

**IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT  
FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS  
SHERMAN DIVISION**

<b>IN RE:</b>	§	
	§	
<b>WWLC INVESTMENT, L.P.</b>	§	<b>CASE NO. 17-41913</b>
	§	
<b>DEBTOR</b>	§	<b>(Chapter 11)</b>
	§	

**DEBTOR’S PLAN COMBINED WITH DISCLOSURE STATEMENT**

**I. Introduction**

WWLC Investment, L.P. (hereinafter referred to as the “Debtor”), filed a voluntary petition for reorganization under chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code (the “Bankruptcy Code”) on September 1, 2017.

This *Plan Combined with Disclosure Statement* is provided pursuant to Section 1125 of the Bankruptcy Code to all of the Debtor’s known creditors and other parties in interest in connection with the solicitation of acceptances of the Debtor’s plan of reorganization (the “Plan”). The details of the Plan itself are set out in Section VI of this document. The purpose of the disclosures contained in Sections I through V of this document is to provide you with such information as will enable a hypothetical, reasonable, investor typical of the holders of claims against the Debtor, to make an informed judgment in exercising his, her, or its right either to accept or reject the Plan. In addition to this document, you will be provided with a ballot which you may use to vote your acceptance or rejection of the Plan. That ballot should be completed and returned to the attorneys for the Debtor, so as to be received prior to the deadline stated on the ballot. The notice of the hearing on Confirmation of the Plan will be provided by the Bankruptcy Court. While you are invited to attend the confirmation hearing, you need not be present in order to have your vote counted.

Your acceptance of the Plan is important. In order for the Plan to be deemed “accepted” by the creditors in any given class, at least sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) in amount of allowed Claims and fifty-one percent (51%) in number of allowed Claims voting in that class must accept the Plan. Whether or not you expect to be present at the confirmation hearing, you are urged to fill in, date, sign, and properly mail or email the acceptance form to the attorneys for the Debtor, John Paul Stanford at 2001 Bryan Street, Suite 1800, Dallas, Texas 75201; or email: [jstanford@qslwm.com](mailto:jstanford@qslwm.com). In the event that the requisite acceptances are not obtained, the Plan may nevertheless be confirmed by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to the provisions of Section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code. Those provisions may permit Confirmation in spite of a rejecting class or classes, if the Bankruptcy Court finds that the Plan provides fair and equitable treatment to the rejecting class or classes and meets other tests.

## **II. Voting on the Plan and Objection**

### **A. Who May Vote**

You are entitled to vote on the Plan unless: (1) your claim or interest is Disputed (as defined herein); (2) your class receives no distribution (presumed to reject the Plan); (3) your class is “unimpaired” (presumed to accept the Plan – *See* Section VI (C) to see if your class is impaired or unimpaired); or (4) your claim is unclassified (and thus required by law to be paid in full). If your claim or interest is Disputed then you must file a motion to have it allowed for voting purposes (you must do that soon, so that your motion can be heard before votes are counted. *See* Rule 3018(a) of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure (the “Bankruptcy Rules”).

### **B. How to Vote**

Fill out and return the attached ballot (if you are entitled to vote) **by the deadline** and according to the other instructions in the enclosed order regarding voting and procedures.

### **C. Effect of Vote**

The Plan will be confirmed only if (1) it is accepted by each impaired class, or (2) it is accepted by at least one impaired class (without counting votes of “insiders” as defined by Section 101(31) of the Bankruptcy Code and the Bankruptcy Court determines that the Plan is “fair and equitable” as defined in Section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code to all rejecting classes of creditors; and (3) it meets all of the other legal requirements for confirmation. A class of creditors accepts the Plan if a majority in number and at least two-thirds in dollar amount of the claims in that class are timely voted in favor of the Plan. *See* Section 1126(d) of the Bankruptcy Code.

### **D. Who May Object**

Even if you are not entitled to vote, you can object to confirmation of the Plan if you believe that the requirements for Confirmation are not met (and if you are a party in interest in this bankruptcy case). For the deadlines and procedures to object, see the enclosed order.

## **III. Definitions**

As used throughout this document, the following terms shall have the meaning indicated:

1. “Administrative Claim” means an administrative expense or claim described in Section 503 of the Bankruptcy Code and entitled to administrative priority pursuant to Section 507(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, including, but not limited to, Fee Claims.
2. “Allowed Amount” means the amount of any Allowed Claim.

3. “Allowed Claim” means a Claim against the Debtor allowable under the Bankruptcy Code to the extent that (i) a proof of Claim or request for payment was timely filed or, with leave of the Bankruptcy Court, late filed, and as to which no objection has been timely filed with the Bankruptcy Court or, if filed, is allowed by a Final Order, unless otherwise provided in this Plan or (ii) the Claim is scheduled and not listed as disputed, contingent, or unliquidated, and to which no objection has been timely filed or, if filed, is allowed by a Final Order.

4. “Allowed Unsecured Claims” means all Allowed Claims other than Claims described under Sections 330, 503(b) and 507 of the Code and Allowed Secured Claims.

