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UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEVADA

In re:) Lead Case No. 18-10792-LEB
)
Lucky Dragon Hotel & Casino, LLC,) Joint Administration with:
) Case No.: 18-10850-LEB
Debtor,)
) Chapter 11
In re:)
) Confirmation Hearing Dates and Times:
Lucky Dragon, LP,)
) September 13, 2018, at 1:30 p.m.; and
Debtor.) September 14, 2018, at 9:30 a.m.
)

SECOND AMENDED DISCLOSURE STATEMENT FOR THE CHAPTER 11 PLAN OF REORGANIZATION OF LUCKY DRAGON HOTEL & CASINO, LLC AND LUCKY DRAGON, LP UNDER CHAPTER 11 OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE

THE VOTING DEADLINE IS 5:00 P.M. PREVAILING PACIFIC TIME ON AUGUST 31, 2018 (UNLESS THE DEBTORS EXTEND THE VOTING DEADLINE).

TO BE COUNTED AS A VOTE TO ACCEPT OR REJECT THE PLAN, THE DEBTORS' NOTICE AND CLAIMS AGENT, PRIME CLERK, LLC, 830 THIRD AVENUE, 3RD FLOOR, NEW YORK, NEW YORK, 10022, MUST ACTUALLY RECEIVE YOUR BALLOT ON OR BEFORE THE VOTING DEADLINE.

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT, THE PLAN AND ANY EXHIBITS ATTACHED HERETO IS <u>HIGHLY SPECULATIVE</u>, AND SUCH DOCUMENTS SHOULD NOT BE RELIED UPON IN MAKING INVESTMENT DECISIONS WITH RESPECT TO THE DEBTORS OR ANY OTHER ENTITIES THAT MAY BE AFFECTED BY THIS CHAPTER 11 CASE.

PRESERVATION OF AVOIDANCE ACTIONS UNDER THE PLAN:

IN REVIEWING THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND THE PLAN, AND IN DETERMINING WHETHER TO VOTE IN FAVOR OF OR AGAINST THE PLAN, CREDITORS AND INTEREST HOLDERS (INCLUDING PARTIES THAT RECEIVED PAYMENTS FROM THE DEBTORS WITHIN NINETY (90) DAYS PRIOR TO THE PETITION DATE) SHOULD CONSIDER THAT A CAUSE OF ACTION MAY EXIST AGAINST THEM, THAT THE PLAN PRESERVES ALL CAUSES OF ACTION AND THAT THE PLAN AUTHORIZES THE REORGANIZED DEBTORS OR THE LIQUIDATION TRUSTEE TO PROSECUTE THE SAME.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR YOU TO READ

THE DEBTORS ARE PROVIDING THE INFORMATION IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT FOR THE PLAN OF REORGANIZATION OF LUCKY DRAGON HOTEL & CASINO, LLC AND LUCKY DRAGON, LP UNDER CHAPTER 11 OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE TO HOLDERS OF CLAIMS ENTITLED TO VOTE ON THE PLAN FOR THE PURPOSE OF SOLICITING VOTES TO ACCEPT THE PLAN. NOTHING IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT MAY BE RELIED UPON OR USED BY ANY ENTITY FOR ANY OTHER PURPOSE.

THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT WAS NOT FILED WITH THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR ANY STATE AUTHORITY AND NEITHER THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION NOR ANY STATE AUTHORITY HAVE PASSED UPON THE ACCURACY OR ADEOUACY OF THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT OR UPON THE MERITS OF THE PLAN.

THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT CONTAINS "FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS" WITHIN THE MEANING OF THE PRIVATE SECURITIES LITIGATION REFORM ACT OF 1995. SUCH STATEMENTS CONSIST OF ANY STATEMENT OTHER THAN A RECITATION OF HISTORICAL FACT AND CAN BE IDENTIFIED BY THE USE OF FORWARD LOOKING TERMINOLOGY SUCH AS "MAY," "EXPECT," "ANTICIPATE," "ESTIMATE" OR "CONTINUE" OR THE NEGATIVE THEREOF OR OTHER VARIATIONS THEREON OR COMPARABLE TERMINOLOGY. THE READER IS CAUTIONED THAT ALL FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS ARE NECESSARILY SPECULATIVE AND THERE ARE CERTAIN RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES THAT COULD CAUSE ACTUAL EVENTS OR RESULTS TO DIFFER MATERIALLY FROM THOSE REFERRED TO IN SUCH FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS. THE LIQUIDATION ANALYSIS, DISTRIBUTION PROJECTIONS AND OTHER INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN AND ATTACHED HERETO ARE ESTIMATES ONLY, AND THE TIMING AND AMOUNT OF ACTUAL DISTRIBUTIONS TO HOLDERS OF ALLOWED CLAIMS MAY BE AFFECTED BY MANY FACTORS THAT CANNOT BE PREDICTED. THEREFORE, ANY ANALYSES, ESTIMATES OR RECOVERY PROJECTIONS MAY OR MAY NOT TURN OUT TO BE ACCURATE.

THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT HAS BEEN PREPARED PURSUANT TO SECTION 1125 OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE AND BANKRUPTCY RULE 3016(B) AND IS NOT NECESSARILY IN ACCORDANCE WITH FEDERAL OR STATE SECURITIES LAWS OR OTHER SIMILAR LAWS. THE SECURITIES DESCRIBED HEREIN WILL BE ISSUED TO CREDITORS WITHOUT REGISTRATION UNDER THE UNITED STATES SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE "SECURITIES ACT"), OR ANY SIMILAR FEDERAL, STATE OR LOCAL LAW, AND WILL INSTEAD RELY UPON THE EXEMPTIONS SET FORTH IN SECTION 1145 OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT PERMITTED AND APPLICABLE. THE DEBTORS RECOMMEND THAT POTENTIAL RECIPIENTS OF ANY SECURITIES PURSUANT TO THE PLAN CONSULT THEIR OWN LEGAL COUNSEL CONCERNING THE SECURITIES LAWS GOVERNING THE TRANSFERABILITY OF ANY SUCH SECURITIES.

NO LEGAL OR TAX ADVICE IS PROVIDED TO YOU BY THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT. THE DEBTORS URGE EACH HOLDER OF A CLAIM OR AN EQUITY INTEREST TO CONSULT WITH ITS OWN ADVISORS WITH RESPECT TO ANY LEGAL, FINANCIAL, SECURITIES, TAX OR BUSINESS ADVICE IN REVIEWING THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT, THE PLAN AND EACH OF THE PROPOSED TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED THEREBY. FURTHERMORE, THE BANKRUPTCY COURT'S APPROVAL OF THE ADEQUACY OF DISCLOSURE CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT DOES NOT CONSTITUTE THE BANKRUPTCY COURT'S APPROVAL OF THE MERITS OF THE PLAN.

IT IS THE DEBTORS' POSITION THAT THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT DOES NOT CONSTITUTE, AND MAY NOT BE CONSTRUED AS, AN ADMISSION OF FACT, LIABILITY, STIPULATION OR WAIVER. RATHER, HOLDERS OF CLAIMS AND EQUITY INTERESTS AND OTHER ENTITIES SHOULD CONSTRUE THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AS A STATEMENT MADE IN SETTLEMENT NEGOTIATIONS RELATED TO CONTESTED MATTERS, ADVERSARY PROCEEDINGS AND OTHER PENDING OR THREATENED LITIGATION OR ACTIONS.

NO RELIANCE SHOULD BE PLACED ON THE FACT THAT A PARTICULAR LITIGATION CLAIM OR PROJECTED OBJECTION TO A PARTICULAR CLAIM IS, OR IS NOT, IDENTIFIED IN THE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT. THE DEBTORS, THE REORGANIZED DEBTORS OR THE LIQUIDATION TRUSTEE MAY SEEK TO INVESTIGATE, FILE AND PROSECUTE CLAIMS AND MAY OBJECT TO CLAIMS AFTER THE CONFIRMATION OR EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE PLAN IRRESPECTIVE OF WHETHER THE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IDENTIFIES ANY SUCH CLAIMS OR OBJECTIONS TO CLAIMS.

THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT CONTAINS, AMONG OTHER THINGS, SUMMARIES OF THE PLAN, CERTAIN STATUTORY PROVISIONS, CERTAIN EVENTS IN THE DEBTORS' CHAPTER 11 CASE AND CERTAIN DOCUMENTS RELATED TO THE PLAN THAT ARE ATTACHED HERETO AND INCORPORATED HEREIN BY REFERENCE. ALTHOUGH THE DEBTORS BELIEVE THAT THESE SUMMARIES ARE FAIR AND ACCURATE, THESE SUMMARIES ARE QUALIFIED IN THEIR ENTIRETY TO THE EXTENT THAT THE SUMMARIES DO NOT SET FORTH THE ENTIRE TEXT OF SUCH DOCUMENTS OR STATUTORY PROVISIONS OR EVERY DETAIL OF SUCH EVENTS. IN THE EVENT OF ANY INCONSISTENCY OR DISCREPANCY BETWEEN A DESCRIPTION IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND THE TERMS AND PROVISIONS OF THE PLAN OR ANY OTHER DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED HEREIN BY REFERENCE, THE PLAN OR SUCH OTHER DOCUMENTS WILL GOVERN FOR ALL PURPOSES. EXCEPT WHERE OTHERWISE SPECIFICALLY NOTED, FACTUAL INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT HAS BEEN PROVIDED BY THE DEBTORS' MANAGEMENT. THE DEBTORS DO NOT REPRESENT OR WARRANT THAT THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN OR ATTACHED HERETO IS WITHOUT ANY MATERIAL INACCURACY OR OMISSION.

THE DEBTORS' MANAGEMENT HAS REVIEWED THE FINANCIAL INFORMATION PROVIDED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT. ALTHOUGH THE DEBTORS HAVE USED THEIR REASONABLE

BUSINESS JUDGMENT TO ENSURE THE ACCURACY OF THIS FINANCIAL INFORMATION, THE FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONTAINED IN, OR INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE INTO, THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT HAS NOT BEEN AUDITED.

THE DEBTORS ARE GENERALLY MAKING THE STATEMENTS AND PROVIDING THE FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AS OF THE DATE HEREOF WHERE FEASIBLE, UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFICALLY NOTED. ALTHOUGH THE DEBTORS MAY SUBSEQUENTLY UPDATE THE INFORMATION IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT, THE DEBTORS HAVE NO AFFIRMATIVE DUTY TO DO SO. HOLDERS OF CLAIMS REVIEWING THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT SHOULD NOT INFER THAT, AT THE TIME OF THEIR REVIEW, THE FACTS SET FORTH HEREIN HAVE NOT CHANGED SINCE THE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT WAS FILED. THE DEBTORS HAVE NOT AUTHORIZED ANY ENTITY TO GIVE ANY INFORMATION ABOUT OR CONCERNING THE PLAN OTHER THAN THAT WHICH IS CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT. THE DEBTORS HAVE NOT AUTHORIZED ANY REPRESENTATIONS CONCERNING THE DEBTORS OR THE VALUE OF THEIR PROPERTY OTHER THAN AS SET FORTH IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT.

HOLDERS OF CLAIMS ENTITLED TO VOTE TO ACCEPT OR REJECT THE PLAN MUST RELY ON THEIR OWN EVALUATION OF THE DEBTORS AND THEIR OWN ANALYSIS OF THE TERMS OF THE PLAN IN DECIDING WHETHER TO VOTE TO ACCEPT OR REJECT THE PLAN. IMPORTANTLY, PRIOR TO DECIDING WHETHER AND HOW TO VOTE ON THE PLAN, EACH HOLDER OF A CLAIM IN A VOTING CLASS SHOULD CONSIDER CAREFULLY ALL OF THE INFORMATION IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND ANY EXHIBITS HERETO, INCLUDING THE RISK FACTORS DESCRIBED IN GREATER DETAIL IN SECTION V HEREIN, "PLAN RELATED RISK FACTORS."

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I. PLAN SUMMARY

The Debtors Second Amended Plan proposes to sell the Debtors' Property and Assets, as more fully described in Section IV.D.3 below. The Debtors are currently finalizing the terms of the Auction and their proposed Stalking Horse Bidder. As of the date hereof, the sale of Debtors' Property may total \$53,000,000. If this were the winning bid at the Auction, there would be insufficient funds to pay general unsecured creditors, and may be insufficient to pay all secured claims and administrative expenses. The Debtors anticipate the Auction will generate sufficient interest and there will be a vibrant sale process, which in turn will generate additional funds to pay creditors up to the full amount of their Allowed Claims. If there are sufficient funds generated to pay all creditors in full, the Debtors will remain in control of their estates post-confirmation and will administer any remaining assets. If there are not sufficient funds generated to pay all Allowed Claims in full, the Debtors' remaining Assets, including the Causes of Action, will be transferred to the Liquidation Trust, as more fully defined and explained in Section IV.I.2.c.

The following are relevant dates for the Second Amended Plan:

- August 22, 2018: Close of the due diligence period for any interested purchasers;
- August 22, 2018: The deadline for the Debtors' to select the Stalking Horse Bidder;
- August 31, 2018: Deadline for objections to the Second Amended Plan;
- August 31, 2018: Deadline for votes to be received by Prime Clerk (by paper ballot, facsimile, or email with copy to Debtors' counsel);
- September 3, 2018: Deadline to submit bids in advance of the Auction;
- September 7, 2018: Debtors' deadline to file a reply in support of the Second Amended Plan;
- September 10, 2018: Auction of the Property at the Debtors' Counsel's offices;
- September 13, 2018, at 1:30 p.m.: Confirmation Hearing; and
- September 14, 2018, at 9:30 a.m.: Confirmation Hearing continues if necessary.

II. BACKGROUND TO THIS CHAPTER 11 CASE

A. THE DEBTORS' HISTORY¹

The relevant background to this jointly-administered Chapter 11 Case and the Debtors' history is provided in connection with: (i) the Resort; (ii) the Debtors' Corporate Structures; (iii) the Debtors' Largest Creditor; and (iv) the Debtors' Plans Going Forward.

i. THE RESORT

The Lucky Dragon Hotel & Casino is the first casino resort in Las Vegas designed from the ground up to create an authentic Asian cultural and gaming experience. Opened in November 2016 at a cost of approximately \$165 million, the casino property originally started with: (i) a 27,500 square foot, two-level casino; (ii) 37 gaming tables and 287 slot machines; (iii) 203 hotel rooms, including 15 suites and a penthouse; (iv) 4 Asian inspired restaurants; (v) 3 bars and lounges; (vi) 407-space parking garage; (vii) outdoor infinity pool with cabanas; and (viii) a first class spa including 4 therapy rooms and 6 reflexology stations (collectively, the "Resort"). Currently, the enterprise employs 87 people and is primarily operating only the hotel and limited food and beverage service; however, when fully operating, it is projected the Resort will employ 475 people.

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All capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings set forth in Article X herein, titled "Glossary of Key Terms." To the extent that a definition of a term in the text of this Disclosure Statement and the definition of such term in the "Glossary of Key Terms" is inconsistent, the definition in the "Glossary of Key Terms" shall control.

The Resort anticipates that once its operation is stabilized, it will be profitable by capitalizing on the underserved Asian gaming community and customers, as well as the growth of the local market on the North Strip. The Debtors' initial core customers consisted of the local Las Vegas Asian and non-Asian market, the regional Asian population, including Los Angeles and San Francisco, and the International Asian visitor, including travelers from Mainland China, Taiwan and Canada. Indeed, nearly 5 million Asian Americans live in California alone, and 200,000 more live in Las Vegas. The Debtors anticipate that with a proper marketing budget and the sufficient stabilization of its operations, coupled with the growth of and development of the North Strip corridor the Resort will flourish, particularly in the local Las Vegas market.

ii. THE DEBTORS' CORPORATE STRUCTURES

The Lucky Dragon Hotel and Casino primarily consists of 2 entities: (a) Lucky Dragon Hotel & Casino, LLC (the "LLC") and; (b) Lucky Dragon, LP (the "LP" and collectively with the LLC, the "Debtors").

a. THE LLC

The gaming, hotel and resort operations are owned and controlled by the LLC. Moreover, the LLC leases its 87 employees from the LP. The LLC is controlled by is sole Manager and 100% Member, Las Vegas Economic Impact Regional Center, LLC ("LVEIRC"). The LLC commenced its Chapter 11 case by filing a voluntary petition for relief under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code on February 16, 2018 (the "Petition Date") in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Nevada (this "Court").

b. THE LP

The LP owns the real estate and improvements at 300 West Sahara Avenue, Las Vegas, Nevada (the "**Property**"), and employs 60 full time, 7 part-time people, and 20 employees who are on-call. The LP's sole general partner is the LVEIRC. The LP commenced its Chapter 11 case by filing a voluntary petition for relief under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code on February 21, 2018 in the Court. The Debtors' cases are being jointly administered under Case No. 18-10792-LEB.

The capital structure between the companies includes approximately 179 individuals who invested \$500,000 each, or \$89,500,000 in the LP (collectively, the "**EB-5 Investors**"), through the Immigrant Investor Program, or what is commonly referred to as EB-5 investments. In addition, each of the EB-5 Investors paid an administrative fee of \$50,000.00 to LVEIRC in connection with the EB-5 visa program.

An EB-5 visa is an opportunity for qualified foreign investors to obtain a Green Card for themselves or their families through the Immigrant Investor Program, which was established by Congress in 1992. The EB-5 program authorized the U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services ("USCIS") to grant Green Cards to foreign investors who help create or save jobs for U.S. citizens. In this case, the enterprise qualified for the EB-5 program, however, obtaining Nevada-issued, non-restricted gaming licenses⁴ for each of the 179 EB-5 Investors presented a

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² Indeed, the Resort's casino floor is table-game focused and 68% of such tables are designated for Baccarat.

Experts predict several forthcoming North Strip developments will increase foot traffic and exposure to The Lucky Dragon: (a) Genting Group is slated to open a \$4 billion dollar project, Resorts World, in 2020; (b) Wynn Paradise Park, a +/- \$2 billion dollar project; (c) The Drew, another \$2 billion project, f/k/a Fountainebleau, was recently purchased and is estimated to open in 2020; (d) the Las Vegas Convention Center has plans for a \$1.5 billion renovation and expansion of its existing facilities; (e)Wynn West, an estimated \$2 billion dollar project envisioned for the lot across from Wynn and Encore; (f) the SLS Las Vegas was recently purchased by a group who is planning to complete approximately \$100 million dollars in renovations; (g) the Stratosphere, also recently purchased, is scheduled to receive an estimated \$140 million dollars in renovations; and (h) The Palace Station's \$191 million dollar renovation project is already underway.

A non-restricted gaming license permits the operation of any gaming other than 15 or less slot machines.

significant obstacle.⁵ Therefore, the LP, which does not require a gaming license,⁶ holds the EB investments and the LLC holds the gaming license. Importantly, however, the Debtor understands through conversations with counsel for the EB-5 Investors that maintaining an ownership role in the LP could be helpful for the EB-5 Investors to satisfy their EB-5 mandates.⁷

As of the date hereof, at least 1 of the EB-5 Investors received approval from USCIS. As such, the Debtors understand there may have been sufficient jobs created throughout the life of the project such that the EB-5 Investors can receive immigration approval from the USCIS, regardless of the outcome of these Chapter 11 Cases, however, an investigation of that process and the outcome of each EB-5 investor's permanent residency status is ongoing.

