which worked for UB’s predecessor and placed this loan, it was Debtor’s understanding that a portion of these sale proceeds would be applied to pay down the Revolving Loan Note in order to provide further capital for Debtor to finish construction of the Units. This did not occur. United credited the

² Debtor asserts that pursuant to bankruptcy and non-bankruptcy law the amount, extent, validity and priority of this lien is subject to Bankruptcy Court determination. In conjunction with the filing of its Disclosure statement and Plan of Reorganization, the Debtor will file the appropriate adversary proceeding to determine the amount, extent, validity, and priority of the claim/lien, but until a determination is made by this Court Debtor will maintain the status quo of the lien rights asserted. Any payments made to Avidia will be subject to Court determination on the application of the funds.

entire \$450,000 towards the original \$2,600,000 infrastructure loan and thereafter provided no additional capital to the Debtor to complete construction of the remaining Units. In or around June 2015, United declared a default against the Debtor and initiated foreclosure proceedings. A foreclosure auction was scheduled for December 17, 2016, and Debtor filed the within bankruptcy proceeding prior to that auction. Upon information and belief, on or about December 16, 2015, United assigned the Debtor's notes and mortgages to an affiliate UB Properties, LLC.

IV. DEBTOR'S CHAPTER 11 FILING

Debtor filed the within chapter 11 bankruptcy case on December 17, 2015 in order to halt a foreclosure of the real property initiated by United Bank and protect the interests of the junior lienholders, trade creditors and equity interests. On December 30, 2015, United filed a *Motion for Order Determining the Debtor is a Single Asset Real Estate Debtor within the Meaning of 11 U.S.C. sec. 101(51B)*. The Debtor did not oppose this motion and on January 19, 2016 the Court entered an order determining the Debtor to be a single-asset real estate case. In or around January 20, 2016, the Debtor filed applications to employ Saul Cohen as its real estate broker to continue the marketing and sale of the Units and to employ Barry Gordon, Esq., as Special Counsel to assist in the closing of the Units. Further on January 20, 2016, the Debtor filed a *Motion for Interim and Final Order Authorizing Debtor to Obtain Debtor-in-Possession Financing Under 11 U.S.C. § 364 on an Unsecured Basis* (doc. no. 31) ("Unsecured Financing Motion"). Pentagon Construction, the entity wholly owned by Debtor's principal, Steven Buckley, agreed to expend its own funds in order to complete the work on Unit #3 in order to sell the Unit. The Unsecured Financing Motion was approved by this Court on February 5, 2016 and Pentagon was able to complete the work needed on Unit #3.

In addition, on January 20, 2016 Debtor filed a *Motion for Order Authorizing Private Sale of Property of the Estate* (doc. no. 30) ("Sale Motion") in order to sell Unit #3. The Sale Motion was objected to by United, National Lumber and Avidia. After two hearings on the Sale Motion, this Court allowed the Unit#3 sale, over the objections of National Lumber and Avidia on February 5, 2016 ("Sale Order"). On February 16, 2016 Avidia filed a notice of appeal of the Sale Order to the United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts. No stay of the Sale Order was obtained by Avidia and on February 29, 2016 Unit #3 was sold to Steven and Jean Roche. From the proceeds of the sale, after the ordinary and customary costs of

closing, United received \$475,000. The appeal of Avidia has subsequently been dismissed by the United States District Court for failure to prosecute.

Further, on March 4, 2016 Debtor filed a *Motion for Authorization of (1) Use of Cash Collateral, (2) Granting of Replacement Liens, and (3) Additional Relief* (doc no. 109) (“Cash Collateral Motion”) for use of \$40,424 of remaining proceeds from the sale of Unit #3. United, National and Avidia objected to the Cash Collateral Motion. After an interim hearing, on March 11, 2016 this Court granted Debtor’s limited use of Cash Collateral in order to make an interest payment to United and to pay insurance. On March 29, 2016 the Court held a final hearing on the Cash Collateral Motion and allowed Debtor’s use of the funds in accordance with a supplemental budget submitted to the Court.

On March 25, 2016, United filed a *Motion for Relief from the Automatic Stay* (doc. no. 141) (“Relief Motion”), seeking relief to foreclose on Debtor’s property. Debtor, National Lumber, and Avidia filed oppositions to the Relief Motion on March 28, 2016 and a non-evidentiary hearing was held on the Relief Motion on March 29, 2016. The Court held an evidentiary hearing on the Relief Motion for April 25, 2016, and on May 16, 2016. On May 26, 2016 the Court denied the Relief Motion.

Finally, on March 28, 2016, the Debtor submitted a *Motion for an Order Authorizing PostPetition Financing on a First Priority Secured Basis* (doc. no. 146) (“DIP Financing Motion”) in order to obtain \$275,000 in debtor-in-possession financing from A.E. Kingsley on a first-priority secured basis. The funds will be use to complete Unit #2 and a second unit and the proceeds from the sale of these units will be used to pay Kingsley, and the secured lenders, as well as provide additional funds to complete the remaining units. Unit #2 is currently under agreement for sale and is waiting for Debtor to obtain the funds needed to complete construction of the Units. The Court held an evidentiary hearing on Debtor’s DIP Financing Motion on April 25, 2016 and May 16, 2016. Debtor filed a *Supplement to Motion for an Order Authorizing PostPetition Financing on a First Priority Secured Basis* on May 18, 2016 (“DIP Financing Supplement”) in order to update the information and cure any deficiencies. United filed an objection to the DIP Financing Supplement. The Court denied the Debtor’s DIP Financing Motion, without prejudice, and scheduled a hearing on the DIP Financing Supplement for June 15, 2016.

V. **DEBTOR'S POST-PETITION PLAN**

Debtor filed its DIP Financing Motion in order to complete construction of the remaining Units and pay all allowed claim in full. The financing is a revolving \$275,000 Note/loan facility that extends credit to complete units under agreement and is repaid as units are sold. In accordance with Exhibit B attached hereto, Debtor will use the DIP financing to complete construction of Units #2 and additional units as they are put under agreement for sale and use the proceeds from the sale of these Units to pay down secured lenders and continue construction of the remaining units.

Financing for Project Completion

Debtor entered into a term sheet with AE Kingsley, LLC and T Barry O'Brien for a \$275,000 one year term loan to finish construction of Unit #2 and commence work on the next unit under agreement. The loan agreement provides that upon completion and sale of the two units, the DIP Lender will provide additional financing for a third unit provided a binding and enforceable purchase and sale agreement has been executed. In addition, Debtor's budget provides for Debtor to retain a portion of the sale proceeds to be used to fund construction of the units as well. After the sale of the three units, Debtor anticipates either continuing to work with the DIP Lender to complete construction of the Project or obtaining conventional financing in order to complete the project and payoff the allowed UB claim.

The cohesive and comprehensive financing plan presented in this Plan is based upon the Debtor's ability to pay 100% of the allowed secured and unsecured claims, through the Debtor's completion of the Project.

Sales & Marketing Plan

Sales & Marketing Team: The engine of the sales & marketing efforts will be Justine Augenstern and Stan Augenstern of Hammond Residential Realty, both highly-seasoned sales professionals. "Co-broke" sales will continue to be actively promoted through broker outreach efforts. Throughout the chapter 11 proceedings, the brokers have received numerous inquiries about the project. While expressing serious interest, no party will make an offer while the

financing has not been obtained and the construction is not proceeding. Debtor believes that once construction and completion of units begins, activity will substantially increase and Debtor will receive offers to purchase at a more rapid pace.

Summary

In summary, it is the Debtor's belief that the history of the Project and the financial analysis and projections provided herein demonstrate the ability of the Debtor to successfully complete this project and is the best qualified entity to complete the project. As a matter of equity and this Debtor's right under the Bankruptcy Code, the Debtor should, along with Pentagon Construction as the Project's construction manager and the owner of all of the Project permits and the exclusive licensee of all of the Project plans and designs, be provided with the opportunity to build, sell and complete this Project as originally intended and as originally contemplated at the initiation of the Loan with all secured lenders.

Causes of Action

United Bank

Debtor believes it has a cause of action against United for *inter alia* (1) Breach of Contract; (2) Breach of Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing; and (3) Violation of M.G.L. ch. 93A – Unfair and Deceptive Practices. In addition, Debtor will object to the claim of United. On April 29, 2016 United filed a proof of claim in Debtor's case in the amount of \$2,761,533.17 plus fees, costs and ongoing interest. Debtor believes that United has not credited the \$475,000 paid to it from the sale of Unit #3. Debtor will file an adversary proceeding against United.

National Lumber

Debtor intends to file an adversary proceeding against National Lumber in order to strip its lien on the property. Debtor granted this mortgage to secure the obligations of Pentagon Construction under a Credit Agreement between Pentagon and National Lumber.

Avidia Bank

Debtor intends to file an adversary proceeding against Avidia Bank in order to strip its lien on Debtor's property. All funds borrowed from Avidia were directly deposited into an

account under the name of Pentagon Construction and primarily for the benefit of Pentagon and its business. A portion of these funds were used to construct the interior of the units and common areas. Avidia had filed State Court actions against the Debtor, Pentagon and Mr. Buckley. Injunctions obtained at the outset of the case by Avidia against the defendants were later dissolved by the State Court.

Dennis P. Geisser & Sons

Geisser holds a mechanics lien against Debtor's property under a contract between Pentagon and Geisser. Pentagon and the Debtor have asserted claim and counterclaims against the Debtor. As previously stated there is currently a bond in the approximate amount of \$73,000 in place against the mechanics lien. In May 2015, Judge Robert C. Cosgrove, in Plymouth Superior Court determined that no contract claims exist between the Debtor and Geisser, however, the Debtor still holds claims against Geisser for misrepresentation and violations of M.G.L. ch. 93A. On May 5, 2016 Debtor and Geisser filed a Motion to Approve Compromise of Claim. The Parties have agreed to settle all claims against each other and from the bond posted against Geisser's mechanic's lien and Debtor will receive \$20,000, Geisser will receive \$26,000 and the remaining funds will be paid to Pentagon Construction or Steven Buckley. Mr. Buckley intends to use the funds to continue to support this project via Pentagon Construction.

Mina Kairalla

On March 28, 2016 Mina Kairalla filed a proof of claim in the amount of \$300,000 asserting that he holds a purchase agreement for one of the development units. On April 24, 2016 Debtor objected to the claim asserting Mr. Kairalla was a lender/investor in the project and that the agreement between the parties was a security agreement. Debtor further objected to the claim and states that Mr. Kairalla does not hold a right to purchase a unit for \$300,000 and in addition, Debtor has repaid over \$100,000 of the funds loaned by Mr. Kairalla. A non-evidentiary hearing was held on May 16, 2016 and continued to June 28, 2016. On June 13, 2016 Kairalla filed an adversary proceeding against the Debtor demanding specific performance of the agreement. Debtor will file its answer and counterclaims asserting *inter alia* that the debt claimed by Mr. Kairalla is subject to recharacterization and that Kairalla breached his contractual relationship with the Debtor and its principal.

VI. PROPOSED PLAN OF REORGANIZATION

In addition to the preceding summary of the unit sales and the payment and release schedule proposed in Article VI above the following is a summary of the significant provisions of the Plan of Reorganization and is qualified in its entirety by the provisions of the Plan itself, a copy of which accompanies this Disclosure Statement. In the event and to the extent that the description of the Plan of Reorganization contained in this Disclosure Statement, is inconsistent with any provisions of the Plan of Reorganization, the provisions of the Plan of Reorganization shall control and take precedence. All creditors are urged to carefully read the Plan of Reorganization.

The amounts set forth as due to holders of unclassified and classified claims are estimates only, based upon the Debtor's Schedules and/or its beliefs as to amounts due to holders of the various claims. The Debtor has not completed a claims review based upon the proofs of claims that have been filed although it believes disputed claims will be minimal. The ultimate amount due to the various holders of claims will be determined upon completion of the claims objection process.

The following is a summary of the significant provisions of the Plan and is qualified in its entirety by the provisions of the Plan, a copy of which accompanies this Disclosure Statement. In the event and to the extent that the description of the Plan contained in this Disclosure Statement is inconsistent with any provisions of the Plan, the provisions of the Plan shall control and take precedence. All creditors are urged to carefully read the Plan.

6.1 Unclassified Claims.³

As provided in Section 1123(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, Administrative Expense Claims and Priority Tax Claims are not classified for the purposes of voting on, or receiving

³ Any description in this section of the Disclosure Statement of any claim against the Debtor does not constitute an admission that the claim is an Allowed Claim or that the Debtor agrees with the amount of the claim. The Debtor reserves all of its rights, claims and defenses with respect to any and all claims.

distributions under, the Plan. All such Claims are instead treated separately in accordance with the terms set forth in Article II of the Plan.

A. Administrative Expense Claims.

The Debtor is liable for all post-petition administrative claims that accrue prior to Plan confirmation. Exclusive of Professional Fees, the Debtor estimates that there will be minimal administrative expense claims. For the period from the Petition Date through the date of this Disclosure Statement, the Debtor utilized its cash from operations to pay all administrative claims as those claims arose.

Under the Plan, Administrative Expense Claims are treated as follows:

(1) General. Except for Professional Fee Claims and except as otherwise agreed to by the Debtor and the holder of an Allowed Administrative Expense Claim, each such holder shall be paid in full in Cash on the earlier of: (i) the date such Allowed Administrative Expense Claim becomes due in accordance with its terms; and (ii) the Effective Date. If the Debtor disputes any portion of an Administrative Expense Claim, the Debtors shall pay the Allowed amount of such Administrative Expense Claim within five (5) days after the entry of a Non-Appealable Order with respect to the allowance of such disputed Administrative Expense Claim.

(2) U.S. Trustee's Fees. The outstanding fees due to the United States Trustee pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 1930 shall be paid in full on or before the Effective Date.

(3) Professional Compensation and Expense Reimbursement Claims.

- (i) Within thirty (30) days after the Effective Date, each Professional shall file a final application for the allowance of compensation for services rendered or reimbursement of expenses incurred through and including the Effective Date. Any such application granted by the Bankruptcy Court shall be paid: (1) within fifteen days of the entry of the order of the Bankruptcy Court approving such application, unless a stay of the order approving the application is obtained; or (2) upon such other terms as may be mutually agreed upon between the Professional and the Debtor or Reorganized Debtor.
- (ii) All fees and expenses of Professionals for services rendered after the Effective Date shall be paid by the Reorganized Debtor upon receipt of reasonably detailed invoices in such amounts and on such terms as such Professional and the Reorganized Debtor may agree. No further order or authorization from the Bankruptcy Court shall be necessary to permit the Reorganized Debtor to pay the fees and expenses of Professionals for services rendered after the Effective Date.
- (iii) Real Estate brokers employed by the Estate (Hammond) are paid upon the closing of each sale as approved and allowed by the Court.

- (iv) The appraiser, Stephen De Castro, employed by the Debtor has been paid by Mr. Buckley and will be paid the balance owed (\$3,180) from the funds received by Mr. Buckley from the bond.

B. Priority Tax Claims.

At the sole election of the Debtor, each holder of an Allowed Priority Tax Claim against each such Debtor, if any, shall be paid either: (a) upon such terms as may be agreed to between the Debtor and the holder of an Allowed Priority Tax Claim; (b) in full in Cash on the later of the Effective Date or the date that such Allowed Priority Tax Claim would have been due if the Bankruptcy Cases had not been commenced; or (c) in installment payments of Cash commencing on the Effective Date and (i) of a total value as of the Effective Date equal to the Allowed amount of such Claim, (ii) over a period ending not later than five (5) years from the Petition Date, and (iii) in a manner not less favorable than the most favored General Unsecured Claim under the Plan (other than the manner provided to the holders of Convenience Class Claims).

