Thomas W. Stilley, OSB No. 88316 William N. Stiles, OSB No. 65123 Susan S. Ford, OSB No. 84220 SUSSMAN SHANK LLP 1000 SW Broadway, Suite 1400 Portland, OR 97205-3089

Telephone: (503) 227-1111 Facsimile: (503) 248-0130

E-Mail: tom@sussmanshank.com

<u>bills@sussmanshank.com</u> <u>susanf@sussmanshank.com</u>

Attorneys for Debtor and Debtor-In-Possession

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT

DISTRICT OF OREGON

In re: ROMAN CATHOLIC ARCHBISHOP OF PORTLAND IN OREGON, AND SUCCESSORS, A CORPORATION SOLE, dba the ARCHDIOCESE OF PORTLAND IN OREGON,) Case No. 04-37154-elp11) DISCLOSURE STATEMENT) REGARDING DEBTOR'S PLAN OF) REORGANIZATION)
Debtor.	

THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT HAS NOT YET BEEN APPROVED BY THE COURT AS CONTAINING ADEQUATE INFORMATION WITHIN THE MEANING OF BANKRUPTCY CODE §1125. IF YOU HAVE REQUESTED AND RECEIVED A COPY OF THE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IN CONNECTION WITH THE COURT'S HEARING TO CONSIDER APPROVAL OF THE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT, NOTHING CONTAINED HEREIN IS OR WILL BE DEEMED A SOLICITATION OF ACCEPTANCE OF THE DEBTOR'S PLAN OF REORGANIZATION FILED BY THE DEBTOR.

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The Roman Catholic Archbishop of Portland in Oregon, and successors, a
corporation sole, dba the Archdiocese of Portland in Oregon, and the debtor and debtor
in possession in the above captioned Chapter 11 reorganization case (the
"Archdiocese" or the "Debtor"), has prepared this Disclosure Statement in connection
with the solicitation of acceptances of the "Debtor's Plan of Reorganization" dated
November 15, 2005 (the "Plan"). A copy of the Plan accompanies this Disclosure
Statement.

I. <u>INTRODUCTION AND STATEMENTS REGARDING REPRESENTATIONS.</u>

A. Introduction.

On July 6, 2004 (the "Petition Date"), the Archdiocese commenced this Chapter 11 reorganization case ("Case") by filing a voluntary petition under Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code ("Bankruptcy Code"). Since the Petition Date the Archdiocese has remained a debtor-in-possession pursuant to Sections 1107 and 1108 of the Code. The Archdiocese filed this Chapter 11 Bankruptcy Case to reorganize its financial affairs pursuant to a plan of reorganization that will, among other things, fairly, justly, and equitably compensate valid Claimants alleging sexual abuse by persons associated with the Archdiocese, while allowing the Archdiocese to continue its religious ministries, serve the spiritual needs of the faithful, and pursue its non-profit, charitable mission of service to those in need.

B. <u>Definitions and Plan Supremacy</u>.

Unless this Disclosure Statement expressly states that a term defined in the Plan will have a different meaning herein, all terms defined in the Plan will have the same meanings when used in this Disclosure Statement. In addition, unless otherwise stated, terms used in this Disclosure Statement will have the same meanings as in the Bankruptcy Code, the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, and the Local Rules of the Court. Terms defined in this Disclosure Statement which are also defined in the

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Plan or the other sources described above are solely for convenience and the Debtor does not intend to change the definitions of those terms from the Plan or from the otherwise applicable sources. Furthermore, in the event of any inconsistency between the Plan and this Disclosure Statement, the Plan will control. The Exhibits attached to this Disclosure Statement are incorporated into and are a part of this Disclosure

C. Limited Representations.

Statement.

This Disclosure Statement is submitted in accordance with Bankruptcy Code §1125 for the purpose of soliciting acceptances of the Plan from holders of certain Claims. The Court has approved this Disclosure Statement as containing information of a kind, and in sufficient detail, which is adequate to enable you to make an informed judgment whether to vote to accept or to reject the Plan.

In determining whether the Plan should be confirmed, the Court will consider whether the Plan satisfies the requirements of the Bankruptcy Code, including whether sufficient classes of creditors have voted to accept it, whether it is feasible from an economic standpoint, and whether it is in the best interests of Creditors and other parties in interest. The Court also will receive and consider a ballot summary prepared by the Debtor concerning the votes cast for acceptance or rejection of the Plan by parties entitled to vote. Only holders of Allowed Claims that are impaired under the Plan (or that have been temporarily allowed for voting purposes) will be allowed to vote to accept or reject the Plan. "Impaired" means that a Claimant's legal, equitable, or contractual rights have been altered by the Plan, or the Claimant will not receive payment in full of his or her Claim on or about the Effective Date for those Claims that have been Allowed and are then due.

THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IS NOT THE PLAN. THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT, TOGETHER WITH THE PLAN, WHICH ACCOMPANIES THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT SHOULD BE READ COMPLETELY. FOR THE CONVENIENCE OF CREDITORS, THE PLAN

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1	SUMN	MARIES AND O	THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT, BUT ALL THER STATEMENTS REGARDING THE PLAN
2			THEIR ENTIRETY BY THE PLAN ITSELF, WHICH THE EVENT OF ANY INCONSISTENCY.
	The C	Court will hold a	nearing on confirmation of the Plan commencing at
4			
5	a.	m. on	, 2006. The confirmation hearing may be
6	adjourned fro	om time to time	without further written notice.
7	Certai	in materials con	tained in this Disclosure Statement are taken directly from
8	other, readily	accessible doc	uments or are summaries prepared from other documents.
9	While every	effort has been	made to retain the meaning of such documents, you are
10	urged to rely	upon the conte	nts of such materials only after a thorough review of the
11	documents th	nemselves.	
12			ONS OR ASSURANCES CONCERNING THE
13			G, WITHOUT LIMITATION, ITS OPERATIONS, THE TS, OR THE FUTURE OPERATIONS OF THE
14			TOR ARE AUTHORIZED BY THE DEBTOR T FORTH IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT.
15			TION BY THE DEBTOR ONLY AND IT IS NOT A
16			HE DEBTOR'S ATTORNEYS OR ANY OTHER MPLOYED BY THE DEBTOR. THE
17	REPR	ESENTATIONS	MADE HEREIN ARE THOSE OF THE DEBTOR EBTOR'S ATTORNEYS OR ANY OTHER
		ESSIONAL.	EDION OTHER ON THE N
18			RTS HAVE BEEN MADE TO ACCURATELY
19	CONT	TAINED IN THIS	NCIAL INFORMATION WHICH MAY BE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT FROM THE
20			LABLE TO THE DEBTOR. HOWEVER, AS TO ALL FORMATION, THE DEBTOR IS UNABLE TO
21	WARF		RESENT THAT THE INFORMATION CONTAINED
22	11121		
23	D.	Voting Proced	<u>ures</u> .
24	If you	are the holder of	of a Claim that is "impaired" under the Plan, it is important
25	that you vote	. In that regard	acceptances of the Plan are sought only from those
26	holders of Cl	aims whose Cla	ims are "impaired" by the Plan and who are not deemed to

- 1 have accepted or rejected the Plan. Holders of Claims that are not impaired under the
- 2 Plan are deemed to have accepted the Plan. <u>See</u> Bankruptcy Code §1126(f).
- 3 Conversely, acceptances need not be solicited from the holders of Claims who will
- 4 receive nothing under the Plan because they are deemed to have rejected the Plan.
- 5 See Bankruptcy Code §1126(g).

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In order for a class of Claims to vote to accept the Plan, votes representing at least two-thirds in amount and more than one-half in number in that class must be cast in favor of acceptance of the Plan. As more fully described below, the Debtor is seeking acceptances from holders of Allowed Claims in the following classes (reserving the right to supplement as to any other impaired class(es) of Claims, if any):

12	<u>Class</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Status</u>
13	Class 3	Umpqua Bank	Impaired – Entitled to Vote
14	Class 4	Perpetual Endowment Fund	Impaired – Entitled to Vote
15 16	Class 6	General Unsecured Claims	Impaired – Entitled to Vote
	Class 7	Allowed Present Tort Claims	Impaired – Entitled to Vote
10 17	Class 8	Unresolved Present Tort Claims	Impaired – Entitled to Vote
	Class 9	Future Claims	Impaired – Entitled to Vote
18			

The following classes of Claims are not impaired under the Plan or are otherwise prohibited by the Bankruptcy Code from voting on the Plan for the reason indicated:

22	<u>Class</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Status</u>
23	Class 1	Non-Tax Priority Claims	Unimpaired – Deemed to Accept
2425	Class 2	Administrative Convenience Claims	Unimpaired – Deemed to Accept
26	Class 5	Guaranty Claims	Unimpaired – Deemed to Accept

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1 2	Class 10	Supplemental Present Tort Claims	Impaired - Included in Class 9 – Duplicative and not Entitled to Vote – Will not be Counted		
3			for Voting or Confirmation Purposes		
4	Class 11	Retiree Benefit Claims	Unimpaired – Deemed to Accept		
5 6	Class 12	Donor Claims	Unimpaired – Deemed to Accept		
7	Class 13	Beneficiary Claims	Unimpaired – Deemed to Accept		
8	The specific treatmen	t of each class under the Pl	an is set forth in the Plan and is		
9	summarized in Articles V and	VIII of this Disclosure State	ement. Bankruptcy Code		
10	§1129(b) provides that, if the	Plan is rejected by one or i	more impaired classes of		
11	Claims, the Plan nevertheles	s may be confirmed by the	Court, if: (i) the Court		
12					
respect to the rejecting class(es) of Claims that are impaired under the P			aired under the Plan; and (ii) at		
14	least one class of impaired Claims has voted to accept the Plan. These requirements				
are described in further detail in Section X.C. of this Disclosure S A VOTE FOR ACCEPTANCE OF THE PLAN BY THOSE	are described in further detail in Section X.C. of this Disclosure Statement.				
	THOSE HOLDERS OF				
17 18	CLAIMS WHO ARE E	NTITLED TO VOTE IS IMP NDS THAT THE HOLDERS	ORTANT. THE		
19	Unless otherwise exp	ressly stated, portions of thi	s Disclosure Statement		
20	describing the Archdiocese h	ave not been subjected to	an independent audit, but have		
21	been prepared from informat	ion compiled by the Archdic	ocese from records maintained		
22	in the ordinary course of its o	perations. Every effort has	been made to be as accurate		
23	as possible in the preparation	n of this Disclosure Stateme	ent.		
24	II. <u>BACKGROUND</u> .				
25	In 1999, the Oregon S	Supreme Court decided <i>Fea</i>	ring v. Bucher, 328 Or. 367, 977		
26	P.2d 1163 (1999) and Lourin	n v. Swensen and the Boy S	Scouts of America, 328 Or. 380,		

977 P.2d 1157 (1999), which established for the first time that an employer/principal
(including the Archdiocese) could be held liable under a respondeat superior theory of
vicarious liability for the intentional acts of sexual misconduct by its personnel (the same
ruling against the Boy Scouts applied to Scoutmaster volunteers). Fearing v. Bucher
also decided that the extended statute of limitations for civil claims involving child abuse
under ORS 12.117 applied to the principal/employer as well as the agent/employee who
actually was accused of the misconduct.

