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<u>IMPORTANT</u>

THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IS SUBMITTED TO ALL CREDITORS AND INTEREST HOLDERS OF NEW CAL-NEVA LODGE, LLC ENTITLED TO VOTE ON THE PLAN OF LIQUIDATION HEREIN DESCRIBED, AND CONTAINS INFORMATION THAT MAY AFFECT YOUR DECISION TO ACCEPT OR REJECT THE PLAN OF LIQUIDATION. THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IS INTENDED TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE INFORMATION AS REQUIRED BY THE BANKRUPTCY CODE AS TO THE PLAN OF LIQUIDATION. ALL CREDITORS AND INTEREST HOLDERS ARE URGED TO READ THE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND ATTACHMENTS, INCLUDING THE PLAN, WITH CARE AND IN THEIR ENTIRETY.

ON [JULY ____, 2017], THE BANKRUPTCY COURT APPROVED THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AS CONTAINING ADEQUATE INFORMATION UNDER SECTION 1125(b) OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE. SOLICITATION OF ACCEPTANCE OR REJECTION OF THE PLAN OF LIQUIDATION HEREIN DESCRIBED AND ATTACHED AS EXHIBIT A, IS BEING SOUGHT FROM CREDITORS AND INTEREST HOLDERS WHOSE CLAIMS AGAINST AND INTERESTS IN THE DEBTOR ARE IMPAIRED UNDER THE PLAN OF LIQUIDATION. CREDITORS AND INTEREST HOLDERS ENTITLED TO VOTE ON THE PLAN OF LIQUIDATION ARE URGED TO VOTE IN FAVOR OF THE PLAN AND TO RETURN THE BALLOT INCLUDED WITH THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT UPON COMPLETION IN THE ENVELOPE PROVIDED.

GENERAL INFORMATION AND THE PLAN PROPONENT¹

New Cal-Neva Lodge, LLC ("Debtor" or "New Cal-Neva") the debtor and debtor-in-possession in the above-captioned chapter 11 case filed its petition for relief under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code on July 28, 2016. The Debtor's sole member and parent company Cal Neva Lodge, LLC ("Cal Neva") filed its petition for relief under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code on

A capitalized term used in this Disclosure Statement that is not defined in this Disclosure Statement, but is defined in the Plan, has the meaning assigned to that term in the Plan. A capitalized term used in this Disclosure Statement that is defined neither in this Disclosure Statement nor in the Plan has the meaning, if any, assigned to that term by the Bankruptcy Code or the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure or, if none, by common usage.

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June 10, 2016, and is the debtor and debtor-in-possession in the chapter 11 case number BK-N-16-51281.

Ladera Development, LLC ("Ladera" or the "Proponent"), a secured creditor of Debtor and Cal Neva, and Interest Holder of Cal Neva, submits this Disclosure Statement under section 1125 of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rule 3016. The purpose of this Disclosure Statement is to disclose information adequate to enable voting holders of Claims and equity security Interests of Debtor to arrive at a reasonably informed decision in exercising their rights to vote on Ladera's Plan of Liquidation dated July 5, 2017, as amended, supplemented, or modified (the "Plan"). A copy of the Plan is attached as <u>Exhibit A</u> hereto. All section references in this Disclosure Statement are to the Bankruptcy Code unless otherwise indicated.

GENERAL SUMMARY OF THE PLAN

The Plan sets forth a proposal for the resolution of all Claims and Interests against the Debtor and the Estate. Under this Plan, Rand Cal-Neva, LLC ("Rand CN") will be the stalking horse purchaser for a sale (the "Sale") of substantially all of New Cal-Neva's assets for a cash purchase price of \$32.2 million (the "Purchase Price") and a cash payment of an additional sum of \$1.8 million for other payments provided for by this Plan (the "Plan Payment"). Rand made a \$2 million non-refundable deposit into escrow on July 3, 2017, subject to the terms and conditions of the Asset Purchase Agreement, including the conditions that the deposit shall be returned to Rand CN if the Bankruptcy Court does not approve the Sale to Rand CN or the Debtor does not timely Close escrow delivering title to the Purchased Assets free and clear of liens, claims or interests as provided in the proposed Asset Purchase Agreement. Rand CN's members are Warren De Haan, Jeff Pickett or his designee, and Greg and Susan Kay, or their designee. Rand CN's members have provided Ladera with signed letters committing to fund a total sum of \$34 million for Rand CN's payment of the Purchase Price for Property and the Plan Payment. Rand CN's members have further provided Ladera with proof of funds to meet their commitments in the form of Merrill Lynch account statements and letters from Bank of the West and First Independent Bank confirming cash on hand in excess of the amounts required to fund the proposed purchase. Rand CN would be willing to increase the Purchase Price to \$34.2

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million if the Lien Litigation had not been filed and was not pending or if the Lien Litigation has been resolved in favor of Hall and Ladera before the Confirmation Hearing. The Sale will be subject to overbidding by qualified bidders at the Confirmation Hearing.

On the Effective Date, the net proceeds from the Purchase Price (the "Sale Proceeds") from the Sale to Rand CN or the successful overbidder ("Buyer") shall be used to pay lienholders in order of priority of their liens, as follows: (a) pay Hall's superpriority administrative claim; (b) pay Secured Real Property Tax Claims in full on the Effective Date; (c) establish a Lien Litigation Reserve in the amount of all mechanic's lien claims which are the subject of the pending lien priority dispute in the Lien Litigation pending as consolidated Adversary Proceeding No. 16-05036-gwz plus an additional \$500,000, with the funds in such reserve to be distributed based upon the order of lienholder priority determined after resolution of that proceeding; and (d) pay the remainder of the Sale Proceeds to Hall up to the full amount of its Allowed Secured Claim. Unless there is overbidding, the Sale Proceeds will not be sufficient to pay all Allowed Secured Claims in full. In the event that the Sale is to a successful overbidder and Hall's Allowed Secured Claim is fully satisfied, any remaining Sale Proceeds shall be paid to Ladera up to the full amount of its Allowed Secured Claim. If there are sufficient Sale Proceeds to pay all secured claims in full, then all Allowed Secured Claims shall be paid on the Effective Date and the remaining Sale Proceeds shall be used to pay any unpaid administrative, priority and general unsecured claims in accordance with the Bankruptcy Code Distribution Priorities.

The Plan Payment shall be used to pay (a) unsecured priority tax claims, (b) priority nontax claims, (c) general administrative expense claims, (d) Allowed professional fees estimated to be not more than \$1,000,000 as of the Effective Date, (e) defaults on the Allowed Secured Claim of Capital One (estimated at \$500,000), and (f) unsecured convenience claims (claims less than \$750.00) in full in cash on the Effective Date as well as \$50,000 to establish a Litigation Trust and \$25,000 as a reserve for a Plan Administrator and for post-Effective Date U.S Trustee Fees (collectively, the "Plan Obligations"). The Litigation Trustee will be authorized to prosecute all Trust Causes of Action assigned to the Litigation Trust for the benefit of General Unsecured Claims, with any residual paid to Cal Neva on account of its Interest in New Cal-Neva. Ladera

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has not conducted an investigation or analysis of the merits or value of any Trust Causes of Action. Therefore, the Litigation Trustee may determine that there are no Trust Causes of Action that will be prosecuted and may determine that the Trust Causes of Action have no value. Cal Neva shall retain its equity Interests in New Cal-Neva under the Plan and shall receive any Sale Proceeds after all senior creditors are paid and, if needed, shall be a subordinated beneficiary of the Litigation Trust to be established by the Plan.

The treatment under the Plan of allowed Claims and Interests in each class is summarized as follows:

9	Class	Type of Allowed Claim or Equity Interest	Impairment/Voting	Recovery/ Treatment
1011	1	Priority Non-Tax Claims	Unimpaired Conclusively Presumed to Accept	Paid in full in cash on the Effective Date from the Plan Payment.
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	2	Secured Claim of Hall CA-NV, LLC	Impaired Entitled to vote	Unless otherwise agreed and if there are no overbids or if there is an overbid but not sufficient Sale Proceeds to pay in full the Hall Secured Claim, Ladera Secured Claim, Penta Secured Claim and all Allowed Lien Litigation Mechanic's Lien Claim, paid to Hall until the Hall Secured Claim is paid in full: (1) all excess cash from the Sale Proceeds remaining after Secured Real Property Tax Claims are paid in full and the Lien Litigation Reserve is fully funded, and (2) payments from the Lien Litigation Reserve based upon the order of lienholder priority determined after resolution of the Lien Litigation. If the Hall Secured Claim is not paid in full from these sources, any deficiency portion will be treated as a Class 11 claim. If there are sufficient Sale Proceeds to pay in full the Hall Secured Claim, Ladera Secured Claim, Penta Secured Claim and all Allowed Lien Litigation Mechanic's Lien Claims, Hall will be paid in full on the Effective Date on account of the Hall Secured Claim.

1 Class	Type of Allowed Claim or Equity Interest	Impairment/Voting	Recovery/ Treatment
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 3 1 2 3 4 5 5	Secured Claim of Ladera Development, LLC	Impaired Entitled to vote	Unless otherwise agreed and if there are no overbids or if there is an overbid but not sufficient Sale Proceeds to pay in full the Hall Secured Claim, Ladera Secured Claim, Penta Secured Claim and all Allowed Lien Litigation Mechanic's Lien Claim, Ladera will receive, up to the full amount of its claim, (1) any Sale Proceeds after the Hall Secured Claim is paid in full or as Hall otherwise agrees and (2) payments from the Lien Litigation Reserve based upon the order of lienholder priority determined after resolution of the Lien Litigation. If the Ladera Secured Claim is not paid in full from these sources, any deficiency portion will be treated as a Class 11 claim. If there are sufficient Sale Proceeds to pay in full the Hall Secured Claim, Ladera Secured Claim, Penta Secured
6	Secured Claim of The Penta Building Group, Inc.	Impaired Entitled to vote	Claim and all Allowed Lien Litigation Mechanic's Lien Claims, Ladera will be paid in full on the Effective Date on account of the Ladera Secured Claim. In full satisfaction of Penta's Secured Claim, unless otherwise agreed, cash equal to the amount of Penta's Secured Claim will be paid into the Lien Litigation Reserve on the Effective Date pending the outcome of the Lien Litigation. Upon completion of the Lien Litigation, Penta shall receive payments, if any, based upon the order of lienholder priority determined after resolution of the Lien Litigation, up to the full amount of the Penta Secured Claim. If the Penta Secured Claim is not paid in full, any deficiency portion will be treated as a Class 11 claim

Amended Disclosure Statement Dated July 5, 2017

Class	Type of Allowed Claim	Impairment/Voting	Recovery/ Treatment
2	or Equity Interest	Impaired	If there are sufficient Sale Proceeds to pay in full the Hall Secured Claim, Ladera Secured Claim, Penta Secured Claim and all Allowed Lien Litigation Mechanic's Lien Claims, Penta will be paid in full on the Effective Date on account of the Penta Secured Claim. In full satisfaction of each Allowed
3 3 3 3 3 3 4 5 5 5 5 7 7 7 7 7 7	Secured Lien Litigation Mechanic's Lien Claims	Entitled to vote	Lien Litigation Mechanic's Lien Claim, except to the extent that such a Claim agrees otherwise in writing, cash from the Sale Proceeds equal to the amount of such Mechanic's Lien Claim will be paid into the Lien Litigation Reserve pending the outcome of the Lien Litigation. Upon completion of the Lien Litigation, such Mechanic's Lien Claim shall receive payments, if any, in the order of priority as determined in the Lien Litigation. If any Secured Allowed Lien Litigation Mechanic's Lien Claim is not paid in full, any deficiency portion will be treated as a Class 11 claim.
3			If there are sufficient Sale Proceeds to pay in full the Hall Secured Claim, Ladera Secured Claim, Penta Secured Claim and all Allowed Lien Litigation Mechanic's Lien Claims, then all Allowed Lien Litigation Mechanic's Lien Claims will be paid in full on the Effective Date on account of each such allowed Claim.
6 7	Secured Other Mechanic's Lien Claims	Impaired Entitled to vote	In full satisfaction of each Allowed Other Mechanic's Lien Claim, except to the extent that such a Claim agrees otherwise in writing, each such Allowed Mechanic's Lien Claim shall receive such payments, if any, up to the full amount of such Allowed Mechanic's Lien Claim,
3			from any Sale Proceeds remaining after Classes 2 through 5 and Class 8

Amended Disclosure Statement Dated July 5, 2017

Class	Type of Allowed Claim	Impairment/Voting	Recovery/ Treatment
	or Equity Interest		are paid in full. If any Secured
			Allowed Other Mechanic's Lien
			Claim is not paid in full, any
			deficiency portion will be treated as a
			Class 11 claim.
			If there are sufficient Sale Proceeds
			to pay the Hall Secured Claim,
			Ladera Secured Claim, Penta Secure
			Claim, and all Allowed Mechanic's
			Lien Claims in full, then each
			Allowed Other Mechanic's Lien
			Claim will be paid in full on the
			Effective Date on account of such
			Allowed Other Mechanic's Lien
			Claim.
		Unimpaired	Paid (1) all defaults cured on the
	Secured Claim of	Conclusively	Effective Date from the Plan
7	Capital One Bank	Presumed to Accept	Payment and Allowed Secured Claim
	(USA), N.A.		of Capital One assumed by Buyer an
			paid pursuant to contractual
		Unimpaired	obligation; or (2) as otherwise agreed Paid in full in cash on the Effective
8	Secured Real Property	Conclusively	Date from the Sale Proceeds.
O	Tax Claims	Presumed to Accept	Date from the Sale Proceeds.
		Impaired	In full satisfaction of each Allowed
		Entitled to vote	Other Secured Claim, except to the
			extent that a Holder of an Allowed
			Other Secured Claim agrees
			otherwise in writing, each Other
			Secured Claim shall receive such
			payments, if any, from any Sale
			Proceeds remaining after Classes 2
			through 6 and Class 8 are paid in ful
9	Other Secured Claims		up to the full amount of such Other Secured Claim. If any Allowed
			Other Secured Claim is not paid in
			full, any deficiency portion will be
			treated as a Class 11 claim. The
			Proponent is not aware of any Other
			Secured Claims.
			If there are sufficient Sale Proceeds
			to pay the Hall Secured Claim,
			Ladera Secured Claim, Penta Secure
			Claim, all Allowed Mechanic's Lien

Amended Disclosure Statement Dated July 5, 2017

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Class	Type of Allowed Claim	Impairment/Voting	Recovery/
	or Equity Interest		Treatment
			Claims and all Allowed Other
			Secured Claims in full, each Allowed
			Other Secured Claim will be paid in
			full on the Effective Date on account
			of such Allowed Other Secured
			Claim.
10	Convenience Claims	Impaired	Paid in full in cash thirty (30) days
10	(\$750 or less)	Entitled to vote	after the Effective Date.
	General Unsecured Claims	Impaired	Allowed Claims paid Pro Rata, until
		Entitled to vote	paid in full without interest, from
			100% of proceeds from Litigation
11			Trust, if any, and any Sale Proceeds,
	Ciamis		if any, after payment in full of
			Allowed claims in Classes 1 through
			6 and Classes 8 through 10.
		Impaired	All Interests shall receive 100% of
	Interests	Entitled to vote	proceeds, if any, from Litigation
			Trust after payment of all Allowed
12			Class 11 Claims in full on account of
12			such Holder's Interest the Old Equity
			Share and any Sale Proceeds, if any,
			after Allowed Class 11 Claims paid
			in full.

In addition, the Plan provides for the resolution of Disputed Claims through a series of mechanisms more fully described in the Plan. As set forth in the Liquidation Analysis in Section Fourteen below, the Proponent believes approval of the Plan will result in a higher recovery for holders of Claims and Interests than if the Debtor's estate was liquidated in a Chapter 7.

This Disclosure Statement is not intended to replace a careful review and analysis of the Plan, which should include a careful review of the specific treatment of your Claims or Interests under the Plan. It is submitted as an aid and supplement to your review of the Plan to explain the terms of the Plan. Every effort has been made to explain fully various aspects of the Plan as they affect holders of Claims and interests. If any questions arise, the Proponent urges you to consult with your own counsel to understand the import and effect of the Plan.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE PLAN

The Effective Date of the Plan will occur on the first Business Day after the Confirmation Date on which no stay of the Confirmation Order is in effect and all of the conditions to the occurrence of the Effective Date set forth in Article X of the Plan have been satisfied or waived in accordance with the Plan.

RECOMMENDATION OF THE PLAN PROPONENT

[Ladera is not soliciting ballots at this time. This language is included to reflect the language to be used if the disclosure statement is approved.] The Proponent urges and recommends that all Creditors and Interest Holders entitled to vote on the Plan vote in favor of the Plan.

The Proponent believes that (1) the Plan provides the best possible result for the Holders of Claims against the Debtor, (2) with respect to each Impaired class of Claims, the Distributions under the Plan are greater than the amounts that would be received if the Debtor was to liquidate under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code, and (3) acceptance of the Plan is in the best interest of Holders of Claims and Interests.

In arriving at its conclusions, the Proponent considered (1) the limited alternatives available to the Debtor to restructure their debts, (2) the Debtor's liquidation value, and (3) the rights, in both payment and security position, of the Debtor's creditors and Interest holders.