6.2 Classification.

The Claims against and Equity Interests in the Debtor are categorized below for all purposes under the Plan including voting, confirmation and distribution pursuant to sections 1122 and 1123(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code. A Claim or Equity Interest is classified in a particular Class only to the extent that the Claim or Equity Interest qualifies within the description of that Class, and is classified in other Classes to the extent that any portion of the Claim or Equity Interest falls within the description of such other Classes. A Claim is placed in a particular Class for the purpose of receiving distributions pursuant to the Plan only to the extent that such Claim is an Allowed Claim in that Class and such Claim has not been paid, released or otherwise settled prior to the Effective Date.

6.2.1 Class 1 – A.E. Kingsley, LLC.

- (a) Classification. Class 1 consists of the Allowed A.E. Kingsley Secured Claims.
- (b) Impairment and Voting. The Allowed AE Kingsley Secured Claim is unimpaired under the Plan. The holder of the Allowed AE Kingsley Secured Claim shall not be entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.
- (c) Claim Treatment. In full and complete satisfaction, settlement, discharge and release of the Allowed AE Kingsley Secured Claim, the holder of the Allowed AE Kingsley Secured Claim shall receive payment in accordance with the terms of the Term Letter dated March 14, 2016, the Loan Documents and the DIP Financing Motion, as approved by entry of a court order, if any, or (ii) treatment as agreed between the respective Debtor and the holder of the Allowed AE Kingsley Secured Claim.

- (d) Liens. The Liens held by the holder of the Allowed AE Kingsley Secured Claim shall be treated as follows.
- (i) Retention of Liens. The Liens on AE Kingsley's Collateral shall be retained by the holder of the Allowed AE Kingsley Claim to secure the payment of the Allowed AE Kingsley Claim pursuant to the Plan.
- (ii) Release of Liens. With respect to a sale of AE Kingsley's Collateral under the Plan, the Liens on AE Kingsley's Collateral shall be discharged and released as follows:
- (1) Notice of Closing. The Debtor shall provide the holder of the Allowed AE Kingsley Secured Claim with at least five (5) days' notice of the scheduled closing of a sale of AE Kingsley's Collateral under the Plan, which include the units that are completed and sold (or refinanced) as a result of the AE Kingsley funding.
- (2) Delivery of Discharge. At least two (2) Business Days prior to the scheduled closing of a sale or a refinancing of AE Kingsley's Collateral, the holder of the Allowed AE Kingsley's Secured Claim shall deliver to closing attorney a discharge and release of its Liens on the Collateral to be sold/refinanced.
- (3) Payment/Recording of Discharge. Within one (1) Business Day after the closing of a sale/refinance of AE Kingsley's Collateral, the Reorganized Debtor shall deliver the proceeds of such sale to the holder of the Allowed AE Kingsley Secured Claim in accordance with the terms of the DIP Financing Motion. Upon the delivery of the proceeds of the transfer of AE Kingsley's Collateral to the holder of the Allowed AE Kingsley Secured Claim, AE Kingsley's Lien on the Collateral sold or refinanced shall be deemed discharged and released, and the closing attorney shall cause the discharge and release of the Lien on the Collateral to be recorded.
- (iii) Discharge of Liens. Upon payment in full of the Allowed AE Kingsley Secured Claim against the Debtor: (i) all Liens securing the Allowed AE Kingsley Secured Claim against such Debtor shall be deemed canceled, discharged and released, and (ii) the holder of the Allowed AE Kingsley Secured Claim shall deliver to the Reorganized Debtor, within one (1) Business Day of the payment in full of the Allowed AE Kingsley Secured Claim, all UCC terminations, mortgage discharges and any other documents

necessary to effect the discharge and release of the Liens on the Debtor's Property.

- (e) Indubitable Equivalent. The holder of the Allowed AE Kingsley Secured Claim shall receive such additional or other treatment as may be necessary, as agreed to between the Debtor and the holder of the Allowed AE Kingsley Claim or as determined by the Bankruptcy Court, to permit the holder of the Allowed AE Kingsley Secured Claim to realize the indubitable equivalent of its Allowed Claim.
- (f) Loan Documents. As of the Effective Date, the AE Kingsley Loan Documents shall be deemed amended and restated, without further action, as necessary to reflect and incorporate the terms of the Plan. To the extent that there is any inconsistency between the Plan and any of the AE Kingsley Loan Documents, the terms of the Plan shall control.

6.2.2 Class 2 – UB Properties, LLC Secured Claim.

- (a) Classification. Class 2 consists of the Allowed UB Properties, LLC Secured Claim.
- (b) Impairment and Voting. The Allowed UB Secured Claim is impaired under the Plan. The holder of the Allowed UB Secured Claim shall be entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.
- (c) Claim Treatment. In full and complete satisfaction, settlement, discharge and release of the Allowed UB Secured Claim, the holder of the Allowed UB Secured Claim shall receive either: (i) payments in accordance with the release price stated in the Distribution Schedule attached as Exhibit B to this Disclosure Statement, until their allowed claim as determined by this Court is paid in full; or (ii) treatment as agreed between Debtor and the holder of the Allowed UB Secured Claim.
- (d) Liens. The Liens held by the holder of the Allowed UB Secured Claim shall be treated as follows.
 - (iv) Retention of Liens. The Liens on UB's Collateral shall be retained by the holder of the Allowed UB Claim to secure the payment of the Allowed UB Claim pursuant to the Plan. The UB Liens shall be subordinated to the Lien of AE Kingsley, in accordance with the DIP Financing Motion.
 - (v) Release of Liens. With respect to a sale or refinance of UB's Collateral under the Plan, the Liens on UB's Collateral shall be discharged and released as follows:
 - (4) Notice of Closing. The Debtor shall provide the holder of the Allowed UB Secured Claim with at least five (5) days'

notice of the scheduled closing of a sale or refinance of UB's Collateral under the Plan.

- (5) Delivery of Discharge. At least two (2) Business Days prior to the scheduled closing of a sale or refinance of UB's Collateral, the holder of the Allowed UB's Secured Claim shall deliver to closing attorney a discharge and release of its Liens on the Collateral to be sold/refinanced (the Unit Release).
- (6) Payment/Recording of Discharge. Within one (1) Business Day after the closing of a sale or refinance of UB's Collateral Unit(s), the Reorganized Debtor shall deliver the proceeds of such sale or refinance to the holder of the Allowed UB Secured Claim in accordance with the terms of the DIP Financing Motion. Upon the delivery of the proceeds of a sale or refinance of UB's Collateral to the holder of the Allowed UB Secured Claim, UB's Lien on the Collateral Unit(s) sold/refinance shall be deemed discharged and released, and the closing attorney shall cause the discharge and release of the Lien on the Collateral to be recorded.
- (vi) Discharge of Liens. Upon payment in full of the Allowed UB Secured Claim against the Debtor: (i) all Liens securing the Allowed UB Secured Claim against such Debtor shall be deemed canceled, discharged and released, and (ii) the holder of the Allowed UB Secured Claim shall deliver to the Reorganized Debtor, within one (1) Business Day of the payment in full of the Allowed UB Secured Claim, all UCC terminations, mortgage discharges and any other documents necessary to effect the discharge and release of the Liens on the Debtor's Property.
- (d) Liens on Additional Collateral: UB will retain its lien on the additional collateral located at 51 Manomet Street, Hull and 10 Malta Street, Hull, until such time as the UB secured claim against the Debtor is paid in full or the Debtor and UB agree, in writing, to different treatment or transfer of the collateral at which time UB will release the liens on the additional collateral.
- (e) Indubitable Equivalent. The holder of the Allowed UB Secured Claim shall receive such additional or other treatment as may be necessary, as agreed to between the Debtor and the holder of the Allowed UB Secured Claim or as determined by the Bankruptcy Court, to permit the holder of the Allowed UB Secured Claim to realize the indubitable equivalent of its Allowed Claim.

6.2.3 Class 3 – Dennis Geisser & Sons, LLC Secured Claim.

- (a) Classification. Class 3 consists of the Geisser Secured Claim.
- (b) Impairment and Voting. The Geisser Claim is unimpaired under the Plan. The holder of the Geisser Secured Claim shall not be entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan as this Claim shall be disallowed.
- (c) Claim Treatment. On April 29, 2016 the Debtor and Geisser entered into a Settlement Agreement and Mutual Release resolving the claim of Geisser. On May 5, 2016, Debtor filed a Motion to Approve Compromise of Claim, which was approved by the Court on or about May 27, 2016.
- (d) Liens. The Liens held by the holder of the Geisser Secured Claim shall be treated as follows.
 - (i) Retention of Liens. Pursuant to the Settlement Agreement, the Liens on the Collateral shall be discharged, dissolved and released upon approval of the Motion to Approve Compromise and payment of funds from the bond company.

6.2.4 Class 4 – National Lumber Secured Claim.

- (a) Classification. Class 4 consists of the Allowed National Lumber Secured Claim.
- (b) Impairment and Voting. The Allowed National Lumber Secured Claim is impaired under the Plan. The holder of the Allowed National Lumber Secured Claim shall be entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.
- (c) Claim Treatment. Debtor asserts that the National Lumber Claim is voidable and in the event not otherwise resolved, will seek to have this Court void the lien. If Debtor is successful in its adversary proceeding, National Lumber will be treated as a claimant in Class 6 of the Plan. If Debtor is unsuccessful, in full and complete satisfaction, settlement, discharge and release of the Allowed National Lumber Secured Claim, the holder of the Allowed National Lumber Secured Claim shall receive either: (i) payments in accordance with the release price stated in the Distribution Schedule attached as Exhibit B to this Disclosure Statement, until their allowed claim as determined by this Court is paid in full; or (ii) treatment as agreed between Debtor and the holder of the Allowed National Lumber Secured Claim. While a determination is pending on the validity of the National Lumber Secured Claim, Debtor will reserve the amount (release price) stated in Exhibit B in a separate fund upon the sale or refinance of each Unit and National Lumber will provide the appropriate and required lien release in accordance with

6.2.4(d)(ii). In the event the lien is declared void, those funds reserved from each sale will be first applied to the unpaid balance owed to UB, if any. If the UB claim has been paid in full, the funds will be held by Debtor's counsel for payment of outstanding administrative and unsecured claims.

- (d) Liens. The Liens held by the holder of the Allowed National Lumber Secured Claim shall be treated as follows.
- (i) Retention of Liens. After a determination by this Court as to the validity, amount and extent of its claims and liens, if any, the Liens or claims on National Lumber's Collateral shall be retained by the holder of the Allowed National Lumber Claim to secure the payment of the Allowed National Claim pursuant to the Plan. The National Lumber Liens shall be subordinated to the Lien of AE Kingsley and UB, in accordance with the DIP Financing Motion.
- (ii) Release of Liens. With respect to a sale or refinance of National Lumber's Collateral under the Plan, the Liens on National Lumber's Collateral shall be discharged and released as follows:
- (1) Notice of Closing. The Debtor shall provide the holder of the Allowed National Lumber Secured Claim, if any, with at least five (5) days' notice of the scheduled closing of a sale or refinance of National Lumber's Collateral under the Plan.
 - (2) Delivery of Discharge. At least two (2) Business Days prior to the scheduled closing of a sale or refinance of National Lumber's Collateral, the holder of the Allowed National Lumber's Secured Claim shall deliver to closing attorney a discharge and release of its Liens on the Collateral Unit to be sold.
 - (3) Payment/Recording of Discharge. Within one (1) Business Day after the closing of a sale or refinance of National Lumber's Collateral Unit, the Reorganized Debtor shall either escrow or deliver (subject to any Court order or stipulation between the Debtor and National Lumber) the proceeds of such sale/refinance to the holder of the Allowed National Lumber Secured Claim in accordance with the terms of the DIP Financing Motion. Upon the delivery of the proceeds of a sale/refinance of National Lumber's Collateral to the holder of the Allowed National Lumber Secured Claim, National Lumber's Lien on the Collateral Unit(s) sold/refinanced shall be deemed discharged and

released, and the closing attorney shall cause the discharge and release of the Lien on the Collateral.

- (iii) Discharge of Liens. Upon payment in full of the Allowed National Lumber Secured Claim, if any and as determined by the Bankruptcy Court, against the Debtor: (i) all Liens securing the Allowed National Lumber Secured Claim against such Debtor shall be deemed canceled, discharged and released, and (ii) the holder of the Allowed National Lumber Secured Claim shall deliver to the Reorganized Debtor, within one (1) Business Day of the payment in full of the Allowed National Lumber Secured Claim, all UCC terminations, mortgage discharges and any other documents necessary to effect the discharge and release of the Liens on the Debtor's Property.
- (d) Indubitable Equivalent. The holder of the Allowed National Lumber Secured Claim shall receive such additional or other treatment as may be necessary, as agreed to between the Debtor and the holder of the Allowed National Lumber Secured Claim or as determined by the Bankruptcy Court, to permit the holder of the Allowed National Lumber Secured Claim to realize the indubitable equivalent of its Allowed Claim.

6.2.5 Class 5 – Avidia Secured Claim.

- (a) Classification. Class 5 consists of the Allowed Avidia Secured Claim.
- (b) Impairment and Voting. The Allowed Avidia Secured Claim is impaired under the Plan. The holder of the Allowed Avidia Secured Claim shall be entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.
- (c) Claim Treatment. Debtor asserts that the Avidia Claim is voidable and will seek to have this Court void the lien. If Debtor is successful in its adversary proceeding, Avidia will be treated as a claimant in Class 6 of the Plan. If Debtor is unsuccessful, in full and complete satisfaction, settlement, discharge and release of the Allowed Avidia Secured Claim, the holder of the Allowed Avidia Secured Claim shall receive either: (i) payments in accordance with the release price stated in the Distribution Schedule attached as Exhibit B to this Disclosure Statement, until their allowed claim as determined by this Court is paid in full; or (ii) treatment as agreed between Debtor and the holder of the Allowed Avidia Secured Claim. While a determination is pending on the validity of the Avidia Secured Claim, Debtor will reserve the amount (release price) stated in Exhibit B in a separate fund upon the sale or refinance of each Unit and Avidia will provide the appropriate and required lien release in accordance with 6.2.5(d)(ii). In the event the lien is declared void, those funds reserved from each sale will be first applied to the unpaid balance owed to UB, if any. If the UB claim has

been paid in full, the funds will be held by Debtor's counsel for payment of outstanding secured claims, administrative, and unsecured claims.

- (d) Liens. The Liens held by the holder of the Allowed Avidia Secured Claim shall be treated as follows.
- (e) Retention of Liens. After a determination by this Court as to the validity, amount and extent of its claims and liens, if any, the Liens on Avidia's Collateral shall be retained by the holder of the Allowed Avidia Claim to secure the payment of the Allowed Avidia Claim pursuant to the Plan. The Avidia Liens shall be subordinated to the Lien of AE Kingsley, United, and National Lumber, in accordance with the DIP Financing Motion.
- (e) Release of Liens. With respect to a sale of Avidia's Collateral under the Plan, the Liens on Avidia's Collateral shall be discharged and released as follows (Unit Release):
 - (4) Notice of Closing. The Debtor shall provide the holder of the Allowed Avidia Secured Claim, if any, with at least five (5) days' notice of the scheduled closing of a sale or refinancing of Avidia's Collateral under the Plan.
 - (5) Delivery of Discharge. At least two (2) Business Days prior to the scheduled closing of a sale or refinancing of Avidia's Collateral Unit(s), the holder of the Allowed Avidia's Secured Claim shall deliver to closing attorney a discharge and release of its Liens on the Collateral Unit(s) to be sold or refinanced.
 - (6) Payment/Recording of Discharge. Within one (1) Business Day after the closing of a sale or refinancing of Avidia's Collateral Unit(s), the Reorganized Debtor shall either escrow or deliver the proceeds, subject to any Court order or stipulation between the Debtor and Avidia, of such sale/refinance to the holder of the Allowed Avidia Secured Claim in accordance with the terms of the DIP Financing Motion. Upon the delivery of the proceeds of a sale/refinance of Avidia's Collateral Unit(s) to the holder of the Allowed Avidia Secured Claim, Avidia's Lien on the Collateral Unit(s) sold or refinanced shall be deemed discharged and released, and the closing attorney shall cause the discharge and release of the Lien on the Collateral Unit(s) sold/refinanced to be recorded.

