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### **NUTI HART LLP**

Christopher H. Hart (CA Bar No. 184117)

(By Pro Hac Vice) Email: <a href="mailto:chart@nutihart.com">chart@nutihart.com</a> 411 30<sup>th</sup> Street, Suite 408 Oakland, CA 94609-3311

Telephone: (510) 506-7154

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT

# DISTRICT OF NEVADA

Bankruptcy No. 16-51282-gwz

NEW CAL-NEVA LODGE, LLC, Chapter 11

> THE PENTA BUILDING GROUP, LLC'S AND NORTHLIGHT CAPITAL PARTNERS. Debtor. LLC'S AMENDED JOINT PROPOSED DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IN SUPPORT OF SECOND AMENDED PLAN OF

LIQUIDATION FOR NEW CAL-NEVA LODGE, LLC DATED AUGUST 7, 2017

Date: August 16, 2017

Time: 1:00 p.m.

**US Bankruptcy Court** Place:

C. Clifton Young Federal Building 300 Booth St., 5<sup>th</sup> Flr., Crtrm. 1

Reno, NV 89509

Honorable Gregg W. Zive Judge:

THIS PROPOSED DISCLOSURE STATEMENT HAS NOT BEEN APPROVED BY THE BANKRUTPCY COURT, A SOLICITATION OF VOTES TO ACCEPT OR REJECT THE PLAN WILL COMMENCE ONLY IF THIS OR ANY AMENDED DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND SOLICITATION PROCEDURES IN CONNECTION THEREWITH ARE APPROVED BY THE BANKRUPTCY COURT. THE DEBTOR MAY AMEND OR RESTATE THE PROPSED DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AT OR PRIOR TO THE HEARING TO APPROVE IT.

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### **IMPORTANT**

THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IS SUBMITTED TO ALL CREDITORS AND INTEREST HOLDERS OF NEW CAL-NEVA LODGE, LLC ENTITLED TO VOTE ON THE PLAN OF REORGANIZATION LIQUIDATION HEREIN DESCRIBED, AND CONTAINS INFORMATION THAT MAY AFFECT YOUR DECISION TO ACCEPT OR REJECT THE PLAN OF LIQUIDATION. THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IS INTENDED TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE INFORMATION AS REQUIRED BY THE BANKRUPTCY CODE AS TO THE PLAN OF LIQUIDATION. ALL CREDITORS AND INTEREST HOLDERS ARE URGED TO READ THE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND ATTACHMENTS, INCLUDING THE PLAN, WITH CARE AND IN THEIR ENTIRETY.

ON [AUGUST \_\_\_\_, 2017], THE BANKRUPTCY COURT APPROVED THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AS CONTAINING ADEQUATE INFORMATION UNDER SECTION 1125(b) OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE. SOLICITATION OF ACCEPTANCE OR REJECTION OF THE PLAN OF LIQUIDATION HEREIN DESCRIBED ATTACHED AS EXHIBIT A, IS BEING SOUGHT FROM CREDITORS AND INTEREST HOLDERS WHOSE CLAIMS AGAINST AND INTERESTS IN THE DEBTOR ARE IMPAIRED UNDER THE PLAN OF LIQUIDATION. CREDITORS AND INTEREST HOLDERS ENTITLED TO VOTE ON THE PLAN OF LIQUIDATION ARE URGED TO VOTE IN FAVOR OF THE PLAN AND TO RETURN THE BALLOT INCLUDED WITH THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT UPON COMPLETION IN THE ENVELOPE PROVIDED.

### GENERAL INFORMATION AND THE PLAN PROPONENT<sup>1</sup>

New Cal-Neva Lodge, LLC ("Debtor" or "New Cal-Neva") the debtor and debtor-inpossession in the above-captioned chapter 11 case filed its petition for relief under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code on July 28, 2016 and is the debtor and debtor-in-possession in the chapter 11 case number BK-N-16-51282.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A capitalized term used in this Disclosure Statement that is not defined in this Disclosure Statement, but is defined in the Plan, has the meaning assigned to that term in the Plan. A capitalized term used in this Disclosure Statement that is defined neither in this Disclosure Statement nor in the Plan has the meaning, if any, assigned to that term by the Bankruptcy Code or the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure or, if none, by common usage.

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Penta Building Group, LLC ("Penta"), a secured creditor of Debtor and Northlight Capital Partners (together with Penta "Proponents" or "Proponent") as the proponents of the Plan filed July 5, 2017, and amended July 14, 2017 [docket no. 704] (as amended, supplemented, or modified, the "Plan"), submit this Disclosure Statement (as amended, supplemented, or modified, the "Disclosure Statement") under section 1125 of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rule 3016. The proposed Plan contemplates the sale of substantially all Debtor's assets, free and clear, to Northlight and the creation of a Creditors' Trust to liquidate any remaining assets for distribution to the Debtor's general unsecured creditors.

The purpose of this Disclosure Statement is to disclose information adequate to enable voting holders of Claims of Debtor to arrive at a reasonably informed decision in exercising their rights to vote on the Plan. A copy of the Plan is attached as Exhibit A hereto. All section references in this Disclosure Statement are to the Bankruptcy Code unless otherwise indicated.

### GENERAL SUMMARY OF THE PLAN

The Plan sets forth a proposal for the resolution of all Claims and Interests against the Debtor and the Estate. Under the Plan, substantially all property of the Debtor other than Creditors' Trust Assets and as otherwise specifically described herein will be transferred to Northlight or an entity created by Northlight for this purpose, and Northlight will assume only the obligations specifically assumed or created under the Plan. The Creditors' Trust Assets shall be transferred to the Creditors' Trust to be liquidated for the benefit of the Debtor's general unsecured creditors. Upon the Effective Date, all equity Interests in the Debtor will be extinguished.

The Plan will be funded and the subject property rehabilitated and developed through an operating partnership between Northlight Capital Partners, LLC and Enchantment Group (collectively, defined as "Northlight").

Northlight Capital Partners LLC is a fund management company based in Norwalk, Connecticut. Along with its sister company, Northlight Financial, LLC (together, "Northlight"), the company manages approximately \$500 million of equity capital across multiple investment

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vehicles. Real estate investment vehicles include Northlight Trust I, a separately managed account on behalf of a large family office, and Northlight Real Estate Opportunity Fund I LP, a multi-client real estate opportunity fund comprised of several Taft-Hartley pension funds.

Northlight has been actively involved in the Reno/Tahoe market since 2011 when it took control of Specialty Trust, a bankrupt, Reno-based mortgage REIT. Since that initial acquisition, Northlight has also made investments in the Tahoe area including Old Greenwood, a fractional resort based in Truckee California, Incline Creek Estates, a residential project in Incline Village Nevada, and the Tahoe Biltmore, a hotel casino adjacent to the Cal Neva project, the casino hotel adjacent to the Cal Neva Resort ("Boulder Bay"). As currently entitled, Boulder Bay has the right to build approximately 550,000 square feet of residential, hospitality, gaming and commercial space on the Tahoe Biltmore site. The combination of Boulder Bay with the Cal Neva will provide an opportunity to complete a development not seen in the North Lake Tahoe market since the construction of the Hyatt Regency Incline Village. This marriage will both simplify the Boulder Bay development and provide solutions to many of the critical shortcomings inherent in the Cal Neva.

In addition to our exposure to the Reno/Tahoe market, Northlight also has experience managing several resort/residential communities across the West Coast. These include Thunder Springs, a residential community in Sun Valley Idaho, Snake River Sporting Club, a resort community in Jackson Hole Wyoming, Seven Canyons/Sedona Ranch, two resort communities in Sedona Arizona, Saguaro Ranch, a residential community in Marana Arizona, the Residence Club at PGA West, a resort community in La Quinta California, and Rosewood, the development site for the Rosewood Hotel in Telluride Colorado.

Finally, Northlight has extensive experience in the gaming industry which includes, but is not limited to, a \$15 million debtor-in-possession ("DIP") financing to the Atlantic Club Casino Hotel in Atlantic City, New Jersey and the \$150 million acquisition of PDS Gaming Corp, a Las Vegas based provider of gaming equipment and financing solutions.

Enchantment Group is a hospitality and spa management company based in Scottsdale,

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destination spa at Enchantment Resort located in Sedona, Arizona, Enchantment Group has
diverse capabilities, achieved through years of success with some of the most notable properties
in the world. Enchantment Group's distinctive collection of luxury resort properties include: Mii
amo spa (named the World's Best Destination Spa by Travel and Leisure and Condé Nast
magazines three times), Enchantment Resort (member of Preferred Hotels), the Tides Inn, a
waterfront resort in Virginia (member of Preferred Hotels), Seven Canyons Golf Club and
Residences in Sedona, Arizona and The Cove Eleuthera, a beach-front resort on the Bahamian
Island of Eleuthera. These world-renowned destinations also consistently earn impressive
accolades from major publications.

Arizona. Founded by senior executives of Enchantment Resort and Mii amo, an award-winning

Enchantment Group has been successfully repositioning, opening and stewarding its stakeholders' assets. Throughout its history, Enchantment Group has handled over \$200 million in renovation and development work including the recent \$25 million renovation of Enchantment Resort; the creation of Mii amo from concept through design and construction; the recent development of the clubhouse facilities at Seven Canyons Golf Club; and a \$20 million renovation of the Tides Inn. Enchantment Group strictly adheres to agreed time horizons and follows through on strategies designed to meet or exceed each acquisition pro forma. In takeover situations, success starts way before the doors open - from renovation, planning and oversight, including collaboration with architects, designers, communities and government entities – to setting up pre-opening strategies, systems, staff recruitment, training and revenue development plans.

Northlight will invest \$34 million to satisfy the Debtor's existing claims. The \$34 million "Plan Payment" will: (a) pay the Debtor's unsecured priority tax claims, priority non-tax claims, and general administrative expenses claims and in full in cash on the Effective Date; (b) satisfy Allowed fees of Estate Professionals in the maximum aggregate amount up to \$1,000,0000 as agreed by such professionals, or pro rata; (c) create a fund, of no less than \$32 million to be disbursed on the Effective Date in full satisfaction of the secured claims of Hall

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Proponents believe that Penta must remain the general contractor and complete the construction project. Northlight has agreed to pay Penta and the Subcontractors \$8 million (the "Guaranty") in consideration for entering into the Construction Contract to complete construction that will combine Cal Neva with Boulder Bay. This payment shall also cover transfer of the designs, permits, entitlements, and approvals held by Penta and the Subcontractors. Proponents believe reasonable business justification exists for the Guaranty because the cost of replacing Penta and the Subcontractors could exceed the Guaranty. Proponents have investigated the possibility of replacing Penta and do not believe it is economically feasible. The cost of putting the project back out to bid alone, has been estimated to be over \$4 million. Further, non-payment to Penta and the Subcontracts would have a significant chilling effect on the putative re-bidding process. Plan Proponents believe that if provision is not made to guarantee some payment to the Subcontractors, whoever purchases the property will likely need contractors from outside the Tahoe area, which will further increase the costs of construction. The Guaranty is not consideration for the transfer of the Purchased Assets under this Plan but is disclosed as an abundance of caution. This payment is not on account of Penta's claim in the bankruptcy. Penta's claim is being treated as described under Class 5. The Guaranty has no impact on distributions to general unsecured creditors. The Guaranty will be reduced on a dollar for dollar basis, to the extent Penta recovers under the Secured Creditors' Fund. As discussed below, in the event Penta is found to be the senior lienholder on the Property, the Guaranty will be reduced up to the entire \$8 million. On or after the Effective Date, Northlight will pay Penta and its subcontractors the Guaranty and Northlight and Penta

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will enter into a new Construction Contract. Northlight's agreement to provide the Guaranty is not contingent on the resolution of the Lien Litigation (as defined herein).

Northlight will thereafter pay the costs to complete the renovation of the Resort. Total construction costs for the combined project are estimated to be between \$35 million and \$40 million. The Plan going Effective is conditioned upon, among other things, Northlight and Penta reaching agreement on the Construction Contract and upon Northlight securing financing to complete construction of the project once the Plan is confirmed ("Effective Date Conditions"). Northlight will seek construction financing in the amount consistent with the estimated costs of construction, discussed above.

Following Plan Confirmation, Northlight anticipates it will take no more than 45 days to obtain the Construction Financing. Northlight has a high level of confidence that the financing will be obtained. Most, if not all, of the projects described above included a similar debt component to this project. In all cases, Northlight successfully obtained the financing.

Northlight has provided evidence to satisfy Penta and the Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors (the "UCC") that Northlight has immediate cash on hand, and commitment to fund, to meet the requirements of the Plan, including the ability to fund the Plan Payment. Northlight has made a \$500,000 good faith deposit to its counsel's trust account and Penta has made a \$500,000 good faith deposit to its counsel's trust account.

The Plan will establish the Creditors' Trust and the Creditors' Trustee will be authorized to liquidate and distribute all Creditors' Trust Assets assigned to the Creditors' Trust for the benefit of General Unsecured Claims.

The treatment under the Plan of allowed Claims and Interests in each class is summarized as follows:

Class	Type of Allowed Claim or Equity Interest	Status
		Unimpaired
1	Hall Super Priority Lien	Deemed to accept
		Unimpaired
2	Priority Non-Tax Claims	Deemed to accept
3	Secured Claim of Hall CA-NV, LLC	Impaired

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4	Secured Claim of Ladera Development	Impaired
5	Secured Claim of The Penta Building Group, Inc.	Impaired
6	Subcontractor Mechanics' Lien	Impaired
7	General Unsecured Claims	Impaired
8	Equity Interests	Impaired Deemed to reject

In addition, the Plan provides for the resolution of Disputed Claims through a series of mechanisms more fully described in the Plan. As set forth in the Liquidation Analysis herein, the Proponent believes approval of the Plan will result in a higher recovery for Holders of Claims and Interests than if the Debtor's estate was liquidated in a Chapter 7.

This Disclosure Statement is not intended to replace a careful review and analysis of the Plan, which should include a careful review of the specific treatment of your Claims under the Plan. It is submitted as an aid to supplement your review of the Plan and to explain the terms of the Plan. Every effort has been made to explain fully various aspects of the Plan as they affect holders of Claims and Interests. If any questions arise, the Proponent urges you to consult with your own counsel to understand the import and effect of the Plan.

As of the date of this Disclosure Statement, Plan Proponents are aware of 2-3 alternative plans of liquidation that may be proposed by other parties. This Plan does not include an assessment of these other plans or a comparison of the treatment of creditors under any other plan. Creditors are cautioned to independently review each disclosure statement and plan that is approved. Objections have been made by Interested Parties, that this Disclosure Statement should include information about the other plans and/or a comparison of treatments. Despite these objections, Plan Proponents have declined to do so.

### EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE PLAN

The Effective Date of the Plan will occur on the first Business Day after the Confirmation Date on which no stay of the Confirmation Order is in effect and all conditions to the occurrence of the Effective Date set forth in the Plan have been satisfied or waived in accordance with the Plan.

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# 3 reflect the language to be used if and when a final disclosure statement is approved.] The 4 Proponent urges and recommends that all Creditors and Interest Holders entitled to vote on the

Plan vote in favor of the Plan.

The Proponents believe that (1) the Plan provides the best possible result for the Holders of Claims against the Debtor, (2) with respect to each Impaired class of Claims, the Distributions under the Plan are greater than the amounts that would be received if the Debtor was to liquidate under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code, and (3) acceptance of the Plan is in the best interest of Holders of Claims and Interests.