As a result of these cases, it became legally viable and financially lucrative, for personal injury lawyers and their clients to pursue such claims against the Archdiocese. Prior to *Fearing v. Bucher*, an employer could not be held vicariously liable for the sexual misconduct of its employee, because that type of activity could not in any way be viewed as serving the interest of the employer and was, therefore, as a matter of law, outside the course and scope of employment of the alleged abuser. *G.L. v. Kaiser Foundation Hospitals*, 306 Or. 54, 757 P.2d 1347 (1988)

Beginning in late 1999, several lawsuits with twenty-five plaintiffs were filed against the Archdiocese alleging misconduct of Maurice Grammond, who had been the pastor at Our Lady of Victory Church in Seaside, Oregon from 1966-1985. At the request of the Archdiocese, and with the participation of its insurance carriers, a mediation was held in mid-2000 that resulted in settlement of all twenty-five (25) cases ("Grammond I"). The settlement of those claims was announced in October 2000, with extensive media publicity. Also, a very public apology by Archbishop Vlazny was disseminated widely, in the media and otherwise.

Cases continued to be filed in 2001 and many new claims were filed in 2002 after intense media reporting of claims against priests of the Archdiocese of Boston and criticism of Cardinal Bernard Law, then the Archbishop of Boston. Again, Archbishop Vlazny sought and announced publicly his desire to resolve the claims and to

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compensate valid claimants. Another large-scale mediation took place for approximately six weeks in 2003, resulting in settlement of most of the cases mediated. However, the Archdiocese lost the full support of some of its insurers. As of early 2004, \$53,000,000 had been paid to settle claims of alleged sexual misconduct, \$27,000,000

of which was paid from the Archdiocese's own funds.

Almost all of the tort claims against the Archdiocese allege sexual misconduct with minors happening before the early 1980s. Most of the Tort Claims arise out of the 1960s and 1970s, some out of the 1950s and 1940s, and very few in the 1980s. The lack of more recent claims may be the result of policies and programs initiated after the very public arrest, conviction and sentencing of the former Rev. Thomas B. Laughlin, who was pastor of All Saints Parish, Portland when arrested by the police in 1983 on a charge of child sex abuse. In response, the Archdiocese conducted clergy seminars on child abuse and reporting, clergy screening were updated, and other practices were implemented to prevent these problems from re-occurring. As a result of these efforts, almost all of the tort claims against the Debtor alleging sexual misconduct with minors are at least 20 years old, and many are decades older.

Despite the abandonment of the Archdiocese by its major insurers, Safeco Insurance Company of America and General Insurance Company of America, the Archdiocese continued to settle claims into 2004. However, in mid-2004 the Archdiocese faced two claims asking for a total of \$155,000,000 between them. Claimant C.B. sought \$10,000,000 in compensatory damages and \$125,000,000 in punitive damages. Claimant James Devereaux sought \$10,000,000 in compensatory damages and \$10,000,000 in punitive damages. The actual alleged misconduct in those cases was less serious than what was alleged in many of the previously settled cases. Plaintiffs' counsel refused the Debtor's efforts to resolve these cases on any reasonable basis.

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With approximately 65 other claims pending, the Archdiocese was concerned
that paying the demands of the two plaintiffs would put the Archdiocese at great
financial risk and cripple its ability to compensate valid claimants. On July 6, 2004,
Archbishop Vlazny announced that the Archdiocese would file for Chapter 11
reorganization in bankruptcy court, as a just and prudent course of action and as the
best choice if he were to be a prudent steward of the resources of parishes and schools
as well as those of the Archdiocese. In a widely publicized Open Letter to the Church
of Western Oregon, Archbishop Vlazny stated that: "[f]iling for bankruptcy offers the
best possibility for the Archdiocese to resolve fairly all pending claims, to manage a
difficult financial situation and to preserve the ability of the Archdiocese to fulfill its
mission."
III. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS IN CHAPTER 11.

Since the filing of the petition on July 6, 2004 the following events of significance have occurred:

- The Court established a Claims Bar Date of April 29, 2005 and attendant notice procedures pursuant to which notice of the April 29, 2005 deadline for filing
 Claims was given to known and potential creditors both by direct mail and by publication in local, regional, and national newspapers and other sources;
- A Tort Claimants Committee was appointed to represent the collective interest of all Present Tort Claimants;
- A Future Claimants Representative was appointed to represent the interests of those Child Abuse Tort Claimants who as of the Claims Bar Date (1) were under the age of 18; (2) were suffering from "repressed memory" and could not remember the Child Abuse; or (3) had not discovered the injury or the causal connection between the injury and the Child Abuse, nor in the exercise of reasonable care should

have discovered the injury or the causal connection between the injury and the Child
Abuse (collectively the "Future Claimants");

- The Court approved an Accelerated Claims Resolution Procedure
 pursuant to which early filed Tort Claims alleging Child Abuse were mediated in an effort
 to settle such Claims. These mediations commenced in August 2005 and were
 concluded in September 2005.
- The Tort Claimants Committee instituted litigation to determine whether Parish and school property, and other property which the Archdiocese asserts is held in trust or is otherwise restricted from being used to pay Claims against the Archdiocese, is available to pay Claims. That litigation is pending and no decision has been made as to whether such property can or cannot be used to pay Claims.
- The Court appointed Hamilton Rabinovitz & Alschuler, a firm with extensive experience in estimating future claims in mass tort cases such as those involving asbestos exposure to assist in determining the estimated amount of Claims which can be expected to be asserted by the Future Claimants.
- The Archdiocese instituted litigation against its insurers to recover amounts previously paid in settling claims for which the insurers denied coverage, to require the insurance companies to fulfill their obligations to provide coverage for the Tort Claims and for other causes of action relating to the Insurance Policies. That litigation is ongoing and is not expected to be concluded until after confirmation of the Plan.
- As of the Claims Bar Date a total of 197 child sex abuse Claims had been filed against the Debtor (3 additional Claims were filed based on prepetition settlements for which the settlement amounts had not been fully paid). As of November 10, 2005, 60 of these Claims had been disallowed, settled, tentatively settled, or withdrawn. Of the 137 remaining unresolved child sex abuse Claims, 8 are duplicates, leaving 129

- such Claims to be resolved (not including any Future Claims, i.e., child abuse Claims
- 2 filed after the Claims Bar Date). Numerous Claims are in the process of being
- 3 disallowed, withdrawn, or settled. The Archdiocese has filed a motion asking the Court
- 4 to estimate the remaining child sex abuse Claims where no settlement has been
- 5 reached for the purposes of voting on and determining whether to confirm the Plan.

IV. OVERVIEW OF THE PLAN.

A. <u>General Structure Of The Plan</u>.

The Plan provides for the reorganized Archdiocese (the "Reorganized Debtor") to provide funds in an amount that the Court determines will be sufficient to pay all Claims in full based on (1) the settled or agreed amount of the Claims which are resolved prior to the Effective Date of the Plan, and (2) for those Claims that have not been resolved prior to the Effective Date, for the Court to estimate the amount which is likely to be awarded for such Claims through later settlements, arbitrations, or trials. The Plan provides for the establishment of a Claims Resolution Facility to assume liability for, and to resolve and pay all Unresolved Tort Claims, including Future Claims. The Plan contemplates that, on the Effective Date, all settled or otherwise resolved Claims will be paid, the Claims Resolution Facility will be established, and the Reorganized Debtor will provide funding to the Claims Resolution Facility in an amount that the Court determines will be sufficient to pay all Unresolved Tort Claims in full. The Court will be asked to estimate the aggregate amount of all Unresolved Tort Claims in order to determine the amount of funding that the Reorganized Debtor will be required to provide to the Claims Resolution Facility that will be adequate to pay such Claims in full.

B. Estimated Distributions To Creditors.

The following is a summary of the projected recoveries for each of the holders of Allowed Claims under the Plan:

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Class/Nature of Claim	<u>Treatment</u>	Approximate Total Estimated Allowed Claims	Estimated Dates and Amounts of Distributions	Estimated <u>Distributions</u>
Class 1 Non-Tax Priority Claims	Unimpaired	\$2,920	In full when such Claims become due, or if already due, as soon as reasonably practicable following the Effective Date or if later, the Allowance Date	100%
Class 2 Administrative Convenience Claims	UnImpaired	\$60,795	In full as soon as reasonably practicable following the Effective Date or if later, the Allowance Date	100%
Class 3 Umpqua Bank Secured Claim	Impaired	\$376,600	180 consecutive equal monthly installments, including principal and interest at the non-default contract rate, commencing within 30 days following the Effective Date, or if later the Allowance Date	100%
Class 4 Perpetual Endowment Fund Secured Claim	Impaired	\$5,194,239	180 consecutive equal monthly installments, including principal and interest at the non-default contract rate, commencing within 30 days following the Effective Date, or if later the Allowance Date	100%
Class 5 Guaranty Claims	Unimpaired	\$20,197,917	Reorganized Debtor will assume all Guaranty Claims and pay according their terms.	N/A
Class 6 General Unsecured Claims	Impaired	\$461,507	12 consecutive equal monthly installments, including principal and interest at the Plan Interest Rate, commencing within 30 days following the Effective Date, or if later the Allowance Date	100%
Class 7 Allowed Present Tort Claims	Impaired	\$1,967,944	In full as soon as reasonably practicable following the Effective Date	100%
Class 8 Unresolved Present Tort Claims	Impaired	To Be Determined by the Court	To be paid by Claims Resolution Facility after such Claims become Allowed and as distributions are authorized by the District Court	100%

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Class/Nature of Claim	<u>Treatment</u>	Approximate Total Estimated Allowed Claims	Estimated Dates and Amounts of Distributions	Estimated <u>Distributions</u>
Class 9 Future Tort Claims	Impaired	To Be Determined by the Court	To be paid by Claims Resolution Facility after such Claims become Allowed and as distributions are authorized by the District Court	100%
Class 10 ¹ Supplemental Unresolved Present Tort Claims	Impaired	N/A – Included in Class 9	To be paid by Claims Resolution Facility after such Claims become Allowed and as distributions are authorized by the District Court	100%
Class 11 Retiree Benefit Claims	Unimpaired	\$404,000	To be assumed and paid by the Reorganized Debtor when due in accordance with the terms of the benefit plans providing for payment of such Claims	100%
Class 12 Donor Claims	Unimpaired	N/A	Reorganized Debtor to comply with Canon Law and civil law regarding the donors' intent and any restrictions on the use and disposition of donated property.	N/A
Class 13 Beneficiary Claims	Unimpaired	N/A	Reorganized Debtor to comply with Canon Law and civil law regarding the use and disposition of property held in trust or otherwise for the benefit of the Parishes, parishioners, and others.	N/A

V. <u>RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE DEBTOR</u>.

The Archdiocese recommends that all Creditors who are entitled to vote, vote to accept the Plan. The Archdiocese believes the Plan provides the best alternative to resolve and pay Claims as soon as possible, and is in the best interest of all creditors and other interested parties. Until a plan is confirmed, the Debtor expects the Tort Claimants Committee will continue to litigate with the Archdiocese over whether the Parish churches, schools, and personal property is available to pay Claims against the

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¹ Currently included in Future Claims Class. Will only become a Class if the Court's Order to include such Claimants in the class of Future Claimants is reversed on appeal.