(f) Discharge of Liens. Upon payment in full of the Allowed Avidia Secured Claim, if any, as determined by the Bankruptcy Court, against the Debtor: (i) all Liens securing the Allowed Avidia Secured Claim against such Debtor shall be deemed canceled, discharged and released, and (ii) the holder of the Allowed Avidia Secured Claim shall deliver to the Reorganized Debtor, within one (1) Business Day of the payment in full of the Allowed Avidia Secured Claim, all UCC terminations, mortgage discharges and any other documents necessary to effect the discharge and release of the Liens on the Debtor's Property.

(f) Indubitable Equivalent. The holder of the Allowed Avidia Secured Claim shall receive such additional or other treatment as may be necessary, as agreed to between the Debtor and the holder of the Allowed Avidia Secured Claim or as determined by the Bankruptcy Court, to permit the holder of the Allowed Avidia Secured Claim to realize the indubitable equivalent of its Allowed Claim.

6.2.6 Class 6 – Allowed General Unsecured Creditors

- (a) Classification. Class 6 consists of the Allowed General Unsecured Claims against the Debtor.
- (b) Impairment and Voting. Class 6 is impaired under the Plan. Each holder of a General Unsecured Claim shall be entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.
- (c) Claim Treatment. In full and complete satisfaction, settlement, release and discharge, each holder of an Allowed General Unsecured Claim shall receive, commencing upon the later to occur of the Effective Date or the date such Claim becomes an Allowed Claim, one of the following: (a) a Pro Rata share of the Plan Fund; or (b) treatment as agreed between the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor and the holder of the Allowed General Unsecured Claim.
- (d) Claims of Insiders. No Insiders of the Debtor shall receive any distributions on account of their Allowed Claims until the Allowed Claims of all non-Insider creditors have been paid in full.

6.2.7 Class 7 – Mina Kairalla

- (a) Classification. Class 7 consists of the Allowed Claim of Mina Kairalla.
- (b) Impairment and Voting. Class 7 is impaired and disputed under the Plan and shall not be entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

- (c) Treatment. Debtor disputes the claim of Mina Kairalla. The claim of Kairalla is undetermined whether it is characterized as equity interest because of the investment or an unsecured claim subject to an executory contract which could be rejected. Upon determination by this Court as to the characterization, amount, and validity of the Kairalla Claim, Kairalla's claim may be treated as a Class 6 claim or if determined to hold an equity interest, such equity interest shall be cancelled in accordance with Class 8.

6.2.8 Class 8 - Equity Interests.

- (d) Classification. Class 8 consists of the Allowed Equity Interests in 7 Bay Corp.
- (e) Impairment and Voting. Class 8 is impaired under the Plan and shall be entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.
- (f) Treatment. On the Effective Date, the Equity Interests the Debtor shall be cancelled and new shares issued to the Reorganized Debtor, which shares will be held 100% by Steven Buckley in exchange for his new value contribution to the Plan.

6.3 Reservation of Rights With Respect to Claims.

The Debtor reserves the right to, among other things, (a) contest the right of the holder of any Claim to vote on the Plan, or designate the vote of the holder of any Claim (b) contest the right of the holder of any Claim to receive distributions under the Plan, and (c) seek to subordinate any Claim for inequitable conduct or otherwise.

6.4 Plan Implementation.

The Plan will be funded from the construction and sale of Debtor's Property as well as the new value contribution by Debtor's principals, or entities controlled by Debtor's principal.

6.5 Sales of Property.

(a) Sale of Units. Confirmation of the Plan shall constitute authority for the Reorganized Debtor to continue to sell the remaining units of the project, pay the secured lenders, and distribute the proceeds and pay claims in accordance with the Distribution Schedule attached as Exhibit B.

6.6 Corporate Action.

All matters provided for in the Plan involving any corporate action required by the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor in connection with the Plan shall be deemed to have occurred,

and shall be in effect, without any requirement of further action by the Reorganized Debtor, its agents, representatives, members, managers, officers, directors or Affiliates.

6.7 Organization Documents and Good Standing.

As of the Effective Date, the Debtor's Organization Documents shall be amended as necessary to effectuate the terms of the Plan and shall become the Organization Documents of the Reorganized Debtor. To the extent that there is any inconsistency between the Plan and any of the Organization Documents, the terms of the Plan shall control. To the extent the Debtor is not in compliance as of the Effective Date with any state or local law requirements necessary to remain as an organized legal entity in good standing and/or remain authorized as an organized legal entity to conduct business in any jurisdiction, the Debtors and/or the Reorganized Debtors, as the case may be, shall be deemed to be in compliance with any such laws if they comply with such laws within six months after the Effective Date.

6.8 Vesting of Property.

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, the Reorganized Debtor, as of the Effective Date, shall be vested with all of the assets of the Debtor.

6.9 Preservation of Causes of Action.

Except as provided in, and unless expressly waived, relinquished, exculpated, released, compromised or settled in the Plan, the Confirmation Order, any Non-Appealable Order, or in any contract, instrument, release or other agreement entered into or delivered in connection with the Plan, the Reorganized Debtor will exclusively retain and may enforce, and the Debtor expressly reserve and preserve for these purposes, in accordance with sections 1123(a)(5)(A) of the Bankruptcy Code, any Claims, demands, rights and Causes of Action that the Debtor or its respective Estate may hold against any person or entity. No preclusion doctrine, including, without limitation, the doctrines of res judicata, collateral estoppel, issue preclusion, claim preclusion, estoppel (judicial, equitable or otherwise) or laches shall apply to them by virtue of or in connection with the confirmation, consummation of effectiveness of the Plan.

6.10 Debtor's Continued Existence.

Following the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtor shall remain in existence for the purpose of effectuating the Plan, including: (a) selling the remaining the units, (b) distributing the Net Proceeds of the sales of the Units in accordance with the Plan, (c) reviewing and objecting to Claims against the Debtor, (d) conducting an orderly wind down of the Reorganized Debtor's business and affairs, (e) initiating and prosecuting claims against any third parties and collecting sums owed to the Debtor as a result of such claims. Upon the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtor shall each be vested with the standing of and with all rights, powers and benefits afforded to a "trustee" under the Bankruptcy Code. Upon the completion of administration of the Plan, the Reorganized Debtor shall be dissolved.

6.11 Default.

No event of default under the Plan shall occur unless, in the event of a breach of the Debtor's or the Reorganized Debtor's obligations under the Plan, the holder of the Allowed Claim asserting the default shall provide written notice of such breach to the Reorganized Debtor and such breach is not cured: (i) in the event of a breach that can be cured by the payment of a sum of money, within ten (10) days of the Reorganized Debtor's receipt of such notice; and (ii) for any other breach, within thirty (30) days of the Reorganized Debtor's receipt of such notice, provided that, if such non-monetary breach cannot reasonably be cured within such 30-day period and the Reorganized Debtor have commenced curing such breach and continue to cure such breach, the thirty (30) day period shall be extended for such time as is reasonably necessary to cure such breach.

6.12 Compromises.

After the Effective Date and except as otherwise provided in the Plan, the Reorganized Debtor is authorized, without further Bankruptcy Court order or notice to creditors and/or parties in interest, to compromise, settle and/or otherwise dispose of any disputed Claims and/or Causes of Action provided that the amount in controversy is \$25,000 or less. If the amount in controversy is greater than \$25,000, then the Reorganized Debtor must seek Bankruptcy Court approval.

6.13 Retention of Professionals.

The Reorganized Debtor may retain such attorneys (including special counsel), accountants, advisors, expert witnesses, and other professionals as it considers advisable without necessity of approval of the Court. Persons who served as Professionals to the Debtor prior to the Effective Date may provide services to the Reorganized Debtor. The fees and expenses of the Reorganized Debtor and professionals retained by it shall be paid by the Debtor in the ordinary course of business without the need for the approval of the Bankruptcy Court.

6.13 Final Decree.

It shall be the exclusive duty of the Reorganized Debtor to prepare and file a motion requesting that the Court enter a Final Decree in the Bankruptcy Case. After the Effective Date of the Plan, Reorganized Debtor may move for a Final Decree, prior to the sale of the last unit.

6.14 Assumption of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases.

Pursuant to Sections 1123(b)(2) and 365(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, any executory contract or unexpired lease (excluding insurance policies) that (a) has not expired by its own rejection with the approval of the Bankruptcy Court on or prior to the Confirmation Date, (b) is not the subject of a motion to assume or reject which is pending at the time of the Confirmation Date, or (b) is not designed by the Debtor as being an executory contract or unexpired lease to be assumed at the time of confirmation of the Plan, shall be deemed rejected on the Effective Date.

The entry of the Confirmation Order by the Bankruptcy Court shall constitute the approval of the rejection of executory contracts and unexpired leases pursuant to this section of the Plan and Sections 365(a) and 1123(b)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code.

6.15 Payments Related to the Assumption of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases.

A. Payment of Claims Arising from Assumed Contracts and Leases. Any Allowed Claims arising from the assumption of an executory contract or unexpired lease will receive, in full and complete satisfaction, settlement, release and discharge of such Claims and at the election of the Debtor, either: (i) payment in the ordinary course of business as and when such Allowed Claims become due pursuant to such executory contract or unexpired lease, or (ii) payment as agreed between the applicable Acquirer and the counter-party to the assumed contract or lease.

B. Disputed Claims and Bar Date. If there is a dispute regarding (i) the amount of any claim arising from the assumption or rejection of an executory contract or unexpired lease, (ii) the ability of the applicable assignee to provide “adequate assurance of future performance,” within the meaning of Section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code, under a contract or lease to be assumed, or (iii) any other matter pertaining to the assumption or assumption and assignment of any contract or lease, the payment of any Claim related to the foregoing will be made following entry of a Non-Appealable Order resolving the dispute and approving the assumption.

6.16 Rejection Damage Claims.

If the rejection of an executory contract or unexpired lease by the Debtor results in a Claim by the other party or parties to such contract or lease, any claim for damages, if not previously evidenced by a filed proof of claim, shall be forever barred and shall not be enforceable against the Estate, the Reorganized Debtor and their respective properties, agents, successors, or assigns, unless a proof of claim is filed with the Bankruptcy Court and served upon counsel for the Debtor on or before thirty (30) days following the later to occur of: (a) the rejection of such executory contract or unexpired lease, and (b) the Confirmation Date. Unless otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court or provided in the Plan, all such Claims for which proofs of claim are timely filed will be treated as General Unsecured Claims subject to the provisions of the Plan. The Reorganized Debtor shall have the right to object to any such Claim for rejection damages in accordance with the Plan.

6.17 Satisfaction of Claims.

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan or in an agreement by the Debtor that has been approved by the Bankruptcy Court, the distributions made pursuant to and in accordance with the applicable terms and conditions of the Plan are in full and final satisfaction, settlement and release as against the Debtor and the Reorganized Debtor of any debt or obligation of the Debtor that arose before the Effective Date, and any debt of the Debtors of a kind specified in Section 502(g), 502(h), or 502(i) of the Bankruptcy Code, and all Claims against the Debtor or its Estate of any nature, including, without limitation, any interest accrued thereon from and after the Petition Date, whether or not (i) a proof of claim based on such debt, obligation or Equity Interest is filed or deemed filed under Section 501 of the Bankruptcy Code, (ii) such Claim is

Allowed under Section 502 of the Bankruptcy Code, or (iii) the holder of such Claim has accepted the Plan.

6.18 Injunction Relating to the Plan.

As of the Effective Date, all Persons are hereby permanently enjoined from commencing, continuing or enforcing in any manner or in any place, any action or other proceeding, whether directly, indirectly, derivatively or otherwise against the Debtor, their Estate or the Reorganized Debtor, on account of, or respecting any Claims, debts, rights, obligations, Causes of Action or liabilities discharged pursuant to the Plan, except to the extent expressly permitted under the Plan.

6.19 Releases.

Except as otherwise set forth in the Plan, as of the Effective Date, in consideration for, among other things, the obligations of the Debtor under the Plan and other contracts, instruments, releases, agreements or documents to be entered into or delivered in connection with the Plan, (a) each holder of a Claim or Interest that votes in favor of the Plan and (b) to the fullest extent permissible under applicable law, as such law may be extended or interpreted subsequent to the Effective Date, each Person that has held, holds or may hold a Claim or Equity Interest or any time was a creditor or equity holder of any of the Debtor and that does not vote on the Plan or votes against the Plan, in each case will be deemed to forever release, waive and discharge all claims (including any derivative claims), obligations, suits, judgments, damages, demands, rights, causes of action and liabilities (other than the right to enforce the Reorganized Debtor's obligations under the Plan and the contracts, instruments, releases, agreements and documents delivered under the Plan), whether liquidated or unliquidated, fixed or contingent, matured or unmatured, known or unknown, foreseen or unforeseen, then existing or thereafter arising in law, equity or otherwise, that are based in whole or in part on any act, omission, transaction or other occurrence taking place on or prior to the Effective Date in any way relating to a Debtor, the Bankruptcy Cases or the Plan that such entity has, had or may have against any of the Debtor, the Estate, the Estate's Assets, the Reorganized Debtor and/or the Reorganized Debtor's Assets.

6.20 Cancellation of Existing Indebtedness and Liens.

Except as may otherwise be provided in the Plan, on the Effective Date: (a) all credit agreements, promissory notes, mortgages, security agreements, invoices, contracts, agreements and any other documents or instruments evidencing Claims against the Debtor, together with any and all Liens securing same, shall be canceled, discharged and released without further act or action by any Person under any applicable agreement, law, regulation, order or rule, (b) the obligations of the Debtor thereunder shall be deemed canceled, discharged and released, and (c) all of the right, title and interest of any holder of such mortgages, deeds of trust, liens or other security interests, including any rights to any collateral thereunder, will revert to the Reorganized Debtor. To the extent deemed necessary or advisable by the Reorganized Debtor, any holder of a Claim shall promptly provide the Reorganized Debtor with an appropriate instrument of cancellation, discharge or release, as the case may be, in suitable form for recording wherever

necessary to evidence such cancellation, discharge or release, including the cancellation, discharge or release of any Lien securing such Claim.

6.21 Exculpation.

Except as otherwise set forth in the Plan, neither the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor nor any of their respective present or former members, managers, officers, directors, employees, general or limited partners, advisors, attorneys, agents, successors or assigns, shall have or incur any liability to any holder of a Claim or an Interest, or any other party in interest, or any of their respective agents, employees, representatives, financial advisors, attorneys, or affiliates, or any of their successors or assigns, for any act or omission in connection with, relating to, or arising out of, the administration of these Chapter 11 bankruptcy proceedings, the pursuit of confirmation of the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, the consummation of the Plan, or the administration of the Plan or the property to be distributed under the Plan occurring prior to the Effective Date, provided that the terms of this Section 6.21 shall not apply to any liability for willful misconduct or ultra vires acts.

6.22 Setoffs.

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, nothing contained in the Plan shall constitute a waiver or release by the Debtor, the Estate and/or the Reorganized Debtor of any rights of setoff each may have against any Person.

6.23 Tax Consequences of the Plan.

The following is a general summary of certain material federal income tax consequences of the Plan and the distributions provided under the Plan. This summary does not discuss all aspects of federal taxation that may be relevant to a particular creditor in light of its individual investment circumstances or to certain creditors or shareholders subject to special treatment under the federal income tax laws (for example, tax-exempt organizations, financial institutions, broker-dealers, life insurance companies, foreign corporations or individuals who are not citizens or residents of the United States). This summary does not discuss any aspects of state, local or foreign taxation. The impact on foreign holders of claims and equity interests is not discussed.