RECOMMENDATION OF THE PLAN PROPONENT

The Proponents are not soliciting ballots at this time. This language is included to

In arriving at its conclusions, the Proponents considered: (1) the limited alternatives available to the Debtor to restructure their debts; (2) the Debtor's liquidation value; (3) the appraised value of the property; and (4) the rights, in both payment and security position, of the Debtor's creditors and Interest Holders.

# **BALLOTING AND OTHER INFORMATION**

Ballots, which are included in the enclosed Plan materials, should be properly completed, executed and received by the offices of Nuti Hart LLP, 411 30th Street, Suite 408, Oakland, California, 94609-3311, Attn: Christopher H. Hart, no later than 5:00 p.m. prevailing Pacific Time on August \_\_\_, 2017. A hearing to consider Confirmation of the Plan will be held commencing at 10:00 a.m., on August 16, 2017, before the Honorable United States Bankruptcy Judge Gregg W. Zive, at the C. Clifton Young Federal Building located at 300 Booth Street, Reno, Nevada. The Confirmation Hearing may be adjourned from time to time without further notice. Any objections to confirmation of the Plan must be in writing and must be filed with the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court and served as set forth in a separate notice of hearing provided.

# **QUESTIONS**

All inquiries regarding the Plan or the Disclosure Statement may be directed to counsel for Northlight as follows:

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Christopher H. Hart **NUTI HART LLP** 411 30th Street, Suite 408 Oakland, CA 94609-3311 510-506-7154 chart@nutihart.com

### ARTICLE I. – INTRODUCTION

On June 10, 2016, Cal Neva Lodge, LLC commenced a bankruptcy case by filing a voluntary petition for relief under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code. On July 28, 2016, New Cal-Neva commenced the Case by filing a voluntary petition for relief under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code. Both bankruptcy cases are pending before the Bankruptcy Court for the District of Nevada, Reno Division, the Honorable Gregg W. Zive, United States Bankruptcy Judge, presiding. Since New Cal-Neva filed its bankruptcy case, New Cal-Neva has continued in possession of the Real Property and assets, and has continued to manage such Real Property and assets as debtor in possession pursuant to Bankruptcy Code sections 1107(a) and 1108. No request has been made for the appointment of a trustee or an examiner in this Case. An official Committee of unsecured creditors was appointed in the Case on September 13, 2016.

On July 5, 2017, Proponents filed a proposed plan of reorganization. Proponents file an Amended Plan on July 14, 2017 and filed a proposed Disclosure Statement, on July 14, 2017. On August 7, 2017, Proponents filed the Second Amended Plan and this Disclosure Statement. A copy of the Plan accompanies this Disclosure Statement.

The Proponents have prepared this Disclosure Statement in connection with the solicitation of acceptances of the Plan. The purpose of this Disclosure Statement is to set forth information regarding the Debtor and the Plan to assist Creditors and Interest Holders in making an informed judgment as to whether they should accept or reject the Plan. This Disclosure Statement does not reflect any events which may occur subsequent to August 7, 2017, and, except as otherwise set forth herein, it is not anticipated that any amendments or supplements to the Disclosure Statement will be distributed to reflect changes subsequent to that date.

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Although the terms of the Plan are summarized in this Disclosure Statement, parties in interest should refer to the Plan itself with regard to each specific term or provision. ALL SUMMARIES OF THE PLAN CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT ARE QUALIFIED IN THEIR ENTIRETY BY THE PLAN, WHICH ITSELF IS CONTROLLING.

No statements concerning the Debtor, the value of its assets, or the value of any benefit offered to any holder of any Claim or Interests in connection with the Plan should be relied on other than as set forth in this Disclosure Statement. In arriving at a decision, parties should not rely on any representation or inducement made to secure their acceptance or rejection that is contrary to information contained in this Disclosure Statement. Any such additional representations or inducements should be reported immediately to undersigned counsel for the Proponent.

### **Disclaimers**

PLEASE READ THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT CAREFULLY BEFORE YOU VOTE ON THE PLAN. ALL PREVIOUS STATEMENTS AND REPRESENTATIONS MADE BY OR ON BEHALF OF THE DEBTOR OR THE PROPONENTS ARE EXPRESSLY SUPERSEDED BY THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT. ALL OF THE STATEMENTS AND REPRESENTATIONS RESPECTING FINANCIAL, BUSINESS AND ACCOUNTING DATA HEREIN ARE THOSE OF THE DEBTOR, UNLESS SPECIFICALLY STATED TO BE FROM OTHER SOURCES. PROFESSIONALS EMPLOYED BY THE PROPONENT HAVE ASSISTED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BASED ON FACTUAL INFORMATION AND ASSUMPTIONS RESPECTING FINANCIAL, BUSINESS AND ACCOUNTING DATA PROVIDED BY THE DEBTOR'S MANAGEMENT OR REFLECTED IN PLEADINGS FILED WITH THE BANKRUPTCY COURT, NOT PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OR ASSUMPTIONS.

WHILE THE INFORMATION PROVIDED HEREIN IS BELIEVED RELIABLE, THE PROPONENT HAS NOT UNDERTAKEN TO VERIFY OR INVESTIGATE SUCH INFORMATION, AND MAKES NO REPRESENTATION AS TO THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF THE INFORMATION. THE STATEMENTS MADE IN THIS

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DISCLOSURE STATEMENT ARE QUALIFIED IN THEIR ENTIRETY BY REFERENCE TO
THE PLAN, THE APPENDICES ATTACHED HERETO, AND OTHER DOCUMENTS
REFERENCED AS FILED WITH THE BANKRUPTCY COURT BEFORE OR
CONCURRENTLY WITH THE FILING OF THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT.
FURTHERMORE, THE PROJECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN
HAS NOT BEEN THE SUBJECT OF AN AUDIT.

DISTRIBUTION OF THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT SHOULD NOT BE CONSTRUED AS ANY REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY AT ALL, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, BY THE PROPONENT OR ITS PROFESSIONAL CONSULTANTS THAT THE PLAN IS FREE FROM RISK, THAT THE ACCEPTANCE OF THE PLAN WILL RESULT IN A RISK-FREE RESTRUCTURING OF THE DEBTOR'S OBLIGATIONS OR THAT THE OBLIGATIONS OF THE DEBTOR AS RESTRUCTURED BY THE PLAN WILL BE FULLY PERFORMED IN THE FUTURE WITHOUT RISK OF FURTHER DEFAULT.

ALL HOLDERS OF IMPAIRED CLAIMS SHOULD READ AND CONSIDER CAREFULLY THE MATTERS DESCRIBED IN THE PLAN AND DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AS A WHOLE, INCLUDING THE "RISK FACTORS" DESCRIBED IN BELOW IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT, PRIOR TO VOTING ON THE PLAN. IN MAKING A DECISION TO ACCEPT OR REJECT THE PLAN, EACH CREDITOR AND INTEREST HOLDER ENTITLED TO VOTE THEREON MUST RELY ON ITS OWN EXAMINATION OF THE DEBTOR AS DESCRIBED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND THE TERMS OF THE PLAN, INCLUDING THE MERITS AND RISKS INVOLVED, IN ADDITION, CONFIRMATION AND CONSUMMATION OF THE PLAN ARE SUBJECT TO CONDITIONS PRECEDENT THAT COULD LEAD TO DELAYS IN CONSUMMATION OF THE PLAN. THERE CAN BE NO ASSURANCE THAT EACH OF THESE CONDITIONS PRECEDENT WILL BE SATISFIED OR WAIVED (AS PROVIDED IN THE PLAN) OR THAT THE PLAN WILL BE CONSUMMATED.

WITH THE EXCEPTION OF HISTORICAL INFORMATION, SOME MATTERS DISCUSSED HEREIN, INCLUDING THE PROJECTIONS AND VALUATION ANALYSIS

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DESCRIBED HEREIN ARE "FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS" WITHIN THE MEANING OF THE PRIVATE SECURITIES LITIGATION REFORM ACT OF 1995. SUCH FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS ARE SUBJECT TO RISKS, UNCERTAINTIES, AND OTHER FACTORS WHICH COULD CAUSE ACTUAL RESULTS TO DIFFER MATERIALLY FROM FUTURE RESULTS EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED BY SUCH FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS.

THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT HAS BEEN PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH 11 U.S.C. § 1125 AND NOT IN ACCORDANCE WITH FEDERAL OR STATE SECURITIES LAWS OR OTHER APPLICABLE NON-BANKRUPTCY LAW. ENTITIES HOLDING OR TRADING IN OR OTHERWISE PURCHASING, SELLING, OR TRANSFERRING CLAIMS AGAINST THE DEBTOR SHOULD EVALUATE THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT ONLY IN LIGHT OF THE PURPOSE FOR WHICH IT WAS PREPARED.

# ARTICLE II. - DESCRIPTION OF THE DEBTOR, THE BANKRUPTCY FILINGS, AND DEBTOR'S BUSINESS AND ASSETS

#### **General Background of the Debtor A.**

Formation of New Cal-Neva and Acquisition of the Property. 1.

Cal Neva Lodge, LLC ("Cal Neva") is a Nevada limited liability company formed in March of 2013. New Cal-Neva was formed in April of 2013. Cal Neva is the sole, and managing, member of New Cal-Neva.

### Management of New Cal-Neva.

Since New Cal-Neva's acquisition of the Real Property, Cal Neva has been the sole member of New Cal-Neva. Cal Neva is the managing member of New Cal-Neva and Robert Radovan serves as its President and Secretary and William Criswell is the Chief Executive Officer. By order of the Bankruptcy Court entered September 19, 2016, Robert Radovan was designated as New Cal-Neva's Responsible Individual.

#### В. **Description of the Resort and Related Assets**

#### 1. The Resort

New Cal-Neva's principal asset is an iconic hotel, spa & casino known as the Cal-Neva PENTA AND NORTHLIGHT'S AMENDED JOINT PROPOSED DISCL STATEMENT

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Resort Hotel & Casino (the "Resort"). The Resort is comprised of approximately 13.5 acres
located along the North Shore of Lake Tahoe that straddles over two states in Crystal Bay,
Nevada and Kings Beach, California. The Resort includes 191 hotel guestrooms, cabins and
terrace rooms, a full-service spa, a gambling and casino floor, showrooms, restaurants, meeting
space, and retail. In addition, as explained in more detail below, New Cal-Neva's wholly owned
subsidiary owns the Fairwinds Estate, a lakefront property adjacent to the Resort.

The Resort was originally developed in or about 1926, burned down in 1937, and was reconstructed. In 2013, Cal Neva purchased the equity in New Cal-Neva Lodge and began the renovation and closed the property.

In late 2014, New Cal-Neva obtained additional funds from Hall and Ladera. In 2015, the renovation stalled and the existing financing was determined to be inadequate to pay the costs necessary to complete the project. The renovation, which was approximately 60 percent complete, then ceased.

Facing foreclosure by Ladera, on June 10, 2016, Cal Neva filed a petition for relief under Chapter 11 in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Northern District of California. On July 28, 2016, Debtor New Cal-Neva filed its petition for relief under Chapter 11 in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Northern District of California. Subsequently, on October 13, 2016, both Chapter 11 cases were transferred to the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Nevada.

Since 2015, the Real Property has been preserved and maintained pursuant to advances made by the senior lender Hall and work performed and/or paid for by Penta.

#### 2. The Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment.

To date, New Cal-Neva estimates that it has purchased approximately 60-70% of the furniture, fixtures and equipment necessary to open and operate the Resort (the "FF&E") and New Cal-Neva reports that the FF&E is stored off-site in Sparks, Nevada. The cost of this storage is approximately \$14,250 per month.

The storage facility has asserted a warehouseman's lien. As of July 26, 2017, the amount

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of the warehousman's lien was alleged to \$190,372.56 for accrued and unpaid storage fees. By agreement of the parties, on or about July 26, 2017, Hall paid \$95,186.28 of the asserted balance, which payment was added to Hall's super priority claim, discussed below. There remains a balance of \$95,186.28 and fees of \$14,250 that accrue monthly. This Plan will assume these charges, as necessary, going forward. The FF&E is part of the Purchased Assets.

#### 3. The Fairwinds Estate.

The Fairwinds Estate is adjacent to the Resort at 9898 Lake Street, Kings Beach, California. The Fairwinds Estate is encumbered by a mortgage in favor of Capital One Bank with an outstanding balance of approximately \$4.1 million. Northlight is informed and believes that Capital One has recorded a notice of default with respect to that mortgage asserting past due payments of approximately \$500,000.

In October 2014, the Fairwinds Estate was owned by 9898 Lake, LLC ("9898 Lake"). Paul and Evy Paye, LLC ("Paye") owned 100% of the membership interests in 9898 Lake. In October 2014, pursuant to an Exchange Agreement entered into by Paye and Cal Neva, Paye transferred all of its interests in 9898 Lake to New Cal-Neva's wholly-owned subsidiary CR Lake Tahoe, LLC ("CR Lake Tahoe") in exchange for Paye's receipt of certain equity interests in Cal Neva. The sole member of CR Lake Tahoe is New Cal-Neva. Cal Neva, New Cal-Neva and Paye valued the equity in the property at \$2 million. Paye received an equity interest in Cal Neva of 6.19% and Paye's broker, Marriner Real Estate, LLC ("Marriner") received an equity interest in Cal Neva of 0.65%. Since that date and at all times relevant hereto, Paye and Marriner have held themselves out as members of Cal Neva, and 9898 Lake, which retained title to the Fairwinds Estate, has been wholly owned by CR Lake Tahoe. CR Lake Tahoe is the sole member of 9898 Lake and controls 9898 Lake.

Under the Plan, Northlight is purchasing 100% of New Cal Neva's ownership interest in CR Lake Tahoe, which includes 100% ownership interest in 9898 Lake and, thus, ultimate ownership of the Fairwinds Estate, including all claims related thereto.

#### 4. Plan Structure

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### **1. 506(a) Valuation.**

The Property has been amply marketed over a lengthy period and exclusivity lapsed long ago. Under Section 506(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, a secured creditor's allowed claim cannot exceed the value of the collateral. Here Hall has submitted an appraisal to the Court [Docket 645] which values the Property, as is, at \$30 million. Northlight is putting \$32 million in the Secured Creditors' Fund, which exceeds such appraisal. Northlight has agreed to fund the wind down budget so that a plan can be confirmed under the Bankruptcy Code. Paying off secured creditors in cash is proper if the plan accurately reflects the value of the collateral. *In re Pacific* Lumber, 584 F.3d 229, 247 (5th Cir. 2009).

# 2. Credit Bidding.

Ordinarily a secured creditor has the right to credit bid in a 363 sale. 11 U.S.C. Sec. 363(k). However, to the extent Ladera and Hall have rights under Section 363(k), the Plan will require a finding by the Court to disallow such credit bid rights for cause in accordance with Section 363(k) because there is an unresolved dispute over lien priority. It would be inequitable if Hall or Ladera was able to chill bidding by credit bidding without any finding that their secured liens are in first position, especially since the collateral is being sold at a price in excess of Hall's stated value and at the same price as Ladera has offered in its Plan [Docket \_\_].

# 3. **1111(b) Election.**

The proposed Plan contemplates a sale of all assets, free and clear, to Northlight Capital. 11 USC Section 1141. Section 1111(b), by its terms, does not apply where a secured creditor holds a recourse debt and the property is sold pursuant to a plan of reorganization or under 11 U.S.C. Sec. 363. Thus, neither Ladera nor Hall can make an election under Section 1111(b).

#### C. The Liabilities of the Debtor

#### 1. **Secured Claims**

<u>Hall.</u> Hall is the senior consensually secured creditor of the Debtor, with an asserted Secured Claim of approximately \$29 million secured by substantially all the Debtor's assets, including all of the Debtor's real property.