BALLOTING AND OTHER INFORMATION

Ballots, which are included in the enclosed Plan materials, should be properly completed, executed and received by the Offices of Felderstein Fitzgerald Willoughby & Pascuzzi LLP, 400 Capitol Mall, Suite 1750, Sacramento, California 95814, Attn: Karen L. Widder, no later than 5:00 p.m. prevailing Pacific Time on August ___, 2017. A hearing to consider Confirmation of the Plan will be held commencing at 10:00 a.m., on August 16, 2017, before the Honorable United States Bankruptcy Judge Gregg W. Zive, at the C. Clifton Young Federal Building located at 300 Booth Street, Reno, Nevada. The Confirmation Hearing may be adjourned from time to time without further notice. Any objections to confirmation of the Plan must be in writing and must be filed with the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court and served as set forth in a separate notice of hearing provided.

QUESTIONS

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All inquiries regarding the Plan or the Disclosure Statement may be directed to counsel for Ladera as follows:

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400 Capitol Mall, Suite 1750
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Telephone: (775) 852-3900 Facsimile: (775) 327-2011 Email: lbubala@kcnvlaw.com

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SECTION ONE

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Plan accompanies this Disclosure Statement.

INTRODUCTION

On June 10, 2016, Cal Neva commenced a bankruptcy case by filing a voluntary petition for relief under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code. On July 28, 2016, New Cal-Neva commenced the Case by filing a voluntary petition for relief under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code. Both bankruptcy cases are pending before the Bankruptcy Court for the District of Nevada, Reno Division, the Honorable Gregg W. Zive, United States Bankruptcy Judge, presiding. Since New Cal-Neva filed its bankruptcy case, New Cal-Neva has continued in possession of the Real Property and assets and has continued to manage such Real Property and assets as debtor in possession pursuant to Bankruptcy Code sections 1107(a) and 1108. No request has been made for the appointment of a trustee or an examiner in this Case. An official Committee of unsecured creditors was appointed in the Case on September 13, 2016. The Proponent filed the Plan, along with this Disclosure Statement, on July 5, 2017. A copy of the

The Proponent has prepared this Disclosure Statement in connection with the solicitation of acceptances of the Plan. The purpose of this Disclosure Statement is to set forth information regarding the Debtor and the Plan in order to assist Creditors and Interest Holders in making an

Statement does not reflect any events which may occur subsequent to July 5, 2017, and, except as otherwise set forth herein, it is not anticipated that any amendments or supplements to the Disclosure Statement will be distributed to reflect changes subsequent to that date.

Although the terms of the Plan are summarized in this Disclosure Statement, parties in interest should refer to the Plan itself with regard to each specific term or provision. *ALL SUMMARIES OF THE PLAN CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT ARE QUALIFIED IN THEIR ENTIRETY BY THE PLAN, WHICH ITSELF IS CONTROLLING.*

No statements concerning the Debtor, the value of its assets, or the value of any benefit offered to any holder of any Claim or Interests in connection with the Plan should be relied on other than as set forth in this Disclosure Statement. In arriving at a decision, parties should not rely on any representation or inducement made to secure their acceptance or rejection that is contrary to information contained in this Disclosure Statement. Any such additional representations or inducements should be reported immediately to undersigned counsel for the Proponent.

Disclaimers

PLEASE READ THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT CAREFULLY BEFORE YOU VOTE ON THE PLAN. ALL PREVIOUS STATEMENTS AND REPRESENTATIONS MADE BY OR ON BEHALF OF THE DEBTOR OR THE PROPONENT ARE EXPRESSLY SUPERSEDED BY THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT. ALL OF THE STATEMENTS AND REPRESENTATIONS RESPECTING FINANCIAL, BUSINESS AND ACCOUNTING DATA HEREIN ARE THOSE OF THE DEBTOR, UNLESS SPECIFICALLY STATED TO BE FROM OTHER SOURCES. PROFESSIONALS EMPLOYED BY THE PROPONENT HAVE ASSISTED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BASED ON FACTUAL INFORMATION AND ASSUMPTIONS RESPECTING FINANCIAL, BUSINESS AND ACCOUNTING DATA PROVIDED BY THE DEBTOR'S MANAGEMENT OR REFLECTED IN PLEADINGS FILED WITH THE BANKRUPTCY COURT, NOT PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OR ASSUMPTIONS.

WHILE THE INFORMATION PROVIDED HEREIN IS BELIEVED RELIABLE, THE

PROPONENT HAS NOT UNDERTAKEN TO VERIFY OR INVESTIGATE SUCH INFORMATION, AND MAKES NO REPRESENTATION AS TO THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF THE INFORMATION. THE STATEMENTS MADE IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT ARE QUALIFIED IN THEIR ENTIRETY BY REFERENCE TO THE PLAN, THE APPENDICES ATTACHED HERETO, AND OTHER DOCUMENTS REFERENCED AS FILED WITH THE BANKRUPTCY COURT BEFORE OR CONCURRENTLY WITH THE FILING OF THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT. FURTHERMORE, THE PROJECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN HAS NOT BEEN THE SUBJECT OF AN AUDIT.

DISTRIBUTION OF THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT SHOULD NOT BE CONSTRUED AS ANY REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY AT ALL, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, BY THE PROPONENT OR ITS PROFESSIONAL CONSULTANTS THAT THE PLAN IS FREE FROM RISK, THAT THE ACCEPTANCE OF THE PLAN WILL RESULT IN A RISK-FREE RESTRUCTURING OF THE DEBTOR'S OBLIGATIONS OR THAT THE OBLIGATIONS OF THE DEBTOR AS RESTRUCTURED BY THE PLAN WILL BE FULLY PERFORMED IN THE FUTURE WITHOUT RISK OF FURTHER DEFAULT.

ALL HOLDERS OF IMPAIRED CLAIMS SHOULD READ AND CONSIDER CAREFULLY THE MATTERS DESCRIBED IN THE PLAN AND DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AS A WHOLE, INCLUDING THE "RISK FACTORS" DESCRIBED IN SECTION THIRTEEN OF THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT, PRIOR TO VOTING ON THE PLAN. IN MAKING A DECISION TO ACCEPT OR REJECT THE PLAN, EACH CREDITOR AND INTEREST HOLDER ENTITLED TO VOTE THEREON MUST RELY ON ITS OWN EXAMINATION OF THE DEBTOR AS DESCRIBED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND THE TERMS OF THE PLAN, INCLUDING THE MERITS AND RISKS INVOLVED. IN ADDITION, CONFIRMATION AND CONSUMMATION OF THE PLAN ARE SUBJECT TO CONDITIONS PRECEDENT THAT COULD LEAD TO DELAYS IN CONSUMMATION OF THE PLAN. THERE CAN BE NO ASSURANCE THAT EACH OF THESE CONDITIONS PRECEDENT WILL BE SATISFIED OR WAIVED (AS PROVIDED IN THE PLAN) OR THAT THE PLAN WILL BE

CONSUMMATED.

WITH THE EXCEPTION OF HISTORICAL INFORMATION, SOME MATTERS DISCUSSED HEREIN, INCLUDING THE PROJECTIONS AND VALUATION ANALYSIS DESCRIBED HEREIN ARE "FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS" WITHIN THE MEANING OF THE PRIVATE SECURITIES LITIGATION REFORM ACT OF 1995. SUCH FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS ARE SUBJECT TO RISKS, UNCERTAINTIES, AND OTHER FACTORS WHICH COULD CAUSE ACTUAL RESULTS TO DIFFER MATERIALLY FROM FUTURE RESULTS EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED BY SUCH FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS.

THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT HAS BEEN PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH 11 U.S.C.

§ 1125 AND NOT IN ACCORDANCE WITH FEDERAL OR STATE SECURITIES LAWS OR

OTHER APPLICABLE NON-BANKRUPTCY LAW. ENTITIES HOLDING OR TRADING IN OR

OTHERWISE PURCHASING, SELLING, OR TRANSFERRING CLAIMS AGAINST THE

DEBTOR SHOULD EVALUATE THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT ONLY IN LIGHT OF THE

PURPOSE FOR WHICH IT WAS PREPARED. SECTION TWO

DESCRIPTION OF THE DEBTOR, THE BANKRUPTCY FILINGS, AND DEBTOR'S BUSINESS AND ASSETS

A. General Background of the Debtor

1. <u>Formation of New Cal-Neva and Acquisition of the Property.</u>

Debtor New Cal-Neva is a Nevada limited liability company. On April 8, 2013, Canpartners Realty Holding Company IV Cal-Neva LLC ("Canyon") (the prior owner of the Real Property) formed New Cal-Neva by filing its Articles of Organization with the Secretary of State of Nevada pursuant to the limited liability company laws of the State of Nevada and by entering into an operating agreement for New Cal-Neva. Cal Neva became a member in the New Cal-Neva pursuant to that certain Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company Agreement dated April 19, 2013, and Cal Neva subsequently purchased the interest of Canyon in New Cal-Neva.

2. <u>Management of New Cal-Neva.</u>

Since New Cal-Neva's acquisition of the Real Property, Cal Neva has been the sole member of New Cal-Neva. Cal Neva is the managing member of New Cal-Neva and Robert Radovan serves as its President and Secretary and William Criswell is the Chief Executive Officer. By order of the Bankruptcy Court entered September 19, 2016, Robert Radovan was designated as New Cal-Neva's Responsible Individual.

B. Description of the Resort and Related Assets

1. The Resort.

New Cal-Neva's principal asset is an iconic hotel, spa & casino known as the Cal-Neva Resort Hotel & Casino (the "Resort"). The Resort is comprised of approximately 13.5 acres located along the North Shore of Lake Tahoe that straddles over two states in Crystal Bay, Nevada and Kings Beach, California. The Resort includes 191 hotel guestrooms, cabins and terrace rooms, a full service spa, a gambling and casino floor, showrooms, restaurants, meeting space, and retail. In addition, as explained in more detail below New Cal-Neva's wholly owned subsidiaries own the Fairwinds Estate, a Resort-adjacent lakefront property.

The Resort was originally developed in or about 1926, burned down in 1937, and was reconstructed. In 2013, Cal Neva purchased the equity in New Cal-Neva Lodge and New Cal-Neva has owned the Resort since that date.

In 2014, New Cal-Neva closed the Resort and acquired funds through loans and equity to undertake a substantial redevelopment of the Resort. New Cal-Neva financed the renovations with loans and equity investments and commenced work in late 2014 after receiving funding from Hall and Ladera. In 2015, the renovation stalled and the existing financing was determined to be inadequate to pay the costs of completion based upon the remaining costs at that time and the expenditure or other transfers of the proceeds from the loans and equity investments. The renovation, which was approximately 70 percent complete, ceased in December 2015.

Unable to complete the project and facing foreclosure by its secured lenders and now secured claims from unpaid contractors, on June 10, 2016, Cal Neva filed a petition for relief under Chapter 11 in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Northern District of California.

On July 28, 2016, Debtor New Cal-Neva filed its petition for relief under Chapter 11 in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Northern District of California. Subsequently, on October 13, 2016, both Chapter 11 cases were transferred to the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Nevada.

Since 2015, the Real Property has been preserved and maintained pursuant to advances made by the senior lender Hall and work performed and/or paid for by Penta.

2. The Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment.

To date, New Cal-Neva estimates that it has purchased approximately 60-70% of the furniture, fixtures and equipment necessary to open and operate the Resort (the "FF&E") and New Cal-Neva reports that the FF&E is safely stored off-site in Sparks, Nevada and has a cost value of approximately \$3.3 million.

3. <u>The Fairwinds Estate</u>.

The Fairwinds Estate is adjacent to the Resort at 9898 Lake Street, Kings Beach, California. The Fairwinds Estate is encumbered by a mortgage in favor of Capital One Bank with an outstanding balance of approximately \$4.1 million. Ladera is informed and believes that Capital One has recorded a notice of default with respect to that mortgage asserting past due payments of approximately \$500,000.

In October 2014, the Fairwinds Estate was owned by 9898 Lake, LLC ("9898 Lake"). Paul and Evy Paye, LLC ("Paye") owned 100% of the membership interests in 9898 Lake. In October 2014, Pursuant to an Exchange Agreement entered into by Paye and Cal Neva, through its manager, CR Cal Neva, LLC, Paye transferred all of its interests in 9898 Lake to New Cal-Neva's wholly-owned subsidiary CR Lake Tahoe, LLC ("CR Lake Tahoe") in exchange for Paye's receipt of certain equity interests in Cal Neva. The sole member of CR Lake Tahoe is New Cal-Neva (the transaction was structured this way to allow Hall to possess a lien or security interest against the property or New Cal-Neva's membership interest in the property). Cal Neva, New Cal-Neva and Paye valued the equity in the property at \$2 million. Paye received an equity interest in Cal Neva of 6.19% and Paye's broker, Marriner Real Estate, LLC ("Marriner") received an equity interest in Cal Neva of 0.65%. Since that date and at all times relevant hereto,

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Paye and Marriner have held themselves out as members of Cal Neva, and 9898 Lake, which retained title to the Fairwinds Estate, has been wholly owned by CR Lake Tahoe. CR Lake Tahoe is the sole member of 9898 Lake and controls 9898 Lake.

After entry of the Confirmation Order, the Plan authorizes and directs CR Lake Tahoe to dissolve, if necessary, and cause 9898 Lake to transfer by grant deed all of 9898 Lake's right, title and interest in the Fairwinds Estate to the Debtor, subject to the Secured Claim of Capital One. On the Effective Date and as part of the Closing, the Debtor shall transfer Fairwinds Estate to the Buyer by grand deed free and clear of all Liens and Claims other than the Secured Claim of Capital One.

C. The Liabilities of the Debtor

1. Secured Claims

<u>Hall</u>. Hall is the senior secured creditor of the Debtor, with a Secured Claim of approximately \$29 million Secured by substantially all of the Debtor's assets, including all of the Debtor's real property. The Hall Secured Claim includes an approximately \$719,900 superpriority administrative claim.

<u>Ladera</u>. Ladera is a junior secured creditor of the Debtor, with a Secured Claim of approximately \$8.8 million Secured by substantially all of all of the Debtor's assets, including all of the Debtor's real property. In addition, Cal Neva pledged its 100% membership interest in New Cal-Neva to Ladera as additional Collateral.

Penta, Mechanic's Lien Claims and Other Secured Claims. Penta is a contractor who performed work on the Debtor's renovation of the Resort and is owed approximately \$9.2 million Secured by statutory liens on the Debtor's real property. Holders of Mechanic's Lien Claims and Other Secured Claims are primarily contractors and sub-contractors with statutory liens against the Debtor's real property, assert that they are owed approximately \$680,000. The relative priority of Penta's Secured Claims, Mechanic's Lien Claims and Other Secured Claims is a subject of a dispute. This dispute would not be resolved as part of the Plan, which proposes to pay the Sale Proceeds to a Litigation Reserve for distribution to Secured Creditors in priority of their Liens as determined in the Lien Litigation, unless the holder of a Secured Claim agrees

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otherwise in writing. 1 Secured Claims not included in the Lien Litigation other than Real Property Tax Claims 2 are junior in priority to the secured claims asserted by Hall, Ladera, Penta, and the Lien Litigation 3 4 Mechanic's Lien Claims and shall not receive any payments under the Plan unless the foregoing senior Secured Claims are paid in full. 5 Real Property Tax Claims. Placer County Tax Collector and Washoe County Treasurer 6 assert secured claims in the aggregate amount of approximately \$167,215 for unpaid real property 7 taxes owed by the Debtor. 8 9 Capital One Bank, as noted above, has a claim of approximately \$4.1 million secured by the Fairwinds Estate. 10 Secured Claims, not including Capital One Bank, are set forth in Exhibit B to this 11 Disclosure Statement. 12 2. **Unsecured Claims** 13 As of the filing date hereof, the Proponent estimates that unpaid Administrative Expense 14 Claims against the Debtor as of the Effective Date will be approximately \$1,142,325. 15 There are Priority Tax Claims total approximately \$1,700. Non-Tax Priority Claims total 16 \$2,666. All Priority Claims are set forth in Exhibit C to this Disclosure Statement. 17 Scheduled and filed General Unsecured Claims in the New Cal-Neva Case total 18 19 approximately \$2.1 million and are set forth in Exhibit D to this Disclosure Statement. The Debtor's liabilities can be approximately summarized as follows, with total payoffs 20 subject to additional accruals after the respective payoff dates: 21 //// 22 23 //// 24 //// //// 25 //// 26

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	Secured	
2	Hall	\$29,046,005
	Ladera	8,765,945
; 	Penta	9,151,534
	Capital One	4,140,000
ļ. I	Other Secured	847,347
	Total Secured	\$51,950,831
; 		
	Unsecured	
5	Admin. Expense	\$1,142,325
	Priority	\$4,365
' 	General Unsecured	2,100,000
	Total Unsecured	\$3,246,690
3		
	TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$55,197,521
)		

D. Litigation

New Cal-Neva is a party to that certain litigation commenced by plaintiff Xavier Moulin against defendants Criswell Radovan, LLC, New Cal-Neva Lodge, and others filed in the Second Judicial District Court of the State of Nevada in and for the County of Washoe. The plaintiff alleges causes of action for damages of approximately \$103,000 allegedly arising out of a breach of an employment agreement. The litigation remains stayed by the automatic stay of section 362(a) of the Bankruptcy Code as to Debtor New Cal-Neva.

Prior to the Petition Date, Penta and other holders of Claims asserting statutory mechanics' liens against Hall and New Cal-Neva commenced litigations seeking a determination of lien priority of the various claimants. Because the Resort and other real property straddle both California and Nevada, one lawsuit was commenced in the Superior Court of the State of California for Placer County, and the other was pending in the Second Judicial District Court of the State of Nevada in and for the County of Washoe. Both of these state court actions were removed to the Bankruptcy Court. Since the Petition Date, there has been no activity in either of these cases, but Penta has filed a new adversary proceeding against Ladera ("Penta Adversary Proceeding") asserting the same allegations and seeking a determination of lien priority of the various claimants. The lien priority litigation would be litigated to resolution under the Plan, with disputed Allowed Secured Claims paid upon resolution of that litigation.

