IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS EASTERN DIVISION

| In re: | Case No. 12-00581 |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| THE SHOREBANK CORPORATION, et al.,) | (Jointly Administered) |
| Debtors. | Chapter 11 |
|) | Hon. A. Benjamin Goldgar |

AMENDED JOINT PLAN OF LIQUIDATION OF THE SHOREBANK CORPORATION AND ITS AFFILIATED DEBTORS AND DEBTORS-IN-POSSESSION (as modified June 12, 2012)

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Dated: Chicago, Illinois June 12, 2012

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INTRODUCTION

The ShoreBank Corporation ("SBK") and 11 of its subsidiaries and affiliates (the "Affiliate Debtors"), the debtors and debtors-in-possession in the above-captioned jointly administered Chapter 11 Cases (collectively, the "Debtors"), hereby propose the following joint plan that provides for the liquidation of the Debtors' assets and the distribution of the proceeds thereof in resolution of the outstanding Claims against and Interests in the Debtors. Capitalized terms used herein shall have the meanings ascribed to such terms in Article I.

At this time, the Chapter 11 Cases have been consolidated for procedural purposes only and are being jointly administered pursuant to an order of the Bankruptcy Court. As set forth in Section 7.1 of the Plan, however, the Plan contemplates the substantive consolidation of the Affiliate Debtors into SBK. Each Debtor is a proponent of the Plan within the meaning of section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code.

A complete list of the Debtors is set forth below. The list identifies each Debtor by its case number in the Chapter 11 Cases.

The Debtors

- The ShoreBank Corporation (Case No. 12-00581)
- ShoreBank Development Corporation (Case No. 12-00589)
- ShoreBank Capital Corporation (Case No. 12-00593)
- ShoreBank Pacific Corporation (Case No. 12-00590)
- Shore Overseas Corporation (Case No. 12-00605)
- ShoreCap Management, Ltd. (Case No. 12-00591)
- ShoreBank Lands Corporation (Case No. 12-00594)
- ShoreBank New Markets Fund, Inc. (Case No. 12-00597)
- SBK NMTC Fund I, LLC (Case No. 12-00599)
- SBK NMTC Fund II, LLC (Case No. 12-00602)
- SBK NMTC Fund III, LLC (Case No. 12-00606)
- SBK NMTC Fund IV, LLC (Case No. 12-00607)

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Under section 1125(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, a vote to accept or reject the Plan cannot be solicited from the Holder of a Claim or Interest until such time as the Disclosure Statement has been approved by the Bankruptcy Court and distributed to Claim and Interest Holders. The Disclosure Statement was approved by the Bankruptcy Court by order entered on April 16, 2012, and has been distributed simultaneously with the Plan to all parties whose votes are being solicited. The Disclosure Statement contains, among other things, a discussion of the Debtors' history, businesses, and former and current operations, a summary and analysis of the Plan, and certain related matters. ALL HOLDERS OF CLAIMS AND INTERESTS ARE ENCOURAGED TO READ THE PLAN AND THE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IN THEIR ENTIRETY BEFORE VOTING TO ACCEPT OR REJECT THE PLAN.

Subject to certain restrictions and requirements set forth in section 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code and Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3019 and those restrictions on modifications set forth in <u>Article XVI</u> of the Plan, each of the Debtors expressly reserves its respective rights to alter, amend, modify, revoke, or withdraw the Plan with respect to such Debtor, one or more times, prior to its substantial consummation.

ARTICLE I DEFINED TERMS AND RULES OF INTERPRETATION

A. Definitions.

For purposes of the Plan, except as otherwise provided or unless the context otherwise requires, all capitalized terms not otherwise defined shall have the meanings set forth below. Any term that is not otherwise defined herein, but that is used in the Bankruptcy Code or the Bankruptcy Rules, will have the meaning given to that term in the Bankruptcy Code or the Bankruptcy Rules, as applicable.

- 1.1. "Administrative Claim" means a Claim for payment of an administrative expense of a kind specified in section 503(b) of the Bankruptcy Code and entitled to priority pursuant to section 507(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, including, but not limited to, (a) any actual and necessary costs and expenses, incurred after the Petition Date, of preserving the Estates and operating and liquidating the business of the Debtors (including wages, salaries, or commissions for services rendered after the Petition Date), (b) Professional Fee Claims, and (c) all fees and charges assessed against the Estate under chapter 123 of title 28, United States Code.
- 1.2. "Administrative Claims Bar Date" means, except as modified by <u>Section 11.1</u> and <u>11.2</u> of the Plan, the deadline for filing proofs of Administrative Claims which shall be thirty (30) days after the date on which the Debtors mail written notice of the occurrence of the Effective Date as specified in <u>Section 11.3</u> of the Plan, unless otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court.
- 1.3. "Administrative Claims Reserve" means the reserve established to pay Administrative Claims, Priority Tax Claims, Secured Claims, Non-Tax Priority Claims, Cure Claims, and other payments required under the Plan.
- 1.4. "Affiliate Debtors" means, individually or collectively, a Debtor or Debtors other than SBK, as applicable.
- 1.5. "Affiliate Interest" means the rights of any current or former Holder or owner of any shares of Old Equity of any of the Affiliate Debtors authorized and issued prior to the Confirmation Date.
- 1.6. "Affiliates" has the meaning given such term by section 101(2) of the Bankruptcy Code.
 - 1.7. "Allowed ... Claim" means a Claim or any portion thereof:
 - (a) that has been allowed by a Final Order, or

- (b) as to which no proof of claim has been timely Filed with the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to any applicable order of the Bankruptcy Court establishing a bar date as to a category of claims, or, if none, as prescribed by the Bankruptcy Code or other applicable bankruptcy law or rule and (i) the liquidated and noncontingent amount of which is Scheduled other than at zero, in an unknown amount, or as disputed and (ii) no objection to its allowance has been Filed, or is intended to be Filed by the Debtors, within the periods of limitation fixed by the Plan, the Bankruptcy Code, or by any order of the Bankruptcy Court, or
- (c) as to which a proof of claim has been timely Filed with the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to any applicable order of the Bankruptcy Court establishing a bar date as to a category of claims, or, if none, as prescribed by the Bankruptcy Code or other applicable bankruptcy law or rule but only to the extent that such claim is identified in such proof of claim in a liquidated and noncontingent amount, and either (i) no objection to its allowance has been Filed, or is intended to be Filed, within the periods of limitation fixed by the Plan, the Bankruptcy Code, or by any order of the Bankruptcy Court or (ii) any objection to its allowance has been settled or withdrawn, or has been denied by a Final Order, or
 - (d) that is expressly allowed in a liquidated amount in the Plan.
- 1.8. "Applicable Banking Laws" means any and all laws of the United States and any state applicable to the Debtors (or their subsidiaries), governing the organization, operation, business, insurance of deposits, merger, acquisition, control, reorganization, dissolution, or liquidation of commercial banks, including without limitation the FDICIA, the FIRREA, and the BHCA.
- 1.9. "Avoidance Actions" means Causes of Action arising under sections 502, 510, 541, 542, 544, 545, 547 through 551, or 553 of the Bankruptcy Code, or under similar or related state or federal statutes and common law, including fraudulent transfer laws, whether or not litigation is commenced to prosecute such Causes of Action.
- 1.10. "Ballot" means each of the ballot form or forms distributed to each Holder of an Impaired Claim entitled to vote, on which the Holder is to indicate acceptance or rejection of the Plan.
- 1.11. "Bank" means ShoreBank headquartered, in Chicago, Illinois, a state chartered non-member bank.
- 1.12. "Bankruptcy Code" means title 11, United States Code, as now in effect or hereafter amended.

- 1.13. "Bankruptcy Court" means the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Northern District of Illinois, Eastern Division, or any other court with jurisdiction over the Chapter 11 Cases.
- 1.14. "Bankruptcy Rules" means the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure and the local rules of the Bankruptcy Court, as now in effect or hereafter amended.
- 1.15. "Bar Date" means the deadline for filing proofs of claim established by the Bankruptcy Court as February 27, 2012 (and July 11, 2012 for all governmental units as defined in section 101(27) of the Bankruptcy Code), pursuant to the Bar Date Order and any supplemental bar dates established by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to the Bar Date Order or other Final Order.
- 1.16. "Bar Date Order" means the order entered by the Bankruptcy Court on January 12, 2012, as amended, which established the Bar Date.
 - 1.17. "BHCA" means the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, as amended.
- 1.18. "Business Day" means any day, other than a Saturday, Sunday, or "legal holiday" (as defined in Bankruptcy Rule 9006(a)).
- 1.19. "Capital Securities" means any and all of the capital securities issued by the Trusts, which represent undivided beneficial interests in the respective Trust, including, without limitation: (i) those certain 10 7/8% fixed rate capital trust pass-through securities issued by ShoreBank Capital Trust I; (ii) those certain floating rate TRUPS issued by ShoreBank Capital Trust II; and (iii) those certain TP securities issued by ShoreBank Capital Trust III.
- 1.20. "Cash" means legal tender of the United States of America and equivalents thereof.
- 1.21. "Cash Reserves" means the cash reserved, as determined by the Debtors or the Liquidation Trust Administrator, as the case may be, for the funding of the Administrative Claims Reserve, the Disputed Claims Reserve, and the Operating Reserve.
- 1.22. "Causes of Action" means any and all actions, causes of action, suits, accounts, controversies, agreements, promises, rights to legal remedies, rights to equitable remedies, rights to payment and claims, whether known, unknown, reduced to judgment, not reduced to judgment, liquidated, unliquidated, fixed, contingent, matured, unmatured, disputed, undisputed, secured, or unsecured and whether asserted or assertable directly or derivatively, in law, equity, or otherwise, including the Avoidance Actions.
- 1.23. "Chapter 11 Cases" means (a) when used with reference to a particular Debtor, the chapter 11 case pending for that Debtor in the Bankruptcy Court and (b) when used with reference to all Debtors, the chapter 11 cases pending for the Debtors in the Bankruptcy Court.

- 1.24. "Charging Lien" means any Lien or other priority payment arising prior to the Effective Date to which the Subordinated Indenture Trustees are entitled under the Subordinated Indentures against distributions to be made to the Holders of Subordinated Note Claims.
- 1.25. "Claim" means a "claim," as defined in section 101(5) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 1.26. "Claims Objection Deadline" means as applicable (except for Administrative Claims) (a) the day that is the later of (i) the first Business Day that is ninety (90) days after the Effective Date, and (ii) as to proofs of claim Filed after the Bar Date, the first Business Day that is ninety (90) days after a Final Order is entered deeming the late Filed claim to be treated as timely Filed, or (b) such later date as may be established by the Bankruptcy Court as may be requested by the Debtors or the Liquidation Trust Administrator.
- 1.27. "Class" means a category of Holders of Claims or Interests, as described in Articles II and III of the Plan.
- 1.28. "Common Securities" means the common securities issued by the Trusts, with a liquidation amount of \$1,000 per security representing undivided beneficial interests in the respective Trust.
- 1.29. "Confirmation Date" means the date on which the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court enters the Confirmation Order on the docket of the Bankruptcy Court.
- 1.30. "Confirmation Hearing" means the hearing held by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to section 1128 of the Bankruptcy Code to consider confirmation of the Plan, as such hearing may be adjourned or continued from time to time.
- 1.31. "Confirmation Order" means the order of the Bankruptcy Court confirming the Plan pursuant to section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 1.32. "Creditors' Committee" means the statutory committee of unsecured creditors appointed in the Chapter 11 Cases pursuant to section 1102 of the Bankruptcy Code, as reconstituted from time to time.
- 1.33. "Cure" means the distribution within a reasonable period of time following the Effective Date of Cash, or such other property as may be agreed upon by the parties or ordered by the Bankruptcy Court, with respect to the assumption or assumption and assignment of an executory contract or unexpired lease, pursuant to section 365(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, in an amount equal to all unpaid monetary obligations, without interest, or such other amount as may be agreed upon by the parties under such executory contract or unexpired lease, to the extent such obligations are enforceable under the Bankruptcy Code and applicable bankruptcy law.
- 1.34. "Debtor(s)" means individually, SBK or any of the Affiliate Debtors and, collectively, all of the above-captioned debtors and debtors-in-possession.

- 1.35. "Deficiency Claim" means, in the case of a Claim Holder who asserts a Secured Claim against the Debtors, a Claim equal to the amount by which such Claim exceeds the secured portion thereof as determined pursuant to section 506 of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 1.36. "Disallowed Claim" means a Claim, or any portion thereof, that (a) has been disallowed by either a Final Order or pursuant to a settlement, or (b) (i) is Scheduled at zero or as contingent, disputed, or unliquidated and (ii) as to which a Bar Date has been established but no proof of claim has been filed or deemed timely filed with the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to any applicable order of the Bankruptcy Court establishing a bar date as to a category of claims, or, if none, as prescribed by the Bankruptcy Code or other applicable bankruptcy law or rule.
- 1.37. "Disbursing Agent" means the Debtors, or the Liquidation Trust Administrator, or any party designated by the Debtors to serve as disbursing agent under the Plan.
- 1.38. "Disclosure Statement" means the written disclosure statement (including all appendices thereto or referenced therein) that relates to the Plan, as approved by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to section 1125 of the Bankruptcy Code, as the same may be amended, modified, or supplemented.
- 1.39. "Disclosure Statement Hearing" means the hearing before the Bankruptcy Court held to consider the adequacy of the Disclosure Statement as such hearing may be adjourned or continued from time to time.
- 1.40. "Disputed Claim" means a Claim, or any portion thereof, that is neither an Allowed Claim nor a Disallowed Claim.
- 1.41. "Disputed Claims Reserve" means one or more reserves of Cash established and maintained by the Liquidation Trust Administrator on account of Disputed Claims.
 - 1.42. "DTC" means The Depository Trust Corporation.
- 1.43. "Effective Date" means the Business Day the Plan becomes effective as provided in Section 12.2 of the Plan.
- 1.44. "Estate(s)" means, individually, the estate of SBK or any of the Affiliate Debtors and, collectively, the estates of all of the Debtors created under section 541 of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 1.45. "Exhibit" means an exhibit annexed to either the Plan or as an appendix to the Disclosure Statement.
- 1.46. "Exhibit Filing Date" means the date by which all Exhibits shall be Filed with the Bankruptcy Court, which date shall be at 5:00 p.m. (prevailing Central Time) at least seven (7) days prior to the Voting Deadline or such later date as may be approved by the Bankruptcy Code.

- 1.47. "Existing Securities" means Old Equity, including any such securities that have been authorized but not issued.
- 1.48. "Face Amount" means (a) when used in reference to a Disputed Claim or Disallowed Claim, the full stated amount of the Claim claimed by the Holder in any proof of claim timely filed with the Bankruptcy Court or otherwise deemed timely filed by any Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court or other applicable bankruptcy law, and (b) when used in reference to an Allowed Claim, the allowed amount of such Claim.
- 1.49. "FDIC" means the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation as receiver to the Bank, unless otherwise noted to include the FDIC in its corporate capacity.
- 1.50. "FDIC Claim" means any and all Claims that have been made or could have been made by the FDIC, including the FDIC in its corporate capacity, against the Debtors. For the avoidance of doubt, the FDIC Claims include, but are not limited to, the claims set forth in the proof of claim no. 20 filed by the FDIC, as it may be amended; any claim under section 365(o) or 507(a)(9) of the Bankruptcy Code for capital maintenance obligations or otherwise; any claims to certain tax and insurance refunds; and any setoff claims.
- 1.51. "FDICIA" means the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Improvement Act.
- 1.52. "FDIC Treatment" means the treatment the FDIC is prescribed to receive pursuant to the Plan, as set forth on Exhibit A attached hereto.
- 1.53. "File, Filed, or Filing" means file, filed, or filing with the Bankruptcy Court or its authorized designee in the Chapter 11 Cases.
- 1.54. "Final Order" means an order or judgment, the operation or effect of which has not been stayed, reversed, or amended and as to which order or judgment (or any revision, modification, or amendment thereof) the time to appeal or seek review or rehearing has expired and as to which no appeal or petition for review or rehearing was filed or, if filed, remains pending.
- 1.55. "FIRREA" means the Financial Institutions Reform, Recovery, and Enforcement Act of 1989.
 - 1.56. "GCG" means GCG, Inc., the Debtors' claims and noticing agent.
- 1.57. "General Unsecured Claim" means a Claim that is not an Administrative Claim, Priority Tax Claim, Non-Tax Priority Claim, Secured Claim, FDIC Claim, Senior Indebtedness Claim, Subordinated Note Claim, or an Other Subordinated Claim.
- 1.58. "Guarantee Agreements" means the guarantee agreements with respect to the Capital Securities, including, without limitation: (i) that certain guarantee agreement, dated as of March 23, 2000 between SBK and the Bank of New York, as trustee, for the benefit of holders of the Capital Securities of the ShoreBank Trust I; (ii) that certain guarantee agreement between

SBK and Wilmington Trust Company, as trustee, for the benefit of holders of the Capital Securities of ShoreBank Trust II; and (iii) that certain guarantee agreement between SBK and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as trustee, for the benefit of holders of the Capital Securities of ShoreBank Trust III.

- 1.59. "Holder" means a Person holding a Claim or Interest and, with respect to the Trust Securities and the Existing Securities, the beneficial holder as of the Voting Record Date or Record Date, as appropriate, or any authorized agent who has completed and executed a Ballot in accordance with the voting instructions.
- 1.60. "Impaired" means, when used in reference to a Claim or Interest, a Claim or Interest that is impaired within the meaning of section 1124 of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 1.61. "Indemnification Rights" means any obligations or rights of any of the Debtors to indemnify or contribute to the losses, liabilities, or expenses of an Indemnitee pursuant to the Debtor's charter, by-laws, or policy of providing employee indemnification, or applicable state law or specific agreement in respect of any claims, demands, suits, causes of action, or proceedings against an Indemnitee based upon any act or omission related to an Indemnitee's service with, for, or on behalf of such Debtor.
- 1.62. "Indemnitee" means all present and former directors, officers, employees, consultants, agents, or representatives of a Debtor who are entitled to assert Indemnification Rights.
- 1.63. "Initial Distribution" means the distribution occurring on the Initial Distribution Date.
- 1.64. "Initial Distribution Date" means the date occurring as soon as possible after the Administrative Claims Bar Date as determined by the Debtors upon which distributions are made with respect to Holders of Allowed Claims pursuant to Article IX.
- 1.65. "Intercompany Claim" means (a) any account reflecting intercompany book entries by one Debtor with respect to any other Debtor or (b) any Claim that is not reflected in such book entries and is held by a Debtor against any other Debtor.
- 1.66. "Interest" means the legal, equitable, contractual, and other rights of the Holders of Old Equity.
 - 1.67. "IRC" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.
 - 1.68. "JPM" means JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.
- 1.69. "JPM Claim" means any Claim against the Debtors on account of the JPM Credit Agreement, including the claims asserted in the proof of claim no. 11 filed against SBK in the Chapter 11 Cases.

- 1.70. "JPM Credit Agreement" means that certain credit agreement, dated as of December 31, 2004, as amended, between SBK and JPM.
- 1.71. "Lien" means a charge against or interest in property to secure payment of a debt or performance of an obligation.
- 1.72. "Liquidation Trust" means that certain liquidation trust to be created on the Effective Date in accordance with the provisions of Article VII of the Plan and the Liquidation Trust Agreement.
- 1.73. "Liquidation Trust Administrator" means the Person designated by the Debtors at least seven (7) days prior to the Voting Deadline and retained as of the Effective Date to administer the Liquidation Trust in accordance with the Plan and the Liquidation Trust Agreement, and any successor appointed in accordance with the Liquidation Trust Agreement.
- 1.74. "Liquidation Trust Advisory Board" means the board that is to be created pursuant to Section 13.4 of the Plan for the purpose of advising the Liquidation Trust Administrator with respect to decisions affecting the Liquidation Trust to the extent set forth in the Liquidation Trust Agreement.
- 1.75. "Liquidation Trust Agreement" means that certain trust agreement, substantially on the terms set forth on Exhibit B and in form and substance acceptable to the Debtors, that, among other things: (a) establishes and governs the Liquidation Trust; and (b) describes the powers, duties, and responsibilities of the Liquidation Trust Administrator, the liquidation of the Liquidation Trust Assets, and the distribution of the proceeds thereof.
- 1.76. "Liquidation Trust Assets" means all assets (and any and all proceeds therefrom and interest accruing with respect thereto) of the Debtors (unless listed on an exhibit to the Liquidation Trust Agreement as an excluded asset), and the Liquidation Trust Claims, which will be transferred on the Effective Date to, and owned by, the Liquidation Trust.
- 1.77. "Liquidation Trust Beneficiaries" means the Holders of Claims that are to be satisfied under the Plan by post-Effective Date distributions to be made from the Liquidation Trust.
- 1.78. "Liquidation Trust Claims" means those Causes of Action identified in the Liquidation Trust Agreement, which will include certain Causes of Action arising under chapter 5 of the Bankruptcy Code, the Plan, or other Bankruptcy Court-approved settlements.
- 1.79. "Liquidation Trust Distribution Property" means the Liquidation Trust Recoveries and the Liquidation Trust Assets to be distributed in accordance with Section 13.5 of the Plan.
- 1.80. "Liquidation Trust Expenses" shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 13.3(e) of the Plan.

- 1.81. "Liquidation Trust Professionals" shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 13.3(f) of the Plan.
- 1.82. "Liquidation Trust Recoveries" mean any and all proceeds received by the Liquidation Trust from the prosecution of the Liquidation Trust Claims.
- 1.83. "Net Available Cash" means the net cash of the Debtors available after funding the Administrative Claims Reserve, the Disputed Claims Reserve, and the Operating Reserve.
- 1.84. "Net Proceeds" means all proceeds from the sale or other disposition of an asset minus all reasonable out-of-pocket direct costs, fees, and expenses incurred in connection with such sale or other disposition, provisions for any sales or other tax due and owing as a consequence of such sale or other disposition, and other customary prorations in connection with such sale or other disposition.
 - 1.85. "NOLs" means net operating losses.
- 1.86. "Non-Tax Priority Claim" means a Claim, if any, other than an Administrative Claim or Priority Tax Claim, that is entitled to priority in payment pursuant to section 507(a) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 1.87. "Old Equity" means, collectively, the common stock, preferred stock, or other equity interest of SBK and the Affiliate Debtors outstanding immediately prior to the Petition Date, including treasury stock and all options, warrants, calls, rights, puts, awards, commitments, or any other agreements of any character to acquire such common stock, preferred stock, or other equity interest.
- 1.88. "Operating Reserve" means the reserve account to be established and maintained, into which the Debtors or the Liquidation Trust Administrator shall from time to time deposit Cash to fund, among other things, the expenses of the Debtors and the Liquidation Trust Administrator, including, among other things, the fees and expenses of the Debtors and their Professionals and the Liquidation Trust Administrator and its Professionals.
- 1.89. "Other Subordinated Claims" means any Claims, other than the Subordinated Note Claims, that are subordinated pursuant to section 510 of the Bankruptcy Code, or otherwise, including such Claims arising under Securities Litigation, if any.
- 1.90. "Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, joint venture, association, joint stock company, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, trust, estate, unincorporated organization, or other entity.
- 1.91. "Petition Date" means January 9, 2012, the date on which each of the Debtors Filed petitions for relief commencing the Chapter 11 Cases.

- 1.92. "Plan" means this joint chapter 11 plan for the Debtors as herein proposed, including all supplements, appendices, and Exhibits thereto, either in its present form or as the same may be further altered, amended, or modified from time to time in accordance with the Bankruptcy Code.
- 1.93. "Priority Tax Claim" means a Claim of a governmental unit of the kind specified in sections 502(i) and 507(a)(8) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 1.94. "Pro Rata" means, with respect to a distribution regarding a particular Class, the proportion that (a) the Face Amount of a Claim in a particular Class bears to (b) the aggregate Face Amount of all Claims in such Class, unless the Plan provides otherwise.
- 1.95. "Professional" means (a) any professional employed in the Chapter 11 Cases pursuant to section 327 or 1103 of the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise and (b) any professional or other entity seeking compensation or reimbursement of expenses in connection with the Chapter 11 Case pursuant to section 503(b)(4) of the Bankruptcy Code and supported by the Debtors.
- 1.96. "Professional Fee Claim" means an Administrative Claim under section 330(a), 331, 503, or 1103 of the Bankruptcy Code for compensation of a Professional or other entity for services rendered or expenses incurred in the Chapter 11 Cases on or prior to the Effective Date (including expenses of the members of the Creditors' Committee incurred as members of the Creditors' Committee in discharge of their duties as such).
- 1.97. "Purchase Agreement" means the purchase agreements in connection with the issuance and sale of the Capital Securities.
- 1.98. "Record Date" means the record date for purposes of making distributions under the Plan on account of Allowed Claims, which date shall be June 13, 2012, the date that is initially set for the Confirmation Hearing.
- 1.99. "Released Party" means, collectively, pursuant to section 1123(b)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code, effective as of the Effective Date, any officers of each of the Debtors, any directors of each of the Debtors, and any employees of each the Debtors serving as such as of the Petition Date, the Creditors Committee, the members of Creditors' Committee in their capacity as such, the Subordinated Indenture Trustees, the Professionals, and all former directors and former officers of each of the Debtors who vote in favor of the Plan.
- 1.100. "Scheduled" means, with respect to any Claim, the status and amount, if any, of such Claim as set forth in the Schedules.
- 1.101. "Schedules" means the schedules of assets and liabilities and the statements of financial affairs Filed by the Debtors on January 9, 2012, as such schedules and statements have been or may be further modified, amended, or supplemented in accordance with Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1009 or Orders of the Bankruptcy Court.

