

**UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE
EASTERN DISTRICT OF TENNESSEE**

<p>In re:</p> <p>EDWIN GORDON BOND, JR. and ELIZABETH ANN BOND,</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Debtors.</p>	<p>Case No. 3:15-bk-33362-SHB Chapter 11 Judge Suzanne H. Bauknight</p> <p style="text-align: center;">AMENDED DISCLOSURE STATEMENT DESCRIBING AMENDED CHAPTER 11 PLAN</p>
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I.

INTRODUCTION

Edwin and Elizabeth Bond are the Debtors in a Chapter 11 bankruptcy case. On November 10, 2015, Debtors commenced a voluntary bankruptcy case by filing a Chapter 11 petition under the United States Bankruptcy Code (“Code”), 11 U.S.C. § 101 et seq. Chapter 11 allows the Debtors, and under some circumstances, creditors and others parties in interest, to propose a plan of reorganization (“Plan”). The Plan may provide for the Debtors to reorganize by continuing to operate, to liquidate by selling assets of the estate, or a combination of both. Debtors are the party proposing the Plan. **THE DOCUMENT YOU ARE READING IS THE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT FOR THE PROPOSED PLAN.**

This is a reorganization plan. In other words, the Proponents seek to accomplish payments under the Plan by using Debtors’ income. The Effective Date of the proposed Plan is 30 days after confirmation.

A. Purpose of This Document

This Disclosure Statement summarizes what is in the Plan, and tells you certain information relating to the Plan and the process the Court follows in determining whether or not to confirm the Plan.

READ THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT CAREFULLY IF YOU WANT TO KNOW ABOUT:

- (1) WHO CAN VOTE OR OBJECT,**
- (2) WHAT THE TREATMENT OF YOUR CLAIM IS (i.e., what your claim will receive if the Plan is confirmed), AND HOW THIS TREATMENT COMPARES TO WHAT YOUR CLAIM WOULD RECEIVE IN LIQUIDATION,**
- (3) THE HISTORY OF THE DEBTOR AND SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING THE BANKRUPTCY,**

- (4) **WHAT THINGS THE COURT WILL LOOK AT TO DECIDE WHETHER OR NOT TO CONFIRM THE PLAN,**
- (5) **WHAT IS THE EFFECT OF CONFIRMATION, AND**
- (6) **WHETHER THIS PLAN IS FEASIBLE.**

This Disclosure Statement cannot tell you everything about your rights. You should consider consulting your own lawyer to obtain more specific advice on how this Plan will affect you and what is the best course of action for you.

Be sure to read the Plan as well as the Disclosure Statement. If there are any inconsistencies between the Plan and the Disclosure Statement, the Plan provisions will govern.

The Code requires a Disclosure Statement to contain “adequate information” concerning the Plan. The Bankruptcy Court (“Court”) has approved this document as an adequate Disclosure Statement, containing enough information to enable parties affected by the Plan to make an informed judgment about the Plan. Any party can now solicit votes for or against the Plan.

B. Deadlines for Voting and Objecting; Date of Plan Confirmation Hearing

THE COURT HAS NOT YET CONFIRMED THE PLAN DESCRIBED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT. IN OTHER WORDS, THE TERMS OF THE PLAN ARE NOT YET BINDING ON ANYONE. HOWEVER, IF THE COURT LATER CONFIRMS THE PLAN, THEN THE PLAN WILL BE BINDING ON THE DEBTORS AND ON ALL CREDITORS AND INTEREST HOLDERS IN THIS CASE.

1. Time and Place of the Confirmation Hearing

The hearing where the Court will determine whether or not to confirm the Plan will take place at a yet to be determined date at the Howard H. Baker Jr. U.S. Courthouse, 800 Market Street, Suite 330 Knoxville, TN 37902. Notice will be given regarding the date and time of this hearing.

2. Deadline For Voting For or Against the Plan

If you are entitled to vote, it is in your best interest to timely vote on the enclosed ballot and return the ballot in the enclosed envelope to:

Steven L. Lefkovitz

618 Church St., Ste. 410

Nashville, TN 37219.

Your ballot must be timely received or it will not be counted.

3. Deadline For Objecting to the Confirmation of the Plan

Objections to the confirmation of the Plan must be filed with the Court and served upon Steven L. Lefkovitz, counsel for Debtors, by the date and time set by the Clerk's office.

4. Identity of Person to Contact for More Information Regarding the Plan

Any interested party desiring further information about the Plan should contact Steven L. Lefkovitz, (615) 256-8300, 618 Church St., Ste. 410, Nashville, TN 37219.

C. Disclaimer

The Debtors have made no separate appraisal of the Debtors' real and personal property assets but the Debtors believe that values contained herein are accurate. The Debtors believe this to be a fair and equitable estimate of the value of their assets as of August 1, 2016. The information contained in this Disclosure Statement is provided by the Debtors. The Plan Proponents represent that everything stated in the Disclosure Statement is true to the Proponents' best knowledge. The Court has not yet determined whether or not the Plan is confirmable and makes no recommendation as to whether or not you should support or oppose the Plan.

II.

BACKGROUND

A. Description and History of the Debtors' Business

The Debtors are individuals.

The Debtors receive income from Husband's employment as a manager with BAE Systems Technology Solutions & Services, Inc. located in Charleston, South Carolina. Mr. Bond

has been with the company for several months, and has been commuting back and forth to between their home in Maryville, Tennessee and Charleston.

B. Management of the Debtors Before and After the Bankruptcy

The Debtors managed their own affairs prior to the bankruptcy and will continue to manage their affairs after the bankruptcy.

C. Events Leading to Chapter 11 Filing

Here is a brief summary of the circumstances that led to the filing of this Chapter 11 case: The Debtors have significant outstanding tax liabilities. The majority of those liabilities are from a single event more than ten years ago when Mr. Bond received a substantial sum as a reward for being a whistleblower in his former employment. The Debtors were unaware at the time that the reward created a taxable event, and were not in a position to make the payment once it became due. Ongoing collection efforts by the IRS began to limit Debtors' ability to pay their everyday living expenses and Debtors filed the bankruptcy in order to set up a repayment plan to creditors that is feasible with their current monthly income and expenses.

E. Significant Events During the Bankruptcy

1. Bankruptcy Proceedings

The following is a chronological list of significant events which have occurred during this case:

The Court has approved the employment of the following professionals: Steven L. Lefkovitz, counsel for Debtor.