E. Significant Events During the Cases

Both the Cal Neva and New Cal-Neva cases were originally filed in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Northern District of California. An order transferring venue of the both bankruptcy cases from Santa Rosa to Reno was entered September 28, 2016, with the effective date of the transfer being October 13, 2016. Upon the transfer of the cases to Reno, they were initially assigned to Bankruptcy Judge Beasley, but were later reassigned to Bankruptcy Judge Zive.

The deadline to file proofs of claim was December 1, 2016.

On September 13, 2016, the U.S. Trustee appointed the Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors.

By orders entered September 19, 2016 and January 4, 2017, the Bankruptcy Court approved the Debtor's use of cash collateral and postpetition financing from Hall, both of which are needed to maintain and preserve the Real Property, pending completion of the renovation, particularly during the winter season. To date, Hall has advanced approximately \$627,500 since the filing of the Case. Advances for expenses to preserve the Real Property are both secured advances and entitled to treatment as super-priority claims.

In January 2017, the Bankruptcy Court approved proposed bidding, auction, and sale procedures for a sale of the assets of both the Debtor and Cal Neva under section 363 of the Bankruptcy Code. No interested party submitted a "Qualified Bid" sufficient to redeem the outstanding secured debt, and the auction was cancelled. There is no indication at this time that there is a prospect for a sale in excess of the Secured Claims.

On February 23, 2017, Hall filed a motion for relief from the automatic stay of section 362(a) of the Bankruptcy Code to foreclose on its liens. The Sale to be consummated under the Plan would resolve the issues raised in Hall's motion.

On March 1, 2017, Ladera filed a motion for relief from the automatic stay of section 362(a) of the Bankruptcy Code to foreclose on Cal Neva's membership interests in New Cal-Neva. The Sale to be consummated under the Plan would resolve the issues raised in Ladera's motion.

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On January 6, 2017, certain members of Cal Neva filed a chapter 11 plan and disclosure statement in the Cal Neva bankruptcy case. A hearing to consider approval of the disclosure statement took place on February 21, 2017. Numerous objections to the disclosure statement were filed with the Bankruptcy Court. At hearings held on February 21, 2017 and May 2, 2017, the Bankruptcy Court denied approval of the disclosure statement.

On February 27, 2017, Cal Neva and the Debtor filed a joint chapter 11 plan and disclosure statement in both the Cal Neva bankruptcy case and the New Cal-Neva Case. At a hearing held May 2, 2017, the Bankruptcy Court denied approval of the disclosure statement.

The Court set July 5, 2017, as the deadline to file new plans and disclosure statements. It is possible that other entities may file one or more plans in addition to Ladera by the July 5 deadline. If more than one plan is filed, Creditors and Interest Holders should review and consider carefully this Plan with other disclosure statements and accompanying plans also approved by the Bankruptcy Court and determine how the competing plans affect the rights of Creditors and Interest Holders.

SECTION THREE

DESCRIPTION AND SUMMARY OF THE PLAN

Α. **Description and Treatment of Unclassified Claims**

In accordance with Bankruptcy Code section 1123(a)(1), Administrative Expense Claims and Priority Tax Claims have not been classified in the Plan and, therefore, are excluded from the Classes of Claims and Interests set forth in the Plan. The Plan provides the following treatment of Administrative Expense Claims and Priority Tax Claims:

В. **Administrative Expense Claims**

Generally speaking, Administrative Expense Claims consist of Claims that accrued or were incurred by the Debtor following the filing of the Case, including, but not limited to fees and costs incurred by Professionals, costs incurred to maintain and preserve the Property of the Estate, and obligations incurred in the ordinary course of business of the Debtor. Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1129(a)(9)(A), for Administrative Expense Claims not related to Professionals, the Plan provides that except as otherwise agreed to by the Proponent or the Liquidating Debtor and the Holder of an Allowed Administrative Expense Claim, each such Holder shall be paid in full in Cash on the later of (i) as soon as practicable after the date such Allowed Administrative Expense Claim becomes due in accordance with its terms, and (ii) the Effective Date. If the Liquidating Debtor or the Debtor Dispute any portion of an Administrative Expense Claim, the Debtor or the Liquidating Debtor, as applicable, shall pay the Allowed portion of such Claim in full in Cash within 30 days after the entry of a Final Order Allowing such Disputed Administrative Expense Claim.

C. Administrative Claims Bar Date

The Plan provides that all requests for payment of administrative costs and expenses incurred prior to the Effective Date pursuant to Bankruptcy Code §§ 507(a)(1) and 503(b) must be served and filed with the Bankruptcy Court no later than thirty (30) days after the Effective Date. Holders of Administrative Claims that are required to, but do not, file and serve a request for payment of such Claims by the Administrative Claims Bar Date shall be forever barred, estopped, and enjoined from asserting such Claims against the Debtor or the Liquidating Debtor or from sharing in any distribution under the Plan. Objections to such requests, if any, must be filed and served on the Debtor, the Liquidating Debtor, and the requesting party no later than ninety (90) days after the Effective Date. Notwithstanding the foregoing, no request for payment of an Administrative Claim need be filed with respect to an Administrative Claim previously Allowed by a Final Order, including any and all Administrative Claims expressly Allowed under the Plan.

D. Professional Fees and Expenses

The Plan provides that, at least seven (7) days prior to the hearing on Plan Confirmation, each Estate Professional shall file a fee application for the allowance of compensation for services rendered and reimbursement of expenses incurred through the date of the fee application, with an estimate for fees and costs incurred through the Effective Date. Estate Professionals that do not submit a claim consistent with this provision, shall be forever barred, estopped, and enjoined from asserting such claims against the Debtor or Ladera or sharing in any distributions under the Plan.

On or after the Effective Date, the Plan Administrator will pay up to an aggregate of

\$1,000,000 for Estate Professionals on a pro rata basis from the Plan Payment after all awards of such compensation or reimbursement have been granted by the Bankruptcy Court.

An express condition of Plan Confirmation is agreement amongst the Estate Professionals and Ladera as to how this pool shall be allocated. Ladera believes that the Professionals will cooperate to meet this express condition of confirmation of the Plan since Professionals will not be paid if the Plan is not confirmed and the Case is dismissed or the Real Property foreclosed.

E. Priority Tax Claims

Priority Tax Claims are those Claims entitled to priority pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 507(a)(8). The Plan provides that each holder of an Allowed Priority Tax Claim shall be paid in full and final satisfaction, settlement, and release of and in exchange for each Allowed Priority Tax Claim either (i) upon such terms as may be agreed to between the Proponent or the Plan Administrator and such holder of an Allowed Priority Tax Claim or (ii) in full in Cash from the Plan Payment on the later of the Effective Date or the date that such Allowed Priority Tax Claim would have been due if the chapter 11 case had not been commenced. The Proponent is aware of only one asserted Priority Tax Claim in the Case in the amount of \$1,698.32.

F. U.S. Trustee Fees

The Plan provides that the Debtor before the Effective Date or, on or after the Effective Date, the Liquidating Debtor will pay all U.S. Trustee's Fees in full without prior approval under 28 U.S.C. § 1930 and will continue to pay all U.S. Trustee's Fees until the Case is closed, dismissed, or converted to another chapter of the Bankruptcy Code.

G. Description and Treatment of Classified Claims and Interests

As required by the Bankruptcy Code, the Plan places Claims and Interests into various Classes according to their right to priority and other relative rights. The Plan specified whether each Class of Claims or Interests is Impaired, Unimpaired, and the Plan sets forth the treatment each Class will receive. The table below lists the Classes of Claims and Interests established under the Plan.

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Class	Type of Allowed Claim or Equity Interest	Status	Impairment/Voting
1	Priority Non-Tax Claims	Unimpaired	Conclusively Presumed to Accept
2	Secured Claim of Hall CA-NV, LLC	Impaired	Entitled to vote
3	Secured Claim of Ladera Development, LLC	Impaired	Entitled to vote
4	Secured Claim of The Penta Building Group, Inc.	Impaired	Entitled to vote
5	Secured Lien Litigation Mechanic's Lien Claims	Impaired	Entitled to vote
6	Secured Other Mechanic's Lien Claims	Impaired	Entitled to vote
7	Secured Claim of Capital One Bank (USA), N.A.	Unimpaired	Conclusively Presumed to Accept
8	Secured Real Property Tax Claims	Unimpaired	Conclusively Presumed to Accept
9	Other Secured Claims	Impaired	Entitled to vote
10	Convenience Claims (\$750 or less)	Impaired	Entitled to vote
11	General Unsecured Claims	Impaired	Entitled to vote
12	Interests	Impaired	Entitled to vote

H. Treatment of Claims and Interests

The following summarizes the treatment of each Class of Claims and Interests in the Plan:

1. Class 1 – Priority Non-Tax Claims

- i. *Classification*: Class 1 consists of all Priority Non-Tax Claims, which consist of all Allowed Claims entitled to priority under section 507(a) of the Bankruptcy Code other than Administrative Expense Claims and Priority Tax Claims.
- ii. *Treatment*: In full and final satisfaction, settlement, and release of and in exchange for each Allowed Priority Non-Tax Claim, on the later of (a) the Effective Date and (b) the date on which such Priority Non-Tax Claim becomes Allowed, or as soon thereafter, each Holder of such Allowed Priority Non-Tax Claim shall be paid in full in Cash from the Plan Payment.
- iii. *Voting*: Class 1 is Unimpaired. Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1126(f), Holders of Allowed Priority Non-Tax Claims are conclusively presumed to accept the Plan and, therefore, are not entitled to vote on the Plan.

2. Class 2 – Hall Secured Claim

i. *Classification*: Class 2 consists of the Allowed Amount of the Secured Claim of Hall to the extent Secured by a valid, enforceable lien against Collateral.

ii. *Treatment*: Unless otherwise agreed and if there is no overbid or if there is an overbid but not sufficient Sale Proceeds to pay in full the Hall Secured Claim, Ladera Secured Claim, Penta Secured Claim and all Allowed Lien Litigation Mechanic's Lien Claims, on the Effective Date, Hall will receive, up to the full amount of its Secured Claim, all Sale Proceeds after (i) the Hall superpriority administrative claim is paid in full; (ii) all Secured Real Property Tax Claims are paid in full and (iii) the Lien Litigation Reserve is fully funded. Upon completion of the Lien Litigation, Hall shall receive such additional payments from the Lien Litigation Reserve in the order of priority that Hall shall be entitled to receive in accordance with the lienholder priority determined after resolution of the Lien Litigation, up to the full amount of the Hall Secured Claim. If the Hall Secured Claim is not paid in full from these sources, any deficiency portion will be treated as a Class 11 claim.

If there are sufficient Sale Proceeds to pay in full the Hall Secured Claim, Ladera Secured Claim, Penta Secured Claim and all Lien Litigation Allowed Mechanic's Lien Claims Lien Litigation, Hall will be paid in full on the Effective Date on account of the Hall Secured Claim.

- iii. *Liens:* Hall shall not retain any liens or interests in its Collateral or on the Purchased Assets. If the Hall Secured Claim is not paid in full on the Effective Date, the liens or security interests of Hall will attach and be perfected after the Effective Date in the Lien Litigation Reserve as such liens or security interests existed immediately prior to the Petition Date. Hall's security interest in the Lien Litigation Reserve shall be deemed fully perfected upon the Effective Date and Hall shall not be required to file financing statements or other documents to perfect and maintain the perfection of its security interests in the Lien Litigation Reserve.
- iv. *Voting*: Class 2 is Impaired. The Holder of the Class 2 Claim is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

3. <u>Class 3 – Ladera Secured Claim</u>

i. *Classification*: Class 3 consists of the Allowed Amount of the Secured Claim of Ladera Secured by a valid, enforceable lien against Collateral.

ii. *Treatment*: Unless otherwise agreed and if there is no overbid or if there is an overbid but not sufficient Sale Proceeds to pay in full the Hall Secured Claim, Ladera Secured Claim, Penta Secured Claim and all Allowed Lien Litigation Mechanic's Lien Claim, Ladera will receive, up to the full amount of its claim, from (1) any Sale Proceeds remaining in the Lien Litigation Reserve after the Hall Secured Claim is paid in full or as Hall otherwise agrees and (2) such payments as Ladera may be entitled to receive in accordance with the order of lienholder priority determined after resolution of the Lien Litigation, up to the full amount of the Ladera Secured Claim. If the Ladera Secured Claim is not paid in full from these sources, any deficiency portion will be treated as a Class 11 claim.

If there are sufficient Sale Proceeds to pay in full the Hall Secured Claim, Ladera Secured Claim, Penta Secured Claim and all Allowed Lien Litigation Mechanic's Lien Claims, Ladera will be paid in full on the Effective Date on account of the Ladera Secured Claim.

- iii. *Liens:* Ladera shall not retain any liens or interests in its Collateral or on the Purchased Assets. If the Ladera Secured Claim is not paid in full on the Effective Date, the liens or security interests of Ladera will attach and be perfected after the Effective Date in the Lien Litigation Reserve as such liens or security interests existed immediately prior to the Petition Date. Ladera's security interest in the Lien Litigation Reserve shall be deemed fully perfected upon the Effective Date and Ladera shall not be required to file financing statements or other documents to perfect and maintain the perfection of its security interests in the Lien Litigation Reserve.
- iv. *Voting*: Class 3 is Impaired. The Holder of the Class 3 Claim is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

4. Class 4 – Penta Secured Claim

i. *Classification*: Class 4 consists of the Allowed Amount of the Secured Claim of Penta to the extent Secured by a valid, enforceable lien against Collateral.

ii. *Treatment*: In full satisfaction of Penta's Secured Claim, unless otherwise agreed, cash equal to the amount of Penta's Secured Claim will be paid into the Lien Litigation Reserve pending the outcome of the Lien Litigation. Upon completion of the Lien Litigation, Penta shall receive such payments from the Lien Litigation Reserve in the order of priority that Penta shall be entitled to receive in accordance with the lienholder priority determined after resolution of the Lien Litigation, up to the full amount of the Penta Secured Claim. If the Penta Secured Claim is not paid in full, any deficiency portion will be treated as a Class 11 claim.

If there are sufficient Sale Proceeds to pay in full the Hall Secured Claim, Ladera Secured Claim, Penta Secured Claim and all Allowed Lien Litigation Mechanic's Lien Claims, Penta will be paid in full on the Effective Date on account of the Penta Secured Claim.

- iii. *Liens:* Penta shall not retain any liens or interests in its Collateral or on the Purchased Assets. If the Penta Secured Claim is not paid in full on the Effective Date, the liens or security interests of Penta will attach and be perfected after the Effective Date in the Lien Litigation Reserve as such liens or security interests existed immediately prior to the Petition Date. Penta's security interest in the Lien Litigation Reserve shall be deemed fully perfected upon the Effective Date and Penta shall not be required to file financing statements or other documents to perfect and maintain the perfection of its security interests in the Lien Litigation Reserve.
- iv. *Voting*: Class 4 is Impaired. The Holder of the Class 4 Claim is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

5. <u>Class 5 – Lien Litigation Mechanic's Lien Claims</u>

- i. *Classification*: Class 5 consists of Allowed Lien Litigation Mechanic's Lien Claims to the extent Secured by a valid, enforceable lien against Collateral.
- ii. *Treatment*: In full satisfaction of each Allowed Lien Litigation Mechanic's Lien Claim, except to the extent that such a Claim agrees otherwise in writing, cash from the Sale Proceeds equal to the amount of such Mechanic's Lien Claim will be paid into the Lien Litigation Reserve pending the outcome of the Lien Litigation. Upon completion of the Lien Litigation, such Mechanic's Lien Claim shall receive payments, if any, from the Lien Litigation Reserve in

accordance with the lienholder priority determined after resolution of the Lien Litigation, up to the full amount of such Mechanic's Lien Claim. If any Secured Allowed Lien Litigation Mechanic's Lien Claim is not paid in full, any deficiency portion will be treated as a Class 11 claim.

If there are sufficient Sale Proceeds to pay in full the Hall Secured Claim, Ladera Secured Claim, Penta Secured Claim and all Allowed Lien Litigation Mechanic's Lien Claims, all Allowed Lien Litigation Mechanic's Lien Claims will be paid in full on the Effective Date on account of each such allowed Claim.

the order of priority that such Allowed Mechanic's Lien Claims shall be entitled to receive in

- iii. *Liens:* Lien Litigation Mechanic's Lien Claims shall not retain any liens or interests in its Collateral or on the Purchased Assets. If the Lien Litigation Mechanic's Lien Claims are not paid in full on the Effective Date, the liens or security interests of Lien Litigation Mechanic's Lien Claims will attach and be perfected after the Effective Date in the Lien Litigation Reserve as such liens or security interests existed immediately prior to the Petition Date. The Lien Litigation Mechanic's Lien Claim's security interest in the Lien Litigation Reserve shall be deemed fully perfected upon the Effective Date and the Holders of Mechanic's Lien Claims shall not be required to file financing statements or other documents to perfect and maintain the perfection of their security interests in the Lien Litigation Reserve.
- iv. *Voting*: Class 5 is Impaired. The Holders of the Class 5 Claims are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

6. <u>Class 6 – Other Mechanic's Lien Claims</u>

- i. *Classification*: Class 6 consists of Allowed Other Mechanic's Lien Claims to the extent Secured by a valid, enforceable lien against Collateral.
- ii. *Treatment*: In full satisfaction of each Allowed Other Mechanic's Lien Claim, except to the extent that such a Claim agrees otherwise in writing, each Allowed Other Mechanic's Lien Claim shall receive such payments, up to the full amount of such Allowed Mechanic's Lien Claim, from any Sale Proceeds remaining after Classes 2 through 5 and Class 8 are paid in full. If any Secured Allowed Other Mechanic's Lien Claim is not paid in full, any

deficiency portion will be treated as a Class 11 claim.