- 1.102. "Secured Claim" means a Claim, if any, that is secured by a Lien on property in which an Estate has an interest or that is subject to setoff under section 553 of the Bankruptcy Code, to the extent of the value of the Claim Holder's interest in the Estate's interest in such property or to the extent of the amount subject to setoff, as applicable, as determined pursuant to section 506(a) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 1.103. "Securities Litigation" means any litigation arising from rescission of a purchase or sale of a security of the Debtors, for damages arising from the purchase or sale of such a security, or for reimbursement or contribution allowed under section 502 of the Bankruptcy Code on account of such a claim.
- 1.104. "Senior Indebtedness Claim" means any Claim that falls within the definition of Senior Indebtedness as defined in the Subordinated Indenture, including the JPM Claim.
 - 1.105. "SBK" means The ShoreBank Corporation.
- 1.106. "Solicitation Order" means the order entered by the Bankruptcy Court establishing procedures with respect to the solicitation and tabulation of votes to accept or reject the Plan.
- 1.107. "Subordinated Indentures" means, collectively, (i) the subordinated indenture, dated as of March 23, 2000, between the Debtor, as issuer, and The Bank of New York, as trustee for certain fixed rate junior subordinated deferred interest debentures due 2030; (ii) the subordinated indenture, dated as of April 10, 2002 between the Debtor, as issuer, and Wilmington Trust Company, as trustee for certain floating rate junior subordinated debentures due 2032; and (iii) the subordinated indenture, dated as of October 10, 2003 between the Debtor, as issuer, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as trustee for certain junior subordinated debt securities due October 7, 2033, and any amendments or supplements thereto.
- 1.108. "Subordinated Indenture Trustees" means, collectively, (i) the Bank of New York, in its capacity as trustee under the Subordinated Indenture; (ii) Wilmington Trust Company, in its capacity as trustee under the Subordinated Indenture; and/or (iii) Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, in its capacity as trustee under the Subordinated Indenture, and any of their successors and assigns, as applicable.
- 1.109. "Subordinated Noteholders" means the Holders of the Subordinated Notes (including, without limitation, the Subordinated Indenture Trustees in their roles as institutional trustees) and the Holders of the Trust Securities.
- 1.110. "Subordinated Note Claims" means any Claims by any Subordinated Noteholder against the Debtors, including but not limited to, any Claims against the Debtors arising under or in connection with the Subordinated Indentures, the Subordinated Notes, the Guarantee Agreements, the Purchase Agreements, the Trust Agreements, the Trust Securities, and any related declarations and ancillary agreements of any of the foregoing. For the avoidance of

doubt, Subordinated Note Claims include, but are not limited to, the claims asserted in proofs of claim numbers 8, 9, 10, 12, 13, 16, 17, 18, 19, 39, and 40 (as all of the foregoing may be amended) in the Chapter 11 Cases.

- 1.111. "Subordinated Notes" means, collectively, (i) the fixed rate junior subordinated debentures due 2030, issued under a Subordinated Indenture; (ii) the floating rate junior subordinated debentures due 2032, issued under a Subordinated Indenture; and/or (iii) the junior subordinated debentures due October 7, 2033, issued under a Subordinated Indenture.
- 1.112. "Subordinated Notes Redistribution Interests" means the beneficial interest in the Liquidation Trust that, but for the Subordinated Notes Subordination Rights, the Disbursing Agent would distribute Pro Rata to or for the benefit of Holders of Allowed Class 6 Claims as if Classes 4, 5, and 6 were a single Class, but will instead redistribute to or for the benefit of Holders of Allowed Class 4 Claims.
- 1.113. "Subordinated Notes Subordination Rights" means the subordination rights of the Holders of the Senior Indebtedness Claims pursuant to the Trust Agreements, Subordinated Indentures, and the related Guarantee Agreements, or any supplemental trust agreements, indentures, or guarantee agreements thereto.
- 1.114. "Subsequent Distribution" means any distribution after the Initial Distribution.
- 1.115. "Subsequent Distribution Date" means the date upon which the Debtors or the Liquidation Trust Administrator, as the case may be, determines, in accordance with the Plan, to conduct a Subsequent Distribution.
- 1.116. "Supplemental Distribution Account" means, collectively, (a) the Cash or other property reserved on account of a Disputed Claim after such claim becomes an Allowed Claim or a Disallowed Claim, (b) the portion of the Net Proceeds from any and all sales or other dispositions of the Debtors' non-Cash assets occurring subsequent to the Initial Distribution Date that the Debtors or the Liquidation Trust Administrator determine to constitute Net Available Cash (with the remaining portion of the Net Proceeds being deposited into the Cash Reserve by the Debtors), and which is not necessary, as determined by the Debtor or the Liquidation Trust Administrator, to fund the Operating Reserve, and (c) any remaining Cash Reserve after all obligations for which such reserves were established are satisfied and the Chapter 11 Cases are closed.
- 1.117. "Tax Escrow Agreement" means that certain agreement dated as of October 25, 2010, as amended, entered into between the FDIC and SBK regarding the establishment of a segregated bank account to hold all consolidated tax refunds pending resolution of ownership of such funds.
- 1.118. "Tax Sharing Agreement" means that certain agreement to allocate consolidated income tax liabilities and benefits, dated as of January 1, 2009.

- 1.119. "Trusts" means (i) ShoreBank Capital Trust I; (ii) ShoreBank Capital Trust II; and/or (iii) ShoreBank Capital Trust III, as applicable.
- 1.120. "Trust Agreements" means (i) the Declaration of Trust dated as of March 7, 2000, as amended and restated, that established ShoreBank Capital Trust I; (ii) the Declaration of Trust dated as of March 25, 2002, as amended, that established ShoreBank Capital Trust II; and (iii) the Declaration of Trust dated as of October 8, 2003, as amended, that established ShoreBank Capital Trust III.
- 1.121. "Trust Securities" means the Capital Securities together with the Common Securities issued by the Trusts.
- 1.122. "Unimpaired Claim" means a Claim that is not impaired within the meaning of section 1124 of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 1.123. "Voluntary Petition" means the voluntary petitions for relief under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code filed by SBK and the Affiliate Debtors on the Petition Date, in the Bankruptcy Court.
 - 1.124. "Voting Agent" means GCG, or such other entity designated by the Debtors.
- 1.125. "Voting Deadline" means May 30, 2012 at 5:00 p.m. (prevailing Central Time), as the last day and time for submitting Ballots to accept or reject the Plan in accordance with section 1126 of the Bankruptcy Code as specified in the Solicitation Order.
- 1.126. "Voting Record Date" means the date and time established by the Bankruptcy Court in the Solicitation Order for determining those Holders of Claims against the Debtor entitled to vote on the Plan.

B. Rules of Interpretation.

For purposes of the Plan, unless otherwise provided herein: (a) whenever it appears appropriate for the context, each term stated in the singular or the plural includes the singular and the plural, and each pronoun stated in the masculine, feminine, or neuter includes the masculine, feminine, and neuter; (b) unless otherwise provided in the Plan, any reference in the Plan to a contract, instrument, release, or other agreement or document being in a particular form or on particular terms and conditions means that such document will be substantially in such form or substantially on such terms and conditions; (c) any reference in the Plan to an existing document or schedule Filed or to be Filed means such document or schedule, as it may have been or may be amended, modified, or supplemented pursuant to the Plan; (d) any reference to an entity as a Holder of a Claim or Interest includes that entity's successors and assigns; (e) all references in the Plan to Sections and Articles are references to Sections and Articles of the Plan; (f) the words "herein," "hereunder," and "hereto" refer to the Plan in its entirety rather than to a particular portion of the Plan; (g) captions and headings to Articles and Sections are inserted for convenience of reference only and are not intended to be a part of or to affect the interpretation of the Plan; (h)

subject to the provisions of any contract, Certificates of Incorporation, bylaws, instrument, release, or other agreement or document entered into in connection with the Plan, the rights and obligations arising under the Plan shall be governed by, and construed and enforced in accordance with, federal law, including the Bankruptcy Code and the Bankruptcy Rules; and (i) the rules of construction set forth in section 102 of the Bankruptcy Code will apply.

In the event of any conflict between the Plan and the FDIC Treatment, the terms of the FDIC Treatment shall govern.

C. Computation of Time.

In computing any period of time prescribed or allowed by the Plan, unless otherwise expressly provided for, the provisions of Bankruptcy Rule 9006(a) shall apply.

D. Exhibits.

All Exhibits are incorporated into and are a part of the Plan as if set forth in full herein and, to the extent not annexed hereto, such Exhibits shall be filed with the Bankruptcy Court on or before the Exhibit Filing Date.

ARTICLE II ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES AND PRIORITY TAX CLAIMS

- 2.1 <u>Administrative Claims</u>. Subject to the provisions of <u>Article XI</u> of the Plan, on, or as soon as reasonably practicable after, the later of (a) the Effective Date, or (b) the date on which an Administrative Claim becomes an Allowed Administrative Claim, each Holder of an Allowed Administrative Claim shall receive, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of, and in exchange for, such Allowed Administrative Claim, (i) Cash equal to the unpaid portion of such Allowed Administrative Claim or (ii) such other less favorable treatment to the Holders of an Allowed Administrative Claim as to which the Debtors and the Holder of such Allowed Administrative Claims shall have agreed upon in writing; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, <u>that</u> Allowed Administrative Claims against a Debtor with respect to liabilities incurred in the ordinary course of business during the Chapter 11 Cases may be paid in the ordinary course of business in accordance with the terms and conditions of any agreements relating thereto at the sole discretion of the Debtors.
- 2.2 <u>Priority Tax Claims</u>. On, or as soon as reasonably practicable after, the later of (a) the Effective Date, or (b) the date on which a Priority Tax Claim becomes an Allowed Priority Tax Claim, each Holder of an Allowed Priority Tax Claim against a Debtor shall receive in full satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of, and in exchange for, such Allowed Priority Tax Claim, (i) Cash equal to the amount of such Allowed Priority Tax Claim, or (ii) such other less favorable treatment to the Holders of an Allowed Priority Tax Claim as to which the Debtors and the Holder of such Allowed Priority Tax Claims shall have agreed upon in writing, or (iii) at the option of the Debtors or the Liquidation Trust Administrator, Cash in an aggregate

amount of such Allowed Priority Tax Claim payable in installment payments over a period of not more than five years after the Petition Date, totaling the principal amount of such Priority Tax Claim plus simple interest on any outstanding balance from the Effective Date calculated at the interest rate required under applicable nonbankruptcy law, and in a manner not less favorable than the most favored non-priority unsecured claim provided for by the Plan (other than cash payments made to a Class of creditors under section 1122(b)); provided, however, that any Priority Tax Claim that is not an Allowed Claim, including any Allowed Priority Tax Claim not due and owing on the Effective Date, will be paid in accordance with this section when such Claim becomes Allowed and due and owing; further provided, however, that any Claim or demand for payment of a penalty (other than a penalty of the type specified in section 507(a)(8)(G) of the Bankruptcy Code) shall be disallowed pursuant to the Plan, and the Holder of an Allowed Priority Tax Claim shall not be allowed to assess or attempt to collect such penalty from the Debtors or their Estates.

ARTICLE III CLASSIFICATION OF CLAIMS AND INTERESTS

Pursuant to section 1122 of the Bankruptcy Code, set forth below is a designation of classes of Claims against and Interests in the Debtors. All Claims and Interests, except Administrative Claims and Priority Tax Claims, are placed in the Classes set forth below. In accordance with section 1123(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, Administrative Claims and Priority Tax Claims have not been classified and their treatment is set forth in <u>Article II</u> above.

A Claim or Interest is placed in a particular Class only to the extent that the Claim or Interest falls within the description of that Class, and is classified in other Classes to the extent that any portion of the Claim or Interest falls within the description of such other Classes. A Claim is also placed in a particular Class for the purpose of voting on, and receiving distributions pursuant to, the Plan only to the extent that such Claim is an Allowed Claim in that Class and such Claim has not been paid, released, or otherwise settled prior to the Effective Date.

- 3.1 Classification of Claims Against and Interests in the Debtors.
 - (a) Class 1: Class 1 consists of all Secured Claims, if any, that may exist against the Debtors. At this time, the Debtors do not believe that any Secured Claims exist.
 - (b) Class 2: Class 2 consists of all Non-Tax Priority Claims, if any, that may exist against the Debtors. At this time, the Debtors do not believe that any Non-Tax Priority Claims exist.
 - (c) Class 3: Class 3 consists of the FDIC Claim.

- (d) **Class 4:** Class 4 consists of all Senior Indebtedness Claims against the Debtors.
- (e) Class 5: Class 5 consists of all General Unsecured Claims.
- (f) **Class 6:** Class 6 consists of all Subordinated Note Claims against the Debtors.
- (g) Class 7: Class 7 consists of all Other Subordinated Claims against the Debtors.
- (h) Class 8: Class 8 consists of all Old Equity Interests in the Debtors.

ARTICLE IV IDENTIFICATION OF CLASSES OF CLAIMS AND INTERESTS IMPAIRED AND NOT IMPAIRED BY THE PLAN

4.1 <u>Unimpaired Classes of Claims</u>. The Classes listed below are Unimpaired by the Plan:

Class 1 (Secured Claims)
Class 2 (Non-Tax Priority Claims)

4.2 <u>Impaired Classes of Claims and Interests</u>. The Classes listed below are Impaired by the Plan:

Class 3 (FDIC Claim)

Class 4 (Senior Indebtedness Claims)

Class 5 (General Unsecured Claims)

Class 6 (Subordinated Note Claims)

Class 7 (Other Subordinated Claims)

Class 8 (Old Equity Interests)

ARTICLE V PROVISIONS FOR TREATMENT OF CLAIMS AND INTERESTS

5.1 <u>Unimpaired Classes of Claims Against the Debtors.</u>

- (a) <u>Class 1 (Secured Claims)</u>. The legal, equitable, and contractual rights of the Holders of Allowed Class 1 Claims against the Debtors, if any, are unaltered by this Plan. On, or as soon as reasonably practicable after, the later of (i) the Effective Date, or (ii) the date on which such Class 1 Claim becomes an Allowed Class 1 Claim, each Holder of an Allowed Class 1 Claim shall receive, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of, and in exchange for, such Allowed Class 1 Claim, at the election of the Debtors or the Liquidation Trust Administrator, (x) Cash equal to the amount of such Allowed Class 1 Claim or (y) such other less favorable treatment that will not impair the Holder of such Allowed Class 1 Claim pursuant to section 1124 of the Bankruptcy Code; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, <u>that</u> any Class 1 Claim not due and owing on the Effective Date will be paid in accordance with this Section if and when such Claim becomes Allowed and is due and owing. Any default with respect to any Allowed Class 1 Claim that existed immediately prior to the Petition Date will be deemed cured on the Effective Date.
- (b) <u>Class 2 (Non-Tax Priority Claims)</u>. The legal and equitable rights of the Holders of Class 2 Claims against the Debtors, if any, are unaltered by this Plan. On, or as soon as reasonably practicable after, the later of (i) the Effective Date, or (ii) the date on which such Class 2 Claim becomes an Allowed Class 2 Claim, each Holder of an Allowed Class 2 Claim shall receive, in full satisfaction, settlement, release and discharge of, and in exchange for, such Allowed Class 2 Claim, at the election of the Debtors or the Liquidation Trust Administrator, (x) Cash equal to the amount of such Allowed Class 2 Claim or (y) such other less favorable treatment that will not impair the Holder of such Allowed Class 2 Claim pursuant to section 1124 of the Bankruptcy Code; provided, however, that any Class 2 Claim not due and owing on the Effective Date will be paid in accordance with this Section when such Claim becomes due and owing. Any default with respect to any Allowed Class 2 Claim that existed immediately prior to the Petition Date will be deemed cured on the Effective Date.

5.2 Impaired Classes of Claims Against and Interests in the Debtors.

(a) <u>Class 3 (FDIC Claims)</u>. On the Effective Date, or as soon thereafter as reasonably practicable, the FDIC shall receive in full satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of, and in exchange for, each and every Class 3 Claim against the Debtors, the FDIC Treatment payable out of the Federal Income Tax Refund Receivable (as defined in the FDIC Treatment) currently held in an escrow account.

- (b) <u>Class 4 (Senior Indebtedness Claims)</u>. On the Initial Distribution Date, or as soon thereafter as is reasonably practicable, and on each Subsequent Distribution Date, the Disbursing Agent shall receive on behalf of each and every Holder of an Allowed Class 4 Claim against the Debtors, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of, and in exchange for, each and every Class 4 Claim against the Debtors, (i) the Pro Rata interest in the Liquidation Trust, as to which all Holders of Allowed Class 4 Claims would be entitled if Classes 4, 5, and 6 were a single Class, which the Disbursing Agent will distribute to each holder of an Allowed Class 4 Claim on a Pro Rata basis within such Class, (ii) the Subordinated Notes Redistribution Interests, which the Disbursing Agent will distribute Pro Rata to or for the benefit of Holders of Allowed Class 4 Claims.
- (c) <u>Class 5 (General Unsecured Claims)</u>. On the Initial Distribution Date, or as soon thereafter as is reasonably practicable, and on each Subsequent Distribution Date, the Disbursing Agent shall receive on behalf of each and every Holder of an Allowed Class 5 Claim against the Debtors, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of, and in exchange for, each and every Class 5 Claim against the Debtors, the Pro Rata interest in the Liquidation Trust, as to which all Holders of Allowed Class 5 Claims would be entitled if Classes 4, 5, and 6 were a single Class, which the Disbursing Agent will distribute to each holder of an Allowed Class 5 Claim on a Pro Rata basis within such Class.
- Class 6 (Subordinated Note Claims). The Subordinated Note (d) Claims shall be allowed in the amount of: (i) \$12,819,594.13 on account of the claims related to ShoreBank Capital Trust I, which consist of \$10,000,000 in principal amount issued pursuant to the Subordinated Indenture dated as of March 23, 2000 and related documents and \$2,819,594.13 in accrued but unpaid interests as of the Petition Date at the applicable rates specified in the relevant documents, as well as other fees and costs associated therewith; (ii) \$9,301,193.06 on account of the claims related to ShoreBank Capital Trust II, which consist of \$8,000,000 in principal amount issued pursuant to the Subordinated Indenture dated as of April 10, 2002 and related documents and \$1,301,193.06 in accrued but unpaid interest as of the Petition Date at the applicable rates specified in the relevant documents, as well as other fees and costs associated therewith; and (iii) \$15,464,000 on account of the claims related to ShoreBank Capital Trust III, which consist of \$15,000,000 in the principal amount issued pursuant to the Subordinated Indenture dated as of October 10, 2003 and related documents and \$464,000 in accrued but unpaid interest as of the Petition Date at the applicable rates specified in the relevant documents, as well as other fees and costs associated therewith. The foregoing Subordinated Note Claims shall not be subject to objection, challenge, redaction, offset, avoidance, setoff, recharacterization, impairment, subordination (whether equitable, contractual, or otherwise), counterclaim, cross-claim, defense or disallowance under applicable law.

As reflected in the treatment of Class 4, and in accordance with the Subordinated Notes Subordination Rights, Holders of Class 6 Claims shall not receive or retain a distribution from the Liquidation Trust unless and until the Holders of the Senior Indebtedness Claims are paid in full. Instead, interests in the Liquidation Trust otherwise distributable to or for the benefit of Holders of Allowed Class 6 Claims shall instead be redistributed by the Disbursing Agent to be distributed to

Holders of Allowed Class 4 Claims pursuant to the subordination provisions of the Subordinated Indentures and related Guarantee Agreements until such time as the Holders of Allowed Class 4 Claims are paid in full. After the Holders of Allowed Class 4 Claims are paid in full (exclusive of post-petition interest), then Holders of Allowed Class 6 Claims will be subrogated to the Holders of the Allowed Class 4 Claims and will begin to collect a Pro Rata distribution on account of Classes 4 and 6.

Nothing herein shall be deemed to impair, waive, discharge or negatively affect the Charging Lien.

- (e) <u>Class 7 (Other Subordinated Claims)</u>. Holders of Other Subordinated Claims shall not receive nor retain any distribution on account of such Other Subordinated Claims.
- (f) <u>Class 8 (Old Equity Interests)</u>. On the Effective Date, the Old Equity Interests will be cancelled and the Holders of Old Equity shall not receive nor retain any distribution on account of such Old Equity Interests.
- 5.3 <u>Special Provision Regarding Unimpaired Claims</u>. Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, nothing shall affect the Debtors' rights and defenses, both legal and equitable, with respect to any Unimpaired Claims, including, but not limited to, all rights with respect to legal and equitable defenses to setoffs or recoupments against Unimpaired Claims.

ARTICLE VI ACCEPTANCE OR REJECTION OF THE PLAN

- 6.1 <u>Classes Entitled to Vote</u>. Subject to <u>Section 6.3</u> and <u>6.4</u> of this Plan, Claim and Interest Holders in Impaired Classes of Claims and Interests are entitled to vote as a class to accept or reject this Plan.
- 6.2 Acceptance by Impaired Classes. In accordance with section 1126(c) of the Bankruptcy Code and except as provided in section 1126(e) of the Bankruptcy Code, an Impaired Class of Claims shall have accepted the Plan if the Plan is accepted by the Holders of at least two-thirds (2/3) in dollar amount and more than one-half (1/2) in number of the Allowed Claims of such Class that have timely and properly voted to accept or reject the Plan. In accordance with section 1126(d) of the Bankruptcy Code and except as provided in section 1126(e) of the Bankruptcy Code, an Impaired Class of Interests entitled to vote shall have accepted the Plan if the Plan is accepted by Holders of at least two-thirds (2/3) in amount of the Allowed Interests in such Class that have timely and properly voted to accept or reject the Plan. If there are no votes cast in a particular Class that is entitled to vote on the Plan, then the Plan shall be deemed accepted by such Class.

- 6.3 <u>Presumed Acceptances by Unimpaired Classes</u>. Class 1 and Class 2 are Unimpaired by the Plan. Under section 1126(f) of the Bankruptcy Code, such Claim Holders are conclusively presumed to accept the Plan, and the votes of such Claim Holders will not be solicited.
- 6.4 <u>Classes Deemed to Reject Plan</u>. Class 7 and Class 8 are not entitled to receive or retain any property under the Plan. Under section 1126(g) of the Bankruptcy Code, Holders of Claims and Interests in these Classes are deemed to reject the Plan and their votes will not be solicited.
- 6.5 <u>Summary of Classes Voting on the Plan</u>. As a result of the provisions of <u>Sections 6.1, 6.3</u>, and <u>6.4</u> of the Plan, the votes of Holders of Claims in Class 3, Class 4, Class 5, and Class 6 will be solicited with respect to the Plan.
- 6.6 <u>Confirmation Pursuant to Section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code</u>. To the extent that any Impaired Class entitled to vote rejects the Plan or is deemed to have rejected the Plan, the Debtors will request confirmation of the Plan, as it may be modified from time to time, under section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 6.7 <u>Confirmability and Severability of a Plan</u>. Due to the fact that the Plan requests and contemplates the substantive consolidation of the Affiliate Debtors into SBK, the confirmation requirements of section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code must be satisfied with respect to SBK only. The Debtors reserve the right to alter, amend, modify, revoke, or withdraw the Plan as it applies to SBK or any particular Debtor or any Exhibit. A determination by the Bankruptcy Court that the Plan is not confirmable pursuant to section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code shall not limit or affect the Debtors' ability to modify the Plan to satisfy the confirmation requirements of section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code.

ARTICLE VII MEANS FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PLAN

Substantive Consolidation. The Plan contemplates entry of an order which shall substantively consolidate the Debtors' Estates and the Chapter 11 Cases for the purposes of all actions associated with confirmation and consummation of the Plan (which may be the Confirmation Order) (the "Substantive Consolidation Order"). The Plan constitutes a request to approve such substantive consolidation such that on the Effective Date, (i) all Intercompany Claims by, between, and among the Debtors shall be eliminated, (ii) all assets and liabilities of the Affiliate Debtors shall be merged or treated as if they were merged with the assets and liabilities of SBK, (iii) any obligation of a Debtor and all guarantees thereof by one (1) or more of the other Debtors shall be deemed to be one (1) obligation of SBK, (iv) the Affiliate Interests shall be cancelled, and (v) each Claim Filed or to be Filed against any Debtor shall be deemed Filed only against SBK and shall be deemed a single Claim against and a single obligation of SBK. On the Effective Date, and in accordance with the terms of the Plan and the consolidation of the assets and liabilities of the Debtors, all Claims based upon guarantees of collection, payment, or performance made by the Debtors as to the obligations of another Debtor shall be released and of no further

force and effect. The Confirmation Order shall be the Substantive Consolidation Order; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that if the Substantive Consolidation Order is not the Confirmation Order, then such order shall only be entered if the Bankruptcy Court enters the Confirmation Order. The Debtors reserve the right, at any time prior to the Effective Date, to deconsolidate any Debtor, in which case the creditors of such Debtor would likely receive a de minimis, if any, distribution.

