

**IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE**

In re:

ULTIMATE ESCAPES HOLDINGS, LLC,
et al.,¹

Debtors.

Chapter 11

Case No. 10-12915 (BLS)
(Jointly Administered)

**DISCLOSURE STATEMENT WITH RESPECT TO CHAPTER 11 LIQUIDATING
PLAN PROPOSED BY DEBTORS AND DEBTORS IN POSSESSION**

June 29, 2011

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¹ A list of the Debtors in these Chapter 11 Cases, along with the last four digits of each Debtor's federal tax identification number, is attached to the Plan as **Exhibit 1**.

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TABLE OF EXHIBITS

Exhibit A	Chapter 11 Liquidating Plan Proposed by the Debtors and Debtors in Possession
Exhibit B	Liquidating Trust Agreement
Exhibit C	Wind-Down Budget
Exhibit D	List of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases to be Assumed

DISCLOSURE STATEMENT WITH RESPECT TO CHAPTER 11 LIQUIDATING PLAN PROPOSED BY THE DEBTORS AND DEBTORS IN POSSESSION

I. INTRODUCTION

Ultimate Escapes Holdings, LLC and its subsidiaries and Affiliates (collectively, the “**Debtors**” or “**Ultimate Escapes**”) submit this disclosure statement (the “**Disclosure Statement**”)² pursuant to section 1125 of the Bankruptcy Code, for use in the solicitation of votes on the Chapter 11 Liquidating Plan Proposed by the Debtors and Debtors in Possession (the “**Plan**”), dated as of June 29, 2011 and Filed with the Bankruptcy Court. A copy of the Plan is annexed as **Exhibit A** to this Disclosure Statement.

This Disclosure Statement sets forth certain information regarding the Debtors’ prepetition operating and financial history, the need to seek protection under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code, significant events that have occurred during these Chapter 11 Cases, the sale of the Debtors’ Assets and the anticipated liquidation of the Debtors’ Remaining Assets. This Disclosure Statement also describes terms and provisions of the Plan, certain effects of confirmation of the Plan, and the manner in which Distributions will be made under the Plan. In addition, this Disclosure Statement discusses the confirmation process and the voting procedures that Holders of Claims entitled to vote under the Plan must follow for their votes to be counted. Unless otherwise noted herein, all dollar amounts provided in this Disclosure Statement and in the Plan are given in United States dollars.

FOR A DESCRIPTION OF THE PLAN AND VARIOUS RISKS AND OTHER FACTORS PERTAINING TO THE PLAN AS IT RELATES TO CLAIMS AGAINST AND INTERESTS IN THE DEBTORS, PLEASE SEE ARTICLES VIII AND IX.

THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT CONTAINS SUMMARIES OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE PLAN, CERTAIN DOCUMENTS RELATED TO THE PLAN, CERTAIN EVENTS IN THE CHAPTER 11 CASES AND CERTAIN FINANCIAL INFORMATION. ALTHOUGH THE DEBTORS BELIEVE THAT SUCH SUMMARIES ARE FAIR AND ACCURATE, SUCH SUMMARIES ARE QUALIFIED IN THEIR ENTIRETY BY REFERENCE TO THE FULL TEXT OF SUCH DOCUMENTS. FACTUAL INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT HAS BEEN PROVIDED BY THE DEBTORS’ MANAGEMENT, EXCEPT WHERE OTHERWISE SPECIFICALLY NOTED. THE DEBTORS DO NOT WARRANT OR REPRESENT THAT THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN, INCLUDING THE FINANCIAL INFORMATION, IS WITHOUT ANY MATERIAL INACCURACY OR OMISSION.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION AND INSTRUCTION ON VOTING TO ACCEPT OR REJECT THE PLAN, SEE ARTICLE XII OF THE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT, ENTITLED “THE SOLICITATION AND VOTING PROCEDURE.”

A. CapitalSource Settlement

A cornerstone of the Plan is the implementation of the CapitalSource Settlement, which is a settlement between the Debtors, CapitalSource, and each of their respective Affiliates. The CapitalSource Settlement has been incorporated into the Plan, under which the final \$300,000 of financing approved under the Final DIP Order shall be funded on the Effective Date and apply to satisfy Allowed

² Capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed to such terms in the Plan.

Administrative Claims, including any Deferred Professional Compensation Claim and proceeds from any Avoidance Actions shall apply in the following priorities and amounts:

(1) First, two million three hundred thousand dollars (\$2,300,000) in Avoidance Action Proceeds shall be paid to CapitalSource on account of and in full satisfaction, settlement, release, extinguishment and discharge of its Allowed Class 2 Postpetition Secured Lender Claims against the Debtors and the Debtors' respective Estates.

(2) Second, up to the next five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) of Avoidance Action Proceeds shall be distributed to the Professionals with respect to any Allowed Deferred Professional Compensation Claims that remain unpaid on the Effective Date. The amount of Avoidance Action Proceeds to be distributed to pay such Allowed Deferred Professional Compensation Claims shall be equal to the difference between \$500,000 and the amount of Allowed Deferred Professional Compensation Claims not able to be otherwise paid from the Debtors' Estates on the Effective Date. Any portion of such \$500,000 that is not applied to the payment of Allowed Deferred Professional Compensation Claims shall be available for Distribution to the Holders of Allowed Class 5 Unsecured Claims in accordance with Section 9.06 of the Plan.

(3) Third, the next one million dollars (\$1,000,000) of Avoidance Action Proceeds shall be allocated as follows: (i) eighty percent (80%) to CapitalSource on account of its Allowed Lender Unsecured Deficiency Claims; and (ii) twenty percent (20%) to Allowed Class 5 Unsecured Claims.

(4) Fourth, the next one million (\$1,000,000) dollars of Avoidance Action Proceeds shall be allocated as follows: (i) sixty-five percent (65%) to CapitalSource on account of its Allowed Lender Unsecured Deficiency Claims; and (ii) thirty-five percent (35%) to Allowed Class 5 Unsecured Claims.

(5) Fifth, the next one million (\$1,000,000) dollars of Avoidance Action Proceeds shall be allocated as follows: (i) forty percent (40%) to CapitalSource on account of its Allowed Lender Unsecured Deficiency Claims; and (ii) sixty percent (60%) to Allowed Class 5 Unsecured Claims.

(6) Sixth, the balance of such Avoidance Action Proceeds shall be allocated as follows: (i) fifteen percent (15%) to CapitalSource on account of its Allowed Lender Unsecured Deficiency Claims; and (ii) eighty-five percent (85%) to Allowed Class 5 Unsecured Claims. In the event that Avoidance Action Proceeds result in the payment in full of CapitalSource's Allowed Lender Unsecured Deficiency Claims (including all accrued and unpaid interest thereon), any remaining Avoidance Action Proceeds shall be paid to Allowed Class 5 Unsecured Claims.

As discussed more fully below, the Debtors believe that the CapitalSource Settlement is fair and equitable and in the best interests of the Debtors' respective Estates and Creditors. The CapitalSource Settlement permits the Debtors to propose the Plan with the support of CapitalSource and allows the Debtors to avoid potentially expensive litigation over sharply contested Claims, the outcome of which is uncertain. The Debtors believe that the CapitalSource Settlement incorporated into the Plan falls within the reasonable range of litigation possibilities.

II. PLAN VOTING INSTRUCTIONS AND PROCEDURES

A. Definitions

Except as otherwise provided herein, capitalized terms not otherwise defined in this Disclosure Statement have the meanings ascribed to them in the Plan.

B. Notice to Holders of Claims and Interests

This Disclosure Statement will be transmitted to Holders of Claims that are entitled under the Bankruptcy Code to vote on the Plan. The purpose of this Disclosure Statement is to provide adequate information to enable such Claimholders to make a reasonably informed decision with respect to the Plan prior to exercising their right to vote to accept or reject the Plan. A discussion and listing of those Holders of Claims that are entitled to vote on the Plan and those Holders of Claims and Interests that are not entitled to vote on the Plan are provided herein.

By order entered on June __, 2011, the Bankruptcy Court approved this Disclosure Statement as containing information of a kind and in sufficient and adequate detail to enable Holders of Claims that are entitled to vote on the Plan to make an informed judgment with respect to acceptance or rejection of the Plan. **THE BANKRUPTCY COURT'S APPROVAL OF THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT DOES NOT CONSTITUTE EITHER A GUARANTY OF THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN OR AN ENDORSEMENT OF THE PLAN BY THE BANKRUPTCY COURT.**

ALL HOLDERS OF CLAIMS AGAINST AND INTERESTS IN THE DEBTORS ARE ENCOURAGED TO READ THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND ITS APPENDICES CAREFULLY AND IN THEIR ENTIRETY BEFORE DECIDING TO VOTE EITHER TO ACCEPT OR TO REJECT THE PLAN. This Disclosure Statement contains important information about the Plan, considerations pertinent to acceptance or rejection of the Plan, and developments concerning the Chapter 11 Cases.

THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND THE OTHER MATERIALS INCLUDED IN THE SOLICITATION PACKAGE ARE THE ONLY DOCUMENTS AUTHORIZED BY THE BANKRUPTCY COURT TO BE USED IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOLICITATION OF VOTES ON THE PLAN. No solicitation of votes may be made except after distribution of this Disclosure Statement, and no Person has been authorized to distribute any information concerning the Debtors or the Plan other than the information contained herein.

CERTAIN OF THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IS BY ITS NATURE FORWARD LOOKING AND CONTAINS ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS THAT MAY BE MATERIALLY DIFFERENT FROM ACTUAL, FUTURE RESULTS. Except as otherwise specifically and expressly stated herein, this Disclosure Statement does not reflect any events that may occur subsequent to the date hereof and that may have a material impact on the information contained in this Disclosure Statement. The Debtors do not anticipate that any amendments or supplements to this Disclosure Statement will be distributed to reflect such occurrences. Accordingly, the delivery of this Disclosure Statement shall not under any circumstance imply that the information herein is correct or complete as of any time subsequent to the date hereof.

THE FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN HAS NOT BEEN AUDITED BY A CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM AND HAS NOT BEEN PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES.

DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

C. Holders of Claims Entitled to Vote

Pursuant to the provisions of the Bankruptcy Code, only holders of allowed claims or equity interests in classes of claims or equity interests that are impaired *and* that are in a class that will receive a distribution under a proposed chapter 11 plan are entitled to vote to accept or reject a proposed chapter 11 plan. Classes of claims or equity interests in which the holders of claims or equity interests are unimpaired under a chapter 11 plan are deemed to have accepted the plan and are not entitled to vote to accept or reject the plan. Classes of claims or interests that receive no distribution on account of their claims or interests are deemed to have rejected the plan and are not entitled to vote to accept or reject the plan.

The Bankruptcy Code defines “acceptance” of a plan by a class of claims as acceptance by creditors in that class that hold at least two-thirds in dollar amount and more than one-half in number of the claims that cast ballots for acceptance or rejection of the plan. For a more detailed description of the requirements for confirmation of the Plan, see Article X.B of this Disclosure Statement.

Section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code permits the confirmation of a plan notwithstanding the non-acceptance of a plan by one or more impaired classes of claims or interests. Under that section, a plan may be confirmed by a bankruptcy court if it does not “discriminate unfairly” and is “fair and equitable” with respect to each non-accepting class. For a more detailed description of the requirements for confirmation of a non-consensual plan, see Article X.E of this Disclosure Statement entitled, “Confirmation Without Acceptance of All Impaired Classes: The ‘Cramdown’ Alternative.”

D. Solicitation Package

Accompanying this Disclosure Statement, among other things, are copies of: (1) the Plan (**Exhibit A** hereto); (2) the notice of, among other things, the time for submitting Ballots to accept or reject the Plan, the date, time and place of the hearing to consider the confirmation of the Plan and related matters (the “**Confirmation Hearing**”), and the time for Filing Objections to the confirmation of the Plan (the “**Confirmation Hearing Notice**”); and (3) if you are entitled to vote, one or more Ballots (and return envelopes) to be used by you in voting to accept or to reject the Plan.

E. Voting Procedures, Ballots and Voting Deadline

After carefully reviewing the Plan, this Disclosure Statement, and (if you are entitled to vote) the detailed instructions accompanying your Ballot, please indicate your acceptance or rejection of the Plan by checking the appropriate box on the enclosed Ballot. Please complete and sign your original Ballot (copies will not be accepted) and return it in the envelope provided. You must provide all of the information requested by the appropriate Ballot(s). Failure to do so may result in the disqualification of your vote on such Ballot(s).

The Plan does not contemplate or provide for the substantive consolidation of the Debtors’ estates following the Effective Date, but all Claims shall be deemed Filed against the consolidated Debtors and shall be deemed one Claim against or obligation of the Debtors as if they were consolidated and such Claimholders shall receive one Distribution from the Debtors’ Estates in accordance with the provisions of the Plan. A more detailed description of the non-substantive consolidation of the Debtors’ Estates can be found in Section VIII.D below. Each Ballot has been coded to reflect the Class of Claims it represents. Accordingly, in voting to accept or reject the Plan, you must use only the coded Ballot or Ballots sent to you with this Disclosure Statement.

IN ORDER FOR YOUR VOTE TO BE COUNTED, YOUR BALLOT MUST BE PROPERLY COMPLETED AS SET FORTH ABOVE AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE VOTING INSTRUCTIONS ON THE BALLOT AND RECEIVED BY THE DEBTORS NO LATER THAN [REDACTED] AT 4:00 P.M. (PREVAILING CENTRAL TIME) (the “**Voting Deadline**”) AT:

By regular US mail:

BMC Group, Inc.
Attn: Ultimate Escapes Holdings LLC Ballot Processing
PO Box 3020
Chanhassen, MN 55317-3020

By Messenger or overnight courier:

BMC Group, Inc.
Attn: Ultimate Escapes Holdings LLC Ballot Processing
18750 Lake Drive East
Chanhassen, MN 55317

BALLOTS RECEIVED AFTER THE VOTING DEADLINE WILL NOT BE COUNTED. BALLOTS SHOULD NOT BE DELIVERED DIRECTLY TO THE BANKRUPTCY COURT.

F. Confirmation Hearing and Deadline for Objections to Confirmation

Pursuant to section 1128 of the Bankruptcy Code and Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 3017(c), the Confirmation Hearing will be held on [REDACTED], 2011] at [REDACTED] a.m. (prevailing Eastern Time) before the Honorable Brendan L. Shannon, United States Bankruptcy Judge, at the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware, 824 North Market Street, 6th Floor, Courtroom No. 1, Wilmington, Delaware 19801. The Confirmation Hearing may be adjourned from time to time by the Bankruptcy Court without further notice except for the announcement of the adjournment date made at the Confirmation Hearing, at any subsequent adjourned Confirmation Hearing or the Notices of Agenda thereof. The Bankruptcy Court has directed that Objections, if any, to confirmation of the Plan be Filed with the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court and served so that they are ACTUALLY RECEIVED on or before [REDACTED], 2011], at [REDACTED] p.m. (prevailing Eastern Time) (the “**Confirmation Objection Deadline**”) by the following parties:

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III. HISTORY AND OPERATIONS OF THE DEBTORS

A. The Debtors

The Debtors constitute the debtor entities in these Chapter 11 Cases. A list of the Debtors and their respective case numbers is attached to the Plan as **Exhibit 1**. By order of the Bankruptcy Court, the Debtors' Chapter 11 Cases were procedurally consolidated for administrative purposes.

B. Description of the Business

Ultimate Escapes was a luxury destination club that provided individuals, families and corporate members with flexible access to a portfolio of spectacular multi-million-dollar vacation residences in resort and metropolitan locations throughout the U.S., the Caribbean, Mexico and Europe. Destination clubs are designed to offer their members an attractive alternative to vacation home ownership and timeshare purchases. As of the Petition Date, in addition to flexible access to a portfolio of 119 luxury club residences in 45 global destinations, club members were offered access to hotel properties and world-class resorts, pre-trip planning advice and on-site concierge services. With multiple club offerings and various club membership levels, the Debtors had wide market appeal in the destination club industry.

Through a variety of club memberships, including, *Elite Club*TM, *Signature Club*TM and *Premiere Club*TM, the Debtors offered approximately 1,247 club members exclusive access to their family of luxury properties. The Elite Club targeted properties which were approximately \$3 million in value, the Signature Club targeted properties which were approximately \$2 million in value and the Premiere Club targeted properties which were approximately \$1 million in value. As of the Petition Date, the Debtors had approximately 463 Elite Club members, 564 Signature Club members and 220 Premiere Club members.

The Debtors' target market of club members included approximately 6.7 million "millionaires" in the United States with assets of at least \$1 million and approximately 840,000 "pentamillionaires" in the United States with assets of at least \$5 million. Club members gained access to the Debtors' portfolio of properties by joining and paying a one-time, membership fee (similar to a golf club membership) currently ranging from \$70,000 to \$450,000, depending on the club level and membership usage plan. Club members also paid annual dues currently ranging from \$8,000 to \$49,000 per year, again based on the corresponding club level and membership usage plan. In addition to annual dues, additional revenues were derived from upgrades, additional use fees and reciprocity fees from third party operations. The Debtors received approximately \$15.5 million in annual dues from members during 2010. The Debtors had not anticipated billing for or receiving any annual dues after September 30, 2010.

IV. PREPETITION CAPITAL STRUCTURE OF THE DEBTORS

A. Secured Loans

On or about April 30, 2007, the Debtors entered into a Loan and Security Agreement (the "**Loan Agreement**")³ with CapitalSource Finance LLC, CapitalSource Bahamas LLC, and the lenders from time to time party thereto (collectively, the "**First Lien Lender**"), which provided for both a revolving loan (discussed below) and a term loan (since repaid) (the "**First Lien Debt**"). The Loan Agreement was amended on October 15, 2007, and was further amended on February 14, 2008. The First Lien Debt was collateralized by substantially all of the Debtors' Assets and was guaranteed by Ultimate Resort. The loan was not collateralized by certain properties acquired in the transaction with Private Escapes (as defined below), which were owned by non-Debtor Affiliates and subject to mortgages in favor of parties other than CapitalSource. The Loan Agreement, as subsequently amended, provided for borrowings up to a defined borrowing base amount based on the appraised value of the Debtors' properties. Interest was payable monthly at the three-month LIBOR plus 5%, with a floor of 8.75% per annum. No principal payments were due until maturity on April 30, 2011.

On July 10, 2009, as a result of the Debtors' failure to meet certain covenants under the Loan Agreement, the Debtors received a notice of default from CapitalSource. In connection with a proposed reorganization and business combination, the Debtors received a waiver from CapitalSource and on September 15, 2009, the Debtors entered into an Amended and Restated Loan Agreement with CapitalSource (as amended, the "**New Loan Agreement**"). The New Loan Agreement restated the previous Loan Agreement and provided the Debtors with borrowings up to the lesser of a defined maximum amount or a defined borrowing base. The New Loan Agreement provided that the Debtors could borrow the lesser of \$95,093,000 or 75% of the appraised value of all owned properties encumbered by a mortgage in favor of CapitalSource. The maturity date under the New Loan Agreement is April 30, 2011 with a provision to extend the maturity date for two additional one-year periods, provided that the Debtors were not in default on the initial maturity date and pay an extension fee. The Debtors became in

³ While the majority of the Debtors are borrowers under the Loan Agreement, some of the Debtors have only signed the Loan Agreement as guarantors.

default under the New Loan Agreement, and CapitalSource began funding on a discretionary basis based on a budget provided by the Debtors.

Except for certain payments required on the sale of a mortgaged property, no principal payments were due until maturity on April 30, 2011. However, the Debtors were required to make certain loan amortization payments of \$17,800,000 by December 31, 2010, with the remaining balance due on April 30, 2011 if the Debtors did not elect an extension. As of the Petition Date, the principal outstanding under the New Loan Agreement was approximately \$92,828,640.83.

B. Second Lien Loan

On April 30, 2007, Ultimate Escapes issued a \$10,000,000 note payable to JDI Ultimate L.L.C. (“**JDI**”), a non-debtor affiliated company of the Debtors. Interest is payable quarterly at 5% per annum, and no principal payments are due until maturity on April 30, 2017. There is accrued interest outstanding on this note. The note, which is subordinate to the First Lien Debt, is collateralized by a second security interest in certain real property. JDI subsequently assigned the note to Ultimate Resort Holdings (as defined below) on October 28, 2009.

C. Mortgage and Other Loans

In addition, the Debtors have ten (10) loans that have recently matured or will mature within the next twelve (12) months. The current portion of these loans is approximately \$4,500,000. The loans are collateralized by various properties and bear interest rates ranging from 6% to 15%. The notes mature at various dates through August 31, 2011. For those notes that have matured, the Debtors are in negotiations to renew. The Debtors also have nine (9) long term loans with an outstanding balance of \$6,700,000. These loans are collateralized by various properties and bear interest rates ranging from 3.375% to 13.5%. These notes mature at various dates ranging from August 2011 through January 2038.

D. Receivables Financing Loan

On June 3, 2010, Debtors Ultimate Escapes Holdings, LLC, Ultimate Escapes Signature Club, LLC, Ultimate Escapes Premiere Club, LLC and Ultimate Escapes Elite Club, LLC entered into a Receivables Purchase Agreement with Monterey Financial Services, Inc. Profit Sharing Plan and Trust (“**Monterey**”) under which the Debtors sold an undivided interest in \$2,000,000 of current and future membership dues for \$1,700,000. Repayments commenced on June 15, 2010 and as of June 30, 2010, the remaining amount outstanding is approximately \$50,000.

V. CORPORATE STRUCTURE OF THE DEBTORS

Ultimate Escapes was founded in 2004, as Ultimate Resort, LLC (“**Ultimate Resort**”) by James Tousignant, the former President and Chief Executive Officer of the Debtors, to address the emerging and underserved segment of the luxury shared-use market. From its inception, Ultimate Resort grew rapidly to become one of the largest players in the destination club industry. Believing that achieving “critical mass” (viewed as at least 800 to 1,000 club members) was a key component to operating a successful destination club business model, Ultimate Resort expanded rapidly over the last few years through organic growth and strategic acquisitions.

In May 2007, Ultimate Resort Holdings, LLC (“**Ultimate Resort Holdings**”) acquired all of the assets and business of its parent company, Ultimate Resort, and purchased approximately \$105 million in real estate assets in federal bankruptcy court as a result of the 2006 bankruptcy of Tanner & Haley. In February 2008, additional real estate assets were purchased for \$12 million from Ventures Equity

Vacation Club. As a result of these acquisitions, 645 new club membership agreements were signed with previous Tanner & Haley club members and 19 new club membership agreements were signed with previous club members of Ventures Equity Vacation Club.

In May 2008, Ultimate Resort Holdings signed a cooperative marketing agreement and a definitive contribution agreement to acquire certain assets and assume certain liabilities of Private Escapes Destination Clubs (“**Private Escapes**”), including properties valued at approximately \$50 million at the time, located in 28 beach, mountain, golf and metropolitan destinations throughout the world.⁴ On September 15, 2009, Ultimate Resort Holdings contributed all of its assets and liabilities to Ultimate Escapes, and completed the acquisition of certain Private Escapes’ assets and liabilities.

On October 29, 2009, a blank check company, Ultimate Escapes, Inc. (“**UEI**”)⁵ completed a reverse merger business combination with Ultimate Escapes. Although Ultimate Escapes was legally acquired by UEI, the business combination was accounted for as a reverse merger whereby Ultimate Escapes is the continuing Entity for financial reporting purposes and is deemed, for accounting purposes, to have acquired UEI.

As of the Petition Date, the Debtors served more than 1,200 club members offering members access to hundreds of luxury beach, mountain golf, metropolitan and leisure club properties in world-class resorts and destinations throughout the world.

VI. EVENTS LEADING TO COMMENCEMENT OF THE CHAPTER 11 CASES

The Debtors experienced a substantial decrease in new membership sales and existing member upgrades throughout 2009 and 2010. In addition, over the last few years there has been a substantial decline in the value of luxury real estate. As a result of these factors, the Debtors defaulted on the New Loan Agreement in May 2010. The initial default under the New Loan Agreement was cured, but the Debtors defaulted on the New Loan Agreement again in early June of 2010, as a result of the failure to make the May interest payment. The Debtors and CapitalSource negotiated and agreed to the terms of a forbearance agreement in mid-August (the “**Forbearance Agreement**”), which expired on September 10, 2010. Since August 2010, the Debtors faced severe liquidity constraints. The Debtors attempted to locate other sources of capital to continue to support their business but were unsuccessful in finding any capital.

CapitalSource only funded the business on a discretionary basis, and the Debtors were unable to generate significant revenues or sell excess properties in their portfolio to provide sufficient funds to sustain operations. Together, these events resulted in a substantial reduction in the Debtors’ liquidity position and ultimately, their revenues, which, in turn, constrained the Debtors’ ability to conduct business and made them less competitive in the destination club industry.

Although the Debtors undertook certain activities designed to improve their operations, such as selling properties in their portfolio, they were not able to generate sufficient cash flow to meet their obligations under the New Loan Agreement and operate their business. Exacerbating the Debtors’ liquidity woes and decreased revenue were the unique financial difficulties currently faced by companies in the destination club industry.

⁴ Private Escapes was founded by Richard Keith, who, prior to the Petition Date, served as Chairman of Ultimate Escapes since October 2009.

⁵ The blank check company was formed on May 14, 2007 and was originally known as Fortress America Acquisition Corporation II. On August 6, 2007, Fortress America Acquisition Corporation II changed its name to Secure America Acquisition Corporation and on October 29, 2009, its name was changed to Ultimate Escapes, Inc.

As part of the continued efforts by the Debtors to restructure their business, on August 16, 2010, the Debtors retained Sheon Karol of CRG Partners Group, LLC (“CRG”) as Chief Restructuring Officer (“CRO”). The Debtors, CRG and the First Lien Lender attempted to restructure the Debtors’ business. In addition, the Debtors continued in their efforts to pursue a transaction for the sale of substantially all of the Debtors’ Assets.

Because of the lack of liquidity, the Debtors sought the protection under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code to preserve the going concern value of the Debtors and pursue strategic alternatives. The Debtors believed that chapter 11 protection was the only alternative that would allow the Debtors to sell substantially all of their Assets to maximize value for all of the Debtors’ constituents. In addition to the Debtors’ portfolio of properties, the Debtors believed that their member lists and related member data were important and valuable Assets.

VII. CHAPTER 11 CASES

Below is a general summary of the Debtors’ Chapter 11 Cases. A complete copy of the court docket of the Chapter 11 Cases can be found at: www.bmcgroup.com/ultimatescapes.

A. Continuation of Business; Stay of Litigation

On the Petition Date, the Debtors Filed voluntary petitions for relief under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code. Since the Petition Date, the Debtors have continued to operate as debtors in possession subject to the supervision of the Bankruptcy Court and in accordance with the Bankruptcy Code pursuant to sections 1107(a) and 1108 thereof. Under the Bankruptcy Code, the Debtors are authorized to operate their business in the ordinary course of business, with transactions outside of the ordinary course of business requiring Bankruptcy Court approval.

An immediate effect of the Filing of the Debtors’ bankruptcy petitions was the imposition of the automatic stay under the Bankruptcy Code which, with limited exceptions, enjoined the commencement or continuation of all collection efforts by Creditors, the enforcement of liens against property of the Debtors, and the continuation of litigation against the Debtors. This relief provided the Debtors with the “breathing room” necessary to assess their business and determine how to maximize the value of their Estates. The automatic stay remains in effect, unless modified by the Bankruptcy Court, until consummation of a plan of reorganization or liquidation.

B. First Day Orders

At the first day hearing held in these Chapter 11 Cases, the Debtors Filed numerous motions seeking immediate relief. The Bankruptcy Court entered numerous “first day orders.” First day orders are intended to facilitate the transition between a debtor’s prepetition and postpetition business operations by approving certain regular business practices that may not be specifically authorized under the Bankruptcy Code or as to which the Bankruptcy Code requires prior approval by the Bankruptcy Court. Many of the first day orders obtained in these Chapter 11 Cases are typical for large chapter 11 cases.

C. Debtor-in-possession Financing and Use of Cash Collateral

CapitalSource is the postpetition lender to the Debtors under various financing orders entered by the Bankruptcy Court. On October 8, 2010, the Bankruptcy Court entered the *Final Order (I) Authorizing (A) Secured Post-Petition Financing Pursuant 11 U.S.C. §§ 105, 361, 362, and 364(c) and (d); and (B) Granting Security Interests, Superpriority Claims and Adequate Protection, and (C) Use of Cash Collateral* [Docket No. 132] (the “**Final DIP Order**”). On October 25, 2010, the Bankruptcy Court

entered the *Supplemental Order (I) Authorizing (A) Secured Post-Petition Financing Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 105, 361, and 364(c) and (d); and (B) Granting Security Interests, Superpriority Claims and Adequate Protection; and (C) Use of Cash Collateral* [Docket No. 393] (the “**Supplemental DIP Order**”). On December 1, 2010, the Bankruptcy Court entered the *Second Supplemental Order (I) Authorizing (A) Secured Post-Petition Financing Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 105, 361, and 364(c) and (d); and (B) Granting Security Interests, Superpriority Claims and Adequate Protection; and (C) Use of Cash Collateral* [Docket No. 473] (the “**Second Supplemental DIP Order**,” and together with the Final DIP Order and the Supplemental DIP Order, the “**DIP Orders**”).

Pursuant to the DIP Orders, CapitalSource’s postpetition financing is secured by a lien on the property of the Debtors. CapitalSource has also asserted that it holds a Secured Claim against any recovery that is obtained from directors/officers, whether or not funded by D&O insurance, and (ii) that the postpetition DIP funds totaling approximately \$2.0 million were not subject to the Credit Bid and as such, CapitalSource is entitled to approximately a \$2.0 million Administrative Claim against the Estates for that funding. CapitalSource has also taken the position that its Credit Bid of \$52,703,363 for substantially all of the Remaining Assets of the Debtors only applied to funds advanced to the Debtors pursuant to the Final DIP Order. As discussed more fully below, the Committee has disputed these claims.

D. Appointment of the Committee

On September 30, 2010, the Office of the United States Trustee (the “**U.S. Trustee**”) appointed the Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors (the “**Committee**”). No trustee or examiner has been appointed in any of the Debtors’ Chapter 11 Cases.

As initially constituted, the members of the Committee included: Trump International Hotel & Tower (“**Trump**”), Strauss Zelnick, Clive Buckley, World Hotels, Creg McDonald, Marcus W. Acheson, and George Rose. Trump has since resigned from the Committee.

On September 30, 2010, notice was provided that the Committee would be represented by Gordon & Rees LLP and Polsinelli Shughart PC, and retain FTI Consulting, Inc. as financial advisor. Subsequently, Polsinelli Shughart PC has assumed lead counsel responsibility, and Gordon & Rees LLP has withdrawn as counsel to the Committee.

E. Other Material Relief Obtained During the Chapter 11 Cases

In addition to the first day relief sought in these Chapter 11 Cases, the Debtors have sought authority with respect to a multitude of matters designed to assist in the administration of the Chapter 11 Cases and to maximize the value of the Debtors’ Estates, including the retention of various Professionals. A complete docket of the pleadings Filed in the Chapter 11 Cases can be found at: www.bmcgroup.com/ultimatescapes.

F. Schedules and Statements of Financial Affairs

On October 16, 2010, each of the Debtors, pursuant to section 521 of the Bankruptcy Code and Rule 1007(b) of the Bankruptcy Rules, Filed their respective Schedules of Assets and Liabilities, Schedules of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases, and Statements of Financial Affairs (collectively, the “**Schedules**”) with the Bankruptcy Court. Among other things, the Schedules set forth the Claims of known Creditors against the Debtors as of the Petition Date based upon the Debtors’ books and records.

G. The Prepetition Marketing Efforts

Before the Filing of these Chapter 11 Cases, on August 16, 2010, the Debtors engaged CRG as their restructuring advisor. Shortly thereafter, CRG initiated marketing of the Debtors' Assets for sale as a going concern and began soliciting potential buyers (including those potentially interested parties with whom the Debtors had been in discussions). CRG engaged a third party firm, Digital Strategies Group Inc., to research commercial databases and public data sources for strategic and financial entities most likely to purchase the Assets. The research was supplemented with CRG's proprietary database of potential financial buyers interested in investing in companies in similar industries and/or situations as the Debtors.

Prior to the Petition Date, CRG provided approximately 400 potential buyers with information detailing the operations and finances of the Debtors. CRG forwarded thirty-five (35) nondisclosure agreements to interested parties. Twenty-three (23) of those potential buyers executed non-disclosure agreements, all of which then engaged in discussions with CRG and/or the Debtors regarding the general parameters of a sale of substantially all of the Debtors' Assets. CRG followed up with all interested buyers, provided due diligence information as requested, answered questions about the Debtors and the sale process and encouraged all parties to move quickly and efficiently to the extent they wished to proceed. In all cases, CRG representatives encouraged qualified buyers to meet with the Debtors' management to obtain a better understanding of the business and going forward opportunity.