This summary is based upon the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "IRC"), the Treasury regulations (including temporary regulations) promulgated thereunder, judicial authorities and current administrative rulings, all as in effect on the date hereof and all of which are subject to change (possibly with retroactive effect) by legislation, administration action or judicial decision. Moreover, due to a lack of definitive judicial or administrative authority or interpretation and the complexity of the transactions contemplated in the Plan, substantial uncertainties exist with respect to various tax consequences of the Plan. The Debtor has not requested a ruling from the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") with respect to these matters and no opinion of counsel has been sought or obtained by the Debtor with respect thereto. There can be no assurance that the IRS or any state or local taxing authorities will not challenge any or all of the tax consequence of the Plan, or that such a challenge, if asserted, would not be sustained. **FOR THE FOREGOING REASONS, CREDITORS ARE URGED TO CONSULT WITH THEIR OWN TAX ADVISORS AS TO THE SPECIFIC TAX**

CONSEQUENCES (FOREIGN, FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL) TO THEM OF THE PLAN. THE DEBTORS ARE NOT MAKING ANY REPRESENTATIONS REGARDING THE PARTICULAR TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE CONFIRMATION AND CONSUMMATION OF THE PLAN AS TO ANY CREDITOR NOR ARE THE DEBTORS RENDERING ANY FORM OF LEGAL OPINION AS TO SUCH TAX CONSEQUENCES.

A. Federal Income Tax Consequences to the Debtor.

Cancellation of Indebtedness. Generally, the Debtor will realize cancellation of debt (“COD”) income to the extent, if at all, that the Debtors pays a creditor pursuant to the Plan an amount of consideration in respect of a Claim against the Debtor that is worth less than the amount of such Claim. For this purpose, the amount of consideration paid to a creditor generally will equal the amount of cash or the fair market value of property paid to such creditor. Because the Debtor will be in a bankruptcy case at the time the COD income is realized (if any is realized), the Debtor will not be required to include COD income in gross income, but rather will be required to reduce tax attributes by the amount of COD income so excluded.

B. Tax Consequences to Creditors.

In General. The federal income tax consequences of the implementation of the Plan to a holder of a Claim will depend, among other things, on: (a) whether such Claim constitutes a debt or a security for federal income tax purposes, (b) whether the holder of the Claim receives consideration in more than one tax year, (c) whether the holder of the Claim is a resident of the United States, (d) whether all the consideration received by the holder of the Claim is deemed to be received by the holder of the Claim as part of an integrated transaction, (e) whether the holder of the claim reports income using the accrual or cash method of accounting, and (f) whether the holder has previously taken a bad debt deduction or worthless security deduction with respect to the Claim.

Gain or Loss on Exchange. Generally, a holder of an Allowed Claim will realize a gain or loss on the exchange under the Plan of his or her allowed Claim for cash and other property in an amount equal to the difference between (i) the sum of the amount of any cash and the fair market value on the date of the exchange of any other property received by the holder (other than any consideration attributable to accrued but unpaid interest on the Allowed Claim), and (ii) the adjusted basis of the Allowed Claim exchanged therefor (other than basis attributable to accrued but unpaid interest previously included in the holder’s taxable income). Any gain recognized generally may be a capital gain (except to the extent the gain is attributable to accrued but unpaid interest or accrued market discount, as described below) if the Claim was a capital asset in the hands of an exchanging holder, and such gain would be a long-term capital gain if the holder’s holding period for the Claim surrendered exceeded one (1) year at the time of the exchange.

Any loss recognized by a holder of an Allowed Claim may be a capital loss if the Claim constitutes a “security” for federal income tax purposes or is otherwise held as a capital asset. For this purpose, a “security” is a debt instrument with interest coupons or in registered form.

C. Information Reporting and Backup Withholding.

Under the backup withholding rules of the Internal Revenue Code, holders of Claims may be subject to backup withholding at the rate of 31 percent with respect to payments made pursuant to the Plan unless such holder (i) is a corporation or comes within certain other exempt categories and, when required, demonstrates this fact, or (i) provides a correct taxpayer identification number and certifies under penalties of perjury that the taxpayer identification number is correct and that the holder is not subject to backup withholding because of a failure to report all dividends and interest income. Any amount withheld under these rules will be credited against the holder's federal income tax liability. Holders of Claims may be required to establish exemption from backup withholding or to make arrangements with respect to the payment of backup withholding.

THE FOREGOING IS INTENDED TO BE A SUMMARY ONLY AND IS NOT A SUBSTITUTE FOR CAREFUL TAX PLANNING WITH A TAX PROFESSIONAL. THE FEDERAL, STATE, AND FOREIGN TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN ARE COMPLEX AND, IN MANY AREAS, UNCERTAIN. ACCORDINGLY, EACH HOLDER OF A CLAIM OR EQUITY INTEREST IS URGED TO CONSULT WITH HIS OWN TAX ADVISOR REGARDING SUCH TAX CONSEQUENCES.

VII. FEASIBILITY AND LIQUIDATION ANALYSIS

7.1 Feasibility of the Plan

Based on the sale of Debtor's real property, the Plan is feasible, in that the Debtor intends to complete construction of the remaining 9 units, pay the secured lenders in full, as well as administrative expenses, and distribute the remaining proceeds to the unsecured (trade) creditors. The Debtor intends to pay all creditors in full upon project completion

7.2 Best Interests of Creditors and Comparison with Chapter 7 Liquidation.

As a condition to confirmation of the Plan, Section 1129(a)(7)(A)(ii) of the Bankruptcy Code requires that each holder of a claim or an interest in an impaired Class of Claims or Equity Interests must either accept the Plan or receive or retain at least the amount or value it would receive if the Debtors were liquidated under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code on the Effective Date of the Plan.

Upon conversion to Chapter 7, the Debtor's operations would cease and a trustee would be appointed to liquidate the Debtors' assets or UB would move this Court to enter an order for relief from stay which would allow UB to foreclose and marshal all the proceeds for its benefit to pay its claim first, with any remaining proceeds paid to National Lumber, Avidia, administrative expenses, and then general unsecured creditors. The liquidation of the Debtors' assets in Chapter 7 would result in substantial additional administrative costs as the Chapter 7 trustee would need to hire new professionals to analyze the Debtors' assets and, if necessary, liquidate any assets. This would likely delay payment of creditors and add additional administrative cost, all of which would likely reduce the dividend to creditors. Accordingly, in a Chapter 7 liquidation of the Debtors' assets, Debtors believe that only UB Properties, LLC would receive a dividend on account of its claims.

The costs to administer the Plan will be less than the costs to administer a Chapter 7 case. Funds available for General Unsecured Creditors would be reduced by the fees and expenses of the additional professionals which would be hired by the Chapter 7 trustee. Also, the funds available for General Unsecured Creditors would be reduced by the commission to which the Chapter 7 trustee would be entitled. It is projected under the Plan that General Unsecured Creditors will receive a dividend on account of their Allowed Claims. The Debtor believes that the return to General Unsecured Creditors will be more beneficial under that Plan compared to the result if the case were converted to Chapter 7.

The Debtor, therefore, believe that the conditions in Section 1129(a)(7) of the Bankruptcy Code have been satisfied.

Respectfully submitted,
The Debtor,
By its Attorneys,

/s/ John M. McAuliffe

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Dated: June 14, 2016

EXHIBIT A

Plan of Reorganization

**UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS
(Eastern Division)**

In re:

7 BAY CORP

Debtor.

Chapter 11

Case No. 15-14885-FJB

**PLAN OF REORGANIZATION OF DEBTOR AND DEBTOR-IN-POSSESSION, 7 BAY
CORP**

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Dated: June 14, 2016

7 Bay Corp., a debtor and debtor-in-possession in the Bankruptcy Cases (as defined below), hereby propose the following plan of reorganization under Section 1121 of the United States Bankruptcy Code.

ARTICLE I

DEFINITIONS AND CONSTRUCTION OF TERMS

For purposes of the Plan, the following terms shall have the meanings specified in this Article I. A capitalized term used but not defined in the Plan that is also used in the Bankruptcy Code shall have the meaning ascribed to that term in the Bankruptcy Code. Wherever from the context it appears appropriate, each term stated shall include both the singular and the plural, and pronouns shall include the masculine, feminine and neuter, regardless of how stated. The words “in the Plan,” “the Plan,” “hereto,” “herein”, “hereunder” and other words of similar import refer to the Plan as a whole and not to any particular Section, sub-Section or clause contained in the Plan. The rules of construction contained in Section 102 of the Bankruptcy Code shall apply to the terms of the Plan. The headings in the Plan are for convenience of reference only and shall not limit or otherwise affect the provisions the Plan.

1.1 “7 Bay Street” shall mean the real property, owned by 7 Bay Corp, located at 7 Bay Street, Hull, Massachusetts.

1.2 “Administrative Expense Claim” shall mean a Claim that is Allowed under Section 503(b) of the Bankruptcy Code and that is entitled to priority under Section 507(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, including Professional Fee Claims.

1.3 “Affiliate” shall mean any Person that is an affiliate of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor under the Bankruptcy Code.

1.4 “Allowed” shall mean, with reference to any Claim or Equity Interest:

- (a) a Claim or Equity Interest that has been listed by the Debtor in its Schedules and (i) is not listed as disputed, contingent or unliquidated, and (ii) is not a Claim or Equity Interest as to which a proof of claim or interest has been filed;
- (b) a Claim or Equity Interest as to which a timely proof of claim or interest has been filed by the Bar Date and either (i) no objection thereto, or application to estimate, equitably subordinate or otherwise limit recovery, has been made on or before any applicable deadline, or (ii) if an objection thereto, or application to estimate, equitably subordinate or otherwise limit recovery has been interposed, the extent to which such Claim has been allowed (whether in whole or in part) by a Non-Appealable Order;
- (c) a Claim arising from the recovery of property under Section 550 or 553 of the Bankruptcy Code and allowed in accordance with Section 502(h) of the Bankruptcy Code; or

- (d) any Claim or Equity Interest expressly allowed under the Plan or pursuant to the Confirmation Order.

1.5 “Asset(s)” shall mean any real or personal property of the Debtor, whether tangible or intangible and wherever situated, together with the proceeds thereof.

1.6 “Assumed Lease(s)” shall mean, in the singular, any executory contract or unexpired lease that is assumed pursuant to Section 5.2(d) or (e) of the Plan, and in the plural shall mean all such contracts and leases.

1.7 “Bankruptcy Case” shall mean, , the Chapter 11 bankruptcy proceeding pending in the Bankruptcy Court under docket numbers 15-14885-FJB.

1.8 “Bankruptcy Code” shall mean Title 11 of the United States Code, as amended from time to time.

1.9 “Bankruptcy Court” shall mean the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Massachusetts in which the Bankruptcy Cases are pending and, to the extent of any reference under 28 U.S.C. §157, the unit of such District Court specified pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §151.

1.10 “Bankruptcy Rules” shall mean the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure as promulgated under 28 U.S.C. § 2075, and any local rules of the Bankruptcy Court.

1.11 “Bar Date” shall mean April 29, 2016, the date fixed by an order of the Bankruptcy Court as the last date by which Persons asserting certain Claims against the Debtor must file a proof of claim or interest or be forever barred from asserting a Claim against the Debtor or its property, from voting on the Plan and/or sharing in distributions under the Plan.

1.12 “Business Day” shall mean any day other than a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday recognized in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

1.13 “Cash” shall mean lawful currency of the United States of America (including wire transfers, cashier’s checks drawn on a bank insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, certified checks and money orders).

1.14 “Cash Equivalents” shall mean equivalents of Cash in the form of readily marketable securities or instruments issued by a Person other than the Debtors or an Affiliate, including, without limitation, readily marketable direct obligations of, or obligations guaranteed by, the United States of America, commercial paper of domestic corporations carrying a Moody’s Rating of “A” or better, or equivalent rating of any other nationally recognized rating service, interest-bearing certificates of deposit, or other similar obligations of domestic banks or other financial institutions having a shareholders’ equity or equivalent capital of not less than Two Hundred Million Dollars (\$200,000,000).

1.15 “Causes of Action” shall mean, without limitation, any and all actions, causes of action, choses in action, defenses, liabilities, obligations, rights, suits, debts, sums of money, damages, judgments, Claims or proceedings to recover money or property and demands of any nature whatsoever, whether known or unknown, in law, equity or otherwise including, without limitation, Avoidance Actions.

1.16 “Claim” shall mean a claim against a Person or its property as defined in Section 101(5) of the Bankruptcy Code, including, without limitation, (a) any right to payment, whether or not such right is reduced to judgment, and whether or not such right is liquidated, unliquidated, fixed, contingent, matured, unmatured, disputed, undisputed, legal, equitable, secured or unsecured; or (b) any right to an equitable remedy for breach of performance, if such breach gives rise to a right to payment, whether or not such right to an equitable remedy is reduced to judgment, or is fixed, contingent, matured, unmatured, disputed, undisputed, secured or unsecured.

1.17 “Class” shall mean those classes designated in Article III of the Plan.

1.18 “Collateral” shall mean any property or interest in property of the Estates subject to a Lien to secure the payment or performance of a Claim, which Lien is not subject to avoidance under the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise invalid under the Bankruptcy Code or applicable law.

1.19 “Confirmation Date” shall mean the date on which the clerk of the Bankruptcy Court enters the Confirmation Order on the docket in this Bankruptcy Case.

1.20 “Confirmation Hearing” shall mean the hearing before the Bankruptcy Court on confirmation of the Plan.

1.21 “Confirmation Order” shall mean the order of the Bankruptcy Court confirming the Plan pursuant to the provisions of the Bankruptcy Code, and any supplementary orders of the Bankruptcy Court issued in furtherance of the Plan.

1.22 “Contingent or Unliquidated Claim” shall mean any Claim for which a proof of claim has been filed with the Bankruptcy Court but which was not filed in a sum certain, or for which the event that would give rise to such a liability or debt has not occurred and is dependent upon a future event that has not occurred or may never occur, and which has not been Allowed.

1.23 “Debtor” shall mean 7 Bay Corp.

1.24 “Disclosure Statement” shall mean the disclosure statement relating to the Plan, including, without limitation, all exhibits and schedules thereto, in the form approved by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to Section 1125 of the Bankruptcy Code.

1.25 “Disputed Claim” shall mean:

(a) if no proof of claim relating to a Claim has been filed, a claim that is listed in the Schedules as unliquidated, disputed or contingent; or

(b) if a proof of claim relating to a Claim has been filed, a Claim as to which a timely objection or request for estimation, or request to equitably subordinate or otherwise limit recovery in accordance with the Bankruptcy Code and the Bankruptcy Rules, has been made, or which is otherwise disputed by the Debtor in accordance with applicable law, which objection, request for estimation, action to limit recovery or dispute has not been withdrawn or determined by Non-Appealable Order; or

(c) a Claim that is a Contingent or Unliquidated Claim.

1.26 “Disputed Claim Amount” shall mean the amount set forth in the proof of claim relating to a Disputed Claim or an amount estimated pursuant to an order of the Bankruptcy Court in respect of a Disputed Claim in accordance with Section 502(c) of the Bankruptcy Code.

1.27 “Disputed Claims Reserve” shall have the meaning set forth in Section 6.5 of the Plan.

1.28 “Distribution Record Date” shall mean fifteen (15) days prior to the first scheduled hearing on the approval of the Disclosure Statement or such other date established by the Bankruptcy Court.

1.29 “Effective Date” shall mean the first Business Day after the later to occur of (a) the sixtieth day following the entry of the Confirmation Order, provided that no stay pending appeal of the Confirmation Order has been granted, or (b) the date that all conditions precedent to the effectiveness of the Plan have been satisfied or waived by the Debtor.

1.30 “Equity Interest” shall mean the interest of any holder of any general or limited partnership interest in or voting or non-voting shares of the Debtor, and all options and/or rights, contractual or otherwise, to acquire at any time any general or limited partnership interest in or voting or non-voting shares of any of the Debtor, as such interests exist immediately prior to the Effective Date.