Finally, the Debtors anticipate that litigation may ensue by the EB-5 Investors against the principals, LVEIRC and/or SCC as a result of pre-petition conduct that is expressly set forth in the EB-5 Investors' proofs of claims on file in the Debtors' Chapter 11 cases. See Proof of Claim No. 55-1 in Case No. 18-10792-LEB, and Proof of Claim No. 24 in Case No. 18-10850-LEB.

iii. THE DEBTORS' LARGEST CREDITOR

In addition, the enterprise is encumbered by two (2) loans from Snow Covered Capital, LLC ("**Snow Covered**"), including an initial \$30,000,000 construction loan facility, as well as a \$15,000,000 revolving loan (collectively, the "**Snow Covered Loans**"). The Snow Covered Loans, in turn, are secured by a deed of trust dated May 3, 2016, and recorded against the Property. The Debtors recently began discovery with respect to the Snow Covered Loans and the Claims underlying the debt.

On September 1, 2017, Snow Covered recorded a Notice of Default with the Clark County Recorder, starting the foreclosure process with respect to the Property. In order to reorganize, preserve jobs, facilitate the orderly payoff of Snow Covered, and the goodwill of the Resort, the Debtors filed their Chapter 11 cases. Looking forward, the Debtors anticipate a sale which will pay Snow Covered in full (or an amount the Court approves if the parties do not otherwise agree), provide fresh capital, and reenergize the Resort, such that it can become profitable and expand into full operation as quickly as possible.

iv. THE DEBTORS' PLANS GOING FORWARD

In order to facilitate its quick emergence from bankruptcy, the Debtors retained Innovation Capital, LLC ("Innovation"), as its financial advisor. The Debtors, through Innovation, continue to market the Property and the Resort to interested parties, many of whom expressed interest in the assets and in amounts that would pay Snow Covered in full (or an amount the Court approves if the parties do not otherwise agree). Indeed, as of the date hereof, Innovation contacted 296 parties in connection with the marketing of the Debtors' assets, facilitated the execution of 26 non-disclosure agreements for parties interested in a purchase or transaction with the Debtors to review the relevant information necessary for interested parties to formulate an offer. In addition, 8 parties expressed interest in the Debtors and their assets, and are currently negotiating a non-disclosure agreement.

On Monday, July 9, 2018, the Debtors executed a Letter of Intent with a joint venture between DeBartolo Development, LLC and Achieved Management, LLC (collectively, the "**Buyer**"), for a bid price of \$53,000,000 (the

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Obtaining a non-restricted gaming license in Nevada involves undergoing one of the most rigorous investigation processes in the county.

NRS 463.585 simply requires holding and/or intermediary companies to <u>register</u> with the Nevada Gaming Commission.

Neither the Debtors nor their attorneys are qualified immigration counsel and provide no legal opinions or advice regarding the immigration issues surrounding the EB-5 Investors. The Debtors' disclosures regarding the same are simply for information purposes only regarding the Debtors' understanding of the immigration issues surrounding the EB-5 Investors.

"DeBartolo LOI"). The Buyer proposes to act as the Debtors' stalking horse bidder at the Auction (as defined below). The DeBartolo LOI proposes to pay \$49,000,000 to Snow Covered, \$2,000,000 for the costs to assume certain of the Debtors' executory contracts, and \$2,000,000 for the Chapter 11 administrative costs of confirmation and the Chapter 11 Cases. In the event the Buyer's costs to assume executory contracts is less than \$2,000,000, such excess funds may also be used to pay the administrative costs and expenses of the Chapter 11 cases in accordance with the Plan. The Debtors are now negotiating the definitive purchase agreement with the Buyer and intend to present the same in accordance with the Auction.

As of the date hereof, Snow Covered has not indicated whether it intends consent or object to terms set forth in the DeBartolo LOI.

The Debtors are negotiating with other prospective purchasers who may also seek be the stalking horse bidder at the Auction. As of the date of this Disclosure Statement, however, the Debtors anticipate the DeBartolo LOI will lead to a definitive contract, which in turn will lead to the Buyer acting as the stalking horse buyer at the Auction.

In the event the Auction does not produce a sale that pays the Allowed Claims of creditors in full, the Plan provides for the Debtors' remaining Assets and Causes of Action to be transferred to the Liquidation Trust. The Debtors anticipate such assets will include unpaid accounts receivable, including markers, potential litigation claims, and any Assets not purchased through the Auction. The Liquidation Trust, in turn, will be empowered to liquidate the Debtors' remaining Assets, litigate the Causes of Action to the extent it deems appropriate, and pay Allowed Unsecured Claims in accordance with the Plan. In the event Allowed Claims are paid in full as a result of the Auction, all remaining Assets and Causes of Action will re-vest in the Reorganized Debtors.

Importantly, through consummation of the Plan, ⁸ the Debtors anticipate facilitating a reorganization strategy that not only protects Snow Covered's secured claims, but provides unsecured creditors an opportunity to recover for their claims, and gives EB-5 Investors an opportunity to preserve their investments, to the extent each are possible. Accordingly, the Debtors believe confirmation and consummation of the Plan is the best opportunity for all interested parties to preserve and maximize the value of the Property and the Resort.

If confirmed and consummated, the Plan will eliminate millions of dollars of debt from the Debtors' balance sheets and allow a new party to purchase the Property and assume control of the operations at the Resort.

Finally, the Debtors believe that the classification and treatment of parties contemplated by the Plan maximize stakeholder recoveries and preserves the possibility of ongoing operations of the Resort for the benefit of numerous parties-in-interest in this jointly-administered Chapter 11 Case. Accordingly, the Debtors now seek the Court's approval of the Plan. Before soliciting acceptances of a proposed plan of reorganization, however, section 1125 of the Bankruptcy Code requires a debtor to prepare a disclosure statement containing information of a kind, and in sufficient detail, to enable a hypothetical reasonable investor to make an informed judgment regarding acceptance of a chapter 11 plan. The Debtors submit this Disclosure Statement is in accordance with such requirements. This Disclosure Statement includes information about:

- the Debtors' corporate history and corporate structure, business operations, and prepetition capital structure and indebtedness (Section I.A hereof);
- events leading to the Chapter 11 Case (Section I.B hereof);
- material events in the Chapter 11 Case (Section II hereof);
- certain risk factors Holders of Claims and Interests should consider before voting to accept or reject the Plan and information regarding alternatives to Confirmation of the Plan (Section V hereof);
- the classification and treatment of Claims and Interests under the Plan, including who is entitled to vote and how to vote on the Plan (Section III hereof);

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⁸ As used herein, "Plan" means the Debtors' Joint Plan of Reorganization Pursuant to Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code, a copy of which is attached as Exhibit A to this Disclosure Statement and incorporated herein by reference, as it may be altered, amended, modified, or supplemented from time to time in accordance with the terms of thereof, and including all exhibits thereto.

- releases contemplated by the Plan that are integral to the overall settlement of Claims and Interests pursuant to the Plan (Section II.F hereof);
- the statutory requirements for confirming the Plan (Section IV.C hereof);
- certain securities law matters (Section V.D hereof); and
- certain United States federal income tax consequences of the Plan (Section VIII hereof).

In light of the foregoing, the Debtors believe this Disclosure Statement contains "adequate information" to enable a hypothetical reasonable investor to make an informed judgment about the Plan and complies with all aspects of section 1125 of the Bankruptcy Code. The LLC's sole member, and the LP's general partner, LVERIC, approves of the Plan and the treatment contemplated therein and believes the Plan is in the best interests of the Debtors' Estates. As such, the Debtors' recommend that all Holders entitled to vote accept the Plan by returning their Ballots and Master Ballots, as applicable, so that Prime Clerk LLC, the Debtors' Notice and Claims Agent (the "Notice and Claims Agent"), actually receives such Ballots or Master Ballots by the Voting Deadline. Assuming the Plan receives the requisite acceptances, the Debtors will seek the Court's approval of the Plan at the Confirmation Hearing.

A. EVENTS LEADING TO THE CHAPTER 11 FILING

Due to the aforementioned problems and the pending foreclosure, on February 16, 2018, (the "**Petition Date**"), the LLC filed its voluntary petition for relief under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code. Five (5) days later, on February 21, 2018, the LP filed its voluntary petition for relief under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code. The Chapter 11 case of the LLC and the Chapter 11 case of the LP shall be collectively referred to as the "**Chapter 11 Cases**".

III. EVENTS DURING THE CHAPTER 11 CASES

A. FIRST DAY MOTIONS AND CERTAIN RELATED RELIEF

On or around the Petition Date, in addition to filing its voluntary petition for relief, the Debtors also filed various motions (collectively, the "**First Day Motions**") with the Bankruptcy Court. The Bankruptcy Court entered several orders to, among other things, (i) prevent interruptions to the maintenance of the Debtors' property, (ii) ease the strain on the Debtors' relationships with certain essential constituents, such as utility providers, and (iii) allow the Debtors to retain bankruptcy counsel to assist it with the administration of the Chapter 11 Case (each, a "**First Day Order**").

1. Employment and Compensation of Schwartz Flansburg, PLLC

To assist the Debtors in carrying out their duties and to avoid certain conflicts of interest with the Bankruptcy Case, on April 2, 2018, the Bankruptcy Court entered an interim order authorizing the Debtors to retain and employ Schwartz Flansburg, PLLC ("SF") as the Debtors' general bankruptcy counsel. On May 14, 2018, the Bankruptcy Court approved the Debtors' retention of SF on a final basis.

2. Authorization for Use of Cash Collateral

In order to allow the Debtors to use their cash, including any cash collateral of Snow Covered, the Debtors filed motions for authority to use cash collateral. On March 1, 2018, the Bankruptcy Court entered an interim order approving the Debtors' use of cash collateral, and on April 10, 2018, the Bankruptcy Court entered a final order approving the use of cash collateral through May 31, 2018.

On May 10, 2018, the Debtors filed a second motion for use of cash collateral, which hearing is set for May 29, 2018, at 9:30 a.m.

3. Appointment of the Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors

On March 8, 2018, the United States Trustee appointed an Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors (the "OUCC"), with Aristocrat Technologies, Inc. and Gaming Partners International USA as members of the OUCC.

4. Retention of Additional Professionals

To assist the Debtors in their duties as debtors in possession, and to proceed through a thoughtful marketing and auction of the Debtors' Property, the Debtors retained Innovation as their financial advisors in the Chapter 11 cases. On May 14, 2018, the Bankruptcy Court approved the Debtors' retention application of Innovation.

In the event of any conflict between the LLC and the LP, the LP hired and retained Dawn Cica of Mushkin Cica Coppedge ("MCC") as conflicts counsel for the LP. On May 14, 2018, the Bankruptcy Court approved the Debtors' retention application of MCC.

To assist the Debtors with any appraisal and valuation issues with respect to the Property, the Debtors hired Tio DiFederico as their appraiser. On June 19, 2018, the Bankruptcy Court approved the Debtors' retention application of Mr. DiFederico. Mr. DiFederico is currently preparing an appraisal for the Property, which should be completed shortly, after which it will be filed with the Court.

To assist the OUCC with carrying out their duties in these Chapter 11 cases, the OUCC hired (a) Levene, Neale, Binder, Yoo & Brill, L.L.P. as lead counsel, (b) Kolesar & Leatham as local Nevada counsel, (b) Sylvester & Polednak as conflicts counsel, and (d) FTI Consulting as financial advisors to the OUCC. The Bankruptcy Court approved the OUCC's retention of each of these professionals.

5. Authorization of Debtor-in-Possession Financing

In order to ensure that the Debtors have sufficient cash to pay for operating expenses and Chapter 11 administrative expenses as the Debtors proceed through a thoughtful sale process, the Debtors negotiated in good faith with LD Lender, LLC, an Illinois limited liability company, for debtor-in-possession financing loan up to \$3,000,000. The Debtors filed the application on May 10, 2018, which seeks a first priority priming lien against the Debtors' Property, and the application is set for hearing before the Bankruptcy Court on May 29, 2018, at 9:30 a.m. On June 5, 2018, the Bankruptcy Court denied the motion. In its ruling, the Bankruptcy Court found that the evidence presented during the hearing of the motion demonstrated the Property had a value between \$55,500,000 and \$60,000,000.

As a result of the denial of the Debtors' request for financing, the Debtors project they will run out of cash in July, 2018, and may have to cease operating the hotel and lay off most or all of its employees. The Debtors are in active conversations with their equity holders, including the EB-5 Investors, to obtain funding to maintain hotel operations, as well as the Property. Separately, parties may review copies of the Debtors' Monthly Operating Reports filed in the case for a review of the Debtors' operating results since the Petition Date. In addition, SCC obtained an appraisal of the Property, which can be found at Docket No. 42. Within Docket No. 42, at page 182 of 202, parties may review the Debtors' historical and consolidated 2017 income statement, as well as various other matters relating to the value of the Property and the Assets.

As of the date of this Disclosure Statement, the LLC's ownership agreed to fund the hotel's operations on a week-to-week basis, to the limited extent necessary to facilitate the orderly sale of the Property and avoid closing the hotel. During the week of July 2, 2018, the LLC's ownership provided \$40,000 of unsecured debt to shore-up operations. As of the date hereof, the terms of the financing are being finalized, but it is anticipated the loans will be unsecured, administrative expenses of the LLC's estate.

B. OTHER EVENTS DURING THE CHAPTER 11 CASE

In addition to the above events, on March 19, 2018, Snow Covered filed a motion for relief from the automatic stay to proceed with its foreclosure against the Debtors' Property. The motion was opposed by the Debtors, the OUCC, and several EB-5 Investors. On April 26, 2018, the Bankruptcy Court held a hearing on the motion, and continued the hearing to May 14, 2018. On May 14, 2018, the Bankruptcy Court denied the Motion without prejudice.

On June 4, 2018, the Debtors, SCC, the OUCC, PDS Gaming, LLC, and the counsel for 118 of the EB-5 Investors held a settlement conference before Chief Bankruptcy Judge Bruce Beasley. The parties convened for the

balance of the day, however, they were unable to reach an agreement on how to prosecute the Chapter 11 Cases consensually.

On June 15, 2018, SCC filed its Renewed Motion for Relief from Stay, which is presently set for hearing on July 17, 2018.

C. REORGANIZATION STRATEGY

The Debtors focused on developing and executing a reorganization strategy to: (a) maximize the value of their Estates; (b) address the factors that led to the bankruptcy filing; and (c) enable the Debtors to proceed through a thoughtful sale process to sell their Property for the highest and best value.

IV. SUMMARY OF THE PLAN OF REORGANIZATION AND TREATMENT OF CLAIMS AND EQUITY INTERESTS

THIS SECTION III IS INTENDED ONLY TO PROVIDE A SUMMARY OF THE MATERIAL TERMS OF THE PLAN AND IS QUALIFIED BY REFERENCE TO THE ENTIRE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND THE PLAN, AND SHOULD NOT BE RELIED ON FOR A COMPREHENSIVE DISCUSSION OF THE PLAN. TO THE EXTENT THERE ARE ANY INCONSISTENCIES BETWEEN THIS SECTION III AND THE PLAN, THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS SET FORTH IN THE PLAN SHALL GOVERN.

Purpose of the Plan of Reorganization

As required by the Bankruptcy Code, the Plan, a copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit A**, places Claims in separate Classes and describes the treatment each Class will receive. The Plan also states whether each Class of Claims is impaired or unimpaired. If the Plan is confirmed, your recovery will be limited to the amount provided by the Plan.

Unclassified Claims

Certain types of Claims are automatically entitled to specific treatment under the Bankruptcy Code. They are not considered impaired, and Holders of such Claims do not vote on the Plan. They may, however, object if, in such Claim Holder's view, the treatment under the Plan does not comply with that required by the Bankruptcy Code. As such, the Debtors did *not* place the following Claims in any Class:

Administrative Claims

Administrative Claims are Claims for the costs or expenses of administering the Debtors' Chapter 11 Cases which are Allowed under section 507(a)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code. Administrative Claims also include the expenses for the value of any goods or services sold to the Debtors in the ordinary course of business. The Bankruptcy Code requires that all Administrative Claims be paid on the Effective Date of the Plan, unless a particular claimant agrees to a different treatment.

Section 506(c) of the Bankruptcy Code allows a debtor in possession to surcharge a secured creditor for expenses incurred in preserving, protecting, enhancing the value of, or disposing of the secured creditor's collateral. See 11 U.S.C. § 506(c). To recover under section 506(c) of the Bankruptcy Code, the debtor in possession must make payments on account of reasonable and necessary expenses primarily to protect, preserve, enhance the value of, or dispose of collateral, which payments provide a "direct and quantifiable benefit" to the secured creditor. See In re Compton Impressions, Ltd., 217 F.3d 1256, 1262 (9th Cir. 2000) (allowing the debtor to surcharge the secured creditor for legal fees to the extent that the debtor's counsel assisted in the sale of the collateral property); In re Orfa Corp. of Philadelphia, 149 B.R. 790 (Bankr. E.D. Pa. 1993), vacated on other grounds, 1994 WL 163666 (E.D. Pa. April 26, 1994) (allowing the trustee to surcharge the secured creditor for its services to the degree that its services protected the value of the secured creditor's collateral); In re Cann & Saul Steel Co., 86 B.R. 413 (Bankr. E.D. Pa. 1988) (allowing professional fees that benefited the secured creditor to be surcharged against its collateral).

In this Chapter 11 case, the Debtors may seek to surcharge Snow Covered's collateral from the sale proceeds of the Property as the Debtor will be preserving, protecting and enhancing the value of the Property through the marketing and auction/sale process. Snow Covered, however, does not agree the Debtors or any other party has a basis upon which to seek a surcharge against its collateral.

The following chart lists the Debtors' estimated Administrative Claims, and their proposed treatment under the Plan:

TYPE	ESTIMATED AMOUNT OWED	PROPOSED TREATMENT
Expenses Arising in the Ordinary Course of Business After the Petition Date including the Debtor In Possession Financing	Current as of the date of filing of the Disclosure Statement, and approximately \$600,000.00.	Paid in full on the Effective Date of the Plan, or according to terms of the related obligation if later.
Professional Fees, as approved by the court	\$1,875,000.00	Paid in full on the Effective Date of the Plan or as approved by the Court or agreed between the Debtor and administrative claimants.
Vendor Fees	\$0.00	Paid in full on or before the Effective Date of the Plan.
U.S. Trustee Fees	\$250,000.00	Paid in full on or before the Effective Date of the Plan.
TOTAL	\$2,125,000.00	

Priority Tax Claims

Priority Tax Claims are unsecured income, employment and other taxes described by section 507(a)(8) of the Bankruptcy Code. Unless the Holder of such a section 507(a)(8) Priority Tax Claim agrees otherwise, it must receive the present value of such Claim, in regular installments paid over a period not exceeding 5 years from the Petition Date. The Debtors are current with respect to their Priority Tax Claims.