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Penta Secured Claim, Subcontractors' Secured Claims and Other Mechanic's Lien Claims. Penta is the general contractor who performed work on the Debtor's renovation of the Resort and is owed approximately \$10.6 million secured by statutory liens on the Debtor's real property. Holders of Mechanic's Lien Claims and Other Secured Claims who are primarily contractors and sub-contractors with statutory liens against the Debtor's real property, assert that they are owed approximately \$680,000. The relative priority of Penta's Secured Claims, Hall's Secured Claims, Ladera's Secured Claims, and the amounts of Mechanic's Lien Claims are subjects in dispute, which will be resolved as part of the Secured Creditors' Adversary Actions described here.

Real Property Tax Claims. Placer County Tax Collector and Washoe County Treasurer assert secured claims in the aggregate amount of approximately \$167,215 for unpaid real property taxes owed by the Debtor.

#### 2. **Unsecured Claims**

As of the filing date hereof, the Proponents estimate the unpaid claims of the Estate Professionals against the Debtor, as of the Effective Date, will be approximately \$1,450,000.

There are Priority Tax Claims that total approximately \$1,700 and Non-Tax Priority Claims that total \$2,666.

Scheduled and filed General Unsecured Claims in the New Cal Neva Case total approximately \$2.1 million. This does not include any deficiency claims or rejection damages. These damages could be substantial.

The Debtor's liabilities can be approximately summarized as follows, with total payoffs subject to additional accruals:

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SECURED	AMOUNT	NOTES
Hall	\$29,046,005.00	
Ladera	\$8,765,945.00	
Penta	\$10,600,000.00	
Other Secured	<u>\$847,347.00</u>	
	<b>Total Secured</b>	\$49,259,297.00
UNSECURED	AMOUNT	NOTES
Hall Super Priority	\$828,143.95 (principal only)	
Estate Professionals <sup>2</sup>	\$1,450,000.00	
Other Administrative Expenses	\$3,000.00 (approximate)	Roslyn Zweig
Expenses	\$14,250.00 (per month)	FF&E Warehouseman's lien
Priority	\$4,365.00	
General Unsecured	<u>\$2,121,165.82</u>	
	<b>Total Unsecured</b>	\$4,420,924.77

#### D. **Effect of Lien Litigation.**

The ultimate outcome for each creditor's treatment (and the unsecured class as a whole) is a function of the Property value and a particular creditor's ultimate priority. For example, at the \$32 million valuation as set forth in the Plan, if Penta is in first priority, Penta will get approximately \$12 million (its estimated claim at the conclusion of the determination of priority) and Hall will get the remaining \$20 million. This renders Hall's secured claim undersecured and thus not entitled to post petition interest and attorneys' fees (thereby cutting off approximately \$7 million of Hall's claim) and reducing the entire unsecured creditor class by such amount. At that point Ladera is completely unsecured and its claim of \$7.678 million (pre-petition) will be

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Estate Professional(s) means the Administrative Claims for the following professionals: (1) Debtor's counsel, Keller & Benvenutti; (2) Debtor's counsel, Jeffrey Hartman; (3) Debtor's special counsel, Poitras, Jeffer Mangels Butler & Mitchell, for fees associated with Debtor's case only; (special counsel, New Cal-Neva); (4) Creditors' Committee counsel, Pachulski Stang Ziehl & Jones LLP; (5) Creditors' Committee counsel, Fennemore Craig; and (6) Creditors' Committee financial advisor, Province Inc.

unsecured (and thus also not entitled to post-petition interest, costs, or attorneys' fees). If Hall is
in first priority, it will likely get the entire \$32 million because its pre-petition claim will have
been oversecured. Again, Ladera's claim is almost certainly completely unsecured. Both Ladera
and Penta's unsecured claims would then be part of the unsecured class.

#### E. Litigation

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New Cal Neva is a party to that certain litigation commenced by plaintiff Xavier Moulin against defendants Criswell Radovan, LLC, New Cal-Neva Lodge, and others filed in the Second Judicial District Court of the State of Nevada in and for the County of Washoe. The plaintiff alleges causes of action for damages of approximately \$103,000 allegedly arising out of a breach of an employment agreement. The litigation remains stayed by the automatic stay of section 362(a) of the Bankruptcy Code as to Debtor New Cal Neva.

#### 1. The Secured Creditors' Adversary Actions.

In July 2013, Penta entered into a pre-construction contract (the "Preconstruction Contract") with New Cal Neva whereby Penta agreed to act as the construction manager for certain construction renovations (the "Renovation") to the Resort.

Based on the June 26, 2013 budget for the owner's scope of construction work for Penta's contract with respect to the Renovation, New Cal Neva anticipated spending \$16,747,000 for construction costs related to Penta. That budget itemized the various scopes of work comprising the total renovation, including scopes for "Tower Roof" and "Low Building Roof" renovations and "Abatement/Demolition" work. Under the Preconstruction Contract, Penta and New Cal Neva anticipated preconstruction services to commence July 1, 2013 and run through September 13, 2013, at which point the parties anticipated entering into a Gross Maximum Price Contract (the "GMP Contract").

Because New Cal Neva wanted to keep the Resort open to the public for as long as possible during construction, the renovation was to be performed in multiple phases, some of which Penta would handle as the general contractor and some of which would be handled by non-union contractors, but all of which would be managed and/or coordinated by Penta.

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During the first phase of the Renovation, Penta entered into another contract in August
2013 to remove and replace the roof of the tower so the rest of the renovations to the interior of
the tower could be performed in a waterproof building (the "Tower Roof Renovations") and that
scope of work came out of the GMP Contract. Once the Tower Roof Renovations were
completed, Penta entered into another separate contract to renovate the model room so New Cal
Neva could see what the rest of the rooms would look like upon completion of the Renovation.
The Property remained open to the public while the Roof Renovations were performed and the
Model Room was renovated.

After that phase of the Renovation, in September 2013, the Property was closed to the public and Penta installed a construction fence around the entire Property. On October 15, 2013, Penta entered into another agreement with New Cal Neva to install a new roof at the lower retail space area, and that work also came out of the GMP Contract scope of work.

Certain portions of the Renovation, such as asbestos removal and the boiler work, were initially excluded from the GMP Contract scope of work and were performed by nonunion contractors although Penta was responsible for bidding the work and supervising and managing the work under the Preconstruction Agreement.

While the roof work was ongoing, also in early October 2013, American Chiller Services, Inc. ("ACSI") entered into an agreement with New Cal Neva to replace the boiler to maintain heat throughout the low-rise building (the "Boiler Work") under Penta's supervision. The Boiler Work was extensive and required ACSI to remove the old boiler and pipes and install new pipes and conduit throughout the Property. ASCI started the Boiler Work in early October 2013 and it was not completed until April 2014. In October 2013 Penta provided Hall with the construction schedule for the renovation. Hall had also been provided with the GMP Contract draft in existence at that time.

In early November 2013, Cal-Neva hired LVI to perform asbestos abatement work for the renovation in the main tower. The abatement work began in November of 2013. That work was extensive throughout the Property; however, it had to be performed very strategically as to only

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In December of 2013, New Cal Neva notified Penta and the other contractors that it had not yet closed on the Hall construction loan. Since construction had to cease for the rest of the winter under TPRA regulations Penta and its workforce ceased work in January 2014. The boiler work was still ongoing and the asbestos work was only partially complete. Because LVI anticipated a relatively speedy resolution of the financial issues, LVI left all its asbestos abatement equipment (including containment barriers and negative air machines) at the Resort and the equipment was left there through the summer of 2014. While a portion of the roof had been renovated, the GMP Contract contemplated additional roof work, so the screening around the roof was left in place and the membranes around the sides were left open.

In February 2014 Hall hired its agent, Marx Okubo, as a construction representative to provide a report regarding the status of the Renovation, the remaining cost to complete and the schedule as set forth in the GMP Contract. Starting in February 2014 Marx Okubo was on site inspecting the renovation work that had been done (a portion of which was still ongoing) and doing due diligence with respect to the remaining work and cost and the schedule. The report detailed the Renovation work that had been completed. The GMP Contract had to be revised to include the completion of the asbestos remediation. Penta and the Owner executed the revised, agreed upon GMP Contract on July 30, 2014, which Hall had approved pursuant to its financing condition.

In mid-September 2014, as part of the loan closing, Penta signed a Contractor's Agreement and Consent to Assignment of Construction Documents (the "Consent to Assignment"). The Consent to Assignment assigned certain rights to Hall, included a representation by Penta that the work to be completed under the GMP Contract had not commenced and which purportedly subordinated Penta's mechanics' liens to the lien to be filed by Hall. Hall also required Penta to sign a separate subordination agreement (the "Subordination Agreement') as part of the loan documents, which was signed on September 30, which also

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purported to subordinate Penta's mechanics' l	liens to the lien to	be filed by Hall
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On October 2, 2014, Hall and Ladera both recorded Construction Deeds of Trust, Security Agreement and Fixture Filing with Assignment of Rents and Leases, in Washoe County, Nevada and Placer County, California (collectively, the "Deeds of Trust."). On October 28, 2014 the notice to proceed under the GMP Contract was given to Penta and the work under the GMP Contract commenced.

Penta proceeded with the work under The GMP Contract through the rest of 2014 and into 2015. In October 2015, Hall stopped funding the Project and New Cal Neva was unable to pay Penta for the unpaid labor, materials and equipment it and its subcontractors furnished to the Project (the "Work"). In the winter of 2015, once Penta realized that Hall had discontinued disbursements to New Cal-Neva, Penta notified New Cal-Neva and Hall that it was stopping work and leaving the site.

In January of 2016, Hall sent a default notice to the Debtor and began its foreclosure proceedings in Nevada and California in March 2016.

Penta recorded its Notices of Lien in Nevada and California in February 2016. Following the Notices of Lien, in April 2016 Penta proceeded to foreclose its mechanics liens. Penta also terminated the GMP Contract pursuant to the provisions of Nevada law.

In its state court foreclosure proceedings Penta asserted a claim of priority over the Deeds of Trust based on the fact that the Renovation (or work of improvement under Nevada law) started in the Summer of 2013 and Hall had knowledge of the Renovation work.

Hall asserts that the various Renovation work done prior to the GMP Contract notice to proceed (the fencing around the Property, the tower and low-rise roof replacement, the model room, the abatement work and the replacement of the boiler) was not part of the Renovation (work of improvement) and thus the Renovation (work of improvement) did not start until the notice to proceed was given under the GMP Contract in October 2014.

Once the bankruptcy case had been transferred to the District of Nevada, Hall removed Penta's state court foreclosure proceedings to the Bankruptcy Court given that resolution of the

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Penta filed a Partial Motion for Summary Judgment in the Secured Creditors' Adversary Actions with respect to the unenforceability of the subordination provisions. Based on Hall's representations that they were not intending to enforce the subordination provisions the Court denied the balance of relief on July 25, 2017. The Secured Creditors' Adversary Actions are scheduled for a bi-furcated trial which has been set for January 2018 (unless the Court is able to accommodate an earlier date based on its schedule). The first phase of the bifurcation is the question of lien priority, which encompasses the definition of the "work of improvement" and the start date thereof. Hall and Ladera have tendered the defense of the lien priority litigation to the title company under their title policies, and have commenced global discovery of all issues.

#### F. **Other Significant Events During the Cases**

Both the Cal Neva and New Cal Neva cases were originally filed in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Northern District of California. An order transferring venue of the both bankruptcy cases from Santa Rosa to Reno was entered September 28, 2016, with the effective date of the transfer being October 13, 2016. Upon the transfer of the cases to Reno, they were initially assigned to Bankruptcy Judge Bruce Beasley, but were later reassigned to Bankruptcy Judge Gregg W. Zive.

The deadline to file proofs of claim was December 1, 2016.

On September 13, 2016, the U.S. Trustee appointed the Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors (the "Committee").

By orders entered September 19, 2016, and January 4, 2017, the Bankruptcy Court approved the Debtor's use of cash collateral and post-petition financing from Hall, both of which are needed to maintain and preserve the Resort, pending completion of the Renovation, particularly during the winter season. To date, Hall has advanced approximately \$828,143.95, in principal only, since the filing of the Case. Advances for expenses to preserve the Resort are both secured advances and entitled to treatment as super-priority claims.

In January 2017, the Bankruptcy Court approved proposed bidding, auction, and sale

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procedures for a sale of the assets of both the Debtor and Cal Neva under section 363 of the
Bankruptcy Code. No interested party submitted a "Qualified Bid" sufficient to redeem the
outstanding secured debt, and the auction was cancelled. There is no indication at this time that
there is a prospect for a sale in excess of the Secured Claims or in an amount greater than the \$30
million paid under the Plan.

On February 23, 2017, Hall filed a motion for relief from the automatic stay of section 362(a) of the Bankruptcy Code to foreclose on its liens. Confirmation of the Plan would resolve the issues raised in Hall's motion.

On March 1, 2017, Ladera filed a motion for relief from the automatic stay of section 362(a) of the Bankruptcy Code to foreclose on Cal Neva's membership interests in New Cal Neva. The Plan contemplates extinguishing all Interests in the Debtor, and if confirmed would make that motion moot.

On January 6, 2017, certain members of Cal Neva filed a chapter 11 plan and disclosure statement in the Cal Neva bankruptcy case. A hearing to consider approval of the disclosure statement took place on February 21, 2017. Numerous objections to the disclosure statement were filed with the Bankruptcy Court. The plan and disclosure statement were amended on March 22, 2017. At hearings held on February 21, 2017, May 2, 2017, and June 1, 2017, the Bankruptcy Court denied approval of the disclosure statement and the plan and disclosure statement were withdrawn by the Plan proponents.

On February 27, 2017, Cal Neva filed a Chapter 11 plan and disclosure statement in both the Cal Neva bankruptcy case and the New Cal Neva Case, which were amended on March 22, 2017. At hearings held May 2, 2017, and June 1, 2017, the Bankruptcy Court denied approval of the disclosure statement and the plan and disclosure Statement were withdrawn by the proponents of that plan.

On March 21, 2017, Ladera filed a plan of reorganization and disclosure statement. On July 5, 2017, Ladera filed an amended plan and disclosure statement, which were amended again on July 24, 2017.

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At the June 1, 2017, hearing the Court denied the U.S. Trustee's Motion to Dismiss. On July 18, 20-17, the Committee filed a status report that attached a so-called "Revised LOI" for the purchase and sale of assets to Lawrence Investments, LLC.

The Court set July 5, 2017, as the deadline to file new plans and disclosure statements prompting the Plan Proponents filed their Plan, Amended Plan and this Disclosure Statement.

On July 25, 2017, the Court set as the deadline August 7, 2017, to file new plans and disclosure statements, for Plan Proponents, the Committee, Ladera and the Debtor.

### ARTICLE III. - DESCRIPTION AND SUMMARY OF THE PLAN

#### A. **Description and Treatment of Unclassified Claims**

In accordance with Bankruptcy Code section 1123(a)(1), Administrative Expense Claims and Priority Tax Claims have not been classified in the Plan and, therefore, are excluded from the Classes of Claims and Interests set forth in the Plan. The Plan provides the following treatment of Administrative Expense Claims and Priority Tax Claims:

#### В. **Administrative Expense Claims**

Administrative Expense Claims consist of Claims that accrued or were incurred by the Debtor following the filing of the Case, including, but not limited to fees and costs incurred by Estate Professionals, costs incurred to maintain and preserve the Property of the Estate, and obligations incurred in the ordinary course of business of the Debtor. Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1129(a)(9)(A), for Administrative Expense Claims, except related to Estate Professionals (as defined in the Plan), the Plan provides that except as otherwise agreed to by the Proponent and the Holder of an Allowed Administrative Expense Claim, each such Holder shall be paid in full in Cash on the later of (i) as soon as practicable after the date such Allowed Administrative Expense Claim becomes due in accordance with its terms, and (ii) the Effective Date. If Northlight or the Debtor Dispute any portion of an Administrative Expense Claim, the Debtor or Northlight, as applicable, shall pay the Allowed portion of such Claim in full in Cash within 30 days after the entry of a Final Order Allowing such Disputed Administrative Expense Claim. Given that the Debtor's estate is administratively insolvent the Court has acknowledged that administrative claimants shall share pro-rata in the wind down budget of \$1 million.