Archdiocese. The Archdiocese asserts that such property is not available to pay Claims
because such property was given for religious and charitable purposes for the benefit of
the Parishes, parishioners, and others who benefit from the use of such property. The
Archdiocese asserts that it only holds legal title to the Parish property and not the
equitable or beneficial interests. The Tort Claimants Committee disputes this and
asserts that all such property is the Archdiocese's, primarily because the Archdiocese is
the only civilly incorporated entity (with the exception of one Parish), and title to most of
the real property is held in the name of that civil corporate entity. The only court to ever
rule on such issue is the Bankruptcy Court for the Eastern District of Washington, which
in August 2005 held that under Washington law the parish property was either the
property of the Diocese of Spokane, or held in trust for the Diocese's benefit. That
decision is currently on appeal.

If the Court were to rule that the Parish property is the property of the Archdiocese, and that such property is not held in trust and/or restricted in its use for the benefit of the Parishes, parishioners, and others, the Archdiocese, the Parishes, and other defendants would undoubtedly appeal that decision. On the other hand, if the Court were to rule that the Parish property was not available to pay Claims, the Archdiocese would have little incentive to offer an amount that would be sufficient to pay all Claims in full as it has offered to do under the Plan. In fact, if none of the Parish assets, but only the Unrestricted Archdiocesan Property described in Section VII below was available to pay Claims, there would be only approximately \$21.5 million available for unsecured creditors, resulting in payments to creditors of possibly only 50% or less of their Allowed Claims based on the Debtor's estimates.

In the absence of confirmation of a plan such as that proposed by the Archdiocese, which provides significantly more money for creditors than the Archdiocese could be forced to pay if the Archdiocese were successful in the Parish

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and school property litigation, all Claims would likely need to be resolved and the
property litigation concluded before it could be determined how much could be paid on
each Claim. The Plan as proposed provides for full payment to creditors who have
settled their Claims as soon as the Plan can be confirmed. It provides for payment to all
other creditors whose Claims are resolved after confirmation, either through settlement
or litigation, promptly after such Claims are resolved. These payments are not
contingent on the Tort Claimants Committee successfully litigating the Parish, school,
and other restricted property issues, which would be necessary for any other plan to
provide payments anywhere approaching the amounts the Archdiocese has committed
to pay pursuant to the Archdiocese's Plan. In fact, if the Tort Claimants Committee is
unsuccessful in the property litigation, and without significant payments from the
Archdiocese's insurers, unsecured creditors would likely receive 50% or less of the
allowed amount of their Claims.

In contrast, the Archdiocese's Plan provides for payment of an aggregate amount which is expected to be sufficient to pay all Claims in full, without any reliance on recovery from the insurance carriers, and without the risk of an adverse ruling for the Tort Claimants Committee in the Parish and school property litigation. Finally, payments can be made under the Archdiocese's Plan promptly as Claims are resolved without having to wait potentially years for all Claims to be resolved and the Parish and school property litigation to wind its way through the appellate courts before any creditor can be paid. For those Claimants who do not want to settle their Claims and insist on trying their Claims to a jury, that option remains available under the Plan, with payments to be made to such Claimants shortly after the jury renders its verdict, assuming there is no appeal, from the funds contributed by the Archdiocese to the Claims Resolution Facility.

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VI. THE DEBTOR.

A. <u>The History and Mission of the Archdiocese</u>.

The Roman Catholic Church is a hierarchical religious organization governed by its own laws and customs and protected by the "establishment" and "free exercise" clauses of the United States Constitution, the Oregon Constitution, and other applicable laws, rules, and regulations regarding the free exercise of religion in the United States of America and the State of Oregon. The Church's own laws are written in the Code of Canon Law. Canon Law defines the organization of the Church, the roles and powers of the various entities which comprise the Church as a whole, and the duties of the various persons and entities participating in the Church.

The Archdiocese is one such entity and was initially created as a Vicariate—Apostolic on December 1, 1843. It became an archdiocese in 1846 under the name "Archdiocese of Oregon City." The Archdiocese is the second oldest archdiocese in the United States, the oldest being Baltimore. The Archdiocese is presided over by an archbishop. The first archbishop was Francis Norbert Blanchet, who served in that capacity from 1846 until 1880. John G. Vlazny is the current archbishop, having served since 1997. The Archbishop provides ecclesiastical guidance to all Catholics within a geographical area extending from the crest of the Cascade Mountains on the east to the Pacific Ocean on the West, and from the southern Washington border on the north to the northern California border on the south.

In 1874, the decision was made to form a religious *corporation sole* under Oregon law to conduct the secular affairs of the Archdiocese. That corporation was initially incorporated under the name "Roman Catholic Archbishop of the Diocese of Oregon." After a number of name changes and the merger with another religious corporation in 1994, the surviving corporation's name became "Roman Catholic Archbishop of Portland in Oregon, and successors, a corporation sole," which it remains

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to this day. The Archdiocese's main offices are located in the Pastoral Center, 2838 E. Burnside St., in Portland.

In addition to the Archdiocese itself, many other Catholic entities exist within western Oregon, including parishes, universities, hospitals, monasteries, and various other religious, teaching, and charitable organizations and institutions. There are an estimated 380,000-plus Roman Catholics who are served by 124 Parishes and 24 missions in western Oregon.

B. <u>Organizational Structure Of The Archdiocese</u>.

The Archdiocese is structured and operates in accordance with Canon Law and applicable civil law. Among other things, Canon Law establishes that the Roman Catholic Church is comprised of "juridic persons." According to Canon Law, a "juridic person" is an artificial person similar to a corporation in civil law. Each diocese and parish affiliated with the Church is considered a separate juridic person. An ordinary (the bishop or archbishop in larger dioceses known as archdioceses) is given the responsibility to supervise the juridic persons in the geographical area covered by the diocese. A juridic person is an artificial person, distinct from all natural persons or material goods, constituted by competent ecclesiastical authority for an apostolic purpose, with a capacity for continuous existence and with canonical rights and duties like those of a natural person (e.g., to own property, enter into contracts, sue or be sued).

A parish is a certain community of the christian faithful whose pastoral care is entrusted to a pastor under the authority of the diocesan bishop. Once a parish has been established, it becomes a juridic person. The pastor (not the bishop) represents the parish in all juridic affairs in accord with the norm of law. The pastor is to see to it that the goods of the parish are administered in accordance with the norms of the canons.

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All church property, whether held in the name of the Archdiocese, the
Archbishop, a Parish, or a school, has been acquired with charitable donations made by
parishioners, religious organizations, charitable foundations, and others. As such, the
Archdiocese asserts that much of the property titled in its name is held in trust, or is
otherwise restricted, for the use and benefit of the Parishes, parishioners, parents,
students, and others who rely on the continued use of such property in order to practice
their religion and educate their children, and that certain property is specifically
designated for a particular purpose and can only be used for that purpose. Consistent
therewith, the Archdiocese asserts that it must comply with the duties imposed on it as a
trustee, and in compliance with any restrictions imposed on Parish and school property,
or any other trust or restricted property.
Contrary to the Archdiocese's view, the Tort Claimants Committee asserts that
the Parishes and schools have no legal existence separate from the Archdiocese and
that all Parish and school property is property of the Archdiocese's bankruptcy estate, is
not held in trust or restricted in its use, and is available to pay Claims against the
Archdiocese. This issue alone has generated heavily contested litigation in this Case.
The Court has made no determination regarding this issue; however, summary
judgment motions are currently pending regarding (1) the legal status of the Parishes,
and (2) whether the interests of the Parishes, parishioners, beneficiaries, and donors in
the property of nine Parishes and Regis High School can be avoided so as to make
such properties part of the Archdiocese's bankruptcy estate. The Archdiocese believes
it will be unnecessary for the Court to decide these issues if the Plan is confirmed
because the Plan will provide funding that is anticipated to be sufficient to pay all Claims
in full without regard to whether the Parish and school property is available to pay
Claims against the Archdiocese.

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C. The Archdiocese's Assets And Liabilities.

1. Assets.

There are four main categories of property in which the Archdiocese holds some type of interest. The first category is property the Archdiocese owns outright without any restrictions or encumbrances ("Unrestricted Archdiocesan Property"). The second category is property owned by the Archdiocese which the Archdiocese asserts contains restrictions on use that prevent the Archdiocese from using such property to pay Claims against the Archdiocese ("Restricted Archdiocesan Property"). The third category is property that the Archdiocese asserts is held in trust, or is restricted, for the use of Parishes, parishioners, schools, and others that prevents such property from being used to pay Claims against the Archdiocese ("Parish and School Property"). The fourth category is the proceeds of the Archdiocese's claims against its insurers ("Insurance Recoveries") of which any recovery would be available to pay Claims.

(a) Unrestricted Archdiocesan Property. The Unrestricted Archdiocesan Property is described on Exhibit 1, and includes the Pastoral Center Building and associated real property, the Casa Del Rey Apartments, certain houses and vacant land, and certain assets held in the General Operating Fund, the Insurance Fund, and the Property Fund. The Archdiocese believes the current estimated fair market value of the Unrestricted Archdiocesan Property is approximately \$27, 244,172 as of September 30, 2005.

(b) Restricted Archdiocesan Property. The Restricted
Archdiocesan Property is described on Exhibit 2, and includes the Annual Catholic
Appeal Fund, the Priest Retirement Fund, the Archdiocese Catholic Education
Endowment Fund, the Perpetual Endowment Fund, the Archdiocesan Cemeteries and
all associated operating funds, the Restricted Fund, and the Charitable Gift Annuity
Fund. The Archdiocese believes the current estimated fair market value of the

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1	Restricted Archdiocesan Property is approximately \$89, 566,598 as of September 30,
2	2005.
3	(c) Parish and School Property. The Parish and School
4	Property is described on Exhibit 3, and includes all Parish churches, schools, and
5	cemeteries, Central Catholic High School, Regis High School, Marist High School, and
6	all Parish and school bank and investment accounts, including such entities' funds and
7	investments in the Archdiocesan Loan and Investment Program and the Catholic
8	Education Endowment Fund. No current appraisals exist for this property and it would
9	be very difficult to provide a reliable estimate of the value of such property. The most
10	recent tax appraisal information lists the value of the real property at approximately
11	\$389,820,856.
12	(d) <u>Insurance Recoveries</u> . The Archdiocese, the Parishes, the
13	schools, and other entities are insured under certain insurance policies that the
14	Archdiocese asserts provides coverage for the Tort Claims. Some of the Insurance
15	Policies are occurrence policies, which means that if the act occurred during a policy
16	year, regardless of when the Claim is made, then the Claim is covered by the applicable
17	Insurance Policy. The remaining policies are "Claims made" policies, which means that
18	the relevant time period for determining coverage is not the date of occurrence, but the
19	date the Claim is first made. ²
20	The Insurance Companies are defendants or plaintiffs in adversary proceedings
21	pending in the Court to determine the insurers' liability for and the amount of coverage
22	available to the Archdiocese for the Tort Claims. Certain insurers are paying the
23	Archdiocese's defense costs to resolve the Tort Claims and other insurers have refused
24	to pay defense costs. All the insurers have reserved their rights with respect to whether

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² Although these policies are "Claims made" policies, they are limited to Claims made for acts which occurred after the issuance of the policies.