5. “Assets” means Property of the Estate.

6. “Bankruptcy Code” or “Code” means the United States Bankruptcy Code, Title 11 of the United States Code Section 101 et seq., as amended.

7. “Bankruptcy Court” means the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Eastern District of Texas, or such other court that may have jurisdiction with respect to the reorganization of the Debtor pursuant to Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code.

8. “Bar Date” is January 4, 2018, the deadline established by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 3003(c)(3), after which any proof of claim may not be timely filed, except claims held by governmental agencies.

9. “Business Day” shall mean any day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or one of the legal holidays listed in Bankruptcy Rule 9006(a).

10. “Chapter 5 Claims” means all claims and causes of action arising under Sections 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548 and 549 of the Bankruptcy Code.

11. “Claim” shall have the meaning set forth in Bankruptcy Code Section 101(5).

12. “Class” means any class into which Claims are classified pursuant to Section VI (A) of the Plan. Each subclass of a class shall be treated as a separate class.

13. “Confirmation” means the entry by the Bankruptcy Court of the Confirmation Order.

14. “Confirmation Date” means the date on which the Order confirming this Plan is entered.

15. “Confirmation Hearing” means the hearing or hearings held before the Bankruptcy Court in which the Debtor will seek Confirmation of this Plan.

16. “Confirmation Order” means the Order confirming this Plan.

17. “Contested” when used with respect to a Claim, means a Claim against the Debtor (a) that is listed in the Debtor’s Schedules of Assets and Liabilities as disputed, contingent, or unliquidated; (b) that is listed in the Debtor’s Schedules of Assets and Liabilities as undisputed, liquidated, and not contingent and as to which a proof of Claim has been filed with the Bankruptcy Court, to the extent the proof of Claim amount exceeds the scheduled amount; (c) that is the subject of a pending action in a forum other than the Bankruptcy Court unless such Claim has been determined by Final Order in such other forum and Allowed by Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court; or (d) as to which an objection has been or may be timely filed and has not been denied by Final Order. To the extent an objection relates to the allowance of only a part of a Claim, such Claim shall be a Contested Claim only to the extent of the objection.

18. “Debtor” means WWLC Investment, LP, the Debtor herein.

19. “Disputed Claim” means either (1) a claim which has been objected to by the Debtor; or (2) a claim that is listed on the Debtor’s bankruptcy schedules as “disputed, contingent or unliquidated” and such creditor or interest holder has not filed a proof of claim.

20. “Effective Date” means the fifteenth (15<sup>th</sup>) day after the Confirmation Date.

21. “Fee Claim” means a Claim under Bankruptcy Code Sections 330 or 503 for allowance of compensation and reimbursement of expenses to professionals in the Debtor’s Chapter 11 case.

22. “Final Order” means an Order of judgment, entered by the Bankruptcy Court or other court of competent jurisdiction, that has not been amended, modified or reversed and as to which (i) no stay is in effect, (ii) the time to appeal, petition for certiorari, or mover for reargument or rehearing has expired and as to which no appeal, petition for certiorari, or other proceedings for reargument or rehearing, shall then be pending or (iii) in the event that an appeal, writ of certiorari, reargument or rehearing thereof has been sought, such order shall have been affirmed by the highest court to which such order may be appealed, or certiorari has been denied, and the time to take further appeal, petition for certiorari or move for reargument or rehearing shall have expired.

23. “Impaired” means the treatment of an Allowed Claim or interest pursuant to the Plan unless, with respect to such Claim or interest, either (i) the Plan leaves unaltered the legal, equitable and contractual rights to which such Claim or interest entitles the holder of such Claim or interest, or (ii) notwithstanding any contractual provision or applicable law that entitles the holder of such Claim or interest to demand or receive accelerated payment of such Claim or interest after occurrence of a default, the Debtor (A) cure any default that occurred before or after the commencement of the Chapter 11 Case on the Petition Date, other than default of the kind specified in Section 365(b)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code; (B) reinstates the maturity of such Claim or interest as such maturity existed before such default; (C) compensates the holder of such Claim or interest for any damages incurred as a result of any reasonable reliance by such

holder on such contractual provision or such applicable law; and (D) does not otherwise alter the legal, equitable or contractual rights to which such Claim or Interest entitles the holder of such Claim or interest; or (iii) the Plan provides that on the Effective Date, the holder of such Claim or interest receives, on account of such Claim or interest, cash equal to the Allowed Amount of such Claim or interest.

24. “Lien” means any charge against or interest in property to secure payment of debt or performance of an obligation and includes a judicial lien, security interest, and deed of trust, mortgage and property tax lien.

25. “Order” means an Order of the Bankruptcy Court.

26. “Petition Date” shall mean September 1, 2017, the date on which the Debtor filed their Chapter 11 Petition herein.

27. “Plan” means this Plan of Reorganization, including any amendments, modifications or corrections made thereto pursuant to the Code.