- 7.2 <u>Liquidation Trust</u>. On the Effective Date, the Debtors, on their own behalf and on behalf of Holders of Allowed Claims entitled to receive Liquidation Trust Plan Distribution Property pursuant to the Plan will execute the Liquidation Trust Agreement and will take all other steps necessary to establish the Liquidation Trust pursuant to the Liquidation Trust Agreement as further described in <u>Article XIII</u> herein. On the Effective Date, and in accordance with and pursuant to the terms of the Plan, all of the Estates' rights, title, and interests in all of the Liquidation Trust Assets (including the Liquidation Trust Claims) will be transferred to the Liquidation Trust. In connection with the transfer of such assets, any attorney-client privilege, work-product privilege, or other privilege or immunity attaching to any documents or communications (whether written or oral) transferred to the Liquidation Trust will vest in the Liquidation Trust and its representatives, and the Debtors and the Liquidation Trust are authorized to take all necessary actions to effectuate the transfer of such privileges.
- (a) <u>Prosecution of Liquidation Trust Claims</u>. Liquidation Trust Claims may be prosecuted or settled only by the Liquidation Trust. The Liquidation Trust Claims will be transferred to the Liquidation Trust as of the Effective Date.
- (b) <u>Distributions from the Liquidation Trust</u>. Distributions from the Liquidation Trust will occur as set forth in <u>Article XIII</u> and in accordance with the terms of the Liquidation Trust Agreement.
- (c) <u>Funding Expenses of the Liquidation Trust</u>. As more fully described in the Liquidation Trust Agreement, the Liquidation Trust Assets will be reduced to Cash. Expenses of the Liquidation Trust shall be paid out of the Operating Reserve.
- (d) Appointment of the Liquidation Trust Administrator. As more fully set forth in Article XIII, on the Effective Date and in compliance with the provisions of the Plan, the Liquidation Trust Administrator will be appointed by the Debtors in accordance with the Liquidation Trust Agreement, and after the Effective Date, the Liquidation Trust Administrator will administer the Liquidation Trust in accordance with the Liquidation Trust Agreement. Except as otherwise provided in the Liquidation Trust Agreement, the Liquidation Trust Administrator may control and exercise authority over the Liquidation Trust Assets, over the acquisition, management, and disposition thereof and over the management and conduct of the activities of the Liquidation Trust (including, but not limited to, taking any and all necessary actions to effectuate any necessary documentation to purchase, sell, or otherwise transfer any real property) to the same

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extent as if the Liquidation Trust Administrator were the sole owner of the Liquidation Trust Assets in its own right.

- 7.3 <u>Dissolution of Creditors' Committee</u>. The Creditors' Committee shall continue in existence until the Effective Date to exercise those powers and perform those duties specified in section 1103 of the Bankruptcy Code and shall perform such other duties as it may have been assigned by the Bankruptcy Court prior to the Effective Date. On the Effective Date, the Creditors' Committee shall be dissolved and its members shall be deemed released of all their duties, responsibilities, and obligations in connection with the Chapter 11 Cases or the Plan and its implementation, and the retention or employment of the Creditors' Committee's attorneys, accountants, financial advisors, and other agents shall terminate. All expenses of Creditors' Committee members and the fees and expenses of their Professionals, including the Subordinated Indenture Trustees, through the Effective Date shall be paid in accordance with the terms and conditions of any relevant order entered by the Bankruptcy Court and the Plan.
- 7.4 Vesting of Assets. As of the Effective Date, consistent with Section 9.12 of the Plan, all property owned by the Debtors and all property of the Estates will be free and clear of all Claims, Liens, encumbrances, charges and other interests, except as otherwise provided in the Plan. Concurrent with, or shortly after, the foregoing, on the Effective Date, the Debtors will transfer the Liquidation Trust Assets to the Liquidation Trust, whereupon all of the Debtors' right, title, and interest shall vest in the Liquidation Trust, subject to the terms of the Plan and the Liquidation Trust Agreement. Except as otherwise provided herein, all property of the Debtors' Estates shall remain property of, and be consolidated into, the Liquidation Trust and continue to be subject to the jurisdiction of the Bankruptcy Court following confirmation of the Plan and shall not be vested in the Debtors on or following the Effective Date. From and after the Effective Date, all such property shall be distributed in accordance with the provisions of the Plan, the Liquidation Trust Agreement, and the Confirmation Order, and the transfer of the Debtors' Assets from the Estates to the Liquidation Trust will be deemed final and irrevocable and distributions may be made from the Liquidation Trust in accordance with the Plan and the Liquidation Trust Agreement.

Promptly following the Effective Date, the Liquidation Trust Administrator will allow the Debtors to be involuntarily dissolved, and the Debtors shall be deemed dissolved without any further action on the part of the Bankruptcy Court or any other Person; notwithstanding the foregoing, the Liquidation Trust Administrator may, in its discretion, take any affirmative steps to effectuate dissolution of any of the Debtors.

7.5 Funding of Cash Reserves. On or before the Effective Date, the Debtors shall fund the Cash Reserves in such amounts as determined by the Debtors as necessary to be able to make the required future payments under the Administrative Claims Reserve, the Disputed Claims Reserve, and the Operating Reserve. The Cash Reserves shall be supplemented as determined to be necessary by the Debtors or the Liquidation Trust Administrator after the Effective Date.

7.6 Funding of Supplemental Distribution Account.

- (a) <u>Resolution of Disputed Claims</u>. The Debtors or the Liquidation Trust Administrator, as the case may be, shall remove any and all Cash remaining in the applicable Disputed Claims Reserve to the extent that a Disputed Claim is Disallowed or is Allowed in an amount less than the amount reserved for such Disputed Claim and deposit such Cash into the Supplemental Distribution Account.
- (b) <u>Disposition of Remaining Non-Cash Assets</u>. The Debtors or the Liquidation Trust Administrator, as the case may be, may sell or otherwise dispose of any and all non-Cash assets in accordance with the provisions of the Plan and/or the Liquidation Trust Agreement. As soon as reasonably practicable thereafter, the Liquidation Trust Administrator shall determine what portion of the Net Proceeds from any and all such sales occurring subsequent to the Initial Distribution Date constitutes Net Available Cash and deposit such Cash into the Supplemental Distribution Account (with the remaining portion of the Net Proceeds being deposited into the Cash Reserves by the Liquidation Trust Administrator) to be used and distributed in accordance with the provisions of the Plan, the Confirmation Order, and the Liquidation Trust Agreement.

7.7 <u>Preservation of Rights of Action.</u>

Maintenance of Causes of Action. Except as otherwise provided in (a) the Plan, on the Effective Date, all of the Debtors' rights to commence and pursue, as appropriate, any and all Causes of Action, whether arising before or after the Petition Date, in any court or other tribunal in an adversary proceeding or contested matter Filed in the Chapter 11 Cases, including the following actions, will be transferred to the Liquidation Trust: (a) objections to Claims under the Plan; and (b) any other Causes of Action, whether legal, equitable, or statutory in nature, arising out of, or in connection with the Debtors' businesses, assets, or operations, or otherwise affecting the Debtors, including possible claims against the following types of parties, both domestic and foreign, for the following types of claims: (i) Causes of Action against vendors, suppliers of goods or services, or other parties for overpayments, back charges, duplicate payments, improper holdbacks, deposits, warranties, guarantees, indemnities, or setoff; (ii) Causes of Action against utilities, vendors, suppliers of services or goods, or other parties for wrongful or improper termination, suspension of services or supply of goods, or failure to meet other contractual or regulatory obligations; (iii) Causes of Action against vendors, suppliers of goods or services, or other parties for failure to fully perform or to condition performance on additional requirements under contracts with any one or more of the Debtors before the assumption or rejection of the subject contracts; (iv) Causes of Action for any liens, including mechanic's, artisan's, materialmen's, possessory, or statutory liens held by any one or more of the Debtors; (v) Causes of Action for payments, deposits, holdbacks, reserves, or other amounts owed by any creditor, lessor, utility, supplier, vendor, insurer, surety, lender, bondholder, lessor, or other party;

(vi) Causes of Action against any current or former director, officer, employee, or agent of the Debtors arising out of employment related matters; (vii) Causes of Action against any professional services provider or any other party arising out of financial reporting; (viii) Causes of Action arising out of environmental or contaminant exposure matters against landlords, lessors, environmental consultants, environmental agencies, or suppliers of environmental services or goods; (ix) Causes of Action against insurance carriers, reinsurance carriers, underwriters or surety bond issuers relating to coverage, indemnity, contribution, reimbursement, or other matters; (x) counterclaims and defenses relating to notes, bonds, or other contract obligations; (xi) Causes of Action against local, state, federal, and foreign taxing authorities for refunds of overpayments or other payments; (xii) Causes of Action against attorneys, accountants, consultants, or other professional service providers relating to services rendered; (xiii) contract, tort, or equitable Causes of Action that may exist or subsequently arise; (xiv) any intracompany or intercompany Causes of Action; (xv) Causes of Action of the Debtors arising under section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code; (xvi) equitable subordination Causes of Action arising under section 510 of the Bankruptcy Code or other applicable law; (xvii) turnover Causes of Action arising under sections 542 or 543 of the Bankruptcy Code; (xviii) Causes of Action arising under chapter 5 of the Bankruptcy Code, including, but not limited to, preferences under section 547 of the Bankruptcy Code; and (xix) Causes of Action for fraud, misrepresentation, unfair competition, interference with contract or potential business advantage, conversion, infringement of intellectual property, or other business tort claims.

The foregoing Causes of Action will be transferred to the Liquidation Trust notwithstanding the rejection of any Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease during the Chapter 11 Cases or pursuant to the Plan. In accordance with section 1123(b)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code and except as otherwise provided in the Plan, any claims, rights, and Causes of Action that the respective Debtors may hold against any Person will vest in the Liquidation Trust. The Liquidation Trust, through its authorized agents or representatives, will have and may exclusively enforce any and all such claims, rights, or Causes of Action transferred to it, and all other similar claims arising pursuant to applicable state laws, including fraudulent transfer claims, if any, and all other Causes of Action of a trustee and debtor in possession pursuant to the Bankruptcy Code in accordance with the provisions of the Liquidation Trust Agreement. The Liquidation Trust will have the exclusive right, authority, and discretion to initiate, file, prosecute, enforce, abandon, settle, compromise, release, withdraw, or litigate to judgment any and all such claims, rights, and Causes of Action transferred to it, and to decline to do any of the foregoing in accordance with the terms of the Liquidation Trust Agreement; provided, however, that the Plan, including the FDIC Treatment, shall not release, eliminate, or modify in any way the FDIC's right to seek dismissal of, or otherwise challenge in an appropriate court of competent jurisdiction, any claim which the Debtors may assert, including but not limited to claims against directors, officers, employees, agents, attorneys, and advisors of either the Debtors or the Bank, as being a derivative claim that belongs to the FDIC pursuant to 12 U.S.C. § 1821(d)(2)(A)(i) or other Applicable Banking Laws.

(b) <u>Preservation of All Causes of Action Not Expressly Settled or Released</u>. Unless a claim or Cause of Action against a creditor or other Person is expressly waived, relinquished, released, compromised, or settled in the Plan or any Final Order, the Debtors

expressly reserve such claim or Cause of Action for later adjudication by the Liquidation Trust, and, therefore, no preclusion doctrine, including the doctrines of res judicata, collateral estoppel, issue preclusion, claim preclusion, waiver, estoppel (judicial, equitable, or otherwise), or laches will apply to such claims or Causes of Action upon or after the Confirmation or Consummation of the Plan based on the Disclosure Statement, the Plan, or the Confirmation Order, except where such claims or Causes of Action have been expressly waived, relinquished, released, compromised, or settled in the Plan or a Final Order. In addition, the Liquidation Trust expressly reserves the right to pursue or adopt any claims or Causes of Action not so waived, relinquished, released, compromised, or settled that are alleged in any lawsuit in which the Debtors are a defendant or an interested party, against any Person, including the plaintiffs or co-defendants in such lawsuits. Any Person to whom the Debtors incurred an obligation, or who received services from the Debtors or a transfer of money or property of the Debtors, or who has transacted business with the Debtors, in each case prior to the Petition Date, should assume that such obligation, transfer, or transaction may be reviewed by the Liquidation Trust subsequent to the Effective Date and may, to the extent not theretofore expressly waived, relinquished, released, compromised, or settled, be the subject of an action after the Effective Date, whether or not: (a) such Person has filed a Proof of Claim against the Debtors in the Chapter 11 Cases; (b) an objection has been filed to such Person's Proof of Claim; (c) such Person's Claim was included in the Debtors' Schedules; or (d) the Debtors have objected to such Person's scheduled Claim or identified such Claim as contingent, unliquidated, or disputed.

Securities. Except as otherwise provided in this Plan and in any contract, instrument, or other agreement or document created in connection with the Plan, on the Effective Date and concurrently with the applicable distributions made pursuant to Article IX of this Plan, the Existing Securities, promissory notes, share certificates (including treasury stock), other instruments evidencing any Claims or Interests, and all options, warrants, calls, rights, puts, awards, commitments, or any other agreements of any character to acquire such Existing Securities shall be deemed canceled and of no further force and effect, without any further act or action under any applicable agreement, law, regulation, order or rule, and the obligations of the Debtors under any notes, share certificates, and other agreements and instruments governing such Claims and Interests shall be discharged. The Holders of or parties to such canceled notes, share certificates, and other agreements and instruments or the cancellation thereof, except the rights provided pursuant to the Plan.

Except as otherwise provided herein, on the Effective Date, all documents evidencing the Subordinated Note Claims, including the Subordinated Indentures, the Subordinated Notes, the Guarantee Agreements, the Purchase Agreements, the Trust Agreements, any other guarantee agreements, any other purchase agreements, any other debenture subscription agreements, any other declarations of trust, the Capital Securities, and the Common Securities shall be deemed automatically cancelled and extinguished, and shall be of no further force, whether surrendered for cancellation or otherwise, and neither the Debtors nor the other parties thereto, including, but not

limited to the Subordinated Indenture Trustees, shall have any further rights or obligations thereunder.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Subordinated Indentures shall continue in effect, to the extent necessary, to (i) allow the Liquidation Trust Administrator or the Subordinated Indenture Trustees, as applicable, to make distributions, if any, to the holders of Allowed Class 6 Claims, pursuant to the Plan; (ii) permit the Subordinated Indenture Trustees to maintain their Charging Liens; (iii) permit the Subordinated Indenture Trustees to maintain any right to indemnification, contribution, subrogation, or other claim they may have under the Subordinated Indentures, Trust Agreements, and or Guarantee Agreements; (iv) permit the Subordinated Indenture Trustees to appear in the Chapter 11 Cases; and (v) permit the Subordinated Indenture Trustees to perform any functions that are necessary in connection with the foregoing clauses.

7.9 Termination of Trusts. To effectuate the terms of the Trust Agreements, after the payment in full of all Indenture Trustee Fees, on the Effective Date, the Trust Securities shall be deemed automatically cancelled and extinguished, and the obligations of the Debtors and the Trusts under any agreements, indentures, guarantees or certificates of designations governing or specifically related to the Trust Securities shall be discharged in each case without further act or action under any applicable agreement, law, regulation, order, or rule and without any further action on the part of the Bankruptcy Court or any Person; provided, however, the each holder of a Capital Security shall be deemed to have received on the Effective Date an Allowed Class 6 Claim in an amount equal to like amount of the Subordinated Notes. For the avoidance of doubt, on the Effective Date, (i) the Trusts' claims against the Debtors and the claims of the holders of the Capital Securities under the Guarantee Agreements against the Debtors shall be extinguished, except for claims related to the payment of Indenture Trustee Fees; and (ii) the Debtors shall have no Claims on account of the Common Securities and all Claims on account of the Common Securities shall be extinguished.

On the Effective Date, the Trust Agreements shall be deemed terminated and the Trusts shall be deemed dissolved without any further action on the part of the Bankruptcy Court or any other Person. On or as soon as reasonably practicable after the Effective Date, the Administrative Trustees under the Trust Agreements shall file a certificate of cancellation with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware.

After performance by the trustees under the Trust Agreements of any duties that are required under the Plan, the Confirmation Order, and/or under the terms of any agreements, indentures, guarantees, or certificates of designation to implement the terms of this Section 7.9, the trustees under the Trust Agreements and each of their agents and representatives shall be relieved of, and released from, all obligations associated with the Trust Securities under applicable trust agreements or law.

7.10 Payment of Severance. Prior to the Petition Date, SBK maintained a severance policy in the ordinary course of its business, pursuant to which employees were entitled to severance upon their termination other than for cause, according to a predetermined schedule. Any remaining employee who is still owed severance shall be entitled to payment of such

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severance, to the extent not already paid, on the Effective Date in accordance with the terms of the severance policy.

- 7.11 <u>Continued Corporate Existence and Closing of Affiliate Debtors' Chapter</u> 11 Cases.
- (a) On the Effective Date or as soon thereafter as practicable, (i) the members of the board of directors and officers of each of the Debtors shall be deemed to have resigned, (ii) each of the Affiliate Debtors shall be merged with and into SBK, and (iii) the Chapter 11 Cases of the Affiliate Debtors shall be closed, following which any and all proceedings that could have been brought or otherwise commenced in the Chapter 11 Cases of any Affiliate Debtor shall be brought or otherwise commenced in the Chapter 11 Case of SBK. The clerk of the Bankruptcy Court, immediately upon receiving notice of the Effective Date, shall enter an order and decree closing each of the Affiliate Debtors' Chapter 11 Cases.
- (b) From and after the Effective Date, the Liquidation Trust Administrator shall serve as the sole officer and director of SBK. The Liquidation Trust Administrator shall be authorized to execute, deliver, File, or record such documents, instruments, releases, and other agreements and take such actions as set forth in this Plan or the Liquidation Trust Agreement or take any such other actions as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate and further evidence the terms and conditions of the Plan.
- 7.12 Closing of SBK Chapter 11 Case. When all Disputed Claims Filed against the Debtors have become Allowed Claims or have been disallowed, and all remaining assets of the Debtors have been liquidated and converted into Cash (other than those assets abandoned by the Debtors or the Liquidation Trust Administrator), and such Cash has been distributed in accordance with this Plan, or at such earlier time as the Liquidation Trust Administrator deems appropriate, the Liquidation Trust Administrator shall seek authority from the Bankruptcy Court to close the Chapter 11 Cases in accordance with the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules, and the Local Bankruptcy Rules.
- 7.13 Settlements. The entry of the Confirmation Order will constitute the Bankruptcy Court's finding and determination that the settlements reflected in the Plan, including but not limited to the FDIC Treatment (attached hereto as Exhibit A), are (i) in the best interests of the Debtors and their bankruptcy estates, (ii) fair, equitable, and reasonable, (iii) made in good faith, (iv) approved by the Bankruptcy Court, and (v) in full satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of any rights which might otherwise exist. On the Effective Date, the Liquidation Trust will take all actions necessary or reasonably required to affect matters and terms set forth in such settlements, including but not limited to the FDIC Treatment.
- 7.14 <u>Subordinated Indenture Trustee Fees.</u> The Subordinated Indenture Trustees shall submit reasonably detailed statements of their fees and expenses (subject to redaction to preserve attorney-client privilege) (the "Fee Statements") to (i) the Liquidation Trust

Administrator, Clifford A. Zucker, J.H. Cohn, LLP, 333 Thornall St., 6th Floor, Edison, NJ 08837, (ii) counsel for JPM, Neil, Gerber & Eisenberg LLP, Two North LaSalle Street, Suite 1700, Chicago IL, 60602-3801 (Attn: Nicholas M. Miller, Esq.), and (iii) the Office of the United States Trustee, 219 S. Dearborn St., Room 873, Chicago, Illinois 60604 (Attn: Roman L. Sukley, Esq.) no later than forty-five (45) days after the end of the month in which the Effective Date occurred. The Liquidation Trust Administrator, JPM, and the United States Trustee shall have ten (10) days after receiving the Fee Statements to object (the "Objection Period") by sending written notice of such objection to the Subordinated Indenture Trustee whose fees are being objected to and setting forth the basis for such objection. If no objections have been filed during the Objection Period, the Liquidation Trust Administrator shall pay (from the Operating Reserve), without need for application to, or approval of, any court, within ten (10) days after the expiration of the Objection Period, all reasonable fees of the Subordinated Indenture Trustees (including fees of the Subordinated Indenture Trustee's counsel) up to an aggregate amount of \$275,000. If any disputes cannot be resolved between the Subordinated Indenture Trustee requesting such fees and the party objecting to such fees, then the Bankruptcy Court shall have jurisdiction to resolve such matters. If the Liquidating Trust Administrator, JPM, or the United States Trustee disputes any Indenture Trustee Fees during the Objection Period, (i) the Liquidating Trust Administrator shall pay the undisputed portion of the Indenture Trustee Fees as provided for in this Section, and (ii) the applicable Subordinated Indenture Trustee may (a) assert a Charging Lien to pay the disputed portion of the Indenture Trustee Fees; provided, however, that the Bankruptcy Court shall have jurisdiction to determine the extent and validity of any such Charging Lien or (b) submit the dispute for resolution to the Bankruptcy Court; provided, however, that the Bankruptcy Court's review of the Subordinated Indenture Trustee fees shall be limited to a determination under the reasonableness standard in accordance with the applicable Subordinated Indenture. Nothing herein shall be deemed to impair, waive, discharge, or negatively affect the Charging Lien.

ARTICLE VIII TREATMENT OF EXECUTORY CONTRACTS AND UNEXPIRED LEASES

- 8.1 <u>Generally</u>. Except as otherwise provided in this <u>Article VIII</u>, pursuant to sections 365 and 1123(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, all prepetition executory contracts and unexpired leases that exist between the Debtors and any Person shall be deemed rejected by the applicable Debtor or Debtors, effective as of the Effective Date (or if other than the Effective Date, on such other date as listed on <u>Exhibit C</u>), except for executory contracts and unexpired leases which:
- (a) have been assumed, assumed and assigned, or rejected, as applicable, pursuant to an order of the Court entered prior to the Effective Date; or
- (b) as of the Effective Date, are subject to a pending motion for approval of the assumption, assumption and assignment, or rejection, as applicable; or

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(c) are otherwise being assumed or assumed and assigned as set forth in Exhibit D.

The Confirmation Order shall constitute approval by the Bankruptcy Court of any such rejections pursuant to section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code as of the Effective Date (or if other than the Effective Date, on such other date as listed on <u>Exhibit C</u>).

8.2 <u>Approval of Assumption and Assignment or Rejection of Executory</u> <u>Contracts and Unexpired Leases</u>. Subject to the Effective Date, entry of the Confirmation Order shall constitute, as of the Confirmation Date (or other such date listed on <u>Exhibit C</u> or <u>D</u>), the approval, pursuant to sections 365 and 1123(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, of the assumption, assumption and assignment, or rejection, as applicable, of the executory contracts and unexpired leases assumed, assumed and assigned, or rejected pursuant to this <u>Article VIII</u>.

Each executory contract and unexpired lease that is assumed and relates to the use, ability to acquire, or occupancy of real property, if any, shall include (a) all modifications, amendments, supplements, restatements, assignments, subleases, or other agreements made directly or indirectly by any agreement, instrument, or other document that in any manner affect such executory contract or unexpired lease and (b) all executory contracts or unexpired leases appurtenant to the premises, including all easements, licenses, permits, rights, privileges, immunities, options, rights of first refusal, powers, uses, reciprocal easement agreements, and any other interests in real estate or rights in rem related to such premises, unless any of the foregoing agreements has been rejected pursuant to a Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court or is otherwise rejected as a part of the Plan.

8.3 Cure of Defaults of Assumed Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases.

Any monetary amounts by which each executory contract and unexpired lease to be assumed pursuant to the Plan is in default, if any, shall be satisfied, under section 365(b)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, by Cure, with such Cure being provided by, at the option of the Debtor-party to such contract or lease, either (x) the Debtor-party to such contract or lease or (y) the assignee of such Debtor-party to whom such contract or lease is being assigned. If there is a dispute regarding (a) the nature or amount of any Cure, (b) the ability of the Debtors or any assignee to provide "adequate assurance of future performance" (within the meaning of section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code) under the contract or lease to be assumed, or (c) any other matter pertaining to assumption, Cure shall occur following the entry of a Final Order resolving the dispute and approving the assumption or assumption and assignment, as the case may be; provided that if there is a dispute as to the amount of Cure that cannot be resolved consensually among the parties, the Debtors shall have the right to reject the contract or lease for a period of fourteen (14) days after entry of a Final Order establishing a Cure amount in excess of that provided by the Debtor. The Confirmation Order, if applicable, shall contain provisions providing for notices of proposed assumptions and proposed cure amounts to be sent to applicable third parties and for procedures for objecting thereto (which shall provide not less than twenty-one (21) days' notice of such procedures and any deadlines pursuant thereto) and resolution of disputes by the Bankruptcy Court. To the extent the Debtor who is party to the executory contract or unexpired lease is to be merged with SBK as part of the Substantive Consolidation Order, the nondebtor parties to such executory contract or

unexpired lease shall, upon assumption as contemplated herein, be deemed to have consented to the assignment of such executory contract or unexpired lease to SBK that is the surviving entity after entry of the Substantive Consolidation Order.

- 8.4 Rejection Damages Bar Date. If the rejection by a Debtor of an executory contract or unexpired lease pursuant to the Plan results in a Claim, then such Claim shall be forever barred and shall not be enforceable against any Debtor or the properties of any of them unless a proof of claim is filed with the Debtors' Voting Agent and served upon counsel to the Debtors, within thirty (30) days after service of the earlier of (a) notice of the effective date of rejection of such executory contract or unexpired lease as determined in accordance with Section 8.1 of the Plan or (b) other notice that the executory contract or unexpired lease has been rejected. Nothing in this Section 8.4 shall revive or deem to revive a previously Disallowed Claim or extend a previously established bar date, if applicable. The bar date for filing a Claim with respect to an executory contract or unexpired lease other than pursuant to the Plan shall be as set forth in the Bar Date Order or the Final Order approving such rejection.
- 8.5 <u>Postpetition Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases</u>. All rights in connection with all executory contracts and unexpired leases assumed by the Debtors or entered into after the Petition Date and that have not been assigned to a third party shall remain property of the Estates.
- 8.6 <u>Miscellaneous</u>. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan, the Debtors shall retain the right to, at any time prior to the Effective Date, modify or supplement $\underline{\text{Exhibit } C}$ or \underline{D} , including, without limitation, the right to add any executory contract or unexpired lease to, or delete any executory contract or unexpired lease from such Exhibits. Listing an executory contract or unexpired lease on $\underline{\text{Exhibit } C}$ or \underline{D} shall not constitute an admission by any of the Debtors that such contract or lease (including any related agreements that may exist) is an executory contract or unexpired lease or that the applicable Debtor has any liability thereunder.