1. The Bid Procedures

On September 21, 2010, the Debtors Filed their *Motion, Pursuant to Sections 105(a), 363(b) and 365 of the Bankruptcy Code, Bankruptcy Rules 2002, 6004, 6006 and 9014, and Local Rules 2002-1 and 6004-1, Requesting Entry of Order* (the "**Bid Procedures Order**"): (A) *Approving Bid Procedures a Relating to Sale of the Debtors' Assets*; (B) *Scheduling a Hearing to Consider the Sale*; (C) *Approving the Form and Manner of Notice of Sale by Auction*; (D) *Establishing Procedures for Noticing and Determining Cure Amounts*; and (E) *Granting Related Relief* and their *Motion, Pursuant to Sections 105(a), 363(b) and 365 of the Bankruptcy Code, Bankruptcy Rules 2002, 6004, 6006 and 9014, and Local Rules 2002-1 and 6004-1, Requesting Entry of Order (A) Approving Asset Purchase Agreement and Authorizing the Sale of Substantially All of the Debtors' Assets Outside the Ordinary Course of Business; (B) Authorizing the Sale of Assets Free and Clear of All Liens, Claims, Interests and Encumbrances; and (C) Granting Related Relief* [Docket Nos. 8 and 14, respectively]. On October 8, 2010, the Bankruptcy Court entered the Bid Procedures Order.

2. The Auction

On October 18, 2010, pursuant to the Bid Procedures Order, the Debtors commenced an auction for the sale of substantially all of the Debtors' Assets. Upon the conclusion of the auction, the Debtors selected Laurence Development LP ("**Laurence**") as the successful bidder to purchase certain Assets for a purchase price of approximately \$14,305,670 in Cash. The Debtors selected The McFadden Family Trust as the successful bidder to purchase one parcel of property for a purchase price of approximately \$1,915,988 in Cash. The Debtors selected Dean Factor as the successful bidder to purchase one parcel of property for a purchase price of approximately \$1,796,242 in Cash. CapitalSource submitted a Credit Bid of \$52,703,363 for substantially all of the Remaining Assets of the Debtors. CapitalSource also remained the Back-Up Bidder (as defined in the Bid Procedures Order) under the terms of its stalking horse bid to the extent that any of the aforementioned sales did not close.

3. Bankruptcy Court Approval of Successful Bidders

On October 20, 2010, the Bankruptcy Court conducted a sale hearing and preliminarily approved the above-referenced sales. On October 25, 2010, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order approving the sale (the “**Initial Asset Sales**”) of substantially all of the Debtors’ respective Assets to (a) CapitalSource; (b) Laurence; and (c) certain individuals [Docket No. 396].

On November 9, 2010, the Debtors Filed a motion seeking Court authorization to take actions to facilitate the proposed sale contemplated by the Laurence (the “**Expedited Travel Motion**”) [Docket No. 430]. Specifically, the Debtors sought in the Expedited Travel Motion an order allowing the Debtors to permit existing Ultimate Escapes members (who agreed to become members of clubs operated by Demeure (as defined below) and provided committed funds as a part of their new memberships) to use Ultimate Escapes properties prior to the previously-anticipated closing date of the sale of Assets contemplated by the asset purchase agreement with Laurence as part of the Initial Asset Sales (the “**Laurence APA**”).

Subsequent to the Filing of the Expedited Travel Motion, the Debtors, Laurence and CapitalSource entered into negotiations regarding certain modifications to the transactions contemplated by the relevant asset purchase agreements under the Initial Asset Sales (collectively, the “**APAs**”). The foregoing negotiations resulted in, among other things, an agreement by Laurence to waive certain closing conditions set forth in the Laurence APA and proceed with the purchase of substantially all of the Assets contemplated to be purchased thereunder. In return for such agreement, the Debtors and CapitalSource agreed to, among other things, allow Laurence and its affiliated vacation club operator, Demeure Operating Company, Ltd. (“**Demeure**”), to book vacations for members of the Debtors for travel between the date of the order approving the Expedited Travel Motion and December 31, 2010 at certain properties of the Debtors.

On November 23, 2010, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order with respect to the Expedited Travel Motion, which authorized the Debtors to enter into revisions to the APAs which, among other things, authorized members of the Debtors to use properties of the Debtors until the earlier of December 31, 2010 or the date any such property is sold to a third party [Docket No. 462].

4. Closing of the Initial Asset Sales

The sales to the individuals in connection with the Initial Asset Sales closed in November 2010. Certain Initial Asset Sales to Laurence closed on November 23, 2010. Several closings in connection with the Initial Asset Sales to CapitalSource occurred on or before December 20, 2010.

5. Closing of the Subsequent Asset Sales

The Debtors, through non-debtor subsidiary companies, sold certain real estate holdings upon the approval of the Bankruptcy Court. A property in Belize known as “Belizean Dreams” was sold on March 11, 2011, and a property located in the Dominican Republic, known as “Villa Kary” was sold on May 6, 2011. Both of these sales resulted in positive net proceeds to the Estates.

H. Potential Claims and Causes of Action

The Bankruptcy Code preserves the Debtors’ rights to prosecute claims and causes of action that exist outside of bankruptcy, and also empowers the Debtors to prosecute certain claims that are established by the Bankruptcy Code, including claims to, *inter alia*, avoid and recover preferential transfers and fraudulent conveyances (collectively, the “**Causes of Action**”). As described in Article

VIII.D below, the Plan preserves all of the Debtors' rights in respect of all Causes of Action, transfers the Debtors' rights in respect of such Causes of Action to the Liquidating Trust, and empowers the Liquidating Trustee on behalf of the Plan's beneficiaries to investigate, prosecute, collect, and/or settle the Causes of Action as deemed appropriate.

To date, the Debtors have identified certain Causes of Action that will be transferred to the Liquidating Trust pursuant to the terms of the Plan. The retention and preservation of these Causes of Action, as well as any other Causes of Action that may be discovered, and their prosecution and liquidation by the Liquidating Trust, are an integral part of the Plan.

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, all Causes of Action, known or unknown, that the respective Debtors and the Debtors' Estates may hold against any Person or Entity shall, on the Effective Date, automatically vest in the Liquidating Trust, free and clear of liens, Claims, encumbrances and Interests. The Liquidating Trustee, on behalf of the Liquidating Trust and subject to the terms of the Liquidating Trust Agreement, shall have the exclusive right, authority, and discretion to institute, prosecute, abandon, settle, or compromise any and all such Causes of Action without the consent or approval of any third party and without any further order of the Bankruptcy Court, except as otherwise provided herein or in the Liquidating Trust Agreement. From and after the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee, in accordance with section 1123(b)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code, and on behalf of the Liquidating Trust, shall serve as the representative of the Debtors' Estates and shall retain and possess the sole and exclusive right to commence, pursue, settle, compromise or abandon, as appropriate, any and all Causes of Action, whether arising before or after the Petition Date, in any court or other tribunal. On the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee shall be automatically substituted for the Committee, as plaintiff in any litigation involving the Committee.

The Causes of Action generally fall into the following categories:

1. Preference Actions:

The Debtors have identified in their Schedules certain transfers made within the periods applicable under section 547 of the Bankruptcy Code. All preference actions under section 547 will be retained by the Liquidating Trust and may be pursued by the Liquidating Trust in its sole discretion.

2. Potential Directors & Officers Liability Actions:

With a view towards possible pursuit by the Liquidating Trust, the Committee, in consultation with the Debtors, is currently analyzing potential Causes of Action against former officers and directors, including James M. Tousignant, former CEO of Ultimate Escapes. The Liquidating Trust may initiate litigation against former officers and directors, including Mr. Tousignant for the following Causes of Action, among others:

- i. On or about August 6, 2010, Mr. Tousignant, entered into and executed an agreement (the "**Club Holdings Agreement**") with Club Holdings, LLC ("**Club Holdings**") without the authority and approval of Ultimate Escapes' Board of Directors. The Club Holdings Agreement, arguably, gives Club Holdings the right to contact Ultimate Escapes' members for purposes of soliciting them to join their club, based on certain confidential information which Ultimate Escapes had previously provided to Club Holdings pursuant to a non-disclosure agreement. In addition, CapitalSource has a security interest in certain Ultimate Escapes' membership agreements, and, as a result, Mr. Tousignant's unauthorized execution of the Club Holdings Agreement may

have impaired Capital Source's collateral. Notably, as a result of his unauthorized execution of the Club Holdings Agreement, Mr. Tousignant was terminated from his position as CEO of Ultimate Escapes. Given this information, the Committee has reason to believe that Claims may be made against Ultimate Escapes and certain of its officers or directors. Such Claims may include lawsuits or Claims by or on behalf of club members, Creditors, public shareholders or others alleging a variety of Causes of Action stemming from the execution of the Club Holdings Agreement. In addition, given the circumstances surrounding Mr. Tousignant's separation from the company, it is possible that Ultimate Escapes, including certain officers and directors, may face employment practices-related Claims.

- ii. On or about August 23, 2010, Ultimate Escapes transferred a \$56,169.32 mortgage interest in one of its club properties to Mr. Richard Keith, a former corporate officer, in exchange for payment by Mr. Keith of corporate debt. This conveyance could give rise to a Claim for improper preference or fraudulent transfer, or an action for breach of fiduciary duty.
- iii. During the twenty-four months prior to the Petition Date, Ultimate Escapes sold numerous club properties for prices below appraised value. Those sales could give rise to Claims for improper preference or fraudulent transfer, or actions for breach of fiduciary duty.
- iv. For a period leading up to the Petition Date, Ultimate Escapes operated while insolvent or in a "zone of insolvency." Certain Claims may result from transactions occurring during this period. The Committee and the Debtors have received correspondence from various club members complaining that the company accepted payment of annual membership dues while insolvent.
- v. On October 29, 2009, Ultimate Escapes completed a business combination pursuant to a Contribution Agreement, dated September 2, 2009, by and among Ultimate Escapes, Ultimate Escapes Holdings, LLC ("**Ultimate Escapes Holdings**"), Ultimate Resort Holdings and Mr. Tousignant, in his capacity as the representative of the Holders of issued and outstanding ownership units of Ultimate Escapes Holdings and Ultimate Resort Holdings, as amended pursuant to Amendment No. 1 dated as of October 28, 2009 (the "**Contribution Agreement**"). The purpose of the Contribution Agreement was to effect a business combination between the destination club that previously operated as Ultimate Resort and the destination club that previously operated as Private Escapes. The transactions under the Contribution Agreement could give rise to Claims for improper preference or fraudulent transfer, or actions for breach of fiduciary duty.
- vi. Due to a lack of available funding, certain subsidiaries and Affiliates of Ultimate Escapes did not File for chapter 11 protection. Claims may exist for breach of duty (or similar actions) against Ultimate Escapes or its directors and officers related to the continued operation of the entities outside of an insolvency proceeding.
- vii. Ultimate Escapes and/or its Board of Directors may face Claims stemming from a Redemption Conversion Program undertaken in or about October 2009

(the “**Redemption Program**”). Specifically, in an effort to garner support for a transaction between Ultimate Escapes and Secure America Acquisition Corporation (“**SAAC**”), Ultimate Escapes offered the Redemption Program, whereby its members could convert the “redemption amount” owed to them by Ultimate Escapes to shares of SAAC, provided that the members first purchase a like amount of Ultimate Escapes’ stock at a pre-determined price. While numerous Club members chose to participate in the Redemption Program, ultimately, SAAC stock was never certified or registered pursuant to the program documents, and the price of Ultimate Escapes’ stock dropped dramatically from the purchase price under the program. The circumstances surrounding the Redemption Program may give rise to a variety of Causes of Action.

The Debtors have a directors and officers’ insurance policy issued by Chartis with an aggregate policy limitation of \$10,000,000 that could potentially be available for these Causes of Action. However, the Debtors and the Committee have not yet concluded an investigation into these potential Causes of Action, nor the potential recoveries on such Causes of Action. This policy, and any proceeds thereof, will be transferred to the Liquidating Trust by the Plan.

3. Other Possible Causes of Action

In addition to the Causes of Action listed above, the Debtors hereby reserve the rights of the Liquidating Trust and the Liquidating Trustee, on behalf of the Liquidating Trust, to pursue, administer, settle, litigate, enforce and liquidate:

- i. Any other Causes of Action, whether legal, equitable or statutory in nature;
- ii. Any and all actions arising under or actionable pursuant to the Bankruptcy Code, including, without limitation, sections 544, 545, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 553(b) and/or 724(a) of the Bankruptcy Code; and
- iii. Any other Causes of Action that currently exist or may subsequently arise and which have not been otherwise set forth above, because the facts upon which such Causes of Action are based are not currently or fully known by the Debtors or the Committee (collectively, the “**Unknown Causes of Action**”). The failure to list or describe any Unknown Cause of Action above is not intended to limit the rights of the Liquidating Trustee, on behalf of the Liquidating Trust, to pursue any such Unknown Cause of Action.

Unless Causes of Action against a Person or Entity are expressly waived, relinquished, released, compromised or settled in the Plan, or any Final Order, the Debtors (before the Effective Date) and the Liquidating Trustee, on behalf of the Liquidating Trust (post-Effective Date), expressly reserve all Causes of Action (including the Unknown Causes of Action) for later adjudication and therefore, no preclusion doctrine or other rule of law, including, without limitation, the doctrines of *res judicata*, collateral estoppel, issue preclusion, claim preclusion, estoppel (judicial, equitable or otherwise) or laches, shall apply to such Causes of Action upon, after, or as a result of the confirmation or Effective Date of the Plan, or the Confirmation Order. In addition, the Debtors and the Liquidating Trustee, on behalf of the Liquidating Trust, and any successors in interest thereto, expressly reserve the right to pursue or adopt any Causes of Action not so waived, relinquished, released, compromised or settled that are alleged in any lawsuit in which the Debtors are a defendant or an interested party, against any Person or Entity, including, without limitation, the plaintiffs and co-defendants in such lawsuits.

I. The Committee's Investigation of Potential Claims and Causes of Action

1. Potential Claims Against CapitalSource

As discussed more fully above, a conflict currently exists between the Committee and CapitalSource regarding (i) CapitalSource's assertion that pursuant to the Prepetition Loan Agreement the obligations of the Debtors to CapitalSource under the Prepetition Loan Agreement include a first priority security interest in the recovery of Claims against Debtors' directors and officers regardless of whether such recovery is covered by insurance. CapitalSource also asserts that the proceeds of any recovery under Debtors' directors/officers insurance policy (the "**D&O Policy**") first be applied to satisfy the Debtors' obligations under the Prepetition Loan Agreement before anything may be paid to satisfy the Unsecured Claims. Finally, CapitalSource asserts that the monies advanced pursuant to the DIP Orders (totaling approximately \$1.6 million) were not subject to the Credit Bid as set forth in the Final DIP Order and, as such, CapitalSource is entitled to the monies advanced pursuant to the Supplemental DIP Order and the Second Supplemental DIP Order as an Administrative Claim.

(a) THE COMMITTEE'S CLAIMS WITH RESPECT TO THE DEBTORS' D&O POLICY

The Committee asserts that the Prepetition Loan Agreement fails to specifically reflect a lien against any recovery on Claims against officers/directors, including insurance proceeds recovered from the directors' and officers' Claims. The Committee also asserts that proceeds from the applicable D&O Policy could never have been included in the pledge to CapitalSource and that CapitalSource does not have a lien on such proceeds, because proceeds from such D&O Policy were never property that had a right to, title to or interest in. The Committee claims that the D&O Policy is designed to protect the insureds against damages which the insureds must pay out on account of the insureds' own actions.

(b) POSTPETITION DIP FUNDS ARE SUBJECT TO THE CREDIT BID

The Committee also asserts that CapitalSource was required to credit-bid funds advanced under the Supplemental DIP Order and Second Supplemental DIP Order in connection with the Initial Asset Sales. The Committee also claims that the definition of "remaining DIP Indebtedness" under the Final DIP Order is ambiguous and, accordingly, must be construed against CapitalSource.

2. Settlement with CapitalSource

Since the commencement of the Chapter 11 Cases, the Debtors and their counsel have been negotiating extensively with counsel for the Committee and counsel for CapitalSource to resolve concerns about potential Claims and Causes of Action and the structure of the Plan. Accordingly, pursuant to sections 363, 365, 1123(a)(5) and 1123(b)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rule 9019, the Plan incorporates, and is expressly conditioned upon the approval and effectiveness of the CapitalSource Settlement. The CapitalSource Settlement is incorporated into the Plan by reference as if fully set forth therein and, subject to the occurrence of the Effective Date, represents a full, final and complete compromise, settlement, and release of the issues in dispute among the Debtors and CapitalSource, including, among other issues, resolution of all CapitalSource Related Causes of Action.

The Debtors believe that the CapitalSource Settlement is fair and equitable and in the best interests of the Debtors' respective Estates and Creditors. The CapitalSource Settlement assures that Unsecured Creditors will share in the recoveries of Avoidance Actions significantly earlier than would be shared if CapitalSource prevailed on its Claims. The CapitalSource Settlement also permits the Debtors to propose the Plan with the support of CapitalSource and allows the Debtors to avoid potentially expensive litigation over sharply contested Claims, the outcome of which is uncertain. The Debtors

believe that the CapitalSource Settlement incorporated into the Plan falls within the reasonable range of litigation possibilities.

Under the Plan and in accordance with the CapitalSource Settlement, the final \$300,000 of financing approved under the Final DIP Order shall be funded on the Effective Date and applied to approved Administrative Claims, including Deferred Professional Compensation Claims, and any Avoidance Action Proceeds shall apply in the following priority and amounts:

(1) First, two million three hundred thousand dollars (\$2,300,000) in Avoidance Action Proceeds shall be paid to CapitalSource on account of and in full satisfaction, settlement, release, extinguishment and discharge of its Allowed Class 2 Postpetition Secured Lender Claims against the Debtors and the Debtors' respective Estates.

(2) Second, up to the next five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) of Avoidance Action Proceeds shall be distributed to the Professionals with respect to Allowed Deferred Professional Compensation Claims that remain unpaid on the Effective Date. The amount of Avoidance Action Proceeds to be distributed to pay such Allowed Deferred Professional Compensation Claims shall be equal to the difference between five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) and the amount of Allowed Deferred Professional Compensation Claims not able to be otherwise paid from the Debtors' Estates on the Effective Date. Any portion of such five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) that is not applied to the payment of Allowed Deferred Professional Compensation Claims shall be available for Distribution to the Holders of Allowed Class 5 Unsecured Claims in accordance with Section 9.06 of the Plan.

(3) Third, the next one million dollars (\$1,000,000) of Avoidance Action Proceeds shall be allocated as follows: (i) eighty percent (80%) to CapitalSource on account of its Allowed Lender Unsecured Deficiency Claims; and (ii) twenty percent (20%) to Allowed Class 5 Unsecured Claims.

(4) Fourth, the next one million dollars (\$1,000,000) of Avoidance Action Proceeds shall be allocated as follows: (i) sixty-five percent (65%) to CapitalSource on account of its Allowed Lender Unsecured Deficiency Claims; and (ii) thirty-five percent (35%) to Allowed Class 5 Unsecured Claims.

(5) Fifth, the next one million dollars (\$1,000,000) of Avoidance Action Proceeds shall be allocated as follows: (i) forty percent (40%) to CapitalSource on account of its Allowed Lender Unsecured Deficiency Claims; and (ii) sixty percent (60%) to Allowed Class 5 Unsecured Claims.

(6) Sixth, the balance of such Avoidance Action Proceeds shall be allocated as follows: (i) fifteen percent (15%) to CapitalSource on account of its Allowed Lender Unsecured Deficiency Claims; and (ii) eighty-five percent (85%) to Allowed Class 5 Unsecured Claims. In the event that Avoidance Action Proceeds result in the payment in full of CapitalSource's Allowed Lender Unsecured Deficiency Claims (including all accrued and unpaid interest thereon), any remaining Avoidance Action Proceeds shall be paid to Allowed Class 5 Unsecured Claims.

3. Potential Claims Against Richard Keith

On or about August 23, 2010, Private Escapes Platinum Link, LLC and Ultimate Escapes Holdings, LLC executed a note, evidencing an alleged loan from Mr. Keith in the amount of \$56,169.32

(the “**Loan**”). The Loan was secured by a Mortgage and Security Agreement recorded on September 10, 2010 as Document ID 2010090200053001001EDEA6 (the “**Mortgage**”) in the Office of the City Register of the City of New York against property located at 310 West 52nd Street, Unit 31 B/SU-103, New York, New York 10019 (the “**West 52nd Property**”). On December 21, 2010, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order [Docket No. 522] (the “**West 52nd Sale Order**”) authorizing the Debtors to sell the West 52nd Property free and clear of all liens, Claims and encumbrances. The Sale Order further provided that the amount of \$56,169.32 (“**Loan Principal**”) be held in an interest-bearing escrow (the “**Escrow Account**”) pending a judicial determination as to the validity, priority and perfection of the Mortgage. The West 52nd Sale Order further provided that on or before February 14, 2011, a pleading be Filed setting forth a *bona fide* dispute with respect to the Mortgage.

On February 7, 2011, the Committee Filed the *Motion of the Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors for Entry of an Order Granting Leave, Standing and Authority to Prosecute Causes of Action on Behalf of the Debtors’ Estates* [Docket No. 589] (the “**Standing Motion**”). Pursuant to the Standing Motion, the Committee sought entry of an order authorizing the Committee to prosecute certain Avoidance Actions and Causes of Action pursuant to Chapter 5 of the Bankruptcy Code against Mr. Keith on behalf of the Debtors’ Estates related to the Loan and Mortgage. On February 22, 2011, Mr. Keith Filed: (i) *Opposition to Motion by Creditors’ Committee for Order Granting Leave, Standing and Authority to Prosecute Causes of Action on Behalf of the Debtor’s Estates* [Docket No. 613]; (ii) *Declaration of Richard V. Keith in Opposition to Motion by Creditors’ Committee for Order Granting Leave, Standing and Authority to Prosecute Causes of Action on Behalf of the Debtors’ Estates* [Docket No. 614]; and (iii) *Request for Release of Second Mortgage Escrow* [Docket No. 615].

CapitalSource has objected to the Debtors’ motion to approve the CapitalSource Settlement (the “**Settlement Motion**”) on the grounds that the Settlement Motion does not give any insight as to what unusual facts or defenses exist, if any, that would require the settlement of a *prima facie* preference claim at well below full liability. On the basis of the Committee’s proposed complaint, there is a strong likelihood that if tried on the merits, the Estates would receive a complete recovery—instead of the mere 32.71% of the proceeds held in escrow. Ultimately, this Court must make findings of fact as to whether the proposed CapitalSource Settlement is “fair and equitable” and in the best interests of the Estates. The hearing on the Settlement Motion is currently set for June 22, 2011.

VIII. SUMMARY OF THE PLAN OF LIQUIDATION

THIS SECTION PROVIDES A SUMMARY OF THE STRUCTURE, CLASSIFICATION, TREATMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PLAN AND IS QUALIFIED IN ITS ENTIRETY BY REFERENCE TO THE PLAN, WHICH ACCOMPANIES THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AS **EXHIBIT A**.

THE PLAN ITSELF AND THE DOCUMENTS REFERRED TO THEREIN WILL CONTROL THE TREATMENT OF HOLDERS OF CLAIMS OR INTERESTS UNDER THE PLAN AND WILL, UPON THE EFFECTIVE DATE, BE BINDING UPON HOLDERS OF CLAIMS AGAINST OR INTERESTS IN THE DEBTORS AND OTHER PARTIES IN INTEREST.

A. **Structure of the Plan**

The Plan does not provide for the substantive consolidation of the Debtors following the Effective Date, but all Claims shall be deemed Filed against the Debtors on a consolidated basis, and such Claimholders shall receive one Distribution from the Debtors’ Estates in accordance with the provisions of the Plan. The Plan further contemplates the transfer of any Remaining Assets, including Available

Cash and any Causes of Action, to a Liquidating Trust. The Liquidating Trustee shall make Distributions to the Creditors from the Liquidating Trust pursuant to the Plan and the Liquidating Trust Agreement.

The Plan constitutes a plan of liquidation for the Debtors collectively. Under the Plan, Claims against, and Interests in, the Debtors are divided into Classes according to their relative seniority and other criteria. A general description of the Classes of Claims against the Debtors created under the Plan, the treatment of those Classes under the Plan, and the property to be distributed under the Plan are described below.

B. Classification and Treatment of Claims and Interests

Section 1122 of the Bankruptcy Code also requires that a plan of reorganization classify the claims of a debtor's creditors and the interests of its equity holders. The Bankruptcy Code also provides that, except for certain claims classified for administrative convenience, a plan of liquidation may place a claim of a creditor or an interest of an equity holder in a particular class only if such claim or interest is substantially similar to the other claims or interests in such class.

The Bankruptcy Code requires that a plan of liquidation provide the same treatment for each claim or interest of a particular class unless the holder of a particular claim or interest agrees to a less favorable treatment of its claim or interest. The Debtors believe that the Plan complies with such standard. If the Bankruptcy Court finds otherwise, however, it could deny confirmation of the Plan if relevant Holders of Claims or Interests do not consent to the treatment afforded them under the Plan.

The Debtors believe that in the Plan they have classified all Claims and Interests in compliance with the requirements of section 1122 of the Bankruptcy Code. If a Claimholder or Interestholder challenges such classification of Claims or Interests and the Bankruptcy Court finds that a different classification is required for the Plan to be confirmed, the Debtors, to the extent permitted by the Bankruptcy Court, intend to make such modifications of the classifications of Claims or Interests under the Plan to provide for whatever classification might be required by the Bankruptcy Court for confirmation. UNLESS SUCH MODIFICATION OF CLASSIFICATION ADVERSELY AFFECTS THE TREATMENT OF A HOLDER OF A CLAIM OR INTEREST AND REQUIRES RESOLICITATION, ACCEPTANCE OF THE PLAN BY ANY HOLDER OF A CLAIM OR INTEREST PURSUANT TO THIS SOLICITATION WILL BE DEEMED TO BE A CONSENT TO THE PLAN'S TREATMENT OF SUCH HOLDER OF A CLAIM OR INTEREST REGARDLESS OF THE CLASS AS TO WHICH SUCH HOLDER IS ULTIMATELY DEEMED TO BE A MEMBER.

Following is a summary of the material terms and provisions of the Plan. A copy of the Plan is attached to this Disclosure Statement as **Exhibit A**. Unless otherwise defined in this Disclosure Statement, the capitalized terms used herein have the meanings set forth in the Plan.

1. Summary of Treatment of Claims and Interests Under the Plan

The table below summarizes the classification and treatment of the Claims and Interests under the Plan. Estimated Claim amounts assume a calculation date of [_____] except that Unsecured Claims are calculated as of the Petition Date. Estimated percentage recoveries are also set forth below for certain Classes of Claims. Estimated percentage recoveries have been calculated based upon a number of assumptions, including the estimated amount of Allowed Claims in each Class.

For certain Classes of Claims, the actual amounts of Allowed Claims could materially exceed or could be materially less than the estimated amounts shown in the table below. The Debtors have not yet fully reviewed and analyzed all Claims and Interests. Estimated Claim amounts for each Class set forth

below are based upon the Debtor's review of its books and records and Filed proofs of Claim, and include estimates of a number of Claims that are Contingent, Disputed, and/or unliquidated.

Class	Type	Status Under Plan	Treatment	Estimated Aggregate Amount in Class (\$)	Estimated Recovery of Class (%)
1	Allowed Prepetition Secured Lender Claim	Unimpaired, Deemed to Accept	Class 1 consists of the Allowed Claim of the Prepetition Secured Lender that is secured by the Prepetition Collateral, which Claim shall be Allowed in the amount of the Credit Bid Amount. The Prepetition Secured Lender shall receive, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, extinguishment and discharge of its Allowed Prepetition Secured Lender Claim, the Sale Proceeds up to the Credit Bid Amount and as applied to the Debtors' obligations under the Prepetition Loan Agreement in accordance with Paragraph 4(a) of the Final DIP Order. Because the Prepetition Secured Lender will receive no property under the Plan, the Allowed Prepetition Lender Claim is Unimpaired, and, therefore, the Prepetition Secured Lender is not entitled to vote on account of its Class 1 Allowed Prepetition Secured Lender Claim. Any Lender Unsecured Deficiency Claim shall be treated as a Class 5 Unsecured Claim.	\$92,828,640.83 as of the Petition Date, reduced by the \$52,703,363 of Credit Bid to purchase certain of the Debtors' Assets and the bid of Demeure and two individual purchasers.	100% of market value of the property as determined by the sale of substantially all of the Debtors' Assets.
2	Allowed Postpetition Secured Lender Claim	Unimpaired, Deemed to Accept	Class 2 consists of the Allowed Claim of the DIP Lender secured by the DIP Facility Collateral, which Claim shall be Allowed in the amount of the outstanding balance of the DIP Facility as of the Effective Date, including all accrued and accruing interest, fees, costs and expenses, including without limitation attorneys' fees and costs, then principal and in accordance with Paragraph 4(a) of the Final DIP Order. Pursuant to the CapitalSource Settlement, Class 2 Allowed Postpetition Secured Lender Claim is deemed satisfied in full, and the Holder of the Allowed Class 2 Postpetition Secured Lender Claim will receive no property under the Plan. Therefore, all such Allowed Class 2 Postpetition Secured Lender Claim is Unimpaired, and the DIP Lender is not entitled to vote on account of its Class 2 Claims.	[\$_____]	100%
3	Allowed Tax and Other Priority Claims	Unimpaired, Deemed to Accept	Class 3 consists of Allowed Tax and Other Priority Claims. Each Holder of an Allowed Class 3 Tax and Other Priority Claim shall receive, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, extinguishment and discharge of its Allowed Tax and Other Priority Claim, at the option of the Debtors or the Liquidating Trustee, either: (A) an amount equal to the unpaid amount of such Allowed Tax and Other Priority Claim in Cash commencing on the later of (i) the	[\$_____]	100%

Class	Type	Status Under Plan	Treatment	Estimated Aggregate Amount in Class (\$)	Estimated Recovery of Class (%)
			Effective Date, (ii) the date that is ten (10) Business Days after such Claim becomes an Allowed Tax and Other Priority Claim by a Final Order and (iii) a date agreed to by the Holder of such Allowed Tax and Other Priority Claim and either the Debtors or the Liquidating Trustee; or (B) such other treatment (x) as may be agreed upon in writing by such Holder of Allowed Tax and Other Priority Claim and the Debtors or the Liquidating Trustee or (y) as the Bankruptcy Court has ordered or may order.		
4	Allowed Other Secured Claims	Impaired, Entitled to Vote	<p>Class 4 consists of the Allowed Claims of the Holders of Other Secured Claims. Each Holder of an Allowed Class 4 Other Secured Claim shall receive, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, extinguishment and discharge of its Allowed Class 4 Claim, at the option of the Debtors or the Liquidating Trustee, one of the four following forms of treatment:</p> <p>(a) an amount equal to the unpaid amount of such Allowed Other Secured Claim in Cash commencing on the later of (i) the Effective Date, (ii) the date that is ten (10) Business Days after such Claim becomes an Allowed Class 4 Other Secured Claim by a Final Order; or</p> <p>(b) the Debtors shall abandon the property that secures the Allowed Class 4 Claim to the Holder of such Claim on or as soon as practicable after the later of (i) the Effective Date and (ii) the date that is ten (10) Business Days after the date on which such Claim becomes an Allowed Class 4 Claim by a Final Order; or</p> <p>(c) such other treatment as the Holder of the Allowed Class 4 Other Secured Claim and the Debtors or the Liquidating Trustee shall have agreed upon in writing; or</p> <p>(d) (i) such Holder shall retain its lien securing its Allowed Class 4 Other Secured Claim to the extent of the Allowed amount of its Other Secured Claim; and (ii) on or as soon as practicable after the later of (x) the Effective Date and (y) the date that is ten (10) Business Days after such Claim becomes an Allowed Other Secured Claim by a Final Order: (A) the Liquidating Trustee will cure any default other than a default of the kind specified in section 365(b)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code;</p>	\$[_____]	[_____]%

Class	Type	Status Under Plan	Treatment	Estimated Aggregate Amount in Class (\$)	Estimated Recovery of Class (%)
			<p>(B) the maturity of such Allowed Other Secured Claim shall be reinstated as the maturity existed before any default;</p> <p>(C) the Holder of such Allowed Other Secured Claim shall be compensated for any damages which occurred as the result of any reasonable reliance by such Claimholder on any provision that entitled such Claimholder to accelerate the maturing of such Claim; and</p> <p>(D) the other legal, equitable and contractual rights to which such Allowed Other Secured Claim entitles the Claimholder shall not otherwise be altered.</p>		
5	Allowed General Unsecured Claims	Impaired, Entitled to Vote	Class 5 consists of the Allowed Claims of the Holders of Unsecured Claims. Each Holder of an Allowed Unsecured Claim shall receive, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, extinguishment and discharge of its Allowed Class 5 Unsecured Claim, its Pro Rata Share of the Distribution on account of such Allowed Unsecured Claim.	\$[_____]	[_____]%
6	Interests	Impaired, Deemed to Reject	Class 6 consists of all Interests, and all stock certificates, instruments, and other documents evidencing such Interests, which shall be cancelled as of the Effective Date. Holders of Interests in Class 6 shall not receive or retain any Distribution or other property on account of such Interests. As a result, Class 6 is conclusively presumed to have rejected the Plan.	N/A	0%

2. Unclassified Claims.

Administrative Claims consist primarily of the costs and expenses of administration of the Chapter 11 Cases incurred by the Debtors and the Committee. Such costs may include, but are not limited to, the cost of operating the business since the Petition Date, the outstanding unpaid fees and expenses of the Professionals retained by the Debtors and the Committee as approved by the Bankruptcy Court, and the payments that came due in the ordinary course of business after the bankruptcy Filing. All payments to Professionals in connection with the Chapter 11 Cases for compensation and reimbursement of expenses will be made in accordance with the procedures established by the Bankruptcy Code and the Bankruptcy Rules and are subject to approval of the Bankruptcy Court as being reasonable.