1	there is coverage for the Tort Claims. The Archdiocese contends that it has various
2	claims against the Insurance Companies related to coverage and additional claims
3	arising out of certain of the Insurance Companies' actions with respect to coverage and
4	settlement of the Tort Claims. At this time the Archdiocese does not have a reliable
5	estimate of the total value of the Insurance Claims but believes they could be worth in
6	excess of \$20 million.
7	2. <u>Liabilities</u> .
8	(a) Non-Tax Priority Claims. Allowed Non-Tax Priority Claims
9	are estimated to total approximately \$2,920 consisting of tenant deposits at the Casa
10	Del Rey Apartments.
11	(b) Administrative Convenience Claims. Administrative
12	Convenience Claims are estimated to total approximately \$60,795.
13	(c) <u>Umpqua Bank</u> . Umpqua Bank's Secured Claim, which is
14	secured by liens on the real property located at 1610 NE Couch Street and 1623 W.
15	Burnside in Portland, Oregon, is estimated to total approximately \$376,600.
16	(d) <u>Perpetual Endowment Fund</u> . The Perpetual Endowment
17	Fund's Secured Claim, which is secured by liens on the Pastoral Center and the Casa
18	Del Rey Apartments, is estimated to total approximately \$5,194,239.
19	(e) <u>Guaranty Claims</u> . Guaranty Claims are estimated to total
20	approximately \$20,197,917, consisting of the Debtor's guaranty of Key Bank's loans on
21	the Assumption Village, Trinity Court, and Village of St. Margaret housing projects which
22	are owned by separate non-profit corporations in which the Debtor has no equity
23	interest.
24	(f) General Unsecured Claims. General Unsecured Claims
25	are estimated to total approximately \$461,507.

1	(g) <u>Allowed Present Tort Claims</u> . Allowed Present Tort Claims
2	total approximately \$1,967,944.
3	(h) <u>Unresolved Present Tort Claims</u> . Unresolved Present Tort
4	Claims have been alleged asserting damages of over \$500 million. The Debtor has filed
5	or will file motions to estimate these Claims for purposes of voting and for confirmation
6	of the Plan. In its motion to estimate Unresolved Present Tort Claims for child sex
7	abuse, the Debtor proposes that such Claims be valued for voting and confirmation
8	purposes at \$182,230 each, except for Claims based on alleged abuse committed by
9	former priests Maurice Grammond and Thomas Laughlin, which Claims will be valued at
10	\$631,211 for Claims against Maurice Grammond and \$773,443 for Claims against
11	Thomas Laughlin. Because the Court has not yet ruled on the Debtor's estimation
12	motion, solely for purposes of voting on the Plan, the Unresolved Present Tort Claims
13	will be valued at the amounts proposed by the Debtor in its estimation motion. ³ Based
14	on these estimations, as of November 10, 2005, the estimated amount of Unresolved
15	Present Tort Claims for child sex abuse totals approximately \$40,035,769, including
16	\$6,882,000 in tentatively settled Claims. The Debtor estimates the Unresolved Present
17	Tort Claims which are not based on child sex abuse at approximately \$500,000. Thus,
18	the estimated value of all Unresolved Present Tort Claims is currently approximately
19	\$40,535,769.
20	(i) <u>Future Claims</u> . Future Claims are those Claims for child
21	abuse meeting certain criteria which were not asserted as of the April 29, 2005 Claims
22	Bar Date. The Court has appointed Hamilton Rabinovitz & Aschuler ("HR&A") to assist
23	the parties and the Court in estimating these Claims and the Plan provides for the
24	
25	³ Although not conclusively settled, the Debtor and 31 Tort Claimants have agreed to amounts to settle their Claims. These Claims will be provisionally allowed solely for voting and confirmation purposes in the
26	amounts agreed to between the Debtor and such Claimants. If any additional Claims are settled prior to the voting deadline, the holders of such Claims shall be entitled to vote such Claims at the settled amount and such amounts will be used for confirmation purposes.

1	Archdiocese to provide sufficient funds to pay the estimated amount of the Future
2	Claims as determined by the Court. HR&A will provide a report including its conclusions
3	prior to the confirmation hearing and creditors and interested parties will have an
4	opportunity to review such report and contest the findings and conclusions contained in
5	such report at or prior to the confirmation hearing. Upon receiving the HR&A estimation
6	report, the Debtor expects to file a motion asking the Court to estimate the aggregate
7	amount of Future Claims for confirmation purposes. If prior to the voting deadline, the
8	Court has not determined the estimated aggregate amount of the Future Claims, the
9	FCR will be entitled to cast one vote for all Future Claimants valued solely for voting
10	purposes in the aggregate amount of \$1.
11	(j) Supplemental Unresolved Present Tort Claims. There
12	are currently no Supplemental Unresolved Present Tort Claims. These Claims are
13	currently included in the definition of Future Claims and will only arise if the Court's
14	decision to include in the category of Future Claimants those adult Tort Claimants
15	alleging child abuse who remember the abuse occurred, but who have not discovered
16	their injuries or the causal connection between their injuries and the abuse, is reversed
17	on appeal. At the present time these Claims are merely duplicative of certain Claims
18	within the Future Claims class and will not be entitled to vote or considered for
19	confirmation purposes.
20	(k) Retiree Benefit Claims. Retiree Benefit Claims are
21	estimated to total approximately \$404,000.
22	(I) <u>Donor Claims.</u> The Debtor does not believe any facts exists
23	which would cause any Donor Claims to be due and payable upon Confirmation of the
24	Plan.
25	
26	

1	(m) <u>Beneficiary Claims</u> . The Debtor does not believe any facts
2	exists which would cause any Beneficiary Claims to be due and payable upon
3	Confirmation of the Plan.
4	VII. <u>DESCRIPTION OF THE PLAN</u> .
5	The following description of the Plan is for informational purposes only and does
6	not contain all provisions of the Plan. Creditors should not rely on this description for
7	voting purposes but should read the Plan in its entirety. This summary of the Plan does
8	not purport to be complete.
9	THE PLAN IS CONTROLLING IN THE EVENT OF ANY
10	INCONSISTENCY BETWEEN THE CONTENTS OF THE PLAN AND THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT.
11	A. <u>Classification And Treatment Of Claims Under The Plan</u> .
12	1. <u>Claim Amounts</u> .
13	Until allowed by the Court, certain Claims against the Archdiocese
14	are in unknown or undetermined amounts. Accordingly, the amounts of Claims
15	specified in this Disclosure Statement reflect only the Archdiocese's best
16	estimates. Additionally, the amounts of Claims specified in this Disclosure
17	Statement do not include all Claims that may arise from the rejection of certain
18	executory contracts or other contingent or unliquidated Claims against the
19	Archdiocese.
20	2. <u>Effective Date of the Plan</u> .
21	The "Effective Date" of the Plan determines when the performance of
22	many of the obligations under the Plan are due. The Effective Date is defined in the
23	Plan and is anticipated to occur, absent an appeal of the confirmation order, 11 days
24	following the Court's entry of its order confirming the Plan.
25	
26	

The Plan divides Claims against the Archdiocese into thirteen separate
Classes which the Archdiocese believes complies with the requirements of the
Bankruptcy Code. Unless otherwise expressly stated in the Plan, the respective
treatments under the Plan of Allowed Claims are in full discharge and satisfaction of
those Allowed Claims. Except as provided in the Plan, all Claims against the
Archdiocese arising prior to entry of the Confirmation Order will be discharged as of the
Confirmation Date pursuant to Bankruptcy Code §1141(d).

4. Unclassified Claims.

(a) Administrative Claims. The Administrative Claims consist of the fees of the Chapter 11 Professionals and other Claims that would be allowable as Administrative Claims pursuant to Bankruptcy Code § 503. The holder of an Allowed Administrative Claim will receive, in full satisfaction of such Claim, (a) a single cash payment in the Allowed amount of the Claim as soon as reasonably practicable after the Effective Date (or the Allowance Date if the Administrative Claim is not an Allowed Claim on the Effective Date); or (b) as otherwise agreed in writing by the holder of the Allowed Claim or ordered by the Bankruptcy Court. Every Allowed Administrative Claim for an expense of operation of the Debtor incurred in the ordinary course of such operations will be paid fully and in cash in the ordinary course of business (including any payment terms applicable to any such expense). Administrative Claims requiring Court approval, such as the fees of professionals retained during the Bankruptcy Case, will not be paid until entry of a Final Order allowing such Claims.

5. Unimpaired Claims.

(a) <u>Class 1: Non-Tax Priority Claims</u>. Holders of Allowed Non-Tax Priority Claims shall receive either payment from the Reorganized Debtor of

1	the full amount of their Allowed Claims at such time as their Claims become due and
2	payable.
3	(b) Class 2: Administrative Convenience Claims. Holders of
4	Allowed Administrative Convenience Claims shall receive, as soon as reasonably
5	practicable after the Effective Date, or, if later, the Allowance Date, payment from the
6	Reorganized Debtor of the full amount of their Allowed Claims.
7	(c) <u>Class 5: Guaranty Claims</u> . Holders of Allowed Guaranty
8	Claims shall retain their Claims against the Reorganized Debtor, and the Plan shall
9	leave unaltered the legal, equitable, and contractual rights to which such Claims entitle
10	the holders thereof.
11	(d) <u>Class 11: Retiree Benefit Claims</u> . The holders of Allowed
12	Retiree Benefit Claims shall not be impaired and shall not have their rights altered by
13	this Plan. Allowed Retiree Benefit Claims shall be paid, performed, and honored by the
14	Reorganized Debtor in full, when due, in accordance with their terms notwithstanding
15	any other contrary provision of this Plan; provided, however, that the rights of the
16	holders of such Claims shall be subject to modification or termination as provided by the
17	terms of the existing benefit plans, consistent with applicable law.
18	(e) <u>Class 12: Donor Claims</u> . Holders of Allowed Donor Claims
19	shall retain their Claims against the Reorganized Debtor, and this Plan shall leave
20	unaltered the legal, equitable, and contractual rights to which such Claims entitle the
21	holders thereof.
22	(f) Class 13: Beneficiary Claims. Holders of Allowed
23	Beneficiary Claims shall retain their Claims against the Reorganized Debtor, and this
24	Plan shall leave unaltered the legal, equitable, and contractual rights to which such
25	Claims entitle the holders thereof.
26	

6. Impaired Claims.

(a) <u>Class 3: Umpqua Bank</u> . Umpqua Bank ("Umpqua") will
have an Allowed Secured Claim for approximately \$376,600, plus any interest, fees,
and other charges accrued on such Claim as authorized by the terms of the Debtor's
promissory note and other related documents (the "Loan Documents"). Umpqua's
Allowed Secured Claim will be paid in full, together with interest accruing from and afte
the Effective Date at the non-default contract rate, in 180 equal monthly installments of
principal and interest commencing on the first day of the first month following the
Effective Date and continuing on the first day of each month thereafter until paid in full.
Umpqua shall retain its security interest and lien on all collateral securing its Claim,
which security interest and lien shall be subject and subordinate only to such security
interests and liens as were perfected and had priority over the liens and security
interests of Umpqua on the Petition Date. The Reorganized Debtor shall execute and
deliver to Umpqua such notes, loan agreements, security agreements, financing
statements, control agreements, and the like as may reasonably be requested by
Umpqua. The loan documents shall contain such terms and provisions as are ordinary
and usual for loans made by Umpqua in the amounts provided in this Plan.