1.31 “Estate(s)” shall mean in the singular, with reference to a specific debtor, the estate created in such debtor’s Bankruptcy Case pursuant to Section 541 of the Bankruptcy Code, and in the plural all of the Debtor’s bankruptcy estates created pursuant to Section 541 of the Bankruptcy Code.

1.32 “General Unsecured Claim” shall mean a Claim that is: (a) not a Secured Claim, (b) not entitled to priority of payment under Section 507 of the Bankruptcy Code, and (c) not a Claim for an Equity Interest.

1.33 “Internal Revenue Code” shall mean Title 26 of the United States Code, as amended from time to time.

1.34 “Insider” shall have the meaning set forth in Section 101(31) of the Bankruptcy Code, provided that it shall not include any Debtor.

1.35 “Lien” shall have the meaning set forth in Section 101(37) of the Bankruptcy Code; except that (a) a lien that has been avoided in accordance with Sections 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549 or 553 of the Bankruptcy Code shall not constitute a Lien, and (b) no lien shall be valid unless approved by a Non-Appealable order of the Bankruptcy Court or by agreement of the Debtor against whom the lien is asserted.

1.36 “Non-Appealable Order” shall mean an order or judgment which has not been reversed, stayed, modified or amended and, as to which (a) the time to appeal or seek review or rehearing has expired and as to which no appeal or petition for certiorari, review or rehearing is pending, or (b) if appeal, review, re-argument or certiorari of the order has been sought, the order has been affirmed or the request for review, re-argument or certiorari has been denied and the time to seek a further appeal, review, re-argument or certiorari has expired, and as a result of which such order shall have become final and non-appealable in accordance with applicable law; provided, however, that the possibility that a motion under Rule 59 or Rule 60 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, or any analogous rule under

the Bankruptcy Rules, may be filed with respect to such order shall not cause such order not to be a Non-Appealable Order.

1.37 “Organization Documents” shall mean, as applicable, the Debtor’s respective operating agreements, trust agreements, articles of incorporation, bylaws, corporate minute books and such other documents evidencing the Debtor’s formation and/or operation in such jurisdictions in which the Debtor is authorized to conduct business.

1.38 “Person” shall mean any individual, corporation, partnership, joint venture, association, joint-stock company, trust, unincorporated association or organization, governmental agency or political subdivision.

1.39 “Personalty” shall mean, collectively, any and all personal property and fixtures owned by the Debtor and at any time attached to, located in or on, or used in connection with, the ownership or operation of the Debtor’s Property, including, without limitation, all mechanical, electrical, lighting and plumbing systems, fixtures and equipment, all ventilating, air conditioning and heating systems, fixtures and equipment, all water and power systems, engines boilers, generators, furnaces, motors, landscaping and sprinkler systems and equipment, all furniture, furnishings, appliances, supplies and other personal property (tangible or intangible) of every nature and description, all maintenance equipment, tools and supplies, and all master keys, office keys and other keys used in connection with the Property.

1.40 “Petition Date” shall mean December 17, 2015

1.41 “Plan” shall mean this *Plan of Reorganization of 7 Bay Corp*, including, without limitation, all exhibits, supplements, appendices and schedules to the Plan, either in their present form or as the same may be altered, amended or modified from time to time.

1.42 “Plan Fund” shall mean the amounts to be contributed to the Plan by the Debtor from the sale of Units, after payment in full of all Allowed Secured Claims, administrative, and priority claims and in accordance with Exhibit A of this Plan.

1.43 “Priority Claims” shall mean all Claims, if any, entitled to priority under Section 507(a) of the Bankruptcy Code other than Priority Tax Claims and Administrative Expense Claims.

1.44 “Priority Tax Claims” shall mean any Claim of a governmental unit entitled to priority under Section 507(a)(8) of the Bankruptcy Code.

1.45 “Professionals” shall mean those Persons (a) employed pursuant to an order of the Bankruptcy Court in accordance with Sections 327 or 1103 of the Bankruptcy Code and to be compensated for services pursuant to Sections 327, 328, 329, 330 and 331 of the Bankruptcy Code, or (b) for which compensation and reimbursement is allowed by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to Section 503(b)(4) of the Bankruptcy Code.

1.46 “Professional Fee Claims” shall mean the fees and expenses of Professionals under Sections 330, 331, or 503 of the Bankruptcy Code approved by an Order of the Bankruptcy Court.

1.47 “Property” shall mean the real property, improvements, Rights and Personalty owned by the Debtor. All references to the “Property” shall be deemed to mean all or any portion of such Property.

1.48 “Pro Rata” shall mean, (a) when used with reference to a distribution of property under the Plan, proportionately so that with respect to a particular Allowed Claim, the ratio of (i)(1) the amount of property distributed on account of such Claim to (2) the amount of such Claim, is the same as the ratio of (ii)(1) the amount of property distributed on account of all Allowed Claims of the Class in which such Claim is included to (2) the amount of all Allowed Claims in that Class; and (b) when used with reference to a contribution of property to the Debtors, proportionately so that with respect to a particular Allowed Claim, the ratio of (i)(1) the amount of property contributed by a holder of an Allowed Equity Interest to (2) the amount of such Allowed Equity Interest, is the same as the ratio of (ii)(1) the amount of property contributed by all holders of Allowed Equity interests of the Class in which such Equity Interest is included to (2) the amount of all Allowed Equity Interests in that Class.

1.49 “Reorganized Debtor” shall mean the Debtor, from and after the Effective Date, as recapitalized, reconstituted and reorganized pursuant to the Plan and any associated documents.

1.50 “Schedules” shall mean the schedules of assets and liabilities, the list of holders of interests and the statements of financial affairs filed by the Debtor under Section 521 of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rule 1007, as such schedules, lists and statements have been or may be supplemented or amended from time to time.

1.51 “Secured Claim” shall mean any Claim that is secured by a Lien on Collateral to the extent of the value of such Collateral, as determined in accordance with Section 506(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, or, in the event that such Claim is a claim of setoff under Section 553 of the Bankruptcy Code, to the extent of such setoff.

1.52 “Senior” shall mean (a) with respect to an Allowed Claim, any other Allowed Claim that is entitled to a priority of distribution under the Bankruptcy Code over the subject Allowed Claim, and (b) with respect to a Lien, any other Lien on the same Collateral that is entitled to precedence over the subject Lien with respect to such Collateral.

ARTICLE II

TREATMENT OF ALLOWED UNCLASSIFIED CLAIMS

2.1 Non-Classification.

As provided in Section 1123(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, Administrative Expense Claims and Priority Tax Claims against Debtor are not classified for the purposes of voting on, or receiving distributions under, the Plan. All such Claims are instead treated separately in accordance with the terms set forth in this Article II.

2.2 Administrative Expense Claims.

(a) General. Except for Professional Fee Claims and except as otherwise agreed to by the Debtor and the holder of an Allowed Administrative Expense Claim, each such holder shall be paid in full in Cash on the earlier of: (i) the date such Allowed Administrative Expense Claim becomes due in accordance with its terms; and (ii) the Effective Date. If the Debtors dispute any portion of an Administrative Expense Claim, the Debtors shall pay the Allowed amount of such Administrative Expense Claim within five (5) days after the entry of a Non-Appealable Order with respect to the allowance of such disputed Administrative Expense Claim.

(b) U.S. Trustee's Fees. The outstanding fees due to the United States Trustee pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 1930 shall be paid in full on or before the Effective Date.

(c) Professional Compensation and Expense Reimbursement Claims.

- (i) Within thirty (30) days after the Effective Date, each Professional shall file a final application for the allowance of compensation for services rendered or reimbursement of expenses incurred through and including the Effective Date. Any such application granted by the Bankruptcy Court shall be paid: (1) within fifteen days of the entry of the order of the Bankruptcy Court approving such application, unless a stay of the order approving the application is obtained; or (2) upon such other terms as may be mutually agreed upon between the Professional and the Debtor or Reorganized Debtor.
- (ii) All fees and expenses of Professionals for services rendered after the Effective Date shall be paid by the Reorganized Debtor upon receipt of reasonably detailed invoices in such amounts and on such terms as such Professional and the Reorganized Debtor may agree. No further order or authorization from the Bankruptcy Court shall be necessary to permit the Reorganized Debtor to pay the fees and expenses of Professionals for services rendered after the Effective Date.
- (iii) Real Estate brokers employed by the Estate (Hammond) are paid upon the closing of each sale as approved and allowed by the Court.
- (iv) The appraiser, Stephen De Castro, employed by the Debtor has been paid by Mr. Buckley and will be paid the balance owed (\$3,180) from the funds received by Mr. Buckley from the bond.

2.3 Priority Tax Claims.

At the sole election of the Debtor, each holder of an Allowed Priority Tax Claim against each such Debtor, if any, shall be paid either: (a) upon such terms as may be agreed to between the Debtors and the holder of an Allowed Priority Tax Claim; (b) in full in Cash on the later of the Effective Date or the date that such Allowed Priority Tax Claim would have been due if the Bankruptcy Cases had not been commenced; or (c) in installment payments of Cash commencing on the Effective Date and (i) of a total value as of the Effective Date equal to the Allowed

amount of such Claim, (ii) over a period ending not later than five (5) years from the Petition Date, and (iii) in a manner not less favorable than the most favored General Unsecured Claim under the Plan.

ARTICLE III

CLASSIFICATION OF CLAIMS AND EQUITY INTERESTS

The Claims against and Equity Interests in the Debtor are categorized below for all purposes under the Plan including voting, confirmation and distribution pursuant to sections 1122 and 1123(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code. A Claim or Equity Interest is classified in a particular Class only to the extent that the Claim or Equity Interest qualifies within the description of that Class, and is classified in other Classes to the extent that any portion of the Claim or Equity Interest falls within the description of such other Classes. A Claim is placed in a particular Class for the purpose of receiving distributions pursuant to the Plan only to the extent that such Claim is an Allowed Claim in that Class and such Claim has not been paid, released or otherwise settled prior to the Effective Date.

3.1 Claim and Equity Interest Categories

Claims against and Equity Interests in the Debtor have been classified as follows:

Class	Designation	Impairment	Entitled to Vote
1	AE Kingsley, LLC Secured Claims	Unimpaired	No
2	UB Properties, LLC Secured Claim	Impaired	Yes
3	Dennis P. Geisser Secured Claims	Unimpaired	No
4	National Lumber Secured Claims	Impaired	Yes
5	Avidia Bank Secured Claim	Impaired	Yes
6	General Unsecured Claims	Impaired	Yes
7	Mina Kairalla Claim	Impaired	No
8	Equity Interests	Impaired	Yes

ARTICLE IV

TREATMENT OF CLAIMS AND EQUITY INTERESTS

4.1 Class 1 – A.E. Kingsley, LLC.

- (a) Classification. Class 1 consists of the Allowed A.E. Kingsley Secured Claims.
- (b) Impairment and Voting. The Allowed AE Kingsley Secured Claim is unimpaired under the Plan. The holder of the Allowed AE Kingsley Secured Claim shall not be entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.
- (c) Claim Treatment. In full and complete satisfaction, settlement, discharge and release of the Allowed AE Kingsley Secured Claim, the holder of the Allowed AE Kingsley Secured Claim shall receive payment in accordance with the terms of the Term Letter dated March 14, 2016, the Loan Documents and the DIP Financing Motion, as approved by entry of a court

order, if any, or (ii) treatment as agreed between the respective Debtor and the holder of the Allowed AE Kingsley Secured Claim.

- (d) Liens. The Liens held by the holder of the Allowed AE Kingsley Secured Claim shall be treated as follows.
- (i) Retention of Liens. The Liens on AE Kingsley's Collateral shall be retained by the holder of the Allowed AE Kingsley Claim to secure the payment of the Allowed AE Kingsley Claim pursuant to the Plan.
- (ii) Release of Liens. With respect to a sale of AE Kingsley's Collateral under the Plan, the Liens on AE Kingsley's Collateral shall be discharged and released as follows:
- (1) Notice of Closing. The Debtor shall provide the holder of the Allowed AE Kingsley Secured Claim with at least five (5) days' notice of the scheduled closing of a sale of AE Kingsley's Collateral under the Plan, which include the units that are completed and sold (or refinanced) as a result of the AE Kingsley funding.
- (2) Delivery of Discharge. At least two (2) Business Days prior to the scheduled closing of a sale or a refinancing of AE Kingsley's Collateral, the holder of the Allowed AE Kingsley's Secured Claim shall deliver to closing attorney a discharge and release of its Liens on the Collateral to be sold/refinanced.
- (3) Payment/Recording of Discharge. Within one (1) Business Day after the closing of a sale/refinance of AE Kingsley's Collateral, the Reorganized Debtor shall deliver the proceeds of such sale to the holder of the Allowed AE Kingsley Secured Claim in accordance with the terms of the DIP Financing Motion. Upon the delivery of the proceeds of the transfer of AE Kingsley's Collateral to the holder of the Allowed AE Kingsley Secured Claim, AE Kingsley's Lien on the Collateral sold or refinanced shall be deemed discharged and released, and the closing attorney shall cause the discharge and release of the Lien on the Collateral to be recorded.
- (iii) Discharge of Liens. Upon payment in full of the Allowed AE Kingsley Secured Claim against the Debtor: (i) all Liens securing the Allowed AE Kingsley Secured Claim against such Debtor shall be deemed canceled, discharged and released, and (ii) the holder of the Allowed AE Kingsley Secured Claim shall deliver to the

Reorganized Debtor, within one (1) Business Day of the payment in full of the Allowed AE Kingsley Secured Claim, all UCC terminations, mortgage discharges and any other documents necessary to effect the discharge and release of the Liens on the Debtor's Property.

- (e) Indubitable Equivalent. The holder of the Allowed AE Kingsley Secured Claim shall receive such additional or other treatment as may be necessary, as agreed to between the Debtor and the holder of the Allowed AE Kingsley Claim or as determined by the Bankruptcy Court, to permit the holder of the Allowed AE Kingsley Secured Claim to realize the indubitable equivalent of its Allowed Claim.
- (f) Loan Documents. As of the Effective Date, the AE Kingsley Loan Documents shall be deemed amended and restated, without further action, as necessary to reflect and incorporate the terms of the Plan. To the extent that there is any inconsistency between the Plan and any of the AE Kingsley Loan Documents, the terms of the Plan shall control.