The Debtors believe that there are sufficient Assets available to pay all Administrative Claims in full on the Effective Date and that the aggregate amount of Administrative Claims will not exceed the Liquidating Trust's ability to pay such Claims when they are allowed and/or otherwise become due.

Subject to the provisions of the Plan, as soon as practicable after the later of (i) the date an Administrative Claim becomes an Allowed Administrative Claim or (ii) the date an Administrative Claim becomes payable pursuant to any agreement between the Debtors or the Liquidating Trust and the Holder

of such Administrative Claim, an Allowed Administrative Claimholder will receive, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for such Administrative Claim, (a) Cash equal to the unpaid portion of such Allowed Administrative Claim or (b) such other treatment as to which the Debtors or Liquidating Trustee and such Claimholder shall have agreed upon in writing; provided, however, that (a) liabilities, accounts payable or other Claims, liabilities or obligations incurred in the ordinary course of business of the Debtors consistent with past practices subsequent to the Petition Date and (b) contractual liabilities arising under loans or advances to the Debtors, whether or not incurred in the ordinary course of business of the Debtors subsequent to the Petition Date, shall be paid or performed by the Debtors in accordance with the terms and conditions of the particular transactions relating to such liabilities and any agreements relating thereto; and, provided, however, that, notwithstanding any contract provision or applicable law, or otherwise, that entitles a Holder of an Allowed Administrative Claim to postpetition interest, no Allowed Administrative Claim shall receive postpetition interest on account of such Claim.

Subject to the provisions of the Plan, as soon as practicable after the later of (i) the date a Professional Compensation Claim becomes an Allowed Professional Compensation Claim or (ii) the date a Professional Compensation Claim becomes payable pursuant to any agreement between the Debtors or the Liquidating Trust and the Holder of such Professional Compensation Claim, an Allowed Professional Compensation Claimholder will receive, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for such Professional Compensation Claim, (a) Cash equal to the unpaid portion of such Allowed Professional Compensation Claim, (b) such other treatment as to which the Debtors or Liquidating Trustee and such Claimholder shall have agreed upon in writing, or (c) as the Bankruptcy Court has ordered or may order. To the extent that there are insufficient funds in the Operating Account following its funding in accordance with Section 9.01 of the Plan, any Allowed Professional Compensation Claim shall become Allowed Deferred Professional Compensation Claims.

Tax and Other Priority Claims are classified in the Plan. Allowed Tax and Other Priority Claims will be paid in full in Cash on the Effective Date or will be paid in full by the Liquidating Trust as they come due in the ordinary course of business.

The Debtors believe that there are sufficient Assets available to pay all Tax and Other Priority Claims in full on the Effective Date and that the aggregate amount of Tax and Other Priority Claims will not exceed the Liquidating Trust's ability to pay such Claims when they are allowed and/or otherwise become due.

3. Treatment of Unimpaired Classes of Claims

(a) Class 1 consists of the Allowed Prepetition Secured Lender Claim of CapitalSource. This Claim is secured by substantially all of the Debtors' Assets. The approximate amount of the Claim alleged by CapitalSource as of the Petition Date is \$92,828,640.83. Pursuant to the terms of Sale Order, CapitalSource credit bid \$52,703,363 of its Prepetition Secured Lender Claim to purchase certain of the Debtors' Assets. CapitalSource will receive payment from its Credit Bid and the sale of other lots of the Debtors' Assets to Demeure and two individual purchasers. These amounts will pay down CapitalSource's Class 1 Claim to the extent of the market value of the property securing such Claim. The Prepetition Secured Lender shall receive, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, extinguishment and discharge of its Allowed Prepetition Secured Lender Claim, the Sale Proceeds up to the Credit Bid Amount and as applied to the Debtors' obligations under the Prepetition Loan Agreement in accordance with Paragraph 4(a) of the Final DIP Order. Because the Prepetition Secured Lender will receive no property under the Plan, the Allowed Prepetition Lender Claim is Unimpaired, and, therefore, the Prepetition Secured Lender is not entitled to vote on account of its Class 1 Allowed Prepetition

Secured Lender Claim. Any Lender Unsecured Deficiency Claim shall be treated as a Class 5 Unsecured Claim.

(b) Class 2 consists of the Allowed Postpetition Secured Lender Claim of the DIP Lender secured by the DIP Facility Collateral, which Claim shall be Allowed in the amount of the outstanding balance of the DIP Facility as of the Effective Date, including all accrued and accruing interest, fees, costs and expenses, including without limitation attorneys' fees and costs, then principal and in accordance with Paragraph 4(a) of the Final DIP Order. Pursuant to the CapitalSource Settlement, Class 2 Allowed Postpetition Secured Lender Claim is deemed satisfied in full, and the Holder of the Allowed Class 2 Postpetition Secured Lender Claim will receive no property under the Plan. Therefore, all such Allowed Class 2 Postpetition Secured Lender Claim is Unimpaired, and the DIP Lender is not entitled to vote on account of its Class 2 Claims.

(c) Class 3 consists of Allowed Tax and Other Priority Claims. Each Holder of an Allowed Class 3 Tax and Other Priority Claim shall receive, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, extinguishment and discharge of its Allowed Tax and Other Priority Claim, at the option of the Debtors or the Liquidating Trustee, either: (A) an amount equal to the unpaid amount of such Allowed Tax and Other Priority Claim in Cash commencing on the later of (i) the Effective Date, (ii) the date that is ten (10) Business Days after such Claim becomes an Allowed Tax and Other Priority Claim by a Final Order and (iii) a date agreed to by the Holder of such Allowed Tax and Other Priority Claim and either the Debtors or the Liquidating Trustee; or (B) such other treatment (x) as may be agreed upon in writing by such Holder of Allowed Tax and Other Priority Claim and the Debtors or the Liquidating Trustee or (y) as the Bankruptcy Court has ordered or may order.

4. Treatment of Impaired Classes of Claims.

(a) Class 4 consists of the Allowed Claims of the Holders of Other Secured Claims. Each Holder of an Allowed Class 4 Other Secured Claim shall receive, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, extinguishment and discharge of its Allowed Class 4 Claim, at the option of the Debtors or the Liquidating Trustee, one of the four following forms of treatment:

- (i) an amount equal to the unpaid amount of such Allowed Other Secured Claim in Cash commencing on the later of (x) the Effective Date, (y) the date that is ten (10) Business Days after such Claim becomes an Allowed Class 4 Other Secured Claim by a Final Order; or
- (ii) the Debtors shall abandon the property that secures the Allowed Class 4 Claim to the Holder of such Claim on or as soon as practicable after the later of (i) the Effective Date and (ii) the date that is ten (10) Business Days after the date on which such Claim becomes an Allowed Class 4 Claim by a Final Order; or
- (iii) such other treatment as the Holder of the Allowed Class 4 Other Secured Claim and the Debtors or the Liquidating Trustee shall have agreed upon in writing; or
- (iv) such Holder shall retain its lien securing its Allowed Class 4 Other Secured Claim to the extent of the Allowed amount of its Other Secured Claim; and on or as soon as practicable after the later of (x) the Effective Date and (y) the date that is ten (10) Business Days after such Claim becomes an Allowed Other Secured Claim by a Final Order: (A) the Liquidating Trustee

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will cure any default other than a default of the kind specified in section 365(b)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code; (B) the maturity of such Allowed Other Secured Claim shall be reinstated as the maturity existed before any default; (C) the Holder of such Allowed Other Secured Claim shall be compensated for any damages which occurred as the result of any reasonable reliance by such Claimholder on any provision that entitled such Claimholder to accelerate the maturing of such Claim; and (D) the other legal, equitable and contractual rights to which such Allowed Other Secured Claim entitles such Claimholder shall not otherwise be altered.

(b) Class 5 consists of the Allowed Claims of the Holders of Unsecured Claims. Each Holder of an Allowed Unsecured Claim shall receive, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, extinguishment and discharge of its Allowed Class 5 Unsecured Claim, its Pro Rata Share of the Distribution on account of such Allowed Unsecured Claim. In particular, Class 5 also consists of any Lender Unsecured Deficiency Claim, which is the amount due CapitalSource on its Class 1 Prepetition Secured Lender Claim after application of the proceeds of CapitalSource's Credit Bid and the sale of the Debtors' property to other interested purchasers. The Lender Unsecured Deficiency Claim shall be treated *pari passu* with other Class 5 Unsecured Claims and in accordance with the terms of the CapitalSource Settlement.

5. Treatment of Impaired Classes of Interests. Class 6 consists of all Interests, and all stock certificates, instruments, and other documents evidencing such Interests, which shall be cancelled as of the Effective Date. Holders of Interests in Class 6 shall not receive or retain any Distribution or other property on account of such Interests. As a result, Class 6 is conclusively presumed to have rejected the Plan.

C. Acceptance or Rejection of the Plan

1. Impaired Classes of Claims Entitled to Vote. Each Impaired Class of Claims that will (or may) receive or retain property or any Interest in property under the Plan shall be entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan; *provided, however*, that the votes of Holders of Intercompany Claims shall not be solicited, and any Ballots submitted by such Holders shall not be counted.

2. Classes Deemed to Accept the Plan. Classes 1, 2 and 3 are Unimpaired under the Plan. Pursuant to section 1126(f) of the Bankruptcy Code, such Class is conclusively presumed to have accepted the Plan, and the votes of Holders of Claims in such Classes therefore shall not be solicited.

3. Acceptance by Impaired Classes. Classes 4 and 5 are Impaired under the Plan, and, thus, the votes of Holders of Claims in such Classes shall be solicited. Pursuant to section 1126(c) of the Bankruptcy Code and except as otherwise provided in section 1126(e) of the Bankruptcy Code, an Impaired Class of Claims has accepted the Plan if the Plan is accepted by the Holders of at least two-thirds in dollar amount and more than one-half in number of the Allowed Claims of such Class that have timely and properly voted to accept or reject the Plan.

4. Class Deemed to Reject the Plan. Holders of Interests in Class 6 are not entitled to receive any Distribution under the Plan on account of their Interests. Pursuant to section 1126(g) of the Bankruptcy Code, each Holder of a Class 6 Interest is conclusively presumed to have rejected the Plan in respect of such Interests. Accordingly, Interestholders in such Class are not entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan and the votes of such Holders are not being solicited in connection with the Plan.

5. **Elimination of Classes.** Any Class that does not contain any Allowed Claims or any Claims temporarily allowed for voting purposes under Bankruptcy Rule 3018, as of the date of the commencement of the Confirmation Hearing, shall be deemed to have been deleted from the Plan for purposes of (a) voting to accept or reject the Plan and (b) determining whether such Class has accepted or rejected the Plan under section 1129(a)(8) of the Bankruptcy Code.

6. **Confirmation Pursuant to Section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.** To the extent that any Impaired Class that is entitled to vote to reject the Plan or is deemed to have rejected the Plan, the Debtors may request confirmation of the Plan under section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.

7. **Confirmability and Severability of a Plan.** The confirmation requirements of section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code must be satisfied separately with respect to each Debtor or consolidated group of Debtors. The Debtors reserve the right to alter, amend, modify, revoke or withdraw the Plan as it applies to any particular Debtor or consolidated group of Debtors. A determination by the Bankruptcy Court that the Plan, as it applies to a particular Debtor, is not confirmable pursuant to section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code shall not limit or affect: (i) the confirmability of the Plan as it applies to any other Debtor; or (ii) the Debtors' ability to modify the Plan, subject to the limitations in Section 15.01 of the Plan, as it applies to any particular Debtor, to satisfy the confirmation requirements of section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code.

D. Means for Implementation of the Plan

1. Administrative Consolidation of the Debtors.

For purposes of the Plan and for the administrative convenience of the parties, Holders of Claims against or Interests in each Debtor shall receive identical treatments within a particular Class as referenced in the Plan, and the treatment for each Class shall be deemed to automatically apply to Holders of Claims or Interests within such Class of each Debtor, as if there were separate but identical plans of liquidation Filed in each of the Chapter 11 Cases. The Plan does not provide for the substantive consolidation of the Debtors following the Effective Date, but all Claims shall be deemed Filed against the consolidated Debtors and shall be deemed one Claim against or obligation of the Debtors as if they were consolidated, and such Claimholders shall receive one Distribution from the Debtors' Estates in accordance with the provisions of the Plan.

Unless the Bankruptcy Court has approved by a prior order the administrative consolidation of the Debtors' Estates, the Confirmation Order will serve as the order approving the administrative consolidation of the Debtors' Estates.

2. The Liquidating Trust

The Plan provides for the creation of the Liquidating Trust for the purpose of, among other things, administering and liquidating the Assets of the Debtors, including without limitation all Causes of Action and Avoidance Actions, and making Distributions.

(a) Appointment of Liquidating Trustee. The Debtors shall designate the Liquidating Trustee for the Liquidating Trust. The Debtors shall File a Notice of Appointment of Liquidating Trustee at least one (1) week prior to the hearing on the Disclosure Statement. The Liquidating Trustee shall have and perform all of the duties, responsibilities, rights and obligations set forth in the Liquidating Trust Agreement and shall be entitled to reasonable compensation as set forth therein without further application to or order of the Bankruptcy Court.

(b) Assignment of the Remaining Assets to the Liquidating Trust. Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, pursuant to section 1141(b) and (c) and section 1123(b)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code, on the Effective Date the property of the Estates, including all Remaining Assets, shall be transferred and automatically revert in the Liquidating Trust, free and clear of all liens, charges or other encumbrances, Claims and Interests, and all such liens, charges or other encumbrances, Claims and Interest, shall be extinguished except as otherwise provided in the Liquidating Trust Agreement and the Plan. The transfer and reversion of all Causes of Action and Avoidance Actions shall include any attorney-client privilege, work-product privilege or other privilege or immunity attaching to any documents or communications (whether written or oral). The Liquidating Trustee may pursue any Remaining Assets, as appropriate, in accordance with what is in the best interests, and for the benefit of, the Creditors who are beneficiaries of the Liquidating Trust. The Liquidating Trustee shall retain all rights on behalf of the Debtors to commence and pursue any and all Causes of Action and Avoidance Actions (under any theory of law or equity, including, without limitation, the Bankruptcy Code, and in any court or other tribunal including, without limitation, in an adversary proceeding Filed in the Chapter 11 Cases) to the extent that the Liquidating Trustee deems appropriate. The Liquidating Trustee shall have the absolute discretion to pursue or not pursue any and all Avoidance Actions as it determines is in the best interests, and for the benefit of, the Creditors who are beneficiaries of the Liquidating Trust and shall not have liability for the outcome of its decision in this regard.

(c) Purposes of the Liquidating Trust. The Liquidating Trust will be organized for the purposes set forth in the Liquidating Trust Agreement, the terms of which are approved by the entry of the Confirmation Order. For federal tax purposes, it is intended that the Liquidating Trust be classified as a liquidating trust under Section 301.7701-4 of the Treasury Regulations and that such trust is owned by its beneficiaries. Accordingly, for federal income tax purposes, it is intended that the beneficiaries be treated as if they had received a distribution of an undivided interest in each of the Remaining Assets and then contributed such interest to the Liquidating Trust. The Liquidating Trustee shall be the exclusive trustee of the Debtors' respective Estates under title 11 for purposes of section 3713(b) of title 31 of the United States Code and section 6012(b)(3) of title 26 of the United States Code.

(d) Responsibilities of the Liquidating Trustee. The responsibilities of the Liquidating Trustee under the Liquidating Trust Agreement and the Plan shall include: (i) the receipt of the Remaining Assets of the Debtors' Estates on behalf of and for the benefit of the Claimholders under the Plan; (ii) establishing and maintaining the Operating Account and the Distribution Reserves; (iii) investing the Cash held in the Distribution Reserves in accordance with Section 9.02 of the Plan; (iv) pursuing Objections to, estimations of and settlements of Claims and Interests (other than a Claim or an Interest that is Allowed or deemed to be Allowed pursuant to the Plan or a Final Order); (v) prosecuting retained Causes of Action including Avoidance Actions and Claims with respect to any Approved Asset Sales; (vi) calculating and implementing all Distributions to be made under the Plan to Creditors holding Allowed Claims; (vii) marketing, selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of or realizing the value of all the Remaining Assets; (viii) managing the wind down of the Debtors' Estates; (ix) filing all required tax returns and paying taxes and all other obligations on behalf of the Liquidating Trust from funds in the Distribution Reserves; and (x) such other responsibilities as may be vested in the Liquidating Trustee pursuant to the Plan, the Liquidating Trust Agreement or Bankruptcy Court order or as may be necessary and proper to carry out the provisions of the Plan.

(e) Powers of the Liquidating Trustee. The Liquidating Trustee shall have, without Bankruptcy Court approval in each of the following cases, the authority and power to: (i) invest funds in, and withdraw, make Distributions and pay taxes and other obligations owed by the Debtors or incurred by the Liquidating Trustee in connection with the wind down of the Estate, from the Distribution Reserves, including from the Operating Account, in accordance with the Plan; (ii) engage employees and professional Persons to assist the Liquidating Trustee with respect to its responsibilities; (iii) retain the

services of experienced auctioneers, brokers, and/or marketing agents to assist and/or advise in the sale or other disposition of the Remaining Assets; (iv) pay the fees and expenses of the professional Persons, agents and employees engaged by the Liquidating Trustee and to pay all other expenses for winding down the affairs of the Debtors and the Liquidating Trust in each case in accordance with the Wind-down Budget, or as determined by the Bankruptcy Court; (v) dispose of, and deliver title to others of, or otherwise realize the value of all the Remaining Assets; (vi) compromise and settle Claims and Causes of Actions and Avoidance Actions; (vii) act on behalf of the Debtors in all adversary proceedings and contested matters (including, without limitation, Avoidance Actions) pending in the Bankruptcy Court and in all actions and proceedings pending elsewhere, and to settle, retain, enforce, dispute or adjust any Claim or Interest and otherwise pursue actions involving Assets of the Debtors that could arise or be asserted at any time under the Bankruptcy Code, unless otherwise waived or relinquished in the Plan; (viii) File a motion requesting that the Bankruptcy Court convert the Chapter 11 Cases to cases under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code, subject to the rights of all parties in interest to oppose such motion; and (ix) exercise such other powers as may be vested in or assumed by the Liquidating Trustee pursuant to the Plan, the Liquidating Trust Agreement or Bankruptcy Court order or as may be necessary and proper to carry out the provisions of the Plan. The Liquidating Trustee shall exercise such powers in accordance with the provisions of the Plan and the Liquidating Trust Agreement.

(f) Retention of Professional and Other Persons. The Liquidating Trustee shall be authorized to retain and pay professional Persons and such other Person the Liquidating Trustee determines in his sole discretion to be necessary to carry out his duties and responsibilities, or otherwise to accomplish the purposes of the Plan, the Confirmation Order and the Liquidating Trust Agreement. The Liquidating Trustee shall have the right to pay such retained Persons from the Remaining Assets without further order of the Bankruptcy Court. Any professional Persons retained by the Liquidating Trustee shall be entitled to reasonable compensation for services rendered and reimbursement of expenses incurred. The payment of the fees and expenses of the Liquidating Trustee's retained professionals shall be made in the ordinary course of business and shall not be subject to the approval of the Bankruptcy Court; provided, however, that any disputes related to such fees and expenses shall be brought before the Bankruptcy Court.

(g) Resignation, Death or Removal of Liquidating Trustee. The Liquidating Trustee may resign at any time upon thirty (30) days written notice, Filed with the Bankruptcy Court. Such resignation may become effective prior to the expiration of such thirty (30) days notice period upon appointment of a permanent or interim successor Liquidating Trustee pursuant to the terms of the Liquidating Trust Agreement. The Liquidating Trustee may be removed pursuant to the terms of the Liquidating Trust Agreement.

(h) Liquidating Trustee Standard of Care; Exculpation. Neither the Liquidating Trustee, nor any director, officer, Affiliate, employee, employer, professional, agent or representative of the Liquidating Trust shall be personally liable, in connection with affairs of the Liquidating Trust, to any Claimholder or beneficiary of the Liquidating Trust, or any other Person, except for such acts or omissions which shall constitute willful misconduct or gross negligence. Persons dealing with the Liquidating Trustee, or seeking to assert claims against the Liquidating Trust, shall look only to the Remaining Assets to satisfy any liability incurred by the Liquidating Trust, the Liquidating Trustee or other Persons employed or retained by the Liquidating Trust to carry out the terms of the Plan, the Confirmation Order, and the Liquidating Trust Agreement. The Liquidating Trustee is entitled to rely upon and shall have no liability in relying upon the advice of professional Persons retained by the Liquidating Trust.

(i) Compensation of Liquidating Trustee. The Liquidating Trustee shall be compensated pursuant to the terms of the Liquidating Trust Agreement. The payment of the fees and

expenses of the Liquidating Trustee shall be made in the ordinary course of business and shall not be subject to the approval of the Bankruptcy Court; provided, however, that any disputes related to such fees and expenses shall be brought before the Bankruptcy Court.

In addition to reimbursement for the actual out-of-pocket expenses incurred, the Liquidating Trustee, and any employees or professionals engaged or retained by the Liquidating Trustee, shall be entitled to reasonable compensation for services rendered in connection with the preparation and implementation of the Plan. Subject to the terms and provisions of the Wind-down Budget, with respect to the Liquidating Trustee, the terms of his or her compensation shall be as set forth in the Liquidating Trust Agreement. Subject to the terms and provisions of the Wind-down Budget, with respect to any employees engaged and professionals retained, such compensation shall be in an amount and on such terms as may be agreed to by the Liquidating Trustee and such employees or professionals, including in accordance with any employment agreements with such employees and professionals. Any dispute with respect to such compensation shall be resolved by agreement among the parties or, if the parties are unable to agree, as determined by the Bankruptcy Court.

(j) Exculpation and Indemnification. Except as otherwise set forth in the Plan or the Liquidating Trust Agreement, the Liquidating Trustee and any Person retained or employed by the Liquidating Trust shall be defended, held harmless and indemnified from time to time by the Liquidating Trust against any and all losses, claims, costs, expenses and liabilities to which such indemnified parties may be subjected by reason of such indemnified party's performance of duties pursuant to the discretion, power and authority conferred on such Person by the Liquidating Trust Agreement, the Plan or the Confirmation Order; provided, however, that the indemnification obligations arising pursuant to Section 8.10 of the Plan shall not indemnify either the Liquidating Trustee or any Person retained or employed by the Liquidating Trust, for any actions taken by such Persons which constitute willful misconduct or gross negligence.

(k) Transfer of Books and Records. On the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee shall obtain from the Debtors all company books and records.

(l) Investment of Funds. Cash held in the Distribution Reserves shall be invested by the Liquidating Trustee in United States Treasury Bills, commercial paper having an investment grade rate of A-1 or its equivalent, as permitted by section 345 of the Bankruptcy Code or by order of the Bankruptcy Court.

(m) Tax Reporting. The Liquidating Trustee shall file returns for the Liquidating Trust as a grantor trust pursuant to Treasury Regulation Section 1.671-4(a) and in accordance with Section 8.13 of the Plan. The Liquidating Trustee shall also annually send to each record Holder of a beneficial interest of an Allowed Claim (and to Holders of Disputed Claims when such Disputed Claims become Allowed) a separate statement setting forth the Holder's share of items of income, gain, loss, deduction, or credit and will instruct all such Holders to report such items on their federal income tax returns or to forward the appropriate information to the beneficial Holders with instructions to report such items on their federal income tax returns. The Liquidating Trust's taxable income, gain, loss, deduction, or credit will be allocated to the Holders of Allowed Claims (and to Holders of Disputed Claims when such Disputed Claims become Allowed) in accordance with their relative beneficial interests in the Liquidating Trust. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, for all purposes relevant to tax reporting, allocations of items of taxable income, gain, loss, deduction or credit with respect to the Liquidating Trust and Distributions on Claims, Disputed Claims, Professional Compensation Claims and US Trustee Fees shall be calculated as of the close of each taxable year of the Liquidating Trust. If any Disputed Claims become Allowed during the taxable year, the Holder thereof shall be allocated items of

income, gain, loss, deduction or credit as if such Disputed Claim had been Allowed on the first day of such taxable year.

(n) Valuation of Liquidating Trust Assets. As soon as practicable after the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee shall provide the Claimholders with a valuation of the Assets transferred to the Liquidating Trust and such valuation shall be used consistently for all federal income tax purposes. All items of income, deduction, credit or loss of the Liquidating Trust shall be allocated for federal, state and local income tax purposes among the Claimholders as set forth in the Liquidating Trust Agreement; provided, however, that to the extent that any item of income cannot be allocated in the taxable year in which it arises, the Liquidating Trust shall pay the federal, state and local taxes attributable to such income (net of related deductions) and the amount of such taxes shall be treated as having been received by, and paid on behalf of, the Claimholders receiving such allocations when such allocations are ultimately made. The Liquidating Trust shall not be deemed a successor of the Debtors.

(o) Dissolution. The duties, responsibilities and powers of the Liquidating Trustee shall terminate after the Cash and other Remaining Assets have been distributed to the Creditors on the Final Distribution Date in accordance with the Plan.

(p) Claims Administration and Prosecution; and Plan Distributions. After the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee shall have the power and authority to (a) prosecute and resolve Objections to Claims against the Debtors' Estates, including, but not limited to, those Claims which the Debtors have previously identified or objected to as Disputed Claims; (b) make payments on Disputed Claims that subsequently become Allowed; and (c) make Distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims in accordance with the terms of the Plan, the Liquidating Trust Agreement and any subsequent order of the Bankruptcy Court.

(q) Prosecution of Avoidance Actions. After the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee shall have the power and authority to prosecute and resolve all Claims, Avoidance Actions and Causes of Action of the Debtors' Estates and shall be a representative of each of the Debtors' Estates, without the need to File a motion to intervene, as provided in section 1123(b)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code.

(r) Setoff. Subject to the terms and conditions of the Liquidating Trust Agreement, the Debtors and/or the Liquidating Trustee may, but shall be not required to, set off against any Claim and the payments or other Distributions to be made under the Plan on account of the Claim, claims of any nature whatsoever that the Debtors may have against the Holder thereof, provided, that any such right of setoff that is exercised shall be allocated, first, to the principal amount of the related Claim, and thereafter to any interest portion thereof, but neither the failure to do so nor the allowance of any Claim thereunder shall constitute a waiver or release by the Debtors and/or the Liquidating Trustee of any such claim that the Debtors may have against such Holder.

E. Post-Confirmation Debtors

On the Effective Date, the Debtors shall be dissolved without any further action by the stockholders, directors or members of the Debtors, and the officers, members and employees of the Debtors as of the day preceding the Effective Date shall be deemed to be employees of the Liquidating Trust on the Effective Date. Before the Effective Date the Debtors' officers or members, or on or after the Effective Date the Liquidating Trustee, shall file certificates of dissolution of the Debtors, and shall take all other actions necessary or appropriate to effect such mergers and dissolution under Delaware state law.

F. Provisions Governing Distributions

1. Funding of Operating Account Under The Plan.

On the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee shall fund the Operating Account with the Operating Account Funding Sources. Distributions on account of Allowed Administrative Claims, Allowed Tax and Other Priority Claims and Allowed Other Secured Claims shall be made in accordance with Section 2.02, Section 4.03 and Section 4.04 of the Plan.

2. Funding of Distribution Reserves Under the Plan.

After Distributions on account of Allowed Administrative Claims, Allowed Tax and Other Priority Claims and Allowed Class 4 Claims shall be made in accordance with Section 2.02, Section 4.03 and Section 4.04 of the Plan, on the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee shall fund the Distribution Reserves by the following sources of funds in the following order of priority:

(a) *Disputed Administrative Claims and Disputed Tax and Other Priority Claims:* The Cash deposited in the Distribution Reserve with respect to Disputed Administrative Claims shall be equal to the amount of the Disputed Administrative Claims and funded by the Operating Account Funding Sources. The Cash deposited in the Distribution Reserve with respect to Disputed Tax and Other Priority Claims shall be equal to the amount of Disputed Tax and Other Priority Claims and funded by the Operating Account Funding Sources.

(b) *Disputed Class 4 Other Secured Claims:* The Cash deposited in the Distribution Reserve with respect to Disputed Other Secured Claims shall be equal to the amount of the Disputed Other Secured Claims and shall be funded for each Disputed Other Secured Claim by the proceeds from the collateral that is the subject of the Other Secured Claim but only up to an amount equal to the Disputed Other Secured Claim.

(c) *Disputed Class 5 Unsecured Claims:* The Cash deposited in the Distribution Reserve with respect to Disputed Class 5 Unsecured Claims shall be funded by the remaining funds in the Distribution Reserve after the funding of Distribution Reserves for Disputed Administrative Claims, Disputed Tax and Other Priority Claims and Disputed Other Secured Claims.

Such funding shall be free and clear of all Claims and liens and contractually imposed restrictions, except for any lien provided for in the Plan and the liens which have attached to the net proceeds to be transferred to the Liquidating Trustee. The Liquidating Trustee may seek one or more orders of the Bankruptcy Court, upon notice to parties affected thereby, estimating or modifying the amount of Cash or Available Cash to be deposited in any Distribution Reserve. Any additional Cash or Available Cash shall be allocated as provided for herein, except as otherwise provided by order of the Bankruptcy Court upon motion on appropriate notice determining that it is necessary to utilize Cash or Available Cash in any Distribution Reserve to pay amounts due to more senior Classes or to pay out-of-pocket expenses that are then unpaid.

3. Distributions to Holders of Allowed Administrative Claims and Allowed Tax and Other Priority Claims.

Commencing on the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee shall, in accordance with Section 2.02 and Section 4.03 of the Plan, respectively, distribute to each Holder of a then unpaid Allowed Administrative Claim and Allowed Tax and Other Priority Claim the Cash Distribution to which the Allowed amount of such Holder's Claim entitles such Holder. The Cash deposited in the Distribution

Reserve in respect of Disputed Administrative Claims and Disputed Tax and Other Priority Claims (or portions thereof) shall be maintained by the Liquidating Trustee for Distribution to the Holders of Administrative Claims and Tax and Other Priority Claims pursuant to Section 2.02 and Section 4.03 of the Plan, respectively, if and to the extent that the balance, if any, of such Claims is Allowed by a Final Order. The sum of (A) the amount, if any, by which the Distribution Reserve exceeds the amount of Disputed Administrative Claims and the amount of Disputed Tax and Other Priority Claims plus (B) the amount, if any and without limitation or duplication, of the Administrative and Tax and Other Priority Distribution Reserve Surplus (resulting from all or a portion of Disputed Administrative Claims and Disputed Tax and Other Priority Claims becoming Disallowed Claims) shall be maintained in the Distribution Reserve for the Holders of Allowed Class 5 Unsecured Claims and shall become Available Cash for Distribution to the Holders of Allowed Class 5 Unsecured Claims in accordance with Section 4.05 of the Plan.