There are no adversary proceedings pending in this case.

2. Other Legal Proceedings

The Debtors are not currently involved in any non-bankruptcy legal proceedings.

3. Actual and Projected Recovery of Preferential or Fraudulent Transfers

There is no projected recovery of preferential or fraudulent transfers.

4. Procedures Implemented to Resolve Financial Problems

To attempt to fix the problems that led to the bankruptcy filing, Debtors have implemented the following procedures: Debtors' financial problems are all tax related stemming from a single event where Debtor did not set aside the necessary amounts in order to satisfy tax obligations in a timely manner. Mr. Bond is now a salaried employee and has taken steps to make sure the requisite withholdings are taken out of his paycheck in order to avoid a situation where there is an inability to make the necessary tax payments when they become due. Debtors have also made budgetary changes in an attempt to decrease their monthly expenses and have proposed a plan brings their debt obligations more in line with their currently monthly income and expenses.

5. Current and Historical Financial Conditions

The identity and fair market value of the estate's assets are listed in Exhibit A. See also the Debtors' financial history set forth in the monthly operating reports.

III.

SUMMARY OF THE PLAN OF REORGANIZATION

A. What Creditors and Interest Holders Will Receive Under the Proposed Plan

As required by the Bankruptcy Code, the Plan classifies claims and interests in various classes according to their right to priority. The Plan states whether each class of claims or interests is impaired or unimpaired. The Plan provides the treatment each class will receive.

B. Unclassified Claims

Certain types of claims are not placed into voting classes; instead they are unclassified. They are not considered impaired and they do not vote on the Plan because they are automatically entitled to specific treatment provided for them in the Bankruptcy Code. As such, the Proponent has not placed the following claims in a class.

1. Administrative Expenses

Administrative expenses are claims for costs or expenses of administering the Debtors' Chapter 11 case which are allowed under Code section 507(a)(1). The Code requires that all administrative claims be paid on the Effective Date of the Plan, unless a particular claimant agrees to a different treatment.

There are no administrative claims under the plan except for any quarterly fees owed by the Debtors, that may become due between now and the confirmation of the case. Debtors are current in the monthly payments and would anticipate that another two quarters' worth of fees will become due before the case is confirmed and closed.

Debtors paid an initial retainer in this case in the amount of \$20,000.00. At this point, counsel for Debtors has billed approximately \$15,500.00. Debtors anticipate that the remaining fees necessary to confirm and then close the case will be approximately \$4,500.00. Debtors do not anticipate that there will be any additional attorney fees over and above what was paid as a retainer at the beginning of the case. If such fees would arise, counsel for Debtors has agreed to waive those fees. Counsel for the Debtors will not be paid any fees or costs until such time as an appropriate application is made to the Court and order entered approving any such fees and costs.

2. Priority Tax Claims

Priority tax claims are certain unsecured income, employment and other taxes described by Code Section 507(a)(8). The Code requires that each holder of such a 507(a)(8) priority tax claim receive the present value of such claim in monthly deferred cash payments, over a period not exceeding five years from the date of the order of relief in this case.

The following chart lists all of the Debtors' Section 507(a)(8) priority tax claims and their treatment under the Plan:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u> <u>Owed</u>	<u>Treatment</u>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Name = IRS ● Type of tax = Income Tax ● Tax years = 2012 - 2014 	\$3,325.53	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Pymt interval ● Pymt amt/interval ● Begin date ● End date ● Interest Rate % ● Total Payout Amount 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> = Monthly = \$79.70 = February 1, 2017 = November 1, 2020 = 4.00% = \$3,586.50

If the reorganized Debtor substantially defaults on the payments of a tax due to the IRS under the plan, the entire tax debt still owed to the IRS shall become due and payable immediately, and the IRS may collect these unpaid tax liabilities through the administrative collection provisions of the Internal Revenue Code.

C. Classified Claims and Interests

1. Classes of Secured Claims

Secured claims are claims secured by liens on property of the estate. In each secured class all terms of the promissory notes shall remain unaffected by this plan or any order confirming this plan, with the exception of the change in the principal balance owed to the creditor, the interest rate and the term of the loan. Unless it is specifically indicated, the Debtor shall be responsible for maintaining property insurance and keeping all real property taxes current. The creditor shall retain its lien on the property, the Debtor shall retain title to the property and the creditor shall release its lien upon satisfaction of its Allowed Claim.

The following chart lists all classes containing Debtor’s secured pre-petition claims and their treatment under this Plan:

<u>CLASS</u> #	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>INSIDERS</u> (Y/N)	<u>IMPAIRED</u> (Y/N)	<u>TREATMENT</u>	
3	Secured claim of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Name = Internal Revenue Service • Collateral description = All real and personal property • Collateral value = \$7,504.00 • Priority of security int. = First • Principal owed = \$7,504.00 • Total claim amount = \$7,504.00 	N	Y, Claims in this class are entitled to vote on the plan.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pymt interval = Monthly • Pymt amt/interval = \$179.85 • Begin date = February 1, 2017 • End date = November 1, 2020 • Interest rate = 4.0% • Total payout = \$8,093.25 • Treatment of Lien = Retained until completion of payments 	

2. Classes of Priority Unsecured Claims

Certain priority claims that are referred to in Code Sections 507(a)(3), (4), (5), (6), and (7) are required to be placed in classes. These types of claims are entitled to priority treatment as follows: the Code requires that each holder of such a claim receive cash on the Effective Date equal to the allowed amount of such claim. However, a class of unsecured priority claim holders may vote to accept deferred cash payments of a value, as of the Effective Date, equal to the allowed amount of such claims.

There are no Section 507(a)(3), (4), (5), (6) or (7) priority unsecured claims under the plan.

3. Class of General Unsecured Claims

General unsecured claims are unsecured claims not entitled to priority under Code Section 507(a). The following chart identifies this Plan’s treatment of the class containing all of Debtor’s general unsecured claims (see Exhibit D for detailed information about each general unsecured claim):

<u>CLASS#</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>IMPAIRED</u> (Y/N)	<u>TREATMENT</u>
4-A	General unsecured claims <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Total amt of claims = \$978,690.51 	Y, Claims in this class are entitled to vote on the plan.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Pymt interval = Monthly Pymt amt/interval = \$600.00 Begin date = 10th day of the month following the effective date End date = Sixty months after effective date Interest rate = 0.00% Total payout = \$36,000.00

Monthly payments shall be made on a pro rata basis based on the value of each unsecured claim. Any plan payments returned to the Debtors by unsecured creditors shall become property of the reorganized Debtors.