Endowment Fund (the "Endowment Fund") will have an Allowed Secured Claim for approximately \$5,194,239, plus any interest, fees, and other charges accrued on such Claim as authorized by the terms of the Debtor's promissory note and other related documents (the "Loan Documents"). The Endowment Fund's Allowed Secured Claim will be paid in full, together with interest accruing from and after the Effective Date at the non-default contract rate, in 180 equal monthly installments of principal and interest commencing on the first day of the first month following the Effective Date and continuing on the first day of each month thereafter until paid in full. The Endowment

1	Fund shall retain its security interest and lien on all collateral securing its Claim, which
2	security interest and lien shall be subject and subordinate only to such security interests
3	and liens as were perfected and had priority over the liens and security interests of the
4	Endowment Fund on the Petition Date. The Reorganized Debtor shall execute and
5	deliver to the Endowment Fund such notes, loan agreements, security agreements,
6	financing statements, control agreements, and the like as may reasonably be requested
7	by the Endowment Fund. The loan documents shall contain such terms and provisions
8	as are ordinary and usual for loans made by the Endowment Fund in the amounts
9	provided in this Plan.
10	(c) Class 6: General Unsecured Claims. Each holder of an
11	Allowed General Unsecured Claim will receive payment from the Reorganized Debtor
12	equal to 100% of such Allowed General Unsecured Claim in 12 equal monthly
13	installments of principal and interest at the Plan Interest Rate, commencing within 30
14	days following the later to occur of the Effective Date or the Allowance Date.
15	(d) Class 7: Allowed Present Tort Claims. Holders of
16	Allowed Present Tort Claims shall receive, as soon as reasonably practicable after the
17	Effective Date, payment from the Reorganized Debtor of the full amount of such Claims.
18	(e) Class 8: Unresolved Present Tort Claims. At Closing, the
19	Reorganized Debtor will, in full release, satisfaction and discharge of all Unresolved
20	Present Tort Claims, execute and deliver the Claims Resolution Facility Agreement to
21	the Depository Trustee, together with the initial payments, promissory notes, letters of
22	credit, and other security documents required thereunder, thereby establishing the
23	Claims Resolution Facility for the liquidation and payment of all Unresolved Present Tort
24	Claims, which provides, subject to its terms, for total payments by the Reorganized
25	Debtor of up to the full estimated amount of all Unresolved Present Tort Claims as
26	determined by the Court.

1	(f) <u>Class 9: Future Claims</u> . At Closing, the Reorganized
2	Debtor will, in full release, satisfaction and discharge of all Future Claims, execute and
3	deliver the Claims Resolution Facility Agreement together with the initial payment,
4	promissory notes, letters of credit, and other security documents required thereunder to
5	the Depository Trustee, thereby establishing the Claims Resolution Facility for the
6	liquidation and payment of all Future Claims, which provides, subject to its terms, for
7	total payments by the Reorganized Debtor of up to the full estimated amount of all
8	Future Claims as determined by the Court.
9	(g) Class 10: Supplemental Present Tort Claims. There are
10	currently no Claims in this class for the reasons described in Section VII.C.2.(j) above.
11	Nevertheless, at Closing, the Reorganized Debtor will, in full release, satisfaction and
12	discharge of all Supplemental Present Tort Claims, execute and deliver the Claims
13	Resolution Facility Agreement together with the initial payment, promissory notes,
14	letters of credit, and other security documents required thereunder to the Depository
15	Trustee, thereby establishing the Claims Resolution Facility for the liquidation and
16	payment of all Supplemental Present Tort Claims, which provides, subject to its terms,
17	for total payments by the Reorganized Debtor of up to the full estimated amount of all
18	Supplemental Present Tort Claims as determined by the Court.
19	B. All Unresolved Tort Claims to be Resolved and Paid by Claims
20	Resolution Facility.
21	Archdiocese of Portland Claims Resolution Facility, Inc., acting as the Claims
22	Resolution Facility, will (a) assume liability for all Unresolved Tort Claims; (b) provide for
23	payment of Unresolved Tort Claims that become Allowed Tort Claims under the
24	conditions set forth in the Claims Resolution Facility Agreement; (c) oversee and
25	provide directions to the Depository Trustee for the collection, investment, and
26	distribution of funds for the benefit of Tort Claimants; (d) pay the costs and expenses of
4 0	the Claims Resolution Facility; and (e) fulfill all other obligations required of the Claims

Resolution Facility, all as set forth more fully in the Claims Resolution Facility
Agreement.

C. Tort Claims to be Estimated if Not Resolved Prior to Confirmation.

Either prior to or as part of the confirmation hearing, the Court will estimate for all purposes, the aggregate allowed amount of all Unresolved Present Tort Claims and the aggregate allowed amount of all Future Claims (including Supplemental Present Tort Claims). Each Tort Claimant whose Claim has not been Allowed as of the Effective Date will have his or her Claim resolved under the Claims Resolution Procedures set forth in the Claims Resolution Facility Agreement. Such Claims will be resolved and paid under the terms of the Claims Resolution Facility Agreement and all case management orders entered by the Court and the District Court. Each such Tort Claimant shall (a) be subject to the Claims Resolution Procedures, and (b) not receive any payment if (and to the extent) the Claim is Disallowed pursuant to the Claims Resolution Procedures. All Tort Claimants holding Unresolved Tort Claims shall retain the right to adjudicate their Claims through litigation (including trial by jury), subject, however, to the provisions of the Plan and the Claims Resolution Facility Agreement.

D. <u>Consortium Claims Will be Satisfied and Released by the Treatment Afforded Primary Claimant</u>.

The treatment of a Tort Claimant (referred to as the "Primary Claimant") under the Plan will be cumulative of the Consortium Claims of any parent, spouse, child or other individuals related to, or who have some other personal relationship with the Primary Claimant. The Consortium Claims of such related parties shall be governed by the election to settle or litigate made by, and shall be deemed released by the treatment afforded the Claims of, the Primary Claimants under the Plan.

E. Punitive Damage Claims Will be Disallowed.

Certain Tort Claimants have asserted Claims for punitive and exemplary damages against the Archdiocese. The Archdiocese disputes such Claims and

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believes it would be inequitable to award punitive damages to any Claimant when any such award could potentially result in other Claimants receiving less than the full amount of their compensatory Claims in full. The Plan provides for funding which is estimated to pay all compensatory Claims in full without first determining whether the Archdiocese's assets are of sufficient value that it could be forced to actually pay this amount. If it continues to be subjected to threats of punitive damages, it might be unwilling to offer this much to pay Claims.

Even if the Archdiocese were willing to provide money for punitive damages, 60% of any punitive damage award must be paid to the State of Oregon, up to 20% is paid to the Claimant's attorney, with the Claimants receiving as little as 10% after the tax consequences are considered (the Claimant is required to pay income taxes on 40% even though a portion of the 40% is paid to the Claimant's attorney). Thus, punitive damages provide little economic benefit to Claimants.

Finally, the Archdiocese believes it has taken all reasonable steps to prevent any further child abuse. It also contends that an award of punitive damages would be inappropriate and not available under Oregon law as a deterrent to the prevention of further abuse and would raise serious legal concerns under the First Amendment to the United States Constitution. Therefore, all Claims for punitive or exemplary damages against the Debtor and the Claims Resolution Facility will be disallowed and will be released and discharged upon confirmation of the Plan.

F. Reorganized Debtor to Receive All Insurance Recoveries Paid by Insurance Companies.

The Reorganized Debtor will be entitled, in its sole discretion, to pursue or not pursue the Insurance Claims against the Insurance Companies, and upon resolution of such Insurance Claims to receive for its sole benefit any and all Insurance Recoveries paid by the Insurance Companies. To resolve any question regarding a Claimant's right to assert a claim against or interests in amounts paid or payable by any Insurance

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Company, the Debtor will seek, as part of the Confirmation Order or pursuant to an adversary proceeding, a determination that the Debtor's rights and interests in such amounts paid or payable by all Insurance Companies are superior to the competing Claims of all Claimants. Consequently, if the Debtor is successful, the Confirmation Order or another order or judgment will disallow any competing claims to amounts paid or to be paid by the Insurance Companies pursuant to settlement agreements or litigation between the Debtor and the Insurance Companies.

G. <u>Executory Contracts to be Assumed if not Rejected.</u>

On the Confirmation Date all Executory Contracts of the Debtor that have not been assumed or rejected, or are not subject to a pending motion to reject, will be assumed and assigned to the Reorganized Debtor in accordance with the provisions and requirements of Bankruptcy Code §§365 and 1123. Every Claim asserted by a Creditor arising from the rejection of an Executory Contract must be filed with the Bankruptcy Court no later than the first Business Day which is thirty (30) days after the Confirmation Date or the first Business Day that is thirty (30) days after entry of the Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court approving rejection if such Final Order is entered after the Confirmation Date. Every such Claim which is timely filed, as and when it becomes an Allowed Claim, will be treated as a General Unsecured Claim under the Plan. Every such Claim which is not timely filed by the deadline stated above will be forever barred, unenforceable, and discharged, and the Creditor holding the Claim will not receive or be entitled to any distribution under the Plan on account of such Claim.

H. Objections to Claims.

Notwithstanding the occurrence of the Effective Date, and except as to any Claim that has been Allowed prior to the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtor may object to the allowance of any Claim against the Debtor or seek estimation thereof on any grounds permitted by the Bankruptcy Code by filing the appropriate pleading in the

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- Bankruptcy Court at any time prior to the first Business Day which is at least thirty (30)
 days after the Effective Date. No payments or other distributions will be made to
 holders of Claims unless and until such Claims are Allowed Claims. If a Claim is not an
 Allowed Claim by or on the Effective Date, or when payment is otherwise due under the
 Plan, payment on the Allowed Claim (plus interest, if any, as provided herein) will
 - commence within 30 days following the Allowance Date.

I. <u>Administrative Claims Bar Date</u>.

All requests for payment of Administrative Claims and expenses incurred prior to the Effective Date pursuant to Bankruptcy Code §§507(a)(1) and 503(b) must be served and filed with the Bankruptcy Court no later than thirty (30) days after the Effective Date. Any such Claim which is not served and filed within this time period will be forever barred. Any Claims for fees, costs, and expenses incurred by any Chapter 11 professionals after the Effective Date will be treated as part of the fees and expenses of the Reorganized Debtor and need not be submitted to the Bankruptcy Court for approval. After approval of the final fee applications of the Chapter 11 professionals by the Bankruptcy Court for services provided and costs incurred during the course of administration of the Reorganization Case and prior to the Effective Date, the Chapter 11 professionals will not be required to submit any further fee applications to the Bankruptcy Court in accordance with Bankruptcy Code §330.

J. <u>Discharge</u>.

Except as otherwise expressly provided in this Plan, the Plan Documents, or in the Confirmation Order, on the Effective Date the Debtor shall be discharged, and its liability shall be extinguished completely, from all Claims and Debts, whether reduced to judgment or not, liquidated or unliquidated, contingent or noncontingent, asserted or unasserted, fixed or not, matured or unmatured, disputed or undisputed, legal or equitable, known or unknown, that arose from any action, inaction, agreement, or

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obligation of the Debtor before the Effective Date, or from any conduct of the Debtor or its Representatives prior to the Effective Date, or that otherwise arose before the Effective Date, including, without limitation, all interest, if any, on any such Claims and Debts, whether such interest accrued before or after the date of commencement of this Case, and including, without limitation, all Claims and Debts based upon or arising out of Child Abuse or Sexual Misconduct, and from any liability of the kind specified in Sections 502(g), 502(h), and 502(i) of the Bankruptcy Code, whether or not a proof of claim is filed or is deemed filed under Section 501 of the Bankruptcy Code, such Claim is Allowed under Section 502 of the Bankruptcy Code, or the holder of such Claim has

K. <u>Vesting of Property</u>.

accepted this Plan.