4. Distributions to Holders of Allowed Class 4 Other Secured Claims.

Unless (A) the Holder of an Allowed Class 4 Other Secured Claim and the Debtors or the Liquidating Trustee agree otherwise or (B) the Bankruptcy Court has ordered otherwise, Distributions to each Holder of an Allowed Class 4 Other Secured Claim shall be made in accordance with Section 4.04 of the Plan. The Cash deposited in the Distribution Reserve in respect of Disputed Class 4 Other Secured Claims shall be maintained by the Liquidating Trustee as part of the Distribution Reserve and shall be distributed to the Holders of Class 4 Other Secured Claims pursuant to Section 4.04 of the Plan, if and to the extent that the balance, if any, of such Claims is Allowed by a Final Order. The sum of (A) the amount, if any, by which the Distribution Reserve exceeds the Allowed amount of the Disputed Class 4 Other Secured Claims plus (B) the amount, if any and without limitation or duplication, of the Class 4 Distribution Reserve Surplus (resulting from all or a portion of Disputed Class 4 Other Secured Claims becoming Disallowed Claims) shall be maintained in the Distribution Reserve for the Holders of Allowed Class 5 Unsecured Claims and shall become Available Cash for Distribution to the Holders of Allowed Class 5 Unsecured Claims in accordance with Section 4.05 of the Plan. To the extent that an Allowed Class 4 Other Secured Claim is Allowed after the Effective Date, the Holder thereof shall be entitled to receive the Cash reserved with respect to the Allowed amount of such Claim and earned interest thereon, calculated from the Effective Date through and including the day immediately preceding the applicable Distribution Date. The earned interest on such Distribution shall be paid at the same time as the Distribution made to the Holder of a Secured Claim.

5. Distributions to Holders of Allowed Class 5 Claims.

(a) Distributions on the Allowed amounts of Class 5 Claims shall be made to the Holders thereof in accordance with Section 4.05 of the Plan and after the funding of the Distribution Reserves in accordance with Section 9.02 of the Plan. Cash remaining after a Distribution, if any, is made to the Holders of Allowed Class 5 Unsecured Claims on the Initial Distribution Date shall be transferred to the Distribution Reserve for the Claimholders in Class 5 and shall be distributed on each succeeding Distribution Date to the Holders of Allowed Unsecured Claims in such Class 5, with and each Holder of an Allowed Unsecured Claim in such Class 5 receiving its Pro Rata Share of the Distribution to such Class 5; provided, however, that with respect to such Distributions, in the event the aggregate value available for Distribution to all Holders of Allowed Class 5 Unsecured Claims aggregates less than \$20,000, such amounts shall instead be distributed to such Holders on the next succeeding Distribution Date on which there is \$20,000 or more in aggregate value available for Distribution.

(b) To the extent that a Class 5 Unsecured Claim is Allowed after the Effective Date, or if such Claim was an Allowed Claim on the Effective Date but no Distribution was made to the Holders

of Allowed Unsecured Claims in Class 5 on the Effective Date, the Holder thereof shall be entitled to receive the Cash reserved with respect to the Allowed amount of such Claim.

(c) To the extent that after the Effective Date a Class 5 Unsecured Claim is Disallowed or is Allowed in an amount less than the Disputed portion of such Claim, the Class 5 Distribution Reserve Surplus resulting from the disallowance of all or a portion of such Claim shall become Available Cash for subsequent Distribution to the Holders of Class 5 Allowed Claims in accordance with Section 9.06 of the Plan.

6. **No Duplicate Distributions.** In accordance with the Plan and unless otherwise expressly provided therein, to the extent that more than one Debtor is liable for any Claim, such Claim shall be considered a single Claim against the consolidated Debtors and entitled only to the payment provided therefor under the applicable provisions of the Plan and the Liquidating Trust Agreement.

7. **No Interest on Claims.** Unless otherwise specifically provided for in the Plan or the Confirmation Order, postpetition interest shall not accrue or be paid on Claims, and no Claimholder shall be entitled to interest accruing on or after the Petition Date on any Claim, right, or Interest. Additionally, and without limiting the foregoing, interest shall not accrue or be paid on any Disputed Claim in respect of the period from the Effective Date to the date a final Distribution is made when and if such Disputed Claim becomes an Allowed Claim.

8. **Delivery of Distributions.** Distributions to Allowed Claimholders shall be made by the Disbursing Agent (a) at the addresses set forth in the certified claims register provided by the Claims Agent to the Disbursing Agent; (b) at the addresses set forth on the proofs of Claim or Interest Filed by such Claimholders (or at the last known addresses of such Claimholders if no proof of Claim or Interest is Filed or if the Liquidating Trustee has been notified in writing of a change of address), (c) at the addresses set forth in any written notices of address changes delivered to the Liquidating Trustee after the date of any related proof of Claim or Interest, or (d) at the addresses reflected in the Schedules if no proof of Claim or Interest has been Filed and the Liquidating Trustee has not received a written notice of a change of address. If any Claimholder's Distribution is returned as undeliverable, no further Distributions to such Claimholder shall be made. Amounts in respect of undeliverable Distributions shall be returned to the Liquidating Trust. If the beneficiary to such payment does not serve a written Claim for the undeliverable Distribution within ninety (90) days after such Distribution was originally made, such undeliverable Distribution shall revert to the Liquidating Trust. Upon such reversion, the Claim of any Claimholder, or their successors, with respect to such property shall be discharged and forever barred notwithstanding any federal or state escheat laws to the contrary.

9. **De Minimis Distributions.** No payment of Cash in the amount of less than \$50.00 shall be required to be made on account of any Allowed Claim. Such undistributed amount shall revert to the Liquidating Trust for use in accordance with the Liquidating Trust Agreement.

10. **Fractional Dollars.** The Liquidating Trustee shall not be required to make Distributions of fractions of dollars. Whenever a payment of a fraction of one dollar under the Plan would otherwise be called for, the actual payment made will reflect a rounding of such fraction to the nearest whole dollar (up or down), with one-half (1/2) dollars being rounded down.

11. **Record Date.** At the close of business on the Record Date, the claims register and the claims transfer register shall be closed with respect to all Claims and there will be no further changes in the record Holder of such Claim. The Disbursing Agent will have no obligation to recognize any transfer or sale of a Claim occurring after the Record Date and will be entitled for all purposes to recognize and distribute only to those Claimholders who are Holders of such Claims, or participants therein, as set forth

on the claims register maintained by the Claims Agent. The Disbursing Agent will instead be authorized and entitled to recognize and deal for all purposes under the Plan only with those record Holders stated on the Claims register or identified on the claims transfer register as of the close of business on the Record Date. Notwithstanding anything in the Plan to the contrary, the Disbursing Agent may, in its reasonable discretion, recognize the transfer of or the sale of any participation in, any Allowed Class 5 Unsecured Claim that occurs after the Effective Date.

G. Disputed Claims

1. No payment or Distribution Pending Allowance.

(a) No payment shall be made under the Plan with respect to a Disputed Claim until the Objection to allowance or motion for determination of the value of security has been resolved by agreement of the parties to such Objection or motion or by Final Order.

(b) The Liquidating Trustee shall have the right and responsibility for administering, disputing, objecting to, compromising or otherwise resolving Disputed Claims and making Distributions on Disputed Claims once such Claims become Allowed Claims.

(c) No later than 180 days after the Effective Date (unless further extended by order of the Bankruptcy Court) the Liquidating Trustee shall File Objections to Claims with the Bankruptcy Court and serve such Objections on the Holders of each such Claim. Nothing contained herein shall limit the right of the Liquidating Trustee to object to Claims if any, Filed or amended after the deadline for Objection to Claims. The Liquidating Trustee shall be authorized to, and shall resolve all Disputed Claims by withdrawing or settling any Objection thereto, or by litigating to judgment in the Bankruptcy Court or such other court, as shall have jurisdiction over the Claim.

H. Treatment of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases

1. **Rejected Contracts and Leases.** Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, the Confirmation Order shall constitute an order under section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code rejecting all prepetition Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases to which any Debtor is a party, on and subject to the occurrence of the Effective Date, unless such contract or lease (a) previously shall have been assumed or rejected by the Debtors, (b) previously shall have expired or terminated pursuant to its own terms before the Effective Date, or (c) is identified as a contract or lease to be assumed; provided, however, that the Debtors may amend such list of contracts or leases to be assumed at any time prior to the Confirmation Date.

2. **Assumption of Director and Officer Liability Insurance Policies.** Notwithstanding anything in the Plan to the contrary, as of the Effective Date, the Debtors shall assume all of the director and officer liability insurance policies pursuant to section 365(a) of the Bankruptcy Code. Entry of the Confirmation Order shall constitute the Bankruptcy Court's approval of the Debtors' foregoing assumption of each of the director and officer liability insurance policies. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, Confirmation of the Plan shall not discharge, impair, or otherwise modify any obligations assumed by the foregoing assumption of the director and officer liability insurance policies, and each such obligation shall be deemed and treated as an Executory Contract that has been assumed by the Debtors under the Plan as to which no Proof of Claim need be Filed. On or before the Effective Date, the Debtors may obtain reasonably sufficient tail coverage (*i.e.*, director and officer insurance coverage that extends beyond the end of the policy period) under a directors and officers' liability insurance policy for the current and former directors, officers, and managers for such terms or periods of time, and placed with such insurers as are determined by the Debtors to be reasonable under

the circumstances or as otherwise specified and ordered by the Bankruptcy Court in the Confirmation Order. The Plan and the Confirmation Order shall not diminish or impair (A) the enforceability of any insurance policies of the Debtors (including, but not limited to the directors and officers' liability insurance policy) that may cover Claims against the Debtors or any other Person or Entity or (B) the continuation of workers' compensation programs in effect, including self-insurance programs.

3. **Bar to Rejection Damages.** If the rejection of an Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease pursuant to Section 11.01 of the Plan gives rise to a Claim by the other party or parties to such contract or lease, such Claim shall be forever barred and shall not be enforceable against the applicable Debtor or its Estate, the Liquidating Trustee or their respective successors or properties unless a proof of Claim is Filed and served on the Liquidating Trustee and counsel for the Liquidating Trustee within thirty (30) days after service of a notice of entry of the Confirmation Order or such other date as prescribed by the Bankruptcy Court.

I. Confirmation and Consummation of the Plan

1. **Conditions to Confirmation.** The Plan shall not be confirmed unless and until the following conditions have occurred or have been duly waived by the Debtors (if waivable) pursuant to Section 12.03 of the Plan: (a) the form and substance of the Confirmation Order shall be satisfactory to the Plan Proponents; (b) the Bankruptcy Court shall have approved the identity and appointment of the Liquidating Trustee and the form of the Liquidating Trust Agreement and shall have determined that the Liquidating Trustee is duly authorized to take the action contemplated to be taken pursuant to the Plan and the Liquidating Trust Agreement effective on or after the Confirmation Date; (c) the Liquidating Trustee shall have executed the Liquidating Trust Agreement evidencing the Liquidating Trustee's agreement to serve in that capacity; and (d) the Bankruptcy Court shall have entered a Final Order in form and substance satisfactory to the Debtors and the Liquidating Trustee decreeing that on the Effective Date the transfers to Liquidating Trust contemplated by the Plan (i) are or will be legal, valid and effective transfers of property, (ii) do not or will not constitute fraudulent conveyances under any applicable law, (iii) are fair and reasonable and constitute reasonably equivalent value under the Bankruptcy Code and applicable state law, and (iv) do not and will not, except as contemplated by the Liquidating Trust Agreement, subject the Liquidating Trust, the Liquidating Trustee, or the property so transferred to any liability by reason of such transfer under applicable law or any theory of law including, without limitation, any theory of successor or transferee liability.

2. **Conditions to Effective Date.** The Effective Date shall occur only if the Confirmation Order and other orders specified in Section 12.01 of the Plan shall either have become Final Orders or such orders shall not have been vacated, reversed, stayed, enjoined or restrained by order of a court of competent jurisdiction. The Debtors intend to request that the Confirmation Order include a finding by the Bankruptcy Court that, notwithstanding Rule 3020(e) of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, the Confirmation Order shall take effect immediately upon its entry.

3. **Waiver of Conditions Precedent.** The Debtors may waive any of the conditions set forth in Section 12.01 or Section 12.02 of the Plan at any time, without any notice to other parties-in-interest and without any further notice to or action, order, or approval of the Bankruptcy Court, and without any formal action other than proceeding to confirm or consummate the Plan.

4. **Consequences of Non-Occurrence of Effective Date.** If the Effective Date does not occur within sixty (60) days after the Confirmation Date, or by such later date, after notice and hearing, as is proposed by the Debtors, then upon motion by the Debtors and upon notice to such parties in interest as

the Bankruptcy Court may direct, the Confirmation Order will be vacated by the Bankruptcy Court; provided, however, that, notwithstanding the Filing of such motion, the Confirmation Order may not be vacated if the Effective Date occurs before the Bankruptcy Court approves an order granting such motion. If the Confirmation Order is vacated pursuant to Section 12.04 of the Plan, (a) the Plan shall be null and void in all respects; (b) any settlement of Claims provided for thereby shall be null and void without further order of the Bankruptcy Court; (c) the time within which the Debtors may assume and assign, or reject all Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases shall be extended for a period of thirty (30) days after the date the Confirmation Order is vacated; and (d) nothing contained in the Plan or Disclosure Statement shall constitute a waiver or release of any Claims, Interests, Causes of Action or Avoidance Actions.

J. Effect of Plan Confirmation

1. **Binding Effect.** The Plan shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Debtors, all present and former Claimholders and Interests, and their respective successors and assigns.

2. Exculpation and Limitation of Liability.

Except as otherwise specifically provided in the Plan, to the maximum extent permitted by the Bankruptcy Code and applicable law, none of (a) the Debtors, (b) the Liquidating Trustee, (c) CapitalSource, nor (d) any of their respective members, officers, directors, shareholders, employees, advisors, attorneys or agents acting in such capacity (collectively, the “Released Parties”) on or after the Petition Date, shall have or incur any liability to, or be subject to any right of action by, any Claimholder or an Interest, or (with respect to such Claims or Interests) any of their respective agents, Affiliates, or any of their successors or assigns, for any act or omission for any act or omission relating to, in any way, or arising from (i) these Chapter 11 Cases, (ii) formulating, negotiating, or implementing the Plan (including the Disclosure Statement), any contract, instrument, release, or other agreement or document created or entered into in connection with the Plan; (iii) any other postpetition act taken or omitted to be taken in connection with or in contemplation of the restructuring or liquidation of the Debtors; (iv) the solicitation of acceptances of the Plan, the pursuit of Confirmation of the Plan, the Confirmation of the Plan, the Consummation of the Plan, or (v) the administration of the Plan or the property to be distributed under the Plan, except for their willful misconduct or gross negligence (the “Precluded Claims”), and in all respects shall be entitled to rely reasonably upon the advice of counsel with respect to their duties and responsibilities under the Plan. This exculpation shall be in addition to, and not in limitation of, all other releases, indemnities, exculpations, and any other applicable law or rules protecting such Released Parties from liability.

3. Releases by the Debtors.

Except as otherwise expressly provided in the Plan or the Confirmation Order, on the Effective Date, for good and valuable consideration, to the fullest extent permissible under applicable law, each of the Debtors, on their own behalf and as a representative of their respective Estate, shall, and shall be deemed to, completely and forever release, waive, void, extinguish, and discharge unconditionally, each and all of the Settling Parties and Released Parties of and from any and all Claims, Causes of Action, obligations, suits, judgments, damages, debts, rights, remedies, and liabilities of any nature whatsoever, whether liquidated or unliquidated, fixed or Contingent, matured or unmatured, known or unknown, foreseen or unforeseen, then existing or thereafter arising, in law, equity, or otherwise, that are or may be based in whole or part on any act, omission, transaction, event, or other circumstance taking place or existing on or prior to the Effective Date (including prior to the Petition Date) in connection with or related to any of the Debtors, their

respective Assets, property, and Estates or the Chapter 11 Cases, that may be asserted by or on behalf of any of the Debtors or their respective Estates, against any of the Settling Parties and Released Parties; provided, however, that nothing in Section 13.03 of the Plan shall be construed to release any Settling Parties and Released Parties from willful misconduct or gross negligence as determined by a Final Order. Holders of Allowed Administrative Claims, Allowed Tax and Other Priority Claims, Allowed Professional Compensation Claims and Allowed Non-Tax Priority Claims will be deemed to be bound to the releases in Section 13.03 of the Plan.

4. Injunction Related to Exculpation and Releases.

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, the Confirmation Order shall provide, among other things, that from and after the Confirmation Date (i) all Persons that hold, have held, or may hold a Claim or any other obligation, suit, judgment, damages, debt, right, remedy, Causes of Action or liability of any nature whatsoever, relating to any of the Debtors or any of their respective Assets, property and Estates, that is released or enjoined pursuant to Article XIII of the Plan and (ii) all other parties in interest in these Chapter 11 Cases are, and shall be, permanently, forever and completely stayed, restrained, prohibited, barred and enjoined from taking any of the following actions against the Estate(s), the Liquidating Trustee, the CapitalSource (or any of its members from time to time), the Settling Parties, any Releases Party or any of their property on account of any such Claims, Interests or Precluded Claims, whether directly or indirectly, derivatively or otherwise, on account of or based on the subject matter of such Claims or other obligations, suits, judgments, damages, debts, rights, remedies, Causes of Action or liabilities:

(a) commencing, conducting or continuing in any manner, directly or indirectly, any suit, action or other proceeding (including, without limitation, any judicial, arbitral, administrative or other proceeding) in any forum; or

(b) enforcing, attaching (including, without limitation, any prejudgment attachment), executing, collecting, or recovering in any manner, directly or indirectly, any judgment, award, decree, or other order; or

(c) creating, perfecting or enforcing, directly or indirectly, in any manner, any lien or encumbrance of any kind;;

(d) setting off, seeking reimbursement or contributions from, or subrogation against, or otherwise recouping in any manner, directly or indirectly, any amount against any liability or obligation that is discharged under the Plan; and

(e) commencing or continuing in any manner, in any place of any judicial, arbitration or administrative proceeding in any forum, that does not comply with or is inconsistent with the provisions of the Plan or the Confirmation Order.

Any Entity injured by any willful violation of such injunction shall recover actual damages, including, but not limited to, costs and attorneys' fees and expenses, and, in appropriate circumstances, may recover punitive damages from the willful violator.

5. Terms of Bankruptcy Injunction or Stays.

All injunctions or stays provided for in the Chapter 11 Cases under section 105 or 362 of the Bankruptcy Code, or otherwise, and in existence on the Confirmation Date, shall remain in full force and effect until all property of the Estates of the Debtors has been distributed, the Debtors

have been dissolved, the Liquidating Trust Agreement has terminated and the Bankruptcy Court has entered an order closing the Chapter 11 Cases; provided, however, that any injunction that by its terms is permanent or otherwise is intended to survive the Effective Date and Distributions thereunder (whether by law or pursuant to order of the Bankruptcy Court) shall be continued without modification, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Plan.

K. Retention of Jurisdiction

1. **Exclusive Jurisdiction of Bankruptcy Court.** Notwithstanding the entry of the Confirmation Order and the occurrence of the Effective Date, the Bankruptcy Court shall retain after the Effective Date exclusive jurisdiction of all matters arising out of, arising in or related to, the Chapter 11 Cases to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, including, without limitation, jurisdiction to:

(a) allow, disallow, determine, liquidate, classify, estimate or establish the priority or secured or unsecured status of any Claim or Interest (whether Filed before or after the Effective Date and whether or not Contingent, Disputed or unliquidated), including the compromise, settlement and resolution of any request for payment of any Administrative Claim or Priority Claim, the resolution of any Objections to the allowance or priority of Claims or Interests and the resolution of any dispute as to the treatment necessary to reinstate a Claim pursuant to the Plan and to hear and determine any other issue presented thereby or arising thereunder, including during the pendency of any appeal relating to any Objection to such Claim or Interest (to the extent permitted under applicable law);

(b) grant or deny any applications for allowance of compensation or reimbursement of expenses authorized pursuant to the Bankruptcy Code or the Plan, for periods ending on or before the Effective Date;

(c) hear and determine motions, applications, adversary proceedings, contested matters and other litigated matters pending on, Filed or commenced after the Effective Date that may be commenced by the Debtors thereafter, including proceedings with respect to the rights of the Debtors to recover property under sections 542, 543 or 553 of the Bankruptcy Code, or to bring any Avoidance Action, or to otherwise collect to recover on account of any Claim or Cause of Action that the Debtors may have;

(d) determine and resolve any matters related to the assumption, assumption and assignment or rejection of any Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease to which any Debtor is a party or with respect to which any Debtor may be liable, and to hear, determine and, if necessary, liquidate any Claims arising therefrom;

(e) determine and resolve any matters related to any Approved Asset Sales;

(f) to ensure that all payments due under the Plan and performance of the provisions of the Plan are accomplished as provided herein and resolve any issues relating to Distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims pursuant to the provisions of the Plan;

(g) construe, take any action and issue such orders, prior to and following the Confirmation Date and consistent with section 1142 of the Bankruptcy Code, as may be necessary for the enforcement, implementation, execution and Consummation of the Plan and all contracts, instruments, releases, indentures and other agreements or documents created in connection with the Plan, including, without limitation, the Disclosure Statement and the Confirmation Order, for the maintenance of the integrity of the Plan and protection of the Liquidating Trust and the Liquidating Trustee in accordance with sections 524 and 1141 of the Bankruptcy Code following Consummation;

(h) determine and resolve any case, controversies, suits or disputes that may arise in connection with the Consummation, interpretation, implementation or enforcement of the Plan (and all Exhibits to the Plan) or the Confirmation Order, including the indemnification and injunction provisions set forth in and contemplated by the Plan or the Confirmation Order, or any Entity's rights arising under or obligations incurred in connection therewith;

(i) modify the Plan before or after the Effective Date pursuant to section 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code and Section 15.01 thereof or modify the Disclosure Statement, the Confirmation Order or any contract, instrument, release, indenture or other agreement or document created in connection with the Plan, the Disclosure Statement or the Confirmation Order, or remedy any defect or omission or reconcile any inconsistency in any Bankruptcy Court order, the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, the Confirmation Order or any contract, instrument, release, indenture or other agreement or document created in connection with the Plan, the Disclosure Statement or the Confirmation Order, in such manner as may be necessary or appropriate to consummate the Plan, to the extent authorized by the Bankruptcy Code and the Plan;

(j) issue injunctions, enter and implement other orders or take such other actions as may be necessary or appropriate to restrain interference by any Entity with Consummation, implementation or enforcement of the Plan or the Confirmation Order;

(k) enter and implement such orders as are necessary or appropriate if the Confirmation Order is for any reason modified, stayed, reversed, revoked or vacated;

(l) determine any other matters that may arise in connection with or relating to the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, the Confirmation Order or any contract, instrument, release, indenture or other agreement or document created in connection with the Plan, the Disclosure Statement or the Confirmation Order, except as otherwise provided in the Plan;

(m) determine such other matters and for such other purposes as may be provided in the Confirmation Order;

(n) hear and determine any other matters related hereto and not inconsistent with chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code;

(o) continue to enforce the automatic stay through the Effective Date;

(p) hear and determine (A) disputes arising in connection with the interpretation, implementation or enforcement of the Plan or (B) issues presented or arising under the Plan, including disputes among Holders and arising under agreements, documents or instruments executed in connection with the Plan;

(q) hear and determine all disputes or controversies with respect to any Approved Asset Sales, or in connection with the interpretation, implementation or enforcement of rights under any agreement with respect to any Approved Asset Sales;

(r) enter a Final Decree closing any and all of the Chapter 11 Cases or converting any or all of them into chapter 7 cases;

(s) determine and resolve controversies related to the Disbursing Agent;

(t) enter any orders necessary to effectuate the transactions in Articles VI and VII thereof or the Liquidating Trust Agreement; and

(u) hear and determine any other matter relating to the Plan.

2. **Non-Exclusive Jurisdiction of Bankruptcy Court.** Following the Effective Date, the Bankruptcy Court will retain non-exclusive jurisdiction of the Chapter 11 Cases to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, including, without limitation, jurisdiction to:

(a) recover all Assets of the Debtors and property of their respective Estates, wherever located;

(b) hear and determine any motions or contested matters involving taxes, tax refunds, tax attributes and tax benefits and similar or related matters with respect to the Debtors or the Debtors' respective Estates arising prior to the Effective Date or relating to the period of administration of the Chapter 11 Cases, including, without limitation, matters concerning federal, state and local taxes in accordance with sections 346, 505 and 1146 of the Bankruptcy Code; and

(c) hear any other matter not inconsistent with the Bankruptcy Code.

3. **Failure of Bankruptcy Court to Exercise Jurisdiction.** If the Bankruptcy Court abstains from exercising or declines to exercise jurisdiction over any matter arising under, arising in or related to the Debtors, including with respect to the matters set forth in Sections 14.01 and 14.02 of the Plan, Article XIV of the Plan shall not prohibit or limit the exercise of jurisdiction by any other court having competent jurisdiction with respect to such subject matter.

L. Miscellaneous Provisions

1. **Plan Modification.** The Plan may be amended or modified in the manner provided for under sections 1127(a) or (b) of the Bankruptcy Code. The Debtors shall give notice of any proposed modification to the United States Trustee and to any other parties designated by the Bankruptcy Court. The Debtors also reserve the right to make such modifications at any hearings on confirmation as are necessary to permit the Plan to be confirmed under section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.

2. **Effectuating Documents and Further Transactions.** Each of the Debtors or the Liquidating Trustee, as applicable, is authorized to execute, deliver, file or record such contracts, instruments, releases and other agreements or documents and take such actions as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate, implement and further evidence the terms and conditions of the Plan and any notes or securities issued pursuant to the Plan.

3. **Corporate Action.** Prior to, on or after the Effective Date (as appropriate), all matters provided for under the Plan that would otherwise require approval of the stockholders or directors of one (1) or more of the Debtors shall be deemed to have occurred and shall be in effect prior to, on or after the Effective Date (as appropriate) pursuant to section 1142(b) of the Bankruptcy Code and section 303 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware without any requirement of further action by the stockholders or directors of the Debtors.

4. Bar Dates for Certain Claims.

(a) Administrative Claims Bar Date. All requests for payment of Administrative Claims (other than as set forth in Section 2.03 of the Plan) must be made by application Filed with the

Bankruptcy Court and served on counsel for the Liquidating Trustee no later than thirty (30) days after the Effective Date. Unless otherwise provided herein, any Person that fails to File and serve a request for payment of an Administrative Claim on or before the Administrative Claims Bar Date shall be forever barred from asserting such Administrative Claim against the Debtors, their Estates or the Liquidating Trust and shall be enjoined and barred from commencing or continuing any action, employment of process or act to collect, offset or recover such asserted Administrative Claims. A request for an Administrative Claim that is made, or was made, on a proof of Claim and Filed with the Claims Agent is not sufficient and will be deemed Disallowed. The last day for the Liquidating Trust, or any other Person with standing, to File an Objection to any Administrative Claim shall be the later of (a) 180 days after the Effective Date, (b) 90 days after the Filing of such Administrative Claim or (c) such other date specified in the Plan or ordered by the Bankruptcy Court.

(b) Final Fee Application Bar Date. All final requests for payment of Professional Compensation Claims pursuant to sections 327, 328, 330, 331, 503(b), or 1103 of the Bankruptcy Code must be made by application Filed with the Bankruptcy Court and served on counsel to the Debtors, the Liquidating Trustee, the Liquidating Trustee's counsel, counsel to the Committee, and other necessary parties in interest by the Final Fee Application Bar Date, unless otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court. Any Claimholder that fails to File and serve a request for payment of a Professional Compensation Claim on or before the Final Fee Application Bar Date shall be forever barred from asserting such Professional Compensation Claim against the Debtors or their Estates and shall be enjoined and barred from commencing or continuing any action, employment of process or act to collect, offset or recover such asserted Professional Compensation Claim. The Liquidating Trust, or any other Person with standing, shall have until the later of (a) forty-five (45) days from the Final Fee Application Bar Date to object to any timely Filed and served Professional Compensation Claim or (b) such other date ordered by the Bankruptcy Court.

5. **Payment of Statutory Fees.** All fees payable pursuant to section 1930 of title 28 of the United States Code, as determined by the Bankruptcy Court at the Confirmation Hearing, shall be paid on or before the Effective Date. After confirmation, the Liquidating Trustee shall continue to pay US Trustee Fees pursuant to section 1930 of title 28 of the United States Code and to File quarterly reports with the Office of the United States Trustee until these Chapter 11 Cases are closed by the Bankruptcy Court, dismissed or converted. This requirement is subject to any amendments to 28 U.S.C. § 1930(a)(6) that are retroactively applicable to confirmed chapter 11 cases.

6. **Severability of Plan Provisions.** Should the Bankruptcy Court determine, prior to the Confirmation Date, that any provision of the Plan is either illegal on its face or illegal as applied to any Claim or Interest, such provision shall be unenforceable as to all Holders of Claims or Interests or to the specific Holder of such Claim or Interest, as the case may be, as to which the provision is illegal. Unless otherwise determined by the Bankruptcy Court, such a determination of unenforceability shall in no way limit or affect the enforceability and operative effect of any other provision of the Plan. The Debtors reserve the right not to proceed with Confirmation or Consummation of the Plan if any such ruling occurs.

7. **Successors and Assigns.** The Plan shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Debtors, and their respective successors and assigns. The rights, benefits and obligations of any entity named or referred to in the Plan shall be binding on, and shall inure to the benefit of any heir, executor, administrator, successor or assign of such Entity.

8. **Governing Law.** EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT THAT THE BANKRUPTCY CODE OR BANKRUPTCY RULES OR OTHER FEDERAL LAWS ARE APPLICABLE, AND SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF ANY CONTRACT, INSTRUMENT, RELEASE, INDENTURE OR OTHER

AGREEMENT, DOCUMENT OR SCHEDULE ENTERED INTO IN CONNECTION WITH THE PLAN, THE CONSTRUCTION, IMPLEMENTATION AND ENFORCEMENT OF THE PLAN AND ALL RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS ARISING UNDER THE PLAN SHALL BE GOVERNED BY, AND CONSTRUED AND ENFORCED IN ACCORDANCE WITH, THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE, WITHOUT GIVING EFFECT TO CONFLICTS-OF-LAW PRINCIPLES WHICH WOULD APPLY THE LAW OF A JURISDICTION OTHER THAN THE STATE OF DELAWARE OR THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

9. **Incorporation of Documents.** All schedules, exhibits or other related documents to the Plan are incorporated and are a part of the Plan as if set forth in full therein.

10. **Filing of Additional Documents.**

On or before the Effective Date, the Debtors shall File such agreements and other documents, in form and substance acceptable to the Committee, as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate and further evidence the terms and conditions of the Plan.

11. **Dissolution of the Committee.** On the Effective Date, the Committee shall be automatically dissolved and all members, Professionals and agents of such Committee shall be deemed released of their duties, responsibilities and obligations, and shall be without further duties, responsibilities and authority in connection with the Debtors, the Chapter 11 Cases, the Plan or its implementation.

IX. CERTAIN U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN

NO REPRESENTATIONS ARE MADE REGARDING THE PARTICULAR TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN TO ANY HOLDER OF A CLAIM. CLAIMHOLDERS ARE URGED TO CONSULT THEIR TAX ADVISORS ABOUT THE UNITED STATES FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL, AND APPLICABLE FOREIGN INCOME AND OTHER TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN. TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN AS THEY RELATE TO THE LIQUIDATING TRUST CAN BE FOUND IN THE LIQUIDATING TRUST AGREEMENT.

X. FEASIBILITY OF THE PLAN AND BEST INTERESTS OF CREDITORS

A. Feasibility of the Plan

Section 1129(a)(11) of the Bankruptcy Code provides that a chapter 11 plan may be confirmed only if the Bankruptcy Court finds that such plan is feasible. A feasible plan is one that will not lead to a need for further reorganization or liquidation of the debtor, unless such reorganization or liquidation is contemplated by such plan. Since the Plan provides for the liquidation of the Debtors, the Bankruptcy Court will find that the Plan is feasible if it determines that the Debtors will be able to satisfy the conditions precedent to the Effective Date and otherwise have sufficient funds to meet their post-Confirmation Date obligations to pay for the costs of administering and fully consummating the Plan and closing the Chapter 11 Cases. The Debtors believe that the Plan satisfies the financial feasibility requirement imposed by the Bankruptcy Code.

B. Acceptance of the Plan

As a condition to confirmation, the Bankruptcy Code requires that each Class of Impaired Claims and Interests vote to accept the Plan, except under certain circumstances.