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C.	Administrative Claims Bar Date	

The Plan provides that all requests for payment of administrative costs and expenses incurred prior to the Effective Date pursuant to Bankruptcy Code §§ 507(a)(1) and 503(b), except for Administrative Claims asserted by Estate Professionals, must be served and filed with the Bankruptcy Court no later than the first day of the plan confirmation hearing ("Administrative Claims Bar Date"). Holders of Administrative Claims that are required to, but do not, file and serve a request for payment of such Claims by the Administrative Claims Bar Date shall be forever barred, estopped, and enjoined from asserting such Claims against the Debtor or Northlight or from sharing in any distribution under the Plan. Northlight or the Creditors' Trustee must file any Objections to such requests, if any, no later than thirty (30) days after the Administrative Claims Bar Date. Notwithstanding the foregoing, no request for payment of an Administrative Claim need be filed with respect to an Administrative Claim previously Allowed by a Final Order, including any and all Administrative Claims expressly Allowed under the Plan.

#### D. **Estate Professionals' Fees and Expenses**

Prior to the first day of the hearing on Plan Confirmation, each Estate Professional shall submit a Fee Application for the allowance of compensation for services rendered and reimbursement of expenses incurred through that date, with an estimate for fees and costs incurred through the Effective Date. Estate Professionals that do not submit a claim consistent with this provision, shall be forever barred, estopped, and enjoined from asserting such claims against the Debtor or the Creditors' Trust or sharing in any distributions under the Plan.

On or after the Effective Date, Northlight will pay up to an aggregate of \$1,000,000 for Estate Professionals on a pro rata basis, or other agreement by and between Estate Professionals with Northlight based on the administrative insolvency of the Debtor's estate. This is not an express condition of Plan Confirmation because in the event agreement is not reached, Estate Professionals will share pro rata.

#### Ε. **Priority Tax Claims**

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Priority Tax Claims are those Claims entitled to priority pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 507(a)(8). The Plan provides that each holder of an Allowed Priority Tax Claim shall be paid in full and final satisfaction, settlement, and release of and in exchange for each Allowed Priority Tax Claim either (i) upon such terms as may be agreed to between Northlight and such holder of an Allowed Priority Tax Claim or (ii) in full in cash from the Plan Payment on the later of the Effective Date or the date that such Allowed Priority Tax Claim would have been due if the chapter 11 case had not been commenced. The Proponent is aware of only one asserted Priority Tax Claim in the Case in the amount of \$1,698.32.

#### F. **U.S. Trustee Fees**

The Plan provides that the Debtor before the Effective Date or, on or after the Effective Date, the Creditors' Trust will pay all U.S. Trustee's Fees in full without prior approval under 8 U.S.C. § 1930 and will continue to pay all U.S. Trustee's Fees until the Case is closed, dismissed, or converted to another chapter of the Bankruptcy Code.

#### G. **Description and Treatment of Classified Claims and Interests**

As required by the Bankruptcy Code, the Plan places Claims and Interests into various Classes according to their right to priority and other relative rights. The Plan specified whether each Class of Claims or Interests is Impaired, Unimpaired, and the Plan sets forth the treatment each Class will receive. The table below lists the Classes of Claims and Interests established under the Plan.

Class	Type of Allowed Claim or Equity Interest	Status
1	Hall Super Priority Lien	Unimpaired
2	Priority Non-Tax Claims	Unimpaired
3	Secured Claim of Hall CA-NV, LLC	Impaired
4	Secured Claim of Ladera Development	Impaired
5	Secured Claim of The Penta Building Group, Inc.	Impaired
6	Subcontractors Mechanics' Liens	Impaired

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7	General Unsecured Claims	Impaired
8	Equity Interests	Impaired

#### H. **Treatment of Claims and Interests**

The following summarizes the treatment of each Class of Claims and Interests in the Plan:

#### 1. Class 1 – Hall Super Priority Lien Claim

- i. Classification: Class 1 consists of the Super Priority Lien Claim.
- ii. Treatment: In full and final satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for the Super Priority Lien Claim, on the later of (a) the Effective Date and (b) the date on which the Super Priority Lien Claim becomes Allowed, or as soon thereafter, each Holder of such Super Priority Lien Claim shall be paid in full in Cash.
- iii. Voting: Class 1 is Unimpaired. Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1126(f), the Holder of the Super Priority Lien Claim is conclusively presumed to accept the Plan.

# Class 2 – Priority Non-Tax Claims

- Classification: Class 2 consists of all Priority Non-Tax Claims, which consist of all Allowed Claims entitled to priority under section 507(a) of the Bankruptcy Code other than Administrative Expense Claims and Priority Tax Claims.
- ii. Treatment: In full and final satisfaction, settlement, and release of and in exchange for each Allowed Priority Non-Tax Claim, on the later of (a) the Effective Date and (b) the date on which such Priority Non-Tax Claim becomes Allowed, or as soon thereafter, each Holder of such Allowed Priority Non-Tax Claim shall be paid in full in Cash from the Plan Payment.
- iii. Voting: Class 2 is Unimpaired. Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1126(f), Holders of Allowed Priority Non-Tax Claims are conclusively presumed to accept the Plan and, therefore, are not entitled to vote on the Plan.

#### 3. Class 3 – Hall Secured Claim

i. Classification: Class 3 consists of the Allowed Amount of the Secured Claim of Hall to the extent Secured by a valid, enforceable lien against Collateral.

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	ii.	Treatment:	Except to	o the	extent	that	Hall a	igrees	to a	less	favorable
treatment	in writing,	, as of the	Effective	Date,	Hall's	lien	again	st the	Coll	ateral	shall be
extinguish	ed and atta	ched to the S	Secured Cro	editors	' Fund	in th	e same	amou	nt an	d pric	ority as of
the Petition	n Date. Pay	ment on Hal	l's Allowed	d Secur	ed Clai	im sh	all be	made p	ursua	ant to	section 9,
below.											

iii. Voting: If as a result of the Lien Litigation, Hall has the senior secured lien, Class 3 is Unimpaired. The Holder of the Class 3 Claim is conclusively presumed to accept or reject the Plan. If as a result of the Lien Litigation, Penta's lien is senior to Hall's lien, Class 3 is Impaired. The Holder of the Class 3 Claim is entitled to vote on the Plan.

#### 4. Class 4 – Ladera Secured Claim

- i. Classification: Class 4 consists of the Allowed Amount of the Secured Claim of Ladera Secured by a valid, enforceable lien against Collateral.
- ii. Treatment: Except to the extent that Ladera agrees to a less favorable treatment in writing, as of the Effective Date, Ladera's lien against the Colalteral shall be extinguished and attached to the Secured Creditors' Fund in the same amount and priority as of the Petition Date. Payment on Ladera's Allowed Secured Claim shall be made pursuant to section 9, below.
- iii. Voting: Class 4 is Impaired. The Holder of the Class 4 Claim is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

#### 5. Class 5 – Penta Secured Claim

- Classification: Class 5 consists of the Allowed Amount of the Secured Claim of Penta and any other Allowed Mechanic's Lien Claims to the extent Secured by a valid, enforceable lien against Resort.
- ii. Treatment: As of the Effective Date, the liens of Penta, the subcontractor, and the other mechanics lien claims against the Collateral shall be extinguished and attached to the Secured Creditors' Fund in the same amount and priority as of the Petition Date. Payment on Secured Claims of Penta, the Allowed Secured Claims of the Subcontractors and any other

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Allowed Mechanic's Lien Claims shall be made pursuant to section 9, belo	OW
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Voting: Class 5 is Impaired. The Holders of the Class 5 Claims are entitled iii. to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

#### 6. Subcontractors Mechanic's Lien

- Classification: Class 6 consists of the Allowed Amount of the Secured Claim of Subcontractors and any other Allowed Mechanic's Lien Claims to the extent Secured by a valid, enforceable lien against the Resort.
- ii. Treatment: Any Subcontractor that independently perfected its mechanics lien in accordance with NRS 108 can elect to be treated as part of Class 6 on account of such independent lien rather than as part of Penta's claim in Class 5. To the extent that election is not made, such Subcontractor shall be treated as part of Class 5. If the election to be treated as part of Class 6 is made by such Subcontractor the amount of such Subcontractor's claim as set forth in the Penta Proof of Claim shall be deducted from Class 5. The election to be treated in Class 6 shall be explicitly set forth submitted by such Class 6 creditor. As of the Effective Date, the liens of any such Subcontractor, and the other mechanics' lien claims against the Collateral shall be extinguished and attached to the Secured Creditors' Fund in the same amount and priority as of the Petition Date. Payment on the Allowed Secured Claims of the Subcontractors and any other Allowed Mechanic's Lien Claims shall be made pursuant to section 9, below in accordance with the same treatment accorded Class 5.
- iii. Voting: Class 6 is Impaired. The Holders of the Class 6 Claim are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

#### 7. Class 7 – General Unsecured Claims

- i. Classification: Class 7 consists of General Unsecured Claims.
- ii. Treatment: Unless otherwise agreed by the holder of a General Unsecured Claim and Northlight, each Holder of an Allowed General Unsecured Claim shall receive prorated beneficial interest in the Creditors' Trust until such Holders receives 100% of such Holder's Allowed General Unsecured Claim with interest.

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iii.	Voting: Class 7 is Impaired. The Holders of the Class 7 Claims are entitled
to vote to accept or re	ject the Plan.

#### 8. Class 8 – Equity Interests in New Cal-Neva Case

- i. Classification: Class 8 consists of any and all Equity Interests in Debtor, including, without limitation, any and all options, warrants and rights, contractual or otherwise, to acquire any Equity Security in Debtor, as such interest existed immediately prior to the Petition Date.
  - ii. Treatment: On the Effective Date, all Equity Interests are extinguished.
- iii. Voting: Class 8 is Impaired. The Holders of the Class 8 Interests are conclusively determined to have rejected the Plan.

#### 9. Treatment of Classes 3, 4, 5 and 6 Claims.

On or before the Effective Date, Northlight shall deposit \$32 million of the Plan Payment into a segregated escrow account (the "Secured Creditors' Fund"). The escrow shall be in an interest-bearing account with a title company. The instructions for the release shall be set forth in the Confirmation Order. The liens of, Hall, Ladera, Penta, and Subcontractors (to the extent not duplicative of the Penta claim by the Property), as well as the holders of Allowed Mechanics Liens (to the extent not duplicative of the Penta claim), shall attach to the proceeds of the Secured Creditors' Fund, and shall share in and be limited by the Secured Creditors' Fund based upon the later of: (i) the final order of priority as determined by the outcome of the Secured Creditors' Adversary Actions, whether by litigation or settlement, and (ii) the final order determining any claim objections filed against any of the Secured Creditors. The Secured Creditors' Fund shall be deposited into an interest-bearing account with a title company ("the Escrow"). The instructions for the release shall be set forth in the Confirmation Order. Any of the Secured Creditors may be entitled to a deficiency claim (the "Deficiency Claims") against the Debtor, based upon: i) the amount by which the Allowed Claim exceeds the Secured Creditors' Fund; ii) the final outcome of the Secured Creditors' Adversary Proceedings; and iii) the final outcome of any objections to any claims of the Secured Creditors. In full and final satisfaction of

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any Deficiency Claim, the Holder of the Deficiency Claim shall have a Class 7 Claim in the amount of the Deficiency and shall be treated as a Class 6 Claim Holder.

# 10. Effect of Creditors' Adversary Action on General Unsecured Claims (Class 7) Pool

The below charts represent the effect on the General Unsecured Claims Pool (Class 7) depending on whether, Hall or Penta, is determined to have first priority lien rights against the Property.<sup>3</sup> In the event Hall's claim is found to be in first position, the unsecured deficiency claims are estimated to be \$13.785 million. In the event Penta's claim is found to be in first position, the unsecured deficiency claims are estimated to be \$11.1555 million. The following assumptions were made for the purposes of this analysis:

- \$32 million Secured Creditors' Fund.
- Ladera's Claim is subordinated to Hall's Claim pursuant to agreement.
- Claims as of Confirmation Date include post-petition interest, fees and other costs.

Creditor	Claim as of Petition	Claim as of	Notes
		Confirmation Date	
Hall	\$24.877 million	\$29.507 million	Exclusive of Super
			Priority Claim
Ladera	\$7.678 million	\$8.840 million	
Penta	\$8.600 million	\$10.600 million	
Total	\$41.155 million	\$48.947 million	

# Soonario 1. Hall wing Sooured Creditors, Adversory Action

50	Scenario 1: Hall wins Secured Creditors' Adversary Action							
	Lien	Creditor	Amount of	Amount of	Notes			
P	osition		Allowed	Deficiency Claim				
			Secured Claim	Class 6 GUC				
1		Hall	\$29.507 million	\$0	Oversecured: Claim may			
					include post-petition			
					interest and fees per			
					§506(b)			
2	·•	Ladera	\$2.493 million	\$5.185 million	Undersecured: Claim			
					may not include post-			
					petition interest or fees			
					per §506(a)			
3		Penta	\$0	\$8.600 million	Undersecured: Claim			
					may not include post-			
					petition interest or fees			
					per §506(a)			
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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> All claim amount are the Proponents best estimates as of the date of this Disclosure Statement. The actual amounts are likely to be greater than these estimates. The Proponents explicitly reserve under the Plan all objections to these claims and nothing contained herein should be deemed an admission as to the allowable amount of the claims.

\$32 million

**Total Claims** 

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Lien	Creditor	Amount of	Amount of	Notes
Position		Allowed	Deficiency Claim	
		Secured Claim	Class 6 GUC	
1.	Penta	\$10.6 million	\$0	Oversecured: Claim may
				include post-petition
				interest and fees per
				§506(b)
2.	Hall	\$21.4 million	\$3.477 million	Undersecured: Claim
				may not include post-
				petition interest or fees
				per §506(a)
3.	Ladera	\$0	\$7.678 million	Undersecured: Claim
				may not include post-
				petition interest or fees
				per §506(a)
	<b>Total Claims</b>	\$32 million	\$11.155million	

\$13.785 million

#### 11. Confirmation Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code Section 1129(b) – Cramdown

In the event any Class votes to reject the Plan, the Proponent intends to request confirmation of the Plan pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1129(b). The Proponent reserves the right to alter, amend, modify, revoke or withdraw the Plan or any related documents, in order to satisfy the requirements of Bankruptcy Code section 1129(b), if necessary.

#### 12. Controversy Concerning Impairment

If a controversy arises as to whether any Class of Claims or Interests is Impaired, the Bankruptcy Court shall, after notice and a hearing, determine such controversy on or before the Confirmation Date.

#### 13. Secured Creditor Treatment

Plan Proponents value the Debtor's Property at \$32 million, which amount represents what Northlight is paying the Secured Creditors. This amount exceeds the appraised value of \$30 million obtained by Hall. Further, as of, August 3, 2017, no binding offer to purchase the Assets has been made in an amount greater than \$32 million. Accordingly, \$32 million in cash is the indubitable equivalent of the Property. In the event this amount is not deemed the indubitable equivalent, credit bidding is not appropriate for the reasons set for herein.