28. “Priority Tax Claim” means a Claim entitled to priority pursuant to Bankruptcy Code Section 507(a)(8).

29. “Property” means any and all associated tangible and intangible personal property owned by the Debtor.

30. “Pro Rata” shall mean with respect to any holder of a Claim, in the same proportion that the amount of such Claim bears to the aggregate amount of all Claims or all Claims of that Class as the case may be.

31. “QSLWM” shall refer to Quilling, Selander, Lownds, Winslett, & Moser, P.C., Debtor’s bankruptcy counsel.

32. “Real Property” shall refer to 2901 W. 15<sup>th</sup> Street, Plano, Texas 75075 in Collin County, Texas which includes a commercial retail building containing 27,280 square feet and parking lot more fully described as Prairie Creek Estates #2, (CPL) Block B, Lot 12B.

33. “Reorganized Debtor” means the Debtor immediately following Confirmation, as reorganized in accordance with the Plan.

34. “Substantial Consummation” means the date on which allowed unsecured priority creditors receive their first payment under the terms of the Plan.

#### **IV. Disclosure Statement**

##### **A. Background of the Debtor**

The Debtor is a limited partnership organized under the laws of the state of Texas. Its general partner is H.P.Z. International, Inc. Wendy Chen is the owner of H.P.Z International, Inc. and its President. The Debtor was created in 2003 and currently owns and operates a building at 2901 W. 15<sup>th</sup> Street, Plano, Texas 75075 in Collin County, Texas which includes a commercial retail building containing 27,280 square feet and parking lot; referred to herein as the Real Property. The Debtor is in the business of renting out space to commercial tenants. As of the Petition Date, the Debtor had two tenants signed to multi-year leases. The Debtor has also conducted business as WLC Investment L.P. The Debtor filed the instant bankruptcy in order to liquidate its assets in an orderly fashion, preserving its full value for the benefit of its creditors.

### **B. Events Leading to Bankruptcy**

The Debtor was a party to an agreement to lease a portion of the Real Property to Sorab Miraki to use for a commercial business. When Mr. Miraki became delinquent under the lease, the Debtor moved to evict him and obtained a Writ of Possession on or about December 17, 2015. Mr. Miraki vacated the premises around that time. Mr. Miraki then proceeded to file a lawsuit styled *Sorab Miraki v. WLC Investment, L.P.*, cause no. 416-04856-2015 in the 416<sup>th</sup> Judicial District Court in Collin County, Texas and obtained a substitute service for the summons of the lawsuit so that it could be served at an address different from the address shown on the lease for the Debtor, and different from the registered agent for the Debtor. The summons and notice of the lawsuit was allegedly served on the Debtor at 5610 East Side Avenue, Dallas, Texas 75214. The Debtor representative was not living at that location at the time of the alleged service. The Debtor has asserted in its pleadings that it never received the summons, nor did anyone at that location see a citation or summons attached to the door. A default judgment was entered in the state court on November 28, 2016. When the Debtor first learned of the lawsuit and the default judgment in May 2017, it filed a petition for a bill of review and a motion for a new trial. The motion for new trial and new hearing was denied. The Debtor has appealed that ruling.

A copy of the Debtor's First Amended Motion for New Trial / Motion for New Hearing containing additional facts is attached hereto as Exhibit 1 and fully incorporated into this Disclosure Statement. Copies of any exhibit referenced in Exhibit 1 are available upon request to counsel for the Debtor.

The bankruptcy petition was filed on September 1, 2017.

### **C. Significant Events Since the filing for Chapter 11**

Since the filing of the Chapter 11 case, the Debtor has operated as a debtor-in-possession pursuant to Sections 1107 and 1108 of the Bankruptcy Code. The Debtor has retained QSLWM as his general bankruptcy counsel. The significant events since the filing of the Debtor's case are:

1. The Debtor retained special counsel to pursue the appeal of the ruling on its First Amended Motion for New Trial / Motion for Rehearing to the Fifth District Court of Appeals in

Dallas [*Docket No. 14*]. The automatic stay has been modified to allow for the appeal to proceed. [*Docket No. 17*]

2. The Debtor has obtained employment of a real estate broker to list and obtain a buyer for the Real Property [*Docket No. 21*]. The Debtor has entered into a listing agreement to offer the Real Property for sale at \$3.2 million.

**D. Assets of the Debtor**

The Debtor's assets can be described as follows:

**1. Real Property.**

The Debtor owns the real property at 2901 W. 15<sup>th</sup> Street, Plano, Texas 75075 in Collin County, Texas which includes a commercial retail building containing 27,280 square feet. The Debtor has valued the property at \$2,983,516.

**2. Accounts Receivable.**

The Debtor has outstanding accounts receivable of \$7,787.56

**3. Cash.**

As of the Petition Date, the Debtor had approximately \$30,000 of cash which included a tenant's security deposit of \$8,947.

**4. Executory Contracts and Leases.**

The Debtor has unexpired leases for space in the Real Property with O'Reily Auto Parts and Windom Investment Farm Inc.