If there are sufficient Sale Proceeds to pay the Hall Secured Claim, Ladera Secured Claim, Penta Secured Claim, and all Allowed Mechanic's Lien Claims in full, each Allowed Other Mechanic's Lien Claim will be paid in full on the Effective Date on account of such Allowed Other Mechanic's Lien Claim.

- iii. *Liens:* Other Mechanic's Lien Claims shall not retain any liens or interests in its Collateral or on the Purchased Assets.
- iv. *Voting*: Class 6 is Impaired. The Holders of the Class 6 Claims are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

7. Class 7 – Secured Claim of Capital One

- i. *Classification*: Class 7 consists of the Allowed Amount of the Secured Claim of Capital One to the extent Secured by a valid, enforceable lien against the Fairwinds Estate.
- ii. *Treatment*: Except to the extent that the Holder of the Allowed Secured Claim of Capital One agrees to a less favorable treatment in writing, on the Effective Date, (a) all defaults will be cured on the Effective Date from the Plan Payment and (b) Buyer will assume the Secured Claim of Capital One and pay the Class 7 Claim as it becomes due in accordance with its terms.
- Date, Capital One's liens or security interests will continue to be attached and be perfected in the Fairwinds Estate after the Effective Date as such liens or security interests existed immediately prior to the Petition Date. After the Effective Date, the Capitol One deed of trust on the Fairwinds Estate shall continue to be fully perfected upon the Effective Date and Capital One shall not be required to file financing statements or other documents to perfect and maintain the perfection of its security interests. Provided, however, that Capital One may file such financing statements and other documents as it may determine to perfect and maintain the perfection of its security interests in the Fairwinds Estate.
- iv. *Voting*: Class 7 is Unimpaired. Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1126(f), the Holder of the Class 7 Claim is conclusively presumed to accept the Plan and, therefore, is not entitled to vote on the Plan.

8. <u>Class 8 – Secured Real Property Tax Claims</u>

- i. *Classification*: Class 8 consists of Allowed Secured Real Property Tax Claims to the extent Secured by a valid, enforceable lien against Collateral.
- ii. *Treatment*: Except to the extent that the Holder of an Allowed Secured Real Property Tax Claim agrees to a less favorable treatment in writing, on the Effective Date, the Plan Administrator will pay each Allowed Secured Real Property Tax Claim in Cash on the Effective Date from the Sale Proceeds.
- iii. *Voting*: Class 8 is Unimpaired. Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1126(f), the Holder of the Class 8 Claims is conclusively presumed to accept the Plan and, therefore, is not entitled to vote on the Plan.

9. <u>Class 9 – Other Secured Claims</u>

- i. *Classification*: Class 9 consists of all Allowed Secured Claims, including the Allowed Property Tax Secured Claims other than the Secured Claims of Hall, Ladera, Penta, or Allowed Mechanic's Lien Claims.
- ii. *Treatment*: Except to the extent that a Holder of an Allowed Other Secured Claim agrees otherwise in writing, each Other Secured Claim shall receive such payments from any Sale Proceeds remaining after Classes 2 through 6 and Class 8 are paid in full, up to the full amount of such Other Secured Claim. If any Allowed Other Secured Claim is not paid in full, any deficiency portion will be treated as a Class 11 claim. The Proponent is not aware of any Other Secured Claims.
- If there are sufficient Sale Proceeds to pay the Hall Secured Claim, Ladera Secured Claim, Penta Secured Claim, all Allowed Mechanic's Lien Claims and all Allowed Other Secured Claims in full, each Allowed Other Secured Claim will be paid in full on the Effective Date on account of such Allowed Other Secured Claim.
- iii. *Liens:* Other Secured Claims shall not retain any liens or interests in its Collateral or on the Purchased Assets after the Effective Date.
- iv. *Voting*: Class 9 is Impaired. The Holders of the Class 9 Claims are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

10. <u>Class 10 – Convenience Claims</u>

- i. *Classification*: Class 10 consists of all Convenience Claims, which shall be all General Unsecured Claims with an Allowed amount of \$750.00 or less.
- ii. *Treatment*: The holders of Allowed Convenience Claims in the Case in full in Cash from the Plan Payment on the later of (i) the date such Convenience Claim becomes due in accordance with its terms, and (ii) thirty (30) days after the Effective Date.
- iii. *Voting*: Class 10 is Impaired. The Holders of the Class 10 Claims are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

11. Class 11 – General Unsecured Claims

- i. Classification: Class 11 consists of General Unsecured Claims other than
 Convenience Claims.
- ii. *Treatment*: Unless otherwise agreed by the holder of a General Unsecured Claim and the Proponent, and until each Holder of an Allowed General Unsecured Claim receives 100% of such Holder's Allowed General Unsecured Claim without interest, each Holder of an Allowed General Unsecured Claim shall receive, on account of such Holder's Allowed General Unsecured Claim, (1) such Holder's Pro Rata share of the GUC Share, if any, and (2) such Holder's Pro Rata share of the Sale Proceeds, if any, after Classes 1 through 6 and Classes 8 through 10 are paid in full.
- iii. *Voting*: Class 11 is Impaired. The Holders of the Class 11 Claims are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

12. Class 12 – Interests

- i. Classification: Class 12 consists of Interests in Debtor.
- ii. *Treatment*: On the Effective Date, all Interests shall receive 100% of proceeds from Litigation Trust, after payment of all Allowed Class 11 Claims in full, on account of such Holder's Interest the Old Equity Share and any Sale Proceeds after Allowed Class 11 Claims paid in full.
- iii. *Voting*: Class 12 is Impaired. The Holders of the Class 12 Interests are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

SECTION FOUR

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Α. **Assumed Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases**

The Debtor will assume and assign to Buyer only the following executory contracts or unexpired leases effective as of the Effective Date of this Plan, with the following cure amounts payable on the Effective Date of this Plan:

TREATMENT EXECUTORY CONTRACTS AND UNEXPIRED LEASES

Name of Contract Counterparty(ies)	Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease and cure amount.	Cure Amount
None		

Buyer will be fully obligated on such assumed contracts from and after the Effective Date, and all counterparties shall be likewise obligated on such assumed contracts under section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code. The Proponent submits that Rand CN's financial wherewithal as a going concern, as set forth in the Disclosure Statement and as will be proven to the extent any party with standing seeks such a demonstration with evidence at the Confirmation Hearing, constitutes adequate assurance of future performance within the meaning of section 365(b) and (f) of the Bankruptcy Code. The Proponent submits that the procedures for a Potential Bidder to become a Qualified Bidder will demonstrate the Qualified Bidder's financial wherewithal, as will be proven to the extent any party with standing seeks such a demonstration with evidence at the Confirmation Hearing, constitutes adequate assurance of future performance within the meaning of section 365(b) and (f) of the Bankruptcy Code.

ANY NON-DEBTOR PARTY TO ANY EXECUTORY CONTRACT OBJECTING TO THE ABOVE CURE AMOUNTS OR ADEQUATE ASSURANCE OF FUTURE PERFORMANCE AND THE ASSUMPTION AND ASSIGNMENT TO RAND CN OF SUCH EXECUTORY CONTRACT OR UNEXPIRED LEASE MUST FILE AN OBJECTION IN THE BANKRUPTCY COURT AND SERVE IT ON THE DEBTOR AND **FOURTEEN** THE **PROPONENT** \mathbf{AT} LEAST **(14)** DAYS **BEFORE** THE **CONFIRMATION HEARING.**

Any counterparty to the above executory contracts or unexpired leases who fails to file an objection to the proposed cure amounts, adequate assurance, assumption or assignment prior to

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the entry of the Confirmation Order will be deemed to have accepted such cure amount in full satisfaction and cure of all defaults and other amounts due through and including the Effective Date, and will have no further claim against the Debtor or Buyer therefor; further such counterparties are deemed to accept the assumption and have adequate assurance of future performance of their executory contract or unexpired lease by the Debtor and Buyer.

In the event of a dispute regarding (i) the amount of any payments to cure such a default, (ii) the ability of Buyer to provide "adequate assurance of future performance," within the meaning of Bankruptcy Code section 365, under the executory contract or unexpired lease to be assumed, or (iii) any other matter pertaining to assumption, the cure payments required by Bankruptcy Code section 365(b)(1) shall be made following the entry of a Final Order or orders resolving the dispute and approving the assumption. Assumption of any executory contract or unexpired lease pursuant to the Plan or otherwise shall result in the full release and satisfaction of any Claims or defaults, whether monetary or nonmonetary, arising under any assumed executory contract or unexpired lease at any time before the effective date of the assumption.

No Assumption and Cure Order assigning an Assumed Executory Contract to Buyer shall be effective unless and until the Effective Date.

If any executory contract has been inadvertently left off of the above list of executory contracts to be assumed, the Proponent reserves its right to modify this Plan to cause Debtor to assume and assign to Buyer any such executory contract on appropriate notice to the counterparty to such contract, by filing an amended list of assumed executory contracts at any time up to and including the Effective Date.

B. Rejected Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases

The Debtor will be conclusively deemed to have rejected, and the Buyer conclusively deemed not to have assumed or taken by assignment, all executory contracts and unexpired leases not expressly assumed under Section V.A above upon the Effective Date. This includes all executory contracts and unexpired leases regardless of whether the Debtor contends that it is a party to the agreement, without admitting any liability or obligations under such agreements. The rejected executory contracts and unexpired leases include but are not limited to Condo Purchase

Discount Agreements with (i) Michael and Sharon Dixon; (ii) Brandyn Iverson; (iii) Paul Jameson; and (iv) Charles R. and Judy G. Munnerlyn. A proof of a claim arising from the rejection of an executory contract or unexpired lease under this section must be filed no later than the Claims Bar Date, which is thirty (30) days after the Effective Date. Any Claims arising from the rejection of an executory contract or unexpired lease not filed within such time will be automatically disallowed, forever barred from assertion, and shall not be enforceable against the Debtor, Buyer or their assets or properties without the need for any objection by the Debtor or Buyer, or further notice to, or action, order, or approval of the Bankruptcy Court. All Allowed Claims arising from the rejection of the Debtor's executory contracts or unexpired leases shall be classified as a General Unsecured Claim and shall be treated in accordance with Section IV.B.10 of the Plan. The deadline to object to Claims arising from the rejection of executory contracts or unexpired leases, if any, shall be ninety (90) days following the date on which such Proof of Claim was filed.

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SECTION FIVE

MEANS FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PLAN

Proponent will implement the Plan as follows

A. Sale of Property under Asset Purchase Agreement

1. Sale Procedures

At the Confirmation Hearing, the Debtor shall sell the Purchased Assets to Rand CN pursuant to the terms of the Asset Purchase Agreement between Rand CN and the Estate subject to overbidding based on the following sale procedures:

- a. An initial overbid Purchase Price of at least \$33,000,000.00 Cash Purchase Price and the overbidder must commit to funding the \$1,800,000.00 Plan Payment to be used for the Plan Obligations.
- b. There are no contingencies to the purchase of the Purchased Assets other than a Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court providing approval for the Sale and the Debtor's delivery of title to the Purchased Assets free and clear of all liens, claims and interests, and (ii) the Debtor's delivery of title to the Purchased Assets free and clear of all liens, claims and

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interests at Closing. Rand CN shall be entitled to a break-up fee of \$250,000 plus out-of-pocket costs of up to \$400,000 by or on behalf of Rand CN for due diligence and other expenses related to Rand CN's proposed purchase, as liquidated damages in the event that the bid of a competing bidder for the Purchased Assets is accepted. The break-up fee shall be paid to Rand CN as soon as reasonably practicable immediately after the Confirmation Hearing from the good faith deposit of the winning competing bidder.

- All Potential Bidders must execute the Bid Contract, which shall be in the c. same form as the Asset Purchase Agreement between Rand CN and the Estate, attached as Exhibit 1 to the Plan, except for the substitution of parties, adjustment of the purchase price, and removal of the break-up fee. A copy of the Bid Contract will be filed with the Court as part of the Plan Supplement along with the Asset Purchase Agreement.
- d. The Proponent will accept applications from potential bidders seeking qualification to submit Qualified Bids until the Qualification Deadline of 5:00 p.m. (PDT) on August 11, 2017. All due diligence by any Potential Bidder must be completed prior to the Potential Bidder making a Qualified Bid.
- Each Potential Bidder shall deliver written and electronic copies of its bid e. materials on or before the Bid Deadline to: counsel for the Proponent, Felderstein Fitzgerald Willoughby & Pascuzzi LLP, 400 Capitol Mall, Suite 1750, Sacramento, California 95814, Attn: Jason Rios (email: jrios@ffwplaw.com); and Ladera Development, LLC, c/o James Pickett, 16475 Bordeaux, Reno, NV 89511 (email: jpickett@laderaventures.com)); and counsel for the Committee, Pachulski Stang Ziehl & Jones LLP, John Fiero and Shirley Cho by email: ifiero@pszjlaw.com and scho@pszjlaw.com. An application by potential bidders seeking qualification to submit Qualified Bids is a signed document or documents from a Potential Bidder that provide(s), at a minimum, the following:
- An acknowledgement that the initial overbid amount must be at least \$33,000,000.00 Purchase Price and the overbidder must commit to funding the \$1,800,000.00 Plan Payment to be used for the Plan Obligations;
 - identify the bidder and any principals, owners, members, or shareholders of

the bidder and evidence of the Potential Bidder's source of capital, other financial ability to complete the contemplated transactions, and conform to Federal requirements if the funds are obtained offshore and/or from a foreign national who is not a United States citizen;

- iii. the Potential Bidder acknowledges and agrees that Potential Bidder shall be purchasing the Purchased Assets, including the Real Property and the Fairwinds Estate, in their present "as is/where is" condition and with all faults and defects and Ladera has not made (and will expressly disclaim), either expressly or implied, any representations, guaranties, promises, statements, assurances or warranties of any kind concerning the conditions of the Purchased Assets, including the Real Property and the Fairwinds Estate;
- iv. the Potential Bidder shall assume all obligations and liabilities with respect to the condition of the Purchased Assets, including the Real Property and the Fairwinds Estate, and shall fully release and indemnify Ladera and the Estate from same at close of escrow;
- v. the Potential Bidder offers to purchase the Purchased Assets as a unified sale on terms and conditions acceptable to Ladera and the Estate pursuant to the Bid Contract;
- vi. the bid is not subject to any due diligence or financing contingency and is irrevocable until two business days following the Closing;
- vii. the bid does not entitle the Potential Bidder to any break-up fee, topping fee, termination fee, expense reimbursement or similar type of payment, reimbursement or broker commission to be paid by the Estate or Ladera;
- viii. acknowledgments and representations that the Potential Bidder: (a) has had an opportunity to conduct any and all required due diligence regarding the Purchased Assets prior to making its offer; (b) has relied solely upon its own independent review, investigation and/or inspection of any documents and/or the Purchased Assets in making its bid; (c) has prepared its bid, and will participate in the Auction, without collusion with any other party; and (d) did not rely upon written or oral statements, representations, promises, warranties or guaranties whatsoever, whether express or implied (by operation of law or otherwise), regarding the Purchased Assets or the completeness of any information provided in connection therewith, except as expressly stated in the Bid Contract;

- ix. the bid contains a commitment by the Potential Bidder to be prepared to provide admissible evidence in the form of affidavits or declarations establishing the Potential Bidder's good faith and lack of collusion, within the meaning of section 363(m) of the Bankruptcy Code; and
- x. the bid contains information sufficient to demonstrate the Potential Bidder's ability to provide adequate assurance of future performance with respect to the assumption of any executory contracts and unexpired leases.
- f. In addition, a Potential Bidder must accompany its application with: (1) a deposit by cashier's check payable to New Cal-Neva Lodge, LLC, in the amount of \$2,000,000 (any such deposit, a "Good Faith Deposit"); (2) written evidence of available cash or a commitment for financing and such other evidence of ability to consummate the transaction contemplated by the applicable Bid Contract as Ladera may reasonably request; (3) a copy of a board resolution or similar document demonstrating the authority of the Potential Bidder to make a binding and irrevocable bid on the terms proposed; and (4) any pertinent factual information regarding the Potential Bidder's operations that would assist Ladera in its analysis of the bid. Good faith deposits by unsuccessful bidders will be returned at the conclusion of the bidding.
- g. Any application received from a Potential Bidder that meets the above requirements and is determined by the Consent Parties (Ladera, Debtor, Committee, Hall and Penta), will be considered a "Qualified Bidder," and each Potential Bidder that submits a bid shall be deemed to have incorporated each of these terms into its bid(s) as a "Qualified Bid." The Proponent shall notify Potential Bidders whether their application has been accepted as a Qualified Bidder by Noon on Tuesday, August, 15, 2017.
- h. The actual auction sale will be held on Wednesday, August 16, 2017, at the United States Bankruptcy Court, Clifton Young Federal Building, 300 Booth Street, Bankruptcy Courtroom, Fifth Floor, Courtroom 1, Reno. Nevada, before the Honorable Gregg W. Zive, United States Bankruptcy Judge in conjunction with the Confirmation Hearing.
- i. Rand CN, as lead bidder, and only Rand CN, may become the highest bidder by matching any overbid.