#### Section 1111(b) Election a.

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Plan Proponents contend that the election should not be allowed because the Property is to be transferred under the Plan. The election is further prohibited because the claims of the Secured Creditors are disputed pursuant to the Secured Creditors' Adversary Actions.

#### b. Section 363 Sale and Credit Bid Rights

As discussed, the Property is worth \$32 million. In the event the Court finds this does not accurately represent the value of the Property, and the value is higher, Plan Proponents still believe the Secured Creditors do not have the right to credit bid. For all Secured Creditors to have credit bid rights, the Property would need a value of \$48.4 million. Further, the amount and priority as between the Secured Creditors is in dispute. Thus there is good cause to deny any credit bid rights under Section 363(k). Considering the confirmation hearing is scheduled to be before resolution of the Secured Creditors Adversary Action, the amounts and priority will be in dispute.

# ARTICLE IV. - TREATMENT EXECUTORY CONTRACTS AND UNEXPIRED LEASES

#### **Assumed Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases** Α.

The Debtor will assume and assign to Northlight only the following executory contracts or unexpired leases effective as of the Effective Date of the Plan, with the following cure amounts payable on the Effective Date of the Plan:

Name of Contract Counterparty(ies) and Executory	Cure Amount		
Contract			
Collatorative Studios	\$800		
Exchange Agreement with Paul and Evy Paye, LLC regarding	\$0		
Fairwinds Estate			
FF&E Storage	\$95,186.26		
Cell Towers	\$0		

Northlight will be fully obligated on such assumed contracts from and after the Effective Date, and all counterparties shall be likewise obligated on such assumed contracts under section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code. Northlight is financially stable and fully capable to operate as a going concern, as reflected by the Plan Payment, and as set forth in this Disclosure Statement and as will be proven to the extent any party with standing seeks such a demonstration with

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ANY NON-DEBTOR PARTY TO ANY EXECUTORY CONTRACT OBJECTING TO THE ABOVE CURE AMOUNTS OR ADEQUATE ASSURANCE OF FUTURE PERFORMANCE AND THE ASSUMPTION AND ASSIGNMENT OF SUCH EXECUTORY CONTRACT OR UNEXPIRED LEASE MUST FILE AN OBJECTION IN THE BANKRUPTCY COURT AND SERVE IT ON THE DEBTOR AND THE PROPONENT AT LEAST FOURTEEN (14) DAYS BEFORE THE CONFIRMATION **HEARING.** 

Any counterparty to the above executory contracts or unexpired leases who fails to file an objection to the proposed cure amounts, adequate assurance, assumption or assignment as set forth above will be deemed to have accepted such cure amount in full satisfaction and cure of all defaults and other amounts due through and including the Effective Date, and will have no further claim against the Debtor or Northlight therefor; further such counterparties are deemed to accept the assumption and have adequate assurance of future performance of their executory contract or unexpired lease by the Debtor and Northlight.

In the event of a dispute regarding (i) the amount of any payments to cure such a default, (ii) the ability of Northlight to provide "adequate assurance of future performance," within the meaning of Bankruptcy Code section 365, under the executory contract or unexpired lease to be assumed, or (iii) any other matter pertaining to assumption, the cure payments required by Bankruptcy Code section 365(b)(1) shall be made following the entry of a Final Order or orders resolving the dispute and approving the assumption. Assumption of any executory contract or unexpired lease pursuant to the Plan or otherwise shall result in the full release and satisfaction of any Claims or defaults, whether monetary or nonmonetary, arising under any assumed executory contract or unexpired lease at any time before the effective date of the assumption.

If any executory contract has been inadvertently omitted from the above list of executory contracts to be assumed, the Proponents reserves their rights to modify the Plan to cause Debtor

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to assume and assign to Northlight any such executory contract on appropriate notice to the counterparty to such contract, by filing an amended list of assumed executory contracts at any time up to and including the Effective Date.

#### В. **Rejected Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases**

The Debtor will be conclusively deemed to have rejected all executory contracts and unexpired leases not expressly assumed, herein, upon the Effective Date. This includes all executory contracts and unexpired leases regardless of whether the Debtor contends that it is a party to the agreement, without admitting any liability or obligations under such agreements. A proof of a claim arising from the rejection of an executory contract or unexpired lease under this section must be filed no later than the Claims Bar Date, which is the first day of the plan confirmation hearing. Any Claims arising from the rejection of an executory contract or unexpired lease not filed within such time will be automatically disallowed, forever barred from assertion, and shall not be enforceable against the Debtor, Northlight, Creditors' Trust, or their assets or properties without the need for any objection by the Debtor, Northlight, Creditors' Trust or further notice to, or action, order, or approval of the Bankruptcy Court. All Allowed Claims arising from the rejection of the Debtor's executory contracts or unexpired leases shall be classified as a Class 7 General Unsecured Claim and treated accordingly. The deadline to object to Claims arising from the rejection of executory contracts or unexpired leases, if any, shall be thirty (30) days following the Claims Bar Date. Plans Proponents have not investigated the amount of rejection damages, which amount could be significant.

### ARTICLE V. - MEANS FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PLAN

Northlight will implement the Plan as follows:

#### A. **Overbidding**

If at the Confirmation Hearing the Court finds that the Plan is confirmable and satisfies all requirements under the Bankruptcy Code, the Court shall entertain overbids and conduct and an auction pursuant to Bankruptcy Code 363 ("Auction"). The Auction shall be conducted as follows:

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(a) Potential Bidders ("Bidders") interested in making an overbid for the Assets
being transferred under the Plan shall at least 5 days prior to the Confirmation Hearing (1) file a
notice that it intends to make an overbid at the Confirmation hearing; (2) make a deposit with
of \$1,000,000.00 in the form of a cashier's check or other good funds; (3) provide
satisfactory evidence of the ability of such prospective purchaser to close the transactions
contemplated by that bidder's bid; (4) provide evidence in support of a finding of a "good faith
purchaser" under 11 U.S.C. § 363(m) if such a finding is being sought; (5) the Bidder meets the
"adequate assurance" requirements of 11 U.S.C. § 365 for any contracts being assumed.

- (b) Bidders must submit a bid structured substantially similar as set forth in the Plan and as set forth in the Agreement for Purchase and Sale of Assets (the "APA") attached to the Plan as **Exhibit 1** to the APA.
- (c) Bidders must submit a proposed bid no later than 5 days prior to the Confirmation Hearing in a sum not less than \$32 million plus \$500,000.00 ("Opening Overbid").
- (d) Any bids after the Opening Overbid shall be in amounts no less than \$250,000.00.
- (e) If an Opening Overbid or Opening Overbids are received, the Debtor, the Plan Proponents, and/or Committee, may conduct negotiations with all interested parties, as directed by the Court.
- (f) At any auction for the Assets, or portion thereof, Northlight shall be determined to be the successful bidder so long as it matches the highest bid.
- (g) Following the auction, the Debtor and Plan Proponents, in consultation with the Committee, shall identify the successful bidder and the material terms of the successful bid(s). The Court may confirm the Plan as funded by the successful bidder and shall determine whether the successful bidder satisfies the requirements of a "good faith purchaser" under 11 U.S.C. § 363(m) if requested and if it meets the "adequate assurance" requirements of 11 U.S.C. § 365.

1	(h) In the event more than	n one Plan is con	nfirmable at the en	nd any Overbids, the
Court may cont	firm a plan pursuant to 11	U.S.C. § 11290	(c).	

# В. **Plan Payment**

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On or before the Effective Date, the Northlight will make the Plan Payment, and Northlight will expend the Plan Payment as provided in the Plan. All consideration necessary to make all monetary payments in accordance with the Plan shall be obtained from the Plan Payment and the cash of the Debtor. The cash of the Debtor is anticipated to be a nominal amount.

#### C. **Creditors' Trust**

# Formation of the Creditors' Trust 1.

On the Effective Date, the Creditors' Trust shall be established for the purpose of investigating and prosecuting the Trust Causes of Action (as determined by the Creditors' Trustee) and making distributions (if any) to holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims (Class 7) in accordance with the terms of the Plan. The Creditors' Trust Agreement is attached to the Plan as **Exhibit 2**. The Creditors' Trust shall have a separate existence from Northlight. The Creditors' Trust's prosecution of any of the Trust Causes of Action will be on behalf of and for the benefit of the Allowed Class 7 Claims.

- a) On the Effective Date, the Creditors' Trust Assets will be transferred or issued to, and vest in, the Creditors' Trust. The Creditors' Trust Funds shall be used by the Creditors' Trustee to operate the Creditors' Trust.
- b) On the Effective Date, standing to commence, prosecute and compromise all Trust Causes of Action shall transfer to the Creditors' Trust; provided, however, that the Retained Causes of Action, if any, shall be retained by Northlight and shall not be transferred to the Creditors' Trust.
- c) Subject to, and to the extent set forth in the Plan, the Confirmation Order, the Creditors' Trust Agreement or other agreement (or any other order of the Bankruptcy Court entered pursuant to, or in furtherance of, the Plan), the Creditors' Trust and the Creditors' Trustee

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will be empowered to take the following actions, and any other actions, as the Creditors' Trustee
determines to be necessary or appropriate to implement the Creditors' Trust, all without further
order of the Bankruptcy Court:

- i. adopt, execute, deliver or file all plans, agreements, certificates and other documents and instruments necessary or appropriate to implement the Creditors' Trust;
- accept, preserve, receive, collect, manage, invest, supervise, ii. prosecute, settle and protect the Creditors' Trust Causes of Action:
- iii. calculate and make distributions to Holders of the Allowed Class 6 Claims:
- iv. retain Third Party Disbursing Agents and professionals and other entities;
- file appropriate tax returns and other reports on behalf of the v. Creditors' Trust and pay taxes or other obligations owed by the Creditors' Trust; and
- dissolve the Creditors' Trust. vi.
- d) The Creditors' Trust has no objective to, and will not, engage in a trade or business, and will conduct its activities consistent with the Plan and the Creditors' Trust Agreement.
- On the Effective Date, the Debtor will transfer, and will be deemed to have e) irrevocably transferred, the Trust Causes of Action to the Creditors' Trust and Northlight will transfer the Creditors' Trust Funds to the Creditors' Trust.
- The Creditors' Trust and the Creditors' Trustee will each be a "representative" of f) the Estate under section 1123(b)(3)(B) of the Bankruptcy Code, and the Creditors' Trustee will be the trustee of the Creditors' Trust Assets for purposes of 31 U.S.C. § 3713(b) and 26 U.S.C. § 6012(b)(3), and, as such, the Creditors' Trustee succeeds to all of the rights, powers and obligations of a trustee in bankruptcy with respect to collecting, maintaining, administering and liquidating the Creditors' Trust Assets. In pursuing the Trust Causes of Action, the Creditors' Trustee shall be entitled to the tolling provisions provided under section 108 of the Bankruptcy Code, and shall succeed to the Debtor' rights with respect to the time periods in which any of the Trust Causes of Action may be brought under section 546 of the Bankruptcy Code.
  - To the extent that any Creditors' Trust Assets cannot be transferred to the Creditors' g)

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Trust because of a restriction on transferability under applicable non-bankruptcy law that is not superseded or preempted by section 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code or any other provision of the Bankruptcy Code, such Creditors' Trust Assets shall be deemed to have been retained by Northlight, as the case may be, and the Creditors' Trustee shall be deemed to have been designated as a representative of Northlight pursuant to section 1123(b)(3)(B) of the Bankruptcy Code to enforce and pursue such Creditors' Trust Assets on behalf of Northlight.

## 2. Creditors' Trustee

The Committee in its discretion shall choose the trustee of the Creditors' Trust ("Creditors' Trustee") who will be responsible for administering the assets of the Creditors' Trust and making distributions pursuant to the Plan. The Creditors' Trustee shall be determined and disclosed to interested parties at least five (5) days prior to the Confirmation Hearing.

The Creditors' Trustee may retain counsel in any matter related to his administration of the Trust assets or the performance of his duties under the Plan and/or the Creditors' Trust Agreement.

The Creditors' Trustee will be the exclusive trustee of the Creditors' Trust Assets for purposes of 31 U.S.C. § 3713(b) and 26 U.S.C. § 6012(b)(3) and, solely with respect to the Creditors' Trust Assets, the representative of the Estate of each of the Debtor appointed pursuant to section 1123(b)(3)(B) of the Bankruptcy Code. The powers, rights and responsibilities of the Creditors' Trustee will be specified in the Creditors' Trust Agreement. The Creditors' Trustee will distribute the Creditors' Trust Assets (or the proceeds thereof) in accordance with the provisions of the Plan and the Creditors' Trust Agreement. Other rights and duties of the Creditors' Trustee and the beneficiaries of the Creditors' Trust will be as set forth in the Creditors' Trust Agreement.

# 3. Fees and Expenses of the Creditors' Trust

The expenses of the Creditors' Trust will be paid from the Creditors' Trust Assets in accordance with the Plan and the Creditors' Trust Agreement. Northlight shall have no obligations to satisfy or have liability for any Creditors' Trust Expenses.

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# 4. **Provisions Governing Distributions**

The Creditors' Trust will reserve for and make objections to disputed claims as set forth in Article IX of the Plan. The Creditors' Trust will make distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims pursuant to Article IX of the Plan. Claimants are encouraged to review those provisions in considering whether to accept or reject the Plan.

#### 5. Indemnification

The Creditors' Trust Agreement may include reasonable and customary indemnification provisions in favor of the Creditors' Trustee. Any such indemnification will be the sole responsibility of the Creditors' Trust.

# 6. Tax Treatment

The Creditors' Trust is intended to be treated, for federal income tax purposes, as a grantor trust that is a liquidating trust within the meaning of Treasury Regulations section 301.7701-4(d), with no objective to continue or engage in the conduct of a trade or business. For U.S. federal income tax purposes, the transfer of the Creditors' Trust Assets to the Creditors' Trust will be treated as a transfer of the Creditors' Trust Assets from the Debtor to the Creditors' Trust Beneficiaries, followed by the Creditors' Trust Beneficiaries' transfer of the Creditors' Trust Assets to the Creditors' Trust. The Creditors' Trust Beneficiaries will thereafter be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as the grantors and deemed owners of their respective shares of the Creditors' Trust Assets. The Creditors' Trust Beneficiaries shall include in their annual taxable incomes, and pay tax to the extent due on, their allocable shares of each item of income, gain, deduction, loss and credit, and all other such items shall be allocated by the Creditors' Trustee to the Creditors' Trust Beneficiaries using any reasonable allocation method. The Creditors' Trustee will be required by the Creditors' Trust Agreement to file income tax returns for the Creditors' Trust as a grantor trust of the Creditors' Trust Beneficiaries. In addition, the Creditors' Trust Agreement will require consistent valuation by the Creditors' Trustee and the Creditors' Trust Beneficiaries, for all federal income tax and reporting purposes, of any property held by the Creditors' Trust. The Creditors' Trust Agreement will provide that

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termination of the trust will occur no later than five years after the Effective Date, unless the Bankruptcy Court approves an extension based upon a finding that such an extension is necessary for the Creditors' Trust to complete its liquidating purpose. The Creditors' Trust Agreement also will limit the investment powers of the Creditors' Trustee in accordance with IRS Rev. Proc. 94-45 and will require the Creditors' Trust to distribute at least annually to the Creditors' Trust Beneficiaries (as such may have been determined at such time) its net income (net of any payment of or provision for Taxes), except for amounts retained as reasonably necessary to maintain the value of the Creditors' Trust Assets.