Except as otherwise expressly provided in the Plan or in the Confirmation Order, on the Effective Date the Reorganized Debtor shall be vested with all of the property of the estate free and clear of all Claims, liens, encumbrances, charges and other interests of Creditors, and will thereafter hold, use, dispose or otherwise deal with such property and operate its business free of any restrictions imposed by the Bankruptcy Code or by the Court.

L. Reservation of Rights.

Except as expressly provided in the Plan and this Disclosure Statement, the Plan will have no force or effect unless the Confirmation Order is entered by the Bankruptcy Court and the Effective Date has occurred. The filing of the Plan, any statement or provision contained in the Plan or in this Disclosure Statement, or the taking of any action by the Debtor with respect to the Plan will not be or will not be deemed to be an admission or waiver of any rights of the Debtor with respect to the holders of Claims prior to the Effective Date.

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VIII. POST-CONFIRMATION MANAGEMENT OF REORGANIZED DEBTOR.

2	The administration of the Reorganized Debtor will continue as before
3	confirmation with the Archbishop being the sole director of the Reorganized Debtor.
4	The Archbishop's compensation will include an annual salary (currently \$24,573), health
5	insurance, retiree benefits, the use of a car, the use of a home, and reimbursement of
6	expenses incurred while performing his duties as Archbishop. The Reorganized Debtor,
7	with due regard for its rights and obligations under Canon Law and those of others
8	thereunder, shall have the right to alter the organization and structure of entities
9	associated with the Archdiocese, including but not limited to, the right to separately
10	incorporate the Reorganized Debtor and each of the Parishes and High Schools,
11	establish endowments and trusts, and transfer property between any existing or newly
12	created entities, so long as any such actions do not diminish the Reorganized Debtor's
13	ability or obligation to make the payments required under the Plan or Claims Resolution
14	Facility Agreement, nor the Claims Resolution Facility's rights or ability to collect the
15	payments required of the Reorganized Debtor, including the right to draw on the letters
16	of credit, or exercise its rights under any other documents securing the Reorganized
17	Debtor's obligations to the Claims Resolution Facility.

IX. FEDERAL TAX CONSEQUENCES.

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THE FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL, AND FOREIGN TAX CONSEQUENCES OF
THE PLAN ARE COMPLEX AND, IN MANY AREAS, UNCERTAIN. ACCORDINGLY,
ALL HOLDERS OF CLAIMS ARE STRONGLY URGED TO CONSULT THEIR TAX
ADVISORS WITH SPECIFIC REFERENCE TO THE FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL
TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN WITH RESPECT TO SUCH HOLDER.
NEITHER THE DEBTOR NOR DEBTOR'S COUNSEL MAKES ANY

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REPRESENTATIONS REGARDING THE PARTICULAR TAX CONSEQUENCES OF

1	CONFIRMATION AND CONSUMMATION OF THE PLAN AS TO THE DEBTOR OR
2	ANY CREDITOR.
3	Under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), there may
4	be significant federal income tax issues arising under the Plan described in this
5	Disclosure Statement that affect Creditors in the case. The Depository Trust under the
6	Claims Resolution Facility is structured as a "qualified settlement fund" ("QSF") with in
7	the meaning Treasury Regulations enacted under Internal Revenue Code Section
8	486B(g). The Depository Trust is characterized as a QSF because:
9	1. The Depository Trust is established pursuant to an order of, or is
10	approved by, the United States, any state or political subdivision thereof, or any agency
11	or instrumentality (including a court of law) of any of the foregoing and is subject to the
12	continuing jurisdiction of that governmental authority;
13	2. The Depository Trust is established to resolve or satisfy one or
14	more contested or uncontested claims that have resulted or may result from an event
15	that has occurred and that has given rise to at least one claim asserting liability arising
16	out of, among other things, a tort, breach of contract, or violation of law (but excluding
17	non-tort obligations of the Archdiocese to make payments to its general trade creditors
18	or debt holders that relates to: a case under title 11 of United States Code, a
19	receivership, foreclosure of similar proceeding in a Federal or State court, or a workout
20	and
21	3. The Depository Trust is a trust under state law.
22	4. The primary tax consequences of the Depository Trust being
23	characterized as a QSF are the following:
24	(a) The Depository Trust must use a calendar taxable year and
25	the accrual method of accounting;

26

1	(b) The Depository Trust takes a fair market value basis in
2	property contributed to it by the Archdiocese;
3	(c) The Depository Trust's gross income less certain
4	modifications is taxable at the highest federal tax rate applicable to trusts and estates
5	(currently 35%). The Archdiocese's funding of the Depository Trust with cash and other
6	property is not reported by the Trust as taxable income. However, earnings recognized
7	from, for example, the short-term investment of the Depository Trust's funds will be
8	subject to tax;
9	(d) The Depository Trust may deduct from its gross income a
10	limited number of administrative expenses; the Trust is not entitled to deduct
11	distributions paid to its beneficiaries;
12	(e) The Depository Trust will have a separate taxpayer
13	identification number and will be required to file annual tax returns (which are due on
14	March 15). The Trust will also be required to comply with a number of other
15	administrative tax rules including filing information returns (generally IRS Form 1099)
16	when approved payments are made to Claimants.
17	It is not practicable to present a detailed explanation of every possible federal
18	income tax ramifications of the Plan.
19	X. <u>ACCEPTANCE AND CONFIRMATION</u> .
20	A. <u>Voting Procedures</u> .
21	1. <u>Generally</u> .
22	Only those Classes that are impaired under the Plan are entitled to vote to
23	accept or reject the Plan. In that regard, only the holders of Allowed Claims in Classes
24	3, 4, 6, 7, 8, and 9 are entitled to vote on the Plan. Classes 1, 2, 5, 11, 12, and 13 are
25	not impaired under the Plan and are deemed to have accepted the Plan without voting.
26	Class 10 is not entitled to vote because it is duplicative of Class 9. The Archdiocese

reserves the right to supplement this Disclosure Statement (if necessary) and to solicit any of those Classes which may prove to be impaired and entitled to vote, as the Case develops further.

Separate ballots will be sent to the known holders of Claims whether or not such Claims are disputed. However, only the holders of Allowed Claims (or Claims that have been temporarily allowed or have been estimated by the Bankruptcy Court) which are impaired are entitled to vote on the Plan. A Claim to which an objection has been filed is not an Allowed Claim unless and until the Bankruptcy Court rules on the objection and enters an order allowing the Claim. The holders of such Disputed Claims are not entitled to vote on the Plan unless they request that the Bankruptcy Court, pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 3018, temporarily allow the Claims in appropriate amounts solely for the purpose of enabling the holders of such Disputed Claims to vote on the Plan, and the Bankruptcy Court does so.

2. <u>Incomplete Ballots</u>.

Ballots which are signed, dated, and timely received, but on which a vote to accept or reject the Plan has not been indicated, will not be counted as a vote either to accept or to reject the Plan or as a vote cast with respect to the Plan.

3. Withdrawal Of Ballots; Revocation.

Any Creditor holding an impaired Allowed Claim which has delivered a Ballot accepting or rejecting the Plan may withdraw such acceptance or rejection or election by delivering a written notice of withdrawal to the balloting agent, BMC Group, Inc., at any time prior to the voting deadline. A notice of withdrawal, to be valid, must: (i) contain the description of the Claim to which it relates and the amount of such Claim; (ii) be signed by the voting Creditor, in the same manner as the Ballot; and (iii) be received by BMC in a timely manner at the address set forth below. Unless otherwise directed by the Bankruptcy Court, a purported notice of withdrawal of Ballots or change in the vote

1	which is not received in a timely manner will not be effective to withdraw a previously	′
2	furnished Ballot.	
3	4. <u>Submission Of Ballots</u> .	
4	The form of Ballot for each of the Classes entitled to vote on the Plan w	vill
5	be sent to all Creditors along with a copy of the Court-approved Disclosure Statemen	nt
6	and a copy of the Plan. Creditors should read the Disclosure Statement, Plan, and	
7	Ballot carefully. If any Creditor has any questions concerning voting procedures, it may be a supported by the carefully.	nay
8	contact:	
9	BMC GROUP, INC. 1330 E. Franklin Avenue	
10	El Segundo, CA 90245 Toll Free: 888-909-0100	
11	Main: 310-321-5555 Fax: 310-640-8071	
12	Ballot(s) or withdrawals/revocations or changes of election thereof must be	
13	returned to BMC. Ballots (and withdrawals/revocations and changes of elections of	
14	Ballots) must be postmarked no later than, 200 In addition, Bal	lots
15	may be faxed to BMC at 310-640-8071. To be effective, transmission of the facsimile	е
16	must begin no later than 5:00 P.M. on, 2005.	
17	The Bankruptcy Court will hold a hearing on confirmation of the Plan	
18	commencing on, 2006 at a.m./p.m. in the Bankruptcy	
19	Courtroom No. 1, 1100 SW Fifth Avenue, 7 th Floor, Portland, Oregon, 97204. All	
20	objection(s), if any, to the confirmation of the Plan must be in writing; must state with	
21	specificity the grounds for any such objections); and must be filed with the Bankrupto	;у
22	Court and served upon counsel for the Archdiocese at the following address on or	
23	before, 2006:	
24	SUSSMAN SHANK LLP	
25	Attn: Thomas W. Stilley 1000 SW Broadway, Suite 1400 Portland, OR 07305	
26	Portland, OR 97205	

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5. Feasibility.

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The Bankruptcy Code requires, as a condition to confirmation, that the Bankruptcy Court find that liquidation of the Archdiocese or the need for future reorganization is not likely to follow after confirmation. For the purpose of determining whether the Plan meets this requirement, the Reorganized Debtor's ability to meet its obligations under the Plan has been analyzed. The Archdiocese has prepared projections for the funding of the Claims Resolution Facility and the payment of Claims together with the cash flow from the Archdiocese's operations and from loans which the Archdiocese will secure to fund payments under the Plan. The projections are attached hereto as Exhibits "4". The Archdiocese reasonably believes that it will be able to fund the payments required by the Plan on the Effective Date and the Reorganized Debtor will be able to make all payments required to be made pursuant to the Plan after the Effective Date.

B. <u>Best Interests Of Creditors And Liquidation Analysis</u>.

Under Bankruptcy Code §1129(a)(7), the Plan must provide that Creditors receive as much under the Plan as they would receive in a Chapter 7 liquidation of the Archdiocese. Either prior to or as part of the confirmation hearing the Debtor will ask the Court to estimate the aggregate amount necessary to pay all Claims in full (including all Unresolved Tort Claims). Upon doing so, if the Court determines that the amount being provided under the Plan will be sufficient to pay the aggregate allowed amount of all Claims in full (as determined by the Court's estimate), the Debtor believes the requirement that the Plan provide creditors with as much as they would receive in a Chapter 7 liquidation of the Debtor's assets will have been satisfied. This is because in Chapter 7 creditors can be paid no more than the allowed amount of their Claims.