Debtors are aware that some unsecured debts in this case are student loans, which are non-dischargeable. Debtors’ proposed plan payments to unsecured creditors include the student loan debt as part of the general unsecured debt. At the conclusion of the Chapter 11 plan, after the Debtors have paid the necessary pro rata portion of the monthly unsecured payments to all unsecured creditors, Debtors will make arrangements with the U.S. Department of Education in order to arrange payments of the balance of the debt. See Exhibit D for a detailed list of the debts included in the general unsecured pool.

4. Class(es) of Interest Holders

Interest holders are the parties who hold ownership interest (i.e., equity interest) in the Debtor. If the Debtor is a corporation, entities holding preferred or common stock in the Debtor are interest holders. If the Debtor is a partnership, the interest holders include both general and limited partners. If the Debtor is an individual, the Debtor is the interest holder.

The Debtors are individuals in this case.

D. Means of Effectuating the Plan

1. Funding for the Plan

The Plan will be funded by the following: Income from Husband's employment with BAE Systems Technology Solutions & Services, Inc.

2. Post-confirmation Management

The Debtors shall be responsible for post-confirmation management.

3. Disbursing Agent

Debtors shall act as the disbursing agents for the purpose of making all distributions provided for under the Plan. The Disbursing Agents shall serve without bond and shall receive no compensation for distribution services rendered and expenses incurred pursuant to the Plan.

E. Risk Factors

The proposed Plan has the following risks: The Plan, due to its nature of being funded over time, maintains a possibility of default if Debtors are unable to realize their current financial projections or are unable to maintain the same level of monthly income.

F. Other Provisions of the Plan

1. Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases

a. Assumptions

The following are the unexpired leases and executory contracts to be assumed as obligations of the reorganized Debtor under this Plan:

Michael Piper – Residential lease for Debtors' home.

On the Effective Date, each of the unexpired leases and executory contracts listed above shall be assumed as obligations of the reorganized Debtor. The Order of the Court confirming the Plan shall constitute an Order approving the assumption of each lease and contract listed above. If you are a party to a lease or contract to be assumed and you object to the assumption of your lease or contract, you must file and serve your objection to the Plan within the deadline for objecting to the confirmation of the Plan. See Section {I.B.3.} of this document for the specific date.

b. Rejections

On the Effective Date, the following executory contracts and unexpired leases will be rejected:

All executory contracts and leases not explicitly assumed above.

The order confirming the Plan shall constitute an Order approving the rejection of the lease or contract. If you are a party to a contract or lease to be rejected and you object to the rejection of your contract or lease, you must file and serve your objection to the Plan within the deadline for objecting to the confirmation of the Plan.

THE BAR DATE FOR FILING A PROOF OF CLAIM BASED ON A CLAIM ARISING FROM THE REJECTION OF A LEASE OR CONTRACT WAS MARCH 15, 2016 AND MAY 9, 2016 FOR GOVERNMENTAL UNITS.

Any claim based on the rejection of a contract or lease will be barred if the proof of claim is not timely filed, unless the Court later orders otherwise.

2. Changes in Rates Subject to Regulatory Commission Approval

The Debtors are not subject to governmental regulatory commission approval of its rates.

3. Retention of Jurisdiction.

The Court shall retain jurisdiction for purposes of granting a discharge to Debtor, determining any and all objections to the amounts of claims, applications for compensation and expenses, to enforce the provisions of the Plan, to correct any defect, cure any omissions or

reconcile any inconsistency in the Plan, and to determine such other matters as may be provided for in the Order of the Court confirming the Plan.

G. Tax Consequences of Plan

CREDITORS AND INTEREST HOLDERS CONCERNED WITH HOW THE PLAN MAY AFFECT THEIR TAX LIABILITY SHOULD CONSULT WITH THEIR OWN ACCOUNTANTS, ATTORNEYS, AND/OR ADVISORS. The following disclosure of possible tax consequences is intended solely for the purpose of alerting readers about possible tax issues this Plan may present to the Debtor. The Proponent CANNOT and DOES NOT represent that the tax consequences contained below are the only tax consequences of the Plan because the Tax Code embodies many complicated rules which make it difficult to state completely and accurately all the tax implications of any action.

The Debtors are unaware of any tax consequences which the Plan will have on the Debtors' tax liability other than the plan treatment for the Internal Revenue Service referenced above.

IV.

CONFIRMATION REQUIREMENTS AND PROCEDURES

PERSONS OR ENTITIES CONCERNED WITH CONFIRMATION OR THIS PLAN SHOULD CONSULT WITH THEIR OWN ATTORNEYS BECAUSE THE LAW ON CONFIRMING A PLAN OF REORGANIZATION IS VERY COMPLEX. The following discussion is intended solely for the purpose of alerting readers about basic confirmation issues, which they may wish to consider, as well as certain deadlines for filing claims. The proponent CANNOT and DOES NOT represent that the discussion contained below is a complete summary of the law on this topic.

Many requirements must be met before the Court can confirm a Plan. Some of the requirements include that the Plan must be proposed in good faith, acceptance of the Plan, whether the Plan pays creditors at least as much as creditors would receive in a Chapter 7

liquidation, and whether the Plan is feasible. These requirements are not the only requirements for confirmation.

A. Who May Vote or Object

1. Who May Object to Confirmation of the Plan

Any party in interest may object to the confirmation of the Plan, but as explained below not everyone is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

2. Who May Vote to Accept/Reject the Plan

A creditor or interest holder has a right to vote for or against the Plan if that creditor or interest holder has a claim which is both (1) allowed or allowed for voting purposes and (2) classified in an impaired class.

a. What Is an Allowed Claim/Interest

As noted above, a creditor or interest holder must first have an allowed claim or interest to have the right to vote. Generally, any proof of claim or interest will be allowed, unless a party in interest brings a motion objecting to the claim. When an objection to a claim or interest is filed, the creditor or interest holder holding the claim or interest cannot vote unless the Court, after notice and hearing, either overrules the objection or allows the claim or interest for voting purposes.