Section 1126(c) of the Bankruptcy Code defines acceptance of a plan by a class of impaired claims as acceptance by holders of at least two-thirds (2/3) in dollar amount and more than one-half (1/2) in number of claims in that class but, for that purpose, counts only those who actually vote to accept or reject the Plan. Thus, a Class of Claims will have voted to accept the Plan only if two-thirds (2/3) in amount and a majority in number actually voting cast their Ballots in favor of the Plan.

C. Best Interests Test

Even if a plan is accepted by each class of holders of claims, the Bankruptcy Code requires a bankruptcy court to determine that the plan is in the “best interests” of all holders of claims that are impaired by the plan and that have not accepted the plan. The “best interests” test, as set forth in section 1129(a)(7) of the Bankruptcy Code, requires a bankruptcy court to find either that (i) all members of an impaired class of claims have accepted the plan or (ii) the plan will provide a member who has not accepted the plan with a recovery of property of a value, as of the effective date of the plan, that is not less than the amount that such holder would recover if the debtor were liquidated under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code.

To calculate the probable distribution to members of each impaired class of holders of claims if the debtor were liquidated under Chapter 7, a bankruptcy court must first determine the aggregate dollar amount that would be generated from the debtor’s assets if its chapter 11 case were converted to a chapter 7 case under the Bankruptcy Code. This “liquidation value” would consist primarily of the proceeds from a forced sale of the debtor’s assets by a chapter 7 trustee.

The amount of liquidation value available to unsecured creditors would be reduced by, first, the claims of secured creditors to the extent of the value of their collateral and, second, by the costs and expenses of liquidation, as well as by other administrative expenses and costs of both the chapter 7 case and the chapter 11 case. Costs of liquidation under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code would include the compensation of a trustee, as well as of counsel and other professionals retained by the trustee, asset disposition expenses, all unpaid expenses incurred by the debtor in its bankruptcy case (such as compensation of attorneys, financial advisors and restructuring consultants) that are allowed in the chapter 7 case, litigation costs and claims arising from the operations of the debtor during the pendency of the bankruptcy case. The liquidation itself would trigger certain priority payments that otherwise would be due in the ordinary course of business. Those priority claims would be paid in full from the liquidation proceeds before the balance would be made available to pay general unsecured claims or to make any distribution in respect of equity interests. The liquidation also would prompt the rejection of a large number of executory contracts and unexpired leases and thereby create a significantly higher number of unsecured claims.

Once the court ascertains the recoveries in liquidation of secured creditors and priority claimants, it must determine the probable distribution to general unsecured creditors and equity security holders from the remaining available proceeds in liquidation. If such probable distribution has a value greater than the distributions to be received by such creditors and equity security holders under a debtor’s plan, then such plan is not in the best interests of creditors and equity security holders.

D. Application of the “Best Interests” of Creditors Test to the Liquidation Analysis and the Plan

The Debtors have prepared a liquidation analysis for the Debtors, attached hereto as **Exhibit D**. Based on such liquidation analysis, the Debtors estimate that the total amount available for distribution to Creditors would be significantly less than the total amount available for Distribution under the Plan. The Debtors believe that under the Plan, the amount available for Distribution to each Impaired Class of

Claims or Interests would be at least as much as would be available to each Impaired Class of Claims or Interests under a liquidation pursuant to chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. Therefore, the Debtors believe that the Plan is in the “best interest” of each Class of Impaired Claims or Interests.

E. Confirmation Without Acceptance of All Impaired Classes: The “Cramdown” Alternative

Section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code provides that a plan can be confirmed even if all impaired classes have not accepted it as long as at least one impaired class of Claims has accepted it. The Bankruptcy Court may confirm the Plan at the request of the Debtors notwithstanding the Plan’s rejection (or deemed rejection) by Impaired Classes as long as the Plan “does not discriminate unfairly” and is “fair and equitable” as to each Impaired Class that has not accepted it. A plan does not discriminate unfairly within the meaning of the Bankruptcy Code if a dissenting class is treated equally with respect to other classes of equal rank.

A plan is fair and equitable as to a class of secured claims that rejects such plan if the plan provides (1)(a) that the holders of claims included in the rejecting class retain the liens securing those claims whether the property subject to those liens is retained by the debtor or transferred to another Entity, to the extent of the allowed amount of such claims, and (b) that each holder of a claim of such class receives on account of that claim deferred Cash payments totaling at least the allowed amount of that claim, of a value, as of the effective date of the plan, of at least the value of the holder’s interest in the estate’s interest in such property; (2) for the sale, subject to section 363(k) of the Bankruptcy Code, of any property that is subject to the liens securing the claims included in the rejecting class, free and clear of the liens, with the liens to attach to the proceeds of the sale, and the treatment of the liens on proceeds under clause (1) or (2) of this subparagraph; or (3) for the realization by such holders of the indubitable equivalent of such claims.

A plan is fair and equitable as to a class of unsecured claims which rejects a plan if the plan provides (1) for each holder of a claim included in the rejecting class to receive or retain on account of that claim property that has a value, as of the effective date of the plan, equal to the allowed amount of such claim; or (2) that the holder of any claim or interest that is junior to the claims of such rejecting class will not receive or retain on account of such junior claim or interest any property at all.

A plan is fair and equitable as to a class of equity interests that rejects a plan if the plan provides (1) that each holder of an interest included in the rejecting class receive or retain on account of that interest property that has a value, as of the effective date of the plan, equal to the greatest of the allowed amount of any fixed liquidation preference to which such holder is entitled, any fixed redemption price to which such holder is entitled, or the value of such interest; or (2) that the holder of any interest that is junior to the interest of such rejecting class will not receive or retain under the plan on account of such junior interest any property at all.

Because Interests are being extinguished under the Plan and, thus, the Holders of such Interests will receive no Distribution on account of such Interests, the votes of Class 6 Interests are not being solicited, and Class 6 Interests is deemed to have rejected the Plan pursuant to section 1126(g) of the Bankruptcy Code. Accordingly, the Debtors are seeking confirmation of the Plan pursuant to section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code with respect to such Classes and may seek confirmation pursuant thereto as to other Classes if such Classes vote to reject the Plan.

XI. ALTERNATIVES TO CONFIRMATION AND CONSUMMATION OF THE PLAN

If the Plan is not confirmed and consummated, the Debtors' alternatives include (a) liquidation of the Debtors under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code and (b) the preparation and presentation of alternative chapter 11 plan or plans.

A. Alternative Plan(s) of Liquidation

If the Plan is not confirmed, the Debtors, the Committee or any other party in interest could attempt to formulate a different plan to either reorganize or liquidate the Debtors' Assets. The Debtors believe, however, that it is unlikely that such alternative plan could be formulated, confirmed and consummated prior to the Debtors' Chapter 11 Cases being converted into cases under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. After examining the potential for alternative plans, the Debtors have determined that the Plan represents the best alternative to protect the interests of the Debtors' Creditors and other parties in interest.

B. Liquidation Under Chapter 7

If no plan is confirmed, the Debtors' Chapter 11 Cases may be converted to cases under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. In a chapter 7 case, a trustee or trustees would be appointed to liquidate the Assets of the Debtors. It is impossible to predict precisely how the proceeds of the liquidation would be distributed to the respective Holders of Claims against or Interests in the Debtors. However, the Debtors believe that the value received by a chapter 7 trustee for the Assets of the Debtors would be substantially less than the value received under the Plan. In addition, the Debtors believe that, in liquidation under chapter 7, before Creditors received any distribution, additional administrative expenses involved in the appointment of a trustee or trustees and attorneys, accountants and other professionals to assist such trustees would cause a substantial diminution in the value of the Debtors' Estates. The Assets available for distribution to Creditors would be reduced by such additional expenses and by Claims, some of which would be entitled to priority, which would arise by reason of the liquidation.

The Debtors' liquidation analysis is premised upon a hypothetical liquidation in a chapter 7 case and is attached as **Exhibit D** to this Disclosure Statement. As shown in the liquidation analysis, the Debtors estimate that a liquidation under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code will produce significantly less value than the Plan. In fact, the liquidation analysis indicates that under a chapter 7 liquidation, no distribution will be made to Unsecured Creditors. Therefore, the Debtors believe the Plan provides a greater potential for realization than a liquidation under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code.

XII. THE SOLICITATION AND VOTING PROCEDURE

A. General

On [_____,] 2011 the Bankruptcy Court approved an order (the "**Disclosure Statement Order**"), approving this Disclosure Statement, setting voting procedures, and scheduling the hearing on confirmation of the Plan, among other things. A copy of the notice of Confirmation Hearing (the "**Confirmation Hearing Notice**") is enclosed with this Disclosure Statement. The Confirmation Hearing Notice sets forth in detail, among other things, the voting deadlines and Objection deadlines with respect to the Plan. The Confirmation Hearing Notice and the instructions attached to the Ballot should be read in connection with this Disclosure Statement.

B. Parties Entitled to Vote

Under section 1124 of the Bankruptcy Code, a class of claims or interests is deemed to be "impaired" under a plan unless (a) the plan leaves unaltered the legal, equitable and contractual rights to

which such claim or interest entitles the holder thereof or (b) notwithstanding any legal right to an accelerated payment of such claim or interest, the plan cures all existing defaults (other than defaults resulting from the occurrence of events of bankruptcy) and reinstates the maturity of such claim or interest as it existed before the default.

In general, a holder of a claim or interest may vote to accept or to reject a plan if (1) the claim or interest is “allowed,” which means generally that no party in interest has objected to such claim or interest, and (2) the claim or interest is impaired by the Plan. If the holder of an impaired claim or impaired interest will not receive any distribution under the plan in respect of such claim or interest, the Bankruptcy Code deems such holder to have rejected the plan. If the claim or interest is not impaired, the Bankruptcy Code deems that the holder of such claim or interest has accepted the plan, and the plan proponent need not solicit such holder’s vote.

Except for Holders of Class 6 Interests, who are presumed to have rejected the Plan, the Holder of a Claim that is “Impaired” under the Plan is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan if (1) the Plan provides a Distribution in respect of such Claim and (2) (a) the Claim has been scheduled by the respective Debtor (and such Claim is not scheduled as disputed, contingent or unliquidated), (b) such Claimholder has timely Filed a Proof of Claim as to which no Objection has been Filed, or (c) such Claimholder has been granted authority by the Bankruptcy Court under Rule 3018 of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure to temporarily allow such Claim for voting purposes only.

A vote may be disregarded if the Bankruptcy Court determines, pursuant to section 1126(e) of the Bankruptcy Code, that it was not solicited or procured in good faith or in accordance with the provisions of the Bankruptcy Code. The Disclosure Statement Order also sets forth assumptions and procedures for tabulating Ballots, including Ballots that are not completed fully or correctly.

C. Classes Impaired under the Plan

The following Classes are Impaired under the Plan and entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan:

- Class 4 Allowed Other Secured Claims; and
- Class 5 Allowed General Unsecured Claims

Class 1 Prepetition Secured Lender Claim, Class 2 Postpetition Secured Lender Claim, and Class 3 Allowed Tax and Other Priority Claims are Unimpaired and deemed to accept the Plan. Class 6 Interests are receiving no Distribution under the Plan and are, therefore, not entitled to vote and deemed to reject the Plan.

D. Waivers of Defects, Irregularities, Etc. Unless otherwise directed by the Bankruptcy Court, all questions as to the validity, form, eligibility (including time of receipt), acceptance, and revocation or withdrawal of Ballots will be determined by the Debtors as set forth in the Disclosure Statement Order, which determination will be final and binding.

XIII. RECOMMENDATION AND CONCLUSION

THE PLAN PROVIDES FOR AN EQUITABLE DISTRIBUTION TO ALL CREDITORS OF THE DEBTORS. THE DEBTORS BELIEVE THAT THE DEBTORS' CREDITORS WILL RECEIVE GREATER AND EARLIER RECOVERIES UNDER THE PLAN THAN THE RECOVERIES THAT WOULD BE ACHIEVED THROUGH A LIQUIDATION PURSUANT TO CHAPTER 7 OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE OR ANY ALTERNATIVE PLAN THAT MAY BE PROPOSED. FOR THESE REASONS, THE DEBTORS STRONGLY URGE YOU TO RETURN YOUR BALLOT ACCEPTING THE PLAN.

/s/ Scott D. Cousins

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Exhibit A

to

Disclosure Statement with Respect to Chapter 11 Liquidating Plan Proposed by the Debtors and Debtors in Possession, Dated June 29, 2011

CHAPTER 11 LIQUIDATING PLAN PROPOSED BY THE DEBTORS AND DEBTORS IN POSSESSION

IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

In re:

ULTIMATE ESCAPES HOLDINGS, LLC,
et al.,¹

Debtors.

Chapter 11

Case No. 10-12915 (BLS)

(Jointly Administered)

**CHAPTER 11 LIQUIDATING PLAN PROPOSED
BY THE DEBTORS AND DEBTORS IN POSSESSION**

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Dated: June 29, 2011

¹ A list of the Debtors in these Chapter 11 Cases, along with the last four digits of each Debtor's federal tax identification number, is attached hereto as **Exhibit 1**.

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PLAN EXHIBITS

Exhibit 1: List of Debtors

**CHAPTER 11 LIQUIDATING PLAN PROPOSED
BY THE DEBTORS AND DEBTORS IN POSSESSION**

INTRODUCTION²

The above-captioned debtors and debtors in possession (the “**Debtors**”) hereby propose this Plan for the resolution of the outstanding Claims against and Interests in the Debtors. Reference is made to the Disclosure Statement for a discussion of (i) the Debtors’ history, businesses, properties, results of operations and projections for future operations, (ii) a summary and analysis of this Plan, and (iii) certain related matters, including risk factors relating to the Consummation of this Plan and Distributions to be made under this Plan.

ALL CLAIMHOLDERS AND INTERESTHOLDERS ARE ENCOURAGED TO READ THE PLAN AND THE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IN THEIR ENTIRETY BEFORE VOTING TO ACCEPT OR REJECT THE PLAN. SUBJECT TO CERTAIN RESTRICTIONS AND REQUIREMENTS SET FORTH IN SECTION 1127 OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE, BANKRUPTCY RULE 3019, AND IN THE PLAN, THE DEBTORS RESERVE THE RIGHT TO ALTER, AMEND, MODIFY, REVOKE OR WITHDRAW THE PLAN, OR ANY PART THEREOF, PRIOR TO ITS SUBSTANTIAL CONSUMMATION.

The Debtors are the proponents of the Plan within the meaning of section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code.

ARTICLE I³

DEFINED TERMS, RULES OF INTERPRETATION AND EXHIBITS

For purposes of the Plan, except as expressly provided or unless the context otherwise requires, (a) all capitalized terms used in the Plan and not otherwise defined in the Plan shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Disclosure Statement (or any exhibit hereto or thereto), (b) any capitalized term used in the Plan that is not defined in the Plan, but is defined in the Bankruptcy Code or the Bankruptcy Rules, shall have the meaning ascribed to that term in the Bankruptcy Code or the Bankruptcy Rules, as applicable, (c) whenever the context requires, each term stated in either the singular or the plural shall include the singular and the plural, and pronouns stated in the masculine, feminine or neuter gender shall include the masculine, feminine and the neuter, (d) any reference in the Plan to a contract, instrument, release, indenture, or other agreement or document being in a particular form or on particular terms and conditions means that such document shall be substantially in such form or substantially on such terms and conditions, (e) any reference in the Plan to an existing document or exhibit means such

² All capitalized terms used in this Introduction shall have the meanings ascribed to them in Article I of the Plan.

³ All capitalized terms used in the Plan and not otherwise defined in Article I of the Plan shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Disclosure Statement (or any exhibit hereto).

document or exhibit as it may be amended, modified, or supplemented from time to time, (f) unless otherwise specified, all references in the Plan to sections, articles, schedules, and exhibits are references to sections, articles, schedules, and exhibits of or to the Plan, (g) the words “herein,” “hereof,” “hereto,” “hereunder,” and other words of similar import refer to the Plan in its entirety rather than to any particular paragraph, subparagraph, or clause contained in the Plan, (h) captions and headings to articles and sections are inserted for convenience of reference only and shall not limit or otherwise affect the provisions hereof or the interpretation of the Plan, and (i) the rules of construction set forth in section 102 of the Bankruptcy Code and in the Bankruptcy Rules shall apply.

1.1 “Administrative and Tax and Other Priority Distribution Reserve Surplus” shall mean Cash, deposited or held in the Distribution Reserve on account of Administrative Claims or Tax and Other Priority Claims that are Disputed, to the extent that they are Disallowed in whole or in part after the Effective Date.

1.2 “Administrative Claim” shall mean a Claim for any costs or expenses of administration of the Estates under sections 503(b), 507(b) or 1114(e)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code, including, without limitation, for: (a) any actual and necessary costs and expenses incurred after the Petition Date of preserving the Estates and operating the businesses of the Debtors; (b) any payment to be made under the Plan to cure a default on an assumed Executory Contract or assumed Unexpired Lease; (c) any postpetition cost, indebtedness or contractual obligation duly and validly incurred or assumed by the Debtors in the ordinary course of their respective businesses; (d) any Allowed Claims that are entitled to be treated as Administrative Claims pursuant to a Final Order under section 546(c)(2)(A) of the Bankruptcy Code; (e) any Allowed Claims of Professionals in the Chapter 11 Cases; and (f) any fees and charges assessed against the Estates under chapter 123 of title 28 of the United States Code, 28 U.S.C. §§ 1911-1930.

1.3 “Administrative Claims Bar Date” shall mean the deadline for Filing all requests for payment of Administrative Claims, which shall be thirty (30) days after the Effective Date, unless otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court, except with respect to Professional Compensation Claims, which shall be forty-five (45) days after the Effective Date.

1.4 “Affiliate” shall mean “affiliate” as defined in section 101(2) of the Bankruptcy Code.

1.5 “Allowed Claim” shall mean an Allowed Claim in the Class or category specified. Any reference herein to a particular Allowed Claim includes both the secured and unsecured portions of such Claim.

1.6 “Allowed” shall mean with respect to any Claim (including any Administrative Claim) or portion thereof (to the extent such Claim is not Disputed or Disallowed) or any Interest (a) any Claim or Interest, proof of which: (i) was timely Filed with the Bankruptcy Court or its duly appointed Claims Agent, (ii) was deemed timely Filed pursuant to section 1111(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, (iii) by a Final Order was not required to be Filed; (b) any Claim or Interest that has been, or hereafter is, listed in the Schedules as liquidated in an amount other than zero or unknown and not Disputed or Contingent (or as to which the applicable proof of Claim has been withdrawn or Disallowed); and (c) any Claim or Interest which has been Allowed (whether in

whole or in part) by a Final Order (but only to the extent so Allowed), and, in (a), (b) and (c) above, as to which no Objection to the allowance thereof, or action to subordinate, avoid, classify, reclassify, expunge, estimate or otherwise limit recovery with respect thereto, has been Filed within the applicable period of limitation fixed by the Plan, the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules or a Final Order; (d) any Claim or Interest Allowed under or pursuant to the terms of the Plan; (e) any Claim arising from the recovery of property under sections 550 or 553 of the Bankruptcy Code which has been Allowed in accordance with section 503(h) of the Bankruptcy Code; (f) a Claim relating to a rejected Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease that either (i) is not a Disputed Claim or (ii) has been Allowed by a Final Order, in either case only if a proof of Claim has been Filed by the applicable Bar Date or has otherwise been deemed timely Filed under applicable law; or (g) which is a Professional Compensation Claim for which a fee award amount has been approved by order of the Bankruptcy Court; provided, however, that Claims or Interests Allowed solely for the purpose of voting to accept or reject the Plan pursuant to an order of the Bankruptcy Court shall not be considered “Allowed” hereunder.

1.7 “Approved Asset Sales” shall mean, together (A) the Initial Asset Sales and (B) any Subsequent Asset Sales.

1.8 “Approved DIP Budget” shall mean the Initial Approved Budget as defined in Paragraph 18(a) of the Final DIP Order and any Supplemental Approved Budget.

1.9 “Approved DIP Budget Surplus” shall mean any amounts provided for in any Approved DIP Budget for any accrued but unpaid (as of the Effective Date) line items identified therein.

1.10 “Assets” shall mean all of the right, title and interest of the Debtors in and to property, including Cash, Claims, rights, interests and property, real and personal, tangible and intangible, all Causes of Action and Avoidance Actions, whether known or unknown, and any Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases related thereto.

1.11 “Available Cash” shall mean all Cash of the Debtors as of the Effective Date, but excluding any Sale Proceeds.

1.12 “Avoidance Actions” shall mean any and all Claims and Causes of Action (other than those which are released or dismissed as part of and pursuant to the Plan) of the Debtors arising under sections 502(d), 510, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, or 553 of the Bankruptcy Code or under related state or federal statutes and common law, including, without limitation, fraudulent transfer laws (whether or not litigation is commenced to prosecute such Causes of Action) and including the Debtors’ rights of setoff, recoupment, contribution, reimbursement, subrogation or indemnity (as those terms are defined by the non-bankruptcy law of any relevant jurisdiction) and any other indirect claim of any kind whatsoever, whenever and wherever arising or asserted.

1.13 “Avoidance Action Proceeds” shall mean the aggregate Cash and non-Cash consideration received in connection with any Avoidance Actions.

1.14 “Ballot” shall mean each of the ballot form or forms distributed to each Holder of an Impaired Claim entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

1.15 “Bankruptcy Code” shall mean the Bankruptcy Reform Act of 1978, as codified in title 11 of the United States Code, 11 U.S.C. §§ 101-1532, as in effect on the Petition Date, together with all amendments and modifications thereto that were subsequently made applicable to the Chapter 11 Cases.

1.16 “Bankruptcy Court” shall mean the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware or such other court as may have jurisdiction over the Chapter 11 Cases or any aspect thereof.

1.17 “Bankruptcy Rule” or “Rule” shall mean (i) the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure and the Official Bankruptcy Forms, as amended and promulgated under section 2075 of title 28 of the United States Code, (ii) the applicable Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, as amended and promulgated under section 2072 of title 28 of the United States Code, (iii) the applicable Local Rules of Bankruptcy Practice and Procedure for the Bankruptcy Court, and (iv) any standing orders governing practice and procedure issued by the Bankruptcy Court, each as in effect on the Petition Date, together with all amendments and modifications thereto that were subsequently made applicable to the Chapter 11 Cases or proceedings therein, as the case may be.

1.18 “Bar Date” shall mean the date (or dates) set by the Bankruptcy Court as the last day for Filing a proof of Claim or proof of Interest against the Debtors in the Chapter 11 Cases.

1.19 “Business Day” shall mean any day, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, or “legal holidays” (as defined in Bankruptcy Rule 9006(a)), on which commercial banks are open for business in Wilmington, Delaware.

1.20 “Cash” or “\$” shall mean legal tender of the United States of America or the equivalent thereof, including bank deposits, checks and cash equivalents.

1.21 “CapitalSource” shall mean the Prepetition Secured Lender and the DIP Lender.

1.22 “CapitalSource Related Causes of Action” shall mean any and all Causes of Action that the Debtors or their respective Estates may have with respect to CapitalSource and its Affiliates.

1.23 “CapitalSource Settlement” shall mean the settlement between the Settling Parties and incorporated herein settling in full all Claims and Causes of Action each may have with respect to the Chapter 11 Cases (except those reserved thereunder), including the CapitalSource Related Causes of Action.

1.24 “Causes of Action” shall mean any and all actions, causes of action, Claims, rights, defenses, liabilities, obligations, executions, choses in action, controversies, rights (including rights to legal remedies, rights to equitable remedies, rights to payment), suits, debts, damages, judgments, remedies, demands, setoffs, defenses, recoupments, crossclaims, counterclaims, third-party Claims, indemnity Claims, contribution Claims or any other Claims

whatsoever, whether known or unknown, reduced to judgment or not reduced to judgment, liquidated or unliquidated, fixed or Contingent, matured or unmatured, disputed or undisputed, secured or unsecured, choate or inchoate, existing or hereafter arising, suspected or unsuspected, foreseen or unforeseen, and whether asserted or assertable directly, indirectly or derivatively, at law, in equity or otherwise, based in whole or in part upon any act or omission or other event occurring prior to the Petition Date or during the course of the Chapter 11 Cases, including through the Effective Date.

1.25 “Chapter 11 Cases” shall mean the chapter 11 cases commenced by the Debtors and jointly administered under case number 10-12915 (BLS) in the Bankruptcy Court.

1.26 “Claim” shall mean a claim against the Debtors (or any one of them), whether or not asserted, as defined in section 101(5) of the Bankruptcy Code.

1.27 “Claimholder” shall mean a Holder of a Claim.

1.28 “Claims Agent” shall mean BMC Group, Inc.

1.29 “Claims Objection Bar Date” shall mean the date that is one-hundred-and-eighty (180) days after the Effective Date or such later date as may be extended by order of the Bankruptcy Court.

1.30 “Class” shall mean a category of Claimholders or Interests in the Debtors pursuant to section 1122(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, as classified in Article III of the Plan.

1.31 “Class 4 Distribution Reserve Surplus” shall mean (i) Cash deposited or held in the Distribution Reserve on account of Disputed Class 4 Other Secured Claims, to the extent that any Class 4 Other Secured Claims are Disallowed in whole or in part after the Effective Date plus (ii) Cash maintained in the Distribution Reserve as provided in Section 9.02 for Distribution to Holders of Allowed Class 4 Other Secured Claims.

1.32 “Class 5 Distribution Reserve Surplus” shall mean (i) Cash deposited or held in the Distribution Reserve on account of Disputed Class 5 Unsecured Claims, to the extent that any Class 5 Unsecured Claims are Disallowed in whole or in part after the Effective Date plus (ii) Cash maintained in the Distribution Reserve as provided in Section 9.02 for Distribution to Holders of Allowed Class 5 Claims.

1.33 “Committee” shall mean the Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors appointed in these Chapter 11 Cases.

1.34 “Committee Professional Fee Surplus” the difference between the budgeted fees of the Committee’s Professionals in the amount of \$350,000 less the actual Allowed fees and expenses of the Committee’s Professionals through and including the Effective Date.

1.35 “Confirmation Date” shall mean the date upon which the Bankruptcy Court enters the Confirmation Order on the docket of the Chapter 11 Cases, within the meaning of Bankruptcy Rules 5003 and 9021.

1.36 “Confirmation Order” shall mean the order of the Court entered on the docket in the Chapter 11 Cases confirming the Plan pursuant to section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code, and any amendments, modifications or changes thereto.

1.37 “Confirmation Hearing” shall mean the hearing held by the Bankruptcy Court to consider Confirmation of the Plan, as such hearing may be adjourned or continued from time to time.

1.38 “Consummation” shall mean the occurrence of the Effective Date as set forth in the Plan.

1.39 “Contingent” shall mean, with reference to a Claim, a Claim that has not accrued or is not otherwise payable and the accrual of which, or the obligation to make payment on which, is dependent upon a future event that may or may not occur.

1.40 “Credit Bid” shall mean the aggregate bid by CapitalSource in connection with the Initial Asset Sales consisting of (A) a portion of its Claims related to its Prepetition Collateral and (B) all of its Claims related to the DIP Facility Collateral.

1.41 “Credit Bid Amount” shall mean the aggregate amount of proceeds or payments received by CapitalSource on or before the Effective Date in connection with its Credit Bid.

1.42 “Creditor” shall mean any Claimholder.

1.43 “Debtors” has the meaning ascribed to it in the Introduction hereto and as set forth on Exhibit 1 hereto.

1.44 “Deferred Professional Compensation Claims” shall mean the Allowed but unpaid Professional Compensation Claims as of the Effective Date.

1.45 “Deficiency Claim” shall mean any portion of a Claim to the extent (i) the value of the Holder’s Claim in the applicable Estate’s interest in the property securing such Claim is less than the amount of the Claim or (ii) the amount of a Claim subject to setoff is less than the Allowed Amount of the Claim, each as determined by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to section 506(a) of the Bankruptcy Code.

1.46 “DIP Facility” shall have the meaning set forth in Paragraph 2 of the Final DIP Order.

1.47 “DIP Facility Collateral” shall have the meaning set forth in Paragraph E of the Final DIP Order.

1.48 “DIP Lender” shall mean CapitalSource and CapitalSource Bank, as lender (together with any and all Affiliates, successors, agents or assignees to whom CapitalSource Bank or its Affiliates, successors, agents or assignees has granted or assigned or may grant or assign certain or all of its rights in its capacity as postpetition financing lender, individually or collectively) with respect to the Final DIP Order.

1.49 “DIP Orders” shall mean, together, (i) the Final DIP Order, (ii) the Supplemental DIP Order and (iii) the Second Supplemental DIP Order.

1.50 “Disallowed” shall mean, with respect to any Claim or Interest or portion thereof, any Claim against or Interest in any Debtor which: (i) has been disallowed, in whole or part, by a Final Order; (ii) has been withdrawn by agreement of the Holder thereof and the Debtor, in whole or in part; (iii) has been withdrawn, in whole or in part, by the Holder thereof; (iv) if listed in the Schedules as zero or as Disputed, Contingent or unliquidated and in respect of which a proof of Claim or a proof of Interest, as applicable, has not been timely Filed or deemed timely Filed pursuant to the Plan, the Bankruptcy Code or any Final Order or other applicable law; (v) has been reclassified, expunged, subordinated or estimated to the extent that such reclassification, expungement, subordination or estimation results in a reduction in the Filed amount of any proof of Claim or proof of Interest; (vi) is evidenced by a proof of Claim or a proof of Interest which has been Filed, or which has been deemed to be Filed under applicable law or order of the Bankruptcy Court or which is required to be Filed by order of the Bankruptcy Court but as to which such proof of Claim or proof of Interest was not timely or properly Filed; (vii) is unenforceable to the extent provided in section 502(b) of the Bankruptcy Code; (viii) where the Claimholder is a Person or Entity from which property is recoverable under sections 542, 543, 550, or 553 of the Bankruptcy Code or that is a transferee of a transfer avoidable under sections 522(f), 522(h), 544, 545, 547, 548, 549, or 724(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, unless such Person, Entity or transferee has paid the amount, or turned over any such property, for which such Person, Entity or transferee is liable under section 522(i), 542, 543, 550, or 553 of the Bankruptcy Code; or (ix) is for reimbursement or contribution that is Contingent as of the time of allowance or disallowance of such claim. In each case a Disallowed Claim is Disallowed only to the extent of disallowance, withdrawal, reclassification, expungement, subordination or estimation.

1.51 “Disallowed Claim” shall mean a Claim, or any portion thereof, that is Disallowed.

1.52 “Disbursing Agent” shall mean the Debtors or the Liquidating Trustee or any Person or Persons designated by the Debtors or the Liquidating Trustee, in their discretion, to serve as disbursing agent under the Plan with respect to Distributions to Holders in particular Classes of Claims.

1.53 “Disclosure Statement” shall mean the disclosure statement for the Plan, as amended, supplemented or modified from time to time, describing the Plan, that is prepared and distributed in accordance with, among others, sections 1125, 1126(b) and 1145 of the Bankruptcy Code, Bankruptcy Rule 3018 and other applicable law.

1.54 “Disputed” shall mean, with respect to a Claim, (a) if no proof of Claim has been Filed by the applicable Bar Date or has otherwise been deemed timely Filed under applicable law: (i) a Claim that is listed on the Debtors’ Schedules as other than disputed, Contingent or unliquidated, but as to which the Debtors or, prior to the Confirmation Date, any other party-in-interest, has Filed an Objection by the Claims Objection Bar Date, and such Objection has not been withdrawn or denied by a Final Order; or (ii) a Claim that is listed on the Debtors’ Schedules as disputed, Contingent or unliquidated; or (b) if a proof of Claim or request for

payment of an Administrative Claim has been Filed by the applicable Bar Date or has otherwise been deemed timely Filed under applicable law: (i) a Claim for which no corresponding Claim is listed on the Debtor's Schedules; (ii) a Claim for which a corresponding Claim is listed on the Debtor's Schedules as other than disputed, Contingent or unliquidated, but the nature or amount of the Claim as asserted in the proof of Claim varies from the nature and amount of such Claim as it is listed on the Schedules; (iii) a Claim for which a corresponding Claim is listed on the Debtor's Schedules as Disputed, Contingent or unliquidated; (iv) a Claim for which an Objection has been Filed by the Debtors or, prior to the Confirmation Date, any other party in interest, by the Claims Objection Bar Date, and such Objection has not been withdrawn or denied by a Final Order; (v) a Claim which asserts it is Contingent or unliquidated in whole or in part; (vi) a tort Claim; or (vii) any secured or unsecured portions of a Secured Claim that is the subject of a motion or other proceeding for determination of the value of security under section 506(a) of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rule 3012.

1.55 "Disputed Claim" shall mean a Claim, or any portion thereof, that is Disputed.