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C. Confirmation Over Dissenting Class.

In the event that any impaired Class of Claims does not accept the Plan, the Bankruptcy Court may nevertheless confirm the Plan at the request of the Archdiocese if all other requirements under Bankruptcy Code §1129(a) are satisfied, and if, as to each impaired Class which has not accepted the Plan, the Bankruptcy Court determines that the Plan "does not discriminate unfairly" and is "fair and equitable" with respect to such non-accepting Classes. Each of these requirements is discussed below.

1. No Unfair Discrimination.

The Plan "does not discriminate unfairly" if: (a) the legal rights of a dissenting Class are treated in a manner that is consistent with the treatment of other Classes whose legal rights are similar to those of the dissenting Class; and (b) no Class receives payments in excess of those which it is legally entitled to receive for its Claims. The Archdiocese believes that under the Plan: (i) all Classes of impaired Claims are treated in a manner that is consistent with the treatment of other similar Classes of Claims; and (ii) no Class of Claims will receive payments or property from the Debtor or Reorganized Debtor with an aggregate value greater than the aggregate of the Allowed Claims in such Class. Accordingly, the Archdiocese believes that the Plan does not discriminate unfairly as to any impaired Class of Claims.

2. Fair and Equitable Test.

The Bankruptcy Code establishes different "fair and equitable" tests for secured claims and unsecured claims, as follows:

(a) <u>Secured Creditors</u>. Either (i) each impaired secured creditor retains its liens securing a Secured Claim and receives on account of its secured claim deferred cash payments having a present value equal to the amount of its allowed secured claim, (ii) each impaired secured creditor realizes the "indubitable equivalent" of its allowed secured claim, or (iii) the property securing the claim is sold

1	free and clear of liens with such liens to attach to the proceeds, and the liens against
2	such proceeds are treated in accordance with clause (i) or (ii) of this subparagraph (a).
3	(b) <u>Unsecured Creditors</u> . Either (i) each impaired unsecured
4	creditor receives or retains under the plan property of a value equal to the amount of its
5	allowed claim, or (ii) the holders of claims and equity interests that are junior to the
6	claims of the non-accepting class do not receive any property under the plan on account
7	of such claims and equity interests. Here, sufficient funds are being provided to pay all
8	Allowed Claims in full based on the Court's estimations. Thus, the Archdiocese
9	believes that the Plan satisfies the "fair and equitable" test with respect to all impaired
10	Classes.
11	In addition, the fair and equitable test must be applied differently in this
12	Case than most reorganization cases because the Archdiocese is not a moneyed
13	corporation. This is the case because the members of a non-profit corporation have no
14	personal interests in the corporation. Accordingly there is no equity interest to receive
15	any property under the Plan. Thus, what is commonly referred to as the "absolute
16	priority rule" embodied by Bankruptcy Code § 1129(b)(2)(B) does not apply and would
17	not prevent the plan from being confirmed even if the Claims in a non-accepting Class
18	were not being paid in full.
19	XI. <u>ALTERNATIVES TO THE PLAN</u> .
20	If the Plan is not confirmed, several different events could occur: (1) the Debtor
21	could propose another plan providing for different treatment of certain Creditors; (2) the
22	Debtor and the Tort Claimants Committee could continue to litigate over the availability
23	of Parish property and funds to pay Claims and upon resolution of that litigation,
24	including all appeals, the Debtor could propose a new plan which takes into
25	consideration that ruling, (3) a creditor or other interested party could propose a
26	competing plan, or (4) the Bankruptcy Court (after appropriate notice and hearing) could

1	dismiss the Reorganization Case if no party is able to confirm a plan in a reasonable
2	period of time.
3	The Debtor believes that any alternative requiring resolution of the dispute over
4	the availability of Parish and school property to pay Claims will result in significant delay
5	in the payment of Claims that have been settled or otherwise resolved and is not in the
6	best interest of creditors, the Archdiocese, the Parishes, the parishioners, and other
7	interested parties. In fact, the Debtor anticipates that regardless of who were to prevail
8	in that litigation, the other side will appeal that decision and it could be years before the
9	issue is ultimately resolved in the appellate courts.
10	DATED: November 15, 2005
11	ROMAN CATHOLIC ARCHBISHOP OF PORTLAND IN OREGON,
12	AND SUCCESSORS, A CORPORATION SOLE,
13	/s/ John G. Vlazny
14	By: Most Reverend John G. Vlazny Its: Director
15	SUSSMAN SHANK LLP
16	
17	/s/ Thomas W. Stilley By:Thomas W. Stilley
18	Attorneys for Roman Catholic Archbishop of Portland in Oregon, and successors, a corporation sole
19	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
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22	
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24	
25	F:\CLIENTS\14961\004\PLAN & DISCLOSURE STATEMENT\P-DISCLOSURE STATEMENT (FINAL FORM).DOC
26	

PASTORAL CENTER ARCHDIOCESE OF PORTLAND IN OREGON AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2005 UNRESTRICTED ARCHDIOCESAN PROPERTY

		General Operating Fund		Insurance Fund	Property Fund		Total
Assets:					1 0110		ı Ulai
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	(1,926,163)	\$	4,599,405	\$ 1,466	\$	2,674,707
Accounts receivable, net	•	114,587	•	4,249,002	Ψ 1,700	Ψ	
Notes, estates and other receivables		6,744,301		18,860	419.276		4,363,589
Loans receivable from Archdiocesan entities, net		0,7 44,00 7			418,376		7,181,539
Loans receivable from Archdiocesan housing		-		-	•		-
entities, net		525,501					
Interfund receivable/payable		1,153,715		-	(0.057		525,501
Interest receivable and other assets		1,100,710		-07.650	(6,057	•	-
Inventories		-		97,656	8,215		105,871
Real property		-		•	-		- .
Deposits and prepaid expenses		40.450		40.570	226,688		226,688
Investments		19,156		10,570	-		29,725
Advances to Archdiocesan housing entities		6,492,396		-	643,123		7,135,518
		1,640,000		-			1,640,000
Land, building and equipment, net Total Assets		3,068,321		0.075.400	2,425,647		5,493,968
Total Assets		17,831,814		8,975,493	3,717,458		29,377,105
Logo Destricted Assets							
Less Restricted Assets:		(4.057.045)					
Blue Cross Stabilization Reserve		(1,037,345)		-	-		(1,037,345)
Seminarian Education		(1,416,946)		-	-		(1,416,946)
Sumich Unitrust		(1,216,078)		-	=		(1,216,078)
Stehno Trust		(976,743)		-	-		(976,743)
McCoy Trust		(56,179)		-	-		(56,179)
St. Francis Dining Hall		(10,022)		-	-		(10,022)
DeJardin Trust		(1,297,375)		-			(1,297,375)
Permanent Diaconate		(84,265)		-	-		(84,265)
Mt. Calvary-Eugene		(371,370)		-	-		(371,370)
Second Collections		(300,925)		-	-		(300,925)
Missionaries of the Holy Spirit		(305,049)		-	-		(305,049)
Griffin Center, Net of Depreciation		(677,891)		-	-		(677,891)
Land- St. Marys, Marist, Archcape		(27,540)		-	-		(27,540)
Griffin Center, Maintenance Fund		(22,749)		-	-		(22,749)
Archbishops Tithing		(68,886)		-	-		(68,886)
Employee Benefits		(378,985)		-	-		(378,985)
St. Juan Diego House, Net of Depreciation		-		-	(240,143))	(240,143)
NPCC Real Estate ContractPass Thru		-		-	(242,160))	(242,160)
SE Asian Vicariate Land		-		-	(700,000)		(700,000)
Irvington Life Estate		-		-	(75,000)		(75,000)
Monmouth Property		-		-	(96,275)		(96,275)
Gethsemani Property Sale		-		-	(400,000)		(400,000)
	***************************************	(8,248,348)			(1,753,578)		(10,001,926)
Exchange of Cost for Fair Market Value:				•			
PC Land and Building, Net of Depreciation		(484,186)		-	-		(484,186)
FMV of Pastoral Center		5,243,680		-	-		5,243,680
Boones Ferry/Damascus Property at Cost		(141,852)		-			(141,852)
FMV of Boones Ferry/Damas		500,508		· -	·_ `		500,508
Priest Houses-Net of Depreciation		-			(384,380)		(384,380)
FMV of Priests Houses		· _		<u> </u>	568,260		568,260
Aumsville Real Estate		-		_	(55,414)		(55,414)
FMV of Aumsville Property		_		-	150,600	1	150,600
Casa Del Ray, Net of Depreciation		-		-	(370,199)		(370,199)
FMV of Casa Del Ray		-		-	1,475,450		1,475,450
Fisher Property, Net of Depreciation		_		, <u> </u>	(321,908)		(321,908)
FMV of Fisher Property—1623 W Burnside		-		-	945,980		945,980
Couch Street, Net of Depreciation		<u>-</u>		-	(421,876)		(421,876)
FMV of Couch Street Property1610 W Couch		-		•			1,164,330
Time of Couch Offeet Flopersy-10 to W Couch	*******	5,118,150		-	1,164,330 2,750,843	. —	7,868,993
		3, 110, 130			2,100,043		7,000,333
Claims Against Co-defendants for Indemnity		-			-	·	-
Total Assets	•	44.704.040		0.075.400	Ф 474477	•	07 044 470
Total Assets	\$	14,701,616	\$	8,975,493	\$ 4,714,723		27,244,172

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PASTORAL CENTER
ARCHDIOCESE OF PORTLAND IN OREGON
AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2005
RESTRICTED ARCHDIOCESAN PROPERTY

	Annual	ć	Ļ			:	Charitable		
	Appeal	Retirement	(Pastoral	Ferpetual	Restricted	Archdiocesan Cemeteries	Gift Annuity		
	Fund	Fund	Center)	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund		Total
Assels:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,132,024	\$ (9,586)	· ••		\$ 166,155	\$ 23,157	\$ 53,822	8	3,365,571
Accounts receivable, net	•	35,611	. •	•	•	301,317			336,928
Notes, estates and other receivables	•		•	5,694,239	•	11,688			5,705,929
Loans receivable from Archdiocesan entities, net	ā		ı			•			. •
Loans receivable from Archdiocesan housing									
entities, net		٠	•	•	•	•			
Interfund receivable/payable	(953,710)	•	•	•	(180,460)	•	(13,488)	6	
Interest receivable and other assets	•	,	•	•	•	•			ł
Inventories	•		•		•	1,538,840	•		1,538,840
Real property	•	٠	•	•	•	•			•
Deposits and prepaid expenses	•	•	. •	•	•	1,100			1,099
Investments	•	7,801,853	9,724,013	34,757,926	2,467,624	10,28	1,338,061		66,376,279
Advances to Archdiocesan housing entities	•	,	•		•	•			•
Land, building and equipment, net		974,365	•	1	•	1,265,661			2,240,026
	2,178,314	8,802,243	9,724,013	40,452,165	2,453,318	13,428,565	1,378,395	2	79,564,672
Restricted Assets from General Operating Fund	•	,	ı		8,248,348	1			8,248,348
Restricted Assets from the Property Fund		-			1,753,578	•			1,753,578
	\$ 2,178,314	\$ 8,802,243	\$ 9,724,013	# \$ 40,452,165	\$ 12,455,244	\$ 13,428,565	# \$ 1,378,395	<i>\$</i> ₹	89,566,598