ARTICLE IX PROVISIONS GOVERNING DISTRIBUTIONS

9.1 <u>Distributions for Claims Allowed as of the Effective Date</u>. Except as otherwise provided herein or as ordered by the Bankruptcy Court, distributions to be made on account of Claims that are Allowed Claims as of the Effective Date shall be made on the Initial Distribution Date or as soon thereafter as is practicable. Any distribution to be made on the Effective Date pursuant to this Plan shall be deemed as having been made on the Effective Date if such distribution is made on the Effective Date or as soon thereafter as is practicable. Any payment or distribution required to be made under the Plan on a day other than a Business Day shall be made on the next succeeding Business Day. Distributions on account of Claims that first become Allowed Claims after the Effective Date shall be made pursuant to <u>Articles IX</u> and <u>X</u> of this Plan.

- 9.2 <u>Disbursing Agent</u>. The Disbursing Agent shall make all distributions required under the Plan.
- 9.3 <u>Subsequent Distributions</u>. The Liquidation Trust Administrator shall determine, in accordance with the Plan, when to make a Subsequent Distribution based on the amount of Cash then currently available in the Supplemental Distribution Account.
- 9.4 <u>Interest on Claims</u>. Unless otherwise specifically provided for in the Plan, the Confirmation Order, or required by applicable bankruptcy law, postpetition interest shall not accrue or be paid on Claims, and no Claim Holder shall be entitled to interest accruing on or after the Petition Date on any Claim. To the extent otherwise provided for in the Plan, the Confirmation Order, or required by applicable bankruptcy law, postpetition interest shall accrue on Claims at the applicable non-default rate. Unless otherwise specifically provided for in the Plan, the Confirmation Order, or required by applicable bankruptcy law, interest shall not accrue or be paid upon any Disputed Claim in respect of the period from the Petition Date to the date a final distribution is made thereon if and after such Disputed Claim becomes an Allowed Claim. Until the Effective Date, nothing herein shall waive the right of any creditor to seek postpetition interest.
- 9.5 Surrender of Securities and Instruments. On or before the date that distributions are first made by the Disbursing Agent, each Holder of an instrument evidencing a Claim, if any (a "Certificate"), shall surrender such Certificate to the Disbursing Agent, and such Certificates shall be cancelled in accordance with Section 7.8 of the Plan and delivered to the Disbursing Agent. No distribution of property hereunder shall be made to or on behalf of any such Holder unless and until such Certificate is received by the Disbursing Agent or the unavailability of such Certificate is reasonably established to the satisfaction of the Disbursing Agent. Any Holder who fails to surrender or cause to be surrendered such Certificate, or fails to execute and deliver an affidavit of loss and indemnity reasonably satisfactory to the Disbursing Agent prior to the first (1st) anniversary of the Effective Date, shall be deemed to have forfeited all rights and Claims in respect of such Certificate and shall not participate in any distribution hereunder, and all property in respect of such forfeited distribution, including any interest attributable thereto, shall revert to the Liquidation Trust notwithstanding any federal or state escheat laws to the contrary. Upon compliance with this Section 9.5 by a Holder of a Claim evidenced by a Certificate, such Holder shall, for all purposes under the Plan, be deemed to have surrendered such note or other security.

If the record holder of a note is DTC or its nominee or another securities depository or custodian thereof, and such notes are represented by a global security held by on behalf of DTC or such other securities depository or custodian, then the beneficial holder of such a note shall be deemed to have surrendered such holder's security, note, debenture, or other evidence of indebtedness upon surrender of such global security by DTC or such other securities depository or custodian thereof.

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9.6 Delivery of Distributions and Undeliverable or Unclaimed Distributions.

- (a) Distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims shall be made by the Disbursing Agent (i) at the addresses set forth on the proofs of claim filed by such Claim Holders (or at the address set forth in any applicable notice of assignment of claim or notice of change of address), (ii) at the addresses set forth in any written notices of address changes delivered to the Disbursing Agent after the date of any related proof of claim, (iii) at the addresses reflected in the Schedules if no proof of claim has been filed and the Disbursing Agent has not received a written notice of a change of address, or (iv) as to any defendant to a Cause of Action who has not otherwise filed a proof of claim, at the address of such defendant's counsel of record or to such party as counsel of record directs or specifies.
- (b) If any Claim Holder's distribution is returned as undeliverable, no further distributions to such Claim Holder shall be made unless and until the Disbursing Agent is notified of such Claim Holder's then current address, at which time all missed distributions shall be made to such Claim Holder without interest. Amounts in respect of undeliverable distributions shall be returned to the Disbursing Agent with respect to all claims, until such distributions are claimed. All claims for undeliverable distributions shall be made on the later of the first (1st) anniversary of the Effective Date or ninety (90) days from the date the Claim becomes an Allowed Claim. After such date, all unclaimed property relating to distributions to be made on account of such Claims shall revert to the Liquidation Trust, free of any restrictions thereon or Claims of such Holder and notwithstanding any federal or state escheat laws to the contrary. Nothing contained in the Plan shall require the Disbursing Agent to attempt to locate any Holder of an Allowed Claim.
- (c) The following additional provisions shall apply specifically to Plan Distributions to be made to the Holders of Allowed Subordinated Notes Claims under the Plan:
 - (i) Distributions on account of holders of Allowed Subordinated Note Claims shall be made to (a) the Subordinated Indenture Trustees or (b) with the prior written consent of the Subordinated Indenture Trustees, through the facilities of DTC, by means of book-entry exchange through the facilities of DTC in accordance with the customary practices of DTC. If a distribution is made to the Subordinated Indenture Trustees, the Subordinated Indenture Trustees, in their capacities as disbursing agents, shall administer the distributions in accordance with the Plan and applicable Subordinated Indenture and be compensated in accordance with below; provided, however, that nothing herein shall be deemed to impair, waive, or extinguish any rights of the Subordinated Indenture Trustees with respect to the Charging Liens.
 - (ii) The Subordinated Indenture Trustees acting as disbursing agent by providing services related to distributions under the Plan will

receive from the Liquidation Trust Administrator, without further Bankruptcy Court approval, reasonable compensation for such services and reimbursement of reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with such services.

- (iii) The Subordinated Indenture Trustees acting as disbursing agent shall only be required to act and make distributions in accordance with the terms of the Plan and shall have no (A) liability for actions taken in accordance with the Plan or in reliance upon information provided to it in accordance with the Plan or (B) obligation or liability for distributions under the Plan to any party who does not hold a Claim against the Debtors as of the applicable Record Date or who does not otherwise comply with the terms of the Plan.
- Substitution of the Indenture Trustees; Distributions. Upon the (d) occurrence of the Effective Date, the Claims of the applicable Subordinated Indenture Trustees shall, for all purposes under the Plan, including, without limitation, the right to receive distributions hereunder, be substituted for all Claims of individual holders of Allowed Subordinated Notes Claims. On the Record Date, all Subordinated Notes Claims shall be settled and compromised in exchange for the distribution to the applicable Subordinated Indenture Trustees of the applicable Plan distributions to the holders of Allowed Subordinated Notes Claims as specified in the Plan, subject to the right of the applicable Subordinated Indenture Trustees to assert their Charging Lien against the applicable Plan distributions; provided, that the Subordinated Indenture Trustees shall return to the Disbursing Agent any Plan distributions held on account of any Allowed Subordinated Notes Claims as to which the requirements of Section 9.6 are not satisfied by the second (2nd) anniversary of the Effective Date. All payments to holders of Allowed Subordinated Notes Claims shall only be made to such Holders after the surrender by each such holder of the certificates representing such Claim, or in the event that such certificate is lost, stolen, mutilated, or destroyed, upon the holder's compliance with the requirements set forth in Section 9.5. Upon surrender of such certificates, the applicable Subordinated Indenture Trustees shall cancel and destroy such certificates.
- 9.7 Record Date for Distributions. The Debtors or the Disbursing Agent shall have no obligation to recognize the transfer of, or the sale of any participation in, any Allowed Claim or Interest that occurs after the Record Date, and will be entitled for all purposes herein to recognize and distribute only to those Holders of Allowed Claims who are Holders of such Claims, or participants therein, as of the Record Date. The Debtors or the Disbursing Agent shall instead be entitled to recognize and deal with for all purposes under the Plan with only those record Holders stated on the official claims register or the official transfer ledger, as the case may be, as of the Record Date. On the Record Date, the transfer ledgers of the institutional trustee for the Trust Securities, or other agents and servicers of the Trust Securities, and the transfer registers of the Old Equity shall be closed, and there shall be no further changes in the record Holders of the Trust Securities or the Old Equity. The Disbursing Agent shall have no obligation to recognize any transfer of the Trust Securities or the Old Equity occurring after the Record Date. The Debtors or

the Disbursing Agent shall be entitled instead to recognize and deal for all purposes hereunder with only those record Holders stated on the transfer ledgers as of the Record Date.

- 9.8 <u>Allocation of Plan Distributions Between Principal and Interest</u>. To the extent that any Allowed Claim entitled to a distribution under the Plan is composed of indebtedness and accrued but unpaid interest thereon, such distribution shall, to the extent permitted by applicable law, be allocated to the principal amount of the Claim first and then, to the extent the consideration exceeds the principal amount of the claim, to the portion of such Claim representing accrued but unpaid interest.
- 9.9 <u>Means of Cash Payment</u>. Payments of Cash made pursuant to the Plan shall be in U.S. dollars and shall be made, at the option and in the discretion of the Disbursing Agent, by (a) checks drawn on or (b) wire transfer from a domestic bank selected by Disbursing Agent.
- 9.10 <u>Setoffs</u>. The Debtors, or the Liquidation Trust Administrator, as the case may be, may, but shall not be required to, set off against any Claim and the payments or other distributions to be made pursuant to the Plan in respect of such Claim, claims of any nature whatsoever that the Debtors, or the Liquidation Trust Administrator, as the case may be, may have against the Holder of such Claim; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, <u>that</u> neither the failure to do so nor the allowance of any Claim hereunder shall constitute a waiver or release by the Debtors, or the Liquidation Trust Administrator, as the case may be, of any such claim that the Debtors, or the Liquidation Trust Administrator, as the case may be, may have against such Holder.
- 9.11 <u>De-Minimis Distributions</u>. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan, the Disbursing Agent shall have no obligation to make a distribution on account of an Allowed Claim from the Cash Reserves or account to a specific Holder of an Allowed Claim if the amount to be distributed to that Holder on the Initial Distribution Date or Subsequent Distribution Date (1) does not constitute a final distribution to such Holder and (2) is less than \$50. In addition, the Debtors and the Liquidation Trust Administrator reserve the right to request subsequent relief from the Bankruptcy Court to exclude Holders of smaller claims from the final distribution under the Plan to the extent that the amounts otherwise distributable to such claimholders in connection with such final distribution would be de-minimis or create undue administrative expense.
- 9.12 Release of Liens. Except as otherwise provided in the Plan or in any contract, instrument, release, or other agreement or document created or assumed in connection with the Plan, on the Effective Date and concurrently with the applicable distributions made pursuant to Articles IX and X of the Plan, all mortgages, deeds of trust, liens, pledges, or other security interests against the property of any Debtor's Estate shall be fully released and discharged, and all of the right, title, and interest of any Holder of such mortgages, deeds of trust, liens, pledges, or other security interests shall revert to the Estate of SBK and its successors and assigns, including the Liquidation Trust. To the extent that any termination statements, instruments of satisfaction, or other similar releases of interests necessary to terminate or otherwise remove from title or record any filed financing statements, mortgages, or other documents or agreements evidencing a security interest in the Debtors' assets shall not have been delivered to the Debtors in proper form for filing and executed by the appropriate parties prior to, or in connection with, the

satisfaction of the Secured Claims, then the Debtors (or the Liquidation Trust Administrator as the case may be) are hereby authorized to (a) execute and file such statements, instruments, releases, or other documents on behalf of the Holder of the Secured Claim with respect to the encumbered assets and (b) to file, register, or otherwise record a certified copy of the Confirmation Order, which, once filed, registered or otherwise recorded, shall constitute conclusive evidence of the release of all security interests in the Debtors' assets of any kind or nature whatsoever.

ARTICLE X PROCEDURES FOR RESOLVING DISPUTED, CONTINGENT, AND UNLIQUIDATED CLAIMS

- Objection Deadline; Prosecution of Objections. 10.1 The Debtors or the Liquidation Trust Administrator, as the case may be, shall be responsible for administering, disputing, objecting to, compromising, or otherwise resolving and making distributions on account of the respective Claims against the Debtors. No later than the Claims Objection Deadline (unless extended by an order of the Bankruptcy Court), the Debtors or the Liquidation Trust Administrator, as the case may be, shall File objections to Claims with the Bankruptcy Court and serve such objections upon the Holders of each of the Claims to which objections are made. Nothing contained herein, however, shall limit the Debtors' or the Liquidation Trust Administrator's, as the case may be, right to object to Claims, if any, Filed or amended after the Claims Objection Deadline. Moreover, notwithstanding the expiration of the Claims Objection Deadline and unless subsequently ordered for good cause shown to shorten time, the Debtors, or the Liquidation Trust Administrator, as the case may be, shall continue to have the right to amend any objections and to File and prosecute supplemental objections and counterclaims to a Disputed Claim until such Disputed Claim is Allowed. Subject to the limitations set forth in Article VII of this Plan, the Debtors, or the Liquidation Trust Administrator, as the case may be, shall be authorized to, and shall, resolve all Disputed Claims by withdrawing or settling such objections thereto, or by litigating to judgment in the Bankruptcy Court or such other court having jurisdiction on the validity, nature, and/or amount thereof.
- 10.2 <u>No Distributions Pending Allowance</u>. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan, no payments or distributions shall be made with respect to all or any portion of a Disputed Claim unless and until all objections to such Disputed Claim have been settled or withdrawn or have been determined by Final Order, and the Disputed Claim, or some portion thereof, has become an Allowed Claim and the remainder has become a Disallowed Claim.
- Disputed Claims Reserve. The Disbursing Agent shall withhold the Disputed Claims Reserve from the Net Available Cash and beneficial interests in the Liquidation Trust to be distributed to particular classes under the Plan. The Disputed Claims Reserve shall be equal to 100% of the distributions to which Holders of Disputed Claims in Classes 3, 4, and 5 would be entitled under the Plan as of such date if such Disputed Claims in Classes 3, 4, and 5 were Allowed Claims in their (a) Face Amount (or if a Disputed Claim is unliquidated with no Face Amount, then based upon the good faith estimate of such Disputed Claim as estimated by the Debtor) or (b) estimated amount of such Disputed Claim in Classes 3, 4, and 5 as approved in an Order by the Bankruptcy Court. The Debtors, or the Liquidation Trust Administrator, as the case

may be, may request estimation for any Disputed Claim including, without limitation, any Disputed Claim that is contingent or unliquidated. If practicable, the Disbursing Agent will invest any Cash that is withheld as the applicable Disputed Claims Reserve in an appropriate manner to insure the safety of the investment. Nothing in the Plan or the Disclosure Statement shall be deemed to entitle the holder of a Disputed Claim to postpetition interest on such Claim.

10.4 Distributions After Allowance. Payments and distributions from the Disputed Claims Reserve shall be made as appropriate to the Holder of any Disputed Claim that has become an Allowed Claim, as soon thereafter as is reasonably practicable after the date such Disputed Claim becomes an Allowed Claim. Such distributions shall be based upon the cumulative distributions that would have been made to the Holder of such Claim under the Plan if the Disputed Claim had been Allowed on the Effective Date (excluding any present value calculations) and shall not be limited by the Disputed Claim amounts previously reserved with respect to such Disputed Claim to the extent that additional amounts are available therefor, but only to the extent that such additional amounts have not yet been distributed to Holders of Allowed Claims. Upon such distribution, the Disputed Claims Reserve shall be reduced by an amount equal to the amount reserved with respect to such Disputed Claim. To the extent the amount reserved for such Disputed Claim exceeds the Allowed Amount, if any, of such Claim, the remainder shall be deposited in the Supplemental Distribution Account and distributed in accordance with the provisions of Articles V and IX of the Plan.

ARTICLE XI ALLOWANCE AND PAYMENT OF CERTAIN ADMINISTRATIVE CLAIMS

11.1 <u>Professional Fee Claims</u>. All Professionals or other entities requesting compensation or reimbursement of expenses pursuant to sections 327, 328, 330, 331, 503(b), and 1103 of the Bankruptcy Code for services rendered on or before the Effective Date (including compensation and expenses for making a substantial contribution in the Chapter 11 Cases) shall File with the Bankruptcy Court and serve such applications on counsel for the Debtors, the United States Trustee, and as otherwise required by the Bankruptcy Court and the Bankruptcy Code, an application for final allowance of compensation and reimbursement of expenses no later than forty-five (45) days after the end of the month in which the Effective Date occurred. Objections to applications of Professionals and other entities for compensation and reimbursement of expenses must be Filed with the Bankruptcy Court no later than twenty-one (21) days after the Filing and service of a Professional's application. All compensation and reimbursement of expenses allowed by the Bankruptcy Court shall be paid seven (7) days after the entry of an Order allowing such fees and expenses, or as soon thereafter as practicable.

All Professional fees for services rendered by the Debtor's Professionals in connection with the Chapter 11 Cases and the Plan after the Effective Date, are to be paid by the Liquidation Trust Administrator upon receipt of an invoice for such services, or on such other terms as the Liquidation Trust Administrator may agree, without the need for further Bankruptcy Court authorization or entry of a Final Order.

- Administrative Claim (other than as set forth in Section 11.1 of the Plan), must be Filed with the Bankruptcy Court and served on counsel for the Debtors no later than the Administrative Claims Bar Date. Unless the Debtors, or the Liquidation Trust Administrator, as the case may be, objects to an Administrative Claim within ninety (90) days after the Administrative Claims Bar Date, such Administrative Claim shall be deemed allowed in the amount requested. In the event that the Debtors, or the Liquidation Trust Administrator, as the case may be, objects to an Administrative Claim and the Debtors or the Liquidation Trust Administrator, as the case may be, and such claimant are unable to resolve their dispute consensually, then the Debtors or the Liquidation Trust Administrator shall file a motion for determination thirty (30) days following the request of such claimant. Thereafter, the Bankruptcy Court shall determine the Allowed amount of such Administrator, may pay, in its discretion, in accordance with the terms and conditions of any agreements relating thereto, any Administrative Claim as to which no request for payment has been timely filed but which is paid or payable by the Debtor in the ordinary course of business.
- 11.3 <u>Administrative Claims Bar Date Notice</u>. On the Effective Date, or as soon thereafter as is reasonably practicable, the Debtors shall provide written notice of the Administrative Claims Bar Date, which may be included in the notice of occurrence of the Effective Date.

ARTICLE XII CONFIRMATION AND CONSUMMATION OF THE PLAN

- 12.1 <u>Conditions to Confirmation</u>. The following condition precedent to confirmation of the Plan may be satisfied or waived in accordance with <u>Section 12.3</u> of the Plan:
- (a) The Bankruptcy Court shall have approved by Final Order the Disclosure Statement with respect to the Plan in form and substance reasonably acceptable to the Debtors.
- (b) The Confirmation Order shall determine the approval of the substantive consolidation of the Chapter 11 Cases and Estates and shall in all other respects be in form and substance reasonably acceptable to the Debtors.
- (c) The Confirmation Order shall approve the FDIC Treatment attached as Exhibit A to the Plan.
- 12.2 <u>Conditions to Effective Date</u>. The following are conditions precedent to the occurrence of the Effective Date:

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- (a) The Debtors shall have Cash on hand sufficient to fund the Cash Reserves and make any other payments required to be paid under the Plan by the Debtors on or as soon as practicable after the Effective Date.
- (b) The Confirmation Order shall be in form and substance acceptable to the Debtors and shall have been entered by the Bankruptcy Court and shall be a Final Order, and no request for revocation of the Confirmation Order under section 1144 of the Bankruptcy Code shall have been made, or, if made, shall remain pending.
- (c) All relevant transactions set forth in <u>Article VII</u> of the Plan shall have been entered into and all conditions precedent to the consummation thereof shall have been satisfied.
- (d) Any order necessary to satisfy any condition to the effectiveness of the Plan shall have become a Final Order and all documents provided for under the Plan shall have been executed and delivered by the parties thereto.
- (e) The settlement agreement with the FDIC has not been materially amended or terminated.
- 12.3 <u>Waiver of Conditions</u>. The conditions set forth in <u>Sections 12.1</u> and <u>12.2</u> of the Plan may be waived, in whole or in part, by the Debtors without notice or a hearing. The failure to satisfy or waive any condition to the Confirmation Date or the Effective Date may be asserted by the Debtors in their reasonable discretion based on the circumstances giving rise to the failure of such condition to be satisfied. The failure of the Debtors to exercise any of the foregoing rights shall not be deemed a waiver of any other rights, and each such right shall be deemed an ongoing right, which may be asserted at any time.

ARTICLE XIII LIQUIDATION TRUST

13.1 Appointment of Liquidation Trust Administrator.

- (a) The Liquidation Trust Administrator shall be Clifford A. Zucker. Clifford A. Zucker shall become the Liquidation Trust Administrator on the Effective Date, without the need for further Bankruptcy Court order, other than entry of the Confirmation Order.
- (b) The Liquidation Trust Administrator shall have and perform all of the duties, responsibilities, rights, and obligations set forth in the Liquidation Trust Agreement and the Plan. The Liquidation Trust Administrator shall be entitled to charge fees that are reasonable and customary for work of this type without further application to or order of the Bankruptcy Court;

provided, however, that the compensation for services rendered pursuant to the Plan and the Liquidation Trust Agreement by the Liquidation Trust Administrator and any members of the Debtors' current management who are retained after the Effective Date to assist the Liquidation Trust Administrator, in the aggregate, shall be no more than a chapter 7 trustee would receive under section 326(a) of the Bankruptcy Code (plus reimbursement of reasonable costs and expenses incurred in furtherance of the Liquidation Trust Administrator's duties under the Plan and the Liquidation Trust Agreement). The Liquidation Trust Administrator's fees and expenses (including the fees and expenses of its counsel and other retained by him) shall be paid from the Operating Reserve.

- To the extent any property or other assets are not transferred to the (c) Liquidation Trust, but rather, remain in the Debtors' Estates, the Liquidation Trust Administrator, as more fully set forth in the Liquidation Trust Agreement, shall have all necessary authority to take whatever actions are necessary to sell, transfer, abandon, or otherwise dispose of such property and any necessary actions related thereto; provided, however, that, the Liquidation Trust Administrator, upon the Effective Date, shall forever be discharged from, and shall not be responsible for, any and all duties and obligations in connection with maintaining or preserving any such property or assets that remain in the Debtors' Estates. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan or the Liquidation Trust Agreement, to the extent the Liquidation Trust Administrator believes, in its sole discretion, that any asset may cost more to remove or sell than such asset is worth, or which the Liquidation Trust Administrator determines to be of inconsequential value and had an original cost value equal to or less than \$15,000, then the Liquidation Trust Administrator, in its sole discretion, may abandon, destroy, or contribute to a charitable organization such property, including but not limited to the furniture, fixtures, and equipment, without the need to file any other motion and without notice to any Person.
- 13.2 <u>Assignment of Liquidation Trust Assets to the Liquidation Trust</u>. On the Effective Date, the Debtors shall transfer and shall be deemed to have transferred to the Liquidation Trust, for and on behalf of the beneficiaries of the Liquidation Trust, the Liquidation Trust Assets including the Liquidation Trust Claims.

13.3 The Liquidation Trust.

- (a) Without any further action of the directors, officers, or shareholders of the Debtors, on the Effective Date, the Liquidation Trust Agreement, substantially in the form of Exhibit B to the Plan, shall become effective. The Liquidation Trust Administrator shall accept the Liquidation Trust and sign the Liquidation Trust Agreement on that date and the Liquidation Trust will then be deemed created and effective.
- (b) Interests in the Liquidation Trust shall be uncertificated and shall be non-transferable except upon death of the interest holder or by operation of law. Holders of interests in the Liquidation Trust shall have no voting rights with respect to such interests. The

Liquidation Trust shall have a term of five (5) years from the Effective Date, without prejudice to the rights of the Liquidation Trust Administrator, subject to the consent of the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board, to extend such term conditioned upon the Liquidation Trust's not then becoming subject to the Exchange Act; notwithstanding the foregoing, the Liquidation Trust Administrator may, in its sole discretion, seek to terminate the Liquidation Trust before five (5) years from the Effective Date if the Liquidation Trust Administrator determines that the distribution of all the Liquidation Trust Assets and other business of the Liquidation Trust has been completed. The terms of the Liquidation Trust may be amended by the Debtors prior to the Effective Date and, subject to the consent of the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, by the Liquidation Trust Administrator after the Effective Date to the extent necessary or advisable to ensure that the Liquidation Trust will not become subject to the Exchange Act.