1.56 "Distribution" shall mean the payment or delivery to any Holder of an Allowed Claim of the consideration payable to such Holder under the terms of and in accordance with the Plan.

1.57 "Distribution Date" shall mean, (i) when used with respect to an Allowed Claim or an Allowed Interest, the Initial Distribution Date and any date after the Effective Date upon which a Distribution is made by the Disbursing Agent in accordance with the Plan which is the latest to occur of: (a) the Initial Distribution Date; (b) the date that is ten (10) Business Days after the date after such Claim or Interest becomes an Allowed Claim or an Allowed Interest by a Final Order; or (c) the date that such Claim becomes payable under any agreement between the Debtors and such Claimholder.

1.58 "Distribution Reserve" shall mean a reserve established to receive and hold, in one or more segregated accounts to be established by the Liquidating Trustee, Cash in amounts equal to the aggregate amount of Cash that would have been distributed on the Effective Date on account of Disputed Claims (had they been Allowed at that time) as specified in Section 9.02 of the Plan.

1.59 "Effective Date" shall mean the first Business Day following the date on which all conditions to Consummation set forth in Section 12.02 of the Plan have been satisfied or, if capable of being duly and expressly waived, as provided in Section 12.03 of the Plan, any conditions to the occurrence of Consummation set forth in the Plan that have been satisfied or waived.

1.60 "Entity" shall mean a Person, estate, trust, governmental unit, and U.S. Trustee, within the meaning of Bankruptcy Code section 101(15).

1.61 "Estates" shall mean the estates of the Debtors created in these Chapter 11 Cases pursuant to section 541 of the Bankruptcy Code upon commencement of the Chapter 11 Cases.

1.62 “Executory Contract” shall mean a contract to which any Debtor is a party that is subject to assumption or rejection under section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code.

1.63 “File,” “Filed” or “Filing” shall mean, respectively, file, filed or filing with the Bankruptcy Court or its authorized designee in these Chapter 11 Cases.

1.64 “Final Decree” shall mean (A) the final decree provided for in the Confirmation Order with respect to all of the Debtors except for Ultimate Escapes Holdings, LLC pursuant to Section 7.09 of the Plan and (B) the final decree entered by the Bankruptcy Court after the Effective Date with respect to Ultimate Escapes Holdings, LLC, pursuant to section 350(a) of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rule 3022.

1.65 “Final DIP Order” shall mean the Final Order (I) Authorizing (A) Secured Post-Petition Financing Pursuant 11 U.S.C. §§ 105, 361, 362, and 364(c) and (d); and (B) Granting Security Interests, Superpriority Claims and Adequate Protection, and (C) Use of Cash Collateral [Docket No. 132] dated October 8, 2010.

1.66 “Final Distribution” shall mean the Distribution to Holders of Allowed Class 5 Unsecured Claims which (i) after giving effect to such Distribution, results in assets (including any Distribution Reserve) with a value, in the judgment of the Liquidating Trustee, of less than \$20,000 and (ii) the Liquidating Trustee determines, in its discretion, to be the Final Distribution, to be made to Holders of Allowed Class 5 Unsecured Claims, based on their respective Pro Rata Share of the remaining Cash, after all Administrative Claims, Tax and Other Priority Claims, and Other Secured Claims have been Allowed, Disallowed or withdrawn.

1.67 “Final Distribution Date” shall mean the date of the Final Distribution.

1.68 “Final Fee Application Bar Date” shall mean the date that is the first business day that is forty-five (45) days after the Effective Date.

1.69 “Final Order” shall mean an order, ruling, judgment, the operation or effect of a judgment or other decree issued and entered by the Bankruptcy Court or by any state or other federal court or other court of competent jurisdiction which has not been reversed, vacated, stayed, modified or amended and as to which (i) the time to appeal or petition for review, rehearing, certiorari, reargument or retrial has expired and as to which no appeal or petition for review, rehearing, certiorari, reargument or retrial is pending or (ii) any appeal or petition for review, rehearing, certiorari, reargument or retrial has been finally decided and no further appeal or petition for review, rehearing, certiorari, reargument or retrial can be taken or granted; provided, however, that the possibility that a motion under Rule 59 or Rule 60 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, or any analogous rule under the Bankruptcy Rules, may be Filed with respect to such order or judgment shall not cause such order or judgment not to be a Final Order.

1.70 “Holder” shall mean the legal or beneficial Claimholder or an Interestholder (and, when used in conjunction with a Class or type of Claim or Interest, shall mean a Claimholder or an Interestholder in such Class or of such type).

1.71 “Impaired” shall mean, when used with reference to a Claim or Interest, a Claim or Interest that is impaired within the meaning of section 1124 of the Bankruptcy Code.

1.72 “Initial Asset Sales” shall mean the sales of substantially all of the Debtors’ Assets authorized pursuant to the Sale Order.

1.73 “Initial Distribution Date” shall mean the Effective Date or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter on which the first Distribution, as applicable, of Cash is made to the Holders of Allowed Class 5 Unsecured Claims.

1.74 “Intercompany Claims” shall mean all Claims held by any Debtor (or any subsidiary or Affiliate of any such Debtor) against any or all other Debtors (or any subsidiary or Affiliate of any such Debtor), including, without limitation, all derivative Claims asserted by or on behalf of one Debtor against the other.

1.75 “Interestholder” shall mean a Holder of an Interest.

1.76 “Interests” shall mean the legal interests, equitable interests, contractual interests, equity interests or ownership interests, or other rights of any Person in any other Person including all capital stock, stock certificates, common stock, preferred stock, partnership interests, limited liability company or membership interests, rights, treasury stock, options, warrants, contingent warrants, convertible or exchangeable securities, investment securities, subscriptions or other agreements and contractual rights to acquire or obtain such an interest or share in any other Person, partnership interests in any other Person’s stock appreciation rights, conversion rights, repurchase rights, redemption rights, dividend rights, preemptive rights, subscription rights and liquidation preferences, puts, calls, awards or commitments of any character whatsoever relating to any such equity, common stock, preferred stock, ownership interests or other shares of capital stock in any other Person or obligating such other Person to issue, transfer or sell any shares of capital stock whether or not certificated, transferable, voting or denominated “stock” or a similar security.

1.77 “Lender Unsecured Deficiency Claim” shall mean the Deficiency Claim of CapitalSource following the application of the proceeds of CapitalSource’s Credit Bid and the sale of property to other interested purchasers.

1.78 “Liquidating Trust” shall mean the trust created pursuant to the Liquidating Trust Agreement (as described in Article VII hereof) on the Effective Date in accordance with the Plan, the Confirmation Order and the Liquidating Trust Agreement, the purposes of which include, without limitation, (i) the receipt of the Assets of the Debtors’ respective Estates on behalf of and for the benefit of the Claimholders under the Plan and otherwise to act as a “liquidating trust” within the meaning of Treasury Regulations Section 301.7701-4(d), (ii) the sale, disposition, collection, or other realization of value of any kind whatsoever in respect of the Remaining Assets, (iii) the preservation and Distribution of the consideration to be distributed to Claimholders pursuant to the Plan, the Liquidating Trust Agreement, the Confirmation Order, or such other Order as may be entered by the Bankruptcy Court, (iv) the prosecution or settlement of Objections to Disputed Claims and Disputed Interests, and (v) the performance of all other obligations pursuant to the Plan, the Liquidating Trust Agreement, any agreement with respect to any Approved Asset Sales, and any other orders entered by the Bankruptcy Court.

1.79 “Liquidating Trust Agreement” shall mean the agreement to be dated the Effective Date establishing the terms and conditions of the Liquidating Trust, substantially in the form annexed to the Disclosure Statement as Exhibit B.

1.80 “Liquidating Trustee” shall mean such Person, selected and designated by the Debtors, prior to the Confirmation Date, to administer the Liquidating Trust and to perform other duties of the Liquidating Trustee specified in the Plan and in the Liquidating Trust Agreement.

1.81 “Objection(s)” shall mean any objection, application, motion, complaint or any other legal proceeding seeking, in whole or in part, to disallow, determine, liquidate, classify, reclassify, or establish the priority, expunge, subordinate, or estimate any Claim (including the resolution of any request for payment of any Administrative Claim).

1.82 “Operating Account” shall mean the account established by the Liquidating Trustee or the Debtors pursuant to the Confirmation Order and utilized by the Liquidating Trustee to fund the on-going operating expenses of the Liquidating Trust in accordance with the Wind-down Budget.

1.83 “Operating Account Funding Sources” shall mean, together, (i) Available Cash, (ii) the Approved DIP Budget Surplus and (iii) Committee Professional Fee Surplus, to the extent available.

1.84 “Other Secured Claim” shall mean any Secured Claim other than the Class 1 Prepetition Secured Lender Claim, Class 2 Postpetition Secured Lender Claim and Lender Unsecured Deficiency Claims.

1.85 “Person” shall mean and includes a natural person, individual, partnership, corporation (as defined in section 101(a) of the Bankruptcy Code), or organization including, without limitation, corporations, limited partnerships, limited liability companies, general partnerships, joint ventures, joint stock companies, trusts, land trusts, business trusts, unincorporated organizations or associations, the Committee, or any ad hoc committee, or other organizations, irrespective of whether they are legal entities, governmental bodies (or any agency, instrumentality or political subdivision thereof), or any other form of legal entities; provided, however, the term “Person” does not include governmental units, except that a governmental unit that (a) acquires an asset from a Person (i) as a result of the operation of a loan guarantee agreement or (ii) as receiver or liquidating agent of a Person; (b) is a guarantor of a pension benefit payable by or on behalf of any Debtor or an Affiliate of any Debtor; or (c) is the legal or beneficial owner of an asset of (i) an employee pension benefit plan that is a governmental plan, as defined in section 414(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 or (ii) an eligible deferred compensation plan, as defined in section 457(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, shall be considered for purposes of section 1102 of the Bankruptcy Code to be a Person with respect to such asset or such benefit.

1.86 “Petition Date” shall mean September 20, 2010 or September 23, 2010, as applicable to each specific Debtor.

1.87 “**Plan**” shall mean this Chapter 11 Liquidating Plan Proposed by the Debtors and Debtors in Possession, as amended or modified.

1.88 “**Postpetition Secured Lender Claim**” shall mean the Claim asserted by the DIP Lender against the Debtors arising from the Debtors’ obligations under the DIP Facility.

1.89 “**Precluded Claims**” shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 13.02 of the Plan.

1.90 “**Prepetition Collateral**” shall have the meaning set forth for “**Pre-Petition Collateral**” in Paragraph E of the Final DIP Order.

1.91 “**Prepetition Loan Agreement**” shall have the meaning set forth for “**Pre-Petition Loan Agreement**” in Paragraph D of the Final DIP Order.

1.92 “**Prepetition Secured Lender**” shall mean CapitalSource Finance LLC, as administrative, payment and collateral agent, CapitalSource Bahamas LLC, as a collateral agent, for the benefit of CapitalSource Bank and the lenders from time to time that were parties to the Prepetition Loan Agreement.

1.93 “**Prepetition Secured Lender Claim**” shall mean the Claim asserted by the Prepetition Secured Lender against the Debtors arising from the Debtors’ obligations under the Prepetition Loan Agreement.

1.94 “**Pro Rata Share**” shall mean the proportion that the Allowed amount of an Allowed Class 5 Unsecured Claim bears to the Allowed amount of all Allowed Class 5 Unsecured Claims, after considering all Distribution Reserves (as that term is defined in the Liquidating Trust Agreement), multiplied by the amount to be distributed to Holders of Allowed Unsecured Claims (the Remaining Assets less payments and reserves for Administrative Claims, Tax and Other Priority Claims and expenses of the Liquidating Trust, actual or projected).

1.95 “**Professional**” or collectively “**Professionals**,” shall mean a Person or Entity employed pursuant to a Final Order in accordance with sections 327, 328, or 1103 of the Bankruptcy Code and to be compensated for services rendered prior to the Confirmation Date, pursuant to sections 327, 328, 329, 330, and 331 of the Bankruptcy Code, or for which compensation and reimbursement has been allowed by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to section 503(b)(4) of the Bankruptcy Code.

1.96 “**Professional Compensation Claims**” shall mean the Claims of all Professionals whose retention and employment has been approved by the Bankruptcy Court and which seek an allowance of compensation for services rendered or reimbursement of expenses incurred through and including the Effective Date under sections 327, 328, 330, 331, 503(b)(2), 503(b)(3), 503(b)(4), or 503(b)(5) of the Bankruptcy Code.

1.97 “**Record Date**” shall mean the date that the Bankruptcy Court approves as the date for determining entitlement to receive Distributions under the Plan on account of Allowed Claims and for closing of the claims registers for all Claims pursuant to Section 9.12 of the Plan.

1.98 “Released Parties” shall mean Jeffrey Sparks, Sheon Karol and the Debtors’ attorneys, financial advisors and Professionals.

1.99 “Remaining Assets” shall mean any and all Assets that are property of the Debtors’ respective Estates as of the Effective Date including: (i) all Avoidance Actions; (ii) all Causes of Action; (iii) all insurance policies and proceeds thereof, including without limitation the Debtors’ in-effect directors’ and officers’ liability insurance; and (iv) all tax refunds, Net Operating Losses (as that term is defined in the United States Tax Code), reimbursements, credits or other refunds or returns to which the Debtors may be entitled.

1.100 “Sale Order” shall mean Order (A) Approving Asset Purchase Agreements And Authorizing The Sale Of Substantially All Of The Debtors’ Assets Outside The Ordinary Course Of Business; (B) Authorizing The Sale Of Assets Free And Clear Of All Liens, Claims, Interests And Encumbrances; And (C) Granting Related Relief [Docket No. 396] dated October 25, 2010 which approved the Initial Asset Sales.

1.101 “Sale Proceeds” shall mean the aggregate Cash and non-Cash consideration or payments received by CapitalSource on or before the Effective Date in connection with any and all Initial Asset Sales, including, without limitation, the assumption of indebtedness or other obligations, or any Contingent or future payments, and as applied to the Prepetition Indebtedness in accordance with Paragraph 4(a) of the Final DIP Order.

1.102 “Schedules” shall mean the schedules of assets and liabilities, the list of Interestholders and the statements of financial affairs Filed by the Debtors on October 16, 2010, as such schedules have been or may be further modified, amended or supplemented in accordance with Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1009 or orders of the Bankruptcy Court.

1.103 “Second Supplemental DIP Order” shall mean the Second Supplemental Order (I) Authorizing (A) Secured Post-Petition Financing Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 105, 361, and 364(c) and (d); and (B) Granting Security Interests, Superpriority Claims and Adequate Protection; and (C) Use of Cash Collateral [Docket No. 473] dated December 1, 2010.

1.104 “Secured Claim” shall mean a Claim that is secured by a lien which is not subject to avoidance under the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise invalid under the Bankruptcy Code or applicable state law, on property in which the Estate has an interest, or a Claim that is subject to setoff under section 553 of the Bankruptcy Code; to the extent of the value of the Holder’s Interest in the Estate’s interest in such property or to the extent of the amount subject to setoff, as applicable; as determined by a Final Order pursuant to section 506(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, or in the case of setoff, pursuant to section 553 of the Bankruptcy Code, or in either case as otherwise agreed upon in writing by the Debtors or the Liquidating Trustee and such Claimholder. The amount of any Claim that exceeds the value of the Holder’s Interest in the Estate’s interest in property or the amount subject to setoff shall be treated as an Unsecured Claim.

1.105 “Settling Parties” shall mean the Debtors, CapitalSource, and each of their respective Affiliates.

1.106 “Subsequent Asset Sales” shall mean the sale, lease or other disposition of all or a portion of the Debtors’ Assets, excluding any Assets sold in connection with the Initial Asset Sales.

1.107 “Supplemental Approved Budget” shall mean the budget attached to the Supplemental DIP Order.

1.108 “Supplemental DIP Order” shall mean the Supplemental Order (I) Authorizing (A) Secured Post-Petition Financing Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 105, 361, and 364(c) and (d); and (B) Granting Security Interests, Superpriority Claims and Adequate Protection; and (C) Use of Cash Collateral [Docket No. 393] dated October 25, 2010.

1.109 “Tax and Other Priority Claim” shall mean a Claim entitled to priority pursuant to section 507(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, including a priority Claim pursuant to section 507(a)(7) of the Bankruptcy Code, but other than an Administrative Claim.

1.110 “Unexpired Lease” shall mean a lease of non-residential real property to which any of the Debtors is a party that is subject to assumption or rejection under section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code.

1.111 “Unimpaired” shall mean, when used in reference to a Claim or Interest, any Claim or Interest that is not Impaired within the meaning of section 1124 of the Bankruptcy Code.

1.112 “Unsecured Claim” shall mean any Claim against a Debtor (but not a Secured Claim, an Administrative Claim or a Tax and Other Priority Claim), including, but not limited to: (a) any Claim arising from the rejection of an Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease under section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code, and (b) any Deficiency Claim.

1.113 “Unsecured Creditor” shall mean the Holder of an Unsecured Claim.

1.114 “US Trustee Fees” shall mean fees assessed against the Estates of the Debtors under section 1930 of Title 28 of the United States Code.

1.115 “Wind-down Budget” shall mean the budget of expenses attached to the Disclosure Statement as Exhibit C and such modifications to the budget as have been approved by the written consent of the CapitalSource or its counsel for winding down the affairs of the Debtors and the Liquidating Trust, including, among other things, the sale, disposition, collection, or other realization of value of any kind in respect of the Remaining Assets, holding and distributing the consideration to be distributed to Claimholders pursuant to the Plan, the Liquidating Trust Agreement, the Confirmation Order, or such other orders as may be entered by the Bankruptcy Court, the completion of the process of prosecution or settlement of Objections to Disputed Claims asserted by the Debtors or the Liquidating Trustee and the completion of all other obligations of the Debtors and the Liquidating Trust pursuant to the Plan, the Liquidating Trust Agreement, the Confirmation Order, or such other orders as may be entered by the Bankruptcy Court.

ARTICLE II

ADMINISTRATIVE CLAIMS, PROFESSIONAL COMPENSATION CLAIMS, AND US TRUSTEE FEES

Section 2.01. Administrative Claims Bar Date.

All requests for payment of Administrative Claims (other than as set forth in Section 2.03 of this Plan) must be made by application Filed with the Bankruptcy Court and served on counsel for the Liquidating Trustee no later than thirty (30) days after the Effective Date. Unless otherwise provided herein, any Person that fails to File and serve a request for payment of an Administrative Claim on or before the Administrative Claims Bar Date shall be forever barred from asserting such Administrative Claim against the Debtors, their Estates or the Liquidating Trust and shall be enjoined and barred from commencing or continuing any action, employment of process or act to collect, offset or recover such asserted Administrative Claims. A request for an Administrative Claim that is made, or was made, on a proof of Claim and Filed with the Claims Agent is not sufficient and will be deemed Disallowed. The last day for the Liquidating Trust, or any other Person with standing, to File an Objection to any Administrative Claim shall be the later of (a) 180 days after the Effective Date, (b) 90 days after the Filing of such Administrative Claim or (c) such other date specified in the Plan or ordered by the Bankruptcy Court.

Section 2.02. Administrative Claims.

Unless otherwise provided for herein, as soon as practicable after the later of (i) the date an Administrative Claim becomes an Allowed Administrative Claim or (ii) the date an Administrative Claim becomes payable pursuant to any agreement between the Debtors or the Liquidating Trust and the Holder of such Administrative Claim, an Allowed Administrative Claimholder will receive, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for such Administrative Claim, (a) Cash equal to the unpaid portion of such Allowed Administrative Claim or (b) such other treatment as to which the Debtors or Liquidating Trustee and such Claimholder shall have agreed upon in writing; provided, however, that (a) liabilities, accounts payable or other Claims, liabilities or obligations incurred in the ordinary course of business of the Debtors consistent with past practices subsequent to the Petition Date and (b) contractual liabilities arising under loans or advances to the Debtors, whether or not incurred in the ordinary course of business of the Debtors subsequent to the Petition Date, shall be paid or performed by the Debtors in accordance with the terms and conditions of the particular transactions relating to such liabilities and any agreements relating thereto; and, provided, however, that, notwithstanding any contract provision or applicable law, or otherwise, that entitles a Holder of an Allowed Administrative Claim to postpetition interest, no Allowed Administrative Claim shall receive postpetition interest on account of such Claim.

Section 2.03. Final Fee Application Bar Date.

All final requests for payment of Professional Compensation Claims pursuant to sections 327, 328, 330, 331, 503(b), or 1103 of the Bankruptcy Code must be made by application Filed with the Bankruptcy Court and served on counsel to the Debtors, the Liquidating Trustee, the

Liquidating Trustee's counsel, counsel to the Committee, and other necessary parties in interest by the Final Fee Application Bar Date, unless otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court. Any Claimholder that fails to File and serve a request for payment of a Professional Compensation Claim on or before the Final Fee Application Bar Date shall be forever barred from asserting such Professional Compensation Claim against the Debtors or their Estates and shall be enjoined an barred from commencing or continuing any action, employment of process or act to collect, offset or recover such asserted Professional Compensation Claim. The Liquidating Trust, or any other Person with standing, shall have until the later of (a) forty-five (45) days from the Final Fee Application Bar Date to object to any timely Filed and served Professional Compensation Claim or (b) such other date ordered by the Bankruptcy Court.

Section 2.04. Professional Compensation Claims.

As soon as practicable after the later of (i) the date a Professional Compensation Claim becomes an Allowed Professional Compensation Claim or (ii) the date a Professional Compensation Claim becomes payable pursuant to any agreement between the Debtors or the Liquidating Trust and the Holder of such Professional Compensation Claim, an Allowed Professional Compensation Claimholder will receive, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for such Professional Compensation Claim, (a) Cash equal to the unpaid portion of such Allowed Professional Compensation Claim, (b) such other treatment as to which the Debtors or Liquidating Trustee and such Claimholder shall have agreed upon in writing, or (c) as the Bankruptcy Court has ordered or may order. To the extent that there are insufficient funds in the Operating Account following its funding in accordance with Section 9.01 of the Plan, any Allowed Professional Compensation Claim shall become Allowed Deferred Professional Compensation Claims.

Section 2.05. U.S. Trustee Fees.

All fees payable pursuant to section 1930 of title 28 of the United States Code, as determined by the Bankruptcy Court at the Confirmation Hearing, shall be paid on or before the Effective Date. After confirmation, the Liquidating Trustee shall continue to pay US Trustee Fees pursuant to section 1930 of title 28 of the United States Code and to File quarterly reports with the Office of the United States Trustee until these Chapter 11 Cases are closed by the Court, dismissed or converted. This requirement is subject to any amendments to 28 U.S.C. § 1930(a)(6) that are retroactively applicable to confirmed chapter 11 cases.

ARTICLE III

CLASSIFICATION OF CLAIMS AND INTERESTS

Section 3.01. Introduction.

Pursuant to section 1122 of the Bankruptcy Code, set forth below is a designation of Classes of Claims against and Interests in the Debtors. A Claim or Interest is placed in a particular Class only to the extent that the Claim or Interest falls within the description of that Class, and is classified in other Classes to the extent that any portion of the Claim or Interest falls within the description of such other Classes. A Claim is also placed in a particular Class for the

purpose of receiving Distributions pursuant to the Plan only to the extent that such Claim is an Allowed Claim in that Class and such Claim has not been paid, released, or otherwise settled prior to the Effective Date. In accordance with section 1123(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, Administrative Claims and Tax and Other Priority Claims have not been classified, and the respective treatment of such unclassified Claims is set forth in Article II herein.

Section 3.02. Unimpaired Classes of Claims.

Classes 1, 2 and 3 are Unimpaired and, therefore, deemed to have accepted the Plan and are not entitled to vote. Class 1 consists of the Allowed Prepetition Secured Lender Claim. Class 2 consists of the Allowed Postpetition Secured Lender Claim. Class 3 consists of Allowed Tax and Other Priority Claims.

Section 3.03. Impaired Classes of Claims.

Classes 4 and 5 are Impaired and are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan. Class 6 will receive no Distribution on account of their Interests and are conclusively presumed to have rejected the Plan.

ARTICLE IV

PROVISIONS FOR TREATMENT OF CLAIMS AND INTERESTS

Section 4.01. Class 1 Prepetition Secured Lender Claim.

Class 1 consists of the Allowed Prepetition Secured Lender Claim of CapitalSource. The Class 1 Claims shall be Allowed in the amount of the Credit Bid Amount. The Prepetition Secured Lender shall receive, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, extinguishment and discharge of its Allowed Prepetition Secured Lender Claim, the Sale Proceeds up to the Credit Bid Amount and as applied to the Debtors' obligations under the Prepetition Loan Agreement in accordance with Paragraph 4(a) of the Final DIP Order. Because the Prepetition Secured Lender will receive no Property under the Plan, the Allowed Prepetition Lender Claim is Unimpaired, and, therefore, the Prepetition Secured Lender is not entitled to vote on account of its Class 1 Allowed Prepetition Secured Lender Claim. Any Lender Unsecured Deficiency Claim shall be treated as a Class 5 Unsecured Claim.

Section 4.02. Class 2 Postpetition Secured Lender Claim.

Class 2 consists of the Allowed Postpetition Secured Lender Claim of the DIP Lender secured by the DIP Facility Collateral, which Claim shall be Allowed in the amount of the outstanding balance of the DIP Facility as of the Effective Date, including all accrued and accruing interest, fees, costs and expenses, including without limitation attorneys' fees and costs, then principal and in accordance with Paragraph 4(a) of the Final DIP Order. Pursuant to the CapitalSource Settlement, Class 2 Allowed Postpetition Secured Lender Claim is deemed satisfied in full, and the Holder of the Allowed Class 2 Postpetition Secured Lender Claim will receive no Property under the Plan. Therefore, all such Allowed Class 2 Postpetition Secured Lender Claim is Unimpaired, and the DIP Lender is not entitled to vote on account of its Class 2 Claims.

Section 4.03. Class 3 Allowed Tax and Other Priority Claims.

Class 3 consists of Allowed Tax and Other Priority Claims. Each Holder of an Allowed Class 3 Tax and Other Priority Claim shall receive, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, extinguishment and discharge of its Allowed Tax and Other Priority Claim, at the option of the Debtors or the Liquidating Trustee, either: (A) an amount equal to the unpaid amount of such Allowed Tax and Other Priority Claim in Cash commencing on the later of (i) the Effective Date, (ii) the date that is ten (10) Business Days after such Claim becomes an Allowed Tax and Other Priority Claim by a Final Order and (iii) a date agreed to by the Holder of such Allowed Tax and Other Priority Claim and either the Debtors or the Liquidating Trustee; or (B) such other treatment (x) as may be agreed upon in writing by such Holder of Allowed Tax and Other Priority Claim and the Debtors or the Liquidating Trustee or (y) as the Bankruptcy Court has ordered or may order.

Section 4.04. Class 4 Allowed Other Secured Claims.

Class 4 consists of the Allowed Claims of the Holders of Other Secured Claims. Each Holder of an Allowed Class 4 Other Secured Claim shall receive, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, extinguishment and discharge of its Allowed Class 4 Claim, at the option of the Debtors or the Liquidating Trustee, one of the four following forms of treatment:

(a) an amount equal to the unpaid amount of such Allowed Other Secured Claim in Cash commencing on the later of (x) the Effective Date, (y) the date that is ten (10) Business Days after such Claim becomes an Allowed Class 4 Other Secured Claim by a Final Order; or

(b) the Debtors shall abandon the Property that secures the Allowed Class 4 Claim to the Holder of such Claim on or as soon as practicable after the later of (i) the Effective Date and (ii) the date that is ten (10) Business Days after the date on which such Claim becomes an Allowed Class 4 Claim by a Final Order; or

(c) such other treatment as the Holder of the Allowed Class 4 Other Secured Claim and the Debtors or the Liquidating Trustee shall have agreed upon in writing; or

(d) such holder shall retain its lien securing its Allowed Class 4 Other Secured Claim to the extent of the Allowed amount of its Other Secured Claim; and on or as soon as practicable after the later of (x) the Effective Date and (y) the date that is ten (10) Business Days after such Claim becomes an Allowed Other Secured Claim by a Final Order:

(A) the Liquidating Trustee will cure any default other than a default of the kind specified in section 365(b)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code;

(B) the maturity of such Allowed Other Secured Claim shall be reinstated as the maturity existed before any default;

(C) the Holder of such Allowed Other Secured Claim shall be compensated for any damages which occurred as the result of any reasonable reliance by such Claimholder on any provision that entitled such Claimholder to accelerate the maturing of such Claim; and

(D) the other legal, equitable and contractual rights to which such Allowed Other Secured Claim entitles such Claimholder shall not otherwise be altered.

Section 4.05. Class 5 Allowed Unsecured Claims.

Class 5 consists of the Allowed Claims of the Holders of Unsecured Claims. Each Holder of an Allowed Unsecured Claim shall receive, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, extinguishment and discharge of its Allowed Class 5 Unsecured Claim, its Pro Rata Share of the Distribution on account of such Allowed Unsecured Claim. In particular, Class 5 also consists of any Lender Unsecured Deficiency Claim, which is the amount due CapitalSource on its Class 1 Prepetition Secured Lender Claim after application of the proceeds of CapitalSource's credit bid and the sale of the Debtors' property to other interested purchasers. The Lender Unsecured Deficiency Claim shall be treated *pari passu* with other Class 5 Unsecured Claims and in accordance with the terms of the CapitalSource Settlement.

Section 4.06. Class 6 Interests.

Class 6 consists of all Interests, and all stock certificates, instruments, and other documents evidencing such Interests, which shall be cancelled as of the Effective Date. Holders of Interests in Class 6 shall not receive or retain any Distribution or other Property on account of such Interests. As a result, Class 6 is conclusively presumed to have rejected the Plan.

ARTICLE V

ACCEPTANCE OR REJECTION OF THE PLAN; CRAMDOWN

Section 5.01. Impaired Classes of Claims Entitled to Vote.

Each Impaired Class of Claims that will (or may) receive or retain Property or any interest in Property under the Plan shall be entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan; *provided, however*, that the votes of Holders of Intercompany Claims shall not be solicited, and any Ballots submitted by such Holders shall not be counted.

Section 5.02. Classes Deemed to Accept the Plan.

Classes 1, 2 and 3 are Unimpaired under the Plan. Pursuant to section 1126(f) of the Bankruptcy Code, such Class is conclusively presumed to have accepted the Plan, and the votes of Holders of Claims in such Classes therefore shall not be solicited.

Section 5.03. Acceptance by Impaired Classes.

Classes 4 and 5 are Impaired under the Plan, and, thus, the votes of Holders of Claims in such Classes shall be solicited. Pursuant to section 1126(c) of the Bankruptcy Code and except as otherwise provided in section 1126(e) of the Bankruptcy Code, an Impaired Class of Claims has accepted the Plan if the Plan is accepted by the Holders of at least two-thirds in dollar amount and more than one-half in number of the Allowed Claims of such Class that have timely and properly voted to accept or reject the Plan.

Section 5.04. Class Deemed to Reject the Plan.

Holders of Interests in Class 6 are not entitled to receive any Distribution under the Plan on account of their Interests. Pursuant to section 1126(g) of the Bankruptcy Code, each Holder of a Class 6 Interest is conclusively presumed to have rejected the Plan in respect of such Interests. Accordingly, Interestholders in such Class are not entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan and the votes of such Holders are not being solicited in connection with the Plan.

Section 5.05. Elimination of Classes.

Any Class that does not contain any Allowed Claims or any Claims temporarily allowed for voting purposes under Bankruptcy Rule 3018, as of the date of the commencement of the Confirmation Hearing, shall be deemed to have been deleted from the Plan for purposes of (a) voting to accept or reject the Plan and (b) determining whether such Class has accepted or rejected the Plan under section 1129(a)(8) of the Bankruptcy Code.

Section 5.06. Confirmation Pursuant to Section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.

To the extent that any Impaired Class that is entitled votes to reject the Plan or is deemed to have rejected the Plan, the Debtors may request confirmation of the Plan under section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.

Section 5.07. Confirmability and Severability of a Plan.

The confirmation requirements of section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code must be satisfied separately with respect to each Debtor or consolidated group of Debtors. The Debtors reserve the right to alter, amend, modify, revoke or withdraw the Plan as it applies to any particular Debtor or consolidated group of Debtors. A determination by the Bankruptcy Court that the Plan, as it applies to a particular Debtor, is not confirmable pursuant to section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code shall not limit or affect: (i) the confirmability of the Plan as it applies to any other Debtor; or (ii) the Debtors' ability to modify the Plan, subject to the limitations in Section 15.01 of the Plan, as it applies to any particular Debtor, to satisfy the confirmation requirements of section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code.