Secured Claims

Class 1 shall be the Secured Claim of the Clark County Taxing Authority, which shall be Impaired, and paid in full on the Effective Date of the Plan.

Class 2 shall be the Secured Claim of Snow Covered, which Claim shall be Impaired. The holder of the Allowed Class 2 Claim shall be Impaired, and shall receive payment of its Allowed Class 2 Claim from the Sale of the Property as set forth in Article V, Section B of the Plan on the Effective Date.

Snow Covered asserts the amount of the Class 2 claim of Snow Covered, as of the Petition Date, is \$49,632,209.91.

Snow Covered asserts, as of the Petition Date, that it is owed a total of \$49,632,209.91, plus interest, late fees and default interest. As of May 29, 2018, Snow Covered asserts that it was owed no less than \$52,621,470.12, which does not include legal fees incurred after May 11, 2018, or interest after May 29, 2018. Snow Covered asserts that its secured claim continues to increase based on the accrual of interest and legal fees and costs. Nothing herein shall be construed as a waiver to the Debtors' rights to review and/or object to Snow Covered's claims.

Class #	Description	Impairment	Treatment
Class 1	Secured Claim of the Clark County Taxing Authority	Impaired	Paid in full, on the Effective Date of the Plan, in the approximate amount of \$320,000.
Class 2	Secured Claim of Snow Covered Capital, LLC	Impaired	Paid in full (or an amount the Court approves if the parties do not otherwise agree) from the Sale of the Property as set forth in Article V, Section B of the Plan.

General Unsecured Claims

General Unsecured Claims are not secured by property of the Estate and are not entitled to priority under section 507(a) of the Bankruptcy Code.

Classes 3 through 5 shall consist of the unsecured claims against the Debtors' estates. Class 3 shall consist of general unsecured claims against the LLC only. Class 4 shall consist of general unsecured claims against the LP only. Class 5 shall consist of the unsecured claims against both the LLC and the LP. Class 6 shall consist of the unsecured claims against either the LLC or the LP that are subordinated in accordance with Section 510 of the Bankruptcy Code, by agreement between the parties, or by order of the Court.

The following chart identifies the Plan's proposed treatment of Classes Numbered 3 through 6, which contains the General Unsecured Claims against the Debtor:

Class #	Description	Impairment	Treatment
Class 3	General Unsecured Claims Against the LLC Only	Impaired	Each Holder of an Allowed Class 3 Claim shall be paid its Pro Rata share with Classes 4 and 5 of any proceeds from the sale of the Property (as set forth in Article V, Section B of the Plan) remaining after the satisfaction of Allowed Administrative Claims, Priority Tax Claims, Priority Non-Tax Claims, and Allowed Claims in Classes 1 and 2.
Class 4	General Unsecured Claims Against the LP Only	Impaired	Each Holder of an Allowed Class 4 Claim shall be paid its Pro Rata share with Classes 3 and 5 of any proceeds from the sale of the Property (as set forth in Article V, Section B of the Plan) remaining after the satisfaction of Allowed Administrative Claims, Priority Tax Claims, Priority Non- Tax Claims, and Allowed Claims in Classes 1 and 2.
Class 5	General Unsecured Claims Against Both the LLC and LP	Impaired	Except to the extent that a Holder of an Allowed Class 5 Claim has been paid by the Debtors prior to the Effective Date or agrees to alternate treatment, each Holder of an Allowed Class 5 Claim shall be paid its Pro

		Rata share with Classes 3 and 4 of any proceeds from the sale of the Property (as set forth in Article V, Section B of the Plan) remaining after the satisfaction of Allowed Administrative Claims, Priority Tax Claims, Priority Non-Tax Claims, and Allowed Claims in Classes 1 and 2.
Class 6	Subordinated Claims of Creditors, including the EB-5 Investors	Except to the extent that a Holder of an Allowed Class 6 Claim has been paid by the Debtors prior to the Effective Date or agrees to alternate treatment, each Holder of an Allowed Class 6 Claim shall be paid its Pro Rata share remaining after the satisfaction of Allowed Administrative Claims, Priority Tax Claims, Priority Non-Tax Claims, and Allowed Claims in Classes 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5.

Equity Interests of the Debtor

Equity Interest Holders are parties who hold an ownership interest (i.e., equity interest) in the Debtors and are classified here in Classes 7 and 8. In a corporation, entities holding preferred or common stock are equity interest holders. In a partnership, equity interest holders include both general and limited partners. In a limited liability company, the equity interest holders are the members. Finally, with respect to an individual who is a debtor, the debtor is the equity interest holder.

In this Chapter 11 Case, the Debtors are a limited liability company and a limited partnership, whose ownership interests are classified in Class 7 and 8, respectively. Here, the Debtors are liquidating their assets. Accordingly, it is anticipated the Equity Interests of the Debtors will be extinguished upon the sale of Property and the Resort, pursuant to the Plan and in connection with the administration and wind-up of the Chapter 11 Cases. In other words, the holders of claims and interests in Classes 7 and 8 will receive no consideration from the Auction.

Therefore, the Debtors' Equity Interests in Classes 7 and 8 are Impaired and will be deemed to reject the Plan.

D. MEANS FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PLAN

1. General Settlement of Claims

Pursuant to section 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rule 9019, in consideration for the classification, distributions, releases and other benefits provided under the Plan, and as a result of arm's-length negotiations among the Debtors and other parties in interest, upon the Effective Date, the provisions of the Plan shall constitute a good faith compromise and settlement of all Claims and Equity Interests and controversies resolved pursuant to the Plan. The Debtors submit the confirmation of the Plan also cures defaults under all prepetition contracts paid or maintained herein and in accordance with section 1124 of the Bankruptcy Code.

2. Restructuring Transactions

Prior to, on or after the Effective Date, and pursuant to the Plan, the Debtors and the Reorganized Debtors shall enter into the restructuring transactions (each, a "Restructuring Transaction"), and shall take any actions as

may be necessary or appropriate to affect the sale of its business. The Restructuring Transactions may include one or more sales, mergers, consolidations, restructurings, conversions, dissolutions, transfers or liquidations as may be determined by the Debtors or the Reorganized Debtors to be necessary or appropriate in connection with the Auction. As of the date hereof, the actions to effect the Restructuring Transactions may include:

- the execution and delivery of appropriate instruments of transfer, assignment, assumption or delegation of any asset, property, right, liability, debt or obligation on terms consistent with the terms of the Plan and having other terms for which the applicable parties agree;
- the filing of appropriate certificates or articles of formation, reformation, merger, consolidation, conversion or dissolution pursuant to applicable state law; and
- all other actions that the applicable Entities determine to be necessary or appropriate, including making filings or recordings that may be required by applicable state law in connection with the Restructuring Transactions.

The documents and agreements necessary to finalize the Debtors' ultimate Restructuring Transaction, if any, shall be set forth in the Plan Supplement.

3. Sale of the Debtors' Property

Pursuant to the Plan, the Debtors seek to sell their Property in conjunction with the Plan Confirmation process. Concurrently with the approval of the Disclosure Statement, the Court approved the Bid Procedures. As set forth in the Bid Procedures, the Debtors are extensively marketing the Property up to the bid deadline, which is September 3, 2018, and will mail notice of the Debtors' proposed auction sale and bid procedures through their marketing and restructuring advisors, Innovation Capital. A copy of the Bid Procedures is attached hereto as **Exhibit B**, and interested parties should refer to the Bid Procedures in connection with making a Qualified Bid for the Resort and/or the Property.

Interested parties shall have through August 22, 2018 (the "**Due Diligence Deadline**"), to review information related to the Debtors, the Resort or the Property, visit the Property and inspect the Resort, formulate bids, and participate at the Sale, as set forth in the Bid Procedures. The Debtors will designate an employee or other representative to coordinate all reasonable requests for additional information and due diligence access to the Resort and Property. The Debtors shall not be obligated to furnish any due diligence information after the Due Diligence Deadline. The Debtors also reserve the right not to provide due diligence information or access to any interested party that the Debtors conclude in its reasonable business judgment is not likely to become a Qualified Bidder after consultation with and consent of the OUCC.

Any person who desires to bid for the sale of the Resort and Property shall deliver a Qualifying Bid to the Debtors' counsel, SF, Innovation, and the OUCC by September 3, 2018 (the "Bid Deadline"). A bid received by the Debtors for the Property of the Debtors shall constitute a "Qualifying Bid" as described in the Bid Procedures. Snow Covered may credit bid up to the amount of its secured claim, to the full extent permitted by sections 363, 1111(b) and 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code and applicable law, as each may be applicable, provided such bid is received by the Debtors' counsel by the Bid Deadline. Snow Covered will not be required to provide a Deposit.

As set forth in the Bid Procedures, the Saleshall also serve as an auction (the "Auction"), whereby Qualified Bidders may submit subsequent bids for the purchase of the Resort and Property, provided: (i) that the initial bid at the Auction must exceed the highest and best Qualifying Bid by at least \$500,000.00, and, if there is a Stalking Horse Bidder, 5.0% of the Stalking Horse Bidder's purchase price; (ii) each subsequent bid at the Auction must exceed the previous bid by at least \$250,000.00 (the "Bidding Increment"); and (iii) any Qualifying Bidder which submits a subsequent bid at the Sale in excess of its Qualifying Bid must provide evidence that it has the financial capability to purchase the Debtors' Resort and Property at the new, higher purchase price as set forth in its subsequent bid. At the conclusion of Auction, the Bankruptcy Court shall: (i) determine which bid constitutes the

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In the event of a conflict between the Plan and the Bid Procedures set forth on **Exhibit B**, the terms of the Bid Procedures shall control.

highest and best offer and which bidder constitutes the winning bidder (respectively, the "Winning Bid" and the "Winning Bidder"); and (ii) approve the Winning Bid at the Sale.

As set forth in the Bid Procedures, promptly after the entry by the Bankruptcy Court of its order approving the sale of the Debtors' Resort and the Property, the Deposits submitted by all Qualifying Bidders (other than the bid of the Winning Bidder(s) and the Back-Up Bidder, as defined below) shall be returned to the respective Qualifying Bidders. The Deposit(s) of the Winning Bidder(s) shall be applied to the sale price set forth in the Winning Bidder's Definitive Agreement, as may be modified by the Winning Bid. If a Winning Bidder fails to consummate the purchase of the Resort and Property contemplated under its Definitive Agreement, as may be modified by the Winning Bid, and (i) such failure is the result of the Winning Bidder's breach of its Definitive Agreement, and (ii) the Debtors having met all closing conditions of the Winning Bidder's Definitive Agreement, the Deposit of such Winning Bidder shall be forfeited to the Debtors. Notwithstanding this forfeiture, the Debtors specifically reserve the right to seek all additional available damages from any defaulting Winning Bidder. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Bankruptcy Court may hear any matter in connection with the proposed sale of the Resort and Property, including, controversies relating to any bidders' due diligence and to challenge any determination made in connection therewith. In the event the Winning Bidder does not close on the Resort and Property as set forth in such Winning Bidder's Definitive Agreement, the Debtors shall pursue a sale of the Resort and Property to the next highest and best Qualifying Bidder (which shall be determined by the Court at the hearing on approval of the sale to the Winning Bidder) (the "Back-Up Bidder"). The Debtors will retain the Back-Up Bidder's Deposit until the sale to the Winning Bidder closes and the Back-up Bidder shall remain obligated to close a sale transaction with the Debtors based on the Back-Up Bidder's Definitive Agreement until the Sale to the Winning Bidder closes. Within one business day of the closing of the Sale to the Winning Bidder, the Debtors will return the Deposit to the Back-Up Bidder.

In the event that the Debtors, in consultation with Committee, determine that it is in the best interests of the estates to select one of the Qualifying Bidders (or if prior to the Bid Deadline, any bidder) to serve as the stalking horse bidder (the "Stalking Horse Bidder") for the Sale, the Debtors may file a Notice with the Court on or before August 22, 2018, notifying parties of the selection of the Stalking Horse Bidder (the "Stalking Horse Bidder Notice"). The Debtors will be authorized to provide such Stalking Horse Bidder with a break-up fee and expense reimbursement that are in the aggregate no more than five percent (5%) of the cash purchase price to be provided under the Definitive Agreement. Any party that objects to the Stalking Horse selection as set forth in the Stalking Horse Bidder Notice may file a request for a hearing on shortened notice on the Stalking Horse selection.

The Effective Date of the Plan shall not occur until the Winning Bidder or the Back-up Bidder, as applicable, closes on the Property and completes all obligations pursuant to the Definitive Purchase Agreement (as approved by the Bankruptcy Court), including payment of the purchase price to the Debtors.

The Debtors are actively involved in conversations with potential purchasers of the Property who may act as a Stalking Horse Bidder.

4. Vesting of Assets in the Reorganized Debtors or the Liquidation Trust

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, any sale of the Property or in any agreement, instrument or other document relating thereto, on or after the Effective Date, all property of the Estate (including, without limitation, Causes of Action) and any property acquired by the Debtors pursuant to the Plan, shall vest in the Reorganized Debtors or the Liquidation Trust, free and clear of all liens, Claims, charges or other encumbrances. Except as may be provided in the Plan and any sale of the Property, on and after the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtors or the Liquidation Trust may operate the businesses, if any, and may use, acquire or dispose of property and compromise or settle any Claims without supervision or approval by the Bankruptcy Court and free of any restrictions of the Bankruptcy Code or Bankruptcy Rules, other than those restrictions expressly imposed by the Plan and the Confirmation Order. Without limiting the foregoing, the Reorganized Debtors or the Liquidation Trustee shall pay the charges that they incur after the Effective Date for Retained Professionals' fees, disbursements, expenses or related support services (including reasonable fees relating to the preparation of Retained Professional fee applications) without application to the Bankruptcy Court.

5. New Equity Interests

On or immediately after the Effective Date, and to the extent necessary after the Auction, the Reorganized Debtors shall issue or reserve for issuance all securities required to be issued pursuant hereto, if any. The Reorganized Debtors shall be operated and controlled by the Distribution Agent.

The New Equity Interests issued under the Plan are issued under Section 1145 of the Bankruptcy Code and will be freely tradable, subject to any applicable restrictions of the federal and state securities laws. All of the New Equity Interests issued pursuant to the Plan shall be duly authorized, validly issued and, if applicable, fully paid and non-assessable. Each distribution and issuance referred to herein shall be governed by the terms and conditions set forth herein applicable to such distribution or issuance and by the terms and conditions of the instruments evidencing or relating to such distribution or issuance, which terms and conditions shall bind each Entity receiving such distribution or issuance.

E. TREATMENT OF EXECUTORY CONTRACTS AND UNEXPIRED LEASES

1. Assumption and Rejection of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases

(a) Assumption of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases

Subject to the Auction and the right of the Reorganized Debtors to elect to reject any Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease as to which there is an objection to the proposed cure, each Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease shall be deemed automatically assumed in accordance with the provisions and requirements of sections 365 and 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code as of the Effective Date and as set forth in the Winning Bidder's Definitive Agreement, unless any such Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease:

- has been previously rejected by the Debtors by Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court;
- has been rejected by the Debtors by order of the Bankruptcy Court as of the Effective Date, which order becomes a Final Order after the Effective Date;
- is the subject of a motion to reject pending as of the Effective Date;
- is listed on the schedule of "Rejected Contracts and Unexpired Leases" in the Plan Supplement; or
- is otherwise rejected pursuant to the Plan.

The Confirmation Order shall constitute an order of the Bankruptcy Court approving such assumptions pursuant to sections 365 and 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code as of the Effective Date. The Debtors reserve the right to amend the schedule of Rejected Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases at any time before the Effective Date.

(b) <u>Approval of Assumptions</u>

The Confirmation Order shall constitute an order of the Bankruptcy Court approving the assumptions described in the Plan pursuant to sections 365 and 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code as of the Effective Date. Any counterparty to an Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease that fails to object timely to the proposed assumption of such Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease will be deemed to have consented to such assumption.

(c) <u>Assignment of Executory Contracts or Unexpired Leases</u>

In the event of an assignment of an Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease and pursuant to the Auction, at least ten (15) Days prior to the Confirmation Hearing, the Debtors shall file with the Bankruptcy Court and serve upon counterparties to such Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases, a notice of the proposed assumption and assignment, which will: (i) list the applicable cure amount, if any; (ii) identify the party to which the Executory

Contract or Unexpired Lease will be assigned; (iii) describe the procedures for filing objections thereto; and (iv) explain the process by which related disputes will be resolved by the Bankruptcy Court. Any applicable cure amounts shall be satisfied, pursuant to section 365(b)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, by payment of the cure amount in Cash on the Effective Date or on such other terms as the parties to such Executory Contracts or Unexpired Leases may otherwise agree.

Any objection by a counterparty to an Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease to a proposed assignment or any related cure amount must be filed, served and actually received by the Debtors and its counsel at least five (5) Days prior to the Confirmation Hearing. Any counterparty to an Executory Contract and Unexpired Lease that fails to object timely to the proposed assignment or cure amount will be deemed to have consented to such assignment of its Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease. The Confirmation Order shall constitute an order of the Bankruptcy Court approving any proposed assignments of Executory Contracts or Unexpired Leases pursuant to sections 365 and 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code as of the Effective Date.

In the event of a dispute regarding (a) the amount of any cure payment, (b) the ability of any assignee to provide "adequate assurance of future performance" (within the meaning of section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code) under the Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease to be assigned or (c) any other matter pertaining to assignment, the applicable cure payments required by section 365(b)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code shall be made following the entry of a Final Order or orders resolving the dispute and approving the assignment. If an objection to assignment or cure amount is sustained by the Bankruptcy Court, the Reorganized Debtors, in its sole option, may elect to reject such Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease in lieu of assuming and assigning it.

(d) Rejection of Executory Contracts or Unexpired Leases

All Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases listed on the schedule of "Rejected Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases" in the Plan Supplement or not assumed and assigned to the Winning Bidder shall be deemed rejected as of the Effective Date. The Confirmation Order shall constitute an order of the Bankruptcy Court approving the rejections described in the Plan pursuant to sections 365 and 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code as of the Effective Date.

2. Claims on Account of the Rejection of Executory Contracts or Unexpired Leases

All proofs of Claim with respect to Claims arising from the rejection of Executory Contracts or Unexpired Leases, pursuant to the Plan or the Confirmation Order, if any, must be filed with the Bankruptcy Court within thirty (30) Days after the date of entry of an order of the Bankruptcy Court (including the Confirmation Order) approving such rejection. Any Entity that is required to file a Proof of Claim arising from the rejection of an Executory Contract or an Unexpired Lease that fails to timely do so shall be forever barred, estopped and enjoined from asserting such Claim, and such Claim shall not be enforceable, against the Debtors, the Reorganized Debtors, or their Estates and property, and the Liquidation Trust and Liquidation Trustee, and the Debtors or the Reorganized Debtors and their Estates and property, and the Liquidation Trust and the Liquidation Trustee shall be forever discharged from any and all indebtedness and liability with respect to such Claim unless otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court or as otherwise provided in the Plan.