4.2 Class 2 – UB Properties, LLC Secured Claim.

- (a) Classification. Class 2 consists of the Allowed UB Properties, LLC Secured Claim.
- (b) Impairment and Voting. The Allowed UB Secured Claim is impaired under the Plan. The holder of the Allowed UB Secured Claim shall be entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.
- (c) Claim Treatment. In full and complete satisfaction, settlement, discharge and release of the Allowed UB Secured Claim, the holder of the Allowed UB Secured Claim shall receive either: (i) payments in accordance with the release price stated in the Distribution Schedule attached as Exhibit B to this Disclosure Statement, until their allowed claim as determined by this Court is paid in full; or (ii) treatment as agreed between Debtor and the holder of the Allowed UB Secured Claim.
- (d) Liens. The Liens held by the holder of the Allowed UB Secured Claim shall be treated as follows.
 - (iv) Retention of Liens. The Liens on UB's Collateral shall be retained by the holder of the Allowed UB Claim to secure the payment of the Allowed UB Claim pursuant to the Plan. The UB Liens shall be subordinated to the Lien of AE Kingsley, in accordance with the DIP Financing Motion.
 - (v) Release of Liens. With respect to a sale or refinance of UB's Collateral under the Plan, the Liens on UB's Collateral shall be discharged and released as follows:

- (4) Notice of Closing. The Debtor shall provide the holder of the Allowed UB Secured Claim with at least five (5) days' notice of the scheduled closing of a sale or refinance of UB's Collateral under the Plan.
- (5) Delivery of Discharge. At least two (2) Business Days prior to the scheduled closing of a sale or refinance of UB's Collateral, the holder of the Allowed UB's Secured Claim shall deliver to closing attorney a discharge and release of its Liens on the Collateral to be sold/refinanced (the Unit Release).
- (6) Payment/Recording of Discharge. Within one (1) Business Day after the closing of a sale or refinance of UB's Collateral Unit(s), the Reorganized Debtor shall deliver the proceeds of such sale or refinance to the holder of the Allowed UB Secured Claim in accordance with the terms of the DIP Financing Motion. Upon the delivery of the proceeds of a sale or refinance of UB's Collateral to the holder of the Allowed UB Secured Claim, UB's Lien on the Collateral Unit(s) sold/refinance shall be deemed discharged and released, and the closing attorney shall cause the discharge and release of the Lien on the Collateral to be recorded.
- (vi) Discharge of Liens. Upon payment in full of the Allowed UB Secured Claim against the Debtor: (i) all Liens securing the Allowed UB Secured Claim against such Debtor shall be deemed canceled, discharged and released, and (ii) the holder of the Allowed UB Secured Claim shall deliver to the Reorganized Debtor, within one (1) Business Day of the payment in full of the Allowed UB Secured Claim, all UCC terminations, mortgage discharges and any other documents necessary to effect the discharge and release of the Liens on the Debtor's Property.
- (d) Liens on Additional Collateral: UB will retain its lien on the additional collateral located at 51 Manomet Street, Hull and 10 Malta Street, Hull, until such time as the UB secured claim against the Debtor is paid in full or the Debtor and UB agree, in writing, to different treatment or transfer of the collateral at which time UB will release the liens on the additional collateral.
- (e) Indubitable Equivalent. The holder of the Allowed UB Secured Claim shall receive such additional or other treatment as may be necessary, as agreed to between the Debtor and the holder of the Allowed UB Secured Claim or as determined by the Bankruptcy Court, to permit the holder of

the Allowed UB Secured Claim to realize the indubitable equivalent of its Allowed Claim.

4.3 Class 3 – Dennis Geisser & Sons, LLC Secured Claim.

- (a) Classification. Class 3 consists of the Geisser Secured Claim.
- (b) Impairment and Voting. The Geisser Claim is unimpaired under the Plan. The holder of the Geisser Secured Claim shall not be entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan as this Claim shall be disallowed.
- (c) Claim Treatment. On April 29, 2016 the Debtor and Geisser entered into a Settlement Agreement and Mutual Release resolving the claim of Geisser. On May 5, 2016, Debtor filed a Motion to Approve Compromise of Claim, which was approved by the Court on or about May 27, 2016.
- (d) Liens. The Liens held by the holder of the Geisser Secured Claim shall be treated as follows.
 - (i) Retention of Liens. Pursuant to the Settlement Agreement, the Liens on the Collateral shall be discharged, dissolved and released upon approval of the Motion to Approve Compromise and payment of funds from the bond company.

4.4 Class 4 – National Lumber Secured Claim.

- (a) Classification. Class 4 consists of the Allowed National Lumber Secured Claim.
- (b) Impairment and Voting. The Allowed National Lumber Secured Claim is impaired under the Plan. The holder of the Allowed National Lumber Secured Claim shall be entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.
- (c) Claim Treatment. Debtor asserts that the National Lumber Claim is voidable and in the event not otherwise resolved, will seek to have this Court void the lien. If Debtor is successful in its adversary proceeding, National Lumber will be treated as a claimant in Class 6 of the Plan. If Debtor is unsuccessful, in full and complete satisfaction, settlement, discharge and release of the Allowed National Lumber Secured Claim, the holder of the Allowed National Lumber Secured Claim shall receive either: (i) payments in accordance with the release price stated in the Distribution Schedule attached as Exhibit B to this Disclosure Statement, until their allowed claim as determined by this Court is paid in full; or (ii) treatment as agreed between Debtor and the holder of the Allowed National Lumber Secured Claim. While a determination is pending on the validity of the National Lumber Secured Claim, Debtor

will reserve the amount (release price) stated in Exhibit B in a separate fund upon the sale or refinance of each Unit and National Lumber will provide the appropriate and required lien release in accordance with 4.4(d)(ii). In the event the lien is declared void, those funds reserved from each sale will be first applied to the unpaid balance owed to UB, if any. If the UB claim has been paid in full, the funds will be held by Debtor's counsel for payment of outstanding administrative and unsecured claims.

- (d) Liens. The Liens held by the holder of the Allowed National Lumber Secured Claim shall be treated as follows.
- (i) Retention of Liens. After a determination by this Court as to the validity, amount and extent of its claims and liens, if any, the Liens or claims on National Lumber's Collateral shall be retained by the holder of the Allowed National Lumber Claim to secure the payment of the Allowed National Claim pursuant to the Plan. The National Lumber Liens shall be subordinated to the Lien of AE Kingsley and UB, in accordance with the DIP Financing Motion.
- (ii) Release of Liens. With respect to a sale or refinance of National Lumber's Collateral under the Plan, the Liens on National Lumber's Collateral shall be discharged and released as follows:
- (1) Notice of Closing. The Debtor shall provide the holder of the Allowed National Lumber Secured Claim, if any, with at least five (5) days' notice of the scheduled closing of a sale or refinance of National Lumber's Collateral under the Plan.
 - (2) Delivery of Discharge. At least two (2) Business Days prior to the scheduled closing of a sale or refinance of National Lumber's Collateral, the holder of the Allowed National Lumber's Secured Claim shall deliver to closing attorney a discharge and release of its Liens on the Collateral Unit to be sold.
 - (3) Payment/Recording of Discharge. Within one (1) Business Day after the closing of a sale or refinance of National Lumber's Collateral Unit, the Reorganized Debtor shall either escrow or deliver (subject to any Court order or stipulation between the Debtor and National Lumber) the proceeds of such sale/refinance to the holder of the Allowed National Lumber Secured Claim in accordance with the terms of the DIP Financing Motion. Upon the delivery of the proceeds of a sale/refinance of National Lumber's Collateral to

the holder of the Allowed National Lumber Secured Claim, National Lumber's Lien on the Collateral Unit(s) sold/refinanced shall be deemed discharged and released, and the closing attorney shall cause the discharge and release of the Lien on the Collateral.

- (iii) Discharge of Liens. Upon payment in full of the Allowed National Lumber Secured Claim, if any and as determined by the Bankruptcy Court, against the Debtor: (i) all Liens securing the Allowed National Lumber Secured Claim against such Debtor shall be deemed canceled, discharged and released, and (ii) the holder of the Allowed National Lumber Secured Claim shall deliver to the Reorganized Debtor, within one (1) Business Day of the payment in full of the Allowed National Lumber Secured Claim, all UCC terminations, mortgage discharges and any other documents necessary to effect the discharge and release of the Liens on the Debtor's Property.
- (d) Indubitable Equivalent. The holder of the Allowed National Lumber Secured Claim shall receive such additional or other treatment as may be necessary, as agreed to between the Debtor and the holder of the Allowed National Lumber Secured Claim or as determined by the Bankruptcy Court, to permit the holder of the Allowed National Lumber Secured Claim to realize the indubitable equivalent of its Allowed Claim.

4.5 Class 5 – Avidia Bank Secured Claim.

- (a) Classification. Class 5 consists of the Allowed Avidia Bank Secured Claim.
- (b) Impairment and Voting. The Allowed Avidia Secured Claim is impaired under the Plan. The holder of the Allowed Avidia Secured Claim shall be entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.
- (c) Claim Treatment. Debtor asserts that the Avidia Claim is voidable and will seek to have this Court void the lien. If Debtor is successful in its adversary proceeding, Avidia will be treated as a claimant in Class 6 of the Plan. If Debtor is unsuccessful, in full and complete satisfaction, settlement, discharge and release of the Allowed Avidia Secured Claim, the holder of the Allowed Avidia Secured Claim shall receive either: (i) payments in accordance with the release price stated in the Distribution Schedule attached as Exhibit B to this Disclosure Statement, until their allowed claim as determined by this Court is paid in full; or (ii) treatment as agreed between Debtor and the holder of the Allowed Avidia Secured Claim. While a determination is pending on the validity of the Avidia Secured Claim, Debtor will reserve the amount (release price) stated in Exhibit B in a separate fund upon the sale or

refinance of each Unit and Avidia will provide the appropriate and required lien release in accordance with 4.5(d)(ii). In the event the lien is declared void, those funds reserved from each sale will be first applied to the unpaid balance owed to UB, if any. If the UB claim has been paid in full, the funds will be held by Debtor's counsel for payment of outstanding secured claims, administrative, and unsecured claims.

- (d) Liens. The Liens held by the holder of the Allowed Avidia Secured Claim shall be treated as follows.
- (e) Retention of Liens. After a determination by this Court as to the validity, amount and extent of its claims and liens, if any, the Liens on Avidia's Collateral shall be retained by the holder of the Allowed Avidia Claim to secure the payment of the Allowed Avidia Claim pursuant to the Plan. The Avidia Liens shall be subordinated to the Lien of AE Kingsley, United, and National Lumber, in accordance with the DIP Financing Motion.
- (e) Release of Liens. With respect to a sale of Avidia's Collateral under the Plan, the Liens on Avidia's Collateral shall be discharged and released as follows (Unit Release):
 - (4) Notice of Closing. The Debtor shall provide the holder of the Allowed Avidia Secured Claim, if any, with at least five (5) days' notice of the scheduled closing of a sale or refinancing of Avidia's Collateral under the Plan.
 - (5) Delivery of Discharge. At least two (2) Business Days prior to the scheduled closing of a sale or refinancing of Avidia's Collateral Unit(s), the holder of the Allowed Avidia's Secured Claim shall deliver to closing attorney a discharge and release of its Liens on the Collateral Unit(s) to be sold or refinanced.
 - (6) Payment/Recording of Discharge. Within one (1) Business Day after the closing of a sale or refinancing of Avidia's Collateral Unit(s), the Reorganized Debtor shall either escrow or deliver the proceeds, subject to any Court order or stipulation between the Debtor and Avidia, of such sale/refinance to the holder of the Allowed Avidia Secured Claim in accordance with the terms of the DIP Financing Motion. Upon the delivery of the proceeds of a sale/refinance of Avidia's Collateral Unit(s) to the holder of the Allowed Avidia Secured Claim, Avidia's Lien on the Collateral Unit(s) sold or refinanced shall be deemed discharged and

released, and the closing attorney shall cause the discharge and release of the Lien on the Collateral Unit(s) sold/refinanced to be recorded.

- (f) Discharge of Liens. Upon payment in full of the Allowed Avidia Secured Claim, if any, as determined by the Bankruptcy Court, against the Debtor: (i) all Liens securing the Allowed Avidia Secured Claim against such Debtor shall be deemed canceled, discharged and released, and (ii) the holder of the Allowed Avidia Secured Claim shall deliver to the Reorganized Debtor, within one (1) Business Day of the payment in full of the Allowed Avidia Secured Claim, all UCC terminations, mortgage discharges and any other documents necessary to effect the discharge and release of the Liens on the Debtor's Property.
- (f) Indubitable Equivalent. The holder of the Allowed Avidia Secured Claim shall receive such additional or other treatment as may be necessary, as agreed to between the Debtor and the holder of the Allowed Avidia Secured Claim or as determined by the Bankruptcy Court, to permit the holder of the Allowed Avidia Secured Claim to realize the indubitable equivalent of its Allowed Claim.

4.6 Class 6 – Allowed General Unsecured Creditors

- (a) Classification. Class 6 consists of the Allowed General Unsecured Claims against the Debtor.
- (b) Impairment and Voting. Class 6 is impaired under the Plan. Each holder of a General Unsecured Claim shall be entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.
- (c) Claim Treatment. In full and complete satisfaction, settlement, release and discharge, each holder of an Allowed General Unsecured Claim shall receive, commencing upon the later to occur of the Effective Date or the date such Claim becomes an Allowed Claim, one of the following: (a) a Pro Rata share of the Plan Fund; or (b) treatment as agreed between the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor and the holder of the Allowed General Unsecured Claim.
- (d) Claims of Insiders. No Insiders of the Debtor shall receive any distributions on account of their Allowed Claims until the Allowed Claims of all non-Insider creditors have been paid in full.

4.7 Class 7 – Mina Kairalla

- (a) Classification. Class 7 consists of the Allowed Claim of Mina Kairalla.
- (b) Impairment and Voting. Class 7 is impaired and disputed under the Plan and shall not be entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.
- (c) Treatment. Debtor disputes the claim of Mina Kairalla. The claim of Kairalla is undetermined whether it is characterized as equity interest because of the investment or an unsecured claim subject to an executory contract which could be rejected. Upon determination by this Court as to the characterization, amount, and validity of the Kairalla Claim, Kairalla's claim may be treated as a Class 6 claim or if determined to hold an equity interest, such equity interest shall be cancelled in accordance with Class 8.

4.8 Class 8 - Equity Interests.

- (d) Classification. Class 8 consists of the Allowed Equity Interests in 7 Bay Corp.
- (e) Impairment and Voting. Class 8 is impaired under the Plan and shall be entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.
- (f) Treatment. On the Effective Date, the Equity Interests the Debtor shall be cancelled and new shares issued to the Reorganized Debtor, which shares will be held 100% by Steven Buckley in exchange for his new value contribution to the Plan.

4.9 Reservation of Rights.

The Debtor reserves the right to, among other things, (a) contest the right of the holder of any Claim to vote on the Plan, or designate the vote of the holder of any Claim (b) contest the right of the holder of any Claim to receive distributions under the Plan, and (c) seek to subordinate any Claim for inequitable conduct or otherwise.

ARTICLE V

MEANS FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PLAN

5.1 Plan Implementation.

The Plan will be funded from the construction and sale of Debtor's Property as well as the new value contribution by Debtor's principals, or entities controlled by Debtor's principal.

5.2 Sales of Property.

Sale of Units. Confirmation of the Plan shall constitute authority for the Reorganized Debtor to continue to sell the remaining units of the project, pay the secured lenders, obtain unit releases, and distribute the proceeds and pay claims in accordance with the Distribution Schedule attached as Exhibit A.

Plan Fund. Reorganized Debtor will establish a Plan Fund upon the sale of the last unit. Upon the sale of the last unit, and after payment in full of all allowed secured claims, administrative and priority claims, Reorganized Debtor will deposit the excess proceeds from the sale of the last unit into the Plan Fund in order to pay allowed Class 6 claimants. Class 6 Claimants will share pro-rata in the Plan Fund.

Administration of Plan Fund. Reorganized Debtor or Debtor's counsel shall distribute the funds in accordance with the terms of this Plan. Debtor's counsel shall be entitled to a payment of \$500.00 plus costs for administration of the Plan Fund. Debtor will continue to make payments on the secured claims pursuant to this Plan.

5.3 Execution of Necessary Documents.

(a) Confirmation of the Plan shall constitute authorization by the Bankruptcy Court for the Debtor and/or the Reorganized Debtor to enter into all documents, instruments and agreements necessary to effectuate the terms of the Plan, including without limitation any of the foregoing that may be necessary to sell the remaining units of the Debtor and Reorganized Debtor. The form and/or content of the documents, instruments and agreements necessary to effectuate the terms of the Plan shall be subject to the approval of the Debtor and/or the Reorganized Debtor, in their sole discretion.

(b) All matters provided for in the Plan involving any corporate action required by the Debtor or Reorganized Debtor in connection with the Plan shall be deemed to have occurred, and shall be in effect, without any requirement of further action by the Reorganized Debtor, its agents, representatives, members, managers, officers, directors or Affiliates.

5.3 Organization Documents and Good Standing.

As of the Effective Date, the Debtor's Organization Documents shall be amended as necessary to effectuate the terms of the Plan and shall become the Organization Documents of the Reorganized Debtor. To the extent that there is any inconsistency between the Plan and any of the Organization Documents, the terms of the Plan shall control. To the extent the Debtor is not in compliance as of the Effective Date with any state or local law requirements necessary to remain as an organized legal entity in good standing and/or remain authorized as an organized legal entity to conduct business in any jurisdiction, the Debtor and/or the Reorganized Debtor, as the case may be, shall be deemed to be in compliance with any such laws if they comply with such laws within six months after the Effective Date.