- j. Except for bids by Rand CN as the lead bidder, and the initial qualified overbid of at least \$33,000,000.00 Purchase Price and the overbidder must commit to funding the \$1,800,000.00 Plan Payment to be used for the Plan Obligations, each subsequent overbid must exceed the current highest offer by a minimum of \$100,000.
- k. All overbid amounts in excess may only be payable in cash in full on Closing.
- The successful bidder will be required to close the sale within twenty-one
 days after the entry of the Confirmation Order provided that there is no stay in effect.
- m. The rights of Creditors to credit bid their Secured Claim at the Sale shall be determined by the Court at the hearing to approve the Disclosure Statement.

2. Closing

- a. Upon entry of the Confirmation Order, the Debtor is authorized and directed to enter into the Asset Purchase Agreement or Buyer's Bid Contract and the Transaction Documents, and to take such steps as are necessary, reasonable or convenient to effectuate the Closing. Subject to the terms of the Confirmation Order and to any conditions to the Closing that remain to be satisfied, the Asset Purchase Agreement or Buyer's Bid Contract and the transactions contemplated therein are approved. On the Effective Date, the Asset Purchase Agreement or Buyer's Bid Contract and the Transaction Documents shall be binding upon and enforceable against Buyer and the Debtor, as well as their respective managers, employees and agents. The Asset Purchase Agreement or Buyer's Bid Contract is incorporated herein by reference and shall be deemed part of this Plan.
- b. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, and without altering the terms of the Asset Purchase Agreement or Buyer's Bid Contract in any Manner, on (or where appropriate, after) the Effective Date, the following actions shall occur:
- i. The purchase and sale transaction contemplated under the Asset Purchase
 Agreement or Buyer's Bid Contract shall be consummated;
- ii. Buyer shall, among other things, pay the Purchase Price and the PlanPayment to the Debtor;

1		iii. Each Cure Obligation required to be paid u	under Bankruptcy Code section	
2	365(b)(1) to a non-debtor party under an Assumed Executory Contract shall be paid to such party			
3	by the Debtor from the Plan Payment on or before the Effective Date;			
4	iv. The Debtor shall take such steps as are required under the Asset Purchase			
5	Agreement or Buyer's Bid Contract to effectuate the sale of assets to Buyer; and			
6	v. The Purchased Assets shall be transferred to Buyer free and clear of all			
7	Liens and Claims other than the Lien of Capital One on the Fairwinds Estate.			
8	c. Buyer shall be entitled to determine the allocation of the Purchase Price for			
9	tax reporting purposes.			
10	d. There shall be no commissions payable under this Plan to any party with			
11	respect to this Plan or to the sale of the Purchased Assets to Buyer.			
12	As set forth below, it is anticipated that the Sale Proceeds will be distributed as follows:			
13	New Cal-Neva Sale Proceeds			
14	Sale Proceeds		\$32,200,000	
15				
16	Unclassified	Hall Superpriority Claim	\$ 719,900	
17	Class 8	Real Property Claims	\$ 167,215	
18	Classes 2-5	Disputed Lien Litigation Reserve	\$10,124,254	
19	Class 2	Secured Claim of Hall CA-NV, LLC	\$21,188,631	
20	As set	forth below, the Plan Payment will pay all Plan C	Obligations as provided for in the	
21	Plan.			
22	New Cal-Neva Plan Obligations Due on Effective Date			
23	Plan Payment		\$1,800,000	
24	-			
25	Unclassified	Non-Professional Administrative Claims	\$ 142,000 (est.)	
26	Unclassified	Professional Administrative Claims	\$1,000,000	
27	Unclassified	Priority Tax Claims	\$ 1,698	
28	Unclassified	U.S. Trustee Fees	\$ 325	
		-38-	Amended Disclosure Statement	

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1	Class 1	Priority Non-Tax Claims	\$	2,666
2	Class 7	Secured Claim of Capital One Bank (USA), N.A.	\$	500,000 (est. cure)
3	Class 10	Convenience Class	\$	1,770
4	Class 11	General Unsecured Claims/Litigation Trust	\$	50,000
5			\$1	,698,459
6	Reserve for Pl	lan Administrator and Post-Effective Date UST Fees	\$	25,000
7			\$1	,723,459

B. Transfer of Fairwinds Estate

After entry of the Confirmation Order, the Plan authorizes and directs CR Lake Tahoe to dissolve, if necessary, and cause 9898 Lake to transfer by grant deed all of 9898 Lake's right, title and interest in the Fairwinds Estate to the Debtor, subject to the Secured Claim of Capital One. On the Effective Date and as part of the Closing, the Debtor shall transfer the Fairwinds Estate to the Buyer by grant deed free and clear of all Liens and Claims other than the Secured Claim of Capital One which shall be assumed by the Buyer as provided for the Class 7 Claim of Capital One.

C. Plan Administrator

On and after the Effective Date, the Liquidating Debtor shall continue to engage in its wind-down operations and may use, acquire, dispose of and/or abandon Estate Assets without supervision by the Bankruptcy Court and free of any restrictions under the Bankruptcy Code or the Bankruptcy Rules, except as set forth in this Plan. The Liquidating Debtor will not continue or engage in the conduct of any trade or business, except to the limited extent necessary to accomplish the liquidation and distribution of the Estate Assets.

The Plan provides that the Liquidating Debtor shall be managed by a Plan Administrator. The Plan provides that James S. Proctor shall automatically be appointed the Plan Administrator on the Effective Date unless the Court changes the date of appointment in the Confirmation Order. Mr. Proctor is a certified public accountant, certified fraud examiner, certified valuation analyst and certified in financial forensics. The Plan Administrator shall be paid reasonable compensation and expense reimbursement by the Liquidating Debtor. As of the Effective Date of

the Plan, Mr. Proctor's billing rate is \$250 per hour. Such compensation may be made from the Liquidating Debtor Reserve.

The Plan Administrator may investigate claims, objections or defenses and may assert, settle, abandon, or enforce any such affirmative claims, objections or defenses without supervision by the Bankruptcy Court and free of any restrictions under the Bankruptcy Code or the Bankruptcy Rules. In the course of any ongoing investigations, the Plan Administrator shall have the right post-confirmation to utilize Bankruptcy Rule 2004 examinations, including the issuance of subpoenas, and such future examinations and subpoenas shall be deemed to have been approved and authorized by the Plan and may be issued without further order of the Court. To the extent any litigation is already pending on the Effective Date, the Liquidating Debtor as successor to the Debtor and the Committee may continue the prosecution of such litigation and such litigation shall be authorized without further order of the Court.

D. Successor Plan Administrator

If the Plan Administrator resigns or is otherwise unwilling to perform its duties under this Plan, a current Chapter 11 Trustee in good standing from the District of Nevada or the Eastern District of California shall be selected to serve as the successor Plan Administrator. The Successor Plan Administrator shall be selected by the Creditors holding the three largest undisputed Allowed Claims, after consultation with parties in interest, including the Office of the United States Trustee and other Unsecured Creditors and Interest Holders or their successors, as appropriate. Appointment of the Successor Plan Administrator also shall be subject to Court approval.

E. Litigation Trust

On the Effective Date, the Litigation Trust shall be established pursuant to the Litigation Trust Agreement for the purpose of investigating and prosecuting the Trust Causes of Action (as determined by the Litigation Trustee) and making distributions (if any) to Litigation Trust Beneficiaries in accordance with the terms of the Plan. The Litigation Trust shall have a separate existence from the Liquidating Debtor. The Litigation Trust's prosecution of any of the Trust Causes of Action will be on behalf of and for the benefit of the Litigation Trust Beneficiaries.

The Litigation Trust and the Litigation Trustee will each be a "representative" of the Estates under section 1123(b)(3)(B) of the Bankruptcy Code, and the Litigation Trustee will be the trustee of the Litigation Trust Assets for purposes of 31 U.S.C. § 3713(b) and 26 U.S.C. § 6012(b)(3), and, as such, the Litigation Trustee succeeds to all of the rights, powers and obligations of a trustee in bankruptcy with respect to collecting, maintaining, administering and liquidating the Litigation Trust Assets. In pursuing the Trust Causes of Action, the Litigation Trustee shall be entitled to the tolling provisions provided under section 108 of the Bankruptcy Code, and shall succeed to the Debtor's rights with respect to the time periods in which any of the Trust Causes of Action may be brought under section 546 of the Bankruptcy Code.

The Litigation Trustee will distribute the Litigation Trust Assets (or the proceeds thereof) in accordance with the provisions of the Plan and the Litigation Trust Agreement. Other rights and duties of the Litigation Trustee and the beneficiaries of the Litigation Trust will be as set forth in the Litigation Trust Agreement.

The Litigation Trust Expenses will be paid from the Litigation Trust Assets in accordance with the Plan and the Litigation Trust Agreement. The Liquidating Debtor shall have no obligations to satisfy or have liability for any Litigation Trust Expenses.

The Litigation Trust Agreement may include reasonable and customary indemnification provisions in favor of the Litigation Trustee. Any such indemnification will be the sole responsibility of the Litigation Trust.

The Litigation Trust is intended to be treated, for federal income tax purposes, as a grantor trust that is a liquidating trust within the meaning of Treasury Regulations section 301.7701-4(d), with no objective to continue or engage in the conduct of a trade or business. The Litigation Trust Beneficiaries will be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as the grantors and deemed owners of their respective shares of the Litigation Trust Assets.

The Litigation Trust Agreement will provide that termination of the trust will occur no later than five years after the Effective Date, unless the Bankruptcy Court approves an extension based upon a finding that such an extension is necessary for the Litigation Trust to complete its liquidating purpose. The Litigation Trust Agreement also will limit the investment powers of the

Litigation Trustee in accordance with IRS Rev. Proc. 94-45 and will require the Litigation Trust to distribute at least annually to the Litigation Trust Beneficiaries (as such may have been determined at such time) its net income (net of any payment of or provision for Taxes), except for amounts retained as reasonably necessary to maintain the value of the Litigation Trust Assets.

F. Vesting of Assets of the Estate

On the Effective Date, except as otherwise provided in the Plan, all Purchased Assets shall vest in Buyer free and clear of all Liens and Claims, including, without limitation, all real and personal Property, all Retained Causes of Action purchased by the Buyer, interests, claims, choses in action, and all rights under any contracts assumed hereunder (executory or otherwise), against any Person. On the Effective Date, except as otherwise provided in the Plan, all Retained Causes of Action not purchased by the Buyer shall vest in the Liquidating Debtor free and clear of all Liens and Claims. On the Effective Date, except as otherwise provided in the Plan, all Trust Causes of Action and other Litigation Trust Assets shall vest in the Litigation Trust free and clear of all Liens and Claims.

G. Amendment of Operating Agreement

Upon the Effective Date, or such other time as is set forth in the Confirmation Order or other separate Order, the Debtor's Operating Agreement shall be deemed amended to replace the existing manager of the Debtor, with the Plan Administrator, and Cal Neva and any other entity in control of the Debtor shall be relieved of its responsibilities for the Debtor. The Liquidating Debtor, as represented by the Plan Administrator, shall be authorized to execute such other documents as are necessary and appropriate to carry out the provisions of this Plan, without the necessity of filing such documents with the Bankruptcy Court.

H. Exemption from Certain Taxes and Fees

Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1146(a), any transfers of property pursuant to the Plan shall not be subject to any stamp, real estate transfer, sales, use tax or other similar state or local tax or governmental assessment in the United States, and the Confirmation Order shall direct and be deemed to direct the appropriate state or local governmental officials or agents to forego the collection of any such tax or governmental assessment and to accept for filing and

recordation instruments or other documents pursuant to such transfers of property without the payment of any such tax or governmental assessment.

I. **Preservation of Causes of Action**

1. **Retained Causes of Action**

With respect to Causes of Action not released by this Plan, the Debtor reserves and conveys to Buyer, and the Bankruptcy Court's Confirmation Order will be deemed to authorize, Buyer to pursue all rights in and to all Retained Causes of Action and defenses sold or assigned to Buyer whenever arising, whether arising from the pre-Petition Date or post-Petition Date periods, including, without limitation, all Causes of Action or defenses that arose in the ordinary course of business from the operation of the Debtor's businesses or relate to alleged or asserted secured claims against the Property. Retained Causes of Action do not include any insurance contracts or proceeds relating to Causes of Action transferred to the Litigation Trust. A Retained Cause of Action shall be the property of Buyer if sold or assigned to Buyer under the Asset Purchase Agreement or Buyer's Bid Contract and shall be property of the Liquidating Debtor if not so sold or assigned. If there is a dispute as to what is a Retained Cause of Action and what is a Trust Cause of Action, such dispute shall be decided by the Court upon notice and motion.

After the Effective Date, the proceeds of all Retained Causes of Action not released or sold or assigned to Buyer shall belong solely to Liquidating Debtor. All Retained Causes of Action shall include, without limitation, the following:

Claim	Potential Counterparty (if known)
Claims that arose in the ordinary course of business from the operation of the Debtor's businesses including Causes of Action and defenses related to accounts receivable and accounts payable	
Claims that arose in the ordinary course of business from the operation of the Debtor's businesses including Causes of Action and defenses related to construction or renovation of the Real Property	
Claims that arose in the ordinary course of business from the operation of the Debtor's businesses including Causes of Action and defenses related to violations of any confidentiality provision, noncompete provision, non-solicitation provision, or any similar restrictive covenant	

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1	Claim	Potential Counterparty (if known)
2	Claims that arose in the ordinary course of business from the operation of the Debtor's businesses	
3	including Causes of Action and defenses related to insurance contracts	
4	Claims that arose in the ordinary course of business	
5	from the operation of the Debtor's businesses including Causes of Action and defenses related to	
6	security deposits or any other type of deposit or collateral	
7	Claims that arose in the ordinary course of business from the operation of the Debtor's businesses	
8	including Causes of Action and defenses related to assumed Executory Contracts or Unexpired Leases	
9	Claims arising out of that certain Exchange	Paul and Evy Paye, LLC or their
10	Agreement concerning the Fairwinds Estate	successors or assigns
11	Claims for setoff or recoupment	
11	Claims for avoidance of liens and security interests	

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Liquidating Debtor, in its sole and absolute discretion, shall determine whether to bring, settle, release, compromise, or enforce Retained Causes of Action retained by the Liquidating Debtor (or decline to do any of the foregoing), and shall not be required to seek further approval of the Bankruptcy Court for such action. No Person may rely on the absence of a specific reference in the Plan or the Disclosure Statement to any Retained Cause of Action against them as any indication that Buyer or Liquidating Debtor will not pursue any and all available Retained Causes of Action against them. Liquidating Debtor expressly reserves all rights to prosecute any and all Retained Causes of Action against any Person except at otherwise provided in the Plan. Unless any Retained Cause of Action against a Person is expressly waived, relinquished, exculpated, released, compromised, or settled in this Plan or an order of the Bankruptcy Court, Liquidating Debtor expressly reserves all Retained Causes of Action retained by the Liquidating Debtor for later adjudication and, therefore, no preclusion doctrine, including the doctrines of res judicata, collateral estoppel, issue preclusion, claim preclusion, estoppel (judicial, equitable, or otherwise), or laches, shall apply to such Retained Causes of Action upon, after, or as a consequence of Confirmation or the Effective Date of the Plan.

2. Trust Causes of Action

Except as released by the Plan,the Debtor reserves and conveys to the Litigation Trust, and the Bankruptcy Court's Confirmation Order will be deemed to authorize, the Litigation Trustee to pursue all rights in and to all Trust Causes of Action and defenses whenever arising, whether arising from the pre-Petition Date or post-Petition Date periods, including, without limitation, all claims unfair or deceptive business practice, fraud, fraud in the inducement, tort, theft of trade secrets, misappropriation, duress, fraudulent transfer, avoidance, unjust enrichment, breach of contract, setoff, or otherwise against all Persons against whom the Debtor has any such Causes of Action, provided, however, that the Trust Causes of Action shall not include any claims against Holders of Secured Claims, including but not limited to Hall, Ladera, or Penta. After the Effective Date, the proceeds of all such Trust Causes of Action shall belong solely to the Litigation Trust. Further, the Proponent believes it will be the Litigation Trustee's intent to prosecute all such Trust Causes of Action shall include, without limitation, the following:

15	Claim	Potential Counterparty (if known)
16	Claims for improper transfer of assets	
17	Claims against the sponsor/developer regarding conduct during development of the	
18	Real Property, including the Resort	
19	Claims against Thannisch Development Services Inc.	
20	Claims against Case Development	
21	Any claims for preferential or fraudulent transfers against insiders arising under	
22	chapter 5 of the Bankruptcy Code or their state law analogs that existed as of the Effective Date of the Plan	
23		
24	Any related claims that could be asserted against insiders for preferential or fraudulent transfers including, for example, breach of	
25	fiduciary duty or breach of the duty of loyalty	
26	Any claims against insiders relating to inadequate funding of the project, including	
27	misappropriation or diversion of funds, or similar claims	

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The Litigation Trustee, in his/her/its sole and absolute discretion, shall determine whether to bring, settle, release, compromise, or enforce such Trust Causes of Action (or decline to do any of the foregoing), and shall not be required to seek further approval of the Bankruptcy Court for such action. No Person may rely on the absence of a specific reference in the Plan or the Disclosure Statement to any Trust Cause of Action against them as any indication that the Litigation Trustee will not pursue any and all available Trust Causes of Action against them. The Litigation Trustee expressly reserves all rights to prosecute any and all Trust Causes of Action against any Person except at otherwise provided in the Plan. Unless any Trust Cause of Action against a Person is expressly waived, relinquished, exculpated, released, compromised, or settled in this Plan or an order of the Bankruptcy Court, the Litigation Trustee expressly reserves all Trust Causes of Action for later adjudication and, therefore, no preclusion doctrine, including the doctrines of res judicata, collateral estoppel, issue preclusion, claim preclusion, estoppel (judicial, equitable, or otherwise), or laches, shall apply to such Trust Causes of Action upon, after, or as a consequence of Confirmation or the Effective Date of the Plan.