THE BAR DATE FOR FILING A PROOF OF CLAIM IN THIS CASE WAS MARCH 15, 2016 AND MAY 9, 2016 FOR GOVERNMENTAL UNITS. A creditor or interest holder may have an allowed claim or interest even if a proof of claim or interest was not timely filed. A claim is ordinarily deemed allowed if (1) it is scheduled on the Debtor's schedules and such claim is not scheduled as disputed, contingent, or unliquidated, and (2) no party in interest has objected to the claim. An interest is deemed allowed if it is scheduled and no party in interest has objected to the interest.

b. What Is an Impaired Claim/Interest

As noted above, an allowed claim or interest only has the right to vote if it is in a class that is impaired under the Plan. A class is impaired if the Plan alters the legal, equitable, or

contractual rights of the members of that class. For example, a class comprised of general unsecured claims is impaired if the Plan fails to pay the members of that class 100% of what they are owed.

In this case, the Proponent believes that classes 3 and 4 are impaired and that holders of claims in each of these classes are therefore entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan. The Proponent believes that all other classes are unimpaired and that holders of claims in each of these classes therefore do not have the right to vote to accept or reject the Plan. Parties who dispute the Proponents' characterization of their claim or interest as being impaired or unimpaired may file an objection to the Plan contending that the Proponent has incorrectly characterized the class.

3. Who is Not Entitled to Vote

The following four types of claims are not entitled to vote: (1) claims that have been disallowed; (2) claims in unimpaired classes; (3) claims entitled to priority pursuant to Code sections 507(a)(1), (a)(2), and (a)(8); and (4) claims in classes that do not receive or retain any value under the Plan. Claims in unimpaired classes are not entitled to vote because such classes are deemed to have accepted the Plan. Claims entitled to priority pursuant to Code sections 507(a)(1), (a)(2), and (a)(7) are not entitled to vote because such claims are not placed in classes and they are required to receive certain treatment specified by the Code. Claims in classes that do not receive or retain any value under the Plan do not vote because such classes are deemed to have rejected the Plan. **EVEN IF YOUR CLAIM IS OF THE TYPE DESCRIBED ABOVE, YOU MAY STILL HAVE A RIGHT TO OBJECT TO THE CONFIRMATION OF THE PLAN.**

4. Who Can Vote in More Than One Class

A creditor whose claim has been allowed in part as a secured claim and in part as an unsecured claim is entitled to accept or reject a Plan in both capacities by casting one ballot for the secured part of the claim and another ballot for the unsecured claim.

5. Votes Necessary to Confirm the Plan

If impaired classes exist, the Court cannot confirm the Plan unless (1) at least one impaired class has accepted the Plan without counting the votes of any insiders within that class, and (2) all impaired classes have voted to accept the Plan, unless the Plan is eligible to be confirmed by “cramdown” on non-accepting classes, as discussed later in Section {IV.A.8.}.

6. Votes Necessary for a Class to Accept the Plan

A class of claims is considered to have accepted the Plan when more than one-half (1/2) in number and at least two-thirds (2/3) in dollar amount of the claims which actually voted, voted in favor of the Plan. A class of interests is considered to have accepted the Plan when at least two-thirds (2/3) in amount of the interest-holders of such class which actually voted, voted to accept the Plan.

7. Treatment of Nonaccepting Classes

As noted above, even if all impaired classes do not accept the proposed Plan, the Court may nonetheless confirm the Plan if the nonaccepting classes are treated in the manner required by the Code. The process by which nonaccepting classes are forced to be bound by the terms of the Plan is commonly referred to as “cramdown.” The Code allows the Plan to be “crammed down” on nonaccepting classes of claims or interests if it meets all consensual requirements except the voting requirements of 1129(a)(8) and if the Plan does not “discriminate unfairly” and is “fair and equitable” toward each impaired class that has not voted to accept the Plan as referred to in 11 U.S.C. § 1129(b) and applicable case law.

8. Request for Confirmation Despite Nonacceptance by Impaired Class(es)

The party proposing this Plan will ask the Court to confirm this Plan by cramdown on impaired classes 3 and 4 if any of these classes do not vote to accept the Plan.

Please note that the proposed Plan treatment described by this Disclosure Statement cannot be crammed down on the following classes: All classes other than 3 and 4. AS A RESULT, IF ANY OF THESE CLASSES DOES NOT VOTE TO ACCEPT THE PLAN, THE PLAN WILL NOT BE CONFIRMED.

B. Liquidation Analysis

Another confirmation requirement is the “Best Interest Test”, which requires a liquidation analysis. Under the Best Interest Test, if a claimant or interest holder is in an impaired class and that claimant or interest holder does not vote to accept the Plan, then that claimant or interest holder must receive or retain under the Plan property of a value not less than the amount that such holder would receive or retain if the Debtor were liquidated under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code.

In a Chapter 7 case, the Debtor’s assets are usually sold by a Chapter 7 trustee. Secured creditors are paid first from the sales proceeds of properties on which the secured creditor has a lien. Administrative claims are paid next. Next, unsecured creditors are paid from any remaining sales proceeds, according to their rights to priority. Unsecured creditors with the same priority share in proportion to the amount of their allowed claim in relationship to the amount of total allowed unsecured claims. Finally, interest holders receive the balance that remains after all creditors are paid, if any.

For the Court to be able to confirm this Plan, the Court must find that all creditors and interest holders who do not accept the Plan will receive at least as much under the Plan as such holders would receive under a Chapter 7 liquidation. The Plan Proponent maintains that this requirement is met here for the following reasons: Creditors will receive at least as much as they would in a Chapter 7 liquidation case.

Below is a demonstration, in balance sheet format, that all creditors and interest holders will receive at least as much under the Plan as such creditor or interest holder would receive under a Chapter 7 liquidation. (See Exhibit A for a detailed explanation of how the following assets are valued. This information is provided by the Debtor.)