ARTICLE VI

APPROVAL OF SETTLEMENT AND COMPROMISE

Section 6.01. Settlement and Compromise.

Pursuant to sections 363, 365, 1123(a)(5) and 1123(b)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rule 9019, the Plan incorporates, and is expressly conditioned upon the approval and effectiveness of, the CapitalSource Settlement. The CapitalSource Settlement, which is an integral aspect of this Plan, is subject to the occurrence of the Effective Date. The CapitalSource Settlement represents a full, final and complete compromise, settlement, and release of the issues in dispute among the Debtors and CapitalSource, including, among other issues, all CapitalSource Related Causes of Action.

Section 6.02. Releases by Settling Parties.

As part of the consideration for the agreement of the Settling Parties with respect to the CapitalSource Settlement and the promises therein, on the Effective Date each of the Settling Parties will be deemed to release and forever discharge each other, jointly and severally, of and from all debts, obligations, reckonings, promises, covenants, agreements, contracts, endorsements, bonds, specialties, controversies, suits, actions, causes of actions, trespasses, variances, judgments, extents, executions, damages, claims or demands, in law or in equity, whether known or unknown, fixed or contingent, disclosed or undisclosed, asserted or unasserted, which any Settling Party ever had, now have or hereafter can, shall or may have, for, upon or by reason of any matter, cause or thing whatsoever.

ARTICLE VII

MEANS OF IMPLEMENTING THE PLAN

Section 7.01. Administrative Consolidation of Debtors.

For purposes of the Plan and for the administrative convenience of the parties, Holders of Claims against or Interests in each Debtor shall receive identical treatments within a particular Class as referenced in the Plan, and the treatment for each Class shall be deemed to automatically apply to Holders of Claims or Interests within such Class of each Debtor, as if there were separate but identical plans of liquidation Filed in each of the Chapter 11 Cases. The Plan does not provide for the substantive consolidation of the Debtors following the Effective Date, but all Claims shall be deemed Filed against the consolidated Debtors and shall be deemed one Claim against or obligation of the Debtors as if they were consolidated, and such Claimholders shall receive one Distribution from the Debtors' Estates in accordance with the provisions of the Plan.

Section 7.02. Liquidating Trustee.

On the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trust shall be created and established pursuant to the Liquidating Trust Agreement. As of the Effective Date, the members of the board of directors and the officers of each of the Debtors shall be deemed to have resigned, and the

CHAPTER 11 LIQUIDATING PLAN

Liquidating Trustee, pursuant to Section 8.01 herein, shall be deemed appointed the sole director and officer of the Debtors, as consolidated.

Section 7.03. Post-Confirmation Debtors.

On the Effective Date, the Debtors shall be dissolved without any further action by the stockholders, directors or members of the Debtors, and the officers, members and employees of the Debtors as of the day preceding the Effective Date shall be deemed to be employees of the Liquidating Trust on the Effective Date. Before the Effective Date the Debtors' officers or members, or on or after the Effective Date the Liquidating Trustee, shall file certificates of dissolution of the Debtors, and shall take all other actions necessary or appropriate to effect such mergers and dissolution under Delaware state law.

Section 7.04. Corporate Action.

The entry of the Confirmation Order shall constitute authorization for the Debtors to take or cause to be taken all corporate or other actions necessary or appropriate to consummate and implement the provisions of the Plan prior to, on and after the Effective Date, and all such actions taken or caused to be taken shall be deemed to have been authorized and approved by the Bankruptcy Court. All such actions shall be deemed to have occurred and shall be in effect from and after the Effective Date pursuant to applicable non-bankruptcy law and the Bankruptcy Code, without any requirement of further action by the partners, stockholders, administrators, agents, officers or directors of the Debtors. On the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee shall be authorized and directed to execute and deliver the agreements, documents and instruments contemplated by the Plan in the name and on behalf of the Debtors and to take all necessary and appropriate actions to effectuate the transactions contemplated by the Plan.

Section 7.05. Preservation of Rights of Action.

In accordance with section 1123(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, the Debtors' rights to enforce, sue on, settle, or compromise (or decline to do any of the foregoing) all Causes of Action and Avoidance Actions as appropriate, shall be transferred to the Liquidating Trust. Furthermore, the Debtors' rights to setoff against any Claim, whether pursuant to section 553 of the Bankruptcy Code or other non-bankruptcy laws, shall be preserved and transferred to the Liquidating Trust. The Liquidating Trust shall have the right and authority to intervene on the Debtors' behalf in any pending, or to be filed, action or enforcement, regardless of jurisdiction.

Section 7.06. Waiver of Certain Claims by the Prepetition Secured Lender.

Although the Prepetition Secured Lender asserts that it holds valid, perfected first priority liens on and security interests in substantially all of the Causes of Action, including but not limited to lawsuits and things in action constituting general intangibles, it has agreed that such Causes of Action be transferred to the Liquidating Trust upon the Effective Date of the Plan.

Section 7.07. Cancellation of Existing Securities.

On the Effective Date, all existing securities of the Debtors shall be cancelled.

Section 7.08. Operations Between the Confirmation Date and the Effective Date.

The Debtors shall continue to operate as debtors in possession, subject to the supervision of the Bankruptcy Court, during the period from the Confirmation Date through and until the Effective Date.

Section 7.09. Confirmation Order to Constitute Final Decrees with Respect to All Debtors Except for Ultimate Escapes Holdings, LLC

The Confirmation Order shall constitute a Final Decree with respect all of the Debtors except for Ultimate Escapes Holdings, LLC, effective as of the Effective Date, and the Estates of all of the Debtors except for Ultimate Escapes Holdings, LLC shall be deemed fully administered as of the Effective Date. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, the Estate of Ultimate Escapes Holdings, LLC shall remain open pending the full administration of such Estate and further order of the Bankruptcy Court.

ARTICLE VIII

LIQUIDATING TRUST

Section 8.01. Appointment of Liquidating Trustee.

The Debtors shall designate the Liquidating Trustee for the Liquidating Trust. The Debtors shall file a Notice of Appointment of Liquidating Trustee at least one (1) week prior to the hearing on the Disclosure Statement. The Liquidating Trustee shall have and perform all of the duties, responsibilities, rights and obligations set forth in the Liquidating Trust Agreement and shall be entitled to reasonable compensation as set forth therein without further application to or order of the Bankruptcy Court.

Section 8.02. Assignment of the Remaining Assets to the Liquidating Trust.

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, pursuant to section 1141(b) and (c) and section 1123(b)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code, on the Effective Date the Property of the Estates, including all Remaining Assets, shall be transferred and automatically revert in the Liquidating Trust, free and clear of all liens, charges or other encumbrances, Claims and Interests, and all such liens, charges or other encumbrances, Claims and Interest, shall be extinguished except as otherwise provided in the Liquidating Trust Agreement and the Plan. The transfer and reversion of all Causes of Action and Avoidance Actions shall include any attorney-client privilege, work-product privilege or other privilege or immunity attaching to any documents or communications (whether written or oral). The Liquidating Trustee may pursue any Remaining Assets, as appropriate, in accordance with what is in the best interests, and for the benefit of, the Creditors who are beneficiaries of the Liquidating Trust. The Liquidating Trustee shall retain all rights on behalf of the Debtors to commence and pursue any and all Causes of Action and Avoidance Actions (under any theory of law or equity, including, without limitation, the Bankruptcy Code, and in any court or other tribunal including, without limitation, in an adversary proceeding Filed in the Chapter 11 Cases) to the extent that the Liquidating Trustee deems appropriate. The Liquidating Trustee shall have the absolute discretion to pursue or not pursue any and all Avoidance Actions as it determines is in the best interests, and for the benefit of, the Creditors

who are beneficiaries of the Liquidating Trust and shall not have liability for the outcome of its decision in this regard.

Section 8.03. Purposes of the Liquidating Trust.

The Liquidating Trust will be organized for the purposes set forth in the Liquidating Trust Agreement, the terms of which are approved by the entry of the Confirmation Order. For federal tax purposes, it is intended that the Liquidating Trust be classified as a liquidating trust under Section 301.7701-4 of the Treasury Regulations and that such trust is owned by its beneficiaries. Accordingly, for federal income tax purposes, it is intended that the beneficiaries be treated as if they had received a distribution of an undivided interest in each of the Remaining Assets and then contributed such interest to the Liquidating Trust. The Liquidating Trustee shall be the exclusive trustee of the Debtors' respective Estates under title 11 for purposes of section 3713(b) of title 31 of the United States Code and section 6012(b)(3) of title 26 of the United States Code.

Section 8.04. Responsibilities of the Liquidating Trustee.

The responsibilities of the Liquidating Trustee under the Liquidating Trust Agreement and the Plan shall include: (i) the receipt of the Remaining Assets of the Debtors' Estates on behalf of and for the benefit of the Claimholders under the Plan; (ii) establishing and maintaining the Operating Account and the Distribution Reserves; (iii) investing the Cash held in accordance with Section 9.02 of the Plan in the Distribution Reserves ; (iv) pursuing Objections to, estimations of and settlements of Claims and Interests (other than a Claim or an Interest that is Allowed or deemed to be Allowed pursuant to the Plan or a Final Order); (v) prosecuting retained Causes of Action including Avoidance Actions and Claims with respect to any Approved Asset Sales; (vi) calculating and implementing all Distributions to be made under the Plan to Creditors holding Allowed Claims; (vii) marketing, selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of or realizing the value of all the Remaining Assets; (viii) managing the wind down of the Debtors' Estates; (ix) filing all required tax returns and paying taxes and all other obligations on behalf of the Liquidating Trust from funds in the Distribution Reserves; and (x) such other responsibilities as may be vested in the Liquidating Trustee pursuant to the Plan, the Liquidating Trust Agreement or Bankruptcy Court order or as may be necessary and proper to carry out the provisions of the Plan.

Section 8.05. Powers of the Liquidating Trustee.

The Liquidating Trustee shall have, without Bankruptcy Court approval in each of the following cases, the authority and power to: (i) invest funds in, and withdraw, make Distributions and pay taxes and other obligations owed by the Debtors or incurred by the Liquidating Trustee in connection with the wind down of the Estate, from the Distribution Reserves, including from the Operating Account, in accordance with the Plan; (ii) engage employees and professional Persons to assist the Liquidating Trustee with respect to its responsibilities; (iii) retain the services of experienced auctioneers, brokers, and/or marketing agents to assist and/or advise in the sale or other disposition of the Remaining Assets; (iv) pay the fees and expenses of the professional Persons, agents and employees engaged by the Liquidating Trustee and to pay all other expenses for winding down the affairs of the Debtors

and the Liquidating Trust in each case in accordance with the Wind-down Budget, or as determined by the Bankruptcy Court; (v) dispose of, and deliver title to others of, or otherwise realize the value of all the Remaining Assets; (vi) compromise and settle Claims and Causes of Actions and Avoidance Actions; (vii) act on behalf of the Debtors in all adversary proceedings and contested matters (including, without limitation, Avoidance Actions) pending in the Bankruptcy Court and in all actions and proceedings pending elsewhere, and to settle, retain, enforce, dispute or adjust any Claim or Interest and otherwise pursue actions involving Assets of the Debtors that could arise or be asserted at any time under the Bankruptcy Code, unless otherwise waived or relinquished in the Plan; (viii) File a motion requesting that the Bankruptcy Court convert the Chapter 11 Cases to cases under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code, subject to the rights of all parties in interest to oppose such motion; and (ix) exercise such other powers as may be vested in or assumed by the Liquidating Trustee pursuant to the Plan, the Liquidating Trust Agreement or Bankruptcy Court order or as may be necessary and proper to carry out the provisions of the Plan. The Liquidating Trustee shall exercise such powers in accordance with the provisions of the Plan and the Liquidating Trust Agreement.

Section 8.06. Retention of Professional and Other Persons.

The Liquidating Trustee shall be authorized to retain and pay professional Persons and such other Person the Liquidating Trustee determines in his sole discretion to be necessary to carry out his duties and responsibilities, or otherwise to accomplish the purposes of the Plan, the Confirmation Order and the Liquidating Trust Agreement. The Liquidating Trustee shall have the right to pay such retained Persons from the Remaining Assets without further order of the Bankruptcy Court. Any professional Persons retained by the Liquidating Trustee shall be entitled to reasonable compensation for services rendered and reimbursement of expenses incurred. The payment of the fees and expenses of the Liquidating Trustee's retained professionals shall be made in the ordinary course of business and shall not be subject to the approval of the Bankruptcy Court; provided, however, that any disputes related to such fees and expenses shall be brought before the Bankruptcy Court.

Section 8.07. Resignation, Death or Removal of Liquidating Trustee.

The Liquidating Trustee may resign at any time upon thirty (30) days written notice, Filed with the Bankruptcy Court. Such resignation may become effective prior to the expiration of such thirty (30) days notice period upon appointment of a permanent or interim successor Liquidating Trustee pursuant to the terms of the Liquidating Trust Agreement. The Liquidating Trustee may be removed pursuant to the terms of the Liquidating Trust Agreement.

Section 8.08. Liquidating Trustee Standard of Care; Exculpation.

Neither the Liquidating Trustee, nor any director, officer, Affiliate, employee, employer, professional, agent or representative of the Liquidating Trust shall be personally liable, in connection with affairs of the Liquidating Trust, to any Claimholder or beneficiary of the Liquidating Trust, or any other Person, except for such acts or omissions which shall constitute willful misconduct or gross negligence. Persons dealing with the Liquidating Trustee, or seeking to assert claims against the Liquidating Trust, shall look only to the Remaining Assets to satisfy any liability incurred by the Liquidating Trust, the Liquidating Trustee or other Persons

employed or retained by the Liquidating Trust to carry out the terms of the Plan, the Confirmation Order, and the Liquidating Trust Agreement. The Liquidating Trustee is entitled to rely upon and shall have no liability in relying upon the advice of professional Persons retained by the Liquidating Trust.

Section 8.09. Compensation of Liquidating Trustee.

The Liquidating Trustee shall be compensated pursuant to the terms of the Liquidating Trust Agreement. The payment of the fees and expenses of the Liquidating Trustee shall be made in the ordinary course of business and shall not be subject to the approval of the Bankruptcy Court; provided, however, that any disputes related to such fees and expenses shall be brought before the Bankruptcy Court.

In addition to reimbursement for the actual out-of-pocket expenses incurred, the Liquidating Trustee, and any employees or professionals engaged or retained by the Liquidating Trustee, shall be entitled to reasonable compensation for services rendered in connection with the preparation and implementation of the Plan. Subject to the terms and provisions of the Wind-down Budget, with respect to the Liquidating Trustee, the terms of his or her compensation shall be as set forth in the Liquidating Trust Agreement. Subject to the terms and provisions of the Wind-down Budget, with respect to any employees engaged and professionals retained, such compensation shall be in an amount and on such terms as may be agreed to by the Liquidating Trustee and such employees or professionals, including in accordance with any employment agreements with such employees and professionals. Any dispute with respect to such compensation shall be resolved by agreement among the parties or, if the parties are unable to agree, as determined by the Bankruptcy Court.

Section 8.10. Exculpation and Indemnification.

Except as otherwise set forth in the Plan or the Liquidating Trust Agreement, the Liquidating Trustee and any Person retained or employed by the Liquidating Trust shall be defended, held harmless and indemnified from time to time by the Liquidating Trust against any and all losses, claims, costs, expenses and liabilities to which such indemnified parties may be subjected by reason of such indemnified party's performance of duties pursuant to the discretion, power and authority conferred on such Person by the Liquidating Trust Agreement, the Plan or the Confirmation Order; provided, however, that the indemnification obligations arising pursuant to this Section 8.10 shall not indemnify either the Liquidating Trustee or any Person retained or employed by the Liquidating Trust, for any actions taken by such Persons which constitute willful misconduct or gross negligence.

Section 8.11. Transfer of Books and Records.

On the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee shall obtain from the Debtors all company books and records.

Section 8.12. Investment of Funds.

Cash held in the Distribution Reserves shall be invested by the Liquidating Trustee in United States Treasury Bills, commercial paper having an investment grade rate of A-1 or its

equivalent, as permitted by section 345 of the Bankruptcy Code or by order of the Bankruptcy Court.

Section 8.13. Tax Reporting.

The Liquidating Trustee shall file returns for the Liquidating Trust as a grantor trust pursuant to Treasury Regulation Section 1.671-4(a) and in accordance with this Section 8.13. The Liquidating Trustee shall also annually send to each record Holder of a beneficial interest of an Allowed Claim (and to Holders of Disputed Claims when such Disputed Claims become Allowed) a separate statement setting forth the Holder's share of items of income, gain, loss, deduction, or credit and will instruct all such Holders to report such items on their federal income tax returns or to forward the appropriate information to the beneficial Holders with instructions to report such items on their federal income tax returns. The Liquidating Trust's taxable income, gain, loss, deduction, or credit will be allocated to the Holders of Allowed Claims (and to Holders of Disputed Claims when such Disputed Claims become Allowed) in accordance with their relative beneficial interests in the Liquidating Trust. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, for all purposes relevant to tax reporting, allocations of items of taxable income, gain, loss, deduction or credit with respect to the Liquidating Trust and Distributions on Claims, Disputed Claims, Professional Compensation Claims and US Trustee Fees shall be calculated as of the close of each taxable year of the Liquidating Trust. If any Disputed Claims become Allowed during the taxable year, the Holder thereof shall be allocated items of income, gain, loss, deduction or credit as if such Disputed Claim had been Allowed on the first day of such taxable year.

Section 8.14. Valuation of Liquidating Trust Assets.

As soon as practicable after the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee shall provide the Claimholders with a valuation of the Assets transferred to the Liquidating Trust and such valuation shall be used consistently for all federal income tax purposes. All items of income, deduction, credit or loss of the Liquidating Trust shall be allocated for federal, state and local income tax purposes among the Claimholders as set forth in the Liquidating Trust Agreement; provided, however, that to the extent that any item of income cannot be allocated in the taxable year in which it arises, the Liquidating Trust shall pay the federal, state and local taxes attributable to such income (net of related deductions) and the amount of such taxes shall be treated as having been received by, and paid on behalf of, the Claimholders receiving such allocations when such allocations are ultimately made. The Liquidating Trust shall not be deemed a successor of the Debtors.

Section 8.15. Dissolution.

The duties, responsibilities and powers of the Liquidating Trustee shall terminate after the Cash and other Remaining Assets have been distributed to the Creditors on the Final Distribution Date in accordance with the Plan.

Section 8.16. Claims Administration and Prosecution; and Plan Distributions.

After the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee shall have the power and authority to (a) prosecute and resolve Objections to Claims against the Debtors' Estates, including, but not

limited to, those Claims which the Debtors have previously identified or objected to as Disputed Claims; (b) make payments on Disputed Claims that subsequently become Allowed; and (c) make Distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims in accordance with the terms of the Plan, the Liquidating Trust Agreement and any subsequent order of the Bankruptcy Court.

Section 8.17. Prosecution of Avoidance Actions.

After the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee shall have the power and authority to prosecute and resolve all Claims, Avoidance Actions and Causes of Action of the Debtors' Estates and shall be a representative of each of the Debtors' Estates, without the need to File a motion to intervene, as provided in section 1123(b)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code.

Section 8.18. Setoff.

Subject to the terms and conditions of the Liquidating Trust Agreement, the Debtors and/or the Liquidating Trustee may, but shall be not required to, set off against any Claim and the payments or other Distributions to be made under the Plan on account of the Claim, claims of any nature whatsoever that the Debtors may have against the Holder thereof, provided, that any such right of setoff that is exercised shall be allocated, first, to the principal amount of the related Claim, and thereafter to any interest portion thereof, but neither the failure to do so nor the allowance of any Claim hereunder shall constitute a waiver or release by the Debtors and/or the Liquidating Trustee of any such claim that the Debtors may have against such Holder.

ARTICLE IX

PROVISIONS GOVERNING DISTRIBUTIONS

Section 9.01. Funding of Operating Account Under the Plan.

On the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee shall fund the Operating Account with the Operating Account Funding Sources and any then-existing proceeds from Remaining Assets. Distributions on account of Allowed Administrative Claims, Allowed Tax and Other Priority Claims and Allowed Other Secured Claims shall be made in accordance with Section 2.02, Section 4.03 and Section 4.04 of the Plan.

Section 9.02. Funding of Distribution Reserves Under the Plan.

After Distributions on account of Allowed Administrative Claims, Allowed Tax and Other Priority Claims and Allowed Other Secured Claims shall be made in accordance with Section 2.02, Section 4.03 and Section 4.04 of the Plan, on the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee shall fund the Distribution Reserves by the following sources of funds in the following order of priority:

First, the Cash deposited in the Distribution Reserve with respect to Disputed Administrative Claims shall be equal to the amount of the Disputed Administrative Claims and funded by the Operating Account Funding Sources;

Second, the Cash deposited in the Distribution Reserve with respect to Disputed Tax and Other Priority Claims shall be equal to the amount of Disputed Tax and Other Priority Claims and funded by the Operating Account Funding Sources;

Third, the Cash deposited in the Distribution Reserve with respect to Disputed Other Secured Claims shall be equal to the amount of the Disputed Other Secured Claims and shall be funded for each Disputed Other Secured Claim by the proceeds from the collateral that is the subject of the Other Secured Claim but only up to an amount equal to the Disputed Other Secured Claim;

Fourth, the Cash deposited in the Distribution Reserve with respect to Disputed Unsecured Claims shall be funded by the remaining funds in the Distribution Reserve after the funding of Distribution Reserves for Disputed Administrative Claims, Disputed Tax and Other Priority Claims and Disputed Other Secured Claims.

Such funding shall be free and clear of all Claims and liens and contractually imposed restrictions, except for any lien provided for in the Plan and the liens which have attached to the net proceeds to be transferred to the Liquidating Trustee. The Liquidating Trustee may seek one or more orders of the Bankruptcy Court, upon notice to parties affected thereby, estimating or modifying the amount of Cash or Available Cash to be deposited in any Distribution Reserve. Any additional Cash or Available Cash shall be allocated as provided for herein, except as otherwise provided by order of the Bankruptcy Court upon motion on appropriate notice determining that it is necessary to utilize Cash or Available Cash in any Distribution Reserve to pay amounts due to more senior Classes or to pay out-of-pocket expenses that are then unpaid.

Section 9.03. Application of Avoidance Action Proceeds.

Following the funding of the Operating Account in accordance with Section 9.01 of this Plan, the making of certain Distributions in accordance with Section 9.01 of this Plan and the funding of the Distribution Reserves in accordance with Section 9.02 of this Plan, on and after the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee shall apply Avoidance Action Proceeds in the following priority and in the following Amounts:

(i) First, two million three hundred thousand dollars (\$2,300,000) in Avoidance Action Proceeds shall be paid to CapitalSource on account of and in full satisfaction, settlement, release, extinguishment and discharge of its Allowed Class 2 Postpetition Secured Lender Claims against the Debtors and the Debtors' respective Estates.

(ii) Second, up to the next five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) of Avoidance Action Proceeds shall be distributed to the Professionals with respect to Allowed Deferred Professional Compensation Claims that remain unpaid on the Effective Date. The amount of Avoidance Action Proceeds to be distributed to pay such Allowed Deferred Professional Compensation Claims shall be equal to the difference between five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) and the amount of Allowed Deferred Professional Compensation Claims not able to be otherwise paid from the Debtors' Estates on the Effective Date. Any portion of such five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) that is not

applied to the payment of Allowed Deferred Professional Compensation Claims shall be available for Distribution to the Holders of Allowed Class 5 Unsecured Claims in accordance with Section 9.06 of the Plan.

(iii) Third, the next one million dollars (\$1,000,000) of Avoidance Action Proceeds shall be allocated as follows: (i) eighty percent (80%) to CapitalSource on account of its Allowed Lender Unsecured Deficiency Claims; and (ii) twenty percent (20%) to Allowed Class 5 Unsecured Claims.

(iv) Fourth, the next one million dollars (\$1,000,000) of Avoidance Action Proceeds shall be allocated as follows: (i) sixty-five percent (65%) to CapitalSource on account of its Allowed Lender Unsecured Deficiency Claims; and (ii) thirty-five percent (35%) to Allowed Class 5 Unsecured Claims.

(iv) Fifth, the next one million dollars (\$1,000,000) of Avoidance Action Proceeds shall be allocated as follows: (i) forty percent (40%) to CapitalSource on account of its Allowed Lender Unsecured Deficiency Claims; and (ii) sixty percent (60%) to Allowed Class 5 Unsecured Claims.

(iv) Sixth, the balance of such Avoidance Action Proceeds shall be allocated as follows: (i) fifteen percent (15%) to CapitalSource on account of its Allowed Lender Unsecured Deficiency Claims; and (ii) eighty-five percent (85%) to Allowed Class 5 Unsecured Claims. In the event that Avoidance Action Proceeds result in the payment in full of CapitalSource's Allowed Lender Unsecured Deficiency Claims (including all accrued and unpaid interest thereon), any remaining Avoidance Action Proceeds shall be paid to Allowed Class 5 Unsecured Claims.

Section 9.04. Distributions to Holders of Allowed Administrative Claims and Allowed Tax and Other Priority Claims.

Commencing on the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee shall, in accordance with Section 2.02 and Section 4.03 of the Plan, respectively, distribute to each Holder of a then unpaid Allowed Administrative Claim and Allowed Tax and Other Priority Claim the Cash Distribution to which the Allowed amount of such Holder's Claim entitles such Holder. The Cash deposited in the Distribution Reserve in respect of Disputed Administrative Claims and Disputed Tax and Other Priority Claims (or portions thereof) shall be maintained by the Liquidating Trustee for Distribution to the Holders of Administrative Claims and Tax and Other Priority Claims pursuant to Section 2.02 and Section 4.03 of the Plan, respectively, if and to the extent that the balance, if any, of such Claims is Allowed by a Final Order. The sum of (A) the amount, if any, by which the Distribution Reserve exceeds the amount of Disputed Administrative Claims and the amount of Disputed Tax and Other Priority Claims plus (B) the amount, if any and without limitation or duplication, of the Administrative and Tax and Other Priority Distribution Reserve Surplus (resulting from all or a portion of Disputed Administrative Claims and Disputed Tax and Other Priority Claims becoming Disallowed Claims) shall be maintained in the Distribution Reserve for the Holders of Allowed Class 5 Unsecured Claims and shall become Available Cash for Distribution to the Holders of Allowed Class 5 Unsecured Claims in accordance with Section 4.05 of the Plan.

Section 9.05. Distributions to Holders of Allowed Class 4 Other Secured Claims.

Unless (A) the Holder of an Allowed Class 4 Other Secured Claim and the Debtors or the Liquidating Trustee agree otherwise or (B) the Bankruptcy Court has ordered otherwise, Distributions to each Holder of an Allowed Class 4 Other Secured Claim shall be made in accordance with Section 4.04 of the Plan. The Cash deposited in the Distribution Reserve in respect of Disputed Class 4 Other Secured Claims shall be maintained by the Liquidating Trustee as part of the Distribution Reserve and shall be distributed to the Holders of Class 4 Other Secured Claims pursuant to Section 4.04 of the Plan, if and to the extent that the balance, if any, of such Claims is Allowed by a Final Order. The sum of (A) the amount, if any, by which the Distribution Reserve exceeds the Allowed amount of the Disputed Class 4 Other Secured Claims plus (B) the amount, if any and without limitation or duplication, of the Class 4 Distribution Reserve Surplus (resulting from all or a portion of Disputed Class 4 Other Secured Claims becoming Disallowed Claims) shall be maintained in the Distribution Reserve for the Holders of Allowed Class 5 Unsecured Claims and shall become Available Cash for Distribution to the Holders of Allowed Class 5 Unsecured Claims in accordance with Section 4.05 of the Plan. To the extent that an Allowed Class 4 Other Secured Claim is Allowed after the Effective Date, the Holder thereof shall be entitled to receive the Cash reserved with respect to the Allowed amount of such Claim and earned interest thereon, calculated from the Effective Date through and including the day immediately preceding the applicable Distribution Date. The earned interest on such Distribution shall be paid at the same time as the Distribution made to the Holder of a Secured Claim.

Section 9.06. Distributions to Holders of Allowed Class 5 Claims.

(a) Distributions on the Allowed amounts of Class 5 Claims shall be made to the Holders thereof in accordance with Section 4.05 of the Plan and after the funding of the Distribution Reserves in accordance with Section 9.02 of the Plan. Cash remaining after a Distribution, if any, is made to the Holders of Allowed Class 5 Unsecured Claims on the Initial Distribution Date shall be transferred to the Distribution Reserve for the Claimholders in Class 5 and shall be distributed on each succeeding Distribution Date to the Holders of Allowed Unsecured Claims in such Class 5, with and each Holder of an Allowed Unsecured Claim in such Class 5 receiving its Pro Rata Share of the Distribution to such Class 5; provided, however, that with respect to such Distributions, in the event the aggregate value available for Distribution to all Holders of Allowed Class 5 Unsecured Claims aggregates less than \$20,000, such amounts shall instead be distributed to such Holders on the next succeeding Distribution Date on which there is \$20,000 or more in aggregate value available for Distribution.

(b) To the extent that a Class 5 Unsecured Claim is Allowed after the Effective Date, or if such Claim was an Allowed Claim on the Effective Date but no Distribution was made to the Holders of Allowed Unsecured Claims in Class 5 on the Effective Date, the Holder thereof shall be entitled to receive the Cash reserved with respect to the Allowed amount of such Claim.

(c) To the extent that after the Effective Date a Class 5 Unsecured Claim is Disallowed or is Allowed in an amount less than the Disputed portion of such Claim, the Class 5 Distribution Reserve Surplus resulting from the disallowance of all or a portion of such Claim

shall become Available Cash for subsequent Distribution to the Holders of Class 5 Allowed Claims in accordance with this Section 9.06.

Section 9.07. No Duplicate Distributions.

In accordance with the Plan and unless otherwise expressly provided herein, to the extent that more than one Debtor is liable for any Claim, such Claim shall be considered a single Claim against the consolidated Debtors and entitled only to the payment provided therefor under the applicable provisions of the Plan and the Liquidating Trust Agreement.

Section 9.08. No Interest on Claims.

Unless otherwise specifically provided for in the Plan or the Confirmation Order, postpetition interest shall not accrue or be paid on Claims, and no Claimholder shall be entitled to interest accruing on or after the Petition Date on any Claim, right, or Interest. Additionally, and without limiting the foregoing, interest shall not accrue or be paid on any Disputed Claim in respect of the period from the Effective Date to the date a Final Distribution is made when and if such Disputed Claim becomes an Allowed Claim.

Section 9.09. Delivery of Distributions.

Distributions to Allowed Claimholders shall be made by the Disbursing Agent (a) at the addresses set forth in the certified claims register provided by the Claims Agent to the Disbursing Agent; (b) at the addresses set forth on the proofs of Claim or Interest Filed by such Claimholders (or at the last known addresses of such Claimholders if no proof of Claim or Interest is Filed or if the Liquidating Trustee has been notified in writing of a change of address), (c) at the addresses set forth in any written notices of address changes delivered to the Liquidating Trustee after the date of any related proof of Claim or Interest, or (d) at the addresses reflected in the Schedules if no proof of Claim or Interest has been Filed and the Liquidating Trustee has not received a written notice of a change of address. If any Claimholder's Distribution is returned as undeliverable, no further Distributions to such Claimholder shall be made. Amounts in respect of undeliverable Distributions shall be returned to the Liquidating Trust. If the beneficiary to such payment does not serve a written Claim for the undeliverable Distribution within ninety (90) days after such Distribution was originally made, such undeliverable Distribution shall revert to the Liquidating Trust. Upon such reversion, the Claim of any Claimholder, or their successors, with respect to such property shall be discharged and forever barred notwithstanding any federal or state escheat laws to the contrary.

Section 9.10. De Minimis Distributions.

No payment of Cash in the amount of less than \$50.00 shall be required to be made on account of any Allowed Claim. Such undistributed amount shall revert to the Liquidating Trust for use in accordance with the Liquidating Trust Agreement.

Section 9.11. Fractional Dollars.

The Liquidating Trustee shall not be required to make Distributions of fractions of dollars. Whenever a payment of a fraction of one dollar under the Plan would otherwise be

called for, the actual payment made will reflect a rounding of such fraction to the nearest whole dollar (up or down), with one-half (1/2) dollars being rounded down.

Section 9.12. Record Date.