**5. Claims and Causes of Action.**

The Debtor listed the following claims and causes of action on its bankruptcy schedules:

\$317,969.62 for unpaid rent arising under the 60-month lease between Debtor and Sorab Miraki dated April 15, 2013 and amended on February 17, 2015, plus applicable late fees and allowed attorney fees. Amount less rent receivable set forth herein.

**E. Liabilities of the Debtor**

**1. Administrative and Priority Claims:**

The Debtor will be liable for certain administrative and priority claims through the

Confirmation Date including professional fees to QSLWM. The Debtor estimates that the total legal fees for his chapter 11 case will be approximately \$30,000. Additionally, the Debtor owes quarterly fees to the U.S. Trustee.

Before the Debtor pays any of the administrative expenses of Debtor's counsel, the Bankruptcy Court will have determined the reasonableness of such fees and expenses.

## **2. Secured Debt:**

Green Bank holds a first lien on the Real Property and has been scheduled with a secured claim of \$142,862.07. The Debtor also acknowledges the Collin County Tax Assessor as a secured creditor with applicable tax liens on the Real Property.

Following the filing, the Debtor became aware of an Abstract of Judgment filed by Sorab Miraki against WLC Investment, LP in March 2017. The amount asserted by Mr. Miraki is \$1,183,924.95. The claim is disputed.

## **3. Priority Claims:**

The only claim against the Debtor entitled to priority status is a tenant for its security deposit being held by the Debtor in the amount of \$8,947.

## **4. Unsecured Debt:**

The Debtor listed \$1,221,671.95 in general unsecured debt on its bankruptcy schedules; however, of this amount, the Debtor scheduled the Sorab Miraki claim at \$1,183,924.95 and noted that the claim was disputed. Excluding the Miraki claim, the Debtor has approximately \$37,747 of general unsecured creditors.

## **V. Liquidation Analysis**

The Debtor has \$3,339,273 of assets consisting of: Real Property valued at \$2,983,516 and cash on hand of 30,000. Collection of the accounts receivable of \$325,757.02 is unknown. Under the Debtor's Plan, creditors will be paid 100% of their allowed claim which would total no more than \$1,364,534.02 even if all disputed claims are deemed allowed. In a Chapter 7 liquidation, creditors would not realize the full value of the assets since the costs of liquidating the assets and the administrative expenses of Chapter 7 would be paid in full before any distribution is made to creditors. Thus, the Debtor's Plan will pay more to all of its creditors and interest holders, and quicker than could be realized in a liquidation under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. Therefore, the Plan provides for a greater and faster recovery to creditors than does a liquidation under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code.

The Debtor's Plan, contained in this document, proposes to pay the Green Bank and the Collin County Tax Assessor secured claim in full. Moreover, sufficient funds will be



available pay all disputed claims should they be ultimately found to be Allowed Claims. General unsecured creditors will be paid in full.

## **VI. Plan of Reorganization**

### **PLAN SUMMARY**

The Debtor's plan will provide for the orderly sale of the Real Property. The Debtor has employed a real estate broker and has entered into a listing agreement to market the Real Property at a list price of \$3.2 million dollars. All Allowed Claims will be paid promptly following the sale of the Real Property. All Disputed Claims will be paid if, and when, such claims become an Allowed Claim. Upon the sale of the Real Property, an amount sufficient to pay all Disputed Claims will be escrowed with a third-party to be held pending a final order from the court for such claims to be paid. Once all claims have been adjudicated and paid in full, any remaining funds shall be returned to the Debtor.

#### **A. Classification of Claims and Interests**

The claims against the Debtor, excluding Administrative Claims are divided into the following classes:

1. Class 1 Claim. The Class 1 Claim consists of the Allowed Secured Claim of Green Bank in the amount of \$142,862.07.
2. Class 2 Claim. The Class 2 Claim consists of the Allowed Secured Claims of the Taxing Authorities. The only know member of this class is the Collin County Tax Assessor.
3. Class 3 Claims. The Class 3 Claims consist of the Allowed General Unsecured Claims (other than Sorab Miraki) in the approximate amount of \$37,747.
4. Class 4 Claim. The Class 4 Claim consists of the Disputed or Contested Secured Claim of Sorab Miraki in the amount of \$1,183,924.95. Classification of this claim as such is without prejudice to the Debtor objection to both the amount and secured status of the claim.
5. Class 5 Claim. The Class 5 Claim consists of the Equity Interest of the Debtor.

#### **B. Treatment of Administrative Expense Claims, U.S. Trustee Fees, and Priority Claims**

1. Unclassified Claims. In accordance with Section 1123(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, all Claims (except administrative expense claims and priority tax claims) are placed in classes described below for all purposes, including voting on, confirmation of, and distributions under this Plan. Administrative Claims and Allowed Priority Tax Claims have not been classified and put in a class.

2. **Administrative Expense Claims.** Each holder of an administrative expense claim under Section 503 of the Bankruptcy Code will be paid in full on the Effective Date of the Plan, in cash, or upon such other terms as may be agreed upon by the holder of the claim and the Debtor.