ASSETS VALUE AT LIQUIDATION VALUES:	
CURRENT ASSETS	
a. Cash on hand	\$ 0.00
b. Security Deposit with Landlord	\$ 1,800.00
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	\$ 1,800.00
FIXED ASSETS	
a. Household goods, Art & Jewelry	\$ 200.00
b. Automobiles & Trailers	\$ 4,604.00
c. Tools & Equipment	\$ 0.00
d. Building & Land	\$ 0.00
TOTAL FIXED ASSETS	\$ 4,804.00
OTHER ASSETS	
a. 401k through employer	\$ 6,901.44
b. Other intangibles	\$ 0.00
TOTAL OTHER ASSETS	\$ 6,901.44
TOTAL ASSETS AT LIQUIDATION VALUE	\$ 13,505.44
	=====
Less: Secured creditor's recovery	\$ 0.00
Less: Chapter 7 trustee fees and expenses	\$ 70.00
Less: Chapter 11 administrative expenses	\$ 0.00
Less: Priority claims, excluding administrative expense claims	\$ 3,325.53
Less: Debtor's claimed exemptions	\$ 13,505.44
	=====
(1) Balance for unsecured claims	\$ 0.00
(2) Total amt of unsecured claims	\$ 978,690.51

ESTIMATED % OF THEIR CLAIMS WHICH UNSECURED CREDITORS WOULD RECEIVE OR RETAIN IN A CH. 7 LIQUIDATION: = 0.0%
ESTIMATED % OF THEIR CLAIMS WHICH UNSECURED CREDITORS WILL RECEIVE OR RETAIN UNDER THIS PLAN: = 3.7%

^{1/} Note: The deficiency portion of a secured recourse claim must be added to the total amount of unsecured claims.

^{2/} Note: If this percentage is greater than the amount to be paid to the unsecured creditors on a "present value basis" under the Plan, the Plan is not confirmable unless Proponent obtains acceptance by every creditor in the general unsecured class.

Below is a demonstration, in tabular format, that shows all creditors and interest holders will receive at least as much under the Plan as such creditor or holder would receive under a Chapter 7 liquidation.

<u>CLAIMS & CLASSES</u>	<u>PAYOUT PERCENTAGE UNDER THE PLAN</u>	<u>PAYOUT PERCENTAGE IN CHAPTER 7 LIQUIDATION</u>
Class 2 – Priority Claims	100%	0%
Class 3 – Secured Claims	100%	0%
Class 4 – Unsecured Claims	3.7%	0%

C. Feasibility

Another requirement for confirmation involves the feasibility of the Plan, which means that confirmation of the Plan is not likely to be followed by the liquidation, or the need for further financial reorganization, of the Debtor or any successor to the Debtor under the Plan, unless such liquidation or reorganization is proposed in the Plan.

There are at least two important aspects of a feasibility analysis. The first aspect considers whether the Debtor will have enough cash on hand on the Effective Date of the Plan to pay all the claims and expenses which are entitled to be paid on such date. The Plan Proponent maintains that this aspect of feasibility is satisfied as illustrated here:

Cash Debtor will have on hand by Effective Date	<u>\$ 1,000.00</u>
To Pay: Administrative claims	<u>- 0.00</u>
To Pay: Statutory costs & charges	<u>- 0.00</u>
To Pay: Other Plan Payments due on Effective Date	<u>- 0.00</u>
Balance after paying these amounts.....	<u>\$ 1,000.00</u>

The sources of the cash Debtor will have on hand by the Effective Date, as shown above are:

<u>\$ 0.00</u>	Cash in DIP Account now
<u>+ 1,000.00</u>	Additional cash DIP will accumulate from net earnings between now and Effective Date
<u>+ 0.00</u>	Borrowing
<u>+ 0.00</u>	Capital Contributions
<u>+ 0.00</u>	Other
<u>\$ 1,000.00</u>	Total

The second aspect considers whether the Proponent will have enough cash over the life of the Plan to make the required Plan payments.

The Proponent has provided financial statements which include both historical and projected financial information. Please refer to the monthly operating reports and the summary of their income and expenses since the pendency of this case in Exhibit B for the relevant financial statements. YOU ARE ADVISED TO CONSULT WITH YOUR ACCOUNTANT OR FINANCIAL ADVISOR IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS PERTAINING TO THESE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

In summary, the Plan proposes to pay \$859.55 each month. As Debtor's financial projections demonstrate, Debtor anticipates having an average cash flow, after paying operating expenses and post-confirmation taxes, of approximately \$865.00 each month for the life of the Plan. The final Plan payment is expected to be paid in the Winter of 2020. Even though Debtors' averaged a net loss of approximately \$745.00 per month since the case has been filed, the Debtors believe that the new position that Mr. Bond has taken in Charleston as well as budgetary changes will allow them to successfully fund their proposed Chapter 11 Plan.

A significant factor in the increased spending during the pendency of the case is that Mr. Bond has recently taken a new employment position that is located in Charleston, South Carolina. As part of this job transition, the Bonds incurred one-time expenses which were necessary to set up a second living location to accommodate Mr. Bond during the work week. This is especially evident in the June 2016 monthly operating report.

Now that the second residence has been established, expenses should level off which will allow the Debtors to successfully fund their proposed plan. The post-confirmation budget, attached as Exhibit C, lays out the current income since the job change for Mr. Bond as well as the necessary living expenses for the Debtors. The Debtors understand the need to remain within their budget in order to make the necessary proposed payments. Plan Proponents contend that Debtors' financial projections are feasible.

D. NON-COMPLIANCE OF THE ABSOLUTE PRIORITY RULE

NOTICE is hereby given that the proposed plan does not comply with the absolute priority rule of Section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, and absent consent of creditors, the plan may be non-confirmable. Creditors and parties in interest should consider that fact before voting for or against the plan of reorganization.

V.

EFFECT OF CONFIRMATION OF PLAN

A. Discharge

Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §1141(d)(5), in a case in which the Debtors are individuals, Confirmation of the Plan does not discharge any debt provided for in the Plan until the Court grants a discharge on completion of all payments under the Plan. However, §1141(d)(5)(B) provides that at any time after the Confirmation of the Plan, and after notice and a hearing, the Court may grant a discharge to the Debtors before completing all payments under the Plan if (1) the value, as of the

Effective Date of the Plan, of property actually distributed under the Plan on account of each Allowed Unsecured Claim is not less than the amount that would have been paid on such Claim if the estate of the Debtors had been liquidated under Chapter 7 on such date, and (2) modification of the Plan under Section 1127 is not practicable. To determine the amount that would have been paid if the estate of the Debtors had been liquidated under Chapter 7 on the Effective Date of the Plan, please refer to the liquidation analysis contained in the Disclosure Statement.

B. Revesting of Property in the Debtor

Except as provided elsewhere in the Plan, the confirmation of the Plan revests all of the property of the estate in the Debtors.