At the close of business on the Record Date, the claims register and the claims transfer register shall be closed with respect to all Claims and there will be no further changes in the record Holder of such Claim. The Disbursing Agent will have no obligation to recognize any transfer or sale of a Claim occurring after the Record Date and will be entitled for all purposes to recognize and distribute only to those Claimholders who are Holders of such Claims, or participants therein, as set forth on the claims register maintained by the Claims Agent. The Disbursing Agent will instead be authorized and entitled to recognize and deal for all purposes under the Plan only with those record Holders stated on the Claims register or identified on the claims transfer register as of the close of business on the Record Date. Notwithstanding anything in the Plan to the contrary, the Disbursing Agent may, in its reasonable discretion, recognize the transfer of or the sale of any participation in, any Allowed Class 5 Unsecured Claim that occurs after the Effective Date.

ARTICLE X

DISPUTED CLAIMS

Section 10.01. No Payment or Distribution Pending Allowance.

(a) No payment shall be made under the Plan with respect to a Disputed Claim until the Objection to allowance or motion for determination of the value of security has been resolved by agreement of the parties to such Objection or motion or by Final Order.

(b) The Liquidating Trustee shall have the right and responsibility for administering, disputing, objecting to, compromising or otherwise resolving Disputed Claims and making Distributions on Disputed Claims once such Claims become Allowed Claims.

(c) No later than 180 days after the Effective Date (unless further extended by order of the Bankruptcy Court) the Liquidating Trustee shall File Objections to Claims with the Bankruptcy Court and serve such Objections on the Holders of each such Claim. Nothing contained herein shall limit the right of the Liquidating Trustee to object to Claims if any, Filed or amended after the deadline for Objection to Claims. The Liquidating Trustee shall be authorized to, and shall resolve all Disputed Claims by withdrawing or settling any Objection thereto, or by litigating to judgment in the Bankruptcy Court or such other court, as shall have jurisdiction over the Claim.

ARTICLE XI

EXECUTORY CONTRACTS AND UNEXPIRED LEASES

Section 11.01. Rejected Contracts and Leases.

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, the Confirmation Order shall constitute an order under section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code rejecting all prepetition Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases to which any Debtor is a party, on and subject to the occurrence of the Effective Date, unless such contract or lease (a) previously shall have been assumed or rejected by the Debtors, (b) previously shall have expired or terminated pursuant to its own terms before the Effective Date, or (c) is identified as a contract or lease to be assumed; provided, however, that the Debtors may amend such list of contracts or leases to be assumed at any time prior to the Confirmation Date.

Section 11.02. Assumption of Director and Officer Liability Insurance Policies.

Notwithstanding anything in the Plan to the contrary, as of the Effective Date, the Debtors shall assume all of the director and officer liability insurance policies pursuant to section 365(a) of the Bankruptcy Code. Entry of the Confirmation Order shall constitute the Bankruptcy Court's approval of the Debtors' foregoing assumption of each of the director and officer liability insurance policies. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, Confirmation of the Plan shall not discharge, impair, or otherwise modify any obligations assumed by the foregoing assumption of the director and officer liability insurance policies, and each such obligation shall be deemed and treated as an Executory Contract that has been assumed by the Debtors under the Plan as to which no proof of Claim need be Filed. On or before the Effective Date, the Debtors may obtain reasonably sufficient tail coverage (i.e., director and officer insurance coverage that extends beyond the end of the policy period) under a directors and officers' liability insurance policy for the current and former directors, officers, and managers for such terms or periods of time, and placed with such insurers as are determined by the Debtors to be reasonable under the circumstances or as otherwise specified and ordered by the Bankruptcy Court in the Confirmation Order. The Plan and the Confirmation Order shall not diminish or impair (A) the enforceability of any insurance policies of the Debtors (including, but not limited to the directors and officers' liability insurance policy) that may cover Claims against the Debtors or any other Person or Entity or (B) the continuation of workers' compensation programs in effect, including self-insurance programs.

Section 11.03. Bar to Rejection Damages.

If the rejection of an Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease pursuant to Section 11.01 above gives rise to a Claim by the other party or parties to such contract or lease, such Claim shall be forever barred and shall not be enforceable against the applicable Debtor or its Estate, the Liquidating Trustee or their respective successors or properties unless a proof of Claim is Filed and served on the Liquidating Trustee and counsel for the Liquidating Trustee within thirty (30) days after service of a notice of entry of the Confirmation Order or such other date as prescribed by the Bankruptcy Court.

ARTICLE XII

CONFIRMATION AND CONSUMMATION OF THE PLAN

Section 12.01. Condition to Confirmation.

The Plan shall not be confirmed unless and until the following conditions have occurred or duly waived by the Debtors (if waivable) pursuant to Section 12.03 below:

(a) the form and substance of the Confirmation Order shall be satisfactory to the Debtors;

(b) the Bankruptcy Court shall have approved the identity and appointment of the Liquidating Trustee and the form of the Liquidating Trust Agreement and shall have determined that the Liquidating Trustee is duly authorized to take the action contemplated to be taken pursuant to the Plan and the Liquidating Trust Agreement effective on or after the Confirmation Date;

(c) the Liquidating Trustee shall have executed the Liquidating Trust Agreement evidencing the Liquidating Trustee's agreement to serve in that capacity; and

(d) the Bankruptcy Court shall have entered a Final Order in form and substance satisfactory to the Debtors and the Liquidating Trustee decreeing that on the Effective Date the transfers to Liquidating Trust contemplated by the Plan (i) are or will be legal, valid and effective transfers of property, (ii) do not or will not constitute fraudulent conveyances under any applicable law, (iii) are fair and reasonable and constitute reasonably equivalent value under the Bankruptcy Code and applicable state law, and (iv) do not and will not, except as contemplated by the Liquidating Trust Agreement, subject the Liquidating Trust, the Liquidating Trustee, or the property so transferred to any liability by reason of such transfer under applicable law or any theory of law including, without limitation, any theory of successor or transferee liability.

Section 12.02. Condition to Effective Date.

The Effective Date shall occur only if the Confirmation Order and other orders specified in Section 12.01 of the Plan shall either have become Final Orders or such orders shall not have been vacated, reversed, stayed, enjoined or restrained by order of a court of competent jurisdiction. The Debtors intend to request that the Confirmation Order include a finding by the Bankruptcy Court that, notwithstanding Rule 3020(e) of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, the Confirmation Order shall take effect immediately upon its entry.

Section 12.03. Waiver of Conditions Precedent.

The Debtors may waive any of the conditions set forth in Section 12.01 or Section 12.02 of the Plan at any time, without any notice to other parties-in-interest and without any further notice to or action, order, or approval of the Bankruptcy Court, and without any formal action other than proceeding to confirm or consummate the Plan.

Section 12.04. Consequences of Non-Occurrence of Effective Date.

If the Effective Date does not occur within sixty (60) days after the Confirmation Date, or by such later date, after notice and hearing, as is proposed by the Debtors, then upon motion by either of the Debtors and upon notice to such parties-in-interest as the Bankruptcy Court may direct, the Confirmation Order will be vacated by the Bankruptcy Court; provided, however, that, notwithstanding the Filing of such motion, the Confirmation Order may not be vacated if the Effective Date occurs before the Bankruptcy Court approves an order granting such motion. If the Confirmation Order is vacated pursuant to this Section 12.04 of the Plan, (a) the Plan shall be null and void in all respects; (b) any settlement of Claims provided for hereby shall be null and void without further order of the Bankruptcy Court; (c) the time within which the Debtors may assume and assign, or reject all Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases shall be extended for a period of thirty (30) days after the date the Confirmation Order is vacated; and (d) nothing contained in the Plan or Disclosure Statement shall constitute a waiver or release of any Claims, Interests, Causes of Action or Avoidance Actions.

ARTICLE XIII

EFFECT OF PLAN CONFIRMATION

Section 13.01. Binding Effect.

The Plan shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Debtors, all present and former Claimholders and Interests, and their respective successors and assigns.

Section 13.02. Exculpation and Limitation of Liability.

Except as otherwise specifically provided in the Plan, to the maximum extent permitted by the Bankruptcy Code and applicable law, none of (a) the Debtors, (b) the Liquidating Trustee, (c) CapitalSource, nor (d) any of their respective members, officers, directors, shareholders, employees, advisors, attorneys or agents acting in such capacity (collectively, the “Released Parties”) on or after the Petition Date, shall have or incur any liability to, or be subject to any right of action by, any Claimholder or an Interest, or (with respect to such Claims or Interests) any of their respective agents, Affiliates, or any of their successors or assigns, for any act or omission for any act or omission relating to, in any way, or arising from (i) these Chapter 11 Cases, (ii) formulating, negotiating, or implementing this Plan (including the Disclosure Statement), any contract, instrument, release, or other agreement or document created or entered into in connection with the Plan; (iii) any other postpetition act taken or omitted to be taken in connection with or in contemplation of the restructuring or liquidation of the Debtors; (iv) the solicitation of acceptances of this Plan, the pursuit of Confirmation of this Plan, the Confirmation of this Plan, the Consummation of this Plan, or (v) the administration of this Plan or the property to be distributed under this Plan, except for their willful misconduct or gross negligence (the “Precluded Claims”), and in all respects shall be entitled to rely reasonably upon the advice of counsel with respect to their duties and responsibilities under the Plan. This exculpation shall be in addition to, and not in limitation of, all other releases, indemnities,

exculpations, and any other applicable law or rules protecting such Released Parties from liability.

Section 13.03. Releases by the Debtors.

Except as otherwise expressly provided in the Plan or the Confirmation Order, on the Effective Date, for good and valuable consideration, to the fullest extent permissible under applicable law, each of the Debtors, on their own behalf and as a representative of their respective Estate, shall, and shall be deemed to, completely and forever release, waive, void, extinguish, and discharge unconditionally, each and all of the Settling Parties and Released Parties of and from any and all Claims, Causes of Action, obligations, suits, judgments, damages, debts, rights, remedies, and liabilities of any nature whatsoever, whether liquidated or unliquidated, fixed or Contingent, matured or unmatured, known or unknown, foreseen or unforeseen, then existing or thereafter arising, in law, equity, or otherwise, that are or may be based in whole or part on any act, omission, transaction, event, or other circumstance taking place or existing on or prior to the Effective Date (including prior to the Petition Date) in connection with or related to any of the Debtors, their respective Assets, property, and Estates or the Chapter 11 Cases, that may be asserted by or on behalf of any of the Debtors or their respective Estates, against any of the Settling Parties and Released Parties; provided, however, that nothing in this Section 13.03 shall be construed to release any Settling Parties and Released Parties from willful misconduct or gross negligence as determined by a Final Order. Holders of Allowed Administrative Claims, Allowed Tax and Other Priority Claims, Allowed Professional Compensation Claims and Allowed Non-Tax Priority Claims will be deemed to be bound to the releases in this Section 13.03.

Section 13.04. Injunction Related to Exculpation and Releases.

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, the Confirmation Order shall provide, among other things, that from and after the Confirmation Date (i) all Persons that hold, have held, or may hold a Claim or any other obligation, suit, judgment, damages, debt, right, remedy, Causes of Action or liability of any nature whatsoever, relating to any of the Debtors or any of their respective Assets, property and Estates, that is released or enjoined pursuant to this Article XIII of the Plan and (ii) all other parties in interest in these Chapter 11 Cases are, and shall be, permanently, forever and completely stayed, restrained, prohibited, barred and enjoined from taking any of the following actions against the Estate(s), the Liquidating Trustee, the CapitalSource (or any of its members from time to time), the Settling Parties, any Releases Party or any of their property on account of any such Claims, Interests or Precluded Claims, whether directly or indirectly, derivatively or otherwise, on account of or based on the subject matter of such Claims or other obligations, suits, judgments, damages, debts, rights, remedies, Causes of Action or liabilities:

(a) commencing, conducting or continuing in any manner, directly or indirectly, any suit, action or other proceeding (including, without limitation, any judicial, arbitral, administrative or other proceeding) in any forum; or

(b) enforcing, attaching (including, without limitation, any prejudgment attachment), executing, collecting, or recovering in any manner, directly or indirectly, any judgment, award, decree, or other order; or

(c) creating, perfecting or enforcing, directly or indirectly, in any manner, any lien or encumbrance of any kind;

(d) setting off, seeking reimbursement or contributions from, or subrogation against, or otherwise recouping in any manner, directly or indirectly, any amount against any liability or obligation that is discharged under this Plan; and

(e) commencing or continuing in any manner, in any place of any judicial, arbitration or administrative proceeding in any forum, that does not comply with or is inconsistent with the provisions of the Plan or the Confirmation Order.

Any Entity injured by any willful violation of such injunction shall recover actual damages, including, but not limited to, costs and attorneys' fees and expenses, and, in appropriate circumstances, may recover punitive damages from the willful violator.

Section 13.05. Term of Bankruptcy Injunction or Stays.

All injunctions or stays provided for in the Chapter 11 Cases under section 105 or 362 of the Bankruptcy Code, or otherwise, and in existence on the Confirmation Date, shall remain in full force and effect until all property of the Estates of the Debtors has been distributed, the Debtors have been dissolved, the Liquidating Trust Agreement has terminated and the Bankruptcy Court has entered an order closing the Chapter 11 Cases; provided, however, that any injunction that by its terms is permanent or otherwise is intended to survive the Effective Date and Distributions hereunder (whether by law or pursuant to order of the Bankruptcy Court) shall be continued without modification, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Plan.

ARTICLE XIV

RETENTION OF JURISDICTION

Section 14.01. Exclusive Jurisdiction of Bankruptcy Court.

Notwithstanding the entry of the Confirmation Order and the occurrence of the Effective Date, the Bankruptcy Court shall retain after the Effective Date exclusive jurisdiction of all matters arising out of, arising in or related to, the Chapter 11 Cases to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, including, without limitation, jurisdiction to:

(a) allow, disallow, determine, liquidate, classify, estimate or establish the priority or secured or unsecured status of any Claim or Interest (whether Filed before or after the Effective Date and whether or not Contingent, Disputed or unliquidated), including the compromise, settlement and resolution of any request for payment of any Administrative Claim or Priority Claim, the resolution of any Objections to the allowance or priority of Claims or Interests and the resolution of any dispute as to the treatment

necessary to reinstate a Claim pursuant to the Plan and to hear and determine any other issue presented hereby or arising hereunder, including during the pendency of any appeal relating to any Objection to such Claim or Interest (to the extent permitted under applicable law);

(b) grant or deny any applications for allowance of compensation or reimbursement of expenses authorized pursuant to the Bankruptcy Code or the Plan, for periods ending on or before the Effective Date;

(c) hear and determine motions, applications, adversary proceedings, contested matters and other litigated matters pending on, Filed or commenced after the Effective Date that may be commenced by the Debtors thereafter, including proceedings with respect to the rights of the Debtors to recover property under sections 542, 543 or 553 of the Bankruptcy Code, or to bring any Avoidance Action, or to otherwise collect to recover on account of any Claim or Cause of Action that the Debtors may have;

(d) determine and resolve any matters related to the assumption, assumption and assignment or rejection of any Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease to which any Debtor is a party or with respect to which any Debtor may be liable, and to hear, determine and, if necessary, liquidate any Claims arising therefrom;

(e) determine and resolve any matters related to any Approved Asset Sales;

(f) to ensure that all payments due under the Plan and performance of the provisions of the Plan are accomplished as provided herein and resolve any issues relating to Distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims pursuant to the provisions of the Plan;

(g) construe, take any action and issue such orders, prior to and following the Confirmation Date and consistent with section 1142 of the Bankruptcy Code, as may be necessary for the enforcement, implementation, execution and Consummation of the Plan and all contracts, instruments, releases, indentures and other agreements or documents created in connection with the Plan, including, without limitation, the Disclosure Statement and the Confirmation Order, for the maintenance of the integrity of the Plan and protection of the Liquidating Trust and the Liquidating Trustee in accordance with sections 524 and 1141 of the Bankruptcy Code following Consummation;

(h) determine and resolve any case, controversies, suits or disputes that may arise in connection with the Consummation, interpretation, implementation or enforcement of the Plan (and all Exhibits to the Plan) or the Confirmation Order, including the indemnification and injunction provisions set forth in and contemplated by the Plan or the Confirmation Order, or any Entity's rights arising under or obligations incurred in connection therewith;

(i) modify the Plan before or after the Effective Date pursuant to section 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code and Section 15.01 hereof or modify the Disclosure Statement, the Confirmation Order or any contract, instrument, release, indenture or other agreement or document created in connection with the Plan, the Disclosure Statement or the

CHAPTER 11 LIQUIDATING PLAN

Confirmation Order, or remedy any defect or omission or reconcile any inconsistency in any Bankruptcy Court order, the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, the Confirmation Order or any contract, instrument, release, indenture or other agreement or document created in connection with the Plan, the Disclosure Statement or the Confirmation Order, in such manner as may be necessary or appropriate to consummate the Plan, to the extent authorized by the Bankruptcy Code and the Plan;

(j) issue injunctions, enter and implement other orders or take such other actions as may be necessary or appropriate to restrain interference by any Entity with Consummation, implementation or enforcement of the Plan or the Confirmation Order;

(k) enter and implement such orders as are necessary or appropriate if the Confirmation Order is for any reason modified, stayed, reversed, revoked or vacated;

(l) determine any other matters that may arise in connection with or relating to the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, the Confirmation Order or any contract, instrument, release, indenture or other agreement or document created in connection with the Plan, the Disclosure Statement or the Confirmation Order, except as otherwise provided in the Plan;

(m) determine such other matters and for such other purposes as may be provided in the Confirmation Order;

(n) hear and determine any other matters related hereto and not inconsistent with chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code;

(o) continue to enforce the automatic stay through the Effective Date;

(p) hear and determine (A) disputes arising in connection with the interpretation, implementation or enforcement of the Plan or (B) issues presented or arising under the Plan, including disputes among Holders and arising under agreements, documents or instruments executed in connection with the Plan;

(q) hear and determine all disputes or controversies with respect to any Approved Asset Sales, or in connection with the interpretation, implementation or enforcement of rights under any agreement with respect to any Approved Asset Sales;

(r) enter a Final Decree closing any and all of the Chapter 11 Cases or converting any or all of them into chapter 7 cases;

(s) determine and resolve controversies related to the Disbursing Agent;

(t) enter any orders necessary to effectuate the transactions in Articles VI and VII hereof or the Liquidating Trust Agreement; and

(u) hear and determine any other matter relating to the Plan.

Section 14.02. Non-Exclusive Jurisdiction of Bankruptcy Court.

Following the Effective Date, the Bankruptcy Court will retain non-exclusive jurisdiction of the Chapter 11 Cases to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, including, without limitation, jurisdiction to:

- (a) recover all Assets of the Debtors and property of their respective Estates, wherever located;
- (b) hear and determine any motions or contested matters involving taxes, tax refunds, tax attributes and tax benefits and similar or related matters with respect to the Debtors or the Debtors' respective Estates arising prior to the Effective Date or relating to the period of administration of the Chapter 11 Cases, including, without limitation, matters concerning federal, state and local taxes in accordance with sections 346, 505 and 1146 of the Bankruptcy Code; and
- (c) hear any other matter not inconsistent with the Bankruptcy Code.

Section 14.03. Failure of Bankruptcy Court to Exercise Jurisdiction.

If the Bankruptcy Court abstains from exercising or declines to exercise jurisdiction over any matter arising under, arising in or related to the Debtors, including with respect to the matters set forth above in Section 14.01 and Section 14.02 hereof, this Article XIV shall not prohibit or limit the exercise of jurisdiction by any other court having competent jurisdiction with respect to such subject matter.

ARTICLE XV

MISCELLANEOUS

Section 15.01. Plan Modification.

This Plan may be amended or modified in the manner provided for under sections 1127(a) or (b) of the Bankruptcy Code. The Debtors shall give notice of any proposed modification to the United States Trustee and to any other parties designated by the Bankruptcy Court. The Debtors also reserve the right to make such modifications at any hearings on confirmation as are necessary to permit the Plan to be confirmed under section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.

Section 15.02. Effectuating Documents and Further Transactions.

Each of the Debtors or the Liquidating Trustee, as applicable, is authorized to execute, deliver, file or record such contracts, instruments, releases and other agreements or documents and take such actions as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate, implement and further evidence the terms and conditions of the Plan and any notes or securities issued pursuant to the Plan.

Section 15.03. Business Days.

If any payment or act under the Plan is required to be made or performed on a date that is not a Business Day, then the making of such payment or the performance of such act may be completed on the next succeeding Business Day, but shall be deemed to have been completed as of the required date.

Section 15.04. Corporate Action.

Prior to, on or after the Effective Date (as appropriate), all matters provided for under the Plan that would otherwise require approval of the stockholders or directors of one (1) or more of the Debtors shall be deemed to have occurred and shall be in effect prior to, on or after the Effective Date (as appropriate) pursuant to section 1142(b) of the Bankruptcy Code and section 303 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware without any requirement of further action by the stockholders or directors of the Debtors.

Section 15.05. Payment of Statutory Fees.

All fees payable pursuant to section 1930 of title 28 of the United States Code, as determined by the Bankruptcy Court at the Confirmation Hearing, shall be paid on or before the Effective Date. After confirmation, the Liquidating Trustee shall continue to pay US Trustee Fees pursuant to section 1930 of title 28 of the United States Code and to File quarterly reports with the Office of the United States Trustee until these Chapter 11 Cases are closed by the Bankruptcy Court, dismissed or converted. This requirement is subject to any amendments to 28 U.S.C. § 1930(a)(6) that are retroactively applicable to confirmed chapter 11 cases.

Section 15.06. Severability of Plan Provisions.

Should the Bankruptcy Court determine, prior to the Confirmation Date, that any provision of the Plan is either illegal on its face or illegal as applied to any Claim or Interest, such provision shall be unenforceable as to all Holders of Claims or Interests or to the specific Holder of such Claim or Interest, as the case may be, as to which the provision is illegal. Unless otherwise determined by the Bankruptcy Court, such a determination of unenforceability shall in no way limit or affect the enforceability and operative effect of any other provision of the Plan. The Debtors reserve the right not to proceed with Confirmation or Consummation of the Plan if any such ruling occurs.

Section 15.07. Successors and Assigns.

The Plan shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Debtors, and their respective successors and assigns. The rights, benefits and obligations of any Entity named or referred to in the Plan shall be binding on, and shall inure to the benefit of any heir, executor, administrator, successor or assign of such Entity.

Section 15.08. Governing Law.

EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT THAT THE BANKRUPTCY CODE OR BANKRUPTCY RULES OR OTHER FEDERAL LAWS ARE APPLICABLE, AND SUBJECT TO THE

PROVISIONS OF ANY CONTRACT, INSTRUMENT, RELEASE, INDENTURE OR OTHER AGREEMENT, DOCUMENT OR SCHEDULE ENTERED INTO IN CONNECTION WITH THE PLAN, THE CONSTRUCTION, IMPLEMENTATION AND ENFORCEMENT OF THE PLAN AND ALL RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS ARISING UNDER THE PLAN SHALL BE GOVERNED BY, AND CONSTRUED AND ENFORCED IN ACCORDANCE WITH, THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE, WITHOUT GIVING EFFECT TO CONFLICTS-OF-LAW PRINCIPLES WHICH WOULD APPLY THE LAW OF A JURISDICTION OTHER THAN THE STATE OF DELAWARE OR THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Section 15.09. Incorporation of Documents.

All schedules, exhibits or other related documents to the Plan are incorporated and are a part of the Plan as if set forth in full herein.

Section 15.10. Filing of Additional Documents.

On or before the Effective Date, the Debtors shall File such agreements and other documents, in form and substance acceptable to the Committee, as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate and further evidence the terms and conditions of the Plan.

Section 15.11. Dissolution of the Committee.

On the Effective Date, the Committee shall be automatically dissolved and all members, Professionals and agents of such Committee shall be deemed released of their duties, responsibilities and obligations, and shall be without further duties, responsibilities and authority in connection with the Debtors, the Chapter 11 Cases, the Plan or its implementation.

Section 15.12. Notices.

Any notice required or permitted to be provided under the Plan shall be in writing and served by either (i) certified mail, return receipt requested, postage prepaid, (ii) hand delivery, or (iii) reputable overnight delivery service, freight prepaid, to be addressed as follows:

If to the Debtors:

Greenberg Traurig, LLP
The Nemours Building
1007 North Orange Street, Suite 1200
Wilmington, Delaware 19801
Attn.: Scott D. Cousins

If to the Committee:

Polsinelli Shughart PC
222 Delaware Ave., Suite 1101
Wilmington, Delaware 19801
Attn: Christopher A. Ward

-and-

Polsinelli Shughart PC
1515 Wynkoop Street, Suite 600
Denver, Colorado 80202
Attn: Peter W. Ito

If to the United States Trustee:

Office of the United States Trustee
Office of the United States Trustee
844 King Street
Suite 2207
Wilmington, DE 19801
Attn.: United States Trustee

Section 15.13. Continued Confidentiality Obligations.

Pursuant to the terms thereof, members of and advisors to the Committee, any other Holder of a Claim or Interest and their respective predecessors, successors and assigns shall continue to be obligated and bound by the terms of any confidentiality agreement executed by them in connection with these Chapter 11 Cases or the Debtors, to the extent that such agreement, by its terms, may continue in effect after the Confirmation Date.

Section 15.14. No Admissions.

Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, nothing contained in the Plan shall be deemed an admission by the Debtors with respect to any matter set forth herein, including, without limitation, liability on any Claim or Interest or the propriety of any classification of any Claim or Interest.

Section 15.15. Waiver of Automatic Stay to Enforce Judgment.

The Debtors may request that the Confirmation Order include (i) a finding that Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 62(a), Bankruptcy Rule 7062 and Bankruptcy Rule 3020(e) shall not apply to the Confirmation Order and (ii) authorization for the Debtors to consummate the Plan immediately after entry of the Confirmation Order.

Section 15.16. Section 1146 Exemption.

To the fullest extent permitted under section 1146(c) of the Bankruptcy Code, the assignment or surrender of any Unexpired Lease, sublease or Executory Contract, or the delivery, making, filing, or recording of any deed or other instrument of transfer, or the issuance, transfer, or exchange of any security under the Plan, including, without limitation, the beneficial interests in the Liquidating Trust, or the execution, delivery or recording of an instrument of transfer under the Plan, or the revesting, transfer or sale of any real or other property of or to the Debtors or the Liquidating Trust, whether arising prior or subsequent to the Confirmation Date,

including any deeds, bills of sale or assignments executed in connection with any disposition of Assets contemplated by the Plan shall not be subject to any stamp tax, real estate transfer, mortgage, recording or other similar tax. Consistent with the foregoing, each recorder of deeds or similar official for any county, city or governmental unit in which any instrument hereunder is to be recorded shall, pursuant to the Confirmation Order, be ordered and directed to accept such instrument, without requiring the payment of any documentary stamp tax, deed stamps, stamp tax, transfer tax, mortgage recording tax, intangible tax or similar tax.

/s/ Scott D. Cousins

Scott D. Cousins (Del. Bar No. 3079)
Sandra G. M. Selzer (Del. Bar No. 4283)
GREENBERG TRAURIG, LLP
The Nemours Building
1007 North Orange Street, Suite 1200
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Telephone: (302) 661-7000
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selzers@gtlaw.com

Nancy A. Mitchell
GREENBERG TRAURIG, LLP
200 Park Avenue
New York, New York 10166
Telephone: (212) 801-9200
Facsimile: (212) 801-6400
mitchelln@gtlaw.com

Counsel for the Debtors and Debtors in Possession

Exhibit 1
List of Debtors

DEBTOR (Other names, if any, used by the Debtor in the last 6 years appear in brackets)	ADDRESS	CASE NO.	TAX ID #
Ultimate Escapes Holdings, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12915	26-1464466
Ultimate Resort, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12916	20-1237685
Ultimate Operations, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12917	N/A
Ultimate Resort Holdings, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12918	20-8934489
Ultimate Escapes Inc., [F/K/A Secure America Acquisition Corporation]	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12919	26-0188408
P&J Partners, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12920	N/A
UE Holdco, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12921	N/A
UE Member, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12922	N/A
Ultimate Escapes Clubs, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12923	26-2320470
Ultimate Escapes Elite Club, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12925	N/A
Ultimate Escapes Signature Club, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12926	N/A
Ultimate Escapes Premiere Club, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12927	N/A
Ultimate Scottsdale, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12928	N/A
Ultimate Lake Tahoe, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12929	N/A
Ultimate Colorado, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12931	N/A

Ultimate Telluride Mountain Village, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12932	N/A
Ultimate Naples Strada Bella, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12933	N/A
Ultimate Naples Monteverde, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12934	N/A
Ultimate Palm Beach Ocean, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	12-12936	N/A
Ultimate Maui Wailea Beach, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12938	N/A
Ultimate Sun Valley MacKenzie, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12939	N/A
Ultimate Sun Valley Plaza Townhouse, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12940	N/A
Ultimate New York Trp International, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12941	N/A
Ultimate Kiawah Turtle Beach, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12942	N/A
Ultimate Park City Silverlake, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12943	N/A
Ultimate Jackson Hole Snake River, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12944	N/A
Bahamas Investments I, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12945	N/A
Bahamas Investments II, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12946	N/A
Bahamas Investments III, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12947	N/A
Bahamas Investments IV, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12948	N/A
Cabo Casa Tortuga, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12949	N/A

Cabo Esperanza #1501, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12950	N/A
Cabo Esperanza #1502, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12951	N/A
Cabo Esperanza #1503, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12952	N/A
Cabo Esperanza #1601, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12953	N/A
Cabo Esperanza #1602, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12954	N/A
Cabo Esperanza #1603, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12955	N/A
Cabo Villa Del Sol, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12956	N/A
Cabo Villa Eternidad, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12957	N/A
Cabo San Lucas Villa Paraiso, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12958	N/A
Ultimate Nevis Investments, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12959	N/A
Snowflake Investments I, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12960	N/A
Sunny Isles Investments I, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12961	N/A
Tahoe Investments I, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12962	N/A
Cabo Investments I, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12963	N/A
Mahogany Run Investments I, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12964	N/A
Candlewood Investments I, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12965	N/A

Ultimate Scottsdale Rocks, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12966	N/A
Ultimate Beaver Creek, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12967	N/A
Ultimate Indian Rocks Beach, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12968	N/A
Ultimate Key West, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12969	N/A
Ultimate Lake Las Vegas, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12970	N/A
Ultimate Newport Americas, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12971	N/A
Private Escapes of La Quinta Platinum, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12972	N/A
Private Escapes La Quinta I, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12973	N/A
Private Escapes La Quinta II, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12974	N/A
Private Escapes Platinum of Copper Mountain, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12975	N/A
Private Escapes Platinum Telluride, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12976	N/A
Private Escapes of Steamboat, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12977	N/A
Private Escapes of Lake Oconee, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12978	N/A
Private Escapes of Waikoloa, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12979	N/A
Private Escapes of Waikoloa II, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12980	N/A
Private Escapes of Chicago, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12981	N/A

Private Escapes of Currituck, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12982	N/A
Private Escapes Platinum Currituck, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12983	N/A
Private Escapes of Tahoe, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12984	N/A
Private Escapes Platinum Lake George, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12985	N/A
Private Escapes of One Central Park West, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12986	N/A
Private Escapes 1600 Broadway, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12987	N/A
Private Escapes Link, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12988	N/A
Private Escapes Platinum One Central Park West, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12989	N/A
Privates Escapes of Kiawah, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12990	N/A
Private Escapes Platinum Kiawah, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12991	N/A
Private Escapes of Jackson Hole, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12992	N/A
Private Escapes Villa 304, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12993	N/A
Private Escapes Platinum Cabo, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12994	N/A
Private Escapes La Playa, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12995	N/A
Private Escapes of Cabo, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12996	N/A
Private Escapes Platinum TCI, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12997	N/A

Private Escapes Platinum Chicago, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12998	N/A
Private Escapes of Fox Acres, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-12999	N/A
Private Escapes of Stowe, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-13000	N/A
Private Escapes La Costa, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-13001	N/A
Private Escapes Platinum La Costa, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-13077	N/A
Private Escapes Borgo di Vagli, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-13003	N/A
Private Escapes Platinum Link, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-13092	N/A
UE Member NCS, LLC	3501 West Vine Street, Suite 225 Kissimmee, FL 34741	10-13093	N/A

Exhibit B

to

Disclosure Statement with Respect to Chapter 11 Liquidating Plan Proposed by the
Debtors and Debtors in Possession, Dated June 29, 2011

Liquidating Trust Agreement

TO BE FILED

Exhibit C

to

Disclosure Statement with Respect to Chapter 11 Liquidating Plan Proposed by the
Debtors and Debtors in Possession, Dated June 29, 2011

Wind-Down Budget

TO BE FILED

Exhibit D

to

Disclosure Statement with Respect to Chapter 11 Liquidating Plan Proposed by the
Debtors and Debtors in Possession, Dated June 29, 2011

List of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases to be Assumed

TO BE FILED