# D. **Vesting of Assets of the Estate**

On the Effective Date, except as otherwise provided in the Plan, all Debtor's assets except for the Creditors' Trust Assets shall vest in Northlight free and clear of all Liens and Claims, including, without limitation, all real and personal Property, all Retained Causes of Action purchased by Northlight, interests, claims, choses in action, and all rights under any contracts assumed hereunder (executory or otherwise), against any Person. On and after the Effective Date, Northlight may operate its business and use, acquire, or dispose of Property and compromise or settle any Claims without supervision or approval by the Bankruptcy Court and free of any restrictions of the Bankruptcy Code or Bankruptcy Rules. On the Effective Date, except as otherwise provided in the Plan, all Creditors' Trust Assets shall vest in the Creditors' Trust free and clear of all Liens and Claims.

# Ε. **Specific Post-Confirmation Preservation of Causes of Action**

# Retained Causes of Action 1.

The Bankruptcy Court's Confirmation Order will be deemed to authorize, Northlight to pursue all rights in and to all Retained Causes of Action and defenses whenever arising, whether arising from the pre-Petition Date or post-Petition Date periods, including, without limitation, all Causes of Action or defenses that arose in the ordinary course of business from the operation of the Debtor's business including but not limited to Causes of Action and defenses related to (a) accounts receivable and accounts payable, (b) construction or renovation of the Real Property,

(c) violations of any confidentiality provision, non-compete provision, non-solicitation provision, or any similar restrictive covenant, (d) insurance contracts, (e) security deposits or any other type of deposit or collateral, (f) assumed Executory Contracts or Unexpired Leases, (g) Claims arising out of that certain Exchange Agreement concerning the Fairwinds Estate, and (h) claims for setoff or recoupment. If there is a dispute between the Northlight and the Creditors' Trustee as to what is a Retained Cause of Action and what is a Creditors' Trust Asset, such dispute shall be decided by the Court upon notice and motion.

After the Effective Date, the proceeds of all such Retained Causes of Action shall belong solely to Northlight. Further, Northlight hereby declares it to be Northlight's intent to prosecute all such Retained Causes of Action. All such Retained Causes of Action shall include, without limitation, the following:

Claim	Potential Counterparty (if known)
Claims that arose in the ordinary course of business from the operation of the Debtor' businesses including Causes of Action and defenses related to accounts receivable and accounts payable	
Claims that arose in the ordinary course of business from the operation of the Debtor' businesses including Causes of Action and defenses related to the financing, construction or renovation of the Real Property	
Claims that arose in the ordinary course of business from the operation of the Debtor' businesses including Causes of Action and defenses related to violations of any confidentiality provision, non-compete provision, non- solicitation provision, or any similar restrictive covenant	
Claims that arose in the ordinary course of business from the operation of the Debtor' businesses including Causes of Action and defenses related to insurance contracts	
Claims that arose in the ordinary course of business from the operation of the Debtor' businesses including Causes of Action and defenses related to security deposits or any other type of deposit or collateral	
Claims that arose in the ordinary course of business from the operation of the Debtor' businesses including Causes of Action and defenses related to assumed Executory Contracts or Unexpired Leases	

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Claims arising out of that certain Exchange Agreement	Paul and Evy Paye, LLC
concerning the property generally described as the	or their successors or
Fairwinds Lodge or Fairwinds Estate, 9898 Lake	assigns
Street, Kings Beach, California	
Claims for setoff or recoupment	
Claims for avoidance of liens and security interests	

Northlight, in its sole and absolute discretion, shall determine whether to bring, settle, release, compromise, or enforce such Retained Causes of Action (or decline to do any of the foregoing), and shall not be required to seek further approval of the Bankruptcy Court for such action. No Person may rely on the absence of a specific reference in the Plan or the Disclosure Statement to any Retained Cause of Action against them as any indication that Northlight will not pursue any and all available Retained Causes of Action against them. Northlight expressly reserves all rights to prosecute any and all Retained Causes of Action against any Person except at otherwise provided in the Plan. Unless any Retained Cause of Action against a Person is expressly waived, relinquished, exculpated, released, compromised, or settled in the Plan or an order of the Bankruptcy Court, Northlight expressly reserves all Retained Causes of Action for later adjudication and, therefore, no preclusion doctrine, including the doctrines of res judicata, collateral estoppel, issue preclusion, claim preclusion, estoppel (judicial, equitable, or otherwise), or laches, shall apply to such Retained Causes of Action upon, after, or as a consequence of Confirmation or the Effective Date of the Plan.

The Plan Proponents do not have any estimate as to the value, if any, of the Retained Causes of Action. Litigation, in general, is difficult to predict. Nor are Plan Proponents aware of any investigation conducted into any of the claims, or any analysis as to the likelihood of success. Such claims may not have any value.

#### 2. Trust Causes of Action

The Debtor reserves and conveys to the Creditors' Trust, and the Bankruptcy Court's Confirmation Order will be deemed to authorize, the Creditors' Trustee to pursue all rights in and to all Trust Causes of Action and defenses whenever arising, whether arising from the pre-

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Petition Date or post-Petition Date periods, including, without limitation, all claims for lender
liability or similar claims, unfair or deceptive business practice, fraud, fraud in the inducement,
tort, theft of trade secrets, misappropriation, duress, fraudulent transfer, avoidance,
recharacterization, subordination, avoidance of liens and security interests, unjust enrichment,
breach of contract, setoff, or otherwise against all Persons against whom the Debtor have any
such Causes of Action and includes all Avoidance Actions. After the Effective Date, the
proceeds of all such Trust Causes of Action shall belong solely to the Creditors' Trust. Further,
the Proponent believes it will be the Creditors' Trustee's intent to prosecute all such Trust
Causes of Action. All such Trust Causes of Action shall include, without limitation, the
following:

Claim	Potential Counterparty (if known)
Avoidance Actions under Chapter 5 of the United	
States Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C. 101, et seq.	

The Creditors' Trustee, in his/her/its sole and absolute discretion, shall determine whether to bring, settle, release, compromise, or enforce such Trust Causes of Action (or decline to do any of the foregoing), and shall not be required to seek further approval of the Bankruptcy Court for such action. No Person may rely on the absence of a specific reference in the Plan or the Disclosure Statement to any Trust Cause of Action against them as any indication that the Creditors' Trustee will not pursue any and all available Trust Causes of Action against them. The Creditors' Trustee expressly reserves all rights to prosecute any and all Trust Causes of Action against any Person except at otherwise provided in the Plan. Unless any Trust Cause of Action against a Person is expressly waived, relinquished, exculpated, released, compromised, or settled in the Plan or an order of the Bankruptcy Court, the Creditors' Trustee expressly reserves all Trust Causes of Action for later adjudication and, therefore, no preclusion doctrine, including the doctrines of res judicata, collateral estoppel, issue preclusion, claim preclusion, estoppel (judicial, equitable, or otherwise), or laches, shall apply to such Trust Causes of Action upon, after, or as a consequence of Confirmation or the Effective Date of the Plan.

The Plan Proponents do not have any estimate as to the value, if any, of the Creditors'

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Trust Causes of Action. Nor are Plan Proponents aware of any investigation conducted into any of the claims, or any analysis as to the likelihood of success. The Creditors' Trust Causes of Action may have no value. Even if such Creditors' Trust Causes of Action have value, they may be uncollectible.

# F. **Continuation of Bankruptcy Code Anti-Discrimination Provisions**

No governmental unit may deny, revoke, suspend, or refuse to renew a license, permit, charter, franchise, or other similar grant to, condition such a grant to, or discriminate with respect to such a grant against, the Debtor or Northlight another Person with whom the Debtor or Northlight have been or are associated or affiliated, solely because of the commencement, continuation, or termination of the Debtor' bankruptcy case or because of any provision of the Plan or the legal effect of the Plan. The Confirmation Order will constitute an express injunction against any such discriminatory treatment by a governmental unit.

# **Exemption from Transfer Taxes**

Under sections 106, 1141 and 1146(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, the issuance, transfer, or exchange of notes or equity securities under or in connection with the Plan, the creation of any mortgage, deed of trust, or other security interest, the making or assignment of any lease or sublease, or the making or delivery of any deed or other instrument of transfer under, in furtherance of, or in connection with, the Plan, including, without limitation, any merger agreements or agreements of consolidation, deeds, bills of sale, or assignments executed in connection with any of the transactions contemplated under the Plan (including the creation of the Creditors' Trust) shall not be subject to any stamp, real estate transfer, mortgage recording, sales, use or other similar tax. The Confirmation Order shall direct all state and local government officials and agents to forego the collection of any such tax or governmental assessment and to accept for filing and recordation any instrument or other document issued or transferred pursuant to the Plan, without the payment of any such tax or government assessment.

# H. **Section 1145 Exemption**

The issuance of new ownership Interests, if any, in accordance with the Plan shall be

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authorized under Bankruptcy Code section 1145 without further act or action by any Person. The offering, issuance, and distribution of any Securities pursuant to the Plan, if any, and any and all settlement agreements incorporated therein are expected to be exempt from applicable federal and state securities laws (including blue sky laws), registration, and other requirements, including, the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of section 5 of the Securities Act, pursuant to section 4(2) of the Securities Act, or another available exemption from registration under the Securities Act, as applicable.

#### I. **Cancellation of Interests**

On the Effective Date, except as otherwise provided in the Plan or Confirmation Order, any and all existing instruments, certificates and other documents or agreements evidencing the prepetition Interests in New Cal Neva, shall be deemed automatically cancelled and shall be of no further force or effect, whether surrendered for cancellation or otherwise, and the obligations of the Debtor thereunder, or in any way related thereto, shall be discharged.

# J. **Corporate Actions**

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, each of the matters provided for by the Plan involving corporate or related actions to be taken or required of the Debtor or Northlight to effectuate the Plan shall, as of the Effective Date, be deemed to have occurred and be effective as provided in the Plan, and shall be authorized, approved, and, to the extent taken prior to the Effective Date, ratified in all respects without any requirement of further action by Northlight, holders of Claims or Interests, management of the Debtor, or any other Person. On the Effective Date, the appropriate officers of Northlight or its agents shall be authorized and directed to issue, execute, and deliver the agreements, instruments or other documents contemplated by the Plan, or necessary or desirable to affect the transactions contemplated by the Plan, in the name of and on behalf of Northlight, including a new operating agreement and any all agreements or other documentation relating thereto. Notwithstanding any requirements under non-bankruptcy law, the authorizations and approvals contemplated by this provision shall be effective.

## K. **Permanent Satisfaction**

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The rights afforded in the Plan, and the treatment of all Claims and Interests set forth therein, shall be in full exchange for, and in complete satisfaction of, all Claims and Interests of any kind or nature whatsoever, whether known or unknown, matured or contingent, liquidated or unliquidated, existing, arising or accruing, whether or not yet due, prior to the Effective Date, including without limitation any Claims, or interest on Claims, accruing on or after the Petition Date, against the Debtor or any of the assets or property thereof, provided that such satisfaction does not affect any party's rights under the Plan.

# ARTICLE VI. - EFFECTS OF CONFIRMATION

# A. **Binding Effect of Plan**

The provisions of the confirmed Plan shall bind the Debtor, Northlight, the Committee, and any Creditor or Interest Holder, whether or not such Creditor or Interest Holder has filed a proof of Claim or Interest in the Chapter 11 Case, whether or not the Claim of such Creditor or the Interest of such Interest Holder is impaired under the Plan, and whether or not such Creditor or Interest Holder has accepted or rejected the Plan. All Claims and Debts shall be as fixed and adjusted pursuant to the Plan.

# В. **Vesting of Property Free and Clear**

Upon the Effective Date, title to all Estate Assets, except for the Creditors' Trust Assets, shall vest in the Northlight for the purposes contemplated under the Plan and section 1123(b)(3) shall be deemed satisfied in all respects. All Unsecured Claims against the Debtor or the Estate shall be of no further force or effect except with respect to the rights of holders of Allowed Claims to receive payments or distributions as set forth herein. Following the Effective Date, Northlight may use, acquire or dispose of any such property free of any restrictions imposed by the Bankruptcy Court, the Bankruptcy Code or the Bankruptcy Rules and without further approval of the Bankruptcy Court or notice to Creditors, except as may otherwise be required under the Plan or the Confirmation Order. Except as otherwise expressly provided in the Plan or Confirmation Order, all rights or causes of action are hereby preserved and retained for enforcement solely and exclusively by and at the discretion of the Northlight.

## C. Injunction

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Until all Estate Assets, whether vested in Northlight, the Creditors' Trust, or the Debtor, are fully administered, and except as otherwise provided by the Plan, all entities who have held, hold or may hold Claims against or Interests in the Debtor or the Debtor's estate that arose prior to the Effective Date are enjoined, to the fullest extent of the law, from taking legal action against the Debtor, Creditors' Trust or Northlight for the purpose of directly or indirectly collecting, recovering, or receiving payment or recovery with respect to any Claim or demand against the Debtor, Northlight or Creditors' Trust.

#### D. Release

In consideration of the Proponent's prosecution of the Plan, and as part of the compromises among the Debtor, the Estate and Proponents as implemented through the Plan, on the Effective Date, to the fullest extent of the law, the Debtor and the Estate will be permanently deemed to have released Proponents and all of their attorneys, stockholders, principals, partners, employees, directors, officers, subsidiaries, parent companies, affiliates, members, agents, representatives, predecessors and successors, and each of them, in all capacities from any and all claims and causes of action, known or unknown, arising through the Effective Date.

## Ε. No Discharge

On the Effective Date, all Debts of the Debtor will be deemed fixed and adjusted pursuant to the Plan and the Debtor will have no further liability on account of Claims or Interests except as set forth in the Plan. All payments and all distributions made by the Proponent under the Plan will be in full and final satisfaction, settlement and release of all Claims; provided, however, that nothing contained in the Plan will be deemed to constitute or result in a discharge of the Debtor under Bankruptcy Code section 1141(d)(3).

# F. **Limitation of Liability**

The Debtor, the Proponents, the Committee, their officers and directors or other representatives, each of the respective professionals of the foregoing and, effective upon approval of such Professional's final fee applications in this Bankruptcy Case (collectively, the

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"Exculpated Parties"), will neither have nor incur any liability to any entity for any Official Actions in good faith taken or omitted to be taken in connection with or related to the Case, the investigations of potential claims or the formulation, preparation, dissemination, implementation, Confirmation or consummation of the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, or any agreement created or entered into in connection with the Plan or incident to the Case in all circumstances, to the fullest extent provided by law, provided however, that the foregoing shall not exonerate any of the Exculpated Parties from any liability that results from an act or omission to the extent such act or omission is determined by Final Order to have constituted gross negligence or willful misconduct. In addition, notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan, and to the fullest extent of the law, no holder of a Claim or Interest, no other party in interest, none of their respective agents, employees, representatives, financial advisors, attorneys or affiliates, and no successors or assigns of the foregoing, shall have any right of action against any Exculpated Party for any Official Actions made in good faith from and after the Petition Date through the Confirmation Date in connection with, relating to or arising out of the Case or the consideration, formulation, preparation, dissemination, implementation, Confirmation or consummation of the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, or any transaction or document created or entered into, or any other act taken or omitted to be taken, in connection therewith, except for: (a) the liability of any Exculpated Party that would otherwise result from the failure to perform or pay any obligation or liability under the Plan or any contract, instrument, release or other agreement or document to be entered into or delivered in connection with the Plan, (b) the liability of any Exculpated Party that would otherwise result from any such act or omission to the extent that such act or omission is determined in a Final Order to have constituted gross negligence or willful misconduct, and (c) actions taken by Exculpated Parties who are holders of a Claim and are taking actions in pursuit of the allowance or payment of such Claim.