3. Cure of Defaults for Assumed Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases

Any monetary defaults under each Executory Contract and Unexpired Lease to be assumed pursuant to the Plan shall be satisfied, pursuant to section 365(b)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, by payment of the default amount in Cash on the Effective Date or on such other terms as the parties to such Executory Contracts or Unexpired Leases may otherwise agree. At least ten (15) Days prior to the Confirmation Hearing, the Debtors shall file with the Bankruptcy Court and serve upon counterparties to such Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases, a notice of the proposed assumption, which will: (a) list the applicable cure amount, if any; (b) describe the procedures for filing objections thereto; and (c) explain the process by which related disputes will be resolved by the Bankruptcy Court.

Any objection by a counterparty to an Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease to a proposed assumption or related cure amount must be filed, served and actually received by the Debtors at least five (5) Days prior to the Confirmation Hearing. Any counterparty to an Executory Contract and Unexpired Lease that fails to object timely

to the proposed assumption or cure amount will be deemed to have assented to such matters. In the event of a dispute regarding (a) the amount of any payments to cure such a default, (b) the ability of the Reorganized Debtors or any assignee to provide "adequate assurance of future performance" (within the meaning of section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code) under the contract or lease to be assumed or (c) any other matter pertaining to assumption, the cure payments required by section 365(b)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, shall be made following the entry of a Final Order or orders resolving the dispute and approving the assumption. If an objection to a Cure Claim is sustained by the Bankruptcy Court, the Reorganized Debtors, in its sole option, may elect to reject such executory contract or unexpired lease in lieu of assuming it.

F. PROVISIONS GOVERNING DISTRIBUTIONS

1. Distributions for Claims Allowed as of the Effective Date

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, a Final Order or as agreed to by the relevant parties, subject to the outcome of the Auction, the Reorganized Debtors or the Liquidation Trustee shall make initial distributions under the Plan on account of Claims Allowed before the Effective Date on or as soon as practicable after the Initial Distribution Date; provided, however, that payments on account of General Unsecured Claims that become Allowed Claims on or before the Effective Date shall commence on the Effective Date.

2. Distributions on Account of Claims Allowed After the Effective Date

(a) <u>Rejection of Executory Contracts or Unexpired Leases</u>

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, a Final Order or as agreed to by the relevant parties, distributions under the Plan on account of a Disputed Claim that becomes an Allowed Claim after the Effective Date shall be made on the Periodic Distribution Date that is at least thirty (30) Days after the Disputed Claim becomes an Allowed Claim.

(b) Special Rules for Distributions to Holders of Disputed Claims

Notwithstanding anything in the Plan to the contrary, and except as otherwise agreed to by the relevant parties, no partial payments and no partial distributions shall be made with respect to a Disputed Claim until all such disputes in connection with such Disputed Claim have been resolved by settlement or Final Order. In the event that there are Disputed Claims requiring adjudication and resolution, the Reorganized Debtors or the Liquidation Trustee shall establish appropriate reserves for potential payment of such Claims pursuant to Article VIII of the Plan.

3. Delivery and Distributions and Undeliverable or Unclaimed Distributions

(a) Record Date for Distributions

On the Distribution Record Date, the Claims Register shall be closed and any party responsible for making distributions shall instead be authorized and entitled to recognize only those Holders of Claims listed on the Claims Register as of the close of business on the Distribution Record Date. If a Claim is transferred twenty (20) or fewer Days before the Distribution Record Date, the Distribution Agent shall make distributions to the transferee only to the extent practical and, in any event, only if the relevant transfer form contains an unconditional and explicit certification and waiver of any objection to the transfer by the transferor.

(b) Special Rules for Distributions to Holders of Disputed Claims

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, the Debtors, the Reorganized Debtors or the Liquidation Trustee, as applicable, shall make distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims at the address for each such Holder as indicated on the Debtors' records as of the date of any such distribution; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that the manner of such distributions shall be determined at the discretion of the Debtors, the Reorganized Debtors or the Liquidation Trustee, as applicable; and <u>provided further</u>, that the address for each Holder of an Allowed Claim shall be deemed to be the address set forth in any Proof of Claim Filed by that Holder.

(c) <u>Distributions by Distribution Agent</u>

As a condition to serving as a Distribution Agent, a Distribution Agent must (i) affirm its obligation to facilitate the prompt distribution of any documents, (ii) affirm its obligation to facilitate the prompt distribution of any recoveries or distributions required under the Plan and (iii) waive any right or ability to setoff, deduct from or assert any lien or encumbrance against the distributions required under the Plan that are to be distributed by such Distribution Agent.

If the Distribution Agent is not the Liquidation Trustee, the Debtors or the Reorganized Debtors, as applicable, shall pay to the Distribution Agent all reasonable and documented fees and expenses of the Distribution Agent without the need for any approvals, authorizations, actions or consents. Compensation of the Distribution Agent, however, shall not exceed compensation which would be payable to a Chapter 7 trustee. If the Distribution Agent is not the Liquidation Trustee, the Distribution Agent shall submit detailed invoices to the Debtors or Reorganized Debtors, as applicable, for all fees and expenses for which the Distribution Agent seeks reimbursement and the Debtors shall pay those amounts that they, in their sole discretion, deem reasonable, and shall object in writing to those fees and expenses, if any, that the Debtors deem to be unreasonable. In the event the Debtors object to all or any portion of the amounts requested to be reimbursed in a Distribution Agent's invoice, the Debtors or the Reorganized Debtors, as applicable, and such Distribution Agent shall endeavor, in good faith, to reach mutual agreement on the amount of the appropriate payment of such disputed fees and/or expenses. If the Distribution Agent is not the Liquidation Trustee, and in the event that the Debtors or the Reorganized Debtors, as applicable, and a Distribution Agent are unable to resolve any differences regarding disputed fees or expenses, or if the Debtors and the OUCC are unable to agree on the appointment of the Disbursement Agent, such dispute shall be determined by the Bankruptcy Court.

The Distribution Agent or Agents, and their respective agents, employees, officers, directors, professionals, attorneys, accountants, advisors, representatives and principals (collectively, the "Indemnified Parties") shall be indemnified and held harmless by the Debtors and the Reorganized Debtors, to the fullest extent permitted by law for any losses, claims, damages, liabilities and expenses, including, without limitation, reasonable attorneys' fees, disbursements and related expenses which the Indemnified Parties may incur or to which the Indemnified Parties may become subject in connection with any action, suit, proceeding or investigation brought or threatened against one or more of the Indemnified Parties on account of the acts or omissions of the Distribution Agents solely in their capacity as such; provided, however, that the Debtors and the Reorganized Debtors shall not be liable to indemnify any Indemnified Party for any act or omission constituting gross negligence, fraud or reckless, intentional or willful misconduct. The foregoing indemnity in respect of any Indemnified Party shall survive the termination of such Indemnified Party from the capacity for which they are indemnified.

(d) <u>Minimum Distributions</u>

Notwithstanding anything in the Plan to the contrary, the Reorganized Debtors or the Liquidation Trustee shall not be required to make distributions or payments of less than \$10.00 (whether Cash or otherwise) and shall not be required to make partial distributions or payments of fractions of dollars. Whenever any payment or distribution of a fraction of a dollar under the Plan would otherwise be called for, the actual payment or distribution will reflect a rounding of such fraction to the nearest whole dollar (up or down), with half dollars or less being rounded down.

No Distribution Agent or the Liquidation Trustee shall have any obligation to make a distribution on account of an Allowed Claim if: (i) the aggregate amount of all distributions authorized to be made on the Periodic Distribution Date in question is or has an economic value less than \$10,000.00, unless such distribution is a final distribution; or (ii) the amount to be distributed to the specific Holder of an Allowed Claim on such Periodic Distribution Date does not constitute a final distribution to such Holder and is or has an economic value less than \$10.00, which shall be treated as an undeliverable distribution under Article VII.C. of the Plan.

(e) <u>Undeliverable Distributions</u>

<u>Holding of Certain Undeliverable Distributions</u>. Unless otherwise provided for under the Liquidation Trust, if any distribution to a Holder of an Allowed Claim made in accordance herewith is returned to the

Reorganized Debtors (or the Distribution Agent) or the Liquidation Trustee as undeliverable, no further distributions shall be made to such Holder unless and until the Reorganized Debtors (or the Distribution Agent) or the Liquidation Trustee is notified in writing of such Holder's then current address, at which time all currently due missed distributions shall be made to such Holder on the next Periodic Distribution Date. Undeliverable distributions shall remain in the possession of the Reorganized Debtors or the Liquidation Trustee, subject to Article VII.C. of the Plan, until such time as any such distributions become deliverable. Undeliverable distributions shall not be entitled to any additional interest, dividends or other accruals of any kind on account of their distribution being undeliverable.

Failure to Claim Undeliverable Distributions. If the Distribution Agent is not the Liquidation Trustee, no later than 210 Days after the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtors shall File with the Bankruptcy Court a list of the Holders of undeliverable distributions. This list shall be maintained and updated periodically in the sole discretion of the Reorganized Debtors for as long as the Chapter 11 Case stays open. Any Holder of an Allowed Claim, irrespective of when a Claim becomes an Allowed Claim, that does not notify the Reorganized Debtors or the Liquidation Trustee of such Holder's then current address in accordance herewith within the latest of (i) one year after the Effective Date, (ii) 60 Days after the attempted delivery of the undeliverable distribution and (iii) 180 Days after the date such Claim becomes an Allowed Claim, shall have its Claim for such undeliverable distribution discharged and shall be forever barred, estopped and enjoined from asserting any such Claim against the Reorganized Debtors or the Liquidation Trust or their property. In such cases, (i) any Cash or Equity Interest held for distribution on account of Allowed Claims shall be redistributed to Holders of Allowed Claims in the applicable Class on the next Periodic Distribution Date and (ii) any Cash held for distribution to other creditors shall be deemed unclaimed property under section 347(b) of the Bankruptcy Code and become property of the Reorganized Debtors or returned to the Liquidation Trust, free of any Claims of such Holder with respect thereto. Nothing contained in the Plan shall require the Reorganized Debtors to attempt to locate any Holder of an Allowed Claim.

Failure to Present Checks. If the Distribution Agent is not the Liquidation Trustee, checks issued by the Distribution Agent on account of Allowed Claims shall be null and void if not negotiated within 180 Days after the issuance of such check. In an effort to ensure that all Holders of Allowed Claims receive their allocated distributions, no later than 180 Days after the issuance of such checks, the Reorganized Debtors or the Liquidation Trustee shall File with the Bankruptcy Court a list of the Holders of any un-negotiated checks. This list shall be maintained and updated periodically in the sole discretion of the Reorganized Debtors or the Liquidation Trustee for as long as the Chapter 11 Case stays open. Requests for reissuance of any check shall be made directly to the Distribution Agent by the Holder of the relevant Allowed Claim with respect to which such check originally was issued. Any Holder of an Allowed Claim holding an un-negotiated check that does not request reissuance of such un-negotiated check within 240 Days after the date of mailing or other delivery of such check shall have its Claim for such un-negotiated check discharged and be forever barred, estopped and enjoined from asserting any such Claim against the Reorganized Debtors or the Liquidation Trust, or their respective property. In such cases, any Cash held for payment on account of such Claims shall be property of the Reorganized Debtors or the Liquidation Trust, free of any Claims of such Holder with respect thereto. Nothing contained in the Plan shall require the Reorganized Debtors to attempt to locate any Holder of an Allowed Claim.

4. Compliance with Tax Requirements/Allocations

In connection with the Plan, to the extent applicable, the Reorganized Debtors or the Liquidation Trustee shall comply with all tax withholding and reporting requirements imposed on them by any governmental unit, and all distributions pursuant to the Plan shall be subject to such withholding and reporting requirements. Notwithstanding anything in the Plan to the contrary, the Reorganized Debtors and the Distribution Agent or the Liquidation Trustee shall be authorized to take all actions necessary or appropriate to comply with such withholding and reporting requirements, including liquidating a portion of the distribution to be made under the Plan to generate sufficient funds to pay applicable withholding taxes, withholding distributions pending receipt of information necessary to facilitate such distributions or establishing any other mechanisms they believe are reasonable and appropriate. The Reorganized Debtors and the Liquidation Trustee reserve the right to allocate all distributions made under the Plan in compliance with all applicable wage garnishments, alimony, child support and other spousal awards, liens and encumbrances. For tax purposes, distributions in full or partial satisfaction of Allowed Claims shall be allocated first to the principal amount of Allowed Claims, with any excess allocated to unpaid interest that accrued on such Claims.

5. Timing and Calculation of Amounts to be Distributed

On the Initial Distribution Date with respect to each Class (or if a Claim is not an Allowed Claim on the Effective Date, on the date that such a Claim becomes an Allowed Claim, or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter), each Holder of an Allowed Claim against the Debtors shall receive the full amount of the distributions that the Plan provides for Allowed Claims in the applicable Class; provided, however, that distributions on account of General Unsecured Claims that become Allowed Claims before the Effective Date may be paid on the Effective Date. If and to the extent that there are Disputed Claims, distributions on account of any such Disputed Claims shall be made pursuant to the provisions set forth in the applicable class treatment or in Article VI of the Plan. Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, Holders of Claims shall not be entitled to interest, dividends or accruals on the distributions provided for in the Plan, regardless of whether such distributions are delivered on or at any time after the Effective Date.

6. Setoffs

The Debtors and the Reorganized Debtors or the Liquidation Trustee may withhold (but not setoff except as set forth below) from the distributions called for under the Plan on account of any Allowed Claim an amount equal to any claims, equity interests, rights and Causes of Action of any nature that the Debtors or the Reorganized Debtors or the Liquidation Trust may hold against the Holder of any such Allowed Claim. In the event that any such claims, equity interests, rights and Causes of Action of any nature that the Debtors or the Reorganized Debtors or the Liquidation Trustee may hold against the Holder of any such Allowed Claim are adjudicated by Final Order or otherwise resolved, the Debtors may, pursuant to section 553 of the Bankruptcy Code or applicable nonbankruptcy law, set off against any Allowed Claim and the distributions to be made pursuant to the Plan on account of such Allowed Claim (before any distribution is made on account of such Allowed Claim), the amount of any adjudicated or resolved claims, equity interests, rights and Causes of Action of any nature that the Debtors or the Reorganized Debtors or the Liquidation Trustee may hold against the Holder of any such Allowed Claim, but only to the extent of such adjudicated or resolved amount. Neither the failure to effect such a setoff nor the allowance of any Claim under the Plan shall constitute a waiver or release by the Debtors or the Reorganized Debtors or the Liquidation Trust of any such claims, equity interests, rights and Causes of Action that the Debtors or the Reorganized Debtors or the Liquidation Trust may possess against any such Holder, except as specifically provided in the Plan.

G. PROCEDURES FOR RESOLVING CONTINGENT, UNLIQUIDATED AND DISPUTED CLAIMS

1. Resolution of Disputed Claims

(a) <u>Allowance of Claims</u>

After the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtors or the Liquidation Trustee shall have and shall retain any and all rights and defenses that the Debtors had with respect to any Claim, except with respect to any Claim deemed Allowed under the Plan. Except as expressly provided in the Plan or in any order entered in the Chapter 11 Case prior to the Effective Date (including, without limitation, the Confirmation Order), no Claim shall become an Allowed Claim unless and until such Claim is deemed Allowed under the Plan or the Bankruptcy Code or the Bankruptcy Court has entered a Final Order, including, without limitation, the Confirmation Order, in the Chapter 11 Case allowing such Claim. All settled claims approved prior to the Effective Date pursuant to a Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 9019 or otherwise shall be binding on all parties.

(b) Prosecution of Objection to Claims

After the Confirmation Date, the Debtors and the Reorganized Debtors or the Liquidation Trustee shall have the exclusive authority to File objections to Claims, settle, compromise, withdraw or litigate to judgment objections to any and all Claims, regardless of whether such Claims are in a Class or otherwise. From and after the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtors or the Liquidation Trustee may settle or compromise any Disputed Claim without any further notice to or action, order or approval of the Bankruptcy Court. The Reorganized Debtors shall

have the sole authority to administer and adjust the Claims Register to reflect any such settlements or compromises without any further notice to or action, order or approval of the Bankruptcy Court. With respect to all Tort Claims, an objection is deemed to have been Filed timely, thus making each such Claim a Disputed Claim as of the Claims Objection Bar Date. Each such Tort Claim shall remain a Disputed Claim unless and until it becomes an Allowed Claim.

(c) <u>Claims Estimation</u>

After the Confirmation Date, the Debtors or the Reorganized Debtors or the Liquidation Trustee may, at any time, request that the Bankruptcy Court estimate (i) any Disputed Claim pursuant to applicable law and (ii) any contingent or unliquidated Claim pursuant to applicable law, including, without limitation, section 502(c) of the Bankruptcy Code, regardless of whether the Debtors or the Reorganized Debtors or the Liquidation Trust has previously objected to such Claim or whether the Bankruptcy Court has ruled on any such objection, and the Bankruptcy Court shall retain jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. §§ 157 and 1334 to estimate any Disputed Claim, contingent Claim or unliquidated Claim, including during the litigation concerning any objection to any Claim or during the pendency of any appeal relating to any such objection.

Notwithstanding anything in the Plan to the contrary, a Claim that has been expunged from the Claims Register but that is subject to appeal or has not been the subject of a Final Order, shall be deemed to be estimated at zero dollars, unless otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court. All of the aforementioned Claims and objection, estimation and resolution procedures are cumulative and not exclusive of one another. Claims may be estimated and subsequently compromised, settled, withdrawn or resolved by any mechanism approved by the Bankruptcy Court.

(d) Expungement or Adjustment of Claims

Any Claim that has been paid, satisfied or superseded may be expunged on the Claims Register by the Reorganized Debtors or the Liquidation Trustee, and any Claim that has been amended may be adjusted thereon by the Reorganized Debtors or the Liquidation Trustee, in both cases without a claims objection having to be Filed and without any further notice to or action, order or approval of the Bankruptcy Court.

(e) <u>Deadline to File Objections to Claims</u>

Any objections to Claims shall be Filed no later than the Claims Objection Bar Date

2. Disallowance of Claims

All Claims of any Entity from which property is sought by the Debtors or the Reorganized Debtors or the Liquidation Trustee under sections 542, 543, 550 or 553 of the Bankruptcy Code or that the Debtors or the Reorganized Debtors or the Liquidation Trustee allege is a transferee of a transfer that is avoidable under sections 522(f), 522(h), 544, 545, 547, 548, 549 or 724(a) of the Bankruptcy Code shall be disallowed if (a) the Entity, on the one hand, and the Debtors or the Reorganized Debtors or the Liquidation Trustee, on the other hand, agree or the Bankruptcy Court has determined by Final Order that such Entity or transferee is liable to turnover any property or monies under any of the aforementioned sections of the Bankruptcy Code and (b) such Entity or transferee has failed to turnover such property by the date set forth in such agreement or Final Order.

EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE AGREED, ANY AND ALL PROOFS OF CLAIM AND PROOFS OF INTEREST FILED AFTER THE APPLICABLE CLAIMS BAR DATE SHALL BE DEEMED DISALLOWED AND EXPUNGED AS OF THE EFFECTIVE DATE WITHOUT ANY FURTHER NOTICE TO OR ACTION, ORDER OR APPROVAL OF THE BANKRUPTCY COURT, AND HOLDERS OF SUCH CLAIMS AND EQUITY INTERESTS MAY NOT RECEIVE ANY DISTRIBUTIONS ON ACCOUNT OF SUCH CLAIMS AND EQUITY INTERESTS, UNLESS SUCH LATE PROOF OF CLAIM OR EQUITY INTEREST IS DEEMED TIMELY FILED BY A BANKRUPTCY COURT ORDER ON OR BEFORE THE LATER OF (1) THE CONFIRMATION HEARING AND (2) 45 DAYS AFTER THE APPLICABLE CLAIMS BAR DATE.

3. Amendment to Claims

On or after the Effective Date, except as otherwise provided in the Plan, a Claim may not be Filed or amended without the prior authorization of the Bankruptcy Court or the Reorganized Debtors, and, to the extent such prior authorization is not received, any such new or amended Claim Filed shall be deemed disallowed and expunged without any further notice to or action, order or approval of the Bankruptcy Court.

H. CONDITIONS PRECEDENT TO CONFIRMATION AND CONSUMMATION OF THE PLAN

1. Conditions Precedent to Confirmation

It shall be a condition to Confirmation of the Plan that all provisions, terms and conditions set forth in the Plan are approved in the Confirmation Order.

2. Conditions Precedent to Consummation

It shall be a condition to Consummation of the Plan that the following conditions shall have been satisfied or waived pursuant to the provisions of Article IX.C of the Plan:

- The Plan and all Plan Supplement documents, including any amendments, modifications or supplements thereto, shall be reasonably acceptable to the Debtors.
- The Confirmation Order shall have been entered and become a Final Order in a form and in substance reasonably satisfactory to the Debtors. The Confirmation Order shall provide that, among other things, the Debtors or the Reorganized Debtors, as appropriate, are authorized and directed to take all actions necessary or appropriate to consummate the Plan, including, without limitation, entering into, implementing and consummating the contracts, instruments, releases, leases, indentures and other agreements or documents created in connection with or described in the Plan.
- All documents and agreements necessary to implement the Plan shall have (a) been tendered for delivery and (b) been affected or executed. All conditions precedent all to such documents and agreements shall have been satisfied or waived pursuant to the terms of such documents or agreements.
- All actions, documents, certificates and agreements necessary to implement the Plan shall have been effected or executed and delivered to the required parties and, to the extent required, Filed with the applicable governmental units in accordance with applicable laws.

3. Waiver of Conditions

The conditions to Confirmation of the Plan and to Consummation of the Plan set forth in Article IX of the Plan may be waived by the Debtors without notice, leave or order of the Bankruptcy Court or any formal action other than proceeding to confirm or consummate the Plan.

4. Effect of Non-Occurrence of Conditions to Consummation

If the Consummation of the Plan does not occur, the Plan shall be null and void in all respects and nothing contained in the Plan or the Disclosure Statement shall: (a) constitute a waiver or release of any claims by or Claims against or Equity Interests in the Debtors; (b) prejudice in any manner the rights of the Debtors, any Holders or any other Entity; or (c) constitute an admission, acknowledgment, offer or undertaking by the Debtors, any Holders or any other Entity in any respect.

I. SETTLEMENT, RELEASE AND RELATED PROVISIONS

1. Compromise and Settlement

Notwithstanding anything in the Plan to the contrary, the allowance, classification and treatment of all Allowed Claims and their respective distributions and treatments under the Plan takes into account and conforms to the relative priority and rights of the Claims and the Equity Interests in each Class in connection with any contractual, legal and equitable subordination rights relating thereto whether arising under general principles of equitable subordination, sections 510(b) and (c) of the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise. The Confirmation Order will constitute the Bankruptcy Court's finding and determination that the settlements reflected in the Plan are: (a) in the best interests of the Debtors, their estates and all Holders of Claims and Equity Interests; (b) fair, equitable and reasonable; (c) made in good faith; and (d) approved by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to section 363 of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rule 9019.

In accordance with the provisions of the Plan and pursuant to section 363 of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rule 9019, without any further notice to or action, order or approval of the Bankruptcy Court, after the Effective Date (a) the Reorganized Debtors or the Liquidation Trustee may, in their sole and absolute discretion, compromise and settle Claims against and (b) the Reorganized Debtors or the Liquidation Trustee may, in their sole and absolute discretion, compromise and settle Causes of Action against other Entities.

2. Preservation of Rights of Action

(a) Maintenance of Causes of Action

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan or Confirmation Order, after the Effective Date, and provided all Allowed non-Insider Claims are paid in full, the Reorganized Debtors shall retain all rights to commence, pursue, litigate or settle, as appropriate, any and all Causes of Action, whether existing as of the Petition Date or thereafter arising, in any court or other tribunal including, without limitation, in any adversary proceeding Filed in the Chapter 11 Case. In the event the results of the Auction do not result in the payment in full of all Allowed non-Insider Claims, all Causes of Action shall be transferred to the Liquidation Trust, as set forth in Section F.2(b) below, which shall retain all rights to commence, pursue, litigate or settle, as appropriate, any and all Causes of Action, whether existing as of the Petition Date or thereafter arising, in any court or other tribunal including, without limitation, in any adversary proceeding Filed in the Chapter 11 Case.

As of the date of this Disclosure Statement, the Debtors are reviewing and analyzing the Claims against their Estates. Separately, subject to the results of the Auction, the Debtors will determine, in connection with the OUCC, which Causes of Action, if any, should be prosecuted. As of the date hereof, the Debtors do not anticipate valuable Chapter 5 Causes of Action exists against insiders or principals of the Debtors. The Debtors may have Causes of Action against insiders, principals, and LVEIRC, which may have insurance coverage. If Allowed Claims are not paid in full, these claims will be transferred to the Liquidation Trust. The Debtors do have outstanding markers or accounts receivable, owed by gamblers that did not pay their debt owed to the LLC. The collectability of those makers is unknown, as each has been turned over to the Nevada Attorney General's office for collection. The Debtors will provide a list of the known Causes of Action and potential litigation in the case as part of the Plan Supplement.

Separately, regardless of the outcome of the Auction, the Debtors anticipate litigation may ensue between and among the non-debtors in this case, including the Debtors' principals, SCC and the EB-5 Investors. Such litigation, however, will likely only involve the Debtors as nominal parties.

(b) <u>Preservation of All Causes of Action Not Expressly Settled or Released</u>

Unless a Claim or Cause of Action against a Holder of a Claim or an Equity Interest or other Entity is expressly waived, relinquished, released, compromised or settled in the Plan or any Final Order (including, without limitation, the Confirmation Order), the Debtors (and to the extent applicable, the Liquidation Trustee) expressly reserve such claim or Cause of Action for later adjudication by the Debtors, the Reorganized Debtors or the Liquidation Trustee (including, without limitation, claims and Causes of Action not specifically identified or of

which the Debtors may presently be unaware or which may arise or exist by reason of additional facts or circumstances unknown to the Debtors at this time or facts or circumstances that may change or be different from those the Debtors now believe to exist) and, therefore, no preclusion doctrine, including, without limitation, the doctrines of *res judicata*, collateral estoppel, issue preclusion, claim preclusion, waiver, estoppel (judicial, equitable or otherwise) or laches shall apply to such claims or Causes of Action upon or after the Confirmation or Consummation of the Plan based on the Disclosure Statement, the Plan or the Confirmation Order, except where such claims or Causes of Action have been expressly released in the Plan or any other Final Order (including, without limitation, the Confirmation Order). In addition, the Debtors, the Reorganized Debtors and the Liquidation Trustee expressly reserve the right to pursue or adopt any claims alleged in any lawsuit in which the Debtors are a plaintiff, defendant or an interested party, against any Entity, including, without limitation, the plaintiffs or codefendants in such lawsuits.

(c) Creation of the Liquidation Trust and Appointment of the Liquidation Trustee.

i. Creation of the Trust

In the event the Auction does not result in the payment in full of the non-Insider Allowed Claims, the Debtors and the Liquidation Trustee shall execute a Liquidation Trust Agreement substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit D and shall take all steps necessary to establish the Liquidation Trust in accordance with the Plan and the beneficial interests therein. For the avoidance of doubt, in the event the Liquidation Trust is created and becomes effective, all references to the Reorganized Debtors in the Plan shall be of no force or effect, and all rights, remedies, interests, and obligations of the estates shall vest in the Liquidation Trust.

On the Effective Date, and provided the Auction does not result in the payment in full of the non-Insider Allowed Claims, the Debtors shall irrevocably transfer and shall be deemed to have irrevocably transferred to the Liquidation Trust all of their rights, title, and interest in and to all of their Assets remaining after the Auction and the Causes of Action. In accordance with section 1141 of the Bankruptcy Code, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Plan, such remaining Assets, their proceeds and the Causes of Action shall automatically vest in the Liquidation Trust free and clear of all Claims, liens, encumbrances, or interests, subject only to (a) the interests of the Beneficiaries, and (b) the expenses of the Liquidation Trust, as provided for in the Liquidation Trust Agreement; such transfer shall be exempt from any stamp, real estate transfer, mortgage reporting, sales, use, or other similar tax. The Liquidation Trustee shall be the exclusive trustee of the assets of the Liquidation Trust for purposes of 31 U.S.C. § 3713(b) and 26 U.S.C. § 6012(b)(3), as well as the representative of the Estates appointed pursuant to section 1123(b)(3)(B) of the Bankruptcy Code.

The Liquidation Trust shall be governed by the Liquidation Trust Agreement and administered by the Liquidation Trustee. The powers, rights, and responsibilities of the Liquidation Trustee shall be specified in the Liquidation Trust Agreement and shall include the authority and responsibility to, among other things, take the actions set forth the Plan.

The Liquidation Trustee shall hold and distribute the Liquidation Trust Assets in accordance with the provisions of the Plan and the Liquidation Trust Agreement. After the Effective Date, Debtors shall have no interest in the Liquidation Trust Assets. In connection with the vesting and transfer of the Liquidation Trust Assets to the Liquidation Trust, any attorney-client, work-product protection, or other privilege or immunity attaching to any documents or communications (whether written or oral) expressly transferred to the Liquidation Trust shall vest in the Liquidation Trust.

ii. Appointment of the Liquidation Trustee.

The OUCC shall select the Liquidation Trustee. The Notice of Confirmation of the Plan will expressly solicit from all parties interested written objections to the authorization of the OUCC to select the Liquidation Trustee.

iii. Purpose of The Liquidation Trust.

The Liquidation Trust shall be established for the purpose of pursuing or liquidating the Liquidation Trust

Assets, reconciling and objecting to Claims as provided for in the Plan, pursuing Causes of Action included within the Liquidation Trust Assets if, as, and to the extent determined by the Liquidation Trustee, and distributing the Liquidation Trust Assets to the Beneficiaries in accordance with Treasury Regulation section 301.7701-4(d), with no objective to continue or engage in the conduct of a trade or business. The Liquidation Trustee shall file tax returns for the Liquidation Trust treating the Liquidation Trust as a grantor trust pursuant to Treasury Regulation section 1.671-4(a).

- iv. Access to Records and Preservation of Privilege.
 - A. In the event the Auction does not result in the payment in full of the non-Insider Allowed Claims, the Liquidation Trust shall become the custodian of the books and records of Debtors on the Effective Date.
 - B. If the Liquidation Trust obtains from Debtors or their representatives any documents or communications (whether electronic, written or oral) to which any privilege attaches, the Liquidation Trust shall be deemed the privilege holder for purposes of fulfilling the Liquidation Trust's obligations and preserving the privilege.
 - C. The Liquidation Trust shall transfer to the Reorganized Debtors such documents, communications (whether electronic, written or oral) to which any privilege attaches, the Liquidation Trust shall be deemed the privilege holder.

3. Limitation of Liability.

The Debtors, as proponents of the Plan, together with their agents, representatives, advisors and attorneys, and the OUCC, together with their agents, representatives, advisors and attorneys (collectively, the "Exculpated Parties"), will neither have nor incur any liability to any person or entity for any Official Actions in good faith taken or omitted to be taken in connection with or related to the Chapter 11 Case, the investigations of potential claims or the formulation, preparation, dissemination, implementation, Confirmation or consummation of the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, or any agreement created or entered into in connection with the Plan or incident to the Chapter 11 Case, provided that, the foregoing shall not exonerate any of the Exculpated Parties from any liability that results from an act or omission to the extent such act or omission is determined by Final Order to have constituted gross negligence or willful misconduct. In addition, notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan, no holder of a Claim or Interest, no other party in interest, none of their respective agents, employees, representatives, financial advisors, attorneys or affiliates, and no successors or assigns of the foregoing, shall have any right of action against any Exculpated Party for any Official Actions made in good faith from and after the Petition Date through the Confirmation Date in connection with, relating to or arising out of the Chapter 11 case or the consideration, formulation, preparation, dissemination, implementation, Confirmation or consummation of the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, or any transaction or document created or entered into, or any other act taken or omitted to be taken, in connection therewith, except for: (a) the liability of any Exculpated Party that would otherwise result from the failure to perform or pay any obligation or liability under the Plan or any contract, instrument, release or other agreement or document to be entered into or delivered in connection with the Plan, (b) the liability of any Exculpated Party that would otherwise result from any such act or omission to the extent that such act or omission is determined in a Final Order to have constituted gross negligence or willful misconduct, and (c) actions taken by Exculpated Parties who are holders of a Claim and are taking actions in pursuit of their allowance or payment of such Claim; for the avoidance of doubt there shall be no liability limitation for the Debtors, their insiders, and affiliates for their actions or omissions occurring before the Petition Date, or their actions or omissions after the Petition Date that are not Official Actions made in good faith.

J. BINDING NATURE OF THE PLAN

THE PLAN SHALL BIND ALL HOLDERS OF CLAIMS AGAINST AND EQUITY INTERESTS IN THE DEBTORS TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, NOTWITHSTANDING WHETHER OR NOT SUCH HOLDER (A) WILL RECEIVE OR RETAIN ANY PROPERTY OR INTEREST IN

PROPERTY UNDER THE PLAN, (B) HAS FILED A PROOF OF CLAIM OR INTEREST IN THE CHAPTER 11 CASE OR (C) FAILED TO VOTE TO ACCEPT OR REJECT THE PLAN OR VOTED TO REJECT THE PLAN.

IV. CONFIRMATION AND CONSUMMATION PROCEDURES

A. Solicitation of Votes

The process by which the Debtors will solicit votes to accept or reject the Plan is summarized in Disclosure Statement Motion.

PLEASE REFER TO THE PROCEDURES MOTION FOR MORE INFORMATION REGARDING VOTING REQUIREMENTS TO ENSURE THAT VOTES ARE PROPERLY AND TIMELY SUBMITTED SUCH THAT THEY ARE COUNTED AS VOTES TO ACCEPT OR REJECT THE PLAN.

B. Confirmation Procedures

1. Confirmation Hearing

The Confirmation Hearing will commence at 1:30 p.m. prevailing Pacific Time on September 13, 2018, and if necessary, continue at 9:30 a.m. on September 14, 2018.

The Plan Objection Deadline is 5:00 p.m. prevailing Pacific Time on August 31, 2018.

All Plan objections must be filed with the Bankruptcy Court and served on the Debtors and certain other parties in accordance with the Disclosure Statement Order on or before the Plan Objection Deadline.

THE BANKRUPTCY COURT WILL <u>NOT</u> CONSIDER PLAN OBJECTIONS UNLESS THEY ARE TIMELY SERVED AND FILED IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT ORDER.

2. Confirmation Hearing Notice

Following the Disclosure Statement Hearing, the Debtors will serve the Confirmation Hearing Notice on all of the Debtors' creditors, parties in interest and parties which have requested notice pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 2002, which will contain, among other things, the Plan Objection Deadline, the Voting Deadline and the date that the Confirmation Hearing is scheduled to commence.

3. Filing Objections to the Plan

All objections, if any, must (a) be made in writing, (b) conform to the Bankruptcy Rules and the Local Rules for the District of Nevada and (c) be filed, contemporaneously with a proof of service, with the Bankruptcy Court and served so that they are <u>actually received</u> on or before the Plan Objection Deadline by each of the parties listed in the table below:

Name:	Contact Information:	
Debtors' counsel	Brownstein Hyatt Farber Schreck, LLP Attn: Samuel A. Schwartz, Esq. 100 North City Parkway, Suite 1600 Las Vegas, Nevada 89106 Fax: (702) 382-8135	
Committee of Unsecured Creditor's Counsel	Levene, Neale, Bender, Yoo & Brill LLP Attn: Eve H. Karasik, Esq. 10250 Constellation Blvd., Suite 1700 Los Angeles, CA 90067 Fax: (310) 229-1244	

C. STATUTORY REQUIREMENTS FOR CONFIRMATION OF THE PLAN

At the Confirmation Hearing, the Bankruptcy Court will determine whether the Plan satisfies the requirements of section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code. The Debtors believe that: (i) the Plan satisfies or will satisfy all of the statutory requirements of chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code; (ii) it has complied or will have complied with all of the requirements of chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code; and (iii) the Plan has been proposed in good faith. Specifically, the Debtors believes that the Plan satisfies or will satisfy the applicable Confirmation requirements of section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code set forth below:

- 1. The Plan complies with the applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code;
- 2. The Debtors, as the Plan proponent, will have complied with the applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code;
- 3. The Plan has been proposed in good faith and not by any means forbidden by law;
- 4. Any payment made or promised under the Plan for services or for costs and expenses in, or in connection with, the Chapter 11 Case, or in connection with the Plan and incident to the Chapter 11 Case, has been disclosed to the Bankruptcy Court, and any such payment: (a) made before the Confirmation of the Plan is reasonable; or (b) is subject to the approval of the Bankruptcy Court as reasonable, if it is to be fixed after Confirmation of the Plan;
- Either each Holder of an Impaired Claim has accepted the Plan, or will receive or retain under the Plan on account of such Claim, property of a value, as of the Effective Date of the Plan, that is not less than the amount that such Holder would receive or retain if the Debtors were liquidated on that date under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code, including pursuant to section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code;
- Each Class of Claims that is entitled to vote on the Plan has either accepted the Plan or is not Impaired under the Plan, or the Plan can be confirmed without the approval of such voting Class pursuant to section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code;
- 7. Except to the extent that the Holder of a particular Claim will agree to a different treatment of its Claim, the Plan provides that Administrative Claims and Other Priority Claims will be paid in full on the Effective Date, or as soon thereafter as is reasonably practicable;
- **8.** At least one Class of Impaired Claims has accepted the Plan, determined without including any acceptance of the Plan by any insider holding a Claim in that Class;
- 9. Confirmation of the Plan is not likely to be followed by the liquidation or the need for further financial reorganization of the Debtors or any successors thereto under the Plan, unless the Plan contemplates such liquidation or reorganization;
- 10. The Debtors have paid the required filing fees pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1930 to the clerk of the Bankruptcy Court as set forth in the Plan; and
- 11. In addition to the filing fees paid to the clerk of the Bankruptcy Court, the Debtors will pay quarterly fees no later than the last Day of the calendar month, following the calendar quarter for which the fee is owed in the Debtors' Chapter 11 Cases for each quarter (including any fraction thereof), to the Office of the U.S. Trustee, until the case is converted or dismissed, whichever occurs first.