5.4 Revesting of Property.

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, the Reorganized Debtor, as of the Effective Date, shall be vested with all of the assets of the Debtor.

5.6 Preservation of Causes of Action.

Except as provided in, and unless expressly waived, relinquished, exculpated, released, compromised or settled in the Plan, the Confirmation Order, any Non-Appealable Order, or in any contract, instrument, release or other agreement entered into or delivered in connection with the Plan, the Reorganized Debtor will exclusively retain and may enforce, and the Debtor expressly reserve and preserve for these purposes, in accordance with sections 1123(a)(5)(A) of the Bankruptcy Code, any Claims, demands, rights and Causes of Action that the Debtors or their respective Estates may hold against any person or entity. No preclusion doctrine, including, without limitation, the doctrines of res judicata, collateral estoppel, issue preclusion, claim preclusion, estoppel (judicial, equitable or otherwise) or laches shall apply to them by virtue of or in connection with the confirmation, consummation of effectiveness of the Plan.

5.7 Debtor's Continued Existence.

Following the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtor shall remain in existence for the purpose of effectuating the Plan, including: (a) selling the remaining units of the Property (b) reviewing and objecting to Claims against the Debtor, (c) distributing the Plan Fund, (d) conducting an orderly wind down of the Reorganized Debtor's business and affairs, and (e) initiating and prosecuting claims against any third parties and collecting sums owed to the Debtor as a result of such claims. Upon the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtor shall each be vested with the standing of and with all rights, powers and benefits afforded to a "trustee" under the Bankruptcy Code. Upon the completion of administration of the Plan, the Reorganized Debtor shall be dissolved.

5.8 Default.

No event of default under the Plan shall occur unless, in the event of a breach of the Debtor's or the Reorganized Debtor's obligations under the Plan, the holder of the Allowed Claim asserting the default shall provide written notice of such breach to the Reorganized Debtor and such breach is not cured: (i) in the event of a breach that can be cured by the payment of a sum of money, within ten (10) days of the Reorganized Debtor's receipt of such notice; and (ii) for any other breach, within thirty (30) days of the Reorganized Debtor's receipt of such notice, provided that, if such non-monetary breach cannot reasonably be cured within such 30-day period and the Reorganized Debtor has commenced curing such breach and continue to cure such breach, the thirty (30) day period shall be extended for such time as is reasonably necessary to cure such breach.

ARTICLE VI

DISTRIBUTIONS ON CLAIMS AND RESOLUTION OF DISPUTED CLAIMS

6.1 Method of Distributions Under the Plan.

(a) In General. Subject to Bankruptcy Rule 9010, and except as otherwise provided in the Plan, all distributions under the Plan to be made by, or on behalf of, the Reorganized

Debtor to the holder of each Allowed Claim shall be mailed by first class mail, postage prepaid, to the address of such holder as listed on the Schedules unless the Reorganized Debtor have been notified in writing of a change of address as of the Distribution Record Date, including, without limitation, by the filing of a proof of claim or notice of transfer of claim filed by such holder that provides an address for such holder different from the address reflected on the Schedules. The Reorganized Debtors shall have no obligation to locate such holders whose distributions or notices are properly mailed but nevertheless returned.

(b) Form of Distributions. Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, any payment of Cash made by, or on behalf of, the Reorganized Debtor pursuant to the Plan shall be made by check.

(c) Distributions to be on Business Days. Any payment or distribution required to be made under the Plan on a day other than a Business Day shall be made on the next succeeding Business Day.

(d) Fractional Dollars. Whenever any payment of a fraction of a dollar would otherwise be called for, the actual payment shall reflect a rounding of such fraction to the nearest whole dollar (rounding down in the case of \$0.50 or less, and rounding up in the case of more than \$0.50).

(e) Distributions to Holders as of the Distribution Record Date. As of the close of business on the Distribution Record Date, the claims register shall be closed. The Reorganized Debtor shall have no obligation to recognize any transfer of any Claims occurring after the close of business on the Distribution Record Date, and shall instead be entitled to recognize and deal for all purposes under the Plan with only those holders of record as of the close of business on the Distribution Record Date.

6.2 Objections to Disputed Claims.

Prior to the Effective Date, any objections to Claims against the Debtor shall be prosecuted by the Debtor. On and after the Effective Date, any objections to Claims against the Debtor shall be prosecuted by the Reorganized Debtor.

6.3 Deadline for Objecting to Disputed Claims.

Except as otherwise provided by order of the Bankruptcy Court, the Debtor, or the Reorganized Debtor as the case may be, may file an objection to a Claim against the Debtor until the later of: (a) the date that such Claim becomes due and payable in accordance with its terms, or (b) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date.

6.4 Estimation of Claims.

The Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor may, at any time, request that the Bankruptcy Court estimate any Disputed Claim pursuant to Section 502(c) of the Bankruptcy Code regardless of whether the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor has previously objected to such Claim or whether the Bankruptcy Court has ruled on any such objection. The Bankruptcy Court shall have jurisdiction to estimate a Disputed Claim at any time, including, without limitation,

during litigation concerning such Claim or an objection to such Claim. In the event the Bankruptcy Court estimates any Disputed Claim, the estimated amount shall constitute either the Allowed amount of such Claim or a maximum limitation on such Claim, as determined by the Bankruptcy Court. If the Bankruptcy Court determines the maximum limitation of a Disputed Claim, such determination shall not preclude the Debtors from pursuing any supplemental proceedings to object to any payment of such Claim. All of the aforementioned Claims objections, estimation and resolution procedures are cumulative and not exclusive remedies. Claims may be estimated and subsequently compromised, settled, withdrawn or resolved by any mechanism approved by the Bankruptcy Court.

6.5 Disputed Claims Reserve.

(a) Establishment. The Reorganized Debtor shall maintain a reserve (the “Disputed Claims Reserve”) equal to 100% of the distributions to which holders of Disputed Claims would be entitled under the Plan if such Disputed Claims were Allowed Claims or such lesser amount as required by a Non-Appealable Order.

(b) Investment of Cash. Cash in the Disputed Claims Reserve may be invested by the Reorganized Debtor only in Cash Equivalents having maturities sufficient to enable the Reorganized Debtor to make all necessary payments to holders of Disputed Claims if, and when, such Disputed Claims become Allowed Claims. Any interest, income, distributions or accretions on account of such investment in Cash Equivalents shall be for the sole benefit and account of the Reorganized Debtor, and the Reorganized Debtor shall be solely responsible for the payment of any income or other taxes arising therefrom.

(c) Distributions Upon Allowance of Disputed Claims. The holder of a Disputed Claim that becomes an Allowed Claim after the Effective Date shall receive distributions of Cash from the Disputed Claims Reserve as soon as practicable following the date on which such Disputed Claim becomes an Allowed Claim pursuant to a Non-Appealable Order. Such distributions shall be made in accordance with the Plan based upon the distributions that would have been made to the holder of such a Claim under the Plan if the Disputed Claim had been an Allowed Claim on or prior to the Effective Date. No holder of a Disputed Claim shall have any claim against the Disputed Claims Reserve or a Reorganized Debtor with respect to such Claim until the Disputed Claim shall become an Allowed Claim.

6.6 Reversion of Unclaimed Checks and Disputed Claims Reserve.

The following amounts shall revert and be vested in the Reorganized Debtor free and clear of any claim or interest of any holder of a Claim under the Plan: (a) the amount of any checks issued for distributions under the Plan that remain uncashed for a period of 180 days after the date of such distribution; (b) to the extent that a Disputed Claim is not Allowed or becomes an Allowed Claim in an amount less than the Disputed Claim Amount, the excess of the amount of Cash or Cash Equivalents in the Disputed Claims Reserve attributable to such Disputed Claim over the amount of Cash actually distributed on account of such Disputed Claim; and (c) any Allowed Claim that is disallowed and expunged pursuant to the Plan.

6.7 Obligation to Provide Tax Documents.

No Person entitled to a payment or distribution under the Plan shall receive such distribution or payment until the Person provides the Reorganized Debtor with: (a) a W-9 or similar federal or state tax form, and (b) such other tax forms as are reasonably requested by the Reorganized Debtors (collectively the "Tax Forms"). If any Person holding an Allowed Claim fails to provide a Tax Form to the Reorganized Debtor after two written requests for a Tax Form, such Person's Allowed Claim shall be disallowed and expunged without further order of the Bankruptcy Court.

ARTICLE VII

VOTING ON THE PLAN AND CRAMDOWN

7.1 Voting of Claims.

Each holder of an Allowed Claim in an impaired Class that retains or receives property under the Plan shall be entitled to vote separately to accept or reject the Plan. Each holder of the foregoing Allowed Claims electing to vote shall do so on a duly executed and delivered ballot and in accordance with procedures set forth in the applicable order of the Bankruptcy Court establishing Plan voting procedures.

7.2 Acceptance by Impaired Classes.

An impaired class of Claims or Equity Interests shall have accepted the Plan if (a) the holders (other than any holder designated under section 1126(e) of the Bankruptcy Code) of at least two-thirds in amount of the Allowed Claims or Allowed Equity Interests actually voting in such Class have voted to accept the Plan and (b) the holders (other than any holder designated under section 1126(e) of the Bankruptcy Code) of more than one-half in number of the Allowed Claims or Allowed Equity Interests actually voting in such Class have voted to accept the Plan.

7.3 Nonconsensual Confirmation.

If any impaired Class entitled to vote does not accept the Plan by the requisite majorities provided in Sections 1126(c) or 1126(d) of the Bankruptcy Code, as applicable, or if any impaired class is deemed to have rejected the Plan, the Debtors reserve the right (a) to seek confirmation of the Plan under Section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code; and/or (b) to amend the Plan in accordance with Section 12.3 of the Plan.

ARTICLE VIII

EXECUTORY CONTRACTS, UNEXPIRED LEASES, POST-PETITION CONTRACTS AND RETIREE AND COMPENSATION BENEFITS

8.1 Assumption of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases.

Pursuant to Sections 1123(b)(2) and 365(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, any executory contract or unexpired lease (excluding insurance policies) that (a) has not expired by its own rejection with the approval of the Bankruptcy Court on or prior to the Confirmation Date, (b) is

not the subject of a motion to assume or reject which is pending at the time of the Confirmation Date, or (c) is not designed by the Debtor as being an executory contract or unexpired lease to be assumed at the time of confirmation of the Plan, shall be deemed rejected on the Effective Date. The entry of the Confirmation Order by the Bankruptcy Court shall constitute the approval of the rejection of executory contracts and unexpired leases pursuant to this section of the Plan and Sections 365(a) and 1123(b)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code.

8.2 Payments Related to The Assumption of Executory Contracts And Unexpired Leases.

(a) Payment of Claims Arising From Assumed Contracts And Leases. Any Allowed Claims arising from the assumption of an executory contract or unexpired lease will receive, in full and complete satisfaction, settlement, release and discharge of such Claims and at the election of the Debtor, either: (i) payment in the ordinary course of business as and when such Allowed Claims become due pursuant to such executory contract or unexpired lease, or (ii) payment as agreed between the Debtor and the counter-party to the assumed contract or lease.

(b) Disputed Claims and Bar Date. If there is a dispute regarding (i) the amount of any claim arising from the assumption or rejection of an executory contract or unexpired lease, (ii) the ability of the Debtor or any assignee to provide “adequate assurance of further performance,” within the meaning of Section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code, under a contract or lease to be assumed, or (iii) any other matter pertaining to the assumption or assumption and assignment of any contract or lease, the payment of any Claim related to the foregoing will be made following entry of a Non-Appealable Order resolving the dispute and approving the assumption.

8.3 Rejection Damage Claims.

If the rejection of an executory contract or unexpired lease by the Debtor results in a Claim by the other party or parties to such contract or lease, any claim for damages, if not previously evidenced by a filed proof of claim, shall be forever barred and shall not be enforceable against the Estates, the Reorganized Debtor and their respective properties, agents, successors, or assigns, unless a proof of claim is filed with the Bankruptcy Court and served upon counsel for the Debtor on or before thirty (30) days following the later to occur of: (a) the rejection of such executory contract or unexpired lease, and (b) the Confirmation Date. Unless otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court or provided in the Plan, all such Claims for which proofs of claim are timely filed will be treated as General Unsecured Claims subject to the provisions of the Plan. The Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, as the case may be, shall have the right to object to any such Claim for rejection damages in accordance with the Plan.

ARTICLE IX

RELEASE AND DISCHARGE OF CLAIMS

9.1 Discharge.

Except as otherwise expressly provided in Section 1141 of the Bankruptcy Code or the Plan, the distributions made pursuant to and in accordance with the applicable terms and

conditions of the Plan are in full and final satisfaction, settlement, release and discharge as against the Debtor and the Reorganized Debtor of any debt or obligation of the Debtor that arose before the Effective Date, and any debt of the Debtor of a kind specified in Section 502(g), 502(h), or 502(i) of the Bankruptcy Code, and all Claims against the Debtor or its Estate of any nature, including, without limitation, any setoff claims and/or any interest accrued on any Claim from and after the Petition Date, whether or not: (a) a proof of claim based on such debt, obligation or Equity Interest is filed or deemed filed under Section 501 of the Bankruptcy Code, (b) such Claim is Allowed under Section 502 of the Bankruptcy Code, or (c) the holder of such Claim has accepted the Plan.

9.2 Injunction Relating to the Plan.

As of the Effective Date, all Persons are hereby permanently enjoined from commencing, continuing or enforcing in any manner or in any place, any action or other proceeding, whether directly, indirectly, derivatively or otherwise against the Debtor, its Estate or the Reorganized Debtor, on account of, or respecting any Claims, debts, rights, obligations, Causes of Action or liabilities discharged pursuant to the Plan, except to the extent expressly permitted under the Plan.

9.3 Releases.

Except as otherwise set forth in the Plan, as of the Effective Date, in consideration for, among other things, the obligations of the Debtor under the Plan and other contracts, instruments, releases, agreements or documents to be entered into or delivered in connection with the Plan, (a) each holder of a Claim or Interest that votes in favor of the Plan and (b) to the fullest extent permissible under applicable law, as such law may be extended or interpreted subsequent to the Effective Date, each Person that has held, holds or may hold a Claim or Equity Interest or at any time was a creditor or equity holder of the Debtor and that does not vote on the Plan or votes against the Plan, in each case will be deemed to forever release, waive and discharge all claims (including any derivative claims), obligations, suits, judgments, damages, demands, rights, causes of action and liabilities (other than the right to enforce the Reorganized Debtor's obligations under the Plan and the contracts, instruments, releases, agreements and documents delivered under the Plan), whether liquidated or unliquidated, fixed or contingent, matured or unmatured, known or unknown, foreseen or unforeseen, then existing or thereafter arising in law, equity or otherwise, that are based in whole or in part on any act, omission, transaction or other occurrence taking place on or prior to the Effective Date in any way relating to a Debtor, the Bankruptcy Cases or the Plan that such entity has, had or may have against any Debtor, the Estates, the Estate's Assets, the Reorganized Debtor and/or the Reorganized Debtor's Assets.

9.4 Cancellation of Existing Indebtedness and Liens.

Except as may otherwise be provided in the Plan, on the Effective Date: (a) all credit agreements, promissory notes, mortgages, security agreements, invoices, contracts, agreements and any other documents or instruments evidencing Claims against the Debtor, together with any and all Liens securing same, including without limitation any rights of setoff, shall be canceled, discharged and released without further act or action by any Person under any applicable

agreement, law, regulation, order or rule, (b) the obligations of the Debtor thereunder shall be deemed cancelled, discharged and released, and (c) all of the right, title and interest of any holder of such mortgages, deeds of trust, liens or other security interests, including any rights to any collateral thereunder, will revert to the Reorganized Debtor. To the extent deemed necessary or advisable by the Reorganized Debtor, any holder of a Claim shall promptly provide the Reorganized Debtor with an appropriate instrument of cancellation, discharge or release, as the case may be, in suitable form for recording wherever necessary to evidence such cancellation, discharge or release, including the cancellation, discharge or release of any Lien securing such Claim.