# **ARTICLE VII - SETTLEMENT, RELEASE, INJUNCTION,** AND RELATED PROVISIONS

# Injunction A.

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Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, from and after the Effective Date, to the fullest extent of the law, all Persons that have held, hold, or may hold Claims against the Debtor, or Claims that may result in reimbursement, contribution, or indemnification by the Debtor on account of such Claims, or Interests in the Debtor or the Estate are permanently enjoined, subject to law, from taking any of the following actions against the Debtor, Northlight, or the Creditors' Trust: (i) to commence or continue in any manner any action or other proceeding of any kind on account of or in connection with or with respect to any such Claims or Interests.

## В. **Exculpation**

Neither the Debtor, Penta or Northlight, nor any of their employees, attorneys, advisors, members, shareholders, fiduciaries or agents (including any professionals retained by such persons), nor any of their respective predecessors or successors, will have or incur any liability as set forth in 11 U.S.C §1125(e), to any holder of a Claim or Interest or any other entity for any act or omission in connection with, or arising out of, the Chapter 11 case, the pursuit of approval of the Disclosure Statement or the solicitation of votes for or confirmation of the Plan or consummation or administration of the Plan or the property to be distributed under the Plan.

#### C. **Release of Liens**

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, on the Effective Date and concurrently with the applicable distributions made pursuant to the Plan, all mortgages, deeds, trusts, Liens, pledges, or other security interests against any property of the Estate (other than with respect to the Secured Creditors' Fund) shall be fully released and discharged, and all of the right, title, and interest of any Holder of such mortgages, deeds, trusts, Liens, pledges, or other security interests shall revert to Northlight.

# ARTICLE VIII - CONDITIONS PRECEDENT TO CONFIRMATION AND EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE PLAN

## **Conditions Precedent to Confirmation** Α.

It shall be a condition to Confirmation of the Plan that the following conditions shall have been satisfied or waived pursuant to the Plan:

1. Required Orders. The Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court shall have entered all

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necessary	orders	(including,	without	limitation,	the	Disclosure	Statement	Order	and	the
Confirmati	ion Orde	er).								

- 2. Vote Tabulation. The Bankruptcy Court shall have determined that all votes are binding and have been properly tabulated as acceptances or rejections of the Plan.
- 3. Confirmation Requirements. The Bankruptcy Court shall have determined that all applicable tests, standards and burdens in connection with the Plan, including those in section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code and the Confirmation Conditions, have been duly satisfied and met by the Debtor and the Proponent.
- 4. <u>Form of Confirmation Order</u>. The Confirmation Order and the Plan each shall be in a form and substance satisfactory to the Proponent.

## В. **Conditions Precedent to Effective Date**

It shall be a condition to the Plan going effective, i.e., the Effective Date that the following conditions shall have been satisfied or waived: (i) the Confirmation Order shall have become a Final Order; (ii) all other actions, documents, certificates, and agreements necessary to implement the Plan shall have been effected or executed and delivered to the required parties and, to the extent required, filed with the applicable governmental units in accordance with applicable laws; and other Effective Date Conditions.

# C. **Waiver of Conditions**

To the extent practicable and legally permissible, each of the conditions precedent in this Section may be waived, in whole or in part, by Northlight and Penta, as applicable. Any such waiver of a condition precedent may be effected at any time by filing a notice thereof with the Bankruptcy Court executed by the Proponent.

# ARTICLE IX - MODIFICATION, REVOCATION OR WITHDRAWAL OF THE **PLAN**

## **Modification and Amendments** Α.

The Proponent may amend, modify, or supplement the Plan pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1127(a) at any time prior to the Confirmation Date. After the Confirmation Date, but prior to the Effective Date of the Plan, the Proponent may amend, modify, or supplement the

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Plan without further order of the Bankruptcy Court to remedy any defect or omission or reconcile any inconsistencies in the Plan or the Confirmation Order.

#### В. **Effect of Confirmation on Modifications**

Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1127(a), entry of a Confirmation Order shall mean that all modifications or amendments to the Plan since the solicitation thereof are approved and do not require additional disclosure or re-solicitation under Bankruptcy Rule 3019.

## C. Revocation or Withdrawal of the Plan

The Proponents each reserve the right to revoke or withdraw the Plan prior to the Confirmation Date and to file subsequent chapter 11 plans. If either Proponent revokes or withdraws the Plan, or if Confirmation or the Effective Date does not occur, then: (i) the Plan shall be null and void in all respects; (ii) any settlement or compromise embodied in the Plan, assumption or rejection of executory contracts or unexpired leases effected by the Plan, and any document or agreement executed pursuant to the Plan shall be deemed null and void except as may be set forth in a separate order entered by the Bankruptcy Court; and (iii) nothing contained in the Plan shall constitute a waiver or release of any Claims by or against, or any Interests in, the Debtor, or any other Person, prejudice in any manner the rights of the Debtor, or any other Person, or constitute an admission, acknowledgement, offer, or undertaking of any sort by the Debtor, or any other Person.

# **SECTION X - RETENTION OF JURISDICTION**

Notwithstanding the entry of the Confirmation Order and the occurrence of the Effective Date, the Bankruptcy Court shall, after the Effective Date, retain such jurisdiction over the Case and all Persons with respect to all matters related to the Case, the Debtor, and the Plan as legally permissible, including, without limitation, jurisdiction to:

- 1. allow, disallow, determine, liquidate, classify, estimate, or establish the priority, secured, or unsecured status, or amount of any Claim or Interest, including the resolution of any request for payment of any Administrative Claim, including Claims of a Professional for services rendered to the Debtor or any Committee, and the resolution of any and all objections to the secured or unsecured status, priority, amount, or allowance of Claims or Interests;
- 2. decide and resolve all matters related to the granting and denying, PENTA AND NORTHLIGHT'S AMENDED JOINT PROPOSED DISCL STATEMENT

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in whole or in part, any applications for allowance of compensation
or reimbursement of expenses to Professionals authorized pursuant
to the Bankruptcy Code or the Plan:

- resolve any matters related to: (i) the assumption, assumption and 3. assignment, or rejection of any executory contract or unexpired lease to which the Debtor is party or with respect to which the Debtor may be liable, and the hearing, determination, and, if necessary, liquidation of any Claims arising therefrom, including cure claims pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 365; (ii) any potential contractual obligation under any executory contract or any dispute regarding unexpired lease that is assumed; and (iii) whether a contract or lease is or was executory or expired;
- ensure that distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims and Interests 4. are accomplished pursuant to the provisions of the Plan;
- adjudicate, decide, or resolve any motions, adversary proceedings, 5. Causes of Action, contested or litigated matters, and any other matters, and grant or deny any applications involving the Debtor that may be pending on the Effective Date or brought thereafter, including but not limited to the litigation of any Cause of Action by the Creditors' Trust or Northlight after the Effective Date of the Plan:
- 6. adjudicate, decide, or resolve any and all matters related to Bankruptcy Code sections 1141 and 1145;
- 7. enter and implement such orders as may be necessary or appropriate to execute, implement, or consummate the provisions of the Plan and all contracts, instruments, releases, indentures, and other agreements or documents created in connection with the Plan or the Disclosure Statement;
- implement, interpret, or enforce any and all matters relating to the 8. Confirmation Order;
- enter and enforce any order pursuant to Bankruptcy Code sections 9. 363, 1123, or 1146(a) for the sale of property;
- resolve any cases, controversies, suits, disputes, or Causes of Action 10. that may arise in connection with the Effective Date, interpretation, or enforcement of the Plan or any Person's obligations in connection with the Plan:
- 11. issue injunctions, enter and implement other orders, or take such other actions as may be necessary or appropriate to restrain interference by any Person with the Effective Date or enforcement of the Plan;
- resolve any cases, controversies, suits, disputes, or Causes of Action 12. with respect to the releases, injunctions, and other provisions contained in Article IX of the Plan and enter such orders as may be necessary or appropriate to implement such releases, injunctions, and other provisions;
- enter and implement such orders as are necessary or appropriate if 13. the Confirmation Order is for any reason modified, stayed, reversed, revoked, or vacated;

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- 14. enter an order or final decree concluding or closing the Case;
- 15. adjudicate any and all disputes arising from or relating to distributions under the Plan;
- consider any modifications of the Plan, to cure any defect or 16. omission, or reconcile any inconsistency in any Bankruptcy Court order, including the Confirmation Order;
- determine requests for the payment of Administrative Claims or 17. Claims entitled to priority pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 507;
- hear and determine disputes arising in connection with the 18. interpretation, implementation, or enforcement of the Plan, or the Confirmation Order including disputes arising under agreements, securities, instruments, or other documents;
- hear and determine matters in accordance with Bankruptcy Code 19. sections 346, 505, and 1146;
- hear and determine all disputes involving the existence, nature, or 20. scope of the Debtor's discharge, including any dispute relating to any liability arising out of the termination of employment or the termination of any employee or retiree benefit program, regardless of whether such termination occurred prior to or after the Effective Date:
- 21. enforce all orders previously entered by the Bankruptcy Court; and
- 22. hear any other matter not inconsistent with the Bankruptcy Code.

# ARTICLE XI - MISCELLANEOUS PLAN PROVISIONS

# **Immediate Binding Effect** A.

Subject to terms of the Plan and notwithstanding Bankruptcy Rules 3020(e), 6004(g), 7062, or otherwise, upon the occurrence of the Effective Date, the terms of the Plan shall be immediately effective and enforceable and deemed binding upon the Debtor, the Committee, Estate Professionals, Northlight, and any and all Holders of Claims or Interests (irrespective of whether such Claims or Interests are deemed to have accepted the Plan), all Persons that are parties to or are subject to the settlements, compromises, releases, discharges, and injunctions described in the Plan, each Person acquiring property under the Plan, and any and all non-Debtor parties to executory contracts and unexpired leases with the Debtor.

#### **Additional Documents** B.

On or before the Effective Date, the Proponent may file with the Bankruptcy Court any and all agreements and other documents that may be necessary or appropriate in order to effectuate and further evidence the terms and conditions of the Plan.

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## C. **Payment of Statutory Fees**

All fees payable pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1930 and, if applicable, 28 U.S.C. § 3717, as determined by the Bankruptcy Court at a hearing pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1128, shall be paid for each quarter (including any fraction thereof) until the Cases are converted, dismissed, or closed, whichever occurs first.

## D. **Dissolution of Committee**

On the first Business Day after the Effective Date, the Committee shall be dissolved and the members thereof shall be released and discharged of and from all further authority, duties, responsibilities, and obligations related to and arising from and in connection with the Chapter 11 Case. The retention or employment of any and all attorneys, financial advisors, and other agents or professions, if any, of all statutory committees shall terminate other than for purposes of filing and prosecuting applications for final allowances of compensation for professional services rendered and reimbursement of expenses incurred in connection therewith.

# Ε. **Reservation of Rights**

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, the Plan shall have no force or effect unless the Bankruptcy Court enters the Confirmation Order. None of the filing of the Plan, any statement or provision contained in the Plan, or the taking of any action by the Proponent or the Debtor with respect to the Plan or the Disclosure Statement shall be or shall be deemed to be an admission or waiver of any rights of the Debtor with respect to the Holders of Claims or Interests prior to the Effective Date.

# F. **Successors and Assigns**

The rights, benefits, and obligations of any Person named or referred to in the Plan shall be binding on, and shall inure to the benefit of any heir, executor, administrator, successor or assign, affiliate, officer, director, agent, representative, attorney, beneficiaries, or guardian, if any, of each Person.

## G. **Further Assurances**

The Debtor or Northlight, as applicable, all Holders of Claims receiving distributions

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pursuant to the Plan, and all other Persons shall, from time to time, prepare, execute, and deliver any agreements or documents and take any other actions as may be necessary or advisable to effectuate the provisions and intent of the Plan or the Confirmation Order.

# H. **Term of Injunctions or Stays**

Unless otherwise provided in the Plan or in the Confirmation Order, all injunctions or stays in effect in the Case pursuant to Bankruptcy Code sections 105 or 362 or any order of the Bankruptcy Court, and extant on the Confirmation Date (excluding any injunctions or stays contained in the Plan or the Confirmation Order) shall remain in full force and effect until the Effective Date. All injunctions or stays contained in the Plan and the Confirmation Order shall remain in full force and effect in accordance with their terms.

# I. **Entire Agreement**

Except as otherwise indicated, the Plan supersedes all previous and contemporaneous negotiations, promises, covenants, agreements, understandings, and representations on such subjects, all of which have become merged and integrated into the Plan.

#### J. **Exhibits and Related Documents**

All exhibits and documents filed in relation to the Plan are incorporated into and are a part of the Plan as if set forth in full in the Plan. After any exhibits and documents are filed, copies of such exhibits and documents shall be available upon written request to the Proponent's counsel at the address above or the Bankruptcy Court's website, http://www.nvb.uscourts.gov (a PACER login and password are required to access documents on the Bankruptcy Court's website).

# K. **Severability of Plan Provisions**

If, before Confirmation of the Plan, any term or provision of the Plan is held by the Bankruptcy Court to be invalid, void, or unenforceable, the Bankruptcy Court shall have the power to alter and interpret such term or provision to make it valid or enforceable to the maximum extent practicable, consistent with the original purpose of the term or provision held to be invalid, void, or unenforceable, and such term or provision shall then be applicable as altered

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or interpreted. Notwithstanding any such holding, alteration, or interpretation, the remainder of the terms and provisions of the Plan shall remain in full force and effect and shall in no way be affected, impaired, or invalidated by such holding, alteration, or interpretation. The Confirmation Order shall constitute a judicial determination and shall provide that each term and provision of the Plan, as it may have been altered or interpreted in accordance with the foregoing, is valid and enforceable.

# L. **Waiver or Estoppel Conflicts**

Each Holder of a Claim or Interest shall be deemed to have waived any right to assert any argument, including the right to argue that its Claim or Interest should be Allowed in a certain amount, in a certain priority, secured, or not subordinated, by virtue of an agreement made with the Debtor or its counsel, the Committee or its counsel, Proponents, or any other Person, if such agreement was not disclosed in the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, or papers filed with the Bankruptcy Court prior to the Confirmation Date.

#### Μ. **Conflicts**

Except as set forth in the Plan or unless otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court, to the extent that the Disclosure Statement, any order of the Bankruptcy Court (other than the Confirmation Order), or any exhibit to the Plan or document executed or delivered in connection with the Plan is inconsistent with the terms of the Plan, the terms of the Plan shall control.

# **ARICLE XII - RISK FACTORS**

Holders of Claims should read and consider carefully the factors set forth below, as well as the other information set forth in this Disclosure Statement (and the documents delivered together herewith and/or incorporated by reference herein), prior to voting to accept or reject the Plan.

# Risk of Non-Confirmation of the Plan A.

Even if all classes of Claims that are entitled to vote accept the Plan, the Plan might not be confirmed by the Bankruptcy Court. Section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code sets forth the requirements for confirmation and requires, among other things, that the confirmation of the Plan

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is not likely to be followed by the liquidation or the need for further financial reorganization (feasibility), and that the value of distributions to dissenting creditors be not less than the value of distributions such creditors would receive if the debtor were liquidated under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code (the "best interest of creditors" test), and other tests as set forth elsewhere in this Disclosure Statement and as required by applicable law. The Proponent believes that the Plan satisfies all requirements for confirmation under the Bankruptcy Code. There can be no assurance, however, that the Bankruptcy Court will also conclude that the requirements for Confirmation of the Plan have been satisfied.

## В. Nonoccurrence of Effective Date of the Plan

Even if all classes of Claims that are entitled to vote accept the Plan, the Effective Date for the Plan may not occur. The Plan sets forth conditions to the occurrence of the Effective Date of the Plan, which may not be satisfied by the Effective Date. The Proponent believes that it will satisfy all requirements for consummation required under the Plan. There can be no assurance, however, that the Bankruptcy Court will also conclude that the requirements for consummation of the Plan have been satisfied.