3. **Priority Claims.** Any holder of a priority claim will be paid in full in the normal course of business of the Debtor pursuant to any applicable statutory or contractual requirement. The only known claimant in this class is the tenant with a claim to its security deposit subject to the terms of its lease with the Debtor.

4. **United States Trustee Fees.** All fees required to be paid by 28 U.S.C. § 1930(a)(6) (U.S. trustee Fees) will accrue and be timely paid until the case is closed, dismissed, or converted to another chapter of the Bankruptcy Code. Any U.S. Trustee Fee owed on or before the Effective Date of the Plan will be paid on the Effective Date.

**C. Claims and Interests Impaired Under the Plan**

Class 1, 3 and Class 4 Claims are impaired under the Plan, within the meaning of Section 1124 of the Bankruptcy Code. Class 2 and 5 Claims are unimpaired.

**D. Treatment of Administrative Claims**

1. **Administrative Claims in General.** Each holder of an Administrative Claim shall receive either: (i) with respect to Administrative Claims which are Allowed Claims on the Effective Date, the amount of such holder's Allowed Claim in one cash payment, within 10 days after the Effective Date, from the Debtor; (ii) with respect to Administrative Claims which become Allowed Claims after the Effective Date, the amount of such holder's Allowed Claim, in one cash payment from the Debtor within 10 days after such claim becomes an Allowed Administrative Claim; or (iii) such other treatment agreed upon by the Debtor and such holder.

2. **Fee Claims.** Each professional person whose retention with respect to the Debtor's case has been approved by the Bankruptcy Court or who holds, or asserts, an Administrative Claim that is a Fee Claim shall be required to file with the Bankruptcy Court a final fee application within sixty (60) days after the Effective Date and to serve notice thereof on all parties entitled to such notice. The failure to file timely any such application as required shall result in the Fee Claim being forever barred and discharged. A Fee Claim, with respect to which a Fee Application has been properly filed, shall become an Administrative Claim only to the extent allowed by Final Order. Fee Claims shall be paid either: (i) with respect to Fee Claims which are Allowed Claims on the Effective Date, the amount of such holder's Allowed Claim in one cash payment, within 10 days after the Effective Date, from the Debtor; (ii) with respect to Fee Claims which become Allowed Claims after the Effective Date, the amount of such holder's Allowed Claim, in one cash payment from the Debtor within 10 days after such claim becomes an Allowed Fee Claim; or (iii) such other treatment agreed upon by the Debtor and such holder.

3. **Administrative Claims Bar Date.** Any other person or Entity who claims to hold

an Administrative Claim (other than a Fee Claim) shall be required to file with the Bankruptcy Court an application within sixty (60) days after the Effective Date and to serve notice thereof on all parties entitled to such notice. The failure to file timely the application as required under this Section VI(D)(3) of this Plan shall result in the Claim being forever barred and discharged. An Administrative Claim with respect to which an application has been properly filed and to which no timely objection has been filed or an objection has been filed but overruled by the Bankruptcy Court, shall become an Allowed Administrative Claim to the extent such claim is allowed by Final Order.

4. Quarterly Fees. All fees payable under 28 U.S.C. § 1930 shall be paid in full on the Effective Date or as they come due. Quarterly fees shall continue to accrue until the bankruptcy case is closed.

#### **E. Treatment of Claims and Interests Under the Plan**

All Claims and Interests classified under the Plan shall be treated and paid as follows:

1. Class 1 Claim (Green Bank). The Class 1 Claim is impaired and is entitled to vote on the Plan. The claim of Green Bank results from a note and first lien deed of trust, secured by the Real Property. The note has matured. The Debtor shall continue to pay a monthly payment of \$2,481.74 and satisfy all other obligations under this note and first lien deed of trust with Green Bank. The legal, equitable and contractual rights of Green Bank shall remain unchanged with respect to the Real Property. Green Bank shall be paid in full all amounts owed under its note upon the sale of the Real Property. The Class 1 Claimant shall retain its lien on the Real Property until paid in full.

2. Class 2 Claim (Collin County Tax Assessor). The Class 2 Claim is unimpaired and is not entitled to vote on the Plan. The Class 2 Claimant shall be paid in the normal course by the Debtor in accordance with the local statutory requirements for doing so.

3. Class 3 Claims (General Unsecured Claims, Other than Sorab Miraki). Claims in Class 3 (approximately \$37,747) will be paid the total amount upon the sale of the Real Property. Class 3 Claims are Impaired and entitled to vote on the Plan.

4. Class 4 Claim (Disputed Secured Claim of Sorab Miraki). The Class 4 Claim of Sorab Miraki shall be paid in full from the proceeds of the sale of the Real Property once the claim is no longer a Disputed Claim or a Contested Claim and is deemed Allowed by the court and all appeals are final. The Debtor has scheduled the Class 4 Claim as disputed on its bankruptcy schedules. The timing of the payment of the Class 4 Claim shall be controlled by Section H. of the Plan.