12. Best Interests of Creditors Test/Liquidation Analysis

Often called the "best interests" test, section 1129(a)(7) of the Bankruptcy Code requires that a bankruptcy court find, as a condition to confirmation, that a chapter 11 plan provides, with respect to each class, that each holder of a claim or an equity interest in such class either (a) has accepted the plan or (b) will receive or retain under the plan property of a value, as of the effective date of the plan, that is not less than the amount that such holder would receive or retain if the debtor is liquidated under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. To make these findings, the bankruptcy court must: (a) estimate the Cash liquidation proceeds that a chapter 7 trustee would generate if the debtor's Chapter 11 Case was converted to a chapter 7 case and the assets of such debtor's estate were liquidated; (b) determine the liquidation distribution that each non-accepting holder of a claim or an equity interest would receive from such liquidation proceeds under the priority scheme dictated in chapter 7; and (c) compare such holder's liquidation distribution to the distribution under the plan that such holder would receive if the plan were confirmed.

In chapter 7 cases, unsecured creditors and equity interest holders of a debtor are paid from available assets generally in the following order, with no junior class receiving any payments until all amounts due to senior classes have been paid fully or any such payment is provided for: (a) holders of secured claims (to the extent of the value of their collateral); (b) holders of priority claims; (c) holders of unsecured claims; (d) holders of debt expressly subordinated by its terms or by order of the bankruptcy court; and (e) holders of equity interests.

Accordingly, the Cash amount that would be available for satisfaction of Claims (other than Secured Claims) would consist of the proceeds resulting from the disposition of the unencumbered assets of the Debtors, augmented by the unencumbered Cash held by the Debtors at the time of the commencement of the liquidation. Such Cash would be reduced by the amount of the costs and expenses of the liquidation and by such additional administrative and priority claims that may result from termination of the Debtors' business and the use of chapter 7 for purposes of a liquidation.

The Debtors believe that confirmation of the Plan will provide each Holder of an Allowed Claim with a greater recovery than the value of any distributions if the Chapter 11 Case was converted to a case under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code because, among other reasons, outside of the Property and the Resort, the Debtors do not own any significant, tangible assets which could be liquidated. Specifically, the Auction may pay creditors in full (or in such amounts the Court approves). Conversely, in a chapter 7 liquidation, a forced sale will result in minimal recovery for creditors. In addition, the Debtors would be subject to the fees and expenses of a chapter 7 trustee which would likely further reduce Cash available for distribution. In addition, distributions in chapter 7 cases may not occur for a longer period of time than distributions under the Plan, thereby reducing the present value of such distributions. In this regard, it is possible that distribution of the proceeds of a liquidation could be delayed for a significant period while the chapter 7 trustee and its advisors become knowledgeable about, among other things, the Chapter 11 Case and the Claims against the Debtors. As set forth in the Liquidation Analysis of both the LP and the LLC, attached hereto as **Exhibit C-1**, Holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims and Equity Interests may not receive any recovery under a chapter 7 liquidation of either of the Debtors, so the Plan satisfies the requirements of section 1129(a)(7) of the Bankruptcy Code with respect to such Classes.

In addition, attached hereto as Exhibit C-2 are copies of the financial statements of the LP's General Partner, Las Vegas Economic Regional Impact Center, LLC ("LVEIRC"). The Debtors submit that LVEIRC's assets and liabilities are not sufficient to satisfy the liabilities of the Debtors, however, the claims of third parties against LVEIRC, if any, are unimpaired by the Plan. Specifically, LVEIRC's assets, outside of its claims against the Debtors, have an aggregate value of less than \$100,000.00.

13. Feasibility

Section 1129(a)(11) of the Bankruptcy Code requires that the Bankruptcy Court find that confirmation is not likely to be followed by the liquidation of the Reorganized Debtors or the need for further financial reorganization, unless the Plan contemplates such liquidation. The Plan provides for the sale of the Debtors' assets, a Liquidation Trust for the pursuit of Causes of Action, and provides a distribution mechanism for the sale proceeds.

Accordingly, the Debtors believe that the Plan meets the feasibility requirement set forth in section

1129(a)(11) of the Bankruptcy Code.

14. Acceptance by Impaired Classes

The Bankruptcy Code requires, as a condition to confirmation, that, except as described in the following section, each class of claims or equity interests that is impaired under a plan, accept the plan. A class that is not "impaired" under a plan is deemed to have accepted the plan and, therefore, solicitation of acceptances with respect to such class is not required. A class is "impaired" unless the plan: (a) leaves unaltered the legal, equitable and contractual rights to which the claim or the equity interest entitles the holder of such claim or equity interest; (b) cures any default and reinstates the original terms of such obligation; or (c) provides that, on the consummation date, the holder of such claim or equity interest receives Cash equal to the allowed amount of that claim or, with respect to any equity interest, any fixed liquidation preference to which the holder of such equity interest is entitled to any fixed price at which the debtor may redeem the security.

Section 1126(c) of the Bankruptcy Code defines acceptance of a plan by a class of impaired claims as acceptance by holders of at least two-thirds in dollar amount and more than one-half in number of claims in that class, but for that purpose counts only those who actually vote to accept or to reject the plan. Thus, a class of claims will have voted to accept the plan only if two-thirds in amount and a majority in number actually voting cast their ballots in favor of acceptance.

Claims in Classes 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 are Impaired under the Plan, and as a result, the Holders of Claims in such Classes are entitled to vote on the Plan. Pursuant to section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code, the Holders of Claims in the Voting Classes must accept the Plan for the Plan to be confirmed without application of the "fair and equitable test" to such Classes, and without considering whether the Plan "discriminates unfairly" with respect to such Classes, as both standards are described herein. As stated above, Classes of Claims will have accepted the Plan if the Plan is accepted by at least two-thirds in amount and a majority in number of the Claims of each such Class (other than any Claims of creditors designated under section 1126(e) of the Bankruptcy Code) that have voted to accept or reject the Plan.

15. Confirmation Without Acceptance by All Impaired Classes

Section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code allows a bankruptcy court to confirm a plan even if all impaired classes entitled to vote on the plan have not accepted it, provided that the plan has been accepted by at least one impaired class. Pursuant to section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, notwithstanding an impaired class's rejection or deemed rejection of the plan, such plan will be confirmed, at the plan proponent's request, in a procedure commonly known as "cram down," so long as the plan does not "discriminate unfairly" and is "fair and equitable" with respect to each class of claims or equity interests that is impaired under, and has not accepted, the plan.

16. No Unfair Discrimination

This test applies to classes of claims or equity interests that are of equal priority and are receiving different treatment under the Plan. The test does not require that the treatment be the same or equivalent for all such classes, but that such treatment be "fair." In general, bankruptcy courts consider whether a plan discriminates unfairly in its treatment of classes of claims of equal rank (e.g., classes of the same legal character). Bankruptcy courts will take into account a number of factors in determining whether a plan discriminates unfairly, and, accordingly, a plan could treat two classes of unsecured creditors differently without unfairly discriminating against either class.

17. Fair and Equitable Test

This test applies to classes of different priority and status (e.g., secured versus unsecured) and includes the general requirement that no class of claims receive more than 100% of the amount of the allowed claims in such class. As to the dissenting class, the test sets different standards depending on the type of claims or equity interests in such class:

- <u>Secured Claims</u>. The condition that a plan be "fair and equitable" to a non-accepting class of secured claims includes the requirements that: (a) the holders of such secured claims retain the liens securing such claims to the extent of the allowed amount of the claims, whether the property subject to the liens is retained by the

debtor or transferred to another entity under the plan; and (b) each holder of a secured claim in the class receives deferred Cash payments totaling at least the allowed amount of such claim with a present value, as of the effective date of the plan, at least equivalent to the value of the secured claimant's interest in the debtor's property subject to the liens.

- <u>Unsecured Claims</u>. The condition that a plan be "fair and equitable" to a non-accepting class of unsecured claims includes the following requirement that either: (a) the plan provides that each holder of a claim of such class receive or retain on account of such claim property of a value, as of the effective date of the plan, equal to the allowed amount of such claim; or (b) the holder of any claim or any equity interest that is junior to the claims of such class will not receive or retain under the plan on account of such junior claim or junior equity interest any property.
- <u>Equity Interests</u>. The condition that a plan be "fair and equitable" to a non-accepting class of equity interests includes the requirements that either:
 - a. the plan provides that each holder of an equity interest in that class receives or retains under the plan on account of that equity interest property of a value, as of the effective date of the plan, equal to the greater of: (a) the allowed amount of any fixed liquidation preference to which such holder is entitled; (b) any fixed redemption price to which such holder is entitled; or (c) the value of such interest; or
 - b. if the class does not receive the amount required in the paragraph directly above, no class of equity interests junior to the non-accepting class may receive a distribution under the plan.

To the extent that any of the Voting Classes vote to reject the Plan, the Debtors reserve the right to seek (a) Confirmation of the Plan under section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, and/or (b) modify the Plan in accordance with Article XIII.B. of the Plan.

The Debtors do not believe that the Plan discriminates unfairly against any Impaired Class of Claims or Equity Interests. The Debtors believe that the Plan and the treatment of all Classes of Claims and Equity Interests under the Plan satisfy the foregoing requirements for nonconsensual Confirmation of the Plan.

D. CONSUMMATION OF THE PLAN

The Plan will be consummated on the Effective Date. For a more detailed discussion of the conditions precedent to consummation of the Plan and the impact of failure to meet such conditions, see Article IX of the Plan.

V. PLAN-RELATED RISK FACTORS

PRIOR TO VOTING TO ACCEPT OR REJECT THE PLAN, ALL HOLDERS OF CLAIMS THAT ARE IMPAIRED SHOULD READ AND CONSIDER CAREFULLY THE FACTORS SET FORTH HEREIN, AS WELL AS ALL OTHER INFORMATION SET FORTH OR OTHERWISE REFERENCED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT. ALTHOUGH THESE RISK FACTORS ARE MANY, THESE FACTORS SHOULD NOT BE REGARDED AS CONSTITUTING THE ONLY RISKS PRESENT IN CONNECTION WITH THE DEBTORS' BUSINESS OR THE PLAN AND ITS IMPLEMENTATION.

A. CERTAIN BANKRUPTCY LAW CONSIDERATIONS

1. Parties-in-Interest May Object to the Debtors' Classification of Claims and Equity Interests.

Section 1122 of the Bankruptcy Code provides that a plan may place a claim or an equity interest in a particular class only if such claim or equity interest is substantially similar to the other claims or equity interests in such class. The Debtors believes that the classification of Claims and Equity Interests under the Plan complies with the requirements set forth in the Bankruptcy Code because the Debtors created Classes of Claims and Equity Interests, each encompassing Claims or Equity Interests, as applicable, that are substantially similar to the other

Claims and Equity Interests in each such Class. Nevertheless, there can be no assurance that the Bankruptcy Court will reach the same conclusion.

2. The Debtors May Fail to Satisfy the Vote Requirement

If votes are received in number and amount sufficient to enable the Bankruptcy Court to confirm the Plan, the Debtors intend to seek, as promptly as practicable thereafter, Confirmation of the Plan. In the event that sufficient votes are not received, the Debtors may seek to accomplish an alternative chapter 11 plan. There can be no assurance that the terms of any such alternative chapter 11 plan would be similar or as favorable to the Holders of Allowed Claims as those proposed in the Plan.

3. The Debtors May Not Be Able to Secure Confirmation of the Plan

Section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code sets forth the requirements for confirmation of a chapter 11 plan, and requires, among other things, findings by the bankruptcy court that: (a) such plan "does not unfairly discriminate" and is "fair and equitable" with respect to any non-accepting classes; (b) confirmation of such plan is not likely to be followed by a liquidation or a need for further financial reorganization unless such liquidation or reorganization is contemplated by the plan; and (c) the value of distributions to non-accepting Holders of Claims within a particular class under such plan will not be less than the value of distributions such holders would receive if the debtors were liquidated under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code.

There can be no assurance that the requisite acceptances to confirm the Plan will be received. Even if the requisite acceptances are received, there can be no assurance that the Bankruptcy Court will confirm the Plan. A non-accepting Holder of an Allowed Claim might challenge either the adequacy of this Disclosure Statement or whether the balloting procedures and voting results satisfy the requirements of the Bankruptcy Code or Bankruptcy Rules. Even if the Bankruptcy Court determined that the Disclosure Statement, the balloting procedures and voting results were appropriate, the Bankruptcy Court could still decline to confirm the Plan if it found that any of the statutory requirements for Confirmation had not been met, including the requirement that the terms of the Plan do not "unfairly discriminate" and are "fair and equitable" to non-accepting Classes.

Confirmation of the Plan is also subject to certain conditions as described in Articles IV and IX of the Plan. If the Plan is not confirmed, it is unclear what distributions, if any, Holders of Allowed Claims would receive with respect to their Allowed Claims.

The Debtors, subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan, reserves the right to modify the terms and conditions of the Plan as necessary for Confirmation. Any such modifications could result in less favorable treatment of any non-accepting Class, as well as any Classes junior to such non-accepting Class, than the treatment currently provided in the Plan. Such less favorable treatment could include a distribution of property to the Class affected by the modification of a lesser value than currently provided in the Plan or no distribution of property whatsoever under the Plan.

4. Nonconsensual Confirmation of the Plan May be Necessary

In the event that any impaired class of claims or equity interests does not accept a chapter 11 plan, a bankruptcy court may nevertheless confirm such a plan at the proponents' request if at least one impaired class has accepted the plan (with such acceptance being determined without including the vote of any "insider" in such class), and, as to each impaired class that has not accepted the plan, the bankruptcy court determines that the plan "does not discriminate unfairly" and is "fair and equitable" with respect to the dissenting impaired classes. The Debtors believe that the Plan satisfies these requirements and the Debtors may request such nonconsensual Confirmation in accordance with subsection 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code. Nevertheless, there can be no assurance that the Bankruptcy Court will reach this conclusion.

5. The Debtors May Object to the Amount or Classification of a Claim

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, the Debtors, Reorganized Debtors and Liquidation Trustee reserve the right to object to the amount or classification of any Claim under the Plan. The estimates set forth in this

Disclosure Statement cannot be relied on by any Holder of a Claim where such Claim is subject to an objection. Thus, any Holder of a Claim that is subject to an objection thus may not receive its expected share of the estimated distributions described in this Disclosure Statement.

6. Risk of Non-Occurrence of the Effective Date

Although the Debtors believe that the Effective Date may occur quickly after the Confirmation Date, there can be no assurance as to such timing, or as to whether the Effective Date will, in fact, occur.

7. Contingencies Will Not Affect Votes of Impaired Classes to Accept or Reject the Plan

The distributions available to Holders of Allowed Claims under the Plan can be affected by a variety of contingencies, including, without limitation, whether the Bankruptcy Court orders certain Allowed Claims to be subordinated to other Allowed Claims. The occurrence of any and all such contingencies, which could affect distributions available to Holders of Allowed Claims under the Plan, will not affect the validity of the vote taken by the Impaired Classes to accept or reject the Plan or require any sort of revote by the Impaired Classes.

B. RISK FACTORS THAT MAY AFFECT RECOVERIES UNDER THE PLAN

1. The Valuation of the Reorganized Debtors May Not Be Adopted by the Bankruptcy Court

The approximate value of the Debtors are positive due to the difference between the amount owed to creditors and appraised value of the Property. Parties in interest in this Chapter 11 Case may oppose Confirmation of the Plan by alleging that the equity value of the Reorganized Debtors are higher than the amounts projected by the Debtors at confirmation and that the Plan thereby improperly limits or extinguishes their rights to recoveries under the Plan through the Auction. At the Confirmation Hearing, the Bankruptcy Court may hear evidence regarding the views of the Debtors and opposing parties, if any, with respect to the valuation of the Reorganized Debtors. Based on that evidence, the Bankruptcy Court will determine the appropriate valuation for the Reorganized Debtors for purposes of the Plan.

2. The Auction May Not Result in a Sale

The Debtors propose to sell substantially all of their Assets through the Auction. It is possible the Auction may not produce a purchaser for the Asset or the Property, or the purchaser approved by the Court to purchase the Assets is unable to close on the sale. It is also possible that Snow Covered could obtain the Property for the value of its debt, leaving no funds for the payment of unsecured creditors. In any of these potential outcomes, unsecured creditors may not obtain any recoveries from the Plan, and the case could be converted to Chapter 7.

C. RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

1. The Financial Information Contained Herein is Based on the Debtors' Books and Records and, Unless Otherwise Stated, No Audit Was Performed

The financial information contained in this Disclosure Statement has not been audited. In preparing this Disclosure Statement, the Debtors relied on financial data derived from its books and records that was available at the time of such preparation. Although the Debtors have used its reasonable business judgment to ensure the accuracy of the financial information provided in this Disclosure Statement, and while the Debtors believe that such financial information fairly reflects the financial condition of the Debtors, the Debtors are unable to warrant or represent that the financial information contained herein and attached hereto is without inaccuracies.

2. Financial Projections and Other Forward Looking Statements Are Not Assured, Are Subject to Inherent Uncertainty Due to the Numerous Assumptions Upon Which They Are Based and, as a result, Actual Results May Vary

This Disclosure Statement contains various projections concerning the financial results of the Reorganized

Debtors' operations and the potential results of the Auction, that are, by their nature, forward looking, and which projections are necessarily based on certain assumptions and estimates. Should any or all of these assumptions or estimates ultimately prove to be incorrect, the actual future experiences of the Reorganized Debtors may turn out to be different from the financial projections.

Specifically, the projected financial results contained in this Disclosure Statement reflect numerous assumptions concerning the anticipated future performance of the Reorganized Debtors, some of which may not materialize, including, without limitation, assumptions concerning: (a) the timing of Confirmation and Consummation of the Plan in accordance with its terms; (b) the anticipated future performance of the Reorganized Debtors, including, without limitation, the Debtors' ability to sell their Property; (c) general business and economic conditions; and (d) overall performance and trends in the commercial real estate industry.

Due to the inherent uncertainties associated with projecting financial results generally, the projections contained in this Disclosure Statement will <u>not</u> be considered assurances or guarantees of the amount of funds or the amount of Claims that may be Allowed in the various Classes. While the Debtors believe that the financial projections contained in this Disclosure Statement are reasonable, there can be no assurance that they will be realized.

D. DISCLOSURE STATEMENT DISCLAIMERS

1. The Information Contained Herein Is for Soliciting Votes Only

The information contained in this Disclosure Statement is for purposes of soliciting acceptances of the Plan and may not be relied upon for any other purpose.