- (c) The Liquidation Trust Administrator shall have full authority to take any steps necessary to administer the Liquidation Trust Agreement, including, without limitation, the duty and obligation to liquidate Liquidation Trust Assets, to make distributions to the Holders of Claims entitled to distributions from the Liquidation Trust, and, if authorized by majority vote of those members of the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board authorized to vote, to pursue, and to settle Liquidation Trust Claims. Upon such assignments (which, as stated above, shall be transferred on the Effective Date), the Liquidation Trust Administrator, on behalf of the Liquidation Trust, shall assume and be responsible for all of the Debtors' responsibilities, duties, and obligations with respect to the subject matter of such assignments, and the Debtors shall have no other further rights or obligations with respect thereto.
- (d) The Liquidation Trust Administrator shall take such steps as it deems necessary (having first obtained such approvals from the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board as may be necessary, if any) to reduce the Liquidation Trust Assets to Cash to make distributions required hereunder, <u>provided</u>, <u>that</u>, the Liquidation Trust Administrator's actions with respect to disposition of the Liquidation Trust Assets shall be taken in such a manner so as reasonably to maximize the value of the Liquidation Trust Assets.
- (e) Subject to the distribution provisions of <u>Section 13.5</u> herein, all costs and expenses associated with the administration of the Liquidation Trust, including allowed fees and expenses of the Liquidation Trust Professionals (defined below) (collectively, such expenses, the "<u>Liquidation Trust Expenses</u>") shall be the responsibility of and paid by the Liquidation Trust from the Operating Reserve. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Debtors shall cooperate with the Liquidation Trust Administrator in pursuing Liquidation Trust Recoveries.
- (f) The Liquidation Trust Administrator may retain such law firms, accounting firms, experts, advisors, consultants, investigators, appraisers, auctioneers, or other professionals as it may deem necessary (collectively, the "<u>Liquidation Trust Professionals</u>"), in its

sole discretion, to aid in the performance of its responsibilities pursuant to the terms of the Plan including, without limitation, the liquidation and distribution of Liquidation Trust Assets; provided, however that counsel for the Liquidation Trust Administrator shall be either (i) Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP ("Skadden") or (ii) Neal Gerber & Eisenberg, LLP ("NGE"). If Skadden or NGE, for any reason, shall no longer be counsel for the Liquidation Trust Administrator, then any successor counsel subsequently retained by the Liquidation Trust Administrator shall be required to submit a reasonably detailed notice of fees with time detail to counsel for JPM if the successor counsel seeks to be paid from the Liquidation Trust Assets.

(g) The Liquidation Trust Administrator shall be responsible for filing all federal, state, and local tax returns for the Liquidation Trust, with any such expenses to be paid out of the Operating Reserve. The Liquidation Trust Administrator shall comply with all withholding and reporting requirements imposed by any federal, state, local, or foreign taxing authority, and all distributions made by the Liquidation Trust Administrator shall be subject to any such withholding and reporting requirements. The Liquidation Trust Administrator shall be authorized to take any and all actions that may be necessary or appropriate to comply with such withholding and reporting requirements. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan or the Liquidation Trust Agreement: (a) each holder of an Allowed Claim that is to receive a distribution pursuant to the Plan shall have sole and exclusive responsibility for the satisfaction and payment of any tax obligations imposed by any governmental unit, including income, withholding, and other tax obligations, on account of such distribution, and (b) no distribution shall be made to or on behalf of such Holder pursuant to the Plan unless and until such Holder has made arrangements satisfactory to the Liquidation Trust Administrator for the payment and satisfaction of such tax obligations. The Liquidation Trust Administrator shall make available to holders of interests in the Liquidation Trust copies of annual, compiled financial statements.

13.4 The Liquidation Trust Advisory Board.

- (a) The Liquidation Trust Advisory Board shall be George Surgeon. The Liquidation Trust Advisory Board may adopt such bylaws as it may deem appropriate; provided, however, that no provision of any adopted bylaws shall supersede any express provision of the Plan. Members of the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board shall be entitled to compensation in accordance with the Liquidation Trust Agreement and to reimbursement of the reasonable and necessary expenses incurred by them in carrying out the purpose of the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board, without further application to or order of the Bankruptcy Court. Reimbursement of the reasonable and necessary expenses of the members of the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board and their compensation to the extent provided for in the Liquidation Trust Agreement shall be payable by the Liquidation Trust out of the Operating Reserve.
- (b) In the case of an inability or unwillingness of any member of the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board to serve, such member shall be replaced by designation of the

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remaining members of the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board. If any position on the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board remains vacant for more than thirty (30) days, such vacancy shall be filled within fifteen (15) days thereafter by the designation of the Liquidation Trust Administrator without the requirement of a vote by the other members of the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board.

- (c) Upon the certification by the Liquidation Trust Administrator that all assets transferred into Liquidation Trust have been distributed, abandoned, or otherwise disposed of, the members of the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board shall be deemed to have resigned their positions, whereupon they shall be discharged from further duties and responsibilities.
- (d) The Liquidation Trust Advisory Board may, by majority vote, approve all settlements of Liquidation Trust Claims which the Liquidation Trust Administrator may propose, subject to Bankruptcy Court approval of such settlements after notice and a hearing, provided, however, that the Liquidation Trust Administrator may seek Bankruptcy Court approval of a settlement of a Liquidation Trust Claim if the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board fails to act on a proposed settlement of such Liquidation Trust Claim within thirty (30) days of receiving notice of such proposed settlement by the Liquidation Trust Administrator.
- (e) The Liquidation Trust Advisory Board may, by majority vote, authorize the Liquidation Trust Administrator to invest the corpus of the Liquidation Trust in prudent investments other than those described in section 345 of the Bankruptcy Code.
- (f) The Liquidation Trust Advisory Board may remove the Liquidation Trust Administrator in the event of gross negligence or willful misconduct. In the event the requisite approval is not obtained, the Liquidation Trust Administrator may be removed by the Bankruptcy Court for cause shown. In the event of the resignation or removal of the Liquidation Trust Administrator, the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board shall, by majority vote, designate a person to serve as successor Liquidation Trust Administrator.
- Administrator shall make distributions of Liquidation Trust Recoveries as follows: first, to pay the Liquidation Trust Expenses to the extent there are insufficient funds in the Operating Reserve; second, to repay amounts, if any, borrowed by the Liquidation Trust Administrator in accordance with the Liquidation Trust Agreement; third, to Holders of Claims entitled to receive distributions from the Liquidation Trust as required by the Plan and the Liquidation Trust Agreement. The Liquidation Trust Administrator shall make distributions of Liquidation Trust Recoveries to Claimholders entitled to receive distributions from the Liquidation Trust at least semi-annually beginning with a calendar quarter that is not later than the end of the second calendar quarter after the Effective Date; provided, however, that, the Liquidation Trust Administrator shall not be required to make any such semi-annual distribution in the event that the aggregate amount of

Liquidation Trust Recoveries available for distribution to such Claimholders is not sufficient, in the Liquidation Trust Administrator's discretion to distribute monies to such Claimholders. From time to time, but no less frequently than quarterly, the Liquidation Trust Administrator shall estimate the amount of Liquidation Trust Recoveries required to pay then outstanding and reasonably anticipated Liquidation Trust Expenses. The Cash portion of Liquidation Trust Recoveries in excess of such actual and estimated Liquidation Trust Expenses shall be made available for distribution to Claimholders in the amounts, on the dates, and subject to the other terms and conditions provided in this Plan. The Liquidation Trust Administrator will make continuing efforts to dispose of the Liquidation Trust Assets, make timely distributions, and not unduly prolong the duration of the Liquidation Trust.

ARTICLE XIV EFFECT OF PLAN CONFIRMATION ON CLAIMS AND INTERESTS

- 14.1 No Discharge of Claims Against Debtors; Preliminary Injunction. Pursuant to section 1141(d)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code, Confirmation will not discharge Claims against the Debtors; provided, however, that the Holders of Claims against the Debtors are preliminarily enjoined from seeking or receiving any payment or other distribution from, or seeking recourse against the Liquidation Trust or any of its property on account of such Claims, provided that (a) nothing contained herein shall preclude such Holders from exercising their rights pursuant to and consistent with the terms of the Plan and (b) the preliminary injunction of actions against the Liquidation Trust and its property shall be dissolved and terminate one (1) day following the dissolution of the Liquidation Trust and the completion and winding-up of its affairs.
- Controversies. The classification and manner of satisfying all Claims and Interests under the Plan take into consideration all subordination rights, arising under section 510 of the Bankruptcy Code, or otherwise. Except as provided in the Plan, all such subordination rights that a Holder of a Claim or Interest may have with respect to any distribution to be made pursuant to the Plan will be cancelled and terminated, and all actions related to the enforcement of such subordination rights will be permanently enjoined. Accordingly, distributions pursuant to the Plan to Holders of Allowed Claims or Allowed Interests will not be subject to payment to a beneficiary of such terminated subordination rights, or to levy, garnishment, attachment, or other legal process by a beneficiary of such terminated subordination rights. Nothing in this Section shall be deemed to release the rights, if any, that the Debtors or any creditor may have to seek to equitably subordinate any Claim pursuant to section 510 of the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise.
- any of all such parties' predecessors, successors and assigns, and all of their respective officers, directors, agents, employees, and attorneys, shall not have or incur, and are hereby released from, any claim, obligation, Cause of Action, or liability to one another or to any Holder of any Claim or Interest, or any other party in interest, or any of their respective agents, employees, representatives, financial advisors, attorneys or affiliates, or any of their successors or assigns, for any act or omission in connection with, or arising out of the Chapter 11 Cases, the pursuit of confirmation of the Plan, the consummation of the Plan, the

administration of the Plan, or the property to be distributed under the Plan except for their gross negligence or willful misconduct and in all respects shall be entitled to reasonably rely upon the advice of counsel with respect to their duties and responsibilities under the Plan.

Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan, no Claim Holder or Interest Holder, or other party in interest, none of their respective agents, employees, representatives, financial advisors, attorneys or affiliates, and no successors or assigns of the foregoing, shall have any right of action against the Released Parties, including the Debtors, for any act or omission in connection with, relating to, or arising out of the Chapter 11 Cases, the pursuit of confirmation of the Plan, the consummation of the Plan, the administration of the Plan, or the property to be distributed under the Plan except for their gross negligence or willful misconduct.

14.4 Releases by Debtors and Debtors-in-Possession.

- (a) Pursuant to section 1123(b)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code, effective as of the Effective Date, each Debtor, in its individual capacity and as a Debtor-in-Possession, for and on behalf of its Estate and any successor thereto, shall release and forever unconditionally release all Released Parties for and from any and all claims or Causes of Action existing as of the Effective Date in any manner arising from, based on, or relating to, in whole or in part, the Debtors, the subject matter of, or the transactions or events giving rise to, any Claim or Interest that is treated in the Plan, the business or contractual arrangements between any Debtor or any Released Party, the restructuring of Claims and Interests prior to or in the Chapter 11 Cases, or any act, omission, occurrence, or event in any manner related to any such Claims, Interest, restructuring, or the Chapter 11 Cases.
- (b) No provision of this Plan or of the Confirmation Order, including without limitation, any release or exculpation provision, shall modify, release, or otherwise limit the liability of any Person not specifically released hereunder (or, as to the FDIC, under the FDIC Treatment), including without limitation, any Person that is a co-obligor or joint tortfeasor of a Released Party or that otherwise is liable under theories of vicarious or other derivative liability.
- (c) <u>The Liquidation Trust Administrator and any newly-formed</u> entities that will be liquidating the Debtors' businesses after the Effective Date shall be bound, to the same extent the Debtors are bound, by all of the releases set forth above.
- 14.5 <u>Release by Holders of Claims, Parties-in-Interest, and Other Persons.</u>

 On the Effective Date (a) each Person that votes to accept the Plan and (b) to the fullest extent permissible under applicable law, as such law may be extended or interpreted

subsequent to the Effective Date, all other Holders of Claims and Interests, as applicable, in consideration for the obligations of the Debtors under the Plan and the Cash and other contracts, instruments, releases, agreements, or documents to be delivered in connection with the Plan, each entity (other than the Debtors) that has held, holds, or may hold a Claim, as applicable, (each, a "Release Obligor") shall have conclusively, absolutely, unconditionally, irrevocably, and forever, released each Released Party from any claim or Cause of Action existing as of the Effective Date arising from, based on, or relating to, in whole or in part, the subject matter of, or the transaction or event giving rise to, the Claim or Cause of Action of such Release Obligor, and any act, omission, occurrence, or event in any manner related to such subject matter, transaction, or obligation; provided, however, that this Section 14.5 shall not release any Released Party from any Cause of Action existing as of the Effective Date, based on (i) the IRC or other domestic state, city, or municipal tax code, (ii) the environmental laws of the United States or any domestic state, city, or municipality as to remediation matters, (iii) any criminal laws of the United States or any domestic state, city, or municipality, (iv) the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as now in effect or hereafter amended, the Securities Act of 1933, as now in effect or hereafter amended, or other securities laws of the United States or any domestic state, city, or municipality, (v) Sections 1104-1109 and 1342(d) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended, (vi) any professional liability claims that the FDIC could assert under Applicable Banking Laws for actions taken up to and through August 20, 2010; and (vii) the FDIC's right to seek dismissal of, or otherwise challenge in an appropriate court of competent jurisdiction, any claim which the Debtors may assert, including but not limited to claims against directors, officers, employees, agents, attorneys, and advisors of either the Debtors or the Bank, as being a derivative claim that belongs to the FDIC pursuant to 12. U.S.C. § 1821(d)(2)(A)(i) or other Applicable Banking Laws.

14.6 <u>Injunction</u>. The satisfactions and releases pursuant to this Article XIV of the Plan, excluding the preliminary injunction set forth in Section 14.1, shall also act as a permanent injunction against any Person commencing or continuing any action, employment of process, or act to collect, offset, or recover any Claim or Cause of Action satisfied or released under this Plan to the fullest extent authorized or provided by the Bankruptcy Code, including, without limitation, to the extent provided for or authorized by sections 524 and 1141 thereof.

ARTICLE XV RETENTION OF JURISDICTION

Pursuant to sections 105(c) and 1142 of the Bankruptcy Code and notwithstanding entry of the Confirmation Order and the occurrence of the Effective Date, the Bankruptcy Court will retain exclusive jurisdiction over all matters arising out of, and related to, the Chapter 11 Cases and the Plan to the fullest extent permitted by law, (but with respect to the FDIC, subject to the FDIC Treatment), including, among other things, jurisdiction to:

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- (a) Allow, disallow, determine, liquidate, classify, estimate, or establish the priority or secured or unsecured status of any Claim or Interest, including the resolution of any request for payment of any Administrative Claim and the resolution of any objections to the allowance or priority of Claims or Interests;
- (b) Grant or deny any applications for allowance of compensation or reimbursement of expenses authorized pursuant to the Bankruptcy Code or the Plan for periods ending on or before the Effective Date;
- (c) Resolve any matters related to the assumption, assumption and assignment, or rejection of any executory contract or unexpired lease to which any Debtor is a party or with respect to which any Debtor may be liable and to hear, determine and, if necessary, liquidate any Claims arising therefrom;
- (d) Resolve any matters relating to the pre- and post-confirmation sales of the Debtors' assets;
- (e) Enforce, implement, or clarify all orders, judgments, injunctions, and rulings entered by the Bankruptcy Court;
- (f) Ensure that distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims are accomplished pursuant to the provisions of the Plan;
- (g) Decide or resolve any motions, adversary proceedings, contested or litigated matters, and any other matters and grant or deny any applications involving the Debtors that may be pending on the Effective Date;
- (h) Enter such orders as may be necessary or appropriate to implement or consummate the provisions of the Plan and all contracts, instruments, releases, and other agreements or documents created in connection with the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, or the Confirmation Order, including the FDIC Treatment and the Liquidation Trust Agreement;
- (i) Resolve any cases, controversies, suits, or disputes that may arise in connection with the consummation, interpretation, or enforcement of the Plan or any contract, instrument, release, or other agreement or document that is executed or created pursuant to the Plan, including the Liquidation Trust Agreement, or any entity's rights arising from or obligations incurred in connection with the Plan or such documents;

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- (j) Modify the Plan before or after the Effective Date pursuant to section 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code or modify the Disclosure Statement, the Confirmation Order or any contract, instrument, release, or other agreement or document created in connection with the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, or the Confirmation Order, or remedy any defect or omission or reconcile any inconsistency in any Bankruptcy Court order, the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, the Confirmation Order, or any contract, instrument, release, or other agreement or document created in connection with the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, or the Confirmation Order, including the Liquidation Trust Agreement, in such manner as may be necessary or appropriate to consummate the Plan;
- (k) Hear and determine all applications for compensation and reimbursement of expenses of Professionals under the Plan or under sections 330, 331, 503(b), 1103, and 1129(c)(9) of the Bankruptcy Code, <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, <u>that</u> from and after the Effective Date the payment of fees and expenses of the Debtors shall be made as set forth in <u>Article XI</u> of this Plan.
- (l) Issue injunctions, enter and implement other orders, or take such other actions as may be necessary or appropriate to restrain interference by any entity with consummation, implementation, or enforcement of the Plan or the Confirmation Order;
- (m) Hear and determine any Causes of Action by or on behalf of the Debtors;
- (n) Hear and determine matters concerning state, local, and federal taxes in accordance with sections 346, 505, and 1146 of the Bankruptcy Code;
- (o) Enter and implement such orders as are necessary or appropriate if the Confirmation Order is for any reason or in any respect modified, stayed, reversed, revoked, or vacated or distributions pursuant to the Plan are enjoined or stayed;
- (p) Determine any other matters that may arise in connection with or relate to the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, the Confirmation Order, or any contract, instrument, release, or other agreement or document created in connection with the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, or the Confirmation Order, including the Liquidation Trust Agreement;
- (q) Enforce all orders, judgments, injunctions, releases, exculpations, indemnifications, and rulings entered in connection with the Chapter 11 Cases;

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- (r) Hear and determine all matters related to (i) the property of the Estates from and after the Confirmation Date, (ii) the winding up of the Debtors' affairs, and (iii) the activities of the Debtors, including (A) challenges to or approvals of the Debtors' activities, (B) resignation, incapacity, or removal of the Liquidation Trust Administrator and selection of a successor Liquidation Trust Administrator, (C) reporting by, termination of, and accounting by the Debtors, and (D) release of the Liquidation Trust Administrator from its duties;
- (s) Hear and determine disputes with respect to compensation of the Debtors' Professionals;
- (t) Hear and determine such other matters as may be provided in the Confirmation Order or as may be authorized under the Bankruptcy Code;
- (u) Adjudicate any and all Causes of Action, adversary proceedings, applications, and contested matters that have been or hereafter are commenced or maintained in or in connection with the Chapter 11 Cases or the Plan, including, without limitation, any adversary proceeding or contested matter, proceedings to adjudicate the allowance of Disputed Claims, and all controversies and issues arising from or relating to any of the foregoing;
- (v) Hear and determine all matters involving Claims or Causes of Action involving the Debtors or their property;
- (w) Hear and determine all matters relating to the enforcement and interpretation of <u>Section 14.4</u> of this Plan; and
 - (x) Enter an order closing the Chapter 11 Cases.

Notwithstanding anything contained herein to the contrary, the Bankruptcy Court retains exclusive jurisdiction to hear and determine disputes concerning (i) Claims or (ii) Causes of Action and any motions to compromise or settle such disputes. Despite the foregoing, if the Bankruptcy Court is determined not to have jurisdiction with respect to the foregoing, or if the Debtors choose to pursue any Claim or Cause of Action (as applicable) in another court of competent jurisdiction, the Debtors will have authority to bring such action in any other court of competent jurisdiction.

ARTICLE XVI MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

- 16.1 <u>Binding Effect</u>. The Plan shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Debtors, all present and former Holders of Claims and Interests, other parties in interest and their respective successors and assigns as of the entry of the Confirmation Order.
- 16.2 Payment of Statutory Fees. All statutory fees payable in the Chapter 11 Cases shall be paid in accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 1930 (a) through the Effective Date by the Debtors and (b) after the Effective Date with respect to the Chapter 11 Cases (including with respect to disbursements from the Liquidation Trust) by the Liquidation Trust Administrator; provided, however, that the statutory fees owed for any calendar quarter shall be based on the total disbursements made by the Debtors and the Liquidation Trust.
- 16.3 Amendment or Modification of this Plan. Subject to section 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code and, to the extent applicable, sections 1122, 1123, and 1125 of the Bankruptcy Code, alterations, amendments, or modifications of the Plan or Exhibits thereto may be proposed in writing by the Debtors at any time prior to or after the Confirmation Date but prior to the substantial consummation of this Plan. A Holder of a Claim or Interest that has accepted the Plan shall be deemed to have accepted the Plan, as altered, amended, or modified, if the proposed alteration, amendment, or modification does not materially and adversely change the treatment of the Claim or Interest of such Holder.
- 16.4 Revocation, Withdrawal, or Non-Consummation. The Debtors reserve the right to revoke or withdraw the Plan as to any or all of the Debtors prior to the Effective Date and to File subsequent chapter 11 plans. If the Debtors revoke or withdraw the Plan, or if Confirmation or Consummation does not occur, then (a) the Plan shall be null and void in all respects, (b) any settlement or compromise embodied in the Plan (including the fixing or limiting to an amount certain any Claim or Class of Claims), assumption or rejection of executory contracts or leases affected by the Plan, and any document or agreement executed pursuant to the Plan, shall be deemed null and void, and (c) nothing contained in the Plan shall (i) constitute a waiver or release of any Claims by or against, or any Interests in, such Debtors or any other Person, (ii) prejudice in any manner the rights of such Debtors or any other Person, or (iii) constitute an admission of any sort by the Debtors or any other Person.
- 16.5 <u>Effectuating Documents and Further Transactions</u>. Each of the Debtors is authorized to execute, deliver, File, or record such contracts, instruments, releases, and other agreements or documents and take such actions as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate, implement, and further evidence the terms and conditions of the Plan.
- 16.6 <u>Corporate Action</u>. Prior to, on or after the Effective Date (as appropriate), all matters provided for under the Plan that would otherwise require approval of the stockholders or directors of one or more of the Debtors shall be deemed to have occurred and shall be in effect prior to, on or after the Effective Date (as appropriate) pursuant to the applicable general

corporation law of the state in which the Debtors are incorporated without any requirement of further action by the stockholders or directors of the Debtors.

- Bankruptcy Code: (a) the creation of any mortgage, deed of trust, lien, pledge, or other security interest; (b) the making or assignment of any lease or sublease; (c) the making or delivery of any deed or other instrument of transfer under, in furtherance of, or in connection with, the Plan, including, without limitation, any restructuring, disposition, liquidation, or dissolution, deeds, bills of sale, transfers of tangible property or the transfers, sales, and assignments of the Debtors' owned and leased real property pursuant to the Plan or otherwise; or (d) any transfers from the Debtors pursuant to the Plan or otherwise will not be subject to any document recording tax, stamp tax, conveyance fee, personal property tax, real estate transfer tax, intangibles or similar tax, mortgage tax, stamp act, mortgage recording tax, or other similar tax or governmental assessment, and the Confirmation Order shall constitute an order directing the appropriate state or local governmental officials or agents to forgo the collection of any such tax or governmental assessment and to accept for filing and recordation any of the foregoing instruments or other documents without the payment of any such tax or governmental assessment.
- 16.8 <u>Severability of Plan Provisions</u>. If, prior to the Confirmation Date, any term or provision of the Plan is determined by the Bankruptcy Court to be invalid, void, or unenforceable, the Bankruptcy Court will have the power to alter and interpret such term or provision to make it valid or enforceable to the maximum extent practicable, consistent with the original purpose of the term or provision held to be invalid, void or unenforceable, and such term or provision will then be applicable as altered or interpreted. Notwithstanding any such holding, alteration or interpretation, but subject to <u>Section 16.4</u> of the Plan, the remainder of the terms and provisions of the Plan will remain in full force and effect and will in no way be affected, impaired, or invalidated by such holding, alteration, or interpretation. The Confirmation Order will constitute a judicial determination and will provide that each term and provision of the Plan, as it may have been altered or interpreted in accordance with the foregoing, is valid and enforceable pursuant to its terms.
- 16.9 <u>Successors and Assigns</u>. The Plan shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Debtors, and their respective successors and assigns. The rights, benefits, and obligations of any entity named or referred to in the Plan shall be binding on, and shall inure to the benefit of any heir, executor, administrator, successor, or assign of such entity.
- 16.10 <u>Notice</u>. All notices, requests, and demands to or upon the Debtors to be effective shall be in writing and, unless otherwise expressly provided herein, shall be deemed to have been duly given or made when actually delivered and addressed as follows:

If to the Debtors:

THE SHOREBANK CORPORATION 135 South LaSalle Street, Suite 2040 Chicago, IL 60603

Attn: George P. Surgeon President and CEO

with copies to:

Counsel for the Debtors:

SKADDEN, ARPS, SLATE, MEAGHER & FLOM LLP 155 North Wacker Drive, Suite 2700 Chicago, Illinois 60606-1720 Attn: George N. Panagakis

If to the Creditors Committee:

FOLEY & LARDNER LLP 321 North Clark Street, Suite 2800 Chicago, Illinois 60654-5313 Attn: Mark F. Hebbeln

If to the Liquidation Trust Administrator:

Clifford A. Zucker J.H. COHN LLP 333 Thornall St., 6th Floor Edison, NJ 08837

16.11 Governing Law. Except to the extent the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules, or other federal law is applicable, or to the extent an Exhibit to this Plan provides otherwise, the rights and obligations arising under the Plan and any agreements, documents, and instruments executed in connection with the Plan shall be governed by, and construed and enforced in accordance with, the laws of Illinois, without giving effect to the principles of conflicts of law of such jurisdiction.

16.12 Tax Reporting and Compliance. The Debtors, the Disbursing Agent, the Liquidation Trust Administrator, or the Subordinated Indenture Trustee, as the case may be, shall be authorized to take any and all actions that may be necessary or appropriate to comply with all withholding and reporting requirements imposed by any federal, state, local, or foreign taxing authority, and all payments and distributions hereunder shall be made subject to such withholding and reporting requirements. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan or the Liquidation Trust Agreement: (a) each Holder of an Allowed Claim that is to receive a distribution pursuant to the Plan shall have sole and exclusive responsibility for the satisfaction and payment of any tax obligations imposed by any governmental unit, including income, withholding, and other tax obligations, on account of such distribution, and (b) no distribution shall be made to or on behalf of such Holder pursuant to the Plan unless and until such Holder has made arrangements satisfactory

to the Debtors, the Disbursing Agent, the Liquidation Trust Administrator, or the Subordinated Indenture Trustee, as the case may be, for the payment and satisfaction of such tax obligations. The Debtors are hereby authorized, to request an expedited determination under section 505(b) of the Bankruptcy Code of the tax liability of the Debtors for all taxable periods ending after the Petition Date through, and including, the Effective Date.