5. Class 5 Claim (Equity Interest). The Class 5 Claim shall retain its membership interest in the Debtor. The Class 5 will not be entitled to a distribution until all Administrative Claims and those claims in Class 1-4 have been satisfied pursuant to the terms of the Plan. For purposes of distribution to Class 5, a claim will be deemed satisfied once such claim is either

paid in full or sufficient funds have been escrowed to allow for payment of all Disputed or Contested Claims. The Class 5 Claim is not entitled to vote.

**F. Means for Implementation of the Plan**

The Debtor intends to make the payments required under the Plan from the following sources:

1. Available Cash. The Debtor projects \$30,000 of cash will be available on the date of the Confirmation Hearing including the \$8,947 held as a security deposit for the Debtor's tenant.

2. Sale of the Real Property. The Debtor anticipates that it will be able to sell the Real Property for an amount in excess of all of the claims (both undisputed and disputed) in the case to allow for payment of all claims in full. Any sale of the Real Property will be obtained through a separate motion for an order from the bankruptcy court authorizing the sale. The motion to sell and subsequent order will provide for the satisfaction of all closing costs associated with the sale, including the payment of the applicable realtor's commission. All Allowed Secured Claims shall be paid at closing by the closing agent. Funds in an amount equivalent to all Disputed Claims and Contested Claims, plus 10% of that amount will be deposited into the IOLTA trust account of the Debtor's Special Counsel, The Erikson Firm, A Professional Corporation, to be held pending the final resolution of all Disputed Claims. The firm may seek an order from the bankruptcy court authorizing distribution of the funds. The bankruptcy court may be closed in the interim period between the sale of the Real Property and the ultimate distribution of the funds. In such event, a motion to reopen the case must be filed.

3. Debtor's Current Monthly Income. Until such time as the Debtor is able to consummate a sale of the Real Property, the Debtor will have sufficient funds to pay the operating expenses of the Debtor as well as continue adequate protection payments to Green Bank. The ability of the Debtor to maintain operations is established by the monthly operating reports filed in this case.

**G. Feasibility of the Plan**

The Debtor believes that the Plan is feasible and can be satisfied from sale of the Real Property.

**H. Provisions Regarding Distributions and Objections to Claims**

1. No Distribution Pending Allowance or Estimation of Claims. No payments or distributions shall be made with respect to all or any portion of a Contested Claim of Disputed Claim unless and until such Claim becomes an Allowed Claim or Allowed Interest, as determined by Final Order. No holder of a Claim shall be entitled to any payment under the Plan if such holder has retained property of the estate.

2. **Objections to Claims.** Any party authorized by the Bankruptcy Code may object to the allowance of prepetition Claims at any time prior to sixty (60) days after the Effective Date or, as to Claims based upon the Debtor rejection pursuant to this Plan of an executory contract or unexpired lease, at any time prior to thirty (30) days after the filing of any such rejection Claim. All Contested Claims shall be litigated to Final Order; *provided, however*, that the Reorganized Debtor may compromise and settle any Contested Claim, subject to the approval of the Bankruptcy Court. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a person who is found to have received a voidable transfer shall have thirty (30) days following the date upon which the order ruling that such transfer is avoidable becomes a Final Order in which to file a Claim in the amount of such avoided transfer.

3. **Suspension of payments on Disputed Claims.** If any Claim has been objected to within the time required, the Debtor shall segregate and set aside, from the funds on hand for distribution to the claimant's class, funds sufficient to satisfy the payment otherwise due on the Claim according to the provisions of the Plan. In the event that the claim objection is overruled or a dispute is resolved favorably to the party asserting the Claim, then the funds shall be paid to the creditor in accordance with applicable class provisions. In the event that the disputed Claim is disallowed, the funds segregated in deference to the Claim shall be disbursed to other parties in interest, according to the applicable provisions of the Plan.

#### **I. Executory Contracts**

1. **Assumption of Unexpired Leases.** The Debtor is a party to two unexpired leases as a landlord. All unexpired leases which have not previously been assumed or rejected will be deemed to be assumed by the Debtor on the Effective Date.

#### **J. Default**

No default in the performance of this Plan shall automatically result in the termination of the Plan or constitute a revocation of the Order Confirming the Plan. In the event that any party in interest believes that the Debtor is in default of any requirement of this Plan, such party or its attorney shall provide written notice of such claimed default to the Debtor and his counsel prior to filing a motion with the Bankruptcy Court regarding the alleged noncompliance with the terms of the Plan, or to otherwise seek Bankruptcy Court enforcement of the terms of this Plan.