2. This Disclosure Statement Was Not Approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission

This Disclosure Statement has not been filed with the Commission or any state regulatory authority. Neither the Commission nor any state regulatory authority has passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this Disclosure Statement, or the exhibits or the statements contained herein, and any representation to the contrary is unlawful.

3. The Disclosure Statement Contains Forward Looking Statements

This Disclosure Statement contains "forward looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such statements consist of any statement other than a recitation of historical fact and can be identified by the use of forward looking terminology such as "may," "expect," "anticipate," "estimate" or "continue" or the negative thereof or other variations thereon or comparable terminology. The reader is cautioned that all forward looking statements are necessarily speculative and there are certain risks and uncertainties that could cause actual events or results to differ materially from those referred to in such forward looking statements. The liquidation analysis, distribution projections and other information contained herein and attached hereto are estimates only, and the timing and amount of actual distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims may be affected by many factors that cannot be predicted. Therefore, any analyses, estimates or recovery projections may or may not turn out to be accurate.

4. No Legal or Tax Advice is Provided to You by this Disclosure Statement

This Disclosure Statement is not legal advice to you. The contents of this Disclosure Statement should not be construed as legal, business or tax advice. Each Holder of a Claim or an Equity Interest should consult his or her own legal counsel and accountant with regard to any legal, tax and other matters concerning his or her Claim or Equity Interest. This Disclosure Statement may not be relied upon for any purpose other than to determine how to vote on the Plan or object to Confirmation of the Plan.

5. No Admissions Are Made by this Disclosure Statement

The information and statements contained in this Disclosure Statement will neither (a) constitute an

admission of any fact or liability by any Entity (including, without limitation, the Debtors) nor (b) be deemed evidence of the tax or other legal effects of the Plan on the Debtors, the Reorganized Debtors, the Liquidation Trust, Holders of Allowed Claims or Equity Interest or any other parties in interest.

6. No Reliance Should be Placed on any Failure to Identify Litigation Claims or Projected Objections

No reliance should be placed on the fact that a particular litigation claim or projected objection to a particular Claim or Equity Interest is, or is not, identified in this Disclosure Statement. The Debtors or the Reorganized Debtors, or the Liquidation Trust, as applicable, (i) may seek to investigate, File and prosecute Claims and Equity Interests and (ii) may object to Claims after the Confirmation or Effective Date of the Plan irrespective of whether the Disclosure Statement identifies such Claims or Objections to Claims.

7. Nothing Herein Constitutes a Waiver of any Rights to Object to Claims or Recover Transfers and Assets

The vote by a Holder of an Allowed Claim for or against the Plan does not constitute a waiver or release of any Claims or rights of the Debtors or the Reorganized Debtors, the Liquidation Trust (or any party in interest, as the case may be) to object to that Holder's Allowed Claim, or recover any preferential, fraudulent or other voidable transfer or assets, regardless of whether any Claims or Causes of Action of the Debtors or their Estates are specifically or generally identified herein.

8. The Information Used Herein Was Provided to the Debtors and Was Relied Upon by the Debtors' Advisors

Counsel to the Debtors have relied upon information provided by the Debtors in connection with the preparation of this Disclosure Statement. Although counsel to the Debtors has performed certain limited due diligence in connection with the preparation of this Disclosure Statement, it has not verified independently the information contained herein.

9. The Potential Exists for Inaccuracies, and the Debtors have no Duty to Update

The statements contained in this Disclosure Statement are made by the Debtors as of the date hereof, unless otherwise specified herein, and the delivery of this Disclosure Statement after that date does not imply that there has not been a change in the information set forth herein since that date. While the Debtors have used their reasonable business judgment to ensure the accuracy of all of the information provided in this Disclosure Statement and in the Plan, the Debtors, nonetheless cannot, and does not, confirm the current accuracy of all statements appearing in this Disclosure Statement. Further, although the Debtors may subsequently update the information in this Disclosure Statement, the Debtors have no affirmative duty to do so unless ordered to do so by the Bankruptcy Court.

10. No Representations Made Outside of the Disclosure Statement Are Authorized

No representations concerning or relating to the Debtors, the Chapter 11 Case or the Plan are authorized by the Bankruptcy Court or the Bankruptcy Code, other than as set forth in this Disclosure Statement. Any representations or inducements made to secure your acceptance or rejection of the Plan that are other than as contained in, or included with, this Disclosure Statement, should not be relied upon by you in arriving at your decision. You should promptly report unauthorized representations or inducements to the counsel to the Debtors, and the United States Trustee.

VI. ALTERNATIVES TO CONFIRMATION AND CONSUMMATION OF THE PLAN

A. Liquidation Under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code

If no chapter 11 plan can be confirmed, the Chapter 11 Case may be converted to a case under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code in which case, a trustee would be elected or appointed to liquidate the Debtors' assets. A discussion of the effect that a chapter 7 liquidation would have on the recovery of holders of Claims is set forth in

Section IV.C. herein, titled "Statutory Requirements for Confirmation of the Plan." In performing the liquidation analysis, the Debtors have assumed that all Holders of Claims will be determined to have "claims" that are entitled to share in the proceeds from any such liquidation. The Debtors believe that liquidation under chapter 7 would result in (i) smaller distributions being made to creditors than those provided for in the Plan because of the additional administrative expenses involved in the appointment of a trustee and attorneys and other professionals to assist such trustee, (ii) smaller distributions being made to creditors than those provided in the Plan because the Debtors' only real assets consist of its real property and the improvements thereon, which have less value in a forced liquidation, (iii) additional expenses and claims, some of which would be entitled to priority, which would be generated during the liquidation and from the rejection of unexpired leases and executory contracts in connection with the cessation of the Debtors' operations, and (iv) the potential failure to realize the greater, going-concern value of all of the Debtors' assets.

B. Filing of an Alternative Plan of Reorganization

If the Plan is not confirmed, the Debtors or any other party in interest could attempt to formulate a different plan of reorganization. Such a plan might involve either a reorganization and continuation of the Debtors' business or an orderly liquidation of its assets. During the negotiations prior to the filing of the Plan, the Debtors explored various alternatives to the Plan.

The Debtors believe that the Plan enables the Debtors to emerge from chapter 11 successfully and expeditiously, and allows creditors to realize the highest recoveries under the circumstances. As compared to a liquidation under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code, a liquidation under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code, the assets of the Debtors would be sold in an orderly fashion over a more extended period of time than in a liquidation under chapter 7, and a trustee need not be appointed. Thus, the administrative costs associated with a chapter 11 liquidation are less than the costs associated with a chapter 7 liquidation, and creditors normally receive greater recoveries in a chapter 11 liquidation than in a chapter 7 liquidation.

VII. RETENTION OF JURISDICTION

Notwithstanding the entry of the Confirmation Order and the occurrence of the Effective Date, the Bankruptcy Court shall, after the Effective Date, retain such jurisdiction over the Chapter 11 Case and all Entities with respect to all matters related to the Chapter 11 Case, the Debtors, the Reorganized Debtors, the Liquidation Trust, and the Plan as legally permissible, including, without limitation, jurisdiction to:

- 1. allow, disallow, determine, liquidate, classify, estimate or establish the priority or secured or unsecured status of any Claim, including, without limitation, the resolution of any request for payment of any Administrative Claim and the resolution of any and all objections to the allowance or priority of any Claim;
- 2. grant or deny any applications for allowance of compensation or reimbursement of expenses authorized pursuant to the Bankruptcy Code or the Plan, for periods ending on or before the Confirmation Date;
- 3. resolve any matters related to the assumption, assignment or rejection of any Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease to which the Debtors are party or with respect to which the Debtors or the Reorganized Debtors may be liable and to adjudicate and, if necessary, liquidate, any Claims arising therefrom, including, without limitation, those matters related to any amendment to the Plan after the Effective Date to add Executory Contracts or Unexpired Leases to the list of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases to be assumed;
 - 4. resolve any issues related to any matters adjudicated in the Chapter 11 Case;
- 5. ensure that distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims are accomplished pursuant to the provisions of the Plan;
- 6. decide or resolve any motions, adversary proceedings, contested or litigated matters and any other Causes of Action that are pending as of the Effective Date or that may be commenced in the future, and grant or deny any applications involving the Debtors that may be pending on the Effective Date or instituted by the Reorganized Debtors or the Liquidation Trustee after the Effective Date, *provided* however, that the Reorganized

Debtors or the Liquidation Trustee shall reserve the right to commence actions in all appropriate forums and jurisdictions;

- 7. enter such orders as may be necessary or appropriate to implement or consummate the provisions of the Plan and all other contracts, instruments, releases, indentures and other agreements or documents adopted in connection with the Plan, the Plan Supplement or the Disclosure Statement;
- 8. resolve any cases, controversies, suits or disputes that may arise in connection with the Consummation, interpretation or enforcement of the Plan or any Entity's obligations incurred in connection with the Plan;
- 9. hear and determine all Causes of Action that are pending as of the Effective Date or that may be commenced in the future;
- 10. issue injunctions and enforce them, enter and implement other orders or take such other actions as may be necessary or appropriate to restrain interference by any Entity with Consummation or enforcement of the Plan, except as otherwise provided in the Plan;
 - 11. enforce any terms of the Plan or the Liquidation Trust;
- 12. resolve any cases, controversies, suits or disputes with respect to any injunctions or similar provisions contained in the Plan and enter such orders or take such others actions as may be necessary or appropriate to implement or enforce all such injunctions and other provisions;
- 13. enter and implement such orders or take such others actions as may be necessary or appropriate if the Confirmation Order is modified, stayed, reversed, revoked or vacated;
- 14. resolve any other matters that may arise in connection with or relate to the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, the Confirmation Order or any contract, instrument, release, indenture or other agreement or document adopted in connection with the Plan, the Disclosure Statement or the Liquidation Trust; and
 - 15. enter an order concluding the Chapter 11 Case.

VIII. CERTAIN U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN

IRS CIRCULAR 230 DISCLOSURE: TO ENSURE COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS IMPOSED BY THE IRS, ANY TAX ADVICE CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT (INCLUDING ANY ATTACHMENTS) IS NOT INTENDED OR WRITTEN TO BE USED, AND CANNOT BE USED, BY ANY TAXPAYER FOR THE PURPOSE OF AVOIDING TAX-RELATED PENALTIES UNDER THE IRC. TAX ADVICE CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT (INCLUDING ANY ATTACHMENTS) IS WRITTEN TO SUPPORT THE PROMOTION OR MARKETING OF THE TRANSACTIONS OR MATTERS ADDRESSED BY THE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT. EACH TAXPAYER SHOULD SEEK ADVICE BASED ON THE TAXPAYER'S PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES FROM AN INDEPENDENT TAX ADVISOR.

A. Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Plan

The following discussion is a summary of certain U.S. federal income tax consequences of the consummation of the Plan to Holders of Allowed Claims. This summary is based on the Internal Revenue Code (the "IRC"), the U.S. Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder, judicial authorities, published administrative positions of the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") and other applicable authorities, all as in effect on the date of this Disclosure Statement and all of which are subject to change or differing interpretations, possibly with retroactive effect. No rulings or determinations of the IRS or any other taxing authorities have been sought or obtained with respect to the tax consequences discussed herein, and the discussion below is not binding upon the IRS or the courts. No assurance can be given that the IRS would not assert, or that a court would not sustain, a different position than any position discussed herein.

This discussion is for general information only and does not purport to address all aspects of U.S. federal income taxation that may be relevant to Holders of Claims in light of their personal circumstances, nor does the discussion deal with tax issues with respect to taxpayers subject to special treatment under the U.S. federal income tax laws (including, for example, banks, governmental authorities or agencies, pass-through entities, brokers and dealers in securities, insurance companies, financial institutions, tax-exempt organizations, small business investment companies or regulated investment companies). This discussion only addresses the tax consequences to Holders of Claims who have held such Claims as capital assets within the meaning of the IRC. No aspect of foreign, state, local or estate and gift taxation is addressed.

Importantly, the Debtors anticipate that the Restructuring Transactions will be exempt from taxation pursuant to Section 1146 of the Bankruptcy Code. Accordingly, little or no tax liability will accrue if the Plan is confirmed.

THE FOLLOWING SUMMARY OF CERTAIN U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES IS FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY AND IS NOT A SUBSTITUTE FOR CAREFUL TAX PLANNING AND ADVICE BASED UPON THE INDIVIDUAL CIRCUMSTANCES PERTAINING TO A HOLDER OF AN ALLOWED CLAIM. ALL HOLDERS OF CLAIMS ARE URGED TO CONSULT THEIR OWN TAX ADVISORS AS TO THE U.S. FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL AND NON-UNITED STATES TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN.

B. In General

The U.S. federal income tax consequences of the distributions contemplated by the Plan to Holders of Claims will depend upon a number of factors. The character and amount of income, gain or loss recognized as a consequence of the Plan and the distributions provided thereby will depend upon, among other things, (i) the manner in which a Holder acquired a Claim, (ii) the length of time the Claim has been Held, (iii) whether the Claim was acquired at a discount, (iv) whether the Holder has taken a bad debt deduction with respect to the Claim (or any portion thereof) in the current or prior years, (v) whether the Holder has previously included in income accrued but unpaid interest with respect to the Claim (vi) the method of tax accounting of the Holder, and (vii) whether the Claim is an installment obligation for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

For purposes of the following discussion, a "U.S. Holder" is any person (i) who is a citizen resident of the United States; (ii) that is a corporation or partnership created or organized in or under the laws of the United States or any state thereof of the District of Columbia; (iii) that is an estate, the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its source; or (iv) that is a trust (a) the administration over which a United States person can exercise primary supervision and all of the substantial decisions of which one or more United States persons have the authority to control or (b) that has elected to continue to be treated as United States person for U.S. federal income tax purposes. A "Non-U.S. Holder" is any person that is not a U.S. Holder. In the case of a partnership, the tax treatment of its partners will depend on the status of the partner and the activities of the partnership. Holders who are partnerships or partners in a partnership should consult their tax advisors.

Certain Holders of Claims (such as foreign persons, S corporations, regulated investment companies, insurance companies, financial institutions, small business investment companies, broker-dealers, and tax exempt organizations) may be subject to special rules not addressed in this summary of the U.S. federal tax consequences. There also may be state, local and/or foreign income or other tax considerations or U.S. federal estate and gift tax consideration applicable to Holders of Claims, which are not addressed herein. EACH HOLDER OF A CLAIM OR EQUITY INTEREST AFFECTED BY THE PLAN IS STRONGLY URGED TO CONSULT ITS TAX ADVISOR WITH RESPECT TO DISTRIBUTIONS RECEIVED UNDER THE PLAN.

C. U.S. Holders of Claims

A U.S. Holder should generally recognize capital gain or loss for U.S. income tax purposes in an amount equal to the difference between the amount of Cash (and other consideration received) under the Plan in respect of such Holder's Claim and the Holder's adjusted tax basis in the Claim. However, to the extent a U.S. Holder received any Cash (or other consideration) in satisfaction of any accrued and unpaid interest, such Holder may

recognize ordinary income or loss to the extent that such Cash (or other consideration) is allocable to the accrued and unpaid interest, unless such Holder has previously included the accrued interest in such Holder's taxable income.

D. Non-U.S. Holders of Claims

A Non-U.S. Holder of a Claim generally will not be subject to the U.S. federal income tax with respect to any income or gain recognized upon the exchange of such Holder's Claim with Cash (or other property) pursuant to the Plan, unless (i) such Holder is engaged in a trade or business in the United States to which income, gain from the exchange is "effective connected" for U.S. federal income tax purposes, or (ii) if such Holder is an individual, such Holder is present in the United States for 183 Days or more during the taxable year of the exchange and certain other requirements are met. To the extent any cash (or other consideration) is distributed for accrued and unpaid interest, however, a Non-U.S. Holder may be subject to U.S. withholding taxes at (30%) unless such Holder is qualified for the so-called "portfolio interest exemption" or eligible to claim a reduction or exemption under any applicable treaty and complies with certain required certification procedures.

E. Importance of Obtaining Professional Tax Assistance

The U.S. federal income tax consequences to a Holder other than a Holder receiving Cash (or other property) in satisfaction of such Holder's Claim may be different from the tax consequences described above. Holders of each such Claim should consult their tax advisers regarding potential federal income tax consequences.

THE FOREGOING DISCUSSION IS INTENDED ONLY AS A SUMMARY OF CERTAIN INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN AND IS NOT A SUBSTITUTE FOR CAREFUL TAX PLANNING WITH A TAX PROFESSIONAL. THE ABOVE DISCUSSION IS FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY AND IS NOT TAX ADVICE. THE TAX CONSEQUENCES ARE IN MANY CASES UNCERTAIN AND MAY VARY DEPENDING ON A CLAIM HOLDER'S PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES. ACCORDINGLY, CLAIM HOLDERS ARE URGED TO CONSULT THEIR TAX ADVISORS ABOUT THE U.S., STATE AND LOCAL, AND APPLICABLE FOREIGN INCOME AND OTHER TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN.

IX. Glossary of Defined Terms

For purposes herein: (a) in the appropriate context, each term, whether stated in the singular or the plural, will include both the singular and the plural, and pronouns stated in the masculine, feminine or neuter gender will include the masculine, feminine and the neuter gender; (b) any reference herein to a contract, lease, instrument, release, indenture or other agreement or document being in a particular form or on particular terms and conditions means that the referenced document will be substantially in that form or substantially on those terms and conditions; (c) any reference herein to an existing document or exhibit having been filed or to be filed will mean that document or exhibit, as it may thereafter be amended, modified or supplemented; (d) unless otherwise specified, all references herein to "Sections" are references to Sections hereof or hereto; (e) unless otherwise stated, the words "herein," "hereof" and "hereto" refer to the Disclosure Statement in its entirety rather than to a particular portion of the Disclosure Statement; (f) captions and headings to Sections are inserted for convenience of reference only and are not intended to be a part of or to affect the interpretation hereof; (g) the rules of construction set forth in section 102 of the Bankruptcy Code will apply; and (h) any term used in capitalized form herein that is not otherwise defined but that is used in the Bankruptcy Code or the Bankruptcy Rules will have the meaning assigned to that term in the Bankruptcy Code or the Bankruptcy Rules, as the case may be.

Unless the context otherwise requires, the following terms will have the following meanings when used in capitalized form herein:

1. "Accrued Professional Compensation" means, at any given moment, all accrued, contingent and/or unpaid fees and expenses (including, without limitation, success fees and Allowed Professional Compensation) for legal, financial advisory, accounting and other services and reimbursement of expenses that are awardable and allowable under sections 328, 330(a) or 331 of the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise rendered allowable prior to the Confirmation Date by any Retained Professionals in the Chapter 11 Case, that the Bankruptcy Court has not denied by a Final Order, to the extent that any such fees and expenses have not been previously paid regardless of whether a fee application has been Filed for any such amount. To the extent that the Bankruptcy Court or any

higher court denies or reduces by a Final Order any amount of a Retained Professional's fees, then those reduced or denied amounts shall no longer constitute Accrued Professional Compensation.