- 16.13 <u>Filing of Additional Documents</u>. On or before substantial consummation of the Plan, the Debtors shall File such agreements and other documents as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate and further evidence the terms and conditions of the Plan.
- 16.14 Term of Bankruptcy Injunction or Stays. All injunctions or stays provided for in the Chapter 11 Cases under section 105 or 362 of the Bankruptcy Code, or otherwise, and in existence on the Confirmation Date, shall remain in full force and effect until all property of the Estates of the Debtors has been distributed.
- 16.15 No Waiver or Estoppel. Each Claim Holder or Interest Holder shall be deemed to have waived any right to assert that its Claim or Interest should be Allowed in a certain amount, in a certain priority, secured or not subordinated by virtue of an agreement made with the Debtors and/or their counsel; the Creditors' Committee, if any, and/or its counsel; or any other party, if such agreement was not disclosed in the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, or papers filed with the Bankruptcy Court.

16.16 <u>Request for Court Hearing</u>. The Debtors or Liquidation Trust Administrator, shall have the right to request a hearing before the Court on any and all matters raised in connection with or related to the Plan.

Dated: Chicago, Illinois June 12, 2012

Respectfully submitted,

The ShoreBank Corporation (for itself and on behalf of its Affiliate Debtors)

By: <u>/s/ George P. Surgeon</u> Name: George P. Surgeon

Title: President and CEO of The ShoreBank

Corporation

George N. Panagakis (ARDC No. 06205271) Justin M. Winerman (ARDC No. 6298779) SKADDEN, ARPS, SLATE, MEAGHER & FLOM LLP 155 North Wacker Drive Chicago, Illinois 60606 (312) 407-0700

COUNSEL FOR THE DEBTORS AND DEBTORS-IN-POSSESSION

EXHIBIT A

FDIC Treatment

FDIC TREATMENT

Under the Plan, on the Effective Date, or as soon thereafter as reasonably practicable, the FDIC shall receive in full satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of, and in exchange for, each and every Class 3 Claim against the Debtors, the FDIC Treatment. The FDIC Treatment shall consist of the terms set forth in the settlement agreement.

SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT

This settlement agreement (the "Agreement") is made and entered this 31/day of ShoreBank (the "FDIC-R") and The ShoreBank Corporation ("SBK") (the FDIC-R and SBK, each a "Party" and, collectively, the "Parties").

WHEREAS, SBK was a registered bank holding company for its subsidiary, ShoreBank headquartered, in Chicago, Illinois, a state chartered non-member bank (the "Bank"); and

WHEREAS, on August 20, 2010, the Bank was closed by The Illinois Department of Financial & Professional Regulation, and the FDIC-R was named as the Bank's receiver (the "Receivership"); and

WHEREAS, as a result of the Receivership, by operation of law, the FDIC-R succeeded to "all rights, titles, powers, and privileges" of the Bank; and

WHEREAS, based upon the actions of the FDIC-R in other recent bankruptcy proceedings involving bank holding companies, it could be anticipated that the FDIC-R might assert certain claims against SBK, including, but not limited to, capital maintenance obligation claims, claims to certain tax and insurance refunds and proceeds, and certain rights to setoff; and

WHEREAS, the Parties have engaged in extensive, good faith negotiations in an effort to resolve their disputes, and desire to reach an amicable resolution of all claims the FDIC-R may have against SBK (collectively, the "FDIC Claim") in order to avoid the expense, inconvenience, and delay involved with complex litigation; and

WHEREAS, the negotiations have resulted in the settlement set forth in the Agreement; and

WHEREAS, SBK intends to file a voluntary petition for relief under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code in the Northern District of Illinois, Eastern Division where it will seek approval of the Agreement either pursuant to a motion under Bankruptcy Rule 9019 or under a plan of liquidation (a "Plan").

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the agreements set forth herein, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the Parties hereto hereby mutually agree as follows:

1. **Settlement Amount**. On the Effective Date (defined below), the FDIC-R shall receive from SBK, in full and final satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of, and in exchange for, the FDIC Claim, payment of \$8,500,000 (the "Settlement_Amount"), payable out of the federal income tax refund receivable, which arose as a result of losses for tax purposes during prior tax years (the "Federal Income Tax Refund Receivable"). The FDIC-R agrees

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and acknowledges that other than the Settlement Amount, it shall not be entitled to any other distributions from SBK or its estate. For the avoidance of doubt, notwithstanding the foregoing, the FDIC-R is entitled to continue to collect payments stemming from the sale of ShoreBank Pacific pursuant to the stock purchase agreement governing that transaction.

Mutual Releases.

- (a) On the Effective Date, SBK, on its own behalf and on behalf of its affiliates, and each of their respective Representatives (the "SBK Releasors") releases and discharges the FDIC-R and its Representatives (the "FDIC-R Releasees") from any and all rights, claims, obligations, suits, judgments, damages, demands, liabilities, and causes of action of any nature whatsoever whether direct or derivative, liquidated or unliquidated, fixed or contingent, matured or unmatured, known or unknown, foreseen or unforeseen, then existing or thereafter arising, in law, equity, or otherwise that the SBK Releasors had, have, or hereafter can, shall, or may have against the FDIC-R Releasees, including but not limited to any claims asserted in SBK's Proof of Claim filed in the Receivership. Notwithstanding the foregoing, this release shall not release (x) the FDIC-R Releasees from any rights, claims, obligations, suits, judgments, damages, demands, liabilities, and causes of action that (i) the SBK Releasors would otherwise have against the FDIC-R Releasees if a third party brings any action or asserts any claim against the SBK Releasors, or (ii) relates to any funds not otherwise provided for in the Agreement which a third party pays or distributes to the FDIC-R Releasees in which the SBK Releasors claim an interest; or (y) the FDIC-R Releasees from any counterclaims that SBK's or its affiliates' respective Representatives could otherwise assert that arise from claims that the FDIC-Releasors assert pursuant to clause (i) of Section 2(b) of the FDIC Treatment.
- (b) On the Effective Date, the FDIC-R, on its own behalf and on behalf of its Representatives (the "FDIC-R Releasors") releases and discharges SBK, on its own behalf and on behalf of its affiliates, and each of their respective Representatives (the "SBK Releasees") from any and all rights, claims, obligations, suits, judgments, damages, demands, liabilities, and causes of action of any nature whatsoever whether direct or derivative, liquidated or unliquidated, fixed or contingent, matured or unmatured, known or unknown, foreseen or unforeseen, then existing or thereafter arising, in law, equity, or otherwise that the FDIC-R Releasors had, have, or hereafter can, shall, or may have against the SBK Releasees; provided, however, the release shall not release SBK's or its affiliates' respective Representatives (including, without limitation, for purposes of this Section 2(b), the Representatives of the Bank) from any professional liability claims that the FDIC-R Releasors could assert under federal banking or other applicable law for actions taken up to and through August 20, 2010. Finally, this release shall not release the SBK Releasees from any rights, claims, obligations, suits, judgments, damages, demands, liabilities, and causes of action that (i) the FDIC-R Releasors would otherwise have against the SBK Releasees if a third party brings any action or asserts any claim against the FDIC-R Releasors, (ii) relates to any funds not otherwise provided for in this treatment which a third party pays or distributes to the SBK Releasees in which the FDIC-R Releasors claims an interest, or (iii) arise

from an obligation of an SBK Releasee that is independent of said SBK Releasee's duties for SBK.

- (c) Nothing contained in the Agreement shall release any claim that any Party has or may have arising under the Agreement.
- (d) The FDIC-R shall not object to SBK either preserving or releasing any third party claims, in a Plan or otherwise, so long as the FDIC-R is excluded as a releasing party with respect to any such third party.
- (e) The term "Representatives" shall mean the administrators, employees, agents, attorneys, advisors, constituents, representatives, directors, officers, successors, and assigns of any entity to which it refers.

3. Cooperation.

- (a) The Parties agree to cooperate reasonably with each other with respect to the implementation of this Agreement.
- (b) The Parties shall reasonably cooperate in seeking bankruptcy court approval of the Agreement.
- 4. <u>Conditions to Effectiveness of the Agreement</u>. Other than Section 3 of the Agreement, which shall become effective immediately upon execution of the Agreement, the Agreement shall become effective (the "Effective Date") upon the satisfaction of all of the following conditions:
 - (a) The execution and delivery of the Agreement by a duly authorized signatory on behalf of each Party.
 - (b) With respect to the FDIC-R, approval of the Agreement by the Board of Directors of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Board (the "FDIC Board") or a person other than the FDIC Board exercising appropriate delegated authority on behalf of the FDIC-R.
 - (c) With respect to SBK, the bankruptcy court shall confirm a Plan, which includes a settlement containing the terms substantially as set forth in the Agreement (and which is not materially inconsistent with the Agreement), and the conditions to the Effective Date, as set forth in Section 12.2 of the Plan have meet met.



- 5. <u>Termination</u>. The Agreement may be terminated by any Party, in its sole discretion, by delivering a written notice to the other Party, but only following the occurrence of any one of the following events (before the occurrence of any of the following, the terms of the Agreement must remain open):
 - (a) The Agreement is not approved by the FDIC Board or a person other than the FDIC Board exercising appropriate delegated authority on behalf of the FDIC-R on or before January 31, 2012.
 - (b) The bankruptcy court has not confirmed a Plan, which includes a settlement containing the terms substantially as set forth in the Agreement (and which is not materially inconsistent with the Agreement) nor approved the Agreement pursuant to a motion brought by SBK under Bankruptcy Rule 9019, in either case, on or before July 9, 2012.
 - (c) The Disclosure Statement filed by SBK in its bankruptcy case is materially inconsistent with the financial representations made by SBK to the FDIC in connection with the negotiation of this Agreement.
 - (d) The FDIC has not been paid the Settlement Amount within 45 days of a Plan, which includes a settlement containing the terms substantially as set forth in the Agreement, being confirmed by the bankruptcy court.
- 6. <u>Effect of Termination</u>. If any Party terminates the Agreement pursuant to Section 5, the Agreement shall become null and void and shall be deemed of no force and effect, with no liability on the part of any Party (or of any director, officer, employee, attorney, agent, or other representative of any Party), and no Party shall have any obligations to any other Party arising out of the Agreement.
- 7. <u>Jurisdiction</u>. Once a bankruptcy proceeding is commenced, the bankruptcy court shall have and retain jurisdiction to hear and consider any dispute between or among the Parties arising out of, connected with, or related to the Agreement. The Parties expressly reserve all other jurisdictional arguments as to any other matter, including the proper forum for resolution of the Parties' underlying disputes in the event that the Agreement is terminated or otherwise fails to become effective.
- 8. <u>Notices</u>. All notices and other communications required or permitted under the Agreement must be in writing (an email shall constitute a writing) and must be sent to the Party at that Party's address set forth below or at whatever other address the Party specifies in writing:

(a) $\underline{\text{To SBK}}$:

George N. Panagakis Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP 155 North Wacker Drive Chicago, Illinois 60606 gpanagakis@skadden.com



(b) To the FDIC-R:

Alan P. Solow DLA Piper LLP (US) 203 North LaSalle Street, Suite 1900 Chicago, Illinois 60601-1293 alan.solow@dlapiper.com

- 9. Entire Agreement. The Agreement constitutes the entire agreement among the Parties and supersedes all prior negotiations, representations, promises, or warranties (oral or otherwise) made by any Party with respect to the subject matter hereof. No Party has entered into the Agreement in reliance on any other Party's prior representation, promise, or warranty (oral or otherwise) except for those that may be expressly set forth in the Agreement. The Agreement is intended by the Parties as a final and complete expression of their agreement and understanding with respect to its subject matter.
- 10. <u>Amendments</u>. The terms of the Agreement are contractual and may not be modified or amended without the written agreement of both Parties.
- 11. <u>Mutual Contribution</u>. The language of the Agreement is a product of the mutual effort of the Parties. The Agreement shall be construed fairly as to all Parties and it shall not be construed for or against any of the Parties based upon the extent to which that Party participated in drafting it.
- 12. <u>Severability</u>. If any non-material portion, provision, or part of the Agreement is held, determined, or adjudicated to be invalid, unenforceable, or void for any reason whatsoever, each such portion, provision or part shall be severed from the remaining portions, provisions, or parts of the Agreement and shall not affect the validity or enforceability of any remaining portions, provisions, or parts.
- 13. <u>No Admission</u>. The Agreement and the settlement reflected herein constitute a compromise of the Parties' disputes. Nothing contained herein shall constitute or be deemed to be an admission by any Party as to any matter. Other than in a dispute seeking enforcement of the Agreement, neither the Agreement nor any of its terms shall be admissible in evidence in any matter or proceeding among the Parties.
- 14. No Third Party Beneficiary. Nothing in the Agreement, express or implied, is intended to, or shall be construed to, confer upon any person other than the Parties and their respective successors and assigns, any right, remedy, or claim under or by reason of the Agreement, which is and shall be for the sole and exclusive benefit of the Parties.
- 15. <u>Governing Law</u>. The Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the internal laws of the state of Illinois, without giving effect to the conflict of law provisions thereof, and applicable federal law.



- 16. <u>Headings</u>. The headings of the Sections of the Agreement are inserted for convenience only and do not in any way limit or modify its terms.
- 17. <u>Due Authorization</u>. Each person signing the Agreement on behalf of a Party represents that he or she has been duly authorized to sign the Agreement and to bind the Party on whose behalf the Agreement is being signed by that signatory.
- 18. <u>Counterparts</u>. The Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original copy of the Agreement and all of which, when taken together, shall constitute one and the same Agreement. Copies of executed counterparts transmitted by telecopy or other method of electronic transmission shall be considered original executed counterparts, provided receipt of copies of such counterparts is confirmed.
- 19. <u>Construction</u>. All references in the Agreement to Sections refer to the Section of the Agreement unless otherwise indicated. All references to the singular in the Agreement shall also include the plural and all plural forms shall include the singular; any use of pronouns shall be deemed to include the neuter, masculine, or feminine as appropriate.
- 20. <u>Successors, Predecessors, and Assigns</u>. The Agreement binds and inures to the benefit of the Parties and their respective successors, predecessors, and assigns, including any Plan trustee appointed under a Plan confirmed by a bankruptcy court.
- 21. <u>Wiring Instructions</u>. Any funds to be paid hereunder shall be sent by wire transfer pursuant to the following instructions:

If to the FDIC-R, then:

BANK: Federal Home Loan Bank of New York

ROUTING #: 026-009-739

FOR CREDIT TO: FDIC National Receivership Account

ACCOUNT #: 1076010

"OBI" Line of All Wires Should Include Receivership Number (5 Digits) Advance Notification Requested for All Wires Exceeding \$\$ 5 Million.

Please Notify Cashier by Email = DallasCashiersdl@fdic.gov

[Remainder of Page Intentionally Left Blank]



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties have caused the Agreement to be executed as of the date set forth above.

THE SHOREBANK CORPORATION, for itself and on behalf of its affiliates

Nome of

Name:

Title: President and CEO, The ShoreBank Corporation

THE FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION, in its capacity as Receiver for ShoreBank

Mame:

Title:

ASSOCIATE DIAECTOR - BU

EXHIBIT B

Form of Liquidation Trust Agreement

Form of The ShoreBank Corporation et al. Liquidation Trust Agreement

This Liquidation Trust Agreement (the "Liquidation Trust Agreement"), dated as of [•], 2012, by and among The ShoreBank Corporation ("SBK") and 11 of its affiliates and subsidiaries (the "Affiliate Debtors"), the debtors and debtors-in-possession (collectively, the "Debtors"), as settlor, and Clifford A. Zucker, not individually, but solely as the Liquidation Trust Administrator, is executed to facilitate the implementation of the Joint Plan of Liquidation of The ShoreBank Corporation and its Affiliated Debtors and Debtors-in-Possession (the "Plan"), dated [June 12, 2012], which provides for (a) the establishment of the Liquidation Trust (defined below) created by the Liquidation Trust Agreement and the retention and preservation of the Liquidation Trust Assets (as defined in the Plan) by the Liquidation Trust Administrator in accordance with section 1123(b)(3) of the United States Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C. §§ 101-1532, as amended (the "Bankruptcy Code"), all for the benefit of the Holders of Allowed Class 4 Claims, Allowed Class 5 Claims, and Allowed Class 6 Claims (as set forth in the Plan) (collectively, the "Liquidation Trust Beneficiaries"), (b) the transfer of the Liquidation Trust Assets into the Liquidation Trust, (c) the liquidation of the Liquidation Trust Assets, (d) the resolution of certain Disputed Claims, (e) making distributions to the Liquidation Trust Beneficiaries, and (f) otherwise implementing the Plan and administering the Debtors' estates, all as more specifically set forth in the Liquidation Trust Agreement and in accordance with the Plan.

The primary purpose of the Liquidation Trust is to liquidate the Liquidation Trust Assets, resolve the Litigation Trust Claims, if any, and distribute the proceeds from the liquidation of the Liquidation Trust Assets (including the Liquidation Trust Claims) and any other proceeds to the Liquidation Trust Beneficiaries. The Liquidation Trust Administrator's activities, powers, and duties are those determined to be reasonably necessary to, and consistent with, the accomplishment of this purpose.

WHEREAS, on January 9, 2012, each of the Debtors filed a voluntary petition for relief under chapter 11 of title 11 of the United States Code (the "Bankruptcy Code") in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Northern District of Illinois, Eastern Division (the "Bankruptcy Court" or the "Court");

WHEREAS, on [•], 2012, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order confirming the Plan (the "Confirmation Order"); and

WHEREAS, under the terms of the Plan and the Confirmation Order, effective as of the Effective Date (as defined in the Plan), the Liquidation Trust Assets (including the Liquidation Trust Claims) shall be deemed to have been granted, transferred, conveyed, and delivered to the Liquidation Trust, on behalf of, and for the benefit of, the Liquidation Trust Beneficiaries;

WHEREAS, the Liquidation Trust is established pursuant to the Plan for the primary purpose of liquidating the Liquidation Trust Assets and resolving the Liquidation Trust Claims in an expeditious but orderly manner for the benefit of the

Liquidation Trust Beneficiaries, with no objective to continue or engage in the conduct of a trade or business except, to the extent reasonably necessary to, and consistent with, the liquidating purpose of the Liquidation Trust under this Liquidation Trust Agreement;

WHEREAS, the Liquidation Trust Administrator shall have all necessary authority and power to take whatever actions are necessary to implement the provisions of this Liquidation Trust Agreement consistent with the relative provisions of the Plan and the Confirmation Order; and

WHEREAS, the Liquidation Trust is intended to qualify as a "grantor trust" for U.S. federal income tax purposes, pursuant to Sections 671-677 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "<u>IRC</u>"), and the regulations promulgated thereunder, with the Liquidation Trust Beneficiaries treated as the grantors and owners of the Liquidation Trust.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and agreements contained herein, the parties hereto agree as follows:

ARTICLE I

Establishment of Liquidation Trust

Section 1.1 Creation and Name. There is hereby created a trust which shall be known as the "The ShoreBank Corporation Liquidation Trust," which is the trust created by the Plan (the "<u>Liquidation Trust</u>").

Section 1.2 Declaration of Trust. To declare the terms and conditions hereof, and subject to the Plan's provisions, including, but not limited to Article XIII therein, the Debtors and the Liquidation Trust Administrator have executed the Liquidation Trust Agreement, and effective on the Effective Date of the Plan, the Debtors hereby irrevocably transfer to the Liquidation Trust Administrator, and to its successors and assigns, all of the rights, title, and interests of the Debtors in and to the Liquidation Trust Assets (which include the Liquidation Trust Claims) and any and all proceeds of the foregoing and interest or income accruing with respect thereto, forever, under, and subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this Liquidation Trust Agreement and in the Plan for the benefit of the Liquidation Trust Beneficiaries and their successors and assigns as provided for in this Liquidation Trust Agreement and in the Plan. The Liquidation Trust Assets shall be liquidated, as applicable, and the net proceeds distributed, in accordance with the Liquidation Trust Agreement and the Plan.

Section 1.3 Purpose of Liquidation Trust; Nature of Beneficial

Interests. The Liquidation Trust is organized for the primary purpose of liquidating the Liquidation Trust Assets and resolving the Liquidation Trust Claims, as applicable, and distributing the proceeds to the Liquidation Trust Beneficiaries with no objective to engage in the conduct of a trade or business. In furtherance of this purpose, the Liquidation Trust Administrator, as representative of all Liquidation Trust Beneficiaries, shall be responsible for pursuing, litigating, settling, or waiving any and all Liquidation Trust Claims and performing all obligations specified for the Liquidation Trust Administrator under the Liquidation Trust Agreement and the Plan. In the event of any inconsistency between the recitation of the duties and powers of the Liquidation Trust Administrator as set forth in the Liquidation Trust Agreement and the Plan, the provisions of the Plan shall govern.

Section 1.4 Liquidation Trust Administrator's Acceptance. The Liquidation Trust Administrator accepts the trust imposed upon it by the Liquidation Trust Agreement and agrees to observe and perform that trust, on and subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the Liquidation Trust Agreement and the Plan. In connection with and in furtherance of the purposes of the Liquidation Trust, the Liquidation Trust Administrator hereby acknowledges it has expressly accepted the transfer of the Liquidation Trust Assets, subject to the provisions of the Confirmation Order and the Plan, and the Liquidation Trust Administrator hereby further expressly assumes, undertakes, and shall control the liquidation and distribution of the Liquidation Trust Assets.

ARTICLE II

Definitions

The capitalized terms used but not defined in this Liquidation Trust Agreement shall have the meanings given to them in the Plan.

ARTICLE III

Funding of the Liquidation Trust

Expenses of the Liquidation Trust shall be paid out of the Operating Reserve and the Liquidation Trust, to the extent there are insufficient funds in the Operating Reserve. The Debtors hereby grant, release, assign, transfer, and deliver, on behalf of the Liquidation Trust Beneficiaries, the Liquidation Trust Assets to the Liquidation Trust Administrator as of the Effective Date, free and clear of all liens, claims, encumbrances and interests, in trust for the benefit of the Liquidation Trust Beneficiaries to be applied as specified in this Liquidation Trust Agreement and the Plan. In no event shall any part of the Liquidation Trust Assets revert to or be distributed to the Debtors.

ARTICLE IV

Liquidation Trust Claims

Section 4.1 Liquidation of the Liquidation Trust Claims.

- (a) Subject to Section 4.1(b) of the Liquidation Trust Agreement, the Liquidation Trust Administrator shall take such steps as it deems necessary (having first obtained such approvals from the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board as may be necessary, if any) to investigate, pursue, litigate, settle, abandon, or compromise the Liquidation Trust Claims, to reduce the Liquidation Trust Claims to Cash and to make distributions of the Cash proceeds to the Liquidation Trust Beneficiaries as required under this Liquidation Trust Agreement and the Plan; provided, however, that the Liquidation Trust Administrator's actions with respect to disposition of the Liquidation Trust Claims shall be taken in a manner so as reasonably to maximize the present value of the Liquidation Trust Claims.
- (b) As more fully described in <u>Article VIII</u> herein, the Liquidation Trust Administrator may transfer, sell, dispose of, settle, otherwise compromise, or abandon the Liquidation Trust Claims on the authorization of the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board, by majority vote, or as otherwise provided in the Liquidation Trust Agreement or the Plan.
- **Section 4.2 Intervention; Substitution.** On the Effective Date, and without having to obtain any further order of the Bankruptcy Court, the Liquidation Trust Administrator shall be deemed to have intervened as plaintiff, movant, or additional party, or substituted as the real party in interest, as appropriate, in any Causes of Action (as defined in the Plan), including adversary proceedings, contested matters, avoidance actions, or motions which were Filed prior to the Effective Date, if any, where the subject matter of such action is a Liquidation Trust Claim and which have not been released or dismissed pursuant to the Plan.

ARTICLE V

Distributions of Liquidation Trust Recoveries

Section 5.1 Distributions of Liquidation Trust Recoveries.

Liquidation Trust Recoveries shall be distributed in accordance with the Liquidation Trust Agreement.

- Section 5.2 Application of Liquidation Trust Assets and Other **Property.** The Liquidation Trust Administrator shall apply Liquidation Trust Assets in the order and reflecting the priorities set forth below:
 - (a) FIRST, to pay the Liquidation Trust Expenses;
 - (b) SECOND, to repay amounts, if any, borrowed by the

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Liquidation Trust Administrator in accordance with this Liquidation Trust Agreement;

(c) THIRD, to make distributions to the Liquidation Trust Beneficiaries, in accordance with the Plan.

Time of Distributions. The Liquidation Trust Administrator Section 5.3 shall make distributions to the Liquidation Trust Beneficiaries at least semi-annually beginning with a calendar quarter that is not later than the end of the second calendar quarter after the Effective Date; provided, however, that, the Liquidation Trust Administrator shall not be required to make any such semi-annual distribution in the event that the aggregate amount available for distribution to such Claimholders is not sufficient, in the Liquidation Trust Administrator's discretion (after consultation with the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board, if necessary) to distribute monies to the Liquidation Trust Beneficiaries. From time to time, but no less frequently than quarterly, the Liquidation Trust Administrator, in consultation with the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board, shall estimate the amount required to pay then outstanding and reasonably anticipated Liquidation Trust Expenses. The Cash portion of Liquidation Trust Recoveries in excess of such actual and estimated Liquidation Trust Expenses shall be made available for distribution to the Liquidation Trust Beneficiaries in the amounts, on the dates, and subject to the other terms and conditions provided in this Plan. The Liquidation Trust Administrator will make continuing efforts to dispose of the Liquidation Trust Assets, make timely distributions, and not unduly prolong the duration of the Liquidation Trust.