J. No Election Under Section 1111(b)

Because the Real Property, Fairwinds Estate and substantially all of the Debtor's assets are to be sold under the Plan, subject to overbidding, various secured creditors do not have the right to an election under Section 1111(b) of the Bankruptcy Code., and no Secured Claim shall be treated as having made an election under Section 1111(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.

K. Dissolution of the Debtor

Before filing the motion seeking approval of a final decree closing the case, the Plan Administrator may, but is not required to take the steps reasonably required to formally dissolve the Debtor under Nevada Law, and shall have the power and authority to do so without the consent or endorsement of its sole member, Cal Neva.

L. Permanent Satisfaction

The rights afforded in the Plan, and the treatment of all Claims and Interests set forth herein, shall be in full exchange for, and in complete satisfaction of, all Claims and Interests of any kind or nature whatsoever, whether known or unknown, matured or contingent, liquidated or unliquidated, existing, arising or accruing, whether or not yet due, prior to the Effective Date, including without limitation any Claims, or interest on Claims, accruing on or after the Petition Date, against the Debtor or any of the assets or property thereof, <u>provided</u> that such satisfaction does not affect any party's rights under the Plan.

SECTION SIX

DISTRIBUTIONS TO CREDITORS

A. Timing and Calculation of Amounts to be Distributed

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, on the Effective Date or as soon as practicable thereafter (or if a Claim is not an Allowed Claim on the Effective Date, on the date that such a Claim becomes an Allowed Claim), each Holder of an Allowed Claim against the Debtor shall receive the full amount of the distributions that the Plan provides for Allowed Claims in the applicable Class. In the event that any payment or act under the Plan is required to be made or performed on a date that is not a Business Day, then the making of such payment or the performance of such act may be completed on the next succeeding Business Day, but shall be deemed to have been completed as of the required date. If and to the extent that there are Disputed Claims, distributions on account of any such Disputed Claims shall be made in accordance with the provisions set forth in Article VIII of the Plan. Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, Holders of Claims shall not be entitled to interest, dividends, or accruals on the distributions provided for in the Plan, regardless of whether such distributions are delivered on or at any time after the Effective Date.

B. Plan Distributions Made Through Plan Administrator

On the Effective Date or as soon as practicable thereafter, all distributions under the Plan shall be made by the Plan Administrator, except that the Litigation Trustee, or its Third Party Disbursing Agent, shall make distributions with respect to the Litigation Trust to Litigation Trust Beneficiaries. The Plan Administrator shall not be required to give any bond or surety or other security for the performance of its duties.

C. Delivery of Distributions and Undeliverable or Unclaimed Distributions

1. Delivery of Distributions. Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, the Plan

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Administrator shall make distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims at the address for each such Holder as indicated on the Debtor's books and records as of the date of any such distribution or as set forth in any Proof of Claim filed by such Holder; *provided*, *however*, that the manner of such distributions shall be determined at the discretion of the Plan Administrator. If a Holder holds more than one Claim in any one Class, all Claims of the Holder may be aggregated into one Claim and one distribution may be made with respect to the aggregated Claim.

2. <u>Undeliverable Distributions and Unclaimed Property.</u>

Failure to Claim Undeliverable Distributions: Creditors have the (i) obligation to file change of address forms with the Court and to serve such changes of address on the Plan Administrator and its counsel. If a Creditor fails to claim any distribution of Cash within 90 days from the date upon which a distribution is made, such Creditor shall be subject to having its claim excluded from future distributions. The Plan Administrator may but is not required to file and notice an omnibus motion seeking to exclude such Creditors from future distributions and shall serve such Creditors at: (a) the address for service of process for such Creditors as listed on the Nevada Secretary of State web site, if any; (b) the addresses on Creditors' proofs of Claim, if any; (c) the addresses scheduled by the Debtor for such Creditors, if any; and (d) any addresses supplied by Creditors in the last change of address filed with the Court, if any. Upon Court approval of the subject Creditors' forfeiture, such Cash (including interest thereon) shall be made available for re-distribution to other holders of Allowed Claims of like Class. After disallowance such Creditors shall forfeit their rights thereto and shall have no claim whatsoever against the Liquidating Debtor or the Plan Administrator, as applicable, or any holder of an Allowed Claim to whom distributions are made under this Plan. If the Plan Administrator elects based on its business discretion that the cost of filing such a motion to exclude Creditors does not reasonably exceed the benefit to other Creditors from such a motion, the Plan Administrator may alternatively treat such returned distributions as unclaimed funds under Section VII.D. of the Plan.

(ii) Failure to Present Checks: Checks issued by the Plan Administrator on account of Allowed Claims shall be null and void if not negotiated within ninety (90) days after the issuance

of such check. Requests for reissuance of any check shall be made directly to the Plan Administrator by the Holder of the relevant Allowed Claim with respect to which such check originally was issued.

D. Disputed Payments

In the event of any dispute between and among Creditors as to the right of any entity to receive or retain any payment or distribution to be made to such entity under the Plan, the Liquidating Debtor may, in lieu of making such payment or distribution to such entity, instead hold such payment or distribution until the disposition thereof shall be determined by the Bankruptcy Court.

E. Plan Distributions Made Through Plan Administrator

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Plan, at the point when the remaining funds in the Claims Reserve Account consist of an amount impracticable to distribute, the Plan Administrator may (i) donate such Cash to Boy Scouts of America, or, if Boy Scouts of America is no longer in existence, a similar nonprofit organization or organizations in this judicial district that are exempt pursuant to section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code (Title 26 of the United States Code), or (ii) lodge with the Bankruptcy Court such sums as unclaimed funds under 11 U.S.C. § 347, and the Court Clerk shall accept such funds notwithstanding that this case is a Chapter 11 case.

F. Compliance with Tax Requirements

In connection with the Plan and the Litigation Trust Agreement, to the extent applicable, the Plan Administrator, the Litigation Trustee and any Third Party Disbursing Agent shall comply with all tax withholding and reporting requirements imposed upon it by any governmental unit, and all distributions pursuant to the Plan shall be subject to such withholding and reporting requirements. Notwithstanding the above, each Holder of an Allowed Claim that is to receive a distribution under the Plan shall have the sole and exclusive responsibility for the satisfaction and payment of any taxes imposed on such Holder by any governmental unit, including income, withholding and other tax obligations, on account of such distribution. The Plan Administrator has the right, but not the obligation, not to make a distribution until such Holder has made

arrangements satisfactory to the Plan Administrator for payment of any such withholding tax obligations and, if the Plan Administrator fails to withhold with respect to any such Holder's distribution, and is later held liable for the amount of such withholding, the Holder shall reimburse the Plan Administrator. Notwithstanding any provision in the Plan to the contrary, each of the Plan Administrator, the Litigation Trustee or Third Party Disbursing Agent as applicable shall be authorized to take all actions necessary or appropriate to comply with such withholding and reporting requirements, including liquidating a portion of the distribution to be made under the Plan to generate sufficient funds to pay applicable withholding taxes, withholding distributions pending receipt of information necessary to facilitate such distributions, or establishing any other mechanisms it believes are reasonable and appropriate. The Plan Administrator may require, as a condition to the receipt of a distribution, that the Holder complete the appropriate Form W-8 or Form W-9, as applicable to each Holder. If the Holder fails to comply with such a request within six months, such distribution shall be deemed an unclaimed distribution. Finally, the Plan Administrator reserves the right to allocate all distributions made under the Plan in compliance with all applicable wage garnishments, alimony, child support, and other spousal awards, Liens, and encumbrances.

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Notwithstanding any other provision of this Plan, interim distributions of less than \$250.00 and a final distribution of less than \$50.00 need not be made by the Liquidating Debtor on account of any Allowed Claim, provided that, the amount of such de minimis distributions that would otherwise be made but for this provision shall be reserved as in the same manner as reserves for Disputed Claims in Section VII.A.3 of the Plan, and shall carry over until the next date of a distribution until the cumulative amount to which any holder of an Allowed Claim is entitled is more than \$250.00, at which time the cumulative amount of such distributions shall be paid to such holder of the subject Claim. Distributions that will not be made as of the date of a final distribution shall be treated as unclaimed funds as provided in Section VII.D. of the Plan.

H. Setoffs and Recoupment

Nothing contained in the Plan shall constitute a waiver or release by the Debtor of any

Creditor or Interest Holder.

Liquidating Debtor and the Litigation Trustee shall work in good faith to preserve any Causes of Action that could be compromised by Liquidating Debtor's or the Litigation Trust's, as applicable, proposed setoff. If there is a dispute as to how to proceed, such dispute shall be decided by the Court upon notice and motion.

right of setoff or recoupment that the Debtor or the Liquidating Debtor may have against any

SECTION SEVEN

THE CLAIMS RESOLUTION PROCESS

A. Resolution of Disputed Claims

- 1. <u>Allowance of Claims</u>. On or after the Effective Date, Liquidating Debtor and the Litigation Trustee shall have and shall retain any and all rights and defenses that the Debtor had with respect to any Claim immediately prior to the Effective Date, except with respect to any Claim deemed Allowed as of the Effective Date. Except as otherwise provided in the Plan or in any order entered in the Case prior to the Effective Date, including, without limitation, the Confirmation Order, no Claim shall become an Allowed Claim unless and until such Claim is deemed Allowed (i) under the Plan or the Bankruptcy Code or (ii) by Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court including, without limitation, the Confirmation Order.
- 2. <u>No Distribution Pending Allowance</u>. Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, if any portion of a Claim is a Disputed Claim, no payment or distribution provided under the Plan shall be made on account of such Claim unless and until such Disputed Claim becomes an Allowed Claim. To the extent a Disputed Claim becomes an Allowed Claim, in accordance with the provisions of the Plan, distributions shall be made to the Holder of such Allowed Claim, without interest.

3. Disputed Claims Reserve.

(i) Disputed Claims Reserve: On the Effective Date or as soon as practicable thereafter, the Debtor or Liquidating Debtor, as applicable, shall deposit into the Disputed Claims Reserve the amount of Cash that would have been distributed to Holders of all Disputed Claims as if such Disputed Claims had been Allowed on the Effective Date, with the amount of such

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27 28 Allowed Claims to be determined, solely for the purpose of establishing reserves and for maximum distribution purposes, to be the lesser of (i) the asserted amount of the Disputed Claim filed with the Bankruptcy Court, or if no Proof of Claim was filed, listed by the Debtor in the schedules filed by the Debtor, (ii) the amount, if any, estimated by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 502(c), and (iii) the amount otherwise agreed to by the Debtor or Liquidating Debtor, as applicable, and the Holder of such Disputed Claim for reserve purposes.

- (ii) Distribution of Excess Amounts in the Disputed Claims Reserve: When all Disputed Claims are resolved and either become Allowed or are disallowed by Final Order, to the extent Cash remains in the Disputed Claims Reserve after all Holders of Disputed Claims that have become Allowed have been paid in the full amount they are entitled to pursuant to the treatment set forth for the appropriate Class under the Plan, such Cash shall be made available for re-distribution to other holders of Allowed Claims of like Class.
- 4. Prosecution of Objections to Claims. Except as otherwise specifically provided in the Plan and in the Litigation Trust Agreement, the Debtor, prior to and on the Effective Date, or Liquidating Debtor, after the Effective Date, shall have the exclusive authority to file objections to Claims or settle, compromise, withdraw or litigate to judgment objections to any and all Claims, regardless of whether such Claims are in a Class or otherwise. From and after the Effective Date, Liquidating Debtor may settle or compromise any Disputed Claim without any further notice to or action, order or approval of the Bankruptcy Court. From and after the Effective Date, Liquidating Debtor shall have the sole authority to administer and adjust the claims register to reflect any such settlements or compromises without any further notice, action, order, or approval of the Bankruptcy Court.

Liquidating Debtor and the Litigation Trustee shall work in good faith to preserve all Causes of Action not purchased by Buyer. If there is a dispute as to how to preserve any Cause of Action, such dispute shall be decided by the Court upon notice and motion.

5. Claims Estimation. The Debtor, prior to and on the Effective Date, or Liquidating Debtor, after the Effective Date, may request that the Bankruptcy Court estimate any contingent or unliquidated claim to the extent permitted by Bankruptcy Code section 502(c) regardless of

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whether the Debtor or Liquidating Debtor has previously objected to such Claim or whether the Bankruptcy Court has ruled on any such objection, and the Bankruptcy Court shall have jurisdiction to estimate any Claim at any time during litigation concerning any objection to such Claim, including during the pendency of any appeal relating to any such objection.

- Expungement or Adjustment of Claims Without Objection. Any Claim that has been paid, satisfied, or superseded may be expunged on the claims register by the Debtor or Liquidating Debtor, as applicable, and any Claim that has been amended may be adjusted thereon by the Debtor or Liquidating Debtor in the Case without a Claims objection having to be filed and without any further notice to or action, order or approval of the Bankruptcy Court.
- 7. Deadline to File Claims Objections. Any objections to Claims shall be filed by no later than ninety (90) days after the Effective Date, or such later date as may be fixed by order of the Bankruptcy Court.

В. **Disallowance of Claims**

Any Claims held by a Person from which property is recoverable under Bankruptcy Code sections 542, 543, 550, or 553, or that is a transferee of a transfer avoidable under Bankruptcy Code section 522(f), 522(h), 544, 545, 547, 548, 549, or 724(a), shall be deemed disallowed pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 502(d), and Holders of such Claims may not receive any distributions on account of such Claims until such time as such Causes of Action against that Person have been settled or a Final Order with respect thereto has been entered and all sums due, if any, by that Person have been turned over or paid by such Person to the Debtor or Liquidating Debtor.

EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE AGREED BY THE DEBTOR OR LIQUIDATING DEBTOR, AS APPLICABLE, ANY AND ALL PROOFS OF CLAIM FILED AFTER THE CLAIMS BAR DATE SHALL BE DEEMED DISALLOWED AND EXPUNGED AS OF THE EFFECTIVE DATE WITHOUT ANY FURTHER NOTICE TO OR ACTION, ORDER, OR APPROVAL OF THE BANKRUPTCY COURT, AND HOLDERS OF SUCH CLAIMS MAY NOT RECEIVE ANY DISTRIBUTIONS ON ACCOUNT OF SUCH CLAIMS, UNLESS SUCH LATE PROOF OF CLAIM IS DEEMED TIMELY FILED BY A FINAL ORDER OF THE

BANKRUPTCY COURT.

C. Amendments to Claims

On or after the Effective Date, a Claim may not be filed or amended without prior authorization of the Bankruptcy Court or Liquidating Debtor, and any such new or amended Claim filed without such prior authorization shall be deemed disallowed in full and expunged without any further action.

SECTION EIGHT

EFFECTS OF CONFIRMATION

A. Binding Effect of Plan

The provisions of the confirmed Plan shall bind the Debtor, the Liquidating Debtor, the Committee, the Buyer and any Creditor or Interest Holder, whether or not such Creditor or Interest Holder has filed a proof of Claim or Interest in the Chapter 11 Case, whether or not the Claim of such Creditor or the Interest of such Interest Holder is impaired under the Plan, and whether or not such Creditor or Interest Holder has accepted or rejected the Plan. All Claims and Debts shall be as fixed and adjusted pursuant to this Plan.

B. Revesting of Property Free and Clear

Upon the Effective Date, title to all Estate Assets shall vest in the Liquidating Debtor for the purposes contemplated under the Plan and section 1123(b)(3) shall be deemed satisfied in all respects. All Unsecured Claims against the Debtor or the Estate shall be of no further force or effect except with respect to the rights of holders of Allowed Claims to receive payments or distributions as set forth herein. Following the Effective Date, the Liquidating Debtor may use, acquire or dispose of any such property free of any restrictions imposed by the Bankruptcy Court, the Bankruptcy Code or the Bankruptcy Rules and without further approval of the Bankruptcy Court or notice to Creditors, except as may otherwise be required under the Plan or the Confirmation Order. Except as otherwise expressly provided in the Plan or Confirmation Order, all rights or causes of action are hereby preserved and retained for enforcement solely and exclusively by and at the discretion of the Liquidating Debtor.

C. Injunction

Until all remaining Estate Assets of the Liquidating Debtor and the Estate are fully administered, and except as otherwise provided by the Plan, all entities who have held, hold or may hold Claims against or Interests in the Debtor or the Debtor's estate that arose prior to the Effective Date are enjoined from taking legal action against the Debtor or the Liquidating Debtor for the purpose of directly or indirectly collecting, recovering, or receiving payment or recovery with respect to any Claim or demand against the Debtor or the Liquidating Debtor.

D. Release

In consideration of Ladera's prosecution of this Plan as the Proponent, and as part of the compromises among the Debtor, the Estate and Ladera as implemented through this Plan, on the Effective Date the Debtor and the Estate will be permanently deemed to have released Ladera and all of its attorneys, stockholders, principals, partners, employees, directors, officers, subsidiaries, parent companies, affiliates, members, agents, representatives, predecessors and successors, and each of them, in all capacities from any and all claims and causes of action, known or unknown, arising through the Effective Date.