- 2. "Administrative Claim" means any Claim for costs and expenses of administration of the Estate under sections 503(b), 507(b) or 1114(e)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code (excluding claims under section 503(b)(9) of the Bankruptcy Code), including, without limitation: (a) the actual and necessary costs and expenses incurred after the Petition Date of preserving the Estate and operating the business of the Debtors; (b) Allowed Professional Compensation; and (c) all fees and charges assessed against the Estate under chapter 123 of title 28 of the United States Code, 28 U.S.C. §§ 1911-1930. Administrative Claims do not include DIP Lender Claims, which are separately treated under the Plan.
 - 3. "Affiliate" has the meaning set forth at section 101(2) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 4. "Allowed" means, with respect to Claims or Equity Interests: (a) any Claim or Equity Interest, proof of which is timely Filed by the applicable Claims Bar Date (or which by the Bankruptcy Code or Final Order is not or shall not be required to be Filed); (b) any Claim or Equity Interest that is listed in the Schedules as of the Effective Date as not contingent, not unliquidated and not disputed, and for which no Proof of Claim or Interest has been timely Filed; or (c) any Claim or Equity Interest Allowed pursuant to the Plan; provided, however, that with respect to any Claim or Equity Interest described in clause (a) above, such Claim or Equity Interest shall be considered Allowed only if and to the extent that (x) with respect to any Claim or Equity Interest no objection to the allowance thereof has been interposed within the applicable period of time fixed by the Plan, the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules or the Bankruptcy Court or (y) such an objection is so interposed and the Claim or Equity Interest shall have been Allowed for distribution purposes only by a Final Order. Any Claim that has been or is hereafter listed in the Schedules as contingent, unliquidated or disputed, and for which no Proof of Claim has been timely Filed, is not considered Allowed and shall be expunged without further action by the Debtors, the Reorganized Debtors or the Liquidation Trustee and without any further notice to or action, order or approval of the Bankruptcy Court.
- 5. "Allowed Professional Compensation" means all Accrued Professional Compensation Allowed or awarded by a Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court or any other court of competent jurisdiction.
- 6. "Assets" means all of the Debtors' right, title and interest of any nature in property, wherever located, as specified in section 541 of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 7. "Avoidance Actions" means any and all claims and causes of action which the Debtors, the Debtors in possession, the Estate, or other appropriate party in interest has asserted or may assert under sections 502, 510, 542, 544, 545, or 547 through 553 of the Bankruptcy Code or under similar or related state or federal statutes and common law, including fraudulent transfer laws.
- 8. "Ballots" means the ballots accompanying the Disclosure Statement upon which certain Holders of Impaired Claims (modified, as necessary, based on voting party in accordance with the Disclosure Statement Order) entitled to vote shall, among other things, indicate their acceptance or rejection of the Plan in accordance with the Plan and the procedures governing the solicitation process, and which must be actually received on or before the Voting Deadline.
- 9. "Bankruptcy Code" means Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C. §§ 101-1532, as amended and applicable to the Chapter 11 Case.
- 10. "Bankruptcy Court" means the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Nevada, having jurisdiction over the Chapter 11 Case and, to the extent of the withdrawal of any reference under section 157 of title 28 of the United States Code and/or the Order of the United States District Court for the District of Nevada pursuant to section 157(a) of title 28 of the United States Code, the United States District Court for the District of Nevada.

- 11. "Bankruptcy Rules" means the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, as applicable to the Chapter 11 Case, promulgated under 28 U.S.C. § 2075 and the general, local and chambers rules of the Bankruptcy Court.
- 12. "Bid Procedures" means those certain procedures concerning the sale of the Debtors' Property and attached hereto as **Exhibit B**.
- 13. "Business Day" means any day, other than a Saturday, Sunday or "legal holiday" (as defined in Bankruptcy Rule 9006(a)).
 - 14. "Cash" means the legal tender of the United States of America or the equivalent thereof.
- 15. "Causes of Action" means all actions, causes of action (including Avoidance Actions), Claims, liabilities, obligations, rights, suits, debts, damages, judgments, remedies, demands, setoffs, defenses, recoupments, cross claims, counterclaims, third-party claims, indemnity claims, contribution claims or any other claims disputed or undisputed, suspected or unsuspected, foreseen or unforeseen, direct or indirect, choate or inchoate, existing or hereafter arising, in law, equity or otherwise, based in whole or in part upon any act or omission or other event occurring prior to the Petition Date or during the course of the Chapter 11 Case, including through the Effective Date.
- 16. "Chapter 11 Case" means the Chapter 11 case pending for the Debtors under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code in the Bankruptcy Court.
- 17. "Claim" means any claim against the Debtors as defined in section 101(5) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 18. "Claims Bar Date" means, as applicable, (a) June 20, 2018 for the LLC, and June 27, 2018, for the LP, (b) the Governmental Bar Date of August 15, 2018 for the LLC, and August 20, 2018 for the LP, or (c) such other period of limitation as may be specifically fixed by an order of the Bankruptcy Court for Filing such Claims.
- 19. "Claims Objection Bar Date" means, for each Claim, the later of (a) 180 Days after the Effective Date and (b) such other period of limitation as may be specifically fixed by an order of the Bankruptcy Court for objecting to such Claims; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that in no event shall the Claims Objection Bar Date be greater than 120 Days after the Effective Date with respect to any General Unsecured Claim in Class 3.
 - 20. "Claims Register" means the official register of Claims maintained by the Bankruptcy Court.
- 21. "Class" means a category of Holders of Claims or Equity Interests as set forth in Article II hereof pursuant to section 1122(a) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 22. "Commencement" or "Petition Date" means February 16, 2018, the date on which the LLC commenced the Chapter 11 case, or February 21, 2018, the date the LP commenced its Chapter 11 Case.
 - 23. "Commission" means the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.
 - 24. "Committee" means the Official Unsecured Creditors Committee.
- 25. "Confirmation" means the entry of the Confirmation Order on the docket of the Chapter 11 Case, subject to all conditions specified in Article IX of the Plan having been: (a) satisfied; or (b) waived pursuant to Article IX of the Plan.
- 26. "Confirmation Date" means the date upon which the Bankruptcy Court enters the Confirmation Order on the docket of the Chapter 11 Case, within the meaning of Bankruptcy Rules 5003 and 9021.

- 27. "Confirmation Hearing" means the hearing held by the Bankruptcy Court on Confirmation of the Plan pursuant to section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code, as such hearing may be continued from time to time.
- 28. "Confirmation Hearing Notice" means that certain notice of Confirmation Hearing approved by the Disclosure Statement Order.
- 29. "Confirmation Order" means the order of the Bankruptcy Court confirming the Plan pursuant to section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code.
 - 30. "Consummation" means the occurrence of the Effective Date.
 - 31. "Creditor" means a Holder of a Claim.
- 32. "Cure Claim" means a Claim based upon the Debtors' defaults on an Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease at the time such contract or lease is assumed by the Debtors under sections 365 or 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code.
 - 33. "Day" means any day, including Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays.
- 34. "Debtors" means Lucky Dragon Hotel & Casino, LLC, and Lucky Dragon, LP, each in their individual capacity as debtors in these Chapter 11 Cases.
 - 35. "Debtors in Possession" means the Debtors, as Debtors in possession in this Chapter 11 Case.
- 36. "Disclosure Statement" means the Second Amended Disclosure Statement for the First Amended Plan of Reorganization of Lucky Dragon Hotel & Casino, LLC, and Lucky Dragon LP Under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code, as amended, supplemented or modified from time to time, including all exhibits and schedules thereto and references therein that relate to the Plan, that is prepared and distributed in accordance with the Bankruptcy Code, Bankruptcy Rules and any other applicable law.
- 37. "Disclosure Statement Motion" means that certain Motion for Order (i) Approving The Disclosure Statement; (ii) Approving The Form Of Ballots And Proposed Solicitation And Tabulation Procedures; (iii) Fixing The Voting Deadline With Respect To The Debtors' Chapter 11 Plan; (iv) Prescribing The Form And Manner Of Notice Thereof; (v) Fixing The Last Date For Filing Objections To The Chapter 11 Plan; (vi) Scheduling A Hearing To Consider Confirmation Of The Chapter 11 Plan and (vii) Appointing Prime Clerk, LLC As Solicitation And Tabulation Agent filed with the Bankruptcy Court on May 23, 2018, as the Motion may be amended from time to time.
- 38. "Disclosure Statement Order" means that certain Order (i) Approving The Disclosure Statement; (ii) Approving The Form Of Ballots And Proposed Solicitation And Tabulation Procedures; (iii) Fixing The Voting Deadline With Respect To The Debtors' Chapter 11 Plan; (iv) Prescribing The Form And Manner Of Notice Thereof; (v) Fixing The Last Date For Filing Objections To The Chapter 11 Plan; (vi) Scheduling A Hearing To Consider Confirmation Of The Chapter 11 Plan (vii); and Appointing Schwartz Flansburg, PLLC As Solicitation And Tabulation Agent, approved by the Bankruptcy Court on July 20, 2018, as the order may be amended from time to time.
- 39. "Disputed Claim" means, with respect to any Claim or Equity Interests, any Claim or Equity Interests on (a) the Claims Register that is subject to a claim objection filed with the Bankruptcy Court, or (b) Scheduled as Disputed for which a proof of claim was filed.
 - 40. "Distribution Agent" means the Debtors, the Reorganized Debtors or the Liquidating Trustee.
- 41. "Distribution Record Date" means the date for determining which Holders of Claims are eligible to receive distributions hereunder and shall be the Voting Deadline or such other date as designated in an order of the Bankruptcy Court.

- 42. "Effective Date" means the Day that is the first Business Day occurring which is at least fifteen (15) Days after the Confirmation Date on which: (a) no stay of the Confirmation Order is in effect; and (b) all conditions specified in Article IX of the Plan have been: (i) satisfied; or (ii) waived pursuant to Article IX of the Plan.
 - 43. "Entity" means an entity as defined in section 101(15) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 44. "Equity Interest" means any (a) security interest in the Debtors, including all issued, unissued, authorized, or outstanding shares of stock together with any warrants, options, or contractual rights to purchase or acquire such equity securities at any time and all rights arising with respect thereto, or (b) partnership, limited liability company, or similar interest in the Debtors, including those interests held by the EB-5 Holders.
- 45. "Estate" means, as to the Debtors, the estate created for the Debtors in their Chapter 11 Cases pursuant to section 541 of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 46. "Exchange Act" means the Securities Act of 1933, 15 U.S.C. §§ 77a-77aa, or any similar federal, state or local law.
- 47. "Executory Contract" means a contract to which the Debtors are a party that is subject to assumption or rejection under sections 365 or 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code. A list of the Debtors' Executory Contracts is included with the Bid Procedures.
- 48. *"File"* or *"Filed"* means file, filed or filing with the Bankruptcy Court or its authorized designee in this Chapter 11 Case.
- 49. "Final Order" means an order or judgment of the Bankruptcy Court, or other court of competent jurisdiction with respect to the subject matter, as entered on the docket in the Chapter 11 Case or the docket of any court of competent jurisdiction, that has not been reversed, stayed, modified or amended, and as to which the time to appeal, or seek certiorari or move for a new trial, reargument or rehearing has expired and no appeal or petition for certiorari or other proceedings for a new trial, reargument or rehearing been timely taken, or as to which any appeal that has been taken or any petition for certiorari that has been timely Filed has been withdrawn or resolved by the highest court to which the order or judgment was appealed or from which certiorari was sought or the new trial, reargument or rehearing shall have been denied, resulted in no modification of such order or has otherwise been dismissed with prejudice.
- 50. "General Unsecured Claim" means any claim against the Debtors that is not (i) an Administrative Claim, (ii) Priority Tax Claim, (iii) Priority Non-Tax Claim, or (iv) a Secured Claim.
 - 51. "Governmental Bar Date" means August 15, 2018, for the LLC, and August 20, 2018, for the LP.
 - 52. "Holder" means an Entity holding a Claim or an Equity Interest.
 - 53. "Impaired" means any Claims in an Impaired Class.
- 54. "Impaired Class" means an impaired Class within the meaning of section 1124 of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 55. "Initial Distribution Date" means the date that is as soon as practicable after the Effective Date, but no later than thirty (30) Days after the Effective Date, when distributions under the Plan shall commence.
 - 56. "Insider" shall have the meaning ascribed to it under Section 101(31) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 57. "Liquidation Trust" shall mean that certain trust created pursuant to the Liquidation Trust Agreement.

- 58. "Liquidation Trust Agreement" shall mean that certain contract attached hereto as Exhibit D
- 59. "Liquidation Trustee" shall mean that certain party appointed by the OUCC to administer the Liquidation Trust.
- 60. "New Equity Interests" means the equity in Reorganized Debtors to be authorized, issued or reserved on the Effective Date pursuant to the Plan, which shall constitute all of the direct or indirect equity of the Reorganized Debtors.
- 61. "Official Actions" means actions taken by the Exculpated Parties in their official capacities in the Chapter 11 Case after the Petition Date through the Confirmation Date.
- 62. "Periodic Distribution Date" means, the event there is not a Liquidating Trust, the first Business Day that is as soon as reasonably practicable occurring no later than approximately 180 Days after the Initial Distribution Date, and thereafter, the first Business Day that is as soon as reasonably practicable occurring no later than 180 Days after the immediately preceding Periodic Distribution Date.
 - 63. "Person" means a person as defined in section 101(41) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 64. "Petition Date" means February 16, 2018, the date on which the LLC commenced the Chapter 11 Case.
- 65. "Plan" means the Second Amended Plan of Reorganization of Lucky Dragon Hotel & Casino, LLC and Lucky Dragon, LP Under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code dated July 9, 2018, as amended, supplemented or modified from time to time, including, without limitation, the Plan Supplement, which is incorporated therein by reference.
- 66. "Plan Supplement" means, collectively, the compilation of documents and forms of documents, and all exhibits, attachments, schedules, agreements, documents and instruments referred to therein, ancillary or otherwise, all of which are incorporated by reference into, and are an integral part of the Plan, as all of the same may be amended, modified, replaced and/or supplemented from time to time in accordance with the terms hereof and the Bankruptcy Code and the Bankruptcy Rules. The Plan Supplement shall be filed by the Debtors on a date that is 14 calendar days prior to the Confirmation Hearing.
- 67. "Priority Non-Tax Claim" means any Claim accorded priority in right of payment pursuant to section 507(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, other than a Priority Tax Claim or an Administrative Claim.
- 68. "Priority Tax Claim" means any Claim of a governmental unit of the kind specified in section 507(a)(8) of the Bankruptcy Code.
 - 69. "Proof of Claim" means a proof of Claim Filed against the Debtors in the Chapter 11 Case.
- 70. "Proof of Interest" means a proof of Equity Interest filed against the Debtors in the Chapter 11 Case.
- 71. "Pro Rata" means the proportion that an Allowed Claim or Equity Interest in a particular Class bears to the aggregate amount of Allowed Claims or Equity Interests in that Class, or the proportion that Allowed Claims or Equity Interests in a particular Class bear to the aggregate amount of Allowed Claims in a particular Class and other Classes entitled to share in the same recovery as such Allowed Claim or Equity Interest under the Plan.
 - 72. "Record Date" means the close of business on August 15, 2018.
- 73. "Reorganized Debtors means the Debtors, or any successor thereto, by merger, consolidation or otherwise, on or after the Effective Date.

- 74. "Retained Professional" means any Entity: (a) employed in these Chapter 11 Case pursuant to a Final Order in accordance with sections 327 and 1103 of the Bankruptcy Code and to be compensated for services rendered prior to the Effective Date, pursuant to sections 327, 328, 329, 330 or 331 of the Bankruptcy Code; or (b) for which compensation and reimbursement has been allowed by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to section 503(b)(4) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 75. "Schedules" mean, collectively, the schedules of assets and liabilities and statements of financial affairs Filed by the Debtors pursuant to section 521 of the Bankruptcy Code and in substantial accordance with the Official Bankruptcy Forms, as the same may have been amended, modified or supplemented from time to time.
- 76. "Secured" means a Claim secured by a Lien on property in which the Estate has an interest, which Lien is valid, perfected, and enforceable pursuant to applicable law or by reason of a Bankruptcy Court order, or that is secured pursuant to section 365(j) of the Bankruptcy Code, or that is subject to setoff pursuant to section 553 of the Bankruptcy Code, in each case to the extent of the value of the creditor's interest in the Estate's interest in such property or to the extent of the amount subject to setoff, as applicable, as determined pursuant to section 506(a) of the Bankruptcy Code.
 - 77. "Securities Act" means the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended.
 - 78. "SF" means Schwartz Flansburg PLLC.
 - 79. "Solicitation Deadline" means the close of business on July 27, 2018.
- 80. "Tort Claim" means any Claim that has not been settled, compromised or otherwise resolved that: (a) arises out of allegations of personal injury, wrongful death, property damage, products liability or similar legal theories of recovery; or (b) arises under any federal, state or local statute, rule, regulation or ordinance governing, regulating or relating to protection of human health, safety or the environment.
- 81. "Unexpired Lease" means a lease to which the Debtors are a party that is subject to assumption or rejection under sections 365 or 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code. A list of the Debtors' Unexpired Leases is included with the Bid Procedures.
- 82. "Unimpaired" means, with respect to a Class of Claims or Equity Interests, a Claim or an Equity Interest that is unimpaired within the meaning of section 1124 of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 83. "Unimpaired Class" means an unimpaired Class within the meaning of section 1124 of the Bankruptcy Code.
 - 84. "Unimpaired Claim" means any Claim in an Unimpaired Class.
 - 85. "Voting Classes" means Classes 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8.
- 86. "Voting Deadline" means August 31, 2018, at 5:00 p.m. prevailing Pacific Time for all Holders of Claims, which is the date and time by which all Ballots must be received by the Debtors, in accordance with the Disclosure Statement Order, or such other date and time as may be established by the Bankruptcy Court with respect to any Voting Class.

X. RECOMMENDATION

In the opinion of the Debtors, the Plan is preferable to the alternatives described in this Disclosure Statement because it provides for a larger distribution to the Debtors' creditors than would otherwise result in a liquidation under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. In addition, any alternative other than Confirmation of the Plan could result in extensive delays and increased administrative expenses resulting in smaller distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims than that which is proposed under the Plan. Accordingly, the Debtors recommend that Holders of Claims entitled to vote on the Plan support Confirmation of the Plan and vote to accept the Plan.

Respectfully submitted,

Lucky Dragon Hotel & Casino, LLC

By: /s/ Andrew Fonfa

Title: Manager of the Managing Member

Lucky Dragon LP

By: /s/ Andrew Fonfa

Title: Manager of the General Partner

/s/Samuel A. Schwartz

Samuel A. Schwartz, Esq. Attorneys for the Debtors

EXHIBITS

Exhibit A – Copy of Proposed Plan of Reorganization

Exhibit B – Bid Procedures

Exhibit C – Liquidation Analyses

Exhibit D – The Liquidation Trust Agreement