#### **X. Reservation of Claims**

1. **Reservation of Claims and Causes of Action.** Any and all claims, causes of action, cross claims, or counterclaims held or assertable by the Debtor, including but not limited to: (i) any claim or cause of action under a policy of liability insurance or otherwise; (ii) the Avoidance Actions; and (iii) any and all claims, causes of action, counterclaims, demands, controversies, against third parties on account of costs, debts, sums of money, accounts, reckonings, bonds, bills, damages, obligations, liabilities, objections, and executions of any nature, type, or description which the Debtor has or may come to have, including, but not limited to, negligence, gross negligence, usury, fraud, deceit, misrepresentation, conspiracy,

unconscionability, duress, economic duress, defamation, control, interference with contractual and business relationships, conflicts of interest, misuse of insider information, concealment, disclosure, secrecy, misuse of collateral, wrongful release of collateral, failure to inspect, environmental due diligence, negligent loan processing and administration, wrongful setoff, violations of statutes and regulations of governmental entities, instrumentalities and agencies (both civil and criminal), racketeering activities, securities and antitrust violations, tying arrangements, deceptive trade practices, breach or abuse of fiduciary duty, breach of any alleged special relationship, course of conduct or dealing, obligation of fair dealing, obligation of good faith, whether or not in connection with or related to this Plan, at law or in equity, in contract or in tort, or otherwise, known or unknown, suspected or unsuspected, are hereby preserved and retained for enforcement by the Debtor as of the Confirmation Date. It is the intent of the Debtor that this reservation of claims shall be as broad as permitted by applicable law and shall include all claims, whether or not disclosed in the Debtor's schedules.

2. Return of Fraudulent Transfers. Any creditor determined to have received a transfer that is voidable pursuant to Sections 544, 547, 548, 549, and/or 550 of the Bankruptcy Code or any other applicable law shall be required to remit to the Debtor the determined amount of the avoided transfer prior to receiving any distribution.

#### **XI. Effect of Confirmation, Discharge, Releases and Injunction**

1. Vesting of Property. On the Effective Date of the Plan all property of the Estate shall vest in the reorganized Debtor pursuant to Sections 1141(b) and (c) of the Bankruptcy Code, free and clear of all claims and interests except as otherwise provided in this Plan. This Plan will evidence the release of any and all Liens or encumbrances against all property dealt with by the Plan, unless such Lien or encumbrance is specifically retained in the Plan.

2. Plan Creates New Obligations. Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, (1) the payment terms promised in the Plan constitute new contractual obligations that replace any payment terms that existed prior to the Effective Date, and (2) all rights obligation other than those new payment terms continue to apply.

3. Legal Binding Effect. The provisions of this Plan shall: (i) bind all holders of Claims and interests, whether or not they accept this Plan; and (ii) except with respect to Allowed Claims, discharge the Debtor from all Claims, claims, debts, and liabilities, including without limitation, any Claims, claims, debts, and liabilities of a kind specified in Sections 502(g), 502(h), or 502(i) of the Bankruptcy Code, that arose, or have been asserted against, the Debtor at any time before the entry of the Confirmation Order or that arise from any pre-Confirmation conduct of the Debtor whether or not the Claims, claims, debts, and liabilities are known or knowable by the Claimant.

4. Satisfaction of Claims and Interests. Except as otherwise provided by the Plan, the consideration distributed under the Plan shall be in complete satisfaction of all Claims of any Creditor, including Claims arising prior to the Effective Date.

5. Injunction or Stay. Except as otherwise expressly provided in the Plan, so long as the Debtor complies with the provisions of the Plan and no default has occurred under this Plan, the automatic stay of Section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code shall remain in full force and effect and all persons or entities who have held, hold or may hold Claims against the Debtor along with their respective present and former employees, agents, officers, directors, principals and affiliates, are stayed and enjoined under Sections 105 and 362 of the Bankruptcy Code, from and after the Effective Date, from taking any of the following actions against the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, the Bankruptcy Estate, or any of their Property, with respect to such Claim (other than actions brought to enforce any rights or obligations under the Plan).

## **XII. Miscellaneous Provisions**

1. Request for Relief Under Section 1129(b) (Cramdown). In the event any Impaired Class of Claims or Interests shall fail to accept this Plan in accordance with Section 1129(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, the Debtor requests that the Bankruptcy Court confirm this Plan in accordance with the provisions of Section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.

2. Prepayment. Any claim may be prepaid at any time, without penalty.

3. Tax Issues. The federal income tax effects on holders of claims will vary depending on how the holder has treated its claim for tax purposes. For example, if the holder has a basis in its debt claim and is paid an amount less than its basis, the holder may be entitled to a federal income tax deduction for its loss. This will depend on the holder's own tax characteristics and cannot be assured. Conversely, if the holder has no basis in its debt claim, the holder may recognize income for federal income tax purposes based on payments under the plan. Because each holder's federal income tax situation may vary, you are urged to consult your own tax advisors to determine the federal income tax effect of the plan on you.

4. Headings. All headings utilized in this Plan are for convenience and reference only, and shall not constitute a part of this Plan for any other purpose.

5. Due Authorization. Each and every Claimant who elects to participate in the distributions provided for herein warrants that such Claimant is authorized to accept, in consideration of such Claim against the Debtor, the distributions provided for in this Plan and that there are not outstanding commitments, agreements, or understandings, express or implied, that may or can in any way defeat or modify the rights conveyed or obligations undertaken by such Claimant under this Plan.