9.5 Exculpation.

Except as otherwise set forth in the Plan, neither the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, nor any of their respective present or former members, managers, officers, directors, employees, general or limited partners, advisors, attorneys, agents, successors or assigns, shall have or incur any liability to any holder of a Claim or an Interest, or any other party in interest, or any of their respective agents, employees, representatives, financial advisors, attorneys, or affiliates, or any of their successors or assigns, for any act or omission in connection with, relating to, or arising out of, the administration of these Chapter 11 bankruptcy proceedings, the pursuit of confirmation of the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, the consummation of the Plan, or the administration of the Plan or the property to be distributed under the Plan occurring prior to the Effective Date, provided that the terms of this Section 9.5 shall not apply to any liability for willful misconduct or ultra vires acts.

9.6 Setoffs.

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, nothing contained in the Plan shall constitute a waiver or release by the Debtor, the Estate and/or the Reorganized Debtor of any rights of setoff each may have against any Person.

ARTICLE X

CONDITIONS PRECEDENT TO THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE PLAN

10.1 Conditions Precedent to Effectiveness.

Subject to Section 10.2 of the Plan, the following are conditions precedent to the occurrence of the Effective Date:

- (a) The Confirmation Order, in form and substance reasonably acceptable to the Debtors shall have been entered by the Bankruptcy Court and shall not be subject to any stay;
- (b) The Confirmation Order shall have become a Non-Appealable Order;
- (c) All actions, other documents and agreements necessary to implement the Plan shall have been executed, delivered and, if necessary, properly recorded, and shall have become effective.

10.2 Waiver of Conditions.

Except for the condition set forth in Sections 10.1(a) of the Plan, the Debtor may, in their sole discretion, waive one or more of the conditions precedent to the effectiveness of the Plan set forth in Section 10.1, without notice to any creditors or parties in interest and without Bankruptcy Court approval. The failure to satisfy or waive any condition precedent to the occurrence of the Effective Date may be asserted by the Debtor regardless of the circumstances giving rise to the failure of such condition to be satisfied.

10.3 Effect of Non-occurrence of Conditions to the Effective Date.

If the Effective Date does not occur, the Plan shall be null and void in all respects and nothing contained in the Plan or Disclosure Statement shall: (a) constitute a waiver or release of any Claims by or against, or any Equity Interests in, the Debtor, or (b) prejudice in any manner the rights of the Debtor, or constitute an admission, acknowledgement, offer or undertaking by the Debtor.

ARTICLE XI

RETENTION OF JURISDICTION

From and after the occurrence of the Effective Date, the Bankruptcy Court shall have jurisdiction over the matters arising out of, and related to, the Bankruptcy Cases and the Plan, as legally permissible, pursuant to, and for the purposes of, Sections 105(a) and 1142 of the Bankruptcy Code including, without limitation:

- (a) To hear and determine any and all objections to the allowance, disallowance, determination, liquidation, classification or estimation of any Claims or Equity Interests or any controversies as to the priority and classification of any Claims (or any security with respect thereto) or Equity Interests or to estimate any Disputed Claim;
- (b) To hear and determine any and all applications by Professionals for compensation and reimbursement of expenses, authorized pursuant to the Plan or the Bankruptcy Code;
- (c) To hear and determine any and all applications (whether or not pending at or on the Confirmation Date) related to the rejection, assumption or assignment of executory contracts and unexpired leases to which any Debtor is a party, and to hear, determine and allow any Claims resulting therefrom;
- (d) To enforce and adjudicate the provisions of the Plan subject to the terms of the Plan;
- (e) To correct any defect, cure any omission, or reconcile any inconsistency in the Plan or in the Confirmation Order as may be necessary to carry out the purpose and the intent of the Plan;

(f) To determine any Claim or liability to a governmental unit which may be asserted as a result of the transactions contemplated in the Plan;

(g) To hear and determine matters concerning state, local, and federal taxes in accordance with Sections 346, 505 and 1146 of the Bankruptcy Code;

(h) To determine such other matters as may be necessary if the Confirmation Order is for any reason modified, stayed, reversed, revoked or vacated;

(i) To resolve any cases, controversies, suits or disputes that may arise in connection with the consummation, interpretation, enforcement or vacatur of the Plan or any Person's obligations incurred in connection with the Plan;

(j) To issue injunctions, enter and implement other orders or take such other actions as may be necessary or appropriate to restrain interference by any Person with consummation or enforcement of the Plan, except as otherwise provided herein;

(k) To determine any other matters that may arise in connection with the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, the Confirmation Order or any other contract, instrument, release, indenture or other agreement or document created in connection with the foregoing;

(l) To resolve any cases, controversies, suits or disputes with respect to releases, injunctions and other provisions contained in Article IX hereof and enter such orders as may be necessary or appropriate to implement such releases, injunctions or other provisions;

(m) To hear and determine any Claims, rights, demands and Causes of Action arising prior to the Effective Date preserved pursuant to Section 5.6 of the Plan; and

(n) To enter an order and/or final decree concluding the Bankruptcy Cases.

ARTICLE XII

MISCELLANEOUS

12.1 Continuation of Injunctions or Stays Until Effective Date.

All injunctions or stays provided for in the Bankruptcy Cases under Sections 105 or 362 of the Bankruptcy Code, or otherwise, and in existence on the Confirmation Date, shall remain in full force and effect until the Effective Date.

12.2 Final Decree

After the Effective Date of the Plan, Reorganized Debtor may move for a Final Decree, prior to the sale of the last unit.

12.3 Exemption from Transfer Taxes.

In accordance with Section 1146(c) of the Bankruptcy Code: (a) the issuance, transfer or exchange of any security under the Plan or the making or delivery of any instrument of transfer pursuant to, in implementation of, or as contemplated by the Plan, including any merger agreements or agreements of consolidation, deeds, bills of sale or assignments executed in connection with any of the transactions contemplated under the Plan, or the re-vesting, transfer or sale of any real or personal property of the Debtor pursuant to, in implementation of, or as contemplated by the Plan, (b) the making, delivery, creation, assignment, amendment or recording of any note or other obligation for the payment of money or any mortgage, deed of trust or other security interest under, in furtherance of, or in connection with the Plan, and the issuance, renewal, modification or securing of indebtedness by such means, and (c) the making, delivery or recording of any deed or other instrument of transfer under, in furtherance of, or in connection with, the Plan, including, without limitation, the sale of the remaining units of the Property, shall not be subject to any document recording tax, stamp tax, conveyance fee or other similar tax, mortgage tax, real estate transfer tax, mortgage recording tax or other similar tax or governmental assessment. Each recorder of deeds or similar official for any county, city or governmental unit in which any instrument under the Plan is to be recorded shall, pursuant to the Confirmation Order, be ordered and directed to accept such instrument, without requiring the payment of any documentary stamp tax, deed stamps, transfer tax, intangible tax or similar tax.

12.4 Amendment or Modification of the Plan.

Alterations, amendments or modifications of the Plan may be proposed in writing by the Debtor at any time prior to the Confirmation Date, provided that the Plan, as altered, amended or modified, satisfies the conditions of Sections 1122 and 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code, and the Debtors shall have complied with Section 1125 of the Bankruptcy Code. The Plan may be altered, amended or modified at any time before or after the Confirmation Date and before substantial consummation, provided that the Plan, as altered, amended or modified, satisfies the requirements of Sections 1122 and 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code and the Bankruptcy Court, after notice and a hearing, confirms the Plan, as altered, amended or modified, under Section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code. A holder of a Claim that has accepted the Plan shall be deemed to have accepted the Plan, as altered, amended or modified, if the proposed alteration, amendment or modification does not materially and adversely change the treatment of the Claim of such holder. The Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor may, without notice to holders of Claims insofar as it does not materially and adversely affect the interests of any such holders, correct any defect or omission in the Plan and any exhibit to the Plan or in any Plan Document.

12.5 Severability.

If, prior to the Confirmation Date, any term or provision of the Plan is determined by the Bankruptcy Court to be invalid, void or unenforceable, the Bankruptcy Court may, upon the request of the Debtor, alter and interpret such term or provision to make it valid or enforceable to the maximum extent practicable, consistent with the original purpose of the term or provision held to be invalid, void or unenforceable, and such term or provision shall then be applicable as altered or interpreted. Notwithstanding any such holding, alteration or interpretation, the remainder of the terms and provisions of the Plan shall remain in full force and effect and shall in no way be affected, impaired or invalidated by such holding, alternation or interpretation. The Confirmation Order shall constitute a judicial determination that each term and provision of the Plan, as it may have been altered or interpreted in accordance with the foregoing, is valid and enforceable according to its terms.

12.6 Revocation or Withdrawal of the Plan.

The Debtor reserves the right to revoke or withdraw the Plan prior to the Confirmation Date. If the Debtor revokes or withdraw the Plan prior to the Confirmation Date, then the Plan shall be deemed null and void.

12.7 Binding Effect.

The rights, duties and obligations of any Person named or referred to in the Plan shall be binding upon, and shall inure to the benefit of, the successors and assigns of such Person.

12.7 Notices.

All notices, requests and demands to or upon the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor shall only be effective if in writing and, unless otherwise expressly provided in the Plan, shall be deemed to have been duly given or made when actually delivered or, in the case of notice by facsimile transmission, when received and confirmed, addressed as follows:

7 Bay Corp
51 Manomet Street
Hull, MA 02045
Attention: Steven Buckley

With a copy to:

McAULIFFE & ASSOCIATES, Professional Corporation
430 Lexington Street
Newton, MA 02466
John M. McAuliffe, Esq.
Kathryn Pellegrino, Esq.
Telephone: (617) 558-6889
E-mail: john@jm-law.net

12.8 Governing Law.

Except to the extent the Bankruptcy Code, Bankruptcy Rules or other federal law is applicable, or to the extent the Plan provides otherwise, the rights and obligations arising under the Plan shall be governed by, and construed and enforced in accordance with, the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, without giving effect to the principles of conflicts of law of such jurisdiction.

12.9 Withholding and Reporting Requirements.

In connection with the consummation of the Plan, the Reorganized Debtor shall comply with all withholding and reporting requirements imposed by any federal, state, local or foreign taxing authority and all distributions hereunder shall be subject to any such withholding and reporting requirements.

12.10 Post-Confirmation Fees, Final Decree.

The Reorganized Debtor will be responsible for timely payment of fees incurred pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1930(a)(6). After confirmation, the Reorganized Debtor will serve the United States Trustee with a quarterly financial report for each quarter (or portion thereof) the case remain open. The quarterly financial report shall include the following:

- (a) A statement of all disbursements made during the course of the quarter, whether or not pursuant to the plan;
- (b) A summary, by class, of amounts distributed or property transferred to each recipient under the plan, and an explanation of the failure to make any distributions or transfers of property under the plan;
- (c) The Reorganized Debtor's projections as to its continuing ability to comply with the terms of the plan;

- (d) A description of any other factors which may materially affect the Reorganized Debtor's ability to consummate the plan; and
- (e) An estimated date when an application for final decree will be filed with the court (in the case of the final monthly report, the date the decree was filed).

12.11 Headings.

Headings are used in the Plan for convenience and reference only, and shall not constitute a part of the Plan for any other purpose.

12.12 Inconsistency.

In the event of any inconsistency between the Plan and the Disclosure Statement or any other instrument or document created or executed pursuant to the Plan, the terms of the Plan shall govern.

7 BAY CORP

Counsel for the Debtor,

/s/Steven Buckley
By: Steven Buckley
Its: President

/s/ John M. McAuliffe
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E-mail: john@jm-law.net

Dated: June 14, 2016

EXHIBIT A

Distribution Schedule

	Unit 2	Unit 6	Unit 4	Unit 5	Unit 7	Unit 8	Unit 9	Unit 10	Unit 11	TOTALS
Beginning Cash ¹	4300	106738	135976	327976	509976	483014	579014	680014	550552	
DIP Funding for Construction/Costs ²	150000	132000	155000	155000	132000	155000	155000	132000		
Sale Price ³	540000	510000	795000	795000	495000	725000	725000	480000	565000	5630000
Change Order	19500									
NonRefundable Deposit (used for construction)	-51000									
Net Proceeds	658500	642000	950000	950000	627000	880000	880000	612000	565000	
TOTAL	662800	748738	1085976	1277976	1136976	1363014	1459014	1292014	1115552	
Disbursements										
Closing Costs	-27462	-26462	-44000	-44000	-27462	-40000	-40000	-26462	-31466.3	
Construction costs	-125000	-128500	-158000	-158000	-128500	-158000	-158000	-128000	-128000	
Soft Costs not including interest	-10000	-10000	-10000	-10000	-10000	-10000	-10000	-10000	-10000	
DIP Lender	-150000	-132000	-155000	-155000	-132000	-155000	-155000	-132000		
United Bank ⁴	-200000	-250000	-330000	-330000	-285000	-330000	-325000	-350000		-2400000
National Lumber ⁵	-15000	-15000	-15000	-25000	-25000	-35000	-35000	-60000	-60000	-285000
Avidia Bank ⁶	-15000	-15000	-15000	-25000	-25000	-35000	-35000	-35000	-50000	-250000
Ch. 11 US Trustee Fees (Debtor believes the case will be closed on or before the sale of the fourth unit)	-5000	-10000	-10000							
Interest Reserve - United ⁷	-8600	-25800	-21000	-21000	-21000	-21000	-21000			
TOTAL	-556062	-612762	-758000	-768000	-653962	-784000	-779000	-741462	-279466.3	
Remaining Funds to Debtor ⁸	106738	135976	327976	509976	483014	579014	680014	550552	836085.7	836085.7

EXHIBIT B

Distribution Schedule

	Unit 2	Unit 6	Unit 4	Unit 5	Unit 7	Unit 8	Unit 9	Unit 10	Unit 11	TOTALS
Beginning Cash ¹	4300	106738	135976	327976	509976	483014	579014	680014	550552	
DIP Funding for Construction/Costs ²	150000	132000	155000	155000	132000	155000	155000	132000		
Sale Price ³	540000	510000	795000	795000	495000	725000	725000	480000	565000	5630000
Change Order	19500									
NonRefundable Deposit (used for construction)	-51000									
Net Proceeds	658500	642000	950000	950000	627000	880000	880000	612000	565000	
TOTAL	662800	748738	1085976	1277976	1136976	1363014	1459014	1292014	1115552	
Disbursements										
Closing Costs	-27462	-26462	-44000	-44000	-27462	-40000	-40000	-26462	-31466.3	
Construction costs	-125000	-128500	-158000	-158000	-128500	-158000	-158000	-128000	-128000	
Soft Costs not including interest	-10000	-10000	-10000	-10000	-10000	-10000	-10000	-10000	-10000	
DIP Lender	-150000	-132000	-155000	-155000	-132000	-155000	-155000	-132000		
United Bank ⁴	-200000	-250000	-330000	-330000	-285000	-330000	-325000	-350000		-2400000
National Lumber ⁵	-15000	-15000	-15000	-25000	-25000	-35000	-35000	-60000	-60000	-285000
Avidia Bank ⁶	-15000	-15000	-15000	-25000	-25000	-35000	-35000	-35000	-50000	-250000
Ch. 11 US Trustee Fees (Debtor believes the case will be closed on or before the sale of the fourth unit)	-5000	-10000	-10000							
Interest Reserve - United ⁷	-8600	-25800	-21000	-21000	-21000	-21000	-21000			
TOTAL	-556062	-612762	-758000	-768000	-653962	-784000	-779000	-741462	-279466.3	
Remaining Funds to Debtor ⁸	106738	135976	327976	509976	483014	579014	680014	550552	836085.7	836085.7