C. Modification of Plan

The Proponent of the Plan may modify the Plan at any time before confirmation. However, the Court may require a new disclosure statement and/or revoting on the Plan.

The Proponent of the Plan may also seek to modify the Plan at any time after confirmation only if (1) the Plan has not been substantially consummated and (2) the Court authorizes the proposed modifications after notice and a hearing.

D. Post-Confirmation Status Report

The Debtor shall furnish post-confirmation by the 15th of each month to the United States Trustee's office and to any creditors requesting same in writing from the Debtor's counsel. This obligation of the Debtor shall continue until the Final Decree is entered in this matter.

Any creditor may move to re-open this case and request the Court to modify the confirmed Plan under 11U.S.C. §1127(e) or to enforce the provision for post-confirmation quarterly reports. U.S. Trustee fees shall be paid for any quarters that the case is reopened.

E. Quarterly Fees

Quarterly fees accruing under 28 U.S.C. § 1930(a)(6) to date of confirmation shall be paid to the United States Trustee on or before the effective date of the plan. Quarterly fees accruing under 28 U.S.C. § 1930(a)(6) after confirmation shall be paid to the United States Trustee in accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 1930(a)(6) until entry of a final decree, or entry of an order of dismissal or conversion to chapter 7.

F. Post-Confirmation Conversion/Dismissal

A creditor or party in interest may bring a motion to convert or dismiss the case under § 1112(b), after the Plan is confirmed, if there is a default in performing the Plan. If the Court orders, the case converted to Chapter 7 after the Plan is confirmed, then all property that had been property of the Chapter 11 estate, and that has not been disbursed pursuant to the Plan, will revert in the Chapter 7, estate. The automatic stay will be reimposed upon the revested property, but only to the extent that relief from stay was not previously authorized by the Court during this case.

The order confirming the Plan may also be revoked under very limited circumstances. The Court may revoke the order if the order of confirmation was procured by fraud and if the party in interest brings an adversary proceeding to revoke confirmation within 180 days after the entry of the order of confirmation.

G. Final Decree

Once the estate has been fully administered as referred to in Bankruptcy Rule 3022, the Plan Proponent, or other party as the Court shall designate in the Plan Confirmation Order, shall file a motion with the Court to obtain a final decree to close the case.

Date: November 2, 2016

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Steven L. Lefkovitz, No. 5953

STEVEN L. LEFKOVITZ

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VI.

SUPPORTING DECLARATIONS

EXHIBIT A - LIST OF ALL ASSETS

<i>Market Value</i>	<i>Secured Value</i>	<i>Equity</i>	<i>Description</i>
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	Cash on Hand in D.I.P Account
\$1,800.00	\$0.00	\$1,800.00	Security deposit with landlord
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	Household Goods and Furnishings
\$200.00	\$0.00	\$200.00	Books, Art & Jewelry
\$6,901.44	\$0.00	\$6,901.44	401k through employer
\$2,000.00	\$0.00	\$2,000.00	2000 Harley Davidson Ford F150
\$2,604.00	\$0.00	\$2,604.00	2006 Mercury Milan
\$13,505.44	\$0.00	\$13,505.44	Totals
Liquidation Value of Estate			
Net Value of Estate		\$13,505.44	
Less Homestead Exemption		\$0.00	
Less Personal Property Exemption		\$6,604.00	
Less Retirement Account Exemption		\$6,901.44	
Less Trustee Fees & Expenses		\$70.00	
Less Priority Claims		\$3,325.53	
Amount Available for Unsecured Creditors		(\$3,395.53)	

**EXHIBIT B – AVERAGE MONTHLY INCOME AND EXPENSES DURING PENDANCY
OF BANKRUPTCY CASE**

	<i>Nov-15</i>	<i>Dec-15</i>	<i>Jan-16</i>	<i>Feb-16</i>	<i>Mar-16</i>
Income	\$6,721.88	\$10,208.28	\$9,585.18	\$9,654.70	\$9,770.68
Expenses	\$8,165.08	\$9,746.18	\$9,979.79	\$9,033.66	\$9,550.40
Profit	(\$1,443.20)	\$462.10	(\$394.61)	\$621.04	\$220.28
	<i>Apr-16</i>	<i>May-16</i>	<i>Jun-16</i>	<i>Jul-16</i>	
Income	\$10,096.10	\$10,096.1	\$16,346.75	\$9,103.94	
Expenses	\$10,501.19	\$10,897.82	\$13,394.51	\$17,010.26	
Profit	(\$405.09)	(\$801.72)	\$2,952.24	(\$7,906.32)	
			Average		
			\$10,175.96		
			\$10,919.88		
			(\$743.92)		

EXHIBIT C – DEBTORS’ ANTICIPATED POST-CONFIRMATION BUDGET

Fill in this information to identify your case:

Debtor 1 Edwin Gordon Bond, Jr.

Debtor 2 Elizabeth Ann Bond
(Spouse, if filing)

United States Bankruptcy Court for the: EASTERN DISTRICT OF TENNESSEE

Case number 3:15-bk-33362
(if known)

Check if this is:
 An amended filing
 A supplement showing postpetition chapter 13 income as of the following date:

MM / DD / YYYY

Official Form 106I

Schedule I: Your Income

12/15

Be as complete and accurate as possible. If two married people are filing together (Debtor 1 and Debtor 2), both are equally responsible for supplying correct information. If you are married and not filing jointly, and your spouse is living with you, include information about your spouse. If you are separated and your spouse is not filing with you, do not include information about your spouse. If more space is needed, attach a separate sheet to this form. On the top of any additional pages, write your name and case number (if known). Answer every question.

Part 1: Describe Employment

1. Fill in your employment information.		Debtor 1	Debtor 2 or non-filing spouse
If you have more than one job, attach a separate page with information about additional employers.	Employment status	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Employed <input type="checkbox"/> Not employed	<input type="checkbox"/> Employed <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Not employed
	Occupation	<u>Subcontractor</u>	
Include part-time, seasonal, or self-employed work.	Employer's name	<u>BAE Systems</u>	
	Employer's address	<u>175 McQueen Blvd. Summerville, SC</u>	
Occupation may include student or homemaker, if it applies.	How long employed there?	<u>4 months</u>	

Part 2: Give Details About Monthly Income

Estimate monthly income as of the date you file this form. If you have nothing to report for any line, write \$0 in the space. Include your non-filing spouse unless you are separated.