PARISHES/SCHOOLS
ARCHDIOCESE OF PORTLAND IN OREGON
AS OF JUNE 30 and SEPTEMBER 30, 2005
PARISH AND SCHOOL PROPERTY

			Total			\$ 23,794,970	8,948,842	38	\$ 422,564,668	
		Property	(Tax Appraisals)	2003-2004		- \$→		389,820,856	\$ 389,820,856	
Archdiocesan	Loan and	Investment	Fund	September 30, 2005		, \$	(23,639,680)	•	\$ (23,639,680)	
		Schools	CEEF	September 30, 2005		€	(14,913,849)	1	\$ (14,913,849)	
	Checking	and	Investments	June 30,2005		\$ 23,794,970	47,502,371	1	\$ 71,297,341	
					Assets:	Cash and cash equivalents	Investments	Land and Building	Total Assets	

Exhibit 3
Page 1 of 1

Peasibility Fiscal Year Earl Earl Earl Earl Earl Earl Earl Earl	50,006,231 50,006,231 50,006,231 50,006,231 50,000 5,153,769 5,153,769 5,153,769 5,153,769 5,153,769	2008-2009 35,160,000 35,160,000 1,500,000 4,900,000 1,50	2006-2010 30.060,000	Fiscal Year Fiscal Year Fiscal Year Fiscal Year Fiscal Year 2006-2010 2016-2011 2011-2012 2012-2013 2016-2	Fiscal Year 2011-2012 25,941,673	+	Finan Vans	Fiscal Year	Took Vees	No.	Fiscal Year		
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(b) 217,625 304,675 (c) 6,882,000 1,000,000 (d) 6,882,000 1,000,000 (e) 6,882,000 2,600,000 (e) 9,000,000 1,000,000 (e) 9,000,000 1,000,000 (e) 9,000,000 1,000,000 (e) 9,000,000 (e) 9,	3,153,769 1,500,000 1,500,000 5,153,769	3.400,000 1,500,000 4,900,000				23,598,749	21,042,395	18,253,167	15,209,852	11,889,304	8,266,268	4,313,189	
(b) 6.882.000 2.500.000 (c) 6.882.000 2.500.000 (d) 6.882.000 2.500.000 (d) 6.900.000 (e) 6.900.000	3,153,769 1,500,000 1,500,000 5,153,769	3,400,000 1,500,000 4,900,000											
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889,375 (N) 1,633,775 (P) (O) (O) (P) (R) (R)			4,520,338	4,520,338	4,520,338	4,520,338	4,520,338	4,520,338	4,520,338	4,520,338	4,520,338	4,520,338	ľ
(N) 1.633,775 (P) (P) (P) (R) (R) (R) (R)	4,160,000	3,000,000	4,520,338	4,520,338	4,520,338	4,520,338	4,520,338	4,520,338			4,520,338	4,520,338	
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2e (O) 1,633,775 (O) (O) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C	1,833,977	1,630,137	2,618,718	2,120,279	1,606,121	1,127,276	684,852	481,240	346,946	232,652	138,358	64,064	
(P) (Q) (R)	2,956,160	2,968,581	2,981,899	2,996,180	3,011,493	3,027,914	3,246,726	3,296,044	3,296,044		3,296,044	3,296,044	
(O) (R)	200.000	200,000	200,000	150.000	150.000	150.000	150,000	150.000	150.000	150.000	150.000	150.000	'
(£)	400,000	420,000	440,000	460,000	480,000	500,000	520,000	540,000	260,000	580,000	600,000	620,000	•
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. (e)	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	300,000	100,000	300,000	100,000	300,000		300,000	300,000	• •
1,633,775	5,790,137	5,618,718	6,640,617	6,126,459	5,647,614	5,205,190	5,001,578	4,867,284	4,752,990	4,658,696	4,584,402	4,530,108	
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Exhibit / Page / of /

1		<u>CE</u>	RTIFICATE OF SERVICE
2	I certify that	at on November	15, 2005, I served by first class mail, a full and
3	correct copy of	the foregoing D	ISCLOSURE STATEMENT REGARDING
4	DEBTOR'S PL	AN OF REORG	CANIZATION to the interested parties of record,
5	addressed as fo	ollows:	
6	DII	EASE SEE ATT	ACHED LIST OF INTERESTED PARTIES
7	FLI	LASE SEE ATT	ACHED LIST OF INTERESTED PARTIES
8	Dated:	November 1	5. 2005
9			
10			/s/ Thomas W. Stilley
11			
12			Thomas W. Stilley, OSB No. 88316 Howard M. Levine, OSB No. 80073
13			Susan S. Ford, OSB No. 84220 William N. Stiles, OSB No. 65123
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Page 1 - CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Pamela Griffith U.S. Trustee's Office 620 SW Main Street, Rm. 213 Portland, OR 97205

Catherine Travis Lane Powell Spears Lubersky LLP Suite 2100, 601 SW Second Ave Portland. OR 97204-3158

Holy Family Catholic Church 3732 SE Knapp Portland, OR 97202

Thomas Sand Jerry B. Hodson Miller Nash LLP Suite 3500, 111 SW 5th Ave. Portland, OR 97204

Phoebe Joan O'Neill 1500 SW Fifth Avenue Unit 703 Portland, OR 97201

Peter C. McKittrick Farleigh Wada & Witt PC Suite 600 121 SW Morrison St. Portland. OR 97204

Steven C. Berman Stoll Stoll Berne Lokting & Shlachter 209 SW Oak Street, Suite 500 Portland, OR 97204

General Insurance Company John A. Bennett Bullivant Houser Bailey, A Professional Corporation Suite 300, 888 SW 5th Ave. Portland. OR 97204

David A Foraker, Future Claimants Representative Greene & Markley, PC Suite 600, 1515 SW 5th Ave. Portland, OR 97201

Neil T. Jorgenson Attorney at Law 520 SW Sixth Avenue, Suite 820 Portland, OR 97204 Tort Claimants Committee Albert N. Kennedy Tonkon Torp LLP Suite 1600, 888 SW 5th Ave. Portland, OR 97204

Steven M. Hedberg Douglas R. Pahl Perkins Coie 1120 NW Couch Street, 10th Floor Portland, OR 97209

Cameo Garrett 4875 Harnden Road Cashmere, WA 98815

Tom Dulcich Margaret Hoffman Schwabe Williamson & Wyatt PC 1211 SW 5th Ave. Portland, OR 97204

ACE Property & Casualty Insurance Company c/o Joseph A. Field Field & Associates 610 SW Alder St, Suite 910 Portland, OR 97205

Linda Boyle Time Warner Telecom, Inc. 10475 Park Meadows Drive, #400 Littleton, CO 80124

Robert J. Vanden Bos Vanden Bos & Chapman Suite 520 319 SW Washington St. Portland, OR 97204

Robert Millner Kevin P. Kamraczewski Sonnenschein, Nath & Rosenthal 8000 Sears Tower Chicago, IL 60606

L. Martin Nussbaum Rothgerber Johnson & Lyons LLP Wells Fargo Tower, Suite 1100 90 South Cascade Avenue Colorado Springs, CO 80903

Karl Mullen Mullen Law Firm, P.C. 8225 SW Fairway Drive, Suite 100 Portland, OR 97225 Mr. Donn Christiansen c/o Michael Morey P.C. 8 N. State Street, Suite 301 Lake Oswego, OR 97034

Thomas W. Stilley Sussman Shank LLP 1000 SW Broadway, Suite 1400 Portland, OR 97205

Oregon Education Technology Consortium 8995 SW Miley Rd., #101 Wilsonville, OR 97070

Jeffrey Werstler IRS1220 SW Third Avenue MS-0240 Portland, OR 97204

Michael S. Morey 8 N. State Street Suite 301 Lake Oswego, OR 97034

Jonathan E. Cohen PMB 315 6663 SW Beaverton Hillsdale Highway Portland, OR 97225-1403

Jame A. Hayes Jr. Cummins & White LLP 2424 SE Bristol Street, Suite 300 Newport Beach, CA 92660

Paul E. DuFresne 5135 SW 85th Avenue Portland, OR 97225

Kelly W.G. Clark Attorney at Law 1706 NW Glisan, Suite 6 Portland, OR 97209

Eric J. Neiman Heather J. Van Meter Williams Kastner & Gibbs, PLLC 888 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 600 Portland, OR 97204 Margaret M. Anderson Patrick M. Jones Lord, Bissell & Brook LLP 115 South LaSalle Street Chicago, IL 60603

Marilyn Podemski 2477 SW Arden Road Portland, OR 97201

Gary Bisaccio 2125 SW 4th Avenue Portland, OR 97201

Dana Shelton, Recovery Specialist Recovery Department NOVA Information Systems, Inc. 7300 Chapman Highway Knoxville, TN 37920

David Slader David Slader Trial Lawyers P.C. 806 SW Broadway, Suite 400 Portland, OR 97205

Timothy J. McNamara Craig A. Ryan OneBane Law Firm PO Box 3507 Lafayette, LA 70502-3507

Wilson C. Muhlheim Muhlheim Boyd & Carroll 88 East Broadway Eugene, OR 97401

Daniel J. Gatti 1781 Liberty Street SE Salem, OR 97302 Thomas W. Brown Cosgrave Vergeer Kester LLP 805 SW Broadway, 8th Floor Portland, OR 97205

Richard C. Josephson Stephen A. Redshaw Stoel Rives LLP Suite 2600, 900 SW 5th Ave. Portland, OR 97204

Richard Anderson Anderson & Monson Park Plaza West, Suite 460 10700 SW Beaverton-Hillsdale Hwy. Beaverton, OR 97005

Fred C. Ruby Department of Justice 1162 Court Street NE Salem, OR 97301

Brad T. Summers Daniel R. Webert Ball Janik LLP Suite 1100, 101 SW Main St. Portland, OR 97204

James M. Altieri, William T. Corbett Jr. Robert K. Malone, Michael P. Pompeo Drinker Biddle & Reath LLP 500 Campus Drive Florham Park, NJ 07932-1047

Bradley S. Copeland Loren S. Scott Arnold Gallagher, et al. PO Box 1758 Eugene, OR 97440-1758

William C. Tharp Greener Banducci Shoemaker P.A. 815 West Washington Boise, ID 83702 Scott L. Jensen Brownstein Rask et al. 1200 SW Main Building Portland, OR 97205

David B. Levant Stoel Rives, LLP 600 University Street, Suite 3600 Seattle, WA 98101

Karen Belair Law Department Union Pacific Railroad 1400 Douglas Street, MC 1580 Omaha, NE 68179-1580

Erin K. Olson 2905 NE Broadway St. Portland, OR 97232-1760

James B. Davidson Daniel P. Larsen Ater Wynne LLP Suite 1800, 222 SW Columbia St. Portland, OR 97201

Michael J. Farrell Martin Bischoff, et al. 888 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 900 Portland, OR 97204

David Paul Paul & Sugerman, PC 520 SW Sixth Avenue, Suite 920 Portland, OR 97204

Paulette Furness Director of Business Affairs Archdiocese of Portland in Oregon 2838 East Burnside Portland, OR 97214