Section 5.4 Method of Delivery of Distributions. All distributions to Liquidation Trust Beneficiaries shall be made by the Liquidation Trust Administrator (a) at the addresses set forth on the proofs of claim Filed by such Liquidation Trust Beneficiary (or the last known addresses of such Liquidation Trust Beneficiary if no proof of claim is Filed or if the Liquidation Trust Administrator has not been notified in writing of a change of address), (b) at the addresses set forth in any written notices of address changes delivered to the Liquidation Trust Administrator after the date of any related proof of claim, or (c) at the addresses reflected in the Schedules if no proof of claim has been Filed and the Liquidation Trust Administrator has not received a written notice of a change in address.

Section 5.5 De Minimis Distributions. No cash payment of less than \$50.00 shall be required to be made on account of any Allowed Claim of any Liquidation Trust Beneficiary until the date of the final distribution to Liquidation Trust Beneficiaries pursuant to this Liquidation Trust Agreement.

Section 5.6 Delivery of Distributions and Tax Reporting.

Distributions to the Liquidation Trust Beneficiaries and tax reporting with respect thereto (which tax reporting shall be performed annually by or on behalf of the Liquidation Trust and at the sole expense and liability of the Liquidation Trust) shall be made by the Liquidation Trust Administrator, at the sole expense and liability of the Liquidation Trust; provided, however, that distributions to the Liquidation Trust Beneficiaries and tax reporting with respect thereto (which tax reporting shall be performed by or on behalf of

the Liquidation Trust and at the sole expense and liability of the Liquidation Trust) shall be made by the Liquidation Trust Administrator to the applicable servicer (a "Servicer"), to the extent that such a Servicer has been engaged to make distributions to such Liquidation Trust Beneficiaries and such engagement has not been terminated.

Section 5.7 Undeliverable Distributions. If any distribution to a Liquidation Trust Beneficiary is returned as undeliverable, no further distributions to such Liquidation Trust Beneficiary shall be made unless and until the Liquidation Trust Administrator is notified of such Liquidation Trust Beneficiary's then current address, at which time all missed distributions shall be made to such Liquidation Trust Beneficiary without interest. Amounts in respect of undeliverable distributions shall be returned to the Liquidation Trust until such distributions are claimed. All claims for undeliverable distributions shall be made on the later of the first (1st) anniversary of the Effective Date or 90 days from the date the Claim becomes an Allowed Claim. After such date, all unclaimed property on account of Allowed Claims shall revert to the Liquidation Trust and shall be distributed to Liquidation Trust Beneficiaries holding such Allowed Claims pursuant to the Plan. Upon such reversion, the claim of any Liquidation Trust Beneficiary, or its successors, with respect to such property shall be discharged and forever barred notwithstanding any federal or state escheat laws to the contrary.

ARTICLE VI

Claims

Section 6.1 Administration of Claims and Disputed Claims. The Liquidation Trust Administrator will have sole discretion (subject to the powers granted to the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board in the Plan and the Liquidation Trust Agreement) in all matters relating to the administration of Claims. For the purposes of the Liquidation Trust Agreement, a "Disputed Claim" shall mean for distribution purposes, a Claim, or any portion thereof, that is neither an Allowed Claim nor a Disallowed Claim.

Section 6.2 No Distributions Pending Allowance. No payments or distributions shall be made with respect to all or any portion of a Disputed Claim unless and until all objections to such Disputed Claim have been settled or withdrawn or have been determined by Final Order, and the Disputed Claim, or some portion thereof, has become an Allowed Claim and the remainder has become a Disallowed Claim. All objections to Claims must be Filed on or before the Claims Objection Deadline.

Section 6.3 Disputed Claims Reserve. The Liquidation Trust shall establish a reserve for Disputed Claims (the "<u>Disputed Claims Reserve</u>"). The Liquidation Trust Administrator shall withhold the Disputed Claims Reserve from the Cash to be distributed to particular classes under the Plan. The Disputed Claims Reserve shall be equal to 100% of distributions to which Holders of Disputed Claims in Class 4, Class 5, and Class 6 would be entitled under the Plan as of such date if such Disputed Claims in Class 4, Class 5, and Class 6 were Allowed Claims in their (a) Face Amount or (b) estimated amount of such Disputed Claim in Class 4, Class 5, and Class 6 as approved in

an Order by the Bankruptcy Court. The Debtors or the Liquidation Trust Administrator, as the case may be, may request estimation for any Disputed Claim including, without limitation, any Disputed Claim that is contingent or unliquidated. If practicable and as set forth herein, the Debtors or the Liquidation Trust Administrator, as the case may be, will invest any Cash that is withheld as the applicable Disputed Claims Reserve in an appropriate manner to insure the safety of the investment; provided that, if the Liquidation Trust Administrator determines in its discretion (after consultation with the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board, if necessary) that the administrative costs associated with any such investment are reasonably expected to exceed the return on such investment, the Liquidation Trust Administrator may determine not to invest such Cash. Nothing in the Liquidation Trust Agreement or the Plan shall be deemed to entitle the holder of a Disputed Claim to postpetition interest on such Claim. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, the Liquidation Trust Administrator shall not be required to segregate the Disputed Claim Reserve from other monies held by the Liquidation Trust Administrator pursuant to the Liquidation Trust Agreement.

Section 6.4 Maintenance of the Disputed Claim Reserve.

Distributions of Liquidation Trust Recoveries with respect to Disputed Claims shall be held in the Disputed Claims Reserve as set forth in the Liquidation Trust Agreement. The Liquidation Trust Administrator shall also place in the Disputed Claims Reserve any dividends, payments, or other distributions made on account of, as well as any obligations arising from, the property withheld in the Disputed Claims Reserve, to the extent that such property continues to be withheld in the Disputed Claims Reserve at the time such distributions are made or such obligations arise. If practicable, the Liquidation Trust Administrator shall invest any Cash that is withheld in the Disputed Claims Reserve in a manner that shall yield a reasonable net return, taking into account the safety of the investment provided that, if the Liquidation Trust Administrator determines in its discretion (after consultation with the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board, if necessary) that the administrative costs associated with any such investment are reasonably expected to exceed the return on such investment, the Liquidation Trust Administrator may determine not to invest such Cash. Nothing in the Liquidation Trust Agreement shall be deemed to entitle the holder of a Disputed Claim to postpetition interest on such Claim or earnings from the investment on withheld cash.

Section 6.5 Distributions After Allowance.

- (a) Payments and distributions to each respective Liquidation Trust Beneficiary on account of a Disputed Claim, to the extent that it ultimately becomes an Allowed Claim, shall be made by the Liquidation Trust Administrator and in the same manner provided in Articles IX and X of the Plan.
- (b) Payments and distributions from the Disputed Claims Reserve shall be made as appropriate to the Holder of any Disputed Claim that has become an Allowed Claim, as soon thereafter as is reasonably practicable after the date such Disputed Claim becomes an Allowed Claim. Such distributions shall be based upon the cumulative distributions that would have been made to the Holder of such Claim under the

Plan if the Disputed Claim had been Allowed on the Effective Date (excluding any present value calculations) and shall not be limited by the Disputed Claim amounts previously reserved with respect to such Disputed Claim to the extent that additional amounts are available therefore, but only to the extent that such additional amounts have not yet been distributed to Holders of Allowed Claims. Upon such distribution, the reserve shall be reduced by an amount equal to the amount reserved with respect to such Disputed Claim. To the extent the amount reserved for such Disputed Claim exceeds the Allowed Amount, if any, of such Claim, the remainder shall be deposited in the Supplemental Distribution Account and distributed to Holders of Allowed Claims in accordance with the provisions of Articles V and IX of the Plan.

Section 6.6 No Partial Distributions. The Liquidation Trust Administrator shall not make any partial distributions to any holder of any Disputed Claims pending resolution of such Disputed Claims, <u>provided that</u>, the foregoing shall not limit, impair, or otherwise affect the right of such holder to receive, in accordance with the Plan and this Liquidation Trust Agreement, distributions in respect of any other Claims of such holder that are Allowed Claims.

Section 6.7 Other Claims Pending. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan or the Liquidation Trust Agreement, absent the consent of the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board, the Liquidation Trust Administrator may not pay any distribution to entities who may be liable to the Liquidation Trust with respect to a Liquidation Trust Claim or other Cause of Action, which Disputed Claim may be paid, if at all, only after the holder of such Claim has discharged its liability to the Liquidation Trust on account of the Liquidation Trust Claim or other Cause of Action, by settlement or otherwise.

Section 6.8 Federal Income Tax Treatment and Reporting Duties.

(a) Federal Income Tax. The "taxable year" of the Liquidation Trust shall be the "calendar year" (or such other period as required by Federal income tax law) as those terms are defined in Section 441 of the Internal Revenue Code. The Liquidation Trust Administrator shall file returns for the Liquidation Trust as a grantor trust pursuant to Treasury Regulation Section 1.671-4(a). To the extent required under Federal income tax law, the Liquidation Trust Administrator shall annually (within seventy-five (75) days after the end of each calendar year) send to each Liquidation Trust Beneficiary's share of items of income, gain, loss, deduction, or credit and will instruct all such Liquidation Trust Beneficiaries to report such items on their federal income tax returns. Such a statement shall also be sent within sixty (60) days of the dissolution of the Liquidation Trust, and the Liquidation Trust Beneficiaries in accordance with their relative beneficial interests in the Liquidation Trust.

(b) <u>Tax Withholdings</u>. The Liquidation Trust Administrator may withhold and pay to the appropriate taxing authority all amounts required to be withheld

pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, or any provision of any foreign, state, or local tax law with respect to any allocation, payment, or distribution to the Liquidation Trust Beneficiaries. All such amounts withheld, and paid to the appropriate taxing authority, shall be treated as amounts distributed to such Liquidation Trust Beneficiaries for all purposes of this Liquidation Trust Agreement. The Liquidation Trust Administrator shall be authorized to collect such tax information from the Liquidation Trust Beneficiaries (including, without limitation, social security numbers or other tax identification numbers) as it in its sole discretion deems necessary to effectuate the Plan, the Confirmation Order, and this Liquidation Trust Agreement. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan or this Liquidation Trust Agreement: (a) each Liquidation Trust Beneficiary that is to receive a distribution pursuant to the Plan and this Liquidation Trust Agreement shall have sole and exclusive responsibility for the satisfaction and payment of any tax obligations imposed by any governmental unit, including income, withholding, and other tax obligations, on account of such distribution, and (b) no distribution shall be made to or on behalf of such Liquidation Trust Beneficiary unless and until such Liquidation Trust Beneficiary has made arrangements satisfactory to the Liquidation Trust Administrator, or the Subordinated Indenture Trustee, as the case may be, for the payment and satisfaction of such tax obligations.

(c) <u>Other</u>. The Liquidation Trust Administrator shall also file any other statements, returns, or disclosures relating to the Liquidation Trust that are required by any governmental authority.

ARTICLE VII

General Powers, Rights, and Obligations of the Liquidation Trust Administrator; Compensation of Liquidation Trust Administrator and Liquidation Trust Advisory Board Members

Section 7.1 Appointment of Liquidation Trust Administrator.

Clifford A. Zucker shall become the Liquidation Trust Administrator upon the Effective Date.

Section 7.2 Legal Title. The Liquidation Trust Administrator shall hold legal title to all Liquidation Trust Assets except that the Liquidation Trust Administrator may, upon approval by the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board, cause legal title or evidence of title to any of the Liquidation Trust Assets to be held by any nominee or person, on such terms, in such manner and with such power as the Liquidation Trust Administrator may determine advisable.

Section 7.3 Estate Property; Discharge of Obligations. To the extent any property or other assets are not transferred to the Liquidation Trust, but rather, remain in the Debtors' Estates, the Liquidation Trust Administrator shall have all necessary authority to take whatever actions are necessary to sell, transfer, abandon, or otherwise dispose of such property and any necessary actions related thereto; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, <u>that</u>, the Liquidation Trust Administrator, upon the Effective Date, shall forever be discharged

from, and shall not be responsible for, any and all duties and obligations in connection with maintaining or preserving any such property or assets that remain in the Debtors' Estates.

Section 7.4 General Powers.

- (a) Except as otherwise provided in the Liquidation Trust Agreement or the Plan, and subject to the retained jurisdiction of the Bankruptcy Court as provided for in the Plan, but without prior or further authorization, the Liquidation Trust Administrator, in consultation with the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board (if necessary), may control and exercise authority over the Liquidation Trust Assets, over the acquisition, management, and disposition thereof, and over the management and conduct of the activities of the Liquidation Trust to the same extent as if the Liquidation Trust Administrator were the sole owner of the Liquidation Trust Assets in its own right. No person dealing with the Liquidation Trust shall be obligated to inquire into the Liquidation Trust Administrator's authority in connection with the acquisition, management, or disposition of Liquidation Trust Assets.
- (b) In connection with the management of the Liquidation Trust Assets, the Liquidation Trust Administrator, except as otherwise expressly limited in the Liquidation Trust Agreement, the Plan, and the Confirmation Order, shall have, in addition to any powers conferred on it by any other provision of the Liquidation Trust Agreement, the power to take any and all actions as are necessary or advisable to effectuate the purposes of the Liquidation Trust in consultation with the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board (if necessary), including, without limitation, the power and authority:
 - (i) to accept the assets transferred and provided to the Liquidation Trust under the Liquidation Trust Agreement and the Plan;
 - (ii) to distribute the proceeds from the liquidation of the Liquidation Trust Assets in accordance with the terms of the Liquidation Trust Agreement and the Plan;
 - (iii) to sell, convey, transfer, assign, liquidate, collect, or abandon Liquidation Trust Assets, or any part thereof or any interest therein, on such terms and for such consideration as the Liquidation Trust Administrator deems desirable or appropriate. For the avoidance of doubt, to the extent the Liquidation Trust Administrator believes any asset may cost more to remove or sell than such asset is worth, the Liquidation Trust Administrator, in its sole discretion, may abandon such property, including but not limited to the furniture, fixtures, and equipment, without the need to file any other motion (or obtain further Bankruptcy Court approval);
 - (iv) to prosecute all suits as may be

necessary, appropriate, or incident to the purposes of the Liquidation Trust, including, the Liquidation Trust Claims;

- (v) to endorse the payment of notes or other obligations of any person or to make contracts with respect thereto;
- (vi) to engage in all acts that would constitute ordinary course of business in performing the obligations of a trustee under a liquidating trust of this type;
- (vii) to remove all or any of the Liquidation Trust Assets or the situs of administration of the Liquidation Trust from one jurisdiction to another jurisdiction at any time or from time to time;
- (viii) in connection with any property held under the Liquidation Trust Agreement that is distributable or payable to a minor, to transfer and pay over all or any portion of the property to the minor, or to a guardian of the minor's property, whenever appointed, without requiring ancillary guardianship, or to the minor's parent or the person with whom the minor resides, or to any custodian under any Uniform Gifts to Minors Act or Uniform Transfer to Minor Act with power to select any person or trust company (including any fiduciary hereunder) to be such custodian and with power to extend such custodianship to age twenty-one (21) years, without any obligation to see to the use or application of the property or to make inquiry with respect to any other property available for the use of the minor, the receipt by such minor, guardian, parent, person, or custodian to be a complete discharge as to such transfer or payment;
- (ix) to establish and maintain funds, reserves, and accounts within the Liquidation Trust as deemed by the Liquidation Trust Administrator, in its discretion, to be useful in carrying out the purposes of the Liquidation Trust;
- (x) to sue and be sued and participate, as a party or otherwise, in any judicial, administrative, arbitration, or other proceeding and to settle, compromise, dismiss, or abandon any such proceeding, except as otherwise provided in the Liquidation Trust Agreement or the Plan;
- (xi) in accordance with the Liquidation Trust Agreement, and subject to the approval of the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board, to indemnify (and purchase insurance indemnifying) the Liquidation Trust Administrator, the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board, and the employees, agents, and representatives of the Liquidation Trust or the Liquidation Trust Administrator and the members of the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law;

(xii) to delegate any or all of the discretionary power and authority herein conferred at any time with respect to all or any portion of the Liquidation Trust to any one or more reputable individuals or recognized institutional advisors or investment managers without liability for any action taken or omission made because of such delegation, except for such liability as is provided herein;

(xiii) to consult with the Debtors'
Professionals and the Voting Agent at such times and with respect to such issues relating to the conduct of the Liquidation Trust as the Liquidation Trust Administrator considers desirable;

(xiv) to make all tax withholdings, file tax information returns, make tax elections by and on behalf of the Liquidation Trust, and file tax returns for the Liquidation Trust;

(xv) to compel examination of witnesses and production of documents with respect to the Liquidation Trust Claims pursuant to Rule 2004 of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedures; and

(xvi) to perform such other acts and undertake such other conduct as the Liquidation Trust Administrator believes is necessary to carry out the purposes and intent of this Liquidation Trust.

The Liquidation Trust Administrator shall not at any time, on behalf of the Liquidation Trust or the Liquidation Trust Beneficiaries, enter into or engage in any trade or business, and the Liquidation Trust Administrator shall not use or dispose of any part of the Liquidation Trust Assets in furtherance of any trade or business.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing herein shall be construed to permit the Liquidation Trust Administrator to directly contravene an express written direction of the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board.

Section 7.5 Retention of Attorneys, Accountants, and Other

Professionals. The Liquidation Trust Administrator may retain such law firms, accounting firms, experts, advisors, consultants, investigators, appraisers, auctioneers, or other professionals as it may deem necessary (collectively, the "<u>Liquidation Trust Professionals</u>"), in its sole discretion, to aid in the performance of its responsibilities pursuant to the terms of this Plan including, without limitation, the liquidation and distribution of Liquidation Trust Assets and the pursuit and prosecution of Liquidation Trust Claims.

Section 7.6 Compensation of Liquidation Trust Administrator, Liquidation Trust Advisory Board Members, and Liquidation Trust Professionals.

- (a) The Liquidation Trust Administrator shall be entitled to charge fees that are reasonable and customary for work of this type without further application to or order of the Bankruptcy Court; provided, however, that the compensation for services rendered pursuant to the Plan and the Liquidation Trust Agreement by the Liquidation Trust Administrator and any members of the Debtors' current management who are retained after the Effective Date to assist the Liquidation Trust Administrator, in the aggregate, shall be no more than a chapter 7 trustee would receive under section 326(a) of the Bankruptcy Code (plus reimbursement of reasonable costs and expenses incurred in furtherance of the Liquidation Trust Administrator's duties under the Plan and the Liquidation Trust Agreement). The Liquidation Trust Administrator's fees and expenses (including the fees and expenses of its counsel and other retained by him) shall be paid from the Operating Reserve. The Liquidation Trust Advisory Board may negotiate with the Liquidation Trust Administrator a reasonable deduction of the Liquidation Trust Administrator's Compensation if the circumstances and level of work required with respect to the Liquidation Trust warrants such a reduction.
- (b) Member(s) of the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board may agree to receive fair and reasonable compensation (and reimbursement of reasonable costs and expenses) in connection with their services provided pursuant to the Plan and the Liquidation Trust Agreement. Any such agreement for compensation shall be filed with the Bankruptcy Court and served on the notice parties pursuant to Section 9.2 herein. The notice parties shall have fourteen (14) days from the receipt of such notice to file an objection, if any, with the Bankruptcy Court to any such agreement.
- (c) The Liquidation Trust Administrator's Professionals shall be entitled to reasonable fees, costs, and expenses; provided however, that counsel for the Liquidation Trust Administrator shall be either (i) Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP ("Skadden") or (ii) Neal Gerber & Eisenberg, LLP ("NGE"). If Skadden or NGE, for any reason, shall no longer be counsel for the Liquidation Trust Administrator, then any successor counsel subsequently retained by the Liquidation Trust Administrator shall be required to submit a reasonably detailed notice of fees with time detail to counsel for JPM if the successor counsel seeks to be paid from the Liquidation Trust Assets.

Section 7.7 Standard of Care; Exculpation. The Liquidation Trust Administrator shall perform the duties and obligations imposed on the Liquidation Trust Administrator by the Liquidation Trust Agreement with reasonable diligence and care under the circumstances. The Liquidation Trust Administrator shall not be personally liable to the Liquidation Trust or to any Liquidation Trust Beneficiary (or any successor of such entities) except for such of its own acts as shall constitute bad faith, willful misconduct, gross negligence, willful disregard of its duties, or material breach of the Liquidation Trust Agreement. Except as aforesaid, the Liquidation Trust Administrator shall be defended, held harmless, and indemnified from time to time from the Liquidation Trust Assets (but not from or by the Liquidation Trust Beneficiaries or any of the parties released in the Plan), against any and all losses, claims, costs, expenses, and liabilities to which the Liquidation Trust Administrator may be subject by reason of the Liquidation Trust Administrator's execution in good faith of its duties under the Liquidation Trust Agreement. The Liquidation Trust Administrator's principals, officers, employees, and agents shall be likewise defended, held harmless, and indemnified. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Liquidation Trust Agreement, the Liquidation Trust Administrator and its principals, officers, employees, and agents shall not be liable and shall be defended, held harmless, and indemnified for any action or inaction taken at the direction of the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board.

Section 7.8 Reliance by Liquidation Trust Administrator. The Liquidation Trust Administrator may rely, and shall be fully protected personally in acting upon any resolution, statement, certificate, instrument, opinion, report, notice, request, consent, order, or other instrument or document that it has no reason to believe to be other than genuine and to have been signed or presented other than by the proper party or parties or, in the case of facsimile transmissions, to have been sent other than by the proper party or parties, in each case without obligation to satisfy itself that the same was given in good faith and without responsibility for errors in delivery, transmission, or receipt. In the absence of its bad faith, willful misconduct, gross negligence, willful disregard of its duties, or material breach of the Liquidation Trust Agreement, the Liquidation Trust Administrator may rely as to the truth of statements and correctness of the facts and opinions expressed therein and shall be fully protected personally in acting thereon. The Liquidation Trust Administrator may consult with legal counsel, accounting, tax, or other professionals within the performance of its duties, and shall be fully protected in respect of any action taken or suffered by it in accordance with such advice or opinion of legal counsel or other professionals. The Liquidation Trust Administrator may at any time seek instructions from the Bankruptcy Court concerning the acquisition, management, or disposition of the Liquidation Trust Assets or any other matter pertaining to the Liquidation Trust Agreement and the Plan.

Section 7.9 Action Upon Instructions. If in performing the Liquidation Trust Administrator's duties under the Liquidation Trust Agreement, the Liquidation Trust Administrator is required to decide between alternative courses of action, or the Liquidation Trust Administrator is unsure of the application of any provision of this Liquidation Trust Agreement or the Plan, then the Liquidation Trust Administrator may promptly deliver a notice to the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board requesting written

instructions as to the course of action to be taken by the Liquidation Trust Administrator. If the Liquidation Trust Administrator does not receive such written instructions within 10 Business Days after it has delivered such notice, the Liquidation Trust Administrator may, but shall be under no duty to, take or refrain from taking such action not inconsistent with this Liquidation Trust Agreement as the Liquidation Trust Administrator shall deem advisable. If the Liquidation Trust Administrator does not receive direction from the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board within the requisite time period or the Liquidation Trust Administrator believes that a court order is necessary or advisable to protect the interests of the Liquidation Trust Beneficiaries, the Liquidation Trust Administrator may apply to the Bankruptcy Court for a determination as to the course of action to be taken by the Liquidation Trust Administrator.

Section 7.10 Investment Obligations. Unless otherwise directed by the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board, the Liquidation Trust Administrator shall invest and reinvest the liquid Liquidation Trust Assets consistent with the obligations of a trustee under section 345 of the Bankruptcy Code; provided, that, the Liquidation Trust Administrator shall be limited to investing such liquid Liquidation Trust Assets in demand and time deposits, such as short-term certificates of deposit, in banks or other savings institutions or other temporary liquid investments such as Treasury bills; provided, further, that if the Liquidation Trust Administrator determines in its discretion (after consultation with the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board, if necessary) that the administrative costs associated with any such investment are reasonably expected to exceed the return on such investment, the Liquidation Trust Administrator may determine not to invest such liquid Liquidation Trust Assets. The Liquidation Trust Administrator shall not be liable in any way for any loss or other liability arising from any investment, or the sale or other disposition of any investment, made in accordance with this Section.

Section 7.11 Attributes of Liquidating Trust Taxable Income. Except to the extent otherwise provided herein, for Federal Income tax purposes, the attribution of taxable income or credits of the Liquidation Trust shall be determined by reference to the manner in which an amount of Cash equal to such taxable income would be distributed (without regard to any restriction on distributions described herein) if, immediately prior to such deemed distribution, the Liquidation Trust had distributed all of its other assets (valued for this purpose at their "tax book value") to Liquidation Trust Beneficiaries, taking into account all prior and concurrent distributions from the Liquidation Trust. Similarly, taxable losses or deductions of the Liquidation Trust shall be attributed by reference to the manner in which an economic loss would be borne immediately after a liquidating distribution of the remaining Liquidation Trust Assets. The tax book value of the Liquidation Trust Assets for this purpose shall equal their fair market value on the date hereof of, if later, the date such assets were acquired by the Liquidation Trust, adjusted in either case in accordance with tax accounting principles prescribed by the IRS, the Treasury Regulations, and other applicable administrative and judicial authorities and pronouncements.

Section 7.12 Tax Filings and Notices. The Liquidation Trust Administrator shall treat the Liquidation Trust as a grantor trust pursuant to Treas. Reg.