If you or your non-filing spouse have more than one employer, combine the information for all employers for that person on the lines below. If you need more space, attach a separate sheet to this form.

	For Debtor 1	For Debtor 2 or non-filing spouse
2. List monthly gross wages, salary, and commissions (before all payroll deductions). If not paid monthly, calculate what the monthly wage would be.	\$ <u>10,083.33</u>	\$ <u>0.00</u>
3. Estimate and list monthly overtime pay.	+\$ <u>0.00</u>	+\$ <u>0.00</u>
4. Calculate gross income. Add line 2 + line 3.	\$ <u>10,083.33</u>	\$ <u>0.00</u>

Debtor 1 **Edwin Gordon Bond, Jr.**
 Debtor 2 **Elizabeth Ann Bond**

Case number (if known) **3:15-bk-33362**

	For Debtor 1	For Debtor 2 or non-filing spouse
Copy line 4 here _____	4. \$ <u>10,083.33</u>	\$ <u>0.00</u>
5. List all payroll deductions:		
5a. Tax, Medicare, and Social Security deductions	5a. \$ <u>2,130.64</u>	\$ <u>0.00</u>
5b. Mandatory contributions for retirement plans	5b. \$ <u>0.00</u>	\$ <u>0.00</u>
5c. Voluntary contributions for retirement plans	5c. \$ <u>0.00</u>	\$ <u>0.00</u>
5d. Required repayments of retirement fund loans	5d. \$ <u>0.00</u>	\$ <u>0.00</u>
5e. Insurance	5e. \$ <u>1,006.05</u>	\$ <u>0.00</u>
5f. Domestic support obligations	5f. \$ <u>0.00</u>	\$ <u>0.00</u>
5g. Union dues	5g. \$ <u>0.00</u>	\$ <u>0.00</u>
5h. Other deductions. Specify: <u>United Way Club</u>	5h. \$ <u>28.00</u>	\$ <u>0.00</u>
	\$ <u>2.00</u>	\$ <u>0.00</u>
6. Add the payroll deductions. Add lines 5a+5b+5c+5d+5e+5f+5g+5h.	6. \$ <u>3,166.69</u>	\$ <u>0.00</u>
7. Calculate total monthly take-home pay. Subtract line 6 from line 4.	7. \$ <u>6,916.64</u>	\$ <u>0.00</u>
8. List all other income regularly received:		
8a. Net income from rental property and from operating a business, profession, or farm Attach a statement for each property and business showing gross receipts, ordinary and necessary business expenses, and the total monthly net income.	8a. \$ <u>0.00</u>	\$ <u>0.00</u>
8b. Interest and dividends	8b. \$ <u>0.00</u>	\$ <u>0.00</u>
8c. Family support payments that you, a non-filing spouse, or a dependent regularly receive Include alimony, spousal support, child support, maintenance, divorce settlement, and property settlement.	8c. \$ <u>0.00</u>	\$ <u>0.00</u>
8d. Unemployment compensation	8d. \$ <u>0.00</u>	\$ <u>0.00</u>
8e. Social Security	8e. \$ <u>0.00</u>	\$ <u>0.00</u>
8f. Other government assistance that you regularly receive Include cash assistance and the value (if known) of any non-cash assistance that you receive, such as food stamps (benefits under the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program) or housing subsidies. Specify: _____	8f. \$ <u>0.00</u>	\$ <u>0.00</u>
8g. Pension or retirement income	8g. \$ <u>0.00</u>	\$ <u>0.00</u>
8h. Other monthly income. Specify: _____	8h. \$ <u>0.00</u>	\$ <u>0.00</u>
9. Add all other income. Add lines 8a+8b+8c+8d+8e+8f+8g+8h.	9. \$ <u>0.00</u>	\$ <u>0.00</u>
10. Calculate monthly income. Add line 7 + line 9. Add the entries in line 10 for Debtor 1 and Debtor 2 or non-filing spouse.	10. \$ <u>6,916.64</u> + \$ <u>0.00</u> = \$ <u>6,916.64</u>	
11. State all other regular contributions to the expenses that you list in Schedule J. Include contributions from an unmarried partner, members of your household, your dependents, your roommates, and other friends or relatives. Do not include any amounts already included in lines 2-10 or amounts that are not available to pay expenses listed in Schedule J. Specify: _____		11. +\$ <u>0.00</u>
12. Add the amount in the last column of line 10 to the amount in line 11. The result is the combined monthly income. Write that amount on the Summary of Schedules and Statistical Summary of Certain Liabilities and Related Data, if it applies		12. \$ <u>6,916.64</u> Combined monthly income
13. Do you expect an increase or decrease within the year after you file this form? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No. <input type="checkbox"/> Yes. Explain: _____		

Fill in this information to identify your case:

Debtor 1 Edwin Gordon Bond, Jr.

Debtor 2 Elizabeth Ann Bond
(Spouse, if filing)

United States Bankruptcy Court for the: EASTERN DISTRICT OF TENNESSEE

Case number 3:15-bk-33362
(if known)

Check if this is:

An amended filing

A supplement showing postpetition chapter 13 expenses as of the following date:

____/____/____

Official Form 106J

Schedule J: Your Expenses

12/15

Be as complete and accurate as possible. If two married people are filing together, both are equally responsible for supplying correct information. If more space is needed, attach another sheet to this form. On the top of any additional pages, write your name and case number (if known). Answer every question.

Part 1: Describe Your Household

1. Is this a joint case?

- No. Go to line 2.
- Yes. Does Debtor 2 live in a separate household?
- No
- Yes. Debtor 2 must file Official Form 106J-2, *Expenses for Separate Household of Debtor 2*.

2. Do you have dependents? No

Do not list Debtor 1 and Debtor 2. Do not state the dependents names.	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes. Fill out this information for each dependent.....	Dependent's relationship to Debtor 1 or Debtor 2	Dependent's age	Does dependent live with you?
				<input type="checkbox"/> No
				<input type="checkbox"/> Yes
				<input type="checkbox"/> No
				<input type="checkbox"/> Yes
				<input type="checkbox"/> No
				<input type="checkbox"/> Yes
				<input type="checkbox"/> No
				<input type="checkbox"/> Yes

3. Do your expenses include expenses of people other than yourself and your dependents? No Yes

Part 2: Estimate Your Ongoing Monthly Expenses

Estimate your expenses as of your bankruptcy filing date unless you are using this form as a supplement in a Chapter 13 case to report expenses as of a date after the bankruptcy is filed. If this is a supplemental Schedule J, check the box at the top of the form and fill in the applicable date.