# ARTICLE XIII - ALTERNATIVES TO CONFIRMATION OF THE PLAN

If the Plan is not confirmed by the Bankruptcy Court and consummated, the alternatives to the Plan include (a) the liquidation of the Debtor under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code, (b) an alternative Plan under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code, or (c) relief from the automatic stay to secured creditors and the loss of the Debtor's assets through to foreclosure.

# **Liquidation Under Chapter 7**

The Plan functionally provides Creditors with the same protections as would be granted in a Chapter 7, with a better recovery and reduced cost. But for the Plan, the Debtor's estate is administratively insolvent, i.e. the estate does not have any unencumbered assets available to satisfy the administrative costs already accrued by the Debtor during these proceedings. The history of the Debtor's bankruptcy proceedings has established that no one is willing to buy the Resort for an amount sufficient to pay Secured Creditors in full, let alone for an amount

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sufficient to pay the Secured Creditors and administrative expenses and provide a distribution to
General Unsecured Creditors. Conversion to Chapter 7 will most likely result in the foreclosure
of the Resort and no distribution to creditors beyond the senior secured creditor. If the Property
were sold in a Chapter 7, it is likely that it would be sold for less due to the chilling effect of a
Chapter 7 liquidation.

In addition, in conversion to Chapter 7, a new Claims bar date would be set, permitting the filing of timely Claims by Creditors whose Claims may be time barred under the Plan and which may significantly increase the costs of a claims reconciliation process. Even if no Creditors file otherwise time-barred Claims upon a conversion to Chapter 7, some Creditors will file second or third Claims in the Chapter 7 case.

Further, it is extremely rare for a Chapter 7 trustee to make interim distributions to Creditors, in the unlikely event sufficient recoveries were achieved, meaning that unsecured Creditors will receive no distributions in a Chapter 7 until the case is fully administered and ready to be closed, which would likely be much longer than it will take for Creditors to receive at least a partial interim distribution under the Plan.

Accordingly, the Proponent believes that the Plan provides for a greater and significantly more expeditious administration of this Chapter 11 Case, will result in a higher percentage return to the Allowed Claims of the general unsecured Creditors, and will allow for a prompt completion of this case in a manner consistent with the desires of Creditors and parties in interest.

[Proponent is not soliciting ballots at this time. This language is included to reflect the language to be used if the Disclosure Statement is approved.] Accordingly, the Proponent recommends that all holders of Claims and Interests vote to accept the Plan.

## В. **Alternative Plan**

If the Plan is not confirmed, any other party in interest may be entitled to file and seek confirmation of a different plan. The Proponent believes that the Plan provides holders of Claims and Interests with the greatest value possible under the circumstances. The Proponent believes

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that any subsequently proposed plan would also likely provide less favorable treatment than that to be afforded by the Plan and would further delay the payment of distributions. As discussed other parties have stated an intention to submit alternative proposed plans. This disclosure statement contains no information about these alternative plans. Plan Proponents believe the overbidding procedures set forth herein adequately protect other parties' rights, if any, to purchase the Debtor's assets.

# C. Relief from the Automatic Stay and Foreclosure

Failure to confirm a plan also would increase the risk that the Bankruptcy Court could grant the motion filed by Hall for relief from the automatic stay to foreclose on the Debtor's real property and/or grant the motion filed by Ladera for relief from the automatic stay to foreclose on the 100% membership interests in New Cal Neva.

# **Feasibility** D.

In order to confirm a plan, the Bankruptcy Code requires the Bankruptcy Court to find that confirmation of the Plan is not likely to be followed by liquidation or the need for further financial reorganization of the debtor, unless that liquidation is contemplated by the plan ("Feasibility Test"). Since a form of liquidation is proposed under the Plan and no further reorganization of the Debtor is contemplated, the Plan proponents believe that the Plan meets the Feasibility Test. Further, Penta and the Committee have been satisfied that Northlight has the financial resources to make the Plan Payments and other financial obligations required under the Plan.

# ARTICLE XIV - GENERAL OVERVIEW OF CHAPTER 11

Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code is the principal business reorganization chapter of the Bankruptcy Code. Under Chapter 11, a debtor may be reorganized or liquidated for the benefit of its stakeholders. Formulation of a plan is the principal objective of Chapter 11. In general, a plan (1) divides claims and interests into separate classes, (2) specifies the property or consideration that each class is to receive under the plan, and (3) contains other provisions necessary to the reorganization or administration of the debtor and its estate. Alternatively, the Bankruptcy Code

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Chapter 11 does not require each holder of a claim or interest to vote in favor of the plan in order for the Bankruptcy Court to confirm the plan. However, the plan must be accepted by the holders of at least one class of claims that is impaired without considering the votes of "insiders" within the meaning of the Bankruptcy Code.

# Classification and Treatment of Claims and Equity Interests Generally

Section 1123(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code requires that the plan must classify all claims (other than administrative expenses, administrative operating expenses, and priority tax claims) and interests.

In this case, the Proponent believes it has classified all Claims and Interests in compliance with the provisions of the Bankruptcy Code. If a holder of a Claim or Interest challenges such classification of the Claims or Interests, and the Bankruptcy Court finds that a different classification is required for the Plan to be confirmed, the Proponent, to the extent permitted by the Bankruptcy Court, intends to make such reasonable modifications to the classification of Claims or Interests under the Plan to provide for whatever classification might be required by the Bankruptcy Court for confirmation.

Except to the extent that such modification of classification adversely affects the treatment of a holder of a Claim or Interest and requires re-solicitation, acceptance of the Plan by any holder of a Claim or Interest pursuant to this solicitation will be deemed to be a consent to the Plan's treatment of such holder of a Claim or Interest regardless of the class to which such holder of a Claim or Interest is ultimately deemed to belong.

The Bankruptcy Code also requires that the Plan provide the same treatment for each Claim or Interest in a particular Class unless the holder of a particular Claim or Interest agrees to a less favorable treatment of its Claim or Interest. The Proponent believes that the Plan complies with this standard. If the Bankruptcy Court finds that the Plan does not comply with this standard, it could deny confirmation of the Plan if the holders of Claims or Interests affected do

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In accordance with the Bankruptcy Code, Administrative Expense Claims, U.S. Trustee's Fees, and Priority Tax Claims are not classified into classes. The Plan also specifies the treatment proposed for the Claims and Interests in each class.

# В. **Good Faith Solicitation Under Section 1125**

The Plan provides that the Proponent, upon Confirmation of the Plan, shall be deemed to have solicited acceptances of the Plan in good faith and in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code.

The Proponent believes that the Plan treats the respective classes of Claims and Interests fairly and equitably in compliance with the absolute priority rule and fair and equitable standard of section 1129(b)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code. Because the Proponent has crafted the Plan to follow the Bankruptcy Code Distribution Priorities, the Proponent believes that the Plan provides each Creditor and Interest holder with at least as much, if not more, as it would receive if the Debtor was liquidated under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code as required by section 1129(a)(7).

Set forth in detail below is a description of the technical aspects of confirmation of a Chapter 11 plan, the risks inherent in the Plan, and the applicable bankruptcy and tax consequences of the liquidation, as applicable, of the Debtor. The Plan is the product of lengthy discussions and negotiations between parties in interest and is based upon the Proponent's analysis of all Claims asserted or known as of the date hereof and an evaluation of the relative merits of potential conflicting Claims, including potential conflicting claims to priority of the Debtor's Secured Claims. The Proponent believes that the following overview of what holders of Claims and Interest holders will receive under the Plan will be helpful in your consideration of whether you wish to accept or reject the Plan.

Please do not return any other documentation with your ballot. For further information on casting a ballot to vote on the Plan, please see the General Information Section of this Disclosure Statement.

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# C. "Yes" Votes Required for Acceptance; Voting Procedures

Section 1126(c) of the Bankruptcy Code defines acceptance of a plan by an impaired class of claims as acceptance by holders of at least two-thirds in dollar amount, and more than one-half in number, of the claims of that class that actually cast ballots. An impaired class of holders of equity securities shall have accepted the plan if the plan is accepted by at least twothirds in amount of the allowed equity securities of such class held by holders of such equity securities. 11 U.S.C. § 1126(d).

The vote of a creditor may be disregarded if the Bankruptcy Court determines, after notice and hearing, that the acceptance or rejection was not solicited or procured in good faith. A "Yes" vote will indicate your acceptance of the Plan, while a "No" vote will indicate your rejection of the Plan. The Proponent urges all parties-in-interest entitled to vote on the Plan to vote "Yes" to accept the Plan.

Some creditors may hold Impaired Claims or Interests in more than one class and must vote separately in each class. If you hold Claims or Interests in more than one class, or multiple Claims in the same class, you must cast a separate vote based on each individual Claim.

The following voting procedures (the "Voting Procedures") have been established with respect to the amount and classification of Claims and Interests, and the determination of the validity of ballots submitted, for voting purposes:

- 1. Unless otherwise provided in the Tabulation Rules (described below), a Claim will be deemed temporarily allowed for voting purposes in an amount equal to (a) if a proof of Claim has not been timely filed, the amount of such Claim as set forth in the Schedules or (b) the amount of such Claim as set forth in a timely filed proof of Claim.
- 2. If a Claim is deemed Allowed in accordance with the Plan, such Claim will be temporarily allowed for voting purposes in the deemed Allowed amount set forth in the Plan.
- 3. If a Claim for which a proof of Claim has been timely filed is marked in whole or in part in the Schedules as contingent, unliquidated, and/or disputed, such portion of the Claim that is marked as contingent, unliquidated, or disputed will be temporarily allowed for voting purposes

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- If a Claim has been estimated or otherwise allowed for voting purposes by order of 4. the Court, such Claim will be temporarily allowed for voting purposes in the amount so estimated or allowed by the Court.
- 5. If a Creditor casts more than one ballot voting the same Claim before the Voting Deadline, the last dated Ballot received before the Voting Deadline will be deemed to reflect the voter's intent and thus will supersede any prior Ballots.
- 6. Creditors will be required to vote all of their Claims within a particular class under the Plan either to accept or reject the Plan and may not split their vote. A ballot (or a group of ballots within a class received from a single creditor) that partially rejects and partially accepts the Plan will not be counted.

In addition, the following tabulation rules (the "Tabulation Rules") will be used for the tabulation of Ballots:

- 1. If a holder of a Claim identifies a claim amount on its ballot that is less than the amount otherwise calculated in accordance with these Tabulation Rules, the Voting Procedures, and/or the Schedules, the Claim will be temporarily allowed for voting purposes in the lesser amount identified on such ballot.
- 2. Ballots that are otherwise validly executed but do not indicate either acceptance or rejection of the Plan will not be counted.
  - 3. The Proponent will not accept ballots by e-mail or facsimile transmission.
- 4. Only ballots that are timely received with signatures will be counted. Unsigned ballots will not be counted.
- 5. Ballots postmarked prior to the Voting Deadline, but received after the Voting Deadline, will not be counted.
- 6. Ballots that are illegible, or contain insufficient information to permit the identification of the creditor, will not be counted.
  - 7. If a creditor simultaneously casts inconsistent duplicate ballots with respect to the

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8. Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, questions as to the validity, form, eligibility (including time of receipt), acceptance, and revocation or withdrawal of ballots shall be determined by the Proponent, which determination shall be final and binding.

IN ORDER TO BE COUNTED, EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT THE PROPONENT SO DETERMINES OR AS PERMITTED BY THE BANKRUPTCY COURT PURSUANT TO FEDERAL RULE OF BANKRUPTCY PROCEDURE 3018, BALLOTS MUST BE SIGNED AND RETURNED SO THAT THEY ARE ACTUALLY RECEIVED NO LATER THAN 5:00 P.M. (PREVAILING CALIFORNIA TIME) ON AUGUST \_\_\_, 2017, AT THE FOLLOWING ADDRESS:

# Christopher H. Hart **NUTI HART LLP** 411 30th Street, Suite 408 Oakland, CA 94609-3311 510-506-7154

Please follow the directions contained on the ballot carefully. As mentioned above, if your ballot is not signed and returned as described, it will not be counted. If your ballot is damaged or lost, or if you do not receive a ballot, you may request a replacement by addressing a written request to the foregoing counsel for the Proponent at the address set forth above or by emailing Proponent's counsel at: chart@nutihart.com.

The process of soliciting acceptance of the Plan must be fair and open without outside influence in the form of representations, inducements, or duress of any kind. To the extent that you believe solicitation of your vote from any party is being sought outside of the judiciallyapproved and statutorily-defined disclosure requirements and Voting Procedures, please contact Proponent's counsel.

# ARICLE XV - CERTAIN FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

(i)Tax Consequences to Debtor

With respect to the tax consequences of the Plan to the Debtor, Proponent does not expect confirmation of the Plan to have a material impact. The Plan does not seek to avoid payment of

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any valid claims, and therefore, the Plan will not affect Debtor's net operating loss carry forwards, which will remain available to offset any post-bankruptcy income.

# (ii) Potential Tax Consequences to Creditors

A few generalizations can be made as to the basic tax consequences, although none of the following statements can be treated as advice on the tax treatment to a specific creditor.

The Plan contemplates repayment in full to all holders of unclassified, priority "allowed" claims, and the Architect Claim. Therefore, Proponent is not of the view that any holder of these types of claims would be permitted to deduct the amount owed by the Debtor from the creditor's gross income on the basis that it constitutes an uncollectable debt.

The Plan contemplates less than full payment to other Classes. The extent to which a creditor must recognize loss on repayment of principal amounts owed by the Debtor depends upon the creditor's tax basis in the debt and overall financial situation. For example, if a creditor provided credit of \$10,000 to the Debtor and had a tax basis of \$10,000 in the credit advanced, repayment of 25% the principal amount would trigger a 75% loss. In general, such a loss may be credited against income. Each Holder of an Allowed Claim is urged, however, to consult its own tax advisors as to the consequences and treatment of any such loss.

## (iii) Potential Tax Consequences to Equity Holders

The Plan provides for the elimination Interests and no payment on account of Equity Holder's investment in the Debtor. As a general matter, amounts invested may be considered an investment loss. Each Interest Holder is urged to consult its own tax advisors as to the consequences and treatment of the investment loss.

The foregoing discussion is intended to give general information, but each creditor and equity holder must be advised that the tax consequences of the Plan will vary based on the individual circumstances of each holder of a Claim. Accordingly, each creditor is strongly urged to consult with its own tax advisor regarding the federal, state, local and foreign tax consequences of the Plan.

# ARTICLE XVI - ABSOLUTE PRIORITY RULE AND CRAM DOWN

The Proponent has crafted the Plan to follow the Bankruptcy Code Distribution Priorities.
As such, the Proponent believes that the Plan does not violate the "absolute priority rule" and if a
Class of Creditors does not vote to accept the Plan, it may be "crammed down" and confirmed
notwithstanding such rejection.

# ARTICLE XVII - CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATION

Northlight is not soliciting ballots at this time. This language is included to reflect the language to be used if the Disclosure Statement is approved.] The Proponent believes that confirmation of the Plan, by providing for a maximum return to Creditors. The Proponents therefore urges you to vote "Yes" to accept the Plan.

Date: August 7, 2017

# **NUTI HART LLP**

/s/ Christopher H. Hart Christopher H. Hart (CA SBN 184117) (By Pro Hac Vice) 411 30<sup>th</sup> Street, Suite 408 Oakland, CA 94609

Attorneys for Northlight Capital Partners, LLC

**Date: August 7, 2017** 

# **MUSHKIN•CICA•COPPEDGE**

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