E. No Discharge

Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 1141(d)(3), confirmation of this Plan shall not operate as a discharge of the Debtor.

F. Limitation of Liability

The Debtor, the Proponent, the Buyer, the Committee, their officers and directors or other representatives, each of the respective professionals of the foregoing and, effective upon approval of such Professional's final fee applications in this Bankruptcy Case, the Debtor's and Committee's Professionals (collectively, the "Exculpated Parties"), will neither have nor incur any liability to any entity for any Official Actions in good faith taken or omitted to be taken in connection with or related to the Case, the investigations of potential claims or the formulation, preparation, dissemination, implementation, Confirmation or consummation of the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, or any agreement created or entered into in connection with the Plan or incident to the Case, provided that, the foregoing shall not exonerate any of the Exculpated

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Parties from any liability that results from an act or omission to the extent such act or omission is determined by Final Order to have constituted gross negligence or willful misconduct. addition, notwithstanding any other provision of this Plan, no holder of a Claim or Interest, no other party in interest, none of their respective agents, employees, representatives, financial advisors, attorneys or affiliates, and no successors or assigns of the foregoing, shall have any right of action against any Exculpated Party for any Official Actions made in good faith from and after the Petition Date through the Confirmation Date in connection with, relating to or arising out of the Case or the consideration, formulation, preparation, dissemination, implementation, Confirmation or consummation of the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, or any transaction or document created or entered into, or any other act taken or omitted to be taken, in connection therewith, except for: (a) the liability of any Exculpated Party that would otherwise result from the failure to perform or pay any obligation or liability under the Plan or any contract, instrument, release or other agreement or document to be entered into or delivered in connection with the Plan, (b) the liability of any Exculpated Party that would otherwise result from any such act or omission to the extent that such act or omission is determined in a Final Order to have constituted gross negligence or willful misconduct, and (c) actions taken by Exculpated Parties who are holders of a Claim and are taking actions in pursuit of the allowance or payment of such Claim.

SECTION NINE

CONDITIONS PRECEDENT TO CONFIRMATION

AND EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE PLAN

A. Conditions Precedent to Confirmation

It shall be a condition to Confirmation of the Plan that the following conditions shall have been satisfied or waived pursuant to the Plan:

- (1) <u>Required Orders</u>. The Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court shall have entered all necessary orders (including, without limitation, the Disclosure Statement Order and the Confirmation Order).
- (2) <u>Vote Tabulation</u>. The Bankruptcy Court shall have determined that all votes are binding and have been properly tabulated as acceptances or rejections of the Plan.

- (3) <u>Confirmation Requirements</u>. The Bankruptcy Court shall have determined that all applicable tests, standards and burdens in connection with the Plan, including those in section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code, have been duly satisfied and met by the Debtor and the Proponent, as applicable.
- (4) <u>Plan Supplement</u>. In connection with the Confirmation of the Plan, the Bankruptcy Court shall have approved the Plan Supplement.
- (5) <u>Authorization</u>. The Bankruptcy Court shall have authorized the Debtor or Liquidating Debtor to execute, enter into, and deliver the documents in the Plan Supplement, and to execute, implement and take all actions otherwise necessary or appropriate to give effect to the transactions contemplated by the Plan and the Plan Supplement.
- (6) <u>Form of Confirmation Order</u>. The Confirmation Order and this Plan each shall be in a form and substance satisfactory to the Proponent.

B. Conditions Precedent to Effective Date

It shall be a condition to the Plan going effective, *i.e.*, the Effective Date that the following conditions shall have been satisfied or waived: (i) the Confirmation Order shall have become a Final Order; (ii) the Bankruptcy Court shall have approved any Plan Supplement filed with respect to the Plan; (iii) all authorizations, consents, and regulatory approvals required, if any, in connection with the consummation of the Plan shall have been obtained; (iv) 9898 Lake shall have transferred the Fairwinds Estate to the Debtor; and (v) all other actions, documents, certificates, and agreements necessary to implement the Plan shall have been effected or executed and delivered to the required parties and, to the extent required, filed with the applicable governmental units in accordance with applicable laws.

C. Waiver of Conditions

To the extent practicable and legally permissible, each of the conditions precedent in this Section may be waived, in whole or in part, by the Proponent. Any such waiver of a condition precedent may be effected at any time by filing a notice thereof with the Bankruptcy Court executed by the Proponent.

D. Effective Date

The Effective Date shall occur upon the Closing Date. This Plan shall be of no force or effect unless the Effective Date shall occur.

E. Failure of Effective Date

If the Asset Purchase Agreement is properly terminated as permitted by the Buyer or the Debtor, or if the closing does not occur by any deadline set forth in the Asset Purchase Agreement, this Plan shall not become effective and shall be treated as having been withdrawn and revoked by Ladera and of no force or effect. In such event, Ladera shall inform the Court promptly and seek revocation of the Confirmation Order.

SECTION TEN

MODIFICATION, REVOCATION OR WITHDRAWAL OF THE PLAN

A. Modification and Amendments

The Proponent may amend, modify, or supplement the Plan pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1127(a) at any time prior to the Confirmation Date. After the Confirmation Date, but prior to the Effective Date of the Plan, the Proponent may amend, modify, or supplement the Plan without further order of the Bankruptcy Court to remedy any defect or omission or reconcile any inconsistencies in the Plan or the Confirmation Order.

B. Effect of Confirmation on Modifications

Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1127(a), entry of a Confirmation Order shall mean that all modifications or amendments to the Plan since the solicitation thereof are approved and do not require additional disclosure or re-solicitation under Bankruptcy Rule 3019.

C. Revocation or Withdrawal of the Plan

The Proponent reserves the right to revoke or withdraw the Plan prior to the Confirmation Date and to file subsequent chapter 11 plans. If the Proponent revokes or withdraws the Plan, or if Confirmation or the Effective Date does not occur, then: (i) the Plan shall be null and void in all respects; (ii) any settlement or compromise embodied in the Plan, assumption or rejection of executory contracts or unexpired leases effected by the Plan, and any document or agreement executed pursuant to the Plan shall be deemed null and void except as may be set forth in a

separate order entered by the Bankruptcy Court; and (iii) nothing contained in the Plan shall constitute a waiver or release of any Claims by or against, or any Interests in, the Debtor, Ladera, or any other Person, prejudice in any manner the rights of the Debtor, Ladera, or any other Person, or constitute an admission, acknowledgement, offer, or undertaking of any sort by the Debtor, Ladera or any other Person.

SECTION ELEVEN

RETENTION OF JURISDICTION

Notwithstanding the entry of the Confirmation Order and the occurrence of the Effective Date, the Bankruptcy Court shall, after the Effective Date, retain such jurisdiction over the Case and all Persons with respect to all matters related to the Case, the Debtor, and the Plan as legally permissible, including, without limitation, jurisdiction to:

- 1. allow, disallow, determine, liquidate, classify, estimate, or establish the priority, secured, or unsecured status, or amount of any Claim or Interest, including the resolution of any request for payment of any Administrative Claim, including Claims of a Professional for services rendered to the Debtor or any Committee, and the resolution of any and all objections to the secured or unsecured status, priority, amount, or allowance of Claims or Interests;
- 2. decide and resolve all matters related to the granting and denying, in whole or in part, any applications for allowance of compensation or reimbursement of expenses to Professionals authorized pursuant to the Bankruptcy Code or the Plan;
- 3. resolve any matters related to: (i) the assumption, assumption and assignment, or rejection of any executory contract or unexpired lease to which the Debtor is party or with respect to which the Debtor may be liable, and the hearing, determination, and, if necessary, liquidation of any Claims arising therefrom, including cure claims pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 365; (ii) any potential contractual obligation under any executory contract or unexpired lease that is assumed; and (iii) any dispute regarding whether a contract or lease is or was executory or expired;
- 4. ensure that distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims and Interests are accomplished pursuant to the provisions of the Plan;
- 5. adjudicate, decide, or resolve any motions, adversary proceedings, Causes of Action, contested or litigated matters, and any other matters, and grant or deny any applications involving the Debtor that may be pending on the Effective Date or brought thereafter, including but not limited to the litigation of any Cause of Action by the Litigation Trust or Liquidating Debtor after the Effective Date of the Plan;
- 6. adjudicate, decide, or resolve any and all matters related to Bankruptcy Code sections 1141 and 1145;

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22. hear any other matter not inconsistent with the Bankruptcy Code.

SECTION TWELVE

MISCELLANEOUS PLAN PROVISIONS

A. Additional Documents

On or before the Effective Date, the Proponent may file with the Bankruptcy Court any and all agreements and other documents that may be necessary or appropriate in order to effectuate and further evidence the terms and conditions of the Plan.

B. Dissolution of Committee

On the first Business Day thirty days after the Effective Date, all statutory committees, including committees representing creditors or equity security holders, shall be dissolved and the members thereof shall be released and discharged of and from all further authority, duties, responsibilities, and obligations related to and arising from and in connection with the chapter 11 Case. The retention or employment of any and all attorneys, financial advisors, and other agents or professions, if any, of all statutory committees shall terminate other than for purposes of filing and prosecuting applications for final allowances of compensation for professional services rendered and reimbursement of expenses incurred in connection therewith.

C. Governing Law

Except to the extent that the Bankruptcy Code or other federal law is applicable, the rights, duties and obligations arising under this Plan shall be governed by, and construed and enforced in accordance with, the laws of the State of Nevada.

D. Reservation of Rights

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, the Plan shall have no force or effect unless the Bankruptcy Court enters the Confirmation Order. None of the filing of the Plan, any statement or provision contained in the Plan, or the taking of any action by the Proponent or the Debtor with respect to the Plan or the Disclosure Statement shall be or shall be deemed to be an admission or waiver of any rights of the Debtor with respect to the Holders of Claims or Interests prior to the Effective Date.

E. Successors and Assigns

The rights, benefits, and obligations of any Person named or referred to in the Plan shall be binding on, and shall inure to the benefit of any heir, executor, administrator, successor or assign, affiliate, officer, director, agent, representative, attorney, beneficiaries, or guardian, if any, of each Person.

F. Further Assurances

The Debtor or Liquidating Debtor, as applicable, all Holders of Claims receiving distributions pursuant to the Plan, and all other Persons shall, from time to time, prepare, execute, and deliver any agreements or documents and take any other actions as may be necessary or advisable to effectuate the provisions and intent of the Plan or the Confirmation Order.

G. Term of Injunctions or Stays

Unless otherwise provided in the Plan or in the Confirmation Order, all injunctions or stays in effect in the Case pursuant to Bankruptcy Code sections 105 or 362 or any order of the Bankruptcy Court, and extant on the Confirmation Date (excluding any injunctions or stays contained in the Plan or the Confirmation Order) shall remain in full force and effect until the Effective Date. All injunctions or stays contained in the Plan and the Confirmation Order shall remain in full force and effect in accordance with their terms.

H. Entire Agreement

Except as otherwise indicated, the Plan supersedes all previous and contemporaneous negotiations, promises, covenants, agreements, understandings, and representations on such subjects, all of which have become merged and integrated into the Plan.

I. Exhibits and Related Documents

All exhibits and documents filed in relation to the Plan are incorporated into and are a part of the Plan as if set forth in full in the Plan. After any exhibits and documents are filed, copies of such exhibits and documents shall be available upon written request to the Proponent's counsel at the address above or the Bankruptcy Court's website, http://www.nvb.uscourts.gov (a PACER login and password are required to access documents on the Bankruptcy Court's website).

J. Severability of Plan Provisions

If, before Confirmation of the Plan, any term or provision of the Plan is held by the Bankruptcy Court to be invalid, void, or unenforceable, the Bankruptcy Court shall have the power to alter and interpret such term or provision to make it valid or enforceable to the maximum extent practicable, consistent with the original purpose of the term or provision held to be invalid, void, or unenforceable, and such term or provision shall then be applicable as altered or interpreted. Notwithstanding any such holding, alteration, or interpretation, the remainder of the terms and provisions of the Plan shall remain in full force and effect and shall in no way be affected, impaired, or invalidated by such holding, alteration, or interpretation. The Confirmation Order shall constitute a judicial determination and shall provide that each term and provision of the Plan, as it may have been altered or interpreted in accordance with the foregoing, is valid and enforceable.

K. Waiver or Estoppel Conflicts

Each Holder of a Claim or Interest shall be deemed to have waived any right to assert any argument, including the right to argue that its Claim or Interest should be Allowed in a certain amount, in a certain priority, secured, or not subordinated, by virtue of an agreement made with the Debtor or its counsel, the Committee or its counsel, or any other Person, if such agreement was not disclosed in the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, or papers filed with the Bankruptcy Court prior to the Confirmation Date.

L. Conflicts

Except as set forth in the Plan or unless otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court, to the extent that the Disclosure Statement, any order of the Bankruptcy Court (other than the Confirmation Order), or any exhibit to the Plan or document executed or delivered in connection with the Plan is inconsistent with the terms of the Plan, the terms of the Plan shall control.

SECTION THIRTEEN

RISK FACTORS

Holders of Claims should read and consider carefully the factors set forth below, as well as the other information set forth in this Disclosure Statement (and the documents delivered

together herewith and/or incorporated by reference herein), prior to voting to accept or reject the Plan.

A. Risk of Nonconfirmation of the Plan

Even if all classes of Claims that are entitled to vote accept the Plan, the Plan might not be confirmed by the Bankruptcy Court. Section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code sets forth the requirements for confirmation and requires, among other things, that the confirmation of the Plan is not likely to be followed by the liquidation or the need for further financial reorganization (feasibility), and that the value of distributions to dissenting creditors be not less than the value of distributions such creditors would receive if the debtor were liquidated under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code (the "best interest of creditors" test), and other tests as set forth elsewhere in this Disclosure Statement and as required by applicable law. The Proponent believes that the Plan satisfies all requirements for confirmation under the Bankruptcy Code. There can be no assurance, however, that the Bankruptcy Court will also conclude that the requirements for Confirmation of the Plan have been satisfied.

B. Nonoccurrence of Effective Date of the Plan

Even if all classes of Claims that are entitled to vote accept the Plan, the Effective Date for the Plan may not occur. The Plan sets forth conditions to the occurrence of the Effective Date of the Plan, which may not be satisfied by the Effective Date. The Proponent believes that it will satisfy all requirements for consummation required under the Plan. There can be no assurance, however, that the Bankruptcy Court will also conclude that the requirements for consummation of the Plan have been satisfied.

SECTION FOURTEEN

ALTERNATIVES TO CONFIRMATION OF THE PLAN

If the Plan is not confirmed by the Bankruptcy Court and consummated, the alternatives to the Plan include (a) the liquidation of the Debtor under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code, (b) an alternative Plan under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code, or (c) relief from the automatic stay to secured creditors and the loss of the Debtor's assets through to foreclosure.

A. Liquidation Under Chapter 7

As the Plan is a liquidation plan, the Proponent is of the opinion it is unnecessary to prepare an additional analysis of the result that should occur through a liquidation under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. The Plan functionally provides Creditors with the same protections as would be granted in a Chapter 7 and at an anticipated reduced cost. Any Successor Plan Administrator also must be a current Chapter 11 Trustee in good standing from the District of Nevada or the Eastern District of California under the Plan.

The Plan Administrator may enter into transactions outside the ordinary course of business that would otherwise require Court supervision, again reducing the costs of administration.

In addition, in conversion to Chapter 7, a new Claims bar date would be set, permitting the filing of timely Claims by Creditors whose Claims may be time barred under the Plan and which may significantly increase the costs of a claims reconciliation process. Even if no Creditors file otherwise time-barred Claims upon a conversion to Chapter 7, some Creditors will file second or third Claims in the Chapter 7 case.

Further, it is extremely rare for a Chapter 7 trustee to make interim distributions to Creditors, meaning that unsecured Creditors will receive no distributions in a Chapter 7 until the case is fully administered and ready to be closed, which would likely be much longer than it will take for Creditors to receive at least a partial interim distribution under the Plan.

Finally, the compensation allowed to the Plan Administrator is functionally identical to what would be expected in a Chapter 7 case where the Chapter 7 trustee would likely assert that he or she is entitled to a commission on <u>all</u> distributions to Creditors under the Plan up to the Trustee cap under section 326 of the Bankruptcy Code. Under the Plan, the Plan Administrator receives payment on a fixed and commission basis that is almost identically to the Chapter 7 trustee cap.

Accordingly, the Proponent believes that the Plan provides for a greater and significantly more expeditious administration of this Chapter 11 Case, will result in a higher percentage return to the Allowed Claims of the general unsecured Creditors, and will allow for a more prompt

completion of this case in a manner consistent with the desires of Creditors and parties in interest.

[Ladera is not soliciting ballots at this time. This language is included to reflect the language to be used if the Disclosure Statement is approved.] Accordingly, the Proponent recommends that all holders of Claims and Interests vote to accept the Plan.

B. Alternative Plan

If the Plan is not confirmed, any other party in interest may be entitled to file and seek confirmation of a different plan. In this case, the Debtor has a plan on file that the Proponent believes does not provide as great a recovery for the Debtor's stakeholders. The Proponent believes that the Plan provides holders of Claims and Interests with the greatest value possible under the circumstances. The Proponent believes that any subsequently proposed plan would also likely provide less favorable treatment than that to be afforded by the Plan and would further delay the payment of distributions.

C. Relief From the Automatic Stay and Foreclosure

Failure to confirm a plan also would increase the risk that the Bankruptcy Court could grant the motion filed by Hall for relief from the automatic stay to foreclose on the Debtor's real property and/or grant the motion filed by Ladera for relief from the automatic stay to foreclose on the 100% membership interests in New Cal-Neva.