§ 1.671-1(a), and shall prepare and provide to, or file with, the appropriate parties such notices, tax returns, and other filings, including all tax returns for the Liquidation Trust, as may be required under the Plan, the Internal Revenue Code, or other applicable law including any notices required to report interest, dividends, or gross proceeds. The Liquidation Trust Administrator shall comply with all withholding and reporting requirements imposed by any taxing authority, and all distributions made hereunder shall be subject to any such withholding and reporting requirements. If the Liquidation Trust shall be required to withhold tax from a distribution to a Liquidation Trust Beneficiary, the amount withheld shall be treated for all purposes of this Liquidation Trust Agreement as having been distributed to such Liquidation Trust Beneficiary. The Liquidation Trust Administrator, or the applicable Servicer (if any), shall, when specifically requested by a Liquidation Trust Beneficiary in writing, provide such Liquidation Trust Beneficiary with such tax information as is necessary for the preparation by such Liquidation Trust Beneficiary of its income tax return.

Section 7.13 Other Reporting. As soon as practicable after the end of each calendar year and six (6) months thereafter, and as soon as practicable upon termination of the Liquidation Trust, the Liquidation Trust Administrator shall submit to each Trust Beneficiary appearing on his or her records as of the end of such period or such date of termination a written report including: (i) financial statements of the Liquidation Trust for such period; and (ii) a description of any action taken by the Liquidation Trust Administrator in the performance of his or her duties which materially affects the Liquidation Trust and of which notice has not previously been given to Liquidation Trust Beneficiaries. The Liquidation Trust's taxable income will be allocated pro rata to the Liquidation Trust Beneficiaries in accordance with each such Liquidation Trust Beneficiary's relative beneficial interest, with appropriate adjustments for any change in a holder's percentage interest during the year.

Section 7.14 Timely Performance. The Liquidation Trust Administrator shall make continuing efforts to liquidate the Liquidation Trust Assets, prosecute or settle the Liquidation Trust Claims, make timely distributions, and not unduly prolong the duration of the Liquidation Trust.

Section 7.15 Consultation with the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board. The Liquidation Trust Administrator shall, when advisable, and as necessary, with the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board when carrying out the purposes of the Liquidation Trust and shall obtain approvals from the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board as required under the Liquidation Trust Agreement.

Section 7.16 Removal. In the event of gross negligence or willful misconduct, the Liquidation Trust Administrator may be removed by a two-thirds affirmative vote of the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board or, if the requisite Liquidation Trust Advisory approval is not obtained, upon order of the Bankruptcy Court upon good cause shown. Such removal shall become effective on the later to occur of: (i) the date action is taken by the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board, (ii) the entry of a Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court, or (iii) the appointment of a successor by the Liquidation Trust

Advisory Board and the acceptance by such successor of such appointment.

Section 7.17 Resignation. The Liquidation Trust Administrator may resign by giving not less than ninety (90) days prior written notice thereof to the members of the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board. Such resignation shall become effective on the later to occur of: (i) the day specified in such notice; and (ii) the appointment of a successor by the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board and the acceptance by such successor of such appointment. If a successor Liquidation Trust Administrator is not appointed or does not accept his or her appointment within ninety (90) days following delivery of notice of resignation, the Liquidation Trust Administrator may petition any court of competent jurisdiction for the appointment of a successor Liquidation Trust Administrator.

Section 7.18 Appointment of Successor upon Removal, Resignation or Incapacity. If the Liquidation Trust Administrator is removed, resigns, or otherwise is incapable of serving as Liquidation Trust Administrator (as determined by an order of the Bankruptcy Court), the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board shall appoint a successor Liquidation Trust Administrator by an affirmative majority vote of the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board. If a successor Liquidation Trust Administrator is not appointed or does not accept his or her appointment pursuant to the preceding sentence of this section with ninety (90) days following such action for removal, delivery of notice of resignation, or incapacity of the predecessor Liquidation Trust Administrator, as the case may be, any Trust Beneficiary may petition any court of competent jurisdiction for the appointment of a successor Liquidation Trust Administrator.

Section 7.19 Acceptance of Appointment by Successor Liquidation

Trust Administrator. Any successor Liquidation Trust Administrator appointed hereunder shall execute an instrument accepting such appointment hereunder and shall file such acceptance with the Liquidation Trust records. Thereupon, such successor Liquidation Trust Administrator shall, without any further act, become vested with all the estates, properties, rights, powers, trusts, and duties of his or her predecessor in the Liquidation Trust with like effect as if originally named herein; provided, however, that a removed or resigning Liquidation Trust Administrator shall, nevertheless, when requested in writing by the successor Liquidation Trust Administrator, execute and deliver an instrument or instruments conveying and transferring to such successor Liquidation Trust Administrator under the Liquidation Trust all the estates, properties, rights, powers, and trusts of such predecessor Liquidation Trust Administrator.

Section 7.20 Fees, Costs, and Expenses. All reasonable fees, costs, and expenses associated with the administration of the Liquidation Trust and distribution to Liquidation Trust Beneficiaries shall be the responsibility of and be paid by the Liquidation Trust from the Operating Reserve.

ARTICLE VIII

Termination

The Liquidation Trust shall continue until the earlier of (i) the date that termination of the Liquidation Trust is approved by the Bankruptcy Court after distribution of all of the Net Available Cash and Liquidation Trust Recoveries, or (ii) the date that is five (5) years from the Effective Date unless extended as set forth in this paragraph. The Liquidation Trust Advisory Board may extend, for the purpose for the Liquidation Trust to liquidate Liquidation Trust Assets or otherwise fulfill the purposes of the Liquidation Trust, such five (5) year term for finite periods conditioned upon receiving Bankruptcy Court approval within six (6) months before the end of the term. The Liquidation Trust Administrator shall at all times endeavor to liquidate the Liquidation Trust Assets expeditiously, and in no event shall the Liquidation Trust Administrator unduly prolong the duration of the Liquidation Trust. On termination of the Liquidation Trust, the Liquidation Trust Administrator shall advise the Bankruptcy Court in writing of its termination. Notwithstanding the foregoing, after the termination of the Liquidation Trust, the Liquidation Trust Administrator shall have the power to exercise all the powers, authorities, and discretions herein conferred solely for the purpose of liquidating and winding up the affairs of the Liquidation Trust. On distribution of all of the proceeds from the Liquidation Trust Assets, the Liquidation Trust Administrator shall retain the books, records, and files that shall have been delivered to or created by the Liquidation Trust Administrator. At the Liquidation Trust Administrator's discretion, all of such records and documents may be destroyed at any time after two years from the later of (a) distribution of all of the Liquidation Trust Recoveries, (b) a Final Order terminating the Liquidation Trust, or (c) such other time as provided for in a Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court.

ARTICLE IX

Miscellaneous

Section 9.1 Limitation on Transferability. It is understood and agreed that the beneficial interests in the Liquidation Trust shall be non-assignable except by death or by operation of law. An assignment by death or operation of law shall not be effective until appropriate notification and proof thereof is submitted to the Liquidation Trust Administrator by the executor or administrator of the estate of the Trust Beneficiary, in the case of the death of any individual Trust Beneficiary, or the successor to the Trust Beneficiary, in the case of any assignment by operation of law, and the Liquidation Trust Administrator may continue to pay all amounts to or for the benefit of the assigning Liquidation Trust Beneficiaries until receipt of proper notification and proof of such assignment. The Liquidation Trust Administrator may rely upon such proof without the requirement of any further investigation.

Section 9.2 Notices. All notices, requests, or other communications required or permitted to be made in accordance with this Liquidation Trust Agreement shall be in writing and shall be delivered personally or by facsimile transmission or mailed by first-class mail or by overnight delivery service:

If to the Liquidation Trust Administrator, at:

Clifford A. Zucker J.H. COHN LLP 333 Thornall St., 6th Floor Edison, NJ 08837

with copies to:

Liquidation Trust Advisory Board, at:

George P. Surgeon 135 South LaSalle Street, Suite 2040 Chicago, IL 60603 If to the Debtors, at:

The ShoreBank Corporation 135 South LaSalle Street, Suite 2040 Chicago, IL 60603

Telephone: (312) 662-6088

Attn: George P. Surgeon, President/CEO

with copies to:

SKADDEN, ARPS, SLATE, MEAGHER & FLOM LLP 155 N. Wacker Drive, Suite 2700 Chicago, Illinois 60606-1720 Telephone: (312) 407-0700 Facsimile: (312) 407-0411

Attn: George N. Panagakis, Esq.

Notices sent out by facsimile transmission shall be deemed delivered when actually received, and notices sent by first-class mail shall be deemed delivered when received, and notices sent by overnight delivery service shall be deemed delivered the next business day after mailing.

Section 9.3 Effectiveness. The Liquidation Trust Agreement shall become effective on the Effective Date.

Section 9.4 Intention of Parties to Establish Trust. The Liquidation Trust Agreement is intended to create a trust, and the trust created hereunder shall be governed and construed in all respects as a trust.

- Section 9.5 Investment Company Act. The Liquidation Trust is organized as a liquidating entity in the process of liquidation, and therefore should not be considered, and the Liquidation Trust does not and shall not hold itself out as, an "investment company" or an entity "controlled" by an "investment company" as such terms are defined in the Investment Company Act. The Liquidation Trust Administrator shall act as it reasonably deems necessary or advisable in its sole discretion to prevent the Liquidation Trust from being subject to the registration requirements of the Investment Company Act.
- **Section 9.6** Counterparts. The Liquidation Trust Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts (via facsimile or otherwise), each of which shall be deemed an original but which together shall constitute but one and the same instrument.
- **Section 9.7 Governing Law.** The Liquidation Trust Agreement shall be governed by, construed under, and interpreted in accordance with the laws of the State of Illinois.
- **Section 9.8 Headings.** Sections, subheadings, and other headings used in the Liquidation Trust Agreement are for convenience only and shall not affect the construction of the Liquidation Trust Agreement.
- **Section 9.9 Severability.** Any provision of the Liquidation Trust Agreement which is prohibited or unenforceable in any jurisdiction shall not invalidate the remaining provisions of the Liquidation Trust Agreement, and any such prohibition or unenforceability in any jurisdiction shall not invalidate or render unenforceable any such provision in any other jurisdiction.
- Section 9.10 Amendments. The Liquidation Trust Agreement may be amended from time to time by the Liquidation Trust Administrator with the consent of the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board to better give effect to the purposes of the Liquidation Trust Agreement. The Liquidation Trust Administrator may amend the Liquidation Trust Agreement without the consent or approval of the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board as provided herein including (i) to preserve the legal status of the Liquidation Trust as a trust under applicable state or federal laws and prevent the Debtors or the Liquidation Trust from being subject to the reporting or registration requirements of the Exchange Act or the Investment Company Act and (ii) to satisfy the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code and Treasury Regulations thereunder with respect to liquidating trusts and grantor trusts and of any federal or state securities laws or regulations if such amendment does not materially adversely affect the interests of the Liquidation Trust Beneficiaries. Notwithstanding this Section 9.10, any amendments to this Liquidation Trust Agreement shall not be inconsistent with the purpose and intention of the Liquidation Trust to distribute in an expeditious but orderly manner the Liquidation Trust Assets.

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Section 9.11 Successors. The Liquidation Trust Agreement shall bind and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their respective successors and assigns.

Section 9.12 No Suits by Liquidation Trust Beneficiaries. No Trust Beneficiary shall have any right by virtue of any provision of the Liquidation Trust Agreement to institute any action or proceeding in law or in equity against any party other than the Liquidation Trust Administrator, including but not limited to any action or proceeding with respect to the Liquidation Trust Assets.

Section 9.13 Irrevocability. The Liquidation Trust is irrevocable, but is subject to amendment as provided for herein.

Section 9.14 Trust Continuance. The death, dissolution, resignation, incompetency, or removal of the Liquidation Trust Administrator shall not operate to terminate the Liquidation Trust created by this Liquidation Trust Agreement or to revoke any existing agency created under the terms of this Liquidation Trust Agreement or invalidate any action theretofore taken by the Liquidation Trust Administrator. In the event of the resignation or removal of the Liquidation Trust Administrator, the Liquidation Trust Administrator shall promptly (a) execute and deliver such documents, instruments, and other writings as may be requested by the Bankruptcy Court or reasonably requested by the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board or a successor trustee to effect the termination of the Liquidation Trust Administrator's capacity under this Liquidation Trust Agreement and the conveyance of the Liquidation Trust Assets then held by the Liquidation Trust Administrator to the successor, (b) deliver to the Bankruptcy Court or the successor trustee all documents, instruments, records, and other writings related to the Liquidation Trust as may be in the possession of the Liquidation Trust Administrator, and (c) otherwise assist and cooperate in effecting the assumption of its obligations and functions by a successor trustee.

Section 9.15 Enforcement and Administration. The Bankruptcy Court shall enforce and administer the provisions of the Liquidation Trust Agreement as set forth in the Plan.

Section 9.16 Cash or Cash Equivalents. The Liquidation Trust shall not retain cash or cash equivalents in excess of a reasonable amount to meet claims and contingent liabilities or to maintain the value of the Liquidation Trust Assets during liquidation or to fund litigation.

Section 9.17 Preservation of Privileges and Defenses. In connection with the rights, claims, Causes of Action, and Liquidation Trust Claims that constitute the Liquidation Trust Assets, any attorney-client privilege, work-product privilege, or other privilege or immunity attaching to any documents or communications (whether written or oral) (collectively, the "Privileges") transferred to the Liquidation Trust shall vest in the Liquidation Trust Administrator and the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board and their representatives, and the Debtors, the Liquidation Trust Administrator, and the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board are authorized to take all necessary actions to effectuate the transfer

of such Privileges. This transfer is self-executing, <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, <u>that</u> the Liquidation Trust Administrator, the Liquidation Trust Advisory Board, and the Debtors are authorized and directed to take any and all necessary actions to effectuate the transfer of such Privileges. After the Effective Date the Liquidation Trust Administrator shall have the exclusive power and authority to assert or waive any Privileges relating exclusively to the Liquidation Trust Assets.

Section 9.18 Tax Identification Numbers. The Liquidation Trust Administrator may require any Liquidation Trust Beneficiary to furnish to the Liquidation Trust Administrator (i) its, his, or her employer or taxpayer identification number ("TIN") as assigned by the Internal Revenue Service, or (ii) in the case of any Liquidation Trust Beneficiary that is not a United States person for U.S. federal income tax purposes, a certification of foreign status on the applicable IRS Form W-8. The Liquidation Trust Administrator may condition any Distribution to any Liquidation Trust Beneficiary upon receipt of such TIN or certification. If any Liquidation Trust Beneficiary fails to provide the Liquidation Trust Administrator with a requested TIN or certification of foreign status, as applicable, within ninety (90) days after the request, such failure shall be deemed a waiver of such Trust Beneficiary's interest in the Liquidation Trust and rights to distributions under the Liquidation Trust Agreement. Proceeds that would have been distributed to such Liquidation Trust Beneficiary shall be distributed pro rata to the other Liquidation Trust Beneficiaries.

Section 9.19 Jurisdiction and Venue. In the event that the Bankruptcy Court does not accept jurisdiction in any of the matters for which Bankruptcy Court jurisdiction is contemplated herein or in the Plan, each of the parties hereto irrevocably and unconditionally (i) agrees that if an adversary proceeding includes as a party thereto the Debtors, such matters shall be brought in any Federal Court of the United States of America sitting in Cook County; (ii) consents to the jurisdiction of such court in any such matter; (iii) waives any objection which it may have to the laying of venue of any such matter in any of such courts; and (iv) agrees that service of any court paper may be effected on such party by mail, as provided in this Liquidation Trust Agreement, or in such manner as may be provided under applicable laws or court rules in the State of Illinois; provided, however, that if a Federal Court of the United States of America sitting in Cook County does not accept jurisdiction with respect to any matter described in this paragraph, the parties have the right to bring such matter before any court in which jurisdiction is proper.

Section 9.20 Payment of Statutory Fees. In the event that the Chapter 11 Case remains open (or is closed but then reopened) solely because of disputes relating to the Liquidation Trust or this Liquidation Trust Agreement, the Liquidation Trust Administrator shall be responsible and shall pay or shall reimburse the Debtors for, solely from the Liquidation Trust Assets, all fees payable by the Debtors pursuant to section 1930 of title 28 of the United States Code (the "UST Fees") as required by that section.

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed the Liquidation Trust Agreement or caused the Liquidation Trust Agreement to be duly executed by their respective officers thereunto duly authorized as of the date first above written.

THE SHOREBANK CORPORATION

EXHIBIT C

Executory Contracts or Unexpired Leases to be Rejected on a Date Other Than the Effective Date

None

EXHIBIT D

Executory Contracts or Unexpired Leases to be Assumed

EXHIBIT D

List of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases to be Assumed and Assigned to the Liquidating Trust

The attached list represents the most current draft of the list of executory contracts and unexpired leases to be assumed and assigned by the Debtors to the Liquidating Trust as of the Effective Date. The Debtors expressly reserve the right, prior to the Effective Date, to alter, modify, amend, remove, augment, or supplement the following list or any portion thereof in accordance with the Plan (including, without limitation, the right to add any executory contract or unexpired lease to, or delete any executory contract or unexpired lease from this Exhibit).

Certain documents are listed out of an abundance of caution. Listing an executory contract or unexpired lease on <u>Exhibit C</u> or this <u>Exhibit D</u> shall not constitute an admission by any of the Debtors that such contract or lease (including any related agreements that may exist) is an executory contract or unexpired lease or that the applicable Debtor has any liability thereunder.

Executory contracts and unexpired leases shall be treated in the manner set forth in Article VIII of the Plan. The Confirmation Order shall constitute approval of the proposed assumptions of the listed executory contracts or unexpired leases pursuant to sections 365 and 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code as of the Effective Date. On the Effective Date, any executory contract or unexpired lease that is not identified on this Exhibit D (the list of executory contracts or unexpired leases to be assumed by the Debtors) will be deemed rejected by the Debtors as of the Effective Date (or if other than the Effective Date, on such other date as listed on Exhibit C) in accordance with, and subject to, the provisions and requirements of sections 365 and 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code unless such executory contract or unexpired lease: (a) was assumed, assumed and assigned, or rejected, as applicable, pursuant to an order of the Court entered prior to the Effective Date; (b) as of the Effective Date, is subject to a pending motion for approval of the assumption, assumption and assignment, or rejection, as applicable; or (c) is otherwise assumed under the Plan.

The Debtors shall pay the Cure amounts set forth herein on the attached schedule as such schedule (including individual items set forth thereon) may have been altered, modified, amended, removed, augmented, or supplemented in accordance with the Plan (the "Cure Claims") in Cash on the Effective Date or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter

The Tax Sharing Agreement with the FDIC-R will be assumed by the Debtors, but not assigned to the Liquidation Trust Administrator.

or on such other terms as the parties to each such executory contract or unexpired lease may otherwise agree without further notice to or action, order, or approval of the Bankruptcy Court or any other Entity except for those expressly required pursuant to the Plan, with such Cure being provided by, at the option of the Debtor-party to such contract or lease, either (x) the Debtor-party to such contract or lease or (y) the assignee of such Debtor-party to whom such contract or lease is being assigned. Payment of the Cure Claims shall satisfy, in full, the Debtors' obligations pursuant to section 365(b)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code. If there is a dispute regarding (a) the nature or amount of any Cure, (b) the ability of the Debtors or any assignee to provide "adequate assurance of future performance" (within the meaning of section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code) under the contract or lease to be assumed, or (c) any other matter pertaining to assumption, Cure shall occur following the entry of a Final Order resolving the dispute and approving the assumption or assumption and assignment, as the case may be; provided that if there is a dispute as to the amount of Cure that cannot be resolved consensually among the parties, the Debtors shall have the right to reject the contract or lease for a period of fourteen (14) days after entry of a final order establishing a Cure amount in excess of that provided by the Debtor. The Confirmation Order, if applicable, shall contain provisions providing for notices of proposed assumptions and proposed cure amounts to be sent to applicable third parties and for procedures for objecting thereto (which shall provide not less than twenty-one (21) days' notice of such procedures and any deadlines pursuant thereto) and resolution of disputes by the Bankruptcy Court.

On the Effective Date, the Debtors shall assume and assign to the Liquidating Trust all of the executory contracts and unexpired leases listed on the attached schedule as such schedule (including individual items set forth thereon) may be altered, modified, amended, removed, augmented, or supplemented in accordance with the Plan, provided that the assumption of each such executory contract and unexpired lease shall result in the full release and satisfaction of any Claims or defaults, whether monetary or nonmonetary, including defaults of provisions restricting the change in control or ownership interest composition or other bankruptcy-related defaults, arising under any assumed executory contract or unexpired lease at any time prior to the effective date of assumption.

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The ShoreBank Corporation, \underline{et} \underline{al} .

Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases to be Assumed

| DEBTOR(S) | COUNTERPARTY NAME | CONTRACT DESCRIPTION | CURE |
|---------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|
| | | | AMOUNT (\$) |
| The ShoreBank | Arkadin Global Conferencing | Conference Call Service | \$0 |
| Corporation | Attn: Accounts Receivable | Agreement | |
| | P.O. Box 347261 | | |
| | Pittsburgh PA 15251-4261 | | |
| The ShoreBank | Burke, Warren, MacKay & | Engagement Letter | \$0 |
| Corporation | Serritella, PC | | |
| | c/o Dick Burke | | |
| | 330 N. Wabash, 22nd Floor | | |
| | Chicago, IL 60611 | | |
| The ShoreBank | Enterprise Cascadia, a/k/a | Service agreement | \$0 |
| Corporation | Craft 3 | | |
| | 203 Howerton Way SE | | |
| | P.O. Box 826 | | |
| TTI GI D I | Ilwaco, WA 98624 | | Φ0 |
| The ShoreBank | FDIC-R (successor to | Tax sharing agreement (to be | \$0 |
| Corporation | ShoreBank, the bank) | assumed by the Debtor, but | |
| | 3501 Fairfax Drive | not assigned) | |
| The ShoreBank | Arlington, VA 22226-3500 GCG, Inc. | Claims a continuo | \$0 |
| | 1985 Marcus Avenue | Claims agent retention | \$0 |
| Corporation | Lake Success, NY 11042 | agreement | |
| The ShoreBank | Life Storage | Storage space lease | \$0 |
| Corporation | 2361 South State St. | Storage space rease | φυ |
| Corporation | Chicago, IL 60616 | | |
| The ShoreBank | Lloyd's | Employee dishonesty bond | \$0 |
| Corporation | Lloyd 3 | Employee dishonesty bond | ΨΟ |
| The ShoreBank | National Community | Subtenant lease for non- | \$0 |
| Corporation | Investment Fund | residential real property | Ψ0 |
| | 135 S. LaSalle Suite 2040 | | |
| | Chicago, IL 60603 | | |
| The ShoreBank | Paycor | Payroll services agreement | \$0 |
| Corporation | 644 Linn Street Suite 200 | | |
| | Cincinnati OH 45203 | | |
| The ShoreBank | SheepDog Inc. | Email and archive services | \$0 |
| Corporation | 211 Horseshoe Lake Drive | contract | |
| | Halifax, Nova Scotia, Canada | | |
| | B360B9 | | |

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The ShoreBank Corporation, $\underline{et}\ \underline{al.}$

Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases to be Assumed

| DEBTOR(S) | COUNTERPARTY NAME | CONTRACT DESCRIPTION | CURE |
|---------------|--|--|-------------|
| The Chamber | Cl. D. 1 L. C. C. C. | A | AMOUNT (\$) |
| The ShoreBank | ShoreBank International 20 N. Clark St. Suite 1950 | Asset management contract | \$0 |
| Corporation | | | |
| The ShoreBank | Chicago, IL 60602 | E 1 | Φ0 |
| | ShoreBank International 20 N. Clark St. Suite 1950 | Employee contracts | \$0 |
| Corporation | | | |
| Tl Cl D l- | Chicago, IL 60602 T-Mobile | Call also as a subsect | ¢110 |
| The ShoreBank | | Cell phone contract | \$119 |
| Corporation | P.O. Box 742596 | | |
| T1. C1 D 1 | Cincinnati, OH 45274-2596 | Decree to a second | Φ0 |
| The ShoreBank | Travelers Insurance | Property and casualty | \$0 |
| Corporation | c/o PA&T Insurance | insurance (including workers' | |
| | 53 W. Jackson Blvd. | compensation) | |
| | Suite 1562 | | |
| CI D I | Chicago, IL 60604 | G : | Φ0 |
| ShoreBank | Enterprise Cascadia, a/k/a | Service agreement for | \$0 |
| Capital | Craft 3 | software access | |
| Corporation | 203 Howerton Way SE | | |
| | P.O. Box 826 | | |
| C1 D 1 | Ilwaco, WA 98624 Jaffe Raitt Heuer & Weiss | T I (| Φ0 |
| ShoreBank | | Legal retainer | \$0 |
| Capital | 27777 Franklin Rd. Suite 2500 | | |
| Corporation | Southfield, MI 48086 | A 1 C' 1 | Φ0 |
| ShoreBank | Mondozzi LLC | Accounting and financial services contract | \$0 |
| Capital | 135 S. LaSalle St., Suite 2040 | services contract | |
| Corporation | Chicago, IL 60603 | T | Φ0 |
| ShoreBank | Northern Initiatives | Loan servicing agreement | \$0 |
| Capital | PO Box 7009 | | |
| Corporation | Marquette, MI 49855 | A: | \$0 |
| ShoreCap | Equator Capital Partners, LLC | Assignment agreement | \$0 |
| Management, | and ShoreCap International, | | |
| Ltd. | Ltd. | | |
| | 101 N. Wacker Dr., Ste 2010 | | |
| | Chicago, IL 60606 | | |