Include expenses paid for with non-cash government assistance if you know the value of such assistance and have included it on Schedule I: Your Income (Official Form 106L.)

	Your expenses
4. The rental or home ownership expenses for your residence. Include first mortgage payments and any rent for the ground or lot.	4. \$ <u>2,125.00</u>
If not included in line 4:	
4a. Real estate taxes	4a. \$ <u>0.00</u>
4b. Property, homeowner's, or renter's insurance	4b. \$ <u>0.00</u>
4c. Home maintenance, repair, and upkeep expenses	4c. \$ <u>0.00</u>
4d. Homeowner's association or condominium dues	4d. \$ <u>0.00</u>
5. Additional mortgage payments for your residence, such as home equity loans	5. \$ <u>0.00</u>

Debtor 1 **Edwin Gordon Bond, Jr.**
 Debtor 2 **Elizabeth Ann Bond**

Case number (if known) **3:15-bk-33362**

6. Utilities:		
6a. Electricity, heat, natural gas	6a. \$	460.00
6b. Water, sewer, garbage collection	6b. \$	67.00
6c. Telephone, cell phone, internet, satellite, and cable services	6c. \$	391.00
6d. Other. Specify: _____	6d. \$	0.00
7. Food and housekeeping supplies	7. \$	750.00
8. Childcare and children's education costs	8. \$	0.00
9. Clothing, laundry, and dry cleaning	9. \$	150.00
10. Personal care products and services	10. \$	200.00
11. Medical and dental expenses	11. \$	250.00
12. Transportation. Include gas, maintenance, bus or train fare. Do not include car payments.	12. \$	650.00
13. Entertainment, clubs, recreation, newspapers, magazines, and books	13. \$	0.00
14. Charitable contributions and religious donations	14. \$	600.00
15. Insurance. Do not include insurance deducted from your pay or included in lines 4 or 20.		
15a. Life insurance	15a. \$	0.00
15b. Health insurance	15b. \$	0.00
15c. Vehicle insurance	15c. \$	278.00
15d. Other insurance. Specify: _____	15d. \$	0.00
16. Taxes. Do not include taxes deducted from your pay or included in lines 4 or 20. Specify: _____		
	16. \$	0.00
17. Installment or lease payments:		
17a. Car payments for Vehicle 1	17a. \$	0.00
17b. Car payments for Vehicle 2	17b. \$	0.00
17c. Other. Specify: _____	17c. \$	0.00
17d. Other. Specify: _____	17d. \$	0.00
18. Your payments of alimony, maintenance, and support that you did not report as deducted from your pay on line 5, Schedule I, Your Income (Official Form 106I).		
	18. \$	0.00
19. Other payments you make to support others who do not live with you.		
	19. \$	0.00
20. Other real property expense not included in lines 4 or 5 of this form or on Schedule I: Your Income.		
20a. Mortgages on other property	20a. \$	0.00
20b. Real estate taxes	20b. \$	0.00
20c. Property, homeowner's, or renter's insurance	20c. \$	80.00
20d. Maintenance, repair, and upkeep expenses	20d. \$	50.00
20e. Homeowner's association or condominium dues	20e. \$	0.00
21. Other. Specify: _____	21. +\$	0.00
22. Calculate your monthly expenses		
22a. Add lines 4 through 21.	\$	6,051.00
22b. Copy line 22 (monthly expenses for Debtor 2), if any, from Official Form 106J-2	\$	0.00
22c. Add line 22a and 22b. The result is your monthly expenses.	\$	6,051.00
23. Calculate your monthly net income.		
23a. Copy line 12 (your combined monthly income) from Schedule I.	23a. \$	6,916.64
23b. Copy your monthly expenses from line 22c above.	23b. -\$	6,051.00
23c. Subtract your monthly expenses from your monthly income. The result is your monthly net income.	23c. \$	865.64
24. Do you expect an increase or decrease in your expenses within the year after you file this form? For example, do you expect to finish paying for your car loan within the year or do you expect your mortgage payment to increase or decrease because of a modification to the terms of your mortgage?		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No.		
<input type="checkbox"/> Yes. Explain here: _____		

EXHIBIT D - LIST OF GENERAL UNSECURED CLAIMS

<i>Class</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>Insider</i>	<i>Impaired</i>	<i>Allowed Claim</i>
4	Baltimore Gas and Electric	N	Y	\$683.00
4	Capital One Bank, N.A.	N	Y	\$500.35
4	Care Credit	N	Y	\$1,072.00
4	Comcast	N	Y	\$179.00
4	Dr. William H. Myers	N	Y	\$410.00
4	Eagle Rock Dental	N	Y	\$790.00
4	Family First Medical Center	N	Y	\$238.00
4	Portfolio Recovery Assoc. (JC Penny)	N	Y	\$709.53
4	Knoxville Radiological Group	N	Y	\$148.00
4	Lenoir City Utilities	N	Y	\$198.00
4	Marilyn Rouch	N	Y	\$21,742.00
4	Medical Payment Data	N	Y	\$705.00
4	Napa of Maryland	N	Y	\$195.00
4	Park Medical Ambulatory Care	N	Y	\$20.00
4	Park Medical Ambulatory Care	N	Y	\$20.00
4	Progressive Insurance Co.	N	Y	\$165.00
4	Safeco Insurance	N	Y	\$104.00
4	Quantum3 Group, LLC (Synchrony)	N	Y	\$1,471.08
4	University Anesthesiologists	N	Y	\$93.00
4	University Anesthesiologists	N	Y	\$109.00
4	University of Tennessee Medical	N	Y	\$363.00
4	US Bank	N	Y	\$1,887.00
4	UT Gyn Oncology	N	Y	\$280.69
4	UT Gyn Oncology	N	Y	\$103.78
4	Ventura Emergency Physicians	N	Y	\$705.00
4	Workout Anytime	N	Y	\$165.00
4	US Department of Education	N	Y	\$7,113.03
4	Internal Revenue Service	N	Y	\$938,521.05
Total Amount for Class				\$978,690.51