SECTION FIFTEEN

GENERAL OVERVIEW OF CHAPTER 11

Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code is the principal business reorganization chapter of the Bankruptcy Code. Under Chapter 11, a debtor may be reorganized or liquidated for the benefit of its stakeholders. Formulation of a plan is the principal objective of Chapter 11. In general, a plan (1) divides claims and interests into separate classes, (2) specifies the property or consideration that each class is to receive under the plan, and (3) contains other provisions necessary to the reorganization or administration of the debtor and its estate. Alternatively, the Bankruptcy Code allows a debtor to file a plan of liquidation that provides for the orderly liquidation of the assets of the debtor.

Chapter 11 does not require each holder of a claim or interest to vote in favor of the plan

in order for the Bankruptcy Court to confirm the plan. However, the plan must be accepted by the holders of at least one class of claims that is impaired without considering the votes of "insiders" within the meaning of the Bankruptcy Code.

A. Classification and Treatment of Claims and Equity Interests Generally

Section 1123(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code requires that the plan must classify all claims (other than administrative expenses, administrative operating expenses, and priority tax claims) and interests.

In this case, the Proponent believes it has classified all Claims and Interests in compliance with the provisions of the Bankruptcy Code. If a holder of a Claim or Interest challenges such classification of the Claims or Interests, and the Bankruptcy Court finds that a different classification is required for the Plan to be confirmed, the Proponent, to the extent permitted by the Bankruptcy Court, intends to make such reasonable modifications to the classification of Claims or Interests under the Plan to provide for whatever classification might be required by the Bankruptcy Court for confirmation.

Except to the extent that such modification of classification adversely affects the treatment of a holder of a Claim or Interest and requires resolicitation, acceptance of the Plan by any holder of a Claim or Interest pursuant to this solicitation will be deemed to be a consent to the Plan's treatment of such holder of a Claim or Interest regardless of the class to which such holder of a Claim or Interest is ultimately deemed to belong.

The Bankruptcy Code also requires that the Plan provide the same treatment for each Claim or Interest in a particular Class unless the holder of a particular Claim or Interest agrees to a less favorable treatment of its Claim or Interest. The Proponent believes that the Plan complies with this standard. If the Bankruptcy Court finds that the Plan does not comply with this standard, it could deny confirmation of the Plan if the holders of Claims or Interests affected do not consent to the treatment afforded them under the Plan.

In accordance with the Bankruptcy Code, Administrative Expense Claims, U.S. Trustee's Fees, and Priority Tax Claims are not classified into classes. The Plan also specifies the treatment proposed for the Claims and Interests in each class.

B. Good Faith Solicitation Under Section 1125

The Plan provides that the Proponent, upon Confirmation of the Plan, shall be deemed to have solicited acceptances of the Plan in good faith and in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code.

The Proponent believes that the Plan treats the respective classes of Claims and Interests fairly and equitably in compliance with the absolute priority rule and fair and equitable standard of section 1129(b)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code. Because the Proponent has crafted the Plan to follow the Bankruptcy Code Distribution Priorities, the Proponent believes that the Plan provides each Creditor and Interest holder with at least as much, if not more, as it would receive if the Debtor was liquidated under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code as required by section 1129(a)(7).

Set forth in detail elsewhere in this Disclosure Statement is a description of the technical aspects of confirmation of a Chapter 11 plan, the risks inherent in the Plan, and the applicable bankruptcy and tax consequences of the liquidation, as applicable, of the Debtor. The Plan is the product of lengthy discussions and negotiations between parties in interest and is based upon the Proponent's analysis of all Claims asserted or known as of the date hereof and an evaluation of the relative merits of potential conflicting Claims, including potential conflicting claims to priority of the Debtor's Secured Claims. The Proponent believes that the following overview of what holders of Claims and Interest holders will receive under the Plan will be helpful in your consideration of whether you wish to accept or reject the Plan.

Please do not return any other documentation with your ballot. For further information on casting a ballot to vote on the Plan, please see the General Information Section of this Disclosure Statement.

C. "Yes" Votes Required for Acceptance; Voting Procedures

Section 1126(c) of the Bankruptcy Code defines acceptance of a plan by an impaired class of claims as acceptance by holders of at least two-thirds in dollar amount, and more than one-half in number, of the claims of that class that actually cast ballots. An impaired class of holders of equity securities shall have accepted the plan if the plan is accepted by at least two-thirds in amount of the allowed equity securities of such class held by holders of such equity securities.

11 U.S.C. § 1126(d).

The vote of a creditor may be disregarded if the Bankruptcy Court determines, after notice and hearing, that the acceptance or rejection was not solicited or procured in good faith. A "Yes" vote will indicate your acceptance of the Plan, while a "No" vote will indicate your rejection of the Plan. The Proponent urges all parties-in-interest entitled to vote on the Plan to vote "Yes" to accept the Plan.

Some creditors may hold Impaired Claims or Interests in more than one class and must vote separately in each class. If you hold Claims or Interests in more than one class, or multiple Claims in the same class, you must cast a separate vote based on each individual Claim.

The following voting procedures (the "Voting Procedures") have been established with respect to the amount and classification of Claims and Interests, and the determination of the validity of ballots submitted, for voting purposes:

- 1. Unless otherwise provided in the Tabulation Rules (described below), a Claim will be deemed temporarily allowed for voting purposes in an amount equal to (a) if a proof of Claim has not been timely filed, the amount of such Claim as set forth in the Schedules or (b) the amount of such Claim as set forth in a timely filed proof of Claim.
- 2. If a Claim is deemed Allowed in accordance with the Plan, such Claim will be temporarily allowed for voting purposes in the deemed Allowed amount set forth in the Plan.
- 3. If a Claim for which a proof of Claim has been timely filed is marked in whole or in part in the Schedules as contingent, unliquidated, and/or disputed, such portion of the Claim that is marked as contingent, unliquidated, or disputed will be temporarily allowed for voting purposes in the amount of \$1.00.
- 4. If a Claim has been estimated or otherwise allowed for voting purposes by order of the Court, such Claim will be temporarily allowed for voting purposes in the amount so estimated or allowed by the Court.
- 5. If a Creditor casts more than one ballot voting the same Claim before the Voting Deadline, the last dated Ballot received before the Voting Deadline will be deemed to reflect the voter's intent and thus will supersede any prior Ballots.

6. Creditors will be required to vote all of their Claims within a particular class under the Plan either to accept or reject the Plan and may not split their vote. A ballot (or a group of ballots within a class received from a single creditor) that partially rejects and partially accepts the Plan will not be counted.

In addition, the following tabulation rules (the "Tabulation Rules") will be used for the tabulation of Ballots:

- 1. If a holder of a Claim identifies a claim amount on its ballot that is less than the amount otherwise calculated in accordance with these Tabulation Rules, the Voting Procedures, and/or the Schedules, the Claim will be temporarily allowed for voting purposes in the lesser amount identified on such ballot.
- 2. Ballots that are otherwise validly executed but do not indicate either acceptance or rejection of the Plan will not be counted.
 - 3. The Proponent will not accept ballots by e-mail or facsimile transmission.
- 4. Only ballots that are timely received with signatures will be counted. Unsigned ballots will not be counted.
- 5. Ballots postmarked prior to the Voting Deadline, but received after the Voting Deadline, will not be counted.
- 6. Ballots that are illegible, or contain insufficient information to permit the identification of the creditor, will not be counted.
- 7. If a creditor simultaneously casts inconsistent duplicate ballots with respect to the same Claim, no ballots from such creditor with respect to that Claim will be counted.
- 8. Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, questions as to the validity, form, eligibility (including time of receipt), acceptance, and revocation or withdrawal of ballots shall be determined by the Proponent, which determination shall be final and binding.

IN ORDER TO BE COUNTED, EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT THE PROPONENT SO DETERMINES OR AS PERMITTED BY THE BANKRUPTCY COURT PURSUANT TO FEDERAL RULE OF BANKRUPTCY PROCEDURE 3018, BALLOTS MUST BE SIGNED AND RETURNED SO THAT THEY ARE ACTUALLY RECEIVED NO LATER

THAN 4:00 P.M. (PREVAILING NEVADA TIME) ON AUGUST __, 2017, AT THE FOLLOWING ADDRESS:

Felderstein Fitzgerald Willoughby & Pascuzzi LLP Attn: Karen L. Widder 400 Capitol Mall, Suite 1750 Sacramento, CA 95814

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Please follow the directions contained on the ballot carefully. As mentioned above, if your ballot is not signed and returned as described, it will not be counted. If your ballot is damaged or lost, or if you do not receive a ballot, you may request a replacement by addressing a written request to the foregoing counsel for the Proponent at the address set forth above or by e-mailing Proponent's counsel at: kwidder@ffwplaw.com.

The process of soliciting acceptance of the Plan must be fair and open without outside influence in the form of representations, inducements, or duress of any kind. To the extent that you believe solicitation of your vote from any party is being sought outside of the judicially-approved and statutorily-defined disclosure requirements and Voting Procedures, please contact Proponent's counsel.

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SECTION SIXTEEN

CERTAIN FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

The Plan provides for distributions of Estate Assets, including the Sale Proceeds and Plan Payment, to certain holders of Claims at the times and on the terms prescribed in the Plan. Holders of Claims and Interests should consult their own tax advisors regarding the tax consequences of the treatment of the Claims and Interests under the Plan.

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SECTION SEVENTEEN

ABSOLUTE PRIORITY RULE AND CRAM DOWN

The Proponent has crafted the Plan to follow the Bankruptcy Code Distribution Priorities. As such, the Proponent believes that the Plan does not violate the "absolute priority rule" and if a Class of Creditors does not vote to accept the Plan, it may be "crammed down" and confirmed notwithstanding such rejection.

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1 SECTION EIGHTEEN CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATION 2 Ladera is not soliciting ballots at this time. This language is included to reflect the 3 4 language to be used if the Disclosure Statement is approved.] The Proponent believes that confirmation of the Plan, by providing for a maximum return to Creditors through an orderly 5 prudent and cost-effective liquidation through a stalking horse sale of substantially all of the 6 Debtor's assets subject to overbidding and a distribution process through a Liquidating Debtor, is 7 desirable and in the best interests of all holders of Claims and Interests. The Proponent therefore 8 9 urges you to vote "Yes" to accept the Plan. 10 Dated: July 24, 2017 11 12 LADERA DEVELOPMENT, LLC 13 By: /s/ James Pickett_ 14 JAMES PICKETT Its: Managing Member 15 Attorneys for Ladera Development, LLC 16 Jason E. Rios 17 FELDERSTEIN FITZGERALD 18 WILLOUGHBY & PASCUZZI LLP 400 Capitol Mall, Suite 1750 19 Sacramento, CA 95814 20 LOUIS M. BUBALA III, ESQ. KAEMPFER CROWELL 21 50 W. Liberty Street, Suite 700 Reno, NV 89501 22 23 24 25 26

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EXHIBIT A

AMENDED PLAN OF LIQUIDATION DATED JULY 5, 2017

BEING FILED SEPARATELY

Exhibit B Secured Claims

Name	Scheduled Amount	Proof of Claim Amount	Claim Status
Advance Installations, Inc.*	Not Scheduled	\$20,413.00	
Belfor USA Group**	Not Scheduled	\$89,742.11	Disputed
D4US, LLC dba Dimension 4*	\$452,306.86 (General Unsecured)	\$452,306.86	Disputed
Hall CA-NV, LLC	\$21,247,285.60	\$24,877,656.55	
Ladera Development, LLC	\$7,500,000.00	\$7,678,616.91	
Lumos & Associates**	\$15,864.74	\$16,319.00	
Moulin, Xavier**	\$103,482.35 (General Unsecured)	\$191,093.30, including a \$12,850 priority claim	Disputed
Placer County Tax Collector	\$29,796.54 (Priority)	\$60,815.53	
PENTA Building Group, LLC (includes entities on attached Exhibit B-1)	Not Scheduled	\$9,151,534.58	Disputed
Washoe County Treasurer	\$39,510.78 (Priority)	\$106,399.45	

^{* -} Denotes Lien Litigation Mechanic's Lien Claimant

^{** -} Denotes Other Mechanic's Lien Claimant

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Exhibit B-1 PENTA Building Group, LLC Secured Claims

Name	Scheduled Amount	Proof of Claim Amount
Al Pombo Inc.	Not Scheduled	\$915,563.00
Breslin Builders	Not Scheduled	\$306,587.45
Briggs Electric Inc.	Not Scheduled	\$1,064,480.06
C & C Floors, LLC	Not Scheduled	\$26,325.00
Capital Glass, Inc.	Not Scheduled	\$344,352.10
Curtain Wall Design & Consulting Inc.	Not Scheduled	\$28,700.00
East Bay Restaurant Supply, Inc.	Not Scheduled	\$1,340.73
Environmental Transportation	Not Scheduled	\$2,713.35
Glass Fab Tempering Service	Not Scheduled	\$16,262.90
Henri Specialties Co. Inc.	Not Scheduled	\$80,881.00
Holland Waterproofing	Not Scheduled	\$2,900.00
Lindell's Painting Service	Not Scheduled	\$880,065.65
Madole Construction Co. Inc.	Not Scheduled	\$2,308.20
Martin Iron Works	Not Scheduled	\$65,995.75
Morgan Construction, Inc.	Not Scheduled	\$14,295.00
Mt. Rose Heating & Air Conditioning, Inc.	Not Scheduled	\$360,537.00
Northern Nevada Fire Protection, Inc.	Not Scheduled	\$159,588.77
Painters Trust	Not Scheduled	\$327,536.65
Quality Tile & Marble, Co., Inc.	Not Scheduled	\$139,086.54
Quick Space	Not Scheduled	\$1,537.50
Reno Ornamental	Not Scheduled	\$201.95
Savage & Sons Inc.	Not Scheduled	\$104,283.00
Scott Zemp Masonry, Inc.	Not Scheduled	\$114,074.39

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Exhibit B-1 PENTA Building Group, LLC Secured Claims

Name	Scheduled Amount	Proof of Claim Amount
Sierra Single Ply, Inc.	Not Scheduled	\$8,340.00
Sky Design Concepts, Inc.	Not Scheduled	\$123,399.00
Terra Firma	Not Scheduled	\$2,000.00
U.S. Granite-Nevada Inc.	Not Scheduled	\$102,451.18
Valley Concrete Co., Inc.	Not Scheduled	\$258,896.59
Victory Woodworks, Inc.	Not Scheduled	\$240,616.17
Vortex Steel, Inc.	Not Scheduled	\$23,895.26
Wesco Distribution, Inc.	Not Scheduled	\$110,736.80
Western Water Features, Inc.	Not Scheduled	\$132,718.22

Exhibit C Priority Claims

Name	Scheduled Amount	Proof of Claim Amount
Dept. of Employment Training & Rehab	\$0.00	No POC Filed
Employment Development Dept.	\$0.00	No POC Filed
Franchise Tax Board	\$0.00	\$1,698.32 priority \$100 general unsecured
Nevada Dept. of Taxation	\$0.00	No POC Filed
State Board of Equalization	\$0.00	No POC Filed
Weig, Rozlynn Lilliana	\$2,666.00 (General Unsecured)	\$406,643.00 (Allowed as priority claim of \$2,666.00 only per Dkt. No. 328)

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Exhibit D General Unsecured

Name	Scheduled Amount	Proof of Claim Amount
Alert Security	\$28,111.75	No POC Filed
AT&T	\$149.33	No POC Filed
Charter Business	\$680.03	No POC Filed
Craig Roberts Associates	\$7,151.63	No POC Filed
Dixon, Michael and Sharon	\$100,000.00	No POC Filed
Franchise Tax Board	\$0.00 (priority)	\$100.00
Hall, Thomas J.	\$87.50	No POC Filed
Hill, Heather	\$4,400.00	No POC Filed
Hinckley, Allen & Snyder	\$3,536.00	No POC Filed
Internal Revenue Service	\$0.00 (priority)	\$100.00
Iverson, Brandyn	\$100,000.00	No POC Filed
Jameson, Paul	\$50,000.00	No POC Filed
Jeffer Mangels Butler & Mitchell LLP	Not Scheduled	\$92,646.07
Jordan Knighton Architects, Inc.	Not Scheduled	\$30,684.36
Law Office of Thomas J. Hall	\$1,796.75	\$2,758.92
Munnerlyn, Charles R. and Judy G.	\$100,000.00	No POC Filed
National Corporate Research Ltd.	\$178.00	No POC Filed
Nextiva Inc.	\$16,645.29	No POC Filed
No. Lake Tahoe Fire Protection District	\$17,418.05	\$17,418.05
Northstar Demolition	\$96,201.18	No POC Filed
NV Energy	\$9,847.56	\$5,568.00
Okubo, Marx	\$5,695.36	No POC Filed
Pacey-Willis, Lisa	\$4,400.00	No POC Filed

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Exhibit D General Unsecured

Name	Scheduled Amount	Proof of Claim Amount
Paul Duesing Partners	\$90,380.88	\$90,380.88
Pezonella Associates Inc.	\$34,609.25	No POC Filed
Southwest Gas Corporation	\$1,907.14	No POC Filed
Star Reports	\$475.00	No POC Filed
Thannisch Development Services Inc.	\$94,539.69	No POC Filed
The Sheraton LLC	\$30,278.39	\$1,058.39
Trident I LLC	\$115,000.00	No POC Filed
Yount, George Stuart	Not Scheduled	\$1,000,000,000