6. Further Assurances and Authorizations. The Debtor shall seek such orders, judgments, injunctions, and rulings that may be required to carry out further the intentions and purposes, and to give full effect to the provisions of, this Plan.

7. Applicable Law. Except to the extent that the Bankruptcy Code or other federal law is applicable, the rights, duties, and obligations arising under this Plan shall be governed by and construed and enforced in accordance with the internal laws of the State of Texas without

reference to the laws of other jurisdictions.

8. No Interest. Except as expressly stated in this Plan, or allowed by the Bankruptcy Court, no interest, penalty, or late charge is to be Allowed on any Claim subsequent to the Petition Date.

9. Post-Confirmation Actions. After Confirmation, the Reorganized Debtor may, with the approval of the Bankruptcy Court, and so long as it does not materially or adversely affect the interests of the Creditors, remedy any defect or omission, or reconcile any inconsistencies in the Plan or in the Confirmation Order, in such manner as may be necessary to carry out the purposes and effect of the Plan.

10. Notices of Default. Notwithstanding anything contained herein to the contrary, no Claimant shall have the right to exercise any rights under the Plan until the Debtor fails to cure any default within 14 days of receipt of written notice of such default to the Debtor and the undersigned counsel.

11. Notices. All notices, requests, elections, or demands in connection with the Plan shall be in writing and shall be deemed to have been given when received or, if mailed, 5 days after the date of mailing provided such writing shall have been sent by registered or certified mail, postage prepaid, return receipt requested.

12. Payment Dates. Whenever any payment or distribution to be made under the Plan shall be due on a day other than a Business Day, such payment or distribution shall instead be made, without interest, on the next Business Day, except as may be provided in negotiable instruments requiring such payments.

13. DeMinimis Distribution. No single distribution payment of less than \$5.00 shall be required to be made to any holder of an Allowed Claim. Rather, any such de-minimis distribution amount shall be held by the Debtor, added to the amount of the next distribution, and remitted to the holder of the Allowed Claim upon reaching a total greater than \$5.00.

### **XIII. Modification of the Plan**

1. Prior to Confirmation. The Debtor may modify this Plan at any time prior to Confirmation, provided the modification complies with the requirements of Sections 1122, 1123 and 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code. Upon the filing of any such modifications with the Bankruptcy Court, the Plan, as modified, becomes the Plan.

2. After Confirmation. The Debtor may modify the Plan at any time after Confirmation, upon compliance with Section 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code. The Debtor or his attorney shall provide notice of any such proposed modification to all creditors and other parties in interest in these Chapter 11 proceedings. If, in the opinion of the Bankruptcy Court, the modification does not materially and adversely affect the interest of the creditors, the Bankruptcy Court may modify the Plan without notice to creditors, or may modify the Plan upon notice only



to those creditors that the Bankruptcy Court deems to be materially and adversely affected.

**XIV. Retention of Jurisdiction**

The Bankruptcy Court shall retain jurisdiction over this Chapter 11 case after Confirmation of the Plan to the fullest extent provided for, or allowed, under the Bankruptcy Code and other applicable law. Specifically, but not by way of limitation, the Bankruptcy Court shall retain jurisdiction for the following purposes:

- (a) to consider and effect any modification of this Plan under Section 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code;
- (b) to hear and determine all controversies, suits and disputes that arise in connection with the interpretation, implementation, effectuation, consummation or enforcement of this Plan;
- (c) to hear and determine all requests for compensation and/or reimbursement of expenses for the period commencing on the Petition Date through the Confirmation Date;
- (d) to hear and determine all objections to Claims and Interests, and to determine the appropriate classification of any Claim or Interest, and other controversies, suits and disputes that may be pending at or initiated after the Confirmation Date, except as provided in the Confirmation Order;
- (e) to hear and determine all causes of action;
- (f) to consider and act on such other matters consistent with this Plan as may be provided in the Confirmation Order;
- (g) to make such orders as are necessary and appropriate to carry out and implement the provisions of this Plan; including to effect the further assurances provided in this Plan;
- (h) to approve the reasonableness of any payments made or to be made, within the meaning of Section 1129(a)(4) of the Bankruptcy Code;
- (i) to exercise the jurisdiction granted pursuant to Sections 505(a) and (b) of the Bankruptcy Code to determine any and all federal, state, Commonwealth, local and foreign tax liabilities of, and any and all refunds of such taxes paid by the Debtor;
- (j) to hear and determine any issues or matters in connection with any property not timely claimed as provided in this Plan; and

- (k) to determine any and all motions, applications, adversary proceedings and contested matters whether pending in the Case as of the Effective Date or brought subsequently by the Debtor.

Nothing contained herein shall be construed so as to limit the rights of the Debtor to commence or prosecute any claim in any court of competent jurisdiction.

DATED this 4<sup>th</sup> day of January, 2018.

WWLC Investment, LP

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
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